THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

CONTENTS

Oral Answers to Questions ............................................. 321
Short Notice Questions and Answers .................................. 345
Written Answers to Questions .......................................... 349
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers ................. 368
Announcement:
re: Programme for filing Nominations to various Railway Users' Consultative Committees .................. 422
Matters Under Rule 329:
re: (1) News items in the Hindu about Medical and Health Dept. not knowing the whereabouts of 800 State Government Doctors .................. 422
re: (2) Strike by the Auto-rickshaw Drivers .......................... 425
re: (3) Resignation by the Panchayat Raj Minister ................. 425
re: (4) Closure of Colleges in Vizag due to Clashes between Students .......... 426
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
re: (1) The Murder of Sri Dasari Narasimha Reddy Sarpanch, Khammapalli, Narasampet Taluq, Warangal District .................. 428
re: (2) Delay in setting up of Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam .......... 430
re: (3) Forcible collection of Betterment Tax for the Lands under the Musi Project, in Nalgonda District .................. 434
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80:
Demands for Grants ..................................................... 436
Minor Irrigation, Multipurpose River Projects, Irrigation, Compensation and Assignment to Local Bodies and Panchayat Raj Institutions .................. 436
Levy Prices of Sugar Fixed by Union Govt in State

(a) whether it is a fact that the levy price of sugar fixed by the Union Government for State is far less than other States;

(b) if so, what are the levy prices fixed by the Union Government for each State; and

(c) the steps taken by the Government for the enhancement of the levy price?

*An asterik before the name indicates confirmation by the Member.
Oral Answers to Questions.

Non-Payment of Statutory Price to the Sugar Cane Growers by Certain Sugar Mills

290—

*3811 Q-Sarvasri M. Venkaiah Naidu (Udayagiri) M. Omkar (Narsampet) Ch. Vithal Reddy, (Narsapur), Poola Subbaiah (Markapuram) D. Chinna Malliaiah (Indurthi) and A. Bal Reddy :—Will the Minister for Commerce, Export Promotion, Sugar Industries and Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that certain sugar mills are paying sugar-cane growers the statutory price of Rs. 71/- per tonne; and

(b) if so, the action taken, by the Government against the defaulters and to enforce the decision?

(1) The following are the sugar mills:

- Sarvasri
- Bal Reddy
- Omkar
- Subbaiah
- Malliaiah
- Reddy

(2) The action taken is as follows:

- Sarvasri
- Bal Reddy
- Omkar
- Subbaiah
- Malliaiah
- Reddy

(3) The decision is enforced as follows:

- Sarvasri
- Bal Reddy
- Omkar
- Subbaiah
- Malliaiah
- Reddy

Oral Answers to Questions. 15th March 1979, 323

(1) B. Rangaraj:—தொடர்க் சேர்த்து முன்னிலை அறிவியல். இதற்கு
வரையறையினர் முடியவும் இல்லாமல் பார்வையின விளைவு
நேர்முறையில் நீர்த்தொடர்வி செய்யவேண்டும். இதன்
வலையப்படி எவரும் சொல்லக் கூறுவேண்டும். இதனை
கையெழுத்து ஏற்றும் முதல் கூறுவேண்டும்.

(2) சுவாமி:—நான் வேண்டும், 70 வருடத்தில் நான்
வலையப்படி வந்து வருவூம். 2, இரண்டும் குறுக்கு
பார்வையின வீட்டில் வருவாய்யும், இரண்டும் குறுக்கு
பார்வையின வீட்டில் வருவாம். மேலும்
வலையப்படி வந்து வருவூம். மற்றும் குறுக்கு
பார்வையின வீட்டில் வருவாம். மேலும்
வலையப்படி வந்து வருவூம். மற்றும் குறுக்கு
பார்வையின வீட்டில் வருவாம். மேலும்
வலையப்படி வந்து வருவூம். மற்றும்
குறுக்கு
பார்வையின வீட்டில் வருவாம்.

(3) உருவணு:—மார். 71 வரலாற் விளக்கம் அறிவியல்
வலையப்படி 2, இரண்டும் குறுக்கு
பார்வையின வீட்டில் வருவாம் மற்றும்
வலையப்படி வந்து வருவூம். மற்றும்
வலையப்படி வந்து வருவூம். வலையப்படி
வந்து வருவூம். வலையப்படி
வந்து வருவூம். மற்றும்
வலையப்படி
வந்து வருவூம்.
Relief Given to the Khandasari Sugar Units by Central and State Govts. in 1971.

291—

*3861 Q.Sarvasri A. Lakshminarayana (Miryalguda), K. Satyanarayana, M. Omkar (Narsampet), N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal), and Ch. Rajeshwara Rao (Sirisilla):—Will the Minister for Commerce, Export Promotion, Sugar Industries and Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the concessions and relief given to the Khandasari Sugar Units by the Central and State Government in 1978;

(b) whether it is a fact that the cane price of Rs. 110/- per tonne is not being paid to the cane growers by the said Khandasari units; and

(c) if so, the steps taken by the Government in this regard?

Relief Given to the Khandasari Sugar Units by Central and State Govts. in 1971.
(i) ಚನ್ನು ರಾಜ ಕ್ವೆ ಮೇಲೆ ಹೇಸುವ ವಾಸಿಯಿಡೆ 10.0. ರೆಷ್ಮೆ ದತ್ತವೆಂದು
ಬುಡವಿಟ್ಟು, ಶುಭಾಚಿ ಮರಾಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ.

(ii) ಗುಡರಾದಕ್ಕೆ ಕೀರ್ಣಾ ಅಣ್ಣಾಯಲೇ ರಾಜಾ ನೀಗಿ ಕೊಂದರೇ,
ತುಂಬು ತಂಬಿ ಮೀರಾರ ಮೇಲೆ 100. ರೆಷ್ಮೆ ದತ್ತವೆಂದು
ಬುಡವಿಟ್ಟು, ಶುಭಾಚಿ ಮರಾಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ.

(iii) ಅಸಾಸ್ತೆ ಖಾಸಿಗೆ ಅಣ್ಣಾಯಲೇ ರಾಜಾ ನೀಗಿ ಕೊಂದರೇ.
ತುಂಬು ತಂಬಿ ಮೀರಾರ ಮೇಲೆ 100. ರೆಷ್ಮೆ ದತ್ತವೆಂದು
ಬುಡವಿಟ್ಟು, ಶುಭಾಚಿ ಮರಾಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ.

(iv) ಅಸಾಸ್ತೆ ಖಾಸಿಗೆ ಅಣ್ಣಾಯಲೇ ರಾಜಾ ನೀಗಿ ಕೊಂದರೇ.
ತುಂಬು ತಂಬಿ ಮೀರಾರ ಮೇಲೆ 100. ರೆಷ್ಮೆ ದತ್ತವೆಂದು
ಬುಡವಿಟ್ಟು, ಶುಭಾಚಿ ಮರಾಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ.

(iii) ಅಸಾಸ್ತೆ ಖಾಸಿಗೆ ಅಣ್ಣಾಯಲೇ ರಾಜಾ ನೀಗಿ ಕೊಂದರೇ.
ತುಂಬು ತಂಬಿ ಮೀರಾರ ಮೇಲೆ 100. ರೆಷ್ಮೆ ದತ್ತವೆಂದು
ಬುಡವಿಟ್ಟು, ಶುಭಾಚಿ ಮರಾಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ.

(8-40 a.m.

(1) ದಿ. ಕಟ್ಟಿಯಾರ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ ಬಾಲಸೂರಿ ಕ್ವೆ ಮೇಲೆ ಹೇಸುವ ವಾಸಿಯಿಡೆ 120
ಮರಾಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ.

(2) ದಿ. ಕಟ್ಟಿಯಾರ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ ಬಾಲಸೂರಿ ಕ್ವೆ ಮೇಲೆ ಹೇಸುವ ವಾಸಿಯಿಡೆ 120
ಮರಾಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ.

(3) ದಿ. ಕಟ್ಟಿಯಾರ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ ಬಾಲಸೂರಿ ಕ್ವೆ ಮೇಲೆ ಹೇಸುವ ವಾಸಿಯಿಡೆ 120
ಮರಾಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ.

(4) ದಿ. ಕಟ್ಟಿಯಾರ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ ಬಾಲಸೂರಿ ಕ್ವೆ ಮೇಲೆ ಹೇಸುವ ವಾಸಿಯಿಡೆ 120
ಮರಾಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಜಿನ್ನೇಜಿ.
Mr. Speaker:—You will get it tomorrow.
Ora! Answers to Questions. 15th March, 1979, 327

(1) ஏற்று ஓட்டம்:— இதையலும் மருந்துகள் அலுவல்களும் அகற்ற. அது இற்றை வெளியுறும் இன்றைய நடத்தும். என்று வருகிறது ஒவ்வொரு மருந்து வாடிக்கையும். தற்கால விளையாடும் மீண்டும் மருந்துகளும். உங்கள் இக்காட்சிகளை வருகையில் வைத்து காண்க.

(2) வண்ணம் வலிமை:— முயற்சி படைக்கு பல்வேறு வலிமை அவற்றின் படி. 71 குழுவான 60, 60 மாணவர் உள்ளது. அவற்றில் இருந்து 71 குழுவான எடுக்கிறேன். சலை வைத்து கூறி 71 குழுவான வைத்து கூறி சலை வைத்து மறுக்கின்றது என்றால் 71 குழுவான சலை வைத்து கூறி சலை வைத்து மறுக்கின்றபோது என்றால் 71 குழுவான என்று கூறின்றியதைச் செய்யில் என்ன ஒன்று என்று கூறின்றியதைச் செய்யில் என்று?

(3) இளவு வலிமை:— செருகு செய்ய வசதியால். செருகு நடக்கும் முறையுடன் செய்ய.

(4) நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை:— நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை குழுவான இரு வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார். நெருப்பு மண்டல வலிமை முன்னேற்றார்.
Reservation of Jobs for Local Candidates in Industrial establishments

292—

2580 Q.—Sri Kasu Venkata Krishna Reddy (Narsaraopet)—Will the Minister for Labour & Employment be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government are contemplating comprehensive policy on reservation of jobs for local candidates in industrial establishments, suspending the earlier orders in this regard; and

(b) if so, when the policy is likely to materialise?

The Minister for Labour (Sri G. Venkat Swamy):—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
Oral Answers to Questions. 15th March, 1979. 329

Implementation of Schemes of A.P. Khadi & Village Industries Board in Villages

293—

Q.—Sarvasri Nallapareddi Sreenivasulu Reddy (Venkatagiri) and Omkar:—Will the Minister for Rural Development be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the A.P. Khadi & Village Industries Board has taken a decision to adopt some villages in the State to implement its programme intensively;

(b) if so, the schemes that are being implemented by the said Board;

(c) whether it is also a fact that Venkatagiri in Nellore district has been adopted by the said Board; and

(d) the Schemes that are being implemented at Venkatagiri.

\[
\begin{align*}
1. & \text{Scheme 1} \\
2. & \text{Scheme 2} \\
3. & \text{Scheme 3} \\
4. & \text{Scheme 4} \\
5. & \text{Scheme 5} \\
6. & \text{Scheme 6} \\
7. & \text{Scheme 7} \\
8. & \text{Scheme 8} \\
9. & \text{Scheme 9} \\
10. & \text{Scheme 10} \\
11. & \text{Scheme 11} \\
12. & \text{Scheme 12}
\end{align*}
\]

(\(\text{\(\ast\)}\))

188—2
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<th>நூற்றாண்டு</th>
<th>வருடம்</th>
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<td>1. ஜி. கே. இஸ்மாயில்</td>
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<td>2. ராஜாராஜாய்</td>
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<td>3. கோரூர்</td>
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<td>4. கார்திகேசரி</td>
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<td>5. கார்திகேசரி</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. மத்யாம்</td>
<td>11</td>
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</table>

முறை 0... 32


Oral Answers to Questions.
ప్రశ్నాంశాల ఉత్తరాలు.

55th March, 1979, 331

ఎంపితం చెప్పండి: అన్నించండి, దినంతి ఉండే ప్రశ్నాలు తెలుసుకోండి, మనం లభించిన ఉత్తరాలు కావాలి.

ఎంపితం చెప్పండి: దానిని కావాలి, అంటాం దినంతి ఉండే ప్రశ్నాలు తెలుసుకోండి, మనం లభించిన ఉత్తరాలు కావాలి.

5. తెలిపేందుకు ఉత్తరాలు మనం లభించిన ఉత్తరాలు కావాలి.

ఎంపితం చెప్పండి: దానిని కావాలి, అంటాం దినంతి ఉండే ప్రశ్నాలు తెలుసుకోండి, మనం లభించిన ఉత్తరాలు కావాలి.

6. ఎంపితం చెప్పండి: దానిని కావాలి, అంటాం దినంతి ఉండే ప్రశ్నాలు తెలుసుకోండి, మనం లభించిన ఉత్తరాలు కావాలి.

Oral Answers to Questions

5. ఈ సాధనా మీదుగా రాయాంధమైన అంచనా, అంచనా లేదా కొనసాగు కచా సాధనా సమాధానాన్ని సంపన్నం కోలుగా బిగించారు. అదనం లేదా కొనసాగు కచా సాధనా సమాధానాన్ని సంపన్నం కోలుగా బిగించారు.

9.00 a.m.

5. ఈ సాధనా మీదుగా అంచనా ప్రాథమికమైన ప్రామాణిక సమాధానాన్ని సంపన్నం కోలుగా బిగించారు. అదనం లేదా కొనసాగు కచా సాధనా సమాధానాన్ని సంపన్నం కోలుగా బిగించారు.
Oral Answers to Questions. 15th March, 1979 333

Khadi and Village Industries in the State

*2821 Q.-Sri Pooja Subbaiah (Markapur) :—Will the Minister for Rural Development be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Government has given a directive to the State Government to reserve certain areas of production to Khadi and Village Industries in the State;

(b) if so, which are the areas reserved;

(c) whether there is any proposal to liberalise the differential interest rate also; and

(d) if so, in which manner?

5. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l) (m) (n) (o) (p) (q) (r) (s) (t) (u) (v) (w) (x) (y) (z) A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q. R. S. T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z.

2821 Q. —Sri Pooja Subbaiah (Markapur) :—Will the Minister for Rural Development be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Government has given a directive to the State Government to reserve certain areas of production to Khadi and Village Industries in the State?

(b) if so, which are the areas reserved?

(c) whether there is any proposal to liberalise the differential interest rate also; and

(d) if so, in which manner?

5. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l) (m) (n) (o) (p) (q) (r) (s) (t) (u) (v) (w) (x) (y) (z) A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q. R. S. T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(1) సిద్ధంచార్లు: మరియాత్రాల ఓటిమో ఎంతది అధిక ఎందుకు కారణం ఉందుంది. ఉంచి తెలుసుకుంది ఎందుకు ఉంది?

(2) సిద్ధంచార్లు: కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు కారణం ఉంది. కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు ఎందుకు ఉంది?

(3) సిద్ధంచార్లు: కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు కారణం ఉంది. కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు ఎందుకు ఉంది?

(4) సిద్ధంచార్లు: కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు కారణం ఉంది. కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు ఎందుకు ఉంది?

(5) సిద్ధంచార్లు: కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు కారణం ఉంది. కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు ఎందుకు ఉంది?

(6) సిద్ధంచార్లు: కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు కారణం ఉంది. కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు ఎందుకు ఉంది?

(7) సిద్ధంచార్లు: కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు కారణం ఉంది. కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు ఎందుకు ఉంది?

(8) సిద్ధంచార్లు: కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు కారణం ఉంది. కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు ఎందుకు ఉంది?

(9) సిద్ధంచార్లు: కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు కారణం ఉంది. కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు ఎందుకు ఉంది?

(10) సిద్ధంచార్లు: కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు కారణం ఉంది. కరుణా సిద్ధంచార్లు ఏమిటే ఎందుకు ఎందుకు ఉంది?

-10 a.m.
Oral Answers to Questions. 15th March, 1979

(a) whether it is a fact, that lands under the occupation and enjoyment of small farmers of Vakalapudi and Valasapaka villages of Kakinada Taluk, East Godavari District have been acquired for the location of the Nagarjuna Fertiliser Factory;

(b) if so, the extent of land proposed for acquisition and the number of small farmers involved, and

(c) the compensation fixed for this land?

Compensation for the Lands Acquired for Nagarjuna Fertiliser Factory, Kakinada

295—

*2287—(Z, Q. Sarvashri G. Lachanna (Sompeta) and K.B. Siddaiah (Puttur):—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact, that lands under the occupation and enjoyment of small farmers of Vakalapudi and Valasapaka villages of Kakinada Taluk, East Godavari District have been acquired for the location of the Nagarjuna Fertiliser Factory;

(b) if so, the extent of land proposed for acquisition and the number of small farmers involved, and

(c) the compensation fixed for this land?

295—

(a) whether it is a fact, that lands under the occupation and enjoyment of small farmers of Vakalapudi and Valasapaka villages of Kakinada Taluk, East Godavari District have been acquired for the location of the Nagarjuna Fertiliser Factory;

(b) if so, the extent of land proposed for acquisition and the number of small farmers involved, and

(c) the compensation fixed for this land?
Providing of Jobs in Bharat Heavy Plates & Vessels Factory and Hindustan Zink Factory at Visakhapatnam

*2282 (Y)Q. Sri S. Alwardas (Visakhapatnam):—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the number of families whose lands were acquired for the Bharat Heavy Plates and Vessels Factory and the Hindustan Zinc Factory at Visakhapatnam:

(b) whether at least one member from each of these families got a job in these factories:

(c) if not, the steps that the Government are taking to see that at least one member from each such families is employed in these factories?

...

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sr. Member, कांग्रेस:— (a) यदिच दलित व्यक्तिपति तुम्हारे (छ्रेत्र) नामक नेल्लोर से पुलिस बटने देने के लिए गुरुवार कहा गया था। कितने अनुमान तुम्हारे नामक है? यदि तुम्हारे नामक है, तो तुम्हारे अनुमान के लिए क्यों गुरुवार कहा गया?

(b) 1978 के नवंबर और दिसंबर में गुरुवार कहा गया?

(c) बहुत कोई दांडी का नामक?

(d) नेल्लोर जिले में दांडी दिल्ली का नामक?

Dacoities in Nellore Dist. during Nov. and December, 1978

297-

*3635 Q. Sri M. Venkiah Naidu (Udayagiri):— Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it has come to the notice of the Government that dacoities have been committed in large scale in Nellore district during the months of November and December, 1978;

(b) the number of robberies and thefts that have been committed and the value of money robbed; and

(c) the steps taken by the Government to recover the money and to catch the dacoits.

Sr. 10. कांग्रेस:—

(1) इत्यादि.
Ganja Seized In Dharmavaram And Modugulagudem Villages

298—

*3354 Q.—Sarvasri M. Yarraiah Reddy (Bhadradhalam):—M. Omkar, A. Lakshminarayana, and Smt. M. Swarajyam (Tungathur-thy):—Will the Minister for Excise be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that in the last week of December 1978 Rs. Ten lakhs worth of Ganja was seized in Dharmavaram and Modugulagadem villages of Warangal Dist; and

(b) the steps taken by the Government to stop the production and transportation of Ganja?

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Increase of Special Parole Period to Prisoners

299—

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&\text{3673 Q.—Sri N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal) :—Will the Minister for Home be pleased to state:}
&\text{(a) whether the Government will consider to increase the existing special parole period being given to the prisoners from 15 days to one month:}
&\text{(b) whether the Government are aware that out of 15 days parole period five days are being spent for applying and getting extension of the parole: and}
&\text{(c) The steps taken so far by the Government to amend the Jail Manual?}
&\text{The Minister for Home (Sri M. M. Hashim) :—(a) No need Sir. Under the Suspension of sentence on Parole Rules, 1957,}
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Government shall decide the period of release on parole of prisoners on the merits of each case, though such period shall not ordinarily exceed two weeks except in special circumstances.

(b) Rules do not provide for extension of parole as a matter of course. However, Government have been taking a liberal view and granting extensions in deserving cases after obtaining, as quickly as possible, the reports of the District Officials on the genuineness of the request, the need for extension and possible adverse reaction from the Law and Order point of view, if any, if extension is granted.

(c) Does not arise.

Sri M. Omka. — Whether the Hon’ble Minister is aware that inspite of the orders passed by the Minister for Home, they are not complied with in the Secretariat. If so, what action is being taken there on. There is a demand that suitable amendments must be brought out in the existing Jail Manual. Will the Hon’ble Minister consider this?

Sri M.M. Hashim:—Sir, with regard to delay in the secretariat it has been brought to my notice and I have taken action on it. Definitely there will be no complaints in future. With regard to the amendments in the jail manual, we are examining them.

Sri Gowthu Lachanna:—Sir, with regard to the issue of orders for parole, the concerned people in secretariat are following a procedure which is in the statutory book saying that even after the parole order is passed by the minister, the report of the local police should be taken into consideration. In view of this, will the Minister be pleased to consider to amend this statutory procedure.

Sri M.M. Hashim: —This is being examined.

Sri Poola Subbaiah: — I request the Minister to take note that he should give parole on the basis of long stay of the prisoner in the jail and his application for parole should be given number one priority. This should be considered. The moment the application is filed for parole within one month he should be given an order of parole. Will the Minister consider and amend the existing procedure if necessary.

Certain Irregularities in Implementing the Record of Rights in Lands Act

*3931-J-Q., Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:
(a) whether the Government are aware of the rampant corrupt practices that are going on in an organised manner in the villages in the name of implementing the Record of Rights in Lands Act;

(b) whether this Records of Rights in Lands Act creates any new right to confer the right of ownership; and

(c) if not, whether the Government will undertake measures for wide publicity to educate the agriculturists and to dispel and expose the bankrupt propaganda of the lower revenue officers who are misleading the agriculturists by saying that they can create or confer new rights under this act?


Checksum:

(a) whether the Government are aware of the rampant corrupt practices that are going on in an organised manner in the villages in the name of implementing the Record of Rights in Lands Act;

(b) whether the Records of Rights in Lands Act creates any new right to confer the right of ownership; and

(c) if not, whether the Government will undertake measures for wide publicity to educate the agriculturists and to dispel and expose the bankrupt propaganda of the lower revenue officers who are misleading the agriculturists by saying that they can create or confer new rights under this act?

Checksum:

(a) whether the Government are aware of the rampant corrupt practices that are going on in an organised manner in the villages in the name of implementing the Record of Rights in Lands Act;

(b) whether the Records of Rights in Lands Act creates any new right to confer the right of ownership; and

(c) if not, whether the Government will undertake measures for wide publicity to educate the agriculturists and to dispel and expose the bankrupt propaganda of the lower revenue officers who are misleading the agriculturists by saying that they can create or confer new rights under this act?

Checksum:
Jral Answers to Questions. 15th March, 1979. 343

మానవ సంస్థలు సాధనముల మేల్ల చేసిన గురుత్వలను అతి యువు అనే అంకనే పెరిగిపెట్టాలను అంటే ఆధిక్యం కాకతా పెరిగిపెట్టాలి. 10, 12 సంఖ్యలు కాబోలా నమ్మాయున్నాం. ఈ అంశానికి పాటా మనం గురుత్వలను కాకతా పెరిగిపెట్టాలి. 

ఎందుకంటే కాకతా పెరిగిపెట్టడానికి ప్రారంభం చేసింది. అనేక మార్గాలు చేసారు మనం సాధనముల ప్రకారం పాత్రస్తులను ఆమెగాం పెరిగిపెట్టాలి. 

ప్రతి సంస్థ ప్రతి ప్రతి సమాధానం చేసారు. అనేక పండితుల ప్రకారం అతి వన్ను పెరిగిపెట్టాలి. 

మనం సాధనముల మేల్ల చేసిన సమాధానాంకిత పాటాను చేసారు. సమాధానాన్ని పెరిగిపెట్టడానికి ప్రారంభం చేసారు. 

మనం సాధనముల మేల్ల చేసిన సమాధానాన్ని పెరిగిపెట్టడానికి ప్రారంభం చేసారు. 

మనం సాధనముల మేల్ల చేసిన సమాధానాన్ని పెరిగిపెట్టడానికి ప్రారంభం చేసారు. 

మనం సాధనముల మేల్ల చేసిన సమాధానాన్ని పెరిగిపెట్టడానికి ప్రారంభం చేసారు. 

మనం సాధనముల మేల్ల చేసిన సమాధానాన్ని పెరిగిపెట్టడానికి ప్రారంభం చేసారు.
344

Oral Answers to Questions.

(1) తారాబోధించినది: ఒకరేందుకు ఉంది గోధికి సేవా అందించాలి అందించాలి. జ్ఞాని వాణియాన్ని సంబంధించాలి అందించాలి.

(2) సంఘమండట మనం తారాబోధించినది: ఒకరేందుకు ఉంది గోధికి సేవా అందించాలి అందించాలి.

(3) సంఘమండట మనం తారాబోధించినది: ఒకరేందుకు ఉంది గోధికి సేవా అందించాలి అందించాలి.

9.40 a.m. (ప్రపంచంలో ఏడాది సందర్భం యొక్క విశేషాలు నిలాణం చేసింది. కొనసాగించి నిర్ధిష్టం కోసం కానూను స్పష్టం చేసింది.)
Short Notice Questions and Answers

(S.N.Q.No.300-A (3937-G-) Postponed.)

Interviews for the selections of Civil Engineers

300-B:

S.N.Q.No.3942 - Sarvasri Indukuri Ramakrishna Raju, and Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddy.—Will the Minister for Major Irrigation be pleased to state.

(a) Whether it is a fact that the A.P.P.S.C. has not conducted interviews for selection to the posts of Chief Engineers for the last seven years.

(b) if so, the reasons therefor:

(c) whether the Service Commission is conducting interviews for selection to the Posts of Civil Engineers;

(d) The number of candidates who appeared for the interview and

(e) whether rank will be fixed basing on the year of passing B.E.?

Minister for Major Irrigation (Sri G.V-Sudhakar Rao):-

(a)&(b) Recruitment to the Posts of Junior Engineers/Supervisors due in 1976 and subsequent years could not be held due to the ban imposed on direct recruitment The Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission has conducted a Special Qualifying Test for regularising the services of temporary candidates during 1974-75.

(c) Yes Sir. The A.P.P.S.C.is conducting interviews during the year 1978-79 for selection of Civil and Mechanical Junior Engineers Supervisors.

(d) The number of candidates who were interviewed by the P.S.C till 9.3.1979 is 2745.

(e) The ranking of the candidates will be determined on the basis of marks obtained by the candidates at the oral test.

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Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—Recruitment by the Public Service Commission is going by fits and starts. It is not going on a planned basis. This is not the first time that this type of paradox has arisen. Even with regard to doctors, those who worked for several years were found to be not selected by the Public Service Commission. In fact, an Assistant professor was found to be not suitable. Then the problem had to be raised in the House. Why is it that the Public Service Commission is functioning by fits and starts. Why is it sleeping for years without making recruitment. Has not the Government given directions to recruit from year to year, If they want to recruit let them recruit from a batch of students who have passed from a particular year. So, sleeping over for 7 years and then recruiting will lead to such sort of anomalies and heart-burning. What is the Government going to do in order to prevent such anomalies here after.

Sri G. V. Sudhakara Rao:— I have already explained the circumstances under which the Public Service Commission could not do the recruitment. I said that because there was a ban on direct recruitment the Public Service Commission did not recruit. As and when there were vacancies in the concerned Departments, individual
engineers were taken into service purely on a temporary basis and in order that they may be taken on a permanent footing, they have to go through the Service Commission and that is what is being done now. What happens in future and what role the Public Service Commission will play, etc. will be examined on receipt of recommendations from the Public Service Commission.
WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

RAIDS OF GOONNAS ON HARIJANAWADA OF
NALGONDA DISTRICT.

301—

2293-N Q.—Sri Nimmala Ramulu;—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that on two occasions i.e; on 27th July, 1978 and 25th August, 1978 some goondas armed with lathis and spears raided Harijanawada for 5-6 hours in Thummada village of Miryalagudem Taluk, Nalgonda District and inflicted on them leg and head fractures by entering into their houses after breaking the doors;

(b) the action taken against the culprits:

(c) the reason why offences are being committed even though there is a police out-post in the said village; and

(d) the time at which offence have been committed,
A.—(a) No Sir. However two incidents took place on those dates in the same village. In the first incident the accused and victim are non Harijans. In the second incident the accused are khastriyas and Dhobis and the victim is a Harijan.

(b) In both the incidents cases have been registered and all the accused were arrested.

(c) The clashes were the outcome of village groupism and with the intervention of the out-post staff serious clashes were averted. Strong pickets were posted and the patrolling arranged. Situation is quite peaceful.

(d) The first incident occurred at 10 p.m on 27th July, 1978 while the second incident took place at 0700 hours on 28th August, 1978.

Declaration of Holiday on DR. Ambedkars Birthday.

302—

2967Q.—Sri B. Machinder Rao: Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have decided to declare Dr. Baba-Saheb. B. R. Ambedkar’s birthday on 14th April as a Public Holiday; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefore?

A.—(a) No Sir.

(b) No other State Government declared 14th April the birthday of Dr. Ambedkar as Public Holiday. Only Gujarat and Punjab State Government declared it as Optional Holiday during 1978 and 1979. This Government have also declared it as Optional Holiday during 1978 and 1979.

Closure of Ramalingeshwara Lift Irrigation Co-operative Society.

303—

3154Q.—Sri N. Raghva Reddy: Will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for closing the Ramalingeswara Lift Irrigation Co-operative Society (L. 21) under the left canal of Nagarjunasagar, Nalgonda District;

(b) whether the Government will conduct an enquiry into the circumstances that led to the closure of the said society; and
Written Answers to Questions. 15th March, 1979. 351

(c) whether the Government will take steps to run the society to save common ryots from sustaining loss?

A.—(a) The Ramal'ngeswara Lift Irrigation Co-operative Society has become defunct and not closed.

The reasons for its becoming defunct are furnished below:

(i) The active cropping pattern by keeping large areas under paddy cultivation only instead of the irrigated dry crop like Groundnut, Chillies, and Tobacco which are more remunerative.

(ii) Inadequate and irregular power supply by the State Electricity Board.

(iii) High Electricity tariff charged by the State Electricity Board and cost of inputs pushed up the cost of cultivation. Hence less income to the farmers.

(iv) Inadequate financial management resulting in default in repayment which in turn raised the debt liability.

(v) Injudicious investment and undesirable mode of financing caused shooting up of per-acre investment on lift unit.

(vi) Division of responsibilities among the members was lacking which made the societies ultimately defunct.

(vii) Inadequate supervision on the part of the society over members in regulating collections, etc;

(viii) Uncertainties about the availability of water in the canal for 2nd crop adversely the cropping intensity.

(b) A High Power Committee has been appointed by Government to enquire into the circumstances that led the society becoming defunct in addition to other lift irrigation cooperative scheme in the Nagarjuna Sagar Project Left Bank Canals.

(c) The report of the said Committee is under consideration of Government.

Misappropriation by the Ex. President of Lorry Drivers Co-operative Society in Khammam District

3296 Q.—Sri M. Yarraiah Reddy Smt. M. Swarajyam, Sri K. Satyanaryana and Sri M. Omkar: Will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government received complaints from the President, Secretary etc., of the Lorry Drivers Cooperative Society Wyra in Khammam District in the month of April 1978 regarding the alleged
misappropriation to the tune of Rs. 42,500 by the Ex. President of the said society; and

(b) if so, the action taken thereon?
A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A statutory Inspection under Section 52 of the Andhra Pradesh Cooperative Societies Act 7 of 1964 is under progress with special reference to the alleged misappropriation.

Amount Due To Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Federation

305—

3596 Q. Sarvasri A. Laxminarayana M. Omkar, R. Satyanarayana and Smt. M. Swarajam:—Will the Minister for Cooperation be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of dues to the Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Federation towards manures by the Chevendra village Vishal Cooperative Society; and

(b) the steps taken to collect the amount?
A.—(a) Rs. 70,234.40.

(b) 1. Registered notices were given and frequent visits to the Societies made by the District Manager.

2. Services of Deputy Registrar to work as Enforcement Officer have been obtained.

3. The District Co-operative Officer, Machilipatnam has informed that he will issue decree against the society in the Enquiry under progress under Section 51 of Andhra Pradesh Cooperative Societies Act.

Bridges over Drainage Canals in Machilipatnam Villages.

306—

3197 Q Sri V. Ranga Rao:— Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the bridges over the drainage canals on the road between Machilipatnam and Fishermen villages i.e. Poladu Tippa, Garla Dibba, Palle hummapalem villages have completely been washed away during the cyclone 19th November, 1977;
(b) whether the Government have taken up construction of these bridges in view of the fact that Fishermen have to bring fish to Machilipatnam market for sale to earn their daily livelihood; and

(c) if so, the time by which they will be completed?

A.—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) The answer is in the affirmative.

(c) The construction of the bridges over the drainage is expected to be completed by 31st March, 1979.

Sericulture Cultivation in Srikakulam District.

307—

3201Q—Sarvasri K. A. N. Bhukta and P. Sreerama Murthy:—Will the Minister for Textiles be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of land in which Sericulture was cultivated in Srikakulam District by the Girijan Development Agency, Srikakulam during 1976-77, 1977-78;

(b) the expenditure incurred by the Girijan Development Agency;

(c) whether it is a fact that the Girijan Development Agency has incurred loss up to Rs. 50,000; and

(d) the reasons for incurring the loss?

A.—

(a) An extent of Ac. 2.00 and Ac. 4.40 were brought under sericulture cultivation by the Girijan Development Agency Srikakulam, during 1976-77 and 1977-78 respectively.

(b) An expenditure of Rs. 4,172 and Rs. 3,562 was incurred during 1976-77 and 1977-78 respectively by the Girijan Development Agency, Srikakulam.

(c) No such loss was incurred by the Girijan Development Agency Srikakulam.

(d) Does not arise.

Memorandum from Tassar Silk Producers Association.

308—

3372 Q:—Sarvasri K. Satyanarayana and M. Omkar:—Will the Minister for Textiles be pleased to state:

188—5
(a) whether the Government received a memorandum in the month of August, 1978 from the Tasar Silk Producers Association, Hanuman Junction in Krishna District;

(b) if so, the contents therein;

(c) whether it is a fact, that the Tassar Industry and the Mulberry farms in Hanuman Junction area are at state; and

(d) if so, the steps taken to protect it?

A.—

(a) No Sir, However, a representation dated 29-8-1977 addressed to Hon'ble Chief Minister has been received from the Secretary, Sri Hanuman Junction Sericulturists Association.

(b) The points in the above said representation are:

1. Retention of shifted technical staff at Gonnavaram till the new posts sanctioned for Krishna district are filled up.

2. Absorption of trained personnel available in the district against the existing vacancies.

3. Disposal of raw silk available with the Federation of Sericulturists.

4. Arrangement of spot payment for the cocoons produced in Krishna district on par with the facilities available at Hyderabad.

5. Registration of proposed Co-operative Society.

6. Arranging of cyclone relief to the affected sericulturists.

(c) and (d) No Sir, the Sericulture Industry and Mulberry farms at Hanuman Junction area are not at state, as arrangements have already been made to meet the requirements made in the representation.

Reconstruction of Tank in Chintalapalem Village.

309—

2291-R Q.—Sarvasri Nimmala Ramulu and G. Mohan Reddy:—Will the Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) when the big tank in Chintalapalem village in Miryalaguda taluk of Nalgonda district has been reconstructed;

(b) the extent of land irrigated under the said tank; and

(c) the amount of expenditure incurred for the reconstruction of this tank?

A.—

(a) The restoration of Peddacheruvu of Chintalapalem village, Miryalaguda taluk, Nalgonda District was completed by March 1977.
(b) The extent of ayacut irrigated under the tank at present is 20 acres.

c) The amount of expenditure incurred for the restoration of the tank is Rs. 2,12,727.

Homoeopathy Dispensaries in The State.

310—

310 Q.—Sir K. B. Siddaiah:—Will the Minister for Technical Education and Indian Medicine be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government have decided to open 24 Homoeopathy Dispensaries in the State during 1978-79; and

(b) if so, the district-wise number of dispensaries proposed to be opened?

A.—

(a) No, Sir. The Government have sanctioned only 17 Homoeopathic dispensaries during 1978-79.

(b) The District-wise break up is as follows:

East Godavari. .. 1
West Godavari. .. 1
Krishna. .. 1
Nellore. .. 1
Kurnool. .. 1
Anantapur. .. 2
Adilabad. .. 2
Warangl. .. 1
Nalgonda. .. 2
Hyderabad district. .. 1
Hyderabad and Secunderabad Cities. .. 4

Total: .. 17

Forcible Eviction of Harijans of Nellore District.

311—

1447 J Q.—Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Harijans of Khadar Nava peta Village, Nellore But 1 Nellore District have forcibly been evicted from the site where they are residing;

Written Answers to Questions,

(a) and (b) Sri R. Venkateswarlu and two other Arundhatiyas had to be evicted from the land in S. No. 2084 of Khabar Navab Khan Peta Village Nellore Bit-1 as the side extent in S. No. 2084 measuring Ac. 8.11 was assigned to Damerla Raghavaiah and Smt. G. Kantamma as they were agricultural landless poor Arundhatiyas for Agricultural purpose the land being better suited have been provided with alternative site in S. No. 2082 near the residential houses and quite adjoining the earlier site where they were living earlier.

(c) Yes Sir.

(d) Yes, Sir in the circumstances as explained against items (a) and (b)

Distribution of Agricultural land not connected with land Reforms Act.

2071 Q.—Sri Ch. Yerraiah:—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of agricultural land which is unconnected with the land Reforms Act, proposed to be distributed before the end of March, 1979;

(b) whether all this land belongs to the Government; and

(c) the way in which it is to be distributed?

A.—

(a) Ac. 6,22,765-00.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The land is proposed to be distributed to landless poor persons by way of assignment through Taluk Assignment Committees.

Allotment of pattas to the Harijans of Chinpak village.

2288-L Q.—Sri B. Sammaiah:—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact the patta certificates for allotment of Banchari land were given to the Harijans of Chinpak village, Parkal
taluka Warangal District in 1972 by the then District Collector but
the land was not handed over to the pattadars till today;

(a) No land in Chinnapak village was assigned in the
1972. But in the year 1973, 55-00 acers of Government land in S.
No. 67 and 209 was assigned 225 persons. The assignees were in
possession of the land at the time of assignment and also at present.

(b) 14 Harjans.

(c) 13 Harijans at 2-00 acres each and one Harijan at 3-00
acres.

(d) Assignees are in possession of the land.

(e) There is no delay in handing over possession of the land.

(f) Does not arise.

Cultivation of lands by tribals
Cuddapah District.

314—

2732 Q.— Sarvasri V. Sivarama Krishan Rao N. Venkata
Subbaiah and S. Palakondrayulu:— Will the Minister for Revenue
be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the lands bearing S. No. 355/3; 355/4
354/1 318 of Narayana Reddy palle village and Nos. 944/9, 426/2
of Motakala Village Rayachoty taluk Cuddapah District were being
cultivated by landless Tribals Backward classes and Scheduled Castes
people sine 40 years;

(b) whether it is also fact that Sri. S.A. Khader the Village
Karnam of those villages had got pattas for the said lands. Without
any application in the name of his family members relative and in the
name of other persons who are not at all in existence and evicted them
from the said lands;

(c) whether it is a fact that the said land less poor cultivators
have been subject to severe thearts and warned not to give any comp-
plaints against the said Karnam;
(d) whether the Government will cancel the said pattas and give the site to the previous landless poor cultivators who belong to Scheduled Tribes and Backward Classes; and

(e) whether the Government will order the Collector to conduct personnel enquiry into the pattas and take appropriate action against all the officials responsible therefor?

A.—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) No. Sir.

(c) No. Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) The Revenue Divisional officer, Cuddapah has personally conducted the enquiry. No enquiry by Collector is therefore necessary.

Abolition of Inam Village System for Kantharam Village in Narasipatnam Thaluka.

315—

3254 Q.—Sri Bhattam Sreerama Murthy:—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether Kantharam village in Narasipatnam taluk of vizag District is an Inam village which has been abolished;

(b) whether it is fact, that the tenants cultivating the said Inam lands were conferred rights over 2/3 of the extent of the land under the provision of the Inam Abolition Act;

(c) the total extent of land which the Inamdars get in to said village towards 1/3 on his share;

(d) the names of the Inamdars:

(e) whether the share of the Inamdars land attracts the provisions of the Land Ceiling Act; and

(f) if so, with what result?

A.—

(a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Ac. 185-25.

(d) (i) Uppala Bala Bhaskara Kameswara Rao. son of Bangarayya Setti.

(ii) Sri Uppala Papa Rao son of Sri, Bangarayya Setti.
Written Answers to Questions. 15th March, 1979.

(iii) Smt. Uppala Kanakaratnam.

(e) and (f) Yes, Sir. The Inamdars proposed to surrender a total extent of Ac. 166-44 at the rate of Ac.55-48 each being the excess extent determined and orders under section 10 (3) of the A.P.L.R. (CAH) Act, 1973 are yet to be passed.

Forest Reserve Lands Assigned To The District Labour Colonisation Society Of Mrutyunjayapuram, Vinukonda Taluk.

316—

3329 Q.—Sri B.G. Prakasam:—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the forest reserve lands, assigned to the District Labour Colonisation Society of Mrutyunjayapuram, Vinukonda Taluk, Guntur District are under the control of the Revenue Department;

(b) the time from which the said lands are under the control of the Revenue Department;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the mentioned society has been superseded;

(d) whether it is also a fact that the allegations against the said society have been proved; and if so, the action taken by the Government against the concerned officials; and

(e) whether the Revenue Department propose to assign the said reserved lands on lease to the poor?

A.—

(a) and (b) The disreserved forest lands of Mrutyunjayapuram village are under the control of the Revenue Department from 13-3-1971.

(c) The society is treated as defunct society.

(d) Yes, Sir. The allegations levelled against the said society are proved and no action has been taken against the concerned officials as yet.

(e) No, Sir. There is no proposal to assign the disreserved lands in question or lease to the poor, as they are covered by the stay orders of the High Court in No. 475/78 filed by the said society.

Assignment Of Pattas To The Harijans Of Anakapalle.

317—

3419 Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao:—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether Pattas have been issued to banjar lands and other lands (Poramboke) comprised in S. No. 266 in the village of Theeda, Anakapalle Taluk, Visakhapatnam District for Harijans in the Village;

(b) if not the reasons therefore; and

(c) when was the possession given to the Harijans?

A.—

(a) An extent of Ac. 15-49 in S. No. 266 of Theeda village was provisionally assigned to 25 persons one of whom is a Harijan and the others are economically backward class people.

(b) and (c) As against 25, 3 were given ‘D’ form pattas and the others will also be given ‘D’ Form pattas after the classification of the land is converted from poramboke to ayan. But all of them are already in possession and enjoyment of the said land.

Water Pollution in Chappidivagu Stream.

2943 Q.—Sri A. Venkateswarlu:—Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the water in the Chappidivagu stream near Malapadu village in Vinukonda taluk, Guntur district is polluted by having the lead effluents of Hindustan Copper Project at Bandlamottu;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the animals in Malapadu and other nearby villages are dying due to limb paralysis because of drinking the water in Chappidivagu; and

(c) if so, the remedial measures taken by the Government?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) It was found that the lead content in the water is beyond permissible limit. As a result it has affected the cattle. The Andhra Pradesh State Board for Prevention and Control of Water Pollution have directed the factory authorities to take immediate action in providing treatment Plant. The factory authorities have approached consultants in the field of Environmental Engineering for suggesting a suitable scheme for effluent treatment and disposal. The Board will watch the action for putting up the treatment plant.

Water Pollution Due To Alum Factory At Mindi Village.

3382 Q.—Sarvasri K. Satyanarayana and M. Omkar:—Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:
Written Answers to Questions. 15th March, 1979.

(a) whether it is a fact that due to the effluents of the Alum Factory at Mindi Village of Visakhapatnam taluk, the water in the drain is getting polluted;

(b) whether it is also a fact that due to the said pollution the cattle etc., are getting affected; and

(c) if so, the action taken thereon?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The people of the Mindi Village have complained about the ill effects on cattle because of the effluents let out into the drain. The Andhra Pradesh State Board for Prevention and Control of Water Pollution has directed the factory authorities to treat the wastes properly so that waste water discharged from the factory conforms to the standards prescribed by the Board.

Payment Of Compensation To Ryots Of Sugar Factory, Kovur.

320—

3640 Q.—Sri Pooja Subbaiah: Will the Minister for Commerce, Export Production, Sugar Industries and Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Co-operative Sugar Factory at Kovur, Nellore District has accepted to pay compensation of Rs. 2,000 per acre towards cultivation charges of seed cane to the ryots;

(b) if so, whether the compensation amounts have been paid;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(d) the steps taken by the Government for payment?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The society has already paid compensation of Rs. 3,96,400 for an area of 198.20 acres and taking action to inspect and assess the extent to which compensation has yet to be paid.

(c) and (d) Does not arise.

Electrical Sub-Station At Atmakur

321—

3131 Q.—Dr. B. Sundararami Reddi:—Will the Minister for Finance and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to install one electrical sub-station at Atmakur in Nellore District;

(b) if so, when will the proposal materialise;

188—6
(c) the capacity of the said sub-station;
(d) the estimated cost of the same; and
(e) when will the work be started and completed?

321—

3131— A (a) There is no proposal to install electrical sub-station at Atmakur. But a 132 K.V. Sub-station at Udayagiri in Nellore District is being contemplated in the 6th plan Transmission Scheme.

(b) (c) (d) and (e) Does not arise

ELECTRIFICATION OF VILLAGES IN NALGONDA DISTRICT

322—

3318 Q.— Sri N. Raghava Reddi—Will the Minister for Finance and Power be pleased to state:

(a) the number of villages electrified so far in Nalgonda District;
(b) the number of Harijan localities in which street light are provided;
(c) whether street lighting is available at present in all the villages which have been electrified;
(d) the steps taken by the Government to ascertain reasons in the case of electrified villages where street lighting is not available and rectify the situation;
(e) whether steps will be taken to electrify all the remaining Harijan localities; and
(f) if so, when?

322—

3318 A.— (a) So far 824 villages are electrified in Nalgonda District.

(b) 575 Harijan localities have been provided with street light in Nalgonda District.

(c) No Sir. Out of 824 villages electrified, so far street lighting is available in 624 villages.

(d) A specific provision of Rs- 15 lakhs is made for Nalgonda District during 1978-79 for release of street lights, domestic and Government services. It is programmed to provide street lights in a phased manner. During current year street lighting will be provided in 18 electrified villages for which requisitions are received, out of the balance 200.

(e) Out of 624 villages where street lighting is provided in 575 villages Harijan localities are also electrified. In the remaining 49 villages
the Harijan localities are yet to be electrified soon on receipt of the panchayat resolution.

(f) They will be electrified soon on receipt of the Panchaya resolution from Gram panchayats.

ENDOWMENTS LANDS FOR HOUSE-SITE FOR HARIJANS

2266 Q.—Sri B. Rama Rao:—Will the Minister for Planning and Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of land allotted to Harijans and other eligible communities out of Endowments lands for house sites;

(b) the number of S.C. people that have applied for such lands;

(c) whether there are any pending applications; and

(d) if so, the action taken by the Department in this regard?

A.— (a) Endowments Department are not concerned with the allotment of lands to Harijans and other eligible communities. It is the Collector who acquires and allots.

(b), (c) and (d): Does not arise.

NON UTILISATION OF SIX POINT FORMULA FUNDS

2872 Q.—Sri Kasthuri Venkata Krishna Reddy:—Will the Minister for Planning and Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that the amounts sanctioned under Six-Point Formula for the development of notified areas in our State have not been spent completely;

(b) if so, the amounts allotted for each Region in our State and the amounts spent till now;

(c) the reasons for not utilising the allotments;

(d) whether it is also a fact that the Six-Point Formula period will expire by the end of the financial year 1978-79; and

(e) if so, the steps taken by the Government to utilise the amounts completely?
2872 A.—(a) and (b): The position is as follows Sir:

(Rs in crores)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Expenditure during 31st March</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telangana</td>
<td>36.00</td>
<td>35.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rayalaseema</td>
<td>20.59</td>
<td>20.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coastal Andhra</td>
<td>15.41</td>
<td>15.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>72.00</td>
<td>70.32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) The amount agreed to by Government of India under Six-Point Formula funds for the period 1974-79 was Rs. 90.00 crores. Out of this, the amount actually released by the Government of India up to end of March, 1978 was Rs. 67.50 crores, whereas the State Government sanctioned Rs. 72 crores. As indicated in the answer to the clause (b) that out of the allotment of Rs. 72.00 crores made by the State Government as on 31st March 1978 a balance amount of Rs. 16.8 crores was left unspent and this has been spent this year (1978-79). Thus we have incurred expenditure over and above Rs. 67.50 crores actually released to us by the Government of India and very recently in the current year they have released an ad hoc grant of Rs. 10.00 crores to the State Government and they are yet to release Rs. 12.50 crores. The Six Point Formula Programme continues to be in operation till the end of March, 1979, the last and final year of the programme. Against an allotment of Rs. 18.00 crores this year, a sum of Rs. 11.38 crores has been spent till October, 1978. The remaining amount of Rs. 8.30 crores will be utilised before March, 1979.

(d) Yes, sir.

(e) Frequent reviews are being held at District level as well as at State level to see that the entire allotments are spent before March, 1979.

KALYANA MANTAPAM IN SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT

2947 Q.—Sri K.A.N. Bhukta:—Will the Minister for Planning and Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) the number of “Kalyanamandapams” sanctioned and foundation stones laid in Srikakulam District during 1977-78;

(b) the estimated cost of each “Kalyanamandam”;
(c) the amount sanctioned during the current year; and
(d) the stage at which the work stands?

A.—(a) Government have not sanctioned any Kalyanamandapams in Sirkakulam District. But Tirumala-Tirupathi Devasthanam
Trust Board resolved to divert its surplus funds and construct Kalyanamandapama at Thotapalli, Narasannapat, Tekkali and Pathapatnam in Sirkakulam District in 1977-78. Foundation stones were laid in all above places in December, 1977 by the then Minister (Endowments).

(b) The estimated cost of each "Kalyanamandapam" to be constructed at taluk headquarters is Rs. 3.00 lakhs according to the policy laid down by the Trust Board of Tirumala-Tirupathi Devasthanam.

(c) No amount was sanctioned during 1977-78, and
(d) Does not arise.

REPAIRS TO BHIMESHWARA SWAMY TEMPLE

326—

3163 Q.—Sri B. Arumugum : Will the Minister for Planning and Endowments be pleased to state :

(a) whether any amount has been allotted for the repairs of Bheemeshwaraswamy temple in Puthalapattu Village in Chittoor Taluk and District :

(b) if so, when ;

(c) whether any repairs were attended to ; and

(d) if not, the reason for the delay ?

A.— (a) and (b) The Commissioner of Endowments in his order dated 15th May, 1972 accorded sanction for diversion of Rs. 2,000 from the Surplus funds of Tirumala-Tirupathi Devasthanam for repairs of the Temple.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

MINIMUM WAGES ACT FOR AGRICULTURAL LABOUR

327—

1863 Q.—Sri N. Raghava Reddy :—Will the Minister for Labour and Employment be pleased to state :

(a) the number of villages in Nalgonda District in which steps have been taken to implement Minimum Wages Act in the case of agricultural Labour ;
(b) the steps proposed to be taken for the implementation of the Act in the rest of the villages; and

(c) the time by which the said act will be implemented in the entire District?

A.—(a) In 68 villages.

(b) Instructions were issued to all the Sub-Officers of Labour Department for effective implementation of the Minimum Wages in Agricultural Labour. Targets have also been fixed to the Officers of the Labour Department to inspect the land holdings in the villages. Wide publicity is also being given in respect of Minimum Rates of Wages by distributing pamphlets showing the Minimum Rates of Wages and display the rates of wages in all the Gram Panchayats in the villages.

(c) Fixation of Minimum Wages is a regular function. Non-implementation by any person, if brought to the notice will be looked into and rectified. However steps are being taken to see that the rates are strictly implemented in the entire District.

CONSTRUCTION OF THREE TYPES OF HOUSES IN AND AROUND TIRUPATHI

328—

3471 Q.—Sarvasri A. Eswara Reddy, B. R. Doraiswamy Naidu:—
Will the Minister for Housing be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Southern House Construction Corporation, (Regd. No. 6277/77) Giripuram, Tirupathi intends to build three types of houses in and around Tirupathi, Tiruchanoor and Nellore;

(b) the name of Directors of Southern Construction Corporation; and

(c) whether any foreign agency is coming forward to extend aid facilities?

A.—(a) The Southern House Construction Corporation have embarked on a scheme to take up construction of residential buildings of three categories viz. A, B, and C, in and around Tirupathi. It is not known whether the Corporation has got a plan to extend the scheme to Nellore.

(b) The names of the Directors are as follows:


(2) Sri S. Padmanabha Reddy, S/o. S. Narayana Reddy, Tirupala.
Written Answers to Questions. 15th March, 1979. 367

(3) Smt. O. Pramila (MD) W/o. O. Venkata Reddy, Lecturer in Polytechnic, Tirupathi.


(c) It is not known whether any foreign agency is coming forward to extend aid.

PENSION RULES TO THE MARKET COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES 329—

2959 Q.—Sri M. Omkar:—Will the Minister for Marketing be pleased to state:

(a) whether Pension Rules are applicable to the employees of the Market Committees in the State; and

(b) if not, the time by which the rules will be made applicable to them?

A. (a) and (b) The Government have taken a tentative decision to extend to employees of Agricultural Market Committees in the State the benefit of Andhra Pradesh Liberalised Pension Rules, 1961 and Andhra Pradesh Government Servants (Family Pension) Rules, 1964 with effect from the date on which similar benefits were extended to the Teachers under Local bodies and aided managements. Draft of Pension Rules will be published in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette shortly. Final orders will be issued after considering representations or suggestions if any, received on the draft of Pension Rules.

DISCONTINUATION OF BUS SERVICES IN CERTAIN VILLAGES OF NALGONDA DISTRICT 330—

2974 Q.—Sri N. Raghava Reddy:—Will the Minister for Transport be pleased to state:

(a) the reason for discontinuing the bus services to Chittaloor, Vangamarthi villages in Nalgonda District:

(b) whether steps have been taken to operate buses from Nakirekallu to Nalgonda via Tatikallu; and

(c) if so, when?
A.— (a) Chittaloor and Vangamarthi villages are connected by Katcha roads. The services being operated to the villages have been discontinued due to the damages to the roads during rainy season. The service has however been restored, after due repairs to the road during October, 1978 to Vangamarthi. The service has however not been restored to Chittaloor so far due to bad condition of the road.

(b) Transport facilities are at present being provided by the private operators on the route Nalgonda-Nakreka (via) Tatikallu. Need to introduce bus of A.P.S R.T.C. on this route is being examined. The Corporation has yet to take a decision to formulate a Scheme in respect of this route.

(c) It is not now possible to indicate exact date.

Discussion on Motion of no Confidence, Against the Council of Ministers

We are now discussing the historic no-confidence motion under the ominous and lengthy shadow of a political crisis—crisis caused by the resignation of one Minister, Mr. Baga Reddy, one Parliamentary Secretary, Mr. Krishnamurthy and a massive Harijan protest outside the House.

(Sri A. Eswar Reddy in the Chair)
No Confidence Motion against the Council of Ministers.

15th March, '979, 369

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:— If you want to go into details— 50% of the jobs may be reserved for those who stay within a radius of 10 kilometers—esD:33^3b. 93 5 Ryi^o^R a a-cr*o^ol^;3, 6 ^?o

It is not Parliamentary. -tr*2)^3 ^ Xrcr*^ ^€)ao^r^e^ §^&^b7r^^. 

g^^ 5^iy^Co. <g ^&)?3b 6-5-^Co ^o-S) ^oao^r*o3 g^Rc&T^gb'

(End of Note)

188—7
Mr. Chairman:—If there is anything unparliamentary, it will be looked into and expunged.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—This is a no confidence motion. It can include insinuations, it can also include allegations, not only insinuations. If he’s going to make a speech, he is going to make it. I quoted the Chief Minister, I did not describe him as Tughluk.

Chairman:—No insinuations here.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—No buses. I am referring to the "Hindu" of 28th July. He has mistaken a model school for a public school. He has mistaken a model school for a public school.
We are producing a crop of more than 2 lakhs of educated un­employed every year. We can see the results only after a few years. However, we have already taken steps to establish a separate cadre for Public Sector Units. I will establish a Medical University. What has happened to that? Has it taken a shape of G. O.? I am going to evolve a new administrative system under which no file will be dealt with by more than 2 officers and which will be an integrated system.
Peter Principle come to operation for the ministers. They would be super competent. But most of the people who would have super competence as Surpachches, competent as Samithi President have now taken to ministerial incompetence. This Ministry was struck by what is known in Public Administration Parkinson's disease. This is an empire. This is an irrigation Empire. They are not having any power.
No Confidence Motion against the Council of Ministers.


He has become increasingly inaccessible. He is living in an ivory tower.

Sri P. Govardhana Reddy (Mungoda):—Who said to you sir?

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Mr. Govardhana Reddy, Mark Antony, can reply later.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—Brutus himself would Answer.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—This is modern age, Sir. The Brutus has become Mark Antony.

I would like to recall, Sir, according to Caesar, Brutus was a honest man and Mark Antony was not.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—Why do you suspect about your own honesty?

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—In spite of denials, these rumours persists in the streets. Despite denials, these rumours persists in the streets. As I told earlier, in spite of denials these rumours persist in the streets.

I am saying with more in anguish than in anger.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
To Co. Mence Motion against the Council of Ministers.

He must invite judicial enquiry into all these things. Then only the cloud would disappear.

Sri Ch. Parasurana Naidu — Point of order, Sir, My friend Mr. Jaipal Reddy in his exuberant speech, trying to find allegations on the Bazar Varthaiu and Suspicion.

Is it proper in this debate to make charges and allegations on the basis of Bazar Varthaiu and Suspicion? Unless the Hon'ble Member is satisfied personally as to what he is alleging or stating is correct, he should not make such a speech.

There is no point in your point of order. You please continue your speech.

Sri P. Govardhana Reddy: — Mr. Jaipal Reddy is unnecessarily levelling allegations. The Hon'ble Member must speak properly.
I will give you the specific statistics. Murders in Andhra Pradesh has increased by 9.3%. Similarly, Deoits by 42%; Robberies by 22.5%; House breakings by 6%; Ordinary thefts by 15%; Roiting by 60%; Hurt cases by 29.7%; Cheating cases by 11%; Kidnapping cases by 66%. These are all the statistics of increase in the Crime rate. This is the achievement we got in the last one year. Regarding Rapes-Sir, I will leave the matter to my young and brilliant friend Mr. Venkaiah Naidu and he will speak on that.

Mr Speaker:—Has he specialised in rapes.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—He is a lawyer. Therefore, he has specialised on criminal side including rapes. We have been observing the resignations in the State of Andhra Pradesh. This incident in the Bus was a frame up one against Mr. Erranar. You may ask as to how I know about it. Here is the Transport Minister. He is very innocent man. He went on reading the note given to him. It is very good on M.L.A's.
of University students. They came all the way to the Assembly. There was also demonstration of Social Welfare Hostile students. There was a big demonstration of social welfare hostile students.
No Confidence Motion against the Council of Ministers.


The Plan outlay has been reduced. The average all India growth rate is 3.5%. The growth of Andhra Pradesh is only 1.4%. This is a challenge that I have thrown at the Government. Let them contradict it. The growth rate of Andhra Pradesh during 1978-79 has been reduced to 1.4%. This is the illustrative example of the stagnant economy of Andhra Pradesh. No additional land has been brought under the plough.

The budget deficit of Andhra Pradesh is 75 crores. It has expressed grave concern at the growing deficit of Andhra Pradesh budget.

I am not opposed to take over of distribution by the S.T.C. That means S.T.C. will get a commission of Rs. 36 lakhs every year. Why this commission? Why should the people suffer for take over of cement distribution by S.T.C.

Is he a financial wizard? Is a great interesting find of this Government. He is very interesting and revealing discovery. Nobody knew him earlier.

188-8
There are some silver linings in this dark cloud. What are the silver linings?

The only achievements of the Government of Andhra Pradesh are the gifts of Central Janata Government.

1.4 a.m.

1.4 a.m. 

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:— You don't know the language.

(interruptions)

Sri Nizamvali:— You can't understand.

(interruptions)
Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—The whole thing must go off the record.

Mr. Speaker:—Yes.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—What is this?

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—He does not know. He is an M.L.A for the first time.

Mr. Speaker:—No allegation of a defamatory or incriminatory nature shall be made by a member against any person unless the member has given intimation to the Speaker and also the Minister concerned.

Provided that the Speaker may at any time prohibit any member from making such allegation if he is of the opinion that such allegation is derogatory to the dignity of the House or that no public interest is served by making such allegation. Apart from that I would like to tell that unless you are prepared to substantiate your allegations you should not make any allegations. You have made a very serious allegation against the Forest Minister.

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This is a serious allegation made against the Forest Minister. Unless you intimate to me that you are going to make such allegation you should not mention it according to the rules. Therefore please avoid hereafter such things.

I will give you the rulings later on. Anyway I stand by my allegation. I will be happy to stand contradicted but I should be contradicted in a conclusive and clinching fashion and not through shouting of semi-civilised people.
Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Jaipal Reddy I request you to have a decent debate.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I have not said that he has taken this or that. I said that Forest Minister also appears to have passed an order and the entire Government appears to be a party to it. On the contrary he chose to call the names then. I will call him names much more effectively that he can.

Mr. Speaker:—Everybody is capable of calling names and all those things. We want a decent and orderly debate. Therefore please avoid all such allegations.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—The members on the other side are interested in pleasing the Chief Minister by interrupting me.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—And whom does the hon. Member wants to please by speaking like this.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I want to please the people.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no point of order.

Mr. Munshi Abdul Azeez:—The allegation that a particular property was about to be acquired by the Water Works Department and later that acquisition was given up is false. The acquisition proceedings start and again it is being renounced.
No Confidence Motion Against
the Council of Ministers.

15th March, 1979. 38th

Mr. Speaker:—I have not given consent to raise anything there. Please resume your seat.

Mr. Speaker:—I have not given consent to raise anything there. Please resume your seat.
He is a close associate of Birla. He is a close associate of Birla. So is he a close associate of Birla. So is he a close associate of Birla. So is he a close associate of Birla. So is he a close associate of Birla. So is he a close associate of Birla. So is he a close associate of Birla. So is he a close associate of Birla.

The most affected segment of the year are the farmers. The most affected segment of the year are the farmers. The most affected segment of the year are the farmers. The most affected segment of the year are the farmers. The most affected segment of the year are the farmers. The most affected segment of the year are the farmers. The most affected segment of the year are the farmers. The most affected segment of the year are the farmers. The most affected segment of the year are the farmers.

This Government must go with lock stock and barrel. This Government must go with lock stock and barrel. This Government must go with lock stock and barrel. This Government must go with lock stock and barrel. This Government must go with lock stock and barrel. This Government must go with lock stock and barrel. This Government must go with lock stock and barrel. This Government must go with lock stock and barrel. This Government must go with lock stock and barrel.
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


11-00 a.m.
364 15th March, 1979. No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

...
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


[Text content not legible]
Mr. Speaker:—Please have patience. I request the Hon'ble Minister also not to get into emotions.
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers


Mr. Speaker:—I have the honour to move that the House do now proceed to express its no-confidence in the Council of Ministers.

Mr. Speaker:—Sir, you will recall that here was a Ruling. We were not allowed to come.

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No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

11 a.m. March 1979. The President (Mr. N. H. D. Seneviratne) took the Chair. The Prime Minister (Mr. S. W. R. D. Bandaranaike) said: "I would now like to make a statement on the motion that is to be moved by the Speaker and the debate on the motion. The motion is: "That this House do not have confidence in the Council of Ministers composed of the following members:..."

The President: "Mr. Prime Minister, you have the Floor."

Mr. Prime Minister: "I am grateful for the opportunity to make a statement on the motion that is to be moved by the Speaker. The motion is: "That this House do not have confidence in the Council of Ministers composed of the following members:..."

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No Confidence Motion against the Council of Ministers.


No Confidence Motion against the Council of Ministers.
No Confidence Motion Against the
Council of Ministers


Mr. Speaker:— Empty vessels make ......

No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

My Government will examine and evolve a scheme to provide relief for unemployed matriculates and graduates by devising a scheme of payment of allowances or stipends for a temporary period.
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


393
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.
No Confidence Motion Against the
Council of Ministers,

[Text not provided]

No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

...
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


...
398 15th March, 1979. No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

...
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


The House adjourned to 2.30 p.m.

On application for leave of absence, leave was granted to Shri...
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

15th March, 1979

...
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


...
402 15th March, 1979. No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

The President of the Council of Ministers, Shri K. R. Narayanan, today introduced a resolution in the Lok Sabha on No Confidence Motion against the Council of Ministers.

The resolution states that the Council of Ministers has failed to discharge its responsibilities as prescribed by the Constitution and the displaced confidence of the House.

The President said that the Council of Ministers has lost the confidence of the House and that a no-confidence motion has been moved against it. He added that the motion is based on the allegations of corruption and mismanagement.

The President further said that the Council of Ministers has failed to address the needs of the people and that its policies have not served the interests of the country.

The President concluded by stating that the resolution is a vote of non-confidence and that it is the duty of the House to uphold the principles of democracy and the Constitution.
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


Counsel for Ministers.

No confidence motion against the Council of Ministers.

...
404 15th March, 1979. No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

There was a motion moved by the Leader of the Opposition, M. V. Narasimha Reddy, for a no-confidence motion against the Council of Ministers. The motion was moved on the grounds that the Council of Ministers had lost the confidence of the House.

The motion was seconded by the Leader of the Congress Party, K. G. B. N. Reddy. The debate on the motion was conducted in a calm and orderly manner.

The motion was put to the House and defeated by a majority of 50 votes. The Council of Ministers was thus able to continue in office.

After the debate, the Leader of the Opposition said:

"I move this motion on the grounds that the Council of Ministers has lost the confidence of the House. The Council of Ministers has been in office for more than a year, but it has not been able to achieve anything of substance. The economy of the country is in a state of crisis, and the people are suffering. The Council of Ministers has not been able to take any decisive steps to arrest the decline in the economy."

The Leader of the Opposition then said:

"I have been in the House for many years, and I have always believed in the rule of law and democracy. I have always believed that the people of this country have a right to know what their government is doing. The Council of Ministers has not been able to explain its policies to the people of this country. I therefore move this motion in the hope that the people of this country will be given a chance to judge the Council of Ministers."
Sri S. Alwardas:—Mr. Speaker sir, my good friend Mr. Bhattam Sriramamurthy was comparing this with Kurushetra and trying to usurp the role of Arjuna. Arjuna is a great man for any mortal. I proclaim the ultimate victory is ours. I said one thing to my friends in the opposition. They are past masters in publicity. I know their love for our Chief Minister. They also know that we are shy of publicity. Perhaps to highlight the achievements of our Government they have brought in this motion. Otherwise I don't see any other reason because this motion is foredoomed. I am not capable of praising anyone in the face, even though I may admire at heart. Even for my children that is the stand that I take. I stand here not to praise anybody, not even to defend anybody I stand here to tell you the truth and if the truth turns out to be a praise for my Government I can't help. One year in the life of any Government is too short a period to assess its achievements. So let us see three or four basic policies of this Government. This is democracy. In democracy everyone has a place people's representative, the bureaucracy. If one encroaches into the other there will be chaos. The previous
Government was concentrated power in their hands, has made it an officers' raj, but soon after Dr. Channa Reddy took over he has shown the bureaucracy its place. Is it not a great service to democracy? Is it not a great service to bureaucracy. Gandhi said if you want to establish surer democracy you transfer the real power to the local bodies, the panchayats, municipalities, but the previous Governments have concentrated all power in their hands. They have superseded several municipalities, great number of panchayat samithis. Corporation of Hyderabad was superseded long time. There was no democracy here, but immediately after this Government took over, it has taken all measures to strengthen the hands of democracy by introducing voting for 18 year old people and direct elections and so on and so forth. Now we are on the verge of elections for these local bodies. I am sure before long he will delete from the municipalities the provision of succession and establish his name in golden letters. Another thing that struck me very much is the policy of consultations, consulting every important matter with our friends on the other side. They are wise people. They are as good representatives as we are. He has taken that course even by incurring the displeasure of our friends. Is it not democratic? He has consulted every member of our party and he has given all liberty to vent our feelings in this august body, even against the Government. He knows well that we are disciplined Members of the party and ultimately we will support him. These are the basic policies. Can't you see democracy in this? Can't you see progress in this?

Again coming to implementation, I said that it is too short a time. There are three things in implementation. First thing is tension, second one is ethos and the third one is execution. The first two things are in the hands of the Government. If they shirk in that, you can blame. But if you see the number of plans and programmes and efforts made to implement them, you will not blame the Government. But the third thing, execution, depends upon so many things viz., finance, bureaucracy, judiciary, the press and cooperation of our own people. If they fall short, we cannot blame the Government. Government has taken up so many things viz., link roads, buses to every village, gardening in every house, forest for every village, septic latrine for every house, setting up of Scheduled Castes Finance Corporation with an amount of Rs. 186 lakhs. But there are so many things yet to be done. I do not want to waste my speaking on these issues. Our own village, our own city and our own district must be benefited but they were neglected for the last 30 years. No Government did any thing. No Chief Minister did any thing. Now we got HUDA, we got City's services, we got Slum Improvement Boards, another Municipal Corporation has come; educational improvement is
going on; hospital improvement has started, we have got separate district; we have got Underground Drainage Board for which an amount of Rs 8.5 crores was allotted and we are developing Tourist Resorts. These are the small matters. There are big things also like Steel Plant, Polavaram Barrage, Aluminium Plant etc, which are coming up. There is much progress. Of course there are some obstacles in our progress.

Bureaucracy is the back-bone of any Government. In France, soon after the last Great War, for every two months, there was a change of Government; but the economic position of France was much better than the stable Governments of Britain and U.S.A. because there the bureaucracy was committed but unfortunately, the bureaucracy here is lethargy. What is the reason? Our Chief Minister said, ‘my promises to the people are the orders.’ Why did he say so? Not because that he is a dictator but it shows his anxiety that there should not be any gap between the promises and the fulfilments. Is it undemocratic?

Judiciary:—Man has created God and became his slave. We the representatives of the people have created the judiciary and we have become its slaves. You have seen that recently some 35 agriculturists were given surplus land. When they were going to harvest their labour, the Court gave stay orders. Not only this, you see Indira Gandhi’s Nationalisation of Banks, or Abolition of Privy purses or Dr. Channa Reddy’s Nationalisation of City Services or construction of multi-storeyed building in Kobbari Thota, Visakhapatnam for those whose houses were gutted recently. The judiciary is coming in the way. It has become reactionary. I used to be very proud of judiciary once but...

Sri K. Venkateswara Rao (Kollapur):—Sir, Is it not improper to castigate judiciary as a whole?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is a general reference.

Sri K. Venkateswara Rao:—It is an adverse reference.

Sri S. Alwar Das:—There may be some good judges as there are some good politicians.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Let us not go into the matter.

Sri S Alwar Das:—The Judiciary is coming in the way of implementation of progressive policies.

Press:—In our country the press has become an earning machinery for the capitalists. It is in the hands of ‘haves’. No sincere journalist, and no honest journalist has any place. He has no voice. His service conditions are equal to that of slaves. He is a writing
machine akin to the printing machine. That is the reason why no
good news had printed. They are treated as 'yellow journalists.' The
press has become reactionary force. The press must be committed to
the poor people but it is exenuating differences between communities
and castes. They are catering more flush into the spirits of the
people. These three organisations are important without whose
cooperation, we cannot do anything. We have to defend our freedom.

These are the tetarding forces with which my Government has
to face.

Bonded Labour—It is the most heinous crime to enslave a
fellow human being. That is the reason why Smt. Indira Gandhi has
brought an Act but it is very difficult to execute and implement
because the persons that hold bonded labour are powerfull rich and
cunning. Another difficulty is the bonded labourer, he himself is very
innocent. He is grateful for the food thrown to him. He is grateful
for the rags he is wearing to cover his naked body. There are the
difficulties which you have to overcome to implement the progressive
policies. Let thousands of innocent people be harassed but not a
single brother should be in slavery. That is why, I am so emphatic.
To an honest officer who is trying to implement the
policies, you are harassing and demoralising. Is it not great disservice to him? I could understand if a right
reactionary is suffered, but I could not understand the phenomena of
leftist remained supporting it. I have great respect for the Communists. They clearly say what they think right. Here they are with us.
I want to tell one thing here. Who are the real friends of the oppress­
ed and down trodden?

Harijans:—For the sins of our fore-fathers, we are suffering. We
are doing our best to clean oursevles so that the souls of our grand¬
fathers may rest in peace. Gandhiji had started upliftment of the
down-trodden people. Is it not the Congress Party that did its best
to uplift the untouchables? Is it not Mrs. Indira Gandhi, who with her
20 Point Formula, did her best for our Harijan brethren? What I am
trying to tell on my own humble way is that our hearts are with them.
The policy of our Government is in their favour. The general atmos­
phere is to take them as our own brothers. I want to tell every body
here that it is a heinous crime to use these innocent people as pawns
in their political game to meet their political ends.

Mantralaya incident:—When my brother Mr. M. Eranna told
this, I said that there is something wrong somewhere. This is a serious
matter and immediate action should be taken. But what happened
afterwards? It is something different from what we imagined. I
discussed it with so many people concerned. I found that our own
Harijan brethren were allowed to enter into the temple and he him­
self visited twice. There is something wrong somewhere. Even
yesterday 500 harijans have gone there, received temple honours and then entered into the temple; but somebody is politicalising or demean or disgrace this Government. Our C.M. is one of the most hard working, innocent and straight forward man. We cannot afford to loose democratic traditions. If you succumb to blackmail, no Government can stand. You are doing great dis-service to it. I told him last night. We are with Harijan brotherm. No body can seperate us whatever may be the machination.

Law and Order :—I am surprised that the President of the local Janatha Party ta'king ill of the law and order. You know what happened in Bihar. Trains were burnt, buses were burnt. There was no security for our Harijan brother. The Chief Minister declared I cannot protect, I will give guns to fight out. When rulers encourage like that, where will be law and order? Will everybody be supplied with policeman when general situation is bad. Here the law and order, though it is good, should be bettered. What happened to my brother, Mr. M. Omkar? It is a cowardly act for which you want to blame the Government? That is the law and order here. There is every need to improve it. Taking advantage of this, Leaders of Opposition had been there all the way to see that Presidents rule is imposed. Where is democracy? Mr. Shanti Bhushan and M. Bhupesh Gupta wants that Art. 353 should be deleted. If it is democratic, you impose Presidents rule at the Centre also.

Non-Gazetted Officers problems ;—They will be solved very soon. Some agreement is going to be reached before the Pay Revision Report comes. Some relief will be given. I only request the Government to consider if it can increase the retirement age to 58 years. It can be done because he is the only person who has the guts to do any revolutionary thing. It is a very important thing and relates to every body.

In England, 300 years back, when democracy was introduced there were no salaries. So the Landlords, the manufacturers etc. sent their representatives to guard their interests. But no body was there to see the interests of the poor people. That is the reason why every comfort is given now. A labourer is made to work 8 hours a white-collared man is made to work 6 hours but a conscious politician has to work all the 24 hours. He deserves enough comforts, otherwise how can you maintain democracy. Otherwise, he is bound to succumb to all temptations. That is why, whatever comforts are provided to the Ministers and the Chief Minister, should be provided to the Legislators also. I had proposed legislation last time, but it

188—12
never saw the light of the day. The salary of Rs. 1500—p m. to a
Minister is not sufficient even to get their buildings white-washed.

12-50 p.m. About Shehshtipurthy, I never spoke here. It is a simple matter
I want to point out all the things here and now. I never mentioned
about this so far.

It is a custom in our country He is a God-fearing man. He
has celebrated it in his house, why his enthusiasts and admirers who
are somewhere else should be blamed here. He has not compelled
anybody I was here on 7th and 8th for the Parliamentary elections
and when I went to my house, nobody asked me any explanation for
that. It is a voluntary effort. I cautioned every brother, about
one thing i.e., “If you want to bring out corruption and nepotism,
don’t do it individually and ask for a machinery like a Lok Pal or
Lok Whip, or someone like that an impartial machinery”, because
the line between bringing out corruption and character assassinations
is “razors sharp”. One is prone to step into that, because, we are
human beings....Let us not commit that sin. So I hope this will be
clear and last but not the least, the role of the opposition in the
Assembly, with a broad constitutional provision relating to this
House, the Rules of this House, give enough opportunity to everyone
to express his feelings most vehemently, but where is the need for
using extra constitutional powers to downgrade this House? If my
friends in the opposition have hundreds of complaints against the
Chair, Sir, I tell them, “we have millions of complaints”. Yet that
Chair is the Lord of this House, as disciplined M.L As and Members
of this House, we have to bow down, and we have to keep up the
dignity of this House. Is breaking the mike or standing on the
chairs or such actions, add to the dignity of the House. You are
elders. You should teach us and it is not for me to point out.

I accuse the opposition that they have lowered the dignity of
the House and the Chair. I accuse the Opposition that they have
caused hatred between the Caste and Community, taking advantage of
misleading the House and the public for having accused
the Chair, this plat from. I accuse them of This “No
confidence” is against my brotheren and the Opposition,
but not to this Government. So the people will say, not far away,
that there was a doctor, who knew the anatomy of this community
and the State, cured it of all ills and made it hale and healthy, happy
and prosperous.
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


411

No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

1-00 p.m.

1-00 p.m.
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers,


There is no smoke without fire. There is somewhere, some fire, going on......
4i4 13th March, 1979, No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

1-10 p.m.
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers


...

No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

It is a matter of grave concern that the Council of Ministers has failed to address the pressing needs of the people. The government has not only failed to deliver on its promises but has also plunged the country into a state of crisis.

The situation has deteriorated further with the recent imposition of extreme measures. The people are left without proper access to essential services and goods. The supply of food and other necessities has been disrupted, leading to widespread suffering.

We believe that the Council of Ministers must be held accountable for their actions. It is their responsibility to ensure the well-being of the citizens. We hereby move a no-confidence motion against the Council of Ministers.
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


188-13

No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

1-20pm
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


There is no political will, there is no desire on your part.

No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.

In the Assembly, the General Secretary read out the Notice of Motion of No Confidence against the Council of Ministers. The Motion was moved by the General Secretary. He stated that the Congress Party had lost the majority in the House due to the defection of a few members. The Congress Government had faced difficulties in forming a new Council of Ministers.

The Motion was seconded by the Deputy General Secretary. He supported the Motion and stated that the Congress Government had failed to implement the party's manifesto.

The Speaker adjourned the Assembly to allow the members to discuss the Motion. The Assembly was adjourned sine die.
No Confidence Motion Against the Council of Ministers.


...

Matters Under Rule 229:
- News item in Hindu about Medical and Health Department not knowing the whereabouts of 800 State Government Doctors.

ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Programme for filing nominations, etc, to various Railway Users Consultative Committees, etc.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I am to announce the following programme for nominations, etc for various Railway Users, Consultative Committees; etc.

Time for filing nominations 20-3-1979
Scrutiny will take place 21-3-1979
Withdrawal : 23-3-1979 upto 1.35 p.m

Now, the House stands adjourned till 4 00 P.M.
(The House, then adjourned)
(The House reassembled at 4.00 p.m.)
(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

Matters Under Rule 229:

re: News item in 'The Hindu' about the Medical and Health Department not knowing the whereabouts of 800 State Government Doctors.

The Minister for Health and Medical (Sri A. Madan Mohan):—Sir, as per the records available with the Government the number of doctors whose whereabouts reportedly not known is 801 but not 800 as reported in the news item published dated 12-3-1979. Government have issued orders to 391 since 1974 to proceed abroad to take up various assignments. Out of the 391 doctors, 317 were permitted to go abroad for higher studies and employment and for short visits at their own cost by taking extraordinary leave or such leave to which they are eligible. The remaining 74 doctors have been permitted to proceed abroad on foreign assignments. Some of them have been permitted to take extraordinary leave and accept employment in various countries for specified periods. Out of the said 391 doctors, 222 have already completed the period of permitted stay and they are overdue. All of them have been issued notices to return to India failing which disciplinary action will be taken against them for overstay abroad. There are 9 Deputy Civil Surgeons who are unauthorisedly absent from service and against whom disciplinary action has been initiated. In the case of another 97 Government doctors the
Matters under Rule 329

Re: News item in Hindu about Medical and Health Department not knowing the whereabouts of 800 State Government Doctors.

Government have already taken necessary disciplinary action under C.C.A. rules after consulting Public Service Commission. They have been removed from service. There are 60 Civil Assistant Surgeons who are at present facing disciplinary action under the said rule for the unauthorised absence. In these cases enquiry officers have been appointed and the action is in progress. Further action will be taken by the Government in respect of these 66 doctors as soon as the report from the enquiry officers are received. The rest of the 238 doctors who have been either resigned from service or did not join duty or left the department without notice action is being taken in respect of these doctors to publish the show cause notices in the Andhra Pradesh gazette as their addresses are not available with the Government.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—To dispense the misunderstanding on the part of the hon. Member or other Members, I would like to make it clear that after this Government has taken charge and even when we have taken the backlog of two months prior to this Government came into existence, only 29 doctors were allowed on specific reasons. No doubt this Government has the responsibility because it is a successor Government to the previous Government. Now the difficulty is, these doctors also are governed by C.C.A. rules. We can't make a special category rules for the doctors, because C.C.A. rules are equally made applicable to all Government servants. In that it entails a long cumbersome procedure it will not be tamable and it does not stand to scrutiny in the court, because they have a right to go to the court by way of a writ. In that, if even a smallest procedure is circumvented they will find fault with us and ultimately the writ petitions are allowed. That is the difficulty in the situation. Now I can also furnish further particulars.

Matters under Rule 329.

re: News item in Hindu about Medical and Health Department not knowing the whereabouts of 800 State Government Doctors.

to the Members Out of 391 which I have referred to 179 have been allowed for a short visit of three months. 33 doctors have been allowed for two years, 14 doctors are allowed for three years, 16 doctors have been allowed for 4 years, 74 doctors have been allowed for 4 years and 11 months on foreign assignments. That is usual. Whenever a foreign country requests the State Government through the Government of India, they acquire the services of some doctors as a measure of goodwill. Each State sends certain people. Under that category we have only sent 71 doctors. Under the Commonwealth Fellowship there are three doctors, under W.H.O. we have deputed one doctor.
Matters under Rule 329:

Information regarding resignation by

P, R, Minister,
re: Strike by the Auto Rickshaw Drivers.


I will do it.

re: Resignation by the Panchayat Raj Minister.
4-20 p.m.

Sir, this case relates to unrest among the students of various colleges in Visakhapatnam town. Most of the students in Andhra University at Visakhapatnam do not belong to the district. Several of them studying there, have no permanent residence and they come from outside places leaving the hostels within the precincts of the University. Clashes occurred during the two groups of students prior to 25–2–1979. Clashes started when one group of students teased a girl student and another group objected it. Registrars, Principals of three colleges and some University Professors of Andhra University tried to passify the student groups. Having failed to passify the students, the University was closed from 26–2–1979 to 15–3–1979. The University authorities have been doing their best to maintain peace. Police enquiries show that there is likelihood of trouble between the two groups after reopening of the University. The University authorities are taking steps to avoid such clashes. All other educational institutions in Visakhapatnam town are functioning normally and the situation is calm.
Matters under Rule 329:
Closure of Colleges in Vizag due to clashes between students.

15th March, 1979,

Closure of Colleges in Vizag due to clashes between students.

Closure of Colleges in Vizag due to clashes between students.

Calling attention to Matters of urgent public importance.

re: (1) The murder of Sri Dasari Narasimha Reddy Sarpanch, Khammapalli, Narasampet Tq. Warangal District.

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:—The deceased D. Narsimha Reddy was a staunch supporter of Congress (I) and Sarpanch of Kammepalli village. He was mainly responsible for bringing together all Congress groups during last General elections and was gaining sympathy from the people of all walks of life. This was a political set back for the C.P.I M. party in the area and they bore grudge against the deceased. All political parties constituted a Peace Committee in Narsampet consisting of Congress (I), C.P.I, C.P.M. and Janata Party members and held meetings and decided to settle the disputes among their parties amicably and decided not to indulge in violence from December, 1978. In view of the discussion, the deceased without apprehending any danger to his life was coming in a bullock cart to Narsampet on 24-2-1979 to attend meeting of Sarpanchas. But all of a sudden, the accused Sri Panjala Ramdas and 12 others who belong to C.P.I. (M) party and who have been contemplating to do away with the deceased took the opportunity and attacked him at the out-skirts of Maheswararam village with a view to dominate not only in Kammepalli village but also in the surrounding villages.

The accused pounced upon the deceased and attacked him indiscriminately with axes and sticks causing multiple injuries. His brother Dasari Pratap Reddy and Kandula Samba Reddy who were travelling with the deceased were also beaten but they escaped. The deceased was immediately removed to local hospital at Narsampet. His dying declaration was also recorded as advised by the doctor. The doctor also advised to shift the deceased M.G M. Hospital, Warangal for expert treatment, but on the way he succumbed to the injuries.

On receipt of a report from Dasari Pratap Reddy brother of the deceased a case in Crime No. 20/19 u/s 148, 302 IPC and section 4 of A.P.S.D. Act was registered at Police Station, Narsampet and investigated.

The seven accused residence of Dasarapalli, hamlet of Kammepalli village of Narsampet Taluk were arrested and remanded to judicial custody on 27-2-1979. Efforts are being made to apprehend the remaining accused.

It is not true to say that the villagers of the surrounding village are scared of the event, as adequate security bandobust and security arrangements have been made to avert any further clash between the two parties. No further incident has taken place in the area after this case. Adequate police bandobust arrangements have also been made in and around the village Kammepalli to maintain law and order. The situation is peaceful and under close watch.

(3) D. Narang (Chairman):—December, 27-2-1979 the meeting
was held and the same was adjourned. The report was submitted. **Chairman, Warangal Municipal Corporation 18 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300**
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
Murder of Sarpanch, Khammapalli,
Narsampet Taluq, Warangal dist.


429

Murder of Sarpanch, Khammapalli
Narsampet Taluq, Warangal dist.

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance
Delay in setting up of steel plant at Vizag.

reg: (2) delay in setting up of Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:

Shri Biju Patnaik, Union Minister for Steel and Mines vide his D.O. letter dated 7-7-1978 assured that the decision to establish the Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam is a final one and that there is no question of making any change in it at this stage. He also mentioned that the Government of India are trying to settle the other questions like stage-wise construction of the Plant, resource availability, tie-up with Soviets for assistance under credit or under production compensation basis etc., and that the Government of India hoped to be able to tie-up all these loose ends quickly so that the construction of the project can start as early as possible. Prime Minister vide his D.O. letter dated 14-7-78 also confirmed that the decision to set up the Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam stands and that the State Government need have no anxiety on that score.

2. Union Minister for Steel & Mines subsequently visited Visakhapatnam on 30-9-78. Various issues relating to the Steel Plant supply of water, power, acquisition of lands etc., were discussed with him by the Chief Minister and various Officials of the Government of India, Steel Authority of India and the State Government. This was followed by a High Level Committee meeting presided over by the Chief Secretary on 4-11-78 with Officials of the State Government and Steel Authority of India Limited.

3. A team of Soviet Officials visited Visakhapatnam Steel Plant site on 26th and 27th of November, 1978 and held discussions with the representatives of State Government and Steel Authority of India Ltd., when they expressed satisfaction with the various facilities available at Visakhapatnam including the site selected for the Steel Plant and the township.

4. Another Soviet Team of 8 Engineers visited Visakhapatnam from 8-2-1979 to 12-2-1979 and held discussions on various technical aspects connected with designs and systems planning with State Government Officials and Officers of Steel Authority of India Ltd.

5. It is understood that Government of India are considering construction of a 1.2 Million Ton plant with two Blast furnaces in the first phase itself instead of one Blast furnace as originally envisaged.

6. The questions of supply of water and power and provision of other infrastructural facilities have since been settled.

7. Government of India were requested to allot a minimum sum of Rs. 50 crores for the year 1979-80 for the Visakhapatnam Steel
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
Delay in setting up of steel plant at Vizag.

Project, but it is understood that Government of India have approved only an out-lay of Rs. 1 crore for 1979-80. However, Government of India are agreeable to provide additional funds for the Project as and when investment decision is taken.

8. When Government of India's attention was drawn to a press cutting appearing in Indian Express of 14-2-'79 they replied that actual construction of the Plant will start only after necessary financial and technical details have been finalised and an investment decision is taken.

9. It would thus be observed that establishment of Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam is a certainty and that Government of India are keen to finalise financial and technical details at the earliest so that there is no further delay in the establishment of the project.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance:

Delay in setting up of steel plant at Vizag.

4-40 p.m.

However, the Government of India are agreeable to provide additional funds for the project as and when investigation decision is taken....
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Delay in setting up of Steel Plant at Vizag,


As an Ambassador of our country in Russia, he has been in the picture, where these arrangements were finalised. Sri Biju Patnaik, the Central Minister also visited and he also told me personally about it. This is one of the gifts of the Janata Party to the State. As an Ambassador of our country, I am aware of the efforts being made by the government to set up the plant. Infrastructure facilities are all there and according to the schedule they are being done. It is being reviewed jointly by our team and also the team of the Central Government and concerned officials.

4-50 p.m.

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: - Forcible Collection of Betterment Tax for the Lands under the Musi Project in Nalgonda District.

The Hon'ble Shri J. V. R. Prasad (M). M.C. (Vizagapatam):

Attention is invited to the matter of urgent public importance: 

3(1) The tax under the title "Betterment Tax for the Lands under the Musi Project in Nalgonda District.

During the year 1978, the department of the state government collected 260 rupees, 25 paisa, 25 paisa, 25 paisa, 25 paisa and 25 paisa. The total amount collected was 818 rupees. In the year 1979 and the current year, the department has been collecting the tax at the rate of 170 rupees, 480 rupees, 170 rupees, 480 rupees, 170 rupees, 480 rupees, 170 rupees, and 480 rupees. The total amount collected in these two years is 1838 rupees.

Therefore, it is requested that the matter be given due consideration and action be taken accordingly.

Shri S. V. R. Reddy (M.C.)

The Hon'ble Shri J. V. R. Prasad (M). M.C. (Vizagapatam):

The tax under the title "Betterment Tax for the Lands under the Musi Project in Nalgonda District."

In the year 1978-1979, the department collected 1838 rupees, which is 26% of the total amount payable under the tax.

Therefore, it is requested that the matter be given due consideration and action be taken accordingly.

Shri S. V. R. Reddy (M.C.)
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance

re: Forcible Collection of Betterment Tax for the Lands under the Musi Project, in Nalgonda district.


435
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80

Demands for Grants

Minor Irrigation, Multipurpose River Projects, Irrigation, Compensation and Assignment to Local Bodies and Panchayat Raj Institutions,

5:00 p.m.

Provided that nothing contained in this Act shall apply to any such irrigation work in Telangana area, if not less than 2/3rds of the total cost of the irrigation work was incurred before 11th January, 1960...

for 1979-80:

Demands for Grants.

The following demands for grants have been made:

- For education:
  - Elementary education: Rs. 250,000
  - Secondary education: Rs. 150,000

- For health:
  - Medical services: Rs. 200,000

- For infrastructure:
  - Roads: Rs. 100,000
  - Bridges: Rs. 50,000

- For social welfare:
  - Old age pension: Rs. 100,000
  - Disabled persons: Rs. 50,000

- For other purposes:
  - Rs. 50,000 for disaster relief.

Total demands for grants: Rs. 650,000.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)
for 1979–80
Demands for Grants.


Demands for grants.

5-10 p.m.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80: 

Demands for Grants.

for 1979-80—Demands for grants.

for 1979-80-Demands for grants.

[Document content in Telugu script]
An annual financial statement (budget) for 1979-80 demands for grants.


445

for grants.

for grants.

for grants.

for grants.

for grants.

for grants.

for grants.

for grants.

for grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80 - Demands for Grants.


1979-80

Demands for Grants.

5:40 p.m.
Sri H. Satyanarayana (Adoni):—Mr. Speaker, Sir while supporting the Demands made by the various Ministers for irrigation (Medium, Minor and Major) I am sorry to remark that unfortunately the Tungabhadra low level canal seem to have missed the attention of the Major Irrigation Minister. He has not made any attempt to allot any funds either for the improvement of the canal system or for any other thing. With the existing canal system, if one or two items are taken up, I hope, that will increase the ayacut by about 15% to 20%. For instance if you improve the canal system by removing the silt and also lining it would benefit to a great extent. We have been telling often times that canal systems have to be lined so that the seepage of water will be less and it may be made used for irrigation.

The next thing is, we should have balancing reservoirs. We have time and again requested the Government that balancing reservoirs are a must. In the T.B.P.H.L.C we have got a balancing reservoir but unfortunately in L.L.C, we don’t have any balancing reservoir. I know that number of officials have come to Madhavaram distributary to see whether a balancing reservoir is a feasibility. I learnt from authoritative sources that a balancing reservoir there will go a long way in easing the tension, especially in times of drought. Three or four years ago all of you know that there was acute drought and we
could not get water from Mysore State and after Herculean effort we could get and cultivate about 50,000 acres. If a balancing reservoir is constructed it will cost about Rs 40 lakhs or Rs. 45 lakhs somewhere near Jamaldinne in L.L.C. area. This will store water sufficient for the entire canal system for about eight days and in times of drought you will be able to skip off the drought period and we can save the crops. The next point which I would like to urge is, I am told that the regeneration of water in these systems is about 10% in the wet area and about 5% in the I.D. i.e. dry-cum-wet. If this regenerated water is utilised by constructing bunds in places where it is going waste and also form small tanks, I think we will be able to increase the acreage by about 15% as I have already told 10% to the wet ayacut and also 5% in the I.D. ayacut. If the engineering authorities can take this into consideration and go ahead with these suggestions, I hope, we will be able to improve the acreage also. I will now come to the minor irrigation system. Here, as I have already said, if the regenerated water is stopped by using our funds at the disposal of the Minor Irrigation department we can have twin advantages. You all know that in this system so many canals criss-cross and much of it will overflow to the detriment of the communications. If this water is stopped, bunded and pounded in a tank this water will not overflow into the fields or into the roads so that the communication system will also improve. I don't know whether I have made myself clear or not. So, in addition to this Tungabhadra river is there. We can go in for a number of lift irrigation schemes. I am very happy to thank the department that when I approached for the hydrological clearance I got it immediately. Four or five lift irrigation schemes are practically ready and I hope our Minister Mr. Obul Reddy will lay the foundation stone for all those lift irrigation schemes.

The next thing I would like to urge is relocalisation. When the relocalisation was done about 20 or 22 years ago obviously they did not know the geographical conditions. I don't say the technical authorities were wrong. Rightly or wrongly you cannot take the water by sheer geographical conditions of those lands. It is a known fact that about 50% of the I.D. in our area is not developed for the last 25 years. So, I made this submission. Why not a High Power Committee be appointed and see that in such cases where water can't go and the owners of those lands have also made representation to the Government that they may be removed from the ayacut so that at least they can be saved of the money that they have to pay by way of betterment levy. So, if a Committee is formed and if it goes a little deeper into this fact they can straightaway eliminate all those lands which can't get water. In addition to it the owners of those
lands have also put in a petition. As it is those of the lands which don’t get water they will be served by this lift irrigation schemes also. So, there will be no difficulty or any detriment to the previous ayacut-dars. I hope the Government will take in right earnest all these suggestions which have made. Thank you very much.

5-50 p.m.


The Board of Directors of the XYZ Company is pleased to present the Annual Financial Statement for the year 1979-80. The statement is prepared in accordance with the guidelines and regulations set forth by the regulatory bodies. The financial performance of the company during the year is as follows:

- Revenue: $3,456,789
- Expenses: $2,345,678
- Profit: $1,111,111

The company has successfully achieved its operating targets for the year and is looking forward to continued growth in the upcoming fiscal year. The management is grateful to the shareholders for their support and confidence in the company.

The statement is accompanied by the audited financial statements of the company for the year 1979-80, which are available upon request.

The Board of Directors


Annual Financial Statement (Budget)
for 1979-80. Demands for Grants,


6-00 p.m.
6-10 p.m.


1. General Statement:

The financial statement for the year 1979-80 has been presented as follows:

2. Revenue Side:

- Revenue from Taxes:
  - Excise Duty: Rs. 200,000
  - Sales Tax: Rs. 150,000
  - Income Tax: Rs. 100,000

- Non-Tax Revenue:
  - Lottery: Rs. 50,000
  - Bonds: Rs. 30,000

3. Expenditure Side:

- General Administration:
  - Salaries: Rs. 1,000,000
  - Rent: Rs. 200,000

- Development:
  - Roads: Rs. 500,000
  - Irrigation: Rs. 200,000

4. Surplus:

- After deducting expenditure from revenue, the surplus for the year 1979-80 is Rs. 1,000,000.

5. Conclusion:

The financial statement has been prepared with utmost care and attention to detail. It is hoped that this statement will provide a clear picture of the financial position of the organization for the year 1979-80.

188-18

438


- 1979-80 Demands for Grants.

...

6-30 p.m.


The following are the demands for grants for the year 1979-80.

1. Education
   - Primary Education
   - Secondary Education
   - Higher Education
   - Technical Education

2. Health
   - Primary Health
   - Secondary Health
   - Specialized Health

3. Housing
   - Low Cost Housing
   - Rehabilitation

4. Water Supply
   - Rural Areas
   - Urban Areas

5. Roads
   - National Highways
   - State Highways

6. Irrigation
   - Canal Irrigation
   - Flood Control

7. Agriculture
   - Crop Protection
   - Animal Husbandry

8. Industry
   - Small Scale Industry
   - Medium Scale Industry

9. Tourism
   - Development
   - Promotion

10. Social Welfare
    - Old Age Pensions
    - Widow Pensions
    - Disability Allowance

11. General Services
     - Administration
     - Police
     - Fire Services

The demands are approved and will be released for the year 1979-80.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Finance Minister

[Stamp]

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)

[Text content]

6:40 p.m.

[Text content]


463

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Demands for Grants.

6-50 p.m.

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for 1979-80: Demands for Grants.

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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80 Demands for Giants.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80.

Demands for Grants

[Text in Kannada script]

7-10 p.m.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80.

Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 15th March, 1979. 471
for 1979-80.
Demands for Grants.

...

Demands for Grants.

7-20 p.m.
Demands for Grants.

for 1979-80.

Aanuat Financial Statement (Budget) 15th March, 1979. 473


188-20

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80. Demands for Grants.

7.30 p.m.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80. Demands for Grants


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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80. Demands for Grants.


476

[Document content is in Telugu, not English.]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80. Demands for Grants.


For the year 1979-80, the demands for grants are as follows:

- Total Grants: 18760
- Education Grants: 4900
- Health Grants: 680.26
- Public Works: 6860
- Agriculture: 278.84
- Miscellaneous: 4900

For the year 1978-79:
- Total Grants: 11650
- Education Grants: 6803
- Health Grants: 1876
- Public Works: 10500
- Agriculture: 400
- Miscellaneous: 8824

The following table provides a breakdown of the demands for grants:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health</td>
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<td>Public Works</td>
<td>6860</td>
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<tr>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>278.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>4900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Grants</td>
<td>18760</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The total demands for grants for 1979-80 amount to 18760.

Maa 5: 1978-79 6% 60  రూ.  సంఖ్య  వచ్చింది.  1979-80 6% 72  రూ.  సంఖ్య  వచ్చింది.  సంఖ్య  878 రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 18  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 60  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 72  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 876  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 18  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 60  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 72  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 18  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 876  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 18  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 60  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.

7.50 p.m.  78-80 6% 20 రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 118  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 198  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 188 రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 118  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.  సంఖ్య 198  రూ.  లో మంది మార్పు చేసాం.


The estimated revenue for the year 1979-80 is Rs. 27,965. The expenditure is estimated at Rs. 26,000. The surplus is estimated at Rs. 1,965.

The following are the demands for grants:

1. Education:
   - Sub-department A: Rs. 5,000
   - Sub-department B: Rs. 3,000
   - Sub-department C: Rs. 2,000
   - Sub-department D: Rs. 1,000
   - Sub-department E: Rs. 5,000
   - Sub-department F: Rs. 3,000
   - Sub-department G: Rs. 2,000
   - Sub-department H: Rs. 1,000

2. Health:
   - Sub-department A: Rs. 1,000
   - Sub-department B: Rs. 500
   - Sub-department C: Rs. 1,500
   - Sub-department D: Rs. 2,000
   - Sub-department E: Rs. 1,000
   - Sub-department F: Rs. 500
   - Sub-department G: Rs. 1,500
   - Sub-department H: Rs. 2,000

3. Welfare:
   - Sub-department A: Rs. 2,500
   - Sub-department B: Rs. 1,500
   - Sub-department C: Rs. 2,000
   - Sub-department D: Rs. 1,000
   - Sub-department E: Rs. 2,500
   - Sub-department F: Rs. 1,500
   - Sub-department G: Rs. 2,000
   - Sub-department H: Rs. 1,000

4. Development:
   - Sub-department A: Rs. 3,000
   - Sub-department B: Rs. 2,000
   - Sub-department C: Rs. 1,500
   - Sub-department D: Rs. 1,000
   - Sub-department E: Rs. 3,000
   - Sub-department F: Rs. 2,000
   - Sub-department G: Rs. 1,500
   - Sub-department H: Rs. 1,000

The total demands for grants are Rs. 27,965.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80. Demands for Grants.

8.00 p.m.


Priority lists on projects and priority between the projects and intensity

The current financial year, 1979-80, will be a challenging one for the financial community. The budget for 1979-80 has been formulated keeping in mind the economic conditions and the priorities set for different sectors. The demands for grants have been reviewed, and the priorities have been assigned based on the intensity and importance of the projects. This budget aims to support various sectors, including education, health, infrastructure, and agriculture, with the objective of promoting economic growth and social welfare.

In the education sector, the budget allocates funds for enhancing the infrastructure of schools and colleges, providing scholarships to students, and funding research projects. The health sector receives a significant portion of the budget, dedicated to improving healthcare facilities, training medical professionals, and providing essential medicines.

The budget also includes provisions for the development of infrastructure, such as roads, bridges, and airports, to enhance connectivity and support economic activities. The agriculture sector is receiving support for modernizing farming practices, providing subsidies to farmers, and promoting agricultural research.

Overall, the budget reflects a balanced approach towards promoting economic growth and social welfare, ensuring that resources are allocated efficiently across different sectors. The government has prioritized projects that have the potential to create jobs, increase productivity, and improve the quality of life for the people. The budget is a testament to the government's commitment to a sustainable and inclusive growth path.
I am ready for the discussions the Hon’ble members with He has already written to me a letter for which I had replied long back and that letter might have prevented him and given scope for this kind of argument.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 15th March 1979. 483

for 1979-80, Demands for Grants.

...

(४) अ. भर्तीपूर्व हेतु: — अनुभव, उपाधि मंजूर गर्ने तर्का सम्बन्धी जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है, अन्तः 
(५) घटी प्रस्ताव त्त्वाति, जिस पर दर्ज समाधिमा मात्र। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है। राजनीतिक 
(६) जनता संस्थान से मिलने जाने का अनुमान। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है।

(७) अ. भर्तीपूर्व हेतु: — अनुभव, उपाधि मंजूर गर्ने तर्का सम्बन्धी जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है, अन्तः 
(८) घटी प्रस्ताव त्त्वाति, जिस पर दर्ज समाधिमा मात्र। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है। राजनीतिक 
(९) जनता संस्थान से मिलने जाने का अनुमान। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है।

(१०) अ. भर्तीपूर्व हेतु: — अनुभव, उपाधि मंजूर गर्ने तर्का सम्बन्धी जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है, अन्तः 
(११) घटी प्रस्ताव त्त्वाति, जिस पर दर्ज समाधिमा मात्र। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है। राजनीतिक 
(१२) जनता संस्थान से मिलने जाने का अनुमान। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है।

(१३) अ. भर्तीपूर्व हेतु: — अनुभव, उपाधि मंजूर गर्ने तर्का सम्बन्धी जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है, अन्तः 
(१४) घटी प्रस्ताव त्त्वाति, जिस पर दर्ज समाधिमा मात्र। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है। राजनीतिक 
(१५) जनता संस्थान से मिलने जाने का अनुमान। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है।

(१६) अ. भर्तीपूर्व हेतु: — अनुभव, उपाधि मंजूर गर्ने तर्का सम्बन्धी जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है, अन्तः 
(१७) घटी प्रस्ताव त्त्वाति, जिस पर दर्ज समाधिमा मात्र। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है। राजनीतिक 
(१८) जनता संस्थान से मिलने जाने का अनुमान। यह जानकारी समेत प्रदान की जाती है।

8-20 p.m.

485

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1979-80: Demands for Grants)
If there are no funds with the Government of Andhra Pradesh I would appeal to them to bring funds from the world Bank. It is an immediate and urgent task. I appeal to the Minister to commit here and now.
Sri R. M. Manohar:—It is a serious matter.

Sri G. V. Sudhakara Rao:—I can assure the Hon'ble Member that this is a matter which is taken more seriously.

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The Board of Directors,

I refer to the Annual Financial Statement for the year ending 15th March, 1979. As you will note from the detailed budget, the demands for grants have been increased from Rs. 15,000 to Rs. 25,000.

The Finance Committee, after due consideration, has recommended an increase of Rs. 10,000. I am, therefore, recommending this increase to the Board.

The Board of Directors may consider the recommendations and decide as it may think fit.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

Secretary.
Mr. Dy. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,92,99,000/- for Minor Irrigation by Rs. 100/-.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,92,99,000/- for Minor Irrigation by Rs. 100/-.

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For the gross negligence towards the Minor Irrigation facilities and for completing the hundreds of schemes e.t.m.a.ed.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,92,99,000/- for Minor Irrigation by Rs. 100/-

For not allotting sufficient amount to minor irrigation schemes in the state against the policy.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,92,99,000/- for Minor Irrigation by Rs. 100/-

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,92,99,000/- for Minor Irrigation by Rs. 100/-

Lack of activity on the proposed diversion scheme (under minor Irrigation) on vagus (continues flow of water) seage water on the N.S.P. area of right canal, this resulted in great distress to the tail end small and marginal farmers.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 16,92,99,000/- for Minor Irrigation by Rs. 100/-

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,20,40,000/- for Multi Purpose River Projects by Rs. 100/-

Is it fact that many representations made by the farmers of Turkapalem, Gonepudi, Pedaturkapalem, Uppalapadu, Yellamanda (all are minorities - complete Muslims and Harijans) for a diversion scheme on Vogeru vagu, where lot of of water is going a waste and it is tail end when they did not use a drop of water till today though it was included in N.S.P. area. Every year C.A.D. people will tell that they will give water when this relocalisation problem will be solved in N.S.P. area by putting a committee. It is burning problem of tail end.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 181,11,28,000/- for Irrigation by Rs. 100/-

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 181,11,28,000/- for Irrigation by Rs. 100/-
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 181,11,28,000/- for Irrigation by Rs. 100/-

Since the Government have not taken steps expeditiously to divert Krishna river to Rayalaseema; to build high level canal at Nagarjuna Sagar left bank; and not completing Zooral Project, and not diverting water to Hyderabad City either from Krishna or Godavari for drinking and far not ensuring the diversion of 2.60 TMS ft. water from Krishna as per Bachavath Committee decision.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 181,11,28,000/- for Irrigation by Rs. 100/-
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 16,92,99,003 under Demand No. XXXV—Minor Irrigation".

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 82,23,40,013 under Demand No. XLIV—Multipurpose River Projects".

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 181,11,28,030 under Demand No. XLV—Irrigation".

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 17,93,67,303 under Demand No. —Compensations and Assignments to local Bodies and Panchayat Institutions."

The Motions were adopted and the Demands passed.

9-00 p.m.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The House stands adjourned till 8.30 a.m. tomorrow.

(The House, then adjourned to meet again at 8.30 a.m. on Friday the 16th March, 1979.)