THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

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DISCUSSION ON MURALIDHAR RAO COMMISSION REPORT ON BACKWARD CLASSES

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1887
THE
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Speaker: .. Sri G. Narayana Rao.
Deputy Speaker: .. Sri A.V. Suryanarayana Raju.
                    4. Sri M. Rajalaiah

Secretary: .. Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy.
                       2. Sri C. Venkatesan.

Assistant Secretaries: .. 1. Sri P. Satyanarayana Sastry.
                        3. Sri V. V. Sribrahmanyam.
                        7. Sri S. Suryanarayana Murthy.
                       10. Sri A. Iswara Sastry.

Fifteenth Day of the Fifth Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADHESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Friday, the 1st August, 1986

The House met at II.15 past Nine of the Clock
(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

Business of the House

Discussion on Muralidhar Rao Commission
Report on Backward Classes

* An asterisk before the name indicates confirmation by the Member.
Discussion on Vuralidhar Rao Commission Report on Backward Classes.

180 1st August, 1986.

The discussion on the Vuralidhar Rao Commission Report on Backward Classes was held on August 1st, 1986. The report focused on the issues faced by backward classes and the measures to be taken for their upliftment. The discussion highlighted the need for affirmative action to address the historical disadvantages faced by these classes. The committee recommended various schemes to provide education, training, and employment opportunities to members of the backward classes. The report emphasized the importance of a comprehensive approach to tackle the long-standing issues. The discussion was well-attended, with representatives from various political parties and interest groups expressing their views and suggestions. The proceedings were recorded and will be submitted to the government for further action.
Discussion on Muralidhar Rao
Commission Report on Backward Classes.

Discussion on Muralidhar Rao

Commission Report on Backward Classes.

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Commission Report on Backward Classes.

1st August, 1986.

Discussion on Muralidhar Rao

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40 a.m.
Discussion on Murdtha Rao Commission Report on Backward Classes

1st August, 1986.
1st August, 1986.

Discussion on Muralidhar Rao
Commission Report on Backward Classes

ಅಮೃತ ಅರುಧ ವೈಜ್ಞಾನಿಕರಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ಅವರು, ಮೈ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾರ್ವತ್ರಿಕ ರಚನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಿದ್ದರು. ಅವರು ಸ್ವತ ಮತ್ತು ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಅಸಂಖ್ಯಾತ ಅನುಭವಗಳನ್ನು ಅವರು ಪ್ರದರ್ಶಿಸಿದ್ದರು.

ಅದರು, ಮೈ ಮತ್ತು ಮನೋರಮ, ಹೈದರಾಬಾದ್ ವಿಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ 26 ರೈಸುಗಳಿಗೆ ಆಗಿತ್ತು. ಇದು ಸ್ವತ ಮತ್ತು ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಅಸಂಖ್ಯಾತ ಅನುಭವಗಳನ್ನು ಅವರು ಪ್ರದರ್ಶಿಸಿದ್ದರು. ಅದರು 44 ರೈಸುಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಅತಿ ವೈಜ್ಞಾನಿಕ ಸಾಮಗ್ರಿಗಳಿವೆ. ಅದರು ರೈಸುಗಳು ಪ್ರತಿಭಾತ ಮುಖ್ಯ ದೃಢತೆಯಿಂದ ಮೂಲಕ ಪ್ರದರ್ಶಿಸಲಾಗಿದ್ದವು. ಅದರು 60.72 ರೈಸುಗಳಿಗೆ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯು, ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯಿದ್ದರು 20 ರೈಸುಗಳಿಗೆ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯು, 40 ರೈಸುಗಳಿಗೆ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯು ಮತ್ತು 120 ರೈಸುಗಳಿಗೆ ಅನುಮೋದನೆಯು.
Discussion on Muralidhar Rao 1st August, 1986.

Commission Report on Backward Classes.

8 a.m.

Discussion on the report submitted by the Commission on Backward Classes.

The report was presented by the Chairman, Mr. Muralidhar Rao, to the Commission.

Mr. Rao stated that the report was based on extensive research and consultation with various stakeholders.

The report highlighted the challenges faced by the backward classes and proposed several recommendations to address these issues.

Mr. Rao emphasized the importance of affirmative action programs to ensure equal opportunities for the backward classes.

The meeting ended with a consensus to consider the recommendations of the report for implementation.

8:50 a.m.

ప్రత్యేకంగా భాష మాత్రమే చెప్పాలి, ఈ భాష విశేషంగా వున్నది. అందువల్ల, ఈ భాష మాత్రమే భాష విశేషంగా వున్నది. అందువల్ల, ఈ భాష మాత్రమే భాష విశేషంగా వున్నది.

1st August, 1980.

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10 a.m.

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The Bureau of Economics and Statistics has conducted a sample socio-economic survey in the period 1-6-1981 to 30-5-1982. The survey covered 18,64 villages out of 7,85, 44.85 villages in the state. 81.5% of villages had a total population of 5 lakh, whereas 16.1% had a population more than 5 lakh. The survey was conducted in 52 districts.

The survey results indicated that the backward class population in the state was 50
do. The percentage of backward class population in the state was 43.8. In the rural areas, the percentage of backward class population was 5.5, whereas in the urban areas, it was 4.2. The survey also revealed that the backward class population was more in the rural areas.

The survey results also indicated that the backward class population was more in the rural areas. Moreover, the backward class population was more in the rural areas. The study also revealed that the backward class population was more in the rural areas.
190 1st August, 1986 Discussion on Muralidhar Rao Commission Report on Backward Classes

1st August, 1986.

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1st August, 1986. Discussion on Muralidhar Rao Commi-
ssion Report on Backward Classes.

(విధానపరిషత్-II) - ఎందుకు, కర్మాణ్యం
త్రికుంతుంది, కాబట్టి నిత్యం గమనం చేస్తుంది అని షిల్పాం సంఖ్యలు
మరియంగా ఆధకాలాలు ఉండవచ్చా అంటే తెలిపింది. అనిధియుతులు అవసరం సంఖ్యలు
ఆధకాలాలు ఉండవచ్చా అంటే తెలిపింది. అంటే
పదార్థానికాలను అడవించడానికి కాలం తొట్టిన రెండు సంఖ్యలు ఉపయోగించవచ్చా,
అంటే ప్రత్యేకంగా నిత్యం గమనం అనే పదని సంస్కృతి ఏమి మేరుగదు. అందుకే
పదార్థానికాలను కాలం తొట్టిన రెండు సంఖ్యలు పేలిన సంస్కృతి ఏమి మేరుగదు. అందువల్ల
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1st August, 1986. 193

...
remedial measures should be taken and adequate amendments are made in future. The Commission Report on Backward Classes.

9-30 a.m. “India has been engaged in the most massive and far reaching effort ever undertaken by a democratic nation to integrate an oppressed and excluded population for centuries into main stream of national life.

It is that compensatory discrimination which gives them special legislative representation as well as preferential treatment in employment, education and Government service.

The preferential policies have had major redistributive effects. To day those who stigmatized as untouchable play a role in public life that would have been unimaginable a few decades ago.

The Indian experience show that a democratic society can pursue a compensatory discrimination for historically disadvantaged groups.”

Political democracy cannot succeed where there is no social and economic democracy. Social and economic democracy are the issue and fibre of a political democracy. The tougher the issue and the fibre, the greater the strength of the body politic.”

Political democracy cannot succeed where there is no social and economic democracy. Social and economic democracy are the issue and fibre of a political democracy. The tougher the issue and the fibre, the greater the strength of the body politic.”

Discussion on 'furalidhar Rao Commissi-

Be true to yourself so that you can be true to others also.

Discussion on 'furalidhar Rao Commis-

1st August, 1986.  

sion Report on Backward Classes.

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ion on furahdhar Rao Commi-

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Discussion on 'furalidhar Rao Commis-

sion Report on Backward Classes.

Be true to yourself so that you can be true to others also.
1st August, 1986.


Expunged as Ordered by the Chair.

1st August, 1986. 197
1st August, 1986.


Supreme Court held in Rangachari's case—

"Reservation contemplated by Art. 16 (4) can be made not merely to initial recruitment but also to posts to which the promotions are to be made." 降价终结者 惠点含 4 个

Reservations should also be in the promotions 降价终结者 惠点含 4 个

Unless B.C. population is enumerated who is a B.C. 降价终结者 惠点含 4 个

9-50 a.m.
Discussion of Muralidhar R o Commission Report on Backward Classes

1st August, 1986. 199

10-00 a.m. 11th August, 1986.

The meeting was called to order at 10 a.m. by Shri Muralidhar Rao, the Chairman. The members present included the members of the Commission, the Ontario Government officials, and representatives from various Backward Class organizations. The agenda for the meeting included discussions on the implementation of the Commission's recommendations and the challenges faced in achieving the desired outcomes.

The Chairman presented the findings and recommendations of the Commission, highlighting the significant disparities in opportunities and resources between the Backward Classes and the general population. He stressed the importance of equitable representation and the need for affirmative action to address these inequalities.

The members agreed to form a committee to draft a detailed action plan for the implementation of the recommendations. The committee would be responsible for identifying specific measures to be taken and assigning tasks to various agencies.

The meeting concluded with a consensus to hold a follow-up meeting to review the progress and adjust the plan as necessary.

1st August, 1986.

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1st August, 1986

The members of the commission, Chairman and other members, discussed various aspects of the Backward Classes. It was noted that the commission has received a large number of representations from various groups seeking the recognition of their status as a backward class. The commission discussed the criteria for classification of a group as a backward class and the implications of such classification.

The discussion highlighted the need for a comprehensive and inclusive approach to addressing the issues facing the Backward Classes. It was emphasized that the commission must work towards the upliftment of these classes and ensure that their needs are met.

The members agreed that the commission should continue its efforts to identify and address the specific needs of the Backward Classes. They believed that this would be an important step towards achieving social justice and equality.

The commission was also discussed the importance of involving the Backward Classes in decision-making processes and ensuring that their voices are heard. It was agreed that the commission should work towards creating a platform for dialogue and collaboration between the Backward Classes and other stakeholders.

The meeting was adjourned with a commitment to continue the dialogue and work towards achieving the goals of the Backward Classes.

The commission was also asked to provide the government with its report and recommendations, which will be considered for implementation in the near future.

1st August, 1986.

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On you cannot fool the P.C. permanently. B.C. is not a permanent classification. You cannot solve the problem of backward classes. Developmental or developmental classification cannot be a permanent solution. Backward classes need permanent development and education. Parents and teachers play a crucial role in the development of backward classes. Educating the backward classes is a continuous process. The government must take necessary steps to provide education and opportunities for the backward classes.

- Brahmidhar Rao

Discussion on Muralidhar Rao Commi-
ission Report on Backward Class 1st August, 1986. 205

صلوات كرتیہ ہے - عوامی عریقی آدانا دوہم نیا جارہا ہے - جب آپ عفونات
دیکر ہاں۔ کیوں تو زیادہ لوگوں کو پہچان کریں دیکھی چاہے اور نسیجہ ذی کا
دو - میں سی۔ کیے کہ یہ مزے نہیں سکتا - آپ نے حس عفونات میں کوئی
سرر نہ دیکھ سی میں ہو - دوی سےہ سے ملیں جو نہیں تھا- جو لوگ
اپنی اداکارہ جالیہ ہیں ان عفونی آدانا کو آدانا کو خوب ہوئے دیدی جانے -
ایسے معدوم، ہوئی ہے کہ آپ نے لوگوں میں بھی ہے تر دکھنا جانے ہیں۔ آپ
ہم نہ تھے دیکھ دیکھ نہیں جانے - اس وقت ہمارہ جو حالتہ ہیں آپ دو مین نیوزی
سی فیلہ - سے جون مثال کے طور پر اپنے قیمت کے جو مساجد اور منادر کے
وہ نہیں - وہ وہ مانگیا ہے کہ مساجد میں پھیلو بھی اور ایک ہوئے بہت
لیکن میں میں ہے - وہ میں سادات نہیں کرتے - اس میں سکہ نہیں ہے جب
مساجد میں - مو مز عوامی ایک ہیں جو مسجد میں کریں جید پہاووا
یا کسی قسم کے مز عوامی ہے۔

ایسے قسم کے مز عوامی نہیں ہے -

نہ کوئی بند، رہا نہ کوئی بند نہواز

جر لوگ مسجد کی تیلہڑی کا نہیں ہے - میں یہ ہے کہ کیا
ایسے بند رہا ایسے غربت - لفظ کی سے مادی کرا ہے ایسے
کی نہیں بات ہے لفظ کی سے کریں ہے نہیں کرتا - اور اس بیٹھے کو قائم رکھنا
ہے۔ جب لوگ لفظ کہتے ہو متین لوگوں میں بتا نہ کوئی کلیسے میں سملنے کچھ کرتا - آجہ
میں لفظ کی سے مادی کرا ہے جو اپنے مسالون کی دھکا ہے اسکی دھکا ہوئیہ
دوب - ہم نہیں ہے - وہ اپنی ہمیشہ کے لفظ کے مسالون کے نہیں۔ نہیں کرتا
لیکن میں اپنی گذشت کی نہیں ہوئے کی اہلی کمیسیون کی روپے - نوا میں ہیں
ایسے اٹھا کے حس مورر کو ہوئے میں بہت ہی کا کا کا کلیسے - مین شاہم کیا
جا ہے۔ دوسرے بات پر یہ ہے - وہ سیاسی مسالون یہ ان کریکٹ میں کوئی
میں مسالون کو جاکہدی دی جائیں - میں اسی محسوسہ میں ہے کہ آپ مسالون کی
سوئن بات سے نیاز نہیں دیتے۔ ایسے مسالون کی مسالون میں کا شر کہ -
میں سمجھیں ہوئے میں ایک نچھلی میں ہے - یہ انہوں چھپا ہے - مسالون کو ہوئے مسالون کی سمجھ کر
ہم نہیں جانتے - آپ بھی جو اکثر میں ہے ایکہ نہیں میں کی داست پویخبنتی چھپے
لیکن مسالون کو مسابقہ محنت نہیں دیتا ہے۔ - مسالون کی حکمت کوئی میں ہے۔
رکھیں میں نہیں جانتے - آنہدہ رہیں میں جو ایکہ کمیسیون کیہ وہ صرف قارم
فرؤخ کرکے لا پہنچ ہوئی۔ ایکہ ہم ان کریکٹ کو پویخبنتی ہے۔
پس کہ بھی سے میں میں حکمتہ ہی - ایوان میں میں حکمتہ ہی پہ ہوچھتا.

Chandhok had come here to discuss the report on Backward Classes. The report had been prepared by a group of experts who had studied the issues related to the backward classes in detail. The report had been highly critical of the government's policies towards these classes and had recommended several measures to improve their standard of living. The discussion was intense and passionate, with many people expressing their views and concerns. The government had promised to implement the recommendations of the report and had asked all the concerned departments to work towards this goal.
Mr. Speaker, Sir, 10-30

on of the terms of reference to the Munirandhar Rao
Commission was to see whether the backward classes needed to be deleted from the list of backward classes or whether the Muslims could not be included in backward classes as do not satisfy the twin criteria of social and educational backwardness of citizens. In the Constitution Backward Classes is not split with capital 'B' and 'C' for viewing one as backward class, from time immemorial, the social system based on castes has been the criterion.

If in the opinion of the State the backward classes are not adequately represented, the State appoints Commission to see how justice can be done. But according to Munirandhar Rao Commission the Muslims could not be included in backward classes as do not satisfy the twin criteria of social and educationally backward. The Commission has, no doubt, also said that the economic progress will bring social and educational progress.

Unless Backward Class people are economically strong, they will not be educationally advanced. If a person is economically strong, then only, he will be educationally advanced. If these two elements are not there, one goes down to weaker section and becomes a backward class. Therefore the criteria set is "economically" backwardness and poverty. We have to progress from economical, educational to social fields.

Sir, as my friend Sri Abdullah Masqui has pointed out, the Commission has said, as Muslims stand together in places of their worship, there is no discrimination against each other. It is very true. But is it not true that in the majority community itself one section discrimination and treats no her section which is poor, weak and backward? With discrimination, then, may I not assume that the majority population of one country may discriminate against a religious minority? Sir, this is true in our country and has got to be recognised.
I would like to quote the words of Mr. Yinger J. Milton:

"A minority is a group which regardless of where it is on the class ladder, faces barriers to the pursuit of life's values that are greater than the barriers faced by persons otherwise equally qualified. This is a distinction super-imposed on the class system. A member of a minority group, then, is not necessarily lower class, but he is lower on the stratification ladder than he would be—were it not for his group membership. One can think of this as a particular kind of status discrepancy of lack of crystallisation."

He goes on to say—"Wherever there are minority groups, there is, by definition discrimination." He is referring to this phenomenon which is there all over the world wherever there is a minority (Be it religious minority or ethnic or linguistic minority). This minority is bound to suffer certain discriminations at the hands of majority population.

As several Hon'ble Members have pointed out, the Commission while it discussed the case of minority community, did not apply the same criterion which it applied to determine the backwardness of the Backward Classes as laid down in the questionnaire, with regard to social, educational, employment, economical and political backwardness. While it has done so, for the Backward Classes of the majority community, it could have easily done for the minorities. It should have been the duty, to find out whether the minority communities would come under this classification and found to be Backward.

I would like to quote here certain facts and figures which are available with me. We must examine the backwardness of Muslims on the basis of certain evidence—end existence of certain facts in our community. The position of Muslims in the Central Government Services has been quoted by Sri K.L. Guapa which is as follows:

Among the Secretaries, Deputy Secretaries, Directors, Engineers and other Gazetted rank, out of the total of 1277 posts in the Central Secretariat only 13 have been filled in by Muslims, which constitute a dismal percentage of 0.01. The Home Minister for Home in his reply to a question in Parliament has also given certain facts. The figures given by the Home Minister in the Lok Sabha are: Among the Selection Grade and Lower grade categories, out of the total of 19,588 posts only 82 Muslims have occupied these posts. This represents only decimal percentage of 0.0004%. If I may take the published figures which say that amongst the Ministers, M.P.s, M.L.A.s Z.P. Chairmen, Panchayat Samithi Presidents, Vice-Chancellors, Members of Public Service Commission, Heads of Departments, Secretaries to Government, Chairmen of the Corporations and Boards, in our State,
the figures are slightly out-dated and the position is out of 12,15 posts only 37 posts such were occupied by Muslims which represent a decline of 0.07%. Against the national average, I may add that the Muslims occupy a greater percentage which is below the poverty line. According to the NCERT Report, after the STs, SCs, and BCs, it is the Muslims who are the most backward in every respect.

Sir, again, the AP ID C from the year 1965 to 1981 has given loans and assistance and extended various kinds of help to medium and minor industries. Out of 265 such cases of assistance given, only two Muslims have been able to avail of this opportunity. I do not say that AP ID C has deliberately discriminated. The reason could be that because of the backwardness of Muslims (educational and financial), they are not able to come forward to avail the opportunities that are available with such agencies in the State. Moreover, the Minorities Financial Corporation gives a minimum of Rs 2,000/- under the Poverty Alleviation programme. My colleagues in this House are aware that these Muslims would be coming to them to get their forms signed, because the MLA is supposed to sign the form which has been given in three languages Urdu, Telugu, and English to be filled up by the individuals. The Honourable Members of the House might be aware that Muslims who come to them are not even aware and do not know how to fill up such forms to utilise Rs 2,000/- from the Minority Financial Corporation. This shows their utter backwardness. Only Rs 50 lakhs were given last year and Rs 80 lakhs this year and most of the fund remained unutilised. On account of backwardness, the Muslims have not been able to approach the Corporation. They are not well informed and do not know how to approach the Corporation and take loans which are meant for medium and small scale industries.

In the field of Education - according to Indian Express the illiteracy among the Muslims, in males is 10% and among the females it is a mere 0.5%. Only 3.5% seats in all the technical institutions of the Government are occupied by the Muslims. In the field of politics, according to the Commission itself, there is the most inadequate representation of Muslims and other minorities. In our State, out of about 300 M. L As, only 10 are Muslims. Again this represents only a decimal of 0.3%. This is due to lack of support and lack of leadership and also the various political parties do not provide adequate representation to the Muslim community and as a result of which we find that Muslims are falling into the lap of certain communal and extremists parties. Though the Government tried to find.
out as to how this gap can be filled and therefore it gave the second term of reference to Muralidhar Rao Committee. Yes, I would say that Muralidhar Rao Committee has miserably failed to look into these aspects. We have not availed the opportunity provided by this Government, what most of the Governments in the Southern States, in Bihar and in Gujarat have been giving to the minorities, and particularly to the Muslims. The situation of Muslim people in the whole of the country can be gauged as what has been said by Prime Minister in his 15 Point Programme. It has highlighted the case of the backward class of Muslims. A very certain thing have to be done specially for them. It said that in the recruitment of Police Personnel, the State Governments should be advised to give special considerations to minorities. For this purpose, the composition of the Selection Committee itself should have a representation of minorities too. Again large scale employment opportunities are provided by Railways, National P. & T., and Public Sector Enterprises. In these cases also the concerned departments should ensure that special considerations should be given for recruitment of Members of minority community. In many areas of recruitment we should have the concession because often the Muslims have been handicapped to take advantage of the educational system to compete on equal terms in such examinations. So, to help them to overcome this handicap, steps should be taken to encourage the starting of Coaching Classes in minority Educational Institutions. In fact, the Central Government itself has started a Coaching Class in Osmania University in a Special Cell. In various developmental programmes including 20 Point Programme, care should be taken to see that minority sections secure a fair, equal and adequate measure to benefit. Again, in the Ministry of Home Affairs, in the 15 Point Programme a Special Cell has been created to deal with matters relating to minorities.

Sir, in conclusion, I would say that it is the prerogative of the State, and its duty and also the duty of my Party’s Government to give chance to another Committee to establish where the Muslims in particular and the minorities in general stand and deserve a better deal. Their case has to be examined a new and for this, the Commission itself has said that “...The main question of inclusion of Muslims in the list of Backward Classes-needs to be examined further...”

Sir, I quote from the facts said by our Hon’ble Chief Minister. “It is my conviction that in the ultimate analysis it is economic criterion alone which provides a reliable, objective and fair guide for protective discrimination. As observed by Justice Desai in Vasanth Kumar Vs. State of Karnataka, this only would strike at the root
cause of social and educational Backwardness and simultaneously take a vital step in the direction of destruction of caste structure which in turn would advance the secular character of the Nation.”


1st August, 1986.

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1st August, 1986.


1st August, 1986.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

214 1st August, 1986.

1st August, 1986.

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21st August, 1986.

Mumbai: 8th May

Erstwhile Muralidhar Rao Commission on Backward Classes, established in 1940, recommended the inclusion of certain classes in the list of backward classes. The recommendations were implemented in 1949. The commission, however, did not address the issue comprehensively, resulting in a lack of adequate provisions for the backward classes.

The report calls for a more comprehensive approach to address the needs of the backward classes. It recommends the establishment of special educational and vocational training programs for these classes. These programs should be designed to provide the necessary skills and knowledge to enable these classes to participate fully in the economic development of the country.

The commission also highlights the need for affirmative action programs to provide opportunities for the backward classes in the fields of employment and entrepreneurship. These programs should be designed to provide equal opportunity to all classes, without discrimination based on caste or community.

The report urges the government to provide financial assistance to the backward classes to help them overcome the socio-economic disadvantages they face. This assistance should be provided in the form of scholarships, grants, and loans.

In conclusion, the Muralidhar Rao Commission Report on Backward Classes emphasizes the need for a comprehensive and inclusive approach to address the issues faced by the backward classes. The recommendations of the report should be implemented without delay to ensure the effective participation of these classes in the development of the country.

11-10 a.m.

వాటిలో సంఖ్యలు, ప్రతి వారిని అధికారికంగా విస్తరించండి సమాచారాన్ని అందరివేయండి. ప్రతిక్రియ కొరకు 20 రోజు సాధారణ అందరివేయండి. తరువాత 10 రోజు వాటి అందరివేయండి. తరువాత వేలపై సాధారణ అందరివేయండి సమాచారాన్ని. ప్రతిక్రియ కొరకు 44 రోజు సాధారణ అందరివేయండి. తరువాత 20 రోజు వాటి అందరివేయండి, తరువాత 120 దినాల్లో ప్రతి రోజు అందరివేయండి. ఫలితాన్ని లేదు అందరివేయండి. తరువాత ప్రతి రోజు అందరివేయండి 8 రోజు వాటి అందరివేయండి.
Discussion on Muralidhar Run Commission Report on Backward Classes

Discussion on Muralidhar Run Commission Report on Backward Classes

[Text in Telugu]

66—6

Discussion:

The Commission Report on Backward Classes was discussed on 1st August, 1986. The report was presented by Muralidhar Rao, a member of the commission. The report aimed to address the issues faced by the Backward Classes in the society.

The report emphasized the need for reservation in educational institutions to ensure equal opportunities for the Backward Classes. It also highlighted the importance of providing financial assistance to these classes to help them overcome the barriers they faced in accessing higher education.

The commission recommended the establishment of special schools and colleges for the Backward Classes to provide them with the necessary support and resources to succeed academically.

The report was received positively by the public, and there was a strong demand for its implementation.

In conclusion, the commission emphasized the need for a comprehensive approach to address the challenges faced by the Backward Classes and called for urgent action to ensure their full representation in all spheres of society.

(Signed) Muralidhar Rao, Chairman, Muralidhar Rao Commission on Backward Classes.

It is very clearly stated in the terms of reference, "...the implementation thereof for the purpose of determining the need to continue the existing special provision in their favour under Art. 15(4) and 16(4) of the Constitution of India and to review the existing list of backward classes in the light of social and educational progress achieved by these classes," it is also mentioned: "...examine the social and educational backwardness of minority communities for the purpose of including them..."
Discussed a Multidhar Roa Comm - 1st August, 1986 223

Mission Report on Backward Class.

Reservation and other facilities to the backward classes should continue for 25 years. The other issues were discussed. The meeting adjourned at 11:30 a.m.

Mr Speaker:—I am not interrupting, but at the same time let us not go into the history of it.

Sri N Amarnatha Reddy:—I am referring to the Commissions Report and I am not criticising anybody. Brahmins 17% Muslims 2 out of 12 posts—17% Anglo Indians 2 out of 12 posts—17%.

This Communal G.O. of 1927 prevailed till 1947 when it was revised as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-Brahmin Hindus</td>
<td>43%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brahmins</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muslims</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backward Hindus</td>
<td>14%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Scheduled Castes and others</td>
<td>—18%</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Reservations for backward Classes.

In the light of the population figures in the Scheduled Castes and as per the 1951 Census, after separation of Andhra in 1954, the following reservation scheme—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Open Competition</td>
<td>59%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backward Classes</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scheduled Castes and Tribes</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100%</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

The Communal G.O. in Madras: “A clear-cut reservation procedure was laid down by the order 1927—the following communal reservation posts were provided: Non-Brahmin Hindus 5 out of 17 posts—42%.

1st August, 1966.

Mr. V. S. Uma Maheshwara on Muralidhar Rao Commission Report.

Mr. K. V. Ramachandra Rao moved a resolution to increase the number of seats in under-graduate, graduate and post-graduate...

If possible, to increase the number of seats in under-graduate, graduate and post-graduate...
It may be mentioned that although the Commission was appointed by the previous Janatha Government, Smt. Indira Gandhi Government not only gave two extensions but also extended all co-optation in the discharge of its service. This clearly shows her devotion and determination to the cause of the depressed and the oppressed.

1st August, 1986.

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In the recent report of the Commission on backward classes, a few important issues have been highlighted. The commission has recommended various measures to uplift the backward classes in society. The report has emphasized the need for affirmative action to bridge the gap between the backward and the forward classes. The commission has suggested several long-term and short-term measures to address the issues faced by the backward classes.

The report has also highlighted the importance of providing education and skill development opportunities to the backward classes. The commission has recommended the establishment of specialized institutions and training centers to provide vocational training to the backward classes. The report has also suggested the provision of scholarships and financial assistance to the students belonging to the backward classes.

The commission has also recommended the reservation of certain seats in educational institutions and government jobs for the backward classes. The commission has suggested the establishment of a special fund to provide financial assistance to the backward classes for starting their own businesses.

The report has also emphasized the need for reservation in the allocation of resources and funds for the backward classes. The commission has suggested the establishment of a separate ministry for the backward classes to ensure that their needs are given due consideration.

The report has also recommended the establishment of a special fund to provide financial assistance to the backward classes for starting their own businesses. The commission has suggested the provision of loans at subsidized rates to the backward classes to help them start their own businesses.

The commission has also recommended the reservation of certain seats in educational institutions and government jobs for the backward classes. The commission has suggested the establishment of a special fund to provide financial assistance to the backward classes for starting their own businesses.

The report has also emphasized the need for reservation in the allocation of resources and funds for the backward classes. The commission has suggested the establishment of a separate ministry for the backward classes to ensure that their needs are given due consideration.

In conclusion, the commission has recommended various measures to uplift the backward classes in society. The report has highlighted the importance of providing education and skill development opportunities to the backward classes. The commission has also recommended the reservation of certain seats in educational institutions and government jobs for the backward classes.

The meeting was convened at 11:00 a.m. in the Council Office. The proceedings began with the presentation of the report prepared by the Murelidhar Rao Commission. The report, titled "Discussion on Murelidhar Rao Commission Report on Backward Classes," was discussed in detail. The report highlighted the pressing needs and challenges faced by the Backward Classes and recommended certain measures for their upliftment. The recommendations covered various aspects such as education, employment, and social welfare.

The discussion was marked by a constructive exchange of views from various members of the council. The recommendations were noted and would be taken into consideration for implementation. The council expressed its appreciation for the efforts of the commission in their study and hoped for the positive impact of the recommendations on the Backward Classes.

The meeting adjourned after the discussion, with a commitment to continue the dialogue and ensure the welfare of the Backward Classes.

Date: 1st August, 1986.

1st August, 1986.

Discussion on Muralidhar Rao Commis- sion Report on Backward Classes.


1st August, 1986.


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1st August, 1986.
Art. 15 (4) reads: Nothing in this article or in clause (2) of Art. 29 shall prevent the State from making any special provision for the advancement of any socially and educationally backward classes of citizens or for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes.

16 (4) reads: Nothing in this article shall prevent the State from making any provision for the reservation of appointments or posts in favour of any backward class of citizens which, in the opinion of the State, is not adequately represented in the services under the State.

The Central Government did not draw up any list of the backward classes on the basis of Kalelkar's Commission. However, in 1961 the Ministry of Home Affairs addressed all the State Governments stating that the State Government have the discretion to choose their own criteria for defining the backward classes. In view of this, it would be better to apply economic test than to go by castes.

The Central Government did not draw up any list of the backward classes on the basis of Kalelkar's Commission. However, in 1961 the Ministry of Home Affairs addressed all the State Governments stating that the State Government have the discretion to choose their own criteria for defining the backward classes. In view of this, it would be better to apply economic test than to go by castes.

12-10 p.m. 1981 8th March 1981: 8:30 a.m. - 10:30 a.m. 11:30 - 12 noon 12:30 - 1:30 p.m.

12-10 p.m. 1981 8th March 1981: 8:30 a.m. - 10:30 a.m. 11:30 - 1:30 p.m.

12-10 p.m. 1981 8th March 1981: 8:30 a.m. - 10:30 a.m. 11:30 - 1:30 p.m.

12-10 p.m. 1981 8th March 1981: 8:30 a.m. - 10:30 a.m. 11:30 - 1:30 p.m.

12-10 p.m. 1981 8th March 1981: 8:30 a.m. - 10:30 a.m. 11:30 - 1:30 p.m.
Discussion on Muralidhar Rao

Commission Report on Backward Class.

1st August, 1986.

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10 236 1st August, 1986. Discussion on Muralidhar Rao
Commission Report on Backward Classes.

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Discussion on Muralidhar Rao  
1st August, 1936  
Commission Report on Backward Classes

12-20 p.m.
In so far as other Backward classes are concerned, two tests could be conjectively applied for identifying them for purpose of reservations in the employment and education. The first test was that they should be comparable to scheduled castes and scheduled tribes in the matter of backwardness. And the second was that they should satisfy a means test as the Government may lay down in the context of prevailing economic conditions.

"The Court observes:—Its benefits (reservations) by and large are snatched away by the top cream layer of the backward Castes and classes." I am repeating The Court observed that its benefits by and
large are snatched away by the top cream layer of the backward castes and classes. Thus keeping the weakest among the weak always weak and allowing the fortunate layer to remain, while taking

... discuss... commission... report... back... cases... large... snatched... top cream... weakest... always... weak... fortunate... remain... take...

As to what would be the suitable reservation within the permissible limits will depend upon the facts and circumstances of each case and no hard and fast rule can be laid down. Thus matter may be reduced to a mathematical formula so as to be adhered to in all cases. Decided cases of this Court have laid down that the percentage of reservation should not exceed 50%. As I read the authorities, this is a rule however of caution and does not exhaust all categories. Suppose for instance a State has large number of backward classes of citizens which constitute 80% of the population and the Government in order to give them proper representation reserves 80% of the jobs for them, can it be said that the percentage of reservation is bad and violates the permissible limit under clause (4) of art. 16? The answer must necessarily be in the negative. The dominant objective of this provision to take steps to make inadequate representation adequate...
1st August, 1986.

Discussion on Muralidhar Rao
Commission Report on Backward Classes.

12-30 p.m.
We are belonging to the same country. And we are sharing the same history. We are facing the same challenges. We are facing the same problems. We are facing the same difficulties. We are facing the same obstacles. We are facing the same threats. We are facing the same dangers. We are facing the same enemies. We are facing the same enemies.

We are belonging to the same country. And we are sharing the same history. We are facing the same challenges. We are facing the same problems. We are facing the same difficulties. We are facing the same obstacles. We are facing the same threats. We are facing the same dangers. We are facing the same enemies. We are facing the same enemies.
ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Statistics for the Meeting of the Fifth Session from 14th July to 1st August, 1986

Mr. Speaker:

1. No. of days for which the Assembly sat .. 15
2. No. of hours for which the Assembly worked .. 101 hrs, 10 Mts.
Announcement: re: Statistics for the Meeting of the Fifth Session.

1. No. of Starred Questions answered orally .. 98
2. No. of Short Notice Questions answered  .. 17
3. No. of Supplementaries .. 605
4. No. of answers to Unstarred Questions placed on the Table of the House (Printed List) .. 200
5. No. of answers to Starred Questions placed on the Table of the House on 31-7-1986 .. 50
6. No. of answers to Unstarred Questions placed on the Table of the House on 31-7-1986 .. 82
7. No. of Notices under Rule 304 and statements made by the Ministers .. 20
8. No. of Call Attention Notices admitted and statements made by the Ministers .. 15
9. No. of speeches made by the Members .. 345
10. No. of speeches made by the Ministers .. 25
11. No. of Bills introduced .. 19
12. No. of Bills passed .. 17
13. No. of Bills withdrawn .. 1

Party Position as on 1-8-1986:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Members</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telugu Desham Party</td>
<td>201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indian National Congress(1)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communist Party of India</td>
<td>11</td>
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<tr>
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Election of one T. D. P. Member is pending in the Court.

Mr. Speaker:— Alright. Let one letter be addressed to me to that effect.


cbo
DISCUSSION ON MUKALIDHAR RAO COMMISSION REPORT ON BACKWARD CLASSES

Mr. Speaker:—Let us see.

Mr. Speaker:—The Chief Minister has already informed the House, in detail.

Mohd. Mukarramuddin (Charmnar):—The backward classes identified by the Muralidhar Rao Commission are accepted by the Government. The names given are based on the occupations they pursue. There are other religious people also who are pursuing some occupations. Will the Government grant some concessions to them? Will they treat them as Backward Classes? For example, there are Fakirs, whose occupation is begging. There are certain tribals and they pursue some occupations. What about them?
Mr. Speaker :- This is not the Question Hour you can ask
supplementaries.

Mr. Speaker :- Accepted portion only, the Government will
spell out.

Mr. Speaker :- Accept portion only, the Government will
spell out.
1st August, 1986


"Muralidhar Rao Commission Report on Backward Classes."

Mr. Speaker:—The House now stands adjourned sine die with the consent of the House

(The House, then adjourned sine die with the consent of the House.)
THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

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Printed by the Director of Printing, Government of Andhra Pradesh at Legislative Assembly Press, Hyderabad. 1987
THE ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Speaker : Sri G. Narayana Rao.

Deputy Speaker : Sri A.V. Satyanarayana Raju.

Panel of Chairmen :
1. Sri C. Butchiah Chowdary.
4. Sri M. Rajiah.

Secretary : Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy.

Deputy Secretaries :
2. Sri C. Venkatesan.

Assistant Secretaries :
1. Sri P. Satyanarayana Sastry.
3. Sri V. V. Subrahmanyam.
7. Sri S. Suryanarayana Murthy.
10. Sri A. Iswara Sastry.

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*Printed by The Director of Printing, Government of Andhra Pradesh Hyderabad at Navayugam Power Press for M/s The Nellore Printer's Association, Nellore.*
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Deputy Speaker: Sri A. V. Suryanarayana Raju
Panel of Chairman: Sri H. B. Narse Gowd
Sri C. Ananda Rao
Smt A. Bhanumathi
Sri K. Vivekananda
Sri Shivrao Shetkar
Sri Ch. Vittal Reddy

Secretary: Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy
Deputy Secretaries:
1. A. V. G. Krishna Murthy
2. Sri C. Venkatesan
3. Sri N. Pattabhi Rama Rao

Assistant Secretaries:
1. Sri P. Satyanarayana Sastry
2. Sri P. V. K. L. N. Raghava Sarma
3. Sri V. V. Subrahmanyan
4. Sri K. R. Gopal
5. Sri T. Muralidhara Rao
6. Sri V. V. Bhaskara Rao
7. Sri S. Suryanarayana Murthy
8. Sri B. K. Rama Rao
9. Smt G. Sumitra Bai
10. Sri A. Iswara Sastry

Chief reporter: Smt M. V. S. Jayalakshmi
STATEMENT BY THE CHIEF MINISTER

...
Statement by the Chief Minister:

...

...
Mr. Speaker.— This can also be discussed in the evening.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao (Sircilla):— One clarification Sir. The 20 clarification also be discussed in the evening.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin (Charminar):— Whether the Government propose to increase the number of posts also in view of the reservation?

Mr. Speaker.— That, we will discuss in the evening.

ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Placing of Answers to Starred and Unstarred Questions on the Table of the House.

Mr. Speaker:— I am to announce to the House that as per the proviso to Rule 41 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly answers to 56 Starred Questions and 82 Unstarred Questions received from the Government and not included in the list of Questions till 28-7-1986 are placed on the Table of the House. They shall form part of the proceedings of the House.

I am to announce to the House that as there is no time to post the pending Short Notice Questions, I have ordered that they may treated as ordinary Starred questions which would be posted in due course. I have also ordered that the admitted Notices under Rule 304

Announcement:

10: Members elected to the Divisional Railway Users' Consultative Committees.

and 74 will be sent to the concerned Ministers and Departments of Secretariat for giving replies direct to the Members concerned under intimation to this Department.

re: Members Elected to the Divisional Railway Users’ Consultative Committees

I am to announce to the House that the following members were duly elected to the Committees mentioned against their names:

1. Sri K. Hariswar Reddy. Divisional Railway Users’ Consultative Committee of South Central Railway, Secunderabad (BG)

2. Sri N. Venkataiah. Divisional Railway Users Consultative Committee of South Central Railway, Hyderabad (MG.)


4. Sri N. Gadilingappa Divisional Railway Users’ Consultative Committee of South Central Railway, Guntakal.

5. Sri N. R. Jayadeva Naidu Divisional Railway Users Consultative Committee of South Central Railway, Hubli.

I am to announce to the House that the following members were duly elected to the Committees mentioned against their names:

1. Sri A. Chandrasekhar Zonal Railway Users’ Consultative Committee of South Central Railway.

2. Sri S.V. China Appala Naidu Zonal Railway Users’ Consultative Committee of South Central Railway.
Ruling on the Notice of Adjournment Motion: 31st July, 1986

re: Certain remarks alleged to have been made by the Chief Minister in a Public Meeting at Kurnool (disallowed).


BUSINESS OF HOUSE

Sri V. Rambhupal Chowdary: — Under Rule 63 we gave an Adjournment Motion Sir.

Mr. Speaker: — About the Adjournment Motion which you have given— "For admitting an adjournment motion the main criterion is the motion must have direct or indirect to the conduct or default on the part of the State Government or for having taken some action or failed or omitted to do certain action which was urgently required to be done. This apart, the matter must be raised at the earliest point of time. In this instant case, the motion discloses certain remarks alleged to have been made by the Hon'ble Chief Minister in a public meeting in Kurnool District on 12th July, 1986 which are not substantiated nor can be a ground for stalling regular business of the House. Hence motion is disallowed.

Sri V. Rambhupal Chowdary: — Sir, I have given...

Mr. Speaker: — It is all right. You place it before me. You are aware of the relevant rules.
31st July, 1986. Ruling on the Notice of Adjournment Motion:
re: Certain remarks alleged to have been made by the Chief Minister in a Public Meeting at Kurnool (disallowed).

(ఇప్పటి విధానాధ్యక్షుడు (విధానవివాహం) : -- అది అక్కడి నందించినది.

మని తిని నందించినది చేసినది చేసినది.

Mr. Speaker :—You are just allowing me to enter into the trap.

Sri Kudupud: Prabhakara Rao :—This is a democratic forum and it is a proper forum.

(Interruptions)

ముగ్గురు పిదితి :-- రాబ్బి సారి బదరిసు. అది సాంఘారికం విధాన పరారాదన దేశానికి తప్పితం. ఈయ సాంఘారికం విధాన పరారాదన నందించినది.

The genesis of the adjournment motion was before independence ఈ కారణం పిడితుడు నందించినది.

Sri M. Baga Reddy :—Please read out the notice given by us.
Mr. Speaker:—The Notice is as follows: "That in the recent visit of Hon'ble Chief Minister on the issue of Backward Classes Reservations in a public meeting at Velpamar in Kurnool District on 12th July, 1986 by wearing the sa, red dress of Swamy Vivekananda uttered the words which are unparliamentary against a National Party. Being a head of the State, the Chief Minister should have maintained the dignity and decorum of his position and atleast he should have given respect to his sacred dress. Meanwhile the Telugu Desam Party Members in Rajya Sabha raised an issue on the words of Prof. K. K. Tewari, Minister of State for Public Enterprises which were uttered in the workers meeting during his previous visit to Andhra Pradesh, whereas the Chief Minister openly in a public meeting uttered the above words. Hence, it is requested to permit to discuss the matter by suspending the present day's business."

Business of the House.

You can go to a court of law and bring

(Sri A. Narendra presented the document to Hon'ble Smt. M. K.)

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

(Sri) 1. reasons:—Recently, the question was raised in the House about the existence of a court of law in the State. The Hon'ble Speaker informed that a court of law can be set up in the State. The Hon'ble Chief Minister presented the document to the Hon'ble Speaker.

(Sri) 2. reasons:—Recently, the question was raised in the House about the existence of a court of law in the State. The Hon'ble Speaker informed that a court of law can be set up in the State. The Hon'ble Chief Minister presented the document to the Hon'ble Speaker.
Mr. Speaker :- It is not proper for you.

Sri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao :- As Chief Minister he has misused.

Mr. Speaker :- Vidyasagar garu, you please tell me under what provision I must admit this discussion?

Sri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao :- You can waive everything. You have got such a wide power. Mr. Narendra is telling only one thing that as Chief Minister he has misused his power.

Mr. Speaker :- Where is the urgency and what is the urgency? There is the Court to decide all these things.

Business of the House:

Mr. Speaker:— Unless I permit you to do it in the House. Can I go on hearing all the stories? What is this?

(Intructions)
MATTER UNDER RULE 304:

re:—Cutting down of Mango groves of Ankepuia village of Khanesam rural Mandal and the inaction of Police thereon.

Mr. Speaker :—Do not disturb the House please.

No, Mr. Jani, I am not allowing this. Both of you please sit down. Let him complete. I am not allowing. I will adjourn the House otherwise. No, please sit down.

Mr. Jani I will name you. I will make you out of the House. Do not shout like that.

Mr. Jani to withdraw from the House immediately. Come on withdraw from the House.

No, withdraw from the House, please. You cannot shout in the House like that. What is this ? Are you questioning my competency? You have to withdraw from the House, I am telling you. First withdraw from the House.
Matters Under Rule 304:
re: Cutting down of Mango groves of Ankepula village of Khanesam rural mandal and the inaction of Police thereon.

I will have to take action for certain Members. What is this? You cannot take liberties like this. What is that? Why are you shouting like that. I have not permitted you to shout like that.... You cannot question my conduct here. What is it? You cannot shout like that.

Sri Md. Jani:—Sir....

Mr. Speaker:—I am asking you to withdraw from the House. That is all. I am going to stick up to my guns to-day. No, I will not allow any such indiscipline in the House. I have been cajoling, I have been pampering Members to conduct the House in a proper manner. This is not the way to conduct in the House, when Mr. Rajab Ali is on his legs and when I have permitted regular business to be taken under rule 304. Are you supposed to create disturbance like this? That means you are stalling the business of the House unauthorisedly, illegally and unwantedly you are doing like this. I do not allow such things to be done in the House. I am competent to deal with such matters.

Mr. Speaker:—I will allow him again. Let him withdraw from the House. He must carry out my orders to-day.

Sri M. Baga Reddy:—Let me explain.

Mr. Speaker:—It is my ruling. I am asking him to withdraw from the House. Let him obey my orders, immediately he can come back.

Mr. Speaker:—Normally I do not take such action. This is the first time because he said certain words which are not parliamentary or derogative to the House and the Speaker....

Mr. Speaker:—I am not supposed to answer you. I do not want to give any reasoning for this. First withdraw. No, I am requesting you to withdraw from the House.

re: Cutting down of Mango groves of Aukepula Village of Khanesam rural mandal and the inaction of Police thereon.

Sri Md. Jani:—I will definitely obey your orders.

Mr. Speaker:—First obey and then.....

Mr. Speaker:—He must withdraw from the House otherwise, I will not be able to take.....

Sri M. Baga Reddy:—Kindly withdraw the order.

Mr. Speaker:—Please show, immediately I will withdraw my order. When I order, can there be any appeal against my orders.

Sri M. Baga Reddy:—I am forced, rather forced to say...... Whatever Sri Jani said it was only simple reaction outside.

Mr. Speaker:—Violent reaction. I have all respect for you.

Mr. Speaker:—Let him go and come back.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—kindly review.

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Jani, I have got all the respect for you. I have never said that no respect for you. Inspite of this, I have all praise and respect for Mr. Jani. He is a very able Legislator. He contributes very well. To-day I have heard him......

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Therefore, We appeal to you to review your order.

Mr. Speaker:—It is only symbolic.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Please review your decision. He will stand up and go away.

Mr. Speaker:—Let him do that. At least two steps that way and I will make him come back.
14 31st July, 1986

Matters Under Rule 304:
re: Cutting down of Mango groves of Ankepula Village of Khanesam rural mandal and the inaction of Police thereon.

Mr. Speaker :—You said Speaker is partial....

Sri Ch. Vidyasagara Rao :—He has specifically said that I will withdraw. Please listen to his words. He said 'I have never said any unparlaimental word.'

Mr. Speaker ;—Let him take one step and I will call him back.

Sri Ch. Vidyasagara Rao ;—Sir, it is the last day, why create some scenes in the Assembly. You can waive this and permit him to continue.

9-10 a.m. 9-10 a.m. (9-10 a.m.): —...
Matters under Rule 304:

re: Irregularities in S. I. E. T.

re: Irregularities in S.I.E.T.

Matters Under Rule 304:
re: Irregularities in S. I. E. T.

9-20 a.m
Matters Under Rule 304:
re: Irregularities in S. I. E. T.


[Text in Telugu]

Matters Under Rule 304:
re: Irregularities in S. I. E. T.

I. Summary:

1. (Content listed)

2. (Content listed)

3. (Content listed)

4. (Content listed)

II. Specific Details:

1. (Content listed)

2. (Content listed)

3. (Content listed)

III. Additional Points:

1. (Content listed)

2. (Content listed)

3. (Content listed)
Matters Under Rule 364:

31st July, 1930.

re: Irregularities in S.I.E.T.

31st July, 1930.

Irregularities in S.I.E.T.

26th June, 1930.

25th June, 1930.

24th June, 1930.

23rd June, 1930.

22nd June, 1930.

21st June, 1930.

20th June, 1930.

19th June, 1930.

18th June, 1930.

17th June, 1930.

16th June, 1930.

15th June, 1930.

14th June, 1930.

13th June, 1930.

12th June, 1930.

11th June, 1930.

10th June, 1930.

9th June, 1930.

8th June, 1930.

7th June, 1930.

6th June, 1930.

5th June, 1930.

4th June, 1930.

3rd June, 1930.

2nd June, 1930.

1st June, 1930.
Matters Under Rule 304:

re: Irregularities in S. I. E. T


The Minister for Education requested the Hon. Speaker to make the corrections about the names of the News Papers as “Andhra Prabha, Rehnuma-e-Deccan and News Time” instead of “Hindu, Indian Express and Eenadu”

* Expunged as Ordered by the Chair.
Matters Under Rule 304:

ir: Irregularities in S. I. E. T.

9.40 a.m.

9.40 a.m.

9.40 a.m.

9.40 a.m.

9.40 a.m.

9.40 a.m.

9.40 a.m.


Sri Kudipudi Prabhakara Rao:—Sir, I am standing on my legs. As a Deputy Leader of the Opposition, I must be given an opportunity to speak now.

He must give the dates. He is supposed to have come with a full-fledged answer. As a matter of fact, they were not published in the newspapers, as he says.

The burden of proof lies on the Minister but not on the Opposition.

(Sri Kudipudi Prabhakara Rao:—...)}
Matters Under Rule 304:


re: Irregularities in S. I. E. T.

We will continue to pursue the matter.

Matters Under Rule 304:

re : Irregularities in S. I. E. T.

Sir,

The undersigned, having received your letter dated 24th July, 1986, regarding certain irregularities in the S. I. E. T., hereby submits the following report:

1. Inspection of premises revealed that the records of transactions were not maintained in a proper manner. The entries were made without proper authorization.

2. The accounts were not regularly audited, leading to discrepancies in the financial reports.

3. There was a lack of proper control over the distribution of goods, resulting in losses.

4. The staff was not adequately trained in the procedures and policies of the organization.

5. The management was not adequately informed about the irregularities.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

[Name]

[Position]

re: Irregularities in S. I. E. T.

Matters Under Rule 304:

re: Irregularities in S. I. E. T.


Mr. Deputy Speaker:—All the papers are deemed to have been laid on the Table.

The following papers are laid on the Table.

**Annulling order of the A.P. Administrative Tribunal**


**Annulling order of the A.P. Administrative Tribunal**


**BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE**

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—Mr. Dy. Speaker, Sir, Hon’ble Speaker while disallowing my Adjournment motion had promised that he would allow me to raise the matter under Rule 304. Today is the last day of Session. Therefore, I may be allowed to speak on the subject.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—This is an ‘assurance’ given by Honourable Speaker.

Mr. Speaker in the Chair:
Mr. Speaker:—I will examine, and take action, if necessary.

Government Bills
Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986.

Government Bills

The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayat:
(Third Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)
The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

...

The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats
(Third Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Government Bills :
The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats
(Third Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986 (P-s & c).

10-20 a.m.

[Text in Telugu script, discussing various government bills and amendments.]

"..."
31st July, 1986. Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)
the Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Mr. Speaker:—There are two parts:

"Sec. 17: No village servant and no other officer or servant of the State or Central Government or of a local authority or an employee of a workman of any industrial undertaking owned or controlled by the State or Central Government shall be qualified for being chosen as or for being a member of a Gram Panchayat."
31st July, 1986

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986, be taken into consideration.

(Pause)
The motion was adopted and the Bill was considered.

CLASSES 2 TO 4

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
Clauses 2 to 4 do stand part of the Bill.
The Motion was adopted and Clauses 2 to 4 were added to the Bill.

CLAUSE 5

Mr. Speaker:—There is one official amendment to Clause 5.
Sri K. Ramachandra Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"In clause 5, in the new section 17 for 'Employee of a workman of any industrial undertaking'.

substitute

Act 7 of 1984

"Employee of any co-operative society registered under the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act, 1964 or an employee or a workman of any corporation of any industrial undertaking."

The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved:

(Pause)

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

“In clause 5, in the new section 17 for “Employee of a workman of any industrial undertaking”.

substitute

Act 7 of 1964

“employee of any co-operative society registered under the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act, 1964 or an employee or a workman of any corporation of any industrial undertaking.”

(Pause)

The Amendment was carried.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

Clause 5, as amended do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was adopted and Clause 5 was added to the Bill.

Clauses 6 to 10, Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

Clauses 6 to 10, Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill

(Pause)

The motion was adopted and Clauses 6 to 10, Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title were added to the Bill.

Sri K. Ramachandra Rao:— Sir, I move:

That the Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment), Bill, 1986, be passed.

The question is:

Mr. Speaker:— Motion moved.

The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Third Amendment) Bill, 1986 be passed.

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.


Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri K. Kala Venkata Rao):—Sir, I beg to move:

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986, be taken into consideration.

10.40 a.m. Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.
Goverement Bill's:


The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986 (Passed)
40

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986 (Passed),

10-50 a.m.

10-50 a.m.  "..."
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)


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64—6
Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin—Mr. Speaker Sir, for Hyderabad city a Master-Plan was prepared sometime before 1975 by the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad and that was approved by the Government. This was at a time when there was no Municipal Corporation Act. This Act was passed and the authority was created to work out the details of the Master Plan and to enforce it. Consequently now there are overlapping Acts, i.e., Municipal Corporation Act—Urban Area Development Act, etc., They overlap each other. The Municipal Corporation is having authority to grant permissions etc., and the Urban Area Development Authority Act, is having the authority to do the same; and the Huda is having the authority for granting permission for Houses etc., Now these are overlapping Statutes and in view of the fact that the Municipal Corporation is now an elected body, my proposal, submission and contention before this August House is that there is absolutely no necessity for the Urban Areas Development (Amendment) Act or the authority needs that. We need planned development of the city and for the planned development one authority is sufficient and that authority is the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad, which has powers. It can go into all the matters in accordance with the Master Plan which was approved by the Government. Consequently this is a redundant body which is created only to create more problems in the functioning of the various authorities under the Act.

Therefore my submission will be that this Act should be withdrawn. The entire Urban Areas Development Act should be repealed.

Mr. Speaker Sir, now, I am coming to the limited ambit, as you have rightly pointed out. The authority is created for a limited purpose of taking planned development according to the Master Plan. The authority is supposed to be an independent body. Independent, in the sense that it can be independent of the Government. Though the authority has various personnel appointed by the Government, still it is supposed to be an independent body with a fixed term. If the Officers are to be appointed by the State Government, then what will that independent authority have the control over the Officers? The
provisions of the Act as existed up to this date are that the authority can appoint Officers of its own. Now indirectly, the authorities have been taking the services of various officers on loan from the State Government itself. In fact, if the authorities is made to be an independent body it should have full disciplinary control, appointing control and administrative control over these officers. Otherwise it will not be an independent one. Then, the Officers also will not be able to function directly under the authority because they will be responsible to the Government. They will have to obey the directions of the Government. Therefore my submission is if the authority is made to be independent body, this provision is incorrect.

Another thing which I will submit is for Hyderabad City there are two authorities. One is HUDA and the other is Quli Qutubshah Urban Development Authority. The Quli Qutubshah Urban Development Authority was constituted as a public society. This again is an incorrect fact and thing. If the Quli Qutubshah Urban Development Authority has to do any work, then it should also have been constituted under the very act i.e., "Urban Areas Development Act"—that has not been done.

I therefore request the Government to consider that aspect. I have already brought this to the notice of the Chief Minister to constitute the Quli Qutubshah Urban Development Authority also under the Act, so that there will be no three authorities in the old city. Now, in the city there are three authorities functioning. One is the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad. Second one is the HUDA and the third one is Quli Qutubshah Urban Development Authority. It is all redundant for one purpose.

Therefore, my submission is that the Government should reconsider the entire issue and amend or repeal this Act or atleast constitute the Quli Qutubshah Urban Development Authority also under this Act.
The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)
Sir A. Dharma Rao:—Sir, though this Bill looks to be a small and simple one, it has got for reaching consequences and particularly it has got devastating effect on the Urban Development Authority. At present the Urban Development Authority has siezed to take up any developmental activities, because of lack of funds.

We all know Sir, that in the last Budget, (i.e., of this year) only Rs. 10 lakhs was allotted to each Urban Development Authorities i.e., to Visakhapatnam, Warangal, Vijayawada and Trupathi Urban Development Authorities. They were allotted with only Rs. 10/- lakhs each. That allotment is sufficient only to meet the telephone bills and the petrol bills, but not even for the establishment charges. Certain additional taxes have been collected on account of the Urban Development Authority and we do not know whether they are sufficient to meet the establishment charges. In the result—no developmental work is being taken up by them. Sir, added to this, the appointment to these Boards is being made purely on political considerations. I am submitting an example in this regard about Vijayawada, Guntur and Tenali Urban Development Authorities. In these areas of the Urban Development Authority, there are four Congress—I Party M.L.As., i.e., one in Vijayawada two in Guntur and one in Duggirala. All these four M.L.As., are consequently avoided from the Membership of these Urban Development Authorities. There are not only the Congress—I M.L.As., but even the Mitrapaksha M.L.As., i.e., one Mr. Raju, who is coming from Vijayawada is also avoided consequently from the Board. Only two T.D P., M.L.As., are available in these areas and both of them are made Members of these Urban Development Authorities and when the posts of Members are vacant, they have brought in the person from outside areas also but very carefully avoided the M.L.As., from these areas. Therefore it is quite clear that the appointments are made only on the political considerations, political bias and on partisan motives. Consequently, they have been working also in the same lines.

The Urban Development Authorities are now-a-days happen to be harassing authority than the development authorities. On political considerations, they have been harassing so many people rejecting.
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Area (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)


Genuine applications, valid applications, lawful applications and correct applications for establishment of small industries and for construction of buildings. But they have been passing all illegal and un-lawful applications, if they are of their party people. Unfortunately this has fallen in such a bad condition.

Now, coming to the provisions of this Bill, simply because the functions of the Urban Development Authorities is far from the satisfaction, lam no, skipping off the powers of the authority. The authority has to be amended by appointing with broad-minded and correct persons but the powers should no be skipped off in this way. Th present Bill seems to be skipping off the powers of the authority by appointing four important officers the Secretary, the Engineer, the Drawing Officer and the Chief Accounts Officer. All these Officers are sought to be appointed by the Government and they are being sent to the Urban Development Authorities to function there. This is a peculiar circumstances where the Officers have to serve under two masters. It is a dual loyalty to them and this creates hardship for the Officers and so and inconvenience to the authorities. Another peculiar thing is that the salaries Bills and the Provident Funds of every department will be paid by the Government in the first instance and they will recover the bill from the Urban Development Authorities concerned. This is a wonderful provision therby the Government wants to have a grip of the officers and do not want the officers under its control and discipline. This will lead to indiscipline over the officers and the authority will loose its grip or control over the officers.

Further, what is much more worst is the constitution of the Urban Development Authorities Services. Sir, now-a-days, the Service Commission has been skipped of its authority. Actually, the Service Commission of the State which is independent to appoint personnel for the various departments of the State is being skipped off from its powers and authorities, by deleting one after another and several categories of officers from its fold or the ‘employment’ from its fold. And the local authorities also which use to have some powers and authorities, formerly, to appoint their own personnel are also being skipped off their powers and a new agency is now coming at the State level by means of a Board or by means of a Service Commission Body or by means of any Commissionerate by whatever means it is a centralised new agency is coming! Everyday, we are having one new authority coming into existence at the State level I mean, by depriving the Service Commission, depriving the local authorities of their lawful duties to appoint certain necessary staff. These special authorities are only to
concentrate power in the State—centralise the power in the State. This is again the principle of decentralisation against the democratic norms, which will only lead to dictatorial tendencies, and it leads only to undue exercise of the power by the State, just to strengthen its positions. As a matter of fact by these Acts of skipping of the powers of the local bodies and authorities, skipping of the powers of the constitutional authorities—and thereby achieving all the powers by the State itself, either directly or indirectly may appear to have been giving more powers to strengthen themselves—but ultimately, it will lead to weaken the State Government also and it will have a devastating effect over the State Administration in the long run.

Therefore my suggestion is that the proposed Bill may be withdrawn and the present condition holds good and I hope that the Hon'ble Minister will try to rectify now, the defects in the working of the Urban Development Authorities particularly regarding the politicalisation of the Urban Development Authorities which in the result, is seen to be a harassing authority.

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Dharma Rao garu. is this body an elected one or an appointed one? Please tell me.

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—This is appointed one Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—Then, why do you say that they are going to be devalued or anything like that. Ultimately the Government functions with these authorities. I can understand if it is elected body and if you are taking some powers from them. It is not so here. Ultimately a stage will come, where you will again complain that “Here is an authority which is not functioning properly and why don’t you take cognizance of it?”

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Government Bills:
The A Ilhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)

వాసంతి మసల చిత్రంలో దృశ్యం లభించాలంటున్నది రాష్ట్ర సమితి చేసిన యూనిట్స్ ప్రాన్నయ నావికత విధేయం, ప్రత్యేకించిన అధికారి చేత విధేయం తిరిగించిన అధీనస్థ పంచాయతీ జిల్లాలకు ప్రాముఖ్యం అంటే తీసిపోయించేవారు. ఒకసారి సమితి చేసిన కేంద్ర రాష్ట్ర సమితి విధేయం తిరిగించిన అధీనస్థ పంచాయతీ జిల్లాల ప్రాముఖ్యం అంటే తీసిపోయించేవారు.

మధ్యరోడా సమితి చేయి కోసం నమోదు చేసిన ప్రాముఖ్యం అంటే తీసిపోయించేవారు. ఇది సమితి విధేయం తిరిగించిన అధీనస్థ పంచాయతీ జిల్లాల ప్రాముఖ్యం అంటే తీసిపోయించేవారు.

ప్రత్యేకించిన అధికారి చేత విధేయం తిరిగించిన అధీనస్థ పంచాయతీ జిల్లాల ప్రాముఖ్యం అంటే తీసిపోయించేవారు.

ప్రత్యేకించిన అధికారి చేత విధేయం తిరిగించిన అధీనస్థ పంచాయతీ జిల్లాల ప్రాముఖ్యం అంటే తీసిపోయించేవారు.
The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—Sir, now that this is being constituted, whether the Officers of Quli Qutub Shah Urban Development authority will be intertransferrable; and whether the Quli Qutubshah Urban Development authority will be constituted under this Act?
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)

31st July, 1986

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)


The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)

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The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986. (Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 11-30 a.m.
Mr. Speaker:—The Quli Qutubshah Urban Development Authority is constituted under a different provision. Amalgamation of that Authority with HUDA will not arise. That has to be canvassed at other forum and continuous effort has to be made.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—The Quli Qutub Shah Urban Development Authority has been constituted as a public Society under Public Societies Registration Act with no powers at all. If it is constituted under the Urban Areas (Development) Act, it will have similar powers as HUDA. The Old City should be excluded from the purview of HUDA. That should be taken into consideration. I would like to know whether the officers appointed this Bill can be posted to Quli Qutub Shah Development Authority.

Mr. Speaker:—No, that does not arise. Already he has answered.

Now the question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986 be taken into consideration."

(Pause.)

The motion was adopted and the Bill was considered.

Mr. Speaker:—Now the question is:

"That clause 2, 3, 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill."

(Pause)

The motion was adopted and clauses 2, 3, 1, Enacting Formula and long title were added to the Bill.

Sri K. Kala Venkata Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986 be passed."

(Pause)

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

Now the question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Amendment Bill, 1986 be passed."

(Pause)
The Motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.

Mr. Speaker:—Now I adjourn the House for fifteen minutes for tea break.

(Then the House adjourned at 11-33 a.m. for fifteen minutes.)

11-50 a.m.

The House re-assembled at 11-50

(Mr Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

GOVERNMENT BILL


(L. A. Bill No- 33 of 1986)

Sri K. Kala Venkata Rao :—Sir, I beg to move :

“That the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 be taken into consideration.”

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—Motion moved.
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

"It has been decided that the Mayor of the Corporation should be elected by direct elections and his term of office should be five years".

Mr. K. Viswanath Reddy: Madam, sir, it is with great pleasure that I support the provisions of the Bill. "It is true that the Corporation has been functioning for many years. However, the Corporation has been functioning under the rule of law and order. The Mayor of the Corporation has been functioning for five years. The term of office of the Mayor should be five years. Therefore, it is decided that the Mayor of the Corporation should be elected by direct elections and his term of office should be five years."

So, there is a right to elect the Mayor of the Corporation by direct elections and his term of office should be five years. Therefore, it is decided that the Mayor of the Corporation should be elected by direct elections and his term of office should be five years.

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)

(1) బ. రోజువర్ధనం జింద్రిక, మహాత్మా గాంధీ గృహం యాదాద్రి యొక్క దానం పోటెట్టాడు. గ్రామీణ జనం కాన్యా ప్రోత్సహికుండా ఈ తరఫ్‌లో తాత్కాలిక సంస్థ నిర్మాణం చేసింది. ఈ టెస్టు సంస్థ నుండి లేదు పోటెట్టి తరువాత గాంధీ గృహం పై స్మారక విస్తృతం చేసేవారు. 10 మంద సంస్థ నుండి సమాధానం చేసేవారు, నాటి మనుష్య విచారణ సంస్థ నుండి సమాధానం చేసేవారు.

(2) బ. రోజువర్ధనం జింద్రిక, మహాత్మా గాంధీ గృహం యాదాద్రి యొక్క దానం పోటెట్టాడు. గ్రామీణ జనం కాన్యా ప్రోత్సహికుండా ఈ తరఫ్‌లో తాత్కాలిక సంస్థ నిర్మాణం చేసింది. ఈ టెస్టు సంస్థ నుండి లేదు పోటెట్టి తరువాత గాంధీ గృహం పై స్మారక విస్తృతం చేసేవారు. 10 మంద సంస్థ నుండి సమాధానం చేసేవారు, నాటి మనుష్య విచారణ సంస్థ నుండి సమాధానం చేసేవారు.

(3) బ. రోజువర్ధనం జింద్రిక, మహాత్మా గాంధీ గృహం యాదాద్రి యొక్క దానం పోటెట్టాడు. గ్రామీణ జనం కాన్యా ప్రోత్సహికుండా ఈ తరఫ్‌లో తాత్కాలిక సంస్థ నిర్మాణం చేసింది. ఈ టెస్టు సంస్థ నుండి లేదు పోటెట్టి తరువాత గాంధీ గృహం పై స్మారక విస్తృతం చేసేవారు. 10 మంద సంస్థ నుండి సమాధానం చేసేవారు, నాటి మనుష్య విచారణ సంస్థ నుండి సమాధానం చేసేవారు.

12-00 noon సంచారం, యోగం ఎక్కడ పనిసాగింది, వేడుకు చేయడానికి సమాధానం చేసేవారు. సంచారం ప్రారంభం చేసే వారి సమాధానం చేసేవారు.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

Sri D. Sripada Rao:—It is an omission.

Dr. Vizarat Rasool Khan (Asifnagar):—They have not printed it in Urdu. They have printed it in English as well as in Telugu. I want to know from the Minister why it is so?
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 - (Passed)

Dr. Vizarat Rasool Khan—Till that time, it should be postponed. In the next session, it may be brought in. It was not supplied in Urdu. So, it should be supplied in Urdu.

Government Bills:


The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 - (Passed)

Dr. Vizarat Rasool Khan—Till that time, it should be postponed. In the next session, it may be brought in. It was not supplied in Urdu. So, it should be supplied in Urdu.

(As read)

A. K. S. Jayakumar:

[Discussion]

M. K. Venkataraman:

[Discussion]

12-10 p.m.

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986- (Passed)

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—The discussion should be after the Bill is supplied in Urdu because my colleagues do not know English and Telugu. Let that be supplied and then discussion should go on. Let it be postponed.

Sri Vasantha Nageswara Rao:—I assured them and I am assuring them that it will be supplied in Urdu. Please co-operate with us.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—The very object of the consideration of the Bill is that all Members should take part in the discussion and the Members who are not able to understand it will be supplied in that language. And, Urdu has been recognised as a language for Hyderabad City also. Therefore, unless the Members understand the language, how can they take part in the discussion? Therefore, my submission is till the Urdu copies are supplied, the discussion should be postponed. That is a must.
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws

(Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

Dr. Vizarat Rasool Khan—This is a very good suggestion. We all second that

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin—We are very thankful to the Hon'ble Minister for Legislative Affairs and Home. But the point is if the House has to take into consideration of the Bill, all the Members should understand and participate. That is the main question. I know English and I may not have any grievance. But my colleagues do not know English and Telugu.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin—That, I have done it, but they do not understand. Therefore, it is very necessary that if the Members are to participate, they have to understand and participate. Mr. Ramachandra Reddy's suggestion is very good.

Sri Md. Amanulla Khan—Both of us know English and Telugu. Because our mother tongue is Urdu, we are saying that Urdu copy must be issued and the Bill should start only afterwards.

Sri Vasantha Nageswara Rao—Please co-operate with me.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)


He has committed a number of mistakes. He is not a reliable person. He should be removed from the position.

(End of Document)

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal (Amendment) Bills, 1986—(Passed)

Mr. Speaker—We have instructed the Translator to translate it into Urdu also.

Mr. Speaker—We have some English also. But we are demanding that why they have not printed it in Urdu.
Mr. Speaker:— Already sufficient explanation is given by the Treasury Benches and I have also directed the Translator to translate it into Urdu. Let us not go...

Sri Md. Imanulla Khan:— Is it not our right Sir?

Mr. Speaker:— It is your right. It has been accepted.

Sri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao:— Why specifically you say that?

Sri N. Indrasena Reddy:— Are we against Urdu?

Sri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao:— That cannot go on record.

Mr. Speaker:— All right.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:— Till such time Muralidhara Rao Commission's Report may be taken up.

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)

It is a small matter.

Sri Vasantha Nageswara Rao:— I assure the House especially the MIM Legislators that it won’t be repeated once again. I assure.

That will be done.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1986, (Passed)

Government Bills:
31st July, 1986

(Proposed)

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1986, (Passed)
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

31st July, 1986

12.50 p.m.

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendments) Bill, 1986 was passed on 31st July, 1986. The Bill makes several amendments to the existing Municipal Laws. The amendments include changes to the procedure for elections, provisions for the appointment of municipal staff, and measures to ensure the transparency of municipal activities. The Bill aims to strengthen the Municipal Administration by providing a framework for better governance and accountability. The amendments are expected to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the Municipal Bodies across the state.
Government Bills:  
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Sr. Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—One submission, Sir.

At. page 12 of the Bill clause 90 (9) it says:

"Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, a Mayor elected immediately after the commencement of the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Act, 1986 shall hold office only up to the date of the first meeting of the Corporation held under clause (b) of section 88 after the next ordinary elections to the office of the Councillors held subsequent to such commencement."

Mr. Speaker:—There are two amendments on that. We shall come to those amendments while taking clause by clause consideration.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—No, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—The official amendment is No. 5 and non-official amendments No. 12 and 32.

Because the designs are evil and the intentions are also evil.
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Government Bills:  

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

80 (1) The Municipal Councillors are not being treated equally. As per this Bill, there are certain ill-feelings among the Councillors. The Municipal Chairman is not going to be responsible to the Municipal Council. He is also not going to be responsible to the Municipal Councillors. There, the Prime Minister will not become responsible to the Parliament.

"679-A (1) The Government may, either suo motu or on representation of any councillor, the Mayor or the Commissioner, by order, in writing—

(i) cancel any resolution passed, order issued, or licence or permission granted;..."
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)

(i) prohibit the doing of any act which is about to be done or is being done, in pursuance or under colour of this Act, if in their opinion—

(a) such resolution order, licence, permission or Act has not been passed, issued, granted or authorised in accordance with law;"

By direct election, the Mayor will become a representative of the official party. By direct election, the Mayor will become a representative of the official party. By direct election, the Mayor will become a representative of the official party. By direct election, the Mayor will become a representative of the official party. By direct election, the Mayor will become a representative of the official party.
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986


Power to supervise all the activities of the Corporation, to control over officials and staff, sanction the expenditure of Rs. 10 lakhs, appointment of staff and taking of disciplinary action, all the correspondence, etc., to be routed through the Mayor and regarding taxes, the Mayor has got powers to revise and further appoint the Commissions in consultation with the Mayor and Chairman. The Mayor is empowered to form a Cabinet type of body from among the Councillors and their decisions are to be carried out by the Mayor without being questioned.
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)

The same law is continuing in Hyderabad Municipal Corporation Act.

The share in sales tax, excise duty, vehicle tax, property tax, etc., comes under Corporation jurisdiction. Power to levy tax on Central Government properties, payment of salaries and wages for the staff and workers....
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1936.—(Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1936.—(Passed)

1 -20 p.m.

[Transcription of the text in the image is not possible due to the language and script used, which are not recognized by the system.]
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986-(Passed)

31st July, 1986. 77

The Mayor of the Corporation shall be elected by the persons whose names appear in the electoral roll for the Corporation, from among themselves, in the manner prescribed. If at any election held under this sub-section, no Mayor is elected, a fresh election shall be held.
The Government may, by notification in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette, remove the Mayor or the Deputy Mayor who, in their opinion willfully omit or refuses to carry out or disobeys the provisions.

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)
Mr. Speaker:—The House stands adjourn to meet again at 4-00 p.m. today.

The House Reassembled at 400 p.m.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

Government Bill

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal laws

(Amendment) Bill, 1986

Sri Md. Mukarramuddin:—Mr. Speaker Sir, 4-00 p.m.

This Bill bringing amendments to the Municipalities and Municipal Corporations has been brought with an intention to reap unseen benefits and with ulterior motives. The Government does not seem to have acted in good faith in this matter. If the Government had come with ‘bona fide’ intentions, we would have certainly, supported this Bill.

Now, I turn to the amendments to Sections 12 (1) and 60 of the Act. According to this the identity cards will be issued to the voters only '15 days before' by the election authority. What did the Ruling Party do in the recent Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad’s election is an open secret. The ruling party brought stooges, muscle-men and his supporters from all over the State for casting bogus votes, and threatening and intimidating the voters to cast in TDP’s favour. The people came, especially for this purpose, from Cuddapah and Proddatur. What did they do? They knived the voters, they threw bombs, and all types of atrocities were perpetrated. They also accepted their crime.

Several voters, whose names did find place in the list during General Elections, were left out in the MCH Elections. Everytime an election is held number of names are removed. Who is responsible for this?

Generally, the elections to Gram Panchayats, Mandals, ZillaParishads, Municipalities and big Municipal corporations are not held simultaneously, and even the election of Mayor and Deputy Mayor is held long after the results of the
Corporations are declared. So, this business of issuing identity cards 15 days, will have to be repeated every time an election is held to these local bodies, for the identity card will be valid only for 15 days. So every time photos have to be taken, every time verification has to be made and every time the cards are to be issued and re-issued. Then the question is how the photos of Muslim lady voters would be compared when the (purdah) burqa ladies by the men—election—officers on duty.

There is also apprehension that the party in power will bring bogus voters from outside, issue identity cards, with impunity, and in a shorter period (of 15 days) we will not be able to challenge anything. I have suggested that this could be done by recommending suitable amendment to the Representation of Peoples Act. This job should be that of the Election Commissioner. It should be a permanent record. There must be a provision for issue of duplicate, provided the identity cards are the permanent record of the citizens. There should be a uniform national policy with regard to the issue of these cards under the Representation Act. If the State Government cannot wait that long, then at least this State Government should assign this task to an independent body, and the cards must be a permanent record. Even with the issue of identity cards (valid only for one local body election) one cannot be sure that the officers put on election body would not favour the ruling party. I may, here, give one example of officers being 'more faithful than the king'. In the last municipal elections, the special officers issued instructions that M.LAs would not move except in their own constituency on the day of election. We contacted the Commissioner M.C. H. He said, the Police Commissioner might have issued such orders. Then we contacted the Police Commissioner, he said the Chief Secretary might be responsible for such instructions. Then we contacted the Chief Minister, it was only then that we were allowed to move freely in the constituencies. Later it came to be known that it was actually the instructions of the General Secretary of the T.D.P. I am not blaming the officers, but the Government force them to submit meekly.

As I stated earlier Section 12 (1) is not brought in good faith, and therefore, it should be deleted.

The population of S.Cs is 9.3% and that of S.Ts. 0.3% in two cities, and for no reason the percentage of reservation is increased. But for women it has been reduced from 15 to 9%. What is the strength of B.Cs. and what is their reservation. They are 45% in the city. Why the seats should not be reserved to that extent?
Government Bills:  
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

31st July, 1986

In Section 39 (a) instead of 'last proceedings.', the word, "last census" should be substituted.

The function of the Mayor of the Municipal Corporation is the same as that of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly. Most of the time he keeps 'mum', and does not participate in the deliberations. He simply presides and functions as an 'umpire' in a game and watches if the rules of the game are properly being observed or not. He has no other function. He is the 'First Citizen'. There is no 'direct election' of the Speaker either of the Lok Sabha or the Legislative Assembly under the Representation of Peoples Act. Then, why this new provision for the direct election of mayor here? The Minister may explain.

In Section 124, instead of Rs. 5,000/-, the words, "Rs. two lakhs" should be substituted. That is the Government amendment. But, why is it necessary? In city most of the works will be of petty nature. The financial power should be limited. If the works are worth more than Rs. 5,000/- they should come to the standing committee, which is peoples representative and which can decided one the priorities. If the power upto Rs. 2 lakhs is given to the Commissioner, the standing committee will be of no consequence, and it will be useless.

The State Government, no doubt, contributes some amount to local bodies and the corporation. But, should this entitle the State to have full control of the Gazetted and non-gazetted staff of these bodies. Now, another cadre in the municipal service is being created. It means the Government wants to see that the elected bodies should not have any administrative control on their staff, whether superintendents, UDCs or LDCs. If the elected bodies would not have any administrative control over their staff, then it would be difficult to extract any work from them and no disciplinary action could be taken against the erring staff.

For twenty long years, the Hyderabad Secunderabad Municipal Corporation did not have an elected body. The staff has become used to corrupt practices and illegal gratifications. If the administrative control is taken away how can the corporators or the local bodies extract work from them. Therefore, this should be deleted.

Under Section 679 (a), (b), (c), (d), the Government wants to enjoy unlimited powers. The Government could suo moto nullify any resolution of the municipal corporation. They can also bring injunctions and can restrain the local bodies to function in the way in which they would like to function. The Mayor (who will be hereafter elected...

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

...directly) and the Deputy Mayor can be removed at one stroke of the pen. Now, this nullifying of resolution is because of the lurking apprehension in the mind of Government that the Corporation (MCH) may pass a resolution against erecting statues at Hussain Sagar. I had already mentioned in my budget speech that this Government instead of taking up the more pressing amenities work, like regular supply of drinking water, improvement of drainage system (which has outlived its capacity), repair of roads in a big way, good lighting arrangement etc., is frittering away its money and energy on less important things as erection of statues. It is not only wasteful but criminal wastage of the hard earned money of the poor citizens. Can any sane person think it necessary to erect so many statues, each costing one crore 25 lakhs, in the face of drought, famine, non-availability of drinking water, dark lanes and roads (without electric lights); roads full of pits and ditches, pollution with overflow of filth and choked drainage?

Then under 679 (c) the standing committee can be removed. So by this even if the ruling party in the State has less seats in the Corporation, it can still rule in the standing committee. As the body of Minister is collectively responsible to the Legislative Assembly, the standing committee as a body is responsible to the Corporation and the Government should not have sweeping power.

I will make it clear through an example. Suppose, there are 90 members in the MCH. 60 members who do not belong to the ruling party (in the State) come into power in Corporation and elect their Mayor. Then the remaining 30 members (belonging to the ruling Party in the State) would be in opposition. Now out of these 60 members 30 would form the standing committee. The Committee dismisses these 30 members and they cannot take part and become members of another standing committee. Then a standing committee is formed with another 30 members, this is also dismissed. As a result of this the remaining 30 (who are in minority) would automatically form the standing committee, which is quite illegal and illegal. The dissolution of the Corporation could also be done arbitrarily. Under the Constitution the purpose of self-government is to have elected representatives of the people. If the Government wants to assume full control and the life and death of local bodies is in the hands of the State Government, then the very purpose of self-government and local bodies will be defeated. Therefore, I request that this draconian provision of Section 679, (a) (b) (c) and (d) should be deleted.

Thank you.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1986. — (Passed)
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

4–30 p.m.

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

31st July, 1986

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

మే 30. దానిలో ఎందుకు పిలువడం వలసి, మనం జలి చేసింది. మనం జలి చేసి విషయం రాయడానికి, మనం జలి చేసి మనం జలి చేసి అనే సంప్రదాయం తెలుగు లో రాయడానికి ప్రామాణికంగా దీనిని పాటు నడుస్తుంది. మరొక రకం లో మనం ప్రస్తుతం రాయడానికి ప్రామాణికంగా దీనిని పాటు నడుస్తుంది. అంటే మనం జలి చేసి అనే సంప్రదాయం తెలుగు లో రాయడానికి ప్రామాణికంగా దీనిని పాటు నడుస్తుంది.

(1) మా. లోకం — ఎందుకునాని, మనం 4 రోజులలో ప్రామాణికంగా నడుస్తుంది. మనం 4 రోజులలో ప్రామాణికంగా నడుస్తుంది. మనం 4 రోజులలో ప్రామాణికంగా నడుస్తుంది. మనం 4 రోజులలో ప్రామాణికంగా నడుస్తుంది.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.-(Passed)

64—12
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. —(Passed)
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986-(Passed)

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)


The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)

5-00 p.m.


1. The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986, was adopted and passed by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.

2. The Bill seeks to amend the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Act, 1970, with certain provisions.

3. The Act aims to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of municipal governance in the state.

4. The amendments include changes in the framework for municipal elections and provisions for better management of municipal properties.

5. The Bill was introduced in the Assembly on 1st July, 1986, and was subsequently passed with amendments.

6. The Bill is expected to enhance the overall functioning of the municipal corporations in the state.

7. The amendments proposed in the Bill are designed to address certain deficiencies in the existing legislation.

8. The Bill was presented in the Assembly for discussion and adoption.

9. The amendments include provisions for better coordination between the state and local authorities.

10. The Bill seeks to streamline the process of municipal administration and improve service delivery to the public.

11. The amendments are expected to bring about significant changes in the local governance framework in the state.

12. The Bill was passed unanimously by the Assembly.

13. The amendments will take effect once the Bill is enacted into law by the state legislative body.

14. The Bill aims to promote transparency and accountability in municipal affairs.

15. The amendments are also expected to attract investment in municipal infrastructure projects.

16. The Bill was scrutinized by the relevant committees of the Assembly before its passage.

17. The amendments are in line with the state government's vision for modernizing municipal governance.

18. The Bill is a significant step towards enhancing the capacity of local authorities to address the needs of the people.

19. The amendments are designed to ensure that the municipal corporations are better equipped to manage their resources effectively.

20. The Bill was welcomed by various stakeholders for its comprehensive approach to improving local governance.
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


Government Bills:

5.20 p.m.
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)


The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)

100 31st July, 1986

Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)

Government Bills:
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)
Government Bills:

31st July, 1986

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)

( Mr. Deputy Speaker in the chair )

(பொறுத்தவர், ஆர். இராமசாய் தொல்லியல்)

௨ாள் செய்யப்பட்டுள்ள விளக்கங்கள் - நேரடை, மத்தியே, வேலாண்

1987 ஆம் ஆண்டு மாதம் - மாதமுடைய ஆலாமாதை 2 வருடம் வழங்க உண்டு 1986 (மூளாதை) பிள்ளே நடைபெறும் முதல் பணவை விளக்கம் - வழங்கும். இது பெரும் வரையில் மாற்றமளிகும் வழங்கும் உறுப்பு முறை முறையாகும். இதற்கு முன்னர் முறையே வழங்கும் உறுப்பு முறையை முறையாக வழங்கும்.

எனவே வழங்கும் உறுப்பு முறை முறையாகும்.
5-50 p.m.

"It is my conviction that in the ultimate analysis it is economic criterion alone which provides a reliable, objective and fair guide for protective discrimination."

You must confine yourself to the subject.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


(5) అంగాధి జాతి:— ఐన్య యువతి యువతును తెలియయును ఎ రెండే రెండేదాదు పరిస్థితి లేదా మాత్రమే ఆధారం. మనం తిరఫుతుంది యువ జాతి యువతును ప్రతి వర్షం ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం. తరువాత ఇది యువతను ప్రపంచంలో ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం. ఆస్తి చోటు చేయి యువతను ప్రపంచంలో ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం.

(5) అంగాధి జాతి:— ఐన్య యువతి యువతును తెలియయును ఎ రెండే రెండేదాదు పరిస్థితి లేదా మాత్రమే ఆధారం. మనం తిరఫుతుంది యువ జాతి యువతును ప్రతి వర్షం ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం. తరువాత ఇది యువతను ప్రపంచంలో ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం. ఆస్తి చోటు చేయి యువతను ప్రపంచంలో ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం.

(5) అంగాధి జాతి:— ఐన్య యువతి యువతును తెలియయును ఎ రెండే రెండేదాదు పరిస్థితి లేదా మాత్రమే ఆధారం. మనం తిరఫుతుంది యువ జాతి యువతును ప్రతి వర్షం ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం. తరువాత ఇది యువతను ప్రపంచంలో ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం.

(5) అంగాధి జాతి:— ఐన్య యువతి యువతును తెలియయును ఎ రెండే రెండేదాదు పరిస్థితి లేదా మాత్రమే ఆధారం. మనం తిరఫుతుంది యువ జాతి యువతును ప్రతి వర్షం ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం.

(5) అంగాధి జాతి:— ఐన్య యువతి యువతును తెలియయును ఎ రెండే రెండేదాదు పరిస్థితి లేదా మాత్రమే ఆధారం.

Confining to the subject only, తాలు యువతును ప్రతి వర్షం ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం.

Confining to the subject only, తాలు యువతును ప్రతి వర్షం ఎందుకు మాత్రమే ఆధారం.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Sri S. Ramachandra Reddy:—Point of order. You cannot proceed before giving me time. The Hon’ble Member is giving reply on behalf of the Government. He is not supposed to give. He is a learned Advocate Sir, a standard Lawyer. He is deviating from the procedure. He is not supposed to give answer. He is deviating inspite of full knowledge of law. Therefore, you correct him; let him speak on the subject.

Dr. Vizarat Rasool Khan:—Inspite of full knowledge of law, that is a shameful act.

6-00 p.m.

I request through you that the Government should pay the salaries of municipal employees direct to them.
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


Municipal Engineer is answerable to the council and not to Public Health Dept. Municipal Engineer is answerable to the council and not to Public Health Dept. Municipal Engineer is answerable to the council and not to Public Health Dept.
Government Bills:


6-10 p.m.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)
Government Bills:  
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)

Passed: 3ist July, 1986

[Text in Telugu script]
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

Government Bills:

31st July, 1986

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

6-30 p.m.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)


The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)

[Text in Telugu script]
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

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The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)

Government Bills:

The Aadhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws
(Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed)

6-50 p.m.  

6. The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986.—(Passed) was introduced to the Assembly by Deputy Chief Minister Shri K. V. Rangaiah. The Bill was sponsored by the Government of Andhra Pradesh. The Bill seeks to amend the existing Municipal Laws to provide for the better regulation of municipal affairs. The Bill was referred to the Standing Committee for further consideration. The Bill was passed by the Assembly with the necessary amendments. The Bill was presented in the Assembly on June 30, 1986.

The Bill provides for the following amendments:

1. The Bill provides for the establishment of a Municipal Development Authority to promote the development of municipal areas.

2. The Bill provides for the transfer of certain functions from the Municipal Commissioner to the newly constituted Authority.

3. The Bill provides for the constitution of a Municipal Planning Board to advise the Authority on matters relating to urban planning.

4. The Bill provides for the establishment of a Municipal Training Institute to provide training to municipal officers.

5. The Bill provides for the constitution of a Municipal Audit Committee to ensure proper financial management of municipal funds.

6. The Bill provides for the establishment of a Municipal Broadcasting Corporation to provide audio-visual facilities to the public.

The Bill was debated extensively in the Assembly and was passed with the necessary amendments.
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)
122 31st July, 1986. Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

7-00 p.m.

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The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

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1986.
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 was passed by the Andhra Pradesh Assembly on 31st July, 1986. The Act has been passed to make certain amendments to the existing Municipal Laws. The amendments aim to improve the administration of municipalities and provide better services to the public. The new provisions include measures to enhance the accountability of municipal officials, streamline the process of civic amenities, and ensure better governance.

The Bill brings several changes to the existing Municipal Laws. It includes provisions to allow for electronic voting in elections, enabling the administration to handle electoral processes more efficiently. The Act also introduces measures to control corruption within the municipal bodies, ensuring transparency in financial and administrative matters.

Furthermore, the Bill addresses the issue of infrastructure development. It mandates municipalities to take up projects related to water supply, sanitation, and drainage systems, thereby improving the living conditions of the urban population. The Act also empowers municipal authorities to undertake development projects in coordination with other government departments.

The amendments seek to empower citizens by providing them with mechanisms to monitor and participate in the decision-making process. The Bill includes provisions for the establishment of grievance redressal committees, enabling citizens to lodge complaints and seek redress against the decisions of the municipal authorities.

Overall, the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 aims to bring about a paradigm shift in the administration of municipalities, ensuring better governance, transparency, and accountability. The Bill is expected to bring about significant changes in the functioning of municipal bodies, leading to improved public services and a better quality of life for the residents of urban areas in Andhra Pradesh.

Government Bills
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

7-10 p.m.


It is an important step towards improving the municipal administration in the state. The amendments introduced in the bill address several critical issues such as the enhancement of the powers of the municipal corporations, the introduction of new provisions for the better management of urban areas, and the establishment of regulations to ensure transparency and accountability in the functioning of municipal bodies.

The bill has received the assent of the Governor and is now in effect. The government is committed to ensuring that the municipalities function efficiently and effectively, serving the needs and aspirations of the urban population.

The amendments bring about a significant change in the way municipalities operate, making them more responsive to the needs of the people. This is a welcome development, and the government should be commended for taking this decisive step towards bringing about positive change in the municipal administration.
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

(j) 30. Members:— Hon. Minister, K. B. Reddy, who had moved the Bill, seconded it by Hon. Minister, G. G. Reddy. The Bill was passed.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

7-20 p.m.


The...
Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—Sir, Will the Government consider to appoint an independent Commission, on the lines of the Election Commission of India, to hold elections for various local bodies like Municipalities and Panchayats so that the conduct of elections are ensured?

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—There should be an independent body to ensure impartial elections. Will the Government consider it?
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bdl, 1986. (Passed)
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

In the House of the Legislative Assembly of the Andhra Pradesh, on this day, the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 was passed.

Shri Muhammad Ali Khan—On a Motion moved by the Member, the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 was passed.

7.30 p.m.

The House adjourned at 7.30 p.m.
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


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The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

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The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


Passed
Government Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


శ్రీ ముఖ్మానాశ్మతి తాలికా పిట్టు సమయంలో మానమండల సభ చేయబడిన కార్యం మీదుగా మీ కృష్ణున్న ప్రపంచ సహాయంతో సహాయ చేయబడిందం.

మొదటి పాఠిట్లు:

1. రాష్ట్ర పాలన పదార్థాలు: ఈ గ్రామానంతర ప్రభుత్వం మొత్తం ప్రభుత్వంలో విలువ ఉండే పదార్థాలను విలువు చేయబడడం కోసం ప్రభుత్వం సమాధానం చేయాలి.

2. విద్యా పరిశ్రమలు: ఈ గ్రామానంతర ప్రభుత్వం విద్యా సంస్థలలో విద్యా పరిశ్రమలు చేయడానికి ప్రభుత్వం సమాధానం చేయాలి.

3. ఆరోగ్య పరిశ్రమలు: ఈ గ్రామానంతర ప్రభుత్వం ఆరోగ్య పరిశ్రమలు చేయడానికి ప్రభుత్వం సమాధానం చేయాలి.
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

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The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


స్రి. ఆనందార్యా:— ఈ కారణం కారణం, దాని జాతించ లేదు. ఉత్తరాహిత విషయం ఇరువైపుల ప్రతి మూలాలు చేసిన వాటా విషయం ఇంకా ఉంటుంది. మాత్రమే ఇది ఆమోషం అది ఉంటాయి కారణం ఆపి మాత్రమే ఇంకా ఉంటుంది. 

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The question is:

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986, be taken into consideration.

The motion was adopted and the Bill was considered.

CLAUSE 2

Mr. Speaker:—There are three official amendments to Clause 2.

Sri K. Kala Venkata Rao:—Sir, I move:

In clause 2, after sub-clause (8) insert the following:

"(9) for section 20, the following section shall be substituted namely:

20. (1) (a) The term of office of elected councillors shall, save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, be five years from the date appointed by the election authority for the first meeting of the Council:

Provided that the Government may, by notification for sufficient cause which shall be stated therein, direct that the said term of five years, be extended up to such date as may be specified in the notification, such date being not later than three months from the date on which such term expires under this clause; so however that the term of office shall not in the aggregate exceed five years and three months; and the Government may, from time to time, by notification alter such date and fix another date instead, within the period of three months aforesaid;
(b) An ex-officio Councillor shall hold office so long as he continues to be the member of the respective House of Legislature of the State as the case may be, of the House of the People.

(2) Ordinary vacancies in the offices of Councillors shall be filled at ordinary elections which shall be fixed by the election authority to take place on such dates, as may be specified by the election authority;

(3) A Councillor elected at an ordinary election held after the occurrence of a vacancy shall enter upon office forthwith but shall hold office only so long as he would have been entitled to hold office if he had been elected before the occurrence of the vacancy";

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

The question is:

In clause 2, after sub-clause (8) insert the following:

“(9) for section 20 in the following section shall be substituted, namely:

Term of office of | 20. (1) (a) The term of office of
Councillors and | elected councillors shall, save as other-
filling of seats | wise expressly provided in this Act,

be five years from the date appointed by the election authority for the first meeting of the Council:

Provided that the Government may, by notification for sufficient cause which shall be stated therein, direct that the said term of five years, be extended up to such date as may be specified in the notification, such date being not later than three months from the date on which such term expires under this clause; so however that the term of office shall not in the aggregate exceed five years and three months; and the Government may, from time to time, by notification, alter such date and fix another date instead, within the period of three months aforesaid;

(b) An ex-officio councillor shall hold office so long as he continues to be the member of the respective House of Legislature of the State as the case may be, of the House of the People.

(2) Ordinary vacancies in the office of Councillors shall be filled at ordinary elections which shall be fixed by the election authority to take place on such dates, as may be specified by the election authority;

The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986-(Passed)

(3) A councillor elected at an ordinary election held after the occurrence of a vacancy shall enter upon office forthwith but shall hold office only so long as he would have been entitled to hold office if he had been elected before the occurrence of the vacancy;

(Pause)

The amendment was carried.

Sri K. Kala Venkata Rao:—Sir, I move:
re-number sub-clause (9) and (10) as sub-clause (10) and (11);
Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

The question is:
re-number sub-clause (9) and (10) as sub-clause (10) and (11);
The amendment was carried.

Sri K. Kala Venkata Rao:—Sir, I move:
In sub-clause (11) as so re-numbered in the new section 23,
(i) In sub-clause (b) of sub-section (1), delete first, second and third provisos and in the fourth proviso for "within six months" in the two places where they occur, substitute, "within fifteen days";

(ii) in sub-section (3) for "five years beginning and expiring at noon on the first day of July", substitute "five years from the date appointed by the election authority for the first meeting of the Council";

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

The question is:
In sub-clause (11) as so re-numbered, in the new section 23,—
(i) in sub-clause (b) of sub-section, (1) delete first, second and third proviso and in the fourth proviso for "within six months" in the two places where they occur, substitute "within fifteen day";

(ii) in sub-section (3), for "five years beginning and expiring at noon on the first day of July", substitute "five years from the date appointed by the election authority for the first meeting of the Council";

(Pause)
The amendment was carried.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Sir, I move:

In sub-clause (5) of Clause 2, in sub-section (1) (c) of section 8 for “twenty per cent”, substitute “forty-four per cent”.

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.
Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

In sub-clause (5) of clause 2, in sub-section (1) (c) of section 8 for “twenty per cent” substitute “forty-four per cent”.

The amendment was negatived.

Sri A. Narendra:—Sir, I move:

“In sub-clause (8) of Clause 2, in sub-section (2) of section 12 add at the end the words “and compared the person with respect Identity Card”.

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Mr. Speaker:—Now the question is:

“That in sub-clause (8) of clause 2, in sub-section (2) of section 12 add at the end the words “and compared the person with respect Identity Card”.

(Pause)
The Amendment was negatived.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—I beg to move the following amendment.

"In sub-clause (9) of Clause 2 in the proviso to section 21 (a) for the words “one year” substitute the words “six months”.

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Mr. Dharma Rao:—Notwithstanding anything in this Act, or the rules made thereunder, it shall be lawful for the Government to postpone, from time to time by general or special order, and for reasons specified therein any election to fill a casual vacancy in the office of a Chairman or a Councillor of a Municipality.

Mr. Speaker:—Now the question is:

That in sub-clause (9) of Clause 2 in the proviso to section 21 (a) for the words “one year” substitute the words “six months.”

(Pause)

The Amendment was negatived.

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—Sir, my amendment No. 2 is about extension of time for one year. There are other amendments which the Hon’ble Minister may consider, though not to delete the whole clause, at least to reduce the time. What we have been seeing in these amendments now-a-days is- either to postpone the elections or to nominate persons there. Postponing and nominations are very frequently occurring in places of elections. Therefore the Hon’ble Minister may kindly consider to reduce the time.
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986—(Passed)

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—I am not moving the amendment No 2.

Sri B. Venkateswara Rao:—Sir, I beg to move the following amendment.

"In sub-clause (9) of clause 2 in new section 21-A in the proviso for the words "one year" substitute "three months and the election shall be held before the expiry of this period."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—Sir, I beg to move the following amendment.

"In sub-clause (9) of clause 3, add the following proviso to new section 12-A.

"Provided that this section shall apply only of the Election Commission of India takes a decision for issue of identity cards in elections throughout India."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—Sir, instead of 21-A, it should be 12-A. There are two submissions I have to make. Here, "the Election Commission shall 15 days before each ordinary elections" it means, once the identify cards are issued, they have to be subsequently issued even for a fresh time—not as if being issued to an official vacancy and even after subsequent elections. That is one defect, which I am submitting.

The second thing is I have pointed that the authority is not independent. The Government also said that under the Ruling Party their authority to conduct the elections. Therefore if they issue bogus cards,
we do not have any right to check. Then for certain persons who have not been issued with the Identity cards, we do not have any remedy to be provided. This is not made uniformly for all in the entire State. This is only limited to Municipalities and Municipal Corporations. Through India, it is not he practice. Therefore what my submission is-let there be a National Policy. Let the Election Commission issue cards and we can follow. Therefore my proposed amendment is that this Clause will apply only after the Election Commission decided or at least there should be an independent agency.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That in sub clause (9) of clause 8, add the following proviso to new section. 12-A.

"Provided that this section shall apply only if the election Commission of India takes a decision for issue of identity card in elections throughout India."

(Pause)

The amendment was negatived.

Sri B. Venkateswara Rao:—I beg to move the following amendment.

"In sub-clause (10) of Clause 2, delete this proviso to section 23 (1) (b)"

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

8-10 p.m.

Mr. Speaker:— It is a point to think it over. That is a legal aspect. How do you know that he has already filed?

Mr. Speaker:— Whether it will stand to the test of Judiciary when you are prohibiting persons from contesting from other places, are you justifying in doing so.
No persons who stand for election as Councillor shall be eligible to stand for election for Chairman—provided that further that a person who stands for election as Chairman shall not be eligible to stand as a Councillor—provided also that no Councillor shall be eligible to stand for election as Chairman—" What about this?
Sri B. Venkateswara Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"that leave be granted to withdraw the following amendment".

"In sub-clause (10) of Clause 2, delete the proviso to section 23 (1) (b)".

(The Amendment by leave of the House was withdrawn.)

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—Sir, my amendment No. 6 relates to the time for resignation of the Legislators if they are elected as Corporations.

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—I thank the Hon'ble Minister. He has accepted and brought an official amendment. So, I am not moving this amendment.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Sir, I am not moving the amendment No. 23.

Sri P. Jagardhan Reddy:—Sir, I am not moving amendments No. 25, 26 and 27.

Sri N. Raghava Reddy:—Sir, I am not moving amendments No. 37, 38 and 39.

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—Sir, since amendment No. 7 is accepted by the Government, I am not moving the same.

Mr. Speaker:—Now, amendments No. 8 and 9 to be moved.

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—Sir, I beg to move the following two amendments (8 and 9)

"In sub-clause (10) of Clause 2, in the proviso, to section 23 (3) delete the words "The Government may from time to time..... three months aforesaid."
"In sub-clause (10) of Clause 2, in the proviso to section 23 (3) for "The Government may from time to time... elected Councillors" substitute "elections shall be conducted before expiry of the above period."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendments moved.

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—Sir, the amendments are for extension of time for three months. And in that extension also they may again reduce the term. That is why let them take a decision once, and having taken a decision once, they should not alter the decision. That is the amendment Sir. The Government can extend for three months. There also, they cannot alter it. Here, they have also got the authority to alter if in three months, once again. They cannot change it according to their whims and fancies Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That In-Sub-clause (10) of Clause 2, in the proviso to section 23 (3) delete the words "The Government may from time to time... three months aforesaid."

"That In Sub-clause (10) of Clause 2, in the proviso to section 23 (3) for "The Government may from time to time... elected councillors" substitute "Elections shall be conducted before expiry of the above period."

The Amendments were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—Now the question is:

"That clause 2 as amended do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted and Clause 2 as amended was added to the Bill.

Clause 3

Mr. Speaker:—There are seven Official amendments i. e., No. 1 to 3, 9 and 10!
Sri K. Kala venkat Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

In Clause 3, after sub-clause (1) insert the following—

"(2) In section 5, —

(i) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely —

(2) In every Municipal Corporation, out of the total strength of the councillors, the election authority shall, subject to such rules as may be prescribed, reserve —

(a) fifteen percent thereof to the members belonging to Scheduled Castes;

(b) six percent thereof to the members belonging to Scheduled Tribes;

(c) twenty percent thereof to the members belonging to Backward Classes; and

(d) nine percent thereof to Women; and determine the ward in respect of which reservation is made as aforesaid.

(ii) for the explanation, the following explanation shall be substituted, namely—

Explanation:—In this section,

(i) the expression 'Scheduled Castes' and 'Scheduled Tribes' shall have the same meanings respectively assigned to them in clause (24) and clause (25) of article 366 of the Constitution of India;

(ii) the expression 'Backward Classes' means any socially and educationally Backward Classes of citizens recognised by the Government for purposes of clause (4) of article 15 of the Constitution of India.

(3) in section 8, for sub-section (1) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely —

(1) For the purpose of election of Councillors to the Corporation the Government shall by notification in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette divide the city into single member divisions on the basis of population as at the last census; so however that the city of Secunderabad shall be divided into not less than twenty such divisions:

Provided that the Government shall before issuing such notification publish in like manner their proposal to elicit public opinion

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in respect thereof and specify the date on or after which the proposals will be further considered and shall consider objections and the suggestions, if any received by them before the date so specified.

Re-number sub-clause (2) of sub-clause (4).

After sub-clause (4) as re-numbered insert the following —

(5) in section 56 —

(i) for the words or the "Scheduled Tribes" the words or the Scheduled Tribes or the Backward Classes shall be substituted;

(ii) in the marginal heading for the words "Scheduled Tribes" the word scheduled Tribes Backward Classes shall be substituted;

Re-number sub-clauses (3) to 9 as sub-clauses (6) to (11) respectively.

In sub-clause (8) as re-numbered —

(i) in the new section 90, for sub-section (9) substitute the following:

(9) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section in the case of the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad the provisions of this Act relating to the conduct of election and the term of office of Mayor as in force immediately before the commencement of the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Act 1986 shall apply for the conduct of election and the term of Office of the Mayor until the next ordinary elections to the Councillors of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation are held.

(ii) in the new section 90A

(a) in sub-section (4) for "one year" substitute "five years";

(b) after sub-section (5) insert the following —

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section in the case of Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad the provisions of this Act relating to the conduct of election and the term of office of the Deputy Mayor as in force immediately before the commencement of the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Act 1986 shall apply for the conduct of election and the term of office of the Deputy Mayor until the next ordinary elections to the Councillors of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation are held.

In sub-clause (8) as re-numbered, in the new section 90, in clause (b) of sub-section (1), delete first second and third proviso and in the fourth proviso for "within six months" in the two places where they occur, substitute "within fifteen days";
In sub-clause (12) as re-numbered in the new section 679-D, in sub-section (7), for “if such date is the first day of July, and in other cases, at the end of five years from the first day of July immediately preceding such date”, substitute “from the date appointed by the election authority for the first meeting of the Council after the reconstitution”.

Mr. Speaker:— Amendments moved.

The question is:

In clause 3, after sub-clause (1) insert the following:

(2) In section 5,—

(i) for sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely—

(2) In every Municipal Corporation, out of the total strength of the councillors, the election authority shall, subject to such rules as may be prescribed, reserve—

(a) fifteen per cent thereof to the members belonging to Scheduled Castes;

(b) six per cent thereof to the members belonging to Scheduled Tribes;

(c) twenty per cent thereof to the members belonging to Backward Classes; and

(d) nine per cent thereof to Women; and determine the ward in respect of which reservation is made aforesaid.

(ii) for the explanation, the following explanation shall be substituted, namely—

Explanation:—In this section—

(i) the expression ‘Scheduled Castes’ and ‘Scheduled Tribes’ shall have the same meanings respectively assigned to them in clause (24) and clause (25) of article 366 of the Constitution of India;

(ii) the expression ‘Backward Classes’ means any specially and educationally Backward Class of citizens recognised by the Government for purposes of clause (4) of article 15 of the Constitution of India.

(3) in section 8, for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely—
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"(1) For the purpose of election of Councillors to the Corporation, the Government shall, by no notification in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette, divide the city into single member divisions on the basis of population as at the last census; so however, that the city of Secunderabad shall be divided into not less than twenty such divisions;

Provided that the Government shall before issuing such notification, publish, in like manner, their proposal to elicit public opinion in respect thereof and specify the date on or after which the proposals will be further considered and shall consider objections and the suggestions, if any, received by them before the date so specified."

Re-number sub-clause (2) of sub-clause (4).

After sub-clause (4) as re-numbered insert the following—

"(5) in section 56—

(i) for the words 'or the Scheduled Tribes', the words for the Scheduled Tribes or the Backward Classes' shall be substituted;

(ii) in the marginal heading, for the words 'Scheduled Tribes', the words 'Scheduled Tribes, Backward Classes' shall be substituted."

Re-number sub-clauses (3) to (9) as sub-clauses (6) to (11) respectively.

In sub-clause (8) as re-numbered—

(i) in the new section 90, for sub-section (9), substitute the following—

' (9) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, in the case of the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad, the provisions of this Act relating to the conduct of election and the term of office of the Mayor as in force immediately before the commencement of the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Act, 1986 shall apply for the conduct of election and the term of Office of the Mayor until the next ordinary elections to the Councillors of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation are held.'

(ii) in the new section 90 A,—

(a) in sub-section (4) for "one year", substitute "five years";

(b) after sub-section (5), insert the following—

"(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, in the case of Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad, the provisions of this


Act relating to the conduct of election and the term of office of the Deputy Mayor as in force immediately before the commencement of the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Act, 1986 shall apply for the conduct of election and the term of office of the Deputy Mayor until the next ordinary elections to the Councillors of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation are held.”

In clause 3, in sub-clause (8) as re-numbered in the new section 90 in clause (b) of sub-section (1) delete first Second and third proviso and in the fourth proviso for “within six months” in the two places where they occur, substitute “within fifteen days”.

in sub-clause (12) as re-numbered, in the new section 679-D, in sub-section (7), for “if such date is the first day of July, and in other cases; at the end of five years from the first day of July immediately preceding such date” substitute “from the date appointed by the election authority for the first meeting of the Council after the reconstitution”.

(Pause)

The amendment were carried.

Sri A. Narendra:—Sir, I am not moving amendment.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—Sir, I beg to move:

“That in sub-clause (4) of clause 3 for the new section 60-A add the following proviso:

“Provided that the section shall apply only after the Election Commission of India takes a decision for issue of identity cards in elections throughout India.”

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

The question is:

that in Sub-Clause (4) of Clause 3, for the new section 60-A add the following proviso:

“Provided that the section shall apply only after the Election Commission of India takes a decision for issue of identity cards in elections throughout India.”

(Pause)

The amendment was negatived.
Sri B. Venkateswara Rao:—Sir, I am not moving amendment.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Sir, I am not moving my amendment.

Sri A. Narendra:—Sir, I am not moving my amendment.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Sir, I beg to move the following amendment:

"In sub-clause (5) of clause 3, in sub-section (6) of section 90-A for the words "rupees two lakhs" substitute "rupees one lakh."

Mr. Speaker:— Amendment moved.

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—Sir, I beg to move the following amendment.

"that in Sub-clause (6) of clause 3, in section 124 (c) and (d) for "rupees two lakhs" substitute "Twenty-five thousand."

Mr. Speaker:— Amendment moved.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Sir, I beg to move the following amendment:

"that in Sub-clause (5) of Clause 3 in sub-section (7) of section 90-A for the words "rupees ten lakhs" substitute the words "rupees fifty lakhs."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 (Passed)

Dr. M. Vizarat Rasool Khan:—They will split up the works and give up to Rs. ten lakhs. At least he should mention in one year.

Dr. Mohd. Vizarat Rasool Khan:—They will split up the works and give up to Rs. ten lakhs. At least he should mention in one year.
The amendments were negatived.

Sri B. Venkateswara Rao:—I beg to move:

"In sub-clause (9) of clause 3, add the following at the end of new Section 679-A (1)—

"if the same is against the provisions of the Act".

"In sub-clause (9) of clause 3 in new section 679-D (1) for the words ‘re—constituted either immediately...the date of dissolution’ substitute ‘and in such case, election shall be held within three months from the date of dissolution’.”
"In sub-clause (9) of clause 3 in new section 679-D (1) for "if in the opinion of the Government" substitute "if it is provided that"

"In sub-clause (9) of clause 3 delete sub-section (2) in section 679-D and re-number subsequent sections".

Sri N. Raghava Reddy:— I beg to move:

"In sub-clause (9) of clause 3, in sub-section (1) of section 679-A insert the words "if the same is against the provisions of the Act" between the words "Government may" and "either suo motu"."

Sri K. V. Subba Reddy:— I beg to move:

"In sub-clause (9) of clause 3 delete sub-section (3) of section 679-B."

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:— I beg to move:

"In sub-clause (9) of clause 3, in sub-section (1) of section 679-D for the words "not later than two years" substitute "not later than six months"."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendments moved.

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That delete sections 679-A, 679-B, 679-C and 679-D in sub-clause (9) of clause 3."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri A. Dharma Rao:—Sir, this clause purports to give authority to the Government to remove the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, to dissolve the Standing Committees and to dissolve the entire Council. Sir, such sweeping, unbridled and unguided power tends to dictatorial and partial acts.

Sri Mohd. Mukarrammuddin—Sir, I beg to move.

"That in sub-clause (9) of clause 3 for new sections 679-A, 679-B, 679-C and 679-D, substitute following:

679-A the Government shall not revise any order of the Municipal Corporation or of the Standing Committee except as provided in Section 679."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.
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The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Sri Mohd. Mukatramuddin—Sir, 679-A empowered the Government to cancel any resolution passed, order issued or licence or permission granted; or prohibit the doing of any act which is about to be done or is being done, in pursuance or under colour of this Act, if in their opinion, such resolution, order, licence, permission...etc. So, the Government can also issue injunctions restraining the Corporation from doing anything that too on the basis of a complaint made by one Councillor or the Commissioner. Sir, by way of 679-A, 679-B, 679-C, the plenary powers are being taken by the Government. These are all undemocratic. The Corporators are elected by the people and they are responsible to the people. The Government cannot curtail those powers. 679-A, and 679-B are with regard to the Mayor and the Deputy Mayor. They do not have any powers under the Act. They just preside over the meeting. Why should they be removed? 679-C is with regard to the removal of the Standing Committee.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

The Government may, by notification in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette, remove the Mayor or the Deputy Mayor who, in their opinion wilfully omit or refuses to carry out or disobeys the provisions of this Act or any rules, bye-laws, regulations or lawful orders issued thereunder or abuses his position or the powers vested in him.

Mr. Speaker:—Remove them Removed already.
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

Sir C Ramachandraiah:—Sir, on a point of order. Sir, the entire system has been conceived under democracy. This House has been constituted under democracy. Our electorate, who have elected ....

(Interruptions)

This is highly objectionable. He is undermining our electorate. We have been declared elected. He has got no business to advise our electorate. They are fully educated.

(Interruptions)

Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—I will add only one sentence to what my learned friend has said. The Mayor and Deputy Mayor are just like Speaker and the Deputy Speaker. They don't have any powers. Why should they be dismissed at all?

64—21
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

3-50 p.m.


The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)


The Bill seeks to address several issues relating to the administration and management of municipal corporations. It aims to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of municipal services by making necessary amendments in the existing laws.

The Bill is intended to enhance the powers of municipal corporations to undertake various developmental activities, thereby promoting the socio-economic development of the urban areas in the State.

The Bill is scheduled for further discussion and consideration in the House at a later date.
The Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

What is the alternative? The Mayor and the Deputy Mayor are elected for 5 years.

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What is the alternative? The Mayor and the Deputy Mayor are elected for 5 years.
Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin:—Sections 675, 676, 678, and 679 are very clear. They are having revisionary powers. As per Section 679 such orders can be passed by which the entire Resolution passed by the Municipal Council can be revised, So, why should there be again a power vested with the Government to cancel or suspend the Resolutions?

Section 679A deals with Government’s power to cancel or suspend the Resolutions; 679B deals with the Government’s power to remove Mayor or Deputy Mayor; 679C deals with the Government’s power to dissolve the standing Committee and 679D deals with the Government’s power to dissolve the Corporation. These Sections i.e. 679 ABCD are unnecessary and should be deleted from this Bill. There is a General Body to do such things. Where is the need for all these sections 679 ABCD?
Even under certain conditions, if the Central Government comes to conclusion that the State Government has failed to do some thing, on certain occasions, the functions of the State Government is dismissed, i.e., financial emergency. Like that, under certain circumstances, the State Government can supersede.

Under what circumstances, the Municipal Council can be superseded by the Government, let it be clearly mentioned.
The Ańdhrá Prádesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)

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The An̄dhrá Prádesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986. (Passed)
Mr. Speaker:—Now I shall put the amendments to vote.

The question is:

In sub-clause (9) of clause 3, for new sections 679–A, 679–B, 679–C and 679–D substitute the following—

"679–A. The Government shall not revise any order of the Municipal Corporation or of the Standing Committee except as provided in section 679."

In sub-clause (9) of clause 3, add the following at the end of new section 679–A (1).

"if the same is against the provisions of the Act".

In sub-clause (9) of clause 3 in new section 679–D (1) for the words "re-constituted either immediately... . . . . . . . . . . . . . the date of dissolution" substitute "and in such case, election shall be held within three months from the date of dissolution."

In sub-clause (9) of clause 3 in new section 679–D (1) for "if in the opinion of the Government" substitute "if it is provided that."
In sub-clause (9) of clause 3, delete sub-section (2) in section 679-D and re-number subsequent sections.”

In sub-clause (9) of clause 3, in sub-section (1) of section 679-A insert the words “if the same is against the provisions of the Act” between the words “Government may” and “either suo motu”

Delete sections 679-A, 679-B, 679-C, and 679-D, in sub-clause (9) of clause 3,

In sub-clause (9) of clause 3 delete sub-section (3) of section 679-B.

In sub-clause (9) of clause 3, in sub-section (1) of section 679-D for the words “not later than two years” substitute “not later than six months”.

(The Amendments were negatived)

The entire Opposition demanded division of the House. Then, the House divided thus:

Ayes—47
Noes—119
Neutrals—Nil

The amendments were declared lost.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

“That Clause 3 as amended do stand part of the Bill.”

(Pause)

The motion was adopted and Clause 3 as amended was added to the Bill.

CLAUSE-4.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no amendments to clause 4.

The question is:

“That clause 4 do stand part of the Bill.”

(Pause)

The motion was adopted and clause 4 was added to the Bill.

Sri Mohd. Mukarrammuddin:—Since it is a black law which is being enacted we are staging a walk-out. We are boycotting the dinner also.

(The members belonging to MIM Group then staged a walk out.)

CLAUSE -1.

Mr. Speaker:—There is one amendment given notice of by Sri Mohd. Mukarramuddin and others. The members are not present and it is not moved.

The question is:

"That clause 1 do stand part of the Bill."

(Pause)

The motion was adopted and clause 1 was added the Bill.

Enacting Formula & Long Title

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the enacting formula and long title do stand part of the Bill."

(Pause)

The motion was adopted and the enacting formula and long title were added to the Bill.

Sri K. Kala Venkata Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 be passed."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Municipal Laws (Amendment) Bill, 1986 be passed."

(Pause)

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.
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BUSINESS OF HOUSE

(1)  ఏడు సాంచు ప్రారంభం ఉద్ధారణ దానికి హోస్టీలను 30 సాంచు ప్యామ్. మరియు నాలుగు సాంచు నాలుగు సాంచు ప్యామ్. సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉండదు. అనీ కాయం మాత్రము. సాంచులు ప్యామ్ ఉంటాయి?

(2)  సర్ ని. ఆమనంత రెడ్డి :— నాయు మెయికి నేరు ప్రారంభం చేసుకోవాలాం? 30 సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉద్ధారణ దానికి హోస్టీలను 30 సాంచు ప్యామ్. సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉండదు. అనీ కాయం మాత్రము. సాంచులు ప్యామ్ ఉంటాయి?

Sri N. Amarnatha Reddy :—You have told us now whether Muralidhara Rao Commission Report will be taken up for discussion not or to-morrow? అనీ కాయం మాత్రము. సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉండదు. అనీ కాయం మాత్రము. సాంచులు ప్యామ్ ఉంటాయి.

(3)  సర్ పాట్లు :— ఆధారం మెస్సి ప్రారంభం చేసుకోవాలాం? 30 సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉద్ధారణ దానికి హోస్టీలను 30 సాంచు ప్యామ్. సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉండదు. అనీ కాయం మాత్రము. సాంచులు ప్యామ్ ఉంటాయి?

(4)  మోగుల్ పాన్య :— ఆధారం మెస్సి ప్యామ్ ఉద్ధారణ దానికి హోస్టీలను 30 సాంచు ప్యామ్. సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉండదు. అనీ కాయం మాత్రము. సాంచులు ప్యామ్ ఉంటాయి?

(5)  రామన్న :— పాట్లు ప్రారంభం చేసుకోవాలాం? 30 సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉద్ధారణ దానికి హోస్టీలను 30 సాంచు ప్యామ్. సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉండదు. అనీ కాయం మాత్రము. సాంచులు ప్యామ్ ఉంటాయి?

(6)  సర్ పాట్లు :— ఆధారం మెస్సి ప్యామ్ ఉద్ధారణ దానికి హోస్టీలను 30 సాంచు ప్యామ్. సాంచు ప్యామ్ ఉండదు. అనీ కాయం మాత్రము. సాంచులు ప్యామ్ ఉంటాయి.

Business of the House.

(మంత్రివరాలు ప్రత్యేకించబడిన ప్రతిభత్తి ప్రశ్నలు సంఖ్య నిమ్మిడి)


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Mr. Speaker:—On my own, I cannot do that.
Sri N. Indrasena Reddy :— I am requesting the Leader of the House.

the Government has already taken decision. In toto, they have accepted the recommendations of Muralidhara Rao Commission.

Business of the House

The House met at 10 a.m. The STRAIGHT, 5, 6, and 7.30 p.m. Question Time. A Private Bill, 8.30 p.m. Public Questions. The Chair ordered the 14th Rule to be read a second time. The Chair directed the 15th Rule to be read a third time. The Chair directed the 16th Rule to be read a fourth time. The Chair ordered the 17th Rule to be read a fifth time. The Chair directed the 18th Rule to be read a sixth time. The Chair ordered the 19th Rule to be read a seventh time. The Chair directed the 20th Rule to be read an eighth time. The Chair ordered the 21st Rule to be read a ninth time. The Chair directed the 22nd Rule to be read a tenth time. The Chair ordered the 23rd Rule to be read an eleventh time. The Chair directed the 24th Rule to be read a twelfth time. The Chair ordered the 25th Rule to be read a thirteenth time. The Chair directed the 26th Rule to be read a fourteenth time. The Chair ordered the 27th Rule to be read a fifteenth time. The Chair directed the 28th Rule to be read a sixteenth time. The Chair ordered the 29th Rule to be read a seventeenth time. The Chair directed the 30th Rule to be read an eighteenth time. The Chair ordered the 31st Rule to be read a nineteenth time. The Chair directed the 32nd Rule to be read a twentieth time. The Chair ordered the 33rd Rule to be read a twenty-first time. The Chair directed the 34th Rule to be read a twenty-second time. The Chair ordered the 35th Rule to be read a twenty-third time. The Chair directed the 36th Rule to be read a twenty-fourth time. The Chair ordered the 37th Rule to be read a twenty-fifth time. The Chair directed the 38th Rule to be read a twenty-sixth time. The Chair ordered the 39th Rule to be read a twenty-seventh time. The Chair directed the 40th Rule to be read a twenty-eighth time. The Chair ordered the 41st Rule to be read a twenty-ninth time. The Chair directed the 42nd Rule to be read a thirtieth time. The Chair ordered the 43rd Rule to be read a thirty-first time. The Chair directed the 44th Rule to be read a thirty-second time. The Chair ordered the 45th Rule to be read a thirty-third time.
Business of the House.

31st July, 1936.

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Mr. Speaker— The House adjourned at 10.00 p.m.

The House resumed at 10.00 a.m. 

Mr. Speaker— The House adjourned at 10.00 a.m. 

The House resumed at 1.30 p.m.

Mr. Speaker— The House adjourned at 10.00 p.m.

The House resumed at 10.02 a.m.

(Mr. Speaker adjourned the House to 4.00 p.m.)
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES
OFFICIAL REPORT

Fourteenth Day of the Fifth Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Thursday, the 31st July, 1986.
The House met at Half-Past Eight of the Clock
(Mr. SPEAKER IN THE CHAIR)

ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Placing of Answers to Starred and Unstarred Questions.

MR. Speaker "I am to announce to the House that as per
the proviso to Rule of Procedure and Conduct of Business
in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly answers to 56 starred
Questions and 82 Unstarred Questions received from the Govern­
ment and not included in the list of Questions till 28-7-1986
are Placed on the Table of the House. They shall form part of
the proceedings of the House."

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO STARRED QUESTIONS.

101 L. A. Q. No. 2145 (Starred) By Sri Mohd. Jani,
Sri V. Rambhupal Chowdary,
Dr. Y. S. Rajasekhar Reddy,
A. Lakshminarayana, P. Ramaiah, B. Hanumanth, P. Venka-
teswarlu, M. Baga Reddy, V. Srimulu, R. Srinivasulu Reddy, Will
the honourable Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government have ordered enquiry by C. B.,
C. I. D., to go into the allegation of leakage of Group-IV
Services examination conducted by A. P. Public Service
Commission in 1984;

(b) If so, whether the enquiry was completed; and

(c) The action taken by the Government on the report

Written Answers to Starred Questions

ANSWER

THE CHIEF MINISTER:

(a) The A.P. Public Service Commission having come to know of the leakage of question papers in the newspapers has requested the Director General of Police to investigate into the matter and the matter is being investigated by the Special Inspector General of Police (Crimes);

(b) The Special Inspector General has given preliminary report stating that there is leakage of question papers in several points besides in the Office of the A. P. Public Service Commission and his final report is awaited;

(c) Certain suggestions made by the Special Inspector General of Police (Crimes) in his interim report to make the examinations leak-proof have been accepted by the Government and necessary action has been taken by the Government as well as by the A.P. Public Service Commission for implementation of the suggestions made in the preliminary report. The examination conducted in February, 1985 has been cancelled.

(Heavy Water Plant at Mangapur)

102 L. A. Q. STARRED No. 3029 SRI K. NAGESWARA RAO, M.L.A.

L. A. Q. No 3029 (Starred) Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

a) The stage at which the setting up of Heavy Water Plant by the Government of India in Manuguru Taluk of Khammam District stands;

b) Whether it is not a fact that the land for the said plant was taken from the Girijans: and

c) If so, Whether compensation was paid to the Girijans for the said land?

Chief Minister:—

a) The work is under progress and overall progress achieved is about 50%.

b) An extent of Acres 70.38 out of the total extent of Acres 285.23 acquired for the project belongs to tribals.
Written Answers to Starred Questions.

c) Compensation has been paid to the Tribals whose lands have been acquired.

Utilise the gas Deposits

103 L. A. Q. No. 3536 (Starred) by Shri N. RAGHAVA REDDY, B. Hanumath, B. Venkatram, J. Venkaiah,

a) Whether the Government proposed any industries near Narsapuram and Razole to utilise the gas deposits; and

b) if so, the details thereof?

Chief Minister :—

a) and b) The Oil and Natural Gas Commission has not yet furnished the composition and the quantum of Oil and associated gas or free Natural gas available from the experimental wells in Krishna-Godavari Basin for utilisation of the Oil and gas for commercial and industrial exploitation. Therefore, it is too early for the Government to take a decision on the promotion of Industries based on the utilisation of Oil and Gas as raw materials.

Rents in A. P. Bhavan

104 L. A’Q. No.3767 (Starred) By Sri Ch. Jayaram Babu.


Will the Chief Minister be Pleased to state :-

a) Whether it is fact that exhorbitant charges are being collected from the Guests in “Andhra Pradesh Bhavan” at Delhi,

b) Whether there is any proposal to reduce these charges.

THE CHIEF MINISTER

a) No Sir, only for Private Guests tariff rates have been increased.

b) Does not arise,

105 (ఏనికీడు రుచికింది సమయానికి మార్గదర్శనం)

సందర్భం,, నిర్ణయంతో నిర్ధారించండి కానీ ప్రతిరంలో పద్ధతి పరంగా ఎంతం పైగా ఉండే అవసరమైనా? 

(1) ఏనిక రుచికింది 2 ఎక్కడు గ్రామానికి ఎందుకు ప్రతిరం?

(2) సందర్భం ఎందుకు ప్రతిరం ఎందుకు ప్రతిరం ఎందుకు ప్రతిరం?
PROCUREMENT OF RICE FOR Rs. 2/- Kg FOR SCHEME

106 L. A. Q. No. 4641 (Starred) given notice of by Sri C. Vitta Reddy. M. L. A. Will the Hon'ble Chief Minister be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that Government of India have rejected the proposal of State Government to procure full quote of paddy required for the "2 Rs. per Kg. rice scheme" and sanction of loan therefor:

(b) the additional burden borne by the State Government on account of this?
Written Answers to Starred Questions.

CHIEF MINISTER

ANSWER :-

(a) State Government requested Government of India to Procure 27 lakh tonnes of through Food Corporation of India / A. P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Limited and release 22 lakh tonnes for State Public Distribution System, retaining 5 lakh tonnes for Central Pool allotments to other States. Government of India did not agree to this. This necessitated purchase of the Public distribution system requirement in excess of 10 lakh M. Tonnes being the release from Central poll) at negotiated rates through A. P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Limited, resulting in extra expenditure towards subsidy. Government of India have also not extended concessional rate of interest on the cash credit provided by the Reserve Bank of India for purchase of rice at negotiated prices by the A. P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Limited. This has also added to the cost of subsidy.

(b) About Rs. 42 crores per year at current levels of procurement / negotiated rates.

LANDS UNDER URBAN AGGLOMERATION

107 L. A. Q. (Starred) No. 4724 Given Notice by Sri P. V. Krishna Rao, M. L. A., J. R. Pushparaj Will the Chief Minister be Pleased to State :

(a) whether it is a fact that sales of all the agricultural lands under the Urdan Agglomeration limits have been stopped; and

(b) if so, the criteria ?

CHIEF MINISTER

(a) No Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Income Limit for Bc. Scholarship

108 L. A. Q. No. 4902 (Starred) Sarvasri S. Chandramouli K. Harishwar Reddy and B. Janardhan, Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that income limit has been fixed at Rs. 12,000/- to get Backward Class Scholarships;
Written Answers to
Starred Questions.

(b) whether it is also a fact that the Government of India have fixed Rs. 23,000/- for such benefits; and

(c) if so, whether the State Government also consider to raise the upper limit to Rs. 23,000/- to help the poor Backward Class students?

CHIEF MINISTER

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No such orders of the Government of India have been received.

(c) Does not arise.

SUPPLY OF RICE TO GIRIJANS

Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state


(a) Whether it is a fact that the Government of India have fixed the rate of Rice for supply to Girijans at Rs. 1-85 per kg.

(b) Whether it is a fact that the State Government is selling the said rice at Rs. 2-00 per kg. to the Girijans: and

(c) If so, the reasons therefor?

The Chief Minister :—

(a) (b) & (c) :- According to Government of India's policy for release of rice in Integrated Tribal Development Project areas, common rice has to be sold at Rs. 1.85 kg., fine at Rs. 1.95 per kg. and superfine at Rs. 2.10 per kg. However, as common rice was not available with Food Corporation of India to the extent of requirements for release in Integrated Tribal Development Project areas, based on the mix of releases of common, fine and superfine by the Food Corporation of India, on a weighted average basis, the price released in Integrated Tribal Development Project areas worked out to slightly above Rs. 2/- a kg. Since in Andhra Pradesh rice was already being released to green card-holders at Rs. 2/- per kg. in order to avoid confusion and the necessity to charge the
end consumer price in Integrated Tribal Development Project Areas, depending upon the variety of rice being issued, the State Government retained the end consumer price in Integrated Tribal Development Project areas at Rs. 2/- per kg. irrespective of the variety of rice released from time to time. However, since Government of India have decided to discourage issue of superfine rice in Integrated Tribal Development Project areas and to make available common/fine rice, the State Government has reconsidered the matter and instructed the Collectors to fix the rates on the basis of the actuals every month depending on the variety, etc.

Procurement Through F. C. I.

110 L. A. Q. No. 5313/86 (Starred) Sri V. Sreeramulu & Sri V. Jaipal, M. L. As. Will the Hon'ble Chief Minister be pleased to state ?

(a) Whether the State Government requested the Government of India to procure 27 lakh tonnes of rice through Food Corporation of India ? and

(b) If so, whether the Central Government have agreed for the same ?

CHIEF MINISTER :

a) Yes, Sir,

b) No, Sir,

Take over the Rajahmundry Paper Mills

111 L. A. Q. No. 5342 (Starred) Sri C. Vittal Reddy, M.L. A. and Sri V. Narayana Rao, M. L. A. Will the Chief Minister be pleased to State : -

a) Whether there is any proposal to take over the Paper Mills at Rajahmundry by the Government, and

b) if so, the details thereof ?

Chief Minister

a) No, Sir,

b) Does not arise.
Written Answers to Starred Questions

Green cards for ryots of Telangana

112  L. A. Q. No. 5397 (Starred)  Sri C. Narsi Reddy, M.L.A.,
Will the Chief Minister be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that 2 Rs. per KG rice is not given to the ryots of Telangana area having more than 5 acres;

(b) Whether there is any proposal to enhance the limit from 5 to 12 acres?

Chief Minister:

(a) Yes, Sir. The pattern is uniform throughout the State.

(b) No Sir.

Identity Cards for green Card holders

113  L. A. Q. No. 5494 (Starred)  Sri V. Rambhupal Chowdary,
Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether there is any proposal to issue identity cards to all green card holders to prevent malpractices;

(b) What are the other plans of the Government to streamline the distribution system of essential commodities?

Chief Minister

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The existing arrangements made for monitoring of distribution of essential commodities are deemed to be adequate.

Allotment to Grameena Kranti Pathakam

114  Starred L. A. Q. No. 5547  Sarvasri G. Nagi Reddy and C. Ramachandraiah,
Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state;

(a) Whether it is a fact that nearly Rs. 200.00 crores have been allotted for the Grameena Kranti Pathakam;

(b) Whether there is any proposal to reduce the 50% Labour component for the areas permanently affected by famine?
31st July, Thursday 1986

Written Answers to
Starred Questions

CHIEF MINISTER

(a) The works sanctioned under the Telugu Grameena Kranti Patham are estimated to cost Rs. 164.29 crores. Out of this, the Government contribution released is Rs 86.53 crores.

(b) No Sir,

Merger of P. R. and Revenue Services

115 L. A. Q. No. 3957 (Starred) Sri V. Rambhupal Chowdary, Will the Minister for Revenue be Pleased to State:

a) Whether the Government have any proposal to merge revenue services with Panchayat Raj Department in the proposed Mandal set up; and

b) If so, whether the Government have sought the opinion of the employees concerned in this regard?

MINISTER FOR REVENUE:

a) No Sir,

b) Does not arise.

Cancellation of Pattas

116 Starred L. A. Q. No. 5729. Sri N. Rangaswamy Naidu Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state.

1. Whether there is any proposal to cancel pattas of the lands which have not been brought under cultivation after 10 years of obtaining such pattas?

MINISTER FOR REVENUE

No Sir. But the land assigned shall be brought under cultivation with in 3 years from the date of issue of the ‘D’ Form patta as per the conditions mentioned therein.

Grameena Vikas Pathakam

117 L. A. Q. No. 4368 (Starred) Sri M. Gopala Krishna, Will the Minister for Panchayat Raj and Rural Development be pleased to State:–

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Grameena Vikasa Pathakam is applicable to rural areas only; and
 Written Answers to Starred Questions.

(b) the reasons for not extending this scheme to Urban areas?

MINISTER FOR PANCHAYAT

(a) This Department is not implementing any Scheme by Name "Grameena Vikas Pathakam".

(b) Does not arise.

Survey of Handicapped Persons

118 L. A. Q. No. 5317 (Starred) Sri V. Sreeramulu, Sri A. Narendra, Will the Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to State:

a) Whether it is a fact that the Social Welfare Department has taken up the Survey of Handicapped in the State; and

b) If so, their number District-wise (Educated and un- educated separately)

SMT. K. PRATHIBHA BHARATHI:

a) Yes, Sir.

b) Survey of handicapped persons has been taken up only on 1-5-86 and it is still in progress. Hence the District-wise number of handicapped persons has not been arrived at.

Misappropriation in A. G's Cooperative Society

119 L. A. Q. No. 5316 (Starred) Sarvasri V. Sree Ramulu, A. Narendra, N. Raghava Reddy, A. Laxminarayana, K. Bojji, and B. Hanumanthu, Will the Minister for Cooperation be pleased to State:

a) Whether it is a fact that funds have been misappropriated in A. G's Office Cooperative Society;

b) If so, the details there of and action taken thereon;

MINISTER (COOPERATION)

a) & b) :— There are two societies viz. A. G’s. Office Staff Cooperative Credit Society Limited and A. G's Office Cooperative Housing Society Limited.
Written Answers to
Starred Questions.

There is no misappropriation in A. G's Office Staff Cooperative Credit Society Ltd. No misappropriation of funds have however been brought to the notice in respect of A. G’s Office Cooperative Housing Society Ltd., Hyderabad, also.

However, statutory inspection has been ordered under Section 52 of the Andhra Pradesh Cooperative Societies Act 7 of 1964 to find out the truth behind the news item appeared regarding alleged irregularities in the Society and the report of the Inspecting Officer is awaited.

Gult in Jute Market

120 L. A. Q. No. 3249 (Starred) Sri G. Yadagiri Reddy, and C. Vittal Reddy Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry will be pleased to State :-

a) Whether it is a fact that there is a glut in Jute Market in 1985-86.

b) The quantum of quantity lying unsold in the State;

c) Whether the Government have persuaded the Jute Corporation of India & A. P. State Trading Corporation to purchase the Jute, if so the result thereof;

MINISTER FOR AGRICULTURE & ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

a) No, Sir. The Jute Corporation of India is purchasing the entire quantity of left over stock.

b) 6,94,000 quintals.

c) Yes, Sir. The Jute Corporation of India is likely to purchase entire quantity of left over stock.

Fall in Food Grains Production

121 L. A. Q. No. 3253 Starred Sri G. Yadagiri Reddy, Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be placed to State :

a) Whether it is a fact that there is a steep fall in food grains production this year in the State; and

b) Whether any steps have been taken by the Government to compensate the same in the 2nd crop season?
Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry

a) Yes Sir. The production is low during 1985-86 on account of severe and extensive drought (and the effect of cyclonic rains in Nellore and Chittoor Districts).

b) To compensate the loss in production of Kharif crops a contingency plan was drawn up to bring more areas under food crops during Rabi season taking advantage of the rains received during October, and November, 1985. Rs. 385-00 lakhs was sanctioned by Government towards subsidy for supply of necessary inputs for the crops during the next crop season.

High Yielding Varieties of Seeds

L. A. Q. No. 4044 (Starred) Sri C. Narasi Reddy, Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be placed to State:

a) Whether it is a fact that seeds of High Yielding Varieties are being used only in 25% of the cultivated land in our State?

b) If so the reasons thereof.

Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry

a) No. The area covered under High Yielding varieties in respect of five crops namely Paddy, Jowar, Bajra and Maize works out 65% during 1984-85.

b) Does not arise;

Vegetable Cultivation

L. A. Q. No. 4147 (Starred) Sri U. Ramachandra Raju and V. Narayana Rao Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be pleased to state :-

a) Whether the National Horticulture Board has selected some districts for Vegetable Cultivation Programme for the economic uplift of marginal and small farmers.

b) Whether a copy of the said scheme be placed on the table of the House.

Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry

a) Yes, Sir

b) A copy of the scheme is enclosed.
PROJECTS FOR INTENSIFICATION OF VEGETABLE CULTIVATION THROUGH DISTRIBUTION OF MINI KITS.

OBJECTIVES OF THE PROJECT

1. To accelerate the Vegetable production.
2. To increase Vegetable production for home consumption.
3. To popularise high yielding, resistant varieties of vegetables amongst farmers for increasing per unit yield.
4. To bring additional area under Vegetable near the location of marketing centres/consuming markets.
5. To increase income level/economic conditions of farmers particularly small, marginal and tribals and to improve nutrition standards.
6. To remove under employment, particularly, in case of small, marginal and tribal farmers.
7. To provide technical know-how to the farmers for better yield.
8. To arrange timely supply of critical inputs like seeds and fertilizers.
9. To induce the farmers to market their produce in an organised manner, for better returns.

JUSTIFICATION FOR A PROJECT:

India is endowed with a rich horticultural resources potential, varying agro-climatic conditions prevalent in different parts of the country are extremely favourable for growing a wide range of fruits and vegetables, tropical, sub tropical and temperate.

It is estimated that about 4.14 million hectares are put under vegetable crops in the country every year with an approximate production of 35.84 million tonnes. India is the second largest producer of vegetables next only to China. However, the per capita consumption is around 130 gms / day which is far below the dietician's standards of 280 grams.

The national priorities, however to achieve self sufficiency in food grains have apparently been in favour of cereals and other certain commercial plantation crops and the relative neglect of
fruits and vegetables till recently past when our late Prime Minister Smt Indira Gandhi realised the importance of Horticulture and said for a small farmer, the cultivation of horticulture crops is desirable land use and improve income.

The importance of fruits and vegetables from nutrition Point of view as a supplementary diet also cannot be overlooked. From a given piece of land, horticulture crops, specially vegetables, produce many times more food than Cereal crops. An individual needs about 1.3 million callories every year. Cereal and grains produced from 8.25 hectares can meet the requirement while the vegetable/fruits would supply four times callories from the same area. A home without sources of nutritious food is like an army with hungry stomach. Both cannot face adversities.

The World Food Congress held at Rome in 1974 also passed a resolution that ‘No child would go to bed hungry by 1984’.

The major factor limiting vegetable production in the country is the low productivity per hectare, barring potato, where significant upward trend has been witnessed during the last two decades. Our Vegetable yield are among the lowest ones.

The table below gives the yield per hectare in most of the vegetables in our Country and elsewhere:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Vegetable</th>
<th>India</th>
<th>World</th>
<th>Yield: Kg/Ha.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage</td>
<td>6000</td>
<td>21619</td>
<td>69518 (Republic of Korea)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomato</td>
<td>8750</td>
<td>22170</td>
<td>60321 Israel,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cauliflower</td>
<td>7333</td>
<td>13535</td>
<td>26667 South Africa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garlic</td>
<td>3833</td>
<td>6043</td>
<td>33333 Egypt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>2833</td>
<td>6020</td>
<td>11978 United Kingdom.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onions</td>
<td>10385</td>
<td>13234</td>
<td>38000 Egypt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans</td>
<td>2100</td>
<td>6467</td>
<td>9922 China.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: FAO production Year Book 1983.

The important reason for the low productivity are non-availability of seeds of improved varieties, deficient application of fertilizers, pest and disease and post harvest.

The land resources are limited and the holdings of the vast majority of farmers in our country are small and inadequate to cater to their present requirement. The only alternative and hope lies in intensive cultivation for increasing per unit income.
Written Answers to
Starred Questions.

The ICAR during the Fourth Plan Period (1970-71) launched an All India Co-ordinated Vegetable Improvement Project to evolve high yielding/disease resistance varieties for multiplication of improved varieties. Presently this Project is being implemented at 7 main centres, 15 Sub-Centres and 20 Voluntary centres. Although very high yielding and resistant varieties of vegetables have been evolved and per unit yield of some of the vegetables has increased considerably, but the small, farmers who mostly grow vegetables, being labour intensive, have not been able to reap the harvest of these developments. It takes considerable time for the farmers to get the seeds of these improved varieties.

With a view to overcome the problems mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs, there is an urgent need for such a project.

The National Horticulture Board has been set up for an integrated development of Horticulture in the country. Clauses (i) (vii) and (viii) of the objects of the Board provide:

(i) To encourage, promote and develop the Horticulture Industry.

(ii) To institute and implement the Horticulture Development Programme or project in the interests of the development and progress of the Horticulture Industry.

(iii) To encourage the participation of small and marginal farmers and growers in horticulture Development Programme so that they are beneficiaries of the growth of the Horticulture Industry.

The Board which has been set up for an integrated development of horticulture would, therefore, be monitoring the project. The Implementation of the Project would be through the State Department of Horticulture/Agriculture.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT AND MANNER IN WHICH IT IS PROPOSED TO BE IMPLEMENTED INCLUDING THE AGENCY THROUGH WHICH PROJECT COULD BE COMPLETED:

Because of the varied agro-climatic conditions in different regions of the Country the Agricultural Universities have evolved
varieties most suitable for these are as. Seeds of these varieties would be made available to the farmers sufficient to cover an area of 1/20 of an acre (about 200 Sq. meters) for each vegetable/variety. These seeds would be supplied to selected farmers having irrigation facilities in the areas near to the marketing centres/consuming markets so that the produce could be disposed of without any difficulty. Critical input; requisite quantity of fertilizers would also be supplied. The cost of the seeds and fertilizers would be borne by the National Horticulture Board.

The seeds of improved varieties indeed would either be procured from the National Seeds Corporation/State Seeds Corporation/Agricultural Universities. While the supply of fertilizer would be arranged by the State Department of Horticulture/Agriculture.

The identification of farmers will be done well in advance of the sowing season by the State Department of Agriculture/Horticulture. For creating an impact of the programme and better coordination and monitoring, the Project would be undertaken in compact areas.

To save crops from damage of insects/pests/diseases, timely spray of insecticides/pesticides would be undertaken. The cost of material used for spray would be reimbursed by the National Horticulture Board.

For carrying out plant protection operation, the sprayer/dusters available with the Department of Agriculture/Horticulture/Extension agencies would be utilised.

Each farmer would be provided with details of package of practices in printed form to be adopted for getting better yield. The package of practices would be drafted in collaboration with Agricultural Universities and the State Department of Agriculture/Horticulture.

Necessary extension support shall be provided to the farmers. The extension staff of the State Department of Agriculture/Horticulture as also of the Agricultural Universities, where the areas are located near to their Research Stations would provide necessary technical guidance to the farmers for important Horticultural Operations. It is proposed to impart training to
Written Answers to Starred Questions

the small, marginal and tribal farmers at Block level by engaging the services of experts from the Agricultural Universities. Initial training programme shall be organised at the time of distribution of minikits. The training programme in the second phase shall be organised in the mid season. The same schedule shall be followed during each vegetable growing season.

Being an additional work load for the University, Experts in the field and to provide better extension support, it is proposed to grant an honorarium of Rs. 100/- per programme. Total expenditure of Rs. 24,000/- per season is proposed to be incurred on this training programme. (60 Districts X 2 Blocks X 2 Courses - 240 X 100).

The investment on training programme would be an unique experiment to induce farmers for adopting improved package of practices for better returns. The technical staff from the Board shall also participate in such programmes.

The State Department of Horticulture / Agriculture shall co-ordinate for organising such training camps. The assistance of ICAR & Agricultural Universities would go a long way to make this programme as success.

The National Horticulture Board also proposes to provide skeleton staff at Headquarters for better coordination / Monitoring. Details of staff proposed are given at Appendix-I.

Expenditure on each minikit is proposed to be restricted to Rs. 50/-.

The tentative list of the Districts in different states where the project is proposed to be launched is given in Appendix-II.

The tentative details of the vegetables proposed to be included in the programme are given in Appendix-III.

In each District / area at least two development Blocks will be selected for launching the programme. In each Block 10 compact areas each having fifty farmers would be provided with minikits. 1,000 Minikits each for growing winter and summer season vegetables would be provided for each location mentioned in Appendix-III. 60,000 minikits for each season.
Minikits are for an area of 1/20th of an acre and production from this area will not be so much as to pose any marketing problems for disposal of the produce. However, organised marketing and market intelligence helps in overcoming erratic supply and maldistribution there by creating a situation of glut and scarcity at same times. Such a situation in perishables, particularly, vegetables may be visible when mass production of vegetable is undertaken in concentrated areas where the programme is launched. To overcome such a situation after few years, action in this regard are proposed to initiated in the first phase of the project.

Organised marketing is a strongest link to increase per unit realisation. In achieving the success and the target goal set forth in / the event of mass production after some time, the importance of organised marketing at that time cannot be over stated. What is needed at that time would be a unified plan and efforts which are likely to produce results, that would bring real benefit as well as recognition of the efforts made by the Board in achieving goal of increased productivity and ushering an era of prosperity amongst the farmers, particularly, small, marginal and tribals. In the first phase of the Project the Board with the assistance of State Department of Horticulture / Agriculture would initiate action to organise Primary level Horticulture Cooperative Marketing Societies amongst the farmers in the producing areas. In Delhi / Haryana tie up arrangements for marketing their produce would be made through National Dairy Development Board / Other Dairy. Similar arrangements in Karnataka would be made through the Bangalore Horticulture produce Marketing and Processing Society which is already having several retail outlets in different districts. In other States also the farmers would be induced to adopt services of Agriculture / Horticulture Societies / Agriculture / Horticulture Corporations wherever these exist and are engaged in marketing of fresh vegetables. In the second phase, each primary level co-operative society would be linked to Block/District level / State level Horticulture Co-operative Society.

DESCRIPTION OF THE MANNER IN WHICH THE PROJECT IS PROPOSED TO BE IMPLEMENTED:

The project is proposed to be implemented through the State Department or Horticulture / Agriculture.
The association of ICAR and Agricultural Universities for supply of seeds of improved varieties, whatever available and affording technical guidance through their extension staff in the areas located adjacent to their Research Stations would go a long way in making the Project a success.

The Package of practices to be adopted by the farmers would also be drafted by the State Department of Horticulture/Agriculture in consultation with the Agricultural Universities in the areas.

The arrangements for delivery of seeds/fertilisers as well as for carrying out the plant protection measures would be made by the State Department of Horticulture/Agriculture.

**SELECTION OF FARMERS AND MODE OF DISTRIBUTION**

Only farmers who are either small, marginal or tribals and who have irrigation facilities shall be covered under the programme.

The programme shall be launched in the compact areas, near to the marketing centres/consuming markets to have an project area approach.

The farmers, as already mentioned, shall be identified well in advance by the State Department of Horticulture/Agriculture and details of the same shall be furnished to the Board to enable it to issue sanctions and release funds.

The name, holding survey number, name of Vegetables with variety quantity of seed/fertiliser/insecticides/pesticides supplied to identified farmers would be entered into a register for each village/compact block and receipts of inputs obtained.

The officers of the Board would also undertake regular visits to the areas in States where Project is implemented for random checks, monitoring and evaluating the progress of the Project. If the disposal of produce at remunerative price is not possible in due course of time with the
existing marketing network, the Board may take up special marketing programme for perishable horticultural commodities including vegetables, later on.

SCHEDULE OF PROGRAMME AND TARGET DATE OF COMPLETION:

From winter season of 1985 as indicated earlier. The project is proposed to be continued for at least two years and if the results are encouraging during the remaining part of the Seventh Plan Every effort would be made to expose maximum number of farmer, small, marginal, tribals, co-operative societies to the Project.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE PROJECT YEAR-WISE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1985-86</td>
<td>Rs. 63.00 lacs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986-87</td>
<td>Rs. 64.00 lacs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FOREIGN EXCHANGE COMPONENT:

— Nil —

COMPONENT OF GRANT LOAN AND SUBSIDY IF ANY:

100 percent of outlay will be met by the National Horticulture Board, out of the grant-in-aid received from the Government. The expenditure on each * mini kit is proposed to be restricted to Rs. 50/-. *mini kits

ACHIEVEMENT RETURNS EXPECTED AND OTHER ECONOMIC IMPLEMENTATIONS:

The project envisages covering 1,20,000, 60,000 farmers in each season in 50-60 districts of 22 States.

This would bring an additional area of 6000 acres under improved varieties of vegetables, resulting in additional production of at least 30,000 tons valued at least rupees 2 Crores at a very conservative estimates.

However, when the marketing of the produce is organised properly and where it is organised through the existing facilities, the net returns to the farmers would be manifold.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION IF ANY:

The Programme of the supply of vegetable minikits had been discussed with the Assistant Directors General (Horticulture), ICAR, Dr. B. Chowdhury, Joint Director (Research) and Head of Vegetable Division, IARI, Project Co-ordinator (Vegetables) ICAR, and other Senior Officers of the Agricultural Universities including Dr. Kirti Singh, Vice-Chancellor, Agricultural University Faizabad (U.P) in the 8th Workshop on All India Co-ordinated Vegetable Improvement Project held at Sabour (Bihar) (Bhagalpur) on 6th to 10th June, 85. The Agricultural Universities have in principle agreed to be actively associated with such a project. Earlier also the outlines of the Project had been discussed with senior officers of the Ministry and Dr. B. Choudhury, IARI.

Horticulture Division of the Department of Agriculture and Co-operation, ICAR and Agricultural Universities would also be actively associated for better co-ordination. The association of Dr. B. Choudhury, an imminent Scientist would go a long way in making the Project a success.

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE 1985-86.

1. Estimated cost of 1,20,000 Minikits (60,000 each in winter 1985 and summer 1986) @ Rs. 50/- each including seeds, fertilisers / Plant protection measures. Rs. 60,00,000/-

2. Cost of printing 1,20,000 handout for package of practices @ 0.50 ps. each. Rs. 60,000/-

3. Honoraria for extension support through training programme. Rs. 48,000

4. Estimated cost of staff and contingencies (Annexure-I) Rs. 1,80,000/-

   Total Rs. 62,88,000/-

   of say

   Rs. 63,00,000/-
ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE ON STAFF AND CONTINGENCIES:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the post and No. scale of pay.</th>
<th>no. of posts</th>
<th>Expenditure for 85-86. Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Project Coordinator (Rs. 1500-2,000)</td>
<td>one.</td>
<td>8,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Vegetable Development Officer's (Rs. 1100-1600)</td>
<td>Two</td>
<td>15,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Plant Protection Officer (Rs. 1100-1600)</td>
<td>Two</td>
<td>15,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Steno-Typist (Rs. 330-560)</td>
<td>Three</td>
<td>6,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Telex Operator (HQ) (Rs. 260-400)</td>
<td>One</td>
<td>2,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Peons (Rs. 196-232)</td>
<td>Three</td>
<td>3,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Allowances at 162%</td>
<td></td>
<td>80,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Travelling Allowance.</td>
<td></td>
<td>50,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Rs. 1,79,000/-</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

APPENDIX—II

TENTATIVE LIST OF THE STATES / AREAS PROPOSED TO BE COVERED UNDER INTENSIFICATION OF VEGETABLE CULTIVATION SCHEME THROUGH DISTRIBUTION OF MINIKITS:

4. Andhra Pradesh
   (i) Hyderabad (R. R. District)
   (ii) Vijayawada (Krishna District)
   (iii) Nellore (Nellore District)
**APPENDIX—III**

**TENTATIVE LIST OF THE VEGETABLE TO BE COVERED UNDER INTENSIFICATION OF VEGETABLE CULTIVATION SCHEME THROUGH DISTRIBUTION OF MINIKITS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Winter (Rabi) 198</th>
<th>Summer, 1985</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IV. Southern (D) Zone.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

i) Cole Crops (cauli flower / cabbage)  
ii) Carrot.  
iii) Amaranth (Cholai)  
iv) Brinjal.  
v) Tomoto.  
vi) Okra (Lady's finger)  

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i) Beans.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ii) Pumpkin.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iii) Okra (Lady's finger)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iv) Chanchan.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>v) Tomato.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vi) Cucumber.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vii) Brinjal.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Agrocorpex India Ltd.

124 L. A. Q. No. 5033 (Starred) Sri V. Narayana Rao, M.L.A.

Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be pleased to State:

a) Whether an institution by name 'Agrocorpex India Ltd.,' was established in our State by the Poultry Farm owners of different States;

b) Whether they propose to export eggs to foreign countries;

c) The value of eggs proposed to be exported and the names of countries;

d) The nature assistance extended to it by the Government.

Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry:

a) No, Sir.

b)  

c) Does not arise

d)
Written Answers to
Starred Questions.

F. R. P. Boats to the Central Water Commission

125 L. A. Q. No. 5161 (Starred) Sri Mohd. Jani, Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be pleased to State:

a) Whether it is a fact that A. P. Fisheries Corporation has supplied F. R. P. Boats to the Central Water Commission;

b) if so, the cost of the same?

Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry:

(a) & (b): Yes, Sir. The Andhra Pradesh Fisheries Corporation Limited has supplied 5 Nos. F. R. P. Boats to the Central Water Commission at a total cost of Rs. 1,72,707/-.

Allotments to National Fishermen Welfare Fund.

126 L. A. Q. No. 5242 (Starred) T. S. L. Naiker, and G. Buc'haiah Chowdry, Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be pleased to State:

a) Whether Central and State Governments have allotted funds for the National Fishermen Welfare Fund?

b) If so, the amounts allotted by the Central and State Governments respectively during 1986-87; and

c) The details of the programme proposed to be taken up for the welfare of fishermen?

Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry:

a) Yes, Sir,

b) A sum of Rs. 2.00 lakhs was provided by the State Government during the year 1985-86 under National Welfare Fund and the amount was placed at the disposal of the 'Executive Director, National Welfare Fund for Fishermen Society. During the year 1986-87, a sum of Rs. 10.00 lakhs is provided by the State Government, under National Welfare Fund for Fishermen. The Central Government have not yet released their share.

c) As the State Government have provided Rs. 12.00 lakhs, it is expected that Central share of Rs. 12.00 lakhs would be forthcoming. Hence, schemes worth of Rs. 24.00 lakhs are proposed:-
Written Answers to Starred Questions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Scheme</th>
<th>Total cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Old age pension scheme</td>
<td>6.00 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Beneficiaries 1000 at Rs. 50/- per month)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Widow Fisherwomen pension scheme</td>
<td>1.14 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Beneficiaries 190 at Rs. 50/- per month)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Community Halls; 11 Nos. @ Rs. 1.35 lakhs each</td>
<td>14.85 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Solar Lights (40 Nos.)</td>
<td>2.00 lakhs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is proposed to install 40 points in 8 villages (5 points per village. The total cost comes to Rs. 4.80 lakhs @ Rs. 12.00 each unit. The Department of Non-Conventional Energy have agreed to bear Rs. 2.80 lakhs @ Rs. 7,000/- on each unit. The balance of Rs. 2.00 lakhs have to be borne equally by Government of Andhra Pradesh and National Welfare Fund.


23.99 lakhs

or

24.00 lakhs

Misappropriation in A. P. Fisheries Corporation

127 L. A. Q. No. 5340 (Starred) Sri C. Vittal Reddy, and Sri V. Narayana Rao, Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be pleased to State:

(a) whether it is a fact that 4 crores of rupees were misappropriated in Andhra Pradesh Fisheries Corporation, Kakinada with regard to (1) construction of Mechanised fishing Boats (2) Operation of Deep Sea Trawlers from Vizag (3) Processing of Sea Foods and (4) Marketing of Fish; and

(b) if so, the action taken thereon?

Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry:

(a) An amount of Rs. 75,450/- was misappropriated during the year 1977-78 by Sri P. Gajendra Rao, Marketing Officer of A. P. Fisheries Corporation in Marketing of Fish. There are no misappropriations in other divisions.
(b) The services of the individual were terminated by the Corporation. Legal action has also been initiated against him. At present the matter is under court trials.

ONGOLE BREED BULLOCKS

128 L. A. Q. No 5447 (Starred) Sri V. Rambhopal Chowdary, Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact that the Ongole breed bullocks are in great demand in foreign countries.

b) Whether it is a fact that the said Ongole breed bullocks are on the verge of extinction: and

c) The steps proposed to be taken to preserve the said breed?

Minister for Agriculture

a) The Ongole breed bulls are used for production of beef animals. They are not being imported now by the Foreign Countries.

b) The Ongole Breed Cattle is under deterioration.

c) Government have established two farms exclusively for production of pure breed, one at Ramathirtham and the other at the Chintaladevi in Nellore District.

Missing of D. Satyanarayana

129 L. A. Q No. 4439 (Starred) SRI Baddam Bal Reddy Will the Minister for Home be pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact that Sri D. Satyanarayana, resident of Bapuji nagar of Musheerabad, Hyderabad aged 50 years is missing ever since he was taken away by the Excise Officials on 20-11-1985;

b) Whether any representation has been received by the Chief Minister in this regard; and

c) if so, the action taken thereon?

Minister for Home and Legislative Affairs

a) Smt. D. Bhulaxmi W/o D. Narayana gave a complaint on 21-12-1985 at Musheerabad P. S. stating that her
husband was forcibly taken by City Arrack Contractor's men on 20-11-1985 morning when he went to consume Toddy at Morambanda, Bapujinagar and he did not return thereafter

b) Yes sir,

c) The matter has been entrusted to CBCID for investigation. The investigation is in progress.

LOTTERY FOR GOSHAMAHAL STADIUM

130 L. A. Q. No. 4667 (Starred) S'Sri U. Ramachandraraju and V. Narayana Rao, Will the Minister for Home be pleased to State:

(a) Whether the Government have permitted the Police Department to conduct a lottery for the development of Goshamahal Police stadium in Hyderabad City;

(b) Whether it is also a fact that the Police Officials are making the collections forceably towards the said lottery; and

(c) If so, the action taken against the officials for making forceable collections?

Minister Home and Legislative Affairs:

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Does not arise.

BURNING OF BALAJI SAW MILL TIRUPATHI

131 L. A. Q. No. 4852 (Starred) Dr. Y. S. Rajasekhar Reddy V. Rambahpal Chowdary, Chenga Reddy, Will the Minister for Home pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that Mr. Venkata Subbaiah's Saw Mill under the name and style of "Balaji Saw Mill", Tirupathi, was burnt and Mr. M. Venkata Subbaiah’s son was kidnapped recently.

(b) If so, whether any case has been booked in this regard and the action taken so far to apprehend the culprits.
Written Answers to Starred Questions.

Minister for Home and Legislative Affairs:

(a) Yes sir,

(b) A case in Cr. No. 64/85 u/s 436 IPC in Renigunta P. S. in connection with burning of Saw Mill and a case in Cr. 146/85 u/s 328 IPC of Tirupathi East P. S. in connection with kidnapping of son of K. Venkata Subbaiah were registered. Both the cases are under investigation.

Development Leather Industries:

132 L. A. Q. No. 537 (Starred) Sri Desini China Mallaiah, Will the Hon’ble Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to State:

(a) Whether the State Government has prepared a scheme for the development of A. P. State Leather Industries Development Corporation (LIDCAP) in the Seventh Five Year Plan;

(b) Whether the statement showing the particulars of the Schemes will be placed on the Table of the House;

(c) Whether there are any proposals to extend the activities of the said Corporation to every District which are limited at present to the capital only; and

(d) If so, the particulars thereof?

Minister for Small Scale Industries:

(a) Based on the provision allocated by the Government for the Seventh Five Year Plan the Leather Industries Development Corporation of A. P. Ltd., has prepared a Scheme for its development.

(b) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(c) During the 7th Five Year Plan Leather Industries Development Corporation of A. P. Ltd., proposes to extend its activities to all the Districts.
## STATEMENT SHOWING THE YEAR WISE BREAKUP OF ALLOCATIONS FOR THE SCHEMES FOR THE SEVENTH FIVE YEAR PLAN

1985 - 90 (Rs. In lakhs)

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<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Roadside Bunks (10 Districts in a year on rotation basis)</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>25.00</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Training Programme (2 Centres in each District each year)</td>
<td>9.50</td>
<td>9.50</td>
<td>9.50</td>
<td>9.50</td>
<td>9.50</td>
<td>47.50</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>Production Units (2 Centres each year)</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>70.00</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>Self Employment schemes with Marketing tie-up (90 families each year each family for Rs. 3000/- not willing to join with LIDCAP)</td>
<td>2.70</td>
<td>2.70</td>
<td>2.70</td>
<td>2.70</td>
<td>2.70</td>
<td>13.50</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>Common Facility Centres 2 more Centres.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>30.00</td>
<td>30.00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>60.00</td>
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<td>6.</td>
<td>Raw Hides Collection Centres 2 more (a) Nalgonda; (b) W. G. District.</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<td>7.</td>
<td>Opening of Raw Material Depots 2 Centres</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
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<td>8.</td>
<td>Modernisation of Tanneries and existing Units</td>
<td>12.00</td>
<td>12.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>41.20</strong></td>
<td><strong>46.20</strong></td>
<td><strong>74.20</strong></td>
<td><strong>84.20</strong></td>
<td><strong>54.20</strong></td>
<td><strong>300.00</strong></td>
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COLLECTIONS MADE BY NANDI COTTONS AT ADONI

133  L. A. Q. No. 1358-Q (St) Sarvasri G. Yadagiri Reddy, V. Narayana Rao, and C. Vittal Reddy, Will the Minister for Small Scale Industries and Marketing be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that a person has purchased Cotton worth of 40 lakhs rupees from several ryot in the name of "NANDI COTTONS" in the Agricultural Market Yard, Adoni and absconded without paying to the ryots and also a cess worth of one lakh rupees to the Market yard;

(b) If so, the action proposed to be taken against him?

Minister for Small Scale Industries and Marketing:

(a) During the year 1982-83 and 1983-84 Nandi Cottons have purchased cotton in the market yard, Adoni, valued at Rs. 4.62 lakhs and Rs. 83.25 lakhs respectively. They have paid the market fees for the year 1982-83 and also upto December, 1983. For the period from January, 1984 to March, 1984 as against an assessment of Rs. 82,604/- they have paid only Rs. 50,000/- while Rs. 32,604/- is held up as arrears. During the year 1984-85, purchases of cotton were effected by M/s. Nandi Cottons directly from the farmers at their factory premises taken on lease by them. The Secretary, Agricultural Market Committee, Adoni, reported that on 17-9-1985, the above firm duped the ryots approximately to a tune of Rs. 30-00 lakhs by non-payment of sale proceeds of cotton purchased by them at their factory premises, outside the market year, Adoni.

(b) Prosecution was launched against the said firm in Principal District Munsiff, Adoni for non productions of returns for the year 1984-85. A criminal case for non payment of the balance Market fee of Rs. 32,604/- due for 1983-84 was filed in the local Court viz., and it was dismissed on the ground that the summons issued by the Court was not served to the party as the whereabouts of the party are not known.

Chemical Fertilizers through Market Yards

134  L. A. Q. No 398 (Starred) Sri V. Narayana, and V Rambhupal Chowdary, Will the Minister for Small Scale Industries and Marketing be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government have decided to supply Chemical Fertilizers and Pesticides through the Market Yards;
Written Answers to
Starred Questions

(b) If so, the details thereof?
Minister for Small Scale Industries and Marketing:
(a) No Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

USE OF URDU LANGUAGE
135 L. A. Q. No. 1407 (Starred) Sri Bashiruddin Babu Khan,
Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:
(a) whether the provisions contained at items (6), (7) and
d/ 4-7-1977 have been implemented rigidly in regard to
the use of Urdu Language at Official Level;
(b) if not, the reasons therefor;

Minister for Education:
(a) Yes, Sir
(b) Does not arise

Compensation To Lands Submerged In
Srisailam Project
136 L. A. Q. No 2223 (Starred)

S/s. Sri Ch. RAJESWARA RAO, M.L.A. Sri Md. Rajah Ah.
Sri G. Malish, Sri D. Chinna Mallaiah, Sri C. Vittal Reddy
Sri V. Narayana Rao, Sri A. Yadagiri Reddy, Sri B. T. Pakkirappa
Sri M. B. Chowhan Will the Minister for Major & Medium Irrigation
be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it a fact that compensation amount for the lands
submerged under Srisailam Project in S. No. 20 and 147 measuring
20 acres situated at Gadda BASVAPURAM (v), Kollapur Tq, of
Mahaboobnagar Dist. was paid to the Advocate on be-half of the
real land owner whose lands were submerged.

(b) b) If so, the reasons therefor and the officers responsible
for payment of the award amount to the Advocate instead of the
land owners?

Minister for Major and Medium Irrigation
(a) Yes Sir.

(b) As there was dispute over the title of the land the LAO
deposited the amount in the civil court, U/s 31 (2) of the LA Act.
After disposal of the case the court has paid the amount through cheques to the concerned Advocates on behalf of the awardees. As per the procedure existing, the Courts were required to pay the amounts to Advocates on behalf of the awardees cheque.

**KOVVADA RESERVOIR**

137  L. A. Q. No. 4597 (Starred) Sri K. Vivekananda, Sri P. V. Krishna Rao, & Sri G. Butchaiah Choudary, Will the Minister and Medium Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to take-up the execution of Kovvada Reservoir in Polavaram Taluk of West Godavari District under I. T. D. A. Scheme;

(b) the estimated cost of the said Scheme and the time by which it is likely to be taken up;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the said Project will control floods in Kovvuru, Polavaram and Bhimavaram Taluks?

Minister for Major & Medium Irrigation:

a) b) & (c) There is a proposal to take up a reservoir across Kovvadakalva near Lakshminarayana Devipeta village in Polavaram Taluk, West Godavari District. The cost of the Scheme was estimated as Rs. 454 lakhs as per the S. S. R. of 1981-82 based on the preliminary investigation. The Scheme has not yet been considered as Integrated Tribal Development Agency Scheme. The Scheme is presently under detailed investigation.

**SHARE OF TAMIL NADU STATE IN TELUGU GANGA PROJECT.**

138  L.A.Q. No. 5404 (Starred) Sri C. Narsi Reddy. Will the Hon'ble Minister (Major & Medium Irrigation) be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Tamilnadu has to bear 188 Crores of rupees out of the estimated expenditure 613 crores of rupees for the Telugu Ganga Project;
Written Answers to Starred Questions.

(b) Whether it is a fact that 60 crores of ruppes have been paid by them for this purpose and;
(c) the reasons for not paying the remaining amount?

Minister for Major & Medium Irrigation:

(a) Government of Tamilnadu has to bear Rs. 172.11 Crores (excluding the share of Somasila Stage-II and Srisailam Dam), out of Rs. 636.53 crores as per Telugu Ganga Project Report of September, 1983. The Project cost is revised to Rs. 843 Crores.

(b) No, Sir.
Only Rs. 47 crores have been released so far by the Govt. of Tamilnadu.

(c) Government of Tamilnadu are proposing revision of the terms of agreement.

SOMANATHA MANDIR IN OLD CITY

139 L. A. Q. No. 3645 (Starred) Sri Ch. Vidyasagara Rao Will the Hon'ble Minister for Endts be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is an old Temple Sri Somanatha Mandir in the old City of Hyderabad and it owns 10 acres of Land;
(b) whether it is also a fact that some unsocial elements are planning to sell away the said land; and
(c) If so, the action taken to stop the said land?

Minister for Endowments and Housing:

(a) Yes Sir. There is an old temple by name Sri Somanatha swamy situated at Rengelikhidiki in the old city of Hyderabad. It owns only 4,444 Sq. Yards of land which includes Temples, Buildings Dharmasala and Garden.

(b) Does not arise

(c) Does not arise

Huzurabad Anjaneya swamy Temple Land

140 L.A.Q. No. 3808 (Starred) Sri Ch. VIDYASAGARA RAO Will the Minister for Endowements be Pleased to State.

(a) Whether it is a fact that land worth several lakhs pertaining to Anjaneya Swamy Temple of Huzurabad in
Karimnagar District has been occupied by the Chairman of the Temple and others; and

(b) If so the action taken by the Government to evict the encroachments?

Minister for Endowments and Housing.

(a) Yes Sir, it is a fact that the temple land of Sri Anjaneya-Swamy Temple of Huzurabad in Karimnagar District measuring an extent of Ac. 1-14 guntas in S. No. 250/4 worth several lakhs of Rupees was occupied by 18 persons, but not by Chairman of the Trust Board.

(b) The Asst Commissioner, Endowments Karimnagar has submitted proposals U/s 75 of the Andhra Pradesh Charitable and Hindu Religious Institutions and Endowments Act to the Deputy Commissioner, Endowments Hyderabad for initiating action for eviction of the 18 encroachers and the matter is pending before the Deputy Commissioner, Endowments Hyderabad.

Sales Tax on Handicraft Goods

141 L. A. Q. No. 4910 (Starred) Sarvasri S. Chandramouli, M. Madhava Reddy, B. Janardhan, and S. Venugopala Chary, Will the Minister for Commercial Taxes be pleased to state:

(a) Whether Sales Tax is levied on handicraft goods; and

(b) If so, whether there is any proposal to exempt them from the Sales Tax.

Minister for Commercial Taxes:

(a) Handicraft goods are liable to tax under the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax Act at the following rates depending on the materials with which handicraft goods are made:

1. Marble articles 12% first sale.
2. Articles of Ivory and sandalwood 8% first sale.
3. Articles of Aluminium brass, copper and bronze 6% first sale.
4. All other articles of handicrafts not mentioned in any of the Schedules 5% at every point of sale.
Written Answers to Starred Questions.

(b) There is a request from the Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Handicrafts Development Corporation for exemption from payment of sales tax on the sales of handicraft goods. The matter is under consideration.

MOLASSES PRODUCTION

L. A. Q. No. 3949 (Starred) Sri Rambhupal Choudary, Sri K. Vidyadhar, R. S. Venugopala Choudary, Will the Minister for Excise to State:

a) Whether it is a fact the molasses produced in the State are not sufficient to meet the requirements:

b) The quantity of the molasses being imported at present from other States; and

c) The steps taken to improve the production of molasses?

Minister for Excise

a) Yes Sir.

b) No Molasses has been imported on Government account. However two private units have imported 3,800 M. Ts. of molasses from other States.

c) Molasses is the bye product of Sugar and its production mainly depends upon the production of Sugar cane and its crushing by Sugar Factories. A statement showing the steps taken by Government as well as Sugar Factories to augment the production of sugar cane which will in turn lead to larger production of Sugar and Molasses is placed on the Table of the House.

Steps taken by Government as well as Sugar Factories to augment the production of Sugar Cane.

Molasses is the bye product of sugar and therefore the production of Molasses mainly depends upon the production of Sugar Cane and its crushing by sugar factories. Govt. as well as sugar factories are taking various steps to augment the production of sugar cane and sugar in Andhra Pradesh as detailed below:

1) By assisting in the shape of cane Development loans sanctioned to the Co-operative Sugar Factories:

During 1985—86 an amount Rs. 50/- lakhs was sanctioned in respect of 14 Co-operative Sugar Factories at the rate ranging from
Rs. 7 lakhs to Rs. 2.3 lakhs. In the budget for 1986-87 an amount of Rs. 75 lakhs is earmarked towards cane development.

2) Cane Development activities through the respective Cane Development Councils of Sugar Factories in the State:

The Cane Development Councils of the respective Sugar Factories in the State are autonomous bodies. They are utilising the Cane Development Council funds (i.e.) Growers contribution and factory contribution @ Rs. 0-50 M.T. of cane purchased by the factory towards Cane Development activities in the respective factory zones by extending subsidies etc. to the cane growers. The funds collected year after year are being utilised by the said Councils for Administrative and Developmental activities in the respective sugar factories zones. Every year, a total amount of about Rs. 1/- crore is being spent towards Cane Development activities and Rs. 10 lakhs towards administrative expenditure by these Cane Development Councils in the State.

3) Cane Development activities taken up through own resources by the factories:

The Sugar factories in the State from their own resources are also providing incentives to the cane growers for introduction and multiplication of new varieties in the shape of seed and fertilizers which is also very meagre inspite of their precarious financial constraints. Sizeable amounts are being spent towards Cane Development by the private sector sugar factories. The incentives provided by the sugar factories range from Rs. 500/- to 1500-00 per acre. The private sugar factories like M/s. K. C P. Ltd., Vuyyuru, the Andhra Sugars Limited Tanuku and V.V S. Sugars, Chagallu, are extending huge amounts towards introduction and multiplication of early maturing varieties. The Co-operative Sugar Factories and Public Sector Factories are also arranging assistance through the tie-up arrangements with banks for crop loans.

4) Rehabilitation:

An amount of Rs. 100-00 lakhs (i.e.) Rs. 50-00 lakhs each to Palakol and Bhimadole Co-operative Sugar Factories was sanctioned under rehabilitation scheme (towards Government share capital) during 1984-85. The two co-operative Sugar Factories Palakol and Bhimadole were instructed to utilise the amounts as follows.
Written Answers to
Starred Questions.

(i) Pre-seasonal expenses: Rs. 20.00 Lakhs each.

(ii) Cane Development: Rs. 30.00 Lakhs each.

Instructions have also been issued to the concerned Managing Directors to strictly utilise the above amounts for the purpose for which they are sanctioned. This amount has been utilised for Cane development during 1984-85 planting season so as to make available adequate cane for crushing during 1985-86 crushing season.

In 1985-86 budget the State Government earmarked Rs. 120/-Lakhs for rehabilitation of 3 Sugar Factories at Nandyal, Cuddapah and Renigunta. For modernisation and expansion it is proposed to spend Rs. 50 lakhs.

Keeping in view the above development programme the Sugar Factories and Khandasari Units in the State proposed to crush 57.93 M. Ts. of cane during 1985-86 season. So far 30 lakhs M. Ts. of cane was crushed by the Sugar Factories and Khandasari Units in the State. The production of molasses is likely to go up this year when compared to proceeding year if the entire estimated cane is crushed by the Sugar Factories and Khandasari units.

Homoeopathy Hospitals
143 L. A. Q. No. 3418 (Starred) Sri S. Venugopala Chari, Will the Hon'ble Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to State:

(a) Whether there is any proposal to increase the bed strength in the Government Homoeopathy Hospitals in the State?

(b) Whether there is also any proposal to instal modern equipment?

(c) if so, the details thereof?

Minister for Medical and Health:

(a) There is a proposal to increase the bed strength of the Government Homoeopathy Hospital Gudivada from 50 to 70.

(b) No. Sir.

(c) "Does not arise.
Written Answers to
Starred Questions.

Medical Education Scheme

144 L. A. Q. No 3540 (Starred) Sarvasri N. Raghava Reddy,
A. Laxminarayana A. C. Narasimha Reddy, A. C. Chittaranjan Will
the Minister for Medical & Health be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the centrally sponsored
"Recientation of Medical Education Scheme" has
totally failed due to its defective implementation;

(b) if so, the reasons thereunder;

(c) the steps taken for the effective implementation of the
scheme?

Minister for Medical & Health:

(a) No, Sir.

(b) & (c) Does not arise.

Posting of Gynaecology in Sangareddy Hospital

145 Short Notice Question No. 5947-M S/Sri K. Prabhakar
Rao, Ch. Rajeswar Rao, N. Raghava Reddy, Ch. Vidyasagar
Rao, Mohd. Mukarramuddin, P. Ramachandra Reddy, C. Narsi
Reddy, M. Omkar, Will the Minister for Medical & Health be
pleased to state:

(a) Whether any doctors of Gynaecology physician is
provided in Sangareddy hospital;

(b) if not since what time

(c) Whether 10 doctors are less than the sanctioned posts
in Sangareddy Hospital;

(d) Whether it is a fact that this dearth of doctors is due
to frequent transfers of the doctors by the government;

(e) Whether the Government is taking any steps to post
the doctors to the extent of sanctioned posts.

Minister for Medical & Health Dr. M. S. S. Koteswara Rao:

(a) Yes. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
Written Answers to Starred Questions

(c) Out of 22 sanctioned posts, 9 are vacant. Out of 9 vacant posts, 6 posts filled but candidates not joined. The remaining 3 posts are yet to be filled.

(d) It is not of transfers but because of not joining the candidates posted.

(e) Yes, Sir.

Forests in Banzar Lands

146 L. A. Q. No. 5691 (Starred) Sri Ch. Jayaram Babu, Will the Minister for forests be pleased to state:

(a) Whether there is any proposal with the Government to grow Forests in the state Banzar lands; and

(b) Whether any assistance is obtained from the National Waste land Development Board (NWDB) in this regard?

Minister for Forests

(a) Yes, Sir

(b) No, Sir

Work Relating To House Numbers

147 Question No. 2909 (Starred) Sarvasri Badambal Reddy, A. Narendra, N. Indrasena Reddy, R. Ravindranath Reddy, V. Srinivasa Ramana; will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad has given up the work of changing and regularising the house numbers;

(b) If not, the progress made in this regard so far;

(c) The method that is being adopted in the regard and the time by which this work is likely to be completed.

Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri K. Kala Venkata Rao)

(a) No Sir,

(b) The house numbering in the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad in vogue since 1951 is based on three digit system indicating Ward No, lock No. and House No. It is proposed to conduct renumbering of houses following the existing method so that the bye numbers can be
removed. It is also tentatively proposed that the re-numbering of houses may be tried on the basis of locality street number and door number on an experimental basis in certain selected Blocks. Instructions were issued to the officers to select one Block in each Circle office/Division and to demarcate the locality with full boundaries, streets, in each locality duly indicating the existing door numbers with starting and ending number of each street in Blue Prints. The work is in progress. If once this experiment is found feasible and easy for location of a given house, it will be adopted for complete revision of the house numbering in the entire city.

(c) As the house numbering is still under experimental stage to find out the feasibility, it is too early to estimate now the time required for completion of the house numbering in the Twin Cities.

Registrations of house at Vanasthalipuram

148 L. A. Q. No. 4501 (Starred) Sarvasri P. Ramachandra Reddy, V. Sreeramulu, H. B. Narase Goud, A. Narendra, N. Raghava Reddy, and V. Jaipal, Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether the houses constructed at Vanasthalipuram have been registered to the tenants; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

Minister for Municipal Administration Sri K. Kala Venkata Rao:

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Since the conditions stipulated are not fulfilled by the allottees so far no registrations of houses were made.

Phosphoric Acid Unit at Kasipatnam

149 L. A. Q. No. 987 (Starred) Sarvasri Ch. Vidyasagar Rao and others, will the Minister for Law & (Mines and Geology be pleased to state:-

(a) Whether it is a fact that the State Government had dropped the Scheme to set-up a phosphoric Acid Unit based on apalite ores at Kasipatnam of Visakhapatnam District; and
Written Answers to
Starred Questions.

(b) If so, the reasons therefor?

Minister for Mines and Geology Sri D. Satyanarayana:

(a) & (b):- The joint venture of Andhra Pradesh Mining Corporation Limited viz., Andhra Phosphate Ltd. engaged in mining and production of Kasipatnam Rock Phosphate in Visakhapatnam District, had considered the feasibility of setting up of unit for manufacture of Phosphoric Acid based on the production of Rock Phosphate. On detailed study however, it was found that the mine was not capable of giving sustained production to feed the proposed Phosphoric plant. Hence the proposal was dropped.

Copper deposits of Dookonda

150 L. A. Q. No. 1599 (Starred) Sri Mohd. Rajab Ali, and V. Narayana Rao, Will the Honourable Minister (Mines and Geology) be pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact that Lead and Copper deposits are in abundance near Dookonda in Bandlamotu Mandal of Guntur district?

b) If so, the quantity of the said Ore and the extent of area in which they are available? and

c) The steps taken by the Central Government and State Government to exploit them?

Minister for Mines and Geology Sri D. Satyanarayana:

a) Yes, Sir.

b) Copper: There are indicated reserves of about 0.775 million tonnes over an area of 1800 x 2000 metres in the Bandlamotu Hill and 2.154 million tonnes in an aggregate strike length of 2000 metres along the Southern and South-Eastern slopes of Dhukonda Hill.

Lead: The inferred reserves of Ore 10.059 M.Ts. in Bandlamotu over an area of 1200 Mts. in a general East-West direction and 0.460 M. Tons over a total length of 2000 Mts. in a general North East–south West direction in Dhukonda.

c) A Mining Lease was granted in favour of M/s. Hindustan Zinc Limited over an extent of 2116–79 acres for a period of 20 years for Lead,
Uranium Deposits in Mahabubnagar District

151 Starred L.A.Q. No. 3187 Sri Ch. Vidyasagara Rao and V. Narayana Rao, will the Minister for Law and Mines be pleased to state ;

(a) Whether it is a fact that Uranium and Thorium have been found in Mahabubnagar District and its adjoining areas; and

(b) If so, the steps taken by the Government to tap the source ?

Sri H. B. Narase Gowd, Minister for Law and Mines

(a) Yes Sir,

(b) The Atomic Minerals Division of Atomic Energy Department, Government of India have conducted some studies and located Uranium, Thorium and other rare minerals in Mahabubnagar and its adjoining district Prakasam, Nalgonda and Nellore in Andhra Pradesh State. The work is in progress. The Atomic Mineral Division of the Atomic Energy Department in the Government of India which is exclusively meant for taking up such investigations, would take up such investigations of the Atomic Minerals.

Nationalise the Barytes Mines

152 L. A. Q. No. 3256 (Starred) Sri G. Yadigiri Reddy, and R. Chenga Reddy, Will the Minister for Mines be pleased to State :

a) Whether there is any proposal to Nationalise the Barytes Mines of Mangampet in Cuddapah District:

b) The extents of Barytes Mines under the control of A.P. Mining Corporation and private mine owners; and

c) The income derived during 1982-83 to 1984-85 by way of Mineral from Right Tax, Royalties, Cesses and Sales Tax etc., from A.P. Mining Corporation and Private Mine Owners?

Minister for Law & Mines Sri H. B. Narase Goud :

a) No Sir,

b) An extent of 62.00 acres is under the control of Andhra Pradesh Mining Corporation and 20.00 acres under private Mine Owners.
Written Answers to Starred Questions

c) Year Royalty Cess Mineral Sales Tax

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</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.P. Mining Corporation</td>
<td>8,41,272.00</td>
<td>3,12,380.64</td>
<td>8,44,272.00</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private Mine Owners</td>
<td>12,57,550.04</td>
<td>5,07,809.39</td>
<td>12,38,582 42</td>
<td>5.71</td>
<td>13.55</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983-84</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.P. Mining Corporation</td>
<td>48,084.00</td>
<td>17,791.08</td>
<td>48,084.00</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
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<td>Private Mine Owners</td>
<td>12,42,710.72</td>
<td>5,59,420.17</td>
<td>12,15,118.00</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>14.16</td>
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<td>1984-85</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>A.P. Mining Corporation</td>
<td>8,63,768.00</td>
<td>3 19,594.16</td>
<td>8,63,768.00</td>
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<td>Nil</td>
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<tr>
<td>Private Mine Owners</td>
<td>23,79,455.34</td>
<td>8,37,377.60</td>
<td>2,33,873.03</td>
<td>4.97</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LAW ACADEMY

153 L. A. Q. No. 5123 Starred by Sarvasri Mohd. Jani, K Venkateswara Rao and V. Narayana Rao, M. L. A s. Will the Minister for Law be pleased to state:

(a) Whether there is any proposal to set up a Law Academy

(b) If so the details thereof; and

(c) The time by which it is likely to come into existence?

Minister for Law, Courts and Mines

(a) Yes.

(b) The State Government have decided to establish Andhra Pradesh Nyaya Parishat, (Andhra Pradesh Law Academy). In pursuance of resolution passed by the Council of Ministers of
Andhra Pradesh on 16-4-1986, the Nyaya Parishat was inaugurated on 18-4-1986 by the Hon’ble Chief Minister. It is decided to create separate service of Law Officers consisting of Assistant Government Pleaders, Additional Government Pleaders, Government Pleaders, Assistant Public Prosecutors, Additional Public Prosecutors and Public Prosecutors. This service will be outside the purview of the Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission. A selection committee headed by a Judge of the High Court will be incharge for the recruitment of the members of this service. The Nyaya Parishat will give training immediately to in service Assistant Government Pleaders and Assistant Public Prosecutors and Police Prosecuting Officers for a period of Six months and after recruitment of Law Officers it will train the new recruits.

(c) The service rules with conditions of service are being finalised. As the question of amendment to section 24 of the Cr. P. C. is also involved, it may take some time.

NYAYA PARISHATH

154 L. A. Q. No. 5268 Starred Sarvasri P. Chandrasekhar and Chikka Ramachandra Rao, M. L. As will the Minister for Law & Mines be pleased to state:

(a) Whether there is any proposal to establish Law Directorate (Nyaya Parishath); and

(b) If so, the details thereof?

Minister for Law, Courts and Mines.

(a) Yes.

(b) The State Government have decided to establish Andhra Pradesh Nyaya Parishath, (Andhra Pradesh Law Academy). In pursuance of resolution passed by the Council of Ministers of Andhra Pradesh on 16-4-1986, the Nyapa Parishath was inaugurated on 18-4-1986 by the Hon’ble Chief Minister. It is decided to create separate service of Law Officers consisting of Assistant Government Pleaders, Additional Government Pleaders, Government Pleaders, Assistant Public Prosecutors, Additional Public Prosecutors and Public Prosecutors. This service will be outside the purview of the Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission. A selection committee headed by a Judge of the High Court will be incharge for the recruitment of the members of this service. The
Written Answers to Starred Questions.

Nyaya Parishad will give training immediately to in service Assistant Government Pleaders and Assistant Public Prosecutors and Police Prosecuting Officers for a period of six months and after recruitment of Law Officers it will train the new recruits.

Appointment of Public Prosecutors and Government Pleaders

155 L. A. Q. No. 5682 (Starred) Sri Ch. Jayaram Babu
Will the Minister for Law and Mines be pleased to State:

(a) Whether any new system is contemplated for the appointment of Public Prosecutors and Government Pleaders; and

(b) If so, the details thereof?

Minister for Law, Courts and Mines:

(a) Yes.

(b) The State Government have decided to establish Andhra Pradesh Nyaya Parishath, (Andhra Pradesh Law Academy). In pursuance of resolution passed by the Council of Ministers of Andhra Pradesh on 16-4-1986, the Nyaya Parishath was inaugurated on 18-4-1986 by the Hon'ble Chief Minister. It is decided to create separate service of Law Officers consisting of Assistant Government Pleaders, Additional Government Pleaders, Government Pleaders, Assistant Public Prose cutors, Additional Public prosecutors and Public Prosecutors. This service will be outside the purview of the Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission. A selection committee headed by a Judge of the High Court will be incharge for the recruitment of the members of this service. The Nyaya Parishath will give training immediately to in service Assistant Government Pleaders and Assistant Public prosecutors and Police Prosecuting Officers for a period of six months and after recruitment of Law Officers it will train the new recruits.

Anicut Across Araniar

156 L.A.Q. No. 327 (Starred) Sri R. Chenga Reddy, will the Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:
Written Answers to
Starred Questions.

Written Answers to
Unstarred Questions.

Whether there are any proposals before the Government to construct anicut across Araniar near Govindappanaidu Kandriga to feed the Tanks of Palamangala, Koppedu, Elakateru, Thumtur and Nandia?

Chief Minister.

No, Sir.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

Grammeena Kranti Pathakam

201 L. A. Q. No. 4474 Unstarred Sarvasri Kunja Bajji and others, M. Ramakrishna Rao, N. Raghava Reddy, J. Venkaiah, Will the Hon'ble Chief Minister be pleased to State:

(a) Whether the details of the amounts allotted and spent District-wise under "Grameena Kranti Pathakam" be placed on the Table of the House; and

(b) the extent to which the objectives fulfilled and whether the Government wants to continue the 'Pathakam' in future also?

Answer:

(a) The details are placed on the table of the House.

(b) The schemes under Telugu Grammeena Kranti Patham are originally expected to be grounded on 23-1-1986 and completed by 30-6-86. Government have extended the date for completion of the works upto 31-3-1987. Further continuance of the scheme will be considered after watching the progress of implementation of the Programme.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>Works sanctioned</th>
<th>Expenditure upto end of June, 1986</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Estimated cost</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Rs. in Lakhs)</td>
<td>(Rs. in Lakhs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>1726</td>
<td>513.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>2558</td>
<td>939.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>1468</td>
<td>588.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>1415</td>
<td>752.63</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>1313</td>
<td>463.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>1533</td>
<td>725.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>1077</td>
<td>523.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Prakasam</td>
<td>1480</td>
<td>1041.29</td>
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<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>1469</td>
<td>837.76</td>
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<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>2197</td>
<td>839.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>1490</td>
<td>403.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>1151</td>
<td>603.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>558</td>
<td>278.01</td>
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<td>14.</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>887</td>
<td>459.12</td>
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<td>15.</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>1131</td>
<td>936.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>4617</td>
<td>1440.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>41.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Rangareddy</td>
<td>1179</td>
<td>525.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Mahabubnagar</td>
<td>1893</td>
<td>666.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>1593</td>
<td>938.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>3986</td>
<td>1860.77</td>
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<tr>
<td>23.</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>1523</td>
<td>744.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td></td>
<td>36979</td>
<td>16429.20</td>
</tr>
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</table>
Keeping an Employee At One Place For Three Years
In L. F. Audit Dept.

202 L. A. Q. No. 4824 (Unstarred) Sri M. Omkar, Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether there are any instructions from the Government not to keep any employee in a seat/place for more than 3 years.

(b) Whether the said instructions were followed by the Director of Local Fund Audit and if not the reasons therefor.

Answer:

(a) Yes

(b) Yes

Issue of Green Card to Farmers

203 L. A. Q. No. 4912 (Unstarred) Sri Sajja Chandramouli, and K. Adenna, Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) The guidelines and criteria determining the income of the small farmers and marginal farmers for the purpose of issuing green cards;

(b) Whether it is a fact that a farmer having 5 acres of land in upland areas of Prakasam District is denied of such Green Cards;

(c) If so, the steps taken to rectify this?

Answer:

(a) Green Cards are issued to the following farmers:

(i) All those owning wet lands up to an extent of 1.50 acres under assured sources of irrigation;

(ii) All those owning wet lands up to 2.50 acres under all other sources of irrigation like tanks and wells;

(iii) All those owning up to 3 acres of dry lands which are fit for raising commercial crops like tobacco, chillies etc; and
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

(iv) All those owning up to 5 acres of dry lands.

All the above categories are assumed to be not having income of more than Rs. 6000/- per annum from the above sources and therefore are eligible for issue of Green Cards if they have no additional sources of income totaling above Rs. 6,000/- per annum.

(b) No, Sir.

All farmers having up to 5 acres dry lands are eligible for green cards, if they do not have any other additional source of income.

(c) Does not arise.

Seized of Subsidy Rice at Amadalavalasa

204 L. A. Q. No. 4975 (Unstarred); T. Seetharam Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that 21 bags of subsidy rice were seized by the Police at Amadalavalasa in the month of December, 1985;

(b) If so, the action taken thereon?

ANSWER:

(a) 21 bags of rice was seized on 14-11-1985 by the Sub-inspector of Police, Amadalavalasa as it was being transported in Lorry No. APS 5151 and consignment was not covered either by the way bill, release orders, permit or purchase bills.

(b) 6-A case has been filed before the Joint Collector for confiscating the seized rice of 21 quintals. Stocks were distributed through the Public Distribution System under orders of the Joint Collector and also proceeds of Rs. 4,045.05 are kept in Revenue deposit. The case is pending disposal before the Joint Collector.

B. C. HOSTELS

205 L. A. Q. No. 5142 (Un-Starred) Sri M. Erranna, Will the Chief Minister be pleased to State:

(a) Whether there is any proposal before the Government to construct Backward Class Hostel at Holagunda village of Alur Taluk, Kurnool Dist; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?
Answer :

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Black marketing of Subsidy rice in Proddutur


(a) Whether it is a fact that the subsidy rice is being sold out in the black Market in Proddutur Taluk of Cuddapah District; and

(b) If so, the steps taken in this regard?

ANSWER :-

(a) No Sir.

(b) Does not arise. However, strict vigil is being kept on the Fair Price Shops, in this regrd.

Allotment of rice at Kurnool District

207 L. A. Q. No. 5756 (Unstarred) Sri M. Eranna, Will the Chief Minister be pleased to State :

(a) Whether there is any proposal to increase the subsidy rice quota to Kurnool district.

(b) whether there is also any proposal to increase the number of green cards; and

(c) Whether are chances to issue 50 thousand cards to this district?

Answer :

(a) Allotment of rice is being done based on the number of green cards in circulation and the requirements indicated by the Collector.

(b) & (c) Green cards are being issued to all eligible families, whose family income does not exceed Rs. 6,000/- per annum. Hence there is no need for proposals or a ceiling on the issue of cards to eligible families.
Written Answers to
Unstarred Questions

Supply of Stocks by Civil Supplies Corporation

208 L. A. Q. No. 5819 (Un-starred) Smt. Rajana Ramani will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that only 50% of the stocks is being supplied to the dealers by the Civil Supplies Corporation; and

(b) If so, the steps taken by the Government for cent percent implementation of the scheme?

ANSWER:

(a) No. Sir.

(b) Allotment of rice, based on the requirements indicated by the Collectors is being made partly from Food Corporation of India and partly from Andhra Pradesh State Civil Supplies Corporation Limited godowns. Requirement of rice for Rs. 2/- per kg. as indicated by the Collectors is being released in full.

Sub-Treasury at Narayanapet

209 L. A. Q. No. 5639 (Unstarred) Sri C. Narsi Reddy, Will the Minister for Finance be pleased to State:

(a) Whether a Sub-Treasury has been sanctioned at Narayanapet, Mahaboobnagar district in the year 1985-86 and

(b) if so, when it is going to be started?

Answer:

Minister for Finance:

(a) No Sir,

(b) Does not arise.

Kotipally Bridge

210 L. A. Q. No. 4766 (Unstarred) Sri K. Prabhakara Rao, Will the Honorable Minister for Roads & Buildings be pleased to state: the latest position of the construction of Kotipally bridge across river Gowthamy and Narsapur Bridge on river Vasistha of Godavari branches?

Answer:

The bridges across river Gowthami at Kotipally and river
Vasista at Narsapur have been proposed under “Self Financing Scheme” of bridges. The representatives of nine Firms have responded to the invitation and attended the meeting on 23-2-1986 in the chambers of Hon’ble Minister for Roads and Buildings and requested to furnish Hydraulic, Soil and Traffic particulars of the proposed bridges to enable them to come up with specific offers. These particulars have since been furnished and the offers from the Firms are awaited.

**Bridge across Benda canal**

211 L. A. Q. 4779 (Unstarred) Sri Kudupudi Prabhakara Rao, G. Surya Rao, Will the Hon’ble Minister for Roads & Buildings be pleased to State:

(a) whether tenders have been called for construction of bridge across Benda canal near Bodaskurru ferry, black bridge and red bridge across Amalapuram canal in Amalapuram town; and

(b) the estimated cost for each bridge?

Answer:

(a) No Sir.

(b) The following are the estimated costs of each work:

(i) Construction of bridge across Benda canal in Km. 60-60 of Kakinada-Amalapuram-Narsapur Ferry road. Rs. 12-00 lakhs

(ii) Construction of a bridge in 52-40 of Kakinada-Amalapuram-Narsapur-Ferry road (Black-bridge) Rs. 21-00 lakhs

(iii) Construction of a bridge in Km. 1/10 of Amalapuram-Yedur-lanka (red bridge) Rs. 21-00 lakhs

**Bridge on Royyalakalva**

212 L. A. Q. No. 4842 (Unstarred) Sri B. Durgaprasad Rao, Will the Minister for Roads and Buildings be pleased to State:
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

(a) the estimated cost of the bridge on Roynolakalva (Bandarevu) on Mallam-Nidigurthi road, Nellore district;

(b) the funds allotted for the said work during 1986-87; and

(c) the time by which the work is likely to be taken up?

Answer:

(a) The estimated cost of the bridge work is Rs. 35-00 lakhs.

(b) An amount of Rs. 1-00 lakh is provided in the Budget estimate for 1986-87.

(c) The work will be commenced in December, 1986.

Bridges on Nellore pally Kothapalem

213 L. A. Q. No. 4843 (Unstarred): Sri B. Durgaprasad Rao

Will the Minister for Roads and Buildings be pleased to state:

(a) Number of bridges to be constructed on the Road from Nellorepalli - Kothapalem to Pattapupalem in Nellore district;

(b) The estimate cost of each bridge?

ANSWER:

(a) Two major bridges and ten cross drainage works are to be constructed.

(b) The estimated cost of bridges is Rs. 48.00 lakhs and Rs. 62.00 lakhs respectively, and Rs. 34.36 lakhs for all the Cyclone Damage works.

Bad Condition of the Road between Epuripalem and Vetapalem

214 L. A. Q. No. 4914 (Unstarred): Sarvasri Sajja Chandra-mouli, K. Adenna, and B. Janardhan,

Will the Hon'ble Minister for Roads and Buildings be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the local M.L.A. has represented about the bad condition of the Road between Epuripalem and Vetapalem (Chirala Constituency);

(b) if so, the action taken thereon?

Answer:

(a) Yes, Sir.
The following three estimates have been sanctioned on the roads, Guntur-Chirala and Chirala-Ongole falling in Chirrala Constituency to bring the roads to good condition:

(i) Flood Damage Repairs to Guntnr-Chirala road from Km. 60/4 to 61/2 Km., 63/1 to 64/2 for Rs. 2.07 lakhs.

(ii) Flood Damage Repairs to Chirala-Ongole road from Km. 0/0 to 10/0 for Rs. 4.30 lakhs.

(iii) Periodical renewals to Chirala-Ongole road from Km. 0/4 to 13/0 (one layer of metalling* Black Topping Surface Dressing for Rs. 3.5 lakhs).

**TOLL TAX**


(a) The procedure being adopted for the collection of Toll Tax at major bridges on National Highways;

(b) The bridge-wise tax collected till now from 1984?

**ANSWER:**

(a) The collection of fee at the toll gate is being done through private contractors after conducting public auctions, on permanent bridges costing more than Rs. 25 lakhs each, completed and opened to traffic on or after 1-4-1976 on National Highways.

(b) Given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No.</th>
<th>Name of the bridge</th>
<th>Total amount collected during 1984 - 85 and 1985 - 86</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1)</td>
<td>Bridge at M. 508/3 of M. C. Road near Tagarapuvalasa (Across river Gowthami) Km. 29 of V. B. Section of N. H. 5</td>
<td>27,16,618</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2)</td>
<td>Bridge across Khandalaru river in Km. 141 (M 87/7 - 8) of M. V. Section of N.H. 5 near Manubolu.</td>
<td>7,24,783</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3) Bridge across river Pennar near Pamidi of N. H. Section of N. H. 7.

4) Kattangur bridge at Km. 98 (M.60,2) of Hyderabad. Vijayawada Section N. H. 9

5) Collection of fees at bridge across Kadam river in M. 157 1 Km. 237/0) of Hyd. N.Road N.H.7

Roads and Buildings Department

216 L.A. Q. No. 5545 (Unstarred) Sarvasri G. Nagi Reddy, and C.Ramachandraiah, Will the Minister for Roads & Buildings be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that the Roads transferred from Panchayat Raj Department to Roads and Buildings Department are neglected;

(b) the number of roads therein developed to the prescribed standards from 1970; and

(c) whether there is any special scheme to develop the remaining roads to the prescribed standards?

Answer:

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Out of 731 Zilla Parishad Roads taken over by Roads and Buildings Department so far 528 roads were improved partially to R&B Standards. The total length of roads taken over is 10,758.861 out of the which 4,566.7 Kms. are improved.

(c) No, Sir. But improvements to the taken over roads are proposed to be taken up in a phased manner depending upon the availability of funds.

Change of name of Waltair Railway Station

217 L. A. Q. No. 5846 (Unstarred) Sarvasri G. S. S. Sivaji, and K. Yerramnaidu, Will the Minister for Roads and Buildings be pleased to State;
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

Whether the Government consider to request the Government of India to change the name of Waltair Railway Station as Visakhapatnam?

ANSWER:

Yes Sir. The Government have already taken up the issue with the Government of India, Ministry of Railways, (Railway Board) for change of name of Waltair Railway Station as Visakhapatnam. Their reply is still awaited. The matter is being pursued.

Approach Roads to Hamlets in Madanapally

218 L. A. Q. No. 1397 (Unstarred) Sri Ratakonda Narayana Reddy, Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj and Rural Development be pleased to State:

(a) The number of hamlets in Madanapally constituency without approach roads and;

(b) The time by which approach roads are likely to be laid.

Answer:

(a) There are 39 hamlets without approach roads in Madanapally constituency. A statement of such hamlets and the amounts required for each road is enclosed herewith. The total amount required for 39 approach roads comes to Rs. 42.15 lakhs.

(b) There is no time limit indicated to complete laying of link roads to hamlets or villages. At present there is no programme to connect hamlet of villages and only main villages having population of 1000 and above are being programmed to be connected with pucca roads under MNP and other programmes as per the priorities fixed by Government of India under Plan schemes. Even the funds provided under MNP are quite meagre compared to requirement to cover all villages satisfying MNP Norms. As and when funds are made available these roads may be covered basing on availability of funds.
Statement showing the List of Hamlets without Approach Roads in Mandapalle Constituency

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Hamlet and Village</th>
<th>Nomenclature of the approach Road</th>
<th>Length of the road to be formed in K.M.</th>
<th>Amount required to form the road in lakhs</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Beerangi h/o. Beeranghi</td>
<td>B. Kothakota - Chintamani Road to Beerangi</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Janupuvaripalle h/o. Beeraght</td>
<td>Molakalacheruru - Kandlamadugu road to Janupuvaripalle</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Aretipalle h/o. Gummasamudram</td>
<td>B. Kothakota - Rangasamudram Road to Aretipalle</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>PujadapaHe h/o. B. Kothakota</td>
<td>B. Kothakota - P.T.M. Road to Pujarlapalle</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>0.75</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Kotavoor h/o. Bayappagaripalle</td>
<td>Molakala cheruvu - Kandlamadugu Road to Kotavoor</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Devarajupalle h/o. Gattu</td>
<td>Molakalacheruvu - Kandlamadugu road to Devarajupalle</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>(6)</td>
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<td>7.</td>
<td>Kambalapalle h/o. B. Kothakota</td>
<td>Molakalacheruvu - Kandlamadugu road to Kamballapalle</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>0.75</td>
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<td>8.</td>
<td>Baisanivaripalle h/o. Mattivaripalle</td>
<td>Madanapalle-Cuddapah road to Baisanipalle</td>
<td>3.00</td>
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<td>9.</td>
<td>Singannagaripalle h/o. Angallu</td>
<td>Madanapalle - Kadiri road to Singannagaripalle</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<td>10.</td>
<td>Sahebulavaripalle h/o. Mudivedu.</td>
<td>Mudivedu - Kosuvaripalle road to Sahebulavaripalle</td>
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<td>11.</td>
<td>Diguva Gollapalle h/o. Kosuvaripalle</td>
<td>Mudivedu - Kosuvaripalle road to Diguva Gollapalle</td>
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<td>13.</td>
<td>Adusupalle h/o. Tavalam.</td>
<td>Challavaripalle-Tavalam road to Adusupalle</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.50</td>
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<td>14.</td>
<td>Avulapalle h/o. Malepadu</td>
<td>Chembakur-Madanapalle road to Avulapalle</td>
<td>2.50</td>
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<td>15.</td>
<td>Donabylu h/o. Malepadu</td>
<td>Chembakur-Madanapalle road to Donabylu</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<td>16.</td>
<td>Chekkalavandla palle H.W. h/o. Pothapolu</td>
<td>Rachaveetivaripalle-CTM. Road to Chekkalavandlapalle H.W.</td>
<td>0.80</td>
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<td>Thummalathanda</td>
<td>Madanapalle–Chembakur road to Thummalathanda</td>
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<td>18.</td>
<td>Naramakulathanda</td>
<td>Madanapalle–Chembakur road to Naramakulathanda</td>
<td>3.00</td>
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<td>19.</td>
<td>Gundlaburju H.W.</td>
<td>Madanapalle–Nimmanapalle road to Gundlaburju H.W</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<td>20.</td>
<td>Banadlapai</td>
<td>Madanapalle–Nimmanapalle road to Bandlapai</td>
<td>3.00</td>
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<td>22.</td>
<td>Kuravapalle h/o. Agraharam</td>
<td>Nimmanapalle–Agraharam road to Kuravapalle</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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<td>23.</td>
<td>Mudivaripalle H.W. h/o. Vempalle.</td>
<td>Chembakur road to Tekulapalam to Kudivaripalle H.W.</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.50</td>
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<td>24.</td>
<td>Vengalavarikuravapalle h/o. Nimmanapalli</td>
<td>Challavaripalle–Tavalam road to Vengalavarikuravapalle</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<td>26.</td>
<td>Beripalle h/o. Valasapalle</td>
<td>MBT road to Baripalle (via) Kakarakayalapalle road Valsapalle</td>
<td>2.50</td>
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<td>27.</td>
<td>Appaiaghargipalle h/o. Valasapalle.</td>
<td>MBT. Road to Appaiagaripalle (via) Kakarakayalapalle road of Valasapalle</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<td>28.</td>
<td>Katiagapalle colony</td>
<td>MBT. Road to Kapatapalle colony</td>
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<td>29.</td>
<td>Abbigondi h/o CTM.</td>
<td>Madanapalle-Vayalapad road to Abbigondi via Gajulapalle</td>
<td>3.00</td>
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<td>30.</td>
<td>Sunkavaripalle H.W. h/o Kosuvaripalle.</td>
<td>Mudivedu-Kosuvaripalle road to Sunkavaripalle</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<td>31.</td>
<td>Kothaindlu h/o Gattu</td>
<td>Madanapalle-B. Kothakota road to Kothaindlu via Tarigodu</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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<td>32.</td>
<td>Morampalle h/o Bayappagaripalle.</td>
<td>Gundlavaripalle-Thummanagutt a road to Morampalle</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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<td>33.</td>
<td>Sitikivaripalle h/o Bayappagaripalle.</td>
<td>Madanpalle-Molakacheruvu road to Sitikivaripalle</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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<td>34.</td>
<td>Gudipalle h/o Beerangi</td>
<td>MBT. Road to Gudipalle</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<td>35.</td>
<td>Eguvakongivaripalle</td>
<td>Mudivedu-Kosuvaripalle road to Eguvakongivariplle</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.50</td>
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<td>36.</td>
<td>Eguvagollapalle h/o Mudivedu</td>
<td>Mudivedu-Kosuvaripalle road to Eguvagollepalle</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.50</td>
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<td>37.</td>
<td>Adivipalle h/o Mudivdu</td>
<td>Madanapalle-Cuddapah road to Adivipalle</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.50</td>
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<td>38.</td>
<td>Bodumalladinne H.W. h/o Basinikonda</td>
<td>Tirupati Road to Bodumalladinne via (HW) Kondamarrippalle, Bestapalle.</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<td>39.</td>
<td>Jabbavaripalle h/o Matliivaripalle</td>
<td>Formation of road from Mudivedu-Veligallu road to Jabbavandlapalle of Matliivaripalle via Goddindlapalle and Kothagudempalle</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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**Total:** 75.30 42.15
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

Grants for Laying Earthen Road in Visakhapatnam

219  L. A. Q. No. 2596 (Unstarred) Sri K. Appalanaidu,
Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to State:

(a) Whether any grants have been sanctioned for laying earthen road from Gourada to Velampalem K. G. Puram and Gavarapalem villages via Ramayogi Agharam is K. Kotapadu Mandal Visakhapatnam District.

(b) If so the amount of grant sanctioned and the amount spent, and

(c) When it will be completed?

ANSWER:-

a) No. Further information on possible supplementaries. There is no road from Koruvada to Ramayogipalem. The length is 1.0 Km. There is also no road from Ramayogipalem to Velampalem. The length is 1.5 km. From Velampalem to Gavarapalem, there is an earthen road with missing links. The length is 4.0 Kms. An amount of Rs. 8.00 lakhs is required for forming an all weather road for the total length of 6.5 Kms. connecting these villages.

Subject to vailability of funds, the District Development Officer, Zilla Parishad, Visakhapatnam and Executive Engineer, Panchayati Raj Visakhapatnam are being advised by the Chief Engineer, Panchayati Raj (General) to take up the above road work in a phased manner with the approval of competent authority.

b) Does not arise.

c) Does not arise for the present.

Embezzlement funds by Sarpanch Kazipalli

220  L. A. Q. No. 2822. (Unstarred) Sri C. Vittal Reddy,
Will the Minister for Panchayaṭi Raj be pleased to State;
312 31st July, Thursday 1986

Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Village Sarpanch of Kazipalli village in Ginnaram Revenue Mandal in Medak District, has embezzled thousands of rupees collected from industries already started and being started in the said Panhayati without depositing it in Government treasury:

(b) if so, the action taken thereon and
(c) Whether enquiry will be made and severe Section will be taken against the Sarpanch,

(a) No Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) Does not arise.

Properties of Nellore Z. P.

221 L. A. Q. No. 4122 (Unstarred) Sri J. Venkaiah, Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj and Rural Development be pleased to State:

(a) the particulars of immovable properties owned by Zilla Parishad Nellore:
(b) the Mandal-wise particulars of properties under the possession of various individuals and the lease amount thereon; and
(c) Whether the Zilla Parishad is contemplating to sell these properties and if so, the particulars thereof.

ANSWER;
(a) Sir
(b) Statement enclosed
(c) Yes Sir

11.96 Ac. of wet land of Suryapalem. Particulars may be seen against item 17 of the statement.
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<td>SANGAM MANDALAM</td>
<td>Inam land granted by the Govt. in favour of defunct, Dist. Board for maintenance of choultry at Narasimhulakonda.</td>
<td>Wet 286</td>
<td>4-00</td>
<td>Sri Ponnaluru Kondarami Reddy of Buchireddy palem</td>
<td>70-86</td>
<td>Under consideration for transfer to Revenue Department Nellore for providing house sites to S.Cs. and B.Cs.</td>
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<td>Duvvur</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>Dry 8/1</td>
<td>2-28</td>
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<td>Dry 8/3</td>
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<td>3. Duvvur</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>Dry</td>
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<td>5-06</td>
<td>Sri D. Muddukrishna Reddy of Buchireddy-Palem.</td>
<td>130-72</td>
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<td>4. Duvvur</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>3-82</td>
<td>Sri Bezawada Papi Reddy of Buchireddipalem-</td>
<td>65-36</td>
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<td>5. Nagamambapuram</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>Wet</td>
<td>286</td>
<td>4-00</td>
<td>The land was first leased out by the defunct Dist, Board, Nellore to Sri Ponnaluru Kodanda Reddy of Buchireddypalem. Subsequently it was Zilla Parishad, Nellore under land ceiling Act. The land is in the possession of Zilla Parishad at present.</td>
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6. Duvvur
- do-
Wet 8/3 4-68
- do-

7. Duvvur
- do-
Dry 9 5-42
The land was first leased out by the defunct Dist. Board, Nellore to Sri Bezawada Papireddy of Buchireddypalem. Subsequently by him to Zilla Parishad, Nellore under land ceiling Act. The land is in the possession of Zilla Parishad at present.
- do-

8. Duvvur
- do-
Wet 369/B 0-21
472/4 0-04
1. Sri K. Narasimha Reddy
Duvvur
19.56

Wet 472/4 0-06
2. Sri R. Lakshmi Reddy
Duvvur
4.69

Wet 472/4 0.01
3. Ch. Venku Reddy, Duvvur
0.81

Wet 472/5 0.07
4. K. Subbarami Reddy, Duvvur
5.50

Wet 472/1 0.10
5. U. Audiseshamaraju
7.81

Wet 472/5 0.12
6. T. Penchalaiah
9.37

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<td>Wet 472</td>
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<td>Land covered by irrigation Channels</td>
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<td>NELLORE MANDALAM—</td>
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<td>Puli Lakshmaiah of Ranganayakulapet Nellore.</td>
<td>132/-</td>
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<td>9.</td>
<td>Nellore Bit II</td>
<td>The land relating to Cart stand of de-funct Dist. Board Nellore.</td>
<td>Wet 2004/D</td>
<td>784/1.2</td>
<td>0.50</td>
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<td>Kaligiri Village</td>
<td>Vacant Quarry Land</td>
<td>784/1.2</td>
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<td>Zaladanki Village</td>
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<td>1693</td>
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<td>Quarry Land</td>
<td>918/2</td>
<td>8.28</td>
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<td>13.</td>
<td>Chendodu Village.</td>
<td>Quarry Land</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>7.78</td>
<td>In accordance with standing committee No. VI of Zilla Parishad, Nellore in its resolution No. 159 dt/24-12-75 the land handed over to Revenue department for providing house site to weaker sections for Rs. 3890-00 The amount realised from Revenue Department.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SULLURUPET MANDALAM</strong>—</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Keepak Village Inam Land (Sriharikota island)</td>
<td>Wet 79</td>
<td>1.56</td>
<td>Sri Sk. Davood Saheb of Rs. 52/- Kotkachenu.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. -do- -do-</td>
<td>Wet 105</td>
<td>1.70</td>
<td>Sri Abdul Gaffor Sahed Rs. 121/- of Kothachenu</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>KAVALI MANDALAM</strong>—</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Kavali Town L.F. Choultry Site</td>
<td>1080/1B</td>
<td>0.09</td>
<td>Mrs. Prasanthi Fuals Kavali Rs. 3110.40 (Plus 5% commission on their profit)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PODALAKUR MANDALAM</strong>—</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Suryapalem Village Wet Land</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>11.96</td>
<td>Encroached by the following villagers of Suryapalem. Chettula Raghavauma &amp; Damineni Poli naidu -do-</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1) 5.2</td>
<td>0.81</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) 6.2</td>
<td>0.73</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3) 17.2</td>
<td>0.69</td>
<td>Sk. Kalesh</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4) 19/3-2</td>
<td>0.49</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5) 20/2</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>Nati Ramana Reddy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</table>

Proposals were sent to Govt. for the disposal of the land by public auction. Orders are awaited.
<p>| | | | | | | | |</p>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6)</td>
<td>36/1.2</td>
<td>0.44</td>
<td>Gangunaboina Pedaramana</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>7)</td>
<td>36/2.2</td>
<td>0.32</td>
<td>Pendillupalli Peda Naraya Reddy</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8)</td>
<td>37/2.3</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>Challa Krishna Reddy and Gnesam Sundara Rami Reddy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>9)</td>
<td>53-1</td>
<td>0.70</td>
<td>Penubaka Penchala Reddy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>10)</td>
<td>37.1B</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>Mulumudi Seshu Reddy</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>11)</td>
<td>54-1B</td>
<td>0.14</td>
<td>Sampra Ranga Naidu</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>12)</td>
<td>54-2B</td>
<td>0.22</td>
<td>Arudhula Ramanaiah</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>13)</td>
<td>69-2</td>
<td>0.46</td>
<td>Penuballi Subbarami Reddy</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>14)</td>
<td>70-2B</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>Venareddy Raghava Reddy</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>15)</td>
<td>70-2B</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>Damineni Ramaswami Naidu</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>16)</td>
<td>71-2</td>
<td>0-17</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>17)</td>
<td>108-1</td>
<td>0.44</td>
<td>Neti Sesha Reddy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18)</td>
<td>111-1</td>
<td>0.91</td>
<td>Neti Krishna Reddy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19)</td>
<td>110-1</td>
<td>0.35</td>
<td>-do-</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>113-1</td>
<td>0.39</td>
<td>Mulumudi Subbarami Reddy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>114-1</td>
<td>0.69</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>115/3-1A-0.22</td>
<td>Rachapalli Ramalinga Setty</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>115/3-2</td>
<td>0.04</td>
<td>Veerareddy Raghava Reddy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>116/1-1</td>
<td>0.31</td>
<td>Rachaputi Ramalinga Setty</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>119/1-A</td>
<td>0.39</td>
<td>Rachaputi Seshachalam Setty</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>107/1-A</td>
<td>0.40</td>
<td>Chejerla Dasaradharami Reddy</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nanduru Venkatakrishna Reddy</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>107/1-C</td>
<td>0.04</td>
<td>Penubaka Venkamma.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** 11.96

(Sd)

Accounts Officer, &
Dist. Development Officer (i.e),
Zilla Parishad, Nellore.
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT
FUNDS RELEASED
UNDER VARIOUS HEADS

222 L.A.Q. No. 5486 (Unstarred) Sri V. Rambhupal Chowdary,
Will the Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to State:

(a) the quantum of funds released by the Central Government under various heads like IRDP / RLEG / NREP etc. for the last three years ending 31-3-1986.

(b) the amount allocated for the Rural Development by the State Government during the said period.

ANSWER:

(a) The following funds were released by Central Government during 1983-84, 1984-85 and 1985-86 under various programmes as follows:-

(Rs. in lakhs)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1983-’84</th>
<th>1984-’85</th>
<th>1985-86</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I.R.D.P.</td>
<td>1190.00</td>
<td>1320.00</td>
<td>1333.192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASMA</td>
<td>547.12</td>
<td>591.02</td>
<td>455.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DWCRA</td>
<td>8.96</td>
<td>32.13</td>
<td>19.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRYSEM</td>
<td>8.056</td>
<td>2.541</td>
<td>8.936</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DPAP</td>
<td>434.765</td>
<td>495.00</td>
<td>414.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FWS</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RLEG</td>
<td>990.00</td>
<td>4040.10</td>
<td>3850.335 + Rs. 744.00 lakhs worth wheat ie., 49,600 M. Ts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NREP</td>
<td>2154.62</td>
<td>2267.45</td>
<td>1889.497 + Rs. 744.00 lakhs worth wheat ie., 49,600 M. Ts.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.**

(b) The following amounts have been allocated (released by the State Government during 1983-84, 1984-85 and 1985-86 towards State share for the various programmes as follows :-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1983-'84</th>
<th>1984-'85</th>
<th>1985-'86</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I.R.D.P.</td>
<td>1469.68</td>
<td>1398.45</td>
<td>1333.742</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASMA</td>
<td>447.12</td>
<td>555.40</td>
<td>825.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DWCRA</td>
<td>8.96</td>
<td>32.55</td>
<td>19.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRYSEM</td>
<td>6.451</td>
<td>2.461</td>
<td>3.545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DPAP</td>
<td>434.765</td>
<td>494.00</td>
<td>414.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FWS</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Rs. in lakhs)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1983-'84</th>
<th>1984-'85</th>
<th>1985-'86</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RLEGPR</td>
<td>2078.66</td>
<td>2267.45</td>
<td>2125.075</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Industries of physically handicapped

(a) Whether there is any proposal to establish industries for providing employment to the physically handicapped persons:

(b) Whether Mandal Head Quarters and Backward Districts will be taken as units; and

(c) If so, the particulars thereof,

**ANSWER :**

(a) Yes Sir, Production Units are being established to provide employment to the handicapped.
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

(b) No Sir. The concentration of handicapped persons in a district would be taken as the criterion for establishing these units, subject to availability of suitable land and accommodation.

(c) Does not arise.

However the list of existing units is appended.

List of Production Unit set up by A.P. Vikalangula Cooperative Corporation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Production Unit</th>
<th>Place of location</th>
<th>No. of handicapped engaged in the Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I) 1.</td>
<td>Tricycle Unit</td>
<td>Taranaka, Hyd.</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II) 1.</td>
<td>Cycle Rickshaw Assembling Unit</td>
<td>Taranaka, Hyd.</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>Ananthapur</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III) 1.</td>
<td>Orosal Project</td>
<td>I. P. M., Hyderabad</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV)</td>
<td>I.D L. Wire Cutting</td>
<td>Moosapet, Hyderabad</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V)</td>
<td>Caning &amp; Recaning Unit.</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI)</td>
<td>Carpentry Unit.</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VII)</td>
<td>Educational Aid Unit</td>
<td>Taranaka, Hyderabad</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIII)</td>
<td>Steel Trunk Boxes making Unit.</td>
<td>Training-cum-production Centre. Vizag.</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IX)</td>
<td>M.C.R. Chappal Making unit</td>
<td>Moulali, Hyderabad</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X)</td>
<td>Artificial Limb Making Unit.</td>
<td>N.I.M.S.</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 2. Ranichandramati Devi Hospital. Vizag 2
3. Govt. General Hospital Nellore 1
4. Govt. Headquarters Mahaboobnagar 1
5. M. G. M. Hospital Warangal 1

#### XI) HEARING AIDS CENTRES:
1. Gandhi Hospital Secunderabad 2
2. Govt. ENT. Hospital Hyderabad 2
3. Ranichandramati Devi Hospital Vizag 1
4. Govt. General Hospital Kakinada.

#### XII) 1. Weaving & Gauze cloth making unit S. M. Puram Srikakulam 5
2. Caning & recaning unit -do- 10
3. Chalk crayons unit Anantapur 5
4. -do- Nizamabad 5
5. Caning & recaning unit Sadasivapet 5

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Singareni Collieries Consumers Co-op Society.

224 L. A. Q. No. 2918 (Unstarred) Sarvasri N. Narasimha Reddy, Sambaiah, and C. Narsi Reddy, Will the Minister for Cooperation be pleased to the state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Singareni Collieries Consumers Cooperative Societies are running on loss;

(b) if so the amount of loss being incurred; and

(c) the reasons therefor.

Answer:

(a) Yes Sir,
Written Answers to
Unstarred Questions

(b) The accounts of the Stores were audited up to 1981-82 and the total loss sustained by the stores is Rs. 10,36,689/- up to the end of financial year 1981-82.

The accounts for the year 1982-83 are under audit and it is expected that the same be over shortly.

(c) The following are the reasons for incurring losses:

i) Heavy establishment charges.

ii) The Stores is entrusted with the distribution of levy sugar etc. The Civil Supplies authorities are reported to be supplying sugar without weighment and the Stores is losing 0.5 kg on an average per quintal. Its correspondence with the Civil Supplies Department to arrange for issue of sugar on weighment did not yield any result.

iii) Meagre margin of profit in the sale of levy sugar.

iv) Adopting graded scales of pay to its employees and also extension of facilities like V.D.A. Home Town L.T.C., All India L.T.C. in a block of 4 years.

v) Due to its employees for a period of two months.

vi) Due to shortage of stocks.

Various steps are being taken by the Institution to reduce the losses.

Rice Business by Nandamur Co-op Society

L A. Q. No. 3427 (Unstarred) Sri M. Baga Reddy, Will the Minister for Cooperation be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that Nandamur Large Scale Cooperative Credit Society has carried rice milling business in 1983-84, 1984-85;

(b) if so, whether it is a fact that the Management has shown only 48% recovery as against 66% per quintal resulting in short fall of 18 KGs per quintal;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the Society has incurred loss Rs. 1,20,000/-; and

(d) if so, the steps taken to recover the same from the persons responsible?
326 31st July, Thursday 1986

Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

ANSWER :

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir. The percentage of recovery during 1983-84 was 54% and in 1984-85, 57.4%.

(c) During the year 1983-84, the society had earned a gross profit of Rs. 46,765-77 in procurement business. But during 1984-85, it sustained a gross loss of Rs. 1,05,403-96.

(d) During 1983-84 there was a deficit in paddy stock to the extent of 102 qtls. There was also a gross loss of Rs. 1,05,403-96 in the subsequent year 1984-85. An inspection under section 52 of the A.P. Cooperative Societies Act has been ordered on 13-2-86 and Extension Officer (Cooperation) Bantumilli authorised to conduct the inspection with a view to fix up responsibility for the deficits in paddy in 1983-84 and loss in 1984-85. Action for recovery of amount involved in the deficits and loss will be taken up on receipt of inspection report by the District Cooperative Officer, Krishna, Machilipatnam.

Misappropriation in Alur Co-operative Societies

226 L. A. Q. No. 4512 (US) Sri M. Eranna, will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact large scale misappropriation took place in the Co-operative Societies of Chinthakunta and Ingaladhalu Villages in Alur Taluk;

b) If so, action taken against the President and the officials concerned?

ANSWER:

a) No, Sir. But in Chintakunta Large Sized Co-operative Society there is a deficit of Rs. 7,413.53 Ps. in the Kirana section of the society. In respect of Ingaladhalu Large Sized Co-operative Society the Ex-President had retained heavy cash balance of Rs. 13,316.19 with him.

b) In respect of the deficit of the amount of Rs. 7,413.53 Ps. the Salesman of the Chintakunta Large Sized Co-operative Society has produced before the enquiry officer a hand receipt for
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions

Rs. 4,800-00 said to have been issued by the Ex-President (Sri R.N. Prasad) which was denied by the Ex-President. The hand receipt was referred to Director Forensic Sciences Laboratory on 26—8—85. The report is awaited. In the meanwhile the Divisional Co-operative Officer, Adoni instructed the Extension Officer (Co-operation), Alur to adjust the arrear salary of the Salesman amounting to Rs. 1,680-00 towards the deficit in the cash balance.

In respect of the Ingaladhalu Large Sized Co-operative Society Sri K. Hanuman Reddy the Ex-President, who was retained heavy cash balance was served with a notice for re-crediting the entire amount to the society. The Ex-President has remitted the entire amount due to the society.

FIBER GLASS BOATS

L. A. Q. No. 5070 (Unstarred) Sri Ch. Jayaram Babu, Will the Honourable Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be pleased to State:

(a) Whether Fishermen Cooperative Societies have purchased fibre glass boats? and

(b) The cost of the said Boats and to whom they have been allotted?

ANSWER;

(a) Money required for purchase of Fibre Glass Boats (Beach Landing Crafts) by the Fishermen Cooperative Societies has been released, Boats are under construction.

(b) The cost of each Beach Landing Craft along with accessories is Rs 1.22 lakhs. The list of Fishermen Cooperative Societies to whom Boats are allotted is furnished below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Fishermen Cooperative Society</th>
<th>Name of the District</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Uppalanka</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Sorlagondi</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Etimoga</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Sri Venkateswara</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Gondi</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
328 31st July, Thursday 1986

Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

6. Pedajalaripeta Visakhapatnam
7. Jalari Yandada Visakhapatnam
8. Donkur Srikakulm
9. Pegadalapeta East Godavari
10. Mukkam Vizianagaram
11. Pedduru Vizianagaram
12. Tennela Visakhapatnam
13. Cobalpet Krishna
14. Garladibba Krishna

VETERINARY HOSPITALS

228 L. A. Q. No. 5356 (Unstarred) Sri Chikkala Rama-chandra Rao, Will the Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry be pleased to State:

(a) The criteria fixed by the Government to sanction Veterinary Hospitals;

(b) Whether any restrictions have been imposed for opening these hospitals in the villages; and

(c) if so, the particulars thereof?

ANSWER:-

(a), (b) & (c) :—

Sanction of New Veterinary Institutions will be considered depending upon merits and priorities of the village with special reference to the Livestock population when compared to other places in the District, depending upon availability of fund from Government subject to the following conditions :-

(1) Normally a place is selected for opening of Veterinary Institution, which is not within a distance of 8 Kilometres from the already existing Veterinary Institution.

(b) villagers should provide rent free accommodation to locate the Institution;

(3) An agreement should be executed by the concerned Panchayat or people's committee that a permanent
building will be constructed by them within a period of one or two years as per the approved plan and donated to the Department, preferably the building should be constructed on Government land.

(4) Necessary furniture should come as donation as Government money cannot be spent on this item.

(5) Medicines and equipment for not less than Rs. 5000 should also come as donation either from Panchayat or from the Public as donation.

**MURDER OF RAJAYYA**

229 L. A. Q. No. 1357 (Unstarred) Shri M. Omkar, Will the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

a) Whether it is a fact that one casual worker at University of Hyderabad by name Kumari Rajayya S/o Achayya aged 30 years was murdered on 24-07-85.

b) if so, the action taken thereon?

**ANSWER:**

a) Yes Sir,

b) A case was registered in Cr. No. 202/85 u/s 302 IPS at Ramchandrapuram P.S. The case is still under investigation for want of clues.

**Attrocities Committed Against Harijans and Girijans**

230 L. A. Q. No. 2238 (Unstarred) Sri J. Chittaranjan Das will, the Minister for Home be pleased to state—

a) The number of cases booked regarding the atrocities committed against harijans and girijans during the last two years;

b) the number of cases disposed of and the nature of Punishment awarded in each case?

**ANSWER—**

(a) Number of cases booked —
Scheduled Castes | Year | No. of cases | Girijans: | Year | No. of cases
--- | --- | --- | --- | --- | ---
1983 | — | 181 | 1983 | — | 32
1984 | — | 192 | 1984 | — | 52

(b) (i) No. of Cases disposed of:

| Scheduled Castes | Year | No. of cases | Girijans | Year | No. of cases
--- | --- | --- | --- | --- | ---
1983 | — | 17 | 1983 | — | 4
1984 | — | 19 | 1984 | — | 3

(ii) Nature of Punishment awarded in each case is as follows:

(1) Cr. No, 60/83 U/s. 324, 307 and 302 IPC of Allur P. S. of Nellore District.

Accused Gokala Subbarami Reddy was convicted for life imprisonment u/s. 302 IPC and RI for 5 years U/s. 307 IPC in SC No. 73/38 of Addl. Sessions Judge. Nellore Dt. 3-2-1984.

(2) Cr. No. 25/83 U/s. 302 IPC of Gurazala P.S. of Guntur District.

Accused Bakkireddy Peda Koti Reddy, s/o. Peda Yellamanda Reddy 50 years, of Rentala was convicted to life imprisonment by Principal Sessions Judge, Guntur in SC No. 83/83 on 23-8-1983.

(3) Cr. No. 18/83 U/s. 376 IPC of Pedakurapadu P. S. of Guntur District.

Accused Gattineni @ Gattamneni Venkaiah, s/o. Ramaiah age 18 years, of Mussapuram was convicted to 3 years R. I. and fined Rs. 100-00 indefault one month S. I. by Additional Assistant Sessions Judge, Narasaraopet in SC No. 178/84 dated 2-2-1984.

(4) Cr. No. 1/84 U/s. 302 IPC of P.S. Kothagudem III Town P. S. of Khammam District.

Out of 10 accused A-2 P. Jaya Arjuna Rao, A-3 K. Satyanarayana were convicted for life and A-1 Venkata Swamy convicted to 5 years R.I. and remaining 7 accused are acquitted vide SC No. 98/84 on 30. 85 by Sessions Judge, Khammam.
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions

(5) Cr. No. 70/84 of Nidadavole P.S. of West Godavari District (Other IPC Case)

(6) Cr. No. 32/84 of Penugonda P.S. West Godavari Dist. (Other IPC Case)

(7) Cr. No. 49/84 of Tadikalapudi P.S., West Godavari Dist. (Other IPC Case)

(8) Cr. No. 35/83, u/s. 302 IPC of Veerava saram P.S., West Godavari District.

Accused was convicted and bound over to be of good behaviour for a period of 6 months with self-surety by Taluq Executive Magistrate, Kovvur in M. C. No. 11/84 on 8-3-1984.

Accused was convicted and sentenced to R. I. for 6 months by Spl. Mobile Magistrate, Eluru in C. C. No. 188/84 on 29-9-1984.

Accused was convicted and sentenced to suffer R. I. for 10 weeks u/s 211 Cr. P.C. by Judicial First Class Magistrate, Special Mobile Court, Eluru in C. C. No. 307/83.

Accused (A 1 was convicted and sentenced to suffer R. I. for 7 years A 2 and A 3 were also convicted and sentenced to suffer R. I. for a period of 6 months by Additional Sessions Judge, Eluru in SC No. 51/83 on 5-12-1983.

Police Stations in the State

231 L. A. Q. No. 3565 (Unstarred) Sri Jakka Venkaiah, P. Ramaiah, and K. Adenna, Will the Hon’ble Minister for Home be pleased to State?

(a) The number of Police Stations in the state and the number of them in private buildings.

(b) The expenditure incurred annually towards rents for locating them in private buildings.

(c) The number of Police stations Opened during 1985-86 at Mandal Headquarters and the staff working there at?

ANSWER—

(a) The total number of Police Stations in the State is 1082 Out of these 274 Police Stations are located in Private Buildings.

(b) The total expenditure incurred annually towards rents for locating them in Private Buildings is Rs. 6, 58, 825/-.
(c) The number of Police Stations opened during 1985-86 at Mandal Headquarters is (Five). The staff working in them is as follows:

- Sub Inspectors - 5
- Assistant Sub Inspectors - 7
- Head Constables - 12
- Police Constables - 65
- Total - 89

**MURDERED OF TEACHER**

232 L. A. Q. No. 3846-A (Unstarred) Sri Ch. Vidyasagar

(a) Whether it is a fact that Sri Kothi Papireddy, teacher working in the High School at Nalgonda was brutally murdered in the month of December, 1985.

(b) if so, whether the Government is able to apprehend the culprits?

**ANSWER:**

(a) No Sir, He committed suicide by taking poison. As such the case has been treated as one of suicide.

(b) Does not arise.

**Rape of Lambady house wife**

233 L. A. Q. No. 4489 (Unstarred) Sri M. Eeranna, Will the Minister for Home may please be to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that 5 persons had raped a Lambady house-wife, a resident of Gajularamaram area near Balanagar.

(b) if so, whether any case was booked and the details thereof?

**ANSWER:**

(a) On the night intervening 14/15-12-85 5 accused namely B. Ramulu, M. Narsimha, Nunne Pochaiah, Durgaiah and Bahadur Singh entered the hut of Lambada Ramulu situated in Shirdi Saibabapagar, Cajularamaram village, posing themselves as police, beat him and due to fear lambada Ramulu ran away and then they raped his wife Smt. Laxmidevi aged about 23 years.

(b) A case Crime No. 104/85 u/s 376, 323 IPC was registered in Durgapur Police Station on 15-12-1985. One of the accused Bahadur was...
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

P. S. Chennur. The accused was arrested and sent to judicial remand. He was placed under suspension. The case was charged on 30-01-1986.

SALE OF WOMAN

237 L. A. Q. No. 4547 A (Unstarred) Sri M. Eranna, Will the Minister for Home be pleased to state.

(a) Whether it is fact that Gangadharam and his sister of Thirupathi have sold away their sister-in-law for an amount of Rs. 1, 600/- to Begum Azeem of Madras, who is running a brothal house.

(b) Whether any case was registered in this regard and the details thereof.

Answer:

(a) Yes sir, Gangadharam and Savithri took Rs. 400,— only from S. K. Begum as an advance and not. Rs. 1,600/-

(b) A case in Cr. No. 4/86 u/s 363 IPC was initially registered on a complaint from Shri Gangadharam, alleging that S. K. Begum kidnapped Smt. Jaya from their house. During the course of investigation, it was disclosed that Smt. Jaya was kidnaped by S. K. Begum but actually she was sold away by the accused Gangadharam and his sister Savithri. After completion of investigation, the case was charged u/s 372, 373, IPC on 07-2-1986.

Burning of an Individual in Jogipet Taluk

238 L. A. Q. No. 4548 (Unstarred) Sri M. Eranna, Will the Minister for Home be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that Shaik Babumia was burnt alive by the villagers of Kurthiwada in Jogipet Taluk.

(b) if so, whether any case has been booked and details thereof?

HOME (POLICE) DEPARTMENT

Answer:

(a) On 7-10-1985 at about 5 p.m. Shaik Babumia was burnt alive at Kurthiwada village of Jogipet taluk by (1) Yousf (2) Iqbal (3) Kareem (4) Fakeer (5) Moinddin (6) Goribee (7) Ghouriabee
R/o Kurthiwada (v) of Jogipet taluk as the deceased was suspected to be practising bhanamath.

(b) A case has been registered in Cr. 90/85 u/s 147, 341, 342, 302 and 201 IPC at Papannapet P. S. of Jogipet Circle. All the accused have been arrested on the same day and remanded to judicial custody. The case has been charged in M. M. Court. Jogipet on 11-12-85 and committed to Sessions Court, Sangareddy vide P. R. C. No. 18/86. The accused and the deceased are agriculturists residing at Kurthiwada village. They are also related. The deceased used to pose himself as a witch doctor who can cure bhanamath.

Murdered of Lawyer at Bodevandlapalli

239 L. A. Q. No. 5419 (Unstarred) Shri M. Omkar, C. Vittal Reddy and Y. Mallesh, Will the Minister for Home be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that some goondas have murdered Sri Chandrasekhara Reddy a leading lawyer and a retired IAS officer in the bus on 26-11-84 in Bodevandlapalli (v) Chittoor District.

(b) If so, whether any case has been booked and the action taken to apprehend the culprits.

ANSWER: -

(a) Sri Chandrasekhara Reddy a Criminal Lawyer was murdered on 27-11-1984 at 15-00 hours while he was travelling in R.T.C. bus between Bodevandlapalli and Piler. The deceased was not a retired IAS Officer.

(b) A case in Cr. No. 67/84 u/s 147, 148, 302 IPC r/w 149 IPC and sec. 27 of I.A. Act was registered in Bhakarapet P. S. Out of 8 accused, 3 were arrested and sent for remand while the other 3 secured anticipatory bail. The case was charged and is P.T.

Godowns at Avanigadda

240 L. A. Q. No. 4947 (Unstarred) Sri S. Satyanarayana Rao and Sri K. Vankata Rao, Will the Minister for Small Scale Industries and Marketing be pleased to State:

(a) Whether there is any proposal to acquire land for godowns of Avanigadda Marketing Society, Krishna District;
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions

(b) if so, the time by which the land is expected to be acquired?

ANSWER:

(a) Yes Sir,

There is a proposal for acquisition of land for construction of godowns by the Agricultural Market Committee, Divi at the Market Yard, Avanigadda.

(b) The Agricultural Market Committee, Divi, Krishna District was permitted in June, 1983 to acquire an area of Ac. 15.64 at Avanigadda. The Land Acquisition issue is pending with Revenue Authorities and the land will be acquired as soon as the land acquisition proceedings are completed.

WORKS OF MARKET YARDS

241 L. A. Q. No. 5059 (Un-starred) Sri K. Adenna, will the Minister for SSI Marketing be pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact that developmental works worth crores of rupees in the Market Yards are lagging behind due to shortage of Engineering Staff.

b) If so the steps taken.

ANSWER:

a) Yes, Sir. The existing Engineering staff is not adequate to execute works to the tune of Rs. 26.70 crores under implementation in Market Yards.

b) Proposals for creation of 40 additional posts of Assistant Engineers and 2 posts of Executive Engineers with supporting staff, are under consideration of Government.

Grants Released for Provincialised Teachers Towards Loans

242 Unstarred L. A. Q. No. 2709 Sri D. Veerabhadra Rao will the Minister for Education be pleased to State:

a) Whether Government sanctioned I. T. C., Educational Advances, Marriage Advances, House Building Loans and Leave encashment to the provincialised teachers; and
b) If so, the amount of grant released for 1985-86 towards the same.

ANSWER—

a) Except Marriage advance, other concessions, such as L. T. C., Educational and House Building advances have been sanctioned to the provincialised P. R. Teachers in the following G. Os:-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Surrender leave (Encashment of leave.)</td>
<td>G. O. Ms. No. 418, Edn.</td>
<td>dt. 18-4-1979, and</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b) L. T. C.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>House Building Advance</th>
<th>7-00 Crores</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Surrender leave</td>
<td>1-00 Crore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational Advance</td>
<td>1-35 Crores</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It was ordered in Memo No. 708 / SSE — 1 / 84 – 10, Edn. dt. 13-2-86 that sanction of Educational Advances to the P. R. Teachers be made from the academic year 1986-87, duly meeting the expenditure from the salary grants released to P. R. bodies and any short fall in the requirement under salary grants be covered at the end of the financial year by supplementary grant or otherwise.

Teachers at Residential Boys School Bellampally

243 L. A. Q. No. 3456 (Unstarred) Sri B. Janardhan, S. Venugopalachary, A. Hanumantha Reddy, S. Chandramouli, M. A. Ls., Will the Minister for Education be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that there are no teachers in the Residential Boys School, Bellamapally.
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

(b) Whether it is a fact that water is not fit for drinking purpose; and

(c) if so, the steps taken by the Government in the matter?

ANSWER—

(a) No, Sir. All the posts of teaching staff have been filled up.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Alternative arrangement for drinking water was made i.e. two cart loads of (One drum each) drinking water is being conveyed from the river Bugwa (which is 4 K. Ms. away from the School) per day at Rs. 450/- per month for drinking purpose of the inmates of the school.

Lectures in Brahmananda Reddy College

244 L. A. Q. No. 3924 (Unstarred) Sri G. Yadagiri, P. Venkata Reddy, Will the Hon'ble Minister for Education be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it has come to the notice of the Govt. that the students are facing difficulties due to insufficient number of Lecturers in Sri Kasu Brahmananda Reddy Govt. College, Macherla Town Guntur district.

(b) Whether the Govt. are aware by the fact that there are no Lecturers for Chemistry, Zoology Politics and Economics, Since the last two years:

(c) Whether it is also a fact that Librarians have not been appointed there since last two years; and

(d) If so, the action taken by the Govt. for posting the Lecturers and Librarians?

Answer:

(a) No Sir.

(b) No Sir, It is not a fact.

(c) Yes Sir.

(d) Action is being taken to fill up the post of Librarian soon.
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

Commission for School Grants

(a) Whether there is any proposal with the Government to start a School Grants Commission on the lines of University Grants Commission at the State level; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

Answer:

(a) No Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

Recruitment Board of Teacher

(a) whether it is a fact that a Board has been constituted for the recruitment of teachers to schools; and

(b) the members of the said Board?

Answer:

(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

Construction of Public Gardens at N. S. Project

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Government incurred any expenditure on civil construction for development of public gardens of tourist attraction at N S. Project;

ANSWER:

(a) During May, 1982, the Government have decided to take up a programme of beautification of N. S. Project area with an educational contest and the programme was named as Buddha Jyothi Project. The following are the major components of work contemplated under Buddha Jyothi Project and the cost of the Project is tentatively estimated to be Rs. 16.48 Crores.
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions

(i) Establishment of a Botanical garden the Tiger Valley at Vijayapuri North;

(ii) Establishment of a landscape garden on the right flank at Vijayapuri South;

(iii) Erection of a monolithic statue of Buddha of 80' height on the right bank of river Krishna. Some work under this project have been taken up and expected up to 6/84 incurring the following expenditure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Botanical garden</th>
<th>Landscape garden</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Actual expenditure upto the end of 6/84. Rs. 14,75,547/-</td>
<td>Rs. 6,44,400/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Value of work done but not paid. Rs. 78,248/-</td>
<td>Rs. 1,37,811/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition, works to a value of Rs. 10,67,000/- towards barbed wire fencing to Botanical garden etc was incurred.

In June, 1984, orders were issued deferring execution of further works on the major components of the Buddha Jyothi Project and allied works until further orders keeping in view the ways and means position of the State Government;

In order to ensure that the expenditure already incurred would not become infructuous after the scheme was deferred permission was given in February, 1986 to the Chief Engineer to complete some balance works incurring an expenditure of Rs. 5,31,000/- to bring them to safe stage.

Besides the works under Buddha Jyothi Project, the following Lawns and parks are also being maintained from the funds available under the maintenance grant of N, S. Dam:-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the garden</th>
<th>Expenditure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Park around Vijayavihar Guest House</td>
<td>Rs. 0.78 Lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Park between view point and Pylon filter house</td>
<td>Rs. 4.30 Lakhs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Improvements to the garden in between view point and pylon filter house. Rs. 9.70 Lakhs.

4. Right side training wall gardens at EL +250.00 Rs. 4.20 Lakhs.

5. Garden on right side along right canal adjacent to earthdam. Rs. 3.56 Laksh.

TOTAL Rs. 22.54 Laksh.

b) if so the amount required for raising public gardens?

c) When will the Government release the required amount?

ANSWER-

b) If the Buddha Jyothi Project is revived, an amount of Rs. 2075-67 lakhs as per the current schedule of rates and present market rates of materials would be required for completing the balance works;

c) Does not arise for the present, as the scheme itself is deferred.

Widening of Irrigation Canal from Rajahmundry to Samalkot

L. A. Q. No. 1566 (Unstarred) Sri T. S. L. Naicker will the Minister for Major and Medium Irrigation be pleased to state:

a) The amount allotted by the Government for the widening of main Irrigation canal from Rajahmundry to Samalkot;

b) The amount spent so far to widen the said Irrigation Canal; and

c) If so, the time by which it will be completed?

ANSWER-

a) The amount allotted for widening of Main Irrigation Canal from Dowleswaram Head Sluice to Samlkot was Rs. 136.487 lakhs up to 1985 - '86;
b) The amount allotted so far has been spent entirely

c) It is proposed to complete this work during the VII Plan.

Balancing Reservoir at Yarranobinapally

24) L. A. Q. No. 1687 (Unstarred) Sri N. Sreeramulu, Will the Minister for Major & Medium Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) Whether sanction is accorded for construction of balancing reservoir at Yarravobinapally in Darsi Revenue Mandal, Prakasam Dist. for which Survey is completed;

(b) Whether it is a fact that a bridge was half completed obstructing transport over N. S. Project Darsi Branch Canal near Peddavaram (v) in Kurichedu Mandal of Prakasam Dist. and

(c) The reasons for not completing the bridge?

ANSWER—

(a) The Chief Engineer, Investigation is at present investigating the scheme of forming reservoir across Musi near Yerravobinapalli (v) Darsi Mandal in Prakasam Dist. The Details of the scheme will be known after detailed investigation is completed. Therefore the scheme is not yet sanctioned.

(b) Yer, Sir,

(c) In 3/82, administrative approval was accorded by the Govt. to the revised estimate for construction of single lane bridge at M. 5'5—372 on Darsi Branch Canal of N. S. Rt. Canal. The work was entrusted to the contractor in 1982 itself. But, the contractor has abandoned the work after executing the work to some extent costing Rs.28,928/- and not resumed the work inspite of repeated notices issued. The contract was therefore determined in 11/84.

The balance work is programmed for completion in the canal closure of 1986 and the tenders have also been called for.

The revised estimate for the work is under examination of the Government,

Carrying Capacity of N.S. Right Main Canal

250 L.A.Q. No. 1890 Q (Unstarred) Sri S. Sambaiah Ch. Jyarambabu will the Minister for Major & Medium Irrigation be pleased to state ; -
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Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

a) The amount spent so far for increasing of the carrying capacity of the N.S. Right Canals after taking the decision by the Govt. in 1981.

b) Whether there are any estimates proposed for the same is pending with the Government.

ANSWER :-

a) The following 3 works were contemplated for increasing the carrying capacity of N. S. Right Main Canal and for safe discharge in the Canal :-

(i) Raising of lanks of N. s. Right Main Canal from M/o to M. 57/2.

(ii) Widening (Ramoldelling) of N.S. Right Main Canal from M. 57/2 to M. 126/0.

(iii) Lining of Vulnerable reaches of N. S. Right Main Canal from M. 0/0 to M. 57/2. of the above 3(three) works, the work against Item (i) above has been completed incurring an amount of Rs. 176.00 lakhs. The Second work is in progress and the amount spent to end of 1/86 is Rs. 324.861 lakhs. The third work is being taken up during the current year.

Thus the amount spent so far for increasing the carrying capacity of N. S. Right Main Canal is :

1) for raising banks up to M. 57/2. ...... Rs. 176.00 lakhs.

2) for widening from M 57/2 M. 126/0. ...... Rs. 324.816 lakhs.

Total Rs. 500.861 lakhs.

(b) (i) In G.O .Ms. No. 231, Ir & Pr (PW) Dept., dt.21-7-80 Government accord administrative approval to the estimate for remodelling (widening) of N. S. Right Canal from M. 57/2 to M. 126/0 for Rs. 4.41 Crores. During Feb. 86, the Chief Engineer, N. S. Project has submitted a revised estimate for the same work for Rs. 631.59 lakhs and the revised estimate is under consideration of the Government.
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(ii) In Govt. Memo. No. 35 NSP. II (I) 33-19, dt. 24-2-86, permission was accorded to the Chief Engineer, N. S. Project to take necessary steps for the lining of vulnerable reaches identified by him between M. 0,0 to M. 57/2 of N. S. Right Canals, pending administrative approval of the estimate and the Chief Engineer was requested to submit the estimate for lining of the vulnerable reaches after making necessary provision in the project Estimate. On its receipt, the estimate will be considered by the Government.

PAYMENTS TO SUSPENDED OFFICERS

251 L. A. Q. No. 2943 (Unstarred) Dr. M. V. Mysoreddy,
Will the Minister for Major and Medium Irrigation be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the High Court ordered on Monday the 30th September 1985 that if for any reason within three months from now the State Government failed to launch prosecution against the 29 suspended officers or serve the charge Memos on them, those officers would be considered to have been reinstated in service and orders of their suspension pending enquiry stood suspended by the High Court.

(b) Whether it is also a fact that the same Court passed orders directing the payment of full salary to the said officers under suspension having regard to the delay that has occurred;

(c) Whether the Government concede that because of the inordinate delay on the part of the Government the public exchequer has to bear the heavy burden of payment of full salaries for a period of more than three years; and

(d) If so, what are the causes for delay and who, if any, are responsible for the delay and what action the Govt. proposes to take in this matter?

ANSWER:

(a) The High Court in its orders dated 1-10-1995 and 16-10-1985 while vacating the interim stay orders passed in respect of 23 Officers against their suspension order, directed that if within a period of 3 months prosecution is not launched individually against the officers or charge Memos are not served on them, they
stand reinstated to service and their suspension orders thereafter in that contingency stand suspended.

(b) Yes. Sir.

(c) & (d) In the Nellore Jungle clearance case 36 Officers were placed under suspension pending enquiry into the irregularities. The case was entrusted to the Director, Anti-Corruption Bureau for investigation and enquiry in September, 1981. The Director, Anti-Corruption Bureau in his letter dated : 15-5-82 has intimated that the records relating to these works (ranging from 1978 to 1981) run to thousands and they have to be scrutinised and physical verification of works has to be carried out to establish the actual financial loss to Government. As it would not be possible for the present staff to complete the enquiry, he has requested the Government to spare the services of one Executive Engineer, 4 Assistant Engineers; 7 Junior Engineers / Supervisors and 3 Typists besides 3 jeeps etc. and accommodation for expeditious completion of the enquiry. In Government Memo, dated 20-5-82 necessary instructions were issued to the Engineer in chief to spare the services of staff etc. to the Director, Anti-Corruption Bureau. While the matter was under investigation by the Anti-Corruption Bureau, 30 Officers filed Writ petitions in the High Court and obtained interim directions for the reinstatement into service. In pursuance of the interim directions passed by the High Court all the 30 persons were reinstated into service without prejudice to the result of the case pending against them. In July, 1985 the Director, Anti-Corruption Bureau has submitted his final report. There is one allegation in respect of each work i.e. 91 allegations in all for the purpose of investigation. The Anti-Corruption Bureau recommended prosecution of the Officers in respect of 38 allegations and to place the officers on their defence before the T. D. P. in respect of other allegations. The Anti-Corruption Bureau has also recommended for the creation of one post of Special Judge in the S. P. E. and A. C. B. Court and to appoint an additional member in the T. D. P. exclusively to attend to this work. After examining the above report of the Director, Anti-Corruption Bureau it has been decided to launch criminal prosecution against the officers in respect of the allegations where prosecution could be launched in the Court of S. P. E. and A. C. B., and to place the officers on their defence before the T. D. P. in respect of other allegations. It has also been decided to create one post of Additional Judge in the S. P. E. and A. C. B. Court, and to appoint an additional member in the T. D. P. exclusively to try
Written Answers to
Unstarred Questions

these cases. Necessary orders have since been issued placing the
officers on their defence before the T. D. P. As regards prosecution,
certain further particulars called for from the Director, Anti-
Corruption Bureau are awaited. In view of the above position,
vacation petition has been filed in the High Court for vacation of
the interim stay granted. The High Court vacated the interim
orders passed in respect of 23 officers. In as much as the Judge-
ment of the High Court for payment of full salary during the
period of suspension is against Fundamental Rule; and the delay
in submission of the report by the Anti-Corruption Bureau is due
to the facts mentioned above an S. L. P. has been filed in the
Supreme Court against the Judgment of the High Court and its
result is awaited.

ELERU PROJECT

252  L. A. Q. No. 4135 (Unstarred) Sri V. Sreeramulu,
V. Jayapal, V. Rambhupal Chowdary, Will the Minister for Medium
Irrigation be pleased to State:

(a) The funds allotted for Eleru Project during this year; and

(b) the time by which water will be supplied to the Visakha-
patnam Steel Plant?

ANSWER–

(a) An amount of Rs. 19.35 crores was provided for Yeleru
Reservoir Project during the year 1985-86.

(b) 73 MGD of water is tentatively programmed to be
supplied to Visakhapatnam Steel Plant by June, 1990 subject to
availability of funds.

World Bank Loan for Srisailam Right Canal

253  L. A. Q. No. 4364 (Unstarred) S/ Sri N. Raghava Reddy
Kunja Bojji, B. Venkateshwar Rao, A. Laxminarayana, C. Vittal
Reddy will the Minister for Major and Medium Irrigation be
pleased to state:-

(a) Whether it is a fact that 30% loan component is taken
by the Central Govt; from the world Bank Loan san-
tioned for Srisailam Right Canal and Sri ramsagar
Projects.
(b) if so, the reasons therefor.

ANSWER–

(a & b) All external assistance for developmental activity or for a project in the State will have to be normally channelled through the Government of India, and funds received from the Aid Giving Agencies are credited to the Budget of Government of India. Since, 1977, up to 70% of the amount received as external assistance is passed on to the concerned State Governments as additionality to the normal Central assistance to the State Plan. The terms for "additionality" to Central assistance will be on the same pattern as normal central assistance (70% loan and 30% grant whatever be the terms of loan given by Externally aided projects). Based on the above pattern of assistance the Second A. P. Irrigation Projects (Srisailam Right Bank Canal and Sriramsagar Project) will get 70% of the loan amount proposed to be given by the World Bank through the Govt. of India by retaining 30% loan amount with them.

ONGOING
IRRIGATION SCHEMES

254  L. A. Q. No. 4378 (Unstarred) Sri R. Chenga Reddy,
Will the Minister for Major and Medium Irrigation be pleased to State:

(a) the amounts required to complete the Ongoing Scheme Major or Medium Irrigation Projects in the State; and

(b) the time by which they are expected to be completed?

ANSWER:

(a) & (b) A total amount of Rs.2576.84 crores is required beyond March, 1986 for completion of the Ongoing Major and Medium Irrigation Projects in the State. A Statement showing the amount required to complete the Ongoing Major and Medium Irrigation Projects in the State and the probable date of their completion is placed on the Table of House.
### STATEMENT SHOWING THE LATEST ESTIMATED COST BALANCE AMOUNT REQUIRED FOR ON-GOING MAJOR AND MEDIUM IRRGN. PROJECTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Project</th>
<th>Balance amount required for completion beyond March, 1986. (Rs. in lacs)</th>
<th>Probable time by which the Scheme will be completed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1458.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>a) Vamsadhara Project St-I.</td>
<td>1647.57</td>
<td>1990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Vamsadhara Project St-II.</td>
<td>15107.69</td>
<td>Initial stage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>TBP. HLC. Stage-III</td>
<td>5797.48</td>
<td>1988-89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Yeleru Reservoir Project</td>
<td>9315.057</td>
<td>June, 1988</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>33495.367</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Sriramganga Project</td>
<td>43338.11</td>
<td>1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Telugu Ganga Project</td>
<td>53986.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
31st July, Thursday 1986

Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1.</th>
<th>2.</th>
<th>3.</th>
<th>4.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Srisailam Project Lt. Bank Canal.</td>
<td>47187.72</td>
<td>1994</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Somasila Project</td>
<td>7557.43</td>
<td>1989-90</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>198553.25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**IV NEW MAJOR IRRGN. PROJECTS OF SIXTH PLAN:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>13.</th>
<th>9123.58</th>
<th>1995</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jurala Project</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9123.58</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**V MEDIUM IRRGN. PROJECTS SPILL OVER MEDIUM IRRGN. SCHEMES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1.</th>
<th>10.42</th>
<th>Almost completed.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Pulivendla Canal (including Chitravathi Balancing Reservoir)</td>
<td>524.95</td>
<td>1986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Guntur Channel Scheme</td>
<td>100.21</td>
<td>June, 1986.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Thammileru Reservoir Scheme.</td>
<td>21.678</td>
<td>Stabilization.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1620.298</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Written Answers to
Unstarred Questions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.</th>
<th>2.</th>
<th>3.</th>
<th>4.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VI ONGOING MEDIUM IRRGN. PROJECTS OF VI PLAN</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Raiwada Project</td>
<td>355.56</td>
<td>1986-87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Janjhavathi Project</td>
<td>1068.61</td>
<td>1989-90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Madduvalasa Project</td>
<td>2611.71</td>
<td>June, 1989</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Vengalarayasagaram (Swarnamukhi Gomukhi or Dandigam)</td>
<td>1203.96</td>
<td>Sept., 1986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Cheyyeru Project</td>
<td>1694.83</td>
<td>1988-89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Malluruugavu Project</td>
<td>2.80</td>
<td>June, 1986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Vattivagu Project</td>
<td>1808.90</td>
<td>June, 1986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Yerrakalva Reservoir</td>
<td>1268.98</td>
<td>March, 1987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Scheme (K.L.Scheme)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Krishnapuram Project</td>
<td>134.50</td>
<td>June, 1987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Varadarajaswamigudi Project</td>
<td>1171.53</td>
<td>1989</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SCHMemes UNDER TRIBAL SUBPLAN:

| 17. | Peddavagu Project | 4.90 | June, 1986 |
| 18. | Taliperu Project  | 1133.93 | March, 1988 |
| 20. | Satnala Project   | 220.14  | 1988-89    |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>13433.065</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total of Med. Irrgn. Project</td>
<td>15053.363</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ABSTRACT**

Major Irrgn. Projects 13 Nos.  242630.317
Medium Irrgn. Projects 52 Nos.  15053.363

GRAND TOTAL  257683.680 orsay
  2576.84 crores.

World Bank a.d to Irrigation Projects

L. A. Q. No. 4812 (Unstarred) Sri R. Chenga Reddy, Y. S. Rajasekhar Reddy will the Minister for Major & Medium Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) The names of the Irrigation Projects for "which world Bank" Aid has been sought during VII-Five year Plan Period;

and

(b) The total amount required for the said Projects.

Answer –

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(A &amp; B) 1Ind A.P. Irrigation projects (1)</th>
<th>Total amount required by the Project (2)</th>
<th>Amount proposed to be spent during VII th Plan period (3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Srisailam (Right Bank Canal Sub-Project.</td>
<td>618.51</td>
<td>200-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Agreement signed on 28-5-86 with world Bank for</td>
<td>250-00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2) (Rs. in Crores)</th>
<th>(3) (Rs. in crores)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Sriramsagar</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Project</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I. D. A. Credit US 140</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBRD Loan 131 Million</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) National water Management Programme—</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Mylavarm Project</td>
<td></td>
<td>7.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) K. C. Canal (Selected Areas) in acres</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ayacut in Allagadda</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taluq including</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harivaram 10,000/-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply Channel in Cuddapah District</td>
<td>18,000</td>
<td>9.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tudicherla Canal in Kurnool District</td>
<td>24,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Rajolibanda diversion Scheme</td>
<td>7.24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) Selected areas under the Tungabhadra Project High Level Canal (Tailend area of Distributaries of L.L.C. and Kurnool branch canal 2.17,000 acres)</td>
<td>2.70</td>
<td>30.00 Crores</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) Nizamasagar Project</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(vi) Nagarjunasagar Project Blocks 1 to 6 in right and left canals</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(vii) Thandava Project in Visakhapatnam Dist. 5.00

Total cost 45.03 crores
involvement

BRIDGE ON NAGARJUNA CANAL

256 L. A, Q. No. 4990 (Unstarred) Sri K. I. Konda Reddy, will the Minister for Major & Medium Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the construction of a bridge across Nagarjunasagar Canal near Hasanapuram, H/o. Dupadu, Thripuranthakam Revenue Mandal, Prakasam Dist. was abandoned in 1983, after spending lakh of rupees and if so, reasons therefor?

(b) Whether the Govt., take steps to construct the said Bridge?

ANSWER:

(a) The work for construction of Cart Bridge at M. 109/3 440 of N. S. Right Canal near Hasanapuram was entrusted to the contractor in 3/81 itself, but the contractor suspended the work after executing the work to an extent of 38%, the cost which works out to about Rs. 1-00 lakh. The contract was therefore terminated duly forfeiting the E. M. D. The work was subsequently entrusted to another contractor who has not turned up even to sign the agreement. Hence, this tender was also cancelled duly for foiting the E. M. D. Later, it was considered necessary to change the specification and to complete the balance work.

(b) In view of the change in specification, the Chief Engineer, has revised the estimate and recast it for Rs. 6.751 Lakh adopting the SSRs of 1985-86 and the estimate is under consideration of the Government, Pending administrative approval, the Chief Engineer has instructed the Superintending Engineer concerned to receive tenders and settle the agency for completion of the balance work.
CHILAKALAGEDDA RESERVOIR

257 L.A.Q. No. 5216 (US) Sri L. B. Dukku, will the Minister for Major and Medium Irrigation be pleased to state

a) Whether there is any proposal to construct Chilakalagedda Reservoir in Sivnarapukota Mandal, Vijaynagaram district.

b) The amount allotted for the same:

c) The time by which it is likely to be started?

ANSWER-

a) The proposal is in the preliminary investigation stage which will be completed during this year.

b) & (c) Do not arise an investigation is yet to be completed.

PROJECTS SENT BY GOVT FOR APPROVAL

258 L. A. Q. No, 5401 (Unstarred) Sri C. NarsI Reddy, Will the Minister for Medium Irrigation be pleased to state.

(a) the number of projects sent by the State Government to the centre for its approval, What are they?

(b) the reasons for not getting their approval, and

(c) the attitude of the State Government in this regard.

ANSWER-

(a) The number of major and medium Irrigation Projects pending clearance from the central water Commission are given below:

MAJOR IRRIGATION PROJECTS:

1. Telugu Ganga Project,
2. Polavaram Project,
3. Varsadhar Stage II Project,
4. Sri ramasagar Project Stage II,
5. Sri sailam Left Bank canal,
6. Singuru Project,
7. Yeleru Reservoir Project,
8. Jurala Project.
9. Pulichintala Project.

MEDIUM IRRIGATION PROJECTS

Jhalajavathi Project
Buggavanka Project
Kaulasnala Project
Peddavagu Project
Lendi Project
Cheyeyevagu Project.

(b) & (c) Central Water Commission have communicated certain technical and other comments on the various projects and they are being replied to from time to time. The clearance from environment and ecology angles and also forest clearance are required for clearance by the Planning Commission. These are being attended to from time to time. Efforts are also being made to secure clearance by deputing senior Officers of the department to Central Water Commission to clarify their points.

LANDS OF SRI JAGANNADHA TEMPLE

L. A. Q. No. 1346 (Unstarred) Sri P. Appala Naidu Will the Minister for Endowments be Pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact that entire land of Ac. 6.64 cents belonging to Sri Jagannadha Swamy Temple in Aganampudi Village in Gajuwaka Mandal, Visakhapatnam Dist. was fixed at a low price by the Revenue Department and was transferred to the management of a private Institution, at Visakhapatnam:

b) If so, what is the necessity for making such transfer; the names of that institution to which it was transferred; whether the said matter has been informed to the Endowments Department; and
Written Answers to
Unstarred Questions.

c) Whether any enquiry will be made into the said matter and action will be taken to cancel the said transfer?

Answer:

a) No Sir. The temple owns an extent of Ac. 4.15 land only and not Ac. 6.64. The temple is in enjoyment of its land measuring Ac. 4.15.

b) & (c) Does not arise.

Integrated Check Posts

260 L. A. Q. No. 5849 (Unstarred) Sri G. S. S. Sivaji, and Sri K. Yerramanaidu, Will the Minister for Commercial Taxes be pleased to State:

(a) Where there is any proposal to start integrated check posts; and

(b) If so, the particulars thereof.

ANSWER:

(a) Yes, Sir

(b) It was decided to locate Integrated Check posts in a phased manner. Orders were issued in G. O. Ms. No. 1331, Revenue (XX) Department, dated 3-12-1985 for establishing five integrated Checkposts in the first phase at the following places.

1) Naraharipeta in Chittoor District.
2) Bheemunivariipalem in Nellore District.
3) Purushotham puram in Srikakulam District.
4) Saloora in Nizamabad District and
5) Adilabad in Adilabad District.

It was also decided to start five more integrated checkposts in the second phase and the matter is under consideration of the Government.
261 L.A.Q. No. 4677 (Unstarred) Sri J. Venkaiah

INCOME FROM DISTILLERIES

(a) The quantity of arrack manufactured and sold at the Government Distilleries at Chagullu, Kamareddy and Narayanaguda, during 1984-85?

(b) The profit earned or losses sustained by the said distilleries during the above period.

(a) and (b)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Distillery</th>
<th>Quantity of Arrack</th>
<th>Total Rs.</th>
<th>Sold Rs.</th>
<th>Profit Rs.</th>
<th>Loss Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Government Distillery, Narayanaguda</td>
<td>59,052.4</td>
<td>26269582.2</td>
<td>26358634.6</td>
<td>909239</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government Distillery, Kamareddy</td>
<td>52,188.4 (out of Rectified Spirit produced at Govt. Distillery, Kamareddy)</td>
<td>1261072.7 (out of Rectified Spirit produced from Govt. Distillery, Kamareddy)</td>
<td>7701140.6</td>
<td>7560042.3</td>
<td>300943</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,496 0 (out of Rectified Spirit brought from Andhra Pradesh Govt. Power Alcohol Factory)</td>
<td>6386473.5 (out of Rectified spirit brought from Andhra Pradesh Govt. Power Alcohol Factory, Bodhan)</td>
<td>9137000.0</td>
<td>9098000</td>
<td>20300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

53,594.4 | 7647546.2 |

Answer
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

Distillery at Jangareddygudem

262 L. A. Q. No. 5528 (Unstarred) Sri A. Narendra, V. Sreeramulu, Will the Minister for Excise be pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact that the Government are going to start a new distillery at Jangareddygudem in West Godavari District, and

b) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER–

a) No Sir.

b) Does not arise.

Auto-rickshaw Charges at Vizag

263 L. A. Q. No. 5252 (Unstarred) Sarvasri S. V. China Appalanaidu, G. S. S. Sivaji, Smt. R. Ramani, Will the Minister for Transport be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is a fact that excess amount is being collected in addition to the meter charges, by the Auto-rickshaw operators in Visakhapatnam.

(b) the number of complaints received so far in the matter and

(c) the action taken thereon?

Answer:

a) Yes, Sir.

b) No Private complaints have been received. However, from 1-1-86 to 30-6-86 96 Vehicles Check Reports have been made regarding collection of excess fares by the Auto-rickshaw drivers.

c) The Deputy Transport Commissioner and Secretary, Regional Transport Authority, Visakhapatnam is disposing of the check Reports under section 60 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939.

Personal working at Sriharikota Space Research Centre other States

264 L. A. Q. No. 2836 (Unstarred) Sri M. Manaiah, Will the Minister for Technical Education be pleased to state:
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

(a) Whether it is a fact that two thousand technical personnel belonging to other States are working in Sriharikota Space Research Centre in Sullurpet constituency;

(b) whether it is also a fact that there are no Industrial Training Institutes in the neighbouring areas of Sriharikota for the benefit of local candidates; and

(c) if so, whether steps will be taken to start Industrial Training Institute?

ANSWER:

(a) No, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

There is one District Level Training Centre/Industrial Training Institute at Gudur, two Government I. T. Is at Nellore and Venkatagiri besides ten private I. T. Is on Nellore District.

(c) There is no proposal to start an Industrial Training Institute near Sriharikota.

Orientation Training for Civil Surgeons

265 L. A. Q. No. 1335 (Unstarred) Sri B. Sundara Rami Reddy, Will the Minister for Medical and Health be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to start Orientation Training Programme for Civil Assistant Surgeons;

(b) if so when?

ANSWER:

(a) At present there is no such proposal Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

CANCER DEATHS

266 L. A. Q. No. 1922 (Un - Starred) Sri Balarama Krishna Murthy, G. Butchaiah Chowdary, M. Gopala Krishna, C. Rama chandraiah, G. Papi Reddy, K. Venkaiah; will the Minister for Medical & Health be pleased to state—
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

a) Whether it is a fact that the number of deaths due to Cancer are increased in the State;

b) The facilities provided for treatment of Cancer;

c) Whether the Central Government is giving any financial aid?

ANSWER-

a) No. Sir., A comparative statement indicating the number of cases treated in out-patient and in-patients departments of Government Hospitals and deaths of in-patients due to Cancer is given below:-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>No. of Patients treated</th>
<th>No. of deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1978</td>
<td>239681</td>
<td>726</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1979</td>
<td>229759</td>
<td>523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>862.93</td>
<td>607</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1981</td>
<td>137489</td>
<td>360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1982</td>
<td>259247</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td>252583</td>
<td>448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1984</td>
<td>214888</td>
<td>356</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b) Radiotherapy is available at Vizag, Hyderabad and Kakinada. Tele-Cobalt Machines are sanctioned for Tirupati and Kurnool, at a cost of Rs. 54.00 lakhs and will be installed shortly. Radiotherapy Machines will be purchased for Guntur and Warangal during 1986-87. Every Hospital has surgery and chemotherapy facilities. In the VII Plan period in 1987-90, every year plants of Radiotherapy will be purchased for other teaching hospitals and strengthening of the existing facilities.

c) Yes. Sir, The Government of India agreed to give an amount of Rs. 12.00 lakhs for installation of each Telecobalt Unit at any Cancer Center by the State.

Foundation Stone for Government Hospital Gudivada

267 L. A. Q. No. 2017 (Unstarred) Sri Ravi Sobhanadr Chowdary, Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

(a) whether it is a fact that foundation stone was laid for the Government Hospital at Gudivada;

(b) if so, when the construction work will be taken up?

Answer:

(a) Yes, Sir. Foundation was laid for a 50 beds hospital block.

(b) The work is in progress.

Treatment to Cancer patients

268 L. A. Q. 4977 (Unstarred) S/ Sri M. Venkateswara Rao, C. Ramachandraiah, M. Gopala Krishna, G. Nagi Reddy, K. Venkaiah, Will the Minister for Medical & Health be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that Cancer patients are not getting proper treatment at Hyderabad Cancer Hospital.

(b) Whether it is a fact that most of Andhra Pradesh Cancer patients are getting treatment at Adyar Cancer Hospital, Madras.

(c) Whether there is any proposal to establish Cancer Research Centre at Hyderabad.

(d) If so, the details thereof?

ANSWER:

(a) No, Sir., The patients are getting proper treatment. But Teletherapy treatment facilities are limited. Though patients seeking that treatment has increased enormously, facilities have remained more or less static. Every effort is made to treat the maximum number of patients by arranging extra shifts.

(b) It is not possible to state how many Cancer patients of Andhra Pradesh are getting treatment at Adyar, Madras. After taking full course of treatment at Adyar, many Cancer patients have reported at Mehdi Nawaz Jung Cancer Hospital, Hyderabad for further advise. A large number of cancer patients from the adjoining Districts of Karnataka and Maharastra are treated at Mehdi Nawaz Jung Cancer Hospital, Hyderabad, due to its proximity to these patients as well as the treatment being available to them completely free of charge.
Written Answers to
Unstarred Questions

(c) & (d) Mehdi Nawaz Jung Cancer Hospital is Post-
Graduate Teaching Hospital affiliated to Osmania University and
recognised by the Medical Council of India. This Institute
collaborates with various National and International Organisa-
tions in several research projects concerning various cancer
problems. In addition to Mehdi Nawaz Jung Cancer Hospital,
Hyderabad, Cancer treatment facilities are available at Kakinada,
and Visakhapatnam. Additional telecobalt units are in the process
of installation at Kurnool and Tirupati. Mehdi Nawaz Jung
Cancer Hospital as the Premier Institute of the State will become
a referral Centre for specialised treatment and advance research.
Proposals were submitted to the Government of India to give the
status of Regional Cancer Centre to this Institute, but they have
not accepted. The matter is still being pursued.

According to new of Nizam Orthopaedics Hospital of Private
269 L. A. Q. 5804 No. (Unstarred) Sri M. Chandrasekhar,
Sri N. Indrasena Reddy, Will the Minister for Health and Medi-
cal be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government is intending-
to handover the Nizam's Institute of Orthopaedics &
Specialities Hospital to private individuals.

and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor ?

ANSWER—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

ROYALTY ON BEEDI LEAVES
270 L. A, Q. No. 3422 (Unstarred) Sri J. Venkaiah, and
Sri P. Ramaiah, will the Minister for Forests be pleased to state :

a) Whether it is fact that royalty due Beedi Leaves for the
year 1983 season was not collected in full in Khammam
and Kothagudem division; if so the reasons therefor ?

ANSWER—

a) a) The royalty due on Beedi Leaves for the year 1983 was
collected in full in Khammam and Kothagudem Divisions within
the lease period i.e. before 31-3-1984 from all such purchasers who have observed the agreement conditions executed by them. The purchaser of Unit No. 36 Gundal, 1983 season of Kothagudem division and purchasers of unit No. 41 Gubbagurthi and 49 Maddulapalli, 1983 season of Khammam Division have failed to observe agreement conditions and hence, their agreements were terminated by Divisional Forest Officers concerned under the powers delegated to them under the rules. The loss sustained by the Department due to non-observance of the agreement conditions by the above purchasers are recoverable from the purchasers under the agreement conditions. Action has already been initiated to recover the arrears under L. R. R. Act and the matter is being pursued by the Department vigorously. Total amounts due from each unit, amounts adjustable and the balance amounts to be recovered are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Unit</th>
<th>Total amount recoverable</th>
<th>Amount adjustable</th>
<th>Balance to be recovered</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>36 Gundal 1983</td>
<td>1,43,440.00</td>
<td>7,072.00</td>
<td>1,34,368.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Season of Kothagudem Division.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>41 Gubbagurthi, 1983 Season of Khammam Division.</td>
<td>43,260.00</td>
<td>2,163.00</td>
<td>41,097.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>49 Maddulapalli, 1983 season of Khammam Division.</td>
<td>1,17,480.00</td>
<td>5,875.35</td>
<td>1,11,604.65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL: 3,02,180.00 15,110 35 2,87,069.65

Collected in Zoological Parks

271 L. A. Q. No. 5055 (Unstarred) Sri Ch. Jayaram Babu, will the Minister for Forests be pleased to state:

(a) The income derived by the State Government through the admission fee collected in the Zoological Parks at Hyderabad and Visakhapatnam during 1984-85.

ANSWER:

(a) A sum of Rs. 6,42,107.60 was derived by the State Government through admission fees in the two Zoological Parks.
Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

at Hyderabad and Visakhapatnam during 1984-85. The details are furnished as hereunder:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Entrance Fee</th>
<th>Train Ride Fee</th>
<th>Elephant Ride Fee</th>
<th>Lion Safari Fee</th>
<th>Total Collected during 1984-85</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1984-85</td>
<td>4,35,772.95</td>
<td>12,485.00</td>
<td>3,362.25</td>
<td>32,340.30</td>
<td>6,85,561.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEHRU ZOOLOGICAL PARK: HYDERABAD

INDIRA GANDHI ZOOLOGICAL PARK: VISAKHAPATNAM

Increasing the Ratio Back word Classes

272 L. A. Q. No. 4916 (Unstarred) Sri S. Chandramowli, will the Minister for Housing be pleased to state:

a) Whether there is any proposal to reduce the percentage i.e. 50% of Scheduled Castes and increase the percentages i.e. 25% of Backward Classes for selecting beneficiaries to permanent housing programme; and

b) If so, the details thereof?

ANSWER—

a) No, Sir.

b) Does not arise.

Housing Colony at Govindaraopet Village

273 L. A. Q. No. 5025 (Unstarred) Sri M. Omkar, Sri D. Chinnamalliah, Sri G. Mallesh, M.L.A. Will the Minister for Housing be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that housing colony located at Govindaraopet village in Mulug Taluk, Warangal
District in September, 1985 has not been completed so far;
(b) If so the reasons thereof?

ANSWER :-
(a) Yes. Sir. 400 Rural permanent houses with unit cost of Rs. 7000/- each were sanctioned for the flood victims of Govindaraopet village of Panchayath Samithi, Mulug of Warangal District during the year 1983. Out of the 400 houses sanctioned, only (3) houses have been dropped. Thus 397 houses are under execution. The following is the stage construction:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage of Construction</th>
<th>Total Sanction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roof cost</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roof Level</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lintel Level</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basement</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dropped</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) After commencement of work, it was found that certain beneficiaries were not properly identified and selected. Hence a re-survey was to be made. Due to delay in identification of beneficiaries, their involvement in work and non-availability of material such as bricks etc. the work was delayed. However efforts are being made to get the colony completed as early as possible.

HOUSES AT CHANDA NAGAR


a) The number of house constructed and allotted in Chanda Nagar, Rajendranagar Taluk, Ranga Reddy District by Hyderabad Urban Development Authority:
Written Answers to
Unstarred Questions.

b) Whether it is a fact that the houses were allotted to the non-applicants:

c) Whether it is a fact that Hyderabad Urban Development Authority has increased the original cost of the houses; and

d) If so, the reasons therefor?

ANSWER—

a) The number of houses constructed at Chanda Nagar is 1024. Out of them 989 houses were allotted by drawal of lot and 10 houses were allotted to the fresh applicants on outright sale basis.

b) Other than the original list of the applicants, 10 houses were allotted on outright sale basis to the persons who had not been registered for draw and had applied for the same subsequently.

c) Yes, Sir.

d) Tentative cost was notified while calling application before commencing the project. After completion of the project, total expenditure incurred on the project was taken into account and final cost was worked out based on the actual expenditure on various items executed. This resulted in the increase in the cost.

Inner Ring Road at Vizag

275 L. A. Q. No. 2401 (Unstarred) S. Venugopal Chowdary, Sri. P. Alladi Rajkumar Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Visakhapatnam Urban Development Authority proposed to construct a Inner Ring Road in the Vizianagaram Town; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER—

(a) Yes Sir. The Visakhapatnam Urban Development Authority, Visakhapatnam has proposed to take up 100 feet inner Ring Road under the scheme Integrated Development of Small & Medium Town, sponsored by Government of India.

(b) The proposed alignment of ring road to a length of 4.02 K.Ms is as follows:
368 31st July, Thursday 1986

Written Answers to
Unstarred Questions.

i) From the junction of Ghosha Hospital to Kumili Road.

ii) From Kumili road to Dasannapeta road via Babametta layout.

iii) From Dasannapeta junction to Ambedkar Statue via Dharmapuri and Totapakur Panchayats.

The road work is in progress.

Lavateries in Visakhapatnam

276 L.A.Q. No. 2583 (Unstarred) Smt. A. Bhanumathi, M.L.A ;

Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to State :

(a) Whether there is any proposal construct lavateries in Visakhapatnam town under ‘Vimukthi’ Scheme;

(b) If, so the number of lavateries constructed so far;

(c) Whether the number will be increased depending on the needs of the Local People,

ANSWER :

(a) Low Cost Sanitation Scheme under the Vimukthi Programme is proposed to be taken up in Visakhapatnam Municipal Corporation during the year 1986-37. The Scheme is tentatively estimated at Rs. 579.00 lakhs and contemplated conversion of 8,200 existing dry latrines into sanitary type and construction of 22,650 latrines in latrineless house holds belonging mostly to weaker sections.

(b) Nil, The Scheme is under sanction.

(c) Well be considered on merits and availability of funds.

Clearance by Hyderabad Urban Development Authority

277 L. A. Q. No. 2859 (Un-starred) Sri K. Surender Reddy, S. Satyanarayana. K. Harieswara Reddy, Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to State :

a) Whether it is a fact that the Hyderabad Urban Development Authority is not giving clearance for the house-sites given by the Government to the Villagers of Nutankaj and other surrounding villages of Medchel ;
b) Whether it is a fact that the beneficiaries have paid Rs. 311-00 each (about 350 people) as their share amount 2 years back; and

c) If so, the action taken to give clearance?

ANSWER-

a) No, Sir. No proposals from villagers of Nutankal village was received. But however, the proposals from Ahmedguda, Rampally, Bogaram, Chirayal and Railapur Villages of Medchal have been received. Proposal for change of land use in S.No. 23/2 of Ahmedguda village was rejected by the Authority as the site under reference is far away from the village settlement and it has no approach road. The layouts in S. No. 456 2 of Rampally and S. No. 32/2 of Bogaram villages were handed over to the Collector, Ranga Reddy District by Hyderabad Urban Development Authority for getting signature of Managing Director and Andhra Pradesh State Housing Corporation. The change of land use in S.No. 152 of Chiriyal village is under active consideration of the Government Proposal for change of land use in S. No. 269 of Railapur village of Medchal Taluk was recommended and the layout is being sent to Collector by Hyderabad Urban Development Authority.

b) There is no such information available about the payment.

c) Necessary further action in the matter can be taken if the purpose of payment, to whom paid and other details are furnished.

Municipal Employees as Government Servents

278   L. A. Q. No. 4194 (Unstarred) Sri R. Chenga Reddy, Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to State:

(a) Whether there is any proposal to treat the Municipal employees as Government employees; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

ANSWER:

(a) & (b) The matter is under examination of the Government.
31st July, Thursday 1986

Written Answers to Unstarred Questions.

Maintained of Parks

279 L. A. Q. No. 4220 (Unstarred) Sri R. Changa Redy,
Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Parks in twin cities are not maintained properly;

(b) if so, the steps taken to improve them

ANSWER—

(a) No. Sir. All parks in the city are maintained properly,

(b) Does not arise.

Election at Vijayawada and Visakhapatnam Corporations

280 L. A. Q. No. 5249 (Unstarred) Sri Baddambal Reddy,
Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to State:

(a) Whether it is fact that elections to Vijayawada and Visakhapatnam Municipal Corporations are postponed;

(b) If so, the reasons therefor?

Answer:

(a) No, Sir. The existing term of the Councillors of the two Corporations would expire on 8-9-1985 A.N.

(b) Does not arise.

GOTTIMANIKONA MINOR IRRIGATION TANK


a) Whether it is a fact that a Minor Irrigation Tank by name Gottimanikona in Cuddapah District breached due to bad construction;

b) Whether it is also a fact that a security bond which was given by the contractor for rupees seven lakhs was revoked by the Government and caused a loss to the exchequer and
c) If so, the reasons thereof?

Answer:

a) No, Sir. The Gottimanikona M. I. tank had breached on 4-11-78 due to cyclone heavy rain fall during the period from 1-11-78 to 4-11-78 and consequent over toppling of the bund.

b) No, Sir.

c) Does not arise.

Irrigation of Lands Puligadda

282 L. A. Q. No. 4939 (Unstarred) Sri S. Satyanarayana Rao, Will the Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to State;

(a) whether it is a fact that a scheme for irrigating the dry lands between Puligadda and Vaknur in Avanigadda Mandalam Avanigadda Constituency is under investigation with Andhra Pradesh State Irrigation Development Corporation Limited i.e. with Vijayawada sub-Division; and

(b) if so, when it will be completed?

(a) Yes, Sir. The Andhra Pradesh State Irrigation Development Corporation Limited investigated a scheme on west flood bank from Puligadda to Veknur for drawing water from Divi main channel and preliminary report was also prepared.

(b) Due to shortage of water, it is considered not desirable to take-up any Lift Irrigation Scheme to draw water from the Divi Main Channel in its head reach.