1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 

1995
అంగులాంకిత సమాచారం

మంగళాకాంక్షలు

నియోజక

నాయకరు

ఎంపికలు లేని, సంఘములు

నాయుత రహితత్వానం

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>నియమాంకితాలు</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>సందర్భాలు రాశి లేకపై నిర్ధారించవచ్చు</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>కానిపై పాటు పరిస్థితులు నిర్ధారించవచ్చు</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>నిర్ణయాలు ప్రకారం నిర్ధారించవచ్చు</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ప్రతిబిందువులు లేకపై నిర్ధారించవచ్చు</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

మార్గము లేదా సంస్థ ప్రాంతాలు

చివరిని పరిశీలించాలి అని గుర్తించవచ్చు.
Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- Mr. Speaker, Sir...

Mr. Speaker:- I am not allowing anything.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- We have given adjournment motions.

Mr. Speaker:- They are rejected. Communications has also been sent to you.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- You have to give the reasons.

Mr. Speaker:- There is no question of giving reasons. Please resume your seat.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- Sir, you have to mention the reasons.

Mr. Speaker:- One is with regard to the stoppage of payments and it has already been rejected.

* An asterisk before the name indicates confirmation by the Member.
Sri Gade Venkat Reddy: - You have to read them out.

Mr. Speaker: - Already they have been rejected.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy: - The reasons for rejection have to be read out.

Mr. Speaker: - Already they have been rejected and the communication to that effect also might have reached you. There is no question of giving reasons by the Chair. Please resume your seat. I do not allow.

(Interruptions)

Mr. Speaker: - All papers included in the agenda are deemed to have been laid.


The following decisions were taken by the Business Advisory Committee at its meeting held on 23rd January, 1995 in regard to the Business to be transacted in the Assembly.
25-1-1995 (Wednesday)


5. Sri Venkateswara Institute of Medical Sciences (Deemed University) Bill, 1995.


Short discussion on supply of drinking water to Twin Cities from River Krishna.

Sri Chikkala Ramachander Rao rose)

(Repeated interruptions by Sri Gade Venkat Reddy and Sri P. Janardhan Reddy)

Please resume your seats and hear me first. I have received two adjournment motions from you and I have rejected them. The communication to that effect was also sent to you.
Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:— You have to give reasons.

Mr. Speaker:— There is no need to give any reasons.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:— We are not insisting a discussion. We only want that the reasons should be mentioned.

Mr. Speaker:— One is with regard to the de-nationalisation of APSRTC and the other is with regard to so many issues, which cannot be allowed.

Mr. Speaker:— I am not allowing you. I am not giving any reasons. I have mentioned the subjects. Please resume your seat.

(Repeated interruptions)

I am not allowing. Please take your seats. Daily, it is not good. Please resume your seats. Nothing will go on record. I am not allowing you.

(Continued interruptions)

I will let you know. Please take your seats.

Mr. Speaker:— I am not allowing anything. Two adjournment motions have been rejected and communication also was sent to you.
Mr. Speaker:- I am not allowing you. Please take your seat.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- One submission.

Mr. Speaker:- Please do not go into the subject. What is your submission?

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- I am not going into the details of the subject. I will stick on to the direction given by you. The fundamental point is, we have given two adjournment motions one is with regard to the stoppage of payments.

Mr. Speaker:- It has been rejected.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- Whenever an adjournment motion is given by anybody, please read out the notice and say that the adjournment motion was rejected. It is the general practice.

Mr. Speaker:- Not necessary. Earlier also I was in the House. No reasons were given.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- We have given you....

Mr. Speaker:- One is with regard to de-nationalisation of APSRTC and payment of salaries and the second is with regard to stoppage of payments to developmental works already executed, housing, house-sites, etc.

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:- Sir, let me come to the assistance of Hon. Members through you. Their adjournment motions...
Mr. Speaker:- I have already told you. Please resume your seats. Do not waste the time of the House.

(Sri Gade Venkat Reddy and Sri P. Janardhan Reddy insisted to speak)

I am not allowing. Please resume your seats.

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:- There are rules governing the adjournment motions. Hon. Members may not be aware.

(Mr. Speaker:- We have got lot of business to be transacted. Please co-operate with the Chair Venkat Reddy garu.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- Please read out the entire adjournment motion.

Mr. Speaker:- I have already read out.

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju (Vizianagaram):- Sir, there are rules governing the adjournment motions. Not more than one such motion shall be made at the same sitting. As it is, as the Hon. Members from Opposition say, they have given more than one at the same sitting. Further, it should relate to a matter of definite urgent public importance. It should not be anticipatory in nature. First of all, the notice should be given in triplicate. None of these things have been complied with.

(Interruptions)
Mr. Speaker:- I have received the notices. I have examined them in detail in accordance with the Rules and traditions, and I have rejected them. I need not give any reasons. There is no question of quoting any Rules or anybody to be allowed to speak on that issue. Please come to the next subject, Discussion on Blow Out.

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:- I request all the Members to co-operate instead of non-co-operation.

Mr. Speaker:- I request all the Members to co-operate with the Chair. Please resume your seats. Mr. Bapi Raju to speak.

(Sri Gade Venkat Reddy and Sri P. Janardhan Reddy on their legs)

Sri K. Bapi Raju (Attili):- Let the House come to order. I will definitely speak.

Mr. Speaker:- You are the Whip. You have to control. I request all the Members to resume their seats.

Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- You have to mention the reasons.

Mr. Speaker:- I have told the issues also. You cannot dictate. Please resume your seats. Please co-operate Venkat Reddy garu.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- Kindly read out the adjournment motions. They will not insist further.

Mr. Speaker:- I have already stated the gist. One is with regard to the de-nationalisation of APSRTC, house-sites
and housing and the other is with regard to the stoppage of payments to all developmental works. These two adjournment motions were rejected, and communications have been sent to the Members. There is no question of giving reasons. There is no question of allowing anybody on this issue.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- I do agree, Sir. You are the supreme. It is only a request by the Hon. Members. Of course, you have mentioned the gist. They are sincerely requesting you to read out the adjournment motions.

Mr. Speaker:- I need not read out. I have mentioned the gist as requested by the Hon. Members. Please go to the next subject.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- I am bringing it to your notice. There is no question of disputing your authority.

Mr. Speaker:- You have to tell them. You are the Whip. I need not read out. I have mentioned the gist as requested by the Hon. Members. Please go to the next subject.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- I will request them.

(Interruptions from Sri Gade Venkat Reddy and Sri P. Janardhan Reddy)

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- I request the Hon. Members to take their seats. Sri Bapi Raju garu, please go to the subject.

(Sri Gade Venkat Reddy insisted to speak)
Sri Gade Venkat Reddy:- It is a good practice. I am requesting the Chair. There is no harm in it.

Mr. Speaker:- I have informed the House about the issues you sought to raise.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- There are precedents earlier wherein they were read. Kindly verify.

Mr. Speaker:- I will clarify later if you come to my chambers.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- I request you once again, Sir, kindly to read out the adjournment motions or take the opinion of the floor leaders.

Mr. Speaker:- Already 10 minutes are over. The other day. You took 40 minutes.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- There are precedents.

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:- Instead of holding the house to ransom, I request the Hon. Members kindly to co-operate.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- Sir, it is not fair on the part of the Minister for Legislative Affairs to come in our way.

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:- We are not coming in the way.

[Interruptions]
Mr. Speaker:- I request the Whip Sri K. Bapi Raju to speak. I am not allowing any other person.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- Earlier also, there were such instances. We have precedents.

Mr. Speaker:- I request you to co-operate. You are the Whip. Please instruct your Members not to insist on this issue.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- In a democracy, we cannot instruct. We can only request.

Mr. Speaker:- Already I have mentioned the gist. One is with regard to the de-nationalisation of RTC. That has been rejected. Another is with regard to some other issue, which I have already mentioned. What is the use of reading the entire matter?

Sri P. Nageshwar Rao:- It is said that the Central Government funds are also being freezes. Let the Government clarify. The Government should clarify, otherwise there will be unnecessary aspersions on the Government. It is better in the interest of the Government to answer, whether it is permitted by the Rules or not.
Sri P. Nageshwar Rao:- I am appealing to the Government through you to clarify its own position, otherwise they will be in the dock.

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:- Sir, Sri Nageshwar Rao garu is a very senior Member and also an excellent parliamentarian. I think Rule 63 and the subsequent Rules seemed to have missed his attention. The Members have raised an adjournment motion. the Government is not going back on anything, more especially our Government, just cannot go back. No Government can be have like an ostrich. Those that have behaved so, have landed up where they are. I don't want to go into it. There are certain Rules governing the method of giving adjournment motion. Not more than one issue could come up at the same sitting. It should be a matter of urgent public importance. It should not be anticipatory in nature. Notice should be given to the Speaker in triplicate to facilitate the Government to answer.

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:- Sir, you can tell a person who is not aware of it. The whole trouble is, they were in the Government and they claim to be the senior Members in this House. They are people who know, but they wilfully and intentionally deviate from the business for the purpose of filibustering and try to give their filibustering tactics the colour of public importance. The Government is here to answer anything. We do not run away from anything and we will not run away from anything. We are a responsible Government and
we will behave as such. My request is, please come according to the Rules to facilitate a discussion, but not filibustering.

Mr. Speaker:- This is not the time to discuss other issues. We have to complete the agenda first.

Mr. Speaker:- I heard your Whip.
Mr. Speaker:— It is disallowed.

Mr. Speaker:— I am not allowing hereafter. Please take your seat. Nothing will go on record. If you discuss the subject, it will not go into the record. I request you once again to co-operate with the Chair. Please don't use the mike. Please resume your seat. I am not allowing anybody except Sri Bapi Raju to speak on the Blow Out.

Mr. Speaker:— I have examined the notice in detail in accordance with the Rules and traditions and I have rejected the two notices. There is no question of questioning my authority. I am not allowing anybody except Sri Bapi Raju to speak on the Blow Out. If Mr. Bapi Raju is not interested to speak, I will go to other Member.
304  24 అగస్టు, 1995:  గంభీరప్పించిన ప్రశ్నలు: ఇది యాడుతుంది అనే ప్రతి సమయస్థలు

మొదటి ప్రశ్ని: - మనదేవ నాయలో ఉన్న ఒక పత్రిక అయిన దుస్తులు,

ఒక పత్రిక ప్రారంభం: - సమాధానానికి మనదేవ తలపించింది. సర్ మరియు

ఒక పత్రిక ప్రారంభం: మైనా అధికారాలు అధికంగా ఎందుకంటే ఎందుకంటే తారాది నిర్ణయపడాలను. అంటే మరియు

ఒక పత్రిక ప్రారంభం: - సరి అని ఎందుకంటే సందర్భం, అంటే సరి

ఒక పత్రిక ప్రారంభం: వాస్తవానికి ఎందుకంటే ఎందుకంటే తారాది నాటికి వాస్తవానికి మరియు

ఒక పత్రిక ప్రారంభం: నిలిచి పోతుంది. ఈ సమయంలో మనదేవ అంటే ఎందుకంటే ఎందుకంటే తారాది సమయానికి

రిసిలియను:- 'పో మార్క్స్ యాడుతుంది'

(ఆర్టికిని)
Mr. Speaker:- I am not going into the details of the adjournment motion. I am assuring you. I will stick on to the rule position. I am not such a person who will defy the Chair. We have given two notices. If I give time for clarifications, it will take another half-an hour.

If de-nationalisation is going to take place is correct, if Central Government funds are freezed by this Government is correct, they are very much important and Government has to clarify it. I am requesting the Government through you to clarify its position.

Mr. Speaker:- If the Government comes forward, what type.....

(Interruptions)

If I give time for clarifications, it will take another half-an hour.
Mr. Speaker:- We are going to the subject of Blow Out. Mr. Bapi Raju will speak.

Presentation of Report of House Committee on Blow Out IN O.N.G.C. Oil well at Pasarlapudi.

(Delegation of all Party Leaders)

Sri K. Bapi Raju:- Mr. Speaker, Sir, you have appointed a Committee to look into the aspect of Blow Out in the ONGC Oil well at Pasarlapudi. I am also a Member of the Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Speaker. It is unfortunate that the Blow Out has occurred. It is a lot of national waste. As per your directions, we have gone to the area, met the local people there and also the officials of ONGC in connection with the unfortunate incident. It took place accidentally. Basically, it is a technical matter. We realised that lot of gas is going waste. When we asked the General Manager and the Regional Director, they told us that they may not exactly say how it can be controlled, but they have explained how this accident has occurred.
Sir, the local authorities, especially, the Collector and the RDO are very much involved as true administrators. I have to congratulate the RDO. She is the real representative of the Government. She could win the confidence of the public. It is always better to win the confidence of the people to run Government. It is very essential. That little officer, the RDO, has done a wonderful job. The Police have also done an equally good job.

The blow out occurred at 6.55 P.M. Immediately, the local officers rushed there. One of the senior officers there mentioned to the RDO that immediately they should evacuate up to a radius of five kilo metres of the blast. They rushed lorries and they could evacuate to a certain extent. Later, they realised that it is not so dangerous a blow out as to evacuate up to a radius of 5 (five) kilo metres. The sounds produced are quite unbearable up to a radius of five kilo metres and it is very difficult for any one to live there except the technicians. We are told that there is no danger to health. Our Pollution Control Board authorities have also clearly stated that there is no hydrogen sulphide, which is going to harm the human or animal life. They have detected this with the help of their equipment. Luckily, there are no casualties. The technicians and the local people are very lucky in that respect. Even today, the technicians continue to work there. We can realise how difficult it is. If there is danger, the technical people themselves would not have been allowed to work at that place. That clearly shows that there is no further danger. They also assured us that it is not going to effect the other wells, but it will be confined to the well at Devarlanka, 19th. They have told us that this particular well is not up to 3,000 cubic metres, but is up to a depth of 2,695 metres. They have got sufficiently good gas. Unfortunately, 1 1/2 K.Ms. length of heavy pipe has come out. When it was thrown out there was friction resulting in a blow out. This is their explanation and this is also what we understood after enquiring the people there.

J. 477-3
The Committee was very particular about the damage to the vegetation and the human and animal life. For that, we have suggested that a team from the Agriculture University should visit the place, investigate and give a report. Further, the Pollution Control Board was also directed by the Chairman of the Committee to make their Regional Officers present there continuously until the Blow Out is put off.

Sir, we are not just bothered how it is going to be put off. How best we can restore the well is very important. Recently, there was a blow out at Komarada. They could control it, but the well was closed. By closing the well, the nation is going to lose. Closing the well is not the thing which we expect. Restoration of well is very essential. We are very particular about it. We want the well to be restored. The ONGC could not satisfy the Committee on this issue. Better technology may be imported for this purpose. We request the Government of India to take steps to import better technology. Such a blow out never occurred earlier. This happens to be high pressure gas unlike other places like Gujarat where there is low pressure gas. Earlier, they could close Komarada because it was low pressure gas there. It could not be controlled because it is high pressure gas. My idea is, prevention is better than cure. If we can prevent this kind of accidents, definitely this kind of waste would not be there. I do not know how much commercial loss is there. We are definitely losing gas worth Rs. Twenty lakhs per day. That is the minimum. We cannot afford to waste that much amount. After this Committee Report, I hope the ONGC will react definitely and see that further accidents are prevented by taking more care. They are equally sincere. They never cared for their lives. They are working on war footing. From the smallest man to the General Manager, everybody is attending to his work. There are certain technicians who are working for twenty to twenty two hours a
day. They hardly rest. They are very patriotic. They deserve to be congratulated.

This accident occurred very sportively. The Committee was very particular to restore the well. It was very nice that every Member was very sportive. They never thought on party lines. Everybody keenly participated in the discussions.

I would like to state that unfortunately, there is no co-ordination between the ONGC and local people. Which is very essential. They did not allow the machinery up to the well because there was no proper co-operation earlier. Even the private institutions try to earn the goodwill of the local people by participating in some developmental work. It is true that they have spent money, but somehow it has not reached the proper place. The request of the local people is very reasonable. They want the roads spoiled by the heavy machinery be repaired. Sir, you also belong to East Godavari and you know how narrow the roads are there. Only 9 to 10 recently with the World Bank funds they widened the roads a little bit. Otherwise, it is very difficult for any vehicle to cross the other vehicle. They have to stop and then proceed. That is the situation. In that particular area heavy vehicles are going on these roads, damaging them to a great extent. The people in that area have been requesting for laying roads and bridges.

Sir, these are all very reasonable things. What I suggest to the Government through the Hon'ble Speaker is to constitute a Committee locally with the District Collector as the Chairman and the ONGC people. It should include the Secretary, Pollution Control Board etc. The same should review the situation atleast once in three months. The R.D.O., should also review once in a month how best they can take up works and utilise the amount given by the ONGC. That is very essential. The people will definitely cooperate, and
of course already they are co-operating. Hon'ble Minister, Sri Ch. Ramachandra Rao are also reacted when told that they were not having proper work. He was kind enough to spell out the Government policy that whoever is in difficulties - irrespective of the fact whether he is pink card holder or white- card holder, should be provided 20 Kg. of rice. Even the ONGC. I do not want to say that they are kind, but it is their duty to do so, have given Rs. 18 lakhs for relief measures. In this behalf I would say that it is not the question of Government of India or the Government of Andhra Pradesh but it is the People's Government. Every one should realise that it is the people's Government, and particularly the officers there died a good job on war-footing basis. The local authorities like the Dist. Collector, R.D.O., etc., have done very good job. I especially congratulate the R.D.O. I do not confine to the R.D.O. alone, but the subordinate officers also who supported her. Anyway, I feel that the wonderful job of the local authorities brings credit to the Government of Andhra Pradesh. But let us all uniformly think of the People's Government. I want to emphasise this because it should not give an impression that we are giving credit to the Andhra Pradesh Government alone. When people are in difficulties it is the duty of the Chief Minister, as the top man of the Government, to send his Cabinet colleagues and he did it. We have to run the administration, but we should not try to take credit for any one of us. It so happened. When there occurs natural calamities like cyclone and drought unfortunately politically one is trying to take advantage of the drought, cyclone blow out etc. It is a very unfortunate atmosphere. But I hope that will not happen and it did not happen, for which I am very happy. I hope definitely from now onwards we will have a proper system concerning O.N.G.C.
24 జనవరి, 1994 - 311

ఎత్తులు కనిపించిన మామల్లు అంటారు.

ఎత్తు 3. వాతావరణం:- అడవి సూర్య మామల్ ఆస, ఇతర అయితే దినాలు పరిశ్రమ బాగుండడు. సాధారణంగా పతితానిక నిందించరు.

ఎత్తు 4. అవసరము:- గమనించశాం కదాచారంగా మామల్ యొక్క సమాధానం. కాని రాతిలోని అమలు లేదా విదేశానికే విచారణ జరుగుతుంది.

ఎత్తు 5. ఆసైనా:- నిందించిన నిందల గుర్తించడానికి ఇది సాధారణం. ఇందులో మనకం మేము అయితే ప్రత్యేకించడానికి

ఇది ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగపడతుంది. కానీ ప్రత్యేకంగా ఇది ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగపడతుంది.

ధారాలు వీధించడం తరువాత, ఇది ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగపడి ఉండాలి. కానీ ఎంతప్రత్యేకంగా ఇది ఉపయోగపడి ఉండాలి.

ధారాలు నింపడం తరువాత, ఇది ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగపడి ఉండాలి. కానీ ఎంతప్రత్యేకంగా ఇది ఉపయోగపడి ఉండాలి.
312 24 వ జనవరి, 1995 నుండి నాటి మహిళా మండలం అమ్మ కటయాం ఈ నిచ్చిత విధానం ముఖ్యంగా ఉంటుంది: ముఖ్యంగా నిచ్చిత విధానం ముఖ్యంగా ఉంటుంది:

స్వాభావికగా నిచ్చిత విధానం (మామిడు):– ఐశ్వర్య, నాటిగారం, చారిత్రక కథలతర వర్షం – 19 వ కాలంలో తొమ్మిది వారితో సంవత్సరం అయింది. అయితే, ఇది జాతి, రాజపాల బాబు, ఆసి ఆవశ్యం చేసే విధానం రూపాంతరం కోసం ఇది.
Mr. Speaker:— It does not make any difference, please be seated.

Sir, Madam,— I want to inform the House that the budget was presented on 16th June, and I was present at that time.

Mr. Speaker:— Absolutely.
Sri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao:- Sir, I want to go on record. I am sure you will not have a problem in granting me permission.

I have been told that there has been a misprint in the minutes of the meeting held on 19.04.1977. The correct minutes are as follows:

The meeting was held on 19.04.1977. The agenda was as follows:

1. Approval of the minutes of the meeting held on 19.04.1977.

The meeting was attended by the following members:

83*&g 3&)3,3S3 ^8d5^) Oq^OO ^6^* 24 8X38, {995- 3!7
s8^ & S%, r^3 ^?g^§ 3X&^rr 3)ggo3 go^) 3^6^o, a.-^3'§-3'
srdb s)og X^o %8/So(5^ eo^xrSS o*33 $6osra3 §^&&)RrjL&* <^^ ^o&)€o
^a^c&roco- 3oa;§ 0-^3 ej3^b^o^3, §063 Sj^^oyR sn^ge^S
(3iD-3S8^ar8^ &g g&)g3 Ho-^33, s-83 ^g^gg^ ^So3o3
$y&o<aS^ H 3$orr 5o^§^d^3, cS^(& s*ooS* eo^ ^3^ Xo^^^ro^ggy
^ goReo 5^dd&)§ ^^y^o &oS^ e^ 8^5^^ ^(&r&3d&)3o3n5 e^^do
&o3- ^sr& o^goboa 5^&)€o, ^srdb Rg^^db y8^&)€o, ^88&)€o
2^&5^ sr6§ X^o 88iSo3 & ^ r^§ ^gooX S^doog, f^a-diooog
^og ^3so^ sr^ X^o 86Ro3- gg ^ r^§ 8od) §&s &^6^ 
S^^^5r8§ ^o68g ^y^ g&r, g^o3 ^^ &*J3-§-3- go&? 333^30
$6o5X^oa3S ^o$^6&?, y8§ &R^^Xo geofo&oa- c-^<& yoo^ 
Jg^oD^ ^5Sr6o 88RX3u&) ^^§n- o-33 go<^3§ 3d5yoo^ ^^&^ 
S§3§ ^$&3 2J^y)^ XooS cr8&)o5)§ ^rcr^S- H5ccj^ 88^3 : 33c*3;3o
&3o3 e$y&^ j^sroo^ gycr cr^r Xc^d^o e^)<bo3* e^g&o& 
(r8§(&3^) 3-8* s^ag^i' ^)o^ro^ &^§-§-A* 6'g^§ g§5 
&OG*o3, ^gj^ ^O*^ &)0^ 3*8&)0&3§ §8^6 59$^ ^C*^o3 eO&D^rj).db*
s*ag$H ^o^S 3o6) ^i^^o ^^6§^) ^^^-o3 3&ro5 3&)^^- Soo^o 
g^^ <3y&^ r^cr^8, ^3) f^jr^S 5^&^ gysr ^ 3-§^ ^-^§^ ^
S3S^gr^o 3o^s3*R 36^ ^^§^§ y^^SX ^oj^o eos* &-o)^-§*3- §063 
$)^^o $8osro3 3^ro$ 3^b^^- ^^ggc^iy 8j-o)^'§*3-5r8^ Sj*db^ 
g&>', sr&) 3^^ e$^3^ ydsg)3r5D g^g3^§ ^3&)S^, gy&^/f^-38, 
^go f^!r38, g^sh, §^^ ^0 a^g^o^ SH 9gs*%& ^od&). ^38oo^ 
JoJ^ eo^X 3o&?a33'A&- & e$y&€o gys* ge L^3-§*3- 
e$y&o RsggggR) S^^&- ^-o)§-a-3 srd3 §^ 3^o ^3^?y, 20 
§^ gdij^o g3^3*, ^3$b€0, g)^^ ^3^ n*cy& &* ;8 og^^o So 33;=y 
Bos* 3oo^o X^3j. ^0tSFr33 §063 3)^b^o &dy g§3 ^8o57§- eg^3 
5%,;&3 gy^ SgS 3d5r8- o*S^d33 s*oo&* 3^06)^ gg30^ ^ogogogo 
&3o3 e$y&^ j^sroo^ gycr cr^r Xc^d^o e^)<bo3* e^g&o& 
S3S^gr^o 3o^s3*R 36^ ^^§^§ y^^SX ^oj^o eos* &-o)^-§*3- §063 
$)^^o $8osro3 3^ro$ 3^b^^- ^^ggc^iy 8j-o)^'§*3-5r8^ Sj*db^ 
g&>', sr&) 3^^ e$^3^ ydsg)3r5D g^g3^§ ^3&)S^, gy&^/f^-38, 
^go f^!r38, g^sh, §^^ ^0 a^g^o^ SH 9gs*%& ^od&). ^38oo^ 
JoJ^ eo^X 3o&?a33'A&- & e$y&€o gys* ge L^3-§*3- 
S^eocrS- u*4,) &^$b^ $9$y&^, ^ §^ e$y&€o gys* ge L^3-§*3-
They have to consult the Member - Secretary and take his opinion. But they never took paints to consult him. He voluntarily presented himself before the Committee and made certain suggestions.
24 செப்டேம்பர், 1993

...

మనం సమాధానాలు లేదు. మాత్రమే కావాలి ఆహారం, పతనం కావాలి భారం, పక్షి లేదు. యానికి చందులు మిలించాయి. ఒకప్పుడు శిఖరాలు వచ్చాయి. యా కార్యాలు నియమాలు సందర్శించాయి. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. 

మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. 

మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. 

మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. 

మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. 

మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. 

మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే. మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే.

మనం కావాలి మాత్రమే.
24-07-1995

...
Sri Asaduddin Owaisi:- Mr. Speaker Sir, I was a Member of the Committee which went to Pasarlapudi at Devaralanka of Amalapuram Mandal.

It is really a shame that such a nice area which is full of greenery, lot of water and so much of fertile land should have to face such a tragedy. This fire started on 9th of this month and the blow out occurred at a depth of 2700 meters and in spite of precautionary measures taken by the O.N.G.C. by
installing three blow-out preventors, they could not control the fire. Sir, this is not a fire but it is an inferno which is nearly 30 meters long. What the committee was told regarding the measures taken to control the fire was, on ground they are trying to use a mud curtain of drowzy flame and sludge and underground they are trying to dig a well around a radius of one and a half kilometer - so that once the relief well is dug, they will try to check the pressure of gas and the flow of gas.

Sir, the O.N.G.C. people's attitude (attitude of the officials) was very high-headed and they have completely ignored the surrounding area. Sir, when the Committee was going to the site, we had to go through narrow roads. The roads are pathetic. If so much of money is coming out of the area, at least some part of that money should be utilised for the development of that area. Wherever we went, on our way we were stopped by a delegation of people who gave us their memoranda. what they wanted was development of that area. Sir, nearly 1000 acres of agricultural land has been damaged - which includes paddy fields - coconut trees and aqua tanks - which include prawns and fish. Once the blow out started, this has affected in one way or the other and according to the Secretary of Andhra Pradesh Pollution Board, Mr. Khaza and officials of O.N.G.C., the effect of the fire on the environment is very less because that fire does not contain any toxic contents. It is only methane and regarding the affect of the fire Sir, we are still, awaiting the Report from the Agriculture University. The noise pollution is so high that it goes up to 80/90 decibels - whereas in day time the minimum should be 55 and in night time it should be 45.

The Andhra Pradesh Pollution Control Board Secretary has suggested a very good idea that the Board's office should be opened at the site, nearly 10/15 meters, so that the noise pollution could be studied. The health camps and relief camps
were established. We went to the camps. The R.D.O., is doing a very good job - The Superintendent of Police Mr. A.K. Khan is doing very good job. The Police told the Committee that there should be a liaison between the Police, the O.N.G.C. and district officials. So, at the insistence of the delegation, a Committee was formed. We are losing Rs. 20 lakhs worth crude every day and the amount of money is spent on controlling the fire is Rs. 13 lakhs.

So, I request the O.N.G.C. to implement the agreement of 1987. An agreement to spend Rs. 30 crores for the development of area was there. So, Sir, I thank you for giving me this opportunity - whatever I felt, I have placed before the House.
24 జానిమ్బర్, 1995 - 327

నిలిచాడు నాణ్యం చేసరు వీమ్ముడా... ఆచార్యుడు నిర్ణయం లేదు మీరు అదే కథను లేదు. ఏపరుచించిన కేవలం కథను మరియు అది తీవ్రం ఖరానుతుంది. అది నిర్ణయం లేదు. ఏపరుచించిన కేవలం కథను మరియు అది తీవ్రం ఖరానుతుంది. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. ఏపరుచించిన కేవలం కథను మరియు అది తీవ్రం ఖరానుతుంది. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు. కథను యొక్క అధికారం లేదు.
10.40 సమయంలో సంయోగానికి కూడా ప్రారంభించిన పూర్వపు ప్రతిష్ఠానచరిత్రలో అప్పుడు అవసరం ఉండవచ్చు. ఈ సంయోగ ప్రారంభం నిర్వహణకు కూడా లాంటి ప్రతిసామ్యాలు. వారి ప్రపంచ ప్రముఖాలకు తెలుగు భాషా ప్రారంభం ఏదానికి తప్పాలను వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలంగా విచారణ సమీకరణం నిర్వహించవచ్చు. ఈ సంయోగం మూలంగా విచారణ సమీకరణం నిర్వహించాలను తప్పాలను వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలంగా విచారణ సమీకరణం నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలను వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలంగా విచారణ సమీకరణం నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలంగా విచారణ సమీకరణం నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలంగా విచారణ సమీకరణం నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలంగా విచారణ సమీకరణం నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలంగా విచారణ సమీకరణం నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి. కానీ ఈ సంయోగం మూలం సేటుల ప్రారంభం ఏదాని కొనిని నిర్వహించాలనూ తప్పాలనూ వింతాడి.
83*&" a&Sja ^5dSD Oqbo 5g^- 24 8338, !994- 333
&)o&)5^ 9&^Sdbs*SS 33^€)&)oS S^sog^ #^&cr^o grcr a6Ro&'
eg^3 g?$goo&) ^)$b^o gg S*a ^^cry^o g8^o3 S^syco So-^^S^^JL
&rc- $g^ &g ^, S^€o a,g ^ &oS^o^, JSS& oSg^ &a-A5'38<Ri3
S8A^€bog^ srgos* $do^o&og*^^&. ee?og 3ea<p&a§* 8,^§^§-A'
s?& H^nT A^g6^u-$?oS 33oo sr8 3^cD 3&r3 3?oS*^^S
ar&js*,i& g^ ^i)so& 3ggorr& ^ycr^ eo&oSgo 3&- o^ ^
^?o$o^ XS ^Xo^ogo^ J&^S adb^o R^^^D &$3gy%3& ^^^
&M$Xo) ^^ 40 h&Ago, 60 6)^o) o&&rSo a,-J^a-a* sr8 sr^^ro^.
eg^ ^g^o ^ 5*g"gA ^2^oD, 3^4o^ gy83"& ^^§3^5
s^Rg^ajS S8^g ^g^5o8- e^og 385^&^ s,'<3S-3-a. y&
s-^gorr sr8 ^gXj 3r8^3XbS*S S"^ ^^.rA 3$o^^o^Ho
ay&^^& &6A ^^g^g yggg)3y^ gdS3dor?S, ^&, g?5^^
Sbg&ggo SdSodorrg sg^og^- eg^g eng^ rg§g^03 sg^g ci)sooy
e^^og" 6a*A&, ^coS e$S^ ^^§-§-5' sr8 srggg^ao g?^ ^8rr
e8?S R8S^§ 363 & XgrRaporr ^o68 6^^§ 3&>g3&Ry" ^ a&Xy^o ^3^,
&gj $fS§a*cre3 3cD^gy He^Xb^o^oy^-
స్త్రీ విద్యా ప్రత్యేక నియమాలు విషయం అంశం మాత్రమే. 24 జనవరి, 1995 నాటి మొదలు సమాధానాన్ని అందించారు తనకా, ఆమె తో సాధారణ ఏమిటం దృశ్యం విస్తరించగలిగి, కమన్స్ట్రేషన్ నిర్ణయం, మిగిలిన అంతిమ నిర్ణయం, కానీ 5 సంఖ్యలకు సాధారణ ప్రత్యేకం తెలియకు విశేషంగా - ఇది పరిస్థితి కంటే తెలియాలి వ్యక్తి కోసం ఉండింది. కానీ వంద ఏడాది తిరిగి 9 వేలు 50 వేలు మినుసం 21 అంతిమ ప్రత్యేక నిర్ణయం - మంగలం కంటే కూడా ప్రతి రోజు అంతిములు మనం ప్రతి వ్యతిరేకం. 15 వ నిచ్చిత రోజు ఎది దానం కంటే, ఎందుకంటే ఎది వేయాలి, మదుత్తు అతి చిన్నమైన ఆమె మీదుగా ఉండేంది. అప్పటి సేవల సమాధానాన్ని పోలించిన కుందంతిడి. నానా మంది కేవలం తెలియాలి దీనిలో సాధారణ ప్రత్యేకం ఉంది. ఈ నిచ్చిత రోజు ఎది దానం కంటే, ఎందుకంటే ఎది వేయాలి, మదుత్తు అతి చిన్నమైన ఆమె మీదుగా ఉండేంది. అప్పటి సేవల సమాధానాన్ని పోలించిన కుందంతిడి. నానా మంది కేవలం తెలియాలి.
సాధనాలు సాధ్యం కాదు ముంచి ఎంతపై ముంచి అశ్చరించారు. నిర్ణయించడానికి వాస్తవం ఉండదం కావు ప్రతి ఆధారానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు. ఎందుకంటయ్యే కాదు కాదు ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?

ప్రతి పాఠాంశం మాట్లాడానికి ప్రతి సాధనానికి ఎంతపై పాలించారు?
336 24 ఏప్రిల్, 1995;

మట్టే నాటికీ ప్రమాదమైన కందం నడిడే చిత్రపుత్రము అధికారి చేతులు రాయడానికి ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్సాహం కొందరు. కానీ ప్రతి ప్రమాదాను అనే కందంపై అతిపెద్ద ప్రతిష్ఠితం ఉండేది. కానీ ప్రతి ప్రమాదాను అనే కందంపై అతిపెద్ద ప్రతిష్ఠితం ఉండేది.

మట్టే నాటికీ ప్రమాదమైన కందం నడిడే చిత్రపుత్రము అధికారి చేతులు ప్రతి ప్రమాదాను అనే కందంపై అతిపెద్ద ప్రతిష్ఠితం ఉండేది. కానీ ప్రతి ప్రమాదాను అనే కందంపై అతిపెద్ద ప్రతిష్ఠితం ఉండేది. కానీ ప్రతి ప్రమాదాను అనే కందంపై అతిపెద్ద ప్రతిష్ఠితం ఉండేది. కానీ ప్రతి ప్రమాదాను అనే కందంపై అధికారి చేతులు ప్రతి ప్రమాదాను అనే కందంపై అధికారి చేతులు ప్రతి ప్రమాదాను అనే కందంపై అధికారి చేతులు.
They have not accepted. That shows their negligence and inattiveness.
338 24 ಜನವರಿ, 1995 -

ನಿರ್ಣಾಯಕ ಸಂದರ್ಶನಮಾಡಲು ಹೋಲುವ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ನಾಮನೆ ಅಂತಿಮವಾಗುವ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತಿ ಸಂದರ್ಶನವಿಗೆ ಶ್ರೇಣಿಗೆ ಹೋಲಿಸುತ್ತಾಂ. ಮುಂದೆ ನಲಯ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಸಂದರ್ಶನಗಳಿಗೆ ಈ ಗುರುತಿಯ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಗಳನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲವಾದ್ದರೂ ಹೋಲಿಸಲು ಶುಭವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಿದ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂದರ್ಶನ ಹೋಲುವ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಲದ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಹೋಲುವ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಹೋಲಿಸಲು ಹೋಲಿಸಲು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಸಂದರ್ಶನಗಳಿಗೆ ಈ ಗುರುತಿಯ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಗಳನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲವಾದ್ದರೂ ಹೋಲಿಸಲು ಶುಭವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.
நபி நீர்த்த புனையம் கொண்டான் என்று மலர்மூலத்தின் மொழியில் குறிப்பிட்டு கூறுகிறார். அந்த புனையால் நபிக்கு முன்னே நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இது போன்ற நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. என்னினும் நுழையாது போன்ற நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வகையை நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. வேதாய்வு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை. இவ்வாறு நோய் ஓரும் இல்லை.
340 24 అక్టోబర్, 1995 - చిరాగామ కౌన్సిల్ మంత్రి సిద్ధం నిష్ట

చివరి. కార్యానుగ్ఘటనలు:- అందులో, నాటికి సిద్ధం. సాహిత్యం మాత్రం ఆలంచాలి. నాటికి సిద్ధం అంగీకరించాలి. తనం మండలాల్లోని ప్రత్యేక పదమానికి ఎందుకు నిర్ధారించాలి.

(చివరి, అందులో పిలువడాన్ని అమలు చేయటం)

చివరి. కార్యానుగ్ఘటనలు:- అందులో, సిద్ధం. సాహిత్యం మాత్రం ఆలంచాలి. నాటికి సిద్ధం అంగీకరించాలి. తనం మండలాల్లోని ప్రత్యేక పదమానికి ఎందుకు నిర్ధారించాలి.

(చివరి, అందులో పిలువడాన్ని అమలు చేయటం)
ప్రకటనలు ఎంతో ప్రతిష్ఠాత్మక గణిందం. మామలు ఉండి భారీ చిహ్నం. అప్పుడపారంపర్యాయం ప్రత్యేకాన్ని కంటే తినండా, మామలపై ఉన్నతి చేయలేదు. తాను మనము సర్వసాధ్యం చేశాను. అప్పుడు మనము సాధారణ ఉండవచ్చు.

సిద్ధంగా ఉన్నతి చేశాను. మామలు ఉండి భారీ చిహ్నాన్ని కంటే తినండా, మామలపై ఉన్నతి చేయలేదు. తాను మనము సర్వసాధ్యం చేశాను. అప్పుడు మనము సాధారణ ఉండవచ్చు.

ప్రకటనలు ఎంతో ప్రతిష్ఠాత్మక గణిందం. మామలు ఉండి భారీ చిహ్నం. అప్పుడపారంపర్యాయం ప్రత్యేకాన్ని కంటే తినండా, మామలపై ఉన్నతి చేయలేదు. తాను మనము సర్వసాధ్యం చేశాను. అప్పుడు మనము సాధారణ ఉండవచ్చు.
There is an automatic control to cut off the gas. There should be an electronic operated system.
24 ಜನವರಿ, 1995

ಎಣ್ಣೆಗೆ ಮಂದಿರ ಮೀಸಲು ಎಲ್ಲ ತೆರೆದಾ.
344
24 జనవరి, 1995:
సిద్ధం సంపాది మాత్రమే అందులో

శ్రీ సిద్ధం సంపాది వారియా:-

శ్రీ సిద్ధం,

సంపాదిస్తున్నరు:- హైదరాబాదు మహామహిళ ఆధునిక ఆభయస్థానాన్ని ప్రస్తుతి చేయండి. సిద్ధం సంపాది సాధనాలు నిష్పత్తి చేయాలి. సిద్ధం సంపాది ప్రభలతలను తగిన రీతిలో గుర్తించాలి.

శ్రీ సిద్ధం సంపాదిస్తున్నరు:- హైదరాబాదు మహామహిళ ఆధునిక ఆభయస్థానాన్ని ప్రస్తుతి చేయండి. సిద్ధం సంపాది సాధనాలు నిష్పత్తి చేయాలి. సిద్ధం సంపాది ప్రభలతలను తగిన రీతిలో గుర్తించాలి.

పండిత్ రాంబాబు విశేషాంక:- 'ద' వర్షాల కాలానికత 10 లక్షల స్థానాల ఆమోదం హైదరాబాదు మహామహిళ ఆధునిక ఆభయస్థానాన్ని ప్రస్తుతి చేయాలి. సిద్ధం సంపాది సాధనాలు నిష్పత్తి చేయాలి. సిద్ధం సంపాది ప్రభలతలను తగిన రీతిలో గుర్తించాలి.
Mr. Speaker:- I have an announcement to make regarding Blow-out. I have decided that the same Committee, which visited the Blow-out site, will go to Delhi, to represent the matter. From my side I will write a letter to the Government of India I think resolution might be unanimously passed, to represent the matter to the Government of India, and the concerned authorities.

Sri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao:- Sir, we request the Hon'ble Chief Minister to head the Committee, to represent the matter to the Government of India.

Mr. Speaker:- He expressed his desire to represent matter separately. We are representing the matter to the Government of India from three sides, namely, from my side from the Chief Minister side and through the delegation.

(2) Sri Venkateswara Institute of Medical Sciences(Deemed University) Bill, 1995.

Mr. Speaker:- I am to announce to the House that the amendments will be received up to 5.00 p.m. today i.e., 24 January, 1995 to the following Bills coming up for discussion tomorrow.

5. The Andhra Pradesh Electricity duty (Second Amendment) Bill, 1995.
Mr. Speaker:- Mr. Speaker Sir, on behalf of the Hon'ble Chief Minister, I beg to move:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industries (Restriction on Sales Tax Holiday) Bill, 1995."

Mr. Speaker:- Motion moved. Now, the question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industries (Restriction on Sales Tax Holiday) Bill, 1995."

(Pause)

The motion was adopted and the Bill was introduced.

Mr. Speaker:- Mr. Speaker Sir, I beg to move:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh University Acts (Amendment) Bill, 1995."

Mr. Speaker:- Motion moved. Now, the question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh University Acts (Amendment) Bill, 1995."

(Pause)

The motion was adopted and the Bill was introduced.

Sri G. Muddukrishnama Naidu:- Mr. Speaker Sir, on behalf of the Hon'ble Chief Minister, I beg to move:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industries (Restriction on Sales Tax Holiday) Bill, 1995."

The motion was adopted and the Bill was introduced.
Sri K. Ramachandra Rao:- Mr. Speaker 'Sir, with your permission, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Transitional Arrangement) Bill, 1995 be taken into consideration."

"That the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Raj (Amendment) Bill, 1995 be taken into consideration."

Mr. Speaker:- Motion moved. Now, discussion.
348 24 జనవరి, 1995

మామలుగు తిరుమల నేటిడు: 3. 1995 సాగునుకునని గ్రామం
లో కేసి. ఉత్తమరాణాని మోహన్
(1995 నెల్లూరు జిల్లా పట్టణ పట్టణం)
4. 1995 సాగునుకునని రామాయణి లక్ష్మీనారాయణ
(1995 నెల్లూరు జిల్లా పట్టణ పట్టణం)

ప్రయత్నం, శాతాళిగి పరిపాలన పుస్తకం లభించిన ద్వారం నుండి మెడికల్ జయసిని నిర్మాణానికి ప్రయత్నం చేస్తున్నది. మామలుగు తిరుమల నేటిడు నిర్మాణానికి ప్రయత్నం చేస్తున్న విధానాలను పిలిచడంలో క్రియారంధం ఉంది. సాగునుకునని ప్రయత్నం సాగునుకునని ప్రయత్నం చేస్తున్న విధానాలను పిలిచడంలో క్రియారంధం ఉంది.

మెడికల్ జయసిని నిర్మాణానికి ప్రయత్నం చేస్తున్న విధానాలను పిలిచడంలో క్రియారంధం ఉంది. సాగునుకునని ప్రయత్నం సాగునుకునని ప్రయత్నం చేస్తున్న విధానాలను పిలిచడంలో క్రియారంధం ఉంది.

33 సాగునుకునని ప్రయత్నం సాగునుకునని ప్రయత్నం చేస్తున్న విధానాలను పిలిచడంలో క్రియారంధం ఉంది. సాగునుకునని ప్రయత్నం సాగునుకునని ప్రయత్నం చేస్తున్న విధానాలను పిలిచడంలో క్రియారంధం ఉంది.
ARTICLE 40: Organisation of Village Panchayats - The State shall take steps to organise village panchayats and
endow them with such powers and authority as may be necessary
to enable them to function as units of self-government. I do
not want to take much time of the House. The Directive
Principles of State Policy are aimed at securing social and
economic freedoms by appropriate Act. Justice Hegde and
Justice Mukherjee have stated in their judgement - 'The
purpose of the Directive Principles of State Policy is to fix
certain social and economic goals for immediate attainment by
bringing about non-violent social revolution.'
Subject to the provisions of this Constitution, the Legislature of a State may, by Law, make provision with respect to all matters relating to, or in connection with, elections to the Panchayats.

The Superintendence, direction and control over the preparation of electoral rolls for, and the conduct of, all elections to the Panchayats shall be vested in a State Election Commission consisting of a State Election Commissioner to be appointed by the Governor.
This sort of interference in the electoral rolls is nowhere we heard at all — "voter fraud" allegations being a non-starter. 40% of the electoral roll in 1980 was alleged to be illegal. These allegations led to no action. Since 1986-87, when the whole electoral roll was reviewed, no action was taken. In 1991, the NDA government announced 3,500 names were removed. Of these, 2,000 were challenged by the opposition. In 1997, the Karnataka government was accused of not removing 3,300 names from the electoral roll. The NDA government was accused of not removing 4,000 names. In practice, the electoral roll remains unchanged. The NDA government's charges of electoral fraud were dismissed by the High Court. In 2007, the NDA government announced the removal of 50,000 names from the electoral roll. However, the BJP government in Karnataka, which was accused of removing 10,000 names, was not able to remove the names as the High Court ruled against it. Since 1999, the NDA government has been accused of removing 10,000 names from the electoral roll.
1995 లో కొనసాగించబడిన రాయల్‌ విభాగం (మహాశాహుల ప్రధాన సమాంత సంస్థ, తిమున రాయల్‌ విభాగం, 1995 లో స్థాపించబడిన విభాగం) తక్కువ ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్‌లో ఉన్నాయి.

మామలులు లేదు ఎందుకంటే? శాస్త్రం లేదా మనం నిశ్చితంగా తెలుసుకోవాలి అనే ప్రశ్నలు ఉంటాయి. అప్పుడు తెలుసుకోవాలి? ఎందుకంటే శాస్త్రం వేయలి?

మనదేశంలో కొన్ని ప్రశ్నలు ఉన్నాయి లేదా ఎందుకంటే నిశ్చితంగా తెలుసుకోవాలి. అప్పుడు తెలుసుకోవాలి?

మనదేశంలో కొన్ని ప్రశ్నలు ఉన్నాయి. అప్పుడు తెలుసుకోవాలి? అప్పుడు తెలుసుకోవాలి?

మన దేశంలో కొన్ని ప్రశ్నలు ఉన్నాయి. అప్పుడు తెలుసుకోవాలి?

(అధ్యాయం)

యెండరోహి ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్‌ ప్రధాన సంస్థ, తిమున రాయల్‌ విభాగం తొలగించబడింది.

(అధ్యాయం)

యెండరోహి ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్‌ ప్రధాన సంస్థ, తిమున రాయల్‌ విభాగం తొలగించబడింది.

(అధ్యాయం)
We welcome you but try to conduct the House in a proper manner - I am not yielding. It is not desirable to raise like that and say so many things.

354 24 S&$6, !995 ^J^^ &Hf,<30: 3-, !995 ^0$^^ rr^&)
secret ballot is the main ingredient — that is — that is quite ultra vires the Constitution...

All the seats at the Village Panchayat level are the most important. For this purpose each Panchayat area shall be divided into territorial constituencies in such a manner that the ratio between the population of each constituency and the number of seats allotted shall, as far as possible be the same throughout the Panchayat area. 2000 a; yj 5T§ ^3^3
dard ao^ 6000 a3A3*a*33*n* 3^ Jo^33^ 333oa33r trasoRaRoar 95*8o3o&* &" 3^& ^3 o)c^^ a33do 33)&gar-
J. 477-9
98 o)&) KTggMtT 3^o&- This is not a true democratic Government Sir - that is why I request you to delete that clause.
1995 தொடர்ச் சாத்ரை: 24 எண்ணிக்கை, 1995 - 357

1995 என பார்வோர் ஜோன் பிரகாசம் (சின்னசாமூத்) ஸ்மித்
(1995 நூற்றாண்டு 78 வயது 30 நாட்கள் 2 மாதங்கள்)
4. 1995 தொடர்ச் சாத்ரை: ஜோன் பிரகாசம் (சின்னசாமூத்)
ஸ்மித் (1995 நூற்றாண்டு 158 வயது 30 நாட்கள் 2 மாதங்கள்)

மார்ச்சு ஒன்றி 1003. முசோம், மாற்றம் சில்பாகிரதையில் கொண்டிருந்தவையை விளக்கும், மாம்மா மாலைக் கோட்டடுகளுள் தினங்கள் ஓரளவில். அருப்பு வைக்கும், பள்ளியில் காணப்படும் கொடும், பின்னர் மறுமலரக்கு விிகாந்த விளக்கும், விளக்கும் கொண்டிருந்தவையை விளக்கும். அப்படி வசதி மாற்றம் சில்பாகிரதையில் கொண்டிருந்தவையை விளக்கும். அவ்வாறு விளக்கும் வசதியை விளக்கும் வசதியையும் விளக்கும். விளக்கும் வசதியையும் கொண்டிருந்தவையை விளக்கும். விளக்கும் வசதியையும் கொண்டிருந்தவையை விளக்கும். விளக்கும் வசதியையும் கொண்டிருந்தவையை விளக்கும். விளக்கும் வசதியையும் கொண்டிருந்தவையை விளக்கும். விளக்கும் வசதியையும்
ముఖ్యమైన ఆధారాలు,

1. మరియామి మాధ్యమం: 3 - 1995 సంవత్సరాలు లెక్క వండనలో కోసం మొదలు (మార్చెన్ మరియామి మాధ్యమం).
2. (1995 కాలాంతర లేదా ప్రధాన మాధ్యమ ప్రత్యేకించబడింది)
3. 1995 సంవత్సరాలు మరియామి ఆధ్యాత్మిక నిపంచాలు (మాధ్యమం)
4. (1995 కాలాంతర లేదా ప్రధాన మాధ్యమ ప్రత్యేకించబడింది)

ముఖ్యమైన ఆధారాలు,

1. మరియామి మాధ్యమం: 3 - 1995 సంవత్సరాలు లెక్క వండనలో కోసం మొదలు (మార్చెన్ మరియామి మాధ్యమం)
2. (1995 కాలాంతర లేదా ప్రధాన మాధ్యమ ప్రత్యేకించబడింది)
3. 1995 సంవత్సరాలు మరియామి ఆధ్యాత్మిక నిపంచాలు (మాధ్యమం)
4. (1995 కాలాంతర లేదా ప్రధాన మాధ్యమ ప్రత్యేకించబడింది)
1955 లో మరణించిన మఈనయ్య గోవింద చిత్రకుమార్లు ముఖ్య సంపాదకుడు. మరణించిన దినం మీద ప్రత్యేక సమాచార కేంద్రం అయితే ప్రత్యేక సమాచార కేంద్రం తీసుకునందున వేసబడింది. ముఖ్య సంపాదకుడు మరణించిన దినం మీద ప్రత్యేక సమాచార కేంద్రం అయితే ప్రత్యేక సమాచార కేంద్రం తీసుకునందున వేసబడింది.
Section 278 of the Andhra Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act, 1994 stipulates that the elections to Panchayati Raj bodies have to be held within a period not exceeding one year from the date of commencement of the said Act. Section 243(e) Sub-Section(3B) - Before the expiration of a period of six months from the date of dissolution. 243(3) (3B) Sub-Section(3B) - Before the expiration of a period of six months from the date of dissolution.
You have failed to fix responsibility against the Government. The Act reads as follows, "Section 268(ii) 'for the classification of backward classes into four categories on the basis of the extent of their social and educational backwardness, for purpose of reservation of seats and offices under this Act in their favour and to provide that, as far as practicable the seats and offices reserved in favour of backward classes of citizens are equitably distributed among all categories.'"
(1995 లో త్రిగిరి మ్యూసియం, సమాచారం)

4.1995 సాగిత్తిక మంత్రివరిని పిలవడానికి (పిలవడాని)
(1995 లో త్రిగిరి మ్యూసియం, సమాచారం)

ప్రస్తుత సమయంలో తలపత్రికలు వెలుగులు ఉండవచ్చు, కాని చరిత్ర ప్రకారం ఇవి యేపిడి, అందించిన ప్రత్యేకమైన కార్యాలు మాత్రమే వచ్చింది, ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ ప్రాముఖయేం కార్యకర్తలు భాగంగా ఉన్నారు. మొదటి మంత్రివరి సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు బ్యారోడియం తయారీ చేసింది. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ ప్రాముఖయేం లేదా సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు ఉన్నారు. లక్షణానికి వచ్చింది. మొదటి మంత్రివరి సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు డిఫెన్స్ ప్రాముఖయేం తయారీ చేసింది. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ ప్రాముఖయేం లేదా సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు ఉన్నారు. లక్షణానికి వచ్చింది. మొదటి మంత్రివరి సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు డిఫెన్స్ ప్రాముఖయేం తయారీ చేసింది. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ ప్రాముఖయేం లేదా సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు ఉన్నారు. లక్షణానికి వచ్చింది. మొదటి మంత్రివరి సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు డిఫెన్స్ ప్రాముఖయేం తయారీ చేసింది. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ ప్రాముఖయేం లేదా సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు ఉన్నారు. లక్షణానికి వచ్చింది. మొదటి మంత్రివరి సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు డిఫెన్స్ ప్రాముఖయేం తయారీ చేసింది. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ ప్రాముఖయేం లేదా సైనిక ప్రత్యేకతలు ఉన్నారు. లక్షణానికి వచ్చింది.
1995 లో తిరిగుడు 3 మౌద్రికాలలో నిపుణులు (పినరడారిడి చేయబడిన) ఉండారు.
(1995 లో మొద. 75 లో పినీ. పినా. చేయబడిన)
4. 1995 లో తిరిగుడు పినరడారిడి (పినరడారిడి)
(1995 లో మొద. 15 లో పినీ. పినా. చేయబడిన)
366 24 ஜூலை, 1995  அுருவான ரவுண்டோ மகன்

(1995 முதல் 15 வருடத்து விற்பனை)

4அ. 1995 முதல் அரசு போர்சின்னா (நடுந்து) இல்லை;

(1995 முதல் 7வருடத்து விற்பனை)
for a continuous period. Then what will happen? If it continues for a continuous period. Then what will happen? If it continues
You have no option except to vote for my candidate. You cannot escape.

M5r33)^o^- You have no option except to vote for my candidate. You cannot escape.


Rosie Rogers (383^3^8^ H^^) ^n*

(!995 3o-3) 73 ^)0- J6-J- So^')

4. 1995 Rosi Roger (383^3^8^ H^^) ^n*

You have no option except to vote for my candidate. You cannot escape. You have no option except to vote for my candidate. You cannot escape.

You have no option except to vote for my candidate. You cannot escape.
విందు సిద్ధాంతం: 3. 1995 జనవరి క్రి. ఎం. 24 శుభాకాంక్ష ఈ నంది ప్రతిష్ఠాపన దండయానం నమస్కారం
(పినడి: సుమదార మాయాప్రాముడు) దినం.
(1995 ప్రపంచ 7వ స్థానపురమ శిఖర్)
4. 1995 జనవరి క్రి. ఎం. 15 ప్రతిష్ఠాపన దండయానం (పినడి)
దినం. (1995 ప్రపంచ 15వ స్థానపురమ శిఖర్)

మామూలుగా, రూపాంతరం చేయండి, సంకేతానికంగా ఎందుకంటే, మామూలుగా మామూలుగా ఎందుకంటే, మామూలుగా మామూలుగా ఎందుకంటే లేదా మరిన్ని రూపాంతరం చేయండి. అప్పుడు మరింత పరిస్థితి తెచ్చాయంటాయుంది.
370 24 అవగాహన, 1995


1:30 అంశంపై విస్తరంగా ఉన్నందు సమాచారం కానూ, సమాచారం కానూ ఉన్నాం. ఏడాది యేపుడు సమాచారం అనేది ప్రాముఖ్యత అవసరము. ఇది కొన్ని పరిస్థితుల మీద, ఎత్తు వాడుక వాడుక కోసం విస్తరంగా ఉన్న సమాచారం.
Section - 153, in order to holdelections to
the Office of the President by showing hands, as Section - 153, in order to hold
We have incorporated a clause stating that in relation to the population.
Where already proposals are there with the Hon'ble Miniter, we will hold elections to those panchayats in the month of May.

ప్రతిష్ఠాన జాతి: 3. 1995 ఐత్యంగా జాతిమానం 24 కేవలం, 1995. 375

ప్రతిష్ఠానం (మండలాలప్రసాదం ప్రాంలాద) తెలుగు
(1995 జిల్లా మండలం ప్రాంలాద తెలుగు)
4. 1995 ఐత్యంగా ఇంటియానిక (తెలుగు)
తెలుగు (1995 జిల్లా మండలం ప్రాంలాద తెలుగు)

ప్రతిష్ఠాన ఆయుధం ఫ్యాక్స్ నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది.

ప్రతిష్ఠాన ఆయుధం ఫ్యాక్స్ నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది.

ప్రతిష్ఠాన ఆయుధం ఫ్యాక్స్ నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది.

ప్రతిష్ఠాన ఆయుధం ఫ్యాక్స్ నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది.

ప్రతిష్ఠాన ఆయుధం ఫ్యాక్స్ నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది నంది.

మహాదేవ దివసం: 3-1995 సంవత్సరానికి గూర్యం

లోపందును (మండలం చిత్తప్పా, సిమరపల్) సిమరపల్.
(1995 లో సంవత్సరానికి 73 నుండి 70 మాసం, సిమరపల్) 4-
1995 సంవత్సరం నండి సిమాలియా పట్టణం (మండలం)

సిమరపల్ (1995 లో సంవత్సరానికి 10 మాసం, సిమరపల్).

సాహిత్య కాలేయం సిమరపల్ లోని బాహ్య నియంత్రణ సంస్థ.

సాహిత్య కాలేయం సిమరపల్ లోని బాహ్య నియంత్రణ సంస్థ.

తన ప్రమాదం నుండి జీవితాన్ని చేసే గ్రింసింగ్ ఆరోగ్యం లేదు.

తన ప్రమాదం నుండి జీవితాన్ని చేసే గ్రింసింగ్ ఆరోగ్యం లేదు.

1-50 సంవత్సరం సిమరపల్ లోని గ్రింసింగ్ ఆరోగ్యం నియంత్రణ సంస్థ.

1-50 సంవత్సరం సిమరపల్ లోని గ్రింసింగ్ ఆరోగ్యం నియంత్రణ సంస్థ.

ఇతి కోసం తన సాంస్కృతిక కళా కార్యక్రమాలు సంచాలక శతాబ్ధాలలో,

ఇతి కోసం తన సాంస్కృతిక కళా కార్యక్రమాలు సంచాలక శతాబ్ధాలలో,
1995 రోజాను తొమ్మిది సంవత్సరం నంది సమాచారం (విభాగాన్ని మేనేజర్) తెలుగు.
(1995 రాయము 7వ సంవత్సరం తెలుగు)
41995 రోజాను తొమ్మిది సంవత్సరం నందిసమాచారం (తార్కాంతి)
(1995 రాయము 15వ సంవత్సరం తెలుగు)


వారి వారు తొమ్మిది సంవత్సరం దాదాపు 243 (సంచాలనలు) తగినున్న ప్రపంచానికి ప్రారంభంగా తిస్తాడు. జీవ మరియు వాయువులో మనకు వాయుస్థం అప్పుడు జరిగింది. వాయుస్థం జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది 

ఒకే సమయం ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి తరువాత స్థాయిస్తుంది. ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి 

మరిన్ని ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం, మరిన్ని ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం మరియు ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం మరిన్ని ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం మరిన్ని ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం 

ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి ప్రపంచ ప్రారంభం నుండి 

1994 సంవత్సరం నాలుగవ మేము స్టేట్స్ లో నిర్ణయించారు. కాలం సంవత్సరం తొమ్మిది సంవత్సరం 

రాయము 18

33 సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం 

33 1/4

34

33 1/4

34 సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం సంవత్సరం 

33 1/4
378

24 అక్టోబర్, 1995

మాత్రమే డిసంబరు 3. 1995 అడుగువారి లాంటి
మొదటి కవిత (మంత్రి చిన్నయ్యా హిందుస్తాన్) తెలియగా
(1995 నం. 78 తి. 30 ప్యాజ. 1 తెలియా) 4.
1995 అడుగువారి మంత్రి చిన్నయ్యా హిందుస్తాన్ సమాచార (మంత్రి)
తెలియా (1995 నం. 78 తి. 15 ప్యాజ. 1 తెలియా)

మాత్రమే డిసంబరు 3. 1995 అడుగువారి లాంటి
మొదటి కవిత (మంత్రి చిన్నయ్యా హిందుస్తాన్) తెలియగా
(1995 నం. 78 తి. 30 ప్యాజ. 1 తెలియా) 4.
1995 అడుగువారి మంత్రి చిన్నయ్యా హిందుస్తాన్ సమాచార (మంత్రి)
తెలియా (1995 నం. 78 తి. 15 ప్యాజ. 1 తెలియా)

మాత్రమే డిసంబరు 3. 1995 అడుగువారి లాంటి
మొదటి కవిత (మంత్రి చిన్నయ్యా హిందుస్తాన్) తెలియగా
(1995 నం. 78 తి. 30 ప్యాజ. 1 తెలియా) 4.
1995 అడుగువారి మంత్రి చిన్నయ్యా హిందుస్తాన్ సమాచార (మంత్రి)
తెలియా (1995 నం. 78 తి. 15 ప్యాజ. 1 తెలియా)

మాత్రమే డిసంబరు 3. 1995 అడుగువారి లాంటి
మొదటి కవిత (మంత్రి చిన్నయ్యా హిందుస్తాన్) తెలియగా
(1995 నం. 78 తి. 30 ప్యాజ. 1 తెలియా) 4.
1995 అడుగువారి మంత్రి చిన్నయ్యా హిందుస్తాన్ సమాచార (మంత్రి)
తెలియా (1995 నం. 78 తి. 15 ప్యాజ. 1 తెలియా)
(ప్రతి పదం పిన్ సంఖ్యలు)
1995: 3-24, 1-31

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24

1995: 7-30, 4-13

1995: 15-30, 7-1-31

1995: 3-24
అత్యంత సంయోగాలు చేసే పత్రికలు కొన్ని ఆధారాన్ని లభించడం మొట్టమ సమయం ఇంటాయి. పత్రికలుపై అంతర్భాగాలతో కంటే పత్రికలు ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకతలు కలిగి ఉండే మొదటి పదంలో కొన్ని ఏకైక పత్రికలు దూరంగా ఉండేవి. పత్రికలు ఇంటి పదాలను ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకతలు ఉంటాయి అంచనాలు కొన్ని పదంలో పత్రికలు ప్రత్యేక పదాలను ప్రత్యేకతలు ఉంటాయి. పత్రికలు దూరంగా ఉండేవి. పత్రికలు ఇంటి పదాలను ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకతలు ఉంటాయి అంచనాలు.

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని. మొత్తిచుందిదాని, మేము ముఖ్యమంత్రి అంటే మేము మేడం ఉండది. మేము అదురే పాటు ఉంటాము?

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని?

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని?

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని?

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని?

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని?

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని?

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని?

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని?

సిద్ధం చేసినదాని:- ముగిసిన పని మనం చేసినది. అవసరం ఉండనిదాని?

(ఒప్పందం)
Shri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:— My good friend Mr. Bapi Raju has brought a proposal before you Sir. There is no
precedent in this House. Generally, the House would prefer to adjourn at a particular time. Sometimes we have been even continuously working without adjourning, more often than sometimes Sir. So, this has been necessitated because lot of our time also got frivolously wasted. This is unfortunate development, Sir. So, we are having this problem.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:— Sir, we have been continuously working without adjourning, more often than sometimes Sir. So, this has been necessitated because lot of our time also got frivolously wasted. This is unfortunate development, Sir. So, we are having this problem.

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:— I request the Hon'ble Members to bear with us and make the business a success.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Now, the question is;

"That the Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Transitional Arrangements) Bill, 1995 to be taken into consideration."

(Pause)

Motion was adopted and the Bill was considered.

(Clauses)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The Question is:

Clauses 2 to 10, Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill.

(Pause)
Motion was adopted and Clause 2 to 10, Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title were added to the Bill.

Sri K. Ramachandra Rao:- Sir, I beg to move: "That the Andhra Pradesh Panchayats (Transitional Arrangements) Bill, 1995 be passed."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:- Motion moved.

Now the question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Panchayats (Transitional Arrangements) Bill, 1995 be passed."

(Pause)

Motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:- Now, the question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Raj (Amendment) Bill, 1995 be taken into consideration."

(Pause)

Motion was adopted and the Bill was considered.

(Clauses)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:- Now, the question is:

"That Clauses 2 to 16, Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title and part of the Bill."
Motion was adopted and Clauses 2 to 16, Clause 1, Enacting Formula, and Long Title were added to the Bill.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Now the Minister will move the motion for passing the Bill.

Shri K. Ramachandra Rao:— Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Panchayati Raj (Amendment) Bill, 1995 be passed."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

Now the question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Panchati Raj (Amendment) Bill, 1995 be passed."

(Pause)

Motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Now the House is adjourned to meet again at 8:30 a.m., to-morrow.

(The House then adjourned at 2:25 p.m., to meet again at 8:30 a.m., on Wednesday the 25th January 1995.)

INTRODUCTION

I, the Chairman of the House Committee of Assembly Floor Leaders and other Members of all political Parties Constituted
by the Hon'ble Speaker to assess the damage caused due to blow out of O.N.G.C., Well at Pasarlapudi in East Godavari District do hereby present this report having been authorised by the House Committee to present this Report on their behalf.

The Committee was constituted on 16-1-1995 and the Committee held three (3) sittings.

The House Committee visited Pasarlapudi in East Godavari District on 21-1-1995 for on the spot study and held discussions with the officials of O.N.G.C. Pollution Control Board and District Administration. The Committee also held discussion with non-officials and the Public. The Committee received representations from the victims as well as from the general public about their grievances.

The Committee visited the blow out spot and also the relief camps and the medical relief camps organised at Amalapuram.

This report is prepared on the basis of information and material available during the discussions held during the study tour.

This Report is considered and adopted by the House Committee in its meeting held on 23-1-1995.

This Committee is thankful to the valuable services rendered by all concerned and to the Secretary, Legislature Department in preparation of the report.

Hyderabad
dt. 23-1-1995.

CHIKKALA RAMACHANDER RAO,
Chairman,
House Committee on Delegation of Floor Leaders.
COMPOSITION OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE OF FLOOR LEADERS AND OTHER MEMBERS OF ALL POLITICAL PARTIES

(Constituted on 16-1-1995)

* * * * *

Chairman:

1. Sri Chikkala Ramachander Rao, (Minister for Primary Education)

Members:

2. Sri K. Yerrannaidu
3. Sri Vanka Satyanarayana
4. Sri D. Rajagopal
5. Sri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao
6. Sri Mohammed Amanullah Khan
7. Sri Asaduddin Owasi
8. Sri Alapati Ranjendra Prasad
9. Sri K. Ramachandra Raju
10. Sri Kothakota Prakash Reddy
11. Sri K. Bapi Raju
12. Dr. M. Satyanarayana Rao
13. Sri A.J.V.B. Maheswara Rao
14. Sri P. Purushotham Rao
15. Sri T. Trimurthulu.

Legislature Secretariat:

1. Sri A.V.G. Krishnamurthy, Secretary
2. Sri S.D Kamalakar, Deputy Secretary
3. Sri U. Jagadishwar, Section Officer.
REPORT

During the discussion of the Business Advisory Committee, it was decided by the Chief Minister and Hon'ble Speaker to depute the Delegation of the following Assembly Floor Leaders and other Members of all political parties headed by the Minister for Primary and Secondary Education to visit Pasarlapudi in East Godavari District for on the spot study and to assess the damage caused due to the blow-out of ONGC Well, before the discussion on the subject is taken up in the House:

1. Sri Chikkala Ramachander Rao Chairman
2. Sri K. Yerrannaaidu M.L.A.
3. Sri Vanka Satyanarayana
4. Sri D. Rajagopal
5. Sri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao
6. Sri Mohammed Amanullah Khan
7. Sri Asaduddin Owasi
8. Sri Alapati Rajendra Prasad
9. Sri K. Ramachandra Raju
10. Sri Kothakota Prakash Reddy
11. Sri K. Bapi Raju
12. Sri M. Satyanarayana Rao
13. Sri A.J.V.B. Maheswara Rao
14. Sri P. Purushotham Rao
15. Sri T. Trimurthulu

Accordingly the Delegation visited the blow-out site at Pasarlapudi on 21-1-1995 and clearly witnessed the leaping flames which are raising upto the hight of 25 to 30 meters. The Delegation witnessed the scene from a permissible distance of nearly 250 meters. It was ascertained that the blow-out had occurred at around 6.50 p.m. on 8-1-1995 at the drill side of Pasarlapudi located near Devaralanka Village of Amalapuram Mandal in East Godavari District. The Delegation accompanied by the officials of District Administration visited near by villages of Bodasakurru, Gopayi Lanka, Devaralanka, Mamidi-thota and Allavaram Villages to study the
damage inflicted on human life cattle and agricultural fields and crops consequent to the blow out of the oil well. The Delegation held discussions with the residents. The Delegation also received various representations from the villagers on the following matters and requested to solve their problems.

1. Nearly 1000 acres of agricultural land including Paddy, Coconut fields and Aqua (fish) tanks of the surroundings of the blow out side was affected in one way or other and that they should be suitably compensated.

2. The noise created by leaping flames resulted due to blow out was creating a lot of apprehensions particularly during nights in the minds of the villagers and severely affecting their sleep and health.

3. Due to flow of heavy load of vehicles numbering from 300 to 400 are causing damages to the bridges and roads leading to the blow out spot and requested to take up the construction works of bridges and for the widening of roads.

4. The deafening noise produced by the leaping flames was scaring the cattle folk and not allowing them to graze in the fields and requested to provide sufficient fodder to the cattle.

5. Due to fear of the fire and noise, a vast majority of women folk including children left their homes and residing in the relief camps and requested to remove the fear and inculcate confidence in their minds from any danger.

The Delegation visited Relief Camp situated in S.K.B.R. College, Amalapuram and enquired the evacues about the
arrangements made for their and the relief measures taken up by the District Administration. They informed the Committee that they are looked after well and being provided with good breakfast, lunch and dinner regularly. They have also informed that they are provided with blankets and other necessary medical facilities and that they are satisfied with the standard of hygiene maintained by the District Administration. However, the women residents of the relief camps complained to the Committee that they are no sufficient bathroom and lavatory facilities and requested to provide good number of bathrooms in accordance with the number of women residing in the camps. The Delegation also visited the School specially open in the relief camp premises to meet the educational needs of the evacuee children and found to be working well.

On enquiry the General Manager co-ordination ONGC and Sri A.M. Bhatt, Regional Director, ONGC, informed the delegation that the blowout had occurred at a depth of approximately 2,700 meters. The blowout was a result of a sudden uncontrolled gushing of natural gas under high pressure. As a result, 49 stands of the drill pipes which were inside the well were thrown out of well and the well caught fire. This incident occurred inspite of utmost precautionary steps taken by installing 3 (three) blow out preventors at the well site. They also informed that the temperature at the well mouth was around 1300 centigrade and immediate necessary measures were taken up by the ONGC to kill and condense the fire and to tackle this an initial step of water umbrella treatment was given by using 800 H.P. water pumps capable of spraying about 5000 gallons of water per hour. They further informed that they are adopting a multipronged approach which includes both on ground as well as underground methods to tackle the situation. The on ground treatment includes mud curtain, drowzing the flames with
sludge and try for the chemical foam. The underground method is to dig a relief well at nearly 1 1/2 K.m. from the original well of Pasarlapudi -19 with a view to choke of the high pressure of the gas and to block the flow of the gas. The Delegation was informed that the whole operation of controlling the situation and capping the well would be done approximately within 40 to 60 days. Keeping in view of the seriousness of the situation on area of 500 meters around the blow out site was declared as a safety zone and was cordoned off. The whole operation being combersome and delicate in nature, the services of the experts from the foreign country was sought and 3 foreign fire fighting experts from U.S.A. viz, Mr. Nel Adams (2) Mr. Kiehlman and (3) Mr. Less skinner are working to control the fire and to reduce the heat. The ONGC officials have taken up the responsibility and agreed that the entire expenditure incurred on relief would be reimbursed and the compensation on account of blow out would be paid as per the guide lines of the State Government and other Statutory Provisions and as a step in this direction on amount of Rs. 18/- lakhs was released initially.

The Secretary, Andhra Pradesh pollution Control Board Mr. Mohammed Khaja informed the Delegation that there is a sound pollution in the area and the resultant sound emitted by the leaping flames was in the range of 80 to 90 decibles and whereas the permissible limit was only 55 decibles during the day time and 45 decibles in the night time. But with regard to atmospheric pollution, he said there was no toxic content found in the empting gas and the gas found in the well is only methyne which is harmless. However, gas detectors were already installed at the blow out site which are continuously monitoring the situation with regard to the damage caused to the micro climatic zone. He said due to excessive heat there was certainly some affect on vegetation.
The Joint Collector, informed the Delegation that immediate steps were taken to evacuate the people surrounding the areas and they were provided with food, medical and sanitation facilities. Four relief camps were established in and around Amalapuram accommodating nearly 2000 evacuees families. As a precautionary measures 50 fire tenders were mobilised in addition of making elaborate bandobasth arrangements in deploying police force for patrolling the area. Five medical relief teams were organised at the relief camps and also at near by villages. The Health Committee was also constituted along with the village Committees to assess the problems of health and to attend to the needs.

The Delegation after witnessing the blow out spot and after discussion with the evacues, general public, officials and non-officials and taking into consideration of all aspects, expresses, its anxiety and serious concern about the situation that had severely aroded the confidence of the villagers and had disturbed to a considerable extent of both agricultural and rural life in and around Pasarlapudi in East Godavari District. The Delegation also expresses its serious concern about the fodder scarcity faced by the cattle population in and around the blow out site. The delegation felt that the continous flow of flames due to burning of gas at the rate of 10 lakh cubic meters per day which is emitting large quantities of gas affluents for the past 14 days and the heat generated and the big sound produced by the leaping flames were quite unbearable. Hence, a considerable rural population have migrated to otehr areas and the villagers have complained about irrigation due to leakage of burning gas. A copy of the proceedings during the visit of pasarlapudi is appended to the report.

J. 427-14
The Delegaton after reviewing the relief and rehabilitation measures taken up by the District, Administration while appreciating the active relief of measures taken up by the Revenue Divisional Officer of Amalapuram to face the situation, recommended to supply 20 K.G. of rice immediately for each family irrespective of class and creed.

The Delegaton after reviewing the grave situation prevailing in the area of Pasarlapudi 19 well and the adjoining villages of Badasakurru, Gopayilanka, Devarlanka, Mamidithota and Allavaram villages made the following recommendations:

1. Steps should be taken up by State Government to take up the matter concerning the blow out of ONGC well at Pasarlapudi in Amalapuram, East Godavari District with Central Government, by sending the House Committee to the concerned Minister of Petroleum and Natural Gas, Govt. of India and the Hon'ble Prime Minister to protect the Gas reserves on war footing basis and to extinguish the fire immediately to control further loss, in view of devastating state of affairs and alarming situation prevailing at the area;

2. Steps should be taken to improve the bridges and roads in K.G. project areas which are in dilapidated condition, by the ONGC;

3. Security measures should be strengthened at the drilling sites and proper coordination to be maintained between ONGC and Revenue and Police Officials and Public;

4. Regional Office of ONGC should be set up at in Andhra Region, particularly at Rajahmundry, so as to provide employment potentiality and for administration facility.
5. Proper percentage of royalty should be set apart and spent for the development of the area, accruing to the State Government;

6. Agricultural experts should be deputed to the affected area to assess the damage caused.

7. In order to avoid the transportation of crude oil of above 1000 tonnes very day from S.Yanam to Visakhapatnam by road and to Madras and to create local employment a mini Oil Refinery should be established in a suitable place near S. Yanam of Amalapuram in East Godavari District.

8. Measures should be taken to contain the environment pollution, and;

9. ONGC should be pressurised to implement the agreement entered in the year, 1987, wherein it was agreed to spend an amount of Rs. 23 Crores for the development of area for which proposals were already sent by the State Government, but no action was taken till now. It was again revised to Rs. 30 crores during 1990 and hence steps should be taken to release the funds as per the agreement by ONGC.
THE ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Report on the Tour conducted by the Delegation, consisting Floor Leaders of all Parties of the A.P. Legislative Assembly, to pasarlapudi Oil Well Blow-out site (P-19), near Amalapuram Town, East Godavari District on 21st January, 1995.

DELEGATION

1. Sri Chikkala Ramachandra Rao (Hon’ble Minister for Primary Education) .. Chairman
2. Sri K. Yerran Naidu, (Govt. Chief Whip) .. Member
3. Sri Vanka Satyanarayana .. Member
4. Sri D. Rajagopal .. Member
5. Sri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao .. Member
6. Sri Mohd Amanullah Khan .. Member
7. Sri K. Ramachandra Raju .. Member
8. Sri K. Bapi Raju .. Member
9. Sri M. Satyanarayana Rao .. Member
10. Sri A.J.V.B. Maheswara Rao .. Member
11. Sri P. Purushotham Rao .. Member
12. Sri T. Trimurthulu .. Member
13. Sri Asaduddin Owaisi .. Member

The Committee was also accompanied by Sri G.M.C. Bala Yogi, Member of Parliament hailing from the same constituency.

The All Party Delegation left Hyderabad at 8.30 P.M. by train on 20.1.95 and reached Rajahmundry at 6.30 a.m. The Delegation was accorded a warm reception at Rajahmundry Railway Station by the District Administration, East Godavari District consisting Joint Collector and other Officers and also ONGC officials.
The Delegation after a brief stopover at Rajahmundry proceeded to Pasarlapudi via Amalapuram accompanied by various District Administration Officials and ONGC Officials, by road and reached the same at 10.45 A.M.

VISIT TO BLOW-OUT SITE:

The team at the site area, was received by Sri A.M. Bhatt, Regional Director, ONGC and Sri M. Rangarajan, General Manager, Co-ordination. The Delegation then witnessed the Blow-out site, which was covered with leaping flames, raging up to a height of 25-30 metres, from a permissible distance of nearly 250 metres.

The General Manager (Co-ordination), ONGC informed the delegation that the Blow-out had occurred around 6.45 P.M. on 8.1.95. Briefing the Delegation regarding the measures taken by the ONGC to kill and condense the fire, the General Manager observed that the Temperature at the Well mouth was around 1300°C and in order to tackle this, as an initial step Water umbrella Treatment was given by using 800 H.P. Water pumps capable of spewing about 5000 gallons per hour.

The ONGC official further informed that they were adopting a Multi pronged approach, which include both on ground and underground methods to tackle the situation. But the actual position of the Mouth of the Well would have to be located exactly, before an option was finalised, he added. The Regional Director, ONGC informed the Delegation that the whole operation of controlling the situation and capping the Well would be done approximately with 40 to 60 days. Keeping in view the seriousness of the situation an area of 500 metres around the blow-out site was declared as a Safety Zone and was cordoned off.

After witnessing and supervising the various security and precautionary measures taken by the ONGC, the Delegation accompanied by the District Administration Officials visited the nearby villages to study the damage inflicted on human, cattle and agricultural life due to the consequences that followed the Blow-out.

VISIT TO ADJOINING VILLAGES:

The Delegation visited Bodasakurru, Gopailanka, Devarlanka, Mamidithota and Allavaram villages and held meetings with the residents. The Delegation received various representations from the villagers and repeatedly assured them that their grievances would be given the utmost priority and importance J. 477-15
and be ventilated and highlighted in the meeting with ONGC and District Administration Officials, which was to be held in the afternoon.

The Delegation after a detailed study observed and taken note of the following difficulties and problems faced by the villagers living in and around the Blow-out area.

1. Nearly a 1000 acre of agricultural land including paddy, Coconut fields and Aqua tanks surrounding the Blow-out site was affected in one way or other and suitably be compensated.

2. It was also noticed that the noise created by the leaping flames resulted from the Blow-out, particularly in the nights, was creating a lot of apprehensions in the minds of villagers and severely affecting their sleep.

3. In view of the discontentment expressed by some villagers, the Delegates also felt the need of streamlining and strengthening the relief and rehabilitation measures with a co-ordination between ONGC and District Administration Officials. The Delegation decided to discuss this issue, in detail in its forthcoming meeting to be held with District Administration and ONGC Officials.

4. The Delegation was of the view that due to fear, a vast majority of women folk, including children, left their homes and were residing at either in their relatives homes or relief camps. In order to remove the fear and inculcate confidence in their hearts, the Delegation felt that confidence building measures must be initiated by both ONGC and District Administration, on priority basis.

5. It was also noticed by the Delegation that deafening noise produced by the leaping flames was scaring the cattle population and not allowing them to graze in the fields.

VISIT TO RELIEF CAMP, SKBR COLLEGE, AMALAPURAM:

The All Party Delegation paid a visit to the Relief Camp situated in SKBR College, Amalapuram, to personally witness and supervise the extend of Relief Measures undertaken by the District Administration.

There the Delegation was informed by the evacuees that they were well looked after by the District Administration and were provided with breakast, lunch and dinner. In addition to this, there were also provided with blankets, and
other necessary medical facilities. The Delegation personally supervised the camp premises and was satisfied with the standard of hygiene maintained there.

The Delegation also visited the school opened in the Camp premises of the District Administration, the meet the educational needs of the evacuees children.

The Delegation then proceeded to Z.P. Guest House, Amalapuram to hold a meeting with both District Administration and ONGC Officials to review the situation and to chalk out the future course of action.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING HELD WITH DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION, ONGC AND A.P. POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD OFFICIALS:

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION:

1. Sri Rajiv Ranjan Mishra.. Joint Collector
   East Godavari.

2. Sri A.K. Khan.. Superintendent of
   Police, East Godavari.

3. Smt. V. Usha Rani.. Revenue Divisional
   Officer, Amalapuram.

ONGC OFFICIALS:

1. Sri Jauhari Lal.. Director (Personnel)

2. Sri Iswari Dutt.. Director (Technical)

3. Sri A.M. Bhatt.. Regional Director

4. Sri M. Rangarajan.. General Manager,
   Co-ordination.

5. Sri V.P. Rao.. Dy. General Manager,
   Geology.

A.P. POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD:

1. Sri Mohd. Khwaja.. Member - Secretary.

The All Party Delegation, in the very first instance, expressed its anxiety and recorded its serious concern unanimously, about the ongoing situation. The Blow-out incident,
The Delegation felt, had severely eroded the confidence of the villagers and had disturbed to a considerable extent both the agricultural and rural life in and around Pasarlapudi.

The Delegation expressed its desire to know about the details leading to this situation, from the ONGC Officials.

Sri A.M. Bhatt, Regional Director, ONGC informed the delegation that the Blow-out had occurred at 6.50 p.m. on 8.1.95, at a depth of approx. 2700 metres. The Blow-out was resultant of a sudden uncontrolled gushing of natural gas under high pressure. Instantly, 49 stands of Drill pipes, which were inside the well, were thrown out of Well and the Well caught fire. This incident had happened inspite of the fact that utmost precautionary steps were taken care of by installing three BOPs (Blow-out Preventers) at the Well site.

Immediately, after the incident occurred, the Regional Director informed that the District Administration was communicated on this. The District Administration responded quickly and at 10 p.m. the Collector, Joint Collector and the Superintendent of Police paid a visit to the spot, in the initiation stages, as there was no sufficient information available with the ONGC officials, regarding the nature of gas and the toxic contents if any, the ONGC officials as a precautionary measure requested the District Administration to evacuate the Villagers living in a radius of 5 Kilometres. After a detailed analysis was undertaken and it was found that the gas was not carrying with it any toxic content, and the same was communicated to the District Administration, with a view to enable the people to come back to their homes.

Regarding the steps taken to kill and cap the Well, the Regional Director informed the Delegation that they were adopting a multi-pronged approach, which includes both on-ground and underground methods. The onground treatment includes things like mud curtain, dousing the flames with sludge or try chemical foam. As an underground method, he added that a decision was already taken and site located to dig a relief Well nearly 1½ KMS from the original Well (P-19). The aim was to reach the Blow-out Well somewhere under the Well to try and choke off the high pressure of the gas, he added the whole idea was to send some heavy fluid with high force through the relief Well, in such a way, that it would block the flow of gas from the Pasarlapudi Well, which had suffered the blow-out.

The whole operation being combersome and delicate in nature the official informed that expertise from the foreign country was sought for and three foreign fire-fighting experts
from USA namely 1. Mr. Neel Adams, 2. Mr. Kuhlman and 3. Mr. Les Skinner were also working along with ONGC's crisis management group to control the fire. But he pointed out that the actual position of the Mouth of the Well would have to be located exactly, before an option was finalised. He informed that at the well mouth and temperature was around 1300 °C which naturally makes extremely difficult to conduct any supervision. In order to reduce the heat, the ONGC had put into operation its 800 H.P. Water Spewere, each capable of spewing water at the rate of 5000 gallons per hour.

The ONGC Official informed that the Organisation had already instituted two enquiries, in order to know the causes that led to the blow-out and also suggest measures to prevent such type of recurrences in future. The enquiries would be conducted by 1) Director, Institute of Drilling Technology, Dehradun and the other which was a Statutory Enquiry would be conducted by Director General, Mines Safety. The official was hopeful that the Organisation would get the enquiry Report within two/three weeks.

Mr. Bhatt was of the opinion that the whole operation of killing and capping might be completed within 40 to 60 days. He assured the delegation that ONGC authorities could very well understand the genuine feelings of the affected people and agreed that the entire expenditure incurred on relief would be reimbursed and compensation on account of the blow-out would be paid, as per the guidelines of State Government and other Statutory provisions. As a step in this direction, he added that an instalment of 8 lakhs released initially, to East Godavari District Administration, to carry out its relief and rehabilitation Operations.

**DAMAGE TO AGRICULTURE:**

The Delegation observed that the resultant radiation emitted from the 30 metre infereno, according to preliminary official estimates had affected and damaged crops in an extent of 280 acres, coconut gardens in about 470 acres and prawn tanks in 153 acres. Moreover, the Agricultural activity close to the well area was came to a standstill, thus depriving considerable number of agricultural labourers from getting their livelihood.

The delegation then requested the ONGC official to sit along with the District Administration and chalk out a programme to pay adequate compensation to the affected people.
The Delegation also expressed its serious concern regarding the fodder scarcity faced by cattle population in and around blow-out site. The Delegation pointed that it was brought to their notice, when they visited the villages of Bodasakurru, Deveralanka, Gopailanka and Allavaram, that the deafening noise produced by the flames were scaring the cattle population grazing in the fields. The delegation requested the District Administration to look into this matter.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT:

The delegation felt that the flames which were burning gas at the rate of 10 lakhs cubic metres per day were emitting large quantities of gaseous effluvium for the past 14 days moreover, the delegation pointed out that the heat generated and the deafening sound produced by the leaping flames were quite unbearable and hand made a considerable number of rural population to meagre to other areas. In its visit to the nearby villages the Committee pointed out many of the villages were complained about the irrigation. The Delegation requested the Member-Secretary to express his valuable opinion on the pollution aspect of the case.

The Member-Secretary, A.P. Pollution Control Board informed the delegation that Pollution Control Board had no jurisdiction over the activities of ONGC but he expressed his readiness to offer his service at any point of time.

Regarding sound pollution the Secretary pointed out that it was definitely on the higher side. According to the surveys conducted by the Board, it was noticed that the resultant sound emitted by the leaping flames was in the range of 80 to 90 decibles, whereas the permissible limit was only 55 decibles in the day time and 45 decibles in the night time, he added.

Regarding atmospheric pollution, the Member-Secretary informed that up to this point of time, there was no toxic context found in the emitted flames. The gas found in the Well is only methyne, harmless gas. ONGC, he informed, had already installed gas detectors at the Blow-out site and was continuously monitoring the situation.

As far as the damage caused to the Microclimatic Zone, due to excessive heat was concerned, the Secretary pointed out that there was certainly going to be some affect on vegetation. This needs a detailed survey and analysis. He already communicated this matter with A.P. Agricultural University, Hyderabad and requested them to make an investigation and send him the particulars. This would be known in course of time, he added.
RELIEF AND REHABILITATION OPERATIONS:

The Joint Collector, East Godavari, informed the Committee that on receipt of information at 7.30 P.M. on 8.1.95 he along with District Collector and Superintendent of Police started for the spot and reached the same by 10 P.M. Since the Genealogy of the Well was not known, as advised by the ONGC officials shifting had already taken place at 8 P.M. itself. The people as suggested by ONGC were evacuated and were provided with food, medical and sanitation facilities. Later, in a co-ordination meeting held with ONGC officials it was decided that the entire expenditure towards rehabilitation would be borne by the ONGC. Four Dy. Collectors were deputed and along with RDO, Amalapuram, constituted as a Task Force. As the relief measure involved in this case were of long term nature, it was decided to constitute Village Committees along with three village representatives from the village, concerned village administrative officer, Executive Officer, Panchayat and representatives of ONGC as committee members. These committees run relief camps and maintain accounts, he added.

Four relief camps were established in and around Amalapuram town, accommodation nearly 2000 evacuee families. As a precautionary measure 15 litre tenders were mobilised to arrange water shield around the blow-out area. The Superintendent of Police, East Godavari District, Kakinada had made elaborate arrangements for deploying sufficient police force for patrolling the area and to maintain law and order. The Dy. Inspector General of Police, Eluru had also visited the spot and reviewed the arrangements made in this regard. An estimate committee was constituted RDO, Amalapuram as Chairman to conduct an assessment of losses and damages sustained to public and private properties.

Immediate medical relief measures were undertaken. Five Medical Relief teams were organised at the relief camps and also to at the nearby villages. From 9.1.95 Mobile Medical teams were attending to the Medical relief work and preventive measures in the adjacent villages. As a precautionary measure, to assess pollution levels in the air and for continuous monitoring, the Joint Collector informed that gas detectors were installed at the site and it had been observed that there was no H₂S or SO₂ in the atmosphere. The Health Committee was also constituted with RDO as Chairman to assess the problem of health in the area and to provide necessary medical aid to the people.
The Joint Collector further informed that ONGC so far released an amount of ₹18 lakhs for relief purposes and the District Administration at present was incurring expenses from that amount.

The Revenue Divisional Officer, Amalapuram informed the Committee that Hon'ble Ministers for Agriculture, Secondary Education and Civil Supplies so far visited the site, when the Hon'ble Minister for Agriculture visited the Blow-out site, on that occasion 3000 sets of Dhotis and Sarees and 3000 blankets were arranged for distribution, she stated. In addition to this, Sri P.V. Rangaiah Naidu, Hon'ble Minister for State for Power, Government of India visited the blow-out site and suggested that temporary shelters should be constructed at different places with all amenities and instructed the ONGC authorities to take it up by allocating adequate amount. A decision was taken in this regard by both the District Administration and ONGC and temporary shelters were going to be constructed at two different places, she added.

The Delegation after reviewing the relief and rehabilitation measures taken by the District Administration suggested that keeping in view the gravity of the situation, a 20 Kg Rice for each family must be distributed, irrespective of class considerations. The Joint Collector assured the Committee that this valuable suggestion must be taken care of and be implemented with immediate effect.

The meeting came to a close at 6.00 P.M.

The Committee then returned to Rajahmundry by Road at 8.00 p.m. and boarded train at 8.40 p.m. The Delegation reached Hyderabad at 8.00 A.M. on 22-1-1995.
4. ముఖ్యమైన సమాచారాలు:

1. 1995 సాధారణ సమాచారం సాధారణ మారిదులు సాధారణ (ఒడిషా) సమాచార సాధారణ సాధారణ రాష్ట్రియ సాధారణ సాధారణ సాధారణ సాధారణ సాధారణ సాధారణ 

- (ఒడిషా రాష్ట్రాలు)

2. 1995 సాధారణ సమాచారం సాధారణ మారిదులు సాధారణ (ఒడిషా) సాధారణ సాధారణ సాధారణ 

- (ఒడిషా రాష్ట్రాలు)

3. 1995 సాధారణ సమాచారం సాధారణ మారిదులు (అది రాష్ట్రాలు) సాధారణ (1995 లో మండల 

- (అది రాష్ట్రాలు)


- (అది రాష్ట్రాలు)

9. అంకెరాయం - 1