THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT
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The
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly
Principal Officers

Speaker: Sri R. Dasaratharama Reddy

Deputy Speaker: Sri Syed Rahmat Ali

Panel of Chairman:
1. Smt. T. E. S. Ananda Bai
2. Sri Gamago
3. Sri Y. Venkata Rao
4. Sri N. Venkata Ratnam
5. Sri M. Nagi Reddy
6. Dr. B. Kalavathy

Secretary: Sri G. Ramachandra Naidu

Deputy Secretaries:
1. Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy
2. Sri D. L. Narasimham

Assistant Secretaries:
1. Sri M. Ramanadha Sastry
2. Sri S. Purnananda Sastry
3. Sri K. Satyanarayana Rao
4. Sri R. N. Sarma
5. Sri K. Kutumba Rao
6. Sri Md. Ghouse Khan

Chief Reporter: Sri Habeeb Abdur Rahman
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1976-77.
Voting of Demands for Grants;

- Governor and Council of Ministers
- General Administrative Services
- Other General Economic Services
- Information and Publicity
- State Legislature
- Elections
- Tourism
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Wednesday the 24th March, 1976.

The House met at Half-Past Eight of the Clock.

(MR. SPEAKER IN THE CHAIR)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Purchasing of Products Manufactured in the State

571—

*7656 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy (Gurajala):—Will the Minister for Industries be pleased to state;

(a) whether the Government propose to buy products manufactured in the State in preference to the products manufactured outside;

(b) whether the Government has issued any directions in this regard; and

(c) if so, whether a copy of the said directions be placed on the Table of the House?

The Minister for Industries (Sri P. Basi Reddy):— (a) & (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Copies of the orders issued are placed on the Table of the House.

*An asterisk before the name indicates Confirmation by the member.

J. No. 27—1
STORES PURCHASE — Purchase of goods manufactured in the State by Government Departments - Orders - Issued.

ORDER:

The Government have been issuing instructions from time to time to the Government Departments to purchase their requirements from local manufactures, with a view to give a fillip of local industries. In Memo. No. 6431, Industries (D), dated 8th January, 1968 (copy enclosed), the various instructions of Government have been reiterated in a consolidated form indicating the price preferences to be allowed for the various categories of industries.

In spite of these instructions complaints are being frequently received from local manufactures that Government Departments have been placing orders for goods manufactured in other States, in violation of the orders of Government. Instances have also come to notice wherein, Government Departments have avoided purchasing local products on the ground that the quality is not good or that the goods do not conform to specifications. While it is necessary to ensure that the goods purchased are of the requisite quality no too high Specifications calculated to circumvent the aforesaid instructions of Government should be resorted to. Government have therefore re-examined the whole matter and with a view to enforcing the existing instructions vigorously issue the following orders:

(i) The orders issued by the Government in Memo No. 6431, Ind (D), dated 8th January, 1968 should be followed by all Government Departments both in letter and spirit and serious notice will be taken of their non-compliance.

(ii) All Departments should obtain prior approval of Government before placing orders for goods manufactured outside the State when similar goods are being manufactured within the State. The Department should also maintain lists of goods so purchased and send copies of those lists to Government and the Director of Industries periodically, once in a quarter.

(iii) The Director of Industries should prepare a Directory of products manufactured within the State showing the particulars and the items manufactured by the Small Scale Industrial units and supply copies of the same to all Government Departments for their use.
(iv) The Director of Industries is charged with the responsibility of watching the implementation of these instructions by the various Departments concerned and of bringing to notice of Government all cases of flagrant violation of the instructions. For this purpose, it shall be the duty of all Government Department to furnish to the Director of Industries any particulars he may ask for regarding the purchase of any goods effected by them. The Departments also are advised to seek the advice of the Director of Industries whenever they should find any difficulty in securing their requirements of goods from local manufactures. The receipt of the G.O. should be acknowledged by all Departments with a copy to the Director of Industries.

(By order and in the name of the Governor of Andhra Pradesh)

M.A. ABBASI.
Secretary to Government.


Subject:— Stores Purchase of goods manufactured in the State by Government Departments - Price preference - Instructions reiterated.


In the G.O. first cited instructions were issued with regard to purchase of Small Scale and Cottage Industries Products by Government Departments. It was directed that the products manufactured in factories industrial training—cum—production centres and workshops run by the Government or centres of an equal status and articles stored at Government Sales Emptoria should be purchased by all Government Departments giving first preference directly from them irrespective of the monetary limit of Rs.2,000 and without the medium of Central Stores Purchase Department.

The Government have also directed that products manufactured in the workshops and units run by and under the management of Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation Limited should be purchased by all Government Departments direct from them by giving preferences treating them on par with manufacturing first units run by Government Departments. List of units can be seen in G.O. 6th cited.
In the G.O. second cited, with a view to giving a fillip to local industries (within the State) all the Heads of Departments were empowered to give 5 per cent price preference to the products that are manufactured in the Andhra Pradesh State and directed to refer the local products only when the stores are in accordance with their needs and prices are within the above concessional limits. The above concessions will not be applicable to the local agents or middleman etc. of the products that are manufactured outside the State.

In the Memo fourth cited read with Memo 5th cited, powers have also been delegated to all Heads of Departments, who make direct purchases within exemptions permitted, to give the following price preferences and reiterated that locally manufactured products should be purchased as far as possible.

(i) indigenous products over imported ones, upto 15 per cent price preference;
(ii) local (i.e., within the State) products may be given 5 per cent price preference over other Indian products;
(iii) Cottage and Small Industries products may be given 10 per cent price preference;
(iv) Co-operative societies 'products' may be given 5 per cent price preference over others;
(v) 2 per cent price preference for the products of this State with I.S.I marks over other products which do not conform to I.S.I. standards in addition to the four categories of price preferences referred to above.

In order to encourage Small Scale Industries, Government have also reserved 58 items to be purchased by all departments of Government exclusively from the Small Scale Industries sector as follows, in the G.O. 3rd cited.

1. Pen-holders
2. Pen-racks
3. Hand made paper
4. Wooden trays
5. Wooden blotters
6. Wooden rulers
7. Wooden pin cushions
8. Wooden stationary boxes
9. Wooden furniture
Oral Answers to Questions.


10. Wooden packing cases all sizes
11. Boots, Shoes & chappals
12. Aluminium mugs
13. Aluminium tumblers & plates
14. Galvanised buckets
15. Drawing boards
16. Mathematical & survey instruments
17. Phenyle
18. Cycles and Cycle accessories
19. Sewing machines
20. Manhole covers
21. Air brake switches
22. Boot polish
23. Washing soaps
24. Copper wire (Bare and Insulated)
25. Chalks & Crayons
26. Inks
27. Cotton & Woollen socks
28. Oil cans
29. Steel Furniture
30. Steel office boxes
31. Steel letter trays
32. Steel racks
33. Steel folding chairs
34. Basket cane
35. Coir fibre, coir yarn and coir goods
36. Brushes
37. Brooms
38. Cooking utensils
39. Belt, Leather
40. Leather boxes
41. Heels Leather
42. Leather boxes (including cash bags)
43. Hides and country leather of all types
44. Buttons
45. Garments
46. Carts
47. Dust bins
48. Wicks cotton
49. Cotton tape
50. Dusters cotton all types
51. Badges cloth embroidered and metal
52. Kddalis
53. Chemelas
54. Hinges, tweer bolts and builders hardware
55. Mangalore tiles and bricks

56. Stoneware pipes and specials
57. Utensils and brassware hassat metal products
58. Community receiver sets and radio spare parts.

It has since been brought to the notice Government that the above instructions are not being followed by some of the purchasing Departments. It is therefore reiterated that all the purchasing departments should scrupulously adhere to the above instructions and report to Government in the administrative department whenever they are unable to do so. Govt. will be consider strained to take a serious view of any lapses on the part of any Government Department.

C.B. Rau,
Dy. Secretary to Government.

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH
INDUSTRIES & COMMERCE (SSI) DEPARTMENT
Sub:— Small Scale Industries-Price Preference to local Small Scale Industrial Units in the matter of purchases by Government Department-Regarding.
Ref:—G.O. Ms. No. 323, Ind. dated 6-4-1968.

Inspite of the clear instructions embodied in the orders cited to give price preference to local Small Scale Industrial Units in the matter of purchases by Government Department etc., there are reasons to think that this is not being adhered to in all cases.

The Government having carefully considered the matter hereby reiterate the earlier orders that all Public Sector Undertakings, Government Departments as well as Government Directors on Private Companies should ensure that other things being equal, preference should be given to small Scale Industrial Units in the State in all purchases and that cases of default should be looked into and appropriate action taken.

The Director of Industries who is charged with the responsibilities of watching the implementation of the instructions contained in the order cited, is requested to ensure that the Government orders on the subject cited are adhered to and that any violation of the Government orders should be immediately brought to the notice of the administrative Departments concerned and the Home Department for suitable action.

S.R. Ramamurthi,
Secretary to Government.
LIST ON ITEMS RESERVED FOR EXCLUSIVE PURCHASE
FROM SMALL SCALE SECTOR

1. Pen holders
2. Pen racks
3. Hand made paper
4. Wooden trays
5. Wooden blotters
6. Wooden rulers
7. Wooden pincushions
8. Wooden stationery boxes
9. Wooden furniture
10. Wooden packing cases all sizes
11. Boots, shoes and chappals
12. Aluminium mugs
13. Aluminium tumblers and plates
14. Galvanised buckets
15. Drawing boards
16. Mathematical & survey instruments
17. Phenyle
18. Cycles and cycle assessories
19. Sewing machines
20. Manhole covers
21. Air brake switches
22. Boot polish
23. Washing soaps.
24. Copper wire (bare and insulated)
25. Charcoal and crayons
26. Inks
27. Cotton and Woolen socks
28. Oil cans
29. Steel furniture
30. Steel office boxes
31. Steel letter trays
32. Steel racks
33. Steel folding chairs
34. Basaket cane
35. Coir fibre, coir yarn and coir goods
36. Brushes
37. Brooms
38. Cooking utensils
39. Belt, leather
40. Leather boxes
41. Heels leather
42. Leather bags (including cash bags)
43. Hides and country leather of all types
44. Buttons
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Item Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>45.</td>
<td>Garments</td>
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<tr>
<td>46.</td>
<td>Carts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47.</td>
<td>Dust bins</td>
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<tr>
<td>48.</td>
<td>Wic's cotton</td>
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<tr>
<td>49.</td>
<td>Cotton tape</td>
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<tr>
<td>50.</td>
<td>Dusters cotton all tapes</td>
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<tr>
<td>51.</td>
<td>Bages cloth embroidered and metal</td>
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<tr>
<td>52.</td>
<td>Kodalas</td>
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<tr>
<td>53.</td>
<td>Chamelas</td>
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<tr>
<td>54.</td>
<td>Hinges, tweer bolts and builders hardware</td>
</tr>
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<td>55.</td>
<td>Mangalore tiles and bricks</td>
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<tr>
<td>56.</td>
<td>Stoneware pipes and special</td>
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<tr>
<td>57.</td>
<td>Utensils and brassware hassat metal products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58.</td>
<td>Community receiver sets and radio spare parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59.</td>
<td>Animal Driven Vehicles (Civils Requirements only)</td>
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<tr>
<td>60.</td>
<td>Anklets Web Kahki</td>
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<tr>
<td>61.</td>
<td>Ammunition Boxes Wooden</td>
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<td>62.</td>
<td>Attache cases</td>
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<td>63.</td>
<td>Bags ice head (Civil requirements only)</td>
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<td>64.</td>
<td>Belloons Rubber</td>
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<tr>
<td>65.</td>
<td>Bandage cloth</td>
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<td>66.</td>
<td>Barbed wire (excepting concerting barbed wire square hexagonal head)</td>
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<td>67.</td>
<td>Bench vices (Ordinary)</td>
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<td>68.</td>
<td>Blacksmith Hearth</td>
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<td>69.</td>
<td>Bone meal</td>
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<td>70.</td>
<td>Boxes made of metal (Civil requirements only)</td>
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<td>71.</td>
<td>Boxing boots</td>
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<td>72.</td>
<td>Brass dampers</td>
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<td>73.</td>
<td>Brief cases</td>
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<td>74.</td>
<td>Buckles</td>
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<td>75.</td>
<td>Blue cut shoe tacks</td>
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<tr>
<td>76.</td>
<td>Bolts, Nuts, Screws</td>
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<tr>
<td>77.</td>
<td>Cans (Made of G.I, Sheet for milk &amp; measuring)</td>
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<tr>
<td>78.</td>
<td>Cash Boxes</td>
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<tr>
<td>79.</td>
<td>Caps cotton</td>
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<tr>
<td>80.</td>
<td>Caps woolen</td>
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<tr>
<td>81.</td>
<td>Cashing and caping</td>
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<tr>
<td>82.</td>
<td>Caps water proof</td>
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<tr>
<td>83.</td>
<td>Ceiling roses upto 15 amps</td>
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<tr>
<td>84.</td>
<td>Centrifugal steel plate blowers</td>
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<tr>
<td>85.</td>
<td>Chains lashing</td>
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<tr>
<td>86.</td>
<td>Conduit pipes (Metallic)</td>
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<tr>
<td>87.</td>
<td>Copper sulphate</td>
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<tr>
<td>88.</td>
<td>Cotton cord Twine (Other than Defence)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89.</td>
<td>Cotton Wool (Non-Absorbent)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
90. Crates wooden
91. Cumblies
92. Curtains mosquito (Civil requirements only)
93. Distribution Board upto 15 amps.
94. Dust shield leather.
95. Electric call Bell.
96. Electric Buzzers.
97. Electric shouldering Irons.
98. Eyelets.
99. Expended metal.
100. Football boots.
101. French polish.
102. Fire bricks and salt Glazed pipes and Crucibles.
103. Gas Mantles.
104. Gauze Cloth.
105. Gauze surgical all types (Civil requirements only)
106. Gun cases.
108. Gun Metal bushes.
109. Gem clips, paper pins and staples pins.
110. Gum bottles.
111. Hand drawn carts of all types (Civil requirements only).
112. Hand numbering machines.
113. Handles wooden and bamboo.
114. Hair passam wool.
115. Hand gloves.
117. Hold-alls.
118. Horse and Mule shoes.
119. Insecticides dusts and sprayers (Manual only)
120. Invalid wheeled chairs.
121. Keys wooden.
122. Kit Bags.
123. Kullahs.
124. Laces leather.
125. Lanterns posts and bodies.
126. Lathies.
127. Lamps Signal.
128. Lampholders.
129. Leather harness.
130. Metalclad switches.
131. Mail bags (canves & dossoti).
132. Metal polish.
133. Metric weights.
134. Miniature bulbs (for teachers only)
135. Nail cutters.
136. Nail tips rustless.
137. Newer (other than Defence).
138. Oil engines and water pumps.
139. Pad locks brass.
140. Pad locks C.I.
141. Paper conversion products.
142. Patient coats and pyjamas.
143. Piles fabric.
144. Pillows (Cotton).
145. Plaster of paris.
146. Plugs.
147. Plugs wooden.
148. Postal lead seals.
149. Postal Weighing scales.
150. Punches.
151. Paints and Varnishes.
152. Pesticides.
153. Polithene and plastic goods.
154. Quilts, (Cotton).
155. Rags cotton (Civil requirements only).
156. Railway platform drinking water trolleys. (Civil requirements only).
157. Razors.
158. Scissors cutting (Ordinary scissors).
159. Shellac.
160. Shoe Laces.
161. Sing Boards painted.
162. Skin sheep all types (Civil requirements only).
163. Skidoots and shoes.
164. Sole leathers (Civil requirements only).
165. Sockets.
166. Spiked boots.
167. Stockinette (Civil requirements only).
168. Stone curry and stone curry roller.
169. Suitcases.
170. Spun pipes and asbestos pipes.
171. Tacks (Metallic).
172. Tape cotton (Civil requirements only).
173. Tarpanlins (Civil requirements only).
174. Teak fabricated round blocks.
175. Tentage jute.
176. Tip boots.
177. Tin trays.
178. Tin containers.
179. Umbrellas.
180. Washers leather.
181. Wheel Barrows.
182. Wire nails and Horse shoe nails.
183. Wood wool.
184. Wax candles.
185. Water proof paper, polythene lined paper.

I will see that a formal committee is appointed as soon as possible. Government is determined to see that the purchasing departments purchase local products. I have also asked to give preference to local products even as regards price.
Mr. Speaker:—Next question.
Sri C.V.K. Rao:—On a point of order, Sir, when a particular question is put a follow up question also should be there because the answer may be incomplete and also it will be a little helpful.
Mr. Speaker:—No point of order.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—If the questioner and the Minister agree, what objection should the hon. Speaker have, Sir.
Sri P. Basi Reddy:—We have to obey the hon. Speaker.
Mr. Speaker:—Next question.

Establishment of Cement Factory at Tandur

572—

*7731 (I) Q.—Sri N. Venkatiah (Kodangal):—Will the Minister for Industries be pleased to state:
(a) the reasons for not taking steps till now to establish cement factory at Tandur, Hyderabad Dist;
(b) the stage at which the construction of the three proposed cement factories at Tandur, Yarraguntla and some other place, stands at present;
(c) whether it is a fact that C.C.I, have not been taking up the construction of cement factory at Tandur; and
(d) if so, reasons therefor ?

Sri P. Basi Reddy:—(a), (b), (c) and (d) The answer is placed on the Table of the house.

ANSWER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE TO L. A. Q. NO. *7731.(I)

(a) The Government of India could not give clearance to the Cement Corporation of India for going ahead with the proposed cement factory at Tandur owing to financial resources constraint.
(b) The following progress has been made in regard to the three cement factories:

(1) Tandur Cement Plant:—Land to the extent of 630.37 acres has to be acquired in Karankota, Ogipur and Sangam Kala village of Tandur Taluk. Land Acquisition unit has been sanctioned and the
land survey is in progress. Funds for the payment of compensation for lands to be acquired are being provided by the Cement Corporation of India. Necessary action to provide water and power has been initiated by the State Government.

(2) Adilabad Plant:—Acquisition of lands will be taken up after the formalities are completed with the Cement Corporation of India with whom the Collector, Adilabad has entered into detailed correspondence. Provision of water and power required for the plant has been assured.

(3) Yerraguntla Plant:—The Cement Corporation of India has opened an office at Yerraguntla and posted an Executive Engineer. The Corporation has already taken possession of 70 acres of land and is expected to take possession of another 230 acres shortly. It has placed orders for the supply of machinery and called for tenders for taking up construction work of factory godowns and residential quarters.

(c) & (d):—The Cement Corporation of India could not take up the construction of the Cement factory at Tandur owing to financial resources constraint.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Q. 1. Who is the head of the state?

A. The head of the state is the Governor.

Q. 2. What is the capital of the state?

A. The capital of the state is Hyderabad.

Q. 3. What is the name of the state's official language?

A. The official language of the state is Telugu.

Q. 4. What is the state's main river?

A. The main river of the state is the Godavari.

Q. 5. What is the state's major industry?

A. The major industry of the state is textiles.

Q. 6. What is the state's national symbol?

A. The national symbol of the state is the tiger.

Q. 7. What is the state's main tourist attraction?

A. The main tourist attraction of the state is the Tirupati Balaji temple.

Q. 8. What is the state's main sport?

A. The main sport of the state is cricket.

8-40 a.m.

Q. 9. What was the purpose of the 1972 election?

A. The purpose of the 1972 election was to elect the members of the state legislature.

Q. 10. What were the main issues in the election?

A. The main issues in the election were unemployment, poverty, and corruption.

Q. 11. What was the outcome of the election?

A. The outcome of the election was a victory for the ruling party.

Q. 12. What was the significance of this victory?

A. The victory was significant because it marked the beginning of a new chapter in the state's political history.

Q. 13. What changes were made after the victory?

A. Changes included the expansion of education and health care facilities.

Q. 14. What are the future goals of the government?

A. The future goals of the government include improving infrastructure, boosting the economy, and enhancing environmental sustainability.

Q. 15. What challenges does the government face?

A. The government faces challenges such as poverty, inequality, and the need for better access to basic amenities like water and electricity.

Q. 16. What are the government's strategies to overcome these challenges?

A. Strategies include implementing social safety nets, investing in rural development, and promoting entrepreneurship.

Q. 17. How does the government plan to ensure the implementation of these strategies?

A. The government plans to ensure implementation through a combination of policy design, effective communication, and monitoring and evaluation.
PROBLEMS OF TOXINS IN FOODS.

573—

*7186 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy:— Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to set up a Joint Panel of the Indian Council of Medical Research and the Indian Council of Agricultural Research to study the problems of “Toxins in Foods.”
Oral Answers to Questions.


(b) If so, when it will be constituted; and
(c) the functions of the committee?

*The Minister for Health and Medical (Sri K. Rajamallu):—
(a) The State Government have no such proposal.

(b) 

Do not arise.

(a) 

The Minister for Health and Medical (Sri K. Rajamallu):—

(a) Government have considered that the requirement of obtaining the consent of the near relative, before removal of eyes from the deceased in hospitals, be waived.

(b) Yes, sir.

(c) A notice of Motion has been given for a Special Order of the Assembly for the continuance of the Bill (viz.) "Andhra Pradesh. Corneal Grafting (Amendment) Bill, 1974 (L.A. Bill No. 28 of 1974)" (which was introduced in the Assembly earlier, but lapsed due to the Prorogation) in the present session.

(1) The Hon. Member for Y (Yamajula): — Why is the minimum level of 2% for the amaranth root to be maintained? Is the amount of 2% sufficient for the farmers?

(2) The Hon. Member for X (Xamajula): — Why is the minimum level of 1% for the yellow gram to be maintained? Is the amount of 1% sufficient for the farmers?

(3) The Hon. Member for Z (Zamajula): — Why is the minimum level of 3% for the black gram to be maintained? Is the amount of 3% sufficient for the farmers?

(4) The Hon. Member for A (Amanjula): — Why is the minimum level of 4% for the green gram to be maintained? Is the amount of 4% sufficient for the farmers?

(5) The Hon. Member for B (Bamajula): — Why is the minimum level of 5% for the white gram to be maintained? Is the amount of 5% sufficient for the farmers?

(6) The Hon. Member for C (Cmanjula): — Why is the minimum level of 6% for the red gram to be maintained? Is the amount of 6% sufficient for the farmers?

(7) The Hon. Member for D (Dmanjula): — Why is the minimum level of 7% for the lentil to be maintained? Is the amount of 7% sufficient for the farmers?

(8) The Hon. Member for E (Emanjula): — Why is the minimum level of 8% for the soya bean to be maintained? Is the amount of 8% sufficient for the farmers?

(9) The Hon. Member for F (Fmanjula): — Why is the minimum level of 9% for the mustard to be maintained? Is the amount of 9% sufficient for the farmers?

(10) The Hon. Member for G (Gmanjula): — Why is the minimum level of 10% for the rice to be maintained? Is the amount of 10% sufficient for the farmers?
ALLOTMENT OF LAND TO COLONISATION SOCIETY, PAKALA


575—

*7728 (U) Q.—Sri D. Venkatesam (Kuppam) :—Will the Minister for Forests be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is not a fact that the Government have issued orders in G. O. Ms. No. 1671 F & A dated 7-11-72 allotting 500 acres of land to the Chittoor Dist. Girijan, Harijan, Backward Communities and landless poor and Colonisation Society, Pakala;

(b) whether it is also not a fact that the Dist. Collector, Chittoor has not handed over the said land to the society so far; and

(c) when the said land will be handed over to the society?

The Minister for Forests (Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari) :—

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) The area has not yet been handed over to the Revenue Department since the Collector has requested Forest Department to keep the area under the control of Forest Department only, as it is likely that it will take some time before a decision is taken by Revenue Department regarding assignment of land to the society.

(c) Does not arise in view of item (b) above.

Sri D. Venkatesham :—In G. O. Ms. No. 1571 dated 7-11-1972 orders were passed allotting 500 acres of land. So far no decision has been taken to give possession of the land to the Society. When will the possession be delivered?

*Sri Ibrahim Ali Ansari,—That area was deforested. Actually the crop on the area was cleared and felled. It was ready for being taken over. We have been asking the Tahsildar to take over. The Tahsildar, in turn asked the Collector. The Collector asked the Forest Department to keep it under their control for better protection, before it is allotted.

Sri D. Venkatesham :—The Forest Department has already ordered the Tahsildar to recover the land. The Tahsildar in turn has asked the Collector; the Collector in turn asked the Forest Department to keep it under their control. For what purpose your control should be their? Why should the Collector ask the Forest Department to keep it under its control. Why is it necessary for the Forest Department to keep it under its control.

(No reply)

Sri M. Nagi Reddy,—The G. O. was passed in the year 1972. Already 4 years have lapsed. The Minister for Forests says that the Forest Department is ready to hand it over to the Revenue Department whereas the Revenue Department in their turn say that it should
be kept under the Forest Department. What is the difficulty the Revenue Department is facing. Will the Hon’ble Minister for Revenue also direct the revenue authorities to take possession of the lands immediately and distribute to the landless poor?

Sri Mohd Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—It is for the Revenue Department to take action.

Mr. Speaker:—Minister for Forests is not able to give an answer.

Instances of Forced Labour

*7381. Q.—Sri P.V. Ramana (Anakapalli):—Will the Minister for Labour be pleased to state:—

(a) whether instances of forced labour any where in Andhra Pradesh have come to the notice of the Government; and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government in the matter?

The Minister for Labour Sri T. Anjaiah:—(a) Yes, Sir. One case in Khammam, five cases in Visakhapatnam and seven cases in Cuddapah have been reported by the Collectors.

(b) All the bonded labourers referred to in the answer to clause (a) have been freed.

The boy who was released by the Collector Khammam was admitted in Scheduled Caste Boy’s Hostel, Bhadrachalam.

The Collector, Visakhapatnam is taking action to rehabilitate the five persons.

The seven persons in Cuddapah District have been rehabilitated as sheepbreeders. A pilot study has been made in tribal areas, by the Tribal Cultural Research and Training Institute. Its report is under consideration of Government.

ప్రపంచ ప్రధానిగా జాతీయ సంస్థలలోపాటు అమలు చేయడం నిర్ణయం చేసారు.

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Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu (Parvathipuram) ప్రతి సమయం ప్రశ్నలను విభజనం చేసే దినాన్ని తెలియాలి. ఆనందం విభజనం ఇతరుల దినాన్ని తెలియాలి. ఆ దినాన్ని విభజనం ఇతరుల దినాన్ని తెలియాలి.
Filling up of the Vacancies of Apprenticeship

577—

*7400 Q.—Sri P.V. Ramana:—Will the Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) the number of vacancies of apprenticeship filled up in the Public and Private Sectors of Industries in Andhra Pradesh after 26th June, 1975;
(b) the number of vacancies yet to be filled up;
(c) how long it will take time to fill up all the vacancies; and
(d) the number of Industries under the purview of Apprentice Act?

Sri T. Anjaih:—(a) As against 4312 apprentice training places located, 4487 candidates have been recruited as apprentices till 1.3.1976.

Private Sector: Public Sector:
Located 2012 Allotment 2300
Engaged 2187 Engaged 2300

(b) 4 vacancies in 2 establishments.
(c) The 4 un-filled vacancies in establishments will be filled up in the next recruitment session of March/April, 1976.
(d) 2232 establishments.
Selling Of a Tractor by the Secretary, Potato Growers Co-operative Marketing Society, Zaheerabad

571—

*7532Q.—Sri M. Baga Reddy (Zaheerabad):— Will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is also a fact that the Secretary, Potato Growers Co-operative Marketing Society, Zaheerabad of Medak Dist. has sold 55 H.P. Hindustan Tractor for the consideration of Rs. 11,000 only;

(b) whether it is also a fact that he has not taken prior permission for this transaction from the Managing Committee; and

c) whether any action has been taken against the Secretary and whether the tractor has been delivered to the purchaser.

The Minister for P.W.D. (Sri Ch. Venkata Rao) :— (a) Yes Sir. For Rs. 14,000/—.

(b) The Managing Committee resolved in its meeting held on 12-6-1972 to obtain the permission of the Collector (Co-opn.) for sale of the tractor. But it was not obtained. There is no indication in the minute book that the authorisation was given to the Secretary for effecting the sale of the tractor.

(c) Action has been taken against the Secretary under C.C.A. Rules 1969 and he was placed under suspension pending enquiry. The tractor has not been delivered to the purchaser.

Maintenance And Repairs to the School Buildings

*6618 Q.—Sri Challa Lakshminaryana (Srikakulam):—Will the Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government issued instruction to the Zilla Parishad and Panchayat Samithis in the State to obtain the sanction of the
Director of Public Instruction, Hyderabad for utilisation of contingent grants for maintenance and repairs of the Samithi and Parishad Schools;

(b) if so, the reasons for issuing such instructions;

(c) whether the Government are aware that due to this cumbersome procedure, huge amounts are lying unspent in various Samithis and Zilla Parishads; and

(d) whether the Government are proposing to simplify the procedure so that maintenance and repairs to the school buildings are attended to at the appropriate time?

The Minister for Education (Sri M.V. Krishna Rao) — (a) No such instructions were issued by Government. But instructions were issued by the Director of Public Instructions in his proceedings No. 469/AV-2/74, dated 31-5-74 that the release of grants towards repairs to the school buildings should be made strictly on production of the approved estimates and administrative sanction of the competent authority by the Panchayat Raj bodies concerned.

(b)(c)&(d): Considering the representations received from the Panchayat Raj bodies instructions were issued by the Director of Public Instruction to all the District Educational Officers, to release contingent grants for repairs to the school buildings without insisting on production of approved estimates and administrative sanction during the year 1974-75 subject to review during the year 1975-76. These instructions are still in force as no review was done during 1975-76.
300 24th March, 1976.

Special Features of Christian Literature in Telugu Literature

580—

Q. 7013.—Sri Peter Paul Chukka (Pathipain):—Will the Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is a special feature of Christian literature in Telugu literature;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the World Telugu Conference Organisers did not make any effort to ascertain certain famous poet-writers, artists and dramatists from Telugu Christian Culture;

(c) whether it is a fact that late Sri Gurram Jashuva once state poet was not at all mentioned in Telugu literature in the World Telugu Conference;

(d) whether there are any Christian poets, writers, artists, dramatists, Musicians honoured in the World Telugu Conference and recipient of State level awards after the formation of Andhra Pradesh;

(e) whether it is a fact that Sri A. Prabhakara Rao, Syed Massan Sahab, Ch. Ramaawamy and Rauri Rathiail of Moriga Village of Guntur District paid their deputation fee to World Telugu Conference through M.O.;

(f) whether it is also a fact that they were not in receipt of delegate invitation;

(g) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(h) whether the Government proposed to take action against the defrauders and refund the amount to the persons?

Sri M.V. Krishna Rao:—(a) Christian literature in so far as it is related to religious subjects is not normally considered a p...

traditional Telugu literature. However there are significant contributions from Christian writers to the Telugu literature.

(b) No, Sir,

(c) No, Sir, Sri Jashua’s contribution has been specifically mentioned in the monograph on “Modern Poetry” written by Dr. C. Narayana Reddi published during the World Telugu Conference.

(d) Yes, Sir, Dr. Kolakaluri Enoch was honoured at the time of “Kavi Sammelan” during the World Telugu Conference.

(e) Yes, Sir,

(f) No, Sir, Under the arrangements made, persons who paid delegate fee had to collect, Pass, Badge etc. from the World Telugu Conference Office. It is not known whether these individuals collected the documents.

(g) Does not arise.

(h) Does not arise.
Whether it is a fact that there is a special future of Christian literature in Telugu literature?

This is the question.

Whether it is a fact that there is a special feature of Christian literature in Telugu literature?

Whether it is a fact that there is a special feature of Christian literature in Telugu literature?

Prevention of malpractices in the Annual Examination

581—

*7044 Q.—Smt. J. Eshwari Bai (Yellareddy):—Will the Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state;

(a) the steps taken by the University Authorities during the current year to prevent mal-practices in the annual Examinations by the student community;

(b) whether similar steps were adopted by the Education Department and the Intermediate Board in this regard; and
Oral Answers to Questions. 24th March, 1976

(c) whether there was any boycott of examinations and if so the names of those centres and the districts in which they are located?

Smt M. V. Krishna Rao:—The answer is placed on the Table of the House.

Answer

(a) In order to prevent the candidates from taking chits, notes and other material with them into examination hall they are thoroughly checked at the entrance of the examination hall. During the supplementary examinations held in November/December 1975, the Osmania University tried another method also i.e., the students of one College were allotted to another College so that local influences would not play any part in encouraging defiant attitude on the part of the students.

(b) In regard to Education Department all the Principals of the concerned Colleges are posted as Chief Superintendents and all Senior Lecturers are working as Invigilators in the examinations. Under the supervision of the Chief Superintendents, the Invigilators check the students before entering the examination halls.

In respect of Intermediate examinations Government issued orders to all the Collectors authorising them to promulgate Section 144 C.R.P.C. at the Examination Centres, where public are likely to interfere and where trouble is apprehended. Flying Squads consisting of officers of Education, Revenue and Police Departments are organised under the orders of Government and they visit examination Centres and report the cases of malpractices if any detected after a thorough check. In addition, the Revenue Divisional Officers, Tahsildars and Dy. Superintendent of Police are also authorised to inspect the Centres in order to check the undesirable activities.

(c) Yes, Sir. The information is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the College</th>
<th>Name of the District</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>M.A.L.D. Govt. College, Gadwal</td>
<td>Mahboobnagar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S.V. arts &amp; Science College, Palem</td>
<td>Mahboobnagar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lalbahadur College Warangal</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
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<tr>
<td>Govt. Jr. College, Narayanpet</td>
<td>Mahboobnagar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Govt Jr. College Malakpet</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adrash College of Science &amp; Arts, Jammikunta</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Degree Examinations held during May/June, 1975.

2. N.M. Arts and Science College Jogipet, Medak.
Will the Minister for Social Welfare and Technical Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Government is giving financial assistance to the State Government for imparting vocational training and education to the Dumb and Deaf and Physically handicapped persons;

(b) if so, the districts in which these educational facilities are provided;

(c) the district-wise number of students, and the district-wise amount of expenditure being incurred; and

(d) the steps taken by the Government to provide jobs to the students who passed in those courses?

The Minister for Social Welfare (Sri B. Srirama Murty):—

(a) No Sir.

(b), (c) and (d) Do not arise.
Ora! Answers to Questions. 24th March, 1976

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(3) ప్రశ్నాలపై ఉత్తరాలు ప్రతిపాదించాము. 1975-76 రింగ్ పాటు రాష్ట్రంలో రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది. భారత స్తంభం బ్యాంక్ ద్వారా సాగుతున్న రాష్ట్రానికి విదేశానికి కొంత రొంగు ప్రత్యేక రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది.

(4) ప్రశ్నానికి ఉత్తరం ప్రతిపాదించాము. 1975-76 రింగ్ పాటు రాష్ట్రంలో రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది. భారత స్తంభం బ్యాంక్ ద్వారా సాగుతున్న రాష్ట్రానికి విదేశానికి కొంత రొంగు ప్రత్యేక రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది.

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(6) ప్రశ్నానికి ఉత్తరం ప్రతిపాదించాము. 1975-76 రింగ్ పాటు రాష్ట్రంలో రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది. భారత స్తంభం బ్యాంక్ ద్వారా సాగుతున్న రాష్ట్రానికి విదేశానికి కొంత రొంగు ప్రత్యేక రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది.

(7) ప్రశ్నానికి ఉత్తరం ప్రతిపాదించాము. 1975-76 రింగ్ పాటు రాష్ట్రంలో రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది. భారత స్తంభం బ్యాంక్ ద్వారా సాగుతున్న రాష్ట్రానికి విదేశానికి కొంత రొంగు ప్రత్యేక రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది.

(8) ప్రశ్నానికి ఉత్తరం ప్రతిపాదించాము. 1975-76 రింగ్ పాటు రాష్ట్రంలో రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది. భారత స్తంభం బ్యాంక్ ద్వారా సాగుతున్న రాష్ట్రానికి విదేశానికి కొంత రొంగు ప్రత్యేక రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది.

(9) ప్రశ్నానికి ఉత్తరం ప్రతిపాదించాము. 1975-76 రింగ్ పాటు రాష్ట్రంలో రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది. భారత స్తంభం బ్యాంక్ ద్వారా సాగుతున్న రాష్ట్రానికి విదేశానికి కొంత రొంగు ప్రత్యేక రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది.

(10) ప్రశ్నానికి ఉత్తరం ప్రతిపాదించాము. 1975-76 రింగ్ పాటు రాష్ట్రంలో రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది. భారత స్తంభం బ్యాంక్ ద్వారా సాగుతున్న రాష్ట్రానికి విదేశానికి కొంత రొంగు ప్రత్యేక రోడు నిర్మాణం చేయబడింది.
Prosecution of the Organiser of Veedu Hostel

*6915 Q.—Sri Nallapreddi Sreenivasul Reddi:—Will the Minister for Social Welfare & Technical Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Sri K.R. Venugopal, the then Director of Social Welfare Department in 1972 requested the Government to Prosecute Sri Nedurumalli Janardhan Reddy (Member of Rajyasabha) who is the Organiser of the hostel at Vakadu, Nellore District;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) the action taken by the State Government?

Sri B. Srirama Murthy:—(a & b) Yes Sir. In the report of enquiry of Sri K. R. Venugopal, prosecution of the correspondent of the hostels at Vakadu was suggested for several irregularities alleged to have been committed by the management. Sri Janardhan Reddy was the correspondent of some of the hostels. A copy of the Enquiry report had already been placed on the Table of the House.

(c) Government have ordered that a special audit should be conducted into the accounts of the institutions with reference to various irregularities pointed out in the report. The audit was accordingly conducted. The audit report is being examined.
Sri J. Vengala Rao: — It is under examination of the Government.
Sri A. Sreeramulu: When the Audit Report has been received and when this so called examination is likely to be completed?

Sri J. Vengala Rao: Audit Report was received on 22-1976 and examination is likely to be completed.

Sri A. Sreeramulu:—Point of order, Sir. Just now, we are told that there is an audit report and several irregularities were noticed. The Chief Minister just now said that it is the best managed hostel. If this is the conclusion of the Chief Minister, it will prejudice the examination and nothing is going to be taken into consideration by the Government.

Sri B. Srimana Murthy:—The Planning Commission indicated that Rs 5.50 crores of additional central assistance will be available for the development of tribal areas in the State during the Fifth Five Year Plan period.

Sports Complex in Secunderabad

585—

*6216-(X)-Q.—Sri G. V. Anjaneya Sarma (Sathenapalli):—Will the Minister for Tourism be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the costly Defence lands on which the former President of India, Sri V. V. Giri laid the foundation stone for a ‘Sports Complex’ in Secunderabad are threatened to be taken back by the Government of India since no work towards the construction of the complex has taken two years;

(b) whether it is also a fact, while the neighbouring state of Karnataka is granting minimum of 5 lakhs of rupees for each District for providing sports stadia and other facilities the Government of Andhra Pradesh, despite the fact that large sums are allocated for development of backward districts by Government of India have not provided any amounts for the construction of stadia and swimming pools; and whether the Minister will assure the House that he would grant atleast a minimum of Rs. 63 lakhs over a period of 3 years at the rate of Rs. 21 lakhs per year for the development of sports in three regions viz. Andhra, Rayalaseema and Telangana;

(c) what is the amount set apart for the youth Services and Nehru Yuvak Kendras for the year 1975-76; and

(d) whether the programmes of Youth Services as far as they relate to sports are to be operated by the Andhra Pradesh Sports Council to avoid wastage and overlapping by Youth Services?

The Minister for Tourism (Sri Ch. Devananda Rao):—(a)

No Sir.

(b) The Secretary, A. P. Sports Council reported that the Karnataka State Government is contributing Rs. 5/- lakhs or 50% of the cost whichever is less for the construction of a stadium in the District Headquarters and other major towns. In this state according to financial position Government are sanctioning funds for the construction of the Stadia.

(c)(i) For Youth Services, Rs. 5.00 lakhs under ‘Plan’ and Rs. 2.05 lakhs under ‘Non-Plan’ have been provided during 1975-76.

(ii) For Nehru Yuvak Kendras the Government of India have sanctioned Rs. 46,000/- to each Nehru Yuvak Kendras during 1975-76.
(d) Sports activities are being undertaken by the A.P. Sports Council and the District Sports Councils only and not by the Youth Services Department.

Sri Ch. Devananda Rao—We shall look into it.

Amendments to the Religious and Charitable Endowments Act

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*7218. Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy (Gurujala):—Will the hon'ble Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government decided to amend the Religious and Charitable Endowments Act so that the lands owned by the temples can be distributed to weaker sections and the poor; and

(b) if so, when the act will be amended?

The Minister for Endowments (Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju).—

(a) & (b) The question of distribution of the temple lands by the Government to weaker sections and the poor does not arise as they are the property of the institutions concerned, but the question as to how the lease of temple lands could be given only to the weaker sections is under consideration of Government.

(a) Whether the Tirumala Tirupathi Devasthanam is running a ‘Veda Patasala’ at Tirupathi.

(b) The subjects taught and the duration of courses;

(c) Whether the admission is restricted to Brahmins only;

(d) The present strength of Patasala and the number of non-Brahmins out of them;

Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju. —(a) Yes Sir.

(b) The subjects taught are — (1) Reg Veda, (2) Yajurveda, (3) Sama Veda, (4) Pancharatra Agama, (5) Vaikñana Agama and (6) Special Sanskrit. The duration of each of the above courses is ten years.

(c) No sir. The admissions are open to all Hindus irrespective of their caste except in respect of learning the ‘Divya Prabhaandams’.

Veda Patasala’ at Tirupathi.

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7575. Q.—Sri N. Venkatarathnam (Guntur - II). —Will the Minister for Endowments be pleased to state

(a) whether the Tirumala Tirupathi Devasthanam is running a ‘Veda Patasala’ at Tirupathi.

(b) The Subjects taught and the duration of courses;

(c) whether the admission is restricted to Brahmins only;

(d) The present strength of Patasala and the number of non-Brahmins out of them;

Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju. —(a) Yes Sir.

(b) The subjects taught are — (1) Reg Veda, (2) Yajurveda, (3) Sama Veda, (4) Pancharatra Agama, (5) Vaikñana Agama and (6) Special Sanskrit. The duration of each of the above courses is ten years.

(c) No sir. The admissions are open to all Hindus irrespective of their caste except in respect of learning the ‘Divya Prabhaandams’.
which is open to only “Upa-neetha Sri Vaishnavas” who have undergone the “Panch Samskaras”.

(d) The present strength of the Veda Patasala is 32. Out of them 8 are non-Brahmins.
314 24th March, 1976. Short Notice Questions and Answers

A. S. N. K. No. 7737—Sir Syed Hasan (Charminar):—Will the Minister for Finance be pleased to state:—(a) whether it is a fact that Southern Movietone Film Studios were sometime back advanced large amounts towards loans;

(b) if so, the extent of amount realised and due still left to be realised;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the Government, had taken a decision to advance a further loan of over Ten (10) lakhs of rupees to the said studios; and

(d) if so, the special reasons there of?

Sri P. Rangareddy:—(a) Yes Sir. An amount of Rs. 2,50 lakhs (Rupees two lakhs fifty thousands only) was sanctioned during the year 1969.

(b) The entire principal amount and interest thereon is still due from the Management of the Film Studio.

(c) No,

(d) Does not arise.

REPRESENTATION OF THE A. P. UNION OF WORKING JOURNALISTS

S.N.Q. No. 7738—N Sri A. Sreeamulu (Eluru):—Will the Hon'ble Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Andhra Pradesh Union of working Journalists sent a representation to the Government on 4th November, 1975 in regard to certain difficulties being experienced by an English Weekly from Hyderabad City;
(b) if so, the contents of the representation; and  
(c) the action taken by the Government on the representation

Sri P. Ranga Reddy: —(a) Yes; Sir.

(b) The representation is that the censoring authorities in the State have not permitted the publication of certain items in the English weekly 'Anti Corruption' that the censorship in Andhra Pradesh in general has been against the spirit of the guidelines issued by the Chief Censor of the Government of India and is against the assurance given by Mr. D Penha to the Indian Federation of working journalists at Hyderabad in September last and requested the Government to see that some enlightened approach is made by the censoring authorities in the State at various levels.

(c) the representation is under examination.

Sri A. Sreeramulu: —Sir, according to the guidelines given by Government of India an item which is likely to create dis-affection against the Government an item which is likely to instigate people to violence, etc. should not be allowed to be published. This is the essence of the Censor regulations. There is a representation by the Working Journalists in this regard. An item on the Dowry system which item was complimented by the Punjab Government was curiously enough censored here. When such items are already published in other papers and complimented by other Governments why here, there is censor on such particular articles?

Censoring is a very delicate thing. I do agree that it should be very carefully looked into. At this stage I can quote one instance which was represented in this Representation— "Ditch battle between two ministers—Kurukshetra in Visakhapatnam". This item comes to the Censor Office.

Sri A. Sriramulu.—Hon'ble Minister is referring to the word Kurukshetra. Ordinarily it is being used when there is a fight going on between two parties. When the examination will be over?

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—It will be done.

*Sri Syed Hasan:—Till such time, the representation is finalised, will the Government adopt a policy or issue instructions that those Government advertisements should not be stopped in the weekly?

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—The first thing is whether the advertisements have to be stopped. If it is being done exclusively on this, I will look into this. But if there are other matters which made the Information Department to stop the advertisements, that is a matter which have to be separately looked into.

Eviction of Yenadies from the Forest Banjara Lands.

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S. N. Q. No. 7737—0 Sarvasri M. Nagi Reddy, Vanka Sathyaraya, B. Rama Sarma:—Will the Minister for Forests be pleased to state:—(a) whether it is a fact that 52 families of yenadies (Scheduled Tribes) have constructed their huts long back in the forest banjar land of Pinnelli reserve forests of Palnad Taluk, Guntur District and residing there;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the District Forest Officer, Guntur issued eviction orders and is trying to evict them forcibly and destroyed their huts;

(c) whether the Government are in receipt of a petition from the said huts-dwellers along with the covering letter of the local M.L.A. Sri M. Nagi Reddy, requesting to stay the operation of the eviction orders and grant pattas; and

(d) if so, the action taken by the Government in the matter?

The Minister for Forests (Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari):—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes Sir. The Forest Range Officer, Sattenapalli has initiated proceedings for eviction of encroachers under the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Forest Act, 1967. The eviction notices dated 24-2-1976 issued by the Forest Range Officer, Sattenapalli under section 20 (3) of the Andhra Pradesh Forest Act, 1967 were served on the encroachers on 27-2-76. They are given time to vacate the site by 10-3-1976. An opportunity is also given to them to make any representation against the proposed eviction.
(c) Yes Sir,

(d) The representation is under examination by Government. in the meanwhile, orders were issued to stay the eviction proceedings initiated against the persons.

Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Mr. Speaker Sir, on my representation the Government has issued stay orders 4 or 5 days back saying that the Eviction Orders have been stayed for 3 months only. They are Girijanas. They did not have house-sites. So they have constructed dwelling huts in the forest area and they are residing there. Therefore may I request the Hon’ble Minister to de-forest that area in which this girijanas have constructed their dwelling houses on an area of 5 to 10 acres. Either this should be done or the Government should wait till the Social Welfare Department handed over to them an alternative site. So the Hon’ble Minister for Forests be pleased to stay the orders till alternative site is allotted to the Girijans by the Social Welfare Department or the site in which they have constructed their dwelling houses may be de-forested because they have already given that land.

Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali Ansari :—I have already submitted that orders have been issued.

Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Orders are only for 3 months. I have got copy of it. The Social Welfare Department may not be in a position to allot house-sites for them. But the Government is saying that Trible people and Harijans should be given prority in alloting house-sites. So whether the Government is prepared to de-forest that area after perusing the matter, or in the alternative instruct the Forest Department to wait till alternative sites are granted by the Social Welfare Department ?

Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—Simply because they are landless, there is no reason why the Forest Land should be allotted to them. We are examining. If it is possible certainly we will try to adopt.

Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Till it is examined finally, will the Government be pleased to stay the eviction orders?

Sri Md: Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— We will review the whole position after 3 months.
Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— Sir, some encroachers were prosecuted by the Court of Law. Inspite of the court’s decision, they are still continuing there. On the representation of the Hon’ble member, we have stayed orders for 3 months. 3 months’ time is quite sufficient for them to find out an alternative site. As I have already submitted, they are not able to find out alternative house site, then we will examine.

Misappropriation of Money by the President of Multipurpose Co-operative Credit Society of Nandanam Village.

S.N.Q. No. 7737-D: Sarvasri B. Ramasarma, M. Nagi Reddy and V. Srikrishna:— Will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Sri M. Lakshminarayana the President of Multi-purpose Co-operative Credit Society of Nandanam village, Bhuvanagiri taluk, Nalgonda district collected five thousand rupees from the society members during 1975 and misappropriated the same;

(b) whether the officials of Co-operative Department in Bhuvanagiri taluk examined the matter and reported the same to the Divisional Co-operative Officer, Bhuvanagiri;

(c) whether the Divisional Co-operative Officer took over the records of the said society and started enquiry under the provisions of section 51;

(d) whether it is a fact that higher officials are compelling their subordinate officials to dismiss this case;

(e) whether Sri M. Laxminarayana who embezzled the people’s money, has been appointed as the Chairman of the Co-operative Marketing Society, Bhuvanagiri taluk; and

(f) whether it is also a fact that the said individual was caught and arrested by the police when he was blackmarketing fertilisers during 1974?
Sri Ch. Venkata Rao:—(a) There is a suspected case of misappropriation of funds in Multipurpose Co-operative Society, Nandannam. An enquiry under section 51 of the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act 7 of 1964 has been ordered and the same is in progress. Only on receipt of enquiry report the actual position will be known.

(b) Yes. The Taluk Co-operative Officer, Bhongir has examined the matter and submitted a preliminary report, on the basis of which the Divisional Co-operative Officer, Bhongir ordered the statutory enquiry.

(c) Yes. The Cash Book of the Society together with other records were seized. An enquiry under section 51 of the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act was ordered into the constitution, working management and financial condition of the Multipurpose Co-operative, Society Nandannam.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) Yes. He has been appointed as Chairman of Co-operative Marketing Society, Bhongir under section 32 (7) (a) of the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act VII of 1964.

(f) No such information is available. He was not connected with the Co-operative Marketing Society, earlier.

Only after the receipt of enquiry report, action will be taken.
Non occupation of the Houses constructed for Harijans.

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S.N.Q. No. 7736-Y : Sri A. Sriramulu:—Will the Minister for Social Welfare and Technical Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that most of the houses constructed for Harijans remain unoccupied;

(b) if so, whether any attempt has been made to ascertain the real reasons for this;

(c) whether it is true that he said at Kurnool on 29-2-1976 inaugurating the Harijan Welfare Conference that if all the houses are not got occupied within a couple of months the concerned officers would be punished; and

(d) if so, how officials can be held responsible for the unwillingness of the Harijans to occupy the houses built for them?

The Minister for Social Welfare (Sri B. Sriramamurthy):—(a)

No Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Yes sir. Action necessary will be considered against persons concerned in case steps are not taken to allot and ensure occupation of houses.

(d) All the circumstances will be considered before fixing responsibility.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—It is amusing that the Hon’ble Minister should think of taking action against the Officers when the Harijans did not occupy the Houses. We can take the horse to the pond, but is it possible to make the horse to drink water? How are the Officials responsible if the Harijans refused to occupy the Houses?
Sri A. Sriramulu:—I did not get the answer. Perhaps the houses have been constructed 3 or 4 miles away from town or the houses are not suitable for occupation; or they may be about to collapse. And for all those reasons, if the harijans are unwilling to occupy those houses, how are the officials responsible for that? how does the Minister take action against the officials?

Salaries to the Staff of the Taken over Gosha Hospital, Venkatagiri
(S.N.Q. postponed from 12-3-76 for further Supplementaries.)

465-A.
S-N-Q-No. 7732-U. Sri O. Venkatasubbiah, (Venkatagiri):—Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Gosha Hospital at Venkatagiri was taken over by the Government on 3-5-66 absorbing the staff;

(b) Whether it is also a fact that the salaries of the whole staff including Sweepers, Scavengers and Dhobi were paid on par with staff of Government Hospitals upto 1968;

(c) Whether it is also a fact that the Director, Medical and Health Services ordered that the salaries of Sweepers, Scavengers and Dhobi should be paid from contingencies and not as regular employees and

(d) if so, the reasons therefor and whether they will be paid salaries as regular employees as hitherto?

Sri K. Rajamallu:—(a) The Gosha Hospital, Venkatagiri has been taken over by Government with the condition that if they the existing staff will be absorbed fulfill the rules of recruitment for similar Posts.

(b) The employees are being paid salaries on par with the Government scales from 3-5-1966 onwards i.e., ever since the Hospital was taken over by the Govt. They are being paid Government scale not only upto 1968 but also afterwards.
Matters under Rule 329:

re: (1) Current Supply in Devarkonda Taluq

(c) As per G.O. Ms. No. 2335, Health, dated 19-10-1966 the scavengers, Dhobies and Sweepers shall be paid from contingencies and accordingly they are being paid.

(d) Does not arise.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—These are all permanent posts and not temporary posts. If the posts are permanent, when the work is permanent, why the Government should not immediately declare these posts as permanent posts and remove them from the contingency? What is the difficulty?

*Sri K. Rajamallu:—That is true, I will examine this question. When the people are working for a long time, there is no point in continuing them as contingency staff. The question is under consideration. We will take a decision and implement it.

MATTERS UNDER RULE 329

re: (1) CURRENT SUPPLY IN DEVARAKONDA TALUK
The Minister For Power (Sri G. Rajaram):—Mr. Speaker, Sir:

Due to rapid development of loads in Devarkonda taluk the demands in this area have gone up very steeply. There is drop in voltage when agricultural loads simultaneously start functioning. Permanent improvement works as noted below have been approved for being taken up for execution:

1. 33 K.V. line from Nalgonda to K. Mallipalli,
2. Erection of 33 K.V. and 50 M.V.A. Booster at Kalvakurthi,
3. Erection of 11 K.V.A. Plus 1.5 M.V.A. Booster at Kotha Mallepalli. With the above arrangements the condition of supply will be better in this area. In the mean while supply to agricultural loads is being maintained by roastering.

(2) Trouble in the working of a Boiler at Nellore Thermal station.
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Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance: re: Contamination of Husain Sagar Tank and consequent effect on the Fish etc.

Sri G. Rajaram:—Mr. Speaker, Sir. There are two boilers of equal capacity feeding 30 M.W. unit at Nellore Thermal station. On 10-3-1976, there was system disturbance at 14-10 hours and the Nellore Thermal Unit has tripped due to the same. The unit was brought back into service at 16.35 hours and the load of 30 M.W. picked up on the unit at 18-35 hours. One of the boilers had to be shut down due to troubles developed unexpectedly at 23-45 hours on 10-3-1976. Such troubles are not unusual in the operation of boilers burning low grade coal. After carrying out rectification work by working round the clock, the boiler was flashed on 18-3-1976 at 11-50 hours and the load was gradually, raised to 30 M.W. by 14-30 hours on 20-3-1976. The present load of the unit is 30 M.W. and both the boilers are working satisfactorily giving the fullest output of 30 M.W. at present.

CALLING ATTENTION TO A MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re:—Contamination of Hussain Sagar Tank and consequent effect on the fish etc.

*The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri Ch. Subbarayudu):—It is a fact certain effluents from the Industrial Area are entering the Hussain Sagar Tank through a feeding channel called the “Kukatpalli Nala”. In addition to this some industrial effluents are being carried away by a sewer line called “K” main. As the “K” main gets overloaded the excess effluents overflow into the Hussiansagar tank through Kukatpalli Nala.

2. During 1974-75, a survey was conducted by the Pollution Survey Division. They have suggested certain remedial measures which includes the duplication of “K” Main and treatment of the effluents at the Fatheh Nagar area.

3. Regarding the water Hyacinth, the growth is becoming unlimited causing the mosquito nuisance, since the plants give facility for the mosquitoes to hide and breed. During 1974-75, the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad has spent a sum of Rs. 98,000/- by way of employing labour to remove the plants and it has been done. But the growth of the plants is so fast that unless there is maintenance gangs, it will not be possible to stop it. During 1975-76, the Water Works Department spent a sum of Rs. 30,000/- for the removal of water Hyacinth and the visible part of the Lake was cleared by the end of December, 1975,
Calling attention to a matter of Urgent Public importance re: Contamination of Hussin Sagar Tank and consequent effect on the Fish etc.

4. The foul smell from the tank is not a problem and it is not possible to cause any ill-health on account of smell. Occasionally, due to the inter-action of some Chemicals and the drain, the effluent may give rise to a little smell. But considering the vastness and the open area at present it is not a problem of health from that angle.

5. As matter stands now, there is no appreciable reduction in the yield of fish from this tank. But sometimes in summer, due to reduction of water in the lake and consequential rise in the concentration of the pollutants, there are occasional reports of fish mortality.

6. The matter will, however, be got examined by the Pollution Board.

The Pollution division has suggested both temporary measures immediately as well as long standing measures. That is being examined. We are trying to solve this problem.

Sri N. Lakshminarayana (Maharanigunj):— The hon. Minister has just explained the position about the problem of the Hussainsagar water portion. This tank was once a beauty spot for the cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad and now it has become a dirty spot due to pollution. The weed has completely covered the tank and frequently some temporary measures are being taken by the corporation. That won't serve the purpose. Even to mosquito nuisance due to this weed, I would like to know from the hon. Minister whether any efforts for permanent solution for weeding out this weed and also the pollution to be stopped are being made so that the beauty spot can be retained because in the evenings people go there. Some time back a Committee was constituted for the beautification of Hussainsagar tank. The hon. Minister has not mentioned as to what efforts that Committee has made and with in how much time this will be completed.

Sri Ch. Subbarayudu:—As I said, the Pollution Division have suggested some temporary measures as well as long range measures. Recently we have constituted a Prevention of Pollution Board. They have suggested certain measures. If you permit me I will tell you.

Mr. Speaker:—Not necessary.

Sri Ch. Subbarayudu:—So far as beautification is concerned, it is altogether different. Developing the National Park, the Patigadda area etc. are there. On that side also we are taking measures to accelerate.

Paper placed on the table:
Decisions of the Business Advisory Committee.

In consultation with Osmania University people we want to find out a solution as how to permanently eradicate it.

So far as fish is concerned, it is true that on account of pollution it is not advisable to eat the fish. And it may not be possible to take several steps immediately.

PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE

DECISIONS OF THE BUSINESS ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Chief Minister (Sri J. Vengal Rao):—I beg to place, before the Table a copy of the Report on the decision of the Business Advisory Committee taken at its meeting held on 23rd March, 1976.

Mr. Speaker:—Papers placed on the Table.


The following decisions were taken by the Business Advisory Committee at its meeting held on 23rd March, 1976 in regard to the Business to be transacted in the Assembly:

27-3-1976
(1) Government Motion for amending the II Schedule to the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965.
(3) The Indian Electricity (Andhra Pradesh Amending Act).
(5) Short Discussion on the difficulties faced in implementing the Land Ceiling Act.

28-3-1976
Holiday.

29-3-1976
Presentation of the Report of the Committee on Public Undertakings.


30-3-1976 Discussion on the new levies and charges imposed Tuesday, by the Electricity Board in recent days on agricultural services.

J. VENGALA RAO,
Leader of the House.

Presentation of the Report of the Committee on Estimates.

Sri C. Dass:—I beg to present the Eighth Report (Special Report) of the Committee on Estimates (1974-75) (Fifth Legislative Assembly) on the Facilities for the effective functioning of the Financial Committees and Co-ordination among them.

Mr. Speaker:—Report presented.

Sri C.V.K. Rao: On a point of order, Sir. A number of these reports are being placed on the Table from time to time in the entire Session, Sir. Rules give us facility that we can ask for discussion on them. I have given notice that a particular report should be discussed. It has not seen the light of the day. Some opportunity must be given for discussion. I would request you, Sir, that facility may be given or discussion of these reports.

Sri A. Sreeramulu:—This is a very simple report, and the three recommendations relate to a more effective functioning of the committees of this House. Since we are today finally dealing with the Demand on Legislature, I would request the hon. Minister in Charge of Legislative work to take these recommendations into account while giving his reply to the debate on the Demand.

Presentation of the Report of the Committee on Public Undertakings.


Mr. Speaker:—Report presented.

**MOTION UNDER RULE 187 : —**

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO SRI P. O. SATHYANARAYANA RAJU, M.L.A.

Sri A. Veerappa (Nallamada): —I beg to move:

“That under rule 187 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, leave of absence be granted for this session to P.O. Sathyanarayana Raju, M.L.A. as he is ill”.

Mr. Speaker: —Motion moved.

The Question is:

“That under Rule 187 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, leave of absence be granted for this session to Sri P. O. Sathyanarayana Raju, MLA as he is ill.”

The motion was adopted.

**GOVERNMENT BILLS**


The Minister for Medium Irrigation (Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu): —I beg to move for leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh (Non-Delta Area) Drainage Cess Bill, 1976.

Mr. Speaker: — Motion moved.

The question is:

That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh (Non-Delta Area) Drainage Cess Bill, 1976.

The Motion was adopted.

The Andhra Pradesh Irrigation Projects (Special Land Tax) Bill, 1976.

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P. Narsareddy): —I beg to move for leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Irrigation Projects (Special Land Tax) Bill, 1976.

Mr. Speaker: — Motion Moved.

The Question is:

“That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Irrigation Projects (Special Land Tax) Bill, 1976.

The Motion was adopted.

Sri P. Narsareddy: —I beg to move for leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Land Revenue (Amendment) Bill, 1976.

Mr. Speaker: —Motion moved.

The question is:

“That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Land Revenue (Amendment) Bill, 1976.”

The motion was adopted.
Annual Financial Statement 24th March, 1976. 329

(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of
Demands for Grants.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) for 1976-77.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. II - Governor and Council of Ministers.
Demand No. V - General Administrative Services.
Demand No. II - Other General Economic Services
Demand No. XXIV - Information and Publicity.
Demand No. I - State Legislature.
Demand No. IV - Elections.
Demand No. XLIX - Tourism.

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Annual Financial Statement 24th March, 1976. 329

(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of
Demands for Grants.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) for 1976-77.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. II - Governor and Council of Ministers.
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Demand No. II - Other General Economic Services
Demand No. XXIV - Information and Publicity.
Demand No. I - State Legislature.
Demand No. IV - Elections.
Demand No. XLIX - Tourism.
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) For 1977-Voting of
Demands for Grants.

330 24th March, 1976

...
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.


The budget for the year 1976-77 has been presented and discussed in detail. The important aspects of the budget include:

1. A comprehensive overview of the financial position of the department.
2. Detailed projections of income and expenditure for each major head of account.
3. Allocation of funds for various developmental projects and schemes.

The budget is aimed at ensuring sustained growth and development, while maintaining a balanced fiscal policy. The government is committed to addressing the needs of different sections of the society, including education, health, infrastructure, and social welfare.

The budget committee has carefully examined each demand for grants and has made recommendations based on merit and need. The final approval of the budget will be based on thorough deliberations and consultations.

The budget has been prepared with due consideration to the economic and social conditions prevailing during the year. It is anticipated that the implementation of the budget will contribute significantly to the overall development of the region.

The budget committee appreciates the support and cooperation extended by various stakeholders in the preparation of the budget. It is hoped that the budget will be implemented effectively and its goals will be achieved.

27-8

(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.

10-40 a.m.

...
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of
Demands for Grants.


[Document content is in Telugu, discussing financial matters and budget allocations.]

10.50 a.m


The Hon’ble Mr. President,

[Body of the document discussing the annual financial statement and the voting of demands for grants.]

Yours faithfully,

(Signature)

(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.

(தமிழ்) வருடாந்து காண்டு கொண்டு வரும் தீர்மானம். செயல்பாடு வருடாந்தைப் பொறுமை இல்லாமலே இல்லையிலே. எனவே தமிழ் பாண்டை காண்டு வரும் தீர்மானம் செயல்பாடு வருடாந்தை காண்டு வரும் தீர்மானம் என நம்பப்படும்.

யாதோரும் யாதோரும் என்று விளக்கம் செய்ய வேண்டும். யாதோரும் யாதோரும் என்று விளக்கம் செய்ய வேண்டும். யாதோரும் யாதோரும் என்று விளக்கம் செய்ய வேண்டும்.

(தமிழ்) வருடாந்து காண்டு கொண்டு வரும் தீர்மானம். செயல்பாடு வருடாந்தைப் பொறுமை இல்லாமலே இல்லையிலே. எனவே தமிழ் பாண்டை காண்டு வரும் தீர்மானம் செயல்பாடு வருடாந்தை காண்டு வரும் தீர்மானம் என நம்பப்படும்.

(தமிழ்) வருடாந்து காண்டு கொண்டு வரும் தீர்மானம். செயல்பாடு வருடாந்தைப் பொறுமை இல்லாமலே இல்லையிலே. எனவே தமிழ் பாண்டை காண்டு வரும் தீர்மானம் செயல்பாடு வருடாந்தை காண்டு வரும் தீர்மானம் என நம்பப்படும்.

11.00 a.m.
Annual Financial Statement
(Revised) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.


(No text available in the image.)


The undersigned on behalf of the Association Tamil Nadu State Coconut Growers' Union, registered under the Societies Registration Act passed by the Tamil Nadu State Government do hereby submit an Annual Financial Statement for the year ending March 31, 1977, which is as follows:

[Details of the financial statement are omitted for brevity.]

This report has been prepared in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Tamil Nadu State Government and the financial statements have been audited by [Name of the auditor].

The Union has made significant progress during the year and the budget for the year 1977-78 has been planned accordingly.

[Signature]

General Secretary
Annuai Fiaan&i Statement 34th March, 1976. 341

Budget for 1976-77—Voting of
Demands for Grants.

Mr. Speaker Sir, I support the Demand sponsored by the Minister and would like to make few observations.

The allotment under the Plan is Rs. 5 lakhs and under non-plan is Rs. 12 lakhs and odd. More funds should have been allotted to this Department. In the demands, I find, so many spill over works and some other schemes are being completed. But it does not give a list of all performances made by the Tourism Department.

Anantapur District is stated to be with full of forts and temples. Gooty fort, is an historical fort where Marata chief Murhari Rao ruled for some time. It was battle field between Marata Chief and Hyder Ali and Tippu Sultan. There is a fort on the hillock which is worth seeing.

Penukonda was associated with the rulers of Vijayanagar Empire. After the fall of the capital of Humpi, Vijayanagar, the capital was shifted to Penukonda after the battle of Talikota in the year 1865. The king was killed and his head was exhibited in a battle field. Here there is a monument called Gaganmahal built by Vijayanagar-emperor and was mostly used as summer resort. Not a single beam is used for this monument. It is full of arches.

Madakasira is again associated with the marata chief called Murahari Rao. Hiudupur was also built by his father Hindu Rao. Here there is a more impregnable fort than the one at Gooty.

Ratnagiri fort is also an impregnable fort constructed on a single rock. It is surrounded by some other forts round about Ratnagiri. It is also worthy of being visited by tourists. There are two temples at, Tadpathy, built of stone. It is very famous for its sculpture and for architecture. An Chintalrayani Devalayam
the entrance gate as well as the gate that leads to the river Penna are full of sculptural and figures. It is very noteworthy and the tourist should be encouraged to visit these two temples.

Lepakshi:—This is an architectural institution by itself which exhibits sculptural life; and the Mukhamandapam is par excellence; this is to be seen more than to be heard. It is a monument, a jewel of the district which is to be seen and enjoyed. This is associated with the early rulers of Vijayanagar empire.

Hemavathi, another Siva Temple, built long back is full of Lingams and Nandies. The Siva, here is called Enjerappa. There were hundreds and thousands of Lingams and Nandies round about this Temple. Now we find very few nandies that too in a mutilated condition.

I want to ask the concerned Minister what are the measures and amenities he took for Anantapur District in this regard? Except one rest house at Lepakshi there is nothing; and I do not know whether this rest house was built in the present Ministers regime or his predecessor? Practically no amenities were provided by this Department viz. Tourism Department. In Penukonda the climate is very good. In Penukonda, at the foot of the mountains, it is to be enjoyed—it is just like Horsely Hills. Why cannot be built a summer resort on these mountains or on any other hillock round about these mountains. This town is situated on the National Highway No.7 from Banaras to Cape Comarin; and it is the sub-divisional head-quarters. There is also a Railway Station. There is a Muslim Shrine in Penukonda where every year, both Muslims and Hindus visit the festival called Urs.

Pattaparthi:—Here Swami Sri Satya Sai Baba resides and it is 25 miles from Penakonda. Why can't the Minister for Tourism take up providing some more amenities like Rest Houses at Penakonda. Why don't the Government think of starting a Public School with English Medium in one of the valleys here by which the people of Maddalas, Hindupur, Penakonda, Kadiri and Dharmanarayam (5 taluks) will be benefited. These five taluks are at the southern strip of the State which are backward and if a Public School with English Medium is established the people of these five taluks will be benefited to a great extent. The rules regarding the market values for the purpose of stamp duty etc., are not altogether just but also unsatisfactory. The values are considerably enhanced 446 times and parties are required to have their transactions entered into based on these market values. There are other methods by which equal revenues without resorting to such drastic methods could be achieved.
Annual Financial Statement

(Budget) for 196-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.

As a leader of the Team, as a Leader of the House, and as a Chief Minister of the State
Annual Financial Statements (Budget) for 1976-77—Voting Grants

Demands for Grants.

(Budget) for 1976-77 Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement

(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of

Demands for Grants.

(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.


[Text content not visible due to OCR limitations]

(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.

11.50 a.m.
"The Committee, therefore, recommends to Government to take serious note of these recurring lapses despite repeated recommendations in the past and to issue suitable instructions to the Departments of the Secretariat to prepare authoritative notes on the points commented in the Report of the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India, Appropriation Accounts and Finance Accounts and send fifty copies of the same to the Committee at least fifteen days in advance before the Report and the Appropriation Accounts are taken up for consideration. The Committee notes with regret that this sort of indifference towards the Audit Department and also towards the Committee by various departments which is chronic should be put an end to and for that purpose, the Government will have to take stern action against the concerned.'


[Text not legible due to rotation or image quality issues.]


12.00 noon

The meet started in the usual manner. The Secretary called a roll of the members. After a brief introduction, the business of the day was taken up. The first item on the agenda was the vote on the demands for grants. The Secretary explained the procedure to be followed. The members were then given the opportunity to speak on the demands. The discussion was quite animated and lasted for a couple of hours. The votes were then taken on each demand and a decision was reached. The meeting adjourned at 4.00 p.m. The members were thanked for their contributions.

...
Annual Financial Statement 24th March, 1976
(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.

18th March, 1976. 1978-9 will continue from the end of the financial year 1975. The financial year 1975-76 has been ended in the manner prescribed. The following Demand is again being submitted:-
[Details of Demand submitted for the year 1976-77]
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of
Demands for Grants


(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of
Demands for Grants
Annual Financial Statement  
(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.

[Text content in Telugu script, which is not translated here due to language barriers]

[Document content not legible due to quality of the image]
Annual Financial Statement

(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1976-77—Voting of
Demands for Grants.

Rationalisation of Andhra Pradesh Public works Code to commence...

quicker execution of works. haste b. d. d. #3093030909. the
shorter period to achieve the desired targets. this would
enable faster implementation of projects and facilitate
more efficient use of resources. the committee
recommended that

To examine the present financial procedures and
delegation of more financial powers and to make recommendations for

toning up the administration.—

12-20 p.m.


[Text content in Telugu script]

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  


[Text in Telugu]

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Sri A. Sriramulu:—Two Ministers sat there. In what capacity did they sit there. Because they told the Press that they had made elaborate arrangements, thousand lorries were requisitioned—if they had gone in their individual capacity and not in the capacity of the Ministers using their official position, it amounts to misuse of power.

Assembly is the highest body. If Assembly agrees, who can stop it? According to law, the Assembly is the supreme authority. If this law is not accepted, who can say that it is right? Then all the practices are against law. If the law is not accepted, who can say that it is right? Then all the practices are against law.


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Sri Syed Hasan:—I had specifically given an instance yesterday when I raised the point that in the Review Committee for weeding out, one person not below the rank of a Secretary should be appointed. What is the reply to this?

Sri J. Vengala Rao:—That is not possible. For every case, for every region, how can I appoint? There were Muslim Secretaries also when the weeding out was done.


The need for the financial statement for the year 1976-77 and the voting of demands for grants were discussed. The statement highlighted the need for increased funding in various sectors, including education, health, and infrastructure. The budget allocations were made to reflect the priorities set by the government. The statement was presented to the assembly for approval.
Addressing the All-India Newspapers Editors he said: “I have often welcomed what exactly is meat by freedom of Press than any body else. The more I have thought about it, the more I have become convinced that there is no such thing as abstract freedom. Freedom is always accompanied by responsibility.”

Gandhiji once said: The sole aim of Journalism should be service. The Press has a great power just as torrent water submerges the whole countryside and devastates crops.”
Sri Ranga Reddy—My friend Mr. Hasan has said that discrimination has been shown in the release of advertisements to the press, particularly to the Urdu Press. I will give the figures. During the year 1975-76, while Telugu Dailies got Rs. 6,42,525, Urdu Press got Rs. 2,43,618.43. With reference to the No. of Telugu Dailies—12 and Urdu Dailies—7. I would also like to inform the House that the population of Urdu-speaking people comes around 43 lakhs and the circulation may be taken into consideration. When all these factors are taken into consideration, whether it has been done or not, I leave it to my friend.


the Press are promoted and harnessed. This is going to be our policy of the Government of India, also. So far as the debates of the Houses are concerned, the future Policy will be as follows: that the guide lines will be enabled hearafter to give objective coverage of proceedings of the Parliament or Legislatures whose sanctity of the Sovereign Body of our Nation should not be impaired. This will be borne in mind by the Censors as well as everybody.

It looks as if he is a good Cricket Player Sir, but we are ready to accept the advice and look into the matter. The Secretariat is to carry out the wishes of the Hon'ble Members and the directions of the Hon'ble Speaker. Government does not interfere in the day to day administration. We only comply with the directions of the Hon'ble Speaker and the intention of the House. If the Members want, we are ready to accept the advice and look into the matter. If we want to go back, we have to set back the clock again. Then we will be only causing delays and we need not change it.

You are getting T.A.D.A. and the orders of the Hon'ble Speaker. If there is extra expenditure, Government will not go behind the orders of the Hon'ble Speaker. There shall be no question of inadequacy of funds. If the Estimates Committee goes into the subject relating to Irrigation Department, naturally they have to call upon experts from the Irrigation Department. We cannot have a particular Section of Officers in the Legislature Secretariat to go into all the matters. That would be another heavy expenditure. Whenever a Committee feels that certain expertise assistance is needed, there is no difficulty at all and the arrangement could be done.
Dr. Ch. Devananda Reddy—Sir, at the very outset, I would like to express grateful thanks to the Hon’ble Members for various constructing suggestions they have made for the development of Tourism in Andhra Pradesh and I will take them all into consideration. While giving suggestions, it would also be necessary to take into consideration the funds provided for the development of Tourism. After a separate Department has been formed for Tourism, we have taken extra care and steps to strengthen this Department and we would like to provide more facilities to give a brief graphic picture. The State Government has provided proper accommodation and other facilities at Nagarjunasagar, Osman sagal, Dharmapuri, Amaravathi, Srisailam, Mahanandi, Lepakshi, Horsli-Hills, Tirupathi, Simhachalam etc. Besides this, the Department has provided Mini-buses for site-seeing at Warangal, Vijaywada and Vishakhapatnam also. Besides this, we have, Tourist Information Bureau at Warangal, Tirupathy, Vijayawada, Nagarjunasagar and Delhi. They are functioning well. We have established one tourist information counter at Hyderabad Air Port to cater to the needs of the tourists coming to the City. We propose to retain information centres both at Secunderabad and Hyderabad (Nagarjuna) Railhead stations placed centrally for an easy decision to improve the facilities. After the formation of the new Department for Tourism, we have taken an amount of Rs. 16 lakhs for the development of the best possible park, choice of gardens, lawns and fountains etc at Nagarjunasagar and also Rs. 100 lakhs for development of Guest Houses transferred by P.W.D. We are purchasing diesel Minibus for a better and efficient transportation.
completion. At Mantralayam also a guest house costing about Rs. 8 lakhs will completed very soon. About Tourist Camping Site near Meer Alam Tank, we have acquired 6 acres of land and the Centre has promised to give some financial Aid. When set up it will cater to the needs of the motorists that are coming to the city. Sri Yellappa has given a glorious picture about Penukonda and other places. I have also seen those places. They certainly deserve attention of this Department. As soon as funds are available, we would take care of them.

These are the few points which I would like to mention; and I request the Hon'ble Members to withdraw their cut motions and pass the demand.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:—To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,00,91,000/- for State Legislature by Rs. 100/-

For not allowing to give due publicity to the opinions expressed by the Legislators during the debates in the Press Reports.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,00,91,030/- for State Legislature by Rs. 100/-
That the system of providing membership in the Committees and Corporations based on party hierarchy should be done away with and only competent and efficient members representing all be nominated to all such institutions.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,00,91,00/- for State Legislature by Rs. 100/-

For not providing adequate rules and system to ventilate the grievances of the public through the Legislature.

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:— The questions is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 29,66,000/- for Governor and Council of Ministers by Rs. 100/-

For not reorganising and regrouping the portfolio of Ministers on rational and scientific lines.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 29,66,000/- for Governor and Council of Ministers by Rs. 100/-

The cut motions were negatived.

(Sri C.V.K. Rao) — I beg to move:

"That Leave be granted to withdraw my cut motion."

Mr. Speaker: — Motion moved.

The question is:

"That Leave be granted to withdraw the following cut motion:

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 29,66,000/- for Governor and Council of Ministers by Rs. 100/-

That a Minister during his tour of a Constituency should first meet the Legislator in the area and discuss work of his Department in the area."

The Motion was adopted and the Cut motion was withdrawn.

Mr. Speaker: — The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 29,66,000/- for Governor and Council of Ministers by Rs. 100/-

For not abolishing the post of Governor which is infructuous in democratic set up.

The cut motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: — The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 4,15,27,900/- for Election by Rs. 100/-

For not introducing provisions in the election law for curtailing the powers of money during the elections which hinders the democratic exercise of franchise by the free Voters.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 4,13,27,000/- for Elections by Rs. 100/-. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 4,15,27,000/- for Elections by Rs. 100/-. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 4,15,27,000/- for Elections by Rs. 100/-. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,51,06,200/- for General Administrative Services by Rs. 100/-. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,51,06,200/- for General Administrative Services by Rs. 100/-. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,51,06,200/- for General Administrative Services by Rs. 200/. To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,51,06,200/- for General Administrative Services by Rs. 100/. To criticise the functioning of the General Administration Department as having become bureaucratic and out of touch with reality of administrative responsibility.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,51,06,200/- for General Administrative Services by Rs. 200/-

For not providing Review Committee over the cases of compulsory retirement as is done in the Centre and for not weeding out persons who deserve to be removed long back and for not taking action against anybody for misuse of power granted to them under Emergency.

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,16,04,400/- for Information and Publicity by

For the failure to effectively meet the propaganda of the Anti National and Pro-Fascist forces and outside the Country.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,16,04,000/- for Information and Publicity by

For the failure to provide the necessary inputs at reasonable prices and also to modernise the agriculture.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,16,04,000/- for Information and Publicity by Rs. 100/-

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,16,04,000/- for Information and Publicity by Rs. 100/-

To demand the Government that more facilities for Information and Publicity Department be provided for portrayal correct picture to the people.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,16,04,000/- for Information and Publicity by Rs. 100/-
Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 18,50,000/- for Tourism by Rs. 100/-

For not preparing a comprehensive plan for the development of Tourism in the State taking into consideration the available potentialities.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 18,50,000/- for Tourism by Rs. 100/-

To demand the Government to encourage and develop tourism.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 18,50,000/- for Tourism by Rs. 100/-

For not developing important historical places like Kondaveedu, Kondapalli, Bhuvanagiri etc.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 12,61,83,000/- for other General Economic Services by Rs. 100/-

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 29,66,000 under Demand No. II-Governor and Council of Ministers."

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,51,06,200 under Demand No. V-General Administrative Services."

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 12,61,83,000 under Demand No. LI-Other General Economic Services."

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 2,16,04,090 under Demand No. XXIV-Information and Publicity."

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,40,91,000 under Demand No. I-State Legislature."
"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 4,15,27,000 under Demand No. IV-Elections."

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 18,50,000 under Demand No. XLIX-Tourism."

The Motions were adopted, and demands granted.

Mr. Speaker:—Now, the House stands adjourned till 8.30 a.m. tomorrow.

(The House, then adjourned to meet again at 8.30 a.m. on 25.3.1976.)