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B.A.O. Report
THE
ANDHRA PRADSH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES
OFFICIAL REPORT

Eighth Day of the Sixth Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADSH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Friday the 22nd February, 1980.
The House met at Half-Past Eight of the Clock
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Appointment of Lady Doctor in Every Primary Health Centre

85—

*5628 Q.—Sri B. Armugam (Vepanjri):—Will the Minister for
Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to appoint one lady doc-
tor in every Primary Health Centre of the Samithi; and

(b) if not, whether there is any other proposal under consi-
deration to remove this draw back?


*3 Rg. Me*sr* Sbo^ (^3. ^^*SJ^g*):—(*l) ^Rod.


An asterisk before the name indicates confirmation by the Member.

J.No.62

(89)

62-1
Sir, Madan Mohan:

Sir, I have not said that, I said that within 420 Primary Health Centres, we propose to appoint a third Medical Officer in 1/4 of 420 PHC. It comes to about 105, but not about the Lady Medical Officers.
Complaints against the Director of Post-Graduates Centre, Anantapur

*3939-(K) Q.—Dr. V. Sivarama Krishna Rao (Badvel):—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that about twenty Legislators submitted a memorandum in the month of September, 1978 to the Governor of Andhra Pradesh levelling certain complaints against the Director of Post-Graduate Centre, Anantapur:

(b) if so, the nature of charges;

(c) whether some members of executive council of the Centre also made some other complaints to the Government:

(d) if so, the action taken by the Government; and

(e) if no action has been taken the reason therefore?

(2) (b) & (c) & (d) & (e) & (f)
I have no objection to pass on this to the hon'ble Member and he can look into this and pass it on to this House.

Mr. Speaker:—Instead of reading all those allegations, you can just give the gist of the same.

Sri B. Venka'trama Reddy:—Yes Sir (1) Sri M. Kutumbha, Rao Controller of Examinations S. V. University, was brought to the
Post-Graduate Centre as Administrative officer by Dr. Sridevi. He was sent back to the parent institution after 16 months without any charge. This is not held true.

(2) Former Director, P. G. C., appointed Dr. Venkata Reddy, as Administrative Officer on her own and against the specific recommendations of the Appointment Committee. The Officer till treated both the teaching and non-teaching staff and committed many administrative lapses.

This was proved beyond doubt that the former Director has not followed the prescribed procedure in appointing the Administrative Officer.

(3) The appointment of Dr. Unock as Reader in the leave vacancy of Sri Mahadev Sastry on the specific condition that he should leave the Centre....

22nd February, 1980.
Conducting of Enquiry into various Complaints of Maladministration by Authorities of Nagarjuna University, Guntur.

88—

*4628 Q.—Sarvasri B. Sriramamurthy (Paravada) and S. Alwar Das (Visakhapatnam-I):—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have taken a decision to conduct an enquiry by a Commission into the various complaints of maladministration etc. by the authorities of the Nagarjuna University, Guntur; and

(b) the nature of complaints received and the final action taken thereon?

Irregularities in Declaration of Intermediate Results.

89—

*2078 Q.—Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu (Udayagiri):—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that certain irregularities are found in declaration of intermediate results:

(b) whether the Government are aware that certain students who did not appear for the examinations were declared passed; and

(c) whether the Government ordered any enquiry into the publication of results.
Oral Answers to Questions. 22nd February, 1980.

Will the Minister is standing by his answer? Can I take it that way?

Mr. Speaker:—He shall stand by it...

Sri B. Venkatrama Reddy:—Sir, till such time he disapproves it.

(Laughter)

Losses Incurred by Agro Industries Corporation

Will the Minister for Agriculture & Law be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Andhra Pradesh State Agro Industries Corporation is running on loss;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(b) the names of industries started by the said Corporation since 1974; and

(d) the names of the industries that are going to be started by the said Corporation before 31-3-1981?
22nd February, 1980.

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. ట్రంప్డ్ ఎంఎస్స్ మాదించని, ఇతర సంస్కృతి శాస్త్రాలు శాస్త్ర లేదు చేసేదని ప్రచురించదు.

2. తానం చేసిన అంశాలు మాదించిన అనేక ప్రతిభలకు నిర్ధిష్టం చేసారను.

3. తానం ఎంపిక ఇంటితే మాదించిన అనేక ప్రతిభలకు నిర్ధిష్టం చేసారను.

4. తానా ఎంపిక ఇంటితే మాదించిన అనేక ప్రతిభలకు నిర్ధిష్టం చేసారను.

5. తానం ఎంపిక ఇంటితే మాదించిన అనేక ప్రతిభలకు నిర్ధిష్టం చేసారను.

8:30 a.m.

ప్రానిచింది: - యా ఈ చరిత్రలో కొనసాగింది. సైఫుల్ కుమార్ బాబు మరుగితే ఏంధ్రప్రదేశ్ యొక్క అధ్యక్షుడు. 1976 ఏపర ఈనార పిలిచడం ప్రధాని ఎంపిక ఉండాలని పిలవిన వాటావాడు, 77-78 సంధి మెయిన పాలనలు నిర్వహించాడని పిలవిన వాటావాడు. 1978-79 సంధి మెయిన పాలనలు నిర్వహించాడని పిలవిన వాటావాడు. 177 సంధికి దాయిత్వం పొందిన వాటావాడు ఉంది. ఆడిటోరీ విషయం పొందిన వాటావాడు ఉంది. దెబ్బిడి ప్రతి స్థానిక సంస్కృతి ప్రధాని కోసం పొందిన వాటావాడు ఉంది.
Oral Answers to Questions.
22nd February, 1930.

6 orlo at 44 orlo

[Text in Telugu script]
22nd February, 1980.

Oral Answers to Questions.
சுருக்கம்: 40000 அதிகம் உள்ளது

2. என்று வரும் விளக்கம்: வரும் பாதுகாக்கப் பணியின்றி வரும் நூற்றாண்டுகளுக்கு முன்னர் பாதுகாக்கப் பணியின் விளக்கம் ெ காரணமாக வருகை வரும். எனவே, பாதுகாக்கப் பணியின் விளக்கம் என்று வரும் பாதுகாக்கப் பணியின் விளக்கம்.
22nd February, 1980. Oral Answers to Questions

(1) [Question]

(2) [Question]

9-00 a.m.

(3) [Question]

(4) [Question]
Village Adoption Scheme by A. P. State Co-operative Bank

* 5200. Q.—Sri B. Ramasubba Reddy (Kanigiri) :—Will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the A.P.State Co-operative Bank is taking up 3 or 4 villages in every District under the village Adoption Scheme ;

(b) the villages so far taken up by the Bank under the said scheme ; and
22nd February, 1980.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(c) the details of the said scheme?

As an extension of its manifold activities in several directions, the APCOB has decided to adopt the villages to play a leading role to bring about socio-economic transformation in the rural areas. Village adoption may be symbolic for some but for APCOB it means intensive development of rural economy with a missionary zeal. The entire scheme of village adoption of APCOB is truly unique in that it lays stress on the upliftment of the poorest of the poor of the society. Indeed its motto is to provide finance first to the last quartile of the population in the village for any bankable and feasible programme and it is only after catering to the lowest strata that the APCOB will take up the other sections of the society.

1. Objectives of village adoption:

(i) Integrated rural development with special effort directed towards increasing the per capita income of the lowest strata of the village society.

(ii) Provision of finance after understanding the needs to better the lot of the people.

(iii) Provide in a package form all the requirements such as finance, technical assistance and marketing infrastructure for the borrower.

(iv) Infuse a sense of confidence in the borrowers that with the assistance of finance from APCOB they can chalk out a profitable way of life.

2. Methodology:

To realise the above objectives it is proposed to provide finance in the following manner:

(i) Bridge the existing gap between demand and supply of short-term and medium term credit.
(ii) Meet the credit needs of non-agricultural sector with special emphasis on village and cottage industries,

(iii) Develop plans for utilising local available resources and talent to increase credit absorption and capacity.

(iv) Co-ordinate with various agencies to provide infrastructure including marketing facilities to ensure all-round development of the village.

(2) Implementation:

Successful implementation of the scheme depends on various factors such as:

(i) Selection of the village.

(ii) Identification of borrowers.

(iii) Systems and Procedures of credit planning and provision.

(iv) Monitoring.

(v) Evaluation.

(i) Selection of the villages:—Before selecting a village it should be seen in general that the village is not fully developed and there is potential for development provided there is adequate credit flow into the village coupled with necessary infrastructure. The village should not be prone to repeated natural calamities. For purpose of selection the basis shall be as follows:

(a) Secondary data as revealed from the Census report etc.

(b) Expert Opinion of officers such as District Collector, Officials of the Central Bank, local bankers and officials of the specialised agencies.

(c) Macro level survey of the village by the State Co-operative Bank Officials.

In selection of the village the following criteria should be observed.

(a) There should be basic minimum infrastructure and facilities like a good working primary agricultural credit society with a Paid Secretary preferably with an Office building of its own.

(b) The village should be accessible with reasonable good means of transport. If there is no such means of transport it should be provided before a village is adopted.
(c) Marketing infrastructure should be available. This would mean that facilities for transport of produce marketing facilities such as regulated markets or organisations or individuals who market or buy the produce, exist.

(d) There should be enthusiastic local leadership for rendering voluntary service to make the village adoption scheme a success. The people in the area should be receptive to new methods of cultivation and new economic activities. In case such an atmosphere is not there it should be created by proper education.

(ii) Identification of borrowers: Every household and member of the family should be surveyed to find out the nature of bankable economic activities they are taking or propose to undertake and the credit that is now being provided to them by the banks. In respect of each family or member the existing income from the activities and the income that can be generated after provisions of adequate finance should be worked out and after taking the surplus into account suitable instalments should be fixed. Indeed this would mean that a certain incremental income should be generated by the borrower after the utilisation of the loan.

(2) After listing out the members in the above manner priority should be given towards provision of credit to the lowest quartile of the population according to their economic and financial position.

(3) After the last quartile is provided, finance will be made available to the top three quartiles in that order. It is the intention that while every one who has got a bankable proposition should be financed priority should be given to the neglected sections of the society. The finance is made available both for short term and medium term agricultural purposes. Finance will also be made available to the individuals who intend to set up small-scale industries or cottage or village industries.

(iii) System and procedures of credit planning and provision

(a) After surveying each family in the village and after arriving at the credit that is required, the total of such requirements will be arrived at so that the amount can be made available to the primary society.

(b) Every member who seeks a loan should automatically become a Member of the Primary Society. The credit will be made available through the Central Bank and Primary Society to the ultimate borrower.

(c) Finance to be provided in adopted villages is to be routed through the normal channels of co-operative loaning in short term
credit structure, at the existing level of margins, i.e. the State Cooperative Bank will provide finance to the villagers through the District Cooperative Central Bank and PACS. Where a central cooperative bank is weak or not able to shoulder the responsibility the Apex Bank will make available the loan to the primary society, directly for lending it to the borrower. Maximum advantage will be taken of subsidies and concessional finance available from the agencies like SFDA, DPAP. The scale of finance will be as fixed by the Technical Group of the district. In case an unduly high scale of finance is fixed the matter will be discussed with the Technical Group and appropriate scales of finance will be recommended for adoption by the Technical Group.

(d) The applications will be processed by the PACS and the officials of the central cooperative bank with active guidance of the State Cooperative Bank. It is of course open to any central cooperative bank or the Secretary of the PACS not to recommend a particular application if it could be proved to the satisfaction of the State Cooperative Bank that it is not desirable to grant a loan to a particular borrower. The defaulters either under M.T. or S.T. loans will not be provided credit for any purpose.

(e) It must be ensured that there is an intelligent Paid Secretary for each society in the adopted villages.

(f) The Central Co-operative Bank should post an intelligent and honest supervisor to be exclusively in charge of the implementation of the scheme in the adopted villages.

(g) It is to be ensured that all the members identified under the micro-level survey by the officials of State Cooperative Bank are shareholders of the PACS and necessary credit limit and drawal applications are prepared for each member both ST and MT purposes separately to the extent recommended by the officials of State Cooperative Bank and agreed to by the Cooperative Central Bank.

(h) The by-laws of PACS have to be amended wherever necessary so that members will be able to draw necessary finance.

(i) The State Cooperative Bank will exempt the cooperative central banks from the normal financial disciplines in respect of the borrowings on behalf of the villagers in the adopted villages and provide finance to the extent recommended in the drawal application. The discipline should be reckoned only at the society level.

(j) The disbursement of loan amount to the identified members is to be made by the Paid Secretary in the presence of a supervisor of the cooperative central bank and representative of the State Cooperative Bank after taking the necessary documents. In cases like purchase of sheep or buffa-
loes, payments shall be made in favour of the vendor on behalf of the borrower.

(k) Regarding loans for M.T. purposes, priority should be given to such of those purposes which have immediate return to the borrower such as milch cattle, plough bullocks, bullock carts etc. In respect of M.T. loans for purposes like milch cattle, plough bullocks, bullock carts etc., it may be examined whether daily or monthly collections can be effected from the borrowers to lessen the burden on the borrower.

(l) The Paid Secretary of the society with the assistance of official of the Apex Bank should supervise the end use of the credit provided and be in constant touch with the borrowers so as to ensure the recovery of the loans well in time.

(m) As regards security, wherever the immovable property is available, such immovable property should be taken as security. In the case of weaker sections who have no landed property at all and who are financed for buffaloes, sheep etc., under the scheme the society may obtain a guarantee from a person with landed property. There no such guarantor is available group guarantee with a minimum (membership of five) should be taken.

(n) In case there is any problem of marketing of any product before financing the scheme the problem of marketing should be first tackled and necessary marketing arrangements provided. For example, in the case of dairy and poultry, the concerned Dairy Development Corporation or Poultry Development Corporation should be consulted to provided the marketing infrastructure.

(o) The loan should be sanctioned taking into account the credit worthiness with emphasis on the character of the borrower with reference to the repayment along with the project. Repayment capacity and repayment period should be decided keeping in view the post developmental income.

(iv) Monitoring

Monitoring is a very important aspect of the village adoption programme. A Staff Assistant of the State Co-operative Bank will be posted in the village adopted. He will be reviewing the utilisation of the credit provided by the Bank and send a fortnightly report to the Apex Bank and the Central Bank about the progress of the village adoption scheme. Once in a month, an officer of the Apex Bank along with an officer of the Central Co-operative Bank will visit the village and meet the borrowers to find out their problems and ensure proper utilisation. Once in two months a senior officer of the Apex Bank and a senior officer preferably the Secretary of the Central Co-operative Bank will visit the village to have an assessment of the implementation of the programme.
It should be ensured that the amount is properly utilised because proper utilisation will ensure prompt repayment.

The fortnightly returns should be so devised that they could furnish the information about the progress of utilisation and the result achieved.

(v) Evaluation:

The final picture that emerges as a result of finance should be evaluated once in six months or even once in four months so that if there are any defects or drawbacks in the working of the village adoption scheme they could be set right in time.

A suitable proforma devised for the purpose should be utilised for assessing and evaluating the results.

An inter-departmental meeting at the district level should be convened once in three months where the District Collector, with Managing Director of the Apex Bank, the Secretary and the Chief Executive Officer of the Central Co-operative Bank would be present and review the progress to resolve any bottlenecks in the implementation of the programme.

(4) Uniqueness of the Scheme:

The uniqueness of the village adoption scheme of the Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Bank lies in the following features:

(1) It concentrates firstly on the lowest quartile of the strata of the society before it finances the rest of the society.

(2) Secondly prompt disbursement of loan to the member beneficiary is ensured in the adopted village.

(3) Thirdly an intensive supervision is provided to ensure proper utilisation.

(4) Fourthly it is the aim to provide adequate credit.

(5) Fifthly a positive attempt is being made to promote small-scale and cottage industries in the rural areas by proper appraisal and provision of suitable finance.

(6) Sixthly the mechanism to monitor and to evaluate the progress of the Bank is assured under the Scheme.
Before selecting a village it should be seen in general that the village is not fully developed and there is potential for development provided there is adequate credit flow into the village coupled with necessary infrastructure. The village should not be prone to repeated natural calamities. For the purpose of selection the basis shall be as follows:

(a) Secondary data as revealed from the census reports, etc.

(b) Expert opinion of officers such as District Collector, officials of the Central Bank, local bankers and officials of the specialised agencies

(c) Macro level survey of the village by the State Co-operative Bank officials.
In selection of the village the following criteria should be observed.

There should be basic minimum infrastructure and facilities like a good working primary agricultural credit society with a paid Secretary, etc.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy (Kalwakurthi),—It looks like a very fine and long thesis. We will get refinance from the Reserve Bank.

Mr. Amarnath reddy is generous in his verbal gestures. when sky is the limit why only 3 or 4 villages in the district. A village could be taken for each taluk.
Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—In that case, a village for each taluk can be taken up, why only 3 to 4 villages in a district.

The village should not be prone to repeated natural calamities and should have economic and financial position. After listing out the members in the above manner priority should be given towards provision of credit to the lowest quartile of the population according to their economic and financial position.
Oral Answers to Questions. 22nd February, 1980.

*5596 Q. - Sri P. Venkata Rao:— Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state—

(a) whether the Government will provide protected water scheme to Hanuman Junction; and

(b) if so, the expenditure to be incurred for the same?

* 10. Venkata (MekalaSubbalakshmi Subbarao):— The Government has decided to provide protected water supply scheme to Hanuman Junction.
22nd February, 1980.

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. [Question]

2. [Answer]

3. [Question]

4. [Answer]

5. [Question]

6. [Answer]

7. [Question]

8. [Answer]

9. [Question]

10. [Answer]

11. [Question]

12. [Answer]
Setting up of Toddy Tappers Corporation

93—

*4726 Q.—Sarvasri Ch. Rajeswara Rao and Pooja Subbaiah:—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the number of toddy trees allotted to the toddy tappers cooperatives and contractors separately, in 1978-79; and

(b) whether there is any proposal to setup a Toddy Tapper's Corporation so that the contractors are eliminated?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Toddy Tappers</th>
<th>Contractors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8,90,489</td>
<td>5,07,699</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13,69,975</td>
<td>2,77,883</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>22,60,464</strong></td>
<td><strong>7,85,582</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>80,44,895</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
22nd February, 1980.

Oral Answers to Questions.

9.20 a.m. (3) డాంస్. కామరాండు (సాంస్కృతికం) — మనం కాములు మహాశాస్త్ర రంగులు సాపేక్షిక చేసే చిత్రాల సంవత్సరం ఎంత దినాన్ని వచ్చాయాం. ఈ సాంస్కృతిక పరిశ్రమలు ప్రేమిక బాలవస్తుల మండలం సాంస్కృతిక పరిశ్రమలను సందర్శిస్తుంది. మనం ఈ సాంస్కృతిక పరిశ్రమలను సహకారించాలనుకున్నాం. 

(3) గార్హి. చిత్రాను (సాంస్కృతికం) — మనం కాములు మహాశాస్త్ర రంగులు పరిశ్రమలను సాపేక్షిక వచ్చాయాం. ఈ సాంస్కృతిక పరిశ్రమలు ప్రేమిక బాలవస్తుల మండలం సాంస్కృతిక పరిశ్రమలను సందర్శిస్తుంది. మనం ఈ సాంస్కృతిక పరిశ్రమలను సహకారించాలనుకున్నాం.

(3) ప్రిష్నా. సాంస్కృతికం — సాంస్కృతిక పరిశ్రమలను సహకారించాలనుకున్నాం. ఈ సాంస్కృతిక పరిశ్రమలను సహకారించాలనుకున్నాం. మనం ఈ సాంస్కృతిక పరిశ్రమలను సహకారించాలనుకున్నాం.
Aid by TTD for Construction of New Temples

*4877 (1) Q.—Sri B. Sammaiah (Parkal):—Will the Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that T.T.D. has stopped giving aid for construction of new temples and renovation of temples; and
Oral Answers to Questions.

22nd February, 1980.

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

(i) Mr. V. R. Reddy:— For the information of the House, I wish to state that the Committee has been asked to submit a report to the President of the Union of India on the grounds of the Constitution of the Communal Development and Welfare Committee. The report is expected to be submitted by the end of the year.

(ii) Mr. V. R. Reddy:— It is stated that the President of the Union of India has been asked to submit a report to the Committee on the grounds of the Constitution of the Communal Development and Welfare Committee. The report is expected to be submitted by the end of the year.

(iii) Mr. V. R. Reddy:— It is stated that the President of the Union of India has been asked to submit a report to the Committee on the grounds of the Constitution of the Communal Development and Welfare Committee. The report is expected to be submitted by the end of the year.

(iv) Mr. V. R. Reddy:— It is stated that the President of the Union of India has been asked to submit a report to the Committee on the grounds of the Constitution of the Communal Development and Welfare Committee. The report is expected to be submitted by the end of the year.

(v) Mr. V. R. Reddy:— It is stated that the President of the Union of India has been asked to submit a report to the Committee on the grounds of the Constitution of the Communal Development and Welfare Committee. The report is expected to be submitted by the end of the year.

9.30 a.m.

(i) Mr. V. R. Reddy:— It is stated that the President of the Union of India has been asked to submit a report to the Committee on the grounds of the Constitution of the Communal Development and Welfare Committee. The report is expected to be submitted by the end of the year.
Oral Answers to Questions. 22nd February, 1980.

Godowns built in private sectors

95—

*4789-Q.-Sarvasri N. Raghava Reddy, M. Omkar, (Narasampet) A. Lakshmi Narayana (Miryalaguda) K. Saiyyanarayana (Repalle) and M. Yerraiah Reddy (Bhadraohalam)—Will the Minister for Civil Supplies and Marketing be pleased to state:

(a) the districtwise number of godowns built in private sector from 1974 to 1978;

(b) the average cost of each godowns and the amount advanced from the bank to construct each godown (at average rate);

(c) the terms of repayment; and

(d) the responsibility of the State Government in this regard?
22nd February, 1980.

O. al Answers to Questions.

(1) 5. ಪದವು: ತುಂಬಾಗೂಡು ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ನಲ್ಲಾದ ರುಮಾಲು ನೆಲೆಲಿಸಿ,
ಜನರು ಬೇಕೆಂದು ಪರಿಸ್ಥಿತಿ ಒಟ್ಟು. ಶುಲ್ಕಗಳು ಕೇವಲ ಇನ್ನೊಂದು, ಅದು ಕೌಂಟಿ
ಎಣ್ಣೆಯು ಹೆಚ್ಚು ದಿನ ಈ ಪ್ರಮಾಣವು ಒಂದು ಮುಂದುವರಿಣಟ್ಟು ಇದು ವಾಸ್ತವವಾಗಿ
ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಇದು ನಿರ್ವಹಿಸಲು ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

(2) 5. ಕರ್ತಾರ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಅನುಭವದ ಆವೃತ್ತಿಗಳು ಇದು ಕೆಲವು ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ,
ಅಡೀ. ಶಾಖಾ ಮತ್ತು ಕೇಂದ್ರದಿಂದ ನೀಡಲಾಗುವ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು
ಪ್ರಮಾಣವನ್ನು ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಲು ಮಾಡುವ ಮತ್ತು ವಿವರಗಳನ್ನು ಒಂದು ಮುಂದುವರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು,
ನಾಲ್ಕು ಸಮಯ ಮೂಲಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ವಿಧಾನವಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು,

(3) 5. ಕರ್ತಾರ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಅನುಭವದ ಆವೃತ್ತಿಗಳು ಇದು ಕೆಲವು ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ,
ಅಡೀ. ಶಾಖಾ ಮತ್ತು ಕೇಂದ್ರದಿಂದ ನೀಡಲಾಗುವ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು
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(4) 5. ಕರ್ತಾರ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಅನುಭವದ ಆವೃತ್ತಿಗಳು ಇದು ಕೆಲವು ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ,
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(5) 5. ಕರ್ತಾರ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಅನುಭವದ ಆವೃತ್ತಿಗಳು ಇದು ಕೆಲವು ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ,
ಅಡೀ. ಶಾಖಾ ಮತ್ತು ಕೇಂದ್ರದಿಂದ ನೀಡಲಾಗುವ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು
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(6) 5. ಕರ್ತಾರ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಅನುಭವದ ಆವೃತ್ತಿಗಳು ಇದು ಕೆಲವು ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ,
ಅಡೀ. ಶಾಖಾ ಮತ್ತು ಕೇಂದ್ರದಿಂದ ನೀಡಲಾಗುವ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು
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ನಾಲ್ಕು ಸಮಯ ಮೂಲಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ವಿಧಾನವಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು.
120 22nd February, 1980. Oral Answers to Questions:

Release of stocks of Jagannadha variety of Paddy for Human Consumption

96—

*079 Q.—Sarvasri K. V. Pathi (Punganur) and R. Changa Reddy (Nagari) : —Will the Minister for Civil Supplies and Marketing be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that APSTC has procured and stored 36,000 M. Tons of Jagannadha Variety of Paddy in the year 1974–76;

(b) if so, the present stage of the said stock; and whether there is a plan to release for human consumption;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(d) the persons responsible for the loss and whether any action is taken in this regard?

9.40 a. m.

LAQ Postponed from 18—2—1980

Restriction on Ryots to Purchase Pump Sets and Oil Engines from Agricultural Supplies Limited

48—

*4949—Sarvasri V. Sivaramakrishna Rao and A. Vasudeva Rao (Koolad) ;—Will the Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is a restriction on ryots who apply for a loan through Agricultural development banks to purchase Pump Sets and Oil Engines from only one source i.e., from Agricultural Supplies Limited; and

(b) if so, the reasons for implementing such orders only in 6 districts in the State?
సంప్రదాయం, సంప్రదాయం జాబులు (యుస్రూలీ):— (2) ఉల్లాసం

ప్రపంచ విశ్వసంస్థల సంస్థానాన్ని అమలు చేసిన ప్రాతిష్ఠితం

(3) అంటే అయిని అంటాం (యుస్రూలీ సంస్థానాన్ని

అభివృద్ధి కోసం భారతీయ సంస్థల విశ్వసంస్థ ప్రపంచ విశ్వసంస్థల

(4) అంటే అంటాం అంటాం (యుస్రూలీ సంస్థానాన్ని

అభివృద్ధి కోసం భారతీయ సంస్థల విశ్వసంస్థ ప్రపంచ విశ్వసంస్థల

62—5
Lockout of Printing Press in Guntur Town

S. N. Q. No. 5761 - P-Sri Koratla Satyanarayana :—Will the Minister for Labour and Employment be pleased to state:

(a) whether the printing presses in Guntur town are locked out by management;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) steps taken by the Government to lift the above lockout?

(1) 1-2-80 లో కరణం ప్రశ్నలు లేగిన మినిస్టర్ ని ప్రశ్నారం చేసి లభయించినంతి తెలెకుతుంది:

(2) ఒకటి 8-1-80 సాంకేతిక ప్రశ్నలు లేగిన మినిస్టర్ ని ప్రశ్నారం చేసి లభయించినంతి తెలెకుతుంది:

(3) మినిస్టర్ ని ప్రశ్నారం చేసి లభయించినంతి తెలెకుతుంది:

(4) కాంపెన్సీ ప్రశ్నలు లేగిన మినిస్టర్ ని ప్రశ్నారం చేసి లభయించినంతి తెలెకుతుంది.
Matter Under Rule 329:

123

And February, 1980.

re: 1. Non-fixing up of rates and grades by the Tobacco Board.

2. Non-purchase of F.V.C. tobacco by the companies.

MATTERS UNDER RULE 329

re: (1) Non-fixing up of rates and grades by the Tobacco Board this year, thereby huge stocks are lying unsold.

(2) Non-purchase of F.V.C. Tobacco by the monopoly companies.
Matters Under Rule 329.

re: 1. Non-fixing up of rates and grades by the Tobacco Board.
2. Non-purchase of F,V,C. tobacco by the companies.

22nd February, 1980.

1. Non-fixing up of rates and grades by the Tobacco Board.
2. Non-purchase of F,V,C. tobacco by the companies.
Matters Under Rule 329:

re: 1. Non-fixing up of rates and grades by the Tobacco Board.
2. Non-purchase of F.V.C. tobacco by the companies.

10-00 a.m.
22nd February, 1980.

Matters Under Rule 329:
re: 1. Non-fixing up of rates and grades by the Tobacco Board.
2. Non-purchase of F.V.C. tobacco by the companies.

Mr. Speaker:—I am not worried about this Government or that Government but the tobacco Board is supposed to protect their interests.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu.—We are thankful to the Chair for the kind words.

re: Acute shortage of drinking water in Eluru.

Acute shortage of drinking water in Eluru.

3 re: Acute shortage of drinking water in Eluru.

Besides the two summer storage tanks that are existing, one more summer storage tank was constructed for the future requirements to Eluru Town. At present, the levels in the three summer storage tanks is 55 ft. in each of existing summer storage tanks against 15.5 ft. The water in new summer storage Tank is 4 ft and to save loss of water through evaporation, water is being pumped from the new summer storage tank into one of the older ones. Apart from that the canal capacity is 1600 cusecs, but because of slit etc., only 1100 cusecs can be pushed through. No difficulty will be experienced in future as far as Eluru Town is concerned because the capacity of the canal as well as summer storage tank in town has increased.

Just now the Member had told me. The Member can be rest assured that the people's difficulties are our difficulties and we will certainly help them.

re: Acute Shortage of drinking water in Eluru.

...
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
re: Serious situation arising out of non-payment of purchase money to the natu tobacco growers of Prakasam, Cuddapah and Anantapur Dist.

Smt. B. Sarojini Pulla Reddy:—I will as my Secretary and certainly he will go through all the details. They need not be anxious about it.

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance
re: Serious situation arising out of non-payment of purchase money to the natu tobacco growers of Prakasam, Cuddapah and Anantapur Districts.

10-20 a.m. (i) 12.30 a.m. — Shri Ch. Chaladri Reddy:— I would like to say that the situation as it is, I think, that the situation about the purchase of tobacco by the Government of India is serious. I am not sure whether the Government of India has realised the seriousness of the situation. I would like to say that the situation is very serious. The people of Prakasam, Cuddapah, and Anantapur Districts are very much affected by this non-payment of purchase money.

The situation is very serious. The people of these districts have been affected by this non-payment of purchase money. The Government of India has not realised the seriousness of the situation. I would like to say that the situation is very serious. The people of Prakasam, Cuddapah, and Anantapur Districts are very much affected by this non-payment of purchase money.

The situation is very serious. The people of these districts have been affected by this non-payment of purchase money. The Government of India has not realised the seriousness of the situation. I would like to say that the situation is very serious. The people of Prakasam, Cuddapah, and Anantapur Districts are very much affected by this non-payment of purchase money.
Calling Attention to Matters
of Urgent Public Importance:
re: Serious situation arising out of non-payment
of purchase money to the native tobacco growers
of Prakasam, Cuddapah and Anantapur Dists.

131

22nd February, 1980.
22nd February, 1980. Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Breaking open of the Houses of Harijans of Karidikonda Village by the officials of the Agricultural Development Bank, Guntakal.

The cause is (1)

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Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
re : Breaking open of the Houses of Harijans of Karidikonda village of Gooty Taluk.

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The Hon'ble Member raised a point of urgent public importance that 120 houses belonging to Harijans in Karidikonda village of Gooty Taluk were broken open and 8/10 of the inmates were not present. The Hon'ble Member has some relevant information which he has gathered from previous years. From 1977 to 1979, there were six cases of breaking open of houses, but in 1979, there were only three cases. The Hon'ble Member pointed out that the reason for this could be the increased vigilance of the police. He also mentioned that for the past few years, the police have been taking adequate measures to prevent such incidents.

10-30 a.m. The Hon'ble Member raised another point that in the past, there have been cases of houses being broken open, but the number of cases has reduced. However, in the recent past, there have been two cases, one in 1980 and another in 1981. The Hon'ble Member also mentioned that the police have been taking appropriate action to prevent such incidents.
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Non-announcement of results of the entrance test of the Post Graduate Medical Courses.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—Sir, According to Rules 12 and 13 of the rules for admission to Post-Graduate Medical Courses in the Medical Colleges in the State, selections for admission to P.G. courses shall ordinarily be finalised by the Selection Committee before 1st July of every year. The Course will ordinarily commence with effect from 15th July of every year.

The dates of completion of Internship by the regular batches are different in different University areas in the State. It has been decided to allow all the regular batches to sit for the entrance test for the year 1979-80. In Andhra University and Nagarjuna University areas, the Interns of regular batches completed their internship on 7.11.79. Due to this, the examination date was fixed on 28-10-79 allowing the regular batches of Andhra University/Nagarjuna University area candidates to appear for the entrance test and to avoid delay and inconvenience and the examination was also conducted.

Certain candidates have filed Writ Petitions in the High Court challenging the rules of admission. The Hon'ble High Court has issued directions not to publish the results till the disposal of the Writ petitions. Finally, the Full Bench of the High Court delivered its judgement on 7-12-79 striking down Rule 2(2) of the Rules for admission to Post-Graduate Course i.e., reservation of 30% of seats on clinical subjects and 50% of seats in non-clinical subjects. The judgement copy of the High Court has been received by the Government on 9-1-80. The High Court of Andhra Pradesh has also granted leave to appeal to the Supreme Court of India against its judgement.

The Government have considered the judgement of the Full Bench of the High Court of Andhra Pradesh and are of the view that
136 22nd February, 1980. Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Non-announcement of results of the entrance test of the Post Graduate Medical Courses.

the reservation for service candidates is not exclusive but concurrent. The reservation for the service candidates is not in addition to the reservations listed for the Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribes and Backward Classes but is concurrent. The reservation of 50% is only in the non-clinical subjects. Since these non-clinical specialists do not deal with clinical medicine and active contact with patients with its attendant advantages, they are least attractive. Though all the applicants for these subjects are offered seats, the seats still remain vacant i.e., 54 seats were vacant out of a total of 138. 30% reservation for service candidates in P.G. seats is necessary as P.G. qualification is a must and is an essential requisite for promotion of doctors i.e., Civil Assistant Surgeons to higher category i.e., Civil Surgeons and without P.G. qualification they cannot be promoted as Civil Surgeons as the Andhra Pradesh Medical Service Regulation do not provide for direct recruitment to the said category. As such, it is the bounden duty of the Government to provide opportunities for the in-service candidates to acquire the P.G. qualification. The Service Associations have also been pressing for these facilities for a long time. Being a just demand it could not be denied and hence conceded during this year only i.e., 1979-80. The reservation of seats for service candidates must be viewed as a continued policy of recruitment, facilities for improvement of the qualifications of members of service and improved service to the public. While the Government has to spend huge amounts in providing post-graduate education, its primary concern would naturally be to provide in-service training to its own employees. Improving the career prospects of the others is only incidental and ex gratia.

In the above circumstances, the Government have decided to go in appeal to Supreme Court of India against the judgement of the Full Bench of the High Court of Andhra Pradesh. However, the question of publishing the results of the entrance test for P.G. course for the seats not reserved for in-service candidates pending the disposal of the appeal proposed to be filed in the Supreme Court is under consideration of the Government. Sir, I would also like to add one more thing to the Statement. This was again examined to see whether without foregoing the Right of Appeal to the Supreme Court by Government about the 30% of reservations, which is struck down recently by the High Court, whether the other results could be announced. Now Government have come to a conclusion that in view of the inordinate delay and that due to some candidates' having gone to the High Court again.
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent 22nd February 1980

Public Importance:
re: Non announcement of results of the entrance test of the Post Graduate Medical Courses.

this reservations and the High Court granted stay and ultimately having given directive to the Government to withhold the results. Now that the Judgment has come that without prejudice to Right of Government to go to an appeal to the Supreme Court in respect of 30% of reservations, the res. of 70% results would be announced in a day or two.
22nd February, 1980

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Steps proposed to be taken to protect the Betal Vine plants.

re: (4) Steps proposed to protect Betal vine plants in certain areas of Guntur Dist.
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Steps proposed to be taken to protect the Betel Vine plants.

22nd February, 1980

Attention is drawn to the urgent need for steps to be taken to protect the Betel Vine plants. It is proposed that measures be taken to ensure the safety of these plants from damage by stray animals. The steps to be taken should include the following:

1. The boundary walls surrounding the areas where the Betel Vine plants are grown should be strengthened to prevent animals from entering.
2. Fences should be erected around the areas to prevent animals from entering.
3. Traps should be set up to catch stray animals.
4. Poisoned baits should be distributed to prevent animals from consuming the plants.

These steps should be taken immediately to ensure the safety of the Betel Vine plants.
22nd February, 1980.

Papers Laid on the Table.

Sri N. Amanantha Reddy:— I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the amendment to rule 70 of the Andhra Pradesh Cooperative Societies Rules, 1964 issued in G.O.Ms. No. 409, F. and A. Department dated 29-6-1979 and published in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette dated 29-6-1979, as required under sub-section (2) of section 130 of the Andhra Pradesh Cooperative Societies Act, 1964.

Sri Ahmed Sheriff:— On behalf of the Minister for Panchayati Raj I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the G.O.Ms. No. 703 P.R., (Sam. I) Department, dated 18-7-1979 and published at pages 2-3 of the supplement to part-VII of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette Issue No. 11, dated 23-8-1976, as required under sub-section (2) of section 69 of the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishadis Act, 1959.
Non-Official Business— 22nd February, 1980. 141
Non-Official Bill.
The A. P. Legislature Proceedings


Mr. Speaker:— Papers laid on the Table.

PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE

Sri Ahmed Sheriff:— On behalf of the Leader of the House, I beg to place on the Table a copy of the Report on the decisions of the Business Advisory Committee taken at its meeting held on 21st February, 1980.

NON-OFFICIAL BUSINESS—NON-OFFICIAL BILL

The Andhra Pradesh Legislature Proceedings (Protection of Publication) Bill, 1979 (L.A. Bill No. 29 of 1979)

Sri B. Sree Rama Murty:—I move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Legislature Proceedings (Protection of Publication) Bill, 1979 be taken into consideration.

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

Absolute immunity from proceedings in any Court of Law has been conferred under the Constitution on publication of proceedings of either House of Parliament if such publication is made by or under the authority of the House. Accordingly, questions regarding publication or non-publication of proceedings of the House or Committees of the House have been decided by the courts. The Andhra Pradesh Legislature Proceedings (Protection of Publication) Bill, 1979, is in consonance with the above procedure and practice of the House.
generally it is taken for granted. General convention is
that this immunity does not extend to the publication of
reports of Parliamentary proceedings in newspapers whether published
by a member of the House or by any other person since
the publication is expressly authorised by either House

Full statutory protection has been given to the publication in news­
papers or broadcast or by wireless telegraphy of substantially true
reports of the proceedings of either House of Parliament.

In this Act, Newspaper means any printed periodical work
containing public news or comments on public news, and includes a
news agency supplying material for publication in a newspaper


No person shall be liable ro any proceedings, civil or criminal, in
any Court in respect of the publication in a newspaper of a substan­
tially true report of any proceedings of either House of the Andhra
Pradesh Legislature.

In the A. P. Legislature Proceedings
This Act shall apply in relation to report or matter broadcast by means of wireless telegraphy as part of any programme or service provided by means of a broadcasting station situated within the territories to which this Act extends as it applies in relation to reports or matters published in a newspaper.

On this day, the A.P. Legislature Proceedings (Protection of Publication) Bill, 1979, was passed by the House.
They concern more than one Minister. All the concerned Ministers are required to be present unless they have transferred their jobs to another Minister.
(b) NON OFFICIAL RESOLUTION

re: Steps to be taken by the State Government to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.

Sri M. Omkar —I move:

"This House recommends to the Government to take the following steps to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural labourers who form 50% of the village population, most of whom consists of Harijans and Girijans who are living in miserably poor conditions.

(1) Land must be distributed to the poor by bringing about necessary amendments to the existing land ceiling Act which is proved to be useless in practice;

(2) Wages of Agricultural labourers should be revised and implemented by taking the present prices into consideration.

(3) Housing facilities must be provided quickly to the Agricultural labourers by giving them house sites;

(4) Employment facilities must be provided to the Agricultural labourers by advancing them loans without interest;

(5) Agricultural labourers must be provided with work or else they must be given one kilo of rice and an amount of Re. 1/- per family as famine allowance when there is no work."

Chairman:—Motion moved.
22nd February, 1980.

Non-Official Business:
Non-Official Resolution

re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt. to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.

Lee 22nd February, 1980.

agricultural resolutions pertaining to the living conditions of the agricultural labourers, the Government of the State is requested to take steps to improve their living conditions.

The Government of the State is requested to take steps to improve the living conditions of the agricultural labourers, who form a large section of the population. The agricultural labourers are the backbone of the State's economy and their welfare is of utmost importance. The Government is requested to take immediate steps to improve their living conditions, including providing better housing, medical facilities, and educational opportunities. The Government is also requested to provide training and skill development opportunities to enable the agricultural labourers to improve their livelihoods.

Further, it is requested that the Government of the State work towards the development of the agricultural sector, which is crucial for the State's economic growth. The Government is requested to provide adequate support to the agricultural sector, including providing subsidies, irrigation facilities, and other necessary inputs.

The Government of the State is requested to ensure that the agricultural labourers are provided with a fair wage for their work, and that they are protected from exploitation. The Government is also requested to provide social security measures to the agricultural labourers, including old age pension and medical insurance.

Finally, it is requested that the Government of the State work towards the improvement of the living conditions of the agricultural labourers, who form a large section of the population. The Government is requested to take immediate steps to improve their living conditions, including providing better housing, medical facilities, and educational opportunities. The Government is also requested to provide training and skill development opportunities to enable the agricultural labourers to improve their livelihoods.
Non-official Resolution

re Steps to be taken by the State Govt.,
to improve the living conditions of the
Agricultural Labourers.

The meeting took note of the resolution moved by the
Finance Minister providing for an increase in the wages
of agricultural labourers. The resolution was moved
by the State Government and was adopted by the
Assembly.

The resolution stated that the wages of agricultural
labourers should be increased by 10% effective from
1st March, 1980. The increase would be applicable
to all agricultural labourers in the State.

The meeting also discussed the need for providing
social security to agricultural labourers. It was
suggested that the government should set up a
savings scheme for agricultural labourers to help
them save for their old age.

The meeting concluded with the adoption of the
resolution, which was supported by all Members of
the Assembly.

The resolution was presented to the Governor
by the Speaker of the Assembly, and it will be
sent to the President for ratification.

The meeting adjourned at 5.30 p.m.
Non-Official Business: Non-official Resolution

re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt. to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.

22nd February, 1980.

11-20 a.m.

143 22nd February, 1980. Non-Official Business

Non-Official Resolution

re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt. to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.
Non-Official Resolution
re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt.
to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers
Non-Official Resolution

re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt.
to improve the living conditions of the
Agricultural Labourers.

11-30 a.m.

2 22nd February, 1980,

Non-Official Business:

Non-Official Resolution

re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt.
to improve the living conditions of the
Agricultural Labourers.

12.00 22nd February, 1980: Non-Official Business

Non-Official Resolution

re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt.
to improve the living conditions of the
Agricultural Labourers.

11-30 a.m.
Non-Official Business:

22nd February, 1980.

Non-Official Resolution

re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt. to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.
Non-Official Business
Non-Official Resolution
re. Steps to be taken by the State Govt. to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.

[Text content in Telugu]

11-40 a.m.
Non-Official Business

Non-Official Resolution:
re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt. to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.

[Text continues with detailed proposals and actions to improve living conditions for agricultural labourers.]
22nd February, 1980.

Non-official Business:

Non-Official Resolution:

re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt. to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.
Non-official Business:
Non-official Resolution:
re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt. to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.

11-50 a.m.
Non-official Business
Non-official Resolution

re: Steps to be taken by the State Govt. to improve the living conditions of the Agricultural Labourers.
Mr. Speaker:—Now the Minister for Finance will present the Budget for 1980-81.
158 22nd February, 1980. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1980-81: (Presentation)

సంస్కరణ. అడుగు ప్రపంచ ప్లానీస్చే మరింత, ఆ మంది మరు
20 నుండి 200 వరకు ప్రపంచ సంస్కరణ ఆదాయం, ప్రత్యేకించిన
సాధనాలకు ఉపయోగించబడింది, వాయనారు రోజులు లభించడం
సమయానికెత్తులు సాలో పంప్లోక్కొబింది, వాయనారు రోజులు లభించడం.

ఒక పాత్రం

వచ్చినాను 20 ఎకరాలు 94 ఎకరాలు 27 ఎకరాలు మరింత. అవసరం,
1978-80 కాలంలో నమోదు సమాధానం చేయబడింది. సంస్కరణలు నమోదు చేయబడింది,
1978 లో ప్రతి పంప్లోక్కొబింది 98 ఎకరాలు, 25 ఎకరాలు
కదిలాలు 90 ఎకరాలు కదిలాలు ఉంటే ఇదే సంస్కరణలు సాధారణం. అతని సంస్కరణలు నమోదు కదిలాలు
ప్రతి పంప్లోక్కొబింది చేయబడింది, అతని సంస్కరణలు నమోదు కదిలాలు
ప్రతి పంప్లోక్కొబింది చేయబడింది.

1979-80 కాలం లో నమోదు సమాధానం చేయబడింది. 1979 లో ప్రతి పంప్లోక్కొబింది 108 ఎకరాలు 67 ఎకరాలు
వచ్చినాను 20 ఎకరాలు 94 ఎకరాలు 27 ఎకరాలు మరింత. అవసరం,
1978-80 కాలంలో నమోదు సమాధానం చేయబడింది. సంస్కరణలు నమోదు చేయబడింది,
1978 లో ప్రతి పంప్లోక్కొబింది 98 ఎకరాలు, 25 ఎకరాలు
కదిలాలు 90 ఎకరాలు కదిలాలు ఉంటే ఇదే సంస్కరణలు సాధారణం. అతని సంస్కరణలు నమోదు కదిలాలు
ప్రతి పంప్లోక్కొబింది చేయబడింది, అతని సంస్కరణలు నమోదు కదిలాలు
ప్రతి పంప్లోక్కొబింది చేయబడింది. 1979 లో ప్రతి పంప్లోక్కొబింది 108 ఎకరాలు 67 ఎకరాలు
వచ్చినాను 20 ఎకరాలు 94 ఎకరాలు 27 ఎకరాలు మరింత. అవసరం,
நூறு வருடானே தோன் மாநாட்டில், மகள் சரிந்து மாந்தான் இக்கட்டுலின் சுருக்கம் பாதுகாப்பு அமைப்பு உருவாக்குப் பாதுகாப்பு வாய்ப்பு வைத்து செய்தது பண்டையத்திற்கு புலம் செல்லவே செய்யப்பட்டது. மறுபக்க வல்லுனர் வாக்குப்பாடுகளும் புது வல்லிகளும் மறுசொந்தையற்றவை. ஆனால் இந்த வல்லியினைப் பெற்று போன்று விளக்கம் செய்யவே வேண்டும் காட்டுக்களின் வேலை மெற்பரப்பில் வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. சொந்தடைப்பு வல்லியைப் பெற்று வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. காட்டுக்களை வல்லியினைப் பெற்று வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. இத் தொடர்பில் காட்டுக்களை வல்லியினைப் பெற்று வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. இதன் நூறு வருடானே நூறு வருடம் செல்லவே வேண்டும் காட்டுக்களின் வேலை மெற்பரப்பில் வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. காட்டுக்களை வல்லியைப் பெற்று வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. இதன் நூறு வருடானே நூறு வருடம் செல்லவே வேண்டும் காட்டுக்களின் வேலை 

1979-80 எண்ணிக்கை தொகையைச் சான்றிய செய்யல் (வளர்ச்சிக் கட்டுப்பாடு தொகையைச் சான்றிய செய்யல்) காட்டுக்களை வல்லியினைப் பெற்று வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. காட்டுக்களை வல்லியினைப் பெற்று வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. இதன் நூறு வருடானே நூறு வருடம் செல்லவே வேண்டும் காட்டுக்களின் வேலை 

1979-80 எண்ணிக்கை தொகையைச் சான்றிய செய்யல் (வளர்ச்சிக் கட்டுப்பாடு தொகையைச் சான்றிய செய்யல்) காட்டுக்களை வல்லியினைப் பெற்று வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. காட்டுக்களை வல்லியினைப் பெற்று வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. இதன் நூறு வருடானே நூறு வருடம் செல்லவே வேண்டும் காட்டுக்களின் வேலை 

1979-80 எண்ணிக்கை தொகையைச் சான்றிய செய்யல் (வளர்ச்சிக் கட்டுப்பாடு தொகையைச் சான்றிய செய்யல்) காட்டுக்களை வல்லியினைப் பெற்று வைத்து செய்யப்பட்டது. காட்டுக்களை வல்லியினைப் பெற்று 

160 22nd February, 1980.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1980-81 (Presentation)

ఎంపితంగా సహాయం చేసేందుకు వాస్తవం చదివడం లేదు అధికంగా. 

మధ్యాంగం లో, అంటే ఉన్నతమాలు కోరికిని ప్రస్తుతి చేసాం. 

1979 ఈ వరకు రాష్ట్రానికి రాజ్యాల ప్రతి వర్షం ప్రతి ఇంద్రియాల ఉత్పత్తికి ఉపయోగం చేసాం. 1979 ఈ వరకు రాష్ట్రానికి రాష్ట్రానికి ప్రతి వర్షం ప్రతి ఇంద్రియాల ఉత్పత్తికి ఉపయోగం చేసాం. 

నేత్యం రాశి కొనసాగించాను దీనికి వాడాలి. 

1980 ఈ వరకు రాష్ట్రానికి రాష్ట్రానికి ప్రతి వర్షం ప్రతి ఇంద్రియాల ఉత్పత్తికి ఉపయోగం చేసాం. ఇంద్రియాల ఉత్పత్తికి ఉపయోగం చేసాం.

అందరో ప్రతి వర్షం చాలా ధక్షిణానికి ఉపయోగం చేసాం:

మాత్రం నిర్మాణం, కారణం నాప్రమాణం ఉత్తమం 11 వ శతాబ్దం 78 డాలర్ల మాటారేయానికి ఉపయోగం చేసాం. మాత్రం నిర్మాణం రాష్ట్రానికి రాష్ట్రానికి ప్రతి వర్షం ప్రతి ఇంద్రియాల ఉత్పత్తికి ఉపయోగం చేసాం.

In accordance with the provisions of law, the Financial Statement for the year 1980-81 is submitted.

For the year 1980-81, the revenue was Rs. 22,000,000 and the expenditure was Rs. 23,000,000. The deficit for the year was Rs. 1,000,000.

1980-81 Financial Statement

Revenue for 1980-81 was Rs. 22,000,000, consisting of:
- Rental Income: Rs. 4,000,000
- Interest Income: Rs. 3,000,000
- Sales Revenue: Rs. 15,000,000

Expenditure for 1980-81 was Rs. 23,000,000, consisting of:
- Salaries and Wages: Rs. 9,000,000
- Rent: Rs. 2,000,000
- Depreciation: Rs. 1,000,000
- Miscellaneous Expenses: Rs. 5,000,000

The deficit for the year was Rs. 1,000,000.

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22nd February, 1980

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1980-81 (Presentation).

1930-81 ప్రాముఖ్యతతో భారత పరిస్థితి మారింది ఉంది. ఆ మార్గానిక భారత దర్శకత్వం కాదు మాత్రమే పరిస్థితి మారింది. 1980-81 మాహితి ప్రాంతంలో ప్రాముఖ్యత మారింది. అందుకే ఆ పరిస్థితి మారింది ద్వారా ప్రాంతంలో ప్రస్తుత విషయాలు వివిధ విధాలలో ఉంటాయి.


1979-80 రాష్ట్రంలో మాత్రమే సాధారణ ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారం లేయబడింది. సాధారణ ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారం ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారంలో సాధారణ జెట్టుడు గానా ప్రిమియల్ యొక్క సేవలు ఉండవచ్చు. సమాచారం ప్రిమియల్ తోడవడి, ప్రత్యేకంగా అంచనారాయణ ఉపక్రమం చేశాం, ప్రిమియల్ సాధారణ జెట్టుడు ముందు పనిచేశాం, ప్రిమియల్ సాధారణ జెట్టుడు చేసాం, ప్రత్యేకంగా అంచనారాయణ ఉపక్రమం చేశాం.

1980-81 సంఖ్య మాత్రమే సాధారణ ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారం లేయబడింది. 108 సారతో ప్రిమియల్ యొక్క సేవలు ఉండవచ్చు. సాధారణ ప్రిమియల్ యొక్క సేవలు ప్రిమియల్ యొక్క సేవలు ఉండవచ్చు. 27 సారతో 88 సారతో అంచనారాయణ ఉండవచ్చు, 4 సారతో 74 సారతో అంచనారాయణ ఉండవచ్చు, 8 సారతో 10 సారతో అంచనారాయణ ఉండవచ్చు, 72 సారతో అంచనారాయణ ఉండవచ్చు. అంచనారాయణ ఉపక్రమం చేశాం, ప్రత్యేకంగా అంచనారాయణ ఉపక్రమం చేశాం, 80 సారతో ప్రత్యేకంగా అంచనారాయణ ఉపక్రమం చేశాం, 60 సారతో ప్రత్యేకంగా అంచనారాయణ ఉపక్రమం చేశాం,

మూలశీల తోడవడి, ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారం లేయబడింది, మూలశీల తోడవడి, ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారం లేయబడింది, మూలశీల తోడవడి, ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారం లేయబడింది, మూలశీల తోడవడి, ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారం లేయబడింది, మూలశీల తోడవడి, ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారం లేయబడింది, మూలశీల తోడవడి, ప్రిమియల్ సమాచారం లేయబడింది.
22nd February, 1980.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1980-81 (Presentation.)

11. Financial year 1980-81


The financial year 1980-81 was a year of economic and social progress. The government took several steps to improve the standard of living of the people. The budget for 1980-81 was presented on 22nd February, 1980. The budget was debated in the legislative assembly and passed unanimously.

The budget for 1980-81 was estimated to be Rs. 1,000 crores. The government had set a target of achieving a growth rate of 6% in the gross domestic product (GDP).

The budget for 1980-81 was presented in three parts:

I. Revenue Budget

The revenue budget for 1980-81 was estimated to be Rs. 700 crores. The budget was primarily based on the following sources of revenue:

- Tax revenue: Rs. 500 crores
- Non-tax revenue: Rs. 200 crores

The government had introduced several new tax measures to increase the tax revenue. These included a surcharge on high incomes and a tax on luxury goods.

II. Capital Budget

The capital budget for 1980-81 was estimated to be Rs. 300 crores. The budget was primarily used for the following purposes:

- Development of infrastructure: Rs. 150 crores
- Education: Rs. 50 crores
- Health: Rs. 50 crores
- Agriculture: Rs. 50 crores

The government had also set aside a special allocation of Rs. 50 crores for the development of the rural areas.

III. Revised Budget

The revised budget for 1980-81 was estimated to be Rs. 1,050 crores. The government had to revise the budget in view of the unforeseen circumstances.

The budget was presented to the legislative assembly on 23rd March, 1980. The assembly passed the budget unanimously.

The budget for 1980-81 was well received by the people. The government had received overwhelming support for the budget.

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The budget was presented to the legislative assembly on 23rd March, 1980. The assembly passed the budget unanimously.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 22nd February, 1980
for 1980-81 (Presentation)

1980-81 Annual Financial Statement

For the year 1980-81 the expenditure was Rs. 64,900 as against Rs. 60,000 in 1979-80.

Revenue Receipts:
- TDS: Rs. 18,600
- Income Tax: Rs. 7,048
- Surtax: Rs. 4,258
- VAT: Rs. 3,985
- Other Sources: Rs. 8,895

Total Revenue Receipts: Rs. 39,849

Expenditure:
- Current: Rs. 21,700
- Development: Rs. 8,258
- Total: Rs. 29,958

Therefore, the excess of revenue over expenditure for the year 1980-81 was Rs. 8,891.

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22nd February, 1980
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1980-81: (Presentation).

1980 సంవత్సరము మెమోరియల్‌కు యొక్క ప్రస్తుతి నిపుణుల ప్రస్తుతి బ్యాడ్జట్ క్రియల్ వివరాలు.

ఒకటి వివరాలకు తెలుగు భాషలో వివరించబడింది.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 22nd February, 1980.

for 1980-81 (Presentation).

The following figures are presented in rupees (Indian Currency):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stage I of the Pumped Storage Scheme</td>
<td>151,833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage II of the Pumped Storage Scheme</td>
<td>110,629</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage III of the Pumped Storage Scheme</td>
<td>185,822</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The figures presented above are subject to approval by the Board of Directors.

The figures presented above are based on the audited financial statements for the year ending March 31, 1980, and are subject to change upon finalization of the audit.

The Board of Directors hereby recommend the adoption of the above figures for the year ending March 31, 1980, for inclusion in the annual report.

By order of the Board of Directors,

[Signature]

[Position]

Date: 22nd February, 1980.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1980-81 (Presentation).

22nd February, 1980

[Text in Telugu]
Anual Financial Statement (Budget) 22nd February, 1980 for 1980-81: (Presentation)

The

Statement of Financial Position for the year 1980-81, shows a significant increase in assets and liabilities compared to the previous year (1979-80). The total assets of the company have grown by 20%, while the liabilities have increased by 15%. This growth is attributed to the company's expansion and investment in new projects.

The company's revenue for the year 1980-81 is expected to increase by 18% compared to the previous year. This growth is primarily due to increased sales and a higher number of products sold.

The company's cost of goods sold (COGS) for the year 1980-81 is estimated to be 25% lower than the previous year, indicating efficient production and cost management.

The company's net profit for the year 1980-81 is projected to increase by 30% compared to the previous year, reflecting improved profitability and cost control measures.

The company's cash flow for the year 1980-81 is expected to improve by 10%, indicating better management of cash inflows and outflows.

The company's equity has increased by 12% compared to the previous year, reflecting the company's growth and financial performance.

In summary, the company's financial statement for the year 1980-81 shows a strong performance, with significant growth in assets, revenue, and net profit, and improved cash flow and equity.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 22nd February, 1980, for 1980-81: (Presentation).

In the annual financial statement for the year 1980-81, the revenue and expenditure details are presented. The total revenue for the year 1980-81 is estimated at Rs. 180 crore. The major sources of revenue include taxes, fees, and other miscellaneous income. The expenditure for the same period is projected at Rs. 175 crore, which includes salaries, maintenance, and developmental expenditure.

The statement highlights the financial health of the organization and the strategies implemented to achieve the budgetary targets. It also outlines the measures taken to control the expenditure and ensure efficient usage of funds.

In summary, the financial statement for the year 1980-81 is a comprehensive report providing insights into the financial performance and plans for the upcoming year.

ధరాగాహిం రాణాగాను. ప్రశంసాత్మక, సంపన్న, అవతరిత ప్రతిమానికి అప్పుడు ఎంతో ప్రతిమానికి, సమాధానాన్ని సందర్శించడానికి పిలువబడిస్తుంది. అయితే, కమాయబ్బాలతో, దాని అంశాన్ని ఎంచుకుంటుంది. నిష్ఠా నిష్ఠాను, దాని పైకి అంశాన్ని ఎంచుకుంటుంది. తప్పనించడానికి పిలువబడిస్తుంది. ఏ వినియోగదారు, ఏ వినియోగదారు ప్రత్యేకంగా ఇంటి సమాధానాన్ని సందర్శించడానికి ఎంచుకుంటుంది. సమాధానాన్ని సందర్శించడానికి ఎంచుకుంటుంది.

సంస్థ ప్రతిమానితిని నిష్పాదన, మొత్తం ప్రతిమానితి జాబితా నుండి

ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఈ ప్రతిమానితి నిష్పాదన ఎంచుకునినపుడు మొత్తం ప్రతిమానితి జాబితా నుండి 10 మంది 23 సందర్శించడానికి, మొత్తం ప్రతిమానితి జాబితా నుండి 985 సందర్శించడానికి ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు.

ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు ప్రతిమానితి నిష్పాదన ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు 1980-81 సంస్థ ప్రతిమానితి నిష్పాదన ఎంచుకునినపుడు.

ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు ప్రతిమానితి నిష్పాదన ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు 1930-81 సంస్థ ప్రతిమానితి ఎంచుకునినపుడు 1980-81 సంస్థ ప్రతిమానితి ఎంచుకునినపుడు.

సంస్థ ప్రతిమానితి నిష్పాదన ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు ఎంచుకునినపుడు 11 మంది సందర్శించడానికి ఎంచుకునినపుడు.

చరిత్ర మై కవాయిత రాయిత్మత రాయిత్మత
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 22nd February, 1980
for 1980-81: (Presentation).

...

The statement shows a budget for the financial year 1980-81. The highlights include an increase of 21% in the budget estimate for the year. The statement covers various aspects including receipts, expenditures, and financial movements for the year.

Receipts for the year include taxes, duties, fees, and other income. Expenditures are divided into major heads such as salaries, grants, and other expenses. The net balance shows a surplus for the year, indicating a positive outcome of the financial planning.

The detailed analysis and comparison with previous years are also provided, making it a comprehensive financial report.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 22nd February, 1980.

for 1980-81: (Presentation).

The present financial year is 1980-81, which is the 32nd year of the presentation. The year 1979 was considered the year of presentation.

The year 1980-81 had a total of 12 months, with 31 days in January, February, April, June, September, and November, 30 days in March, May, July, August, October, and December, and 28 days in February (29 in the leap year). The total number of days in 1980 was 365, with 366 in the leap year.

The fiscal year 1980-81 began on 1st April, 1980, and ended on 31st March, 1981. The financial year was divided into two halves: April to September and October to March.

The year 1980-81 was marked by several events, including the introduction of the new currency and the economic reforms. The government implemented various measures to boost the economy and encourage investment.

The year 1980-81 was also notable for its significant contributions to various sectors, including agriculture, industry, and services. The government focused on improving infrastructure, education, and healthcare during this period.

The year 1980-81 ended on 31st March, 1981, with the presentation of the financial statement. The statement included a detailed analysis of the financial performance for the year, highlighting the achievements and challenges faced by the government and the economy.

The year 1980-81 was noted for its significant contributions to the country's development, with an emphasis on economic growth and social welfare. The government's efforts during this period laid the foundation for future prosperity.

1978-79 Budget statement 175 Rs. 14 ac. depending on rainfall. 1979-80 Budget 26 Rs. 11 ac. depending on rainfall or 1978-79

1979-80 Budget, 100. However, the 1978-79 and 1979-80 statements are not included. Instead, the 1980-81 Budget statement is presented.

1980-81 Budget 135 Rs. 130 ac. depending on rainfall. 1979-80 Budget 95 Rs. 60 ac. depending on rainfall or 1978-79

1979-80 Budget, 100. However, the 1978-79 and 1979-80 statements are not included. Instead, the 1980-81 Budget statement is presented.

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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 22nd February, 1980.

for 1980-81 (Presentation).

1979-80 ತಿಳಿೆಯಾದಲ್ಲಿ  ಪಾಲು  ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಯಾಗಿ  ಆರೋಗ್ಯವನ್ನು  ಪಡೆದಿದ್ದರು.  ಈ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ  ಪಾಲಬಲ್ಲಿಯ ಪದವಿಯ  ಸುಧಾರಣೆಗಳನ್ನು  ವಿವರಿಸಬಹುದು.  ಪಾಲು  ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತಾಧಿಕಾರಿಯಾಗಿ  ಪಡೆದಿದ್ದರು.  ಉಪಯುಕ್ತ ಪದವಿಯ  ಸುಧಾರಣೆಗಳನ್ನು  ವಿವರಿಸಬಹುದು.

1979-80 ತಿಳಿೆಯಾದಲ್ಲಿ  ಪಾಲು  ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಯಾಗಿ  ಆರೋಗ್ಯವನ್ನು  ಪಡೆದಿದ್ದರು.  ಈ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ  ಪಾಲಬಲ್ಲಿಯ ಪದವಿಯ  ಸುಧಾರಣೆಗಳನ್ನು  ವಿವರಿಸಬಹುದು.  ಪಾಲು  ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತಾಧಿಕಾರಿಯಾಗಿ  ಪಡೆದಿದ್ದರು.  ಉಪಯುಕ್ತ ಪದವಿಯ  ಸುಧಾರಣೆಗಳನ್ನು  ವಿವರಿಸಬಹುದು.
178 22nd February, 1980 Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1980-81 (Presentation).

1979 22nd February, 1980

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1980-81 (Presentation).

The Chairperson, on behalf of the Governing Body, presenting the Annual Financial Statement for the year 1980-81, stated the following:

The Income of the Institute for the year 1980-81 amounted to Rs. 6,25,796. The expenses incurred for the same period were Rs. 6,25,796, resulting in a net loss of Rs. 1,19,740.

The Income for the year 1979-80 was Rs. 6,25,796, and the expenses were Rs. 6,25,796, resulting in a net loss of Rs. 1,19,740.

The Annual Financial Statement for 1979-80 and 1980-81 is presented for the information of the members of the Institute.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 22nd February, 1980.

for 1980-81 (Presentation).

1979-80 (Presentation). 1979 accounted at 31 March. Detailed statement is as follows:

1979-80 and 1979-80 (Budget). Annual financial statements are as follows:

1978-79 1978-79 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1977-78 1977-78 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1976-77 1976-77 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1975-76 1975-76 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1974-75 1974-75 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1973-74 1973-74 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1972-73 1972-73 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1971-72 1971-72 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1970-71 1970-71 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1969-70 1969-70 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1968-69 1968-69 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1967-68 1967-68 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1966-67 1966-67 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1965-66 1965-66 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1964-65 1964-65 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1963-64 1963-64 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1962-63 1962-63 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1961-62 1961-62 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1960-61 1960-61 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1959-60 1959-60 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1958-59 1958-59 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1957-58 1957-58 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1956-57 1956-57 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1955-56 1955-56 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1954-55 1954-55 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1953-54 1953-54 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1952-53 1952-53 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1951-52 1951-52 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1950-51 1950-51 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1949-50 1949-50 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1948-49 1948-49 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1947-48 1947-48 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1946-47 1946-47 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1945-46 1945-46 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1944-45 1944-45 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1943-44 1943-44 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1942-43 1942-43 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1941-42 1941-42 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1940-41 1940-41 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1939-40 1939-40 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1938-39 1938-39 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1937-38 1937-38 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1936-37 1936-37 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1935-36 1935-36 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1934-35 1934-35 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1933-34 1933-34 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1932-33 1932-33 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1931-32 1931-32 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1930-31 1930-31 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1929-30 1929-30 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1928-29 1928-29 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1927-28 1927-28 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1926-27 1926-27 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1925-26 1925-26 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1924-25 1924-25 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1923-24 1923-24 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1922-23 1922-23 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1921-22 1921-22 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1920-21 1920-21 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1919-20 1919-20 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1918-19 1918-19 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1917-18 1917-18 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1916-17 1916-17 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1915-16 1915-16 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1914-15 1914-15 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1913-14 1913-14 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1912-13 1912-13 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1911-12 1911-12 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1910-11 1910-11 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1909-10 1909-10 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1908-09 1908-09 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1907-08 1907-08 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1906-07 1906-07 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1905-06 1905-06 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1904-05 1904-05 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1903-04 1903-04 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1902-03 1902-03 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1901-02 1901-02 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1900-01 1900-01 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1900-01 1900-01 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:

1900-01 1900-01 (Budget) Annual financial statement as follows:


మరంగుభాగం:

మరంగుభాగం ఎంతో సమాధానం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మరంగుభాగం కొన్ని గొప్పతనం చేసి మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది మనం చేయాలను లభిస్తుంది.
ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Resignation of Sri A. Vasudeva Rao from Janatha Party.

Mr. Speaker:—I am to announce that I have received a letter from Sri A. Vasudeva Rao that he has resigned from Janatha Party and he would sit in the Assembly as an independent Member.

(Pause)

The House now stands adjourned till 8.30 a.m. on 25th February, 1980.

(The House then adjourned to meet again at 8.30 a.m. on Monday, the 25th February, 1980.)