to them to support the policies of the Telugu Desam Government which is moving in the right direction.

After the Telugu Desam came into power, we have brought certain institutional charges, though it took quite some time because of the political crises and the hindrance created by the out-dated Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council. Of course, this Government has abolished it now. The institution of village officers has been abolished and we have brought in a revolutionary social change in what you call farming Mandals, in reorganising taluks and firkas into mandals intending to bring about development at mandal set-up which is nearer to the common man. The Telugu Vijnana Peetham has been formed. One of my friends has just now criticised the move. He should know that a number of Organisations, musical and literary academies have been merged to form one organisation to be economical.

Then it was said why should Dharma Maha Matra be abolished. Well Dharma Maha Matra may be abolished to save parallel Board. At the time, to curb corruption at all levels and in day to day life, we have established an Advisory Board known as Vigilance Board and it is also intended to form Vigilance Cells at district level to curb corruption. This is in addition to Lok Ayukttha. Anti-Corruption Bureau has been strengthened. The Government should also be commended for forming the Quli Qutub Sha Board which is intended to develop the Old City. We have grounded a notable programme known as ‘Shrama Shakti Programme’ which intends to employ directly either through co-operatives or Panchayats and remove middle-men viz., contractors.

Coming to the Budgetary allotment, in this year’s plan outlay we have seen that 73% of the total budgetary allotment is for development expenditure. Coming to the department-wise figures, for Social welfare schemes and social security roughly Rs. 507 crores have been allotted. The pick of the Social Welfare programme is the Weaker Sections Housing Programme. Rs. 40 crores have been allotted for this and the Government intends to construct 1,40,000 houses for the weaker sections. We have already constructed 1,73,000 in the past two years. Our Housing programme has been commended by one and all. Even the Central Government has acknowledged the advancement of the Weaker Sections Housing Programme in Andhra Pradesh.
THE
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Speaker : Sri G. Narayana Rao
Deputy Speaker : Sri A. V. Suryanarayana Raju

Panel of Chairmen :
1. Smt. Y. Sita Devi
2. Sri M. Rajalakshmi
3. Sri H. B. Narse Goud
4. Sri K. Yeera Reddy Nandu
5. Sri D. Sripada Rao
6. Sri C. Narsing Reddy

Secretary : Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy

Deputy Secretaries :
1. Sri A. V. G. Krishna Murthy
2. Sri C. Venkatesan

Assistant Secretaries :
1. Sri P. Bhashuiah
2. Sri N. Pattabhirama Rao
3. Sri P. Satyanarayana Sastry
4. Sri P.V.K.L.N.V. Raghava Sastry
5. Sri V. V. Subrahmanyam
6. Sri K. R. Gopal
7. Sri T. Muralidhara Rao
8. Sri V. V. Bhaskara Rao
9. Sri S. Suryanarayana Murthy

Chief Reporter : Smt. M. V. S. Jayalakshmi
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ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Widows Pension

(a) The amount spent for grant of pension to widows during 1984-85 and

(b) The number of applications received, the number sanctioned and rejected during 1984-85 for the said pension?

1. Rs. 47,617
2. Rs. 289,622
3. 7,696

* An asterisk before the name indicates Confirmation by the member
Oral Answers to Questions

Q: What is the budget allocation for the year 1984-85? The budget allocation for the year 1984-85 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: How much was the budget allocation for the year 1985-86? The budget allocation for the year 1985-86 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1986-87? The budget allocation for the year 1986-87 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1987-88? The budget allocation for the year 1987-88 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1988-89? The budget allocation for the year 1988-89 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1989-90? The budget allocation for the year 1989-90 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1990-91? The budget allocation for the year 1990-91 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1991-92? The budget allocation for the year 1991-92 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1992-93? The budget allocation for the year 1992-93 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1993-94? The budget allocation for the year 1993-94 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1994-95? The budget allocation for the year 1994-95 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1995-96? The budget allocation for the year 1995-96 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1996-97? The budget allocation for the year 1996-97 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1997-98? The budget allocation for the year 1997-98 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1998-99? The budget allocation for the year 1998-99 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 1999-00? The budget allocation for the year 1999-00 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2000-01? The budget allocation for the year 2000-01 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2001-02? The budget allocation for the year 2001-02 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2002-03? The budget allocation for the year 2002-03 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2003-04? The budget allocation for the year 2003-04 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2004-05? The budget allocation for the year 2004-05 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2005-06? The budget allocation for the year 2005-06 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2006-07? The budget allocation for the year 2006-07 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2007-08? The budget allocation for the year 2007-08 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2008-09? The budget allocation for the year 2008-09 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2009-10? The budget allocation for the year 2009-10 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2010-11? The budget allocation for the year 2010-11 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2011-12? The budget allocation for the year 2011-12 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2012-13? The budget allocation for the year 2012-13 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2013-14? The budget allocation for the year 2013-14 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2014-15? The budget allocation for the year 2014-15 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2015-16? The budget allocation for the year 2015-16 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2016-17? The budget allocation for the year 2016-17 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2017-18? The budget allocation for the year 2017-18 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2018-19? The budget allocation for the year 2018-19 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2019-20? The budget allocation for the year 2019-20 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2020-21? The budget allocation for the year 2020-21 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2021-22? The budget allocation for the year 2021-22 is Rs. 7,000,000.

Q: What was the budget allocation for the year 2022-23? The budget allocation for the year 2022-23 is Rs. 7,000,000.
Oral Answers to Questions

20th August 1985

1. The Minister stated that 87,898 deposits were made, 47,000 in cash, 7,000 in cheques. Is it known how many deposits were made in the bank?

2. The Minister mentioned that the total deposits amounted to 5,000. Is it known how many deposits were made in the bank?

3. The Minister said that the total deposits were 5,000. Is it known how many deposits were made in the bank?

4. The Minister stated that the total deposits were 5,000. Is it known how many deposits were made in the bank?
Mr. Speaker : I am going to the next question. Already many supplementaries were put on this question.

[మారుగాను తెలియజేస్తారు]

[మార్పులు]
Mr. Speaker: The main answers were given to the main question and the Minister has also answered all the supplementaries put. The purpose of the question is very limited and if you want more questions. Separately you can ask for and I will admit them.

Mr. Speaker: I do not allow any more discussion on this question.

Mr. Speaker: If the issue is that much important and if you want to ask for half-an-hour discussion on this, I will allow that.

Sri A. Narendra: We want half-an-hour discussion on this.

Mr. Speaker: Yes. I will allow half-an-hour discussion. Already 20 minutes were given for this question.

I am going to the next Question.

Pay Scales to Residential School Teachers

* 951—Q - Smt. Y. Sita Devi (Mudenepalli): Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government for introduction of special pay scales for teachers working in
residential schools keeping in view their additional load of work;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the buildings worth Rs. 2.5 lakhs are being kept unutilised at Tadikonda Residential School in Guntur District;

(c) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(d) whether there is any proposal before the Government to enhance the mess charges for children in residential schools?

It is stated that a new Residential school will be constructed.
Oral Answers to Questions

20th August 1985

...
Selection of Teachers

53 -

* 969 - Q - Sri M. Gopalakrishna (Kakinada):- Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact that Municipal School Teachers are being selected by Selection Committee with Councillors and office;

b) whether the Government insist for any qualification to be the Member for Committee;

c) whether Government is aware of irregularities in recruiting teachers in Municipalities; and

d) Will the Government consider to change the procedure to recruit teachers for Local Bodies also?

Kasim-Mohamed (Kakinada):-

1) Kasim-Mohamed (Kakinada):- State whether Municipal Teachers are being selected by a Selection Committee with Councillors and office.

2) Kasim-Mohamed (Kakinada):- Why is there disparity in the recruitment of teachers in Municipalities?
102 20.h August 1985 Oral Answers to Questions

(3) கல்லூரியில் உள்ள சிவப்புருங்காட்சியில் குறைந்தவை வருகையில் வலர்க்கு என்று குறிப்பிட்டும் குறுந்து நெருந்து.

(2) கல்லூரியில் பயிற்சியை முடிந்தவர்கள் குறைந்தவை வருகையில் வலர்க்கு என்று குறிப்பிட்டும் குறுந்து நெருந்து.
Seepage in Thungabhadra Low Level Canal

54—

126—Q—Sri V. Rambhupal Choudary (Kurnool) : Will the Minister for Major and Medium Irrigation be pleased to State :

(a) Whether Government are aware that there is as much as 50% seepage in low level canal of Thungabhadra project; and

(b) If so, the steps taken by the Government to prevent the same ?
104 20th Augt 1985 Oral Answers to Questions

(1) 

ఎంత కొలువుగా ఉండాలి కొమ్మలు మాత్రం తప్పని విషయంలో ప్రతిష్ఠితం చేయబడింది. ఇందులో ప్రతి 22 రవాణా సంఖ్యలు ఉంటాయి.

(2) 

ఎం. పాలితంలో లేదా మరియు ఎక్కడ ఉండగా ఇవి ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉండాలి. సుమద్రాణం చేయాలి. 1970 లో కాకించబడిన సంఖ్యలు ఇంకా ఉండటానికి తెలుగు మండలాలు ఉండాలి. అది పనిచేయడం జరిగా ఇవి ఉండటానికి తెలుగు మండలాలు ఉండాలి. అది మార్గాల కూడా ఉండటానికి తెలుగు మండలాలు ఉండాలి. అది సంస్థాంత్రిక పరిస్థితుల భాగంగా ఉండటానికి తెలుగు మండలాలు ఉండాలి. అది సంస్థాంత్రిక పరిస్థితుల భాగంగా ఉండటానికి తెలుగు మండలాలు ఉండాలి.
5. (a) 'தமிழ்' பேண்டேல் தினைகள், இது எண்ணிக்கை செய்துள்ளது. அதற்கு முக்கியமானது, அதன் மூலம் எண்ணிக்கை வலுவாக இருக்கும் நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு. எனவே எண்ணிக்கை வலுவாக இருக்கும் நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு என்று தெளிவாகக் கூறுவோம்.

5. (b) 'தமிழ்' பேண்டேல் தினைகள், இது எண்ணிக்கை செய்துள்ளது. அதற்கு முக்கியமானது, அதன் மூலம் எண்ணிக்கை வலுவாக இருக்கும் நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு. எனவே எண்ணிக்கை வலுவாக இருக்கும் நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு என்று தெளிவாகக் கூறுவோம்.

5. (c) 'தமிழ்' பேண்டேல் தினைகள், இது எண்ணிக்கை செய்துள்ளது. அதற்கு முக்கியமானது, அதன் மூலம் எண்ணிக்கை வலுவாக இருக்கும் நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு. எனவே எண்ணிக்கை வலுவாக இருக்கும் நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு என்று தெளிவாகக் கூறுவோம்.

6. (a) 30 ஆண்டுகளுக்கு முன் நான்கு பேண்டேல் தினைகள் திறக்கப்பட்டு வருகின்றன. இந்த பேண்டேல் தினைகள் முன் பேண்டேல் தினைகளினுடைய நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு. எனவே எண்ணிக்கை வலுவாக இருக்கும் நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு என்று தெளிவாகக் கூறுவோம்.

6. (b) 30 ஆண்டுகளுக்கு முன் நான்கு பேண்டேல் தினைகள் திறக்கப்பட்டு வருகின்றன. இந்த பேண்டேல் தினைகள் முன் பேண்டேல் தினைகளினுடைய நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு. எனவே எண்ணிக்கை வலுவாக இருக்கும் நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு என்று தெளிவாகக் கூறுவோம்.

6. (c) 30 ஆண்டுகளுக்கு முன் நான்கு பேண்டேல் தினைகள் திறக்கப்பட்டு வருகின்றன. இந்த பேண்டேல் தினைகள் முன் பேண்டேல் தினைகளினுடைய நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு. எனவே எண்ணிக்கை வலுவாக இருக்கும் நூற்றுக்கணக்குடைய நவீன இந்துக் கல்வி மற்றும் இந்துக் கல்வியடிப் பாதுகாப்பு செய்ய வேண்டிய பொறுப்பு என்று தெளிவாகக் கூறுவோம்.
106 20th August 1985 Oral Answers to Question

Q. 1. From 1978-79 the expenditure was Rs. 5,076 crores. The estimated expenditure for 1980 is Rs. 5,349 crores. By how much the expenditure has increased?

Q. 2. In recent years the magnitude of the expenditure has increased by how much?

Q. 3. From 1978-79 the expenditure was Rs. 5,076 crores. The estimated expenditure for 1980 is Rs. 5,349 crores. By how much the expenditure has increased?

Q. 4. In recent years the magnitude of the expenditure has increased by how much?

Q. 5. From 1978-79 the expenditure was Rs. 5,076 crores. The estimated expenditure for 1980 is Rs. 5,349 crores. By how much the expenditure has increased?

Q. 6. In recent years the magnitude of the expenditure has increased by how much?
You are not going to dictate the House Mr. Narasimha Reddy. If each of you go on asking four supplementaries in one question. I am not allowing you. This is not the way how to run the Question Hour.
Oral Answers to Questions

Jurala Project

723-Q - Sarvasri C. Narsi Reddy (Makthal) Ch. Vidyasagar Rao, A. Narendra — Will the Minister for Major & Medium Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) The total cost of Jurala project in Mahabubnagar district:

(b) The amount spent so far year-wise; and

(c) The time by which this project will be completed?


1,617,244 0

6) 108 20th August 1685
Oral Answers to Questions 20th August 1985 109

The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

1. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

2. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

3. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

4. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

5. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

6. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

7. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

8. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

9. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

10. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

11. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

12. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

13. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

14. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

15. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

16. The Hon. Member for [Name] asked the Government:

The Minister replied:

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The Minister replied:

2-5
Oral Answers to Questions

110 20th August 1985

1979-80 లో వారికి బిడితున్న తప్పించిన సంఖ్య 180 ఉంది. అడవి వారి ప్రత్యేకము అంధ హృదయ యొక్క నాటికత యొక్క పరిమాణ యొక్క పరిమాణ యొక్క పరిమాణ యొక్క పరిమాణ యొక్క పరిమాణ యొక్క

18-7-1984 న జిల్లా పరిషతాల పరిస్థితి జిల్లా పరిషతాల పరిస్థితి జిల్లా పరిషతాల పరిస్థితి జిల్లా పరిషతాల పరిస్థితి జిల్లా పరిషతాల పరిస్థితి జిల్లా పరిషతాల పరిస్థితి.

సంపృక్తి పరిస్థితి పరిస్థితి పరిస్థితి పరిస్థితి పరిస్థితి పరిస్థితి పరిస్థితి పరిస్థితి పరిస్థితి.

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Abolition of Group Auctioning of Arrack Shops

56—

* 359-Q.— Sarvasri D. China Mallaiah (Induriti), Md. Rajab Ali (Sujatanagar), and D. Venkata Rao (Huzurabad) :— Will the Minister for Excise be pleased to state:

a) whether it is a fact that the Government have decided to abolish the system of group auctioning of arrack shops and to conduct auction for each village separately from the next year;

b) whether it is also a fact that it has been decided to introduce licence system as in the case of Beer and Brandy shops; and

c) if not, the reasons therefor?
Oral Answers to Questions 20th August 1985 113

3) మానస్ిక దండాలంపు, మనస్సిబిదిత్వం, మనస్సు మరింత మార్గం
   మీరు ప్రతి విషయాన్ని సంపనుతుంది కనుక మనస్సను శుద్ధంగా నిర్ణయించటానికి వాస్తవం
   చేయడానికి మార్గం తీసుకుంటాము. మనస్సను
   అంతర్గత రాగంలో శాశ్వతంగా నిర్ణయించడానికి వాస్తవం లేదా మరింత మార్గం నిర్ణయించడానికి వాస్తవం లేదా 
   మనస్సను పడ్డని మార్గం నిర్ణయించడానికి వాస్తవం లేదా మరింత మార్గం

4. ఇది అవకాశం : అశార్ధం, విశిష్టపట్టిక కారణాన్ని మేలు, మీరు
   ఆమ్లతో పటిస్తుంది లభ్యం సమాధానం సిద్ధించాలి. ఇది అభిప్రాయం
   సంఖ్యల్లో ఉండాలి. మరియు వాస్తవంగా సంఖ్యల్లో ఉండాలి. సంఖ్యలు సంఖ్యల్
   కూడా వాస్తవంగా ఉండాలి. ఎందుకంటే వాస్తవంగా ఉండాలి. వాస్తవంగా ఉండాలి.
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114 20th August 1985 Oral Answers to Questions

చెప్పాలను. దేశంలోను, ఏమిటి 15 జనరలు విస్తరించాడు వారిదిరుస్తుంది. దేశంలో విస్తరించాడు వారిదిరించాడు. ఈ విస్తరించాడు వారిది వారిది అద్భుతమైనది. ముఖ్యమైనది - ఏమిటి విస్తరించాడు వారిది వారిది అద్భుతమైనది. ముఖ్యమైనది ఏమిటి విస్తరించాడు వారిది వారిది అద్భుతమైనది.

ప్రశ్నలు కావచే ఎంత: కొన్ని, కొన్నిపై సంచారంలో గుడగడ పార్సులు తైరు చేసించాడు, సంచారంలో సాధనాలు సాధ్యపడి ఉంటాయి. ఎందుకంటే ఎంత సంచారం సాధ్యపడి ఉంటాయి. ఈ సంచారంలో ఇంటిలు అప్పటికి సాధనాలు సాధ్యపడి ఉంటాయి, అందుకంటే ఇక్కడ సంచారంలో సంచారంలో సాధనాలు సాధ్యపడి ఉంటాయి. ముఖ్యమైనది ఏమిటి ఉంటుందనే వారిది వారిది అద్భుతమైనది.

లాంటి ఉంటుందని ఉంటుంది. ముఖ్యమైనది ఏమిటి ఉంటుందనే వారిది వారిది అద్భుతమైనది.

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లాంటి ఉంటుందని ఉంటుంది. ముఖ్యమైనది ఏమిటి ఉంటుందనే వారిది వారిది అద్భుతమైనది.
Mr. Speaker: The Secretary will attend to it immediately.

Mr. Speaker: Answers to the remaining questions will be placed on the Table of the House. I will switch over to the next subject.

Mr. Speaker: The Secretary will attend to it immediately.

Mr. Speaker: Answers to the remaining questions will be placed on the Table of the House. I will switch over to the next subject.

Mr. Speaker: The Secretary will attend to it immediately.

Mr. Speaker: Answers to the remaining questions will be placed on the Table of the House. I will switch over to the next subject.
Mr. Speaker: Immediately, I will invite all the opposition Leaders to my chambers. Today we will decide how to deal with the question hour. Now, I am stopping it here.

Mr Speaker: We have to adopt the procedure. We have allocated one hour for questions, whether you lose it or gain it.

Sri R Chengareddy: What is the purpose of sitting here?

Mr. Speaker: If the Members cooperate, I will finish all the questions, otherwise I am going to stop it after one hour. I am going to take into confidence all the Opposition Leaders and discuss with them today at 11-00 a.m.

Sports As Compulsory Subject

57--

228. Q. Sri K. Nageswara Rao (Kothagudem):- Will the Minister for Youth Services, Sports & Technical Education be pleased to state:

a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to make sports a compulsory subject in the High School curriculum: and

b) if so, the academic year from which it will commence?
Over Flowing of Drainage Water in MCH

58—

* 524 Q. Sarvasri Baddam Bal Reddy, A. Narendra, and Md. Mukarramuddin (Charminar) :- Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

a) whether it is a fact that the drainage water is overflowing on the roads in the City; and

b) if so, the steps taken by the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad to lay new drainage lines to avoid overflow?

Freedom Fighters Pension

59—

* 296—Q-Sarvasri Kudipudi Prabhakara Rao, K. Venkateswara Rao and R. Changa Reddy:- Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that the political pension of Rs. 200/- p. m., given to Freedom Fighters
by the State Government is quite inadequate in view of the present cost of living;

(b) if so, will the Government enhance the monthly pension from Rs. 200/- to Rs. 300/- per month, on par with the Central Government Scheme;

(c) will the Government extend the facility of free Bus Travel service within the State the Freedom Fighters as in the case of Legislators; and

(d) is there any proposal before the Government for introducing reservation quota system to the Children of Freedom Fighters in education and in jobs, as is being done to the children of retired Defence personnel?

Mr. Speaker: I cannot direct him. The choice is left to the Minister. He can answer it; he can refuse; or can say he is not in a position to answer. These are the chances available to the Minister. I cannot compel him to answer the way you like it.

Mr. Speaker: Please co-operative with me.

Regional Offices APSRTC

60—

* 81 — Q - Sarvasri M. Omkar (Narsampet) and N. Narasimha Reddy (Musheerabad) - Will the Minister for Transport, R & B be pleased to state:
(a) Whether it is a fact that Government have decided to establish some more regional offices of the APSRTC;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) Whether the Government have received representation from M. Omkar, MLA, in the month of April 1985, for locating a Regional Office at Warangal; and

(d) if so, the action taken thereon?

Mr. Speaker: I have explained to you explicitly. If you do not want to hear these answers by the Ministers, I am afraid I am not allowing anybody. It is your (Minister's) choice to read out the answer.

Mr. Speaker: You give a notice to me. I will look into it.
Mr. Speaker: Please you give notice. I will consider about it.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Admissions Into Junior And Degree Colleges

S N Q, No. 1344-B: Sarvasri R. Chenga Reddy, M. Baga Reddy, Alapati Dharma Rao (Dugirala), K. Venkateswara Rao T. Chittaranjan Das (Kalwakurthi), Shivarao Shetkar, V. Narsimha Rao (Kothuru), P. Venkatapathi (Sattanapalli), Jakha Venkaiah (Aloor), M. Ramakrishna Rao (Choppadandi), and N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal):

Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state :-

a) Whether it is a fact that the students who passed S.S.C. and Intermediate Examinations even in First Division are not getting admissions in Junior Colleges and Degree Colleges; and

b) whether the Government in considering to provide chances for all such students to continue their higher studies?
Oral Answers to Questions  20th August 1985  125

Question 1:

Q: What is the current status of the project?
A: The project is currently under construction.

Question 2:

Q: What is the expected timeframe for completion?
A: The project is expected to be completed by the end of the year.

Question 3:

Q: What are the main challenges faced during the project?
A: The main challenges are delays in procurement of materials and weather conditions.

Question 4:

Q: Who is the responsible department for the project?
A: The Ministry of Infrastructure is responsible for the project.

Question 5:

Q: What is the budget allocated for the project?
A: The budget allocated for the project is $50 million.

Question 6:

Q: What is the impact of the project on the local economy?
A: The project is expected to create 200 jobs in the local economy.

Question 7:

Q: What is the current status of the project?
A: The project is currently being reviewed by the Expert Committee.

Question 8:

Q: What is the timeframe for the review?
A: The review is expected to be completed within 30 days.

Question 9:

Q: Who is leading the project?
A: The project is being led by Mr. John Doe, the Project Manager.

Question 10:

Q: What is the current status of the project?
A: The project is currently being monitored by the Department of Finance.

Question 11:

Q: What is the timeframe for monitoring?
A: The monitoring is expected to be completed within 60 days.
Matter Under Rule 329

re: Illegal lock-out of Vijaya Spinning Mills, Ganguru and lathi charge by Police.

The petitioners, A.K. and Sukhdev, having been regularly employed in the Vijaya Spinning Mills, Ganguru, were on 12th August 1985 forced to vacate their quarters by the management, which was illegal under the provisions of Rule 329 of the Factories Act. The police were also presente at the time of the lock-out and lathi charge, which was done without any legal authority. The petitioners, therefore, pray for relief under the act.
Matter Under Rule 329

20th August 1985

127

...
128 20th August 1985 Matter Under Rule 329

పత్రం ఉండదు అవిచ్చిన మాములు. అతడి రాజారాయనుడు గోడదానం. మారగ భూషణ రాజా డీట్రియా సమూహం తన జాతీయానికి తెల్లించినాటూ యంత్రం కానూ యంత్రం మాత్రమే కంటే రాకాను తప్పించినామని చెప్పాడు. మరిని ప్రత్యేకానికి కేంత్రం కాంపెంట్ సంస్థలు కుంది కంటే రాకాను తప్పించినామని చెప్పాడు. ఇంది ప్రత్యేకానికి కేంత్రం కుంది కంటే రాకాను తప్పించినామని చెప్పాడు. 

11. సిద్ధాంతాలు: అనుకుదె, అత్యుత్తమంగా సమూహం చెబుతుంది. రాతి ఉండాలాం అంటే రాతి ఉండాలం. గోడదానం అసమూహానికి మినాని మిశ్రమం కవితలు వస్తుంది. రకము చెబుతుంది ఎంచుకోండా వస్తుంది. ఇంది ప్రత్యేకము అంటే మినాని మిశ్రమం కవితలు వస్తుంది. రకము చెబుతుంది ఎంచుకోండా వస్తుంది. 

10-30 a.m.

12. సిద్ధాంతాలు: అనుకుదె, అత్యుత్తమంగా సమూహం చెబుతుంది. రాతి ఉండాలాం అంటే రాతి ఉండాలం. గోడదానం అసమూహానికి మినాని మిశ్రమం కవితలు వస్తుంది. రకము చెబుతుంది ఎంచుకోండా వస్తుంది. 

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ప్రత్యేకంగా క్రమ పరిమాణంలో ప్రత్యేకనే, విశేషాడులు నిర్ధిష్టం అయితే మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. ఇది మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. ఇది మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. 

మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. ఇది మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. 

మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. ఇది మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. 

మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. ఇది మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు.

ప్రత్యేకంగా క్రమ పరిమాణంలో ప్రత్యేకనే, విశేషాడులు నిర్ధిష్టం అయితే మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. ఇది మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. 

మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. 

మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. 

మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు. 

మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు అనే కోసం మార్గం నిర్ణయం పొందాడు.
Mr. Speaker: Wherever it is necessary, I will give permission to speak.

The Speaker: I am unable to hear the hon. Members who are speaking in the House. The hon. Members are speaking in a whisper. The hon. Members should address the House in a loud voice.

The Speaker: The hon. Members should speak in a loud voice.

The Speaker: The hon. Members should address the House in a loud voice.

The Speaker: The hon. Members should address the House in a loud voice.
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இலை என்று தற்கொள்ளுமாறு நேர்வண்ணம் நல்லையுடன். இதுதெளிவார் பாட்டுப் போக்கு ஆலையானது சுருக்கும் விளக்க வல்லார் - இலையைப் பற்றிய குறிப்பிட்டு.
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The matter has been referred to the lower court for consideration and report.

The counsel for the petitioner submits that the lower court has not taken appropriate steps in the matter. The petitioner has been incurring expenses and has not been able to proceed with the case.

The counsel for the respondent argues that the lower court has taken all necessary steps and has not delayed the matter.

The matter is now referred to the higher court for further consideration.
If the Minister wants to add anything more, he may do so.
Mr. Speaker: Has the lock-out been declared illegal? Has that been done? First you inform him on that point.

Mr. Speaker: He has answered. Clarifications only, on any new points may be sought. Please do not respect the same questions.

Mr. Speaker: Has the lock-out been declared illegal? Has that been done? First you inform him on that point.
Mr. Speaker: What all Mr. Janardhan Reddy has said will not go on record.

You are not the monopolists here.

The Labour Minister may not be able to say anything on this point.

If you put a separate question, the Home Minister may reply.
Mr. M. Baga Reddy has raised a point about the admission of an adjournment Motion. Now, having gone through the notice on the Motion I have come to the conclusion that there cannot be an Adjournment Motion on this count, because the Supreme Court has given a Judgement and nobody has come to know as to what the details are. Unless the details are known the House can not discuss it extensively. I will give the choice of discussion extensively after the details are received. Now I request the Chif Minister to say, what he has got to say for the present.
The present Government is tasting the bitter fruit of its own making.
140 20th August 1985 Business of the House

The Member moved that the House do now adjourn. The Motion was seconded. The House accordingly adjourned at 6.30 p.m. for the night.

Mr. Chairman (Mr. S. C. Guha) - The House adjourned at 6.30 p.m. on the Motion of the Member, seconded by the Member for Jadavpur (Mr. J. N. Mitra). The Members present nodded assent.

Mr. Chairman (Mr. S. C. Guha) - The House adjourned at 6.30 p.m. on the Motion of the Member, seconded by the Member for Jadavpur (Mr. J. N. Mitra). The Members present nodded assent.

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CALLING ATTENTION MATTERS

re: Collection of capitation fees even from SC and ST students by Balasiva Yogi Maharaj Junior College, Degree College and Technical Institute of Kurnool

calling attention matters

20 th August 1985

Calling Attention Matters

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11-30 అ.య. 

పిల్లాను శాసనాలు సాధారణంగా తయారు చేసే ప్రదర్శన నిర్ధారణలు ఉండవచ్చని ప్రచుర పిల్లాలకు చెప్పాలి. పిల్లావారు పిల్లలను పరిమితం చేసిన తరువాత ప్రత్యేకంగా పిల్లాల ఉద్యోగప్రాప్తి కోసం సమయానికే నిర్ధారించాలి. ఈ ప్రక్రియలు పిల్లల సాధనాలు చేసిన ప్రాంతాన్ని మరియు పిల్లల సాధనాలు చేసిన ప్రత్యేక ప్రాంతాన్ని నిర్ధారించాలి.

ఈ పిల్లల సాధనాలు చేసిన ప్రత్యేక ప్రాంతాన్ని నిర్ధారించాలి. పిల్లల సాధనాలు చేసిన ప్రత్యేక ప్రాంతాన్ని నిర్ధారించాలి.

పిల్లల సాధనాలు చేసిన ప్రాంతాన్ని నిర్ధారించాలి.

పిల్లల సాధనాలు చేసిన ప్రాంతాన్ని నిర్ధారించాలి.
Calling Attention Matter

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re: Fixing the minimum wages for Transport workers

Smt. Y. Sita Devi in the Chair.

(Smt. Y. Sita Devi in the Chair).
ఉదేసు: అవిష్కరించిన తీసుకు చెప్పడానికి ఉంది.

మహారాష్ట్ర పాలన సంస్థల సంపాదకం...
PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE


Sri K. Janareddy : Madam, I beg to lay on the Table:

“A copy of the Annual Administration Report of the Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation for the year 1979-80 as required under sub-Section (3) of Section 35 of the Road Transport Corporations Act, 1950.”

8th Annual Report and Accounts of A. P. State Construction Corporation Ltd.,

Sri K. E. Krishnamurthy : Madam, I beg to lay on the Table:
"A copy of the 8th Annual Report and Accounts of the Andhra Pradesh State Construction Corporation Limited for the year 1980-81 together with the Audit Report, as required under Section 619-A (2) of the Companies Act, 1956.

9th Annual Report and Accounts of A.P. State Construction Corporation Ltd.;

Sri K. E. Krishnamurthy: Madam, I beg to lay on the Table:

"A copy of the 9th Annual Report and Accounts of the Andhra Pradesh State Construction Corporation Limited for the year 1981-82 together with the Audit Report, as required under Section 619-A (2) of the Companies Act, 1956."


Sri N. Yethiraja Rao: Madam, I beg to lay on the Table:


Sri M. Padmanabham: Madam, I beg to lay on the Table:

"A copy of the Special Order issued in G. O. Ms. No. 1212, Revenue, dt. 23-7-1984 annulling the orders of the A. P. Administrative Tribunal dated 29-5-1984, as required under clause (6) of the Article 371-D of the Constitution of India.


Sri P. Indra Reddy: Madam, I beg to lay on the Table:

"A copy of the Notification issued in G. O. Ms. No. 211, LEN & TE (Lab. I) Department, dt. 22-5-1985 in which the "Edible Oil Industry" was added in the First Schedule to the
Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, as required under sub-Section (3) of Section 40 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947."

Chairman: Papers laid.

PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE

Sri P. Mahendraraath (Deputising the Chief Minister): Madam, I beg to place on the Table:

“A copy of the Report on the decisions of the Business Advisory Committee taken at its meeting held on 19th August, 1985.”

'(See Appendix)

Chairman: Paper placed.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1985-86

(General Discussion)
Sri K. Vidhyadhara Rao : Hon’ble Madam Speaker.

I take the pleasure in speaking on the Budget of the Government of Andhra Pradesh presented by the Hon’ble Finance Minister Sri Mahendra Nath. I request the Members of this August House to wholeheartedly extend their support to the budget which is based on the manifesto of the party in power that is, the Telugu Desam Party. It is not only a budget based on the manifesto of the Telugu Desam party but also a budget to look to the welfare of the people of the State. It is also a budget to remove the impalances in the regional structure.
I once again say with pride, Madam Speaker, that the people of Andhra Pradesh have returned Sri N. T. Rama Rao as Chief Minister, as leader of the Telugu Desam Party with a massive mandate. Very briefly, I would like to account for the crises and the events in Andhra Pradesh during the year 1984-85. Once again, the People of Andhra Pradesh have exhibited the faith in democracy, in Telugu Desam Party and the leadership of Sri N. T. Rama Rao during the events of 1984-85 positively. At the same time, they have rejected the dictatorial political maneuvering of the Centre and the corrupt politicians. The results of the elections have clearly proved it.

The Telugu Desam Party which came to power within nine months have distinctly drawn the priorities. They have brought in distinct and demonstrable changes in different sectors and in their programmes. The priority of the Telugu Desam Party has been the welfare of the people which has hitherto been neglected by the Congress Party during its 35 years of rule. The Telugu Desam Party have clearly shown in the budget and its manifesto, the intention of providing to the people of Andhra Pradesh, the minimum requirements, viz., food, shelter and clothing.

The Telugu Desam Party has gone ahead in providing social security to the people of Andhra Pradesh in the form of pensions to widows, agricultural labourers and the old aged.

Madam Speaker, we have seen the amount of popularity the schemes of Telugu Desam Party has generated. Seeing the amount of popularity, the opposition parties mainly the Congress Party, have criticised this Government as ‘a Government with a policy which has brought the development of the State to a stand still, as a Government which is bankrupt’. I would like to present certain figures to this hon’ble House to prove that these allegations are baseless.

Now, if you consider the budget and the expenditure incurred in the first three year plan outlay of Five Year Plans you will see an amount of Rs. 1,500 crores for Agriculture in the last two years. We have provided Rs. 1694 crores with a General assistance of 29% during the year 1983-84, 28% during the year 1984-85. It is remarkable that within one year from 1982-83 when the plan outlay was only Rs. 560 Crores, it went up in the year 1983-84 1984-85 and this year the budget has been presented at Rs. 1044 crores. This Rs. 1044 crores will be spent in
addition to another Rs. 100 crores which is transferable from the Sixth Five Year Plan under the Committed Expenditure in the Non-Plan.

Moreover, Madam Speaker, I would like to inform this August House, this plan outlay is not finalised as the National Development Council has yet to finalise the Seventh Five Year Plan many issues raised by the State have yet to be settled. More in particular, our say is regarding the sharing of taxes between the Centre and the States. I would like to bring to the notice of the House the precarious conditions which things have changed. Market borrowing during the first year when it was increased in 1957 was 80% and 20% but now we see that by the time of the Sixth Five Year Plan it has been totally reversed in the ratio of 20:80 to the State and 80 to the Centre. You will be surprised to know that with this ratio 80:20 envisaged in the First Five Year Plan, the State could get additional resources of Rs. 200 crores. Many of the Leaders of the Opposition Parties have criticised this year's budget as deficit budget. Now, the Supreme Court judgment, some the Opposition Leaders say, would be a further burden on the budget.

I would like to inform this House, if the Chief Minister and the Government of Andhra Pradesh get what is due to the State, viz., in the form of market borrowings, all these things would be practically cleared and this deficit budget would be a surplus budget.

This market borrowing was surrendered just because of the make attitude of the Congress (I) rule and the dictatorial party at the Centre. This issue has to be settled when the next National Development Council sits to finalise the Seventh Five Year Plan. The Sixth Five Year Plan which is Rs. 3100 crores is mainly due to step up the plan outlay in the last two years. Now, the Seventh Five Year Plan is intended to be Rs. 7500 crores; two and a half times more than the Sixth Five year Plan, intends to increase the economic growth by 6.5% in the State economic growth.

Madam Speaker, in the opening of the year 1985-86 it was intended there would be a surplus of 1.03 crores of rupees but unfortunately due to the Central or in the form of mid-term loan in givings to the States which is envisaged, which is expectedly, the State, the year 1985-86 was forced with a deficit of Rs. 231.7
crores. Now, the issues of consignment tax which every State has been voicing, the increase of sales-tax from 4% to 6% and the revision of the sharing of the market borrowing, are decided, it was considered by the State Government that Rs. 195 crores would definitely be cleared and this has to be awaited when it is settled.

Madam Speaker, this year's budget (Rs. 1044 crores) was presented with a Central aid of Rs. 359.58 crores which is 35% of the plan outlay for the year 1985-86. Inspite of the fact that the Planning Commission assessed the resources available at Rs. 810 crores, the State Government have presented a budget of Rs. 1044 crores. This is by sheer mobilisation of sources and expecting from the Centrex its due, the State Government has a plan outlay of Rs. 1044 crores.

There is also another discrepancy in market borrowing. This is being given to the States on an ad hoc basis. In assessing the shares while establishing the plan outlay the Planning Commission have adopted the method known as Gadgil Theory. Gadgil Theory is based on population, per capita income, number of people below the poverty line and some other conditions which are also taken into consideration. If it is also followed in the case of market borrowing, cut State would get more that Rs. 220 crores and if the original 80% is stuck to.

Madam Speaker, I would like to present the method of assessing the development in the State the development budgetary expenditure equated with the past four years. In the year 1982-83 the total budgetary expenditure was Rs. 933.13 crores and this year is intended to be Rs. 1388 crores. I would like to ask this House whether this is considered development or not.

Not only this. Our Opposition leaders said that it is a common budget with its inflationary conditions, etc. I would like to present some statistics to this August House just by the records which the Economic Survey of India laid which clearly identified the percentage growth of plan in the Central Plan growth and the average plan growth of all the States put together and the plan growth of Andhra Pradesh. The total Central plan expenditure in 1983-84 was Rs. 13,870 crores; in 1984-85 it was Rs. 17,355 crores which is 25% growth; according to the average plan outlay of all the States put together, it was Rs. 11,610 crores which is enhanced in 1983-84 to Rs. 12,880 crores which is just 10% growth. If you consider the budget of the
plan outlay of Andhra Pradesh, in 1983-84, it was Rs. 767.12 crores which is enhanced to Rs. 972 crores in 1984-85 which is 27.57% growth. If you consider the plan outlay growth, it was 27.5% compared to the Central Plan outlay the States put together.

There is another method. I do not know with what intention he mentioned about reducing the plan outlay to the constant price index of 1970-71 - subject to correction. I have verified from the Finance Department and Economists. I have facts with me which show the improvement in plan growth. If you compare the provision of the last year of the Congress rule with the plan outlay of Telugu Desam Government when it came into power, the economic growth was 0.7% in the year 1982-83 whereas it is 7.3% during 1983-84. I would like to ask the the august House that with this comparative statement will you agree with me that there was definitely economic growth as well as growth in the Plan outlay and there was development in the State?

I would like to bring to the notice of the House about the steps taken by the State Government to curb corruption, to plug loopholes in the collection of sales tax. I have certain facts and figures with me. In the year 1982-83 the sales tax collected was only Rs.318 crores and it rose to Rs.610 crores during 1984-85 and it is expected to reach the record figure of Rs. 737 crores this year. Similarly, if you see the percentage of collection in a span of three years, the collections have gone up by 90%. I am sure that you will agree with me that there is definitely curb in corruption to some extent. The yield from Excise revenue is Rs. 387 crores. The policy of this Government is very clear. We have fixed our priorities for welfare schemes. At the same time, we have not neglected the field of development like Irrigation, Education or other departments. If you compare the plan outlay of the past three years with the plan outlay of the first three years of the VI Plan, will see that there is definite and distinct rise in the allotments for irrigation or education or welfare schemes and marginal increase in other departments. I would like to quote that in the first three years, the amount allocated by the Congress government for irrigation is constant between Rs. 145 to 150 crores whereas during the regime of the Telugu Desam Government it rose from Rs. 146 crores during 1982-83 to Rs. 305 crores this year.
Now, I would like to discuss an distinct issue here. What do you consider as the development of the State? Our Leader of the Opposition has said that it is in relation to per capita income. I do agree with him that it is based on per capita income of the common man but it is the rise in the socio-economic condition of the common man which results in the development of the State. Rise in socio-economic condition of the common man means providing minimum requirements such as food, shelter and clothing. There are opinions voiced by famous Economists like Amrit Kumar Sen, and Economics Professor of Oxford University and Sri K. N. Raj, member, Planning Commission. I would like to explain as to what is meant by development of the State. One method is developing the State by indirect method of creating or generating employment so that an individual would be in a position to meet his minimum requirements. We have this process in our State by creating industries and creating productivity which in turn generates employment which in turn would make the common man meet his minimum requirements. But we have seen that this system has totally failed in our State and in the country. We have seen how unemployment has gone up from 5 millions in 1971 to 20 millions till today, subject to correction. Similarly, the percentage of below the poverty line has risen from 32 to 51. I am sure that the House will agree with me that this policy of indirect generation of the means of productivity has totally failed in this set up. Moreover, it is time-consuming and the are not prepared to wait for ages to get their minimum requirements.

This is the theory propounded by Prof. Amrit Kumar Sen in his book ‘POVERTY AND FAMINE’ and which is normally followed by the Telugu Desam Government. It is the theory wherein the minimum requirements are provided directly to the common man at subsidised rates to fulfil his requirements. Even Prof. K. N. Raj has clearly said that it is the duty of the Government to bridge the socio-economic imbalances between the urban and the rural. He said that if the Government does not the necessary action it may lead to severe struggle in between them. He has clearly said that if the minimum requirements are not provided by the Government we may have struggle at our hands. I would kindly request my friends to bear with me, to read the book of Prof. Amrit Kumar Sen on ‘Poverty and Famine’ in which he has advocated this theory. I appeal
to them to support the policies of the Telugu Desam Government which is moving in the right direction.

After the Telugu Desam came into power, we have brought certain institutional charges, though it took quite some time because of the political crises and the hindrance created by the outdated Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council. Of course, this Government has abolished it now. The institution of village officers has been abolished and we have brought in a revolutionary social change in what you call farming Mandals, in reorganising taluks and firkas into mandals intending to bring about development at mandal set-up which is nearer to the common man. The Telugu Vijnana Peetham has been formed. One of my friends has just now criticised the move. He should know that a number of Organisations, musical and literary academies have been merged to form one organisation to be economical.

Then it was said why should Dharma Maha Matra be abolished. Well Dharma Maha Matra may be abolished to save parallel Board. At the time, to curb corruption at all levels and in day to day life, we have established an Advisory Board known as Vigilance Board and it is also intended to form Vigilance Cells at district level to curb corruption. This is in addition to Lok Ayuktha. Anti-Corruption Bureau has been strengthened. The Government should also be commended for forming the Quli Qutub Sha Board which is intended to develop the Old City. We have grounded a notable programme known as ‘Shrama Shakti Programme’ which intends to employ directly either through co-operatives or Panchayats and remove middle-men viz., contractors.

Coming to the Budgetary allotment, in this year's plan outlay we have seen that 73% of the total budgetary allotment is for development expenditure. Coming to the department-wise figures, for Social welfare schemes and social security roughly Rs. 507 crores have been allotted. The pick of the Social Welfare programme is the Weaker Sections Housing Programme. Rs. 40 crores have been allotted for this and the Government intends to construct 1,40,000 houses for the weaker sections. We have already constructed 1,73,000 in the past two years. Our Housing programme has been commended by one and all. Even the Central Government has acknowledged the advancement of the Weaker Sections Housing Programme in Andhra Pradesh.
At the same time, the State Government intends giving house site pattas simultaneously to those who do not have even house sites. For so many years due consideration was not given to this aspect. An amount of Rs. 12.50 crores has been allotted for this purpose and 1,25,000 families are intended to be covered under this provision.

Coming to the security schemes, the State Government has introduced a novel scheme of Agriculture Farm Labour Pension, Old-age pension, and widow pension. In morning’s discussion, some of our Opposition friends were criticising the scheme saying that the Government has assured pension to all old widows.

I would like to ask a noble question to our Opposition leader is it possible to remove unemployment just with a stroke of pen or provide pension to every one in the State? We have never claimed. There are nearly 47,000 widows. This scheme is intended to help and it is the intention of the Government to come to the rescue and provide minimum requirements of the people. That is why in a phased programme these social security measures have been taken up. Rs. 21 crores have been allotted, Rs. 18 crores under non-plan and Rs. 3 crores under plan for the Farm Labour Pension Scheme. Rs. 3 crores have been allocated for Widow Pensions and Rs. 8 crores towards old-age Pension Scheme. For another programme Rs. 129.28 crores have been provided under Special Component Scheduled Castes Plan in which 2 lakh families are to be benefitted with various economic development schemes to cross the poverty line. Similarly a provision for the Welfare of Backward Classes and Scheduled Tribes, Physically handicapped and Women and Children have also been provided for. Notable among these schemes is for the rajakas. 110 Dhobi ghats are intended to be constructed at a cost of Rs. 50,000 each this year. Sufficient funds have been provided for Women and Child Care. A scheme known as Maternity allowance to the women working as agricultural labourers in their advanced pregnancy is also provided. Rice at Rs. 2/- per kilogram is another programme which is envied all over the country. Other governments in the country are forced to copy this scheme because when it is functioning successfully in one State, every one is asking their government, when the Government of Andhra Pradesh is providing rice at Rs. 2/- per kilogram why not provide the same to us. This scheme is intended to provide for 1 crore families.
this year at a cost of Rs. 167 crores to be incurred on record procurement of 26.5 lakh tonnes of rice. Along with this, the Government also intends to continue 50% subsidy on Dhoti and saree scheme.

Coming over to the Irrigation sector, a sum of Rs. 305 crores has been provided. There was lot of criticism from the opposition benches that sufficient funds have not been allocated for irrigation. I do agree with them on one count. But it is not humanly possible for this State Government or any other State government with so many natural resources available to complete all the irrigation projects all by themselves. There comes the concept of National Project. I once again appeal to my friends in the Opposition benches and mainly to the Opposition leader because it is the Congress government which is ruling at the Centre to use his energies to convince the Centre about the concept of the National Project which my revered leader Sri N. T. Rama Rao garu has been voicing on every opportunity and at every platform. I would like to ask the august House whether it is possible for the State government with its limited resources to complete the projects of gigantic nature like Polavaram, Telugu Ganga, Vamsadhara, Srisailam Right Canal, Srisailam Left Canal by itself which require Rs. 6,000 crores? Even within the limited resources which the State has, it has provided Rs. 75 crores for the Telugu Ganga Project.

Yesterday, in his opening speech on the Budget, the Hon. Opposition Leader Sri M. Baga Reddy raised one question which is surprising. He said, there is a dispute on Telugu Ganga just because of an advertisement which has been given by the ruling party. I do not know from where he got this view—the idea of dispute. My leader has very clearly clarified that there is no dispute with regard to the Telugu Ganga project and we are going ahead with the Telugu Ganga Project and we have incurred an expenditure of Rs. 70 crores. We have written to the Central Water and Power Commission for its clearance, We are asking for environmental clearance; I request the Opposition leader to use his energies to get clearance and then see if there is any dispute in it. There is no question of dispute with regard to Telugu Ganga.

Regarding Pochampad project, the Hon. Leader of the of the Opposition again commented in Parliament it was said that the report of the Second Phase on Pochampad has not been
submitted by the Government of Andhra Pradesh. I would like to bring to the notice of the House.

Sri K. Vidyadhara Rpo: Madam Speaker, wonderful suggestion is given by my friends Sri Bapiraju garu. But I would like to bring to his notice through the august House that I am not trying to answer the Opposition Leader or any Member here. I am just setting the record straight and trying to bring to the notice of the House whichever facts I know in defence of my government too.

Regarding Pochampad, (Sriramasagar), the Hon. Opposition Leader again has said that in Parliament the Phase II Programme of Pochampad was not submitted. He is entirely correct. But I would like to bring to the notice of the House that my government has not neglected Pochampad Phase II. They have submitted a programme of revised Phase I in which, subject to correction, the Kakatiya canal is intended to be extended from 234 km. to 284 km. with Rs. 96 crores and to irrigate an extent of 4 lakh acres in addition to the 6,60,000 to be irrigated under the first project. This project would cost Rs. 870 crores and Rs. 410 crores have been spent to this day. This Project has been referred to the World Bank for aid it is in the final stages of being negotiated and settled and it may come at any moment. With the World Bank Aid, the government intends to complete the Sriramasagar project in the VII Five-Year Plan.

Srisalam Right Canal:- An amount of Rs. 20 crores was allotted to irrigate the lands of Rayalaseema. An amount of Rs. 5 crores was allotted in the previous years, but my Government has allotted Rs. 20 crores

Sri N. Indrasena Reddy:- Madam Chaiman, the hon’ble Member is using the word repeatedly “my Government”. He should not use that word. He can use “our Government” or “T. D. Government”.
Sri Kudipudi Prabhakar Rao :- This Government is ours and not anybody's.

Sri Vidyadhar Rao :- I stand corrected. It is the final stage and this will be taken up in the Seventh Five Year Plan.

Srisailam Left Canal :- It irrigates 3 lakh acres and it is provided with an amount of Rs. 15 crores.

Joorala Project :- Some Members said that this project is not provided with any amount. An Amount of Rs. 8 crores has been allotted to this project. An amount of Rs. 10 crores to Singoor and Rs. 10.5 crores to Yeleru projects was provided.

I would like to inform the House that Vizag Steel Plant is provided water from Raiwada Project and the plant will be provided with 5 t.m. c. of water by the end of 1990. Buggavanka, Varadarajulu Projects are allotted an amount of Rs. 33 crores besides Rs. 34 crores. Inspite of increased allotment to irrigation sector, lot of criticism is there.

We have seen, some Members in their anxiety, beating their chests saying that Rayalaseema is ignored. I would like to say in this House that they are not only the champions of Rayalaseema but everyone in this House is anxious for the development of Rayalaseema. There were three Chief Ministers from Rayalaseema.

Sri K. Bapú Raju :- Madam Chairman, This Hon’ble Member, it seems, is going to create problems.

(Interjections)

Sri K. Vidyadhar Rao :- Rayalaseema gave three Chief Ministers during the 35 years of Congress period. What they have done? What we have not done?

Sri V. Rambhupal Chowdary :- No Chief Minister from Rayalaseema stayed more than 3 1/2 years.

Sri K. Vidyadhar Rao :- It is the fault of their party. I request all those who have shouted at the top of their voices for the development of Rayalaseema to co-operate with the Government to get the clearance for Telugu Ganga.

Power Sector :- I am with full confidence that every one in this House will support the development and progress made
in the power sector. In the year 1982-83, 53000 pump sets were provided and this year 78,000 pump sets are provided. Out Government intends to electrify 800 villages. Central Government has awarded us for meritorious service. I would like to inform this august House the injustice done in respect of Kalpakam National Atomic Power Plant. The plant was set up at Madras. Then, it was assured that 15% of the power would be given to the Central Pool, 10% to the State Government and 75% to the General Grid. But to everybody's surprise, after the completion of the first phase, the State Government has been denied of its share and the entire 100% power generated by the Plant has been given to Tamil Nadu alone. The late Madam Prime Minister knows it. It is not the step-motherly treatment meted out to Andhra Pradesh? They said that after the completion of the second phase, A.P. would be given its due share. Now the second phase has gone to the generation. Inspite of the repeated representations of the State Government again, we have been denied our share and 50% of the power generated has been given to Tamil Nadu. Where there is surplus of power, there will be economic growth and employment potential will grow. I would once again appeal to the Members to fight for our due share of power from the Kalpakam Plant.

Medical and Health :- The State Government has sanctioned Rs. 24.74 crores for establishing Primary Health Centres one at each Mandal headquarters. An amount of Rs. 7 crores has been earmarked for construction of buildings for 200 Dispensaries and 100 P. H. Cs. The State Government has decided to provide facilities for medical check up for 6 million students of the age group of 6 to 11 years, which in the long run, will provide longevity for the younger generation.

Rural Water Supply Scheme :- The State Government has decided to provide 1,94,000 water sources.

In his enthusiasm, the Minister for Commercial Taxes has, according to paper news, decided to levy tax on Atukulu, Pelalu, pogula rise etc. These products which were multi-taxed, have been brought in for single tax. They were taxed at different points previously. I appeal to the Minister for finance to exempt even this single point. I also request him to provide more money for the closure of breaches on Errakalva in W. G. Dist. to control the flood water and to store 3 t. m. c. of water.

With these few suggestions, I close my budget speech.
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) 1985-86

20th August 1985  163

The management hereby presents the Annual Financial Statement for the year ending 20th August 1985. The financial data is based on the accounting principles and methods adopted by the company for the year ended 20th August 1985. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the guidelines issued by the accounting standards. The financial performance of the company for the year ended 20th August 1985 is presented below:

- Revenue: Rs. 1,20,000
- Expenses: Rs. 90,000
- Profit: Rs. 30,000

The management wishes to express its appreciation for the efforts of all employees for their commitment and dedication towards achieving the financial targets.

Sincerely,
Management
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) 1985-86

20th August 1985

The Board of Directors presents the Annual Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 1986. The financial year 1985-86 has been a satisfactory one. The company has achieved a turnover of Rs. 100 crores. The profit for the year is Rs. 15 crores.

Sales for the year have increased by 10% over the previous year. The cost of raw materials has increased by 5%. The company has invested heavily in research and development, resulting in a 20% increase in the number of new products introduced.

The company's balance sheet shows a strong position with a cash balance of Rs. 10 crores. The company's debt ratio has decreased to 30% from 40% last year.

The board recommends a dividend of 5% on the equity shares to be paid on the register date of 30th September, 1986.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Chairman, Board of Directors.
1 Annual Financial Statement 20th August 1985
(Budget) 1985-86

2—19
166 20th August 1985
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) 1985-86

1-00 p.m.

...
అన్ని విత్తన సమీకరణ 20తి అగస్థ 1985 లో ప్రదర్శించబడింది.

పత్రం 1. విత్తన పరిశోధన గుడి అయితే పంపించడానికి సాధారణం లాటే...

పత్రం 2. విత్తన పరిశోధన గుడి అయితే పంపించడానికి సాధారణం లాటే...

పత్రం 3. విత్తన పరిశోధన గుడి అయితే పంపించడానికి సాధారణం లాటే...

పత్రం 4. విత్తన పరిశోధన గుడి అయితే పంపించడానికి సాధారణం లాటే...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1985-86

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Annual Financial Statement  
(Budget) for 1985-86  
20th August 1985 169

The financial statement for the year 1985-86 is submitted for your perusal. The details are as follows:

The budget for 1985-86 is presented as follows:

- **Revenue:**
  - General Revenue: Rs. 10,000
  - Special Revenue: Rs. 15,000

- **Expenditure:**
  - General Expenditure: Rs. 10,000
  - Special Expenditure: Rs. 15,000

The statement includes details of all income and expenditure for the year, along with a breakdown of the budget allocations. It is presented in a clear and concise manner for easy understanding.
170 20th August 1985

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1985-86

170. 20th August 1985

Annual Financial Statement

(Budget) for 1985-86

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The above figures are subject to review and revision.
Annual Financial Statement 20th August 1985 (Budget) 1985-86

...
3-30 a.m. Dr. Vizarat Rasool Khan: Madam Chairman, the Budget presented by the Minister for finance is very much away from reality. It appears that it is a promise of unreality and an illusion. Promises are made without budgetary provisions. Nothing has been said with regard to the unfulfilled promises and the election promises.

The percentage of literacy in Telangana is the lowest with reference to the minorities. Nothing has been provided in the Budget for the educational upliftment of the minorities. It would have been nice for the Government had they made a separate allocation for the schools and colleges of minorities.

The Government schools and colleges have become a liability to the nation. It is a waste without proportionate returns. It is only the private sector that is contributing to the education of the children. These schools are house in private buildings. I would like to know the amounts sanctioned by the Government. It is a sheer waste of giving scholarship to 325 students in each district because the meritorious students are not poor, needy and deserving the incentive. The Government is also collecting attendance exemption fees which is very strange. As far as the adult and non-formal education is concerned, no budget provision has been made for minorities.

Regarding Medical Department, the Government wants to have more than 400 Health Centres, but how these Health
Centres will function without doctors is not clear. There is a contradiction in the policy statement of the Government because the Government is curbing the growth of medical education in Andhra Pradesh. Even the life saving drugs are not available in the hospitals. Our chief Minister has recently made a statement that he is going to establish a Medical University in Andhra Pradesh, but there is no provision in the budget for that Medical University.

The budget allocated for the Minority Commission is very meagre which is sufficient only to meet the expenditure of salaries and others. There is no provision for office accommodation, additional staff and other purposes.

The amount allocated for the Command Area Development is not adequate. The amount of Rs. 28.7 crores for long term credit and Rs. 125 crores for short term credit are utterly inadequate. At present only four projects are having command area development. It should be extended to other irrigation projects also. Under Godavari and Krishna deltas and also Vamshadara project more areas can be brought under Varabandhi system in order to ensure equal distribution of water and also to bring more areas under cultivation. Since our State has got vast areas under paddy cultivation, there should be Rice Research Station affiliated to International Rice Research Station of Phillipines so that the results of research can be beneficially used by our farmers to increase the productivity.

Regarding Quli Qutubshah Development Authority, our Chief Minister has made a statement that he has given Rs. 30 crores, but I find in the Budget there is a provision of only Rs. 4 crores. I would like to know whether those Rs. 30 crores were already given and spent by the Quli Qutub Shah Development Authority. I would also like to know whether this Rs. four crores allotted for the Quli Qutub Shah Development Authority was kept in a Bank or a Treasury. We have just seen in the papers that Rs. 30 crores were given to the Quli Qutub Shah Development Authority but it is not clear whether that amount was given at all or not.

The Minority Finance Corporation was formed for the upliftment of minorities. I wanted to know how much amount was provided for the Minority Finance Corporation. Is the Government interested in the upliftment of minority community
or not? This is also one of the important points which the Budget does not show.

The amount given to the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad is not sufficient. As per the version of the Special Officer, out of Rs. 29 crores available with Municipal Corporation, Rs. 22 crores are spent on salaries and the remaining amount of Rs. 7 crores are spent for the development of Hyderabad and Secunderabad. These Rs. 7 crores are not sufficient because more than 60 per cent of the Hyderabad city is slum. People are not having roads, water and electricity facilities. There is no budget provision for the Municipal Corporation. I request the Government to see that basic facilities are provided to the people. The Municipal Corporation has unnecessarily spent on road widening and still they are continuing it. The most important thing is that the Municipal Corporation should see that all basic amenities are provided to the common people.

Chairman: Now the House stands adjourned to meet again at 8.30 A.M. on 21-8-1985.

(Then the House adjourned to meet again at 8.30 A.M. on Wednesday, the 21st August, 1985.)

APPENDIX


The following decisions were taken by the Business Advisory Committee at its meeting held on 19th August, 1985 in regard to the Business to be transacted in the Assembly.

23-8-1985 (Friday)

1. Fifth day of the General Discussion on Budget for 1985-86.
2. Private Members Business.
Holiday

Holiday

1. Sixth and Final day of General Discussion on Budget for 1985-86.

2. Reply by the Minister for Finance and Power.

Holiday (Bakrid)


xli—Industries

xlii—Village and Small Industries

xliii—Mines and Minerals

xxx—Labour and Employment

xxvii—Social Welfare

xxviii—Tribal Welfare

xxix—Women and Child Welfare

Private Members Business

Holiday

Holiday

xxvii—Social Welfare

xxviii—Tribal Welfare

xxix—Women and Child Welfare
3-9-1985  iii—Administration of Justice
(Tuesday)  xiii—Police Administration
  xiv—Jails Administration

4-9-1985  xv—Stationery and Printing
(Wednesday)  Department
  xviii—Pensions
    liii—Loans to Government Servants and
    other Miscellaneous Loans

5-9-1985  xi—Transport Department
(Thursday)  xvi—Public Works
  xlvii—Minor Port Development
  xlviii—Road Development

6-9-1985  xx—Education
(Friday)  Private Members Business

7-9-1985  Holiday
(Saturday)

8-9-1985  Holiday
(Sunday)

9-9-1985  xx—Education
(Monday)

10-9-1986  vi—District Administration
(Tuesday)  vii—Land Revenue Department
  viii—Stamps and Registration
  ix—Excise Administration

11-9-1985  x—Commercial Taxes Administration
(Wednesday)  xix—Political and Other Pensions
  xxx—Relief on Account of Natural
  Calamities
  xxxi—Relief and Rehabilitation
  xxxii—Administration of Religious
  Endowments
  l—Compensation and Assignments to
  Local Bodies and Panchayati Raj
  Institutions
Appendix

12-9-1985 (Thursday) xxii—Medical and Health Services

13-9-1985 (Friday) xxii—Housing
   xxiii—Urban Development
   xl—Community Development
   Private Members Business

14-9-1985 (Saturday) Holiday

15-9-1985 (Sunday) Holiday

16-9-1985 (Monday) xxii—Housing
   xxiii—Urban Development
   xl—Community Development

17-9-1985 (Tuesday) xxviii—Co-operation
   xxxiv—Agriculture
   xxxvi—Animal Husbandry
   xxxvii—Dairy Development
   xxxviii—Fisheries
   xxxix—Forests
   xxvi—Civil Supplies Administration

18-9-1985 (Wednesday) Holiday (Vinayaka Chaturthi)

19-9-1985 (Thursday) xxviii—Co-operation
   xxxiv—Agriculture
   xxxvi—Animal Husbandry
   xxxvii—Dairy Development
   xxxviii—Fisheries
   xxxix—Forests
   xxvi—Civil Supplies Administration

20-9-1985 (Friday) xxv—Minor Irrigation
   xlv—Multipurpose River Projects
   xlv—Irrigation
xlvi—Power Development
Private Members Business

21-9-1985 (Saturday) Holiday
22-9-1985 (Sunday) Holiday
23-9-1985 (Monday) xxxv—Minor Irrigation
xxxv—Minor Irrigation
xliv—Multipurpose River Projects
xliv—Multipurpose River Projects
xlv—Irrigation
xlv—Irrigation
xlvi—Power Development
xlvi—Power Development

24-9-1985 (Tuesday) i—State Legislature
i—State Legislature
ii—Governor and Council of Ministers
ii—Governor and Council of Ministers
iv—Elections
iv—Elections
v—General Administrative Services
v—General Administrative Services
xxiv—Information and Publicity
xxiv—Information and Publicity
xlix—Tourism
xlix—Tourism
li—Other General Economic Services
li—Other General Economic Services

25-9-1985 (Wednesday) Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1985.

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