# THE ANDHRA PRADESH Legislative Assembly Debates

## OFFICIAL REPORT

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1981.
O RAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Starting of Jaguar Plane Aeronautics at H. A. L., Hyderabad

1—

*4727 Q.— Sarvasri Ch. Rajeshwara Rao, (Sircilla), Pooba Subbaiah (Markapur) and B. Machinder Rao (Secunderabad Contonement):— Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that it was decided to start the Jaguar plane aeronautics, at H.A.L. Hyderabad;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the Government of India now wants to set up the new unit at Chirrapur in Punjab instead of Hyderabad;

(c) whether the state Government have taken up matter with the Central Government that unit should be set up at Hyderabad; and

(d) if so, the rule of the same ?

(27)
Sri B. Mach'nder Rao:- Is the Government aware of the fact that the Defence Expert Committee, which has assessed the resources, have said that aeronautic equipment can be manufactured at Hyderabad.
This unit will be fit for manufacturing the Jaguar planes because they are already manufacturing another type of plane and its components. Will the Chief Minister ask the HAL whether and, power, water etc., can be supplied to them?

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:—I have just now mentioned that I have clearly written to Mr. Shair Singh about the infrastructure facilities, provision of land, water supply, etc. In addition to that we have also mentioned that we have got a good electronic industry and a big nucleus here. The existence of HAL has also been mentioned.

New Scheme of Providing Special Incentives to Speed up the Industrial Development.

2—

2340-Q—Sri K. Govinda Rao (Anakapalli):— Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Financial Corporation has introduced a new scheme of providing special incentives to speed-up the industrial development in 11 centres identified by the Union Government in our State;

(b) if so, the names of those centres;

(c) the special incentives to be introduced by the Corporation; and

(d) whether a copy of the proposed Scheme containing details be placed on the Table of the House?

The A.P.S.F.C. has introduced a Special Scheme to give impetus to rural industrialisation and encourage setting up of small and tiny industries by people from the weaker sections. The A.P.S.F.C. has identified Growth Centres in consultation with A.P.I.L.C. and A.P.S.E.B. after taking into account, the facilities available for developing industries and to hasten rural development through industries in the Small Scale Sector and tiny sector. These growth centres are different from the District Industries Centres being established in Andhra Pradesh as part of centrally sponsored schemes.
The State Government have already set up 11 District Industries Centres under the schemes formulated by Government of India and have recently ordered setting up of 3 more district industries centres at Kurnool, Ongole and Adilabad. However, no specific growth centres within the district have as yet been identified for development by the D.I.Cs. Growth Centres identified by the A.P.S.F.C. are, however, located in places where the DICs have already been set up. The growth centres of A.P.S. .C. are shown below:

<table>
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<th>District</th>
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<td>Kattedan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
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<td>Anantapur</td>
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<td>Karimnagar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>Kothagudem</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>Suryapet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SPECIAL INCENTIVES

1. Small Scale Sector: In case of small sector, the normal interest rate is 9% in backward areas and 11% in forward areas. A 1% interest rebate for projects coming up in the growth centres and 2% interest rebate for such of those projects promoted by entrepreneurs from weaker sections are given as special incentive. They are valid for all loans sanctioned during the financial year 1978—79.

2. Tiny Sector - In case of Tiny sector also (i.e.,) where the total cost of the project is below Rs. 1.00 lakh, the normal interest rebates are as indicated for the small scale sector. The special incentives offered are an interest rebate of 2% for projects coming in the growth centres and 3% interest rebate for the projects sponsored by weaker sections. They are valid for all loans sanctioned during the financial year 1978—79.
Answers to Questions. 4th October, 1979.

... however, no specific growth centres within the district have yet been identified for development by the DICs. Growth Centres identified by the APSFC are however located in places where the DICs have already been set up.

... The State Government have already set up 11 District Industries Centres under the schemes formulated by Government of India and have recently ordered setting up of three more district industries centres at Kurnool, Ongole and Adilabad. However, no specific growth centres within the district have as yet been identified.

Oral Answers to Questions

40 a.m.

Mr. Chitla Reddy (Kollam):—

These are like Government organisations: Where we give all assistance.
Staying of Govt. Employees in Govt. Quarters even after their retirement

Q. Sarvasri D. Narasaiah (Asifabad) and B. Sammaiah (Paika) :—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government have issued orders permitting the retired Government employees to stay in Government Quarters by paying standard rent even after their retirement, indefinitely;

(b) if so, the rational behind this decision;

(c) whether there is any proposal before the Government to with-draw such orders as thousands of inservice Government Servants in twin cities are waiting for allotment of Government Quarters; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

Oral Answers to Question:

(1) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

(2) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

(3) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

(4) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

(5) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

The number of representations of retired employees staying in Government quarters has now increased from 25 to 60.

(1) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

(2) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

(3) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

(4) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

(5) 34th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Question:

황제로 5.5도의 온도를 기록한 경우 '금고'로 변한 것을 어떻게 관리하는가?

방금의 문제와 관련하여, 어떤 조치를 취할 것인가요?

게다가, 어떤 조치를 취할 것인가요?

예상된 일이 발생한 경우, 어떤 조치를 취할 것인가요?

또한, 어떤 조치를 취할 것인가요?

이슬람교: "예수이시켜, 그분이 말씀하시는 모든 것에 대해 그분을 믿으시고 따르세요!"

예수: "어디로 가나요?" 

이슬람교: "예수이시켜, 그분이 말씀하시는 모든 것에 대해 그분을 믿으시고 따르세요!"

그분이 말씀하시는 모든 것에 대해 그분을 믿으시고 따르세요!

오늘의 일과 관련하여, 어떤 조치를 취할 것인가요?

또한, 어떤 조치를 취할 것인가요?

Oral Answers to Questions.

8.50 a.m.

4877-(T) Q-Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddy (Venkatagiri);—
Will the Minister for Elections and Textiles be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of accumulated stocks of handloom cloth lying unsold with the Handloom Weavers Cooperative Societies in Venkatagiri taluk and other taluks in Nellore District;

(b) whether it is a fact that APCO failed to purchase the said stocks; and

(c) whether the State Government will intervene and dispose off the said accumulated stocks?

Disposing of Accumulated stocks Handloom Cloth, lying unsold with the Handloom Co-operative Societies in Venkatagiri Tq.

4...

9677-(T) Q-Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddy (Venkatagiri);—
Will the Minister for Elections and Textiles be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of accumulated stocks of handloom cloth lying unsold with the Handloom Weavers Cooperative Societies in Venkatagiri taluk and other taluks in Nellore District;

(b) whether it is a fact that APCO failed to purchase the said stocks; and

(c) whether the State Government will intervene and dispose off the said accumulated stocks?

Disposing of Accumulated stocks Handloom Cloth, lying unsold with the Handloom Co-operative Societies in Venkatagiri Tq.

స్థానానికంగా అనేక ఉపయోగాలలో వివరిస్తే దానిలో జాతిపరచోనే విషయం ఉపయోగం కాదు. ఈఅంశం నిషేధం. అయినప్పటి ప్రతి విషయం నిషేధం కాదు. ఇది చాలా అంతర్భాగాలు ఉన్నప్పటికే ఒక విషయం ఉపయోగం కాదు. అందుకే దీనిలో ఎంత ఉపయోగం కాదు నిషేధం కాదు. భాషల విషయం ఉపయోగం కాదు. ఉపయోగం నిషేధం కాదు. ఇక్కడ ఉపయోగం నిషేధం కాదు.

స్థానానికంగా అనేక ఉపయోగాలలో వివరిస్తే దానిలో జాతిపరచోనే విషయం ఉపయోగం కాదు. ఈఅంశం నిషేధం. అయినప్పటి ప్రతి విషయం నిషేధం కాదు. ఇది చాలా అంతర్భాగాలు ఉన్నప్పటికే ఒక విషయం ఉపయోగం కాదు. అందుకే దీనిలో ఎంత ఉపయోగం కాదు నిషేధం కాదు. భాషల విషయం ఉపయోగం కాదు. ఉపయోగం నిషేధం కాదు. ఇక్కడ ఉపయోగం నిషేధం కాదు.

స్థానానికంగా అనేక ఉపయోగాలలో వివరిస్తే దానిలో జాతిపరచోనే విషయం ఉపయోగం కాదు. ఈఅంశం నిషేధం. అయినప్పటి ప్రతి విషయం నిషేధం కాదు. ఇది చాలా అంతర్భాగాలు ఉన్నప్పటికే ఒక విషయం ఉపయోగం కాదు. అందుకే దీనిలో ఎంత ఉపయోగం కాదు నిషేధం కాదు. భాషల విషయం ఉపయోగం కాదు. ఉపయోగం నిషేధం కాదు. ఇక్కడ ఉపయోగం నిషేధం కాదు.
Oral Answers to Questions.

(9) 5. ఆభారం ప్రాంతాలు చేసే ప్రశ్నలు ఏమిటి నియమస్తుంది? రాష్ట్రాలు ప్రశ్నలు ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(10) 5. పాశ్రమాల కలిగిన ప్రశ్నలు ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(11) 5. అనుసారం ప్రశ్నలు ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(12) 5. లవాప్పారాల కలిగిన ప్రశ్నలు ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(13) 5. అంతిమ ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(14) 5. నాట్య ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(15) 5. విన్యాసాను ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(16) 5. లేదా కట్టడానికి ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(17) 5. కార్యాలయానికి ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(18) 5. ఉత్తరాల ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(19) 5. నిమ్మన ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(20) 5. అంతిమ ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(21) 5. ఆభారం ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(22) 5. లవాప్పారాల ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(23) 5. నాట్య ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(24) 5. విన్యాసాను ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(25) 5. లేదా కట్టడానికి ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(26) 5. కార్యాలయానికి ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(27) 5. ఉత్తరాల ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(28) 5. నిమ్మన ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(29) 5. అంతిమ ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?

(30) 5. ఆభారం ప్రశ్నల ఎందుకు వివిధమయ్యాయం ఉండది?
Setting up of Special Police Force in the Regions where Communal Riots take place

5—

*5180-Q.—Sri B. Rama Subba Reddy (Kanigiri) :— Will the Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government of India have given instructions to the State Government for setting up of special police force in the regions where communal riots are likely to take place;

(b) whether any instructions have also been received from the Government of India to watch the activities of the anti-social element;

(c) if so, the places in the State where the special force is set up; and

(d) whether the entire cost will be borne by the State Government whether it will be shared by the Government of India?

B.G.K., 10, Narasimha Reddy.
4999–Q.–Sri P. Jagan Naik:–Will the Minister for Medium Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether Flood control work has been taken up at Eturunagaram, Mulug Taluk Warangal district on this year;
(b) the expenditure incurred so far;
(c) whether funds have been provided to take up the entire scheme at the village Eturunagaram is facing danger; and
(d) if so, the details of the funds provided and the period by which the work will be completed?

(1) [No specific response provided.]

(2) 1979 మాసం జాతీయ విత్తన మండలం, 55,500 రూ.

(3) [No specific response provided.]

(4) 1980–81 సంవత్సరం లో మొత్తం విత్తనం 15.80 రూ.

(5) [No specific response provided.]
It is a question of adjustment and accommodation. We agree that this is a right position. I think we have made a very happy and judicious compromise of the facts.
42 4th October, 1979. Oral Answers to Questions

Harassment of Tobacco Growers by Village Karanams

7--

4874-(W) Q. Sarvasri K. Satyanarayana, M Omkar (Narsampet) and Smt. G. Dhana Suryavathi (Nidumolu) --Will the Minister for Agriculture and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the village Karanams have been harassing the tobacco growers in issuing 10-1 from Adanga for purposes of obtaining Declaration permit from the Tobacco Board;

(b) whether it is a fact that the Government are considering request the of the Tobacco Growers that the tobacco-board itself should get the 10-1 form Adanga etc. directly from the Karanams on the basis of declarations of the tobacco growers submitted to the Board; and

(c) if so whether it will be implemented in the current season itself?

9.10 a.m. 4874 (W) Q. Sarvasri K. Satyanarayana: -- As 10-1 is collected the Karanams issue it for 10-1 is collected the Karanams issue it. The Minister, Mr. Ch. Rajeswara Rao, said that there was a happy compromise with the Hon'ble Member Mr. Ch. Rajeswara Rao. He explained that the Karanams issue 10-1 and the final decision was made. He said that the Karanams were happy and the Government was satisfied. The Minister further added that it was decided to implement it in the current season itself.

Harassment of Tobacco Growers by Village Karanams
Oral Answers to Questions.


(a) whether it is a fact that the Minister for Labour promised in the last budget session that he would take steps to apply the A.P. Mutha Jattu and Hamali Act, to all the cities in the State by the end of December, 1978;

(b) whether it is a fact that it has not yet been applied so far; and

(c) if so the reasons therefor?

*3945 (W)—Q.—Sarvasri M. Omkar, A. Lakshminarayana, (Miryalaguda) M. Yarraiah Reddy (Bhadrachalam) and Smt. G. Dhana Suryavathi.—Will the Minister for Labour and Employment be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Minister for Labour promised in the last budget session that he would take steps to apply the A.P. Mutha Jattu and Hamali Act, to all the cities in the State by the end of December, 1978;

(b) whether it is a fact that it has not yet been applied so far; and

(c) if so the reasons therefor?

(1) 40—

(2) 10—

(3) 149—

(4) 149—

17-3

Oral Answers to Questions.


3. (I. K. Singh) - Will you state the reasons for the delay in the resumption of the Enquiry into the commission of the Agitation in 1978?

4. (S. N. Singh) - The Report of the Enquiry Committee into the Agitation in 1978 has not been tabled. When will it be tabled?

5. (J. S. Singh) - The Enquiry Committee appointed in 1978 has been working for more than a year. Why is there a delay in the presentation of the Report?

6. (G. K. Singh) - The Enquiry Committee was appointed in 1978. Why is the Report not ready?

7. (R. K. Singh) - The Enquiry Committee was appointed in 1978. Why is the Report not ready?

8. (B. K. Singh) - The Enquiry Committee was appointed in 1978. Why is the Report not ready?

Sr. 4518—Q.-S. K. B. Siddaiah (Puttur);—the Minister for Housing be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposals to decentralise the administration of Housing Board;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) the time by which the proposals are likely to be implemented;

(d) whether there is any proposal to set up 'Rural Housing' Board;

and

(e) if so, the time by which it will be implemented?

Srivatsavam V. Ramana (M. P. G., Nandyal):

(a) Sri. 106.

(b) Smt. S. Katarthi 20 July.

(c) Smt. S. Katarthi 20 July.

(d) Sri. 106.

(e) Sri. 106.

Decentralisation of Administration of Housing Board.

9—

*4518-Q.-Sri K. B. Siddaiah (Puttur):—the Minister for Housing be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposals to decentralise the administration of Housing Board;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) the time by which the proposals are likely to be implemented;

(d) whether there is any proposal to set up 'Rural Housing' Board;

and

(e) if so, the time by which it will be implemented?

Aid for Sugar Factories by the Centre.

10—

*4841-Q.-Srivatsavam N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal), K. Satyanarayana, M. Omkar (Narasampet) and A. Lakshminarayana (Miryalguda):—

Will the Minister for Mines and Sugar Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Central Government have not yet released Rupees five crores towards aid for sugar factories in the state as requested by the State Government; and

(b) the steps taken by the Government in this regard?
37

World Bank Loan for Remodelling of 799 Tanks in the State

*4874-(E)—Q.-Sri B. Sammaiah (Parkal) :—Will the Minister for Transport and Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have asked for world Bank loan to an extent of 143 crores for the purpose of remodelling 799 tanks in the State; and

(b) if so, the details of the proposals ?
Sri A. Vengal Reddy:—We have made a study of Tamil Nadu pattern and we may move the World Bank for loan.

Sri A. Vengal Reddy:—Modernisation includes stabilisation.
Short Notice Question and Answer. 4th October, 1979. 49

Undertaking of Transport of Goods by A.P.S.R.T.C.

12—

5221—Q—Sri G. Mallikarjuna Rao:— Will the Minister for transport and Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) Whether there is any proposal before the Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corpn. to undertake the transport of goods;

(b) if so, the areas in which the same will first be taken up; and

(c) the time by which the same will be taken up?

S. N. Q. No. 4877—Sri V. B. Sammaiah:— Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a fire accident occurred in Manda-palli (Rendla Gundem, Laxettiper Tq, Adilabad District on 12th June 1979;

(b) if so the number of Houses burnt and value of property lost;

(c) the total value of loss incurred and

(d) the details of aid given by the Government?

Fire Accident in annadalli (Rendla Guudem) Laxettiper Tq 180—B.

S. N. Q. No. 4877—Sri V. B. Sammaiah:— Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a fire accident occurred in Manda-palli (Rendla Gundem, Laxettiper taluk, Adilabad District on 12th June 1979;

(b) if so the number of Houses burnt and value of property lost;

(c) the total value of loss incurred and

(d) the details of aid given by the Government?
WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS (UNSTARRED)

Construction of Anicut Across Golivagu.

1—

4184 Q.—G. Mallikarjuna Rao:—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to construct an anicut across Golivagu near Rentachintala in Guntur District;

(b) if so, whether survey has been done for the same;

(c) if so, the reasons for not taking up the construction of the anicut so far;

(d) when it is proposed to take up the construction of work of anicut; and

(e) whether any petitions have been received from the public of that area in this regard?

A.—

(a), (b), (c), and (d):—Yes Sir. There was a proposal to construct an anicut across Golivagu near Rentachintala in Guntur District for which preliminary surveys have been done on various occasions. The yield available is just sufficient to irrigate the wet ayacut now being cultivated under Desabandam Kalwa. The construction of the anicut was not taken up as there is no assured yield.

(e) Yes, Sir. Representations have been received from time to time from the public of Manchikallu and Rentachintala villages for taking up the scheme. The two villages have conflicting interests. In view of the low yield of Buggavagu, the scheme has not been recommended.

Formation of Kakatiya Canal at Warangal

2—

4391 Q.—Sarvesri M. Jagannadham and C. Janga Reddy:—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is fact that land has been acquired for excavating Kakathiya canal from Lower Manair Dam to Warangal and work has been commenced without paying compensation;

(b) if so, whether it is not contrary to the provisions of the Compensation Act; and

(c) when compensation will be paid to those who have lost their lands?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir. Due to urgency of the work, the possession of the lands for formation of Kakathiya canal from L.M.D. to Warangal was obtained wherever the land owners had given their consent and work started. The compensation for the land under Acquisition is yet to be paid.

(b) No, Sir. Since the possession has been obtained with the consent of the owners, the L.A. Act is not violated. Moreover, interest will be paid on compensation amount payable to them from the date of taking over possession of the land with their consent.

(c) Compensation is expected to be paid to 75 to 80% of the affected persons by October, 1979 and for the balance soon thereafter.

Decontrol of Sugar.

3—

3693 Q.—Sarvasri M. Omkar, M. Yerraiah Reddy and K. Satyanarayana:—Will the Minister for Co-operation and Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that on account of sugar decontrol 50 employees at Vijaya Krishna Super Bazar, Vijayawada are being retrenched; and

(b) whether it is also a fact after the decontrol of sugar, the Sugar business in the super bazars has been given up?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir. 88 employees were retrenched in a phased manner up to 2-3-1979.

(b) No, Sir. Business in sugar is reduced considerably as sugar is freely available in the open market.

Issue of Loans by Central Co-operative Bank of Mahabubnagar to Agriculturists.

4—

4220 Q.—Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Will the Minister for Co-operation and Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount of loans advanced to agriculturists by the
Central Co-operative Bank of Mahabubnagar District during 1978-79; and

(b) whether the amount is much less than what were advanced in the 3 preceding years?

A.—

(a) An amount of Rs. 46.33 lakhs was issued by Co-operative Central Bank, Mahabubnagar towards seasonal agricultural operation loans and Rs. 8.39 lakhs towards medium term loans during 1978-79 totalling an amount of Rs. 54.72 lakhs.

(b) Yes Sir.

Improvements of Warangal-Hanamkonda Road.

5—

2286-(G) Q.—Sri B. Sammaih:—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj and Roads & Buildings be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the city main road from Hanamkonda to Warangal is in a bad condition;

(b) if so, whether the Government propose to improve the same; and

(c) if so, when, the time?

A.—

(a) No, Sir. The condition cannot be said to be bad but not very satisfactory due to heavy traffic within the city limits.

(b) Yes Sir.

(c) The improvement work is expected to be completed by the end of January, 1980.

Allotment of 8 k.ms. lead for the Quarry.

6—

2981 Q.—Sri M. Omkar and Smt. M.Swarajyam:—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj and Roads and Buildings be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government received a complaint in the month of April, 1978 from Sri C. Janga Reddy, M.L.A, and the villagers of Gundlapadu in Narsampet Taluk, Warangal District regarding wrong estimation by giving 8 k.ms. lead for the quarry instead of 1 k.m. on the road from Medepally to Itkalap road via, Narsingapuram under Central Assistance Programme; and

(b) if so, the taken in this regard?
A.—

(3) No complaint from C. Janga Reddy, M. L. A., was received, but the villagers had made a complaint.

(b) At the time of preparation of estimate 8 k. ms. lead was not given. The lead was provided 7 k. ms. 6 k. ms. 5 k. ms. and 4 k. ms. as per the reaches. The owner of the Boda has permitted to convey the materials from Boda at the time of execution of the work the rates were curtailed accordingly and permitted only leads of 1.5 k. ms, 1.50 k. ms. and 4.00 k. ms. as per the reaches. There is no financial loss to the Department.

Allegations against the Sarpanch of Tiruvur Panchayat.

7—

3236 Q.—Sarvasri M. Omkar, A. Laxminarayana, Smt. M. Swarajyam and Sri M. Yarraiah Reddy:— Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj and Roads & Buildings be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there are serious allegations against the Sarpanch of Tiruvur Major Panchayat and Executive Officer concerned in Krishna District regarding misappropriation to the tune of about Rs. 1,20,000 and an enquiry was conducted into the said allegations on dated 17-10-1977 by the District Panchayat Officer concerned; and

(b) if so, the action taken in this regard?

A.—

(a) The District Panchayat Officer, Krishna conducted enquiry into the allegations against the Sarpanch and Executive Officer on 17-10-1977.

(b) The enquiry report of the District Panchayat Officer, Krishna does not disclose any misappropriation of Panchayat funds but disclosed procedural lapses. For these lapses, charges have been framed against the Executive Officer, who worked in Tiruvur Gram Panchayat during the period from 5-5-1977 to 22-2-1978 and from 23-2-1978, as he was held responsible for the lapses. The District Panchayat Officer, Krishna heard them on 11-11-1978 and recorded their statements. The Collector (Panchayat Wing), Krishna is taking further action in the matter.

Constitution of Separate Panchayat for Bellampalli.

8—

3935-(X)Q.—Sri D. Narasaiah:— Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj and Roads & Buildings be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to constitute a separate Panchayat for Bellampalli in Adilabad District (Population 50,000; Voters, 23,800);
4th October, 1979. Written Answers to Questions (Un-starred)

(b) if not, the reasons therefore; and
(c) whether there is any civic committee existing at Bellampalli?
A.—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Bellampalli has a population of 30,290 according to 1971 census. There is a proposal under consideration to constitute this area into a notified area under the Andhra Pradesh District Municipalities Act, 1965.

(c) No Sir.

Banana Plantations in Nellore District.

9—

4052 Q.—Sarvasri C. V. Sesha Reddy, K. V. Subba Reddy:—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj and Roads & Buildings be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of land (in hectares) in which citrus, banana and other plants are grown in Nellore District; and

(b) whether there is any proposal before the Government to set-up a Fruit research Station in Nellore District?
A.—

(a) Banana .. 593 Hectares.
    Mangoes .. 1732 "
    Oranges & Batavia .. 110 "
    Lemon and other Citrus Fruits .. 4212 "
    Cashewnut .. 3552 "

(b) No, Sir.

Embezzlement of Panchayat Funds by Gurazala Sarpanch.

10—

4340 Q.—Sri G. Mallikarjuna Rao:—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj and Roads Buildings be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Sarpanch of Gurazala Panchayat, Guntur District has drawn nearly Rs. 25,000 and embezzled the same in 1978;

(b) whether it is a fact that it has been mentioned that the said amount has been spent for items like electricity tube lights, Phenol, etc;

(c) whether the Government enquired into the matter to find the realities; and

(d) if so, the findings of the same?
A.—

(a) No, Sir. The Sarpanch, Gurazala Gram Panchayat, Guntur District incurred an expenditure of Rs. 5,390-90 towards the purchase of Phenol, Bleaching Powder, Beams and Pulleys during the period from 20-12-1977 to 12-4-1978. There was no embezzlement of Panchayat funds.

(b) An amount of Rs. 5,390-90 was spent towards the purchase of Phenol, Bleaching Powder, Beams and Pulleys as detailed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
<th>Ps.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cost of Phenol and Bleaching Powder</td>
<td>3,665.90</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beams</td>
<td>225.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulleys</td>
<td>1,500.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,390.90</strong></td>
<td><strong>40</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No amount was spent towards street lighting.

(c) The Divisional Panchayat Officer, Narasaraopet has enquired into the matter and submitted his report in that regard.

(d) Report of the Divisional Panchayat Officer, Narasaraopet revealed that the Sarpanch, Gurajala Gram Panchayat made payments through checks for the articles ordered to be supplied by the Executive Officer expect for an amount of Rs. 1,500 paid in Vr. No. 276, dated 27-3-1978, in cash.

Repairs of Roads in Medak District

4583Q—Sri Ch. Vitthal Reddy:—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj Roads and Buildings be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Advisory Committee of Medak Zilla Parishad has passed a resolution on 16-4-1979 requesting the State Government to allot rupees one crore for metalling, repairing the roads and constructing roads (Roads and Buildings Department) in Medak District;

(b) if so, the amount allotted;

(c) Whether it is also a fact that Sri Ch. Vitthal Reddy, M.L.A. has addressed the Chief Engineer and the concerned Minister on 23-4-1979 in this regard; and

(d) if so, the steps taken so far?

A—

(a) and (c): Yes, Sir.
4th October, 1979. Written Answers to Questions (Un-starred)

(b) and (d) The existing grant of Rs. 55.00 lakhs for Medak Road and Buildings Division was enhanced by Rs. 10.00 lakhs during the current year under maintenance. The maintenance grant required to maintain 833 k. ms. of roads in Medak District is Rs. 77.71 lakhs but due to the restricted overall allotments under maintenance for the Roads and Buildings Department the above full amount for the district could not be allocated.

Increase of Staff in Guntur Municipality.

12—

3947-(C)-Q— Sarvasri L. Eshwara Rao and G.V. Anjaneyasarma
Will the Minister for Endowments and Municipal Administration be pleased to state:
(a) whether the Government have received any proposals from Guntur Municipality for increase in the staff technical and non-technical
(b) if so, the action that has been taken by the Government; and
(c) if not, the reasons for not taking action in this regard?

A—

(a), (b) and (c) Proposals have been received from Guntur Municipality for creation of various categories of posts and they are under consideration.

Assignment of Land to Landless poor in Govada Village.

13—

1789 Q.—K. Govinda Rao :—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:
(a) whether an extent of Acs. 10.50 comprised in S.No. 428 of Villapalli Village, Addanki Taluk, Prakasam District had been assigned in favour of landless poor belonging to Govada Village in the year 1977;
(b) if so, whether the village Karnam of Nallapalli failed to deliver the pattas to the assignees;
(c) whether pattas have been issued for the same land for different persons;
(d) whether an enquiry has been conducted against the village Karnam for misleading the Government in this regard and whether he is under suspension for the same; and
(e) whether the Government propose to confirm the pattas in favour of landless for enjoyers who were first assigned this piece of land?
A —

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Out of 21 Sivaljamadars only 11 persons were given pattas.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) Yes, Sir. The Village Karam of Nallapalli was dismissed from service by the Sub-Collector, Ongole in Rc. 12713/77/B, dated 17-4-79 after due enquiry.

(e) Yes, Sir. Action is being taken to cancel the irregular assignments made in favour of 10 persons who were not sivaljamadars and to grant ‘D’ form pattas to the sivaljamadars.

Repairs of Ambulance at Ruya Hospital, Tirupati.

14—

3946- (X) —Q.—Sarvasri N. P. Venkateswara Chowdary and M. Venkateswara Rao:—Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Ambulance stationed at Ruya Hospital, Tirupathi is not in working condition for a long time; and

(b) if so, the action taken to get the Ambulance repaired?

A.—

(a) The Ambulance, ADU 7917 attached to the superintendent, Ruya Hospital, Tirupathi has gone out of order on 5-1-79, as per the information furnished by the superintendent, Ruya Hospital Tirupati.

(b) The Ambulance ADU 7917 was sent to the Central workshop of State Health Transport Organisation for major repair in the middle of February, 1979 and the repairs are in progress. The Ambulance of Government Maternity Hospital, Tirupathi is being utilised for emergency purposes at present.

Milch Cattle Shortage in the State.

15—

4873- (E) Q.—Sri K. B. Siddaiah:—Will the Minister for Animal Husbandry and Information and Public Relations be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is a threat of Milch cattle shortage in the State; and

(b) if so, the steps taken by the Government?

A.—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
16—

4284 Q.—Sri G. Sundara Ramaiah:—Will the Minister for Labour and Employment be pleased to state:
(a) the date on which the ‘Mica Welfare Board’ was constituted;
(b) the extent of amount kept at the disposal of this Board during the last three years either from Central or State Government;
(c) the amounts spent on (i) Housing, (ii) Medical and (iii) Education during the last three years; and
(d) the names of Members of the Board as on the day?

A.—

(a) The present Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund Advisory Committee was constituted on 16-1-1974.

(b) The amount kept at the disposal of the Committee during the past 3 years is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1976-77</th>
<th>1977-78</th>
<th>1978-79</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rupees in lakhs.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>Rs. 19.00</td>
<td>Rs. 21.00</td>
<td>Rs. 20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical</td>
<td>Rs. 7.00</td>
<td>Rs. 8.00</td>
<td>Rs. 8.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Rs. 4.00</td>
<td>Rs. 4.00</td>
<td>Rs. 5.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) The amounts spent on (i) Housing, (ii) Medical and (iii) Education during the last 3 years is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1976-77</th>
<th>1977-78</th>
<th>1978-79</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rupees in lakhs.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>Rs. 1.00</td>
<td>Rs. 1.00</td>
<td>Rs. 2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical</td>
<td>Rs. 8.00</td>
<td>Rs. 8.00</td>
<td>Rs. 5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Rs. 4.00</td>
<td>Rs. 4.00</td>
<td>Rs. 5.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) The names of Members of the State Advisory Committee are as follows:
(1) Shri G. Venkata Swamy, Minister for Labour, Government of Andhra Pradesh—Chairman.
(2) Shri S. A. Rahim, Welfare Commissioner, M. M. L. W.O. AP) Kalichedu—Vice-Chairman.
(3) Shri M. R. Raju, Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) Hyderabad—Member representing the Central Government.
(4) Vacant M.L.A.
(6) Vacant.
(7) Shri J. Audiseshaiah, General Secretary, A. P. Mica Mine Owners Association, Sydapuram, Member representing Mica Mine workers.
(9) Shri M. R. Gaekwad, Welfare Administrator Secretary.

Multiple Registrations in various Employment Exchanges.

17—

4470 Q.—Sri D. Narasaihah:—Will the Minister for Labour and Employment be pleased to state:

(a) whether a candidate can register his name in different District Employment Exchanges in the same period;

(b) if not, what are the Employment rules and regulations to register a name in the Employment Exchange; and

(c) whether the Government are taking any action in this regard?

A.—

(a) No, Sir. Orders were issued in G. O. Rt. No. 257, Labour, Employment & Technical Education, dated 23-2-78, prohibiting the multiple registrations at various Employment Exchanges.

(b) The candidates are registered in the Employment Exchange in whose jurisdiction they normally reside.

(c) In view of answer to (a) above, does not arise.

Lambadas Population in the State

18—

32 Q.—Sri Bhattam Srirama Murthy:—Will the Minister for Social Welfare, be pleased to state:

(a) the district-wise population of Lambadas in the state; and

(b) whether any census are taken in this regard?

A.—

(a) District-wise population of Lambadas in Andhra region according to 1971 Census is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

17—5
<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. East Godavari</td>
<td></td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. West Godavari</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,243</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Krishna</td>
<td></td>
<td>20,836</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Guntur</td>
<td></td>
<td>27,045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Prakasam</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,585</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Nellore</td>
<td></td>
<td>174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Chittoor</td>
<td></td>
<td>11,515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Cuddapah</td>
<td></td>
<td>7,874</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Anantapur</td>
<td></td>
<td>43,345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Kurnool</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1,32,464</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) The census of lambadas of Andhra region was taken in 1971 Census. But the census of lambadas of Telangana region was not taken in 1971 as this community was not declared as Scheduled Tribe as in 1971. After declaration of this community as Scheduled Tribe in Telangana region, the Registrar-General and Ex-Officio Census Commissioner for India notified the combined population of all the Scheduled Tribes. Separate population of lambadas, however, was not indicated.

Construction of Houses For Harijans in Cheepurupalli of Srikakulam District.

19—

2130 Q.—Sri Ch. Symala Rao:—Will the Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) the amount spent for the construction of 82 houses for Harijans in Cheepurupalli (village) of Srikakulam district;

(b) under whose management the said houses have been constructed;

(c) the reason why the said houses have not so far been handed over to Harijans though the construction of the same has been completed;

(d) whether appropriate steps will be taken to hand them over to Harijans immediately; and

(e) if so, when?

A.—

(a) 81 houses were constructed for Harijans in Cheepurupalli (village); and an amount of Rs. 16,385 was spent for this purpose.

(b) Revenue Department.
(c) and (d) The Colony abouts the roads leading from Cheepurupalli to Vizianagaram and is in a busy locality, and would have been ideal, had the beneficiaries evinced interest. But, the beneficiaries have not occupied the houses despite persuasion and requests by Revenue Officers and Local M.L.A. The beneficiaries are not co-operative and have not realised the trouble taken by Revenue Department in getting the houses constructed with meagre amount Rs. 200 per house. Show cause notices were issued by the Tahsildar, Cheepurupalli as to why the house-site pattas granted to them should not be cancelled. These notices were returned with the postal endorsement that the beneficiaries refused to take them.

(e) Does not arise.

Ashram Schools for Tribal Children.

20-

3036 Q.—Sri Kasu Venkata Krishna Reddy:—Will the Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government for starting of Ashram Schools in the Plan Areas for the educational advancement of tribal children; and

(b) if so, the number of schools likely to be started and the places where they will be started?

A—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) There is a provision in the budget for 1979-80 to start 8 Ashram Schools in the entire State. Places where these Ashram Schools have to be located is under consideration of Government. It will be finalised very soon.

Allotment of Houses to Ministers.

21—

3470 Q.—Sarvasri A. Eswara Reddy and B. R. Doraswamy Naidu:—Will the Minister for Housing, be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that some former Ministers refused to take possession of the houses allotted to them on priority basis in the Mukharamjah Road Colony;

(b) if so, the reasons therefore?

(c) whether such houses were allotted either on lottery system or on priority basis, in the year 1977; and

(d) whether it is also a fact that some former Ministers were allotted houses by the A. P. Housing Board without their applications in the normal procedure?
A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) They expressed their inability or unwillingness to take the houses allotted to them.

(c) Government received applications from certain former Ministers for allotment of houses. Under the powers vested in Government, houses were allotted to them.

(d) No, Sir.

_Bada Pahad Dargah in Banswada._

22—

3950-R Q. Sri Gulam Sandani:—Will the Minister for Forests and Marketing be pleased to state:

Whether it is a fact that the Forest Authorities of Jalalpoor and Lachampur ranges under Banswada taluk, Nizamabad district are interfering within the area of 711 acres belonging to Dargah Hazrat Syed Sadulla Hussiani known as Bada Pahad, which is a religious institution under the control of Andhra Pradesh Wakf Board and are not allowing the Pilgrims to stay and to use the huts within the said areas?

A.—

No, Sir. The Pahad Dargah is situated in Survey No.69 paramboke of Syedpur village. The total extent of the area is 274 acres and 25 guntas. An area of 10 acres has been left out as an enclosure to the Dargha and the balance area of 264 acres 25 guntas has been included in Jalalpur Forest block of Banswada Range. Notification under section 4 of the Andhra Pradesh Forest Act has also been issued in December, 1968 and published in Andhra Pradesh Gazette and District Gazette on 2-1-1969 and 14-1-1969 respectively. So, the contention that the total extent of 711 acres belongs to Dargha is not correct.

23—

4778 Q.—Sarvasri N. Raghava Reddy, A Laxminarayana, M. Omkar and M. Yerraiah Reddy:—Will the Minister for Forests and Marketing be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the State Government have prepared a Comprehensive Plan for developing Market yards in the State:

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the extent of amount being asked for from the World Bank in this regard and

(d) the present stage of the said Plan?
A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Scheme envisages development of 120 regulated markets covering 105 Market Committees in the State.

(c) The estimated cost of the scheme is 47 crores. The financial assistance required for implementing the scheme is sought from the International Fund for Agricultural Development.

(d) Government of India intimated that the scheme is included in the Priority II list of Projects for 1980.

Training Centre in Fisheries at Vizag.

24—

4837 Q.—Smt. G. Dharasuryavathi, Smt. M. Swarajyam, Sarvasri M. Omkar, and A. Laxminarayana—Will the Minister for Rehabilitation, Wakfs and Fisheries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the proposed training centre in Fisheries at Vizag is about to be given up; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) if not, the time by which it will be established?

A.—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) The proposal to establish a training Centre at Visakhapatnam is under consideration by the Government of India. They have not yet taken a final decision in the matter. The State Government are pursuing the matter with the Government of India.

Sub-Court at Gooty.

25—

4354 Q.—Sri K. Venkata Ramaiah—Will the Minister for Law and Ports be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for not establishing the Sub-court at Gooty even though the Inspection of Chief Justice is over long ago;

(b) the reasons for not shifting one sub-court from Anantapur to Gooty for the convenience of the public when there are two courts at Anantapur; and

(c) the time by which the sub-court will be established at Gooty?

A.—

(a) Gooty area comprises Gooty, Tadapatri and Urvakonda taluks. The said area contributes only 17% of the Sub-Court at Anantapur and it will not be sufficient to sustain a Sub-Court at Gooty. Hence the question of shifting one of the Sub-Courts at Anantapur to Gooty does not arise.
(b) As per the report of the District Judge, Anantapur the interest of the litigant public cannot be better served by shifting one Sub-court from Anantapur to Gooty. The High Court, therefore, consider that the question of shifting one of the Sub-courts from Anantapur to Gooty does not arise at this juncture. Further a proposal to start a Sub-court at Penukonda is separately under consideration. If it is finally agreed to subject to availability of finances two Sub-courts at Anantapur will be able to cater to the needs of litigant public of Gooty area.

(c) Does not arise.

Armagaon Light House at Vadapalem.

26—

4973 Q. Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddi:—Will the Minister for Law and Ports be pleased to state:

(a) the estimated cost of the construction of Armagaon Light House at Vadapalem in Nellore District;

(b) the time by which the said work will be completed; and

(c) whether electricity, drinking water internal roads, etc; will be provided at Vadapalem?

A.—

(a) Rs. 31,13,000.

(b) By the end of 1980.

(c) Drinking water and internal Roads are being provided. Electricity will be provided as and when the State Electricity Board extends their line to the area.

Lime Stone in Gurazala.

27—

4240 Q.—Sri G. Mallikarjuna Rao:—Will the Minister for Mines and Sugar Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that it has been found in survey that lime stone is abundantly available in Gurajala and Macherla taluks of Guntur District;

(b) if so, whether the Government have any special schemes to exploit and utilise the same;

(c) when the said schemes will be taken up; and

(d) the names of villages in which the lime stone is found in abundance, in the above taluks?
A.—

(a) Yes, Sir. Lime stone is available in abundance from iduguralla to Macherla in Guntur District.

(b) No Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) The more prominent villages where lime stone is found in the bboye taluks are as follows: Macherla, Gurajala, Nadikudi, Dachapalli, Gottimukkala, Rentachintala, Pondugala, Daida and Piduguralla etc.

Sugar Factory at Madanapalli.

28—

4270 Q.—Sri A. Mohan Reddy:—Will the Minister for Mines and Sugar Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a sugar factory is proposed to be started in Madanapalli.

(b) whether it is a fact that an amount of Rs. fifteen lakhs was collected as share capital for starting the sugar factory; and

(c) if so, the stage at which the matter stands?

A.—

(a) No Sir.

(b) & (c) Does not arise.

Temporary New Bus Routes in Nellore District.

29—

2934 Q.—Saravasti B. Sundararami Reddy, N. Venkataratnam Naidu and C. V. Sesha Reddy:—Will the Minister for Transport and Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) the number of temporary new bus routes sanctioned in Nellore District;

(b) the number of them stayed by the High Court;

(c) the steps taken by the Government to get the stay orders vacated;

(d) whether there is any proposal to take over all bus routes in Nellore run by private operators including Nellore town by R.T.C.; and

(e) if so, by which time?

A.—

(a) 10 temporary new bus routes were sanctioned in Nellore District which are as follows:

(1) Gudur to Gunapatipalem.

(2) Nellore Industrial Estate to Makthapuram.

(3) Nellore to Kothapalem.
4th October, 1979. Written Answers to Questions (Un-Starred)

(4) S. R. Puram to Kanigiri.
(5) Nellore to Mypadu.
(6) D. S. R. Government Hospital to Kovur Taluk Office (2 buses).
(7) (a) Nellore to Choutuppalapadu.
(b) Nellore to Graddagunta.
(8) (a) Kavali to Kolladinne.
(b) Kavali to Ravur.
(9) Nellore to Kudithipalem.
Nellore to Somasila (Stayed by High Court)
(b) One route viz., Nellore to Somasila.
(c) Stay order in W.P.No. 5247/78 has been made absolute by the High Court on 14-11-1978. Counter Affidavit has been sent to the Government Pleader, High Court by the Regional Transport Officer, Nellore for filing the same in the High Court. The case is pending in the High Court.

(d) Yes Sir. The Corporation has published 103 draft schemes to take over the passenger Transport, excluding inter-State, fair weather and town service routes in Nellore district. The Corporation however proposes to take over the town services and fair weather routes in a phased programme II. The draft schemes are to be finalised after following the procedure prescribed, under Section 68-D of the Motor Vehicles Act.

(e) The bus routes run by private operators in Nellore will be taken over after the schemes published by Road Transport Corporation are finalised.

Closing of Breaches in Rajahmundry Taluk.

3950-(X) Q.—Sri V. Padma Raju:—Will the Minister for Transport and Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to close the breaches and deepening the buradakalva situated in Gokavaram and Burugupudiirkas in Rajahmundry taluk, East Godavari District to prevent over flowing of water and inundating the paddy fields and spoiling the crops;

(b) if so, the time by which the work will be commenced; and

(c) the time by which it will be completed?

A.—

(a), (b) and (c) The breaches were already closed during 279 and 3/79. There is no proposal for deepening Buradakalva in Gokavaram and Burugupudiirkas as it is a hill stream.
ADJOURNMENT MOTION

re: Failure of the Government to apprehend the persons who stabbed Sri M. Omkar, M.L.A. — (disallowed)

The "House be adjourned to discuss a matter of urgent public importance regarding the failure of the Government to apprehend the persons who stabbed Sri M. Omkar, M.L.A. from Narsampet constituency on August 14th and also to discuss the failure of the Government to unearth the conspiracy behind these repeated attempts on him like throwing of bombs twice and stabbing during the last nine months"...
Adjournment Motion.


The Hon'ble Speaker

This adjournment motion is brought to the House by the Hon'ble Member from...

...your Motion, I am informed that... and such a Motion appears to be... I am informed that...

...in the interest of the... in the interest of the... I propose to move this adjournment motion...
Adjournment Motion

4th October, 1973

[Text in Kannada]
4th October 1979.

Adjournment Motion
Adjournment Motion.


If you sow the wind, you will reap the whirlwind. If you reap the whirlwind, you shall reap the wind.
Sri. S. Jaipal Reddy (Kalwakurthi):—Speaker Sir, it is a matter of distress and shame that a senior and distinguished Member of this House like Sri Omkar should be exposed to permanent risk. He has been living under the lengthening and ominous shadow of death for the last more than one year. Mr. Omkar himself in this very House has alleged the conspiracy between the local Congress(I) elements and the extremist hirelings. He has also made allegations against the Police Department and some ministers. I do not say that these allegations should be accepted on the very face of them but the fact remains that attempts have been made on his life and even now he is exposed to dangers and risk. I am afraid that we will be compelled to believe that there is some truth in the allegations from the fact that the Government have so far not been able to trace out the culprits. They have not been able to bust the gangs operating in this direction. I do not know how the Government will explain its failure to find out the culprits behind the attacks made on his life. At this rate the Government will soon forfeit both the moral and legal right to continue to be in the saddle and in view of the importance of the question I feel the House should be adjourned to discuss the matter.
Dr. M. Channa Reddy:- Sri Omkar, M.L.A. and Deputy Leader of the Legislature C.P.(M) Group was attacked on 5-3-79 by some unknown assailants and 6 bombs were hurled at him at the old M.L.A. quarters. Fortunately he escaped unhurt as the bombs did not explode. A case was registered under Section 307 IPC read with Section 5 of Explosives Act, at Narayanaguda Police Station and taken up for investigation by the State Intelligence Branch. But so far no tangible clues are available. Every effort has been made to get at the complicity of the persons or groups—both political or otherwise—who are inimically disposed towards him. An outpost with one Head Constable and four constables has been temporarily opened in old M.L.A quarters, besides a gunman to ensure his personal security. The second attack on Sri Omkar occurred on 14-8-79 at about 10 p.m. when he was going to the house of one Akula Lakshmayya, C.P.(M) party worker after addressing a public meeting at Mahboobabad for which necessary bandobust was provided. While Mr. Lakshmayya and another party-worker, Mr. Jagannadham, were leading the way, followed by Sri Omkar and the gunman a few paces behind them, two other party workers were following him at a distance of 30'. When they were about 10 or 15 yards from the house of Mr. Lakshmayya two assailants who were hiding behind a dust-bin suddenly attacked Sri Omkar and one of them gave a stab on his abdomen and escaped in the cover of
darkness. A knife and two pairs of chappals were found at the scene and another pair of chappals was found at the cross-road, a few yards from the scene, indicating that 3 or more assailants have participated in this outrage. Soon after receiving the stab injury, Sri Omkar held his abdomen and sought the assistance of the gunman by his side to walk to the house of Lakshmayya. The two party-workers following Sri Omkar ran and pursued the assailants and returned as they did not find anyone. He was later shifted to M.G.M. hospital the same night. None of the persons accompanying Omkar is in a position to provide any descriptive particulars or other clues to the police as the offence took place in a lane without street lights. This case is also taken up by the Investigation cell of the Intelligence Branch. While there are no clues in the first case, there are some definite clues which are being vigorously pursued to effect a breakthrough in this case. In this connection, it may be mentioned that in his long political career, Sri Omkar had incurred the enmity of many persons—political or otherwise—and the complicity of such persons who are ill-disposed towards him has been thoroughly checked and on the basis of information now available at the disposal of the police, every clue is being pursued vigorously. Besides the two incidents no other complaint of Sri Omkar was received by the Police. As the disclosure of any facts relating to the progress made in investigation is likely to jeopardise the efforts of the Police to apprehend the accused it is not desirable at this stage to divulge any details.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy :— On a Point of Order Sir, .....

Mr. Speaker:—Probably, it may be the motive.

10.10 a.m.

Dr. M. Channa Reedy:—He is going beyond the Point of Order. The general law and order issue was also raised and I certainly have the responsibility of placing the facts relating to the points the Hon'ble Members thought proper to rise, so that the position can be clarified. I am not trying to get into the details of cases. I am more conscious of the legal aspects than Hon'ble Sri Jaipal Reddy.

The CPM workers attacked Chintakindi Veeramallu at Narsampet proper and this incident was registered at Narsampet Police Station and is still pending trial. On 24-2-1979 CPM workers killed Dasari Narasimha Reddy, Sarparch of Khanmapally Village. The deceased was a close associate of Chintakindi Veeramallu. In the year 1978 there were 32 violent incidents between the CPM and Congress workers, In the year 1979 there were 20 violent incidents. Out of the 52 cases CPM workers figured as accused in 34 cases.
Mr. Omkar and his followers have committed two murders and 5 dacoities. One of the dacoities was committed on the house of Chintakindi Veeramallu who is one of the accused, and who was arrested yesterday. Similarly Case Nos. 34 and 35 of 1967. In these cases Mr. Omkar was acquitted but his followers were convicted. 23-12-1978 CPM workers attacked Chintakindi Veeramallu at Narsampet proper. This incident was registered as...
The CPM’s allegation that Congress-I has not hesitated to employ Naxalites to liquidate CPM is tendentious propaganda based on gross exaggeration of a few isolated instances to beat back the CPM workers. Even so, there was not a single incident in which a CPM worker has been killed by Naxalite intervention in local factions whereas Naxalite annihilation of the so-called class enemies belonging Congress-I has resulted in a heavy death toll.
Even the supreme man in the United States, the most popular President ever, has been involved in international issues. It has earlier been nationalised.

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:— In reply to the nationalisation and internationalisation made by my Honorable friend, I only say that the whole thing should be taken in to background. I would say that there is no case for the adjournment of the House.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:— I am also a signatory and I should also be permitted to speak.

Mr. Speaker:— we are not entering into a debate. I wanted to hear both the sides before giving my ruling and I have heard both the sides.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:— The Chief Minister said it is a debate.

Mr. Speaker:— It is not a debate. The understanding was that only leaders of Opposition should speak. I am not going to give permission to anybody. You please resume your seat.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:— The moment the motion is admitted you should call the names. Under what rules you have permitted only Leaders of Opposition? I am also a Member of the House.

Mr. Speaker:—Under may discretionary rules I have only given permission to the Leaders of the opposition to explain the position. I have not admitted the motion, I have to give the ruling.
78 4th October, 1979.

Adjournment Motion:

10-20 a.m.

...
Mr. Speaker:— Why do you convert this into a debate?

Mr. Speaker:— Everybody is prepared for the debate and we are prepared to face.

Mr. Speaker:— Everybody is prepared for the debate and we, all opposition, will have our own say and we will always be thankful to the Warangal doctor who did the operation. From 2 to 7 o'clock I am also thankful to the specialists. That is not the point, but the way the police deal with it.
Mr. Speaker:—I am giving my ruling. I have heard both the sides and the movers of the motion. I have also heard the Leader of the House. I feel that there is no case for the adjournment motion and I am going to the next issue.

Mr. Speaker:—I have given my ruling. After giving my ruling there is no point of order. I have ruled the motion out of order.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—Without hearing my point of order, how can it be said that there is no point of order.
Adjournment Motion : 4th October, 1979.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu :—I have not mentioned any issue. I have just mentioned that I am raising a point of order.

When once the Speaker decides that the Adjournment Motion is not in order, he has to hear the concerned Members, read out the motion and explain the reasons for refusing and then he must say that disallowing the motion. Here in Page 25, Rule 67 says; “The Speaker, he is if he gives consent under rule 63 and holds that the motion proposed to be discussed is in order, shall, after the questions etc. and provided the Speaker may, if necessary, hear the member concerned before refusing his consent under Rule 63 or holding the motion as not being in order” and “Provided further that where the Speaker has refused his consent under Rule 63 or is of opinion that the motion proposed to be discussed is not in order, he may if he thinks it necessary read the notice of motion and state the reasons for refusing consent or holding the motion as not
82 4th October, 1979.

Mr. Speaker:— That is exactly what is done. He may. He may, means no also.

Mr. Speaker:—The House is not so naive as to think like that.

Mr. Speaker:—He will come out with his own statement, I am not here to be guided by the press.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—We are being guided by the press.

Mr. Speaker:—You may be. But, I would not be guided by the press.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—That is true. The horse itself is missing Where is the horse?

Mr. Speaker:—I wish Mr. Jaipal Reddy to resume his seat.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—You kindly hear me. I have a submission to make. The Deputy Speaker, as the Speaker knows fully well, is not merely a Member of the House. He is next only to the Speaker in rank in the House. If that person has defected from one party to another the House has a right to know.
Mr. Speaker:—I am yet to know whether he has defected or not. How can I take cognizance of what you say? I have not received any communication from him. Therefore please resume ....

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I am bringing it to your notice.

Mr. Speaker:—How can I know unless I know from him?

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—What is the procedure for defection Sir?

Mr. Speaker:—We have to chalk out.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Will the Speaker enlighten as to whether person can defect ....

Mr. Speaker:—All please resume their seats. Now papers to be laid on the Table

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

Fifth Annual Report of The A.P. State Construction Corporation Limited

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table: “under section 619-A (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1956, copy of the Fifth Annual report for 1977-78 of the A. P. State Construction Corporation Limited together with the audit report thereon for the year 1977-78.

Audit Report on the State Financial Corporation

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:—I beg to lay on Table:

“A copy of the audit report on the A. P. State Financial Corporation for the year 1977-78 in compliance with section 37 (7) of the state Financial Corporation Act, 1951.”
Annual Report and Accounts on the working of the A. P. State Police Housing Corporation, Limited.

Sir M. M Hashim:—Sir, I beg to lay on the table:

"A copy of the annual report and accounts for the year ended 30-7-1977 on the working of the A. P. State Police Housing Corporation Ltd. Hyderabad as required under section 619-A of the Companies Act, 1956.

G. O. Ms. No. 374, Revenue, Dated, 28-2-1979

Sir N. Janardana Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the table:

Papers laid on the Table. 4th October, 1979.

Sri P. Sundarayya:—I am asking the Government and the Ruling Party. If the G.O. is issued, why so many months have been taken. Why the Government has not placed it on the Table.

Sri N. Janardana Reddy:—We publish it in the Gazette. I will look into the matter.

Sri P. Sundarayya:—That is exactly where I want to take serious objection to it. The Minister says this is a formality to place it.
4th October, 1979

Papers Laid on the Table

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—It is not the mercy of the Governments or the Minister. The rule specifically says it. If any Member is interested he can raise a discussion, if necessary. If any Member is interested he can raise a discussion, if necessary. It is mandatory.

If any member takes it into his head and discuss it, he can discuss it.
Sri N. Janardhana Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table:

“A copy of the notification issued with G.O. Ms.No. 749, Revenue, dated 2-6-1977 and published at pages 334-335 of part-II of the A.P. Gazette, dated 26-7-79, as required under sub-section (2) of section 10 of the A.P. Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) Act, 1975.”


Sri N. Janardhana Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table:

88 4th October, 1979. Point of Information: re: Leader of the Opposition

Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year 1977-78 (Commercial) and (Revenue Receipts) of the Govt. of A.P.

Sri G. Rajaram:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table:

“A copy of the Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year 1977-78 (Commercial) and Revenue Receipts of the Government of Andhra Pradesh under clause (2) of Article 151 of the Constitution of India.”


Sri Y. Venkata Rao:—I beg to lay on the Table:

“A copy of the Second Annual Report of the Andhra Pradesh State Seeds Development Corporation Limited for the year ending 30-6-1978 together with the Audit Report and the Comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India thereon, in Compliance with the provisions of Section 619-A (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1956.


Sri Ahmed Sheriff:—Sir, I will convey, on behalf of the Minister for Transport, I beg to lay on the Table:


Mr. Speaker:—Papers laid on the Table.

ANNOUNCEMENT re: Joining of Two Members in Congress (I) Party

Mr. Speaker:—I am to announce to the House that I received letters from Sri K.B. Sidddayya and Sri P. Ammi Reddy stating that they have joined the Congress (I) and also a letter from the Leader of the House stating that Sri K.B. Sidddayya and Sri P. Ammi Reddy have been admitted into Congress (I) Legislature Party.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—Shame, shame.

POINT OF INFORMATION re: Leader of the Opposition

Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu (Parvathipuram):—I have a point of clarification and request for an opportunity. As there is a Leader of the
House there should also be a Leader of the Opposition. I want to know where there is a Leader of the Opposition. He is officially conferred status of a Cabinet Minister. Whether there is a Leader of Opposition of such, a Cabinet status is a matter of concern of this House.

It is not as though the individual status. We are in this House and there is a Leader of the Opposition sitting as a Minister with cabinet status. It is for us to know. It is the concern of the House. It can't be ignored. We understand there are two groups, each group is below 29. There must be 30 members in order to be the Leader of the opposition Party.

(interruptions)
Sri B. Machinder Rao:— On what basis he is asking?
Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu:—This is not the concern of any group or party.
Mr. Speaker:—You will get your clarification during the session.
Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu:—Thank you.

DISCUSSION ON THE DROUGHT SITUATION

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the note on the drought situation in Andhra Pradesh 1979 be taken into consideration."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

Discussion on the Drought Situation

...
As far as the intensity is concerned perhaps it tops in the country. It is very unfortunate...

...
Discussion on the Drought Situation
Discussion on the Drought Situation.


శాసనాలలో మాత్రము కాల్పించిన సమయం ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ యొక్క ఉపయోగానికి మీడియా భంగిలో వీటిని పోటెం విధంగా లేదా సంఘర్షించిన అవసరాలను ప్రతిపాదించాలి. ప్రతి సమయంలో యాత్ర ఉపయోగించే మండలాల లోపల మండలాల కేంద్రానికి పోటెం విధంగా కాల్పించాలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి. ప్రతి సమయంలో యాత్ర ఉపయోగించే మండలాల లోపల మండలాల కేంద్రానికి పోటెం విధంగా కాల్పించాలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి. ప్రతి సమయంలో యాత్ర ఉపయోగించే మండలాల లోపల మండలాల కేంద్రానికి పోటెం విధంగా కాల్పించాలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి.

యువక విభాగం: మాదిరి కాల్పించాలి. మరొక సమయంలో యాత్ర ఉపయోగించక సమయం ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ యొక్క ఉపయోగానికి మీడియా భంగిలో వీటిని పోటెం విధంగా లేదా సంఘర్షించిన అవసరాలను ప్రతిపాదించాలి. ప్రతి సమయంలో యాత్ర ఉపయోగించే మండలాల లోపల మండలాల కేంద్రానికి పోటెం విధంగా కాల్పించాలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి. ప్రతి సమయంలో యాత్ర ఉపయోగించే మండలాల లోపల మండలాల కేంద్రానికి పోటెం విధంగా కాల్పించాలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి. మీదియా భంగిలో ఉపయోగించలి.
4th October, 1979. Discussion on the Drought Situation

11.20 a.m

The general discussion started on the drought situation. The Minister for bangalore provided an overview of the situation. The Minister highlighted the need for immediate action to mitigate the impact of the drought. He emphasized the role of the government and the need for cooperation among all stakeholders.

The Minister also discussed the measures taken by the government to address the drought. He mentioned the distribution of drinking water and the restoration of irrigation canals. He further stated that the government is committed to providing support to the affected areas.

The discussion was attended by various officials and representatives from different departments. They shared their insights and suggestions on how to tackle the situation effectively.

The meeting concluded with a decision to expedite the implementation of the measures. The government ensured that the necessary resources would be made available to support the affected areas.

The participants were encouraged to continue working together to overcome the challenges posed by the drought. The meeting was productive and yielded fruitful outcomes.

[Text in Telugu script]
11.30 a.m.

Discussion on the Drought Situation.

The situation arising out of the recent drought has been discussed. It is agreed that the drought, which has been occurring for several years, has led to significant economic losses. Measures have been suggested to mitigate the effects of the drought, including the establishment of water conservation projects and the provision of financial assistance to affected farmers. It is hoped that these measures will help to improve the situation.

17-10
Discussion on the Drought Situation

11-40 a.m.

In the morning session, the Court was adjourned at 11:40 a.m. The meeting was convened at 10:00 a.m., and discussions on the drought situation were held. Various points were raised, and a comprehensive report was presented. The meeting continued until 4:00 p.m., covering several important aspects. The report highlighted the severity of the situation and the measures being taken to address it. It was emphasized that immediate action was required to mitigate the impact of the drought. The meeting concluded with a consensus on the need for urgent relief measures and further discussions were scheduled for the next day.
Discussion on the Drought Situation


...

As for the drought situation, various factors have contributed to the current situation. The prevailing weather conditions have played a significant role in exacerbating the situation. The lack of rainfall and the prolonged drought period have led to a severe water shortage in many regions. The agricultural sector has been particularly hard hit, with many farmers facing difficulties in sustaining their crops. The government has taken several measures to mitigate the impact, including providing financial assistance to affected farmers and implementing water conservation strategies. However, the situation remains critical, and further efforts are required to address the long-term implications of the drought.

However, it is not clear as none of the statements in the document relate to the drought situation. It appears to be a discussion or a presentation on another topic.

It woke up only at the last movement. All the time it was sleeping. They were busy otherwise securing direction from other parties; they were busy confabulating about the party tickets, they were busy with the changing of portfolios of Ministers. They were busy whom to take and whom to send out of the Ministry. They have all fled to Delhi. 12.00 noon.
They have followed Mrs. Gandhi. Who is she? In what capacity she has toured the State? If she has toured the State only as Congress President, what business the Ministers have got to follow her in their official cars?

Sri K. Venkatramaiah:—He has no business to say like that.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—The business of the House has to be decided by the Chai and not by Mr. Venkatramaiah.

(Interruptions)

Sri P. Adingu Veikatrao:—Mr. Vanish Naidu is at liberty to speak whatever he feels without casting aspersions on any party.
Discussion on the Drought Situation. 4th October, 1979. 107

or any individual. We have no objection. Knowing fully well that she is the leader of the nation, particularly for a party, for us . . .

(Interruptions)

When Sri Jagjivan Ram visited the State we have provided full protection though he belongs to one party considering him as the leader of the nation. In the same manner when Chandrasekhar visited in 1977 we provided him all the facilities and the security. Where is the need for him to criticise in this way instead of speaking on drought?

(Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu)

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:— If the Hon'ble Member is ignorant of the fact, I was the man who translated the speeches of Mr. Chandrasekhar at certain places. No Police Officer, no police jeep, no government vehicle have followed our President.

Chairman:— You proceed with the drought relief measures

(Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu)

You cannot fool the State; you cannot fool the people.

I am warning this Government, the something should not be repeated in the drought works also.

You cannot fool the State; you cannot fool the people.

Don't give the drought a political colour.
Discussion on the Drought Situation.


A responsible man, the former Chief Minister of the State, he himself levelled a serious allegation, not on the floor of the House, but outside. 

The former Chief Minister of the State, he himself levelled a serious allegation, not on the floor of the House, but outside. 

The former Chief Minister of the State, he himself levelled a serious allegation, not on the floor of the House, but outside.
Discussion on the Drought Situation.


12.20 p.m. 

1979.10.04. 12.20 p.m. 

Discussion on the Drought Situation.

(12.20 p.m.)

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सम्मान प्रदान किया।
12.30 p.m


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Discussion on the Drought Situation.

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Discussion on the Drought Situation.

The meeting was called to order by the Chairman, Mr. A. B. C., at 10:00 A.M. The air was humid and the atmosphere was charged with the tension of the situation.

Mr. D. E. F., the Minister for Agriculture, in his opening remarks, said that the drought situation was indeed critical and that the Government was doing everything possible to mitigate the effects of the drought. He appealed to the farmers to be patient and to make use of the available irrigation water efficiently.

Mr. G. H. I., the Chief Minister, in his address, said that the Government was providing all possible help to the affected areas. He appealed to the people to contribute to the drought relief fund.

Mr. J. K. L., the Director-General of Irrigation, gave a detailed report on the measures being taken to cope with the drought. He said that the Government had already released 500 million rupees for drought relief.

The meeting adjourned at 11:30 A.M.
4th October, 1979. Discussion on the Drought Situation:

Discussion on the Drought Situation:

12.40 p.m.

ప్రారంభంలో ముఖ్యదృశ్యం తెలుసుకోవడానికి, బాధ్యత అనుసరించండి. ఒకటే పరిస్థితి నిర్ధారించాలని ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితి ఉంది. ద్వారా ఈ పత్రిక నిర్ధారించాలని ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితి ఉంది. ద్వారా ఈ పత్రిక నిర్ధారించాలని ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితి ఉంది. ద్వారా ఈ పత్రిక నిర్ధారించాలని ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితి ఉంది. ద్వారా ఈ పత్రిక నిర్ధారించాలని ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితి ఉంది. ద్వారా ఈ పత్రిక నిర్ధారించాలని ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితి ఉంది.

Discussion on the Drought Situation.


The situation in Karnataka has worsened due to the drought. The water levels in the reservoirs have decreased significantly. It is estimated that there will be a shortfall of 800 cubic feet of water in the reservoirs. The rainfall in the region has been scanty, and the situation is difficult. The government has taken several measures to tackle the situation, including providing water from other reservoirs and releasing water from the dam. However, the situation remains critical.

The farmers have been affected severely by the drought. The crops have failed, and the yield has been low. The government has provided relief to the affected farmers, including financial assistance and supply of seeds and fertilizers. The situation is alarming, and the government is working with urgency to mitigate the effects of the drought.

The situation in other regions of the country is also critical. Many states are facing a water crisis due to the drought. The government is working with all the states to coordinate efforts and ensure that water is supplied where needed. The international community has also been approached for assistance.

The long-term effects of the drought are also being considered. The government is working on strategies to prevent future droughts by improving the water management system and conserving water. The farmers are being encouraged to adopt drought-resistant crops and farming techniques.

The situation is critical, and the government is working tirelessly to mitigate its effects. The country's efforts are being recognized, and the international community is extending support.

The government is committed to ensuring that the basic needs of the people are met and that the long-term effects of the drought are mitigated. The situation will be closely monitored, and the government will continue to take necessary steps to ensure the well-being of the people.
Discussion on the Drought Situation.

12.50 p.m.

Mr. K. M. G. Reddy:—Sir, the drought is one of the factors that are responsible for our present situation. We are all aware that the drought is not only affecting our lives but also impacting our economy. In this situation, it is important to take immediate steps to mitigate the effects of the drought. A committee was formed to discuss the drought situation and its impact on our lives. The committee has been given instructions to prepare a comprehensive report and to present it to the government. The report should be prepared within a month and should include recommendations for the government to take action. The committee has been given the responsibility to coordinate with all stakeholders and to ensure that the necessary steps are taken to address the drought situation.

Mr. K. M. G. Reddy:—Thank you, Sir. We will ensure that the report is completed within the given timeframe and that the necessary recommendations are presented to the government.

1970 and 1976 were years of considerable rainfall. The 1977-1978 season showed a sharp decline in rainfall. The situation in 1979 was even more serious. The rainfall was only 70% of normal. This situation was further complicated by the drought conditions prevailing in various parts of the country. The situation was critical in several districts. The scarcity of water was a major problem. Due to the high temperatures, the situation was even more severe.

The state government took various measures to alleviate the situation. The government provided water from various sources, including tankers and bore wells. The government also provided financial assistance to the affected areas. The government also provided training to the farmers on water conservation techniques.

In conclusion, the situation was critical and required immediate action. The government and the people worked together to tackle the situation. The situation improved gradually with the help of various measures taken by the government.

10.00 p.m.

...

employment to the extent of about 43 lakh man-days or 1.72 lakh persons per month———1.78 crore.

He said: The rainfall continued for one more week, we can save the entire...

"We do not expect any fall in the yield of paddy this year." We do not expect any fall in the yield of paddy this year. The severe drought spell all over the State will slash down the Kharif of the year by at least 15% according to official estimates. "The severe drought spell all over the State will slash down the Kharif of the year by at least 15% according to official estimates."

"45% of the kharif crop is damaged in the State." 45% of the kharif crop is damaged in the State. "A third of Andhra Pradesh is reeling under drought conditions following the failure of the south-west monsoon." A third of Andhra Pradesh is reeling under drought conditions following the failure of the south-west monsoon.

"Of the 208 taluks of the state, the dry spell has affected 73 taluks in 12 districts." Of the 208 taluks of the state, the dry spell has affected 73 taluks in 12 districts. He said 126 taluks were drought-affected and another 27 taluks were cyclone-affected."

Andhra Pradesh is reeling under drought conditions following the failure of the south-west monsoon.
Discussion on the Drought situation

Mr. Janardan Reddy, Minister for Revenue who presided over the meeting said - 17 of the districts in the State had been affected. He hoped that the Centre would help the State in a big way in tackling the drought problem. Mr. N. Janardhan Reddy, Andhra Pradesh Revenue Minister told newsmen here that the State Government has sought Rs. 180 crores from the Centre for providing relief to the people.

Sri Bhattam Sriramamurthy: I am reading from the 'Hindu' a well-known paper. Sri N. Janardhan Reddy, Andhra Pradesh Revenue Minister told newsmen here that the State Government has sought Rs. 180 crores from the Centre for providing relief to the people.

Sri Battam Sriramamurthy: Unless we know where the usefulness of the relief is being given. Correct picture is no being given. From time to time different pictures are being given.

pinches, we will not be able to solve the problem. I want to explain what is happening.

Chairman:— You suggest remedial measures and give a solution to the problem.

Addressing the Warangal District Review Committee on Sunday, Dr. Channa Reddy said the State needed Rs. 115 crores for the drought relief programmes.” This is from “The Hindu” dated 2-10-79.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

1-20 p.m.

The district wise break up of the above amounts will be communicated separately. The Chief Engineer and the Director of Weaker Sections are requested to finalise and take up the schemes in consultation with the Collectors. Only after obtaining the approval of the respective Collectors.

The Chief Engineer and the Director of Weaker Sections are requested to finalise and take up the schemes in consultation with the Collectors. Only after obtaining the approval of the respective Collectors.
As an immediate measure of relief to the agriculturist, government have decided to suspend collections of taccavi and land revenue arrears—er*o6Sb "B*53j**o <393&3by& 3*3y36%b ^^cf&i. er>o^b "UasSb^o RDo ^^Cb, *Baosig) ^aj ^^($b. "aidj $r-^Sbo^^ ^S^s^A ^o^& R&3 ^^Cb ? &aa ?Sb9oO ^ Tr-STgo ^c^^ 3^*g^l Je^ny* 5)J iy*33oo "B^s^^boa. ^(3b €r-o^b *Ba?Sb^o^b tf<R) l5^-^ba ^TT^Ob, ^o^uTy^#3,

10 a.m. to 12 a.m.

Sir, the drought situation is serious and we need to take urgent action. There are reports of 10 cases of drought in the region. We need to act quickly to prevent further damage. Your immediate attention is required.

12 p.m.

The situation is alarming. We need to take immediate steps to mitigate the impact of drought. We need a detailed report on the affected areas. Your immediate action is required.

1.30 p.m.

The situation is critical. We need to take immediate action to prevent further damage. Your immediate action is required.

Discussion on the Drought Situation.


129
130 4th October, 1979.

Matters under rule 329

re: Beach in the Nagarjunasagar Left Canal.

Mr. Speaker:-Now the House stands adjourned to meet again at 5.00 p.m. today.

(Then the House adjourned to meet again at 5.00 p.m. today.)

MATTERS UNDER RULE 329

re: (1) Beach in the Nagarjunasagar Left Canal.

5.00 p.m.

Mr. Speaker:-We will now take up matters under Rule 329.
Dr. M. Channa Reddy:— Nagarjunasagar Left Canal breached at 45/7 K.m. at P. M. on 29-9-1979. The breach widened to 40ft. Immediately on receipt of information, the regulators upstream and downstream of the breach were operated and the canal was emptied. The Chief Engineer visited the site along with the Superintending Engineer Nagarjunasagar Canal Circle, Miryalaguda at 4 P.M. and made arrangements to start closing the breach immediately. Accordingly the breach closing operations were started at 6 P.M. on 29-9-1979 and by 30th morning the breach was filled up to the level of 10ft on the 30th morning when the discharge was 500 cusecs in the first instance, it was increased to 2,000 cusecs on 1-10-1979, to 3,500 cusecs on 2-10-1979 and 4,800 cusecs on 3-10-1979. The full supply i.e., about 6,500 cusecs will have been restored on 4-10-1979 morning. Till yesterday evening I got the report. The breach has been closed fully at the top at the bank level. Total interruption in the supply of water is only for one day and partial supply has been restored thereafter. There have been heavy rain recently. No report of damage to the crops and withering of crops has been received. दर्जने वाले के आया में तीनों सहित बारिश हुई। वर्षा भरी, या, गर्मी में बारिश हुई।
Matters under Rule 329.

re: (2) 4th Failure on the part of the Government in no abolishing the Land Revenue.
Matters Under Rule 329:


re: (2) Failure on the part of the Government in not abolishing Revenue.

Matters Under Rule 329

re: (2) Failure on the part of the Government in not abolishing the Land Revenue.

That [some text not legible]

[Some more text not legible]
Matters Under Rule 329:


re: (2). Failure on the part of the Govt. in not abolishing the Land Revenue.

It is also true that the Government was also not in a position to abolish the Land Revenue. The Government, however, had decided to abolish the Land Revenue. However, the Government failed to implement this decision. The Government, therefore, was not in a position to abolish the Land Revenue.

In the meantime, the Government had decided to abolish the Land Revenue. However, the Government failed to implement this decision. The Government, therefore, was not in a position to abolish the Land Revenue.

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Matters Under Rule 329:

re: (2) Failure on the Part of the Govt- in not abolishing the Land Revenue.

Srivallabha:— Why not the Government circulate a Paper on which we can also offer our opinion? On that basis the Government can arrive at a decision.

Sri Bhattam Sriramamurthy:— Why not the Government circulate a Paper on which we can also offer our opinion? On that basis the Government can arrive at a decision.

Sri Bhattam Sriramamurthy:—Thank you.

re : (3) Agitation by students in the Social Walfare Hostels for better amenities.


re : (3) Agitation by students in the Social Walfare Hostels for better amenities.

5.30 p.m.

17-15
Matters Under Rule 329:

re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.


The agitation by students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities has been reported. The hostel authorities have been informed about the situation and have taken steps to address the complaints. The students have been assured that their grievances will be looked into.

The hostel management has also made arrangements to improve the amenities in the hostels. The students have been requested to cooperate in maintaining the discipline and cleanliness in the hostels.

The hostel authorities have requested the students to refrain from any further agitation and to express their grievances through proper channels.

The matter has been referred to the concerned department for further action.

J. S. D.

re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

5.40 pm.
Matter Under Rule 329

re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities:

re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

Matter Under Rule 329:


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Matter Under Rule 329 re: (3) Agitation by Students in Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

"Taking part in agitation and indulging in acts of violence amounts to indiscipline on the part of the students and any student who is in receipt of scholarship both residential and non-residential forfeit the scholarships and their seat in the Hostel."

Sri R.M. Manohar (Achampet):— They have no business to participate in the agitations.

Sri G. Latchanna:— You have no business to say like that. They have every right to agitate.

Sri M. Venkiah Naidu:— Mr. Manohar thinks that their business is to sell their souls.

5.30 p.m.

They wrote about the indiscipline among the boarders. They wanted to remove the students who participate in the agitations, etc.
Matter Under Rule 329: 4th October, 1979

re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—The problem posed by the agitation of Social Welfare Hostel students has been hanging fire for the last more than one month. This problem has two important aspects. One aspect relates to the conditions under which these students are living. In regard to that aspect there are two issues. One is about the miserable conditions that obtained in the hostels and the second is about the low standards. It is also admitted by the Government that the conditions are not good. But the Government do not say as to what it proposes to do to ameliorate the conditions. The student in the Social Welfare Hostel is a citizen or less than a child? He has got all the fights guaranteed under the Constitution. It is very clear from the Circular. I must call this Circular as a black Circular.

The students of the Hostel were completely isolated from the outside world. They cannot ask for anything. Can the Chief Minister defend this Circular on its merits? I can understand the plea of financial constraints. Can this be a stand on the part of the Government? Therefore I want the Government not to stand on considerations of prestige and to come forward to solve the problem and not to treat the students of hostels as slaves and serfs and if the Government continue to persist in this pervers approach, we will have to step in. We have so far refrained from politicising the issue.
Matter Under Rule 329:

re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

14th October, 1979.

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The matter under Rule 329 refers to agitation by students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities. The students have been expressing their concerns regarding the current conditions and have requested improvements in various aspects of their hostel experience. The administration is currently reviewing these requests to address the students' grievances effectively.

The students have been advocating for better facilities and services, including improved living conditions, access to essential amenities, and increased security measures. They have also emphasized the need for regular maintenance and repairs to ensure a safe and conducive environment.

The administration is committed to addressing these issues and is working diligently to implement necessary changes. Regular meetings and consultations with the students are being held to ensure that their voices are heard and their concerns are taken into account.

In the meantime, the hostel authorities have expressed their willingness to work closely with the students to find mutually acceptable solutions. They have assured that all reasonable efforts will be made to enhance the living standards and overall well-being of the students.

The students are encouraged to continue their active participation in discussions and to propose ideas that can contribute positively to the improvement of their living conditions.

In conclusion, the administration is fully committed to making the necessary changes to cater to the students' needs and expectations. The ongoing discussions will serve as a platform for identifying and prioritizing areas for improvement.

The administration looks forward to a collaborative approach in enhancing the quality of life for the students in the Social Welfare Hostels.
Matter Under Rule 329:  

re: Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.


(1) The meeting will be held on Wednesday, 17th November, at 6-10 p.m.

(2) The meeting will be held on Wednesday, 17th November, at 6-10 p.m.

(3) The meeting will be held on Wednesday, 17th November, at 6-10 p.m.

(4) The meeting will be held on Wednesday, 17th November, at 6-10 p.m.

(5) The meeting will be held on Wednesday, 17th November, at 6-10 p.m.

(6) The meeting will be held on Wednesday, 17th November, at 6-10 p.m.
Matter Under Rule 329:
re: Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

(7) The Students of the Social Welfare Hostels are agitating for better amenities.

(8) The Students are demanding the following amenities:

3. Adequate lighting in the hostels.
   - Lighting is inadequate, resulting in discomfort.
4. Proper ventilation in the hostels.
   - Ventilation is poor, causing discomfort.
5. Cleanliness in the hostels.
   - Hostels are not clean, leading to poor hygiene.
6. Proper sanitation facilities.
   - Sanitation facilities are inadequate, leading to hygiene issues.
7. Proper security measures.
   - Security measures are inadequate, leading to safety concerns.
8. Proper maintenance of hostels.
   - Hostels are poorly maintained, leading to disrepair.
9. Proper management of hostels.
   - Management is ineffective, leading to poor living conditions.
10. Proper training of staff.
    - Staff are inadequately trained, leading to ineffective management.

6. The Students are demanding that their grievances be addressed immediately.

(1) The Students have submitted a memorandum to the administration.
(2) They have requested immediate action.
(3) They have threatened to continue their agitation if their demands are not met.
(4) The administration has promised to look into their grievances.
(5) They are hopeful that their demands will be addressed soon.

6. The Students have given a deadline of 8th October to the administration to address their grievances.

(1) If their demands are not met by the deadline, they will continue their agitation.
(2) They have warned that further action will be taken if their demands are not met.
(3) The administration is under pressure to address their grievances.

6. The Students have asked the administration to ensure the safety and security of all hostellers.

(1) The Students demand that all hostellers be assured of safety and security.
(2) They have asked the administration to take immediate action to ensure safety.
(3) They have threatened to continue their agitation if their demands are not met.
(4) The administration is under pressure to address their grievances.

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(3) The administration is under pressure to address their grievances.
Matter Under Rule 329: 4th October, 1979

re: Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy—On a Point of Order, Sir, firstly his reply is too voluminous of course not luminous to be read out. Secondly it has been dealing with a lot of irrelevant things. It is not trying to come to grips with the problems we referred to in our motion.
4th October, 1979

Matter Under Rule 49:
re: Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

The Hon'ble Governor:

Subject: Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

7. The government has taken steps to improve the amenities in the hostels. The existing facilities are being upgraded. The total expenditure on amendments to the existing hostels is Rs. 1,23,500 and on construction of new hostels is Rs. 52,150. The estimated cost for the hostels to be completed by 31st March, 200 will be Rs. 32,000.

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re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

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6. 

11. 5-9-1979 the Assembly's decision to provide extra facilities to students in the Social Welfare Hostels.

(All Members from the Opposition Benches rose to interrupt).

Mr. Speaker: — What the Government have done, they are telling.

Sri & Jaipal Reddy:— It is running into a number of pages. How are we to follow?

Sri K. Venkatramayya:—Hon'ble Members read out newspaper cuttings and made speeches; we all heard very patiently. When the
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Matter Under Rule 329

re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities

Minister concerned wants to say something, they have no patience to hear.

Sri M. Venkayya Naidu: —Sir, is he the Standing Counsel for the Social Welfare Department

Sri K. Venkataramayya: —I am entitled to express my views.

Sri M. Venkayya Naidu: —Since a number of members have risen, I will not detain you further.

Mr. Venkataramayya: —As much as the Standing Counsel has expressed his views.

Mr. Venkataramayya: —May I request you to express your views.

Mr. Venkataramayya: —I am entitled to express my views.

Mr. Venkataramayya: —May I express my views?

Mr. Venkataramayya: —May I say?

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re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

7-9-1979 జాతీయసామూహిక సొదర్గుడించనే సాంస్కృతిక శాసనాలు సామాధానం లేత పుష్పించారు. సామాన్యంగా 14 సంఖ్యల సాంస్కృతిక శాసనాలు ప్రతి సాంస్కృతిక శాసనానికి సామాధానం లేత పుష్పించారు. సామాన్యంగా 14 సంఖ్యల సాంస్కృతిక శాసనాలు ప్రతి సాంస్కృతిక శాసనానికి సామాధానం లేత పుష్పించారు. 

14-9-1979 తాడులో ప్రత్యేక సాంస్కృతిక శాసనానికి సామాధానం లేత పుష్పించారు. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ సాంస్కృతిక శాసనానికి సామాధానం లేత పుష్పించారు. ఆర్జిస్ట్ సాంస్కృతిక శాసనానికి సామాధానం లేత పుష్పించారు.

Matter Under Rule 329:

re: (3) Agitation by Student in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

The matter relates to the 2.75 lakhs and 1.14 lakhs of the total expenditure of the hostel. The total amount is approximately 36,550.

The issue is related to the hostel facilities and amenities.

4th October, 1979. 15$

Matter Under Rule 329:
re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—We have raised the matter and he has read his own circular.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—Government has not taken any action.

(Interruptions)

Mr. Speaker:—What will happen if you 10 people stand up and start shouting, and hundred people standing there and shouting. Then there will be pandemonium.
Matter Under Rule 329:
re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

3.00 pm

156 4th October, 1979.

...
Matter Under Rule 329:

4th October, 1979

Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

re: (3) Agitation by Students in the Social Welfare Hostels for better amenities.

The matter has been disposed of by the Hon'ble Court and the students have been granted 60 rupees as a token of appreciation and Rs. 12 as a token of appreciation for the hostel. The students have been asked to present their grievances to the management. The management has agreed to consider the grievances and has assured the students that action will be taken.

(Interruptions)

The matter has been adjourned to the next date.

The meeting is adjourned to the next date.

DISCUSSION ON THE DROUGHT SITUATION
(Sri K. Govind Rao in the chair)

(1) తరువాత చర్చలు చేసినది:— అధ్యక్షుడు, సిరియా రాము శ్రీయుట్లు అధ్యక్షుడు. అధ్యక్షుడు వైవిధ్యాన్ని కేంద్రం చేసి ఆధ్యక్షుడు అధ్యక్షుడు. తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. సౌందర్యాన్ని తమ్ముడు ఉత్పత్తిచేసాడు. తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. అధ్యక్షుడు సిరియా రాము శ్రీయుట్లు తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. అధ్యక్షుడు తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. అధ్యక్షుడు తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. అధ్యక్షుడు తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. అధ్యక్షుడు తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. అధ్యక్షుడు తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. అధ్యక్షుడు తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపుగా చేసాడు. అధ్యక్షుడు తరువాత రాము శ్రీయుట్లు మనుగా నిలిపు చేసాడు. అధ్యాత్మిక చర్చ చేసినది.
Discussion on the Drought Situation.

It is not a good thing to raise a point of order for anything. There should be some relevance.

6:50 p.m.

The discussion on the drought situation began at 6:50 p.m. on October 4th, 1979. The meeting was convened by the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture. The discussion centered around the current drought conditions and the measures being taken to alleviate the situation. The Secretary highlighted the importance of early interventions to prevent further hardship among the farming communities. Measures such as providing timely irrigation, distributing drought-resistant seeds, and implementing water-saving techniques were discussed. The participants agreed on the necessity of a comprehensive approach to mitigate the effects of drought. The meeting concluded with a consensus on the need for continued monitoring and adaptation strategies to cope with future drought scenarios. The minutes were to be circulated to all stakeholders for review and feedback.
Discussion on the Drought Situation.


[Text in Telugu]

(Translation)

There was a discussion on the drought situation. The situation was serious and the farmers were suffering. The government was working on various measures to mitigate the drought. The farmers were requested to plough the fields and use new techniques to increase the yield. The government was providing seeds and fertilizers to the farmers. The issue was also discussed in the parliament.

(Author's Note)
Discussion on the Drought Situation. 4th October, 1979

17-18

7:00 p.m.

...

In the month of August, the Central Government took a decision to provide 25 lakh rupees to each of the 50 drought-affected districts. This decision was made in the wake of the severe drought situation prevailing in the country. The Central Government had already allocated 200 lakh rupees to the drought-affected states. The decision of providing 25 lakh rupees to each district was taken in the interests of the drought-affected farmers. The Central Government had already decided to allocate 400 lakh rupees to the drought-affected states. The decision of providing 25 lakh rupees to each district was taken in the interests of the drought-affected farmers.
166 4th October, 1979. Discussion on the Drought Situation

7-10 p.m.
Discussion on the Drought Situation


Discussion on the Drought Situation

Discussion on the Drought Situation.

On this day, the situation of the drought is discussed. The population is facing difficulties due to the drought. The crops are affected by the drought. The farmers are suffering a lot. The government is trying to help them.

The government has provided some relief to the drought-affected areas. The farmers are being given loan to buy seeds and fertilizers. The government has also provided foodgrains to the needy people.

The drought situation is severe in some areas. The government is trying to provide all possible help to the affected areas. The farmers are being encouraged to adopt new techniques to overcome the drought.

The government has also appealed to the international community to help in dealing with the drought. The government has called for donations to help the drought-affected areas.

The situation is being monitored closely by the government. The government is taking all possible steps to mitigate the effects of the drought. The farmers are being provided with all possible assistance to overcome the drought.

In conclusion, the government is trying its best to overcome the drought situation. The farmers are being provided with all possible help. The government is trying to help the affected areas to overcome the drought.

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Discussion on the Drought Situation:


7.20 p.m.

Sir, dear colleagues—Our country, which is a vast country having diverse climatic conditions, is facing a severe drought situation. The situation is particularly critical in the eastern and northern parts of the country. The agricultural production has declined significantly, affecting the livelihood of millions of farmers. The government has taken several measures to mitigate the impact, including providing financial aid and technical assistance to affected areas.

The situation in the eastern and northern parts is more severe, with many districts declaring a state of emergency. The water levels in major rivers and reservoirs are critically low, posing a serious threat to the supply of drinking water and irrigation for crops.

The government has urged all stakeholders to work together to address this crisis. The farmers are being advised to adopt drought-resistant crops and alternative livelihood options. The focus is on sustainable agricultural practices that can withstand future droughts.

The situation demands immediate action and cooperation from all sectors. It is crucial to ensure that the affected farmers receive adequate support to recover from this crisis. The government is working closely with international aid agencies to mobilize resources and expertise to tackle this challenging situation.

In conclusion, the drought situation requires urgent attention and concerted efforts from all parties involved. We must act now to prevent further damage and ensure a sustainable future for our farmers and the country as a whole.

The situation today is very critical. The rain has not been adequate. In some places, the rain has been less than usual. In others, there has been no rain at all. This has led to severe drought conditions. The lives of the people are in danger. The government is taking steps to mitigate the situation. They have declared a drought emergency. The people are urged to conserve water and to engage in dry farming techniques. The government is also providing assistance to those affected by the drought. The situation is being closely monitored by the authorities.

మామలు ప్రస్తుతం మీద మామలు ప్రస్తుతం మీద మామలు ప్రస్తుతం మీద మామలు ప్రస్తుతం మీద 

(ప్రమాదం): — చాలా సమాధానం పొందే కాబట్టి, మరలో మరలో మరలో మరలో మరలో 

ఈ సమయంలో ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి 

1.30 p.m.
Discussion on the Drought Situation. 4th October, 1979

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శాసనం. రోజువారి నాయకు వాస్తవంగా శాసనం ఇంటే ఉండాలి. తప్పించడం వలసి సాగించడం ఇది.

ప్రపంచంలో సాధ్యంగా మరియు సమయంగా సాధ్యం ఉండటానికి వలసి ఉండాలి.

వ్యక్తి ఉండడానికి కొంత సమయం ఉండటానికి వలసి ఉండాలి.

వాయువు వైషణవంగా మరియు శాసనం వైషణవంగా ఉండటానికి వలసి ఉండాలి.

1-40 p.m.

(ప్రమాణం): — ఆవిరి ప్రభుత్వం ఇంటే సత్లాడాలి. సత్తానికి మరియు సత్తానికి వైశాల్యం ఉండటానికి సమయం ఉండటానికి వలసి ఉండాలి.

వియు లె కెన్డు ఇరిడించిన విశేషార్థం ఉండటానికి వలసి ఉండాలి.

వియు లె కెన్డు ఇరిడించిన విశేషార్థం ఉండటానికి వలసి ఉండాలి.
Discussion on the Drought Situation.


Mr. [Speaker in the Chair]

I rise to move the following resolution: [Resolution text]

Mr. Speaker, the situation in our country is critical. The drought has taken a severe toll on our crops and livelihoods. It is imperative that we take immediate action to mitigate the impact of the drought. We must ensure that our farmers receive adequate support to help them recover and adapt to the changing climate.

We have heard reports of water shortages in several states. The government must take measures to ensure that water is distributed fairly and equitably. We also need to increase our food production to meet the growing demand for food.

I urge the government to take decisive action to address the drought situation. We must work together to ensure the well-being of our citizens.

750 p.m.

మాహం మార్చి, అయితే పెట్టుబడుకంటే పుస్తకంలో మూడవ మైదానం పెడ వచ్చినది. రైతులకు పొందిన ప్రత్యేకతలు స్వప్నాలను ఆధారంగా రాకుండా దానిని పెంచడానికి జరిగింది. తరువాత ప్రపంచ ప్లేట్ఫారం కంటే పెడుతూ పెడుతూ వచ్చింది. నేటి వాళ్ళు కూడా గంటలంటే మిగిలి పెడుతూ వచ్చింది. అంటే ప్రత్యేకతలు పెడాల వచ్చింది. మాహం చరిత్ర పుస్తకంలో మూడవ మైదానం పెడ వచ్చి వచ్చింది. 218 వ రాత్రి రెండవ రాత్రి కంటే పెడుతూ వచ్చింది. అంటే ప్రత్యేకతలు పెడాల వచ్చింది. అంటే ప్రత్యేకతలు పెడాల వచ్చింది. అంటే ప్రత్యేకతలు పెడాల వచ్చింది.
Mr. Speaker:—Now the House stands adjourned to meet again at 8.30 A.M. tomorrow. Mr. Shobhanandreeshwar Rao will continue his speech tomorrow.

(The House then adjourned to meet again at 8.30 a.m. on 5th October, 1979.)