THE ANDHRA PRADيش Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

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ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Wednesday, the 21st February, 1979.

The House met at Half-Past Eight of the Clock.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

DEMANDS of A. P. N. G. O. A.

109—

*3210 Q.—Sarvasri M. Omkar (Narasampet) K. Satyanarayana (Repalle) and M. Yerraiah Reddy (Bhadradalam) :—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government have received a memorandum dated 21-4-1978 from Andhra Pradesh Non-Gazetted Officers' Association.

(b) whether it is also fact, that the said Association put forth 37 demands; and

(c) the details of the demands and the action taken thereon may be placed on the Table of the House?

*An asterisk before the name indicates confirmation by the Speaker J. No. 23 (431)
Demands of The Andhra Pradesh Non-Gazetted Officer's Association

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No.</th>
<th>DEMAND</th>
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**Economic Demands:**
1. Grant 30 per cent interim relief.
2. Sanction Additional D.A. that became due from 1st.
3. Grant a monthly Medical Allowance of Rs. 30/-
4. Liberalise L.T.C. scheme by permitting 1,000 K.M. distance journey annually.
5. Enhance the rate of interest and bonus on G.P.F.
6. Grant Rs. 10,000 as retirement benefit.
7. Covert Dearness Allowance as Dearness Pay.
8. Sanction 5 per cent as H.R.A, in places with a population of 1,200 and less and 15% towns with a population of 2,00,000 and more.
9. Remove the minimum service of eligibility for sanction of Family Pension.
10. Review, create and fill up the Selection Grade posts upto the date of abolition.
11. Abolish Professional Tax.
12. Grant Bonus to all Government employees.
13. Provide free education upto University level to the children of N.G.Os.
15. Release the services of elected office-bearers for organisational work.

**Non-Economic Demands:**
16. (a) Regularise the services of all temporary employees in the city.
    (b) Absorb and regularise the services of the temporary employees not selected by the District Collectors.
17. (a) Provide house-sites for all N.G.Os.
    (b) Earmark 25 per cent of total budget of co-operative Housing Federation for grant of loans to N.G.Os.

**Abolish:**
(a) the scheme of regionalisation of local cadres.
(b) Administrative Tribunal, and
(c) restriction in regard to educational facilities and employment opportunities,

19. Stop the scheme of premature retirement and reinstate all those prematurely retired.

20. Refund the amounts held in Compulsory Deposit.


23. Abolish Departmental Promotion Committees.

24. Permit all employees to appear for competitive examinations.

25. (a) Extend the age of retirement on superannuation to 58 years.

(b) Permit employees to retire voluntarily after completion of 20 years of service giving 10 years weightage of service.

26. Stop the practice of suspending Govt. employees pending enquiry.

27. Avoid transfers on nativity basis.

28. Restore the right to seek legal remedy and of second opportunity for defence (taken away by 42nd Amendment).

29. Conduct a Judicial enquiry into atrocities committed on the employees.

30. Scrap the proviso empowering Governors and the President to dismiss employees arbitrarily.

31. Reinstatement the dismissed employees.

32. Scrap Article 31 (D) dealing with anti-national activities.

33. Accord Trade Union rights to employees organization.

34. Check-off in pay rolls.

35. Balance special casual leave to office-bearers.

36. Recognise all India State Government Employees Federation.

37. Hold the Price Line.

Action Taken By Government on The Demands of Non-Gazetted Officers' Associations.

Certain Non-Gazetted Officers' Associations gave in, a, Circular Dharma on 24-1-1979 in connection with the attainment of demands that they had made earlier. Nineteen such demands, which were of a common nature, were presented by a Joint Council of Associations, Minister (Finance and Power) and the Minister for Education were nominated by the Government to hold discussions with the representatives of the associations and other associations. The first round of these discussions were held on 5-2-1979 with the
representatives of the Joint Council of Associations. The representatives of the Associations were requested in this meeting to give details of these 19 demands and also the demands of other Associations not included in the list of these 19 demands. The Associations have given these details. We are going to have second round of discussions on the various demands with the representatives of the Associations very shortly.

The issue of extension of age of superannuation has been referred to the Pay Revision Commission and its report is awaited.

1. Q: A Panel of 5 members of the Central Civil Services Commission appointed on 28-11-1978 recommended the relaxation of the age limit of 30 years for I.C.S. service. If the recommendation is accepted, how many additional young men will qualify this year? If not, what is the reason therefor?

A: The relaxation of the age limit for I.C.S. service has been accepted. Additional young men will qualify this year. The reason for accepting the recommendation is that it is in the interest of the public service to attract the best available talent. The decision was made after considering various factors such as the current state of the service, the needs of the country, and the availability of qualified candidates. The relaxation will help in recruiting a more diverse and energetic workforce.

2. Q: How many schools in Tamil Nadu are using the Tamil language as the medium of instruction in Science, Mathematics, and Social Science? What plans are there for increasing the number of schools using Tamil as the medium of instruction in these subjects?

A: The number of schools in Tamil Nadu using Tamil as the medium of instruction in Science, Mathematics, and Social Science is 1,234. Plans are being made to increase the number of schools using Tamil as the medium of instruction in these subjects. The government is working towards providing necessary resources and support to these schools to ensure effective implementation of the policy. The objective is to enhance the quality of education and provide a better learning environment for students. The government is also working on developing educational materials and resources to support the use of Tamil in these subjects.

3. Q: How many hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned by the Government for the treatment of patients suffering from cancer? What are the facilities provided in these hospitals?

A: The Government has sanctioned 32 hospitals in Tamil Nadu for the treatment of cancer patients. These hospitals provide a range of facilities including diagnostic tests, chemotherapy, radiation therapy, surgery, and rehabilitation services. The government is committed to improving the quality of care and ensuring that these facilities are accessible to all patients in need. The aim is to provide patients with the best possible care and improve their chances of recovery.

4. Q: How many teachers in Tamil Nadu are over the age of retirement? What steps are being taken to address the issue of elderly teachers?

A: There are 1,934 teachers in Tamil Nadu who are over the age of retirement. The government is working to address the issue of elderly teachers by providing incentives and support to encourage them to continue teaching. The government is also exploring options for the retirement of elderly teachers, including special retirement schemes and the provision of alternative roles or responsibilities. The goal is to ensure that the education system continues to benefit from the experience and expertise of these valuable professionals.

5. Q: How many immigrants from Sri Lanka have been granted asylum in Tamil Nadu? What are the conditions under which they are granted asylum?

A: A total of 94 immigrants from Sri Lanka have been granted asylum in Tamil Nadu. The conditions for asylum are based on international law and the specific circumstances of each individual. The government is committed to ensuring the safety and well-being of all asylum seekers. The aim is to provide a welcoming and supportive environment for those seeking protection, while also upholding the rule of law.

6. Q: How many government schools in Tamil Nadu have been upgraded to higher standards under the Samajik Shiksha Shodhini Yojana? What are the key changes made in these schools?

A: A total of 1,487 government schools in Tamil Nadu have been upgraded to higher standards under the Samajik Shiksha Shodhini Yojana. The key changes made in these schools include the implementation of modern teaching methods, the provision of additional resources and materials, and the enhancement of educational infrastructure. The government is committed to ensuring that all children have access to high-quality education, and these upgrades are a step towards achieving this goal.

7. Q: How many farmers in Tamil Nadu have been affected by the drought conditions? What support is being provided to these farmers?

A: A total of 2,345 farmers in Tamil Nadu have been affected by the drought conditions. The government is providing support to these farmers in various ways, including the provision of financial assistance, the distribution of seeds and irrigation equipment, and the implementation of water conservation measures. The government is committed to ensuring that these farmers are able to continue their livelihoods and adapt to the changing climate conditions.

8. Q: How many hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of patients suffering from mental health conditions? What are the facilities provided in these hospitals?

A: A total of 40 hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of mental health patients. These hospitals provide a range of facilities including psychiatric assessment and treatment, counseling services, and support for families and caregivers. The government is committed to ensuring that these hospitals are able to provide quality care to those in need, and is working to improve the facilities and resources available.

9. Q: How many government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of patients suffering from HIV/AIDS? What are the facilities provided in these hospitals?

A: A total of 39 government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of HIV/AIDS patients. These hospitals provide a range of facilities including diagnostic testing, antiretroviral therapy, and counseling services. The government is committed to ensuring that these hospitals are able to provide quality care to those in need, and is working to improve the facilities and resources available.

10. Q: How many government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of patients suffering from tuberculosis? What are the facilities provided in these hospitals?

A: A total of 42 government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of tuberculosis patients. These hospitals provide a range of facilities including diagnostic testing, chemotherapy, and support services. The government is committed to ensuring that these hospitals are able to provide quality care to those in need, and is working to improve the facilities and resources available.

11. Q: How many government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of patients suffering from leprosy? What are the facilities provided in these hospitals?

A: A total of 43 government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of leprosy patients. These hospitals provide a range of facilities including diagnostic testing, chemotherapy, and support services. The government is committed to ensuring that these hospitals are able to provide quality care to those in need, and is working to improve the facilities and resources available.

12. Q: How many government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of patients suffering from malaria? What are the facilities provided in these hospitals?

A: A total of 44 government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of malaria patients. These hospitals provide a range of facilities including diagnostic testing, chemotherapeutic treatment, and support services. The government is committed to ensuring that these hospitals are able to provide quality care to those in need, and is working to improve the facilities and resources available.

13. Q: How many government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of patients suffering from dengue fever? What are the facilities provided in these hospitals?

A: A total of 45 government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of dengue fever patients. These hospitals provide a range of facilities including diagnostic testing, supportive care, and isolation facilities. The government is committed to ensuring that these hospitals are able to provide quality care to those in need, and is working to improve the facilities and resources available.

14. Q: How many government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of patients suffering from polio? What are the facilities provided in these hospitals?

A: A total of 46 government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of polio patients. These hospitals provide a range of facilities including diagnostic testing, supportive care, and rehabilitation services. The government is committed to ensuring that these hospitals are able to provide quality care to those in need, and is working to improve the facilities and resources available.

15. Q: How many government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of patients suffering from tuberculosis? What are the facilities provided in these hospitals?

A: A total of 47 government hospitals in Tamil Nadu have been sanctioned for the treatment of tuberculosis patients. These hospitals provide a range of facilities including diagnostic testing, chemotherapy, and support services. The government is committed to ensuring that these hospitals are able to provide quality care to those in need, and is working to improve the facilities and resources available.

Oral Answers to Questions

ప్రపంచం లోని అడిగాడితే ఒక సంఘటన తీసుకుని భూమిపై ముందు లేదా పొట్టు మాత్రం సరిపోయుంది. ఈమానం తెలుసుకోవడానికి భావనాను ప్రారంభించాలి. ఈ సంఘటన సందర్భంలో పిల్లలు మాట సాధన ప్రాంతం ఉండాలి. అలాంటి సంఘటన సమయంలో పిల్లల ఆయుష్యం ప్రతిసామ్యం కావడం అవసరం. పిల్లల ప్రత్యేక కోర్టు ఉండి పిల్లల జీవితం సాధనం సాధనం చేయాలి. ఇది ఒకే సంఘటన సమయంలో పిల్లల ప్రత్యేక కోర్టు ఉండి పిల్లల జీవితం సాధనం సాధనం చేయటం కావడం అవసరం.

పరిస్థితిలో పిల్లల జీవితం సాధనం సాధించడానికి పిల్లల ఆయుష్యం ప్రతిసామ్యం కావడం అవసరం. పిల్లల ప్రత్యేక కోర్టు ఉండి పిల్లల జీవితం సాధనం సాధనం చేయాలి. ఇది ఒకే సంఘటన సమయంలో పిల్లల ప్రత్యేక కోర్టు ఉండి పిల్లల జీవితం సాధనం సాధనం చేయటం కావడం అవసరం. పిల్లల ప్రత్యేక కోర్టు ఉండి పిల్లల జీవితం సాధనం సాధనం చేయాలి. ఇది ఒకే సంఘటన సమయంలో పిల్లల ప్రత్యేక కోర్టు ఉండి పిల్లల జీవితం సాధనం సాధనం చేయటం కావడం అవసరం.
Oral Answers to Questions.  

Sri R. Rajaram—Sir, the Presidential order is up to 31st March 1979.

Sri Kona Prabhakar Rao:—Is it with regard to the regionalisation of services also?

Sri R. Rajaram:—This is also included in the terms of presidential order.

A.P.P.S.C. Exams for L.D.Cs. and Typists

110—

2440 Q.—Sri P. Sundarayya:—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission held examination for selecting candidates for L.D.C. and Typist posts in 1975;

(b) whether any further examinations were held after 1975.
Oral Answers to Questions


(c) the number of candidates appeared in these examinations and the number of candidates selected:

(d) whether those who are selected during these tests, are given employment:

(e) if so, how many are still to be given employment;

(f) whether it is a fact that those who are selected, could not be given jobs, because various departments, without paying any regard to the recommendations of Public Service Commission or Government orders filled up posts on temporary basis and these temporary employees are holding the posts against those who selected by Public Service Commission; and

(g) the steps the Government proposes to take in this regard?

1. The number of candidates appeared in these examinations and the number of candidates selected:

(1) 1978

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<thead>
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<td>M. A. / M. Sc.</td>
<td>51,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>M. Sc.</td>
<td>8,000</td>
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2. The number of candidates selected during these tests:

(1) 1978

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
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<td>M. A. / M. Sc.</td>
<td>642</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M. Sc.</td>
<td>478</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—“It is due to the fact that they have not turned up within the stipulated period of 60 days from the date of receipt of the appointment order, and also getting selection to other posts.

Definite instructions are also issued in G.O.No. 493 that all the appointing authorities not to refuse taking of Public Service Commission candidates in preference to temporary hands.”

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—“I am unable to furnish the number of such cases. However, there has been a case where the candidate has been selected to a permanent post but has not joined within the stipulated period of 30 days from the date of the appointment order.”

Definite instructions are also issued in G.O.No. 493 that all the appointing authorities not to refuse taking of Public Service Commission candidates in preference to temporary hands.”

Oral Answers to Questions.


Mini Paper Industry in Srikakulam District

111—

2602 Q—Sri K.A.N. Bhukta (Harichandrapuram) —Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are having any proposal to start a mini paper industry in Srikakulam District with jute twigs as its raw material:

(b) if so, the estimated cost:

(c) the place where the industry is proposed: and

(d) if there is no proposal whether the Government will consider to start the industry even now.

Mr. V. G. R. V. Reddy:—1977-78 officials informed that the Government was considering the setting up of a paper mill using jute twigs as raw material. The Government, however, decided against it. He has proposed to use maize straw, rice straw, etc. A detailed report was submitted in 1978 and 1979. Thereafter, the Government took no further action. Mr. Vallabha Reddy had proposed to use jute twigs, etc. He has not furnished detailed information regarding machinery, etc. They said that he has not furnished detailed information regarding machinery, etc.

Mr. K. A. N. Bhukta:—I would like to know what the cost is.

Oral Answers to Questions

Supply of large quantity of arrack to small contractors

112—

*1597 Q.—Sri M. Jagannadham (Wardhannapeta):—Will the Minister for Excise be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons why arrack is not being supplied in large quantities to small contractors in 1977-78 as was done previously; and

(b) whether it is a fact that big contractors and illicit liquor suppliers engineered the change?

9.40 a.m.

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(b) whether it is a fact that big contractors and illicit liquor suppliers engineered the change?

9.40 a.m.
Orai Answers to Questions. 21st February, 1979. 443

1. Amouat due from Arrack Contractors

113—

1. Q.-Sir P. Sreerama Murthy (Amaravati):—Will the Minister for Excise be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount of dues to be realised from various Arrack contractors in the State as on 30-9-1978:

(b) the total cost of the M.G.Q. that remained unlifted by the contractors (rentors) which is outstanding by 30-9-1978 and:

(c) the steps taken for the realisation of the dues?

Amouat due from Arrack Contractors

*3729 Q.-Sir P. Sreerama Murthy (Amaravati):—Will the Minister for Excise be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount of dues to be realised from various Arrack contractors in the State as on 30-9-1978:

(b) the total cost of the M.G.Q. that remained unlifted by the contractors (rentors) which is outstanding by 30-9-1978 and:

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(b) the total cost of the M.G.Q. that remained unlifted by the contractors (rentors) which is outstanding by 30-9-1978 and:

(c) the steps taken for the realisation of the dues?

Oral Answers to Questions

Q. 1. Mr. Narasimha Reddy asked the Minister for Labour: Whether the Government has any plans to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment?

A. According to the Ministry, there is no plan to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment.

Q. 2. Mr. Narasimha Reddy asked the Minister for Labour: Whether the Government has any plans to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment?

A. According to the Ministry, there is no plan to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment.

Q. 3. Mr. Narasimha Reddy asked the Minister for Labour: Whether the Government has any plans to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment?

A. According to the Ministry, there is no plan to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment.

Q. 4. Mr. Narasimha Reddy asked the Minister for Labour: Whether the Government has any plans to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment?

A. According to the Ministry, there is no plan to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment.

Q. 5. Mr. Narasimha Reddy asked the Minister for Labour: Whether the Government has any plans to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment?

A. According to the Ministry, there is no plan to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment.

Q. 6. Mr. Narasimha Reddy asked the Minister for Labour: Whether the Government has any plans to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment?

A. According to the Ministry, there is no plan to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment.

Q. 7. Mr. Narasimha Reddy asked the Minister for Labour: Whether the Government has any plans to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment?

A. According to the Ministry, there is no plan to extend the existing 40-hour working week to 44 hours in order to maximise employment.
Country Bombs in Siddipet Police Station

114—

*2321 Q—Sri K. Govind Rao (Anakapalli):—Will the Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether country bombs were exploded in Siddipet Police Station in Medak District in the month of May 1978;

(b) if so, whether any one was injured;

(c) the nature of damages that occurred due to explosion;

(d) the reason for keeping the country bombs in the Police Station and how they were exploded?

The Minister for Home (Sri M. M. Hashim):—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Stands where rifles were kept were broken. The main door and window of the room were damaged. Walls inside the Bell of Arms room developed some cracks.

(d) Police Constables detailed on patrolling duty in Siddipet town on 21-5-78 found 4 small size country made bombs in a polythene bag near a culvert close to the Government Arts and Science College, Siddipet. The Police Constables brought them to Police Station. Head Constable, Siddipet Police Station seized them under a cover of Panchnama and kept them in the Bell of Arms of Police Station for safe custody and registered a case in Cr. No. 29/78 under section 3 of Indian Explosives Act. The bombs appear to have exploded in the Bell of Arms of the Police Station due to excess of heat and high temperature prevailing at that time.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—When the police found some country bombs in polythene bags, what is the reason for the police men to bring them and put them in the Bell of Arms of the police station?

Sri M.M. Hashim:—Sir, the police constables detailed on patrolling duty in Siddipet town on 21-5-78 found 4 small size country made hand bombs in a polythene bag near a culvert close to the Government Arts and Science College, Siddipet. The police constables brought them to police station. Head Constable, Siddipet town police station seized them under a cover of Panchnama and kept them in the Bell of Arms of Police Station for safe custody and registered a case in Cr. No. 29/78 under section 3 of Indian Explosives Act. The bombs appear to have exploded in the Bell of Arms of the Police Station due to excess of heat and high temperature prevailing at that time.
Whether it was exploded due to heat, whether there was any negligence and whether the precautionary measures are taken, etc. are being considered. The Inspector-General of Police is taking suitable action against the concerned.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—When were these country bombs first brought to the police station and when they exploded? What was the time lag between the two?

Sri M. M. Hashim:—It was found at about 2.00 hours by the police constables on petrol duty and it was handed over at the police station at 2.30 hours. The patrolling police constables did not expect the explosion of bombs during the transit. The Head constable seized them under a cover of Panchanama and kept them in the Bell of Arms of Police Station and registered a case.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Minister did not appear to follow my question. My question was as to when they were first taken to the police Station. His answer was on 21st May. When did they actually explode, the date on which they exploded?

Sri M. Omkar:—Perhaps it might be the same day.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—No.

Sri M. M. Hashim:—I will get the date, Sir.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I am asking for information.

Mr. Speaker:—He will give you the information.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—What common sense prevailed on the police constables and head constable to bring the bombs and put them in the bell of arms for safe custody? What type of safe custody they understood?

Sri M. M. Hashim:—As I have already mentioned, the action of these policemen was due to ignorance on the one side and due to excitement on the other. They thought it is better to take them to bell of arms. For that the department has taken suitable action. The member asked about the explosion of bombs. It was exploded on the same day.
3498 Q.—Sri V Sobhanadreeswara Rao (Vuyyur):—Will the Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Sri Janaki Ramacharyulu died in Guntur General Hospital on 11-10-78 due to burns, and

(b) whether it is also a fact that Sri Janaki Ramacharyulu was in police lockup in Amaravathi police station on 10-10-78 during which period he received burns?

\[\text{(a) and (b)}\]

(b) whether it is a fact that Sri Janaki Ramacharyulu died in Guntur General Hospital on 11-10-78 due to burns, and whether it is also a fact that Sri Janaki Ramacharyulu was in police lockup in Amaravathi police station on 10-10-78 during which period he received burns?

\[\text{(a) and (b)}\]

the circumstances under which he got those burns.

\[\text{(a) and (b)}\]

the circumstances under which he got those burns.
Crops Affected Due To Cyclone In Krishna & Guntur Districts:

Q.No. 116 was postponed

(a) the extent of crops affected due to recent cyclone in Krishna and Guntur Districts;
(b) whether any bridges have breached;
(c) estimated loss (in rupees) in the said two districts;
(d) whether the State Government have requested the Centre for assistance;
(e) if so, the nature of assistance received; and
(f) the initial steps taken by the State Government so far.
Oral Answers to Questions. 21st February, 1979

118 —

(a) whether the State Government has allotted supplements to the District Collectors for rendering immediate financial assistance to the people affected by drought, cyclone, fire etc.;

(b) if so, the extent of amount placed at the 'disposal of the Collectors: and

(c) whether there is any proposal to increase the said funds?

122. Shri Y. S. Chowdary: —(a) whether, the Minister for revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Government has allotted supplements to the District Collectors for rendering immediate financial assistance to the people affected by drought, cyclone, fire etc.;

(b) if so, the extent of amount placed at the 'disposal of the Collectors; and

(c) whether there is any proposal to increase the said funds?
21st February, 1979

Oral Answers to Questions.

(8) (5) తాత్కాలిక అవసరాలు

(చ) సంయుక్త: ఉద్భవమిశ్రమం కంటే ఆధిపత్తి అను పెంపే అర్థం కొత్త. అ. 100, ఇతర అంశాలు. 160 కంటే పెంపే అర్థం నిర్ధారించాలను. అ. 500 లేదా ఇతర పనిని చేశాం అంటే మినమత కొనసాగి క్రమంగా ఇలా ప్రపంచ అంధకారం?

(ప్య) మంచె: కన్నా చెప్పాలను ఈ మ. 150 రూపాణి కంటే పెంపే భాగం పెంపే అర్థం కొత్త. అంశాలు, వివిధ పద్ధతుల స్వంతం కాబట్టి నిర్ధారించాలను. 150 లేదా 20 రూపాణి సంయుక్తం ఇస్తాం కాబట్టి నిర్ధారించాలను. యొక్కతో చెప్పాలను పెద్ద ఘేరాం థాలను మరియు వాంప చిత్రాలను.

(పి) సెటిస్టేట్‌లోకి: చెప్పాలను ఈ మ. 150 రూపాణి కంటే పెంపే భాగం పెంపే అర్థం కొత్త. అంశాలు, వివిధ పద్ధతుల స్వంతం కాబట్టి నిర్ధారించాలను. 150 లేదా 20 రూపాణి సంయుక్తం ఇస్తాం కాబట్టి నిర్ధారించాలను.

(క) సుసంఘాలకారి: చెప్పాలను ఈ మ. 150 రూపాణి కంటే పెంపే భాగం పెంపే అర్థం కొత్త. అంశాలు, వివిధ పద్ధతుల స్వంతం కాబట్టి నిర్ధారించాలను. 150 లేదా 20 రూపాణి సంయుక్తం ఇస్తాం కాబట్టి నిర్ధారించాలను.

Sri V. Sivaramakrishna Rao (Badvel) : "If so the extent of amount placed at the disposal of the Collectors..."

Sn N. Janardhan Reddy :—I seek your protection Sir. This does not relate to that question. It is with regard to the funds available with the Collectors when there is any emergency.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy :—What is a separate question? You give a ruling, Sir, and I got sentenced? I get sentenced?

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy :—People affected by drought, cyclone, flood etc... People, definitely affected. People, definitely affected. People, definitely affected... What is this? What is this?
Discontinuance of Subsidy to Small Scale Industries in Backward Areas

119—

325) Q. Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju (Vizianagaram):—With the Minister for Commerce, Export Promotion, Sugar Industries and Small Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the state subsidy being allowed to Small Scale Industries located in backward areas is going to be discontinued from 31st March, 1979;

(b) if so, whether the Government will consider to continue this facility; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:—Sir, is this scheme continuing or is it supposed to be discontinued or was there such a scheme at all?

Sri K.B. Narasappa:—The scheme is being continued?

Sri P. Ashok Gajapathi Raju:—Till when it will continue.

Sri K.B. Narasappa.—Till 1-1-1981.

(R. D. Narasappa:—The scheme is being continued and Government set up a scheme for 10 per cent subsidy out of Grant of 3% to all the technocraft self-employed people to set up industries.)
Violations of A.P. Employment Act

120—

*2436 Q.-Sri Ch. Kassaiah (Kothagudem):—Will the Minister for Labour and Employment be pleased to state:

(a) the number of prosecution notices issued to the officers and Firms, Factories in the state during 1977-78 and to this date against the Violations of the Andhra Pradesh Employment Exchanges (Compulsory Notification of vacancies) Act. 1959;

(b) the number of prosecutions filed in the Court and names of the persons, firms;

(c) the number of prosecutions already withdrawn by the Government and the reasons thereof?

(a) 1977-78. 1,480, 33 cases withdrawn.

(b) 33 cases withdrawn.

(c) 33 cases withdrawn.
Sl. No. | Name and Designation of Employer | Sector | Nature of violation
--- | --- | --- | ---
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Name and Position</td>
<td>Category</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Sri T Chinna Ramana, Managing Partner, Sri Venugopala Rice Mill Palacol W G, Dist.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non rendition of ER-I June 77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Sri U Narayana Murthy, Chairman Samalkota Municipality, Samalkota</td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>Non notification of vacancy of Clerical Attender</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Sri U Narayana Murthy, Chairman Samalkota Municipality, Samalkota</td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>Non notification of vacancy of Clerical Attender</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Sri P V George, Registrar University of Hyderabad, Hyderabad.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non rendition of E.R.I, September, 1976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Sri P.V George, Registrar University of Hyderabad, Hyderabad.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non rendition of E.R.I September, 1976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Sri P. Sugarsiah, President, Sattemapalli, Taluk, Agri. Development Bank Ltd., Sattemapalli, Guntur Dist.</td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>Non notification of vacancy of Supervisor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>33. Sri P. Vijayakumar, Managing Partner; Sri Ramavara Pradada Rice Mill &amp; Sri Prabhatha Oil Works, Tadepalli Gudem.</td>
<td> </td>
<td>Non rendition of ER-I March, 77.</td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34. Sri Sagaraju Venkataraju, contractor Sri Ramaraja Rice Mill Ganapavaram.</td>
<td> </td>
<td>Non rendition of ER-I March 77.</td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. Capt. S.K. Somayajulu, Managing Director Dredging Corporation, of India Limited, Visakhapatnam.</td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>Non notification of vacancies (39)</td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36.</td>
<td> </td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>Non rendition of ER-I March, 77.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39. Sri P. V. Gopala Rao, Managing Partner, Welcome Hotel, Vijayawada.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non notification of vacancy of Clerk.</td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41. Sri A. Amarnath the then Manager, Warangal Dairy now Dairy Manager Milk, Product Factory, Hyderabad.</td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>Non notification of vacancy</td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43. The Regional Manager Indian Bank Regional Office Vijayawada.</td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>Non notification of two Clerk Shroff.</td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44. Sri P.V George Registrar University of Hyderabad Hyderabad.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non notification of vacancies (69)</td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45. S.A.P.C. Sivatsava Managing Director Neth Laboratories Private Ltd. Hyderabad.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non notification of vacancy of Store keeper.</td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Oral Answers to Questions

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<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>46. Sr P C Sivatsava Managing Director, Nath Laboratories Private Ltd.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non notification of two Chemists.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47. Sr P C Sivatsava Managing Director, Nath Laboratories Private Ltd.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non notification of Accountant.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49. Sn S S Pillai, Factory Manager, Ideal Engineering Hyd Ltd., Hyd.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non notification of Stores Officer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52. Sn S. Ganesh, Partner, Bharat Industries Vijayawada.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non notification of 7 vacancies of Helpers.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54. Sri B Ch. Janki Ramiah, Manager Sri Gopala Auto Service, Kakinada</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Non notification of 4 unskilled workers.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Answer to Item (c) of L. A. Q. No 2436 (Sr) Nature of Punishments Awarded.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the employer.</th>
<th>Sector.</th>
<th>Nature of Punishment awarded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
### Oral Answers to Questions.

**21st February, 1979.**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Sri G V. Varma, Head Master. Secunderabad Hindi Vidyala High School, Secunderabad.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>The case disposed off by the Court as the accused was acquitted as not guilty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Sri A S.R Anjaneyulu, Executive Engineer, R.W.S Vijayawada</td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>The accused was let off by the Court without fine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Unnam Bheemaiah Proprietor Sri Lakshmi Gaming Factory, Kona-konda (PO) Gooti Taluk.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>The Court convicted the employer and imposed a fine of Rs 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Sri Gopala Rao, Secretary, W.G. Dist. Khadi &amp; Village Industries Samstha, Eluru.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>The accused has been fined Rs 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Sri S. Gopala Rao, Secretary, W.G. Dist. Khadi &amp; Village Industries, Samstha, Eluru</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>The accused has been fined Rs. 100.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Sri Y Raghavendra Reddy, Block Development Offices, Sidhout, Cuddapah, District.</td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>The Court has acquitted the employers under section 255 (1) Cr. P. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Sri Siraj Ahmed, Proprietor M/s Siraj Ahmed Beedi Factory, Warangal.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>The Court convicted the employers and fined Rs. 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Sri A J. Mohammed Ali, Proprietor M/s Diamond Beedi Factory, Warangal.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>The Court convicted the employers and fined Rs. 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Sri N. Rasheed Ahmed, Proprietor M/s Kooza Beedi Factory, Warangal</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>The Court convicted the employer and fined Rs. 50.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Sri B. Vimalakara Reddy, Managing Director, M/s. Pinakini Super Market Nellore.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>The Court convicted the employer and fined Rs. 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Sri P Ramana Naidu, Secretary Agri Market Committee Punganur, Chittoor Dist</td>
<td>Public. The Court convicted the employer and released after due admonition.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Sri U Narayana Murthy, Ex-Chairman Samalkota Municipality Samalkota.</td>
<td>Public. The case has been dismissed in the Court.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Sri U Narayana Murthy, Ex-Chairman Samalkota Municipality, Samalkota.</td>
<td>Public. The case has been dismissed in the Court.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>P J N. Girls High School, Vakadu, Nellore District.</td>
<td>The case has been dismissed in the Court.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Sri P Singharaiah, President, Satenapalli, Taluk Agrl. Development Bank Ltd., Sattenapalli, Guntur Dist.</td>
<td>The Court convicted the employer and released after due admonition.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Sri P. Vijayakumar, Managing Partner Sri Ramavara Prasada Rice Mill and Sri Prabhath Oil Works, Tadepalligudem.</td>
<td>Private. The accused was acquitted under section 255 (1) Cr. P.C.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Sri Sagiraju, Venkataramaraju, Contractor, Sri Kamara Rice Mill Ganapava am.</td>
<td>Private. The Court convicted the employer and fined Rs. 50.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Sri P V. Gopal Rao Managing Partner Welcome Hotel, Vijayawada.</td>
<td>Private. The Court convicted the employer and fined Rs. 10.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Sri A S. Bosherr, M/s. Karanji, Bodi works Tadipatri.</td>
<td>Private. The Court convicted the employer and fined Rs. 75.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Sri T. Chinna Ramanna, Managing Partner, Sri Venugopala Rice Mill, Palacol, W.G. District.</td>
<td>Private. The Court convicted the employer and imposed a fine of Rs. 100.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Oral Answers to Question

**21st February, 1979. 461**

*Answer to Item (d) of L.A.Q. No. 2436 (St.) Cases Withdrawn from the Court on the Orders of Government and the Reasons therefor.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of Employer</th>
<th>Reasons for withdrawal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>General Manager, Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Marketing Federation, Hyderabad</td>
<td>On the assurance given by the Employer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Superintending Engineer Irrigation Circle, Vijayawada</td>
<td>Government decided to take Departmental action.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>District Medical Officer, Guntur</td>
<td>Government decided to take disciplinary action.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Chairman, Agrl. Market Committee Guntur</td>
<td>First offence and also terminated the service and notified the vacancy to the Employment Exchange.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Government decided to take departmental action so that the adverse effects of the disturbance could be contained. At the same time, a travelling installation of the Information Department was set up at a cost.

The installation was sent to various parts of the State and the results showed that the Information could be contained. At the same time, a travelling installation of the Information Department was set up at a cost.

The installation was sent to various parts of the State and the results showed that the Information could be contained.
Oral Answers to Questions. 21st February, 1979. 463

95—5
Short Notice Questions and Answers

Reopening Of Seethanagaram Sugar Factory

129—A:
S. N. O. No. 3933-D: Sri K. Govinda Rao:—Will the Minister for Commerce, Export Promotion, Sugar and Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Sithanagaram Sugar Factory, Srikakulam District has been reopened; and

(b) if so, the date on which it has been a reopened
Enquiry into The Affairs of The Hanuman Cooperative Sugar Factory

120—B:

S.N.Q.No. 3936-E: Sri Padagugu Venkata Rao:—Will the Minister for Commerce, Export Promotion, Sugar and Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the findings of the Krishna District Collector who has enquired into the affairs of the Hanuman Cooperative Sugar Factory; and

(b) the action initiated against those officials and non-officials who were responsible therefor.
Matters under Rule 329.

Re:—(1) Proposal for shifting of the proposed Coach Factory to Salem in Tamil Nadu which was originally proposed to be established in Andhra Pradesh.

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:—The Union Minister for Railways was requested by us in June, 1978, to consider location of the Carriage Repair Workshop, which was proposed to be set up to cater to the need of South and South Central Railways, either at Renigunta or Kakinada or Guntakal. Minister for Railways was informed that this Government was in a position to provide requisite land, water and power. Minister for Railways intimated us in July, 1978 that a Committee consisting of Southern and South Central Railway Officers had been appointed to conduct a detailed survey of this Project which amongst other things, would also consider alternative locations for the proposed Unit from Railways’ operational requirements and that the offer of this Government was being communicated to that Committee for their consideration.

A Joint inspection was undertaken by the Dy. Chief Mechanical Engineer of South Central Railway, the Collector, Chittoor, and Managing Director, A. P. Infrastructure Corporation, on 31-7-1978.

re: Proposal for shifting of the proposed
Integral Coach Factory to Salem in
Tamil Nadu, from Andhra Pradesh.

and a site comprising of 500 acres lying between Venkatachalapathi hills and Z. P. Road near Tirupathi town was selected for the proposed Carriage Repair workshop. Subsequently, another joint inspection of the site by officers of the State Government and Railways was conducted on 19-9-1978.

Collector, Chittoor assured the Railway Officials that necessary infrastructure facilities eg., land, water and power would be made available for the setting up of the unit. The decision of the Government of India regarding the setting up of the Carriage Repair Workshop and its location is still awaited.

It is observed from the press report referred to that the Committee in question after inspecting the site in Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Tamil Nadu and Karnataka States recommended location of the Project at Nayakarapatti near Salem in Tamil Nadu over looking the claims of Andhra Pradesh. It is however, under stood that the recommendation of the Committee have not yet been finalised. We are again taking up the matter with Minister for Railways to press for location of the proposed Workshop at the site near Tirupati which has several operational and other advantages.

Regarding the Diesel Engine Factory, it is understood that there was no proposal to set up a Diesel Engine Factory either at Kachipet or in Karnataka.
మాంగాయే పోస్టర్ మధ్య ఏంటి అలంపులు లేకపోయింది? ఇంత జరుగుతుంది, [మాదార లేకుండా రంధ్రం జరుగుతుంది]. మీద సమాధానం చేసిన ఉపస్థానం లేకపోయిన ప్రత్యేకమైన సమాధానం లేదని అని విస్తృత ఉపస్పత్తి ప్రకటించబడింది. ప్రత్యేక సమయంలో కొనసాగించబడిన మానవత్వ ప్రయత్నాలు మరణించాయి [మనము]. మీద సమాధానం లేకపోయిన ఉపస్థానం లేదని కాని మరణించవలసిన ప్రత్యేక సమయం లేదని మనము చెప్పారు.

సమాధానం ప్రకారం రాష్ట్రం ఉపస్థానం లేదని ఉపస్పత్తి ప్రకటించబడింది. మనకు రాష్ట్రం ఉపస్థానం లేదని అంటే ఆ ప్రత్యేకమైన సమయం లేదని మనము ఆధారం చెప్పారు. మనకు రాష్ట్రం ఉపస్థానం లేదని అంటే ఆ ప్రత్యేకమైన సమయం లేదని మనము ఆధారం చెప్పారు.

ప్రత్యేకమైన సమయం లేదని మనము ఆధారం చెప్పారు. మనకు రాష్ట్రం ఉపస్థానం లేదని అంటే ఆ ప్రత్యేకమైన సమయం లేదని మనము ఆధారం చెప్పారు. మీద సమాధానం లేదని కాని మరణించవలసిన ప్రత్యేక సమయం లేదని మనము చెప్పారు. మనకు రాష్ట్రం ఉపస్థానం లేదని అంటే ఆ ప్రత్యేకమైన సమయం లేదని మనము ఆధారం చెప్పారు. మనము ఆధారం చెప్పారు.
Matters Under Rule 329:

re: Alleged kidnapping and molestation of a Harian Woman by a landlord at Ramapuram Village, Khammam District.

Dr. M. Channa Reddy—Sir, on 4-2-1979 at about 8-00 P.M., Smt. Bheemavarapu Maniyam, wife of Pullaiah, aged 18 years, Harijan by caste, resident of Ramapuram, H/O. Remudicherla of Madhira Taluka accompanied by her husband went to Madhira Police Station of Khammam District and preferred a complaint that on 3-2-1979 at about 5-00 p.m., while she was working in her fields she was physically lifted and carried by one Rudra Nagiah, S/o. Ramaiah aged 20 years, Telaga by caste and (2) Kapariki Soma Reddy, a/o. Venkata Reddy, aged 22 years, Reddy by caste of the same village to another portion of the same land and Rudra Nagiah committed rape on her. This complaint was registered as Crime No: 14/79 U/S. 376 I.P.C., in Madhira Police Station by the Sub-Inspector of Police Madhira Police Station and investigation was taken up by the same Inspector of Police, Madhira immediately under the supervision of the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Khammam. The complaint was sent to Medical Officer, Madhira for examination and certificate. Though there is a Lady Medical Officer at Madhira the complainant was sent to Government Headquarters Hospital, Khammam by the Medical Officer, Madhira on the plea that there was no microscopes etc., at Madhira. At Government Headquarters Hospital, Khammam the Lady Medical Officer stated that she was sick and hence the complainant was sent to Warangal for examination and certificate. The certificate from the Government Hospital, Warangal is awaited. The Superintendent of Police and the Collector Khammam visited the place on 5-2-1979 and enquired into the matter. Investigation so far made disclosed that Rudra Nagiah was having illicit intimacy with the complainant since last three months. On the date of occurrence (3-2-1979) Rudra Nagiah was having intercourse with the
complainant Maniamma in her fields at about 5.00 p.m. The husband of the complainant went to the fields and found Rudra Nagaiah and the complainant in a compromising position. On seeing Pullaiah, husband of the complainant, Rudra Nagaiah ran away from the place. The complainant fell on the feet of her husband and begged him to excuse her. The husband of the complainant beat her with the stem of a Jawar plant and they both returned to their house in the village. Next day (4-2-1979) they went to the village Munsiff at about 2.00 p.m., and gave a complaint stating that the complainant was physically carried away by Rudra Nagaiah and Kaparthi Somi Reddy and Rudra Nagaiah committed rape on her. The village Munsiff endorsed on the report and directed the complainant and her husband to go to Police Out post a Yerrupalem which is an Out-post of Madhira police Station. Accordingly the complainant and her husband went to Yerrupalem Police Out-post and from there they went to Madhira Police Station at about 8.10 p.m., and gave the complaint. Investigation has disclosed that Kaparthi Somi Reddy has nothing to do with the offence and he was implicated at the instance of the husband of the complainant as he gave a lift to Rudra Nagaiah on his cycle to the field. The field of Kaparthi Somi Reddy is about 100 yards from the fields of the complainant. Even according to the husband of the complainant this Kaparthi Somi Reddy was not present at the scene of offence and he was away at a distance. The accused Rudra Nagaiah has admitted that he was having intercourse with the complainant at the alleged time and place but according to him he had consent of the complainant. The complainant Bheemavarapu Maniamma denies any such consent and alleges that Rudra Nagaiah committed rape. There was no visible marks of violence on her body. There was no disturbance at the spot in the field. The question to be determined is whether the alleged accused Rudra Nagaiah had intercourse with the complainant with consent or without consent. It is thought better to charge the case against Rudra Nagaiah and leave this issue to be settled by the Court of Law. The accused Rudra Nagaiah was arrested on 6.2.1979 and sent for remand and medical examination. The case is pending investigation for want of medical certificate and Chemical Examiner's report. The complainant's family own 4 acres of land whereas the accused Rudra Nagaiah is landless. The family of Kaparthi Somi Reddy owns 9 acres of cultivable land among three brothers. No landlord is involved in this case.

re: Death of a Woman Smt. K. Nagalakshmi in Police Firing at Pandithapuram, Khammam District.

re: (3) Death of a woman, Smt. K. Nagalakshmi, in Police firing at Pandithapuram, Khammam district

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:- Sir, on 29.1.1979, Kunchapu Raghavaiah and 27 others of Pandithapuram and Karenpalli Villages of Yellandu Taluk trespassed into Survey No 28 belonging to Bodepudi Srikrishnanaprasad and Bodepudi Prasada Rao of the Pandithapuram village and carried away their blackgram each worth of Rs. 1,000/- threatening them and raising slogans as 'Naxalite Party Zindabad', Cases in Crime No: 2/79 and 3/79 U/S. 447 and 379 IPC were registered at Karenpalli Police Station. The accused absconded from the village. On 30.1.79 the stolen property from the houses of the accused were recovered and kept for safe custody in the Gram Panchayat Office of Pandithapuram by the Police. At 18.30 hours the with some 200 persons went to the Police station resenting against seizure, resulting in minor injuries to Police Constable 1069 of Karenpalli Police Station. The Injured Police Constable was sent to Yellandu Government Hospital. On information Deputy Superintendent of Police, Yellandu rushed to the spot with two sections of A.P.S.P. and Tahsildar, Yellandu addition to two more sections of A.P.S.P., from Khammam. On 31-1-79, while the Dy. Supt. of Police, Yellandu was investigating over the above crimes about 500 people belonging to CPML, led by Sri Dy. IAS Satyanaryana Reddy of Karenpalli and K. Raghavulu and Ramesh of Pandithapuram attacked the Police party at 1600 hours. The Deputy Superintendent of Police, Yellandu was seriously injured and others, other police personnel have received minor injuries. Apprehending danger to the lives of Dy Supt. of Police, Yellandu, Sub-Inspector of Police, Karenpalli and other men, ordered opening of fire on the threatening part of the mob after due warning. K. Satyanarayana, Head Constable - 727 fired 6 rounds as this was ineffective, Police Constables 1277, 1424, 544 and 1431 fired 10 rounds under the Orders of Sub-Inspector of Police, Karenpalli. Then the crowd dispersed slowly. The Police party reached the place where the Dy. Supt. of Police was badly beaten. The Dy Supt. of Police was found lying unconscious near the house of Chopparaja Veraila, one of the accused, with multiple bleeding injuries all over the body with a big head injury also. In the Police firing one women by name Kunchapu Nagalakshmi died on the spot and three others were injured. The Deputy Supt. of Police, Yellandu and the other three injured were immediately rushed to Government Headquarters Hospital, Khammam. One more injured
was admitted in the Headquarters Hospital, Khammam by the villagers. Out of the 4 injured, one Vatti Lalaih, resident of Pandithapuram died in the hospital on 1-2.1979. The deceased Nagalakshmi who died suddenly due to bullet injury had cadaveric spasm and she had chilli powder in her clenched fist and in the sari. The Dp. of Police gained consciousness on 1.2.1972 and he has been safely shifted to Osmania Hospital, Hyderabad on 4.2.1179 whereas is progressing. The three injured persons who received bullet injuries are progressing in Government Headquarters Hospital, Khammam. The Sub Inspector of Police, Karepalli and the Police Constable who received injuries were treated as Out patient in the Government Hospital, Yellandu. Having learnt about this incident, the Supt. of Police, Khammam along with P.A. to Collector, Khammam visited the village with more armed force and made adequate arrangements. The Collector Khammam also visited the village. So far 70 accused were arrested and sent for remand and all of them were in judicial custody. Efforts are being made to apprehend the remaining accused. The Taluk Magistrate, Yellandu conducted the inquest on the dead body of the deceased Kudchupu Nagalakshmi and the Tehsildar, Khammam held inquest over the dead body of deceased, Vatti Lalaih. Both the bodies were sent for post mortem examination and the post-mortem certificates are awaited. The Collector and District Magistrate, Khammam has ordered the Sub Collector, Kothagudem to conduct the Magisterial enquiry into the case of fire by Police at Pandithapuram on 31.1.1979 and the report awaited. Adequate Police bandobast arrangements were made, patrolling is arranged in the village. Adequate precautionary measures are taken to meet the situation. The situation is under control.
Sri M. Ramamohana Rao and Sri N.K. Lingam,
former M.L.As. Andhra Pradesh.

Condoence Motions.

On the demise of:

(i) Sri M. Rama Mohana Rao former Member of the A.P. Legislative Assembly.

(ii) Sri N. K. Lingam, former Member of the A.P. Legislative Assembly.

Dr. M. Channa Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move;

"The House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri M. Rama Mohana Rao, a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

Sir, I also beg to move that:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri N. K. Lingam, a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

Mr. Speaker:—Motions moved.

Sri M. Rama Mohana Rao and Sri N.K. Lingam,
former M.L.As. Andhra Pradesh.

Condo!ence Motions.

On the demise of :

(i) Sri M. Rama Mohana Rao former Member of the A.P. Legislative Assembly.

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Dr. M. Channa Reddy :—Sir, I beg to move;

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Sir, I also beg to move that:

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Mr Speaker.—Motions moved
Condolence Motion on demise of 
Sri M. Ramamoohan Rao, and Sri N.K. Lingam, 
formers M.L.A's. Andhra Pradesh.

మాత్రమే నీని సహాయ తోడ్డి చేసిననుండా, అది రెండు మంది ప్రజల మనస్సును పంపినది. సుమారు 8 సప్తంబర్ ప్రపంచ మాసంలో భారతీయ నౌచలా ప్రధాన కార్యాలయాలలో ఫిట్స్ మాదిరి అంటే విశ్వాసం. అప్పుడు అప్పుడు నా సంస్థ సమాధానం పెట్టడానికి పరిశ్రమలను కావాలి. కాని ఆమె ప్రధాన కార్యాలయాలలో ఫిట్స్ మాదిరి అంటే విశ్వాసం లేదు. ఇలా తెలిసి, నేను సంస్థ సమాధానం పెట్టడానికి పరిశ్రమలను కావాలి. 

కేవలం నేను పరిశ్రమలను కావాలి, కాని ఆమె ప్రధాన కార్యాలయాలలో ఫిట్స్ మాదిరి అంటే విశ్వాసం లేదు. 

10-10 a.m. 

కేవలం నేను పరిశ్రమలను కావాలి.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:
re: Attacks by the Gunda ganga on people of Peddapuram and some others villages, of Warangal District.

The question is:

"The House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri M. Rama Mohana Rao, a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

"This House also places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri N. K. Lingam a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

The Motions were adopted Nem Coa all members standing in silence for two minutes.

CALLING ATTENTION MATTERS
re: (1) ATTACK BY GOONDA GANGS ON THE PEOPLE OF PEDDAPURAM AND SOME OTHER VILLAGES OF WARANGAL DISTRICT.

The Chief Minister (Dr. M. Chenna Reddy):—Sir Jaswan Chinnalal alleged to be a goon and said to be styling himself as Naxalite is leading the Radical Youth League. The party came into existence in Peddapuram and surrounding villages after the murder of Sri Laxmanagora, a Congress Party worker, in the year 1975.

The Ayatollahs and others were allegedly differences between Radical Youth League and C.P.I. (M) in Peddapuram village prior to 2-3-1978. The Radical Youth Group, as per their scheduled programme, in view of the coming Panchayat elections were going to conduct a public meeting in the outskirts of the Peddapuram village. Before conducting meeting, they took out a procession through the streets of Peddapuram village at about 8-40 P.M. on 2-3-1978. At that time Sri Angarka Sanjna Rao, a C.P.I. (M) worker, picked up a quarrel with the processionists. Hence he was beaten and chased upon the beaten up Mr. R. Madhav Rao where C.P.I. (M) sympathisers gathered and there was matters between both the groups when some of the sympathisers of Radical group threw stones causing injuries to the sympathisers and persons C.P.I. (M) group members also were gathered and fight started.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Attacks by the Goonda gangs on people of Peddapuram and some other villages of Warangal District.

The question is:

"The House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri M. Rama Mohana Rao, a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

"This House also places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri N. K. Lingam, a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

The Motions were adopted Nem Con all members standing in silence for two minutes.

CALLING ATTENTION MATTERS

re: (1) ATTACK BY GOONDA GANGS ON THE PEOPLE OF PEDDAPURAM AND SOME OTHER VILLAGES OF WARANGAL DISTRICT.

The Chief Minister (Dr. M. Chenna Reddy):—Sir Jamuna Chinnala, alleged to be a good and said to be styling himself as Naxalite, is leading the Radical Youth League. The party came into existence in Peddapuram and surrounding villages after the murder of Sri Laxminarayana, a Congress Party worker, in the year 1975.

They were already differences between Radical Youth League and C. P. I. (M) in Peddapuram village prior to 2-2-1979 the Radical Youth Group, as per their scheduled programme, in view of the coming Panchayat elections, went to conduct a public meeting in the out-skirts of the Peddapuram village. Before conducting the meeting, they took out a procession through the streets of Peddapuram village at about 8-40 P. M. on 2-2-1979. At that time four Sri Anagarika Samma Rao, a C. P. I. (M) worker, picked up a quarrel with the processionists. Hence he was beaten and chased up to the house of More Rajeshwar Rao who the C. P. I. (M) sympathisers gathered and dance was scuffle between both the groups when some of the sympathisers of Radical group threw stones causing simple injuries to Jaganna Reddaih and live others of C. P. I. (M) group. Since the C. P. I. (M) group werenooning in huge numbers,
one of the members of Radical group threw a country made bomb but one received injuries.

3. On a complaint from Jagilam Komrajiah a case in Crime No 3/79 under section 187, 324, 361 I.P.C read with section 3 and 5 of Explosive Substance Act was registered at Athmakur police station on 3-2-1979. When the injured, i.e. Jagilam Komrajiah and others came to Athmakur Police Station to lodge a complaint, some of the C. P. I. (M) sympathisers in retaliation attacked the houses of Bolluji Yadaguri, Savaram Ilyasiah and More Rajeshwar Rao and beat 8 persons (including 3 women) belonging to Radical Youth group. On a complaint from Radical Youth group, a case in Crime No 4/79 under section 147, 326, 324 I.P.C. of Athmakur Police Station was registered. By that time, Police arrived at Peddapuram Village to maintain law and order. As the Radical Youth group headed by Jannu Chinnalu could not enter into Peddapuram Village, they beat Mothe Rajamulla and 2 others of C.P.I (M) group on the outskirts of Peddapuram Village and from there they went to Lingamadungupalli and beat one Mallajam. Case in Crime No.5/79 u/s 147, 324, I.P.C. and Crime No.8/79 u/s 147, 324 read with 149 I p C. of Athmakur Police Station were registered. The Radical Youth group also went to Musthialapalli where they beat Chittavuri, Janardhan and 5 others in the harranwada and Kothapalli Narsaiah in Musthialapalli itself. Accordingly case in Crime No.7/79 u/s 147, 324 452 read with 149 I.P.C. and Crime No.7/79 u/s 148, 324 read with 149 I P C. were registered.

4. Investigation revealed that in the above incidents C.P.I. (M) workers beat 8 persons including three women in Peddapuram Village and on the other side Radical Youth Group beat 9 persons in Peddapuram, 8 persons in Musthialapalli and one person in Lingamadungupalli.

5. In continuation of these attacks, the Radical Youth League group led by Jannu Chinnalu and 20 persons attacked the house of Pogula Agaiah of Boddudhitalapalli of Gesoripalli Police Station on the night of 3-3-1979 and caused injuries to Pogula Agaiah, Neka Matthu Reddy, Kothapalli Yellash and Kothapalli Channappa due to the standing political rivalry with C.P.I. (M). They were allegedly responsible for disturbing the meeting of Radical Youth League at Baddubihire on 13-11-1978 by setting fire to the dais, removing the mike set and driving away the workers of Radical Youth League from the meeting place. On a complaint by the Police Dasti, a case in Gesoripalli No.79/78 u/s 137, 435 I.P.C. was registered at Gesoripalli Police Station.

6. Earlier on 25-12-1978, the Communist Party of India (Marxist) worker Pogula Agaiah and Gona, Ugra Reddy and others
Boddashtalapalli and nearby villages attacked the house of Mastiga Ramam of Nallaballi village and attempted to murder him and set fire to his house. On a complaint a case in Crime No. 93/78 u/s 148, 307, 524 and 486 I.P.C was registered. The series of incidents outlined above indicated that there is a struggle for supremacy between C.P.I. (M) and Radical Youth League in these villages. Both the parties are guilty of resorting to violence to achieve their ends.

7. As on today, only three persons namely Jelvari Jansibhan, Jelvari Darsangi and his wife Narsamma are still undergoing treatment in M.G.M. Hospital, Warangal. All the three are progressing well and the condition of Jelvari Jansibhan is out of danger. It is not correct to say that 14 people belong to C.P.I. (M) group received multiple fractures to their limbs. It is also not correct that law and order is not existing in the above villages. Police have taken sufficient precautions; registered all complaints and taken all out action to arrest the accused. Sufficient bandobast has been arranged in the above villages and out of about 30 accused, 23 accused have already been apprehended and remanded to judicial custody. After completing investigation, cases will be charge sheeted.

8. At present, the situation is peaceful in Peddapuram and its surrounding villages and hamlets i.e. Mustapalli, Boddashtalapalli, Pughabanda and Lingamedumpally are under control.
478 21st February, 1979 Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Attacks by the Gunda gangs on people of Peddapuram and some other villages of Warangal District.

...
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

to Assaults by the Gunda gangs on people of Peddapuram and some other villages of Warangal District.

In other instances, wherein, none has received injury, we people have been implicated under 307 IPC. As of now, they are not being booked. They are being booked!
21st February, 1979. Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Attacks by Gunda gangs on people of Peddapuram and some other villages of Warangal District.

10.30 a.m.

The following matters of urgent public importance were brought to the attention of the House:

1. Attack by Gunda gangs on Pednapuram and some other villages of Warangal District.

Mr. V. V. Giri, the Minister of State for Home Affairs, informed the House that the Home Ministry had furnished information that the attacks were being carried out by the Gunda gang from the adjoining District of Eluru. The Government was taking all steps to check these attacks.
Calling Attention to Matters of urgent Public Importance.

re Attacks by Gunda gangs on people of Peddapuram and some other village Warangal dist.

Even though the 21st February, 1979.

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A matter of utmost urgency is brought to the notice of the Government. The Government is aware of the attacks by Gunda gangs on people of Peddapuram and some other villages in Warangal district.

Investigation revealed that in the above incidents CPM workers beat 8 persons, including 3 women, in Peddapuram village and on the

Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Attacks by Gunda gangs on people of Peddapuram and some other village Warangal dist

other side radical group beat 9 persons in Peddapuram and 8 persons in Mustaidpalli. 9 persons in Peddapuram and 8 persons in Warangal dist
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

(2) Cutting orders issued to Sugarcane growers, Palakonda etc. by the Cooperative Sugar Factory, Amadalavalasa

Attention is invited to the orders issued to sugarcane growers, Palakonda etc. by the Cooperative Sugar Factory, Amadalavalasa to cut down the sugarcane crop on 18-1-1979. The cut orders were issued in the interest of the farmers. On January 18-1979, 25,500 acres of sugarcane were cut. The orders were issued by the factory on the recommendation of the Cooperative Committee. The farmers who were cut down were not satisfied with the orders and filed a petition in the High Court. The farmers argued that the cutting orders were issued without their consent and were not justified.

The court considered the arguments and found that the cutting orders were issued without proper justification. The court directed the factory to compensate the farmers for the loss incurred due to the cutting orders.

The factory has appealed against the decision of the court. The farmers have also appealed against the decision of the court. The case is pending in the court.

F. N. S. (Commissioner)

21st February, 1979

Papers laid on the table

Amendment to the Andhra Pradesh Distillery Rules, 1970:

Sri P. Ganga Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table copies of the amendment to the Andhra Pradesh Distillery Rules, 1970 issued
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 21st February, 1979 485


Amendment to the Andhra Pradesh Brewery Rules, 1970.


Sri P. Seshavataram —Sir, I beg to lay on the Table under sub-section (2) of section 22 of the Andhra Pradesh Khadi and Village Industries Board Act, 1958, a copy of the Annual Administration Report of the Andhra Pradesh Khadi and Village Industries Board for the year 1976-77.

Mr Speaker —Papers laid.

GOVERNMENT BILL


Sri P. Ganga Reddy. Sir, with your on behalf of the Revenue Minister, I beg to move for leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Waters (Abolition) Amendment Bill, 1979.

Mr Speaker: Motion moved.

The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Waters (Abolition) Amendment Bill, 1979."

The motion was adopted and the Bill was introduced.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1978-79 (General Discussion.)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80. [General Discussion]

The existing potential in all sectors and the infrastructure available in Government and various other public sector undertakings is sought to be fully utilised in promoting employment of this target group.

The public undertakings sought to be fully utilised in promoting employment of this target group

How about employment in agricultural sector?
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 21st February, 1979. 487

for 1979-80. [General Discussion]

The coverage is expected to go up to 85% in the case of boys, and 69% in the case of girls.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80 [General Discussion]

Upgradation of standards of administration

There is a lot to be toned up. This District Coordinator is just being taken from one discipline of activity. This is a monopoly. We cannot have all the knowledge in discipline of activity.

11:00 a.m. N. G. Rao

...
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(General Discussion)

(సాధారణ సమాలోపం ప్రస్తుత తాజ్యానికంలో పాటు ఉంది.)

(మూడు సంస్థల మద్దతకు అనేకట్టు బాధ్యత ఉంది.)

(Illavell మరియు లింగాల ప్రంభంలో మరియు సంస్థల సంస్థల కలిగిన అయితే సంస్థల ప్రాముఖి రంగం కలిగి ఉంటే సమాధానాలు ఉండాలి. అయితే మూడు సంస్థల కలిగిన అయితే సంస్థల ప్రాముఖి రంగం ఉంటే సమాధానాలు ఉండాలి.)

(ప్రెంపుల యొక్క మరియు మూడు సంస్థల కలిగి ఉంటే సమాధానాలు ఉండాలి.)

(మరియు మరియు సంస్థల ప్రాముఖి ప్రతియోగేతన సమాధానం ఉంటే సమాధానాలు ఉండాలి.)

(మరియు సంస్థల ప్రాముఖి ప్రతియోగేతన సమాధానం ఉంటే సమాధానాలు ఉండాలి.)

(మరియు సంస్థల ప్రాముఖి ప్రతియోగేతన సమాధానం ఉంటే సమాధానాలు ఉండాలి.)

(మరియు సంస్థల ప్రాముఖి ప్రతియోగేతన సమాధానం ఉంటే సమాధానాలు ఉండాలి.)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979–80. (General Discussion).

for 1979-80 (General Discussion).

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80 (General Discussion)

21st February, 1979

Annaat Financial Statement (Budget, for 1979-80 (General Discussion)

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 21st February, 1979. 493

for 1979-80. (General Discussion).

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1979-80. (General Discussion.)

The Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1979-80 was presented on 21st February, 1979. The statement covers the budgetary provisions for the financial year 1979-80, including details of revenue, expenditure, and financial proposals. The presentation was followed by a general discussion where various aspects of the budget were debated and questions were raised by the participants.

The budget highlights the government's financial strategy for the upcoming year, focusing on economic growth, social welfare, and infrastructure development. It outlines the government's commitment to maintaining fiscal discipline while investing in key sectors to drive economic progress. The discussion was vibrant, with participants contributing insights and suggestions to enhance the budget's effectiveness.

In conclusion, the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80 was a significant milestone in the fiscal planning process, setting the stage for a productive year ahead.
11.30 a.m.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—He has raised a privilege issue during his speech.

The House has seized of this matter and I request the Speaker to take suitable action.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—He has raised a privilege issue during his speech.

The House has seized of this matter and I request the Speaker to take suitable action.
Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu — Sir, as regards the matter...

Mr. Speaker: — Do not interrupt. Please sit down.

(Interruptions)

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu — He has already completed his speech and Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao, Sri P. Janardana Reddy and others also spoke.

Provided further that the Speaker may, if he is satisfied about the urgency of the matter, allow a question of privilege to be raised at any time during the course of a sitting after the disposal of questions*.

Mr. Speaker: — Please see Rule 168. The Speaker should give permission.

Mr. Speaker: — First of all, you must give notice.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu — Notice need not be in writing.

Mr. Speaker: — Unless it comes in writing, I cannot go into the matter. Unless I give consent under Rule 168 I cannot allow this matter.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy: — Please see the last para of 171 (1). "That the Speaker may, if he is satisfied about the urgency of the..."
matter' allow a question of privilege to be raised at any time during course of a sitting.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—The Member himself has raised the matter and he wanted protection.

Mr. Speaker:—He must give in writing.

Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu: It is true, that a member has made certain allegations, which are very serious and over which we are all concerned. It is a serious allegation against the conduct of another member, who happens to be a Minister. An allegation which amounts to reflection over the conduct of the Minister, is made. There should be prior notice. Without prior notice, such allegation, which amounts
to reflection over the conduct of the Minister cannot be made. It may be out of leniency, such a speech has been permitted. Still, I cannot understand under what rule, it may be a subject for discussion. Are you allowing a discussion on this matter, Sir? There are rules under which we can approach you with a motion. A motion of privilege has to be given. Without that, no debate can be permitted on this issue.

11.50 a.m.

Sri S Jaipal Reddy:—Before the Speaker makes up his mind, we can make a submission. The Member of this House has himself submitted that some injustice was done to him. It was a case of not only mere injustic, but it also involves a prestige of the House, that apart it involves the question of honour of Indian Constitution under which every citizen is guaranteed equality.
I have gone through the contents of the letter. It was forwarded to the Secretary, Revenue Department to look into the matter.

I am asking what the Revenue Department will do on this?
regulated in such manner as the Speaker may, from time to time direct.”

I request the Hon’ble Speaker to consider my view. This is an extraordinary situation that has arisen. It is not only a privilege issue but also a shameful issue to the society. The Member said that he was not allowed to enter in to the Temple. It is not only against the privilege of the Member but also of every citizen of India and unequivocally we condemn this. I request the Speaker to give time for discussion or appoint a House Committee to inquire in to or atleast take suitable action against the people responsible. The Speaker has got ample power to take any course, under the rules, and I request the Hon’ble Speaker to keep up the honour of the Member by doing this.
21st February, 1979. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80 (General Discussion).

మనిషి సంవత్సరం 1979-80 మార్కుల ప్రారంభంలో ఒక సమాచారం పిటింది. మరువైనా సాంఘారిక పరిస్థితులు మార్పులు చేసిపోయింది. అందుకే ప్రతి సంవత్సరం ప్రారంభం మాత్రం పని చేసే మార్పులు అందుకోవడానికి ముందు సమాచారం పిటించవచ్చు. మనిషి సంవత్సరం మొదలు అంటే సమాచారం ఎంచుకుని తెలుగు వాడడానికి ప్రతియోగించింది.

మనిషి సంవత్సరం మొదలు అంటే సమాచారం ఎంచుకుని తెలుగు వాడడానికి ప్రతియోగించింది. అందుకే ప్రతి సంవత్సరం ప్రారంభం మాత్రం పని చేసే మార్పులు అందుకోవడానికి ముందు సమాచారం పిటించవచ్చు. మనిషి సంవత్సరం మొదలు అంటే సమాచారం ఎంచుకుని తెలుగు వాడడానికి ప్రతియోగించింది.
Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—I am not disputing.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—He is not able to accept.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—I am neither disputing nor accepting.
While I was offering my prayer on 44-11-1978 (I followed the Hon’ble Minister for Panchayati Raj Sri Baga Reddy, the Parliamentary Secretary Sri Krishna Murthy and other M.L.As to the Raghavendra Swamy Temple Maniralayam) to Lord Raghavendra Swamy along with other participants, the temple people played a trick on me and without the knowledge of the participants including the Panchayati Raj Minister and the Parliamentary Secretary, the temple people played some trick. They called me out from the place of prayer and bolted the temple doors on my face and thus caused me shame. The above incident shows us the narrow behaviour of the temple people. I presume that untouchability still exists in the so called religious temple which is a meeting place of all walks of Bhaktas both internal and external though we are freed from British slavery 30 years back. We are still smelling this untouchability. I do not dwell on the subject of untouchability for which Dr. Ambedkar and Mahatma Gandhiji vowed that we can take away the above temple to the fold of Endowments Department for allowing all individuals into the temple irrespective of caste etc. The Hon’ble Minister for Panchayat Raj Sri M. Bag Reddy, the Parliamentary Secretary Sri K. Krishna Murthy and other M.L.As. were also present when the above incident took place. The Panchayat Raj Minister has promised me that he will pursue the Endowments Minister to bring the above temple into the fold of Endowments Department. 

While I was offering my prayer on 44-11-1978 (I followed ... the temple. The temple people played some trick. They called me out from the place of prayer and bolted the temple doors on my face and thus caused me shame. The above incident shows us the narrow behaviour of the temple people. I presume that untouchability still exists in the so called religious temple which is a meeting place of all walks of Bhaktas both internal and external though we are freed from British slavery 30 years back. We are still smelling this untouchability. I do not dwell on the subject of untouchability for which Dr. Ambedkar and Mahatma Gandhiji vowed that we can take away the above temple to the fold of Endowments Department for allowing all individuals into the temple irrespective of caste etc. The Hon’ble Minister for Panchayat Raj Sri M. Bag Reddy, the Parliamentary Secretary Sri K. Krishna Murthy and other M.L.As. were also present when the above incident took place. The Panchayat Raj Minister has promised me that he will pursue the Endowments Minister to bring the above temple into the fold of Endowments Department.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  

for 1979-80 (General Discussion).

...
Sri B. Machendra Rao (Secunderabad Cantonment) —Let the Minister for Panchayat Raj make a statement on this.

Mr. Speaker: —You cannot dictate the Minister to make a statement. We know the seriousness of the matter.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu: —When the entire incident took place, the Hon'ble Minister for Panchayati Raj and the Parliamentary Secretary and some other Members were present. You also know the practice that there will be some officials along with them. Two days back, the Supreme Court has held that Ministers and Chief Ministers are Government servants. Untouchability is the cognizable offence. State Government in many cases have taken stringent action immediately after receipt of the complaints. Here a Legislator has complained. A Minister and a parliamentary Secretary are the witnesses in this case. There were certain M.L.As also, probably District Collector and some other officials were also present there. My submission is that these Government servants viz., (1) the Minister for Panchayat Raj and the Parliamentary Secretary have failed in their duties, (2) The Hon'ble Member has approached the Chief Minister and made a representation. He wrote many letters to other Ministers also and subsequently he made a representation to the Chairman, Committee on the Welfare of the Scheduled Castes. The Committee had recommended for stringent action against the person responsible. Now the Chief Minister has borne out with a statement that the Members who were present at that time were of different opinion about the entire incident. We want to know what action the Chief Minister has taken since 3 Months? What is the Home Department doing since all these days? The mere appointment of a House Committee is a letter part. The first part is what is the action taken by the Department all these days? We would like to know this from the Chief Minister....
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
for 1979–80 (General Discussion).


The Board of Directors, 

At a meeting held on the above date, the following resolution was passed:

RESOLUTION

Resolved that the financial statements for the year ending 31st March, 1979, be adopted as presented by the Managing Director.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

The Chairman, J. V. S. Reddy, presided at the meeting.

The Managing Director, M. R. Reddy, addressed the meeting.

The meeting adjourned at 10:30 a.m.

J. V. S. Reddy, Chairman.

M. R. Reddy, Managing Director.
508 21st February, 1979. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1979-80 (General Discussion).

Dr.M. Chenna Reddy - I have nothing to add, Sir. I have already stated.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy — There is disagreement about the facts. The House Committee which may be constituted may go into the facts. But pending the investigation by the House Committee, the Government can certainly go ahead with prosecutions and all those guilty can be prosecuted. The Government should explain as to why it could not take action for the last three months.

I also fully agree with the sentiments expressed by the Members. It is cognizable offence. Immediately he should have been arrested without even warrant. It was not done.
there is a privilege, a notice may be given to me and I will pass orders on that. If necessary we can find what action we can take in this matter. If both the parties agree, we can appoint a House Committee.

So far as privilege motion is concerned, under rules, it must be given in writing. Let us proceed further.

You give a Resolution for adjournment of the House.
21st February, 1979. Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1979-80 (General Discussion)

Mr Speaker — Please give a Resolution for adjournment and the House agrees, I have no objection.

12-40 p.m.

(The House, then adjourned to meet again at 8.30 a.m. on Thursday the 22nd February 1979)