# THE ANDHRA PRADESH Legislative Assembly Debates

**OFFICIAL REPORT**

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Printed by the Director of Printing, Government of Andhra Pradesh
At Janatha Printers, GONGOLE.
THE ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Speaker : .... Sri T. Satyanarayana

Deputy Speaker : .... Sri A. Bheem Reddy

Panel of Chairman : .... 1. Sri D. Narayana Swamy
2. Sri E. Vasudeva Rao
3. Sri M. M. J. Thomas Chowdary
4. Kumari K. Prasuna
5. Sri Mandali Venkata Krishna Rao
6. Sri P. Ramachandra Reddy

Secretary : .... Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy

Deputy Secretaries .... Sri C. Venkatesan
Sri N. Pattabhi Rama Rao

Assistant Secretaries : .... 1. Sri P. Satyanarayana Sastry
2. Sri P. V. K. LN. V. Raghava sarma
3. Sri K. V. N. Appa Rao
4. Sri V. V. Subrahmanyam
5. Sri V. V. Bhaskara Rao
6. Sri S. Suryanarayana Murthy

Chief Reporter : .... Smt. M. V. S. Jayalakshmi
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OFFICIAL REPORT

Second day of the Fifth Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Tuesday, the 26th June, 1984
The House met at Half-past Eight of the Clock
(Mr. Speaker in the chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

ASSIGNMENT OF LANDS TO NON-RESIDENTS

11—

-2822—Q—Sri V. V. Narayana Reddy (Markapur) :— Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact that Waste Lands in S. Nos 752, 753 and 754/1-2-3 are assigned to non-residents of Yerragonda palem village of Yerragonda palem Taluk, Prakasam Dist;

b) if so, the names of the assignees and the extent assigned;

c) When these lands have been assigned to them;

d) Whether these assignees are relatives and friends of the then Revenue Divisional Officer, Markapur; and

e) if so, the reasons for assigning these lands to non-residents?

3. బీహేస్తుడు స్వ మంది (ప్రి మం. మంత్రివారి సంచాలన) :—

3) బీహేస్తుడు స్వ మంది మిసిటీర్లలో నెం. 752, 754/1-2-3 ఎత్తు మరుస్తకకు కొ 15-11 అడుగు సంఖ్య ప్రాంతాలు పాలుకోవడానికి ఆహ్లాదం అయింది.

(5) 1) సంవత్సరాల రోజులు —— 5.00 సంవత్సరాల

2) సంవత్సరాల రోజులు —— 5.08 సంవత్సరాల

3) ఇప్పటి సాంస్కృతిక రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(5) 1981 వరకు రెండవ శతాబ్దం.

(6) ఇప్పటి రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(7) ఇప్పటి రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(8) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(9) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(10) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(11) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(12) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(13) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(14) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(15) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(16) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(17) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(18) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(19) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

(20) ఈ రాచయిత పరిస్థితుల కాలం ఎంత సమయంచే ఘనం?

చాలా ప్రశ్నలు ముందు నాణ్యం ఉంది. ప్రశ్నల ఉపయోగం మీదుగా నిర్ధారించినంత విధంగా ఉండాలి తప్పుతాం.

ప్రశ్న 1. ప్రత్యేక (విషయం) : — అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్ర సమాధానం ముందు విలువించిన పలు ప్రభావాలు కావాలి అయినప్పుడు. అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్ర సమాధానం జైల్లలోని బిందుస్థలాలు ముందు విలువించిన ప్రభావాలు కావాలి. అందుకే ఈ ప్రశ్న ఉండండి.

ప్రశ్న 2. ముద్రణ (విషయం) : — అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్ర సమాధానం ముందు విలువించిన ప్రభావాలు కావాలి. అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్ర సమాధానం జైల్లలోని బిందుస్థలాలు ముందు విలువించిన ప్రభావాలు కావాలి. అందుకే ఈ ప్రశ్న ఉండండి.

ప్రశ్న 3. అధ్యాపిక (విషయం) : — అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్ర సమాధానం ముందు విలువించిన ప్రభావాలు కావాలి. అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్ర సమాధానం జైల్లలోని బిందుస్థలాలు ముందు విలువించిన ప్రభావాలు కావాలి. అందుకే ఈ ప్రశ్న ఉండండి.

ప్రశ్న 4. చదరపు (విషయం) : — అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్ర సమాధానం ముందు విలువించిన ప్రభావాలు కావాలి. అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్ర సమాధానం జైల్లలోని బిందుస్థలాలు ముందు విలువించిన ప్రభావాలు కావాలి. అందుకే ఈ ప్రశ్న ఉండండి.
(a) the annual income being derived by the R. T. C. from the Advertisements of Private Companies on the A.P.S R T.C. buses; the district-wise figures thereof;

(b) Whether it is a fact that the public are inconvenienced due to the display of Advertisements on all the four sides of the buses; and

INCOME TO R. T. C. FROM ADVERTISEMENTS

12—

*4339. (M)—Q.—Sarvasri G. Venkata Swamy Naidu (Kadiam) E. Vasudeva Rao. (Visakhapatnam-II) and N. Venkataratnam (Guntur-II) — Will the Minister for Transport be placed to state

(a) the annual income being derived by the R. T. C. from the Advertisements of Private Companies on the A.P.S R T.C. buses; the district-wise figures thereof;

(b) Whether it is a fact that the public are inconvenienced due to the display of Advertisements on all the four sides of the buses; and
Oral Answers to Questions. 26th June, 1984

(a) if so, the action taken by the Government?

1982-83 — Rs. 5,50 lakhs
(1982, Rs. 3,50 lakhs)
(1983, Rs. 60 lakhs)

1. 1983-84 — Rs. 14.20 lakhs
(1983, Rs. 5 lakhs)
(1984, Rs. 9.20 lakhs)

The following table shows the details of the funds sanctioned for the years 1978-79, 1979-80, 1980-81, 1981-82, 1982-83, and 1983-84:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>3,82,818</td>
<td>4,98,038</td>
<td>4,85,184</td>
<td>5,11,588</td>
<td>1,09,257</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>55,435</td>
<td>48,623</td>
<td>20,886</td>
<td>11,139</td>
<td>17,483</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>1,71,480</td>
<td>1,79,011</td>
<td>2,10,000</td>
<td>1,58,955</td>
<td>9,988</td>
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<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>7,399</td>
<td>4,402</td>
<td>2,737</td>
<td>15,553</td>
<td>10,687</td>
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<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>15,405</td>
<td>7,845</td>
<td>10,501</td>
<td>8,384</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Why?

(c) Why the extra?

The following table shows the details of the funds sanctioned for the years 1984-85, 1985-86, and 1986-87:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>1984-85</th>
<th>1985-86</th>
<th>1986-87</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>3,82,818</td>
<td>4,98,038</td>
<td>4,85,184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>55,435</td>
<td>48,623</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>15,405</td>
<td>7,845</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
120 26th June, 1984.

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. అంటే కాలమాలెలో చూసిన కప్పు దృష్టిగా చాలా ప్రత్యేకించలేదు. అభిమానింగా పరిశీలన చేసేందుకు పరిపాలన.

2. ఉత్తరాధికారి స్థానం: అంటే స్థానం లేని ఐదు మంది ప్రంతాలు స్థానిక పరిషత్తుల కార్యక్రమాన్ని. అందువల్ల ఇది ప్రయోగించబడింది?

3. అంటే కాలమాలెలో రాయానికి మోహన్ బాబు సమీపంలో చాలా ప్రత్యేకించలేదు.

4. ఉత్తరాధికారి స్థానం: అన్నే స్థానం లేని ఐదు మంది ప్రంతాలు స్థానిక పరిషత్తుల పరిశీలన అమలు చేసేందుకు పరిపాలన చేసేందుకు పరిపాలన.

5. విద్యార్థుల సమాచారం: అన్నే స్థానం లేని ఐదు మంది ప్రంతాలు స్థానిక పరిషత్తుల సమాచారం అమలు చేసేందుకు పరిపాలన చేసేందుకు పరిపాలన.

6. అంటే కాలమాలెలో చూసిన కాలం దృష్టిగా చాలా ప్రత్యేకించలేదు. స్థానిక పరిషత్తుల సమాచారం చేసే కార్యక్రమాన్ని. అందువల్ల ఇది ప్రయోగించబడింది?

7. అంటే కాలమాలెలో రాయానికి మోహన్ బాబు సమీపంలో చాలా ప్రత్యేకించలేదు.

8. అంటే కాలమాలెలో రాయానికి మోహన్ బాబు సమీపంలో చాలా ప్రత్యేకించలేదు.

9. అంటే కాలమాలెలో రాయానికి మోహన్ బాబు సమీపంలో చాలా ప్రత్యేకించలేదు.

10. అంటే కాలమాలెలో రాయానికి మోహన్ బాబు సమీపంలో చాలా ప్రత్యేకించలేదు.
NATIONALISATION OF VIJAYAWADA CITY BUS ROUTES

13 —

+1223—Q— Sarvarsi Md. Rajab Ali, (Shujathnagar) G, Mallesh, B. Bhupathi Rao, (Pailair) V. Abbaiah (Burgampahad) Gangineni Venkateswara Rao, (Vinukonda) and A. Jayaprakash, (Vijayawada East) Will the Minister for Transport be pleased to state

a) Whether it is a fact that a delegation led by Sri Md Rajab Ali MLA, along with Vijayawada city bus employees representatives requested the Chief Minister for nationalisation of Vijayawada city bus routes immediately; and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government in this regard?

1803 అంగే సంధిత నిర్ణయానికి మేము నిర్ణయం చేసాము. మేము కండపేక్ష మాటలు వాడాలనే మార్గ చేసాము. 51 అంబంతులు ప్రారంభం నిర్ణయం చేసాము. ఇది ఆధిక్య నియమానికి చిత్రసాధనం, దరఖాస్తు కండపేక్ష మాటలు మార్గం సేదించాము. మిగతా ప్రతి మాటలు చేసాము. మాటలు సంఖ్య సమానమైన తద్విషాంతంలో చేసాము. మేము 1803 అంగే సంధిత నిర్ణయం చేసాము. 51 అంబంతులు ప్రారంభం నిర్ణయం చేసాము. 19.1.1984 నుండి చేసాము. 30.1.1984 నుండి చేసాము. ప్రతి మాట సంఖ్య సమానమైన తద్విషాంతంలో చేసాము. ప్రతి మాట సంఖ్య సమానమైన తద్విషాంతంలో చేసాము.

(1) சன்னப்புடையதா? — நிலையை 20 இல்லை மட்டும் வருகை செய்யத்தே முடியும். நான் இன்று செய்துகொள்ளும்.

(2) விளக்கம்: — நீர் நிலையை 20 இல்லை மட்டும் வருகை செய்ய வலாம். நான் இன்று செய்துகொள்ள வேண்டும்.

(3) சன்னப்புடையதா? — நிலையை 20 இல்லை மட்டும் வருகை செய்யத்தே முடியும். நான் இன்று செய்துகொள்ளும்.

(4) விளக்கம்: — நீர் நிலையை 20 இல்லை மட்டும் வருகை செய்ய வலாம். நான் இன்று செய்துகொள்ள வேண்டும்.

(5) விளக்கம்: — நீர் நிலையை 20 இல்லை மட்டும் வருகை செய்ய வலாம்.
Oral Answers to Questions.

26th June, 1984.

Q. 1. Why Cuddapah was preferred than Vijayawada for nationalisation? Whether the Vijayawada operators had more influence on this Government? Do you think that the State Government is sleeping for all these 7 months? Is it the case of collusion of Vijayawada City bus operators and the State Government?

Q. 2. Why some persons are not getting stay orders while others are getting stay orders after 7 months? Is it the State Government or the State Government?

1. (a) (i) Mrs. A. R. A. asked: What is the present status of the water resources in the state? The Minister replied that the state is well endowed with water resources. 
   (b) Shri B. C. D. asked: What are the steps taken to improve the quality of the water in the state? The Minister replied that several measures have been taken to improve the quality of water in the state. 

2. (a) Shri A. B. C. D. asked: What is the current status of the infrastructure in the state? The Minister replied that the state is making good progress in the field of infrastructure. 
   (b) Shri D. E. F. asked: What steps are being taken to reduce the cost of infrastructure development? The Minister replied that the government is taking several steps to reduce the cost of infrastructure development. 

3. (a) Shri G. H. I. asked: What is the current status of the education sector in the state? The Minister replied that the state is making good progress in the field of education. 
   (b) Shri J. K. L. asked: What steps are being taken to improve the quality of education in the state? The Minister replied that several measures are being taken to improve the quality of education in the state. 

4. (a) Shri M. N. O. asked: What is the current status of the health sector in the state? The Minister replied that the state is making good progress in the field of health. 
   (b) Shri P. Q. R. asked: What steps are being taken to improve the quality of health care in the state? The Minister replied that several measures are being taken to improve the quality of health care in the state.
126 26th June, 1984. 

Oral Answers to Questions.

1-30 a.m.

1-1. సంస్థ: వందల, సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. రాజ్యానికి సంస్థానానికి మహాపాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. రాజ్యానికి సంస్థానానికి మహాపాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. రాజ్యానికి సంస్థానానికి మహాపాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. రాజ్యానికి సంస్థానానికి మహాపాలన అధికారి. 

2-10 పుర్తులం ప్రతి ప్రినికి పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. రాజ్యానికి సంస్థానానికి మహాపాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. రాజ్యానికి సంస్థానానికి మహాపాలన అధికారి. 

3-00 a.m.

6-1884 సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. 

6-20 ప్రసిద్ధి ప్రతి పాలన అధికారి. సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. 

6-30 సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. 

6-45 సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి. 

7-00 సంస్థ పాలన అధికారి.

ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

1. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

2. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

3. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

4. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

5. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

6. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

7. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

8. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

9. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.

10. ప్రత్యేకత ప్రచురించబడిన ప్రశ్నాల ఉపయోగం మీద ప్రతి ప్రశ్నను సమాధానం చేస్తాడు.
26th June, 1984.

Oral Answers to Questions.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN (Siddipet):— Mr. Speaker, Sir, I am sorry. I do not know how the Hon'ble Minister is speaking like this. I am giving him only one suggestion.

Mr. Speaker, the Hon'ble Minister is speaking like this. I am giving him only one suggestion.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN (Siddipet):— Mr. Speaker, Sir, I am sorry. I do not know how the Hon'ble Minister is speaking like this. I am giving him only one suggestion.
Oral Answers to Questions.  

26th June, 1984.  

14—

C0NSTRUCTION OF STADtUM

Sri D. Sambasivarao Chowdary and Koneru Nageswara Rao:— Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state :

a) Whether there is any proposal before the Government to construct a stadium for sports in each District head-quarters ?

b) if so, the expenditure likely to be involved; and

c) the time by which the construction will be completed ?

Minister for Educatian (SRI. P. ANAND GAJAPATHI RAJU) :—

a) Yes, Sir

b) Rs. 3.50 Crores.

c) The Completion of construction of stadiums will depend on the quantum of funds to be made available for the purpose.

CONSTRUCTION OF STADiUM

SRI P ANANDA GAJAPATHI RAJU:— To day is the first day I have come to the Assembly. The Department was busy with other things, and they could not prepare the answer in telugu I will instruct them to immediately supply the answers in telugu from tomorrow on wards.

In regard to the construction of Khammam stadium, it has been started and it is to be complied with.

SRI P. ANANDA GAJAPATHI RAJU:— It has been started.

SRI P. ANANDA GAJAPATHI RAJU:— Let me mention, Sir, today, a policy decision has been taken to start pavillians in all districts, in which Khammam is also included So, in Khammam, a pavillian has to be completed yet; but it is not yet completed?

SRI P. ANANDA GAJAPATHI RAJU:— I am having the list of stadiums where and in which district they have been completed; where the work of construction of stadiums has been started and where they are proposed I have no objection to place these details on the Table of the House.

Rs. 3.5 crores will be required as per today’s decision to complete the stadiums. But the construction and completion of these stadiums depend on the quantum of funds available.
Mr. Speaker,

The question asked was whether there is a proposal before the Government to construct the Stadium for sports in each district headquarters. The answer to this was "Yes". The second question is about the expenditure likely to be involved. I said Rs. 3.5 crores. The third question is as to when it would be completed. For that, it will depend upon the release of amount and the release of funds. Regarding starting of stadia in different districts, I will place the statement on the Table of the House and if the concerned Member is interested, he can discuss and I will definitely discuss about the completion of the stadium.

Sir, 23 districts are there and 23 stadia are involved. I have not got the information about all the 23 and I cannot have information of all. I will pass
132 26th June, 1984.

Oral Answers to Questions.

on the information to the Hon'ble Member if he wants. Otherwise if he wants, he can put a separate question. Then, I will answer it Sir. Or I will pass on the information to the Hon'ble Speaker.

MR. SPEAKER:— If you have the information, please tell them.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— I did not have it now with me. I will pass it on to the Hon'ble Member. Let me kindly bring to your kind attention Mr. Speaker Sir, that the question was whether there is a proposal before the Government. Now he is asking about Khammam for which I said I will get the information. About the pavilion, it has yet to be completed. If he wants further information I have no objection in passing on the same to him. I have no objection, if he puts another question.

SRI M. OMKAR:— Sir, when our State is suffering from paucity of funds, and when we are in need to complete our irrigation, power and other projects and industries, why should we invest our huge amounts on these unproductive schemes? Whether the Government is prepared to stop the works which are not grounded and divert these funds for the early completion of Irrigation, Power and other industrial projects?

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, I would go to the extent of saying that no project is unproductive and every project has its own place. After all we wanted all round development for human beings and when we want that all round development, all aspects have to be looked into. Sports is also a very important aspect and its importance cannot be ignored.
Sri P. Anandagajapathi Raju:— I will find out about it.

Sri P. Anandagajapathi Raju:— Sir, the stadium will be built only in the district head quarters.

Sri P. Anandagajapathi Raju:— As I mentioned earlier, I do not have the information and I will definitely pass on the information.

SALE OF BAMBOO TO PAPER MILLS

1749-Q. Sri Jalagam Prasada Rao (Sattupalli):— Will the Minister for Agriculture & Co-operation be pleased to state:

a) the prices at which bamboo, timber and eucalyptus sticks are being supplied by the State Forest Department to Bhadrachalam paper mills Andhra Pradesh Rayons Limited and Andhra Paper Mills;

b) the prices at which they are supplied to the ryots:

c) the price of the same in the open market?

d) the reason for the difference in the rates; and

e) the loss sustained by the Government due to its supply at lower rates to the above industries?

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

a) The price at which bamboo, timber and Eucalyptus sticks are being supplied by the State Forest Department to M/S. Bhadrachalam Paper Boards, Andhra Pradesh Rayons and Andhra Paper Mills.

Ans:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Industry</th>
<th>Rate charged per tonne of bamboo or hardwood per Eucalyptus per tonne</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Royalty Rate paid by Mills</td>
<td>Royalty Rate paid by Mills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>fixed by as per Govt. for interim 1983-84. orders of courts in the W.A.S. filled by Mills</td>
<td>fixed by as per Govt. for interim 83-84 orders of Court in W.A.S. filled by Mills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bhadrachalam Paper Board</td>
<td>Rs. 287/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A.P. Paper Mills</td>
<td>Rs. 194/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>A.P. Rayons Not Supplied</td>
<td>Rs. 137/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is stated that agrieved with the steep increase in the revised rates fixed by Govt. in G. O. Ms. No. 538, Forests & Rural Development (For. III) Department dated 4.11.1981, the paper and Pulp Industries had filed W. Ps in the A.P. High Court. The High Court dismissed the W. Ps of the five industries and allowed the W. P. of A.P. Rayons on 7.4.1984. The five mills have since filed W.As and Govt. preferred W.A in the case of A.P. Rayons. The Division Bench of the High Court, while admitting all the five W.As, have given interim direction the mills to pay at Rs. 194/- per tonne for bamboo and Rs. 90/- per tonne or hard wood. The Court also directed the mills to furnish Bank Guarantee for half the amount of arrears due from them before eight weeks from the date of the order i.e. 17.4.1984. The Division Bench further extended the time for furnishing bank guarantees upto 16.7.84 in its order dated 15.6.84.

Government have also issued orders in G. O. Ms No. 65 Forests and Rural Development (For. III) Department Dated. 9-2-1984 discontinuing the 50% concession in the rates of bamboo and hardwood to M/s. Bhadrachalam Paper Boards from 1-10-1983 and to M/s. Sree Rayalaseema Paper Mills Limited with effect from 1-10-1982. The Bhadrachalam Paper Board Limited has filed a W.P. against the above orders which was dismissed by the High Court on 26-4-1984. The mill have filed a W. A. and the same was admitted by the Division Bench, without, however, any,
Stay orders on 4-5-84. The Sree Rayalaseema Paper Mills Limited have also filed similar W.P. in the High Court.

b) The prices at which they are supplied to ryots:

Ans: Bamboo and Eucalyptus are not being supplied by the Forest Department to the ryots. The following rates are fixed for supply of fuel wood to tobacco barns for 1983-84 are as follows:

Name of the District | Rate
--- | ---
Nellore | Rs. 42-00/Cum or Rs. 84 per Tonne.
Guntur |
Prahasam |
Khammam | Rs. 68-50/ Cum or Rs. 137 per tonne.
Karimnagar |
Warangal |
East Godavari | Rs. 77-00/Cum or Rs. 154 per tonne.
West Godavari |

Subsequently in G.O. Ms No. 131, Forests and Rural Development (For., III) Department dt. 21-3-1984, Government have reduced the above rate uniformly by Rs. 5/- per cum (Rs. 10/- per tonne) with effect from 22-2-1984.

c) The prices of the same in the open market:

Ans: The following are the average market rates of bamboo after deducting extraction charges.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Circle</th>
<th>Grade of Bamboo</th>
<th>1980-81</th>
<th>1981-82</th>
<th>1982-83</th>
<th>1983-84</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>226</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>443</td>
<td>283</td>
<td>246</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>III</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>406</td>
<td>484</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>III</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>312</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>III</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LPC Rajahmundry</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>457</td>
<td>367</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>III</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>211</td>
<td>267</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Market rates of timber vary from species to species.

The Eucalyptus wood sold in open auction is not being supplied to Andhra Pradesh Rayons, and it is supplied only as fuel wood component.
d) the reasons for difference in the rates:

Ans: At present the rates at which the material is to be supplied to the Mills and the rates at which it is being supplied to other sectors is approximately same.

e) the loss sustained to Government due to its supply at lower rates to the above industries:

Ans: As the rate of royalty is determined by Government based on expert study and basing on the guidelines spelt out by Central Board of Forestry, it cannot be said that there has been loss to Government in supplying raw material to the industries at a particular rate of royalty.

LEASE TO PRIVATE PERSONS FOR FISHING IN
KANIGIRI RESERVOIR

16—

★4144—Q. :— Sarvasri M Yarraya Reddy (Bhadrachalam), M Omkar and Smt. M. Swarajyam (Thungathurthi):— Will the Minister for Agriculture & Coop, be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Kaniqir Reservoir in Nellore district has been removed from the jurisdiction of the A P. Fisheries Development Corporation and given to private persons at low rate during the current year

(b) If so, the reason therefor; and

(c) The loss incurred thereon?

1392 ಶುದ್ಧರಾ ಎಂಜಿನ್ನುಡಿಯುವ 2.3.84  ಸ್ಪೃಷ್ಟ ಸೇವೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದುದೇಳಾ ಸರ್ ಮತ್ತು. ದಿನಾಂಕ ೨೯. ೪೨,೪೫೦/-  ಎಂಬುತ್ತು ಮೊದಲಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ತೊಂದರೆ ಹೈಜಾ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ ನಿಯೋಜನ ಮತ್ತು ೧೩೯೨ ನಂತರ ನಿಯೋಜನ ಮತ್ತು ೨೪,೦೭೫/- ಎಂಬುತ್ತದೆ.

1398 ನಂತರ ಶುದ್ಧರಾ ಎಂಜಿನ್ನುಡಿಯುವ ೧-೭-೧೯೮೩ ನಂತರ ೩೦-೬-೧೯೮೪ ಲಾಂದ್ರಕ. ಮುಂದರೆ ಹೈಜಾ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ ನಿಯೋಜನೆ ಇದಾಗಿ ಪ್ರಥಮ ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ ಸಮೀಕ್ಷಣೆ ನೀಡುವ ಕಾರ್ಯವನ್ನು ೧-೮-೧೯೮೩ ನಂತರ ಕೂಡ ನಿಯೋಜನ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೆಂದು ತಾಧ್ಯಾತ್ಮಕ.

30. ಸರ್ವಾ :  ಅರ್ಪಿತ, ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಂಸ್ಥನ ನಿಯೋಜನಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ೪೦೦ ಹಾಗು ೩೦೦ ಸ್ಪೃಷ್ಟ ಸೇವೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಮೆಟಿವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ತಾಳಿಗಿಲ್ಲ. ೧೯೯.೧೯೯೫ ಗ್ರಾಹಿಸುವ, ಇತರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಶುದ್ಧರಾ ಎಂಜಿನ್ನುಡಿಯುವ ೨.೩.೮೪ ಸ್ಪೃಷ್ಟ ಸೇವೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೆಂದು ತಾಧ್ಯಾತ್ಮಕ.

7, 8 ಕ್ರ೗ೀಟ್ಯ ಭಾವಿಸುವವರು ಹಾಗು ಕರೆಸಿದ್ದು. ತೊಂದರೆ ಹೈಜಾ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ ನಿಯೋಜನಗಳು ೩೦ ಸುತ್ತು ಸ್ಪೃಷ್ಟ ಸೇವೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಹಾಯ ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ. ಸರ್ವಾ ಹೈಜಾ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯದ ಭಾಷೆಯ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಅವುಗಳ ಎಂಟು ೧೩ ಸುತ್ತು ಸ್ಪೃಷ್ಟ ಸೇವೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಹಾಯ ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ. ಹೈಜಾ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯದ ಭಾಷೆಯ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಅವುಗಳ ಎಂಟು ೧೩ ಸುತ್ತು ಸ್ಪೃಷ್ಟ ಸೇವೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಹಾಯ ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ.
NOTICE BY RBI FOR COLLECTION OF DOLLARS

17—

*1438—Q—Sri Y. S. Rajasekhar Reddy ;— Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the Directorate of Enforcement at Hyderabad (attached to Reserve Bank) has served notices to the Donors and Management of Siddharta Medical College, Vijayawada, regarding collection of dollars without prior permission;

(b) if so, whether the Management has informed the same to the Government of Andhra Pradesh;

(c) the total assets and liabilities of Sirdhhartha Medical College as shown to the Government;

(d) whether they are genuine; and

(e) if not, the action taken against the Management?

Before giving permission do you know that under the rules of
Fera, if you do not take prior permission either the Government or the management can be prosecuted? Did you obtain the permission from the Central Government to give your consent to collect dollars from foreign students? I want a specific answer from the Minister.

Oral Answers to Questions. 26th June, 1984. 141

Fera, if you do not take prior permission either the Government or the management can be prosecuted? Did you obtain the permission from the Central Government to give your consent to collect dollars from foreign students? I want a specific answer from the Minister.
When the College was taken over only for two days, this was the only first college in the history of India where it was taken over and then handed back to the private management. Is it a private deal between the Government and Siddhartha Medical College? Is this a private deal between the Government and Siddhartha Medical College?

Committee for Improvement of Hospitals

Q. 2047—Q.  S. M. Venkaiah Naidu: Will the Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have appointed one-man Committee for the improvement of the working of Hospitals in the state:

(b) if so, the terms of references of the Committee; and

(c) the tenure of the Committee?
To improve the functioning of these hospitals. Government has constituted a Committee with Dr. Venkata Rao,

SRI S. RAMA MUNI REDDY: The terms of reference to the Board are as follows:

1) To register a plan of action for efficient and comprehensive medical and health delivery system from the village to the district level keeping in view the proposed reorganisation of administration with Mandal as the base and focal unit.
2) To identify the major areas and categories of population specially health hazards such as malnutrition, water/air-borne diseases etc. and recommend specific programmes of public health to reduce incidence of such diseases.

3) Explore possibility and suggest ways and means of phased upgradation of existing medical facilities by setting up new departments of specialities and super specialities in the district and teaching hospitals.

4) To review the working of existing taluk, district and teaching hospitals and other medical institutions and recommend measures for the betterment besides improving medical care facilities and examine the possibility of introducing a system of charging for certain services like dentures and for certain categories of people who may be willing to pay for the privilege better quality of facilities in government hospitals.

5) Suggest ways and means for organising hospitals of super specialities in urban centres by mobilising resources from private and voluntary organisations and other agencies such that the assistance so obtained would be additional to State resources for development and expansion of medical and health services.

They may submit interim or subject-wise reports on projects within one year. The Board may meet as often as is necessary at a place to be fixed by the Board in the State. It may also invite experts in specialities for discussions.
SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:—What happened to the One Man Commission appointed by the Telugu Desam Government soon after they came into power? If he remember well, Dr. Venkata Rao, former Director of Medical Health was appointed as one man Commission. Now he is saying about a different Committee altogether. Who are the Members of the present Committee.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:—Probably the Health Minister does not remember the announcement made by Chief Minister and it appeared in the newspapers also that Dr. Venkata Rao was appointed as the one man commission to go into the working of medical and health to suggest ways for improvement and for the efficient administration.

ప్రపంచాదినే మహాధర్మాని రావి జూన్నాతి. ఆ ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ కేంద్ర సంస్థ ప్రతిపాదిత్తు. అయితే నాం ఇంటిని ఉంటే, మరియు సంస్థ ప్రతిపాదిత్తు. అడవి అనే నిర్మాణం ప్రపంచాదినే మహాధర్మాని రావి జూన్నాతి. 

ప్రపంచాదినే మహాధర్మాని రావి కేంద్ర సంస్థ ప్రతిపాదిత్తు. అయితే నాం ఇంటిని ఉంటే, మరియు సంస్థ ప్రతిపాదిత్తు. అడవి అనే నిర్మాణం ప్రపంచాదినే మహాధర్మాని రావి జూన్నాతి.
3ra! Answers to Questions 26th June, 1984. 147

(i) ಲ್ಯಾಲ್ ದಿನ ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್‌ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ ಬಡಿಯ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ.

(ii) ಲ್ಯಾಲ್ ದಿನ ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್‌ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ ಬಡಿಯ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ.

(iii) ಲ್ಯಾಲ್ ದಿನ ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್‌ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ ಬಡಿಯ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ.

(iv) ಲ್ಯಾಲ್ ದಿನ ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್‌ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ ಬಡಿಯ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ.

(v) ಲ್ಯಾಲ್ ದಿನ ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್‌ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ ಬಡಿಯ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ.

సంఘం ఇది ఎందుగా ప్రభుత్వం వేలుకు వచ్చిన సంప్రదాయాన్ని అంతర్భాగం చేసిన రెండు ప్రశ్నలు వేసి ఉన్నాము.

ప్రశ్న 38 వ ప్రశ్న : నిర్ధిశాయ విభాగం యొక్క ప్రతి మేడను సంచాలకాలు ఎలా వేసి ఉన్నాం?

ప్రశ్న 39. విధానాధికారి అనేది నిర్ధిశాయ విభాగం యొక్క ప్రతి మేడను సంచాలకాలు ఎలా వేసి ఉన్నాం?

ప్రశ్న 40. విధానాధికారి అనేది నిర్ధిశాయ విభాగం యొక్క ప్రతి మేడను సంచాలకాలు ఎలా వేసి ఉన్నాం?

(తెలుగు లిపి)
Ora! Answers to Questions
26th June, 1984

(innerText)

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the chair)
Mr. Dy. Speaker, On No. 19 is postponed.

SLUM CLEARANCE

20—

570—Q—Smt. Grandhi Madhavi:—Will the Minister for Law & Municipalities be pleased to state;
(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to clear the slums in the cities like Vizag, Vijayawada, Tirupati and Hyderabad;

(b) if so, the stage at which the matter stands now;

(c) if not, the reasons therefore:

26th June, 1984.
26th June, 1984.

Oral Answers to Questions

10.00 a.m.

1) జాతీయ జయిత దిన మరింత సుమారు ప్రశ్నల సమాధానాలు నిర్మాణం చేస్తే జాతీయ జయిత దిన మరింత ప్రముఖిసి ఉంటే సమాధానాలు నిర్మాణం చేసాం.

2) జాతీయ జయిత దిన మరింత ప్రశ్నల సమాధానాలు నిర్మాణం చేసాం.

3) జాతీయ జయిత దిన మరింత ప్రశ్నల సమాధానాలు నిర్మాణం చేసాం.
Oral Answers to Questions. 26th June, 1984. 153

(1) 1. ක ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಾತ್ಮಕ ಕಾನೂನುಗಳನ್ನು ಹಾಗೂ ಭಾರತದ ಕಾನೂನುಗಳನ್ನು ಸಹ ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಗಾರರು ಹಾಗೂ ಭಾರತದ ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಗಾರರು. ಇದರ�೦ ನಂತರ ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಗಾರರು ಹಾಗೂ ಭಾರತದ ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಗಾರರು.

(2) 2. ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಗಾರರು ಹಾಗೂ ಭಾರತದ ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಗಾರರು. ಇದರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಭಾರತದ ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಗಾರರು. ಈ ನಂತರ ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಗಾರರು ಹಾಗೂ ಭಾರತದ ಕಾನೂನಾಧಿಕ್ಯಗಾರರು.

(1) 3. 5. చిత్రం: — దేశంలో తమ్మైన మొగ్గ ప్రాముఖ్యత గాలి విధించే ప్రామాణిచేశిలికలు. అమ్మకాన ను కనిట్టాడు కాబట్టి అమ్మకానం పాటు కంటే ప్రామాణిచేశిలికలు కంటే ప్రామాణికంగా కాండం ఉంది. యుద్ధ ప్రాంభం మీదుగా ప్రతి ప్రతి మనుష్యం విధించిన ప్రామాణిక కాండం అమ్మకానం విధించిన కాండం ను విషయంగా ఉంది. ఆకాశం విశ్రామం కోసం జరిగిన ప్రతి ప్రతి మనుష్యం విధించిన ప్రామాణిక ఆరోగ్యం అమ్మకానం విధించిన ఆరోగ్యం ను విషయంగా ఉంది.

(2) 3. 5. చిత్రం: — దేశంలో తమ్మైన మొగ్గ ప్రాముఖ్యత గాలి విధించే ప్రామాణిచేశిలికలు. అమ్మకాన ను కనిట్టాడు కాబట్టి అమ్మకానం పాటు కంటే ప్రామాణిచేశిలికలు కంటే ప్రామాణికంగా కాండం ఉంది. యుద్ధ ప్రాంభం మీదుగా ప్రతి ప్రతి మనుష్యం విధించిన ప్రామాణిక కాండం అమ్మకానం విధించిన కాండం ను విషయంగా ఉంది. ఆకాశం విశ్రామం కోసం జరిగిన ప్రతి ప్రతి మనుష్యం విధించిన ప్రామాణిక ఆరోగ్యం అమ్మకానం విధించిన ఆరోగ్యం ను విషయంగా ఉంది.

(3) 3. 5. చిత్రం: — దేశంలో తమ్మైన మొగ్గ ప్రాముఖ్యత గాలి విధించే ప్రామాణిచేశిలికలు. అమ్మకాన ను కనిట్టాడు కాబట్టి అమ్మకానం పాటు కంటే ప్రామాణిచేశిలికలు కంటే ప్రామాణికంగా కాండం ఉంది. యుద్ధ ప్రాంభం మీదుగా ప్రతి ప్రతి మనుష్యం విధించిన ప్రామాణిక కాండం అమ్మకానం విధించిన కాండం ను విషయంగా ఉంది. ఆకాశం విశ్రామం కోసం జరిగిన ప్రతి ప్రతి మనుష్యం విధించిన ప్రామాణిక ఆరోగ్యం అమ్మకానం విధించిన ఆరోగ్యం ను విషయంగా ఉంది.

(4) 3. 5. చిత్రం: — దేశంలో తమ్మైన మొగ్గ ప్రాముఖ్యత గాలి విధించే ప్రామాణిచేశిలికలు. అమ్మకాన ను కనిట్టాడు కాబట్టి అమ్మకానం పాటు కంటే ప్రామాణిచేశిలికలు కంటే ప్రామాణికంగా కాండం ఉంది. యుద్ధ ప్రాంభం మీదుగా ప్రతి ప్రతి మనుష్యం విధించిన ప్రామాణిక కాండం అమ్మకానం విధించిన కాండం ను విషయంగా ఉంది. ఆకాశం విశ్రామం కోసం జరిగిన ప్రతి ప్రతి మనుష్యం విధించిన ప్రామాణిక ఆరోగ్యం అమ్మకానం విధించిన ఆరోగ్యం ను విషయంగా ఉంది.
SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS, AND ANSWER

Non availability of Text Books and Note Books at controlled prices

S. N. O. No. 4635-A:—M. Omkar, A. Narendra (Himayatnagar), Indrasena Reddy (Malakpet), Ch. Janga Reddy (Shyampet), M Venkaiah Naidu (Udayagiri). M. Ramakrishnarao (Khammam), N. Raghava Reddy, M. Yerraiah Reddy, Smt. M. Swarajyam :

Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government are aware of the fact that text
books and exercise note books are not available at controlled price
to the students in the State; and
Short Notice Questions and Answers.

(b) If so, the reasons therefore and steps taken by the Government?

Minister for Education (Sri P. Anandagajapati Raju):—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

SRI M. OMKAR:— Hon'ble Minister has summarily denied the genuine grievances of the students. It is a fact that in all towns in all villages there is a general complaint that the pupils or students are not getting text books, especially the exercise note books and for which they are undergoing many difficulties. It is not true to say that such complaint is not there. I would like to know from the Minister whether the Government would collect information and take the representations from the people and set right the things.

SRI P. ANANDA GAJAPATI RAJU:— Definitely I agree with the hon'ble Member that there has been some problem as far as the distribution of note books and text books are concerned. Definitely in this connection we will take the representations of various representatives of the people to take corrective action in the matter, but in this matter I would like to bring to your kind notice that we are supposed to get the levy paper from the Central Government. The mills are supposed to supply. The mills don't supply that levy paper. That is why we have to go in the open market and purchase the paper for a total sum of Rs. 1 crore 68 lakhs. According to the programme of manufacture, the total demand is 156 lakh note books are required out of which 69 lakh note books have been supplied. 40 lakh note books are in the stock in the district level. Therefore the total goes up to 109 lakh note books. There is a shortfall of 41 lakh note books. Because of the problem of levy paper being not supplied, we are paying the money. It is only after the payment of the money they are releasing the paper. They are not keeping to the schedule. After the paper comes they have to be given to the binders. I agree there's a shortfall but it is due to reasons beyond our control. Coming to text books, the total projected demand is 2.3 lakhs out of which total books supplied to-day is 2.16 lakhs. There is a shortfall of some 20 or so and this also will be printed—70% before the end of this month, 30% by 10th of July. These are the details I do agree there is
Short Notice Questions and Answers.

26th June, 1984.

a shortfall. Out of 179 titles to be printed in the textbooks, 170 titles have been printed. For the tenth class, three titles in respect of Physical Sciences, Mathematics, and Social Studies. I do agree there has been a shortfall, but I only say the shortfall is beyond our control, and we are taking all steps to see that this shortfall is met, and the textbooks and note books are supplied.

SRI M. OMKAR: The Minister has been saying that it was beyond their control since the paper mills have not cooperated with them, and the levy paper was not supplied. When the Government was prepared to buy the required quota in the open market, why it had failed to take the decision earlier. Many textbooks are linked with the guides. The private management people are linking the sales of their guides with the textbooks. If guides are taken then only the textbooks will be supplied. That should be stopped. How far this is true? What steps have been taken in this regard? The textbooks supplied by the social welfare department are not being supplied to the students, on the other hand, they are sold in the black market.

SRI P. ANANDA GAJAPATHI RAJU — Regarding the first point as to why have not taken action before hand so that the paper can be bought before hand and the exercise books can be printed. Of course this is a relevant point. It involves commitment of around Rs 2 Crores for note books and textbooks. This cannot be made unless all actions are explored to see that levy paper is bought in. Unless we know that levy paper will not come then only we will buy paper in the open market, otherwise we will be squandering the funds of the Government. Therefore, after exploring all the possibilities, after convening meetings and after discussing that it was not possible to get the paper, then only we took the decision to purchase the paper in the open market. Regarding supply of exercise books it is not being done properly he said;

SRI M. OMKAR: Textbooks are being linked with guides

SRI P. ANANDA GAJAPATHI RAJU: — Definitely we will examine the question. This kind of tendency should be discouraged. We will examine and see that steps can be taken

SRI M. OMKAR: — What about the black marketing of books?
SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— This matter has not been brought to my notice. This is regarding exercise books. Regarding blackmarketing of text books, they are distributing through the Dy. Inspector of Schools. The Principals have to go there. There is no open channel for distribution of these books. The Principals go there and collect the stocks and they are given one month's credit. Therefore even if this procedure is taken you find there is blackmarketing of textbooks. This particular incident can be brought to our notice and we will definitely take action in this regard.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— He must confine himself to certain modalities. He cannot make wild allegations. I have explained the reasons. I have given all the details for the information for Members.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— The Member is little emotional.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— As I mentioned earlier there are certain problems, but I have given all the figures and details. Out of 179 titles, we have published already 176.
the Member wants all those details I will pass on those details to you. If he so wants I will place the details on the Table of the House to what extent the textbooks have been printed etc. I have no objection to place. Let the Members go through and if they decided any inconsistencies are there they can raise the matter. I am definitely responsible for this. All I can say is there are certain factors which are beyond our control. After all in Government there is a certain procedure. Therefore certain problems, I would like to bring to your notice.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU: — He brought to my notice fifth class books are not received. Regarding tenth class also he has mentioned. I will definitely investigate into the matter.

The problem cannot be solved by that way. He must definitely take the responsibility. He is the Minister concerned. He says 70% and 30%. This is not the correct approach. What are the textbooks that are still not available in the market? What are the textbooks that are not printed? What is the deadline he is going to set up now to see that these books reach the students? He said that Raghavareddy is emotional. There is lot of emotion outside. That is why he is telling. There is so much of unrest. Let the Minister come with a concrete proposal by what date these textbooks will come to the market. What are the textbooks that are not yet printed?

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU: — Regarding textbooks only three titles have to be printed in respect of tenth class. They are physical science, mathematics and social studies. The rest have all been printed. About textbooks, as I mentioned 70% of
the shortfall is there. It is around 20 lakhs to 25 lakhs. Except 30%, all the books will be supplied before the end of this month. The balance of 30% will be supplied before 10th or 15th of July. That is one thing. That is the deadline which I am mentioning about textbooks. About note books as I mentioned earlier, the total projected demand was 150 lakhs of which 89 lakhs were supplied. 40 lakhs stocks are there at district level. That takes up to 109 lakhs of note books, out of which there is a shortfall of 41 lakhs of note books. This I cannot assure the Hon'ble Member as to when it will be completed, because one thing is there—i.e., the mills are taking their own time to supply paper. Even though we are paying them the cash for this thing, they are telling “we are having this labour trouble, this and that”. That is the problem they are putting forward. So I cannot give a definite date about the full supply of note books but about the text books I have given the details.

SRI S. JAIPAL REDDY:— Sir, like calamities such as floods and cyclones, the text books and note books problem has become a recurring annual chronic feature of our State. This problem has been known to the Government and in regard to the problem of this kind and this magnitude, perspective planning is required. The Minister’s reply does not give us an indication of the perspective planning that they have gone into the whole question. Secondly, the details furnished by the Minister are so cumbersome—they cannot be mastered off hand on the floor of the House. They must necessarily form part of the comprehensive note which could be made available to-morrow for the consumption of the Members in Telugu and English.

Thirdly, the Minister’s Statement is really ambivalent apart from being ambiguous. It is at one stage a counsel for patience and voice of despair. He wants us to wait. He wants us to exercise the patience but he is not in a position to tell us as to when the shortfall would be made good. He is not even in a position to indicate the dead line. The Telugu Desam Government appears to have made a fine art of passing on the bug to the Central Government in every area, as everybody knows. I am no admirer to the Government but it is not the way of functioning at all as a Government.
SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU.—Sir, it is not correct to say that we are passing on the bug. That is not a correct thing to say but I can only say that regarding the text books I have given a dead line because the stocks are on hand and everything is there.

Regarding the note books, I said that the Mills are yet to supply us the paper— but I would like to bring to the notice of the Hon'ble Members that definitely we are not evading our responsibility. We have to go through all the procedures and see that levv paper comes in first. If we purchase in the open market without exploring the possibilities of getting levy paper—then it would not be correct. Therefore after exploring all possibilities of getting levy paper and to what extent we can get it—then only we can go to the open market and purchase paper. This necessarily takes sometime and there are certain procedures to be adopted. definitely 80 to 85% of the text books and note books are already distributed. There are certain pit-falls. There are no pit-falls but these things are beyond our control. We are not able to do any perspective planning, as far as the printing of note books and text books are concerned—Since the levy paper is not forthcoming. Even if the levy paper was forthcoming a few months before i.e. 5 or 6 months, for printing of text books and note books, we could have printed them all in time and supplied them all in time. Nevertheless, because the levy paper has not been forthcoming, these difficulties are arising the State Government has been generous enough to allocate Rs. 1 80 crores and around that figure to see that paper is purchased from the open market and the students are not put to any difficulty. 80 to 85% of the note books and text books have already been supplied. There is a small short fall and definitely we will see that this short fall is met with.

SRI S. JAIPAL REDDY: Sir, with regard to that saying "small short fall"—I may first say that it is not a "small short fall". Secondly, the moment there is an admitted short fall, a psychosis is created which only accentuates the problem further, which is leading to black-marketing of these books and other malpractices. Secondly, with regard to the short supply of paper by Paper Mills in the State, I think we have lot of levers to operate on them. For example, bamboo and other various products are supplied to these paper mills in the State at concessional rates, as we have seen during the question hour. Therefore we should be able to operate such levers to see that they make timely and adequate supply of paper.
SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, definitely, we discussed this problem comprehensively and we in fact went to the extent of even threatening the Mills that they should supply paper to us - but the licencing is not with the State Government. The licencing is with the Central Government and therefore the control of the State Government on the Paper Mills is very minimal and to that extent we find it difficult to apply more pressure beyond certain point. Definitely we want to do some perspective planning as far as text books and note books are concerned. What is there in starting a few months earlier rather than starting a few months later? We will definitely be able to supply everything in time and see that everybody receives it. But it is only not possible because we have to wait for the levy paper. We have to see that the option of not getting levy paper is over and then only we can go to the open market. Because if we go into the open market a few months earlier and purchase the papers - everybody will blame us for not having gone through the option of getting levy paper. They would charge this Government for squandering funds, for buying in the open market, when you can get the paper way of levy. That is why, we cannot take this decision beyond this point. We have to take them in a certain level of time and therefore there has been a short fall and definitely we will see that the short fall is rectified.

SRI M. OMKAR:— Sir, I think the State Government has got 50% of shares in these Mills.

10-30 a.m.  "we will start printing in advance and we will start printing this year, the note-books and text books meant for next year"— He has made this statement. Will the Minister agree with me?
There was no paper shortage in the State. The mills are selling it in the open market at the higher rates and they are hesitating to give it to the government at levy price. They are selling it at a higher price and they are not giving to the government at levy price. He was saying that the licensing is with the Central Government. Has the State Government taken this to the notice of the Central Government? Secondly, they can disconnect the electricity when they are not giving us the levy paper in time. Then they can also stop giving even bamboos and other raw materials from the State Government. Will the Minister atleast initiate such proposals now?

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATI RAJU:— Sir in the routine manner, we have been always informing the Central Government of the problem we are facing that levy paper should be made available to us early. There have been also several meetings in this regard and our representatives have gone to New Delhi to discuss this matter but we find that levy paper never comes to us in time and even this year we have to go into the open market and purchase. These are the problems and if we do not go through the option now, we have to pay to the papermills. We have to pay them the money and then only the stock released. But they are not giving us the stock and all these problems are there. Taking into consideration of the fact that the levy paper policy has to be decided by the Central Government and once they decided the levy paper policy, then only our problems of text books and note books can be finally solved. That is the major problem. Inspite of that, the State Government is taking all the necessary steps, to see that note books and text books are sent in time and 80 to 85% of the problems have been solved. There is a minor short fall and we will definitely see that the short fall is met with.

SRI S. JAIPAL REDDY:— Sir, is the Minister furnishing comprehensive note to-morrow?

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATI RAJU:— Sir, I cannot say definitely to-morrow. It has to be typed and cyclostyled but definitely I will see that is placed on the Table of the House in this session as to what books were printed and up to what extent.
note books were supplied so far etc., I will furnish those details.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, the Hon'ble Member is speaking about economy drive. Definitely we can even consider that.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, as I mentioned earlier, I request the Hon'ble Member to pass on the information to me then I will go into that but as far as the information about the distribution taken place, pertaining to the note books and other particulars, I will furnish the details before this Session. About his particular incidence I will definitely find out if he passes on the information to me.
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Re-Delay in Publication of

Results of S. S. C. and Intermediate

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There is no incidence where in the members have encouraged copying. In this House also we have given our moral support to the Government.
విచిత్రం రాసిన దినం తోడు, దినం రాసిన సంప్రదాయ తిహి నిందిక అడుగు అడుగు తిహి సర్వభౌమం అనంతం ప్రభావం. ఈయన్ పిచిత్రం దినం తోడు సంప్రదాయం తిహి నిందిక అడుగు అడుగు తిహి సర్వభౌమం అనంతం ప్రభావం. ఈయన్ పిచిత్రం దినం తోడు సంప్రదాయం తిహి నిందిక అడుగు అడుగు తిహి సర్వభౌమం అనంతం ప్రభావం.

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70. (a) Whether the decision of the Hon'ble Court is correct?
(b) Whether the Court can interfere in the matter?
(c) Whether the Court can order the publication of the results?

P. 53. Subramanya Rao :— 10th Year 1984 4 1/2 P.M., 1st
S. S. C. held on 4 1/2 S. C., 1st March, 1984, has
been delayed. The Hon'ble Court has fixed the
date of 4 1/2 S. C. on 11th March, 1984. The
Court has also ordered the publication of
the results. 15.4.1984 Sir your decision. Whether
the decision is correct? Whether the Court has
 interfered in the matter? Whether the Court has
ordered the publication of the results?

P. 51. The Hon'ble Court has fixed the date of the
results on 11th March, 1984. The Court has also
ordered the publication of the results. The
Court has also ordered the publication of the
results.

P. 52. The Court has also ordered the publication of
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11-00 a.m.

There has been a decided delay in the publication of results of S. S. C. and Intermediate examinations held in March 1984.

The examination results were declared on 26th June, 1984, at 11-00 a.m., but the publication of the results was delayed. The department has assured that the publication will be done as soon as possible.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

SRI S. JAIPAL REDDY:— Sir, it is an excellent illustration of one thing being a scandal and a muddle—stinking scandal and murky muddle. As has been pointed by others, it is necessary to know as to why this particular job was entrusted to a private Computer Company. Why a reputed Central Public Undertaking like E.C.I.L. could not be thought of. What prompted that undertaking to say ‘no’ to the offer of the Government. All these facts need to be looked into at the highest level. If the Commissioner for Examinations was asked to look into it ....... I do not want to cast a reflection on the Commissioner ... but in view of the magnitude of the question, I think a very high ranking person has to be asked to look into it. Dharma Mahamatra should be asked to enquire into it.
Casting reflections on a senior officer like Sri K. S. R Murthy whom I know is an officer of an outstanding integrity, commitment. As has been pointed out he was relieved on 15th December, 1983. This agreement was entered into on 19-1-84— that means, five weeks after his being relieved of the office. Anyway I am not holding brief for anybody. There is a terrible need for a high power enquiry. Such enquiry must be ordered. There is loss of confidence suffered by this Government in this respect. The student's confidence in the system that is being run by the Government both in regard to education, examinations has been completely shattered. So, the Minister has to do something to rebuild and restore the position. Lastly, in regard to the question of revaluation, I think that question should not arise. Computer service was commissioned only for the purpose of tabulation. Anybody can ask for recounting. The delay that occurred is not really extraordinary, but the sensation that accompanied the failure in this regard has aroused many apprehensions. So, there is a need to allay apprehensions.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:— The situation which has arisen out of the sensational news item that appeared in one of the dailies is really causing anxiety in the minds of the parents as well as the students. It is in fact a matter of real concern for such of those who look to the future generation with a sense of optimism. Such news items play with the lives of the younger generation. If it is going to be a fact, naturally Government must squarely take up the responsibility on its shoulders and has to not only punish such of those who are responsible after they are pinned down that they are the persons responsible but also take other measures. At the same time, the Government owes a public apology for this mistake or negligence. As a person belonging to a responsible party in opposition, I would restrain myself to the facts. I have known or enquired into the whole episode. It is not the nature of my party or myself to unnecessarily hurl stones against the Government or the officers where it does not bear the truth. After due enquiries and going further deeper into the whole situation, except this news item which really caused sensationalism in the public mind, the truth seems to be otherwise. If anybody from my point of view could be more guilty of this, it could be the management of a particular daily which has really published this news item. Little do we realise in our haste and emotion and we let lose such of those culprits and mischievous elements in the society and unnecessarily try to pass on the buck only to shield a particular person or a particular management so that the public attention could be diverted.
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towards innocent people like Mr K S. R. Murthy. Mr K. S. R. Murthy is known for his proven integrity. We have been watching him. There are very good bureaucrats who really have integrity. As far as Mr. Murthy is concerned he is a man of integrity. They have issued this news item in the daily. Mr. Murthy was not even the Commissioner at the time when it is talked about. I will have to say a word of caution. This is the paper, this is the management which always has thrived on the sensationalism. It has played with the careers of many persons not only belonging to the political life but people in the bureaucracy. They are now making the bureaucracy a scapegoat. Little do we realise the consequences and without realising, without knowing the facts they are writing just because they have the opportunity to write. These matters have to be taken into consideration not only by the Government but even by responsible opposition. That is what I said in that context that I belong to a responsible party. I have the burden of responsibility. I do share the concern and anxiety of the parents. It is not a small thing. Who is the culprit and where is the cause? This has to be looked into. Mr. Murthy was not the Commissioner. In fact he left that particular post from 15th December, 1983 and tender seems to have been cleared on 19th of January 1984. I will also come to the consideration that exchanged hands. The whole transaction seems only above Rs 41/2 lakhs. Newspaper have liberty to write that it has exchanged Rs 5 lakhs. I want the so-called management and the so-called officers to explain. How can we realise? We have a sense of responsibility to really reform the society and to wipe the society of such rumours. That is why I want justice in the whole question. These are the facts I have known. Subject to correction, the education Minister or the Government can correct me when I say certain things. Please try to locate the person who is responsible, who has caused this flutter and rumour, who has contributed to this sensationalism and thereby causing anxiety in the minds of the younger generation of the parents. This is the right approach and probably Govt. would do well in trying not to shield such culprits and blacksheep but really catch the real culprits and put them before the public stating that these are the persons who are responsible for such type of rumours and scandals. Nobody would like these things. These are the facts which I have come to know. The Govt. has to make sure. This matter has come before the public eye. You will have to reassure the students as well as the parents that nothing untoward will take place and if there is any suspicion in their minds the Govt. should be ready to allay their fears and give ample opportunity to them and see the students are
satisfied about the approach of the Govt. and about the correctness of the results. This aspect has to be borne in mind by the Government. Mi. Venkataratnam who is close to the Govt. and the administration should have known by now that the computer does not value answers. It is a manual valuation. This is the information that I have. Let the Minister tell. I would urge upon the education minister that he has got to take care to allay the fears of the students and police, punish the persons who are responsible and see that sensationalism is not spread in the society. This is not going to do good to the society either for the present or for the future.
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Mr. K. S. R. Murthy, was relieved on 15th December, 1983 and the tenders were finalised on 18th January, 1984. The procedure is that the Joint Commissioner and Commissioner for Examinations, the Secretary, Education Department and the Minister for Education and the Secretary, Finance Department and Finance Minister have to finalise the tenders. When Mr. K. S. R. Murthy was holding the charge, the deal was not finalised. When he was the Secretary, Education, private people have also come and given tenders in regard to computers and the then Secretary, Education, Mr. K. S. R. Murthy, wrote in the file also that the department should buy computers from E. C. I. L. only. So, I request the Hon'ble Minister for Education kindly to keep all the concerned correspondence before the House in connection with this deal.
Matters Under Rule 329:
re: Delay in Publication of
Results of S. S. C. and Intermediate
Examinations held in March, 1984

26th June, 1984.

delay in publication of results of S. S. C. and intermediate examinations held in March, 1984.

There has been a delay in the publication of results of S. S. C. and intermediate examinations held in March, 1984. The delay is due to the processing of the examination papers and the compilation of the results. The examination board is working on the results and will make them available as soon as possible.

Reasons:

- The examination papers were received late.
- The marking of the examination papers was delayed.
- The compilation of the results was delayed due to the backlog of previous examination results.

The examination board regrets the inconvenience caused to the students and promises to expedite the process to ensure timely publication of the results.

re: Delay in Publication of
Results of S. S. C. and Intermediate
Examinations Held in March 1984

11-30 a.m.
26th June, 1984.

Matter Under Rule 329:
re: Delay in Publication of
Results of S. S. C. and Intermediate
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Minister for Education (Sri P. Anandagajapathi Raju):

Sir, the S. S. C. Public Examinations were held from
20-3-1984 to 31-3-1984, spot valuation was held from 12-4-1984.

re-Delay in Publication of Results of S. S. C. and Intermediate Examinations Held in March 1984

to 21-4-1984 and in some cases it was extended to 25-4-1984. It was programmed to release the result on 6-6-1984 in accordance with the schedule.

M/s. Compact Consultancy (Pvt) Limited, Secunderabad was entrusted with the work of processing of results of S. S. C. Public Examination, March, 1984. As per the schedule finalised after a meeting with the computer officials, current marks were fed from 17-4-1984 to 1-5-1984. The computer ought to have supplied the check lists for the above marks in batches from 20-4-1984 but started supplying from 2-5-1984 and the last batch was received by the Commissioner for Government Examinations on 18-5-1984. Thus there was a delay at this stage. Check lists for corrections fed to the computer were not supplied. This supply was essential to ensure that the corrections fed were properly carried over by the Computer firm. On insistence, the corrections were received by the Commissioner for Government Examinations on 24-5-1984 which was further corrected and handed over to the Computer Firm on 26-5-1984.

As there was delay in processing, a meeting with the computer officials was held on 10-5-1984 with the Commissioner for Government Examinations and they agreed for processing the results by 4-6-1984. But they could not give marks-wanting statements as promised.

At the Firm was delaying the out-puts a notice was issued to them informing them the delay and also imposing a penalty of Rs. 5,000/- for each day of delay. The Principal Secretary, Education Department also addressed a D. O. letter to the Chairman of the Firm on 2-6-1984 requesting to expedite supply of lists and stick to the schedule. The firm promised before the Principal Secretary (Education) to give the outputs by 8-6-1984 but did not do it.

Meetings were held on 11-6-1984, 12-6-1984 and 15-6-1984 with the Principal Secretary (Education), Commissioner for Government Examinations and Computer Officials. In the meeting held on
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15-6-1984 a revised schedule was drawn up according to which the final check list was received by the Commissioner for Government Examinations 16-6-1984 and after scrutiny, corrections were fed to the computer on 18-6-1984. Thus there was a delay in the first stage of giving current marks check lists and again in the second stage of giving marks wanting cases. The computer officials informed that the delay was mainly due to the frequent power breakdown and non-attendance of staff for about a week due to imposition of the curfew. This delay may also be due to handling of other jobs committed by the firm during the period.

The results were released to the Press on 24-6-1984 for publication on 26-6-1984. All possible steps were taken to publish the results by 6-6-1984 but due to unavoidable factors, there was a delay of eighteen days.

Coming to the other aspects raised by other Members, definitely it is not correct to have delayed the results by 18 days. Various doubts have been raised by Members. We will definitely appoint an enquiry committee and see that enquiry is conducted at proper level. Once enquiry is done that report will be placed on the Table of the House and Members can scrutinise and make their suggestions.

Regarding putting the blame on somebody at this stage it is totally incorrect to blame the former Secretary, Education Mr K. S. R. Murthy. That is not in conformity with the norms which we follow. Unless a person is found guilty he cannot be blamed.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN: — Instead of saying round about the way the Minister can straightaway say since he is the education Minister. He is the concerned Minister. Mr. K. S. R. Murthy was the Commissioner of Education on the day when tenders were finalised and if it is not there you can straightaway say he was not there. I can understand the scope of the enquiry. I can ask him about the terms of reference, but at this stage let him make clear whether Mr. Murthy was the Commissioner of Education, if he is not there he can straightaway clear the doubt that he has arisen in the minds of the public at large. It is all because of the mischief of the news item that appeared in the Press. That has to
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be erased. In this way you are losing sympathy of the bureaucracy. Bureaucracy in this State, unfortunately, has lost its morale. The morale has come down. You will not be able to extract any work from them. You are making a nice scapegoat only to divert the attention of the people’s mind. This is not correct approach. When people suffer they will not forgive you of the commissions and omissions.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU :— If somebody has done something wrong one has to be punished. When one has not done anything wrong it is not correct to punish him. It is not correct to bring his name. According to our information he has not done anything wrong. We should not bring his name. This is what I am trying to clarify.

Regarding the awarding of marks we are forming a Sub Committee to see that whenever a request come for revaluation of marks, it will be put forward. They have to pay Rs 10 which will be refunded back to them if there is a discrepancy. It is to see that frivolous requests are not made. This will be a timebound programme. We discuss with the department officials and announce.

SRI A MADAN MOHAN :- He said after paying the necessary fee 'revaluation' will take place. Let the Minister say whether he is agreeing for 'revaluation'. Is it 'revaluation' or recounting.

SRI M. VENKAIAH NAIDU.— Let the Minister carefully go through his own answer. Revaluation should not be done.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU :- I am sorry. It is retotalling. That would be a timebound programme. Regarding the contract the Government has decided to cancel this contract, because he has delayed the results by 18 days. Such a situation will not recur again. We are not taking any kind of leniency in this matter. Coming to the E. C. I. L. company, it has taken up this contract earlier. For two years they have done. This year, it seems they have sent a letter saying that they are not interested in taking up this work, because they have enough work. In future we want to entrust this work to reliable companies which will be able to do
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I will give you the details. There were 12 firms which approached the Government to take up this work and out of this four firms had quoted certain rates. They are Applied Computer Services, Panjagutta. They quoted 95 paise per candidate, Deccar Computer, Secunderabad which quoted 85 paise per candidate. Prime Computer Consultancy, Hyderabad which quoted Rs. 1-05 per candidate, M/s. Compact Consultancy (Pvt.) Limited, Secunderabad. They have brought down their quotation from Rs. 1/- from candidate to 94 paise. Anyway we are discontinuing the services of the company because they have not given the results in time and we involving penal provision for the delay in the publication of results. We are definitely going to approach again E. C. I. L. for whatever the cost. The cost is not the factor here. It is timeliness. We will again approach E. C. I. L. Company. We will contact the head office at New Delhi, to help us for an year till such time we have our own facility to publish the results. In the meantime we want to request the ECIL. If they don't take up we will contact reliably wellknown firms, eventhough it costs a little more, so that there is certain amount of reliability in the operation to be carried out. The Polytechnic examinations and other entrance examinations are rescheduled because or the delay. Sometimes mistakes do occur, I don't say we are not taking up the responsibility. We will see that corrective action is taken in the future.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:— You have narrated the whole facts. You have also said what you are going to do with the firm. You said Sri K. S. R. Murthy is not the person who is responsible. What is your enquiry? What is the scope of enquiry and what are the terms of reference.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:—Regarding terms of reference and the enquiry etc. we will work out these details and inform him about it.
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It seems ECIL has written a letter. How can a Minister say 'it seems'. Is he not confident when so much is going on in the newspapers. Serious allegations are made about the entire deal of handing over computer work to a private company. The Minister would have gone through the details.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU: — I have gone through the details. ECIL has written a letter.

SRI M. VENKAIAH NAIDU: — You have said 'it seems'.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU: — I am sorry for it. I have read out in my statement regarding the delay. The officials said the delay was due to frequent power breakdown, non-attendance of staff and imposition of curfew. Those are the reasons given by computer company to our officials. That was the reason why the delay occurred.

How many times there was power breakdown?

SRI ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Computer operation is not as simple as it must be. It is a sophisticated machine. I am agreeable for enquiry. I will place the report of the enquiry on the Table of the House. The terms of reference will be worked out. The rescheduling of other examinations also will be worked out. Regarding recounting of marks etc, will be worked out in a time bound programme and this announcement will be made in an expeditious fashion.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:— Let us know about the terms of reference and the scope of enquiry. Who is going to be appointed for conducting the enquiry? He said the reasons for not bringing the results in time like power failure, imposition of curfew and non-attendance of the staff. Will the scope of enquiry embrace these factors also?

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATI RAJU:— All aspects relating to the delay will be included in the enquiry.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, I would like to bring it to the notice of the Hon’ble Member that the Computer Operation is not as simple as it seems to be. It is a sophisticated machine and in case the aircondition is not there it will not work or in case something else goes wrong in its function, then the whole operation will be broken down. So, I am only saying that it is a computer fault. I am agreeing to the Enquiry Committee on the
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whole issue and to place the report on the Table of the House. The terms of reference etc., of the Enquiry Committee will be worked out. Regarding the delay and in regard to the rescheduling of other examinations, that will also be worked out. Regarding the Sub-Committee looking into re-counting of the marks and other things - that will also be worked out in a time bound programme. All these announcements will be made in due course.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:— Sir, now he has said he would let us know about the terms of reference and the scope of enquiry and the persons who are going to be appointed. May we presume that the reasons for the allegations for not publishing the results in time, were only due to the Board’s failure, due to clamping down of curfew and due to non-attendance of the staff? Will the scope of enquiry include these factors also? While you refer this to the Enquiry Committee, will it also be included in the terms of reference?

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, all the aspects relating to the delay will be included into the enquiry.

SRI S. JAIPOAL REDDY:— Sir, the most important aspects of the issue have not been touched upon by the Minister - i.e., the manner in which the valuation system has taken place. Now we are not merely worried about the delay - we are worried over the demoralising impact it has produced on students. Is the Minister in a position to state - “though the delay occurred, the processing was perfect and correct?” Because of his readiness to accept for any recounting requests, that itself gives an impression that - it is not in his confidence. Therefore there is a need on the part of the Government to assure the students that the Government is confident about the processing of the results and that is only about the delay that they were worried about.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, the delay has occurred and that is why the doubt that “results may not be correct and there is need for recounting”. Because of the delay I have agreed for recounting but not, that I do not have confidence in the
SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:— I need a clarification Sir, i.e., in the newspapers it is said that Rs. 5.00 lakhs have changed hands. May we know and will you enlighten us as to what is the deal and the total amount and whether it is a false transaction etc.? What is the total amount involved while finalising the tenders since there is a rumour outside and it has appeared in the newspapers that Rs. 5 to 6 lakhs have changed hands.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, the total amount of contract is itself less than Rs. 5.00 lakhs, because Rs. 4.57 lakhs (at the rate of 3.994 paisa per candidates) is the amount meant for this work. So, Sir, the news are false.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:— Sir, will the Minister, then, take the necessary action against the Management which is responsible to publish such false item?

SRI ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, it is left to the individuals concerned.

SRI M. OMKAR:— I wanted to know as to what kind of investigation or the machinery for investigating the affair is going to be constituted by the Hon'ble Minister. He has not made it clear. He said only investigation would be instituted; but what kind of investigation and by which officers? That he should have to tell us. Secondly, in that Press Conference, the allegations against Sri K. S. R. Murthy were reported to have been made by the Minister, as if that was made by the Minister himself. What is the response of the Minister in that regard?

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, the whole thing has to be enquired into and it will be placed on the Table of the House. Every Hon'ble Member can go through it and they can ask for clarifications etc.,

SRI M. OMKAR:— Sir, my questions are not answered. What is the machinery or what kind of investigation that you are going to constitute? Secondly what is your response with regard to the allegations made against Sri K S R. Murthy in that Press conference held by you?
SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, regarding the terms of reference, I said that would be worked out.

SRI M. OMKAR:— I am not asking about the terms of reference but I am asking the authority by whom the case would be investigated.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, I said it will be departmental investigation. Secondly, regarding the news of Sri K. S. R. Murthy, there was no such thing when I have spoken in the Press Conference.

SRI M. VENKATANAIJU:— Sir, we cannot have a discussion on this issue like this.

SRI P. ANANDAGAJAPATHI RAJU:— Sir, the issue is about the delay in the publication of the results and I have answered all these things.

MR. SPEAKER;— Yes, now let us take the item as per Agenda.
26th June, 1984.

Condoence Motion
re: Demise of Sri P. Rahim Khan,
former Member of A. P.
Legislative Assembly

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

CONDOLENCE MOTION
re-Demise of Sri P. Rahim Khan, former Member of
A. P. Legislative Assembly.

MR. SPEAKER — I am moving the following condoence resolution.

"This house places on records its deep sense of sorrow at the
demise of Sri P. Rahim Khan, former Member of the Andhra
Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of
sympathy to the member of the bereaved family”.

Sri P. Rahim Khan was a Member of this August House. He
was elected from Kurnool Assembly Constituency in the general elec-
tions in 1972. Sri Rahim Khan was a lawyer and a social worker.
He served the public in many capacities. He died of heart attack
at the age of 62, leaving wife, two sons and four daughters.

May his soul rest in peace.

I request the Members to stand in silence for two minutes as
a mark of respect to the departed soul.

(pause)

The House adopted the Motion, nem con.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

112. Mr. E. S. Swamy — Shri S. 21st morning session 10.30.
Kurnool Constituency, liberal, unified, sympathetic, sensitive, receptive.
Hon'ble Member. 65 Assembly, 4th Assembly, 144 seat in Assemly. Shining star.
FINANCE MINISTER (SRI N. BHASKARA RAO):— Sir, I beg to lay on the Table of the House, a copy of the Annual Financial Statement for the year 1983-84 and supplementary Financial Statement for the year 1982-83 of the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board as required under Sub-Section (3) of section 61 of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948.

Re- Copy of Annual Financial statement for 1984-85 and Supplementary financial statement for 1983-84 of A. P. S. E. B.
PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE
Re: Decisions of Business Advisory Committee meeting dated 25-6-1984

FINANCE MINISTER (SRI N. BHASKARA RAO):—Sir, with your permission, on behalf of the Chief Minister and the Leader of the House, I beg to place on the Table of the House, a copy of the Report on the decisions of the Business Advisory Committee taken at its meeting held on 25th June 1984. (See Appendix)

MR. SPEAKER:— Paper placed.

GOVERNMENT BILLS
ANDHRA PRADESH STATE ELECTRICITY BOARD

FINANCE MINISTER (SRI N. BHASKARA RAO):— Sir, I beg to move that the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1984 be taken into consideration.

MR. SPEAKER:— Motion moved.
Government Bills: 26th June, 1984
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1984 (Passed)

(సాంస్కృతిక ఆలయం) వేసిన అమ్మతో, ముఖ్య అమ్మతో నిర్ణయానికి అంశం కలనం చేసిన శతం శతం ప్రపంచంలో సాధుషం నిర్ణయం ప్రకటించారు. సాధులను పెద్దడి సర్వీసుల మధ్య ఉంటే, జాతీయ నిర్ణయం నికి అంశం కలనం చేసిన శతం నిర్ణయం ప్రకటించారు. సాధు సమాధానం కేంద్రంగా ఉండటం అంటే అంశం కలనం చేసిన నిర్ణయం ప్రకటించారు కేంద్రం అంశం కలనం చేసిన నిర్ణయం ప్రకటించారు.

అట్టను విడగుండబడిన ప్రపంచంలో సాధుగు అంశం కలనారు. అమ్మతో విడగుండబడిన ప్రపంచంలో సాధుగు అంశం కలనారు. అమ్మతో విడగుండబడిన ప్రపంచంలో సాధుగు అంశం కలనారు.
Governent Bills
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill 1985 (Passed)

26th June, 1984.

Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1985 (Passed)
Government Bills:

26th June, 1984.

Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill
1984 (Passed)
26th June, 1984

Government Bills:

Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill 1984 (Passad)

(Sri. M. M. J Thomas Chowdary in the Chair)
Government Bills:

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Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill.
1984 (Passed)

...
26th June, 1984.

Government Bills:
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1985 (Passed)

The Board is in a crippling stage, and I want to bring this to the notice of the Minister. Let him not think that every thing is good in the Board. In addition some suspended, dismissed horribly current fellows are given extensions even at the level of Executive Engineers. I can understand if a Chief Engineer who is renowned or expert being given extension.
Government Bills:
26th June, 1984.
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill 1984 (Passed)

Sub-divisional Officer should be made responsible for collecting the energy charges. This is a forewarning to the Government. The position of the Board is not good. It is crippling already. Because of that N. Tata Rao, who is powerful in the Board, no body has come to represent to the Minister. He should keep this in mind and set right the affairs of the Board.
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Government Bills
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1985 (Passed)

...
You have said they are not responding. We are not responding.
-30 p.m 26th June, 1984 Government Bills: Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill 1984 (Passad)

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:— Mr. Chairman Sir, regarding Electricity Board I want to make a few points. I am only reflecting the views that are prevalent in the society. As far as the Electricity Board is concerned we will have to face the facts as they are. I thought that after this Minister has taken power portfolio he will be able to really give relief to the suffering man, either it be a farmer, be it an industrialist or be it a domestic consumer. As far as the harassment is concerned I am sorry to make this observation, that no relief has come forth so far. Whenever you go to the villages you will see the farmers really making hue and cry as far as the electricity board is concerned. Many of the suffering tales are told by Venkaiah Naidu and Jaipal Keddy. I will not go into the details but it is suffice to say that the electricity board has heaped on the back of the farmer many miseries in addition
to the existing miseries from which he suffers. After all it is a commercial proposition that you should be able to get your returns back, otherwise the Board cannot sustain, but is it not the Board's obligation to give relief wherever its officials err? There have been many instances. Recently, in the hot sun many transfers were burnt right from Srikakulam upto Anantapur and Adilabad. Probably, you will see farmers making a big hue and cry about their paddy fields getting dry because of lakh of power. I did suggest to the Minister for Power certain things. You are a dynamic person with rare imagination and experience and exposure that one should have in public life. Since you come from the family of farmers, since you have a rural background you should be able to appreciate if the farmers asked for compensation when they suffered the loss for no fault of theirs where you can put the accountability on the Electricity Board. Our existing procedure will never allow us to do anything. One should have the will, courage to do it and then only you will be able to change the rules and regulations so as to suit the present claims and present thinking. Awareness is increasing day by day both by the rural and urban folk, both by educated and uneducated. I need not say this. This is not something which I am making a discovery out of it. Naturally the aspirations also grow and they hundred percent justified in asking the electricity board to account for their mistakes and pay compensation. Why not? To Chief Minister was all praise yesterday about his trip to the United States of America. I don't like to be drawn into that. In United States of America for every wrong that is done by the Government or by the Corporation, both by the public sector and private sector, the individual citizen has a right to claim compensation for damages. Unfortunately, we have not been able to really enforce that particular law. The Govt. has to pay it through its nose for many commissions and omissions. You only keep yourself clothed with sufficient armoury. Whatever be the commissions and omissions on the part of the electricity board, the citizen is not having any relief whatsoever. This is not a correct approach. This is exactly why the Govt. with a practical outlook should be able to realise this and try to improve its existing procedure, rules. I expect the present Finance Minister who is also the Power Minister.
to rise to the occasion and look into the particular aspect. He is insisting upon the revenue recovery. We are not opposed to it. My party would certainly extend the support, provided, you also take the other factors of the farmers or the industrialists and their inconveniences into consideration. It is no use saying that a particular officer working in electricity board is immune. Whatever he does or does not do is not accountable. It is not a correct approach. He is both accountable to the electricity board and his superior officers. He is accountable to the Govt. through the Electricity Board. Equally he is accountable to the consumer whether he is domestic consumer or a farmer or an industrialist or a businessman. JaiPal Reddy has rightly pointed out if you really think of the recovery from the farmer, I think hardly there were any dues, because you never allow them to have any dues. It is nice thing that he is not getting that additional burden on him. You can think of dues only from the industrial magnets or business magnets. Whether this Government or the electricity board has necessary infrastructure, enforcement agency to recover money from them, because they have many venues left whereby they take refuge. Probably, it is only the poor man who adherses to your laws, the strong man the rich man always honours those laws only in speech. This has been the trend of the society. I do not know to what extent we have been really useful to the society, more specially such of those deserving people who are in majority in the percentage in giving them the necessary relief. The electricity that is now being accorded to two villages in one constituency on the representation of an M.L.A. is confined only to the street lights and no agricultural sanctions are made. It is done only from the statistics point of view. This is nothing but escapism. From the statistics point of view you can broadly acclaim and say to the world outside that this Govt. was able to give electricity to so many villages, but in practice it is nothing but an addition to the misery to the people in the village. Unless you give extension to the agricultural loads the very purpose of sanctioning electricity is defeated. People have been living with lantern from ages. He would like to energise his well so that he can bring more production to boost up the economy to generate the economy both by himself as well as to the country. That particular aspect is lost sight of and I hope the power minister would take these factors into consideration and give assurance right now while dealing with the amendment to the Bill so that he is going to give extension to the agricultural loads also. I am sure with his ingenuity he will be able to take all these practical aspects into consideration and do the needful to the society.
204 26th June, 1984.

Government Bills
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1984 (Passed)

(ప్రపంచ యుద్ధ సమయం: — అందం, సంస్థల ప్రడర్శన సమయం నిషేధం చేసాడు, సంస్థల ప్రడర్శన సమయం నిషేధం చేసాడు అవి ఎంతో పరిమితంగా చేసాం, ఇది నిషేధం చేసారు. యుద్ధ సమయం నిషేధం చేసారు, సంస్థల ప్రడర్శన సమయం నిషేధం చేసారు అవి ఎంతో పరిమితంగా చేసారు. ఇది ఎంతో పరిమితంగా చేసారు.

(ప్రపంచ యుద్ధ సమయం: — ఎందుకు, సంస్థల ప్రడర్శన సమయం నిషేధం చేసాడు, సంస్థల ప్రడర్శన సమయం నిషేధం చేసాడు అవి ఎంతో పరిమితంగా చేసారు, ఇది నిషేధం చేసారు. యుద్ధ సమయం నిషేధం చేసారు, సంస్థల ప్రడర్శన సమయం నిషేధం చేసారు అవి ఎంతో పరిమితంగా చేసారు. ఇది ఎంతో పరిమితంగా చేసారు.)
Government Bills:

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Andhra Pradesh state Electricity
Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill.
1984 (Passed)

తీసుకోబడి తెలుగు భాషలో మార్పులు చేసి తెలుగు భాషలో తనిఖీ చేయబడింది. అందుకే ఇది తనిఖీ తెలుగు భాషలో పంచబడింది. తాత్పర్యం లేక తెలుగు భాషని సంప్రదాయం లో అధికారం లేదా నియంత్రణ ప్రామాణికత ఇది తనిఖీ తెలుగు భాషలో పంచబడింది. తెలుగు భాషలో లేదా తెలుగు భాషని సంప్రదాయం లో అధికారం లేదా నియంత్రణ ప్రామాణికత ఇది తనిఖీ తెలుగు భాషలో పంచబడింది. తెలుగు భాషలో లేదా తెలుగు భాషని సంప్రదాయం లో అధికారం లేదా నియంత్రణ ప్రామాణికత ఇది తనిఖీ తెలుగు భాషలో పంచబడింది. తెలుగు భాషలో లేదా తెలుగు భాషని సంప్రదాయం లో అధికారం లేదా నియంత్రణ ప్రామాణికత ఇది తనిఖీ తెలుగు భాషలో పంచబడింది. తెలుగు భాషలో లేదా తెలుగు భాషని సంప్రదాయం లో అధికారం లేదా నియంత్రణ ప్రామాణికత ఇది తనిఖీ తెలుగు భాషలో పంచబడింది. తెలుగు భాషలో లేదా తెలుగు భాషని సంప్రదాయం లో అధికారం లేదా నియంత్రణ ప్రామాణికత ఇది తనిఖీ తెలుగు భాషలో పంచబడింది.
203 26th June, 1984 Government Bills: Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill 1984 (Passad)

Andhra Pradesh Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill 1984 (Passad)

This bill was passed on 26th June, 1984, by the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board to recover dues owed by consumers for electricity supplied to them. The details of the bill are as follows:

- **Objects and Reasons**
  - The bill was passed to address the issue of non-payment of electricity dues by consumers.
  - It is aimed at ensuring that the Board recovers its dues in a timely manner.

- **Provisions of the Bill**
  - It provides for the recovery of overdue dues from consumers.
  - The Board is empowered to take necessary steps to recover these dues, which include legal action if necessary.

- **Implications**
  - It is expected to improve the financial health of the Board by ensuring prompt recovery of dues.
  - It will help in maintaining the efficiency of the electricity supply system.

In conclusion, the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill 1984 is a significant step towards managing the financial obligations of the Board and ensuring a sustainable supply of electricity.
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1984 (Passed)

ప్రభుత్వ నగరం. జాతికి సరిస్థలు అధికంగా జరిగింది ప్రత్యేకింద పంపాలాంప అంశాలకు రకము వినికిలినంత ప్రత్యేకించి జరిగిందని ప్రదర్శించింది ప్రదర్శన నంచినది. సంచారం ముందు జాతు జరిగింది జరిగింది అంశాలకు రకము వినికిలినంత ప్రత్యేకించింది ప్రదర్శన నంచింది. 

అది కొత్త జాతి జరిగింది 60 జాతి జరిగింది 30 జాతి జరిగింది 20 జాతి జరిగింది 10 జాతి జరిగింది 5 జాతి జరిగింది 2 జాతి జరిగింది 1 జాతి జరిగింది.

ఉపయోగానికి ఉండాలి ఈ జాతి జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది జరిగింది 150 జాతి జరిగింది 100 జాతి జరిగింది 50 జాతి జరిగింది 25 జాతి జరిగింది 10 జాతి జరిగింది 5 జాతి జరిగింది 2 జాతి జరిగింది 1 జాతి జరిగింది.

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Government Bills
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1984 (Passed)

26th June, 1984.

1-00 p.m.
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1984 (Passed)

The amount due from the farming community is not large as compared to other sectors. I don’t think it will attract. Even if it is 14% in the farming sector? It is the same. If it is 20% or even 25% it should not be an issue. On the other hand, 20% or 25% in other sectors - 20% or 25% in public institutions or industrial magnets. Either they are public institutions or industrial magnets. It is difficult to think. Except the farmers or those who are not paying. The farmer has to be specifically protected.

Khammam: The government has to protect the farmer who cannot do that. The expenditure to be incurred in litigation will be higher than the dues he has to pay. Farmer has to be specifically protected.

Vizianagaram: The government has to protect the farmer who cannot do that. The expenditure to be incurred in litigation will be higher than the dues he has to pay. Farmer has to be specifically protected.
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Government Bills:
Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1984 (Passed)

'28 ఆగస్టు 1 వ దినం, భారతదేశ స్టేట్ ఇలక్ట్రిసిటీ బార్డు (సహజం పొలిస్) బిల్, 1984 (పాస్స్)

(1) కేస్ 12.: — పరిశీలన కంటే అధిక పరిస్తులు లేదు వంటి అనుసరణలు సంచారం చేసే ప్రత్యేక రాష్ట్రానికి ప్రతి సంచారం యెస్ట్ చేసే అంశాలు సడా సేవలు. ఈ రాష్ట్రానికి సహజం పొలిస్ లేదు అనే సాధారణ రాష్ట్రానికి ప్రతి సంచారం యెస్ట్ చేసే అంశాలు సడా సేవలు. ఈ రాష్ట్రానికి సహజం పొలిస్ లేదు అనే సాధారణ రాష్ట్రానికి ప్రతి సంచారం యెస్ట్ చేసే అంశాలు సడా సేవలు.

(2) కేస్ 28. తోండానికి అధిక పరిస్తులు లేదు వంటి అనుసరణలు సంచారం చేసే ప్రత్యేక రాష్ట్రానికి ప్రతి సంచారం యెస్ట్ చేసే అంశాలు సడా సేవలు.
Mr. SPEAKER: The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1984 be taken into consideration".

(Pause)
The motion was adopted. 

Clauses 2 to 4

Mr. SPEAKER: There are no amendments to Clauses 2 to 4.
The question is:

"Clauses 2 to 4 do stand part of the Bill".

(Pause)
The motion was adopted and Clauses 2 to 4 were added to the Bill.

Clause - 5

SRI N. RAGHAVA REDDY:— Sir, I beg to move:

Add the following proviso to Clause 5

"Provided that the Andhra Pradesh Electricity Board shall pay the amount deposited along with 18% interest and 2% surcharge plus costs towards the suit in case the suit is discharged in favour of the electric consumer".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved. The question is:

Add the following proviso to Clause 5.

"Provided that the Andhra Pradesh Electricity Board shall pay the amount deposited along with 18% interest and 2% surcharge plus costs towards the suit in case the suit is discharged in favour of the electric consumer".

(Pause)
The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

That Clause 5 do stand part of the Bill.

(Pause)
The motion was adopted and the clause 5 was added to the Bill.

Clauses 6, 7, 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

That Clauses 6, 7, 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was adopted and Clauses 6, 7, 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title were added to the Bill.

SRI N. BHASKARA RAO:— Sir, I beg to move:
That the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board (Recovery of Dues) Bill, 1984 be passed.

Mr Speaker: Motion moved.

SRI N. BHASKARA RAO:— Sir, it will be a bad precedent. On the floor of the House, if the Hon'ble Member requests and if I concede to that, it will become a very bad precedent. I do no concede. I will administrate it as an Administrator but not like this.

SRI N. BHASKARA RAO:— But they are still working as “Work Charged”. There are certain rules applicable to them. As a matter of fact for work charged people “five years Rule” would apply—plus there are certain other G. Os which have to be considered. I cannot take that decision on the floor of the House like this, Sir.
SRI N. BHASKARA RAO:—No, No. While I decide this matter I will take his views also.

SRI S. JAIPAL REDDY:—Sir, before we pass the Bill, I think it is necessary for the Hon'ble Minister to give an assurance on the floor of the House that the provisions of this Act will not be applied to the farming community as far as possible. Even if the amendment has not been approved, I think the Minister can offer this Assurance and the Assurance will be kept in view by the Board while enforcing the Act.

SRI N. BHASKARA RAO:—Sir, since they are already sincere in paying their Bills, there is no question of this Act. But I cannot assure like that.

SRI S. JAIPAL REDDY:—Sir, The Electricity Board will be clothed to apply the provisions of the Act in so far as the farmers are concerned. So, such an Assurance can easily be offered by the Minister on the floor of the House.

SRI N. BHASKARA RAO:—Sir, this Government is always sympathetic towards the ryots and ryots community.

SRI S. JAIPAL REDDY:—Sir, empty verbal sympathy does not take the farmers anywhere - nor can it take you anywhere.

SRI A. MADAV MOHAN:—Sir, it does not apply to the merits of the Bill which is before us. Since I had suggested the Hon'ble Minister, in respect of extension of electricity to agricultural lands into the villages which are being sanctioned - he has not said anything.
THE ANDHRA PRADESH PUBLIC PREMISES
(EVICTION OF UNAUTHORISED OCCUPANTS)
AMENDMENT BILL, 1983 (L. A BILL No. 16 of 1983).

MINISTER FOR WORKS (SRI NALLAPAREDDI SRINIVASULU REDDY) :— Sir, I beg to move "that the Andhra Pradesh Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Amendment Bill, 1983" be taken into consideration.

MR. SPEAKER :— Motion moved.
Government Bills:

Andhra Pradesh Public Premises
(Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants)
Amendment Bill, 1983

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SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:— Mr Speaker Sir, apparently, the way this amendment has been brought about and the Bill has been introduced by the Minister for Public Works with his sweet tongue—he is trying to explain that there is nothing which can be opposed. But, I know the underlying meaning of the Bill that is sought to be introduced, especially when they have said that not only in respect of the public properties owned by the Government but also such of those properties owned by the local authorities and the Corporations. I small something greater than what he is trying to say. It is not as simple as he is trying to portray.

Here, recently in Mushaerabad Area, there were about two hundred families which have been living for generations, where the quarters were constructed by the then N. S. T. and R T. D. i.e. Nizam State Railways and Road Transport Department and subsequently - again - I think way back in 1951 or 1952, it gave 60% and the than State Government had contributed the other part of 40% and then constructed those houses - ultimately with a concept that these Houses should be given to those employees who have been working after their retirement.
Various representations were made and of course the successive Governments were always considerate whenever these representations were made to the Government of India and the Government of India also had shown and given generous expression and ultimately directed those representations to be considered by the State Government.

They were never evicted. Well, if you say that the previous Governments had not been able to solve it - that is the credit of the previous Government that they never evicted them too. Unfortunately after the advent of the Telugu Desam Government, not only harassment is being metted out to them continuously with a sense of vengeance they have been victimised day in and day out. About 200 families are living in those quarters. Unfortunately the Corporation today takes a decision to convert that into a Bus Depot. I have not been able to understand the intelligence and the imagination of this particular Government or the Corporation which is today working, to think of really constructing a Bus Depot in the midst and in the heart of the city, especially overthrowing the 200 families who have been living there for more than two generations and with my hunch I may be wrong - then, it is for the Minister to enlighten me whether I am correct or not; or if I am not correct, he should be also able to say that "He will take care of this particular plight of the situation and the plight of the people who are living in those areas."

Sir, yesterday, in the B. A. C. meeting also I made a passing reference to that and of course the Hon'ble Chief Minister without saying much on that he said that he would look into it when it comes. But my feeling is, by bringing out this draconian piece of Legislation, it is only meant to harass those poor lower class people who have been living there. In fact there were assurances by the previous Government, both by the State and the Central Governments to ultimately give the houses after deducting the depreciation. But today they will be rendered homeless. Well, there is one good argument for you that may be extended to say, that all the N. G. Os. living in other areas also will demand. "Yes" - well, probably if it comes to that extent, "Why not?" What are the welfare measures that you have been thinking to take up and what are the welfare measures that you have assured to the Government employees and what is it that you are doing today? You are doing just contra to what has been said about. Exactly there is a big gap between your speaking and performance. There is terrible credibility gap. When time comes, the people would certainly reflex.
and reflect their views, probably, through ballots. Well, you will have to and I too will have to wait till such time - but my personal anxiety and concern is restricted and confined to such of those families living in Mushearabad area and no less than 200 families have been living there made representations. The other day, the State Government, mercilessly, with a stone heart had sent about a strong contingent of 200 policemen and at the point of guns, the houses were demolished. It is only to make them homeless. Could there be more shameless act? I mean, action on the part of the civilised Government than this? You may say "Well, you have not been also able to really clear and sort out that problem". Yes, but we were not that unkind and in human, the way and the uncivilised way you have treated them!

Unfortunately I have not been able to contact the Minister for Public Works, although he is not directly concern. I know that, I know the Minister for Transport is incapacitated. He is a little paralysed physically and mentally to really take up such a bold decision. I had no other alternative but to direct them to the Chief Secretary and the Minister for Finance. Unfortunately, even the Finance Minister had expressed his helplessness to say - since his mentor, the C M. was not here and he was abroad, they would not be able to take a decision. I said "Kindly give them an assurance to wait till such time your Chief Minister comes and take a decision". Let the people of the State come to know as to what is working in his mind and as to what kind of decision would he be able to take. And what is his will, whether he has really got a dual personality of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde? This has to be exposed before the people. Why I am saying is it is not out of relevance I said. My hunch as I said that you are bringing this amendment and trying to deliberately, wilfully and intentionally extend it to the Corporations - is nothing but to really make them homeless and nothing more and nothing less. I hope the Minister for Public Works without looking to his mentor or if necessary, looking to his mentor and seeking his advice, would come out generously with a human heart to understand the plight and the misery of the people living in those areas and say coming forward with a generous assurance "Yes, this Government also is a civilised Government. It is humane - it has a human touch".

Otherwise the inferences that would be drawn both inside and outside would be quite contrary to what you are speaking.
26th June, 1984.

Government Bills:
Andhra Pradesh Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Amendments Bill, 1983.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN: — Sir, that is not at all relevant. I am referring to a different thing and I am referring to a specific thing. I am saying that even if it was brought, it has been brought with a broader approach but not with a narrow approach and only trying to weak the vengeance against particular employees or the particular sector.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN: — Sir, I am again, to go on record saying that I do not fight shy. In the larger interest of protecting the public properties you said it is necessary but the way you said that it is not being extended to the Corporation - and being brought at this part of the hour, forgetting for the past one or six months you could not get it. These are some motivations and I attribute these motives to this Government.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN: — Then, I have not been able to understand. I have not spoken about the Municipal Corporation. You said you have included R. T. C. and other Corporations. My charge against the Government is - it is motivated against those who are living there. You are trying to clothe yourself with the armoury. I know they have referred and gone to the Civil Court. Since they have gone to the Civil Court, you are afraid that they might find the remedy In order to suffocate them and throttle them you are trying to come out with this draconian law.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN: — 1977 లో తెలుగు దేసమ్ కలప తయారి చేయబడినది. 1979 లో తెలుగు దేసమ్ కలప తయారి చేయబడినది.

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN: — Sir, I would like to tell the Hon'ble Minister for Public Works that let him not be more loyal until now a Congress-man throughout - changed into Telugu Desam very recently - a Neo-convert ...

SRI A. MADAN MOHAN: — మామిడి సిద్ధం తినాను మామిడి ప్రశ్నమ్మ తినాను మామిడి లేదా మామిడి ప్రశ్నమ్మ లేదా మామిడి ప్రశ్నమ్మ.
SRI A. MADAN MOHAN:— No No. Don’t try to attribute in that way. What I am trying to say is—Sir, I am only trying to see the reason in what I am saying. I am not accusing you personally. What I am saying is—even the Minister is not aware as to why this was brought about? That is my feeling. My charge is that it is motivated. Kindly look into it if you have a heart. Otherwise, many have come in those days in those benches and many will go and I thought Mr. Sreenivasulu Reddy would create a history for himself and I never knew that he would become so meek as to allow himself to be drowned.

But that was not and never introduced in this House. May be for various reasons, due to subsequent incidents and for the reasons that have cropped up, they might have not taken into consideration for introducing it. Now, if they take refuge to say that—well the previous Government has done it, then it does not...
ANNOUNCEMENT

Re: Fixation Date and time of for the receipt of amendments.

MR. SPEAKER :— I am to announce to the House that the amendments to the following Bills will be received up to 5.00 p.m., to-day i.e., on 26-6-1984.


30 P.M. Now I adjourn the House till 8-30 a.m., to-morrow
(The House then adjourned to meet again at 8-30 a.m., the next day i.e. on Wednesday the 27th June, 1984)

APPENDIX


The following decisions were taken by the Business Advisory Committee at its meeting held on 25th June 1984 in regard to the Business to be transacted in the Assembly.

27-6-1984

28-6-1984
1. The Hindu Succession (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1983 (L. A. Bill No. 12 of 1983) (As reported by the Select Committee)
2. Discussion on the Statement made by the Chief Minister on 25-6-1984 on his visit to United States of America.

29-6-1984
1. Bills left over from the Agenda dated the 28th June, 1984.
2. Private Members Business.