THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

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THIRD SESSION OF THE ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
OFFICIAL REPORT
Sixth Day of the Third Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Thursday the 15th February, 1979.
The House met at Half past Eight of the Clock.
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair.)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS
(Question No. 61 Postponed)

Expenditure for Telephone Charges at Osmania General Hospital for the year 1977-78

2295-Z Q. Sri N. Yethiraja Rao (Chennur): Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) the total expenditure for Telephone charges for the year 1977-78 at Osmania General Hospital at Hyderabad;

(b) whether the Legislators are permitted to use the Hospital phone when they are admitted in the Hospital; and

(c) if so, whether any permission from the R.M.O. or Superintendent is required for Legislators to use the Hospital phone for each call?

All members before the name indicates confirmation by the Member.
Eradication of Malaria

1353 Q.—Sri K.B. Chennamallappa (Rayadurg):—Will the Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government of India is allotting a certain amount to each of the State Government for eradication of Malaria;

(b) if so, the amount allotted to our State for the year 1976-77 and the amount spent during that year in Anantapurn district; and

(c) the amount allotted for the year 1978-79 in Anantapur district?

1. 1976-77 Rs. 84,199
2. 1977-78 Rs. 6,98,011.94
3. 1978-79 Rs. 8,80,000
We have discussed with the Health Ministers of Karnataka and Tamilnadu. It is a National programme.

Sri P, Subbaiah :- The spray with insecticides will reduce the life span of Anopheline Mosquitoes and they will not be able to transmit malaria.

It will not have enough potentiality to carry the malaria.
Mosquitoes


Oral Answers to Questions'

Mosquito menace in the cities and rural areas

64-

1703 Q.-Sri P. Sriramamurthy (Amadalavalasa);—Will the Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that mosquito menace is rampant in the cities and rural areas;

(b) whether it is not resulting in the spread of Malaria and Filariasis and elephantiasis; and

(c) the steps proposed to be taken to prevent the spreading of these diseases by eradicating the mosquito menace?

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—

(a) Yes Sir, The increase is common during rainy season due to water stagnation.

(b) Most of the Mosquito population is culicine variety. Though the bites are painful, these mosquitoes are not carriers of malaria. The Anophelis mosquito is the carrier of malaria. Some culicine mosquitoes do carry filaria infection.
(c) Various steps taken to arrest the spreading of diseases referred to are laid on the Table of the House. Actual incidence of malaria has come down from 2.17 Lakhs in 1976-77 to 1.14 Lakhs in 1977-78.

Statement Laid in Answer to Clause (C).

National Malaria Programme has been implemented in this State under revised strategy from 1-5-1977 in the entire state. Spray operations are carried out in all areas where the annual parasite incidence per thousand population was two or more per year. A total of 104.5 Lakhs of Population was brought under spray operations in 1977 as against 25.6 Lakhs of population in 1976. The spray with insecticides will reduce the life span of Anophelinae Mosquitoes and they will not be able to transmit malaria.

Whole state is covered by surveillance by which the Malaria worker visits the houses once in 15 days and treat all cases of fever or history of fever with antimalarial tablets. Passive surveillance is also undertaken where the Medical Officer takes blood smear from all cases of fever and history of fever and gives Anti-Malaria drugs. In interior tribal areas, the school teachers were made involved. They will give anti-malarial treatment after taking blood smear from persons having fever or history of fever, when approached. In the Towns of Vijayawada, Visakhapatnam, Guntur, Warangal and Hyderabad, Urban Malaria schemes are functioning. They are tackling the problem of Malaria in these towns besides treating the culicine breeding places also. Filaria is prevalent in the coastal areas and areas along with major rivers like Godavari, Krishna and Pilgrimage Centres like Tirupathi, Kalahasti and Bhadrachalam. Basing on prevalence of disease, Government have sanctioned 23 Filaria Control Units, 2 Survey units, 3 Clinics, one Filaria Research Training Centre and one Rural Filaria Control Programme at Srikakulam in the endemic areas. In addition the anti larval measures for control of the disease and mosquitoes are being carried out by 26 Municipalities and 12 Gram Panchayats. They are being given 1/3rd grant-in-aid. During the VIth Five Year Plan the National Filaria Control Programme has been included as State Health Plan Scheme.

8. J. S. R. M. asked: What is the purpose of the 76-78 Ganges Project? What are the expected benefits? What steps are being taken to ensure its success?

9. The Hon. Minister: The Ganges Project is designed to help the region by providing irrigation, water for drinking, and industrial use. Efforts are being made to ensure its success through proper planning and execution.

10. J. S. R. M. asked: What is the status of the 1976-78 project? What is the expected completion date? What steps are being taken to ensure its success?

(Answer by the Hon. Minister.)

11. J. S. R. M. asked: What is the expected impact of the Ganges Project on the region? What steps are being taken to ensure its success?

12. The Hon. Minister: The project is expected to bring significant benefits to the region, including increased irrigation and water availability. Efforts are being made to ensure its success through proper planning and execution.

Oral Answers to Questions.


c

స్థానపత్రం. రాష్ట్రాల పదవులు విభాగం నిర్మాణం వాడక అవసరం. పట్టణం
ప్రత్యేకం నిర్మాణం సాలు, కురుముగా నిర్మాణం చేయడానికి కోనాలు 18, వాడ.
అధికారి, మరియు ఇంటి నిర్మాణం చేయడానికి అవసరం ఉంది. ఏముంటుంది,
మరియు ఇంటి నిర్మాణం చేయడానికి అవసరం ఉంది. ఏముంటుంది,
మరియు ఇంటి నిర్మాణం చేయడానికి అవసరం ఉంది. 

1. వైద్య సంస్థలు (పరిస్థితి) : సందర్భం, పరిస్థితి
అధికారుడు నిర్మాణం కొనసాగడానికి కోనాలు 18, వాడ.
అధికారుడు నిర్మాణం కొనసాగడానికి కోనాలు 18, వాడ.
అధికారుడు నిర్మాణం కొనసాగడానికి కోనాలు 18, వాడ.

2. అనువాది శాస్త్రాలు (పరిస్థితి) : ఆనుకోనం,
ఆనుకోనం,
ఆనుకోనం,
ఆనుకోనం,

3. వైద్య శాస్త్రాలు (పరిస్థితి) : అనువాది శాస్త్రాలు,
అనువాది శాస్త్రాలు,
అనువాది శాస్త్రాలు,
అనువాది శాస్త్రాలు,
Sri A. Madan Mohan:—According to the information available with me, our workers are going and spraying the DDT in the villages once in 10 days. If the Hon’ble Member brings out specific cases that the spraying work is not attended at particular villages, I will certainly take action.

AMOUNT EAR-MARKED FOR AMELIORATING THE CONDITION OF WOMEN

2286—(I) Q.—Sri B. Sammaiah (Parkal): Will the Minister for Tourism be pleased to state:

(a) whether the amount ear-marked in the previous budget for ameliorating the conditions of women was spent; and

(b) if not, the reason therefor?

(6) The Minister for Agriculture (Mr. Balakrishna Reddy):—(a) The amount earmarked, as notified in the budget, was Rs. 70,79,900.

(6) The amount earmarked in the budget was Rs. 70,79,900, which was intended for the construction of roads and Rs. 61,15,600 for the construction of dormitories. The Government has sanctioned the amount for the construction of roads and Rs. 61,15,600 for the construction of dormitories. The amount has been sanctioned for the construction of dormitories.
Oral Answers to Questions.


Certain posts were left vacant because of various reasons. The Manager of the Leather Unit was under suspension and during that period, the work was held up. There are various reasons and if the Hon'ble Member wants, I will place the information before him. The reasons for not spending the amount is due to non-construction of sheds at State Home, Hyderabad. There are certain delays in sanction. All these things happened during the year 1977-78. Efforts have been made to fill up the posts. Since the children go in holidays, under the scheme, food budget came in savings.

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1. [Question 1] 2. [Question 2] 3. [Question 3]
Smt. Roda Mistry:—Most of the posts were filled up during the last six months.

Smt. Roja Mistry:—The Point which is brought to my notice by the Hon'ble Member was noticed by me. As far as the Budget is concerned, it is very small compared to the 51% of the population in the State. Every effort has been made this year to fill up the posts and see that last year incident is not repeated.

Smt. Roda Mistry:—Separate question, Sir.
Regularisation of services of teachers appointed in Nalgonda Dist. during 1956-59

66—

*62 Q.—Sarvasri M Omkar, N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal and A Lakshminarayana (Miryalaguda)—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that about seven hundred and fifty teachers were appointed in Nalgonda district during 1956-59;

(b) whether it is a fact that the services of these teachers are not yet regularised,

(c) whether it is a fact that the Government issued G.O. No. 1003 to regularise their services;

(d) whether it is a fact that the same G. O. was again put in abeyance in the year 1977;

(e) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(f) the action contemplated thereon?

answered by (a) Mr. K. K. Venugopala Rao. —(1) February.

(2) (1) It is a fact that about seven hundred and fifty teachers were appointed in Nalgonda district during 1956-59.

(2) It is a fact that the services of these teachers are not yet regularised.

(3) It is a fact that the Government issued G.O. No. 1003 to regularise their services.

(4) It is a fact that the same G. O. was again put in abeyance in the year 1977.

(5) If so, the reasons therefor.

(6) The action contemplated thereon.
MAKING REGIONAL LANGUAGE AS THE MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION AT ALL LEVELS

67—

7668—Q.—Sri Bhattam Srirama Murthy:—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state—

(a) whether the State Government suggested to the Vice Chancellors to adopt the policy of making regional languages as the medium of instruction at all levels; and

(b) if so, the result thereof?

Sir, the Government of Andhra Pradesh has suggested to the Vice Chancellors of all the universities to adopt the policy of making regional languages as the medium of instruction at all levels starting from 1976-1978. The results of this policy are not yet available.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Jog Trseao^nT ^eo^6^§ ^-S* ^Ty3 d^oiy^^?

(a) whether it is a fact that certain art pieces and inscriptions resembling 'Brahmi Script' belonging to new stone age have been discovered in the recent excavations near Kethavaram Kurnool district.

(b) whether any other things have also been found:

(c) whether the report from the District Collector in this regard has been received by the Government;

(d) if so, the contents of the same?

Discovery of 'Brahmi Script in Kurnool Dist. in the recent excavations

*230Q.-Sri Nallapareddi SreenivasuluReddy(Venkatagiri)—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that certain art pieces and inscriptions resembling 'Brahmi Script' belonging to new stone age have been discovered in the recent excavations near Kethavaram Kurnool district.

(b) whether any other things have also been found:

(c) whether the report from the District Collector in this regard has been received by the Government;

(d) if so, the contents of the same?

1960, go 

No excavations have been conducted in the village of Kethavaram in Kunooi District. There are no sites to be excavated. There are rockey caves and some epigraphs are found on the hill. Probably they belong to first or second century A.D. An inscription found said to be in Brahmi Lipi reads as ‘Kasapanjarantha’. The meaning of the inscription is not clear. Some stone blades and middle stone age tools have also been found. No other antiquity is found. It has been suggested that on the report of the Collector of Kurnool district dated 26-3-1978 suggesting further exploration of the area and declaration of the cave as a temple as a protected monument, no action is needed except to protect the cave under the Andhra Pradesh Ancient and Historic Monuments Archaeological Sites and Ruins. The Director of Archaeology and Museums will take proper action in this regard.

SANCTION OF SUBSIDY TO THE SUGARCANE GROWERS

69—

2195-N. Q.—Sri B. Arumugam:—Will the Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state

(a) the amount sanctioned by the Government of India towards full subsidy to sugar cane growers from 1975-66 to March 1978;

(b) the amount thereof that was allotted to Chittoor District; and

(c) the amount unspent?

(1) The amount sanctioned for the year 1975-76 was Rs. 2.00 crore, 1976-77 Rs. 2.00 crore, 1977-78 Rs. 3.00 crore, 1978-79 Rs. 3.00 crore, 1979-80 Rs. 1.50 crore.

(2) For the year 1978-79.

1. ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ రాష్ట్రాధికారులు ఎంత సమయంలో ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాలు చేయాలని నిషేధించారు?

2. 1976-77 సంక్షిప్తాల నిర్ణయం నిషేధించారు. ఈ నిర్ణయం ప్రత్యేకంగా 16 రాష్ట్రాలలో ఉన్నాయి. అందులో 2 రాష్ట్రాల మాట్లాడుతూ వీక్షించారు. ఈ ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాలు చేయబడని రూపాల్లో ఉన్నారు. ఉత్పత్తికి చెందిన రాష్ట్రాల మంత్రి సేవలు.

3. 1977-78 సంక్షిప్తాన ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాల తయారు నిషేధించారు?

4. ఈ యోగదానం నిషేధించారు: 1977-78 సంక్షిప్తాన ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాల తయారు నిషేధించారు. ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాల తయారు నిషేధించారు. 1976-77 సంక్షిప్తాన ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాల తయారు నిషేధించారు.

5. ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాలు నిషేధించారు: 1976-77 సంక్షిప్తాన ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాలు నిషేధించారు. ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాలు నిషేధించారు. 1977-78 సంక్షిప్తాన ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాలు నిషేధించారు. 1978-79 సంక్షిప్తాన ఇంటిసియుయాట్స్ ముఖ్యమంతరాలు నిషేధించారు.

(a) whether the Planning Commission has asked our State to draw-up a farm strategy to achieve minimum annual growth rate in food grains and oil seeds.

Farm strategy to achieve minimum Growth rate in Food Grains and Oil Seeds

70—

* 2467 Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao (Anakapalli):—Will the Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state—

(a) whether the Planning Commission has asked our State to draw-up a farm strategy to achieve minimum annual growth rate in food grains and oil seeds.
(b) if so, whether the State Government has prepared the said scheme; and

(c) whether a copy of the scheme will be placed on the Table of the House?

1. The Minister—(Hon. Mr. Chakravarti):—The Hon. Member for Hyderabad was asked to give the information that the Information dated 10th February, 1979, regarding the distribution of piglets was issued. Is it true?

2. The Minister.—The Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry replied that the information was correct. However, the information was not issued on 10th February, 1979. It was issued on 16th February, 1979.

3. The Minister.—The Hon. Member for Hyderabad was asked to give the information that the information dated 10th February, 1979, regarding the distribution of piglets was issued. Is it true?

4. The Minister.—The Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry replied that the information was correct. However, the information was not issued on 10th February, 1979. It was issued on 16th February, 1979.

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6. The Minister.—The Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry replied that the information was correct. However, the information was not issued on 10th February, 1979. It was issued on 16th February, 1979.

7. The Minister.—The Hon. Member for Hyderabad was asked to give the information that the information dated 10th February, 1979, regarding the distribution of piglets was issued. Is it true?

8. The Minister.—The Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry replied that the information was correct. However, the information was not issued on 10th February, 1979. It was issued on 16th February, 1979.

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10. The Minister.—The Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry replied that the information was correct. However, the information was not issued on 10th February, 1979. It was issued on 16th February, 1979.

11. The Minister.—The Hon. Member for Hyderabad was asked to give the information that the information dated 10th February, 1979, regarding the distribution of piglets was issued. Is it true?

12. The Minister.—The Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry replied that the information was correct. However, the information was not issued on 10th February, 1979. It was issued on 16th February, 1979.

13. The Minister.—The Hon. Member for Hyderabad was asked to give the information that the information dated 10th February, 1979, regarding the distribution of piglets was issued. Is it true?

14. The Minister.—The Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry replied that the information was correct. However, the information was not issued on 10th February, 1979. It was issued on 16th February, 1979.

15. The Minister.—The Hon. Member for Hyderabad was asked to give the information that the information dated 10th February, 1979, regarding the distribution of piglets was issued. Is it true?

16. The Minister.—The Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry replied that the information was correct. However, the information was not issued on 10th February, 1979. It was issued on 16th February, 1979.

17. The Minister.—The Hon. Member for Hyderabad was asked to give the information that the information dated 10th February, 1979, regarding the distribution of piglets was issued. Is it true?

18. The Minister.—The Minister for Agriculture and Animal Husbandry replied that the information was correct. However, the information was not issued on 10th February, 1979. It was issued on 16th February, 1979.

19. The Minister.—The Hon. Member for Hyderabad was asked to give the information that the information dated 10th February, 1979, regarding the distribution of piglets was issued. Is it true?
Release of Accumulated Levy Sugar

71—

*2595 (C) Q.—Sri M. Venkateswarulu (Chirala):—Will the Minister for Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) whether orders have been issued for the released of levy sugar accumulated up to 31-8-78:

(b) if so, the manner in which it is to be released: and

(c) whether it is through sales in the open market or by permits

Installation of Rubber Shellers By Rice Millers

72—

*2287 (K) Q.—Sri B Machnder Rao (SecunderabadContonment):—Will the Minister for Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact, that Government of India has stipulated that rice millers should instal rubber shellers in place of the conventional type;
(b) if so, whether the suggestion of the Government of India has been implemented in the State, and

(c) the number of rice millers who have installed rubber shellers and the balance left over?


Smuggling of Red Sanders In Caddapah District.

*2086 Smt. K. Prabhavathamma:—Will the Minister for Forests be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that large scale smuggling of Red Sanders (Yerra Chandanam) is going on in Cuddapah District:

(b) if so, the number of cases, that have been detected so far,

(c) the yearwise quantity of wood recovered from smugglers from 1978; and

(d) the steps taken by the present Government to prevent this smuggling?

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Opal Answers to Questions. 15th February, 1979. 23

NON QUALITY

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Total  404  4822  23,204.50

Leasing of Forest Lands for Raising Pulp Wood Plantation

5—

*1941 Sri M. Omkar;—Will the Minister for Forests be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact, that the State Government have decided to give forest lands on lease for raising pulp wood Plantation to the management of the Sirpur Paper Mills

(b) when will it come into force; and

(c) the details of the said scheme?

L. A. Q. Post poned from 25—9—1978 for furthere supplemearies
Defalcaetion of Three Lakhs of Rupees In Kothgudem Divisional Forest Office

415— *1660 Sri M. Yarraiah Reddy:—Will the Minister for Forests be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that 3 lakhs of rupees has been defalcated in Kothgudem Divisional Forest Office through wrong entries:

(b) the person responsible for it

(o) when the case has been detected; and

(d) the action taken thereon?

(a) M. J. S. Yarraiah Reddy:—The case is under investigation. The amount involved is Rs. 2,70,000. It is expected to take three months. Waiting.

(b) R. P. S. Reddy:—1971-72 accounts are being prepared. What is the investigation of the nature of the wrong entries?

(c) 1971-72 accounts are being prepared. What is the nature of the investigation?

(d) 1971-72 accounts are being prepared. What is the nature of the investigation?
Sri. S. Jaipal Reddy.—This question figured in the last session. Still I distinctly remember why this question was postponed. Members wanted to know as to why action was not taken against the District Forest Officer who alone had the cheque drawing power and without whose collusion this could not have taken place. The answer was that the State Government cannot suspend any I.A.S. Officer. In the first place, this District Forest Officer is not an I.A.S. Officer. Even if he is an I.A.S. Officer, the State Government can take disciplinary action and he is subjected to the disciplinary action of the State Government. Why the Accountant alone was taken to task? That was the question. Therefore, the question was postponed. Let the Minister answer that question now?

Sri. S. Jaipal Reddy—This is the same answer he gave in the last Session also. The question was postponed to give more comprehensive answer.
26 15th February, 1979. Oral Answers to Questions

(26) 15th February, 1979, Qra! Answeis to Questions

(i) अ, रक्षाकर्त्तव्याभ्यां— श्री जनकराय श्री मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(ii) इ, रक्षाकर्त्तव्याभ्यां— श्री जनकराय श्री मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(iii) २० बंदरमा— श्रीमान् जनकराय श्री मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(iv) अ, रक्षाकर्त्तव्याभ्यां— श्री मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(v) इ, रक्षाकर्त्तव्याभ्यां— श्री मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(vi) २० बंदरमा— श्रीमान् मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(vii) अ, रक्षाकर्त्तव्याभ्यां— श्रीमान् मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(viii) इ, रक्षाकर्त्तव्याभ्यां— श्रीमान् मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(ix) २० बंदरमा— श्रीमान् मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(x) अ, रक्षाकर्त्तव्याभ्यां— श्रीमान् मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(xi) इ, रक्षाकर्त्तव्याभ्यां— श्रीमान् मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?

(xii) २० बंदरमा— श्रीमान् मायावती केदारादेशीय दिवसमा भूमिका ज्ञात जाननुसार?
Oral Answers to Questions

The whole matter is as to why the DFO was not suspended, because he was found responsible, don’t think of L D.Cs., or U D C s., etc., etc.

9-50 a.m.

The whole matter is as to why the DFO was not suspended, because he was found responsible, don’t think of L D.Cs., or U D C s., etc.,

So why do you ask about it? I think it’s clear that the DFO was found responsible.

Why do you ask about it? I think it’s clear that the DFO was found responsible.

Why do you ask about it? I think it’s clear that the DFO was found responsible.

Why do you ask about it? I think it’s clear that the DFO was found responsible.

Why do you ask about it? I think it’s clear that the DFO was found responsible.

Short Notice Questions and Answers.

let me see the charge-memo. For the present, I am postponing the question again.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Average Sale Price of Commercial Crops in Different Markets

72-A—

S. N. Q. No. 3930-H — Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Will the Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the average sale price of ground-nut, chillies, cotton, coriander and other commercial crops in our State in different market centres of our State,

(b) the difference in the prices when compared with the prices obtaining during the past five years, and

(c) the steps taken by the Central and State Governments to provide support prices to these commercial crops?

PAPER PLACED VIDE S N. Q. No. 3930-H.

(a) Annual average price of commercial crops in Rs. per quintal for the year 1978–79 in different markets of the State.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Commodity</th>
<th>Market Centre</th>
<th>Annual average price in Rs. per quintal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Groundnut Pods</td>
<td>Amadalavasa</td>
<td>190.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>987.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adoni</td>
<td>232.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Proddatur</td>
<td>205.41</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>224.00</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>202.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Chillies (Dry Barik)</td>
<td>Vijayawada</td>
<td>776.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>798.50</td>
</tr>
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</table>
## Short Notice Questions and Answers

15th February, 1979

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No</th>
<th>Name of the Variety</th>
<th>Market Centre</th>
<th>Annual average price for the year 1978 in Rs per quint.</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>Coriander</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>690.00</td>
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<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>719.00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Warangal</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Vijayawada</td>
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<td>Ongole</td>
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<td>Anantapur</td>
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<td>Eluru</td>
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<td>Hyderabad</td>
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<td>Nizamabad</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>Turmeric (Finger)</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Duggirala</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Jaggery</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Tadepalligudam</td>
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<td>Chittoor</td>
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<td>Nizamahad</td>
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<td>6.</td>
<td>Caster Seed</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Gudiwada</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tadepalligudem</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>200.00</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>198.66</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Badepally</td>
<td>193.33</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Suryapet</td>
<td>194.71</td>
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<td>7.</td>
<td>Cotton</td>
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<td>Guntur</td>
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<td>Nandyal</td>
<td>444.00</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Proddatur</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Adoni</td>
<td>327.14</td>
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<td>Laxmi</td>
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<td>Adilabad</td>
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<td>Bhainsa</td>
<td>419.78</td>
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<td>8.</td>
<td>Mesta(Jute) Spl.Midle I Sort</td>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>182.64</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adimalavalasa</td>
<td>160.74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>174.60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(b) The review on the difference in the annual average prices of the current year when compared with the prices of the above commercial crops obtaining during the past years is given below.

1. Review of Groundnut Pods Prices: During the year 1973-74 the annual average price was Rs. 236.97 at Amadalavalasa and Rs. 273.95 at Anantapur being minimum and respectively. During the year 1974-75 the price was almost steady at Rs. 224.06 at Warangal and Rs. 274.28 at Anantapur. During the year 1975-76 the price decreased to Rs. 171.65 at Amadalavalasa and to Rs. 206.81 at Anantapur. During the year 1976-77 the price slightly increased to Rs. 245.19 at Amadalavalasa, and Rs. 245.50 at Proddatur. The price further increased to Rs. 210.61 at Vizayanagaram and Rs. 280.60 at Warangal. During the year 1978-79 the annual average price has fallen to Rs. 190.37 at Amadalavalasa and Rs. 232.33 at Adoni being the minimum and maximum respectively.

However the price in the markets is more than the support price of Rs. 175.00 per quintal fixed by Government of India during the year 1978-79.

2. Review of Chillies (Dry) Barek Prices:

During 1973-74 the annual average price was at Rs. 281.78 at Warangal and Rs. 432.91 at Guntur. During 1974-75 the price increased to Rs. 467.61 at Warangal and Rs. 714.72 at Kurnool. During 1975-76 the prices further increased to Rs. 820.93 at Warangal and 1146.66 at Vizayanawada. However, during the year 1976-77 the price came down to Rs. 513.06 at Warangal and Rs. 685.45 at Kurnool. Increase was noted during the year 1977-78 to Rs. 642.00 at Warangal and Rs. 723.18 at Guntur. Further increase in the annual average price was recorded during the year 1978-79 at Rs. 690.00 at Kurnool and Rs. 798.50 at Guntur being minimum and maximum.

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<th>(1)</th>
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<tr>
<td>II sort</td>
<td>Amadalavalasa</td>
<td>158.27</td>
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<td>Bottom</td>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>166.58</td>
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<tr>
<td>III sort</td>
<td>Amadalavalasa</td>
<td>144.19</td>
<td>Minimum</td>
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<td>Maximum</td>
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9. Tobacco

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>600.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2V</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>500.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Review of Cotton prices. Mungari:

During the year 1974 the annual average price was at Rs.310.05 at Nandyal and Rs. 370.40 at Adoni. During the year 1975 the price decreased to Rs. 234.51 at Nandyal and Rs. 264.40 at Adoni. However during the year 1976 the price increased to Rs. 326.38 at Nandyal and to Rs. 365.03 at Adoni. During the year 1977 further increase was noticed at Rs. 395.70 at Nandyal and Rs. 544.00 at Adoni. During the year 1978 the price again decreased to Rs. 274.50 at Nandyal and at Rs. 327.14 at Adoni. For the month of January 1979 the price is Rs. 298.00 at Adoni and Rs. 315.00 at Nandyal. However, the prices are higher than the support price fixed by the Government of India for the year 1978–79 for short staple cotton at Rs. 310.00 per quintal.

M.C.U. 5:

During the year 1974 the annual average price was Rs. 400.00 at proddatur and Rs. 480.83 at Guntur being the minimum and maximum respectively. During 1975 the price decreased to Rs. 325.62 at Proddatur and Rs. 348.75 at Nandyal. During 1976 the price again increased to Rs. 471.00 at Nandyal and Rs. 516.81 at Guntur. During 1977 further upward trend was noticed at Rs. 504.11 at Nandyal and Rs. 540.00 at Proddatur. However, during 1978 the price has again fallen to Rs. 381.66 at Proddatur and Rs. 464.00 at Nandyal. During the month of January 1979 the price recorded at Guntur is at Rs. 470.00. The price in the markets is however more than the support price fixed by Government of India during 1978–79 at Rs. 380.00 per quintal.

LAXMI:

During the year 1975 the annual average price at Adoni was Rs. 353.15 which decreased to Rs. 244.70 in the year 1975 and then increased to Rs. 300.60 during the year 1976. During the year 1977 the price further increased to Rs. 413.25 but fallen in the year 1978 to Rs. 325.00. During the year 1979 the season has just started. The Government of India have fixed the support price for Laxmi(B) (for superior Medium staple) at Rs. 280.00 per quintal. The cotton Corporation of India will be entering the cotton markets in the State to purchase at support price.

4. Review of Coriander prices:—During 1973-74 the annual average price was at Rs. 241.83 at Hyderabad and Rs. 298.75 at Eluru being minimum and maximum respectively. Subsequently the annual average prices started increasing to Rs. 276.64 at Nizamabad and Rs. 323.13 at Vijayawada during the year 1974-75, to Rs. 306.00 at Nizamabad to Rs. 397.45 at Vijayawada during 1975-76 to Rs. 587.72 at Nizamabad to Rs. 656.94 at Vijayawada during the year 1976-77 being the minimum and maximum annual average prices.
During 1977-78 the prices slightly decreased to Rs 522.08 at Ongole and Rs 611.81 at Vijayawada being the minimum and maximum respectively, when compared to the prices of 1976-77.

During the year 1978-79, the annual average price decreased to Rs. 240.00 at Ongole and Rs 280.00 at Eluru, due to good production in the State and lack of demand from traditional markets of Maharashtra, Kerala, Tamil Nadu etc.

5 Review of Jute (Mesta) Prices:

Special Middle (I sort): During the year 1974-75 the annual average price was at Rs 130.64 at Vijayanagaram whereas it was Rs 120.14 at Amadalavalasa market. During the year 1975-76 the annual average price improved to Rs 143.48 at Vijayanagaram and Rs 126.38 at Amadalavalasa market. During the year 1976-77 further increase was noticed at Rs 164.74 at Vijayanagaram and Rs 143.08 at Amadalavalasa. During the year 1977-78 the prices were almost steady at Rs 164.81 at Vijayanagaram and Rs 144.95 at Amadalavalasa.

During 1978-79 (upto January) the annual average price further improved to Rs 182.64 at Vijayanagaram and Rs 163.74 at Amadalavalasa.

Middle (II sort): During the year 1974-75 the annual average price was ranging from Rs 111.96 at Amadalavalasa to Rs 121.74 at Vijayanagaram. The annual average prices gradually increased during 1975-76, 1976-77, 1977-78 and during the year 1978-79 the prices touched to Rs 174.60 at Vijayanagaram, and Rs 158.27 at Amadalavalasa.

Bottom (III sort): During the year 1974-75 the annual average price ranged from Rs 102.43 at Amadalavalasa to Rs 114.38 at Vijayanagaram. From 1975-76 onwards the annual average price increased and the year 1978-79 recorded Rs 166.58 at Vijayanagaram and Rs 144.19 at Amadalavalasa as in the case of Special Middle (I sort) and Middle (II sort).

6. Review of Turmeric (Finger Prices):

During the year 1973-74 the annual average price was Rs 359.25 at Cuddapah and Rs 397.91 at Duggirala being the Minimum and Maximum respectively. During the year 1974-75 the annual average price decreased to Rs 299.85 at Cuddapah to Rs 321.58 at Duggirala. The price further decreased to Rs 210.93 at Cuddapah and to Rs 247.33 at Duggirala during the year 1973-76. During the year 1976-77 the price slightly increased to Rs 290.31 at Nizamabad and to Rs 354.08 at Duggirala. During the year 1977-78, the price further increased to Rs 560.30 at Cuddapah and to Rs 603.85 at Duggirala. During the year 1978-79 highest price was recorded at Rs 592.33 at Nizamabad and Rs 653.47 at Cuddapah being the minimum and maximum annual average prices.

The prices of this commodity depend more on export demand both within the country and foreign countries.

7. Review of Jaggery II sort prices:

During the year 1973-74 the Annual average price at Chittoor was Rs. 126.66 and Rs. 177.91 at a Hindupur being the minimum and
maximum respectively. Both the minimum and maximum prices were
steady at Rs. 127.42 at Nizamabad at Rs. 179.58 at Hindupur during
the year 1974-75. During the year 1975-76 upward trend was noticed
at Rs. 156.18 at Nizamabad and Rs 221.66 at Hindupur being
minimum and maximum respectively. The same trend was noticed
in both the minimum and maximum at Rs 153.09 at Nizamabad and
Rs. 210.16 at Hindupur during the year 1976-77. During the year
1977-78 the downward trend was started recording minimum price at
Rs. 105.13 at Nizamabad and maximum at Rs. 161.25 at Hindupur.
During the year 1978-79 the price recorded further fall at minimum
of Rs 59.13 at Nizamabad and maximum of only at Rs. 146.50 at
Hindupur due to lack of demand from neighbouring states like
Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh etc.,

8. Review of Caster seed prices

The annual average price during 1973-74 was at Rs. 230.00 at
Badepally and Rs. 260.83 at Tadepalle Gudem. During 1974-75 the
price decreased to Rs. 197.39 at Suryapet and Rs. 236.00 at Tadepalle
Gudem. During 1975-76 the annual average price further decreased
to Rs. 153.38 at Badepally to Rs. 163.08 at Gudivada. During the
year 1976-77 the annual average price improved to Rs. 232.37 at Anan-
tapur and the maximum was Rs 248.15 at Tadepalle Gudem. During
the year 1977-78 though the annual average price was Rs. 250.00 at
Anantapur the maximum was recorded at Rs 274.00 at Tadepalle
Gudem. The annual average price during the year 1978-79 (upto Jan-
uary) slightly decreased to Rs. 193.40 at Badepally and Rs. 213.44 at
Gudivada being the minimum and maximum respectively when com-
pared to the annual average prices of 1976-77 and 1977-78.


V. I Grade: During the year 1974 the minimum price was Rs.400-00
and the maximum was 700-00 per quintal at important market of
Guptur. During 1975 the minimum price increased to Rs. 650-00 and
maximum to Rs. 850-00. During the year 1976 the price again decre-
ased to a minimum of Rs. 600-00 and maximum of Rs 800-00. Further
increase was noticed to Rs. 750-00 and Rs 950-00 being minimum and
maximum respectively. Again in the year 1978 the price has fallen to
Rs.600-00 and Rs 800-00 being minimum and maximum respectively.
The season for the year 1979 just started,

V2. Grade: During the year 1974 the minimum price recorded
was, Rs. 230-00 whereas the maximum was at Rs. 580-00 per quintal.
In 1975 there was improvement in both the minimum and maximum
prices at 450-01, and Rs. 600.00. During the year 1976 further upward
trend in minimum and maximum prices recorded at Rs 500-00 and
Rs.700-00. But during the year 1977 though the minimum price was at
Rs. 425-00 the maximum was at Rs. 750-00 compared to the prices
of 1976. During 1978 the minimum price decreased to Rs. 300-00
and the maximum to Rs. 500-00

91--5
(c) Minimum support prices for commercial crops like Cotton, Sugarcane, Mesta etc., are fixed by Government of India for different States based on the recommendations of Agricultural prices Commission. Fixation of minimum support prices is, therefore, not under the purview of the State Government. The State Government will also send their recommendations regarding the support prices to be fixed by Government of India.

They are prepared to face it but they don't have the necessary
question to face it. 30 a.m.

TOTAL QUANTITY OF FOOD GRAINS SUPPLIED
BY GOVT. OF INDIA FOR FOOD FOR WORK
PROGRAMME

S. N. Q. No. 3938-Q: Sri S. Jaipal Reva
Will the Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) the total quantity of food grains received from the Government of India under the Food for work programme;

(b) the nature of works undertaken by the State Government under this scheme;

(c) whether any guide lines have been formulated for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State, and

(d) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State:

1. (i) the total quantity of food grains received from the Government of India under the Food for work programme.

(iii) any guidelines have been formulated for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State, and

(iv) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State.

3. (a) the State Supplies Department has formulated guidelines for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State.

(b) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State:

4. (a) the State Supplies Department has formulated guidelines for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State.

(b) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State.

5. (a) the State Supplies Department has formulated guidelines for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State.

(b) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State.

6. (a) the State Supplies Department has formulated guidelines for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State.

(b) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State.

7. (a) the State Supplies Department has formulated guidelines for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State.

(b) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State.

8. (a) the State Supplies Department has formulated guidelines for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State.

(b) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State.

9. (a) the State Supplies Department has formulated guidelines for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State.

(b) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State.

10. (a) the State Supplies Department has formulated guidelines for allotment of the grain quota towards execution of works in various parts of the State.

(b) the basis on which the grains allotment is made for works in various parts of the State.

Who is responsible for this mischief? Is it F. C. I., State Supplies Department of the Government?
(A small packet was handed over to the Hon'ble Speaker by Sri S. Jaipal Reddy in person)

<table>
<thead>
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<th>1st February</th>
<th>5th February</th>
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</table>

1. There are 200 students in a class. If 50% of them are girls, how many boys are there?

2. A man purchased a car for Rs. 50,000. He sold it for Rs. 60,000. What is the profit percentage?

3. A machine can produce 100 units in 5 hours. How many units can it produce in 10 hours?

4. A rectangle has a length of 10 cm and a width of 5 cm. What is its area?

5. A mixture of 2 liters of water and 3 liters of milk is made. What is the ratio of water to milk?

6. The temperature is 30°C. If it increases 10°C, what is the new temperature?

7. A train covers 100 km in 2 hours. What is its speed?

8. A square has a side of 4 cm. What is its area?

9. A rectangular garden has a length of 8 m and a width of 6 m. If it is divided into two equal parts, what is the area of each part?

10. A cube has a side of 2 m. What is its volume?
(1) 10. Jrw-caril :— Warangal Co-operative Central Bank mara, jeevaa tabaa, sri karala davane nuwaa 20-25 dorradda mara

(2) 10. Oroogada saradara :— Aroogada mara, jeevaa tabaa, sri
karala davane nuwaa. Boyo Gadda Tinnaa mara, saradara
nabari mara, saradara mara, jeevaa mara. Boyo Gadda
Tinnaa bomagadda sri karala davane nuwaa. Maro bomagadda saradara,
anmam sri karala davane nuwaa. 

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Admissions of New Members into Warangal Co-operative Central Bank

2290-M.Q.—Sri B. Sammaiah:— Will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Warangal Co-operative Central Bank has instructed the societies to admit new members;

(b) if so, whether it is also a fact that the loans are not being sanctioned to the new members;

(c) whether it has come to the notice of the Government that the refusal of loans to new members is causing credit difficulties to the farmers in carrying their agricultural operations; and

(d) whether the Government will take necessary steps for paying some amount of loans to the new members (farmers) within the agricultural season?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.
(c) and (d) Credit limits were sanctioned to the extent of Rs. 126.19 lakhs to the new members of which an amount of Rs. 9.85 lakhs only could be disbursed to new members so far on account of paucity of resources.

The District Co-operative Central Bank, Warangal applied to Apex Bank for additional credit limit of Rs. 200.00 lakhs for advancing loans to the new and non-defaulting members. The District Co-operative Central Bank, Warangal has drawn an amount of Rs. 250 lakhs for Kharif lending. But the Apex Bank could not get refinance from Reserve Bank of India to the same extent in view of the default of the Co-operative Central Bank to the extent of Rs. 82.27 lakhs and inadequacy of non-overdue cover. Consequently the own funds of the Apex Bank to the extent of Rs. 125.13 lakhs as on 14-9-1978 in financing the District Co-operative Central Bank, Warangal were locked up and hence the Apex Bank informed the District Co-operative Central Bank, Warangal in their letter Adv 3678, dated 23-9-1978 that it is not possible for them to involve additional funds.

Air-conditioning of the Apex Bank's Branches of A. P Co-operative Bank.

62—

2678 Q—Sri K. B. Siddaiah :—Will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Apex Bank's branches in Andhra Pradesh;

(b) the names of Apex Bank's branches that are air conditioned fully and the amount spent for each branch for air conditioning; and

(c) the names of Apex Bank's branches that are air conditioned partly and the amount spent thereon?

A.—(a) There are 10 branches of Andhra Pradesh State Co-operative Bank of which 9 branches are in two cities and one at Tirupati.

(b) The Banking Hall of Tirupati branch only was air conditioned. The cost of the two air conditioned units and the re-roofing is as under:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Air conditioned units</td>
<td>Rs. 27,676.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Re-roofing</td>
<td>Rs. 6,820.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>34,496.24</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) No other branch was air conditioned either partly or fully.
High Level Sluice to Atticheruvu of Chittedu in Kota Panchayat Samithi.

1433 Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddy:— Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to construct a high level sluice to Atticheruvu of Chittedu in Kota Panchayat Samithi of Nellore district;
(b) if so, when the proposal will materialise;
(c) whether the Minister for Panchayati Raj is in receipt of a representation from Mr. Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddi, M.L A., in 1978 for the construction of the said sluice; and
(d) if so, the action taken in this matter?

A.—(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) Yes, Sir.
(d) Atticheruvu and Pothucheruvu are combined tanks with joint ayacut of 140 acres for these tanks. The water first enters into Atticheruvu and from there to Pothucheru through an existing sluice and from Pothucheruvu the water is being regulated to the ayacut under it. Hence providing any more sluice to Atticheruvu tank does not arise.

Enactment of Social Drama in Yelamanchili Panchayat Samithi for Flood Victims

1978 Q. — Sri V. Sanyasi Naidu:— Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the employees of Yelamanchili Panchayat Samithi, Visakhapatnam district had organised a play by name 'Jagannadha Radha Chakralu' on 11-1-1978 for the relief of flood victims in Yelamanchili Panchayat Samithi and collected money by selling tickets;
(b) whether it is also a fact the name of the Block Extension Officer has been mentioned in the pamphlets printed in connection with the said programme as sponsor;
(c) whether it is also a fact that they have neither intimated the Government about the particulars of the amount so collected nor utilised the same properly and
(d) if so, the particulars thereof?

A.—(a) and (b) First a pamphlet was issued announcing an enactment of a social drama 'Jagannadha Radha Chakralu' on 11-1-1978 at 6.30 p.m. in Sri Veerunaidu Picture Palace under the auspices of Sri Umamaheswari Employees Cultural Union, Yelamanchili Panchayat Samithi employees in aid of flood victims and the Block Development Officer, Panchayati Samithi, Yelamanchili was

Written Answers to Questions

hown as Patron. As the Block Development Officer, protested to this, the said drama was enacted under the auspices of ‘Yuvajana Natya Mandah’ a local cultural organisation which is a registered one, by selling tickets.

(c) As the drama organised by a Private Cultural Organisation, there is no need for the organisers to intimate the Government about the particulars of sale proceeds.

(d) Total amount collected: Rs. 3,185
   Expenditure incurred: Rs. 1,100
   Balance: 2,015

The above balance was remitted to the Chief Minister’s Cyclone Relief fund on 21-8-1978 in the State Bank of India, Yelamanchili in receipt No TTAL 609457, dated 21-8-1978 by the Organisers. However, the Collector has been asked to consider the possibility of initiating any action against the Organiser Sri Ch. Bhaskara Rao for delay in remittance

Lease Out of The Weekly Market To Narayanavalasa Panchayat Samithi

65—

2491 Q.—Sri K.A.N. Bhuktha:—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have received any memoranda or petitions with a request to auction the collection of fees at the weekly market at Narayanavalasa in Kotabommali Samithi, Srikakulam district,

(b) whether it is a fact that the Collector has issued orders to lease the weekly market to the local Panchayat, Narayanavalasa for Rs. 45,000 without considering the offer for a higher bid of Rs. 60,000 and above:

(c) whether it is also a fact that the Narayanavalasa Panchayat is in arrears to the Samithi and is not paying the instalments regularly during the last 3 years thereby becoming default to the Samithi; and

(d) when a higher offer is coming for the collection of fee the reasons for leasing out the market to the local Panchayat for less amount?

A.—(a) A petition, dated 18th March, 1978 from Sri G. L. Naidu of Tamarapalli village (Narasannapeta taluk) and a petition, dated 20th March, 1978 from some residents of Narayanavalasa village were received after the Collector had passed orders on 14th March 1978 to lease out the market to Narayanavalasa Gram Panchayat.
(b) As the Collector, Srikakulam had already approved the proposal of the Panchayat Samithi to lease out the market in favour of the Gram Panchayat for Rs. 45,000 the offer of Sri G. L. Naidu for higher bid of Rs. 53,000 could not be considered.

(c) It is not a fact that Narayanavalasa Gram Panchayat is in arrears of payment of amount to the Panchayat Samithi Kotabommali, According to the Rules in force, 65% of the net income on the weekly market will have to be credited to the Gram Panchayat. During the past years i.e., prior to 1973-74 the share of 65% of net income payable by the Samithi to the Gram Panchayat was not paid in full and as such the backlog amount due to the Gram Panchayat was being off set against the amount payable by the Panchayat Samithi after 1973-74. The Panchayat Samithi itself had to pay Rs. 8092-05 to the Gram Panchayat Narayanavalasa by the end of 1977-78.

(d) As detailed above the higher offer was received on 18th March, 1978 from Sri G.L. Naidu of Tammarapalli village by which time the question of leasing out the market to the Narayanaavalasa Gram Panchayat was decided by the Collector on 14th March, 1978.

Implementation of Protected Water Supply Scheme In Certain Villages In Nellore District

66—

2505 Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddi.—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased state:

(a) the number and names of villages in Venkatagiri, Rapur, Gudur, Kota and Sullurpet Panchayat Samithis of Nellore district where the people are drinking pond water.

(b) whether there are any proposal to implement protected water supply schemes in the said villages;

(c) the estimated cost of each scheme; and

(d) when will they be implemented?

A.—(a) The number of villages in Venkatagiri, Rapur, Gudur, Kota and Sullurpet Panchayat Samithis of Nellore district where the people are drinking pond water is as follows:

1. Venkatagiri Panchayat Samithi—Nil.
2. Rapur Panchayat Samithi—Nil.
5. Sullurpet panchayat Samithi—15 villages.

The names of villages in the above said Panchayat Samithis are shown below:
Gudur Panchayat Samithi:

1. Acherlaparlpalli.
2. Ozili.
3. Pathatongapalem.
5. Ayyavaripalem.
7. Nedecherlo:
8. Mayalapur
10. Molakalapudi
11. Chellamur.
15. Kokkupalem.
17. Jallapadupalem.
18. Petrantrallamitta.
19. Ranganadhapuram
22. Yellore.
23. Veligajulapalli.
25. Thambugaripalem
27. Beradavada.
29. Karumanchivarikandrika.
30. Vennamalavi village.
31. Perekalpatiakandrika.
32. Addepudi.
33. Puderu.
Kota Panchayat Samithi:
1. Gaddalamuttah, h/o Yernagtipalli.
2. Viswanadhapuram Agaraharam h/o Kothapalem.
3. Pallamparhi.
4. Reddipalem.
5. Nidigurthu h/o Pudirayadoruvu.
7. Vallamadu h/o Pudirayadoruvu.

Sullurpet Panchayat Samithi:
1. Chenegunata h/o Andagundala.
2. Graddagunta.
4. Mathakamudi.
5. Rekollu.
8. Koradi.
10. Damaraya.
11. Akkarapaka.
15. K. C. N. Gunta.

(b) No Sir. There are no proposal except one relating to Viswanadhapuram Agaraharam hamlet of Kothapalem of Kota Panchayat Samithi.

(c) and (d): The Protected Water Supply Scheme to Viswanadapuram Agaraharam, hamlet of Kothapalem of Kota Panchayat Samithi has been included under Central Assistance Programme for 1978-79 at an estimated cost of Rs. 60,000. The date of its completion will be determined after it is sanctioned.

Repairs to the Bore Wells in the State

2704 Q.—Sarvesari K. B. Siddiah and V. Sobhanadrewara Rao. Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased state.
(a) the number of the bore wells drilled during the last five years that were subject to repairs;

(b) the number of them now in working condition; and

(c) whether the Government are having any alternative proposal to solve the drinking water problem in the rural areas due to frequent failure of bore wells?

A.—(a) The department has taken up the responsibility for maintenance of hand pumps with effect from 1-10-1976 under UNICEF assistance. Prior to that, the concerned Gram Panchayats were only responsible for the maintenance and proper functioning of hand pumps. The position as on 1-10-1976 is as follows:

Number of bores fixed with hand pumps—25,924.
Number of hand pumps in working condition—8,681 (54%)
Number of hand pumps out of order—7,303 (46%)

The number of times they were subjected to repairs from 1-10-76 to 31-7-78 are 61,453.

(b) The position as on 31-8-78 is as follows—

Number of bore wells fixed with hand pumps 21,564
Number of hand pumps in working condition 17,927 (83%)
Number of hand pumps out of order 3,634 (17%)

(c) There are about 13,000 double guide hand pumps in the State which are fixed prior to 1976. They are giving frequent troubles and require continuous maintenance. As such, it was proposed to convert 10,000 hand pumps (double guide) with Sholapur and India Mark-II, conversion heads for effective maintenance under UNICEF assistance. So far the UNICEF has supplied 3,200 conversion heads (1,000 Sholapur heads and 2,200 India Mark-II conversion heads) and 200 complete pumps. When all the conversion heads are supplied by the UNICEF and all the double guide pumps are replaced by India Mark-II conversion heads there will be improvement in maintenance of hand pumps as these pump sets are strong and better. Efforts are being made to complete this work as early as possible.

DRINKING WATER SCARCITY IN CERTAIN PLACES OF NELLORE DISTRICT.

2762 Q — Sri Nallapareddi Sreentivasul Reddi:—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that there is acute scarcity of drinking water in the following places of Venkatagiri and Gaduk taluks in Nellore district;
(1) Girijan Colony of Althurpadu, (2) Chakracharyuluvari Kandriga (Perimudi Panchayat), (3) Dandavolu Girijanawada, (4) Nadimpalli Girijanawada, (5) Vaddigunta Kandriga (Mcnakur Panchayat), (6) Buradamadugu (Kallipedu Panchayat), (7) Maddahkan-driga, (8) Raghavapuram Girijanawada and (9) Ojili Girijanawada:

(b) the steps taken to provide drinking water in the above places; and

(c) when sufficient drinking water will be provided in the said places?

A.—(a), (b) and (c) The position is indicated below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Place</th>
<th>Whether there is Scarcity</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Girijana colony of Althurpadu</td>
<td>Yes Sir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Chakracharyuluvari Kandriga</td>
<td>Yes Sir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Dandavolu Girijanawada</td>
<td>No Sir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Nadimpalli Girijanawada</td>
<td>No Sir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Vaddigunta Kandriga</td>
<td>No Sir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Buradamadugu</td>
<td>No such village in Vallipadi Panchayat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Maddahkan Kandriga</td>
<td>No Sir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Raghavapuram Girijanawada</td>
<td>No Sir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Ojili Girijanawada</td>
<td>No Sir</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The further details about the above places are as follows:

(1) A new well is under execution and will be completed soon.
(2) The proposal for sanction of well is under examination. The well work will be taken up soon after the work is sanctioned.
(3) There is already one bore well existing and it is in working condition.

(4) The Girijanawada is a part of main village and there are three brauts. The population is about 30. At present they are getting water from village within a distance of one furlong where there is plenty of water.

(5) The population of Vaddigunta Kandriga is 391. There is one well existing and the water in the well is saltish. There is possibility for drinking water at a distance of one furlong. Proposal for a drinking water well is under consideration.
(7) The present population of Maddalikandiga is about 300. As there is no possibility to tap drinking water in the village, the villagers have to get water from private irrigation wells at a distance of 3 furlongs.

(8) The population of Raghavapuram Kund area Girjanawada is about 200. There is one well existing with 40 feet depth in the village and the water in the well is Jawalu. So there is no possibility to have potable water in the village proper. At present they are getting water from a private irrigation well within a distance of four furlongs.

(9) The population of Ojili Girjanawada is about 40. There is a bore well in the Girjanawada and it is in working condition and it can supply water for the entire Girjanawada.

PROTECTED WATER SUPPLY SCHEME TO MACHABOLARAM OP HYDERABAD

69—

2970 Q—Sri B. Machindar Rao — Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) Whether there is any proposal for providing protected water supply scheme to Machabolaram, Hyderabad district.

(b) The amount sanctioned for the scheme.

(c) Whether the Gram Panchayat has deposited any money and

(d) the progress of the work made in this regard?

A—(a) In G.O. Ms. No. 234, Panchayati Raj, dated 4-3-1976 a Protected Water Supply Scheme with L.I.C. loan assistance was sanctioned to Machabolaram village.

(b) The estimated cost of the scheme is Rs. 2.74 lakhs and the grant released by Government for the scheme is Rs. 1.0275 lakhs.

(c) The Gram Panchayat paid Rs. 79,900 besides utilising Rs. 1.085 lakhs of L.I.C. loan towards its contribution.

(d) Source pumping main, pump house are completed Distribution system to the extent of the estimate provision is complete and water is being supplied to public at one point through direct pumping main. The OHSR is completed up to 1st trace level and the entire scheme is targeted to be completed by the end of December 1978.

LOANS FOR THE COMPLETION OF PROTECTED WATER SUPPLY SCHEME IN NAMBUR GRAM PANCHAYAT

70—

3235 Q — Sarvasri M Omkar and K. Satyanarayana. Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the Nambur Gram Panchayat in Guntur district has requested the Government in 1978 to grant loan in lieu of donation (contribution) to be paid by the Gram Panchayat of Nambur for completion of Protected Water Supply Scheme in their village,

(b) whether it is a fact that due to the disastrous cyclone in 1977, the Nambur Gram Panchayat is incapacitated to pay the contribution towards the said Protected Water Supply Scheme, and

(c) if so, the action taken there on?

70---

A—(a) Yer, Sh-

(b) The scheme was sanctioned at a cost of Rs 10 22 lakhs as early as in March, 1976 under L I C assistance programme on payment of 75% of cost as contribution. The Gram Panchayat will be availing Rs 5 11 lakhs as L.I.C. loan to be paid by it to the L I C in 25 annual installments. The Panchayat ought to have paid the balance amount of Rs 2,55,190 on account of contribution, immediately after sanction and before commencement by execution of the scheme. The cyclone havoc was in November, 1977.

(c) There is no provision in the scheme of things for Government to sanction loans to Gram Panchayats towards public contributions due from them for Protected Water Supply Schemes. The Collector, Guntur has been requested to see that the balance contribution due is collected from the Nambur Gram Panchayat and his final report is awaited.

Repairs to the Tank at Gooty of Anantapur District.

71---

1046 Q—Sir K Venkata Ramaiah —Will the Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the tank at Gooty (Anantapur) is in dilapidated condition

(b) if so, the steps taken by the Government for repairing the same.

(c) whether the Government are aware of the fact that there is every possibility of a breach in the above tank resulting in loss of several villages and hundreds of acres land, and

(d) if so, whether Government will take necessary steps to repair the said tank immediately?

A—(a) Gooty tank is a very old tank and it is more than the required Public Works Department standards. The whole length of the
Witten Answers to Questions


bund is revetted with rough stone on both front and rear sides. The tank bund is in fairly good condition. On the rear side of the tank bund some gullies are formed and the revetment has slipped down.

(b) A regular maintenance estimate is prepared as per cycle and the work will be carried out during this year.

(c) As it stands at present (December, 1978), there is no possibility of a breach as apprehended, since the standards of the tank are more than the prescribed Public Works Department standards.

(d) In view of answer to question (c) above, this does not arise.

Breaches to Devula Tank at Pandiuru of Gudur Taluk.

72—

1829 Q—Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasulu Reddi:—Will the Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state

(a) whether Devula tank of Pandiuru in Gudur taluk of Nellore district has been breached in 1976.

(b) whether the breaches have been closed;

(c) if not the reasons for the abnormal delay;

(d) whether there is any proposal to construct surplus wiers in the places where the tank has breached

(e) whether there is any proposal to construct one more sluice to the said tank to irrigate the lands of Seetharampuram.

(f) whether the Minister for Minor Irrigation and the Collector, Nellore are in receipt of representation from Mr. Nallapareddi Sreenivasulu Reddi, M.L.A., in 1978 regarding the above needs; and

(g) if so, the action taken in this matter?

A— (a) No, Sir. The tank bund was not breached. Only the supply channel to feed the Devula tank was breached in 1976.

(b) The breaches occurred in 1976 have been closed. But the supply channel has again breached in 1977 floods.

(c) The breaches occurred in 1976 were closed. For the breaches occurred in 1977 tenders have been called for and the agency is being settled. The work will be taken up shortly.

(d) Yes, Sir. There is a proposal to construct outlet on the supply channel for surplussing into Mamidikalva.

(e) Construction of an anicut across Uppuvagu to divert supplies to Devula tank of Pandiur is under execution. The proposal of additional sluice to irrigate the lands of Seetharampuram will be
considered after observing the operation of the above system for 2 or 3 seasons

(f) Yes Sir.

(g) The representation has been referred to Chief Engineer (Minor Irrigation) for his detailed report.

Excavation of a Supply Channel from Momudikalva to feed Kurugonda Tank

75—

2511 Q.—Srâ Nallapareddy Srinivssul Reddi:—Will the Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state.

(a) whether there is any proposal to excavate a supply channel from Momudikalva to feed Kurugonda tank in Gudur taluq of Nellore district;
(b) the estimated cost of the scheme;
(c) whether the Minister for Irrigation has received a representation from Mr. Nallapareddy Srinivasul Reddy, M.L.A., in 1978 regarding the excavation of the said channel,
(d) if so, the action taken in this regard, and
(e) when will the said channel be excavated?

A.—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) and (e) Report from the Chief Engineer (Minor Irrigation) is awaited.

Construction of an Anicut across Tekulavagu near Tugoram village

74—

3228 Q.—Srâ M. Omkar, and Smt M. Swarajyam:—Will the Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government received a representation from Srâ M. Omkar, M.L.A., in the month of September, 1978 regarding the construction of an anicut across Tekulavagu near Tugaram village of Kathagudem taluk, Khammam district which is expected to irrigate about 1,200 acres; and

(b) if so, the action taken there-of?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The scheme is under investigation.
Construction Of Minor Irrigation Tank At Adegaon Village Of Adilabad District

75—

3379 Q.—Sri T Amor Singh.—Will the Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state

(a) whether there are any proposals to construct a minor irrigation tank at Adegaon village, Boath taluk, Adilabad district; and

(b) if so, the stage at which it stands now?

A.—(a) There was proposal to construct a reservoir across Adegaon stream, Adegaon Khurd (village) Boath Taluk.

(b) The scheme was sanctioned administratively by Government in 1976 for Rs. 17 252 lakhs on works and Rs. 18 426 lakhs including direct and indirect charges under C A P. Subsequently the villagers of Adegaon have expressed their unwillingness for executing the scheme and there was no scope of completing the scheme by the end of V Plan. It has been reported that some irrigation wells and fertile lands would also be submerged if the scheme in question is implemented. Therefore the Collector, Adilabad and the Chief Engineer (Minor Irrigation) have recommended to drop the scheme from the Six Point Formula Programme.

The Government after careful consideration directed to delate the scheme in question viz., proposed Reservoir across Adegaon Stream, Boath taluk of Adilabad district from the Six Point Formula Programme 1974-75.

Assignment Of Lands To The Girijans Of Pathanalapadu Of Nellore District.

76—

1283 Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Sreeramasul Reddy :—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to assign lands to Girijans of Pathanalapadu (Mopur Panchayat) in Venkatagiri taluk of Nellore district in S. No. 1 for the purpose of cultivation;

(b) if so, when will the proposal materialise:

(c) whether the Collector, Nellore has been in receipt of a representation from Sri Nallapareddi Sreeramasul Reddy, M. L. A., in 1978 for provision of house-sites and assignment of cultivable lands to the Girijans of Pathanalapadu, and
(d) if so, the action taken in this matter?
A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Tahsildar, Venkatagiri is taking action to get classification of the land changed to ‘ayan and issue ‘D’ form pattas to the eligible Harijans and Girijans after completion of other formalities.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. The representation of Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasulu Reddi, M L A, was referred to Tahsildar, Venkatagiri for taking necessary action.

Assignment Of Government Waste Land To Landless Poor In Nellore District.

2011 Q.—Sarvasri C V. Sesha Reddy and K. V. Subba Reddy — Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the available Government waste land at the disposal of the Government to be assigned to the landless poor as on 30-6-1978 in Nellore district, and

(b) the time by which Government will complete assignment of the said lands?
A.—(a) and (b) The extent of lands available for assignment in Nellore district as on 30-6-1978 as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assessed Waste Land</th>
<th>Ac. 1,07,364-34</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Poramboke Land</td>
<td>Ac. 48,030-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>Ac. 1,55,394-35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The assignment of the above lands will be completed as early as possible.

Karnam’s Training To Schedule Caste People In Chittoor District.

2286-M Q.—Sri B Arumugam —Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Schedule Caste people to whom Village Karnam’s Training was given in Chittoor district,

(b) the number of them that have passed the training, and

(c) the number of them who have been appointed as Karmas?
A.—(a) Seventy four Schedule Caste people were given Karnam Training in Chittoor district.
(b) All the candidates underwent the training successfully.
(c) Nineteen candidates have been appointed as Karnams.

Demolition Of Houses In Bellampalli,
Adilabad District.

79—
2293-C Q.—Sri D Narasaiah—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state
(a) whether it is fact that the five houses belonging to weaker section namely Mr Ramaswamy and others demolished in Bellampalli, Adilabad on 7th August, 1977 by Sub-Collector, Asifabad.
(b) whether it is also a fact that an amount of Rs. 500 each was paid as exgratia to the victims from out of Chief Minister's Relief Fund as immediate measure;
(c) whether it is also a fact that the Government has promised for compensation in view of loss of property;
(d) if so, whether the compensation was paid or not; and
(e) if not, the reasons for not paying the compensation for reconstruction of houses?
A.—-(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) No, Sir.
(d) Does not arise
(e) Does not arise.

Cattle Loss In Krishna And Guntur
Districts Due To Cyclone.

80—
2338 Q.—Sri K Govinda Rao:—Will the Minister for Animal Husbandry be pleased to state:
(a) whether a scheme has been prepared by the Government to replenish the cattle loss, suffered by Krishna and Guntur Districts due to the November Cyclone and Tidal wave of 1977;
(b) if so, the details of the said scheme, and
(c) the estimated loss of cattle due to the cyclone?
A.—(a) Yes, Sir. For the purpose of replacing the Live-stocks lost by Small Farmers/Marginal
Farmers and Agricultural Labourers in the Cyclone of November 1977 and also for sanction of Agricultural input subsidy to Small Farmers/Marginal Farmers, the area of operation of the Small Farmers Development Agencies was extend to the cyclone affected areas. The Government of India have sanctioned Rs. 2 crores which has been apportioned among the cyclone affected districts, the share of Krishna and Guntur being Rs. 104.25 and Rs. 53.00 lakhs.

(b) The Scheme was prepared for replacement of Live-stock lost by all the categories of cyclone victims But the Government of India has permitted it to be implemented only in favour of Small Farmers/Marginal Farmers and Agricultural Labourers. Even though Government of India were approached to extend the scheme to all the cyclone victims i.e., other than Small Farmers/Marginal Farmers and Agricultural Labourers also it was turned down. The programmes under implementation envisage subsidy of 25 per cent of the cost of live-stock by the Government in the case of small farmers and 33 1/3 subsidy in the case of Marginal Farmers and Agricultural Labourers. The balance amounts will be arranged through the Banks as loan.

In implementing the programme the following guidelines were ordered to be observed,

(i) First priority should be given in the order of Agricultural Labourers/Marginal Farmers and Small Farmers who had live-stock with them before the cyclone and lost the same during the cyclone in the matter of providing live-stock units and then cover other Agricultural Labourers/Marginal Farmers and Small Farmers.

(ii) Milch animals to be distributed should be cross breed cows or graded murrah buffaloes.

(iii) The entire amount should be utilised by the end of June, 1978.

On the request of the project Officer Small Farmer Development Agency and the Director of Animal Husbandary, the Government of India were requested by the State Government to grant extension of time till 31st March, 1979 for utilisation of the amount. The Government of India have permitted to utilise the amount as early as possible.

\[
\begin{array}{ccccccc}
\text{Milch cattle} & \text{Sheep/Goat} & \text{Poultry} & \text{Pigs} & \text{Work animals} \\
\text{Krishna} & 51,000 & 37,200 & 1,79,500 & 4,000 & \\
\text{Guntur} & 6,569 & 20,628 & 1,16,645 & 4,742 & 2,298 \\
& 1,657 (Cows) & & & & 6,119 (ducks) \\
\end{array}
\]
Construction of Balancing reservoir in Adodi taluk

2953 Q.—Sri H. Satyanarayana.—Will the Minister for Major Irrigation be pleased to state

(a) whether any proposals were made for constructing balancing reservoir for the Madhavaram Distributory (in Tungabhadra Low Level Canal) near Jumaldini in Adoni Taluk;

(b) if so, at which stage the proposals are at present;

(c) whether the Government will take steps to expedite the said construction, and

(d) whether the Government will consider the necessity of constructing more number of such reservoirs in the Low Level Canal area so that water reaches the tail end land.

A.—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The estimate submitted by the Superintending Engineer Irrigation Circle, Anantapur is under scrutiny with the Central Designs Organisation, Hyderabad, regarding the design aspects.

(c) After the Central Designs Organisation gives clearance, the estimate would be finalised by the Chief Engineer and submitted to Government for sanction.

(d) Proposals for some more balancing reservoirs on Law Level Canal have been examined and dropped as some sites are situated in the Karnataka State and the reservoirs at other sites are uneconomical.

Strength of students in Visakhapatnam Municipal Limits.

1755 Q.—Sri N.S.N Reddy.—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state

(a) the number of students studying in Elementary Schools, Upper Primary Schools and High Schools in Visakhapatnam Municipal limits,

(b) the number of sections in the said schools at present;

(c) the teacher pupil ratio, according to the present strength;

(d) whether the Government have any proposals to sanction additional teachers during the current year for the Municipal Schools and aided schools and

(e) if so, the category-wise number of additional teachers that are going to be sanctioned?
A.—(a) Primary and Upper Primary Schools 44,408
High Schools 14,616
(b) Primary and Upper Primary Schools 615
High Schools 244
(c) Primary 1.59
Upper Primary 1.80
Municipal High Schools 1.63
Aided 1.59
(d) Yes, Sir.
(e) B. Ed., 18
Secondary Grade 18
Grade-I Telugu Pandits 4
Grade-II Telugu Pandits 1
Grade-I Hindi Pandits 1
Grade-II Hindi Pandits 1

The proposal for the additional posts will be examined for sanction according to availability of funds.

Allegations against the management of T. J. P. S. college, Guntur

1788 Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao:—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether a representation of the staff association of Tellakula Jalayya Polisetty Somasundaram College, Guntur, dated 15-3-1978 had been received by the Government wherein certain allegations have been made against the Management of the Institution including misappropriation, embezzlement etc.,

(b) if so, whether a Committee had been constituted by the Government to enquire into the complaints;

(c) whether the Committee has submitted its report; and

(d) the action taken on the Committee's report?

A.—(a), (b), (c) and (d) The Chairman, T. J. P. S., College, Staff Association has made a representation, dated 1-8-1977 to the Government levelling certain allegations against the management. Sri I.V. Chalapathi Rao, the then Deputy Director of Higher Education, conducted an inquiry and submitted his report. Government in their Memo. No 3100/J2/77-6, dated 16-8-1978 have issued instructions for rectification of all the defects and report.
Family Benefits Scheme To Aided School Teachers

84—

2001 Q.—Sri G Venkateswara Rao—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to include Aided School Teachers also in the Family Welfare Scheme, and
(b) if not, the reasons therefore?

A.—(a) No, Sir

(b) There are legal difficulties involved in the extension of Family Benefit Fund (Welfare) Scheme to the staff working in Private Educational Institutions

Construction of Buildings For Post Graduate Centre At Srikakulam

85—

2133 Q.—Sri Ch. Syamalarao —Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state

(a) whether a site has been selected for the construction of building for Post-Graduate Centre at Srikakulam,
(b) if so, the place where the said site has been selected,
(c) the extent of the said land, and
(d) when the construction of the buildings will be taken up?

A:—(a) No Sir
(b), (c) and (d) Do not arise.

Direct Recruitment of Employees By The Ferro Alloys Corporation Ltd., Garividi.

86 —

2281-D Q.—Sri P Sriramamurty —Will the Minister for Labour and Employment be pleased to state

(a) whether the management of M/s. Ferro Alloys Corporation Ltd., Sreeramanagar (Garividi) in Srikakulam district has been giving employment direct to candidates not sponsored by the District Employment Exchange, and

(b) if so, the action taken against the management?

A.—(a) M/s. Ferro Alloys Corporation Limited, Sreeramanagaram (Garividi) have been notifying the vacancies to the Employment Exchange Srikakulam but not appointing the candidates sponsored by the
Employment Exchange because employees are being absorbed in vacancies occurring in the establishment in terms of the agreement entered into with the workers union.

(b) Since M/s Ferro Alloys Corporation Limited, Sreeramad Nagar (Garivid) have been notifying the vacancies to the Employment Exchange the question of taking action against the management does not arise.

Provident Fund Account Of The Employees Of Sri Rama Sugars and Industries Bobbili.

87—

2775 Q — Sri K. Govinda Rao.—Will the Minister for Labour and Employment be pleased to state

(a) whether the Provident Fund Account of the employees of Sri Rama Sugars and Industries Limited, Bobbili Srikakulam district is made up to date,

(b) whether gratuity to the employees of the above concern is being paid regularly,

(c) whether compulsory deposit collected by the Management of the above company from the employees has been repaid to them; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

A:—(a) The establishment Sri of Rama Sugars and Industries Limited, Bobbili was granted exemption under section 17 (1) of the Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1652 by the Government vide G. O. Ms.No 2342. Home (Labour-II) Department, dated 14th November, 1960. Since the management has defaulted for the months from February, 1977 to September, 1977 in complying with the provision of the notification, the exemption granted to the Company was revoked in G O Ms. No 1010, dated 20th September 1978. The factory has now been taken over by the Government of India.

(b) The old management of Sri Rama Sugars and Industries Limited, Bobbili had closed their factory at Bobbili during the season 1976-77. Subsequently this unit i.e., Sri Rama Sugars and Industries Limited, Bobbili was taken over by the Government of India under Section 18(A) (A) of the Industries (Development and Regulation Act, 1958) and the Nizam Sugar Factory was appointed as Authorised Controller with effect from 4-2-1978. The old management of Bobbili unit has not paid gratuity due to their employees. Two claim application under the Payment of Gratuity Act were received in the Office of the
Assistant Commissioner of Labour Srikakulam who is the Controlling Authority under the said Act. The applications were passed in one case and the other case is pending disposal with the Controlling Authority. This case is being expedited.

(c) and (d) The entire amount of Compulsory Deposit has been refunded except a sum of Rs 1.54 lakhs pertaining to old account of D A. Necessary action under Revenue Recovery Act and Legal proceedings have been initiated by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner against the erst-while management of the factory.

Community Irrigation Wells in Maddalikandriga Village of Nellore District.

88—

1495 Q—Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddi.—Will the Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to dig community irrigation wells and provide pump sets to irrigate the surplus lands (under Land Ceiling Act) assigned to the Girijan of Maddalikandriga in Kota Panchayat Samithi of Nellore district in S No 89, etc.,

(b) if so, when the proposal will materialise,

(c) whether the Collector, Nellore has asked B D O. Kota in Lr. Dis No 934/77, dated 12-9-1977 to send a report regarding the above needs,

(d) whether a report has been sent to the B.D.O. Kota in Lr. Dis No. 934/77, dated 12-9-1977: and

(e) if so, the action taken?

A—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) A representation received from Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasu Reddi, M. L. A. was sent to the Block Development Officer, Kota in L. Dis. No. 934/77, dated 15-9-1977.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) Action is being taken by Block Development Officer for supplying plough bullocks.

Development of Government Hospital at Venkatapuram.

89—

1892 O—Sir M. Yerraiah Reddy;—Will the Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) when the Government hospital at Venkatapuram, Nagur taluk was constructed;
Point of Information
re: Statement by the Revenue Minister about kist collections.

(b) whether there are any proposals before the Government to develop the same, and
(c) if so, when the same will be implemented?
A — (a) Venkatapuram hospital building was constructed in 1931
(b) No, Sir
(c) Does not arise

Bar Room In Munsiff Magistrate Court At Darsi.

90—

1686 Q—Savasri K Balarama Krishna Murthy, M Narayana Rao and G P. P.ittabbi Ramswamy Chowdary.—Will the Minister for Law and Ports be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is fact that there is no bar room and a shed for parties in the Munsiff Magistrate Court at Darsi in Prakasam district;
(b) whether it has been previously brought to the notice of the Government many times; and
(c) whether there is any proposal before the Government to take up the construction of these two buildings at least this year?
A.—Yes, Sir
(b) No, Sir.
(c) No, Sir. For want of funds, it has not been possible to undertake this work

POINT OF INFORMATION
re: (1) Statement by the Minister for Revenue about kist collections.

Sri S Jaipal Reddy.—Yesterday, Mr Speaker, Sir, you were kind enough to inform that you would ask the Revenue Minister to answer the questions which were put to him day before yesterday. You were kind enough to agree that a mistake has been committed in that regard. The chair has read out a statement of the Minister. That apart, we have tabled a privilege motion against the Minister for Revenue in regard to statement he made day before yesterday. On the contradiction between that statement and the contents of the note I supplied to you yesterday, what is that you have done?

Mr. Speaker.—I will consider it later on.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy.—We are not exercised over the mere technicalities. This only shows the contempt of the State Government towards the lot and plight of the farmers,
Mr. Speaker:—The privilege motion was received. It is under consideration.

10–30 a.m.  

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy—In pursuance of his own assurance given day before yesterday he has to make his statement today about the date of which wireless messages were issued, about the contents of the G O, about the copy of the Government memo. He gave assurance to the House and you were good enough to assure us that you will direct the Revenue Minister to do that to-day.

re: Statement by the Revenue Minister about kist collections.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—Point of order.

Mr. Speaker:—What is the rule that is violated to raise the point of order?

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—I am coming to the point. The Hon. Speaker had directed the Minister to make a statement which he intended to make on 12th. The Minister has not made the statement. That is my point of order. He must make the statement first.

Mr. Speaker:—I don't think there is any point of order.

Sri N. Janardhan Reddy:—I only said I will give the date on which the order had gone. I said the date and not the statement.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no statement. It is only clarification about the date.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—The question of the date of wireless message arose on the day in the context of the declaration of the Government contained in the Governor's Address that the kist collection had been extended upto 30-4-79. We contended that the message of the Government should have been delivered to the district collectors before the Governor's Address. Answering us in the affirmative the Minister said the wireless message had been issued to the District Collectors asking them not to resort to coercive measures. This presupposes that the wireless message had been issued before 7-2-79. The Minister now says that they were issued on 12-2-79. It is a clear case of contradiction. I am not going into the merits of the privilege motion. I am only seeking clarification. I reserve my right to speak on the privilege motion to-morrow.

Sri N. Janardhan Reddy:—I will clarify Sir. It is on 24-1-79. If your kind self pleases I am prepared to place this order before the House. The Government has clearly stated. The Government had examined the matter again. The Government now direct the Collectors and they can extend the period of collection at their discretion whenever necessary in consultation with the local Legislators and Members of Parliament upto the end of April 1979. This has been incorporated on 7th. I never told that coercive measures should not be adopted. Later when a legislator represented to me ...
66 15th February, 1979

Point of Information:
re: Statement by the Revenue Minister about kist collections.

The Government have considered the matter in modification of the orders the Government cited. The Government direct the Collectors that they can extend the period of collection whenever necessary in consultation with the local legislators and members of Parliament for a period of two months beyond kist period for the first crop or till the end of April 79 whichever is later.

Sri N. Janardhan Reddy —Refer instruction extending the period of collections for land revenue up to April 79. Government directs that coercive process should not be resorted for collection of land revenue, loans etc., till the end of April 1979. The coercive process if any initiated need not be pursued.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy —He contends that the Governor’s Address contained only a declaration. The kist collection had been extended to 30-4-79. Let me read the relevant portion of the Governor’s Address: ‘Keeping in view the need to collect Government dues without harass to the ryots’, This is the principal part of the entire declaration. So, the memo issued on 24-1-79 should have contained instructions about the harassment that would be inevitably involved in the adoption or coercive measures. That memo does not contain any instructions in regard to the need to avoid harassment. Our question arose in the context of collections. So, it was in that context the Revenue Minister told us that wireless messages had been issued to the district collectors not to resort to coercive measures. Therefore, the wireless messages that he referred to necessarily were relevant to the instructions of the Government issued prior to the Governor’s Address. That is my point.

3.40 a.m.
Point of Information

re: Statement by the Revenue Minister about kist collections


The Ministry of Finance

Statement by the Revenue Minister about kist collections

...

Point of Information
re: Placing of records about D.K.W. College, Nellore

The Deputy Secretary has noted that the intention of the Minister is not to resort to coercive methods. So, let us give wireless. The same deputy Secretary to whom I have given orders orally has recorded on the file. He himself has done it.

re: (ii) Placing of records about D.K.W. College, Nellore.

Sri M. Venkaiah Naidu:—On 15.9.1978, last year during Budget Session, Hon'ble Minister for Education promised to the House that he will place the records of the DKW College Nellore on the Table of the House. This is the second Budget Session now, he has not placed them on the Table of the House. We request the Minister to answer.
PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE


Sri M. Baga Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table copies of
the following notifications with which certain rules have been made
under sections 14, 14-B, 14-C and 217 of the Andhra Pradesh Gram
Panchayats Act, 1964 and which has been published in the Andhra
Pradesh Gazette as required under subsection (5) of Section 217 of the
said Act.

G. O. Ms No. 986, Panchayat Raj
(Elections-) Department,
Dated 30-2-1978.


Sri B. Venkatarama Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a
copy of the G O. Ms. No 626, General Administration (OL-I)
Department dated 23 10 1978 issued under section 5 (1) of the Andhra
Pradesh Official Language Act, 1966 and as laid down in section 8 (2)
of the said Act.

Annual Report of the A.P.S. Seeds Development Corporation Limited
for the year ending 30-6-1977

Sri Y Venkat Rao:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of
the Annual Report of the Andhra Pradesh State Seeds Development
Corporation Limited for the year ending 30-6-1977 together with the
Audit Report and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor Gen­
eral of India thereon, in compliance with the provisions of Section 619
A (S) of the Indian Companies Act, 1956.

Copy of G. O. Rt. No. 23 F and R. D. (For.III) Dt. 6-1-1978.

Sri N.M. Nizam Vali:—Sir I beg to lay on the Table a copy of
the G O Rt No. 23, Forests & Rural Development (For.III) Depart­
ment, dated 6-1-1978 (as subsequently corrected) and published at
page 129 of A. P. Gazette issue No. 5 dt. 2-2-1978 as required under
sub-section 3 of the Section 68 of the Andhra Pradesh Forest Act
1967

Mr. Speaker:—Papers laid.

GOVERNMENT BILLS


Sri M Baga Reddy —Sir, with your permission and on behalf of the Minister for Major Irrigation and Commercial Taxes I move for leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1979

Mr. Speaker —The motion moved. The question is:

"That leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1979 be granted".

The motion was adopted and the Bill was introduced.

Mr. Speaker —I am to announce to the House that Amendments to the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1979 will be received upto 3-00 p.m. on Friday the 16th February, 1979


Sri Aigisam Veerappa —Sir, with your permission and on behalf of the Minister for Excise, I beg to move for leave to withdraw the Andhra Pradesh Excise (Amendment) Bill. 1978.

Mr Speaker —Motion moved The question is:

"That leave to withdraw the Andhra Pradesh Excise (Amendment Bill, 1978 be granted".

The Motion was adopted and the Bill was withdrawn.


Sir S. Jaipal Reddy —Sir, when they have moved it becomes the property of the House. Now they are withdrawing. We want to know the reasons for the withdrawal.

Mr. Speaker —They have got every right to withdraw the Bill at any stage.

Sir S. Jaipal Reddy —We will definitely grant permission but we would like to know the reasons for withdrawal. Is he prepared to tell the reasons?

Sri N. Janardhana Reddy —We are introducing a self-contained Bill.
Mr. Speaker.—Motion moved. The question is:

"That Leave be granted to withdraw the Andhra Pradesh Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1978."

The motion was adopted and the Bill was withdrawn.


Sri N Janardhana Reddy.—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Enhancement) Amendment Bill, 1978 (L. A. Bill No. 29 of 1978) be taken into consideration."

Mr. Speaker.—Motion moved.

My Government has decided to give exemption from payment of land revenue in respect of dry lands upto 5 acres and wet land upto 2 1/2 acres.

in order to give relief to small and marginal farmers. Exemption will be in respect of land revenue component only.

It shall be exempt from the land revenue and the additional land revenue payable in respect of dry lands. The land revenue in respect of 2 1/2 acres of wet land. The dry assessment component of the land revenue and the additional land revenue payable in respect of the wet lands.
Government Bills:


[Text continues here in Telugu, with various sections discussing the bill and its implications.]

91—10
Government Bills:


(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
Government Bills:

The A.P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) Amendment Bill, 1978,


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The A.P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) Amendment Bill, 1978,
Government Bills:


The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) Amendment Bill, 1978, provides for enhancements in the assessment of agricultural land revenue. It includes provisions for the assessment of rent free houses and for the assessment of land revenue on land occupied for agricultural purposes.

The Bill also provides for the assessment of land revenue on land occupied for non-agricultural purposes, where the land is liable to be assessed for land revenue. It also provides for the assessment of land revenue on land occupied for public purposes, where the land is liable to be assessed for land revenue.

The Bill further provides for the assessment of land revenue on land occupied for commercial purposes, where the land is liable to be assessed for land revenue. It also provides for the assessment of land revenue on land occupied for industrial purposes, where the land is liable to be assessed for land revenue.

The Bill also provides for the assessment of land revenue on land occupied for educational purposes, where the land is liable to be assessed for land revenue. It also provides for the assessment of land revenue on land occupied for religious purposes, where the land is liable to be assessed for land revenue.

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Government Bills: 15th February, 1979
The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) Amendment Bill. 1978.

The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) Amendment Bill. 1978.

11-30 a.m.

10 a.m. Mr. V. V. Reddy, Minister for Finance, moved the A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) Amendment Bill, 1978.

Mr. V. V. Reddy explained that the Bill was an amendment to the A. P. Land Revenue Act, 1973, to provide for an enhancement of land revenue. The Bill was necessary because of the need to increase the revenue of the State. The proposed amendment would increase the land revenue by 2,400 per cent. The enhancement would be applied to all land, both revenue and non-revenue, and would be effective from the date of the Bill's enactment.

Mr. Reddy stated that the enhancement would be in the form of a special tax, which would be levied on the landowners. The tax would be calculated on the basis of the gross revenue of the land, and the rate would be fixed by the Government. The tax would be paid in two installments, one on the first day of March and the other on the first day of September.

Mr. Reddy also emphasized that the enhancement would not affect the rights of tenants. The tenants would continue to pay their rent as before, and the enhancement would be added to the tax paid by the landowners. The Bill was introduced in response to the demands of the landowners, who had been pressing for an increase in the land revenue for some time.

The Bill was passed with a three to one majority.
With a view to granting relief to small farmers, the Government have decided to grant exemption from payment of land revenue, in respect of persons holding dry land up to five acres and wet land up to two and half acres.

"the dry assessment component of the land revenue and the additional land revenue payable in respect of the wet lands".

...
11.40 a.m. Mr Minister: Why this niggardly approach to the problem? Additional land revenue shall be exempted from 'payment' after the word 'from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aSstell. You add "payment" after the word "from at the end. "Payment" eg. aStell
Mr. Deputy Speaker: — As far as possible, let us avoid duplication of Speeches.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: — At the same time you can move the Amendments also.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: — He has no objection.

In the objects and Reasons, it is mentioned as follows:

"With a view to granting relief to small farmers, the Government have decided to grant exemption from payment of land revenue, in respect of persons holding dry land upto 5 acres and wet land upto two and half acres. In the case of wet land, the exemption will be only in respect of the land revenue component of the consolidated wet assessment." I am unable to understand about this in Telangana area....

Mr. Deputy Speaker—Why do you go unparliamentary way?

Mr. Deputy Speaker—I request all the Members not to use unparliamentary and indecent words.

Mr. Deputy Speaker—Let us avoid unparliamentary and indecent words.

Mr. Deputy Speaker—Let us avoid such words.

11-50 a.m.
84 15th February, 1979. Government BiH:

... an aggregate amount not exceeding rupees ten towards the land revenue, and the additional land revenue, shall be exempt from the land revenue and the additional land revenue payable in respect of dry lands held by him.

(1) In the case of a person holding land aggregating not less than two and not more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

(2) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

(3) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

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(6) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

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(8) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

(9) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

(10) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

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(12) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

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(26) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

(27) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

(28) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

(29) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

(30) In the case of a person holding land aggregating more than five acres, the additional land revenue payable shall be exempt from the land revenue payable in respect of the said land.

12:00 Noon

The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement)

Government Bills :
Government Bills:

The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement)


Government Bills:
Goverment Bills:  
The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement)  
Government Bills:


இலங்கை விசாகத்தில் பத்தொன்பதாம் சனவரி, சிறைறுப்பாளர் பல்வேறு, இலங்கை விசாகத் தொடர்வலியமாக. மண்டல விசாகத்தில் பத்தொன்பதாம் சனவரி, சிறைறுப்பாளர் பல்வேறு, இலங்கை விசாகத் தொடர்வலியமாக.
Government Bills:


The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) (Amendment) Bill, 1978,


12-30 p.m.

[Text continues with the discussion of the bill, but the content is not legible due to the quality of the image.]
Government Bills.

The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) (Amendment) Bill, 1978,


లేదా వీలుదేశం, మాటపాటి వేదిక ప్రశ్నలు రెండు నియంత్రిత వీలు సంఘా నుండి తెలియగా ఉంది. దీని విషయం మీద నిలివేస్తుంది. అనేక విషయాలు సమీప విభాగాలకు కార్యం చేస్తూ, వీలు సంఘా నుండి తెలియవచ్చు.

తెలియిన విషయాలను పిన్చే ఎందుకు, మాదిరి వేదిక ప్రశ్నలు రెండు నియంత్రిత వీలు సంఘా నుండి తెలియవచ్చు. దీని విషయం మీద నిలివేస్తుంది. అనేక విషయాలు సమీప విభాగాలకు కార్యం చేస్తూ, వీలు సంఘా నుండి తెలియవచ్చు.

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మరో విషయం మీద నిలివేస్తుంది. అనేక విషయాలు సమీప విభాగాలకు కార్యం చేస్తూ, వీలు సంఘా నుండి తెలియవచ్చు.
Government Bills

15th February, 1979


12:40 p.m.
Government Bills:


The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) (Amendment) Bill, 1978,

Department of Agricultural Economics stated that the real income of farmers had declined over the year.
The administered price of wheat in India was always higher than that of rice, while the opposite was the case in the International market.

The administered price of wheat in India was always higher than that of rice, while the opposite was the case in the International market.
12.50 p.m.  

2. The A.P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) (Amendment) Bill, 1978,

The A. P. Land Revenue (Enhancement) (Amendment) Bill, 1978,
Government Bills:

The 21/2 1979 9?
February, 15th

I hope that wisdom will prevail. I beg on behalf of myself and on behalf of Congress (I) to postpone it.

(§ 3. My colleague:—Sir, Hon. (Mr.) members. I consider it to be a
house who take up a point of view in that form. The (Mr.) have a way of
this moment. My colleague (Mr.) have a way of


15th February, 1979. 97

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15th February, 1979. 97

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15th February, 1979. 97

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15th February, 1979. 97

I hope that wisdom will prevail. I beg on behalf of myself and on behalf of Congress (I) to postpone it.
Sri Ch. Parashurama Naidu:—There is a Constitutional difficulty in this Bill as proposed on a matter of principle in the very Bill itself that one acre of wet is equal to two acres of dry. So, 2 1/2 acres of wet man is equal to 5 acres of dry man. For five acres of dry man, we are reducing the entire rent. While for this 2 1/2 acres of wet man, who is placed on equal footing in the Bill itself on a legal position, he is having the benefit of only 20% reduction. So, it is discrimination which is prohibited by the Constitution between two citizens.
Government Bills:
100 15th February, 1979.


Government Bills:

1-10 p.m.

This proposed bill is not an improvement over the old Act. That is my contention, Sir, as the dry assessment component plus additional assessment results in a higher tax. This increased tax burden is significant and is not justified.

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This proposed bill is not an improvement over the old Act. That is my contention, Sir, as the dry assessment component plus additional assessment results in a higher tax. This increased tax burden is significant and is not justified.
102 15th February, 1979. Government Bills:


102 15th February, 1979. Government Bills:

Government Bills:


15th February, 1979. 103

వాదన మొట్టంగా పెంచడానికి పాటు || 50 రోమాం, 25 రాం మంచి
|| తాత్కాలికంగా పెంచాలి. అయితే వాధారందేశాలు సాగించాలి,
|| ఐదు కింద ప్రస్తుత సమయానికి పాటు జాతు పాటు అండించాలి. అయితే
|| బిరుదితృతులు పెంచాలి. ఈ పాటు సాగించాలి. ఉత్తరం ప్రత్యేకం నించాలి.

10 రాంలో 30 రోం, 25 రాంలో 30 రోం, 35 రాంలో 40 రోంలు పెంచాలి. ఈ ప్రస్తుత సమయానికి పాటు జాతు పాటు అండించాలి. ఉత్తరం ప్రత్యేకం
|| నించాలి. ప్రస్తుత సమయానికి పాటు జాతు పాటు అండించాలి. ఉత్తరం
|| ప్రత్యేకం నించాలి.

10 రాంలో 40 రోం, 25 రాంలో 50 రోం, 35 రాంలో 60 రోం పెంచాలి. ఈ
|| ప్రస్తుత సమయానికి పాటు జాతు పాటు అండించాలి. ఉత్తరం ప్రత్యేకం
|| నించాలి.

50 రాంలో 80 రోం, 60 రాంలో 90 రోం, 80 రాంలో 100 రోం పెంచాలి. ఈ
|| ప్రస్తుత సమయానికి పాటు జాతు పాటు అండించాలి. ఉత్తరం ప్రత్యేకం
|| నించాలి.

10 రాంలో 50 రోం, 25 రాంలో 75 రోం, 35 రాంలో 100 రోం పెంచాలి. ఈ
|| ప్రస్తుత సమయానికి పాటు జాతు పాటు అండించాలి. ఉత్తరం ప్రత్యేకం
|| నించాలి.

Government Bill:

1-30 p.m. Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Now the House stands adjourned to meet again at 8-30 a.m. tomorrow.

(The House then adjourned to meet again at 8-30 a.m. on Friday the 16th February, 1979).