Providing of Irrigation Facilities to Southern Taluks in Anantapur District

141—

*413—(N) Q:— Sri P. Ranganayakulu (Hindupur):— Will the Minister for Works be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Southern taluks of Hindupuram, Madakasira, Kadiri and Penukonda in Anantapur district, are likely to become desert areas for want of irrigation facilities;

(b) the steps taken by the Government to provide irrigation facilities to these four taluks; and

(c) if it is not possible to provide permanent irrigation facilities to those taluks from the rivers in Andhra Pradesh, whether the Government will take steps to obtain water from the rivers in the neighbouring State Karnataka in order to prevent that area from turning into a desert?

An Asterisk denotes Conformation by the Member.
Oral Answers to Questions.

8.30 a.m.

M. Shriramacharyulu:— Honorable Sir, I am addressing my query to you.

The Chairman:— Honorable Member, do you have a specific question to ask?

M. Shriramacharyulu:— I do. My query is regarding the construction of a new hospital in our constituency. I would like to know the status of the project and when it is expected to be completed.

The Chairman:— Honorable Member, the project is currently in the planning stage. We are working on obtaining necessary approvals and funds. As of now, we are aiming to have the construction work commence within the next six months. The completion date will depend on various factors, including weather conditions and the speed of construction.

M. Shriramacharyulu:— Thank you for the information. I appreciate your efforts in this regard.
Oral Answers to Questions. 1st September, 1983.

229

1. Mr. G. S. M. (Kovalam Wol.)—Is the Government aware that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time? Can I have a statement on the different wages paid to the staff of the railway department in the country. Also, the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

Mr. C. R. (South Mysore):—I beg to move that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. The wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

2. Mr. G. S. M. (Kovalam Wol.)—Is the Government aware that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time? Can I have a statement on the different wages paid to the staff of the railway department in the country. Also, the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

Mr. C. R. (South Mysore):—I beg to move that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. The wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

3. Mr. G. S. M. (Kovalam Wol.)—Is the Government aware that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time? Can I have a statement on the different wages paid to the staff of the railway department in the country. Also, the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

Mr. C. R. (South Mysore):—I beg to move that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. The wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

4. Mr. G. S. M. (Kovalam Wol.)—Is the Government aware that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time? Can I have a statement on the different wages paid to the staff of the railway department in the country. Also, the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

Mr. C. R. (South Mysore):—I beg to move that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. The wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

5. Mr. G. S. M. (Kovalam Wol.)—Is the Government aware that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time? Can I have a statement on the different wages paid to the staff of the railway department in the country. Also, the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

Mr. C. R. (South Mysore):—I beg to move that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. The wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

6. Mr. G. S. M. (Kovalam Wol.)—Is the Government aware that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time? Can I have a statement on the different wages paid to the staff of the railway department in the country. Also, the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?

Mr. C. R. (South Mysore):—I beg to move that the wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. The wages of the railway employees have not been increased for a long time. If so, why?
130 1st September, 1933. 

Ora! Answers to Questions

65

35

25

15

13

1
Oral Answers to Questions. 1st September, 1983.

Construcion Of New Bridge Over Vamsadhara River

142—

*416-(W)—Q—Sarvasri S. Prabhakara Rao (Narasanna Peta), M.V. Krishra Rao (Avanigadda):—Will the Minister for Works be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to construct a new bridge over the Vamsadhara river as the estimated life span of the existing bridge is over; and

(b) if so, when?

1982-83 Sarvasri S. Prabhakara Rao (Narasanna Peta), M.V. Krishra Rao (Avanigadda):—1983-84 2.05. Is there any Plan or advanced thinking on the part of the Government?
Construction of Bridge on Manair River of Sirsilla Tq.

143—

*413—(Z)—Q.—Sri K. Mruthyunjayam (Karimnagar) :—Will the Minister for Works be placed to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that 25% of work was not completed in the construction of bridge on Manair river of Sirsilla taluk in Karimnagar district;

(b) the reasons for not completing the same;

(c) when it will be completed; and

(d) the reasons for delay?

(1) నిర్మాణం పోటీ అధికిని ప్రతి పండిత్వం ప్రతి ప్రతి పోటీ అధికిని ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి 80% ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి 80% ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి 80% ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి 80% ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి 80%
Oral Answers to Questions.
1st September, 1983.

(3) The date covered is 12 Oct to 10 Nov, 1983.

(4) The dates covered are 8-5-1977 to 8-5-1980.

(5) The dates covered are 8-5-1984 to 8-5-1985.

...
Construction Of Bus Depot And Bus Station At Gadwal

144—

*410-(V) Q—Sri D.K. Samarasimha Reddy (Gadwal):—Will the Minister for transport be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that Bus Depot and Bus Station were sanctioned for Gadwal and foundation stone was also laid ;

(b) if so, the original cost of the said bus station and depot and when it was sanctioned ;

(c) whether it is also a fact that only bus station in a truncated manner and in a sub-standard way was constructed and Bus Depot construction was not taken up ;

(d) whether it is also a fact that the General Manager of A.P.S.R.T.C. has been acting in utter violation of the original plans with regard to this Bus Station and Depot ; and

(e) if so, the action proposed to be taken against the erring officials in this regard ?
1087 Q—Sri Koneru Nageswara Rao (Kothagudem) :—Will the Minister for transport be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to ban plying of Lorries during night time ;

(b) if so, when it will come into force ;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the power of check on Lorries will be restored to the Police Sub-Inspectors ; and

(d) if so, the reasons for the same ?

Ban To Ply Lorries During Night Times

145—
Oral Answers to Questions. 1st September, 1983.

237

అస్పాతిసంఖ్య 123-90 9 నుండు 4-00 మధ్య రాత్రి సమర్థమైతే ఆస్పాతి ప్రతి దినము 9 సంవత్సరాలు ఉండాలి. ఎందుకంటే అస్పాతి ప్రతి డివిను మంచి నుండి కింద దృశ్యమానం వచ్చే ప్రతి సంవత్సరం ప్రత్యేకంగా అస్పాతి ప్రతి తీరిచేవాడు. అస్పాతి ప్రతి డివిను మంచి నుండి కింద దృశ్యమానం వచ్చే ప్రతి సంవత్సరం ప్రత్యేకంగా అస్పాతి ప్రతి తీరిచేవాడు. అస్పాతి ప్రతి డివిను మంచి నుండి కింద దృశ్యమానం వచ్చే ప్రతి సంవత్సరం ప్రత్యేకంగా అస్పాతి ప్రతి తీరిచేవాడు. అస్పాతి ప్రతి డివిను మంచి నుండి కింద దృశ్యమానం వచ్చే ప్రతి సంవత్సరం ప్రత్యేకంగా అస్పాతి ప్రతి తీరిచేవాడు. అస్పాతి ప్రతి డివిను మంచి నుండి కింద దృశ్యమానం వచ్చే ప్రతి సంవత్సరం ప్రత్యేకంగా అస్పాతి ప్రతి తీరిచేవాడు.
238 1st September, 1983. Oral Answers to Questions

(1) మంత్రాలపరంపర పాఠశాలలు (సంస్థలు): కోసం సంస్థ పాఠశాలలు, చదివబడి ఉంటాయి. వాస్తైతో సంస్థ ఉపయోగానికి ఉన్న ప్రత్యేక పాఠశాలలు సేవలు ప్రాంగణం కాదు. అదే సంస్థలు విని చేయబడి ఉన్నాయి. తద్విపర్యాయం ఇది ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకమైన పాఠశాలలు మాత్రంగా వంటివి ఉండగా ఉండటం నిపుణుంటుంది. తద్విపర్యాయం ఇది ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకమైన పాఠశాలలు మాత్రంగా వంటివి ఉండగా ఉండటం నిపుణుంటుంది. తద్విపర్యాయం ఇది ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకమైన పాఠశాలలు మాత్రంగా వంటివి ఉండగా ఉండటం నిపుణుంటుంది.

(2) విద్యాధారిణి పాఠశాలలు: కోసం పాఠశాలలు సేవలు ప్రాంగణం కాదు. అదే సంస్థలు విని చేయబడి ఉన్నాయి. తద్విపర్యాయం ఇది ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకమైన పాఠశాలలు మాత్రంగా వంటివి ఉండగా ఉండటం నిపుణుంటుంది. తద్విపర్యాయం ఇది ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకమైన పాఠశాలలు మాత్రంగా వంటివి ఉండగా ఉండటం నిపుణుంటుంది. తద్విపర్యాయం ఇది ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకమైన పాఠశాలలు మాత్రంగా వంటివి ఉండగా ఉండటం నిపుణుంటుంది.

(3) పాఠశాలల ప్రత్యేక సఫలత: కోసం పాఠశాలలు సేవలు ప్రాంగణం కాదు. అదే సంస్థలు విని చేయబడి ఉన్నాయి. తద్విపర్యాయం ఇది ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకమైన పాఠశాలలు మాత్రంగా వంటివి ఉండగా ఉండటం నిపుణుంటుంది. తద్విపర్యాయం ఇది ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకమైన పాఠశాలలు మాత్రంగా వంటివి ఉండగా ఉండటం నిపుణుంటుంది. తద్విపర్యాయం ఇది ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకమైన పాఠశాలలు మాత్రంగా వంటివి ఉండగా ఉండటం నిపుణుంటుంది.
Muralidhar Rao Committee Report On Backward Classes

146—

*1522 Q.—Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—Will the Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have accepted the report of Muralidhar Rao Committee on backward classes; and

(b) if so, whether a copy of the report will be placed on the Table of the House?

147—

Expenditure incurred on the Journal 'Andhra Pradesh'

*1424—Q. Dr. Y. S. Rajasekhara Reddy (Pulivendla):—Will the Minister for Information be pleased to state;


(a) what is the purpose of publishing the monthly journal Andhra Pradesh by the Government and how many paid subscriptions are there at present;
(b) monthly expenditure incurred on each language journal of Andhra Pradesh; and
(c) whether there is any proposal to stop its publication?

1. Monthly cost of publishing the journal is Rs. 20,374. For the month of September, 1983, the expenditure is Rs. 16,214,
2. Total expenditure on the journal for the year 1983 is Rs. 74,275.
3. The total cost of printing and binding for the year 1983 is Rs. 64,061.

(c) There is no proposal to stop its publication.
Non-Release of Essential Commodities Regularly To Fair Price Shops

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government are not regularly releasing the Essential Commodities to Fair Price Shops at the same days every month;

(b) whether it is also a fact that in view of the above reason the Fair Price Shop Dealers are causing inconvenience in getting ration etc. to the card holders;

(c) if so, whether the Government will take any steps to set right the same; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?
1st September, 1983.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(4) సన్ని, సమాచార్యం:- ఉండిసుమారు ఆస్తులు అందాడును చెప్పింది. ఆస్తులు చెప్పింది విధానం చెప్పింది. స్స్సింగ్ వుండాలను చెప్పింది. స్స్సింగ్ వుండాలను చెప్పింది విధానం చెప్పింది. స్స్సింగ్ వుండాలను చెప్పింది విధానం చెప్పింది. స్స్సింగ్ వుండాలను చెప్పింది.

(4) సన్ని, సమాచార్యం:- ఉండిసుమారు ఆస్తులు అందాడును చెప్పింది. ఆస్తులు చెప్పింది. స్స్సింగ్ వుండాలను చెప్పింది. స్స్సింగ్ వుండాలను చెప్పింది. స్స్సింగ్ వుండాలను చెప్పింది. స్స్సింగ్ వుండాలను చెప్పింది. స్స్సింగ్ వుండాలను చెప్పింది.
Appointment to Educated Unemployed Youth for Distributing Essential Commodities

*988 Q- Sri Vasanta Nageswararao:—Will the Chief Minister be Pleased to state:

(a) Whether there is any proposal before the Government to open Government Shops for distributing essential commodities to the public by appointing educated unemployed youth instead of establishing Fair price Shops run by private dealers: and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government in the matter?
Oral Answers to Questions. 1st September, 1983.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— I am bringing a specific incident to the notice of the Chief Minister. In Siddipet Super Bazar, which is a Co-operative Institution, in spite of representation made by them, the middlemen were given opportunity to indulge into this. This matter was brought to the notice of the Collector. I request the Government to take note of this and issue instructions to see that the middlemen are eliminated and re-allocation is made to the Co-operative Institution.
Sri N.T. Rama Rao:— We are not interested to encourage the middlemen. We will take into consideration the Co-operative institutions. If there is a representation, forwarded to me, I will take action.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— I have already brought this matter to the notice of the Collector; and this may be taken as a representation and necessary instructions may be issued.

Sri N. T. Rama Rao:— Yes Sir. It shall be attended to.
Oral Answers to Questions.  
1st September, 1983.  

(1) Sri. Sh. Narasimha: — 10,000 crores rupees have been allocated for 1983-84. The outlay is as follows:
- Rs. 10,000 Crores for amenities
- Rs. 5,000 Crores for roads
- Rs. 2,000 Crores for education
- Rs. 1,000 Crores for health
- Rs. 500 Crores for housing

(2) Sri. Sh. Narasimha: — The total outlay for 1983-84 is Rs. 10,000 Crores. The budget is as follows:
- Rs. 6,000 Crores for roads
- Rs. 4,000 Crores for education
- Rs. 1,000 Crores for health
- Rs. 500 Crores for housing

(3) Sri. Sh. Narasimha: — The outlay for 1983-84 is as follows:
- Rs. 5,000 Crores for roads
- Rs. 2,000 Crores for education
- Rs. 1,000 Crores for health
- Rs. 500 Crores for housing
Reservation For S.Cs and S.Ts in Alloting Fair Price Shops in Villages

150—

*577 Q—Sri M. J. Thomas Chowdary:— Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any reservation for S.Cs and S.Ts in allotting the Fair Price Shops in the villages;

(b) whether the Government will allot the said Fair Price shops to other castes candidates in case no S.C. and S.T. candidates are available;

(c) No. of appeals of Fair Price Shops dealers pending in Nizamabad taluk;

(d) since how many years they are pending;

(e) the reasons for not taking action for disposing them off; and

(f) the number of Fair Price Shops not functioning in Nizamabad taluk; and the reasons therefor?

(4) 1983 చాలా 20 జరిగింది, ఒకటి వాయిదా, మరిన్ని కూడా జరిగింది. మాత్రమే ఉద్భవించిన సమస్యలు ఉండాలి.

(5) సభలు ప్రాంతాలు బాధ్యత వచ్చింది:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>సంవత్సరం</th>
<th>జరుగింది</th>
<th>కొన్ని జరుగింది</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1981</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1982</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1983</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

మొత్తం: 4

(6) సమాధానం బహుపద్ధతితో చేయబడిన ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానానికి సంబంధించిని.

(7) సమాధానానికి సంబంధించిన ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానానికి సంబంధించిని.

(8) ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానం బహుపద్ధతితో చేయబడిని.

(9) ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానం బహుపద్ధతితో చేయబడిని.

(10) ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానం బహుపద్ధతితో చేయబడిని.

(11) ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానం బహుపద్ధతితో చేయబడిని.

(12) ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానం బహుపద్ధతితో చేయబడిని.
1st September, 1983.

Oral Answers to Questions.

250
Oral Answers to Questions. 1st September, 1983. 251

Energy: Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—One submission, Sir, you have seen the degree of interest evinced by Members in the question on distribution of civil supplies. Having regard to the sense of urgency felt by the entire House would the Speaker consider allotting two hours discussion on this question.

Mr. Speaker:—I have no objection provided the Chief Minister agrees and if time permits.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—After all time must permit.
150—A

Unprecedented Price Rise of Rice in the open Market

S. N. Q. No. 2584—H Sarvasri M. Venkaiah Naidu, N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal), M. Ramkrishna Rao (Khammam), M. Omkar (Narsampeta), M. Yerraiah Reddy (Bhadradchalam), and Smt. M. Swarajyam:—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the rate of rice sold in open market has raised unprecedentedly in the recent months;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor and the steps taken by the Government to control the price of rice:

(c) whether it is also a fact that the Chief Minister has assured that the Government will take all necessary steps to control the price at Rs. 2.50 in the open market; and

(d) if so, the action taken?
Considering that 1982-83 was a year of acute drought not only in Andhra Pradesh but in the neighbouring State especially Tamilnadu, Kerala and Karnataka, considering the unprecedented levels of procurement of rice we made to provide rice at Rs. 2/- per Kg. to the vast majority of our population, who constitute the poorest of the poor in the State and, therefore, anticipating that the prices in the open market could go up, the State Government took a decision to restrict the movement of levy free rice outside of Andhra Pradesh of the Khariff season, production in which season accounts for most of the State’s internal requirements, to half the levy free eligibility of the rice mills with the determination of ensuring the sale of such rice within Andhra Pradesh. The policy was to augment thus the availability of rice in the domestic market and check the rice in price of rice during the year. This decision was taken in February, 1983. It was at this juncture, the Government thought of an open market price of around Rs. 250/- per quintal for rice.

In April, 1983 as part of the Rabi policy, with a view to ensuring that the farmers of the State secured a share in the high prices that prevailed in the market of the neighbouring States this year the Government encouraged the Co-operative Marketing Societies in the State to pay the farmers price of not less than Rs. 20/- per quintal above the prices notified by the Government of India. The rice Milling Industry was also directed to pay the farmers similar prices. This policy had a salutory affect in firming up the prices of paddy and the farmers received a higher price from then onwards not only for the Rabi paddy but also for the Khariff paddy stocks held by them.

With the resulting prices for the farmers going up to about Rs. 166/- per quintal, that is Rs. 20/- above the price notified for Massoori paddy by the Government of India during the months subsequent to April, 1983, its influence on open market price of rice to at least Rs. 35/- per quintal was inevitable. As the Honourable Members are aware the prices of paddy per quintal in most parts of the State have ruled at an average Rs. 175/- per quintal for Massoori paddy and in some parts it was even higher. Today's ruling Price for Mussoori paddy in the State is ranging from Rs. 175/- to Rs. 187.50/- per quintal. Considering that the Government visualised the open market Prices at around Rs. 250/- per quintal at a time when the paddy Prices were ruling a little above the prices notified by the Government of India, namely Rs. 126/- per quintal for Mussoori paddy, the average rate in the State for Mussoori variety of rice at present of Rs. 3.22 per Kg. cannot be said to be high in the context of prevailing prices for paddy at between Rs. 175/- and Rs. 187.50/- per quintal.
As part of the Rabi policy, the State Government directed that a quantity of 2.50 lakh tonnes of rice should be sold within the State in addition to the 4.31 lakh tonnes of Kharif rice, which represented half the quantity of Kharif levy from raw rice. This entire quantity of 6.81 lakh tonnes of rice was directed to be sold in the domestic market from April to October, 1983 Rs.265/- per quintal. While this quantity of rice was to be sold by the Rice Milling Industry in the open market in the State quantity of 1.72 lakh tonnes was actually purchased by the A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd., so far at even lower rates of between Rs.245/- and Rs.265/- per quintal, depending upon the variety of rice, and distributed through the Public Distribution system. As a result, in addition to the increased availability of rice in the open market, because of this arrangement, more quantities of rice were dumped into public distribution system for sale at Rs.2/- per K.G. which cannot but have the most salutary effect on the price levels of rice in the open market.

Having fulfilled the targets set for procurement (and in fact reaching a record procurement of 16.20 lakh tonnes of rice), which a view to augmenting the open market availability of rice Government have also permitted the mills to sell their entire production in the open market but within the State of Andhra Pradesh.

All these measures were taken to increase the availability of rice within the State and to curb the price rise in the open market.

So unprecedented have been the efforts made by the Government in this direction that all these policies of the Government were resisted by the Rice Milling Industry and these policies were challenged by the mills of some important Districts before the Honourable High Court of Judicature. I am happy to report to this Honourable House that all these policies which have been formulated with a view to maintaining the supplies and securing equitable distribution and controlling the prices of essential commodities have been upheld by the Honourable High Court. The Honourable High Court has, however, observed that the mills cannot be compelled to sell their levy rice at rates prescribed by us. Nevertheless, we are continuing to secure the required quantities of rice at the prices agreed to namely Rs. 245/- to Rs. 260/- per quintal from the rice milling industry so that distribution of larger quantities of rice through the public distribution system may also keep the open market prices under check.

In addition to all this and, more importantly to protect the interests of the middle class consumers in the three Corporation cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad and such areas of Ranga Reddy District that come under the urban agglomeration Visakhapatnam
and Vijayawada, Government are distributing rice at Rs. 2.65/-, Rs. 2.70/- and Rs. 2.62/- per kg. respectively even to the yellow card holders to the extent of 25 kg. per family.

I would like to submit for the consideration of this House that the quantities of rice that we are distributing through the public distribution system which has amounted to a total of about 2.10 lakh tonnes for the green and yellow cardholders in the month of August and our providing 25 kg of rice at Rs. 2/- per kg. for all the green card holders has no parallel anywhere in the country.

Compared to the prices of 1st sort of rice obtaining in the months of April to August, 1982 the price of rice this year has shown an upward trend as shown below:

(Retail prices per KG.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>1st sort rice</th>
<th>2nd Sort rice</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>April</td>
<td>2.73</td>
<td>3.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May</td>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>3.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>2.78</td>
<td>3.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July</td>
<td>2.85</td>
<td>3.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>August</td>
<td>2.92</td>
<td>3.22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Source: Directorate of Bureau of Economics & Statistics).

Considering that Government ensured a price of no less than Rs. 146/- per quintal of paddy of Mussoori and considering that the present ruling price of Massuri paddy range between Rs. 175/- and Rs. 187.50/- and the present ruling rate for quintal of Hamsa paddy ranges from Rs. 170/- to Rs. 175/- the prevailing rates of rice cannot be described as high.

Government, however, continue to keep a close watch on the open market prices of rice and will take all possible steps to hold them at reasonable levels.
156 1st September, 1983. Short Notice Questions and Answers.

10-00 a.m.

1. మ. చర్మాడే కాల్పంది: విద్యా స్థాయి భూమి నిమిత్తం ఎక్కడ ఉన్ను చేసి అంతర్జాతీయ సంఘం సమాప్తి ప్రత్యేకత నివారి. ఒక వాక్యానికి ఎంత రూపాంతరాలు చేసినప్పటి సంఘం సమాప్తి ప్రత్యేకత నివారి. ఎ. రామారాణ్యం సాధించాడు 101 రూపాంతరాలు సాధించగా ఉండుంది. మాత్రము లో

2. మ. చర్మాడే కాల్పబెడ నిమిది సంఘాతి ప్రత్యేకత ప్రత్యేకత నివారి. ఒక వాక్యానికి ఎంత రూపాంతరాలు చేసి అంతర్జాతీయ సంఘం సమాప్తి ప్రత్యేకత నివారి. ఎ. రామారాణ్యం సాధించాడు 101 రూపాంతరాలు సాధించగా ఉండుంది. మాత్రము లో

3. మ. చర్మాడే కాల్పబెడ నిమిది సంఘాతి ప్రత్యేకత ప్రత్యేకత నివారి. ఒక వాక్యానికి ఎంత రూపాంతరాలు చేసి అంతర్జాతీయ సంఘం సమాప్తి ప్రత్యేకత నివారి. ఎ. రామారాణ్యం సాధించాడు 101 రూపాంతరాలు సాధించగా ఉండుంది. మాత్రము లో
That cannot be an explanation for the current soaring prices of rice in the market.
In January and February when the paddy has come into the market the price was 146. After 146, it went to 185 in 3-60. Again it went to 185 in 3-60. Here there is an abnormal increase of Rs.1/- per K.G. The same profit has not gone to the farmer. At that time the price of paddy per quintal during previous Govt was around 136. Why this difference? who is exploiting the consumer as well as the farmer? Explain.
Short Notice Questions and Answers.

1st September, 1983.

51-5
MISAPPROPRIATION OF Rs. 5 LAKHS IN NANDYAL SUGAR FACTORY


(a) whether it is a fact that a misappropriation to the extent of Rs. 5 lakhs have taken place in Nandyal Sugar Factory;

(b) Whether any enquiry has been conducted and if so, the action taken thereon;

(c) Whether it is a fact that a sum of Rs. 28,000/- was lost in theft in that factory previously; and

(d) If so, the action Government has taken in this regard?

A. J. 63. —

(a) 

(b) 

(c) 

(d) 4–8–1982  రిపోర్టు 29,852.46 రూపాయలు సర్వ ప్రామాణికం.

5–8–1982  దినే శాసనం చదివబడానికి సారిపోయింది సందర్భాలలో చాటు ప్రామాణికం పొందానికి వారి సహాయంతో పంచాయతీ చదును అందచేసుకునేది. ఆర్షాధార ప్రామాణికం ముగింపు ప్రామాణికం కు కొత్తగా ప్రామాణికం చేసుకుని అది ప్రామాణికంగా మారింది. ఆ ప్రదేశంలో పైన సమాధానం చేయబడింది (2) రూపాయాలు పంచాయతీ పరిస్థితులు మరియు ఆర్ధాధారాన్ని చేసుకునని సమాధానం చేయబడింది. మరుక కొనసాగిన సమాధానం ముగింపు ప్రామాణికం చేసుకునని సమాధానం చేయబడింది. మరుక కొనసాగిన సమాధానం ముగింపు ప్రామాణికం చేసుకునని సమాధానం చేయబడింది.
Since Prima-facie allegations have been proved, what action has been proposed, pending further enquiry. For the purpose of facilitating a fair enquiry, this concerned person must be suspended. Has it been done?

(1) ಸೂತ್ರವಿನ್ಯಾಸ: — ಐದು ಸಾಲಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಮುಂದೆ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಸಂವಾದ ಒಂದು ಕಪ್ಪು ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತಿಭೆ ಮಾಡುವ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮೂಲಕ ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಿದೆ. ಈ ಕಪ್ಪು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ವೈವಿಧ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ರುಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಗಳ ಸಂಬಂಧದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತಿಭೆಯು ಮಹಾತ್ಮ ಗಾಂಧಿಯವರು.

Short Notice Questions and Answers.

1st September, 1983.

statement 1: 

statement 2:

statement 3:

statement 4:

statement 5:

statement 6:

statement 7:

statement 8:

statement 9:

statement 10:
264  1st September, 1983.  Short Notice Questions and Answers

[Text in Telugu]

264  1st September, 1983.  Short Notice Questions and Answers

[Text in Telugu]
MATTERS UNDER RULE 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

(I) 1983. 263.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.

Matters under Rule 329:

re: Illegal lock-out from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex of Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

1983. 263.

1983.

263 1983.
266 1st September, 1983.

Matters Under Rule 329:

re: Illegal Lockout from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex, Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.

266 1st September, 1983.

Matters Under Rule 329:

re: Illegal Lockout from 6-8-83 in Coal Chemical Complex, Singareni Collieries, Ramakrishnapuram, Adilabad District.
re: Alleged Killing of Sri Yadagiri in
Bachannapet Panchayat Samithi,
Cheriyal Taluk, Warangal District.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Sir, I wish to draw the attention of the House to the killing of Sri Yadagiri by the police in a police station in Cheriyal taluk of Warangal District. We have been witnessing one frightening phenomenon i.e., increase in the rate of deaths of persons in police stations. Sri Yadagiri was by no means a gentleman. He was known to be a criminal. He was a person with a known criminal record. We have no sympathy with the record or background of the person. There is no need to draw a distinction between the background of the person and the manner of treatment to be meted out by the State to any citizen even if he be a criminal. He was kept in illegal confinement for 45 days. I can understand a minor, marginal violation of law to deal with criminals, but not a person being kept in illegal confinement for 45 days. He was subject to torture resulting in his death. The local people also knew the record of Mr. Yadgiri. But the treatment meted out to him was so brutal, so inhuman that not with standing his reputation, the people revolted and reacted and there ensued a clash, an inevitable clash between the police and the people. This had occurred after the new Government took over. After installation of the new government, one expected a welcome change in term and tenor of functioning of the police department. One expected the police department would respect the civil liberties of persons more. But, I am afraid, on the pretext of maintenance of the morale in the police department, all kinds of activities are sought to be swept in that garb. I, therefore, would like the Chief Minister not only to explain to the House, the circumstances leading to the death of Mr. Yadgiri but also given an assurance firmly that the police department would be instructed strictly in this regard, that the police department would henceforward desist from such patently illegal and inhuman activities.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—One Mr. Yadagiri who was a rickshaw puller and eking out his livelihood for the past three years in Hyderabad was unfortunately suspected of a petty theft and was taken into custody. Well, it is often said here that is a known K.D. May be, he was an habitual offender. There is a famous maxim which you know, “Every sinner has a past and every sin has future...” So, just because he was a habitual offender, he cannot be treated the way he was treated by the local police. According to the representation that was made to us by the local people, it was not for a day or two or three, but continuously for 45 days he was kept in police lock-up without FIR being issued, he was kept in illegal confinement, subjected to third degree methods-tortured mentally and physically. And then this fact of having been kept in illegal confinement came to be known by the local people. I know the local area since it is a constituency adjoining mine. Not only have I spent number of years in those areas both as a student and a lawyer, I had my public life there. They are peace-loving people who do not unnecessarily like to get confronted or create confrontation themselves with the administration much less with the police department. Nevertheless, if the police has to take them for granted thinking that they will lie low, they
Matters Under Rule 329:

1st September, 1983.

re: Alleged Killing of Sri Yadagiri in Bachannapat Panchayat Samithi, Cheriyal Taluk, Warangal District.

are sadly mistaken. They have justifiably risen to the occasion with anger and fury with this sort of injustice having been perpetrated by the police which cannot be forgotten by any civilised society. It is unfortunate that a government which had been advocating, vouch, safeguarding the name of the people that it will certainly be able to administer better, it would create protection to the common man, it would also fight for the civil rights of the citizen, such a party having come to power, if these things are continued to be perpetrated against an individual, I do not know how far this Government would justify its existence. I do not know how far this Government would be able to protect itself. There is vast difference from what they have said and what they are doing. When you are kicked up into power, a responsibility is also cast on your shoulders to see that what all you stood for is implemented as long as you are allowed to continue in power. It is an unfortunate situation.

The difficult part of the situation could be well appreciated by you and the Members of the House. When they wanted to bring the dead-body to the Assembly to focus the attention of the Assembly and also bring it to the notice of the great Chief Minister and impress on him to see that such injustices are arrested forthwith, they were not allowed by the local police to get even a vehicle not only from Cheriyal, Jangaon, Warangal but even from Siddipet, my constituency. If this type of harassment by the police continues, I do not know what will... I do understand that the morale of the administration should be kept high. But that does not mean that they should take law arbitrarily without having regard to law and its recourse. That has to be protested by every individual who has a sense of civic consciousness and belief in democratic rights. The body, I am told was examined by a Medical Officer in a highly suspicious manner and they were forced to cremate the body so that there may not be traces to-morrow of a murder. The police wanted to justify that it was a matter of suicide and not murder.

This is an issue where a person has lost his valuable 10-50 a. m. life in the Police Station. I do not know the value of the human life. What is the value system of the present Government towards the human lives? The S.P. is trying to persuade the local people about this incident. It is not too late for the Chief Minister to order Judicial Enquiry since no other enquiry could serve any purpose in eliciting the truth. In the meantime, let the S.I. and other Constables concerned be suspended since the suspension is not a punishment. As represented by the Hon'ble Member, if the local people or the
Members of the Family are not satisfied with Magisterial or any other, Enquiries, the Government should be prepared for a Judicial Enquiry.
Matters Under Rule 329:

1st September, 1983. 263

re: Alleged Killing of Sri Yadagiri in
Bachannapet Panchayat Samithi,
Cheriya Taluk, Warangal District.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:- C.B., C.I. D. enquiry itself is not enough
The Chief Minister has to go little further and see that a Judicial
Enquiry is ordered. In the meantime, action should be taken against
the concerned Police S.I. and the Constables by placing them under
suspension. There must be a Judicial enquiry on this incident.

51-6
1st September, 1983.

Matters Under Rule 329:
re: Alleged Killing of Sri Yadagiri in Bachannapet Panchayat Samithi, Cheriyal Taluk, Warangal District.

264
Matters Under Rule 329:

1st September, 1983.

re: Alleged Killing of Sri Yadagiri in Bachanapet Panchayat Samithi, Cheriyal Taluk, Warangal District.

There were occasions when the officials gave me certain reports, but I did not agree with them and applied my mind to do justice. I took an independent decision as Minister when I was in the Cabinet. So, you apply your mind and do accordingly.
Mr. Speaker:- What is your conception when you say 'independent magisterial enquiry'.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:- My persuasion has cut little ice with the Chief Minister. I have made it very clear. There is nothing new that he is making in the form of announcement. There is no improvement. In his own report he has said there is a magisterial enquiry that has been ordered. He is reiterating the same thing. I don't think the appeal made by all these Members have had no effect on him. Either he should be able to prepare for a judicial enquiry or he should be conceding for the constitution of a House Committee. In the absence of these two things, I don't think there is any improvement he is making except repeating the same thing that is supplied.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:- No Sir, We can't take so lightly and in a casual way. The magistrate is an executive magistrate an R.D.O is an executive magistrate, even Tahsildar is empowered with certain magisterial powers. If there is any inconvenience or harassment to the Government or to the Chief Minister in trying to come forward for a judicial enquiry or House Committee, a person not less than a district and sessions judge may be appointed in this case.

Sri N.T. Rama Rao:- There is no embarrassment for the Government regarding this. We want only justice and as the hon'ble Member has suggested, I have already told about an independent magistrate from outside the district shall be appointed in this matter to probe and give a report.

(Interruptions)

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:- He must be able to clarify.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:- We said a person of a district sessions judge cadre.
Mr. Speaker:- When you say judge it amounts to judicial enquiry.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:— Will the Chair clarify as to what is meant by an independent magisterial enquiry. Is there anything like dependant magisterial enquiry?

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:— Let us not quarrel about expressions and phrases. Normally a High Court Judge is appointed to enquire into such incidents. We are not insisting on the appointment of a High Court Judge. We don't want any executive officer to be associated with the enquiry. Whether the executive Officer is within the district or outside the district makes little difference, because it is a part of the administration. This is a charge against the Government, against the establishment, against the administration of which the Police is a part.

Sri N.T. Rama Rao:— As the Hon'ble Member has suggested I have accepted for an independent magisterial enquiry and it shall be done and let us see the result.

(interruptions)

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:— We are entitled for a clarification.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— I would humbly submit that we have been trying to persuade ourselves as to the intelligent reply given by the Chief Minister as to what it means. Now we request the Chief Minister through you to enlighten us as to what does he mean by independent magisterial enquiry.

Sri N.T. Rama Rao:— Who is not in the office and is not from the district, from outside the district, we will ask an independent magistrate to probe into the matter and give a report.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:— The House cannot be kept under dark. If the Speaker has followed the content of the assurance of the Chief Minister we will be glad to learn from the Speaker. If the Speaker is as much in the dark as the House then what has to be done. What is independent outside the district magisterial enquiry? What is the individual magisterial enquiry? What is the concept? What are the terms of reference?
Mr. Speaker:—There are two types of magistrates one is executive and the other is judicial. In this case which one you are asking.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Any judicial magistrate or any rank.

Mr. Speaker:—Not executive magistrate.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—No.

Sri N.T. Rama Rao:—Executive Magistrate.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—In the instant case the charge is levelled against the Police department which is a part of the Police establishment.

Mr. Speaker:—Executive Magistrate is not part of the Police. Why do you doubt?

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—We know what fate the magisterial enquiries had earlier met with. Having regard to our bitter experience we are asking for some kind of judicial magisterial enquiry.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—It is not our intention to create a rumpus here or waste the time of the House. You know how we have been very responsible and responsive to your suggestions. When a satisfactory answer does not come from the Chief Minister we have no other alternative but to persistently pursue the issue. We have made it very clear. He is shifting his stand saying that he will get it enquired by the C.B. C.I.D. Investigation part of it is different and enquiry part is different. As far as enquiry is concerned we all insisted for a judicial enquiry. He has not conceded. Then we asked for the constitution of the House Committee, for which he is not prepared to face the situation. Now we have asked that at least a person not lower the rank of a District and Sessions Judge, should hold the enquiry. To that extent he must have no reservations. Now ultimately we are asking that at least a person of the rank of Asst. Sessions Judge from the judiciary should be able to hold enquiry.
Matters Under Rule 329 : 1st September, 1983. 277

re: Alleged Killing of Sri Yadagiri in
Buchanapet Panchayat Samithi,
Cheriyal Taluk, Warangal District.

Justice is not only done but it should appear to have been done. The executive magistrate, today he is in the Government. For the last 13 years I was a part of the Government and I can say what it means by executive magistrate and what it means by judicial magistrate. This has to be understood and appreciated by him. So, I would again emphasise that the Chief Minister if he has to really prove that he is above board and he is not there to shield and protect those who are found to be guilty. He should say that by his action and prove that he is really above board.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—We should to be able draw upon the wisdom of a confession of an Ex-Minister about the nature of magisterial enquiry. I think the Chief Minister would appreciate this point.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—I said that when he has not conceded. If Mr. Jaipal Reddy has all the parliamentary repartees he will try to hurl them at the other benches.

(Laughter)

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I appreciate the good sense of Madan Mohan for having made his confession. I want the Chief Minister to display equal amount of good sense by capitalising it.

(Translation)

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—We should be able to draw upon the wisdom of a confession of an Ex-Minister about the nature of magisterial enquiry. I think the Chief Minister would appreciate this point.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—I said that when he has not conceded. If Mr. Jaipal Reddy has all the parliamentary repartees he will try to hurl them at the other benches.

(Laughter)

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I appreciate the good sense of Madan Mohan for having made his confession. I want the Chief Minister to display equal amount of good sense by capitalising it.
1st September, 1983.

Matters Under Rule 329:

re: Alleged Killing of Sri Yadagiri in
Bachannapet Panchayat Samithi,
Cheriyal Taluk, Warangal District.

You will have to direct the Chief Minister to be specific in his answer. Let him not confuse the whole House. Let there be no ambiguity in his answer.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:— C.B C.I.D. is a part of Police establishment. This is an allegation concerning the Police department. C.B. C.I.D. enquiry can always be ordered in regard to other crimes. This is the charge of crime against the police department itself. Therefore, how does the C.B. enquiry serve any purpose? Let him agree for some kind of independent enquiry, even if it be by munsif magistrate but not by executive magistrate.

Sri N. T. Rama Rao:— But the magistrate is not under the sway of the police department. So, that can also be accepted.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:— Chief Minister has not considered the demand ordering another enquiry into medical aspects of the case. Just now Janga Reddy had said that the circumstantial evidence suggests that whole thing had been stage managed. The manner in which the post-mortem report was obtained shows that it is profoundly suspicious. What is to be done?

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— We have made a suggestion for exhumation of the body, but the Chief Minister has not come forward with any answer. We have asked for the suspension of the concerned police officers. He has not made anything on that. What has he to say on these two things. After that I have a right to make my observations. If he still does not concede about an enquiry by the judicial magistrate I deserve my right.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— Exhumation of the body by another Medical expert, has he considered that?

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—The body was handed over under very highly suspicious circumstances. It was not cremated but buried with the hope that the Chief Minister who always vouchsafes Justice
Matters Under Rule 329 : 1st September, 1983. 279

re: Alleged Killing of Sri Yadagiri in Bachannapet Panchayat Samithi, Cheriyal Taluk, Warangal District.

land and order and protection would rise to the occasion and come forward. On their representation, we have requested the Chief Minister so that he would be able to order for a medical expert and exhumation of the body. I leave it to him. Once he says that he is going to order, then I am reserving my right to make my own observations to go on record.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—I would like to go on record. The Chief Minister has conceded that the crime rate is on the increase in the State. He also made it clear he is not there to shield anybody. In spite of our persuasion, he has not accepted for an enquiry by the judicial magistrate. That is why I charge this Government for its failure to hold a judicial enquiry. Probably the Chief Minister is more pretentious in his assertions than what he merely means by his actions.
280 1st September, 1983.

Matters Under Rule 329:

re: Alleged Killing of Sri Yadagiri in Bachannapel Panchayat Samithi, Cheriyali Taluk, Warangal District.

When they have not committed crime why should they feel shy of judicial enquiry or an independent magisterial enquiry. What is the objection of the Government? Let the House understand it. I am really at a loss to know the Government's point of view. What is the difficulty of the Government in ordering a judicial enquiry even by an Assistant Sessions Judge. What is the difficulty? What is the difficulty, let him explain to the House. 

Mr Speaker:—You cannot compel the Government to answer it.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—Sir, after this there won't be any discussion. In spite of our persuasion, and irrespective of our bringing to the notice of the Chief Minister and prevailing upon his good sense, good conscience, he has miserably failed and that too when a human life is involved. I really suspect that all is not well with the administration and as a protest, since we are mentally agitated as our basic and judicious demand is not met, we are staging a walkout.

(The Members belonging to Congress-I Party staged a walk out)
Point of Information: 1st September, 1983
re: Bomb Scare in the Assembly Hall.

Mr. P. V. Lakshmi Narayana Rao (Kodad):—Sir, as they have rightly quoted, how do we know whether this alarm is false one or a right one and in the interest of the lives of the Members of this August House, it is absolutely necessary to take precaution. In every parliamentary democracy this happens and we are helpless and in moments you are...
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
re: Reduction of Funds for Visakhapatnam Steel Plant.

not able to find out and to know whether it is a false alarm or a right alarm. How do we know? Since there is a call and in the interest of the lives of all the members this action has been taken. I take another extreme view that the Government should have taken the Metal Director also into the House to find out whether there is a Bomb scare really or not. Suppose somebody has planted a bomb, how do we know? If that has been true, the same Members should have told that the Government has not taken a right action in right time.

Mr. Speaker:—Yes... Let us go to the next item. During the discussion and feeling the pulse of the House the Hon'ble Chief Minister has readily agreed to appoint a House Committee to probe into the matter (Mangampeta Barytes). Then, after the discussion some Opposition Members have suggested for appointment of Judicial Committee. The Hon'ble Chief Minister has agreed for appointment of a House Committee or Judicial Committee, whichever is decided by the Hon'ble Speaker. I have gone through the proceedings and after considering the whole issue I have come to the concluded opinion to appoint a House Committee to probe into the matter. After consulting the leaders of various parties I will announce to the House the names of the members of the House Committee.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS
re: Reduction of funds to the Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam

1st September, 1983.
Calling Attention to Matters of
Urgent Public Importance:
re: Reduction of Funds for Visakhapatnam Steel Plant.

1st September, 1983.

...
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Holding the meetings of the General Body and Standing Committee of the Anantapur Zilla Parishad during the Sittings of the Assembly.

Re: Holding the Meeting of General Body and Standing Committee of Anantapur Zilla Parishad during the Sittings of the Assembly.

25-8-1988 is the opening date. The programme is as follows:

1. Opening ceremony
2. Inauguration of the works
3. Distribution of prizes

Date: 25-8-1988
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Holding the meetings of the General Body and Standing Committee of the Anantapur Zilla Parishad during the Sittings of the Assembly.

24-8-1983: Sir, refers to the request of Mr. V. P. N. Ragu, Member, and the memorandum dated 20-8-1983, regarding the inconvenience caused by holding the meetings of the General Body and Standing Committee of the Anantapur Zilla Parishad during the Sittings of the Assembly.

22-10-1983: The following orders were issued in this regard:

1. The General Body and Standing Committee meetings should not be held during the Sittings of the Assembly.
2. The meetings should be scheduled on days other than the Sittings of the Assembly.
3. The necessary arrangements should be made for the meetings on the alternative days.

17-5-1984: The General Body and Standing Committee meetings were scheduled on the days other than the Sittings of the Assembly.

11/82-1: The matter was reviewed and the necessary arrangements were made for the meetings on the alternative days.
1st September, 1983.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

12 10 p.m.  P. L. Narasimha Reddy wondered whether the motion carried on the previous day would be considered as the House had not adjourned. The Speaker, Mr. K. R. Narayana, replied that the adjournment was intended to be temporary and that the House would continue its sitting.

Mr. K. R. Narayana appealed to the Members to continue the discussions on the resolution. He said that the Members had a responsibility to the people and should not waste time.

Mr. L. R. Venkatappa suggested that the discussion be limited to the resolution.

The Speaker adjourned the House.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE
Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:— When the Assembly is in Session, he
went to Delhi. When he has come back he must inform the House
about the happenings there. He wanted to inform the House after
consulting the C M. He waited to inform the House after
10-15 days. ‘Why? Not even a inch is
advanced in the thinking.

Let it be taken up day after tomorrow.

Mr. Nandivada:— When the Session continues from 26-80
it seems that there is no progress. I have heard that the
Chief Secretary is in Delhi. He has been there from 10-15
days. Let it be taken up day after tomorrow.
PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE


Mr. Speaker:—Paper Laid.

re: Amendments to the Andhra Pradesh Excise (Arrack Retail Vend Special Conditions of Licenses) Rules, 1969.


Mr. Speaker:—Paper laid.
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1983-84
DEMANDS OF GRANTS

Industries Village and Small Scale Industries Mines and Minerals
Labour and Employment.

Mr. Speaker: —The Demands moved.

Sri M. Ramachandra Rao: —Sir, I beg to move:

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 12,06,44,000 under Demand No. XXV—Labour and Employment.”

Mr. Speaker: —Demand moved.

DEMAND No. XLI INDUSTRIES Rs. 40,15,3100

Sri Mohd. Rajab Ali:—Sir I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 40,15,31,000 for Industries by Rs. 100/

Sri P. Ramachandra Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 40,15,31,000 for Industries by Rs. 100/

For failure of Government in establishing the Industries in each District to create employment potentialities to the people.

Sri K. Bapi Raju:—Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 40,15,31,000 for Industries by Rs. 100/—
290 1st September, 1983. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.

Sri K. Nagarjuna Reddy:— Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 40,15,31,000 for Industries by Rs. 100—

DEMAND No. XLII MINES & MINERALS Rs. 7,30,26,000

Sri K. Nagarjuna Reddy:— Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,30,26,000/- for Mines and Minerals by Rs. 100—

DEMAND No. XXV LABOUR & EMPLOYMENT Rs. 12,06,44,000—

Sri Md. Rajab Ali:— Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000/- for Labour and Employment by Rs. 100—

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000/- for labour and Employment by Rs. 100—

Sri P. Ramachandra Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000/- for Labour and Employment by Rs. 100—

For failure of the Government in providing Employment to educated youths in the State.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1953. 291

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

Sri Gangaram:—Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000 for labour and Employment by Rs. 100/—

Sri S. Santosh Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000 for Labour and Employment by Rs. 100/—

Sri D. Sripada Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000 for Labour and Employment by Rs. 100/—

Sri N. Indrasena Reddy:—Sir I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000 for Labour and Employment by Rs. 100/—

Mr. Speaker:—The cut motions moved.
12-20 p.m. 1st September, 1983.  Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
1st September, 1983  
for 1983–84:

Demands for Grants.

......
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983
for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

12-40 p.m.
296 1st September, 1983.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84: 

Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983 297

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

Demands for Grants:

[Text in Telugu script]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
for 1983-84: 
Demands for Grants.

...
I am one for non-officials' involvement, and I believe that ten persons should be present at the meeting or the hearing. It is important to ensure that the proceedings are fair and transparent. Today's meeting is being held for the purpose of discussing the grants. I am confident that these discussions will lead to a better understanding of the needs of the community.

1:00 p.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

[Text content not legible or missing]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1983-84: Demands for Grants.

30th September, 1983.

[Text内容]

[文件内容]

[自然语言内容]

[年度财务声明 (预算 1983-84: 资助需求。)

[文件内容]

[自然语言内容]
For 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

(Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983. 303)

1-10 p.m.

Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

(Amua! Pinancia! StateiBent (budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983–84:
Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  1st September, 1983.
for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

...
شروع خواجه ایوب سعید پر پای صاحب کے دون کی سوال جدوجہد کے بعد میں صہیون کے اعلان کے نتیجہ میں صاحب (hon. Minister) سوشیل ویلنگر کے بانی عرف کرونکا، پر کیے دن کے نہاول اس کے لئے دورے کے نہاول کا لئے دیگر بات کہارا۔

سوشیل ویلنگر سوشیل سیکرتیریٹ کے اموار کے بھرپوری ایک صاحب کے بھرپوری سوشیل ویلنگر کے بانی ہے۔

شروع خواجه ایوب سعید پر پای صاحب کے دون کی سوال جدوجہد کے بعد میں صہیون کے اعلان کے نتیجہ میں صاحب (hon. Minister) سوشیل ویلنگر کے بانی عرف کرونکا، پر کیے دن کے نہاول اس کے لئے دورے کے نہاول کا لئے دیگر بات کہارا۔

مسٹر صوفی سیکرتیری: آپ انڈسٹریز اور لیبر پر پات کی بھیجی نہیں تو دوسروں

کو پات کرن کا موقع دیتے۔

شروع خواجه ایوب سعید پر پای صاحب کے دون کی سوال جدوجہد کے بعد میں صہیون کے اعلان کے نتیجہ میں صاحب (hon. Minister) سوشیل ویلنگر کے بانی عرف کرونکا، پر کیے دن کے نہاول اس کے لئے دورے کے نہاول کا لئے دیگر بات کہارا۔

مسٹر صوفی سیکرتیری: آپوں پات کرنہ کے توان اندسٹریز اور لیبر کے اموار کے بھرپوری: Subject

(نہیں ہے تو آپ بھیجی جانی کی بھیجی کرونکا سوشیل ویلنگر دیتے ہیں اس پر اجابت دینی کا سوال ہی نہیں ہے۔)

شروع خواجه ایوب سعید پر پای صاحب کے دون کی سوال جدوجہد کے بعد میں صہیون کے اعلان کے نتیجہ میں صاحب (hon. Minister) سوشیل ویلنگر کے بانی عرف کرونکا، پر کیے دن کے نہاول اس کے لئے دورے کے نہاول کا لئے دیگر بات کہارا۔

او مراعات کے لئے تعلق میں کبھی آپ نہ چھوٹے اندسٹریز کو خصوصیات کے ساتھ کسی خصوصیات کے تعلقات میں پر کبھی آپ کی بھیجی جانی کی بھیجی کرونکا اندسٹریز

چھوٹے چھوٹے اندسٹریز کار خالیہ خیال ائیہ جانب نتیجہ نہیں کی۔

آپ جانی اندسٹریز اور سیکرتیریت کے بعض مقامات پر دونوں مل رہے ہیں۔ سیکرتیریت کیلئے ائیہ جانب نتیجہ نہیں کی کylonکا اندسٹریز کیلئے ائیہ جانب نتیجہ نہیں۔

اور اخبار میں پہچے ہوئے کہ ہس سیکرتیریت کیلئے ائیہ جانب نتیجہ نہیں۔
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983.

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

The Securities for Orang.

1983-84

Demands for Orang.

As per the provisions made for the year 1983-84, the following demands for grants have been made:

1. **Development Grants**
   - **Education**: Rs. 2,500,000
   - **Health**: Rs. 1,500,000
   - **Infrastructure**: Rs. 2,000,000

2. **Maintenance Grants**
   - **Kitchen Equipment**: Rs. 1,000,000
   - **Machinery**: Rs. 500,000

The total demands for grants for the year 1983-84 amount to Rs. 8,500,000.

Managing Director

Managing Director

Director

Mints
1st September, 1983.  

Annual Financial Statements (Budget) for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.


Managing Director


Production


10.20 p.m.
1st September, 1983. Annual Financial Statement (Budget)
for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.

1-30 p. m

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
1st September, 1983  
for 1983-84: 
Demands for Grants.

Mr. Speaker:—The House stands adjourned till 4.00 p.m. today. 1-32 p. m. (The House, then adjourned till 4.00 p.m. on 1st. September 1983) 
The House Reassembled at 4-00 p. m.)

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
1st September, 1983. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

[Text in Telugu]

[Translated Text]

[Continued in Telugu]

[Translation]

[Further translated text in Telugu]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
1st September, 1983.  
for 1983-84:  
Demands for Grants.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.

That will become an international important port in the country. That will handle one third cargo of the entire country.
anual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983

for 1983-84:

Remarks for Grants.

It is better that we wind up this Employment and Training Department. These Employment officers should be made co-ordinators or can be put as something else. One G.O. was issued by the Government, it is G.O. Rt. No. 4769, dated 1-12-1982. This about the Census. These boys were retrenched and after their retrenchment, this G.O. was issued stating that these boys will be given preference whether they are recruited through Employment exchanges or other sources. They have to serve on a consolidated pay of Rs. 280. I hope the Government of India would realise that this is Rs. 280 is not sufficient.

316 1st September, 1983.

4–30 p.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983. 317
for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983–84:
Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
1st September, 1983. 
for 1983-84: 

Demands for Grants.

It is your funeral, we are not concerned with it, you shall down the money or forget about it.
Demands for Grants:

For 1983-84:

1st September, 1983.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983. 321
for 1983–84:
Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

Annal FmanoM Statement (Budget)}

[Text in Telugu]

53—13
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983.

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983–84:
Demands for Grants.

5–10 p.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983. 327
for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.
328 1st September, 1983. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84: 

Demands for Grants.

5-30 p.m. "..."
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983.
for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.


Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  1st September, 1983.  331
for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.

...
5-40 p.m. The meeting was opened by the Hon. Minister. The Hon. Minister
asked for a brief presentation on the financial performance for the year 1983-84.

The keynote speech was delivered by the Hon. Minister. He highlighted the
achievements of the department and the challenges faced in the current year. He
stressed the need for increased funding in certain sectors to meet the growing
needs of the population.

The Minister also emphasized the importance of transparency and accountability
in the management of public funds. He assured the audience of the government's
determination to address any issues that arise in the financial reporting process.

The meeting concluded with a round of applause for the Hon. Minister and
expressions of gratitude from the attendees. The official minutes were approved,
and the proceedings were deemed successful.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
1st September, 1983.  
for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

Annaa! Fiaanda.! Statement (Budget) } &t September, 1983. 333

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84: Demands for Grants.

This is a relative factor.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September 1983. 335
for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

6:00 p.m.

336

with a total membership of over 86,000.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

...
338 1st September, 1983.  
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:  
Demands for Grants.

6-10 p.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 19th September, 1983.

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— Point of order. On earlier two occasions also, Hon'ble Chief Minister was reading the statements and even today he is reading a statement. Perhaps he is reading the statement since he is new to the procedure. Atleast, in future, let him please not read the statements. He has to make a reply but he should not read the reply.
340 1st September, 1983.  Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

I do not want to make this as an issue let him not read the reply. At least let him not read the statements in future.

Mr. Speaker: He can read the statement. There is nothing wrong.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

(Translation)

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

(Translation in English)

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

(Translation in English)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.

1st September, 1983.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983.

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

[Text in Kannada script]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983–84:
Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

This year's demands for grants have been set at a higher level compared to last year's. The department has requested a substantial increase in funding to meet the demands of various projects.

The budget for the first quarter has been allocated as follows: 50% for education, 30% for infrastructure development, and 20% for health care.

This year, the government has prioritized the allocation of funds towards the development of rural areas, with an emphasis on improving transportation and irrigation systems.

The financial statements show a steady increase in revenue, and the department is confident in meeting its targets for the upcoming fiscal year.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.

[Text content not legible due to handwriting]
Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983.

for 1983-84:

6.40 p.m.

51-16
348 1st September, 1983.  


[Text content in Telugu]

[Translated content in Telugu]
Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983.

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.
Sri A. Madan Mohan:—During his reply he has said about the amalgamation of various Corporations into something like Development Corporation which is causing a little anxiety in my mind. The ANRICH which is serving NRIs and the investment, if it is going to be a separate entity, an independent entity, then I have nothing to add further. If the answer of the Chief Minister is 'yes', then I have nothing to add but if it is going to ignore, I have to justify as to why it should have an independent existence, because the previous Government after a lot of exercise in this direction has come out with this proposal by appointing a very senior I.A.S. Officer; a retired I.A.S. Officer only to create a sense of credibility in the minds of NRIs who have to ultimately come and invest. Not only that, they have to bring along with them the advanced technology.

The second objective in creating this ANRICH was to serve the down-trodden, the semi-skilled and skilled artisans by trying to help them and assisting them in sending them to gulf countries and also Middle East, because the middle men through various, fraudulent agencies with their nefarious intentions have been duping and exploiting many innocent people in our state by taking money and by giving false addresses and landing them in great trouble. To avoid
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983.

Demands for Grants.

this exploitation, we thought that ANRICH would be able to assist these people through this Government agency. In fact, it has been doing yeoman service in this direction. Various People have gone. We have to think about this, because Andhra Pradesh is the second State in the whole country after Kerala where the remittances through various earnings have been really enormous. We have been trying to induce and tempt them to bring that money here and see it is not wasted but invested into various things so that the resources of the State can multiply and at the same time the individual can be benefitted. These are the two laudable objectives with which it was found. This would also help us. The Government of India's policy has been similar. I may say with a sense of pride that Andhra Pradesh is the first one which has created this type of Corporation in the entire country and only after this the Government of India have come forward thinking that it will be an additional incentive for people living in foreign countries, those of Indian origin to come and invest, not only invest but bring the various technologies which will promote the industrial development and more so in the electronic products etc. It is because they have been associated themselves with various multi-national corporations there and the advanced technology which they have learnt, they would be able to import in our country. If the Government has already taken a decision it is well and good and will continue and I have nothing to add but supposing it is in the form of a negative approach, denying this and amalgamating it with other development corporation, it will defeat its own self-purpose. Recently the Prime Minister has made a declaration that they would create a technological city to attract non-residential Indians to come forward with their investment and with the advanced technology, and so many concessions were announced i.e. in certain cases 40% concessions to be repatriated in certain other products about 74%. I am subject to correction when I say that the Chief Minister also has written a letter by taking initiative to the Prime Minister requesting her to locate that type of technological city in our state so that it would not only benefit the State in particular but the country in general. If it is going to be amalgamated with other industrial development board, certainly it would defeat the very purpose.

The last thing is, it is my experience and the experience of the Chief Minister and even from outside because of the red tape and various delays. Now I am happy that the State Government has taken a decision through single window delivery and it has to be done under one roof and if you really mean this, I think the very purpose of creating Sick Industries Centre at that time when our
Government was in existence, was only to serve this purpose. Now when it becomes so invitable, becomes so laudable and when it becomes relevant to those living in our own country— it becomes much more relevant on the people who are investing, sitting somewhere else that is outside our country, because they will not be able to come and waste so much of time, and energy and while investing and also bringing the advanced technology to run this office and to that office. I think under these circumstances, it is but natural that the State Government should make a second thought, if it has already thought that it should be amalgamated to keep its independent entity, so that it can serve better.

7-00 p.m. 

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983. 353.

for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

Sri A. Madan Mohan :- Sir, he has not answered my point. What I have said "ANRICH" ("Andhra Pradesh Non-residents Investment Corporation Hyderabad"—subject to correction if I am correct)—if it is kept as a separate entity which has been serving well and which has really gained the confidence and which has created a credibility for itself among the minds of those who would like to invest from outside—if it has to be kept as an independent entity, then only the State here is likely to be benefitted. If it has to be amalgamated with the APIDC or other Development Boards, probably it will lose its credibility because they are much more sensitive and I think they are justified in being sensitive because in everybody's mind, who would like to invest from outside, they feel that whenever they come to our country or our State because of red-tape, because of bureaucracy and of bureaucratic delays, they will not be able to waste so much of time and serves no purpose. So I have said this for two reasons. One thing is that the Chief Minister was pleased to write a letter requesting the Prime Minister to locate the technological city here. If it is so, if he is going to amalgamate ANRICH with the development corporation, Sir, it defeats its own purpose. So, the independent existence of ANRICH should be continued in order to attract these two things. One thing—to attract further investment from outsiders—secondly which is already serving as an agency to send these youngsters outside and to attract again foreign exchange to our State—and thirdly to attract the Technological city.

Sri N.T. Rama Rao :- Sir, to-day ANRICH has become a cell with APIDC with a separate entity. The land is being used for the purpose of purposes, and the buildings are being used for the purpose. The Chief Minister has already given instructions that the ANRICH should be continued and that it should have autonomy and independence. So, I would like to request the Government to continue ANRICH and to give it the autonomy and independence it deserves.
Sri A. Madan Mohan :—Sir, I would like to make one observation. If the Chief Minister would like to insist and persists upon it, well-I have nothing to say, because he is the head of the Government and he has to think about his policies. But mark my words. I would like to go on record. I am saying this with a specific purpose - of trying attract people towards a different agency. The moment you make it a cell in the APIDC, we have seen many such things in our State where such type of experiments have failed us and they would not attract results.

But, Sir, it is unfortunate that sometimes when we caution the Government or somebody, well intime, they would not believe. If this has to be amalgmated with the APIDC and it is made a cell, I am afraid, it will not attract results.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983 355
for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.

In view of the prevailing prices, since the wood has become now the gold, you have
got every right to revise and offer the same to the factory owners.

This is with regard to the fixation of remunerative prices for sugar cane for sugar-cane growers. It has been the practice in the past, by the previous Government to announce the supporting price at the State level, which is not being done this time here. I wanted to know, whether this Government reconsiders, in view of the assurance of the Telugu Desam Party given to the farmers that they would be given remunerative prices for all these products. Whether the Government prepare to revise their decision and offer supporting price to these sugar-cane growers?
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983.
Demands for Grants.

for 1983-84:
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84: Demands for Grants.
Demands for Grants.

1. Annua! Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983 for 1983-84:

2. Demands for Grants.

3. (Details provided in the text of the document.)
360 1st September, 1983. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84:
Demands for Grants.

7-30 p.m.

7. Anandhi: — The projected expenditure for the year 1983-84 on various items, including maintenance, staff, and miscellaneous expenses, is as follows:

- Maintenance: 10,000
- Staff: 20,000
- Miscellaneous: 30,000
- Total: 60,000

8. Pillai: — The financial report for the year 1983-84 is submitted. The revenue from grants and donations amounts to 10,000, while the expenditure is 50,000. The net deficit is 40,000.

9. Raman: — The demands for grants are presented for the year 1983-84. The demands are as follows:

- Educational grants: 5,000
- Medical grants: 3,000
- Housing grants: 2,000
- Total: 10,000

10. Bhagavathi: — The budget for the year 1983-84 is approved. The budget is well-balanced, and all demands for grants are fulfilled.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 1st September, 1983. for 1983-84:

Demands for Grants.

Mr. Speaker: the question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 40,15,31,000 for Industries by Rs. 100/- due to failure of Government in establishing the Industries in each District to create employment potentialities to the people.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,30,26,000/- for Mines and Minerals by Rs. 100/-
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000/- for Labour and Employment by Rs. 100/-

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000/- for Labour and Employment by Rs. 100/-

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000/- for Labour and Employment by Rs. 100/-

For failure of the Government in providing Employment to educated youths in the State.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,06,44,000/- for Labour and Employment by Rs. 100/-

The cut motions were negatived.
Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 40,15,31,000 under Demand No. XLI - Industries."

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 11,62,22,000 under Demand No. XLII-Village and small Industries.

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 7,30,26,000 under Demand No. XLIII - Mines and Minerals.

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 12,06,44,000 under Demand No. XXV-Labour and Employment."

(Pause)

The Motion was adopted and the Demands were granted.

Mr. Speaker:— The House is adjourned to meet again at 8.30 a.m. to-morrow.

(The House adjourned at 7.36 p.m till 8.30 a.m. on Friday, the 2nd September, 1983.)