<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONTENTS</th>
<th>PAGES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Answers to Questions.</td>
<td>437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short Notice Questions and Answers.</td>
<td>474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Written Answers to Questions</td>
<td>480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letters Under Rule 329 re</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Accident on 26-3-1977 in Sankarapalli, Kurnool District</td>
<td>491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revision of property tax by Visakhapatnam Municipality</td>
<td>492</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irrigation and Road works taken up in Koilkunta, Kurnool District, in 1976-77</td>
<td>493</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer of Lecturers from one zone to another zone in Andhra Pradesh</td>
<td>494</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Injustice done to Ground nut cultivators</td>
<td>495</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Need for granting full remission of Revenue and commercial taxes in Pithapuram Taluk</td>
<td>496</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministers laid on the Table</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) G O Ms. No 364, Revenue, dated 25-3-1976</td>
<td>498</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G O Ms. No 390, Revenue, dated 2-4-1976</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) G O Ms. No 1117, Revenue dated 14-10-1976</td>
<td>498</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Saturday, the 2nd April, 1977

The House met at Half-past-Eight of the Clock.
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Opening of Janatha Cinema Houses in Twin Cities

136—

*8942 Q—Smt. J. Eshwari Bai:—Will the Minister for Finance be pleased to state:
whether there is any proposal before the Government to open Janatha Cinema Houses in the Twin Cities in particular and in the district of the State in general?

The Minister for Finance (Sri P. Ranga Reddy):—No Sir.

* An asterisk before the name indicates conformation by the member.
[437]
438 2nd April, 1977.

Oral Answers to Questions

In the House of Commons, 1885, 2nd April, 1977.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now adjourn for the week.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now resume.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now rise for the day.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now rise for the week.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now rise for the month.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now rise for the year.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now rise for the century.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now rise for the millennium.
Loans for the Construction of Cinema Studios & Theatres etc. by A.P. Film Development Corporation

8744 Q - Sarvasri Nallapareddi Sreenivasulu Reddy and M. Nagi

Reddy:—-Will the Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

whether the Andhra Pradesh Film Development Corporation has given loans for the construction of Cinema Studios, Cinema theatres, colour laboratories, recording theatres etc.?

Sri P. Ranga Reddy;—(a) The Andhra Pradesh State Film Development Corporation has given loans for the construction of Cinema Studios, Cinema halls only, No application has been received for loan for construction of colour laboratory or recording theatres.
2nd April, 1977.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(1) ನಂಬಣೆ (ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು) — ಸರಕಾರಿ ರತ್ನ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಾಂಗಣದ ಪತ್ರಗಳ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಲು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಬರುತ್ತದೆ.

(2) ನಂಬಣೆ — ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

(3) ನಂಬಣೆ — ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಂಬಣೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

(4) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು — ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

(5) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು — ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.
Oral Answers to Questions.

2nd April, 1977.

1. Hon. Member: — I wish to know the position in regard to the development of the interior parts of the country. Whether the Government is planning to develop these areas?

(For the Minister.)

2. Hon. Member: — Is the aid from the United Nations to be given for economic aid instead of military aid?

3. Hon. Member: — How many number of primary institutions have been established in the State?

4. Hon. Member: — What is the number of schools in the State?

5. Hon. Member: — What is the number of agricultural institutions in the State?

6. Hon. Member: — Whether any efforts have been made to develop the interior parts of the country?

7. Hon. Member: — Whether any new road has been constructed in the interior parts of the country?

8. Hon. Member: — Whether any new railway line has been planned for the interior parts of the country?

9. Hon. Member: — Whether any new power project has been planned for the interior parts of the country?

10. Hon. Member: — Whether any new industrial project has been planned for the interior parts of the country?

11. Hon. Member: — Whether any new educational project has been planned for the interior parts of the country?

12. Hon. Member: — Whether any new medical project has been planned for the interior parts of the country?

13. Hon. Member: — Whether any new housing project has been planned for the interior parts of the country?

14. Hon. Member: — Whether any new transport project has been planned for the interior parts of the country?
8.50 a.m. *8702 Q.—Sri U.A. Suryanarayana Raju,—Will the Minister for Finance be pleased to state

(a) the number of applications submitted to the Film Finance Corporation for loan assistance to construct theatres, the number of them sanction and the number of cases in which disbursements have been made;

(b) whether it is a fact that though hundreds of applications have been taken for loans, only a few number of applications have been submitted after duly filling in them due to the fact that the conditions imposed for sanctioning loan assistance are not liberal; and

(c) if so, whether the Government will consider to relax the rules?

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—(a) 106 applications have been received till 23-3-1977. Sanctions were accorded in case of 58 applications and in 25 cases disbursement was made either in part or full.

(b) No Sir, 850 applications were sold at a rate of Rs. 10/- each. 106 applications duly filled in and with all the relevant documents necessary have been submitted for sanction of loan to the Corporation. The terms and conditions of loan offered by the Corporation are quite liberal when compared to the terms and conditions of loan offered by other Financial Institutions. The response to the scheme is adequate and encouraging. Apart from the 58 cases in which loans were already sanctioned, another 40 applications are under processing for sanction of loans.
(c) the Government do not consider any relaxation of rules is necessary.

2nd April, 1977.
Supply of X-Ray Equipment and Incubator to the
K.G. Hospital Vizag

139—

* 8819 Q.—Sri R D.S. Suryanarayana Raju —Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the superintendento of K.G. Hospital Visakapatnam, has brought to the notice of the Government about the need of supply of X-Ray equipment and incubator (for premature births) to the said hospital; and

(b) if so, the steps taken to supply additional X-Ray plant & incubator to the K.G. Hospital?

The Minister for Health (Sri K. Rajamallu)—(a) and (b) The Superintendent of the King George Hospital has submitted proposals for purchase of certain life saving equipment to a tune of Rs. 18 50 lakhs, which includes X-Ray plant but not an incubator. The proposal could not be considered for want of funds.

Mr. Speaker.—He has already answered.

Sri C V K Rao —It is the property of the public which has come to the rich people. He has not answered my question, Sir.

on payment.
Dr. M R. Deen — Whether is it a fact that the X-Ray Plant there is out of order? whether it is also a fact that no repairs were made to the X-Ray Plant which is out-dated one? Whether the 200 MM Plant is going to be purchased for K G Hospital and whether there is any Trained person for manning the X-Ray Plant there if it goes wrong?
Change of Timings of the Examination of Patients in K.G. Hospital, Vizag

140—

* 8704 Q — Sri U A Suryanarayana Raju :— Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the timings of the examination of patients by the Doctors of K.G. Hospital Visakhapatnam have been changed from morning hours to evening hours;

(b) if so, whether it is also a fact that the Departmental stores is closed as usual in the evenings after working hours are over with the result that several patients are experiencing hardships without medicines till next day; and

(c) if so, whether the Government will immediately issue orders directing them to adopt old method of timings?

Sri K Rajamallu :—

(a) No, Sir.
(b) No, Sir.
(c) Does not arise.

2nd April, 1977.

Oral Answers to Questions

140—

* 8704 Q — Sri U A Suryanarayana Raju :— Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the timings of the examination of patients by the Doctors of K.G. Hospital Visakhapatnam have been changed from morning hours to evening hours;

(b) if so, whether it is also a fact that the Departmental stores is closed as usual in the evenings after working hours are over with the result that several patients are experiencing hardships without medicines till next day; and

(c) if so, whether the Government will immediately issue orders directing them to adopt old method of timings?

Sri K Rajamallu :—

(a) No, Sir.
(b) No, Sir.
(c) Does not arise.
Sri K. Rajamallu:—I will certainly enquire into this.

Lowering of Birth Rate by Consumption of Eggs and other Animal Protein

141—

*8959 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

whether it is a fact that consumption of eggs and other animal protein lower the birth rate?
Sri K. Rajmallu,—No, Sir.

There is no scientific proof about this. There is no doubt that proteins are most essential in the development of the body and it raises the natural defence of the body.

Constitution of State Advisory Contract Labour Board

142—

*9237 Q.—Sri Nissankara Rao Venkata Ratnam.—Will the Minister for Labour be pleased to please to state:

(a) whether a state Advisory Contract Labour Board was constituted;

(b) if so, the terms of reference made to the Board;

(c) whether the Government received any reports from the Board;

(d) whether the Board submitted any recommendations regarding abolition of contract Labour system; and

(e) if so, the steps taken by Government on the main recommendations of the Board?

Sri T. Anjiah—(a) Yes Sir

(b) Copies of Government orders are placed on the table of the House.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. The Board has so far submitted reports in respect of Cement, Paper Industries and also in 7 general categories.

(e) The recommendations of the Board are under consideration of the Government.
PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH.

Abstract

Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 Abolition of Contract Labour in Cement, Paper and Sugar Industries—Consultation with Andhra Pradesh contract Labour Advisory Board under subsection (1) of section 10 of Act—Orders issued

EMPLOYMENT AND SOCIAL WELFARE (T) DEPARTMENT.

[G. O Ms No 940,

Read the following:

(1) G O Ms No 458, Employment and Social Welfare (T) Department dated 5th June, 1975

(2) From the Commissioner letter No G1/41552/75, dated 27th August 1975.

Order:

Under sub-section (1) of section 10 of the contract labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, the Government hereby refer for consideration of the State Advisory Contract Labour Board, constituted in the Government Order 1st read above, in respect of prohibition of contract labour in the industries as specified in the annexure to this order. The Board shall take into consideration the factors that are relevant as specified in sub-section (2) of the said section and submit its recommendation to the Government. The Board shall be also consider whether it is obligatory or not for the principal employer to take into service the displaced contract labourers in case the process, operation of other work in which the contract labour is engaged is proposed to be prohibited.

(By order and in the name of the Governor of Andhra Pradesh)

B. K. PENTAIAH,
Joint Secretary to Government.

ANNEXURE.

1. Cement Industries. Employees engaged in:

1. Loading and unloading.
2. Press Mud
3. Flue dust.
4. Spare Part.
5. Pushing and Wagon tippers.
6. Stitching of bags
9. Munshies (Clerks).
10. Shot firers
11. Trammers.
12. Limestone Loader.
13. Helpers
15. Drillers.
17. Any other work where contract labour is employed.


1. Supervisors
2. Clerks. | Employed by contractors
3. Workers engaged in Civil Maintenance
4. Chemical unloading
5. Paper godown and salt cake godown
6. Coal unloading.
7. Packing and stitching of paper bundles.
8. Bamboo loading and un-loading and stacking and bundling
9. Workers on S R Plant
10. Feeding of coal
11. Bamboo and wood feeding
12. Weighing of paper reels.
13. Rag and gunny waste feeding and sorting.
15. Cleaning of sedimentation.
16. Canteen services.
17. Lowering of bales and reels.
18. Coal and ash removers.
19. Employees working in Forest sections of the Mills including Bamboo cutting, stacking and loading.
20. Loading and unloading in vehicles and Wagons.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd April, 1977.

22. Any other work where contract labour is employed.

3. **Sugar Industries**

1. Persons engaged in harvesting and Transport of Cane
2. Making of gutters
3. Repairing of Tools
4. Cane carriers.
5. Sugar loading and un-loading.
7. Feeding of sugar cane.
9. Any other work where contract labour is employed.

**Copy of**

**GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH.**

*Abstract*


**EMPLOYMENT AND SOCIAL WELFARE (T) DEPARTMENT.**


**Read the following:**

*From the Commissioner of Labour Letter No. G1/29831/75 dated 22nd September, 1975.*

**Order.**

Under sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act 1970, the Government hereby refers for consideration of the State Advisory Contract Labour Board, in respect of prohibition of Contract Labour in the industry specified in the annexure to this order. The Board shall take into consideration the factors that are relevant as specified in sub-section (2) of the said Section and submit its
recommendation to Government. The Board shall also consider whether it is obligatory or not for the principal employer to take into service the displaced contract labourers in case the proceeds, operations of their work in which the Contract Labour is engaged is proposed to be prohibited.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

B. K PENTAIAH,
Joint Secretary to Government

ANNEXURE.

M/s. Ferro Alloys Corporation limited, Shreeram Nagar, Srikakulam District.

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH.

Abstract


EMPLOYMENT AND SOCIAL WELFARE (T) DEPARTMENT.

[G O Rt No. 66, dated 23rd January, 1976]

Read the following —

From the Commissioner of Labour Letter No G1/54897/75, dated the 13th November, 1975.

Order.

Under sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, the Government hereby refers for consideration of the State Advisory Contract Labour Board in respect of prohibition of Contract Labour in the industry specified in the annexure to this Order. The Board shall take into consideration the factors that are relevant as specified in sub-section (2) of the said section and submit its recommendation to the Government. The Board shall also
consider whether it is obligatory or not for the principal employer to take into service the displaced Contract Labourers in case the process-operations of their work in which the Contract labour is engaged is proposed to be prohibited.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

B K PENTAIAH,
Joint Secretary to Government.

ANNEXURE

The Andhra Pradesh Electrical Equipment Corporation, Hyderabad (Ancillary Units)

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

Abstract

Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970—Prohibition of Contract Labour in certain Industries—Consultation with the State Advisory Contract Labour Board under section 10(1) of the Act—Orders Issued

LABOUR, EMPLOYMENT AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION (T) DEPARTMENT


Read the following :


Order

As required under sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act 1970, (Central Act 37 of 1970) the Government hereby refers for consideration of the State Advisory Contract Labour Board in respect of prohibition of contract labour in all industries wherein contract labour is in force in this State. The Board shall take into consideration the factors that are relevant as specified in sub-section (2) of the said section and submit its recommendations to the Government. The Board shall also consider whether it is obligatory not for the principal employer to take into service the displaced contract labourers in case the process, operations of their work in which the contract labour is engaged is proposed to be prohibited.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

DILSUHKRAM,
Secretary to Government.
2nd April, 1977.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri T. Anjaiah:— They are, Watch and Ward, Canteen operation, Sleeping section and other sections as per the Factory Act, Automobile garage workshop inside the factory under working condition etc.

9-10 a.m.— Sri T. Anjaiah:— The main benefits are Permanency, Bonus, Gratuity, Leave benefits, ESI Benefits, Provident Fund Benefit, etc.
Oral Answers to Questions. 22nd April, 1977.

Anyhow, we are going to abolish this Contract System within this month.

Sri T. Anjaiah.— We will consider that also.

OPENING OF P.G. COURSES IN THE GOVT. COLLEGE, shriKAKULAM

8562 Q—Sri P. Sreerama Murthy,—Will the Minister for Education and Cultural affairs be pleased to state:
(a) whether there is any proposal to open P.G. Courses in the Government College, Srikakulam in lieu of a P.G. Centre; and
(b) if so, the steps taken in this regard?

Sri T. Anjaiah,— We will consider that also.
Oral Answers to Questions.

143—
Q. —Sri M, Nagi Reddy —Will the Minister for Education & Cultural Affairs be pleased to state—
(a) whether there are any proposals to set-up a National photography Academy in Hyderabad, and
(b) if so, when?
Sri M.V Krishna Rao: a) No, Sir,
b) Does not arise.

145—
Q.— Sarvasri Vanka Satyanarayana&M. Nagi Reddy—Will the Minister for Education and cultural Affairs be pleased to state:
(a) whether the Government propose to evolve a uniform pattern for the Oriental Title Courses in the 3 Universities;
(b) if so, when, and
(c) the details of the proposed pattern?
Oral Answers to Questions 2nd April, 1977

Sri M.V Krishna Rao: (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) and (c) The matter is under correspondence with the Registrars of the Universities.

COMPLAINTS AGAINST RATIONALISATION IN THE OPERATION OF CITY BUSES

147—

* 1871 Q.—Smt J. Eswari Bai:—Will the Minister for Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether there have been numerous complaints against the so-called rationalisation in the operation of City buses in the twin cities;

(b) if so, the steps taken to rectify the defects and assist the commuters in providing vehicles at different points for boarding with ease; and

(c) whether it has come to the notice of the Minister that in the name of the rationalisation the RTC authorities have introduced commercialisation and thereby causing hardships to the commuters?

The Minister for Transport (Sri Chebrolu Hanumahar) (a) A few representations have been received against rationalisation of City Services in twin cities.

(b) The details of complaints received and the action taken by the Corporation are placed on the Table of the House.

(c) No, Sir.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(i) A small section of travelling public have complained against curtailment of Route Nos. 84 and 86 (Secunderabad Station to Charminar) upto Koti.

The Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation have introduced 2 new Routes between Secunderabad Station and Charminar (Route Nos 51, Secunderabad Station to Charminar via Kingsway and Abids and Route No. 52 Secunderabad Station to Charminar via Mushirabad, Kachiguda Station and Chader-Ghat) by the shortest path. Besides this, operation of Route No. 128 (Seethapalmandi to
Charminar) is continued. Hence, there will be no direct passengers by these 2 routes between Secunderabad and Charminar. Hence the route have been curtailed upto Koti to increase the frequency. Also shuttle trips have been separately introduced from Charminar, Koti and Afzalgunj to Mushirabad.

(2) Representations have been received against curtailing Route No 45 (E. S. I. Hospital to Kachiguda Station via Mushirabad) upto Road Transport Corporation X-Roads. A survey had revealed that there is hardly any direct traffic between Kachiguda Station and E S. I. Hospital. Further, the above curtailment has increased the frequency on this route to 24 minutes as against 30 minutes, previously.

(3) Representations have been received against curtailing route Nos. 107 (Dilsukhnagar to Secunderabad Station) and 156 (Dilsukhnagar to Mehdipatnam) upto Women’s College. The number of passengers travelling directly from Dilsukhnagar either to Secunderabad Station or Mehdipatnam is negligible. Further the frequency of these services is 2 hours. Hence it is felt, not necessary to run the above services as adequate number of connecting services are provided. Further the frequency of Services between Dilsukhnagar and Women’s College has been increased.

(4) A few representations have also been received to the effect that long distance passengers are required to break their journeys once or twice to reach their destinations for which they have to pay extra fare. It is assessed that number of such passengers is insignificant when compared to the large mass of travelling public benefitted by the additional trips provided and consequently reduction in waiting time brought about by the rationalisation of services. Further, the long distance passengers are offered the facility of general bus passes on monthly payment of Rs. 35/-.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd April, 1977.

I am asking the Minister to verify his statement. Let him come and see the position. The Minister should take a round of the bus stops. I am not asking about the buses.

He need not support the Minister. It is none of his business.
2nd April, 1977.

**Oral Answers to Questions**

*9289 Q—Sarvasri P V Ramana & P. Sreeramamurthy:—Will the Minister for Tribal Welfare and Technical Education be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is a proposal to open a school to give "KARATE" training to the youth who want to join police and military,

(b) if so, from when; and

(c) if not, whether the Government are going to introduce the instruction of "KARATE" in the Schools?

The Minister for Technical Education (Sri B. Sreeram Murthy :—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) As the above training is a martial art, an art of self defence—this is not suitable to be introduced in the schools in the state

*8127 Q—Sri B Rama Sarma ;—Will the Minister for Harijan Welfare be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the State and District level Harijan Conferences have been organised enthusiastically.

(b) the amount spent for the said Conferences,

(c) the steps proposed to be taken by the Government to implement various suggestions made by the said Conferences, and

(d) the time by which the said suggestions will take the shape of an Enactment?

The Minister for Harijan Welfare (Sri P. Mahendranath):—

(a) Yes, Sir.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd April, 1977.

(b) Rs. 3,55,991.-0.

(c) A copy of the recommendations made by the State Harijan Conference along with a statement showing the recommendations on which orders were passed is placed on the Table of the House.

(d) In regard to the implementation of the other recommendations, final orders will be issued as early as possible.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE RESOLUTIONS OF THE HARIJAN CONFERENCE ON WHICH ORDERS WERE ISSUED VIDE ANSWER TO CLAUSE (c) OF L A Q NO 8217 (STARRED).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial No. and Group No. and Resolution No</th>
<th>Subject.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1  I-(IV-2)</td>
<td>.. Construction of houses for Harijans in the main village</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2  I-(VI-9)</td>
<td>.. Re-designate Harijans Welfare Department as Social Welfare Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3  VI-(14)</td>
<td>Allotment of Fair Price Shops to Scheduled Castes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. V-(34)</td>
<td>.. Implementation of schemes for the benefits of weaker sections—Performance of the Collectors in the implementation of schemes Assessment of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5  VIII-I(2)</td>
<td>.. Alternative sites to the dwellers in slums</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. VIII-II(13)</td>
<td>Provision of increased extent of land for house-sites to Harijans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8  VIII-II(14)</td>
<td>.. Giving the pattas along with the possession of the land</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9  VIII-II(12)</td>
<td>House sites distribution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 VIII-II (20)</td>
<td>Provision of land for communal purposes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

82--4
<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>IX-(18)</td>
<td>Enhanced reservation of funds by the Panchayat Raj Bodies, for Women and Child Welfare</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>IV-(23)</td>
<td>Coverage of Scheduled Castes by Co-operative Institutions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>I-IV(1) and III-28</td>
<td>Location of Public Offices in Harijana cheres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>IX-(43)</td>
<td>Special training for Government officials on the problems of Scheduled Castes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>V-(14) and (21)</td>
<td>Simplification of procedure for the assignment of lands under the control of P W D and Panchayats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>I-VI-1</td>
<td>Creation of Special Scheduled Castes and Scheduled tribes cell of Criminal Investigation Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>III-9 and 23 IV-13 and IX-19</td>
<td>Special assistance for supply of raw materials and marketing facilities for the products manufactured by the Scheduled Castes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>IX-(41)</td>
<td>.. Wide publicity among the harijans regarding Family Planning Programme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>V-(17)</td>
<td>.. Assignment of Lanka and Padugai land.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>VIII-I(l) and IX-33</td>
<td>Visit of Government officials to harijana cheries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>III-(3)</td>
<td>Special training for Scheduled Caste candidates and absorption of Trained personnel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>I-VI-4</td>
<td>Posters on the evils of Untouchability display in R T C. Buses and Public places.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>VI-(12) and III-8</td>
<td>Moratorium on repayment of loans etc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>IX-(36)</td>
<td>Reservation of seats for Scheduled Caste Women in Gram Panchayats etc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>VIII-II(12) and 35</td>
<td>Raising the income limit from Rs 100 to Rs 200 for the allotment of free housesites for Scheduled Castes and Schedule Tribes etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>VIII-III (3)</td>
<td>Prescription of a percentage of plan resources for Protected Water Supply Scheme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>I-IV (3)</td>
<td>Drawal of water by Scheduled Castes from public wells etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>II-(28)</td>
<td>Reservation of seats in the Rajya Sabha and Legislative Council.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>IX-(30)</td>
<td>To enlist Scheduled Caste children in harrjan cheries and also as beneficiaries under special Nutrition programme in Urban Slum Areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>II-3 (b)</td>
<td>Reservation of posts for Scheduled Castes in the matter of promotion from Junior Engineers to Assistant Engineers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>I-V (5)</td>
<td>Raising of marriagable age of brides from 15 years to 18 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>I-VI-11</td>
<td>Nomination of Senior Officers to look after the interests of inter-caste married couples.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>VII-4 &amp; 16 &amp; IX-I-4</td>
<td>Re-scheduling of vacation and opening of Night Schools.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>IV-7</td>
<td>Short term orientation training to Scheduled Castes in business matters, accounting procedures etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>IX-(28)</td>
<td>Grant-in-aid to Voluntary Organisations for the establishment of hostels for working women.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>IX-(23)</td>
<td>Aid to voluntary organisations for the establishment of creches.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>IV-(14)</td>
<td>Sanction of financial assistance to Medical, Law and other professional graduates diploma holders etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>V-(19)</td>
<td>Assignment of forest land to Scheduled Castes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oral Answers to Questions.

1) 2nd April 1977.

1) Atrocities on members of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes - Scheme for relief including employment of dependents of victims and sanction of maintenance allowance to the family members

2) Inclusion of lessons on eradication of caste and untouchability in the text books

3) Extension of hire purchase scheme to harijans by A P Small Scale Industries Development Corporation

4) Maintenance of rosters to watch reservation of vacancies for Scheduled Castes in Public Services

5) Reservations of seats for Scheduled Caste in general hostels

6) Reservation of funds by Small Farmers Development Agency for the welfare of harijans

7) Doubling of cash awards for intercaste marriages

8) Priority to Scheduled Castes in the matter of assignment of village sites

9) Implementation of schemes by the Women Welfare Finance Corporation for the economic uplift of women

10) Implementation of schemes by the Women Welfare Finance Corporation for the Economic uplift of women Payment of entire cost of the schemes loan

11) Restoration of Inam lands to harijans

12) Sanction of incentives to intersub-caste married couples among Scheduled Castes.

13) Opening of Technical Training Institute for women and reservation of seats for Schedule Castes.

14) Filling up of a posts of Charactered Accountants and Legal Advisers - Preference to Scheduled Castes
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>53. I-IV-7</td>
<td>Publication of departmental Monthly Magazine entitled “Harijana Sankshema Samacharamu”.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54. I-II</td>
<td>Certain measures for protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55. II-4(i)</td>
<td>Relaxation of Upper age limit for Scheduled Castes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56 VIII-47</td>
<td>Reservation of houses constructed by the A.P. Housing Board etc.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57 VII-9, 14 &amp; 42</td>
<td>Action against the production of false certificates, and Training in Stenography and Typewriting.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58 X-3</td>
<td>Abolition of the usage of derogatory remarks</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59 VIII-9</td>
<td>Conferment of Home stead rights.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 VIII-36</td>
<td>Cost on Pathways and burial grounds to be met from Land Acquisition Funds.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61. VII-18</td>
<td>Supply of Nationalised Text Books to all eligible students</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62 II- 15</td>
<td>Pre-Examination Training Centre</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63. IV-10</td>
<td>Recovery of 15 funds from Panchayat Raj Bodies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64 VIII-45</td>
<td>Construction of houses under L.I.C. Scheme Completion of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65. VII-37 &amp; IX-I-1</td>
<td>Supply of school uniforms to Scheduled Caste students.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66. VIII-II-10</td>
<td>Provision of House sites in the close proximity of the main village</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67. IX-18</td>
<td>Enhanced reservation of funds by the Panchayati Raj Bodies for Women and Child Welfare</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68. VIII-II-15</td>
<td>Time bound programme for assignment of house sites for Scheduled Castes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69. VIII-II-28</td>
<td>Acquisition of land belonging to Small Farmers for House sites.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>VI-11-21</td>
<td>Acquisition of land specified by Scheduled Castes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td></td>
<td>Amendments to the Untouchability Offences Act.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td></td>
<td>Loans for House Building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mid-day meals Committees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td></td>
<td>Coordination of various financing agencies of the Corporation for uplift of Scheduled Castes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td></td>
<td>Ordinance on indebtedness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td></td>
<td>Increase of Food charges in hostels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td></td>
<td>Preference in allotment of houses in Housing Colonies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td></td>
<td>Ordinance on Land Aliagnation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td></td>
<td>Recovery of 4%, 5% and 15% funds from Municipalities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79</td>
<td></td>
<td>Evaluation study of the schemes implemented by the Scheduled Caste Cooperative Finance Corporation and training of its personnel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td></td>
<td>Construction of internal roads and drainage in Scheduled Castes localities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td></td>
<td>Reservation of posts in Co-operative Institutions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td></td>
<td>Compulsory Enrolment of Scheduled Caste Children in Elementary Schools</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) (2) (3)
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd April, 1977.

E. G. B. T. CANDIDATES

150—

*6246 Q.—Sri M Omkar—Will the Minister for Women Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Government to equalise the crest-trained candidates with E. G. B. T., candidates; and

(b) if so, when it will be implemented?

The Minister for Women Welfare (Smt M Laxmi Devi).—

a) No, Sir.

b) Does not arise.
**RATe CONTRACT FOR THE SUPPLY OF PUMPSETS TO PANCHAYATI RAJ DEPARTMENT**

111—

*8650—Q Sri Syed Hasan (Charminar)—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that in the year 1975-76, rate contract for the supply of pump-sets was entered into by the Chief Engineer, Panchayati Raj, at the rate of Rs 970/- over looking the lowest Tender of Rs. 870/- per set

(b) Whether it is also a fact, that within two months period the Firm, which had quoted the lowest at Rs 870/- was allowed to supply the same (make and type) pumpsets at Rs 970/ the rates at which the tender with higher rate (Rs 970/) was accepted ; and.

(c) the total number of pumping sets' ordered through the said two firms, in the year 1975-76 and the extent of loss to the Exchequer.

The Minister for Panchayati Raj (Sri L. Lakshman Das) :—

(a) A rate contract was entered into by the Chief Engineer (Panchayat Raj) on 28-3-1975 with six firms for the supply of pumps (hand) during 75-76, at the rate of Rs 970/- per set But, it is is not a fact that the lowest tender of Rs 870/- per set was overlooked M/s. Janata Industries, Secunderabad, quoted Rs 870/- per set, but the material was of inferior quality and was not according to the specifications of the Department So, the tender of Rs 870/- per set was not accepted

(b) It is not a fact that within a period of two months, the rate contract was entered into at a higher rate with the firm which has quoted Rs 870/. Subsequently, (after a period of two months), M/s Jannata Industries have again quoted to supply the pumpsets at Rs. 970/ per set as per the specifications of the dept, and the offer was accepted in November, 1975 as the general approach of the Department has been to encourage as many local manufacturers as possible. In fact, rate contract for the same item at the same rate was entered into with five more firms including M/s Janata, in the course of 1975-76 over and above the six firm with whom the contract was entered on 28-3-1975

(c) Altogether, 4900 pump sets were purchased by Panchayati Raj Department from various firms during 1975-76 out of which 150 sets were purchased from M/s Janata Industries. In the circumstances stated, there is no loss to the Ex-Chequer.
Sri Syed Hasan — Is it a fact that the rate contract was intered into with 16 firms? Out of those 16 firms, only 6 firms have submitted their samples. All the samples were rejected. The rate quoted by one of the 6 firms, whose samples were rejected, was Rs 1200 or a little more than that. Then the rate was arrived at Rs 970. The firm which has quoted Rs 870/ within two months, was allowed to supply the same (make and type) pumpsets at Rs 970. Is it a fact?

Mr Speaker.— That was all stated in the answer. First they have quoted Rs 870 and it was not accepted because it was not according to the specifications. Two months later, they improved the quality and again quoted Rs 970/ Then it was accepted. That was what he stated in the answer.

Sri Syed Hasan,— Is it a fact that a firm called Central India was given 90% of the work order?

Sri L Lakshman Das — There is no special favour to any body.

Sri Syed Hasan — When the matter was referred to the Minister earlier, he having found it fishy, has agreed to refer this matter to the A C B. Did he refer this case to the A C B?

Sri L Lakshman Das — No matter was referred to me. I have not referred any matter to A C B in this particular matter. But there are certain petitions which were directly sent to the A C B.

Sri Syed Hasan — Did you not receive any letter from me? You have said that you are referring it to the A C B.

Sri L Lakshman Das — I said, I will examine it.

Sri A Srimulu — Rate contract was finalised with 16 firms though only 6 firms have submitted samples. What is the procedure for finalisation of the rate contract? How can they enter into any agreement when they (the 16 firms) have not submitted samples? Out of 4,900 pump sets that were purchased, how may were purchased from local industries?

Sri L Lakshman Das — All these pumpsets were purchased from local industries which are located in Hyderabad and Secunderabad.
Sri A. Sriramulu.—Local industry means an industry which manufacture here and not the company which had its office located in the city. Every industry has its office here. I want to know how many pump sets were purchased locally?

Sri L. Lakshman Das.—That information is not available with me. I will supply

Advance to certain firms of Bombay for supply of spare parts for Rigs

112—

*S8617—Sri Syed Hasan.—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that a sum of Rs 15 00 lakhs was advanced to certain firms located at Bombay by the Engineering Department of Panchayati Raj in the month of September, 1975 or so for the import of spare parts for Rigs of foreign origin,

(b) is so, whether it was ascertained that the required parts could also be acquired in the local markets and of the possibility of its manufacture locally,

(c) what is the time lapse between the placement of orders and the supplies,

(d) whether it is also a fact that when such order was placed, the said rigs, for which the spares had to be imported, were in working order, and that the funds made available as advance were diverted from the Rural Works Programme, and

(e) who is responsible for the deliberate act of causing loss to the Government and a drain to our foreign exchange resources

Sri L. Lakshman Das

(a) It is not a fact that a sum of Rs 15 00 lakhs was advanced to certain firms located at Bombay by the Panchayati Raj Engineering Department in September, 1975 or so. After issue of import licences by the Government of India for import of spare parts, letters of credit to the tune of about Rs 8 81 lakhs were opened in the State Bank of Hyderabad in favour of foreign manufacturers of spare part of rigs in accordance with the relevant rules

(c) Since the rigs and equipment are of foreign origin, genuine spares are to be imported from the manufacture for their proper functioning. The list of spare parts to be imported was scrutinised and approved by D G T D Govt. of India and import licence was issued by the Chief Controller of Imports and exports and only those items which were approved, were imported.
(c) The order for the supply of spares for Halco Rigs was placed on 31-3-1975 and the letter of credit was established on 30-8-1975 and the parts were received during January, 1976 and March 1976. The order for spares for Atlas Copco Rigs was placed on 5-7-1975 and the letters of credit were established on 3-10-1975 and 5-12-1975. The parts were received during May and June 1976.

(d) Since the rigs are of foreign origin, the spares are to be procured and kept in store to meet the requirements of 2 to 3 years as the process of obtaining foreign exchange and import licence takes considerable time. As the spares form part of Rigs Programme, which is meant for drilling bore wells under Rural Water Supply Programme, the question of diversion of funds does not arise.

(e) This does not arise as the above spare parts were procured from actual requirement after approval from the Government of India.

Sri Syed Hasan — The Minister says that the Department has not advanced any amount to certain firms located at Bombay. But he said “letters of credit to the tune of about Rs 8.81 lakhs were opened in the State Bank of Hyderabad in favour of foreign manufacturers of spare parts of rigs in accordance with the relevant rules.” What does it mean?

Mr Speaker — Letters of credit were opened in the State Bank of Hyderabad according to the directions of the Central Government.

Sri Syed Hasan — I want to know whether the Minister has ascertained that all these spare parts are available locally before placing order on foreign manufacturers?

Mr Speaker — He says that since the rigs and equipment are of foreign origin, genuine spares are to be imported from the manufacturer for their proper functioning, and it has been done according to the directions of the Central Government.

Sri Syed Hasan — Did you ascertain before placing order whether all these parts are available locally?

Sri L. Lakshman Das — Government of India permitted to import spare parts which are essential for the rigs. That was why we have received those parts.

Sri Syed Hasan — Is it a fact when such order was placed, the said rigs for which the spares had to be imported, were in working order and that the funds made available as advanced were diverted from the Rural Works Programme and thereby the Accountant-General has objected for this diversion?

Sri L. Lakshman Das — I am not aware of all these things. But the Central Government have permitted us to purchase spares,
RENEWAL OF RATE CONTRACT FOR THE SUPPLY OF M S CASING AND G I PIPE TO PANCHAYAT RAJ DEPARTMENT

113—

*8618 Q Sri Syed Hasan —Will the Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased state

(a) The special reasons for renewing the rate contract for the supply of M S Casing and G I Pipes to the Panchayat Raj Engineering Department for the year 1975-76 with the same suppliers, who were supplying in the past to the Department at an exorbitant rates, when the Centre and State Government had openly declared steep fall in over prices,

(b) and (c) What is the Government assessment of loss to the exchequer by such renewals, and the names of the Officers responsible for the loss

Sri I. Lakshman Das —(a) The renewal of rate contract for 75-76 with the firms who were on rate contract during the previous year was done, taking into account the rates prevalent during the previous 3 years and since the firms who were supplying these types of materials have agreed to supply at the previous year's rates

Subsequently Government of India informed during December, 75 that there was a fall in the prices quote for G I Pipes when Director General of Supply & Disposals called for tenders for that item for rate contracts relating to 76-77. Immediately instructions were issued to all Superintending Engineers and Executive Engineers and to cancel all old orders which had not materialised and to step further purchased in respect of G I Pipes

In respect of M S Pipes there was no intimation from any quarter regarding fall of prices and hence the same rate contracts were contained till 31-3-1976 i.e., unto the date of expiry of the Agreement.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd April, 1977

And further, renewals for the year, 1976-77 were not allowed and fresh tenders were invited for supply of M S Pipes and the downward trend was observed in April 1976 only on receipt of tenders. This downward trend in the prices of M S Pipes was taken advantage of in the rate contract for 1976-77. In respect of G I Pipes also fresh tenders were invited for 1976-77.

(b) and (c). In view of the above position, this does not arise.

Sri Syed Hasan —Sir, this rate contract was with a middle man and not with actual manufacturer. This transaction covers crores of rupees. Due to this transaction, Govt incurred a loss of Rs 15 lakhs. The rate per G I pipe was Rs 18/- and of the M S pipe was Rs 25/- During the period of emergency, the rate was G I Pipe Rs 13/- and M S Pipe Rs 15/-. This is a fact which has been admitted by the Accountant - General. It is surprising to note that a public representative (the Minister) is just reading the replies supplied by the Department without ascertaining the correct rates. Why did you not ascertain the correct rates from the Department? Why are you just reading out the replies?

Sri L Lakshman Das —Generally the answers were given by the Department. If there is any incorrect information, Hon'ble Member may specifically bring to my notice, I will take that and get it enquired into.

Sri Syed Hasan —Shall I take that Minister did not ascertain the correctness of the facts? He has just read out what the Department has supplied to him.

Mr Speaker —These are all the answers supplied by the Department.

Sri Syed Hasan —He told the House that whatever replies he received from the Department, he used to read in the House. If this is the case, what for are we here?

Sri A. Sriramulu —Sir, Point of Order. Now the Minister has informed the House that these replies are provided by the Department. We want to know whether we should be guided by the replies furnished by the Department.

Mr. Speaker;—They are supplied by the Department and approved by the Minister before they are sent to the House. The answer has been approved by the Minister for Panchayati Raj.

Sri Sriramulu:—He must take the responsibility.
Mr Speaker —Certainly, he will take the responsibility.

Sri Syed Hasan —What has happened has happened. We are prepared to forgive him. Will the Minister at least now give assurance on all these 3 questions and on the report of the Accountant-General that he will take action?

Sri L. Lakshman Das —I will take action on the report of the Accountant-General and if there is any serious thing, I will get the matter enquired.

**SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS**

**DISBANDMENT OF STAFF INCHARGE OF MALARIA ERADICATION PROGRAMME IN THE ELURU MUNICIPALITY**

150—

A S No 9591-S Sri A. Sri Ramulu - Will the Hon Minister for Medical and Health be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the staff in charge of Malaria Eradication Programme in the Eluru Municipality is likely to be disbanded?

(b) If so, from what date?

(c) Whether it is a fact that the Government have not issued orders of sanction for the continuance of this staff, and

(d) Whether the financial assistance due to the municipality towards the establishment charges of this staff has been provided for the year 1975-76 and subsequent years?

The Minister of Health. Sri K. Rajamallu - (a) No, Sir

(b) Does not arise.

(c) No Sir. The Government have issued orders for continuance of this staff.

(d) The expenditure towards establishment charges of the staff incharge of Malaria Eradication Programme is borne directly by the Government.
One thing Sir. Perhaps, the hon. member is referring to some programme which were taken up by the erstwhile Andhra Government in 1955. That scheme belongs to Municipal Service and Government gives grant only to the extent of one-third expenditure subject to satisfactory implementation of the Scheme and availability of funds. That is for Anti-Larval measures in certain municipalities in Andhra area.

Sri A Sreeramulu —I am referring to the latter scheme mentioned by the hon. Minister. Based on that scheme, is it a fact that the staff which was previously sanctioned for them the sanction expires by 1st April and the staff would be disbanded?

Sri K Rajamallu —This programme was continued up to 6–6–1967. The Municipal Commissioner, Eluru Municipality has requested to continue the programme 1967–68 to date. The remarks of the Zonal Officer, Guntur (Malaria) have been called for by the Director of Medical and Health Services and the remarks of the zonal Officer are awaited. He has been reminded to send the particulars within a week. A telegram has been received by the Director of Medical and Health Services on 28–3–1977 from the Eluru Municipality that the staff is being disbanded from 1st April. If the Municipality is prepared to meet the other part of the expenditure, Government is prepared to give one-third.

Sri A Sreeramulu —On behalf of the Municipality I am giving an assurance that they will meet the part of the expenditure. Will the hon. Minister issue telegraphic instructions to continue the staff?

Sri K Rajamallu —I assure the hon. member that it would be done.
Sri A. Sreeramulu:—I am glad, sir, that the hon Minister has assured us that immediate instructions would be given for the continuance of the staff.

In regard to the report of the zonal officer which has been called for and which is awaited, I wish to mention that the district officer is not prepared to send the report unless he receives some illegal gratification. It has come to our notice that he insisted on illegal gratification, to send this report.

Sri K Rajamallu —I will see that the report received and I will take necessary action.

NON PAYMENT OF SALARIES TO THE STAFF OF ADARSH COLLEGE, JAMMIKUNTA

150—B—

S No Q 9591-G Sarvasri J Damodar Rao and M Omkar.—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to State,

(a) Whether it is a fact that the salaries of the staff of Adarsh College, JammiKunta in Huzurabad Taluk, Karimnagar District, have not been paid since November, 1976,

(b) If so, reasons therefor;

(c) Whether it is also a fact that enquiry was conducted by Sri I. V Chalapathi Rao, Deputy Director of Higher Education on 12-10-1976 regarding misuse of funds and mismanagement by the managing Committee of the college, and

(d) If so, the findings of the enquiry and the action taken thereon,

The Minister for Education (Sri M V Krishna Rao) —

(a) Salaries of the teaching staff were paid upto October, 1976 and to the non-teaching staff upto November, 1976

(b) The management's plea is that they do not have adequate funds

(c) Yes, Sir

(d) The enquiry report is under examination.
Non-Payment of Grant-in-Aid to Z P High Schools in Kurnool District

150-C —

9591-L  Sri H Satyanarayana. — Will the Hon’ble Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that no grant-in-aid is given to Zilla Parishad High School, in Halvi and 13 other Zilla Parishad High Schools in Kurnool District,

(b) whether any petition was given by Sri H Satyanarayana, M L A., and President of the Halvi High School Committee to the Chief Minister requesting for grant in-aid or any other ad-hoc grant and save it from closure next year,

(c) the steps the Government is taking in this regard to help the High School at Halvi in particular and the other 13 High Schools in general, and

(d) whether the Government atleast now order immediate release of grant-in-aid to those Schools

Sri M V. Krishna Rao :—(a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) and (d) Due to paucity of funds it is not possible either to admit the schools in question to grant-in-aid or to sanction ad-hoc grants.

Sri H. Satyanarayana:— The schools have been in existence for the last four years. Atleast next year, will the Government be able to give grant-in-aid?
10.00 a.m. NON-PAYMENT OF SALARIES TO TEACHERS IN VISAKHAPATNAM Z. P. SCHOOLS

150-D

9591-T — Sri P Sanyasi Rao — Will the Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state

(a) whether the B Ed. Teachers appointed in Visakhapatnam, Zilla Parishad High Schools under Half-a-million Job Schemes have been starving due to non-payment of salaries for the last 13 months and the reasons for not paying the salaries till now, and

(b) when salaries will be paid to these teachers?

Sri M V Krishna Rao ——(a) Yes, Sir According to the instructions issued in G O Ms No 44 Education Department, dated 21-1-76, the stipendiary candidates appointed under Half-a-million Job Scheme are to be absorbed in U P Schools only. But stipendiary teachers appointed in Visakhapatnam, Zilla Parishad are not absorbed in U P. Schools but they are working in Zilla Parishad High Schools in unaided posts. Hence their salaries could not be paid from the Education grants.

(b) the salaries will be paid to these teachers from the education grants if they are absorbed under Half-a-million Job Scheme and the salaries to these teachers will have to be paid from the general fund.
Short Notice Questions and Answers.  2nd April, 1977.

of the Zilla Parishad for the period they work in the unaided posts of Zilla Parishad. The matter of payment of salaries to the teachers is being decided in consultation with Panchayat Raj Department.

(§) in the consultation of the Education Department have given direction to absorb all these candidates within a month.

(§) 10. పంచాయత్రాజ విభాగంతో సంఖ్యలు, వాషం బొమ్మల సామాన్యత్వం, 10 భాగం అధికం సమానాధిక విభాగం సామాన్యత్వం సమానం

(§) 10. దిల్లి బొమ్మల సామాన్యత్వం, వాషం బొమ్మల సామాన్యత్వం, 10 భాగం అధికం సమానాధిక విభాగం సామాన్యత్వం సమానం సమానం. దిల్లి వాషం రేడియో సామాన్యత్వం నియమాలు సామాన్యత్వం సమానం

(§) 10. దీనికి వ్యాప్తి విభాగంతో సంఖ్యలు, వాషం బొమ్మల సామాన్యత్వం సమానం

(§) 10. దీనికి వ్యాప్తి విభాగంతో సంఖ్యలు, వాషం బొమ్మల సామాన్యత్వం సమానం
WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS
NEW METHOD OF TRANSPLANTATION

76—
8265 Q.—Sri V. Narasimha Rao. Will the Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Dr. N. Y. Padmanabhan of the Research Centre in the Agriculture University at Rayagada has evolved a new method of transplantation which reduces agricultural expense;

(b) whether this new method will give satisfactory results to the ryots;

(c) if so, whether the details pertaining to this new transplantation method will be placed on the Table of the House, and

(d) whether the District Agriculture Centres have been instructed about the propagation of this method among ryots?

A—(a) No, Sir.
(b), (c) and (d) Does not arise.

EXPORT OF BUFFALOE MEAT ABROAD

77—
8422 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddi.—Will the Minister for Animal Husbandry be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is a great demand abroad for buffaloe meat;
(b) if so, whether there is any proposal to export the same, and

(c) if so, to which countries?

A—(a) to (c) There is a potential demand for buffaloe meat in Middle East countries. The demand for buffaloe meat in Middle East has grown considerably and at present the Country is exporting nearly 20 tonnes of Frozen buffalo meat per day to Gulf countries and the demand is increasing. As buffaloe meat and beef are basically similar in their chemical and physical properties, good quality canned corned meat and sausages type products could be produced from buffaloe for national and International markets. The Andhra Pradesh State Agro-industries Corporation desired to undertake the project, but dropped the idea due to its heavy financial commitments. The Project is estimated to be costing Rs 4 25 crores, excluding an amount of Rs 0 80 lakhs to prepare a feasibility report itself. Production of hygienic and frozen meat in the required quantities is difficult in the absence of a Modern Slaughter House in the State. As and when the proposed Modern Slaughter House at Hyderabad will be commissioned it would be possible to export buffaloe meat of required standard to Middle East countries. The Animal Husbandry Department has no machinery of itself to take up export of corned beef at present.

Tankbed Land under Sunkubanda Tank in Tarli

8444 Q—Sri Challa Lakshmi Narayana—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is an irrigation tank by name Sunkubanda Tank in Tarli Village in Thogiri Group in Pathapatnam Taluk, Srikakulam District,

(b) if so, the extent of the Tankbed land and the ayacut there under

(c) whether any assignments were made in respect of the said extent of the Tank,

(d) if so, the extent so assigned and the names of persons to whom assigned and the dates on which they were made,

(e) whether there was also unauthorised occupation by some others and if so, the extent thereof and the name of the persons,

(f) whether any objections were received by the Deputy Collector Takkali and the Tahsildar, Pathapatnam objecting to the assignment and the unauthorised occupation, particularly from Sri Challa Lakshmi Narayana, M L A, and
(g) if so, the action taken thereon?

A.—(a) Yes, Sir

(b) The extent of the tank bed is Ac 5-88 and the Ayacut is Ac 10 2 cents

c) Yes, Sir

(d) An extent of Ac 1 50 cents was granted on ‘D’ patta on 30-1-77 in favour of Sri P Kuramayya, Girijan and lease patta or Ac 0 60 in favour of Sri A Laxmayya carpenter and landless poor and renewed upto F. 1385.

e) There is one encroachment in an extent of Ac 0 18 cents by a Hanjan M. Tatayya since F 1384

(f) Yes, Sir.

(g) The portions covered by the pattas and encroachment are above full tank level and they do not interfere with the interests of the ayacut lands.

BINAMI PATTAS IN S No 964-A OF THIPPAVARAPPADU

79—

8489 Q.—Sri Nallapreddi Sreenivasulu Reddi.—Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that Sri Panchal Reddi Sarpanch and other landed rich ryots of Thippavarapadu (Chennur bit-I) in Gudur taluk of Nellore district have taken binami pattas for more than 300 acres of lands in S No 964-A ,

(b) if so, the steps taken so far to cancel the binami patta; and

(c) when will the binami patta be cancelled and the lands reassigned to the landless poor.

A.—(a) S. No. 964 measuring an extent of Ac. 5 90 is classified as tope poramboke in the village accounts of Chennur village. An extent of 4 50 is under occupation of N. Purushotham (a serving soldier) and the remaining extent is under occupation of V. Subrahmanya (Backward Class) on lease pending grant of regular pattas. Thus there is no binami transaction in this case.

(b) and (c) Does not arise.
Written Answers to Questions. 2nd April, 1977.

‘D’ form Pattas for the Harijans of Valamedu

80—

8490 Q — Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddi — Will the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state

(a) whether the harijans of Valamedu in Gudur taluk of Nellore district were granted leases for cultivation of lands in Pathetipalem;

(b) the reasons for the abnormal delay in granting ‘D’ form pattas; and

(c) when will ‘D’ form (Permanent) pattas be granted?

A — (a) The harijans of Valamedu in Gudur taluk were granted leases for cultivation of lands in Pathetipalem village.

(b) and (c) As major part of the lands leased out are porambkokes it involves subdivision work and transfer to assessed waste dry. The Tahsildar, Gudur, has been taking action to get the lands subdivided and ‘D’ form pattas will be issued after observing the formalities.

Asipnagar Toddy Tappers Co-operative Society

81—

5092 Q — Sri Nissankarao Venkataratnam — Will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the Office bearers of Asipnagar Toddy Tappers Co-operative Society (T A No. 555) registered as per Rc. No. 8581/73/B, dated 3-10-1973,

(b) whether the Government received representations from some of its members regarding irregular enrolment of members and other malpractices,

(c) whether majority of the members are taken from other areas which is against rules,

(d) the amount due by the society and action taken by the Government for its recovery,

(e) the number of meetings held by the Society in 1973-74; and

(f) the amount collected from the members and the dividends distributed to them?
A — (a)  
Sri B Veeraswamy President  
Sri T Jaishankar . Vice-President.  
Sri T Dayakar  
Sri C Yadaiah  
Sri K. Gopal  
Sri K Srinivas Directors.  
Sri B. Ashok  
Sri C Pandurangam  
Sri B. Ramesh  

(b) Yes, Sir.  
(c) Yes, Sir  
(d) An amount of Rs 1,82,721 was reported to be due towards excise arrears for the year 1973-74. The Excise Department is taking action for recovery of the dues.  
(e) Information is not available due to non-production of minute book by the President of the Society. Action is being taken by the Deputy Registrar, City Circle to launch prosecution against the President for his failure to produce books.  
(f) An amount of Rs 20 was collected towards share capital from all the 20 members @ Rs 10 per share besides entrance fees of Rs 20 @Re 1 from each member. The question of payment of dividend has not arisen, as the audit of accounts of the society was not done due to non-production of records by the Society.  

REPAIRS TO NAYANICHERUVU OF KEELAPATNAM OF PALAMANER TALUK

82—  
1562 Q—Sri D Venkatesam.—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state  
(a) when was the Nayanicheruvu of Keelapatnam, Palamaner Taluk Chittoor District breached;  
(b) whether any estimate has been prepared for repairs of the said tank;  
(c) to whom was the work assigned and when;
Written Answers to Questions.

2nd April, 1977.

(d) the amount spent so far;
(e) when is the work likely to be completed; and
(f) whether any remission was given to the ayacutdars on account of the breach in the said tank?

A   (a) The tank was breached in November, 1969, and after repairs it was breached again in 1972 and in 1973.
(b) Yes, Sir
(c) The work was assigned to Sri M Mohammad Ghouse of Palamaner on 1-2-1971 and to Sri K Kuppa Raju of V Kothur on 16-3-1973.
(d) Rs. 30,118 65.
(e) The work has been completed before 11-7-1975.
(f) No remission was granted in 1379 F since the crops under Nayanacheruvu were not affected. On account of damages caused to the tank, admissible seasonal remissions were however granted from F 1380 to 1384 to the ayacutdars of the source.

Leasing Out Of Old School Building and Vacant Site In Markapur Town

6263 Q. Sri S Papi Reddy — Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the old school building and vacant site measuring about 30 cents and costing about Rs 2 00 lakhs situated in Markapur town, belonging to Markapur Panchayat Samithi, Prakasam District was leased out,
(b) if so, to whom and for which period,
(c) the conditions of the lease,
(d) whether the lease period was over, and
(e) if so, the action taken to take possession of the same?

A   a) and b) Yes, Sir The site measuring 30 cents and estimated to cost Rs 30,000 has been leased out to Sri P Ch. Naidu of Markapur for a period of 3 years from 12-5-1970.
(e) The lessee has given an undertaking to vacate the site as and when required by the Samithi

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) The case is pending in the District Munsifs Court, Markapur to get the site vacated and the matter is sub judice.

Letting out of waste water of Hindustan Polymers Ltd.,

Visakhapatnam

84—

2084 Q. Sri P. V. Ramana —Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state

(c) whether any representation was made to the Public Health Department about the waste water of Hindustan Polymers Limited, Visakhapatnam in the year 1971, and

(b) if so, the action thereon?

A. (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The occupier-cum-Manager of Hindustan Polymers Limited, Visakhapatnam was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs 160 by the II Additional Judicial First Class Magistrate, Visakhapatnam on 15-7-1976 for not treating the effluents discharged from the factory and letting them off outside the factory premises and polluting the villages around the factory.

Results of Telugu Type and Shorthand Examinations

85—

4798 Q. Sarvasri B. Ramasarma and Vanka Satyanarayana —Will the Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state

(a) the number of students passed in the examinations of Telugu typewriting and shorthand conducted by the State Government in Training Centres,

(b) the number of candidates who have been provided with employment opportunities among those passed,

(c) whether it is a fact that the Government have issued orders to implement Telugu as official language at Taluk level; and

(d) the number of Taluk offices in which Telugu typewriters are introduced?
A.--(a) The following is the number of students passed in the examinations of Telugu typewriting/Telugu Shorthand conducted by the Director of Technical Education, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Typewriting</th>
<th>Shorthand</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lower</td>
<td>Higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) Government Training Centres at District Headquarters in 13 sessions</td>
<td>2,874</td>
<td>904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Government Training Centre, Narayanguda, Hyderabad</td>
<td>423</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) District level Training Centre, Musheerabad, Hyderabad. Combined course in typewriting and Shorthand</td>
<td>*107</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Training in Telugu typewriting is imparted to English typists working in Government offices. Therefore the question of providing employment does not arise in respect of candidates trained in the District Headquarters.

(2)

(3)

(e) Government have issued orders in G O Ms. No. 20, General Administration (OL), dated 20-2-1974 to introduce Telugu as the language of administration in all offices at Taluk level and below on and from 24-3-1974 for correspondence of a non-statutory nature between one such and another and for correspondence with the general public.

(d) Telugu typewriters have been supplied as detailed below to the offices at Taluk level.

(1) Taluk offices (Revenue Department) . . . 42
(2) Panchayat Samithis . . 141

*Combined course in typewriting and Shorthand.
Written Answers to Questions

CLOSURE OF GOVERNMENT JUNIOR COLLEGE AT BOLARAM.

86—

7403 Q Sri P. V Ramana — Will the Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government ordered to close down the Government Junior College at Bolaram in Twin cities, and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

A — (a) Yes, Sir

(b) Due to un-economic strength.

REPAIRS TO THE P W D ROAD BETWEEN SARANGAPUR AND JANNEPALLI

87—

8165 Q Sri M Narayan Reddy — Will the Minister for Public Works be pleased to state

(a) whether the works relating to the repairs and reconstruction of the P. W. D Road between Sarangapur and Janneppalli, via., Srinagar and Tirumanapally villages have been let out, if so, in how many bits and the amounts involved in each bit,

(b) the estimated cost of this work and the provision sanctioned for the execution of the work, and

(c) the progress of the above work and the target date for completing the work?

A — (a) No, Sir Tenders in respect of the following three repairs are under scrutiny.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reach</th>
<th>Value of work. Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. From KM 0.0 to 5.0</td>
<td>4.132 lakhs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. From KM 5.0 to 10.0</td>
<td>4.522 lakhs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) The total estimated cost of the work is Rs. 32.75 lakhs. The amount provided in the Budget Estimates for 1976-77 is Rs. 33 lakhs.
(c) Does not arise in view of the answer for (a) above. The target date for completing the work is kept as twelve months from the date of handing over site.

**Palda Mat near Palde Village**

88-

7010 Q Sri M Narayan Reddy—Will the Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) how old is the "Palda Mat" situated near Palde village in Nizamabad Taluk and the extent of ayacut in different villages irrigated by this Mat,

(b) when this Mat was taken over by the Irrigation Department and the condition of the Mat and Channels, when it was taken over by the Department,

(c) the estimated cost of the works for bringing the Mat and channels to Public Works Department standards, and

(d) whether the works relating to repairs and remodelling of the Mat and Channel have been taken up, and if so, when they will be completed?

A—(a) This is an old anicut constructed across Phulong vagu in Nizamabad District by the erstwhile Government of Hyderabad. The exact date of construction is not available. The extent of ayacut in different villages benefited by this "Mat are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Village</th>
<th>Acres</th>
<th>Gunias</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Palda Village</td>
<td></td>
<td>621.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Jannapally village</td>
<td></td>
<td>340.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Sirnapally village</td>
<td></td>
<td>170.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Lingapur village</td>
<td></td>
<td>441.31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Shakapur village</td>
<td></td>
<td>120.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Nizampur village</td>
<td></td>
<td>190.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1,885.07</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) There are no records available to show as to when, and in what condition the 'Mat' was taken over by the Irrigation Department.
(c) The estimated cost of the works for bringing Mat and channels to the State Irrigation Department's standards, was computed at Rs 42,396 (O S).

(d) Yes Sir The repairs and remodelling work will be taken up and completed as soon as the tenders (which have been called), are settled.

**Improvements to Tupili Tank in Gudur Taluk.**

89

§399 Q—Sir Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddi—Will the Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state

(a) whether there is any proposal to improve Tupili tank in Gudur Taluk of Nellore District,

(b) what are the details of the improvements programme of Tupili tank,

(c) when will the work be started and completed, and

(d) whether the ayacut under Andalamala supply channel and Pathetipalem tank will be converted as ayacut under Tupili tank?

A—(a) No, Sir

(b) Does not arise

(c) Does not arise.

(d) There are no such proposals under consideration at present.

**Licence to the Industrial Units in the State to Draw Raw Materials**

90—

4573 Q—Sarvasri V. Srikrishna and Vanka Satyanarayana—Will the Minister for Small Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the number of the industrial units in the State licensed to draw raw materials

(b) the number of units that do not exist out of the same; and

(c) the number of units of these non-existent licensed units which were found misusing the raw materials allotted to them?
Matter under Rule 329  
re: Fire accident on 26-3-1977 in Sankarampalli, Kurnool District.

2nd April, 1977.

A (a) 5060
(b) 1128
(c) 567

MATTER UNDER RULE 329

re: Fire Accident on 26-3-77 in Sankarampalli Kurnool district.

Sri P Narsa Reddy —Mr Speaker, Sir Fire broke out on 26th 1977 at 3-30 p.m in Sankarampalli village, a hamlet of Kothakota, Nandikotkur taluk Kurnool district. The Collector of Kurnool has reported that six she-buffaloes, one bull, 17 carts, 29 hay stacks, 160 huts and two bunks were destroyed in the fire accident. There was no loss of human life in the fire accident. The estimated value of the property destroyed as estimated by the hon member is true i.e. more than Rs 12.5 lakhs. The victims are said to belong to scheduled castes and backward classes. The fire is reported to be accidental and not due to any arson or factions in the village. The Collector has distributed monetary relief at the rate of Rs 150 for each family affected. The Collector has also reported that action is being taken by him to provide the necessary clothing, sarees, blankets etc. to each family from the District Welfare Fund. As the village is submergeable under the Srisailam project the question of rehabilitating the fire victims’ families in suitable places is also being examined.
2nd April, 1977

Matter under Rule 339:
re: Remission property tax by Visakhapatnam Municipality.

(ii) Remission of Property Tax by Visakhapatnam Municipality

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice—(1)可以说是，Visakhapatnam市的市政委员会授予了一些减税。

10-10 a.m. 因为讨论非常热烈，会议被推迟到下午1点。
Matter under Rule 329.

2nd April, 1977.

re. Irrigation and Road works taken up in Koilkunta, Kurnool District in 1976-77.

Sri P Narasa Reddy.—During the year 1976-77 in Kurnool District in Koilkunta Taluq 30 minor irrigation tank works at an estimated cost of Rs 1 40 lakhs have been taken up, Works have been completed to the tune of Rs. 1.00 lakh so far.
2nd April, 1977.

Matter under Rule 329:
re: Transfer of lecturers from one zone to another zone in Andhra Pradesh.

Road works costing Rs 6.9 lakhs have been taken up by the Panchayat Raj Department and the works are in progress. A sum of Rs. 0.28 lakhs has been spent so far. Towards Drinking Water facility, 2 kunta repair works have been taken up at a cost of Rs.0.20 lakhs.

In addition to the above Panchayat Raj Department Works, an amount of Rs 2 0 lakhs has been provided to the Executive Engineer Minor Irrigation Division, Nandyal to take up 7 PWD. tank works. They are all in progress.

Regarding anicut across Palair River it is stated by the Executive Engineer, Zilla Parishad, that it is incharge of PWD. and that the Chief Engineer, P.W.D., may be consulted. This will be pursued with the concerned Chief Engineer. It is mentioned in this connection that the Government have sanctioned under drought relief measures the following amounts to Kurnool District:

1. G.O Rt. No. 2249 Rev. Dated 6-11-1976 Rs. 15.00 lakhs.
2. G.O Rt. Nl. 75 Rev Dated 14-1-1977 Rs. 30 00 lakhs for road works, M.I. works and drinking water works.

(iv) Transfer of Lecturers from one zone to another zone in Andhra Pradesh.
Calling attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance: 2nd April, 1977.

re: Injustice done to ground nut Cultivations.

Mr. N. Venkataraman Naidu:—Sir, I call the attention of the Honble Minister for Revenue regarding the injustice done to the ryots who have grown groundnut in Rapur taluk, Nellore District.

Sri P. Narsa Reddy:—Sir, I could not get complete information but I assure the Hon Member that we have not issued any instructions that commercial crop assessment shall be collected on the extent of the area sown, but the collection would be done on the quantity of crop and yields, that is the criterion. The Hon Member has said that in the entire Rapur taluk, the collection is being done. We have issued telegrams on the 31st March when the notice was issued, to the Collector to make an enquiry into the matter personally as to the area in which this has been done. The report has not yet come. However, I assure the Hon Member that no injustice will be done wherever crop is not there, no tax would be collected. I would assure him that I will take necessary action.
2nd April, 1977.

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Need for granting full remission of revenue and commercial taxes in Pithapuram Taluk.

The Collector, East Godavari has reported that the following twelve villages in Gollaprolu Firc of Parathipadu taluk have been notified in terms of G O. Ms. No. 8 Revenue, dated 4-1-1977.

1. Gollaprolu.
2. Lakshmipuram.
3. Bhogapuram
4. Vijayanagaram.
5. Raparthi.
7. Jagapatmagaram.
8. Jamulapall.
9. Gokivada
10. Chabrelu.
11. Mallavaram.
12. Mangiturthy.
Calling attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Need for granting full remission of revenue and commercial taxes in Pithapuram Taluk.

The following seven villages have not been declared affected in Gollapurolu Firka:

1. Dharmavaram.
2. Durgada.
3. Chendurthy.
4. Rachapalli.
5. Vannepudi.
6. Tatiparthi.

The following are the details of losses and remission granted in affected villages:

1. For paddy full remission on wet lands 3658 acres.
2. For paddy half remission on wet lands 2291 acres.
3. For paddy full remission on dry lands 1083 acres.
4. For paddy half remission on dry lands 964 acres.

Commercial crops namely Chillies in an extent of 1337 Acres, Onions in an extent of 380 Acres and Cotton in an extent of 63 acres were cultivated in the affected villages, but they were not found eligible for grant of remission of Commercial Crops Assessment according to the rules.

The Collector has also reported that normal remission rules have been applied for the unaffected villages. I will call for a report and satisfy whether the action taken is proper or not.

10-20 a.m.
PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

G.O.Ms.No 364, Revenue, dated 25-3-1976
G O.Ms No. 390 Revenue, dated 2-4-1976.


G.O Ms No. 1117 Revenue, dated 14-10-1976.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy -Sir, I beg to lay on the Table, a copy of the Notification issued with G O Ms No 1117 Revenue, dated 14-10-1976, published at page 470 of the Rules Supplement to Part II of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette dated 28th October, 1976 amending the Andhra Pradesh Entertainments Tax Rules, as required under section 16 (6) of the Andhra Pradesh/Entertainment Tax Act, 1939.

Notifications issued with G. O Ms. 98 L, E. & T.E. Dept. dt 7-2-77

Sri T Aryaah . (Minister for Labour) —Sir, I beg to lay on the Table, a copy of the Notification issued with G O Ms No. 98, LE & T.E. Dept., dated 7-2-1977 as required under sub-section (4) of Section 62 of the Andhra Pradesh Shops and Establishment Act, 1966.

Amendments to A.P. Co-op Societies Rules, 1964.

Sri B Subba Rao (Minister for Co-operation) :-Sir, I beg to lay on the Table, a copy of the Amendment to the Andha Pradesh Co-operative Societies Rules, 1964 incorporating the new rule 12-4 made in G.O.Ms. No 476, Food and Agriculture (Coop IV) Department, dated 24-5-1976 together with errata issued to the said G O. m/Govt. Memo.No. 1938/ Coop.IV/76-2 dat/d 13-6-1976, as required under section 130 (2) of the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act, 1964.
Sir, I also beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Amendment to Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Rules 1964 made in G O Ms No 43, Food and Agriculture (Coop IV) Deptment dated 25-1-77 as required under section 130 (2) of Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act, 1964.

[Notification issued in G O Ms No. 129, P. R. (Sam 1) D.I 17-2-77.]

**Sri L. Laskshmanadas** (Minister for Panchayati Raj) —Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Notification issued in G O Ms No 129, P. R. (Sam I) Dept, dated 17-2-1977 published at pages 1-5 of Rules Supplement to Part VII of Andhra Pradesh Gazette, dated 10-3-1977, with which certain rules or amendments to rules have been made as required under sub-section (2) of section 69 of the Andhra Pradesh Panchayati Samithis and Zilla Parisahd Act, 1959.


**Sri V. Purushotham Reddy** (Minister for Excise). —Sir I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the GO Ms No 920 Industries and Commerce, dated 14-10-1976 wherein rule 7 of the Andhra Pradesh (Mineral, Rights) Tax Rules, 1975 has been amended as required under Section 8 (2) of the Andhra Pradesh ( Mineral Rights) Tax Act, 1975.

[Notifications with which Certain rules or amendnt to Rules have been made under Andhra Pradesh Excise Act 1968.]

**Sri V. Purushotham Reddy** —Sir, beg to lay on the Table of a copy each of the following Notifications with which certain rule or Amendments to the Rules have been made as required under sub-section (4) of Section 72 of the Andhra Pradesh Excise Act, 1968 —

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Reference to the G.O.</th>
<th>Reference to the Gazette and Date.</th>
<th>Sl. No. Reference to the G.O.</th>
<th>Reference to the Gazette and Date.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Sixth Annual Report of the A.P. State Agro Industries Corporation up to 30-6-1974

*Sri P. Dharma Reddi* (Minister for Housing) -- Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Sixth Annual Report and Accounts on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro Industries Corporation Limited, together with the Audit Report for the period ended 30-6-1974 in pursuance of Section 619-A of the Companies Act, 1956.

*Mr. Speaker* :--Papers laid on the Table.
PRESENTATION OF THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT ASSURANCES

Sri P Ayyappa — Sir, I beg to present the Second Report of the Committee on Government Assurances (1976-77)

Mr Speaker — Report presented

Sri C V K Rao — Sir, I rise on a point of order. Here again, it is mentioned in the agenda that one copy of the report is kept on the Table of the Secretary. If a report is not to be supplied to the members, how am I to get at it? Sometimes it is necessary that we go through the report and ask for a discussion as well. Now only one copy is available as if it is a rare document. It is a bad arrangement. If the Government press is busy, is there no private press to do the job? How are we to study the report? Is it such an informal thing to present the report?

Mr Speaker — This point has been raised by you the other day. I agree with you. The point is on account of these elections, and all that there was delay and the reports could not be printed and presented in proper time. Therefore reports are being presented before the end of the session.

Sri C V K Rao — I am very sorry if the elections come as an excuse for all and everything.

Mr. Speaker — I am telling that some inconvenience is caused.

ANNOUNCEMENT

I am to announce to the House that Smt. J. Iswari Bai, and Sri S. 10:30 a.m. Papi Reddy will sit in the House along with the Janata Party Members and support them in the Assembly.

STATUTORY RESOLUTION

Sri C V K Rao — Sir, I beg to move

“That this House disapproves the Ordinance called the Andhra Pradesh Prevention of Begging Ordinance, 1977, promulgated by the Governor on 30th December, 1976”.

82—9
Mr. Speaker — Resolution moved

GOVERNMENT BILLS

THE ANDHRA PRADSH PREVENTION OF BEGGING BILL, 1977


t P Ranga Reddy — Sir, on behalf of the Chief Minister, I beg to move

"The Andhra Pradesh Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977 be taken into consideration"

Mr Speaker — Motion moved

AMENDMENTS

Sh M Nagi Reddy — Sir, I beg to move

1. "In sub-clause (3) of clause 1 delete the following words occurring at the end—

   "and that may apply at dates for different areas"

2. "In Clause 2 (b) (n) delete the following words occurring at the end—

   "or offering any article for sale"

3. "After clause 2 (b) (m) add the following sub-clause as (m)"—

   "(m) exposing or exhibiting with the object of obtaining alms, any kind of idols of God or Devil".

   and

4. "In sub-clause (3) of Clause 10 insert the following words between the words "seize any" and "animal"

   "Idols of God or Devil"

(Sri A Appanna Dora in the Chair)

On a point of order— Sir When a Member is speaking in the House should the change of Presiding Officers take place, without asking the Member to sit When we are making any sort of irregularity
we are questioned and if it arises from such important position, what about that? I would request you to give a ruling on this point. If it is difficult for you at the moment, when the Hon'ble Speaker comes—he is in fact more authorised in this matter—he can give a ruling.

but does not include soliciting or receiving money or food or gifts for a purpose, authorised by any law or authorised in the prescribed manner by the Government, or by the Commissioner of Police in the cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad or by the District Collector elsewhere and the word ‘beggar’ shall be construed accordingly. You define clearly. The definition has to come when the rules are to be framed is a very peculiar state of affairs. Has not the Government enough time? Has not the Governor enough time?
Government Bills 
The A.P. Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977

2nd April, 1977

The A.P. Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977

The bill provides for the prevention of begging in the State of Andhra Pradesh. The bill seeks to prohibit begging and to provide for the punishment of persons who beg. The bill also provides for the establishment of a special court to try cases under the bill. The bill seeks to address the issue of begging, which is a serious problem in the state. The bill has been passed by the legislative assembly and is awaiting the governor's assent.
2nd April, 1977

The A. P. Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977

10-50 a.m.

1. இடம் என்று — என்று, என்ன என்ன என்னமோ. நான் இதை
புலன்றுக் கொண்டு பொன்றாள் செய்து கொண்டிருந்தேன் இப்படி நான் மேம்பாட்டு செய்தேன்.

2. இடம் என்று — என்று, என்ன என்ன என்னமோ. நான் இதை
புலன்றுக் கொண்டு பொன்றாள் செய்து கொண்டிருந்தேன் இப்படி நான் மேம்பாட்டு செய்தேன்.

3. இடம் என்று — என்று, என்ன என்ன என்னமோ. நான் இதை
புலன்றுக் கொண்டு பொன்றாள் செய்து கொண்டிருந்தேன் இப்படி நான் மேம்பாட்டு செய்தேன்.
Government Bills:
The A.P. Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977

2nd April, 1977.
Government Bills:

508 2nd April, 1977


11 01 a.m
Government Bill:
2nd April, 1977.

The following is mentioned in the Financial Memorandum.—“No immediate expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of the State is involved With the endorsement of the proposed legislation effectively, the opening of more Certified Institutions may be necessary and the cost of maintaining them would depend on several factors like the number of inmates, Co operation of the public, the reaction of the classes of persons connected, etc., and it is at present not possible to compute the cost involved.”

82-10
310 3ndApril, 1977.  


10-10 a.m. ప్రభుత్వ పనిచేసిన ఒక ప్రశ్నా విషయం ప్రస్తావించిన వాటిలో, అభినెదర్న క్రమంలో నేటి ఉండే సంస్థని ప్రధాన కార్యదర్శి ప్రమాణం కలిగి ఉండడానికి అడాకడి. అంది సంస్థ వేల సంపాదకు ప్రకారం ఇలా ప్రపంచం యొక్క సేవలు కంటే ప్రభుత్వ సేవలు అవకాశం ఉండాలంటే నేటి ఉండే సంస్థ ప్రదేశంలో సాధారణాధికారం కలిగి ఉండడానికి అడాకడి. మొనాల సంస్థ ప్రదేశంలో సేవలు కంటే ప్రదేశంలో సాధారణాధికారం కలిగి ఉండడానికి అడాకడి. ఇది ప్రదేశంలో సేవలు కంటే ప్రదేశంలో సాధారణాధికారం కలిగి ఉండడానికి అడాకడి. ఇది ప్రదేశంలో సేవలు కంటే ప్రదేశంలో సాధారణాధికారం కలిగి ఉండడానికి అడాకడి. ఇది ప్రదేశంలో సేవలు కంటే ప్రదేశంలో సాధారణాధికారం కలిగి ఉండడానికి అడాకడి.
Government Bills:

2nd April, 1977.

...
Government Bills:

2nd April, 1977


Mohan Reddy, M.P. has introduced this Bill in AP Assembly. The Bill was introduced between 10-20 a.m.

The Bill seeks to prohibit begging and the offenses for which fines or imprisonment are prescribed. The offenses are as follows:

1. Begging is prohibited in public places.
2. Taking or receiving anything under false pretenses is an offense.
3. Collecting or soliciting money from the public is illegal.
4. Possession of begging funds is punishable.

The Bill also provides for the establishment of a Special Court and the appointment of a Special Officer to enforce the law. The Bill is aimed at curbing begging and promoting public order and hygiene.

The Bill was discussed in detail and amendments were suggested. The Bill was passed with modifications and was sent to the President for assent.
2nd April, 1977.


The A P Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977, was introduced in the Andhra Pradesh Assembly on 2nd April, 1977. The Bill was passed by the Assembly and received the assent of the Governor of Andhra Pradesh on 18th April, 1977, and was notified in the Official Gazette on 26th April, 1977. The Bill seeks to provide for the prevention of begging and the punishment of beggars.

The Bill defines begging as the act of soliciting or obtaining money or other物质 in exchange for personal service, without the consent of the person on whose behalf the service is rendered. It provides for the registration of beggars and the prosecution of those who beg without a valid registration.

The Bill also provides for the establishment of a rehabilitation centre for beggars, and for the provision of accommodation and other facilities for the rehabilitation of beggars.

The Bill further provides for the appointment of a ceremonial officer to supervise the implementation of the provisions of the Act.

The Bill was passed by the Assembly with the support of the majority of the members present and voting. The Bill is expected to be implemented soon, and to bring about a significant change in the lives of beggars in the State of Andhra Pradesh.
Sri Syed Hasan — Sir, the very purpose for which the legislations are being brought and passed is for the betterment of the largest section of the people, and also to improve the conditions of certain persons. Another reason for bringing such legislation is to keep the city clean and see that they don't present a heinous scene in the city and a bad appearance to the citizens also. You have to look into the facts. Any person who has something to fall back upon, irrespective of his community, should not extend his begging bowl in front of others. When they are helpless having nothing to fall back upon should be given some assistance. Even for the able-bodied persons employment should be given. As you know, the other day a private member's resolution was moved and the contents of the resolution was that able-bodied persons should be provided with livelihood, and until such time they are employed they should be given some subsistence allowance. It is not possible here. Very cleverly a reply was given on behalf of the Government stating that 'we would look up to the Centre and whatever the Centre instructs or decides any action, we would follow the same.' Actually speaking, it is not possible. They are not in a position to give the maintenance allowance or to provide livelihood to such large number of people. In view of that those who come forward for work, they are deprived of any sort of assistance. How about those who have nothing for days together. They starve and they go door to door. They go not for five paise but for one paise and most of the time they are refused that paise also. They continue to struggle like that. No legislation was brought for such people. Such a legislation is welcome. Have proper arrangements for beggar Home, Lepers Home, Special Home, Certified Institutes. If you go to those places, it is a horrible scene that no human being would like to stay there for one second leave alone permanently. Why these people should be put in such dungeons or black holes of Calcutta? First of all you provide these facilities and those who are helpless put them there. When I went to West Germany I have seen their Home for the Aged. It is such a luxurious place. It is very good to see how the food was provided to them, the scientific method of preparing food, and how they were treated and they were never made to feel that they are destitutes or lonely persons, on the contrary the picture prevailing in our country is quite different. I would request through you to the mover of this Bill to reconsider. First they have to make adequate arrangements. Under Section 4(1) it is stated that 'any authorised officer may arrest without warrant any person who is found begging in contravention of section 3(2). Any person arrested under sub-section (1) shall be informed as soon as may be, of the grounds for such arrest, and shall be produced before the nearest court within a period of twenty-four hours of such arrest excluding the times necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the court.
together with a report explaining the circumstances under which the arrest was made. (3) The court shall, as soon as may be, order the person to be taken before a medical officer, not below the rank of an Assistant Surgeon, and the medical officer shall, after examining such person, prepare and forward a medical report to the court regarding the age and physical capacity for ordinary manual labour of such person. (4) The medical officer referred to in sub-section (3) shall state in the medical report referred to therein, *inter alia*

(a) the age and sex of the person,

(b) whether the person is suffering from leprosy,

(c) from what, if any, communicable disease other than leprosy, the person is suffering,

(d) whether the person is an idiot or of unsound mind.

So, what purpose does it serve? You don't have Homes for the aged, you don't have Home for Disabled. You don't have adequate arrangements for lepers. Those who are already harassed by nature or by circumstances what purpose does it serve? I request the Government to look into the matter and see that till such arrangements are made this sort of legislation be kept in abeyance and when proper time comes they can be brought before the House for passage of the Bill.
Government Bills

2nd April, 1977.

మేలో నిఖరిస్తే చెప్పాలి, కనుక ఈ ప్రత్యేకమైన సమయం రే?

ఒక ఇతర సంస్థల సంబంధంలో సంచారాలు అవిచే రాయగలిగింది. ఈ సంచారాలు అంచనా కారణంగా సమాచారాన్ని చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు సాధారణంగా మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.

ఈ సంచారాలు సాధారణంగా మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.

ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.

ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.

ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.

ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.

ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.

ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.

ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.

ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి. ఈ సంచారాలు మనం ఆసక్తి కారణంగా చెప్పాలి.
Government Bills

11 a.m. to 12 noon
Andhra Pradesh is a state in India with a diverse population and a rich cultural heritage. The government plays a crucial role in implementing policies and regulations to address various social issues, including begging. The A.P Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977, is an example of the legislative measures taken by the government to tackle the issue of begging.

The bill seeks to address the problem of begging by providing a framework for the effective enforcement of regulations and the protection of the rights of beggars. It aims to create a supportive environment for those who choose to work and contribute to society, while also ensuring that the rights of individuals and families are protected.

The bill includes provisions for the registration of beggars, the imposition of fines for begging in public places, and the provision of alternative support and rehabilitation programs for beggars. It also contains provisions for the registration of beggars, the imposition of fines for begging in public places, and the provision of alternative support and rehabilitation programs for beggars.

The bill has been widely discussed and debated, with input from various stakeholders, including the police, the judiciary, and the public. The government has emphasized the need for a comprehensive approach to address the issue of begging, recognizing that it is a complex problem requiring a multi-dimensional approach.

The bill is expected to be implemented in a phased manner, with provisions for periodic review and revision to ensure its effectiveness in addressing the issue of begging. The government is committed to ensuring that the rights of beggars are protected and that an inclusive and supportive environment is created for all members of society.

As the bill is implemented, the government will continue to monitor its impact and make necessary adjustments to ensure that it achieves its intended objectives. The focus will be on creating a supportive and inclusive environment for all members of society, recognizing the contributions of all individuals and families.

In conclusion, the A.P Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977, is a significant step forward in addressing the issue of begging in Andhra Pradesh. The government is committed to implementing this legislation in a manner that respects the rights of all individuals and families, while also ensuring that the needs of beggars are met through alternative support and rehabilitation programs.
The A P. Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977

2nd April, 1977.

Government Bills.

The A P. Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977

A Bill to Consolidate and amend the Law providing for the prevention of Begging for the Detention, Training and Employment of Beggers and, their dependents in certified institutions and for the custody, trial and punishment of beggar offenders in the State of ANDHRA PRADESH.

12-00Noon
Government Bills

Andhra Pradesh


2nd April, 1977.

Sri C V K. Rao.—What are those that do not come under such kind of alms?

Mr. Chairman.—The question is.

"That this House disapproves the Ordinance called the Andhra Pradesh Prevention of Begging Ordinance 1976 promulgated by the Governor on 30th December, 1976"

The motion was negatived

Chairman — The question is

"That the Andhra Pradesh Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977 be taken into consideration."

The motion was adopted
Government Bills:

524 2nd April, 1977.

Delete the following words occurring at the end "or offering any article for sale" etc.

Delete the following words occurring at the end of offering any article for sale whether or not under any pretence such as singing and dancing, fortune telling, performing tricks or offering any article for sale.

Sri M. Nagireddi:—Or offering any article for sale that is the phrase used is the phrase used.

Sri C.V K. Rao:—Or offering for sale any article—that is the phrase used is the phrase used.


Chairman — The question is

"In clause 2 (b) (ii) delete the following words occurring at the end...

‘or offering any article for sale’.

The amendment was negatived.

After clause 2 (b) (vi) add the following sub-clause as (vii) "(vii) exposing or exhibiting with the object of obtaining alms, any kind of idols of God or devil."
2nd April, 1977.

The A.P. Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977

The A.P. Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977

soliciting or receiving alms, whether or not under any pretence, such as singing, dancing, fortune telling, performing tricks.

Whether or not under the pretence of singing, dancing, fortune telling, performing tricks.
Government Bills:

2nd April, 1977.

Chairman:—No.


Chairman:—The question is:

"After clause 2 (b), (vi) add the following sub-clause as (vii) (vn) exposing or exhibiting with the object of obtaining alms, any kind of idols of God or devil."

The amendment was negatived.

Clause (2)

Chairman:—The question is:

"That Clause 2 do stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2 do stand part of the Bill.

Clause 2 was added to the Bill.

Clauses 3 to 9

Chairman:—The question is:

"That Clauses 3 to 9 do stand part of the Bill".

The Motion was adopted.

Clauses 3 to 9 do stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 3 to 9 were added to the Bill.

Clause 10.

Chairman:—The question is:

"In sub-clause (1) of clause 10 insert the following words between the words ‘seize any’ and ‘animal’. ‘Idols of God or Devil’.

The Amendment was negatived.
Government Bills


Chairman — The question is

“That Clause 10 do stand part of the Bill”.

The Motion was adopted

Clause 10 do stand part of the Bill.

Clause 10 was added to the Bill.

Clauses 11 to 34

Chairman — The question is

“That Clauses 11 to 34 do stand part of the Bill”

The Motion was adopted

Clauses 11 to 34 do stand part of the Bill.

Clauses 11 to 34 were added to the Bill.

Clause 1.
2nd April 1977.


Chairman:—The question is:

In sub-clause (3) of Clause 1 delete the following words occurring at the end—

"and they may appoint dates for different areas."

The Amendment was negatived.

Chairman:—The question is:

"That Clause 1 do stand part of the Bill."

The Motion was adopted

Clause 1 do stand part of the Bill.

Clause 1 was added to the Bill.

ENACTING FORMULA & LONG TITLE

Chairman:—The question is:

"That Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill."

Motion was adopted

Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill.

Enacting Formula and Long Title were added to the Bill.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

"The Andhra Pradesh Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977 be passed."

Chairman:—Motion moved.

(Pause)

The question is:

"The Andhra Pradesh Prevention of Begging Bill, 1977 be passed."

The Motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.


Sri C.V.K. Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That this House disapproves the Ordinance called the Andhra Pradesh Prohibition of Cow Slaughter and Animal Preservation Ordinance, 1976 promulgated by the Governor on 19th December, 1976."

Chairman:—Resolution moved

THE ANDHRA PRADESH PROHIBITION OF COW SLAUGHTER AND ANIMAL PRESERVATION BILL, 1977

Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju:—Sir, I beg to move


Chairman Motion moved 12-40 p.m.
Government Bills:
Government Bills:

2nd April, 1977.

(a) Whether it is a fact that there is a great demand abroad for buffaloe meat,

(b) If so, whether there is any proposal to export the same, and

(c) If so, to which countries?

Answer (a) to (c)—There is a potential demand for buffaloe meat in Middle East countries. The demand for buffaloe meat in Middle East has grown considerably and at present the country is exporting nearly 20 tonnes of Frozen buffaloe meat per day to Gulf countries and the demand is increasing. As buffaloe meat and beef are basically similar in their chemical and physical properties, good quality canned corned meat and sausages type products could be produced from buffaloe for national and International markets. The Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries corporation desired to undertake the project but dropped the idea due to its heavy financial commitments. The Project is estimated to be costing Rs. 4.25 crores excluding an amount of Rs 0.80 lakhs to prepare a feasibility report itself. Production of hygienic and frozen meat in the required quantities is difficult in the absence of a Modern Slaughter House in the State. As and when the proposed Modern Slaughter House at Hyderabad will be commissioned it would be possible to export buffaloe meat of required standard to Middle East countries. The Animal Husbandry department has no machinery of itself to take up export of corned beef at present.

82—13
3$4 2nd April 1977. Government Bills:

(Smt. N. Vijayalakshmi in the Chair)

"Preserving and improving the produce and prohibiting the slaughter of cows and calves and other milch..." 3$4 2nd April 1977.

Preserving and improving the produce and prohibiting the slaughter of cows and calves and other milch...

Government Bills:

Sri Syed Hasan:—Madam Chairman, in Dharma Sastras, "Sathi Shagamam" is mentioned. After the demise of the husband, wife used to burn herself along with the dead-body of the husband.

Madam, here I would like to point out that my friend knows Telugu and I am not in a position to express in Telugu. Since I would speak in English, he must have some one with him to translate my speech. Some time back, same difficulty has come and I hope that mistake should not be committed again. So, I request the Minister to have some one as translator of my speech.

Coming to the point, "Sathu Sahaganam" was stopped during the British days. In spite of the fact that it being the part of the religion, the Britishers stopped it, and till now it was not revived. In the same way, Muslims are accustomed to eat Beef. Not only Muslims, Harijans, Girijans and other castes in Hindus are also consuming the Beef. It is very clearly specified that Animals which could be used for travelling purposes, the animals which could be used for ploughing purposes and the animals which could be used for milching purposes should not be cut. So there is no disparity with regard to majority community or minority community for eating purpose.

Now, in regard to animals for which we cannot provide fodder, what is the alternative that we have to make? Should we allow them to remain like that and die without fodder or should we utilise them? This is a direct and pertinent question to be solved by the Government.

In "Yagna Yagadulu" Hindu Community used to offer animals before the Temples. This system prevails and what is the necessity to stop the cutting of animals? This point has to be considered and I hope the Government would look into this aspect also.

As per my study, useful animals should not be cut and animals which are of no use could be cut. Why should we allow the animals die without fodder and why should we allow the animals die without being utilised? Certain restrictions have been imposed in the Bill i.e., payment of Rs 35 to Rs 40 per annum, etc., and these are of no use.

The contents of the beef is having 40% proteins, I was told. Beef is the cheapest food for the poor people and if you want to stop eating beef, what is the alternative food that you are going to propose or arrange? This is also another pertinent question that the Government has to decide.

In regard to livelihood, with the Gold Control Order, Goldsmiths have turned to the sale of cows and sale of beef, etc. They have undertaken these jobs for an alternative livelihood. What is that the Government is going to do for the existence of these persons? The Government has to consider this point also and have to give a decision. So, hurting of the feelings of a particular community whether majority or the minority is not the question here. Respecting the sentiments of a particular community should also be seen. I would like to ask one thing. We are your small brothers and it has been specifically told in Quran that Pig is a forbidden animal for Muslims. But you encourage Piggery. You give loans and advances to develop and increase piggery. What are the reasons for this? If this is so would there not be hurting of feelings of a section of community?
Government Bills; 2nd April, 1977: 337

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

Under these circumstances, why do not you also impose restrictions on Piggery and see that our feelings are also not hurt.

I hope all these aspects would also be looked into by the Government without any hesitation.

Thanking you, Sir.
2nd April, 1977.

Government Bills:

Government Bills:
Government Bills:

2nd April, 1977

239

If you're referring to a Pakistani document, it appears to discuss a prohibition bill related to cow slaughter and animal preservation in the province of A.P. (Andhra Pradesh). The text includes a date, 2nd April, 1977, but the body of the document is in Urdu, a language commonly used in Pakistan. Given the context, the bill likely discusses measures to control or ban the slaughtering of cows, possibly for religious or environmental reasons.

The document seems to be a parliamentary or governmental record, addressing a specific legislative action or decision. It's written in a formal tone, typical of official or legal documents. Without detailed content, it's hard to provide an exact translation or context in English. If you need any specific part or section translated, please indicate so.
Half an hour discussion
re: the ayacut localised under Nallavagu Project in Nizamabad district.

Half-an-hour Discussion

1-20 p.m.

re: the Ayacut localised for the first and second crops under Nallavagu Project in Nizamabad district

(Discussion arising out of L.A.Q. No. 6992)

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—Sir, I have raised the discussion on the points arising from the unstarred question answered on 28th. There is an irrigation project by name Nallavagu Project with head works in Medak district while the ayacut is spread into two districts—Medak
Half an hour discussion:
re: the ayacut localised under Nallavagu
Project in Nizamabad district.

and Nizamabad. The total ayacut localised under this project is about 3,000 acres is spread again in two districts. For the second crop the ayacut localised is 2,250 acres in Medak district (in few villages) while 750 acres was localised in two villages of Nizamabad district, Thimmanagar and Mardhan villages. When the project was constructed the intention was to provide irrigation in both districts, because, this project head works were located just on the borders of Medak district, and Nizamabad district near Nizamasagar. For the same reason localisation took place fixed ayacut under both the districts (2,250 in Medak and 750 in Nizamabad district) In actual practice water was never let out to irrigate the area that was localised in Nizamabad district. In the beginning water was let out but in course of time when the crops are raised the water was never given, with the result that whatever crops are raised in Nizamabad district remained without irrigation and resulted in colossal loss to the affected ryots of Thimmanagar and Mardhanda villages. Under this project there is no paddy crop localised either in Medak or in Nizamabad. Paddy production is prohibited under Nallavagu project. Irrigated dry crop has to be cultivated for second crop. Insipite of a positive prohibition more than 300 acres of paddy was continuously raised in Medak district in violation of the rules. My submission is that those areas were brought under irrigation depriving localised ayacut in Nizamabad district. When paddy was prohibited under second crop, paddy was continuously raised, thereby depriving the entire ayacut in Nizamabad district. This is known to the Irrigation Department Authorities like S Os, A. Es, Patwari, Revenue Inspectors etc. Complaints to the authorities were made but no action was taken on the country the field officers collected money brought from the concerned ryots who were benefitted by this cultivation and has gone for several years without any benefit to the affected cultivators in Nizamabad district. I have been pursuing this matter for the last 3 to 4 years. In the end of May 1975 I submitted a memorandum signed by me to the Revenue Minister who was good enough to order for a detailed enquiry by the Revenue Department. The present Chief Secretary who was the First Member, Board of Revenue then visited the place affected by this kind of arrangement and he fully agreed with the points raised by me in my memorandum and submitted a detailed report giving so many suggestions as to how to solve the problem. He submitted the report to the Government long ago but unfortunately the Government have not taken any action so far. On the other hand the ayacutdars in Nizamabad district suffered huge loss on account of Section Officers, Asst Engineers. Later when a remedy was suggested and atlast when the Revenue Minister had ordered for an enquiry and when First Member, Board of Revenue suggested a remedy to solve this problem, that report is pending for more than a year at the Secretariat level and it is being sent from the Secretary.
Half an hour discussion:

re: the ayacut localised under Nallavagu Project in Nizamabad district.

to another and nobody knew how to coordinate the whole thing and solve his problem. Hence an half an hour discussion was requested for the question. No officer was held responsible as to how this report was delayed for such a long time. When the ayacut is suffering for want of water I want to know from the Hon Minister as to what are the recommendations made by the First Member, Board of Revenue and whether those recommendations can serve the purpose as a permanent remedy for this problem and why no action was taken all these months even after submission of the report to the Government. There is a need for constitution of an Authority like Tungabhadra Board or Machkund Board. I want the problems and hardships of the ryots are removed when it was proved after enquiry that unauthorised cultivation was made and paddy was allowed by the field officers. What action has been taken against the colluded officers? What disciplinary or otherwise action was taken against those officers and the persons who cultivated unauthorisedly, what penalties or other action was taken against those ayacutdars, we want to know?

Sri P. Narasa Reddy - Mr Speaker, Sir, Nallavagu Project is designed to irrigate 5,900 acres in the districts of Medak and Nizamabad 4,100 acres in Medak and the remaining in Nizamabad District. The area that has been localised, so far as Nizamabad Districts is concerned, is the entire tail-end land. It is true that the Hon'ble Member had given me a letter some where in May, 1975 complaining about the irregular irrigation contrary to the taibandy localisation that was done by the authorities there. I had ordered for a detailed enquiry and the First Member, Board of Revenue along with Revenue and Irrigation Officers had visited the said project and after studying the project report and after going into other facts concerning this project, he had submitted a report to the Government on 27-4-1976. His recommendations have been very elaborate. I will deal with those recommendations later. So far as Nalla Vagu Project is concerned, since its completion, there is no continuous and regular water supply for storage so that ayacut could be given regularly. For the year 1975-76 wherein 2,335 MC ft water was stored. Now the point in issue which the Hon'ble Minister has raised, is that irregular irrigation has been done in the year 1974-75. So in the detailed enquiry that has been conducted by the First Member, Board of Revenue shows the localisation suggested by the Revenue Board was 750 acres ID. But actually, the Executive Engineer had suggested that so far as Nizamabad District was concerned, it might be 300 ID so far as Martad is concerned, the Executive Engineer had not suggested any ayacut because on the ground that the levels and every thing has been done.

Apart from that fact, whether it was actually included in this or not, the Revenue Department had directed that taibandy must be made. Accor-
Half an hour discussion:
2nd April, 1977
re: the ayacut localised under Nallavagu Project in Nizamabad district.

ring to the Zamabandi returns, Nizamabad District is under the left canal. There are two canals. The right canal feeds entirely the Medak District and the left canal feeds two villages in Medak District and a vast portion in Nizamabad District. In Nizamabad District, 42 acres of wet and 350 acres of ID was brought under cultivation in 1973-74 and 34 acres of wet and 450 acres of ID in 1974-75 and in 1975-76 also 350 acres of ID was cultivated. What the Hon'ble Member has said was quite true. In the project report, it has been quite clearly mentioned for the ID 800 acres must be given; regarding tabi, Nizamabad district is entitled for 1/5th of water available, i.e., 220 mc ft. However, the First Member, Board of Revenue after going into the details, has recommended that an area of 800 acres ID for the second crop in Nizamabad District should be first charged on the water available for the second crop. The second suggestion that was made by the First Member Board of Revenue was, the left canal which is catering to the needs of Medak and Nizamabad Districts be cement lined to reduce water loss. His third suggestion was for relocalisation of ayacut for ID so that crops raised from November, harvested by March. (5) Rate variations in the inflow of bout in quality. Therefore localised area should be divided into distinct blocks. (6) Sugar cane should not be allowed to grow unauthorisedly on ID area, if done, they should be severely penalised. So lower level Revenue Officers must certify when the turn system comes. These were broadly the recommendations that were made by the Member, Board of Revenue last year and since action on these recommendations has to be taken by the Irrigation Department, the matter has rightly been pointed out by the Hon'ble Member and they have been circulated to the Irrigation Department. There are two resolutions. One is to see that further injustice is not done to the Ayacutdars under the left canal in Nizamabad District. The second is the irregular irrigation that has been done unlawfully in 1974-75, action on those who are responsible should be taken. The Member wanted that immediate action should be taken against them. The other suggestion made by the Member, Board of Revenue is that a meeting may be held both with Irrigation Secretary and Revenue Secretary and other Chief Engineers to give final solution to this matter. Now Government have come to a decision that immediately the cement lining on the left canal may be taken up and funds may be provided. The entire thing would have to be taken up. That is the Government's decision. This would take some time in the sense that the estimates would have to be prepared and circulated to the Finance and Irrigation Departments also. But Government is keen that the suggestions made by the First Member, Board of Revenue shall be implemented. He had also suggested that field channels might be done under every project so as to see that water supply is ensured to the area that has been localised. Government has taken a decision and
Half an hour discussion re the ayacut localised under Nallavagu Project in Nizamabad district.

it would be taken up either under Command Area Development Project or under the Project Scheme itself. So far as Command Area Development scheme is concerned, this authority do not cover medium irrigation projects. Nallavagu project is a medium project. Therefore, the State Government has now taken a decision that we must include medium irrigation projects also under Command Area Development. Therefore, C.A.D programme would be extended to this. All the required and necessary points that are covered by the Hon'ble Member and the Ayacutdars would certainly be looked into and action would be taken.

1-40 p.m. So far as immediate action on those who have unauthorisedly irrigated their lands was concerned, Government have received complaints that in Bokatgar and in Anthargav, an area of 259 acres has been unauthorisedly irrigated in the year 1974-75 out of which 72 acres wet and 180 acres ID. The Collector has imposed 5 times penalty of the original assessment and since lot of sugar cane has been grown up, five times of the commercial taxes assessment and all the assessments have been levied and also collected from those ayacutdars. So far as action against the offenders, i.e., those persons who are responsible for which irregular irrigation, is concerned this is to be investigated and the Chief Engineer has been directed to go into this very minutely because Govt. would like to know whether it was Asst. Engineer or the Supervisor, or the Section Officer concerned or the Revenue subordinate officers who are involved in this. The Collector and the Chief Engineer have both been directed to give comprehensive report within 3 months so that necessary action on those persons who have allowed such illegal irrigation, would be taken. So far as other problems of tabibandy are concerned, Government have now suggested that we must constitute a committee for the project level with Collector, Medak, Collector, Nizamabad, Tahsildar Narayankhed, Tahsildar, Bodhan as Members along with concerned Executive Engineers. Till such time, Government will see that no irregular irrigation would continue or would be done later. Because irregular irrigation has not only been done in Medak area but it has been done in Nizamabad district area also. From the statistics that have been furnished to us shows that in that area more than the area that was originally allowed has been cultivated in Nizamabad area also. According to the Executive Engineer's report, we have suggested that only 300 acres ID might be taken up but contrary to that about 150 acres more was taken up at the tail end area. So far as irregular irrigation is concerned a report has been received from the Collector as to the reasons such irregular irrigation has occurred. He has reported that some tentative localisation originally proposed by the P.W.D. and only parts of survey number were included. The ayacut of the two villages in Nizamabad District.
Half an hour discussion: 2nd April 1977.

re: the ayacut localised under Nallavagu Project in Nizamabad district.

is the tail end Water could be stopped steps are promptly taken an thus prevent the irregular irrigation. This irregular irrigation wa detected some time later. We are taking steps to see that such things do no reoccur and take suitable action against such officers at the lower leve who are responsible for this

Sri M. Narayana Reddy — I am glad that the Hon’ble Minister has given a thoughtful reply on the subject. Since no action has been taken for the last several years, I want that Hon’ble Minister should ensure that the measures that are suggested by him are put into action or executed before 7th June — Mrugasira. This is the only working season. After two months nothing is possible. Otherwise, one more season would lapse. This Ayacut Development Authority is a very small Project (CAD). CAD is normally dealing with Nagarjunasagar Pochampad, Thungabhadra Projects etc. Atleast let this small project be taken up by the Irrigation Department if necessary by drawing funds from the CAD. am afraid having known and seen the working of the CAD during the last several months, it is hardly possible that CAD could do any work. I therefore, urge upon the Government to see that this work is done by the Irrigation Department itself. Thirdly about the composition of the Committee, if the Collector is made the Chairman of the Committee, when equal rank of Collector sit there, every body would argue his own case. When Commissioner Revenue or Irrigation is made the Chairman, it will work properly. I am not anticipating any quarrel, it is better if it is constituted like that.

There is a separate Minister for Ayacut Development, Separate Minister for Irrigation and separate Minister for Revenue. On account of of this, there is lot of confusion and there is lack of coordination which is very much necessary. Therefore, Government may also consider either to merge all these departments into one portfolio or appoint a small Cabinet sub-committee to coordinate the work otherwise nothing can be done.

Thank you.

Sri P. Narsa Reddy:—The ayacut is not so much as there would be 1-50 p.m. a fight between the Collectors. The only thing is their presence. When the legislators are there, the engineering staff is there, it is only to ensure that so much amount has been included in Tai Bandi. The question of enforcement is important, not allocation. If you ask the Commissioner to preside over a small project it would be very much time consuming. I assure the hon member that when the hon. legislators and the collectors are there, there would be nothing untoward, and it will be done. So far as the cement lining and field channels are concerned, it would be taken up in right earnest.
Half an hour discussion: re; the ayacut localised under Nallavagu Project in Nizamabad district

Regarding re-localisation, it will take some time because that matter has to be gone into by a committee of experts. However, I would be requesting the C A.D and the Irrigation Department to push it through early and as far as possible to see that the hon member is not perturbed nor would he have occasion to bring this matter again to this House

Mr. Speaker:—The business not completed and outstanding will be taken up on 4th April 1977.

The House now stands adjourned till 8-30 a.m on Monday, the 4th April 1977.

(The House then adjourned till half past eight of the Clock on Monday, the 4th April 1977).