THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

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THE

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Speaker: .. Sri Kona Prabhakara Rao.

Panel of Chairmen: .. 1. Sri A. Eswara Reddy,
2. Sri Koratala Satyanarayana,
3. Sri V. Sobhanadreeswara Rao
5. Smt. Jeevaratnam Naidu
6. Sri B. Sitaramaiah.

Secretary: .. Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy.

Joint Secretary: .. Sri D. L. Narasimham.

Deputy Secretary: .. Sri M. Ramanadha Sastry.

Assistant Secretaries: .. 1. Sri S. Purnananda Sastry.
4. Sri M. Viswanatham.
5. Sri J. V. Rama Murthy.

Chief Reporter: .. Sri Habeeb Abdur Rahman.
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ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Work on Yeleru Reservoir

97—

*6485Q.—Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—Will the Minister for Major Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Yeleru Reservoir Project work has been entrusted to Andhra Pradesh Construction Corporation;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

(c) whether it is also a fact that Andhra Pradesh Construction Corporation has in turn entrusted that work to big contractors on nomination basis; and

(d) the names of the contractors and the amount and extent of work entrusted to them?

Minister for Major Irrigation (Sri G. V. Sudhaker Rao):—

(a) Yes Sir, the work of formation of earth dam in Gap Nos 4, 5, 6, and part length of Gap No. 1 costing Rs 567.94 lakhs has been entrusted to Andhra Pradesh State Construction Corporation Limited.

*An asterisk before the name indicates confirmation by the Member.
(b) The execution of Yejeru Reservoir Project was to be done on a war footing in view of the commitment to supply water to Visakhapatnam Steel Plant by 1984. The Andhra Pradesh State Construction Corporation Limited has assured the completion of the work ahead of schedule and stated that they are not depending on the Government to provide them machinery, conveyance, equipment etc., and the Department need not therefore invest on the procurement of the required machinery. Being a State owned undertaking with qualified personnel on its rolls, superior quality of work is ensured from the Corporation. The premium for other works in the proximity of Yejeru Reservoir Project was working out to 10.6% over the estimated rates. A premium of 10% over the estimated cost for entrustment of these works for Andhra Pradesh State Construction Corporation Limited was recommended by the Chief Engineer, Medium Irrigation to whom the project was transferred as per the Government order G.O.Ms. No. 524, Irrigation and Power (Irr.II) Department, dt. 11-9-79 from Chief Engineer, Major Irrigation and General.

(c) The Andhra Pradesh State Construction Corporation has reported that the Gaps were divided into viable and convenient sub-reaches and sub-divided into small zones of less than Rs. 5 lakhs in cost of execution and tenders were invited by the Corporation for the entrustment of these small zones to Piece Rate Workers. Tender rates were negotiated and brought below the ceiling rates and the works were entrusted to the successful Piece Rate Workers by the Corporation.

(d) A statement showing the names of the Piece Rate Workers and the value of work entrusted to them is placed on the table of the House.
STATEMENT SHOWING THE DETAILS OF ENTRUSTMENT OF VARIOUS WORKS IN THE YELERU RESERVOIR PROJECT TO THE PIECE RATE WORKERS BY THE ANDHRA PRADESH STATE CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION LIMITED:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Description of work.</th>
<th>Name of the Piece Rate Worker</th>
<th>Value of work entrusted. (Rs. in lakhs)</th>
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### Oral Answers to Questions

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| 5. Formation of Earth Dam Across Gap No. IV of Yeleru Reservoir Project Reach-1 | Zone-I | D. Venkatesh Reddy | 4.95 |
|     | Zone-II | D. Venkatesh Reddy | 4.23 |
|     | Zone-III | D. Venkatesh Reddy | 4.78 |
|     | Zone-IV | B. Hemadha Reddy | 4.99 |
|     | Zone-V | B. Hemadha Reddy | 4.91 |
|     | Zone-VI | B. Hemadha Reddy | 4.95 |
|     | Zone-VII | G. Gopal Reddy | 4.81 |
|     | Zone-VIII | G. Gopal Reddy | 4.96 |
|     | Zone-IX | G. Gopal Reddy | 4.96 |
|     | Zone-X | K. Kodanda Rami Reddy | 4.99 |
|     | Zone-XI | K. Kodanda Rami Reddy | 4.85 |
|     | Zone-XII | K. Kodanda Rami Reddy | 4.81 |
|     | Zone-XIII | K. Kamalakara Reddy | 4.75 |

|     | Zone-II | P. Venkata Reddy | 4.84 |
|     | Zone-III | P. Venkata Reddy | 4.74 |
|     | Zone-IV | K. Pitchi Reddy | 4.75 |
|     | Zone-V | K. Pitchi Reddy | 4.55 |

|     | Zone-II | C. Desarada Rami Reddy | 4.31 |
|     | Zone-III | C. Baskar Reddy | 4.95 |
|     | Zone-IV | C. Baskar Reddy | 3.60 |
|     | Zone-V | C. Baskar Reddy | 4.89 |

|     | Zone-II | S. Nageswara Reddy | 2.16 |

<p>|     | Zone-II | A. Chandrasekhar Reddy | 4.87 |
|     | Zone-III | A. Chandra Sekhar Reddy | 4.48 |</p>
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10. Formation of Earth Dam Across Gap No. VI of Yeleru Reservoir Project Reach-I.

| Zone | A.C. Subrahmanyam | 3.95 |
| Zone-II | A.C. Subrahmanyam | 4.69 |
| Zone-III | A.C. Subrahmanyam | 4.93 |
| Zone-IV | A. Suryanarayana | 4.95 |
| Zone-V | A. Suryanarayana | 4.90 |
| Zone-VI | A. Suryanarayana | 4.89 |
| Zone-VII | S. Suryanarayana Raju | 5.00 |
| Zone-VIII | S. Suryanarayana Raju | 4.98 |
| Zone-IX | S. Suryanarayana Raju | 4.88 |


| Zone-I | Y. Sambasiva Rao | 3.49 |
| Zone-II | Y. Sambasiva Rao | 3.62 |
| Zone-III | Y. Sambasiva Rao | 4.53 |
| Zone-IV | M.V. Naidu | 4.02 |
| Zone-V | M.V. Naidu | 4.37 |
| Zone-VI | M.V. Naidu | 4.51 |
| Zone-VII | K. Krishna Arjuna Rao | 4.62 |
| Zone-VIII | K. Krishna Arjuna Rao | 4.78 |
| Zone-IX | K. Krishna Arjuna Rao | 4.87 |
| Zone-X | P. Gangadhara Rao | 4.94 |
| Zone-XI | P. Gangadhara Rao | 4.66 |
| Zone-XII | P. Gangadhara Rao | 4.96 |
| Zone-XIII | H.L.N. Rao | 4.86 |
| Zone-XIV | H.L.N. Rao | 4.93 |

12. Formation of Earth Dam Across Gap No. VI of Yeleru Reservoir Project Reach-3.

| Zone-I | S. Nageswara Reddy | 3.00 |
| Zone-II | S. Nageswara Reddy | 3.19 |
| Zone-III | S. Nageswara Reddy | 4.86 |
| Zone-IV | S. Mohan Reddy | 4.60 |
| Zone-V | S. Mohan Reddy | 5.01 |
Sri G. V. Sudhakara Rao:—In my reply to the question, I have laid the facts before the House, why this Construction Corporation was started and what was the purpose for which it was established, etc. When I was not in the previous Ministry, an attempt was made to prevent the Ring formed among the Contractors. It would also submit tenders independently to prevent the Ring or monopoly tendency among the Contractors to do a specific type of work which requires specific skill, etc. So, for those reasons, the Construction Corporation was set up at one time and subsequently it was found that the Construction Corporation was going beyond the scope and purpose for which it was set up and I had taken initiative of establishing a Committee under the Chairmanship of our former Chief Secretary Mr. Krishnaswamy. The Committee has submitted its report, the copies of which were made available to the Members of the House. As the Members are aware for some time I was in the Ministry and for about 1½ years I was an MLC and I do not know whether this issue was raised and what happened to Mr. Krishnaswamy Committee recommendations and its implementation.

Coming to the piece rate workers, under certain conditions, this is permissible particularly for supply of sand, stone from distinct quarries where the Corporation would not be in a position to have an establishment of large fleet of persons and so on.

As far as this question is concerned, the facts are before the House. What I propose to do next is that I have already moved the matter, to examine the recommendations of the Krishnaswamy Committee.
Oral Answers to Questions. 18th March, 1981

(\(f\)) 10. 6. 90. — ವಿವಿಧ ಸಂವಾನಗಳು ಅನುಸಾರ ಅಕ್ಬರ್ ದೇವ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಯಾಗಿ ಬಂದಿದರು ಅವರ ಸ್ಥಿತಿಗೆ ಪರಿಸ್ಥಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇಂತೆ ಪರಿಸ್ಥಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಸಿದ ಸಂದರ್ಭವನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. 14, 15 ದಶಕಗಳಿಗೆ ಟುರಾಸ್ ಮತ್ತು ವಿಕ್ಟೋರಿಯಾ ರಾಜಧಾನಿಯು ವಿಲಿಯಮ್ ಹಾಸ್ ರಾಜಧಾನಿಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿತು, ವಿಕ್ಟೋರಿಯಾ ರಾಜಧಾನಿಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿತು, ಅನುಭವಿಸಿತು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿತು. ಇದರ ಮೇಲೆ ಇಂತೆ ಎಯರನ್ನು ರೋಗಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಎಯರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ? ಎರಡು... ಮುಂದೆ ಯಾವುದೇ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರು ಎಯರನ್ನು ಎಯರು? ಇದು ಎಯರನ್ನು ಎಯರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ?

(\(g\)) 11. 2. 91. — ಇದೇ ಮುಂದೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಯರರನ್ನು ಎಯರನ್ನು ಇಂತೆ ಎಯರರನ್ನು ಎಯರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದರ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರನ್ನು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಎಯರರ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರು. ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರ ಎಯರರನ್ನು. ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಇದೇ ಮೇಲೆ ಎಯರರು ಎಯರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ.
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Mr. Speaker:—He did not say that. He said that it was the intention to break the ring and link formation.

Sri G. Sundararamaiah:—Has it realised at least now that these capitalis have ring formations amongst the professional Contractors?
Sri G. V. Sudhakara Rao:—Sir, I do not know as to why the first part of the question is again asked, when it is very clearly stated in my reply to Question -B.—"...The premium for other works in the proximity of Yeleru Reservoir Project was working out to 10.6% over the estimated rates. A premium of 10% over the estimated cost for entrustment of these works for A P. State Construction corporation Limited was recommended...."

Secondly about the ring breaking system. They are now even today. As it is there are occasions where the Construction Corporation has submitted tenders for below the estimates of the tenders of the Private Contractors. There are number of instances and I know that. Sometimes to imply it we developed an apprehension in the department, as to where such quoting of lowest tenders would not lead to loss which ultimately has to be born by the Government. That fact is also there. So, these breaking up of the ring and monopolists were the objectives of the Corporation at the time of the constitution of the Corporation and to some extent even to-day that function is being done.
It shall not raise questions of general policy to be dealt within the limits of the answer to a question. Apart from that so far as this Construction Corporation is concerned it is directly under the purview of the Public Undertaking Committee. I was Chairman of that Committee and hon. Members were also here; we were examining this policy—whether the work must be entrusted to piece-rate workers or not. In fact in Srisailam we examined 10 to 15 members belonging to various sections of the Construction including ordinary civilians.
and piece rate workers. The Public Undertakings Committee has the opportunity and the jurisdiction to go into these matters and it has been examining the Construction Corporation.

Mr. Speaker:—You were referring to a point of order. What was it?

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—Rule 43 says you cannot go on discussing matters of policy. It is a more question and answer and then eliciting information.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is that the Construction Corporation has entrusted the contract that has been entrusted to it by the Government in piece-meal against the accepted policy of the Government and the answer that is placed on the Table of the House obviously shows that something wrong has been done and your Minister is not in a position to defend the action of the Construction Corporation. Where is the question of policy being discussed here.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—Even if Government has done some thing wrong, does that mean that a discussion be permitted during question hour.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is— the Minister observed in the beginning if there is a persistent demand of things, proceed for the appointment of a Committee or Commission of Enquiry, he is prepared to consider. That is why I am eliciting from the members whether there is such a demand.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—We said we were prepared to appoint a Committee of Experts.
All experts are Engineers and the Chief Engineer involved in it.

Mr. Speaker:—You cannot pass such over-reaching remarks.

Sri G. V. Sudhakar Rao:—When I said "Experts Committee" I think there is some misunderstanding. Hon'ble Members are uncharitable to doubt the bona fides of all specialists. The country is not wanting in honest people not only engineers but also able administrators. People like Mr. Krishnaswamy eminent administrators should also be considered along with prominent and reputed Chief Engineers. We could also have one or two retired Judges. We could have eminent engineers, administrators and judges about whom there is no bad record and who have high reputation. The hon. Member could place all the information before such a body.

Mr. Speaker:—You are willing only to appoint an Experts Committee.

Sri G. V. Sudhakar Rao:—That is my suggestion. As the leader of the House has suggested, as far as the House Committee is concerned, without taking any controversy on myself personally I have no objection for any kind of enquiry because, as I admitted according to my facts and figures things are not fair. Therefore an enquiry must be held. What type of enquiry it should be, has to be decided by the House. I do not know what the rules contemplate in a matter like this. There is no question of abolishing the Construction Corporation at this stage.

Mr. Speaker:—Will you consider making an announcement in this regard by the end of this sitting in consultation with the Leader of the House.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—In regard to an Experts Committee, I would like to say that Krishnaswamy Committee has already gone into this. That was an Expert Committee. It is superfluous to think of another committee.
Cement Lining of Nagarjuna Sagar Right Canal

*6752 Q.—Sri V. Sobhanadreeswara Rao:—Will the Minister for Major Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to undertake cement lining of Nagarjuna Sagar Right Canal as was done in the case of Nagarjuna Sagar Left Canal; and

(b) if so, the estimated cost thereof?

Mr. Speaker:—Your other colleagues are envying on your taking the entire hour.

G. V. Sudhakar Rao:—What can I do? If you permit me I will put some facts before the House. The project was undertaken in 1978-79. 18-7-1978 and the entire works completed on 12-8-1978.
They appointed a re-appraisal committee and in that the World Bank Engineers and World Bank Officers were mainly involved though our engineers were also there to give information. As a result of the re-appraisal report of the World Bank, it was decided to complete the infrastructure proposed, the original appraisal without any modification as far as the right bank canal is concerned; to widen and remodel the lower reaches of the right bank canal to higher capacities at a cost of Rs. 13 crores so that there will be adequate supply of water; to line the canal from M. 72 of the left bank canal at an estimated cost of Rs. 31.1 crores; for financing the lining work of the left bank canal to postpone the completion of the distributary works along with drainage works. The Government has given the assurance—that the right bank canal be remodelled between M. 57 and M. 36 and that those works be completed not later than June, 1984. that in the right bank canal for every crop year beginning in June, 1984 necessary arrangements would be made subject to the convenience and constraints. The issue of lining the right bank canal was put before the World Bank officials agreed for lining the canal. After the assistance is fully utilised, fresh negotiations would be held for a second loan.
Mr. Speaker:—We have got 12 L.A.Qs. 3 S, Nos. 4 matters under Rule 329, 4 matters under Rule 74 and other items. The present item is the second item on the paper. It is now 10 O'clock, will close the starred questions now and place the answers in the Table of the House. If you want to continue these questions, you can do so and by the stroke of 11-30 we will go into the regular business.

10-00 a.m.

Mr. Speaker:—The following Members have given their consent for the following questions:

Mr. Secretary:—The following Members have given their consent for the following questions:
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Oral Answers to Questions.

...
Mr Speaker:—I am postponing all the other questions.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Hunger Strike by Srikalyanam Venkateswara Rao against the removal of huts at Chirala Town

S.N.Q. No. 8033-A: Sri P, Janardhan Reddy:—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that one Srikalyanam Venkateswara Rao resorted to hunger strike since 21-2-1981 as a protest to the pulling down of the huts of poorer sections like yenadis and resorting to violence and raids against them in Chirala Town by some miscreants

(b) if so, the steps taken by the Govt. to prevent the pulling down of the huts of poor people?

Home Minister (Sri K. Prabhaker Reddy):—

(a) No such raids were conducted by miscreants to pull down the huts.
But Sri K. Venkateswarlu and two others went on hunger strike from 9-00 A.M. on 21-2-1981 to 9-00 P.M. on 22-2-1981.

(b) Does not arise.

Scarcity and Black Marketing of Cement

180 — B

S. N. Q, No. 8032 - X — S i K. J/w.ka ar.m.i.h :—Will the Minister for Major Industries be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that cement is sold at Rs 60 per bag when its price is fixed at Rs.28,

(b) if so, the steps taken to check such black marketing ; and

(c) whether the scarcity and high price of cement has affected the building activity meant for Weaker Sections ?
Already, there is a provision for confiscation of stocks if they don't declare. If that is done, stocks will be declared. Then, we will have cement at controlled prices. Will you take necessary steps so as to see that weaker section house building activities will not be stopped.

Irrregularities In The Preparation of Estimates For The Head Regulator And Approach Channel of Srisailam Project

S.N.Q. No. 8024—Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—Will the Minister for Major Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are any complaints from the ryots of Nandikotkur and Atmakur Taluks alleging certain irregularities in the preparation of the estimates for the Head Regulator and approach channel pertaining to the Srisailam Project;

(b) if so, the action taken thereon;

(c) whether it is a fact that cheaper variety of stones have been used instead of granite for the construction of the regulator-dam; and

(d) whether the Government will probe into the construction of the regulator situated at Pothreddypeta, Kurnool Dist.

Sri G. V. Sudha Rao.—

(a) Yes, Sir. It has been alleged that napa stone has been classified as hard rock and that large amount are being misappropriated by the Departmental Officers.

(b) The matter was referred to the Chief Engineer, Srisailam Project for enquiry and report. The Chief Engineer has sent his report on 13-2-81. The matter is under consideration of Government.

(c) As per the specifications, napa stone variety was specified for certain items of head regulator such as foundation concrete, apron floor and abutments etc. For items of Reinforced cement Concrete, pier concrete and wearing coat etc., grainate stone has been specified. In the case of pier concrete, napa stone is used instead of granite because granite is to be conveyed from a distance 44 KMs. as against 8 KMs. for napa stone and laboratory tests have revealed that napa stone satisfied the required strength for pier concrete. Granite stone will however be used for reinforced cement concrete and wearing coat as per specifications.
Matters Under Rule 329 : re: Widespread attack of pests (Doma Tegulu) for paddy crop all over the delta areas.

(d) The matter is already under examination of the Government as it is evident from obtaining the report of the Chief Engineer and seeking further clarifications from him.

MATTERS UNDER RULE 329

re: Widespread attack of pests (Doma Tegulu) for the paddy crop all over the delta areas.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—We will answer it tommorrow.
Matters Under Rule 329:

re: Wide spread attack of Pests
(Doma Tegulu) for Paddy Crop
allover the delta areas

Sri E. Annapurna Reddy: —Sir, I will get the information within half-an-hour.

Mr Speaker: —We are not lucky.

There must be some deficiency.

Smt. T. Lakshmikanthamma: —You are the protector of the rights of the Members of the House.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy —We all support the stand taken by Smt. Lakshmikanthamma.
468 18th March, 1981.

Matters Under Rule 329: re: Closure of APCO Model Weaving Centre

Sri E. S. pu R 9 y — I have noted that an immediate message to his honor to find out
whether it is correct.

Mr. Speaker:— Mr. Jaipal Reddy:—If this has happened for the first time we can give benefit of doubt to the accused. The Minister now is an accused, is in the dock, of course he is not present; he is in the dock, in absentia. This is not the time for us to seek apology. It is time for us to pronounce judgment of punishment.

Mr. Speaker:— I will consider what should be done. Now we will go to the next one.

re: Closure of APCO Weaving Centre, resulting in Unemployment

Minister of State of Textiles (Sri G. Nageshwara Rao):—The number of workers affected by the closure of 12 production centres by Andhra Pradesh Stric Handlooms Weavers Co-operative Society, Limited is 1180 and not 2000 as mentioned in the notice. No doubt, these production centres were originally started during the years 1954, 1955, and 1956 by the former Regional Arex Societies. But in view of the fact that the Minister has objections of Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers Co-operative Society Limited to encourage production of handloom cloth by the primary co-operatives and to insist them in marketing the cloth produced by them taking up production activity by the
Matters under Rule 329: 13th March, 1981. 469

re: Closure of APCO Model Weaving Centre.

Apex Society itself is contrary to its main objective. This apart, diverting credit given by the Reserve Bank of India for procurement and marketing of handloom cloth, for the production work is objectionable and detrimental to its main activity. The Reserve Bank of India also is reported to have taken objection for this diversion. Hence, the management of Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers Cooperative Society Limited has taken a decision on 17-8-1979 to close the production centres permanently after observing all the formalities under Industrial Disputes Act to enable the Apex Society to concentrate on procurement and marketing of cloth produced by the primary weavers Cooperative Societies. The closure of production centres became a finality on 31—1—1981.

Out of 1180 workers, 799 persons have already received retirement compensation and gratuity at the rate of one month's pay for every year of service. Roughly an amount of Rs. 12 lakhs has been paid to those workers against a total commitment of Rs. 15.5 lakhs.

To help the workers thrown out of employment due to closure of the centres, Government have decided upon the following course of action:

1. The displaced workers of the closed model weaving centres shall form into Co- operative Societies or Join as members in the already existing Co-operative Societies.

2. The Director of Handlooms and Textiles shall make available to the Societies working capital, and Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers Co-operative Society Limited authorities will procure all the cloth produced by the proposed societies by giving them production programme.

3. The Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers Co-operative Society Limited will make available some temporary advances of conversion charges to the proposed societies for a period of three to six months.

4. The Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers Co-operative Society Limited will get the Pedal looms and frame looms repaired so as to enable the workers to carry on the work unhindered.

The workers at Siddipet, Narayanapet, Warangal and Hyderabad (Karwan) centres have applied for registration of Weavers Co-operative Societies for them. Information from the other centres has not been received as yet. After registering the Societies, the Director of Handlooms and Textiles will sanction loan to the members, towards share capital contribution. The District Co-operative Central Banks will provide working capital loans. The Andhra Pradesh State Handloom
Weavers Co-operative Society Limited will issue production programme to those societies and sanction temporary advance for conversion charges. The Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers Co-operative Society Limited will also get the Pedal looms and frame looms, repaired to put them in working condition and give them to the Co-operative Societies of these workers.

To sum up the Director of Handlooms and Textiles and Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers Co-operative Society Limited are doing everything possible to help these workers to engage themselves gainfully. It is not possible for the Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers Co-operative Society Limited to reopen the production centres, for the reasons mentioned already.
When they were absorbed into APCO all these things become inherited to the APCO also as its Marketing Centre. The decision was taken by the 100-member Board on 2000. It was decided to amalgamate the Marketing Centre with APCO and to take over the responsibility of marketing the products produced by the Primary Societies. This decision was taken by the APCO Management.
472 18th March, 1981.

Matters Under Rule-329:

re : Closure of APCO Model Weaving Centre.

Mr. Speaker in the Chair

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

Therefore, I urge upon the Government to reopen the Centres.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
Matters under Rule-329:

18th March, 1981.

Obtaining additional 2 TMC of water to Sriramasagar project from Jayakwadi Project (Maharashtra).

(2) Obtaining additional 2 TMC of water to Sriramasagar Project from Jayakwadi Project (Maharashtra)

Sri G.V. Sudhakara Rao: —In the Water Management Workshop held in the Office of the Chief Engineer, Sriramasagar Project on 6-6-1980, it was decided to release water (i) for Khariff season from 30-6-1980 to 15.11.1980 and (ii) for Rabi season from 1-10-1980 to 15-3-1981 and that the Kakathiya Canal would be closed from 16-3-1981 to the end of June, 1981 for completing the construction work on Intake Chamber in the Reservoir bed which was taken up 2 years back. The Administrator, Command Area Development Department, Jagtial was also requested to stick up to the above programme and give due publicity in the Command Area.

The farmers were informed well in advance in the month of October, 1980 itself, through printed pamphlets in Telugu and distributed among the farmers in addition to giving publicity through tom tom etc., in the villages. The farmers were also informed during the tours of field officers of C.A.D. Department about the water for I.D. crops only under the canals during Rabi and about the closure of canal by 15-3-1981.

Representations were received from the ryots of 80 villages of Jagtial by the Chief Engineer, Sriramasagar Project urging that in order to save the standing crop, the canal may be kept open upto end of March, 1981. The Chief Engineer Sriramasagar Project had reported earlier that the ryots have grown paddy in I.D. areas and groundnut very late. At the tail-end and the extra standing crop is as follows:

1. Paddy 2nd crop 26,500 acres
2. Groundnut 7,500 ,,
3. Maize 7,500 ,,
Total: 51,680 acres

In the latest report, the Chief Engineer Sriramasagar Project has reported that an area of 25,370 acres of paddy has been grown under tanks, kuntas and wells. In addition, about 7,700 acres of paddy has been grown under the canal, eventhough the ryots had been informed not to grow paddy under the canal in the 2nd crop. As per the cropping pattern notified, the farmers were assured of supply
of water for only I.D. crops and accordingly wettings were being given so far.

Here, it is to be made clear that in 2nd crop, paddy is grown in I.D. localised areas which is against the localised cropping pattern. The Maize and groundnut which are at the tail end of the distributories is sown late and require water upto and beyond March, 1981. Sesame is grown as 3rd crop after harvesting the 2nd crop.

The reservoir level at Sriramasagar Dam on 10.3.1981 was 1035.00 with a gross capacity of 3,658 TMC and a net capacity of about 1 TMC after deducting for silting. With the available capacity in the reservoir and the present drawals of 1600 cusecs in the Kakathiya canal and 700 cusecs for the Khanapur channel, it will be possible to give water upto 18-3-1981 only and not beyond that date. The available water in the Sriramasagar Project will not be sufficient for release upto 31-3-1981 as represented by the ryots of 80 villages of Jagtial.

This Government contacted the Government of Maharashtra on 11th/12th March, 1981 for release of some water from Jayakwadi Project to augment the supplies. The text of telex is as follows:

"In pursuance of my Telephone conversation I am to request you to kindly release some water from Jayakwadi Project as the flows in Godavari in the lower reaches of Jayakwadi are very much below the expected average levels and our crops about thirty thousand acres are faced with prospects of withering away (stop) the state is now literally in the grip of drought (stop) My Govt. and the people will be highly grateful to you and your Chief Minister for the timely relief (stop) kindly come to our rescue (stop) please communicate your approval by wire (stop) awaiting anxiously your favourable response (stop)"

In reply, the Government of Maharashtra have regretted their inability to supply water to Sriramasagar Project. The text of telegram received from the Govt. of Maharashtra is as follows:

"Re-yourt-ecl of eleventh march (.) There is shortage of water in Jayakwadi lake this year due to committed hotweather irrigation Secondly a bund constructed on Godavari river for supplying water to Parli thermal Power Station will get breached if water is left down from Jayakwadi lake resulting in closing down of power station (.) Sincerely regret inability to release water from Jayakwadi (.)"
Matters under Rule 339 Mr ch 19

re. Enhancement of Godavari Barrage Cess From Rs. 50 to Rs. 150.

re: Establishment of Godavari Barrage Cess from Rs 50 to Rs 150
Sri G. V. Sudhakar Rao:—Originally, Advance Betterment Contribution at the rate of Rs. 50 per acre has been proposed to be collected from the owners of the land under Godavari Barrage Project under Section 3-A of the Andhra Pradesh Irrigation (Levy of Betterment Contribution and Advance Betterment Contribution) Act, 1955. It was expected to collect an amount of about Rs. 5.00 crores to meet a part of the cost of the Project estimated at Rs. 26.59 crores originally. An amount of Rs. 4,18,11,103 has been collected upto 31-1-1981. Now, the cost of the Project has gone upto Rs. 60.00 crores due to escalation in prices. To meet the increased cost of the Godavari Barrage Project, Government have decided to raise an additional sum of Rs. 10.00 crores over and above Rs. 5.00 crores already levied as advance Betterment Contribution. For this purpose it has been decided to enact a separate Legislation. It is proposed to levy a Tax in the form of Barrage cess at Rs. 150/- per acre to be collected from the owners of the land in five equal instalments. The amount already collected as Advance Betterment Contribution will however be set off against the Barrage Cess to be collected under the proposed Legislation.

2. A Bill providing for the levy and collection of Barrage Cess on the lands under the Godavari Barrage Project at the rate of Rs. 150/- per acre has been introduced in the Legislative Assembly on 29-9-1980 through Legislative Assembly Bill No. 28 of 1980. The need for the levy of the cess at the enhanced date is explicated at the statement of Objects and Reasons appended to the Bill.

3. The Leaders of the Opposition parties presented a Memorandum to the Chief Minister in October, 1980 requesting among others for the abolition of the Barrage Tax. There have been representations from the general public also.

4. Government have constituted a Special Committee to go into the question of (a) extending Drainage Cess beyond December, 1979, (b) levy and collection of Godavari Barrage Tax and (c) levy and collection of Special Land Tax with the following Members:

(1) Minister (Roads & Buildings)
(2) Minister (Law)
(3) Minister (Finance)
(4) Minister (Agriculture)
(5) Minister (Medium Irrigation)
Matters Under Rule 329:

re: Attack of "Doma Tegul" pest on paddy crop, all over delta areas.

(6) Minister (Major Irrigation)
(7) Minister (Revenue)
(8) Sri Vadda Ranga Rao, M.L.A.
(9) Sri Puchalapalli Sundarayya, M.L.A.
(10) Sri R. Narappa Reddy, M.L.A.
(11) Sri Y. V. Krishna Rao, M.L.C.
(12) Sri Vadde Sobhanadreeswara Rao, M.L.A.
(13) Sri M. Venkayya Naidu, M.L.A.
(14) Smt. J. Eswari Bai, M.L.C.

Minister Revenue will be the Chairman of the Committee and the Second Secretary, Revenue will be its Convener Secretary. The Committee is required to submit its report by 31-3-1981. Pending consideration of the Report of Committee and the decision of the Government thereon, Government have directed that the levy and collection of Drainage Cess, Godavari Barrage Tax and Special Land Tax shall be deferred until further orders.

re: Attack of "Doma Tegul" Pest on Paddy Crop, all over Delta area.
Matter under Rule 329:
re: Attack of “Doma Tegulu” pest on paddy crop, all over delta areas.

The situation is alarming. The pest “Doma Tegulu” is attacking the paddy crop
over delta areas. The period from February 10, 1981, to 15 March 1981,
attacked 18,13,580 acres of paddy crop.

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<td>6</td>
<td>3,82,500</td>
<td>8,250</td>
<td>8,250</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 18,18,680 acres | 2,57,547 Rs | 8,250 Rs
under Rule 329:

re: Attack of "Doma TeguM" pest on paddy crop, all over delta areas.

18th March, 1981.

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>9.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>9.00</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>4.00</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Grand Total Rs. 24.50
480 18th March, 1981.

Calling attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
re: Supply of low voltage power to Tirupathi Cotton Mills and Venkatachalapathi Mills at Tirupathi.

Calling attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance
re: Supply of low voltage power to the Tirupati Cotton Mills and Venkatachalapathi Mills at Tirupathi.
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance

re: Sudden Diversion of Upputeru, causing damage to surrounding areas.

(3) Almost all the Industrialists are on war path on the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board. The Upputeru, the natural and the only outlet of Kolleru lake, after traversing a length of 38 miles empties into Bay of Bengal near Btimondi. It is observed that at the confluence of Upputeru with the sea, erosion is taking place year by year for the last several years. It is true that private lands of about 500 acres are getting damaged for the last several years due to continuous drifting of Upputeru confluence point towards western directions. A sand bar is also formed in between the sea and Upputeru confluence because of continuous drifting of confluence points. It is observed that this is a natural Phenomena for the sand bar to get washed away in flood season and formation of the sand bar in non-flood season of summer months. This Phenomena was got examined by Dr. Varadarajulu, Reader, Department of Meteorology and Oceanography of Andhra university during 1977. As suggested by Dr. Varadarajulu an opening was partly executed during 1979, across the sand bar from the confluence point with the sea, but during the next season the same was closed due to drifting of the sand due to wind action.

(4) Sri G. Sriramulu Naidu (Minister for Medium Irrigation):—Sir, the Upputeru, the natural and the only outlet of Kolleru lake, after traversing a length of 38 miles empties into Bay of Bengal near Btimondi. It is observed that at the confluence of Upputeru with the sea, erosion is taking place year by year for the last several years. It is true that private lands of about 500 acres are getting damaged for the last several years due to continuous drifting of Upputeru confluence point towards western directions. A sand bar is also formed in between the sea and Upputeru confluence because of continuous drifting of confluence points. It is observed that this is a natural Phenomena for the sand bar to get washed away in flood season and formation of the sand bar in non-flood season of summer months. This Phenomena was got examined by Dr. Varadarajulu, Reader, Department of Meteorology and Oceanography of Andhra university during 1977. As suggested by Dr. Varadarajulu an opening was partly executed during 1979, across the sand bar from the confluence point with the sea, but during the next season the same was closed due to drifting of the sand due to wind action.
It is also suggested to form groyres to prevent erosion of the land. Forming of the groyres will be taken up after observing the erosion during this season as this is a natural phenomena. After erosion to certain extent a permanent regime of the cast is expected to be attained.

Sri G.V. Sudhakara Rao —The water level on 12-3-81 is 10.2 feet above the crest level of Krishna Barrage and that the water available at Barrage is sufficient to irrigate 3.6 lakh acres of Rabi crop in Krishna delta, with total discharge of 6821 cusecs through the head regulators. The Rabi crop in Krishna delta is in good condition and there is no difficulty in water supply. The diversion of Godavari water to Krishna river with a view to save rabi crop (if any) does not arise, as it is not possible to divert Godavari water to Krishna unless the Polavaram Barrage is built and canals excavated which may take more than a decade even if started now, in view of the magnitude of the Project and huge amount involved.

In view of the above position, there is neither need nor possibility of diverting Godavari water to Krishna Delta.

18th March, 1381. Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Diversion of surplus water of Godavari to Krishna.

Sri G.V. Sudhakara Rao —The water level on 12-3-81 is 10.2 feet above the crest level of Krishna Barrage and that the water available at Barrage is sufficient to irrigate 3.6 lakh acres of Rabi crop in Krishna delta, with total discharge of 6821 cusecs through the head regulators. The Rabi crop in Krishna delta is in good condition and there is no difficulty in water supply. The diversion of Godavari water to Krishna river with a view to save rabi crop (if any) does not arise, as it is not possible to divert Godavari water to Krishna unless the Polavaram Barrage is built and canals excavated which may take more than a decade even if started now, in view of the magnitude of the Project and huge amount involved.

In view of the above position, there is neither need nor possibility of diverting Godavari water to Krishna Delta.
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance

re: Diversion of surplus water of Godavari to Krishna.

[Text in Telugu script]

[Translation to English]

[Text in Telugu script]

[Translation to English]
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Assignment of housesites to Harijan and Girijans of Villages submerged under Srisailam Project.

1. The State Government (Government of Andhra Pradesh) has informed the Government of India that the rehabilitation of the displaced Harijans and Girijans of the villages submerged under the Srisailam Project will be completed by the end of 1980. In this connection, the following are the provisions made for the delivery of the allotted housesites:

(a) The Government has decided to provide 50 housesites to each suitable displaced family in the villages submerged in the project area. The cost of each housesite will be Rs. 1,000.

(b) The Government has also decided to provide additional housesites to each suitable family at a cost of Rs. 2,500. The total number of additional housesites to be provided will be determined by the Ministry of Rural Development.

2. The State Government has also informed the Central Government that the rehabilitation work will be completed by the end of 1980. The following are the provisions made for the delivery of the allotted housesites:

(a) The Government has decided to provide 50 housesites to each suitable displaced family in the villages submerged in the project area. The cost of each housesite will be Rs. 1,000.

(b) The Government has also decided to provide additional housesites to each suitable family at a cost of Rs. 2,500. The total number of additional housesites to be provided will be determined by the Ministry of Rural Development.

(c) The State Government has also informed the Central Government that the rehabilitation work will be completed by the end of 1980. The following are the provisions made for the delivery of the allotted housesites:

(a) The Government has decided to provide 50 housesites to each suitable displaced family in the villages submerged in the project area. The cost of each housesite will be Rs. 1,000.

(b) The Government has also decided to provide additional housesites to each suitable family at a cost of Rs. 2,500. The total number of additional housesites to be provided will be determined by the Ministry of Rural Development.
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Assignment of house sites to Harijans of the villages submerged under Srisailam project

18th March, 1981.

Attention is now drawn to matters of urgent Public Importance:

re: Assignment of house sites to Harijans of the villages submerged under Srisailam project.

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Assignment of house sites to Harijans of the villages submerged under Srisailam project.

18th March, 1981.

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Assignment of house sites to Harijans of the villages submerged under Srisailam project.

18th March, 1981.

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Assignment of house sites to Harijans of the villages submerged under Srisailam project.

18th March, 1981.

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Assignment of house sites to Harijans of the villages submerged under Srisailam project.

18th March, 1981.
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Assignment of house sites to Harijans of the villages submerged under Srisailam project.

Nearly 100 villages are concerned. It is also well concerned with the people and the lands which are getting submerged. The human aspect of the problem should not be missed.

It can certainly be reviewed taking into consideration the totality of circumstances now prevailing there.
Mr. Chairman: — There is no need for a meeting, they say.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Appointment of House Committee on collapse of Dornakal Bridge.

Sri K.E. Krishnamurthy (Minister for Small scale Industries) — I lay on the Table a copy of the notification issued in G.O.Ms.No. 684 Industries and Commerce Department dated 26-12-1980 as required under section 6 of the Andhra Pradesh Relief Undertakings (Special Provisions) Act, 1971.

Chairman: — Paper laid on the Table

Sri K. Satyanarayana Raju (Minister for Housing): — I lay on the Table a copy of the amendments to the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board (Medical Reimbursement) Rules, 1975 issued in G.O.Ms.No.77, Housing dated 15-9-1980 as required under sub-section (3) of section 70 of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board Act, 1956.

Chairman: — Paper laid on the Table

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy: — I place on the Table a copy of the Report of the decisions of the Business Advisory Committee taken at its meeting held on 17th March, 1981.
18th March, 1981.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82
Demands for Grants

Chairman:—Paper placed on the Table.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Re: Amendments to Bills.

Chairman:—The amendments to the following Bills will be received up to 2.00 p.m. on 18th March, 1981:


GOVERNMENT BILL

The Andhra Pradesh Record of Rights in Land (Amendment) Bill, 1981.

Sri N. Janardhan Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move that leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Record of Rights in Land (Amendment) Bill, 1981.

Chairman:—Motion moved.

The question is that leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Record of Rights in Land (Amendments) Bill, 1981.

The motion was carried and the Bill was introduced.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Budget) FOR 1981-82.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981. 489
for 1980-81:
Demands for Grants.

Demands for Grants.

M.o.e. Study grants for students in government and non-government aided institutions should be increased by Rs. 200 for 1980-81. This will help in providing more scholarships to students.

Rural development activities should be increased by Rs. 100 for 1980-81. This will help in providing better facilities to rural areas.

Health care services should be increased by Rs. 200 for 1980-81. This will help in providing better health care facilities.

Agriculture and animal husbandry department should be increased by Rs. 100 for 1980-81. This will help in providing better facilities to farmers.

Public works Department should be increased by Rs. 200 for 1980-81. This will help in providing better facilities to towns.

For educational institutions:

Central government should provide an increase of Rs. 200 for 1980-81. This will help in providing better facilities to educational institutions.

State government should provide an increase of Rs. 100 for 1980-81. This will help in providing better facilities to educational institutions.

For general public:

There should be an increase of Rs. 200 for 1980-81. This will help in providing better facilities to the general public.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants:

7, 8

11-50 a.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981.

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

[Text in Telugu script]

Mr. Chairman:—He has taken my permission.

...
بہاؤ نہیں حاصل الہے ایک دو کمیس کے بکلے بنا ہے جبہ یہ ایک آئے مورث کے
بکلے کسے کا اتنی نوئن کی جاتی ہے اس کے سوا کچھ اور نہا کیوں کہ کمیسکے اگر
کچھ کپلے بنا ہے جانے تو ان لوگو کو معمولہ مالماجہ ہو جاتے ہیں کہ بنیسر
صاحب ان بانی قربان نہیں ہے -
دوسرو بات یہ ہے کہ پہلے شہر میں دوھے کی سپلیٹی کا کافی انٹسا نیہی ہے
جبسی وہاں یہ وہان کو لوگوں کو تاکیدیں ہوئے اس کے وہاں دوہے کے قبیلے
بہن نام کو راہ الہم جا گیا تاکہ لوگوں کو دوھے مل سکے - بہن فیصلہ کے سروس بر بہیرون
کی وجہ سے لواں کا سلسلہ بھی نیا اہورگا ہے اکی وجہ سے مذاہبہہو رہے ہیں -
میں بیاگاسکر رائے صاحب وزیر زراعت سے بتا کمیسکے کہ آپ غلبہ زیادہ اگیں کے
اِن کا تاجیر کو چوتلی دور کمیسکے انسان کی زندگی کی بھا اس پر ہے - لیکن
شہر میں مبینہ کئی بھی اس کے وہاں ہے - اس کی وجہ سے جنگ میں زندگی کے لئے بہتر ہوئے،
اس کو رو کے سے اؤلیتی نہ - قانون بنانے کے سی - اپنے میں کافیت کاری
نہ کی جا گیا - اس کی وجہ سے شہر میں مبینہ بہتر ہوئے ہے اس کے بہتر ہوئے شہر کو نیوی
مل سکی جی - اس کے علاوہ فری ذکر کی بہت بہور کاری کے لئے پاکی ایمیدا

س - ۔ اس دی توجہ دبنا ضروری ہے -

81-7
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82

Demands for grants:

12-10 a.m. 18th March 1981.

Budget for 1981-82:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Demand for Grants</th>
<th>Amount (CR)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>87,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The total demand for grants is 87,000, which is expected to be met with the available budget.
annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981.

for 1981-82:

Demands for grants

(c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l) (m) (n) (o) (p) (q) (r) (s) (t) (u) (v) (w) (x) (y) (z)
18th March, 1981.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981–82:

Demands for grants

[Text in Telugu script]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981 497
for 1981-82:
Demands for grants

The following are the demands for grants for the year 1981-82:

[Detailed list of demands for grants]

The total demand for grants for the year 1981-82 is [amount].
Demands for grants

498 18th March, 1981. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for grants

[Text in Telugu script]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981.

for 1981-82:

Demands for grants

Annua! Financij! Stitemcat (Budget) 18th March, 1981. 499

Demands for giants
500 18 h March 1981. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:
Demands for grants.

For the year 1981-82, the Planning Commission has approved certain targets for food-grains, cotton, sugar-cane, oilseeds, etc., the details of which you are very well aware.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 198?.

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

501

81-8
502 18th March, 1981.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82: 
Demands for Grants.

502 18th March, 1981.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82: 
Demands for Grants.

502 18th March, 1981.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82: 
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502 18th March, 1981.  

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502 18th March, 1981.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82: 
Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981.

Demands for Grants.

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f^&* ^?$o-a^t^cj ^co^Sbc^xr- *?e^) &^8bo^)-nr^^.

f^^^cBbB)^ 3Rc3bo. ^od)^e^, -5^&)^ s^^^§*^o So^^o

l^ST ^Y^^ D^on^^^^cjo, ^5^^$^ g^CbSb XbiMjg) ^^ S)^

3^ ca<$"3f 3"& v^v-^o q^^ dr--sr-5). ^^gr^*§, Tr*a<) ?^ooo6^^

\[\text{RAW TEXT ENDS}\]

12.50 p.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981.

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Amount (Rs.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1978-79</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1979-80</td>
<td>12,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>1980-81</td>
<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1981-82</td>
<td>16,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1-00 p.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981.

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

(5) (a). **Social Services**: The estimated expenditure for 1981-82 in the social services is Rs. 2,000,000. This includes the following:

1. **Primary Education**: Estimated expenditure of Rs. 750,000.
2. **Secondary Education**: Estimated expenditure of Rs. 500,000.
3. **Health Services**: Estimated expenditure of Rs. 750,000.
4. **Public Health**: Estimated expenditure of Rs. 250,000.
5. **Agricultural Development**: Estimated expenditure of Rs. 350,000.

(5) (b). **Miscellaneous**: Additional grants amounting to Rs. 500,000 have been provided for various social services. This includes:

1. **Education Projects**: Estimated expenditure of Rs. 100,000.
2. **Health Projects**: Estimated expenditure of Rs. 150,000.
3. **Agricultural Projects**: Estimated expenditure of Rs. 250,000.

These grants are expected to enhance the overall social well-being of the population.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82: Demands for Grants.

18th March, 1981
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981.

for 1981-82: Demands for grants.

1.20 p.m. 1

The session was adjourned at 11 a.m. on Tuesday, 10th March, 1981.

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Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1981-82: Demands for grants.)
Anna Lancia! tāteent (Budget 18!nti:ch, 1%1. 3H

130 p. m.

Annual Financial tāteent (Budget) for 1981-82; Demands for grants.
Demands for grants, 1981-82: 25% of the grants were for new projects. The expenditure on grants increased by 20% in 1981-82. The government allocated funds for new projects, and the grants increased by 25% in 1981-82. The demands for grants for 1981-82 were met by the government.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82: Demands for grants.

The government allocated funds for new projects, and the grants increased by 25% in 1981-82. The demands for grants for 1981-82 were met by the government.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981

for 1981-82: Demands for grants.

I did not want to confront with the Vice-Chancellor's idea though the transfer is against the rules and regulations of the University as he is my superior officer.
15th March, 1951

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)

Mr. Shri .......................... Rs. ...........................................

Demands for Grants:

Year 1951-52

Rs. ...........................................

This statement has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Budget Act, 1939.
18th March, 1981

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82. Demands for grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

...
తారిపించడం ద్వారా తినికపడింది. మనం మాత్రమే ముఖం మార్పులు చేసి ఒకటించావాలనుకున్నాయి. ఈ తారిపించిన ముఖం సహాయం కావు జరిగింది. మాత్రమే ఒక సాధనం అవాంసింది కావు, మరింత మాత్రమే ఒక సాధనం అవాంసింది కావు. అందుకే ముఖం సహాయం కావు కనిపిస్తే దానికి జెట్టు మాత్రమే ఉంటాయి. అందుకే మనం మాత్రమే ముఖం సహాయం కావు జరిగించావాలనుకున్నాయి.

Almost all among them are salaried employees.

The disparity between the income of a person in urban and rural areas has increased terribly.

ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Appointment of Enquiry Commission in regard to Eleswaram works.
Anhua! financial Statement (Budget) 18th March. 1981. 5/19
for 1981-82:
Demands for Grants.

Chairman; The House, now stands adjourned till 4.00 p.m.
today.
(The House' then adjourned till 4.00 p.m.)
(The House ressembeled at 4-00 p.m.
(Sri A. Eswara Reddy in the Chair)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR
198-1982

DEMANDS—Co-Operation etc (continued)

Denying the farmer, his remunerative Price, the Govern­ment is making the entire rural population to suffer.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants

The table below shows the demands for grants for the years 1975-76 and 1977-78, along with the percentage increase for the year 1981-82.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Demand for Grants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1975-76</td>
<td>1.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1977-78</td>
<td>3.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1981-82</td>
<td>6.54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The increase in demands for grants from 1977-78 to 1981-82 is 3.42 times greater than the increase from 1975-76 to 1977-78.

Further details regarding the demands for grants can be found in the budget document dated 18th March, 1981.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 
18th March, 1981.

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

...
Government is giving good assistance to fishermen but at the same time...
Demands for Grants.

"catching of fish within the Trawellers areas" should be modified. It will play a vital role in the betterment of the rural areas in the coming time. Before the end of 1980 we will hold co-operative election.
524 18th March, 1981 Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:
Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

Demands for Grants.

325

81-11
5% !8th March, 1931. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82; Demands for Grants.

Total number of Misappropriation cases 1086
Total number of cases disposed by Corporation 171
Total number of cases pending as on 12-10-1980 915
No. of persons convicted so far .. 78 people
No. of persons acquitted so far .. 83 people
Total amount of misappropriation Rs. 3,31,081,939
Total amount recovered Rs. 43,10,259
Balance Rs. 3,07,98,720
Amount misappropriated covered Rs. 1,14,03,090
Amount covered by surcharge Rs. 71,25,036
No. of cases referred under arbitration 628 cases
amount involved Rs. 60,47,055
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants:

There are nearly 29 columns, namely:

- How the misappropriation of funds came to the Notice?
- Date of detection of the fraud
- Amount of misappropriation
- By whom it is misappropriated
- Date of enquiry ordered
- Date of completion of enquiry
- Date of enquiry
- Results of enquiry
- How long they are outstanding
- For cause of surcharge notice

For details:

- Civil Action
- Arbitration
- Execution petition
- Stages of Civil Action
- Recovery
- Date of prosecution
- Date of complaint filed by Police

For further information:

- Stage of Action and etc.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82.

Demands for Grants.

528 18th March, 1981.

[Text of financial statements and demands for grants for the year 1981-82, including figures and amounts.]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
18th March, 1981.

for 1981-82:
Demands for Grants.

[A text in Telugu]

...
530 18th March, 1981. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:
Demands for Grants

[Text in Telugu]

[English translation provided]
Annual Financial Statement-(Budget) 18th March, 1981. 531
for 1981-82:

Demands for grants:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Item 1</td>
<td>120 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item 2</td>
<td>185 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item 3</td>
<td>20 lakhs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: All amounts are in lakhs of rupees.
18th March, 1981.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82.

References for Grants.

5-00 p.m.

532 18th March, 1981.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82.

References for Grants.

5-00 p.m.
Demands for grands

For 1981-82;

15. 20

81—12
18th March, 1981

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for Giants

5-10 p.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
18th March, 1981.
for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

Sri M. A. Aziz: —Mr. Speaker, Sir, several members have shown keen interest and have spoken about the functioning of the Department. Some have praised, some have criticized and some have made valuable suggestions. I thank all those members and assure them that their suggestions, their criticisms have been taken note of and wherever it is possible and also in the best interests of the Department, they would certainly be implemented. Certain members have made certain allegations which I would like to reply.

Sri Omkar has said that the Forest Department is destroying the forest itself. My submission is that it is very uncautious and unwarranted remark. The Forest Department is doing its best and is trying to preserve and conserve the forests in the best interest of the forests. As we are all aware it is a national wealth and it should be taken care of not only by Department but also by every citizen of the country. They were relying only on the department for its protection and its proper utility. I think, we will be failing in our duty as it is the duty of every citizen also to see that the forests are reserved and properly utilised. He has referred to about 6,000 acres land being sold away. My submission is that I have already answered this question once in this House. There is the dispute between the landlord and the Forest Department. Actually, this land is not a forest land but steps have been taken to include it in the Reserve forest. The landlord went to the High court and obtained the stay. I do not know he is selling that. But without any kind of doubt I can say that the forest Department is trying to include it in the reserve forest area and the landlord is putting several obstacles in this process.

Sri Ganga Reddy also has given very useful suggestions. He said that our basic minimum is 33% and we are less than this area under forest. We are also trying to expand and we are increasing the forestry area and the Forest Development Corporation also taking steps to increase
the area of the forests by planting trees etc. on cultivated lands belonging to the Panchayats and Municipalities.

As regards encroachments, after the order was issued by the Central Government, most of the encroachments are removed and their operation has been restricted. Now a forest cannot be utilised for the purpose other than forestry without the permission of the Central Government.

Sri C.N. Reddy has suggested that posts of Deputy Watchers should be created. This will certainly be examined and if it is necessary, it shall be given effect to.

Sri Narasimhareddy has remarked that land which is fit for cashew crop is being used for some other plantation. But before plantation is taken up it is examined by the experts and on the suggestion of the experts only, plantation was undertaken.

Sri Owaisi referred to 40 D.F.Os. Transfers being made. But this is an administrative matter and so, as and when necessary officers are transferred.

Sri Pooja Subbaiah has suggested that fixed cost being applied to Godavari Ply Wood Factory at a cheap rate. This year the division of royalties is due. We will take into account while revising the rates for the raw material that is supplied to the Industries.

Sri Narasimha Raddy said that Rayalaseema Paper Mills are cutting hard wood besides bamboo also. It has got a plant which utilises not only bamboo but also other hard wood and therefore they are being supplied to the Rayalaseema Paper Mills.

Sri Omkar has referred to about the wages for beedy leaves collectors, i.e. tribal people are not being properly paid. There is a Wage Revision Committee and it has recommended unanimously in which there is labour representative also, that the rates prevalent in 1980 should be paid in 1981 season also. However, since we got a good price this year for the beedy leaf when compared to last year, as a good will measure I would suggest that they would pay an adhoc payment of one paisa for each bundle of leaves as a sympathetic gesture to these collectors of beedy leaves.

I now request the Members to withdraw their cut motions and to pass the demand unanimously.

Thank you.
Demands for Grants.

Sri M A Advi:—The land, as I said, is being sought to be taken under a revenue forest to be classified as reserved forest. For that Gazette notification was published and before the Forest Settlement officer could give any decision, the party went to the High Court and obtained stay. In these circumstances, we are helpless. This has been sub judice. It is pending before the High Court. The Hon'ble Member wants that an I A S Officer be appointed to go into this matter to find out if there is any collusion between the Forest Department or the Revenue Department with the landlords. I will certainly do it.

Under Section 6 (2) (c) of the A P. Co-operatives Act.

5-20 pm.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1983-84.

Demand for Grants.
Demand for Grams.

The government has issued a circular regarding the demand for Grams. The circular mentions that the demand for Grams has increased significantly due to various reasons. The government has taken measures to ensure a smooth supply of Grams to meet the growing demand.

According to the circular, the demand for Grams has increased by 20% in the past month. The reason behind this increase is the ongoing festival season, where Grams are in high demand for various purposes.

The government has also emphasized the importance of maintaining a balance between supply and demand to avoid any shortage. They have advised the public to purchase Grams in moderation and to refrain from hoarding.

The circular further states that the government has allocated additional stock of Grams to meet the increased demand. It has also urged the public to cooperate with the government in this regard.

In conclusion, the government has taken necessary steps to ensure a steady supply of Grams to meet the growing demand. The public is advised to cooperate with the government in this regard.

(End of circular)
540 18th March, 1981.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
for 1981-82.  
Demands for grants.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
18th March, 1981.  
for 1981-82: 
Demands for Grants.

Demands for Grants.

3. Education:

\[
\begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline
\text{Demand} & \text{Amount} \\
\hline
\text{Scholarship} & 10,000 \\
\text{Grants} & 5,000 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]

4. Medical:

\[
\text{Medical Expenses:} \quad 10,000
\]

5. General:

\[
\text{General Expenses:} \quad 5,000
\]

5:40 p.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1981-82)

Demands for Grants.
annual Financial Statement (Budget)  18th March, 1981  543
for 1981-82:
Demand for Grants.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

5-30pm
Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1981-82):

Demands for Grants.

[Content of the document in English]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 19 1 547
for 1981-82
Demands for Giants.

[Text continues in Telugu script.]

548
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981.
for 1981-82:
Demands for Grants.

Demands for Grants.

Annul Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

For 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

For 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

For 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

For 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

For 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

For 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

For 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

For 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.
Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1981-1):

Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demands for Grants</td>
<td>Rs. 600,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above budget was submitted to the government for approval. The government approved the budget with some amendments. The final budget was finalized and approved on 18th March, 1981.
532 18th March, 1981. Annual Financial Statement (Budget)
for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

6-10 p.m.
annual Financial Statement (Budget)  18th March, 1981.  553
for 1981-82.
ADemands for Grants.

Dear Sir,

The following is the annual financial statement for the year 1981-82.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

[Name]

[Position]

6.20 p.m
Annual Finance '(Budget) 18th March, 1981.

for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

...
556 18th March 1981

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)
for 1981-82:
Demands for Grants.

P.m.

556 !8th March !^Si

Mm

Finanda! Statement (Budget)
for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.
18th March, 1981

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

558

సామరితా రాచుకుండా చెప్పబడాం అందా యొక్క సమాచారాలను వినిపించడం

పరిస్థితి సమయంలో రూ. 16,000 అంగం

ప్రతి పాలన నిర్ణయం చేయాలి. ఇది చింత ఆని ఇచిత్తాలాన్ని. ఇతర

మానవులంటి. ఇది ఒక ప్రత్యేక భాషా అంధకారం అనే విషయం?

1. భాగములు:

హమేశా స్వచ్ఛండి రాచనలు చేసే ప్రతి మండలంపై ప్రత్యేక

అంధకారం కనుమని విషయం తెలుసేది? ఈ విషయం మనం చెప్పండి.

ఒక రెండు విషయములు:

మనం అంధకారం ఉపయోగించినను చెప్పండి. ఇది అంధకారం కనుమని ప్రత్యేక

అంధకారం కనుమని విషయం తెలుసేది?

మార్గం సంపాదించండి.

మనం అంధకారం ఉపయోగించినను చెప్పండి. ఇది అంధకారం కనుమని ప్రత్యేక

అంధకారం కనుమని విషయం తెలుసేది?

మార్గం సంపాదించండి.

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అంధకారం కనుమని విషయం తెలుసేది?

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అంధకారం కనుమని విషయం తెలుసేది?

మార్గం సంపాదించండి.

మనం అంధకారం ఉపయోగించినను చెప్పండి. ఇది అంధకారం కనుమని ప్రత్యేక

అంధకారం కనుమని విషయం తెలుసేది?

మార్గం సంపాదించండి.

మనం అంధకారం ఉపయోగించినను చెప్పండి. ఇది అంధకారం కనుమని ప్రత్యేక

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అంధకారం కనుమని విషయం తెలుసేది?

మార్గం సంపాదించండి.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th March, 1981.

Demands for Grants.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1981-82:

Demands for Grants.

6-50 p.m.

Mdm. 400 to the tata. Remember to file the report, 
noting all the changes. The following is the breakdown:

- OMKT-R. 400
- 5-2R
- A79t

6-50p.m. His is the correct format. You will need to 
review the details and make any necessary changes.

Next, the second section is a list of expenses. You will 
need to review these in detail and make any necessary 
changes.

Lastly, the final section is a summary of the overall 
financial statement. You will need to review this in 
detail and make any necessary changes.

That will be dispensed with. You are now finished. 

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 18th March, 1981.

Demands for Grants.

Dairy Development Corporation is manufacturing 30,000 tonnes of Milk products. It needs Rs. 2.80 per tonnes of milk for transportation. The total requirement is Rs. 84,000.

The Dairy Development Corporation is manufacturing 30,000 tonnes of Milk products. It needs Rs. 2.80 per tonnes of milk for transportation. The total requirement is Rs. 84,000.

(5) Sri B. Ramdev:—For feed, we are giving 10 ps. per K. G. subsidy.

7-00 p.m.

(5) Sri B. Ramdev:—We are giving 10 ps. per K. G. subsidy.
For failure in providing the Agriculturist with a fair price for his produce.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,28,30,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100.

For failing to achieve production targets in Food grains, Mesta Tobacco and Sugar cane

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,28,30,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100.

For failing in implementing the Soil Conservation Programme in right earnest.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,28,30,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100.

No adequate medical facilities are provided to animals in the rural area in general and the tribal areas in particular. No effective steps are taken to expand the growth of high breed animals speedily.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 13,36,16,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 13,36,16,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 13,36,16,000 for animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,00,00,000 for Dairy Development by Rs. 100.

Overhead charges have abnormally been increased. No remunerative price to the milk producer is given and to consumer it is being sold at abnormal rate.

To reduce the allotment of Rs.1,00,00,000 for Dairy Development by Rs. 00.

For failing in providing Semen free of cost for Dairy Development in the State.

To reduce the allotment of Rs.1,00,00,000 for Dairy Development by Rs.100.

No adequate modern boats and nets were supplied to fisherman in the costal area. No effective steps are taken to ensure protection to the profession of fisherman in the plain areas by raising the production of fish in sufficient quantity.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,12,74,000 for Fisheries by Rs. 100.

For failing to provide a fishing harbour north of Vishakhapatnam in the State.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,12,74,000— for Fisheries by Rs. 100.

For failing in the supply of Nyolon Yarn to Marine Fishermen in the State.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,12,74,000—for Fisheries by Rs. 100.

For failing in the acquisition of Deep Sea Fishing Trawlers and promoting this technique in the State.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,12,74,000 for Fisheries by Rs. 100.

For failing to provide adequate Fisheries Training Institutes in the State.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 19,25,37,000 for Forests by Rs. 100.

15 Paisa wage rate for each bundle of beedi leaves contain 100 leaves has not been fixed. Harassment on tribals is being continued unabatedly. Cultivated lands of tribals are being included in the reserved forest while large scale destruction of forests by contractors and landlords is being allowed for pecuniary benefits.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 19,25,37,000 for Forests by Rs. 100.

For failing in arresting the deforestation which is taking place in the State.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 19,25,37,000 for Forests by Rs. 100.

The motions were lost.

Chairman: Now the question is

That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 43,81,14,800 under Demand No. XXXIII - Cooperation.

That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 19,25,37,000 under Demand No. XXXIX - Forests.

That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 14,28,3,000 under Demand No. XXXIVI - Agriculture.

That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 13,36,600 under Demand No. XXXVI - Animal Husbandry.

That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 100,00,000 under Demand No. XXXVII - Dairy Development.

That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 7,12,74,600 under Demand No. XXXVIII - Fisheries.

The motions were adopted and the demands were granted.

Chairman: The house now stands adjourned to meet again at 9.00 A.M. on 19th March, 1981.

(The House then adjourned to meet again at 9.00 A.M. on Friday the 19th March, 1981.)