THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

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THE
ANDHRA PRADISEH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

**Speaker:** Sri R. Dasaratharama Reddy

**Deputy Secretary:** Sri Syed Rahmat Ali

**Panel of Chairmen:**
1. Smt. T.E.S. Ananda Bai
2. Sri Gamago
3. Sri Y. Venkata Rao
4. Sri N. Venkata Ratnam
5. Sri M. Nagi Reddy
6. Dr B. Kalavathi

**Secretary:** Sri G. Ramachandra Naidu

**Deputy Secretaries:**
1. Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy
2. Sri D.L. Narasimham

**Assistant Secretaries:**
1. Sri M. Ramnadha Sastry
2. Sri S. Purnananda Sastry
3. Sri K. Satyanarayana Rao
4. Sri R.N. Sarma
5. Sri K. Kutumba Rao
6. Sri Md. Ghouse Khan
7. Sri T. L. Balaram
8. Sri M. Viswanatham

**Chief Reporter:** Sri Habeeb Abdur Rahman
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Introduction of Slab rate System in Levyng Entertainment Tax on Cinema Theatres

106—

* 8258 Sri M. Nagi Reddy (Gurajala) :—Will the Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to introduce slab rate system in levying entertainment tax on cinema theatres;

(b) if so, the details of the said proposal;

(c) whether the Andhra Pradesh Cinema Exhibition Council has submitted a petition to the State Government in this regard; and

(d) if so, what are their proposals?


(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) The Andhra Pradesh Cinema Exhibitors Council have presented a proposal envisaging the following rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population of the place where theatre is located</th>
<th>Rate of tax on Gross Collection capacity per show</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Below 3,000</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000 to 10,000</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000 to 15,000</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15,000 to 25,000</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The proposal also envisages fixing a minimum number of shows to be exhibited as follows:

*An asterisk before the name indicates confirmation by the Member.
Nur's shows exhibited in 1973-75.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Below 700 shows</th>
<th>665</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>700 to 800</td>
<td>884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>850 and above</td>
<td>1695</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mr. Speaker:—That would not arise here, as a supplementary.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—By this, the Government will be having the tax and income. The Government Treasury will be flooded with the cinema funds.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—There is no proposal with the Government at the moment.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—It is a pity.
Mr. Speaker:—I am going to the next question. Mr. Pitla Venkata Subbaiah to put the question.

Sr. N. Sreenivasul Reddy (Gudur) :—I put the question, Sir.

Sri C.V.K. Rao :—Point of order, Sir. You have given a ruling that if the Member is absent, you are not going to permit anybody. I hope that the rule is being relaxed now.

Mr. Speaker:—No relaxation. It is being enforced. Sri Sreenivasul Reddy is also one of the Members who gave the Question.

Sri C.V.K. Rao :—I welcome that, Sir.

Giving of Appointments to the Evacuees of Sriharikota Islands in the Rocket Launching Station at Sriharikota

107—

*8012Q.—"arvasa Pitla Venkata Subbaiah (Sullurpet) and Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddi:—Will the Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government of Andhra Pradesh have addressed the Government of India to give reference to the evacuees of Sriharikota Islands while giving appointments in the rocket launching station (SHAR Project) at Sriharikota in Nellore district;

(b) if so, the nature of reply received from the Central Government; and

(c) the number of candidates of Andhra Pradesh appointed in different categories of posts in the rocket launching station at Sriharikota and how many from other States?

Minister for Industries (P. Basi Reddy)

The answer is placed on the Table of House.

(a) and (b): According to the guidelines issued by the Government of India, (Commerce & Industry) in September,
1960, preference in the matter of employment of unskilled workers has to be given to persons displaced from the areas acquired for the Central Public Sector undertakings and projects, especially Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. In the matter of recruitment of skilled workers, clerical and other technical staff whose scales of pay are comparatively low, a representative of the State Government or his nominee has to be nominated on the Selection Committees. When the SHAR Project authorities were requested to co-opt the State Government representative on the selection committees, the Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Space, Bangalore, informed that the instructions issued by the Commerce & Industry Ministry do not apply to Scientific Institutions financed substantially by way of grant-in-aid by the Central Government as in the case of Indian Space Research Organisation.

When this Government insisted on the co-option of State Government representatives, the Secretary to the Government of India Department of Space, Bangalore referred to the highly technical and sophisticated nature of installations in the project and observed that recruitment of personnel at this range except for the lowest categories has to be done with utmost care on established principles of scientific and technical selection and that such recruitment would not fall in the same category as recruitment in other Central Government/Public sector undertakings. He therefore reiterated the inability of the SHAR authorities to accept the suggestion.

It may however be mentioned here that in the matter of giving preference in employment to locals, the SHAR Project authorities were advised by the Government of India Department of Atomic Energy, Bombay in April, 1971, that recruitment to posts in the SHAR Project is to be made in the following manner in order to remove any impression that local candidates are not given a fair deal:

(i) no advertisement need be issued for posts the minimum of payscale of which is less than Rs. 170/- p.m. unless suitable candidates are no forth coming from the Employment Exchange;

(ii) for class IV and Class III administrative and auxiliary posts, preference would be given to suitable Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribe candidates if available.
Oral Answers to Questions.


(c) The position regarding the employees working in Shar Project as on 1—6—1976 is indicated below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Andhra</th>
<th>Tamilnadu</th>
<th>Kerala</th>
<th>Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group—'A'</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group—'B'</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group—'C'</td>
<td>610</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group—'D'</td>
<td>273</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>1008</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As many as 75 persons from evacuees affected residents of Sriharikota Island have been employed on a regular basis while 312 persons were employed on casual basis as on 1—6—1976.

Group—'A'  Maxm. of Scale of pay is Rs. 1300 and above.

Group—'B'  Maxm. of Scale of pay is Rs. 900 but below Rs. 1300/-

Group—'C'  Maxm. of Scale of pay is more than Rs. 290 but below Rs. 900/-

Group—'D'  Maxm. of Scale of pay is Rs. 290 or less.

Sri P. Basi Reddy:—This matter pertains to the employment of local persons. How could that supplementary arise.
DEATH OF PATIENT FOR WANT OF MEDICAL ATTENTION
AT KAMALA NEHRU HOSPITAL AT NAGARJUNASAGAR

108—
* 8370 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will the Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that one patient died on 14-4-76 for want of medical attention at the Kamala Nehru Hospital at Nagarjunasagar;

(b) whether any complaints have been received by the Government in this regard; and

(c) if so, the action taken thereon?

The Minister for Health (Sri K. Rajamallu):—(a) One patient named Ch. Chennaiah died on 18-4-1976. But it was not due to want of medical attention.

(b) Ye, Sir. A petition from the Citizens of Vijayapuri North has been received.

(c) A preliminary enquiry has been conducted and it reveals that the Duty Medical Officer treated the patient to the best of his knowledge and capacity. The question of negligence does not arise.

(லங்கடிலே) :— பல்கலைக்கழகத் தன்மை
விளம்புத்தொடர்கள். மாணிக்கல்கள் அல்லது தாவரங்கள் 20 வருடத்துக்கு
வரையற்றப்பட்டிருக்கும், அவ்வுடன் இருக்கப்பட்டது தன்மை எப்போது இருக்கும். இது
இன்றைய நேர்மையான கேள்விகளையும் மதிப்பிட்டு எடுத்துக்காட்டும்.
உதவியுள்ளதை தந்தே விளக்கும்?

(லை) தங்குவர் :— அல்லது வசதிகளுக்கு வரையற்றக் கேள்விகள்
வந்து சென்று விளக்குவது?

(லங்கடிலே) :— அல்லது மற்றே இல்லையா? மறை
விளம்புத்தொடர்கள் தன்மையை அடையில்லையா? அல்லது இரு விளக்கும் இல்லை?
வந்துக்கிட்டு விளக்குமா? இது தவறான தேவையையாக விளக்குமானால்
செய்ய வந்து காரணம். அவ்வுடன் போல் இறந்து விளக்குமானால்?

(லை) சங்கரன் :— என்னைத் தவறான என்னை எந்த கேள்விகளை?

(லங்கடிலே) :— கேள்வி என்னவென்று தெரியுமா? கேள்வி
நேர்மையைப் பார்க்கத் தோன்றுமா? சங்கரன் என்று விளக்குமா? அல்லது
சரணால் இல்லையா? சங்கரன் என்று விளக்குமா என்று?

(லை) சங்கரன் :— என்னை விளக்கு என்னை எந்த கேள்விகளை?

(லங்கடிலே) :— கேள்வி என்னவென்று தெரியுமா? கேள்வி
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(லை) சங்கரன் :— என்னை விளக்கு என்னை எந்த கேள்விகளை?

(லங்கடிலே) :— கேள்வி என்னவென்று தெரியுமா? கேள்வி
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Sri Syed Hasan (Chaminar) : —Frequently, failure of power is also one of the reasons for such deaths? So, whether the Government is trying to get generators as quickly as possible in order to avoid such deaths?

Sri K. Rajamallu : It is not concerned with the question. No operation has taken place in this case.

PRIVATE PRACTICE BY THE SUPERINTENDENTS OF HOSPITALS AND PRINCIPALS OF MEDICAL COLLEGES

109—

*8241 Q.—Sri G. Kotiah (Chirala) : —Will the Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that in the Medical Department the Superintendents of Hospitals and Principals of Medical Colleges are allowed to have private practice;

(b) if so, why a Civil Surgeon and R.M.O. are not allowed to have private practice; and

(c) whether the private practice means only consultation and prescription?

Sri K. Rajamallu —a) The Superintendents of Hospitals and the Principals of Medical Colleges who are on clinical side can have private practice.

b) Civil Surgeons or Assistant Surgeons holding posts of Resident Medical Officers in Hospitals, including the Assistant Resident Medical Officers in Osmania General Hospital are not allowed private practice, as their services are needed in the Hospital round the clock. That is why they are provided with quarters. They are also paid Non Private Practice Allowance.

c) Yes, Sir.
Sr. K. Rajamallu:—Government is aware of all these things and it is under active consideration of the Government.

Sri Syed Hasan:—What are the functions of the Superintendent and whether they get extra allowance than other Civil Surgeons?

Sr. K. Rajamallu:—They are to superintend the administration of the Hospital and at the same time they would impart also teaching.

Sri Syed Hasan:—Do they get extra allowance?

(No answer)

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The Minister is not answering Sir. He has committed contempt of the House. He has got to answer.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no contempt of the House.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—If he is not answering, what for he is here and what does he think of the House? Why should he take salary?

பூர்த்தம் இயற்றப்பட்டு செய்யப்பட்ட இடங்கள் கூடுதல், தொடர்த்தப்பட்ட மாசுக்குள் குறிப்பிட்டு விளக்கம் செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளார். அவையின் கீழ் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள செயற்கையான வருடங்கள் கூறப்பட்டுள்ளன. அப்படியே செய்யப்பட்ட செயற்கையான வருடங்கள் குறிப்பிட்டு விளக்கம் செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளார்.

Mr. Speaker:—I am not allowing any more supplementaries.

Sri M. Nagi Reddy.—On a point of order, Sir. அரசின் காரணங்கள் இன்றுவரை இருந்து வருகையின் முக்கியமான மூலமாக மாற்றும் முறை வருடங்கள் மற்றும் காரணங்களுக்கு அடிப்படை வருகையை குறிப்பிட்டு விளக்கர். என்று எண்ணுநிருவிசையில் எள்ள ஏனெனிலே எலும்பு எள்ள குறிப்பிட்டுக்கொண்டு எழுந்துள்ளார்? Why should they be allowed to go to other countries?

(த) இ. வேதனன:—லாற்று காரணங்கள் இதற்கு இல்லை என்று எண்ணுநிருவிசையில் எலும்பு எள்ள குறிப்பிட்டுக்கொண்டு எழுந்துள்ளார்.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no point of order; no reply is necessary.

Eviction of the Lesses from Temple Lands by the Chairman of Trust Boards of Vakadu Temple, Nellore District

110—

*7729-(G) Q. Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddy:— Will the Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Chairman of the Trust Board of Vakadu Temple in Nellore district has evicted the lessees from the Temple lands;

(b) whether the Chairman of the Trust Board has evicted the lessees and has given those lands for lease to new persons without consulting the Executive Officer:

(c) if so, the reasons therefor;

(d) whether public auction has been conducted when those lands have been given on lease again and if not, the reasons therefor:

(e) whether all the accounts, books and properties of Vakadu temple have been handed over to the Executive Officer by the Chairman of the Trust Board; and

(f) if not the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Endowments (Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju):—

(a) No Sir,

(b), (c) and (d): Does not arise.

(e) The Chairman has handed over records and accounts books to the Manager, but he did not handover the D.C.B. Statements of the particulars of leases.
(f) The matter is being enquired into by the Commissioner of Endowments department.

Oval Answers to Questions. 27th July, 1976. 17

Oral Answers to Question.

Mr. Speaker:—It seems the Asst. Commissioner has passed certain orders.

I am asking for appointment of a House Committee.

9.00 a.m.

I am asking for appointment of a House Committee.

This is a very important matter, Sir.
Assets & Liabilities of Sri Kasi Viswanadhaswami Temple
Venkatagiri

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8088 Q. Sri Nallapareddi Srinivasul Reddy:— Will the Minister for Endowments be pleased to State:

(a) the assets and liabilities of Sri Kasi Viswanadhaswami temple, Venkatagiri in Nellore district prior to the implementation of Zamindari Abolition Act.

(b) the assets and the liabilities of the said temple now.

(c) the amount of compensation received by the temple authorities due to the implementation of the Zamindari Abolition Act.
27th July, 1976. Oral Answers to Questions

(d) whether the Trust Board is maintaining the temple properly by offering 'Nitya Nivedyam' etc. and

(e) what happened to the gold and silver vahanams of the temple?

Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju:—

(a) and (b): not known. The Raja of Venkatagiri who is the Hereditary trustee is claiming it as a private temple. He has not furnished any accounts prior to the Estates Abolition, or any information indicating Present Position. There is no property register prepared.

(c) No compensation as such was paid. An amount of Rs. 14,895-03 is paid annually as tasdic allowance.

(d) Yes Sir, By the Hereditary Trustee.

(e) Information is not available.

Mr. Speaker:—As the matter stands, the Raja claims that the temple is a private temple. Unless the temple comes under the jurisdiction of the Endowments Department...

Mr. Speaker:—Still, the matter is under dispute. Unless it is finalised nothing could be done.

Dismissal of Senior Workers in Kakinada
Sarvaraya Textile Factory

112—

*8461 Q—Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Will the Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that 75 percent of senior most workers in Kakinada Sarvaraya Textile Factory were either dismissed or forced to resign during the last five years;

(b) whether it is not a fact that the actions of the management in resorting to unfair labour practices, like harassment of workers, frequent firing of workers illegal collection of monies by management from workers were reported to labour department and Government; and

(c) if so, the action taken in this regard?

The Minister for Labour (Sri T. Anjaiah):—a) 280 workers have resigned and 1 was dismissed.

b) Yes, Sir, But the recognised union, The Sarvaraya Textiles United Workers Union, has not complained against the management.

c) Government deputed the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Visakhapatnam and also the Joint Commissioner of Labour, Hyderabad to enquire into the allegations made by Sri C.V.K. Rao. Through enquiry was also made by the Joint Commissioner of Labour it was stated that there was no substance in the allegations.

Oral Answers to Questions.

...
Ora) Answer* to Questions. 27th July, 1976. 23

Complaint Against the Co-op
Sub-Registrar, Srikakulam Dist.

113—

*8406- Q.— Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu (Parvathi puram):—
Will the Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state :

(a) whether a petition endorsed by the M. L. A. Salur was
presented to the Chief Minister in March, 1976 by the M. L. A. Salur
which was signed by 5 Sarpanches Viz, Sri D. Swamy Naidu and
others alleging bribery against a Co-op. Sub-Registrar Sri V. Appala
Naraayya of Srikakalam District ;

(b) whether the Chairman of the Co-op. Agricultural Deve­
lopment Banks, Parvathipuram and Bobbili, also complained against
his conduct ; and

(c) when will the enquiry conducted?

Sri B. Subba Rao : — (a) Yes Sir,

(b) The District Cooperative Officer, Srikakulam received a
complaint against the Cooperative Sub-Registrar from the
Chairman of the Parvathipuram Agricultural Development
Bank. No complaint was received from the Chaiman, Bobbili
Agricultural Development Bank.

(c) As the report submitted by the Deputy Registrar was not
Satisfactory, a re-enquiry has been ordered.

42—3
Sri Syed Hasan.— It is one of the instances of irregularities of the Officers in the Department and the Minister is not satisfied with the Department. Is it correct?

Sri L. Laxman Das:— Yes Sir.

(b) There is no quota allotted to the Chamber by the State Government.

(c) Yes Sir. Since the printing capacity of the existing machinery is limited.

Sri Syed Hasan— What is the capacity of the Press? Whether the press is getting orders according to its capacity?
Car of Andhra Pradesh Panchayati Raj Parishad

115—

* 7739-(T) Q.—Sarvasri B. Rama Sarma, V. Srikrishna, B. Yella Reddy (Indurthi):—Will the Minister for Panchayatiraj be pleased to state:

(a) the month-wise quantity of petrol (in litres) used for the car of the Andhra Pradesh Panchayatiraj Parishad from 1974 January to December, 1974 and from January 1975 to February, 1976

(b) the average running of the car in kilo-metres per day;

(c) the amount spent towards repairs for the present car till February 1976 since the date of its purchase; and

(d) how many times the expenditure on the said car is higher than that of the car being used by the hon. Minister for Panchayatiraj?

Sri L. Lakshman Das:—(a) and (b) A Statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(c) Rs. 8,247-22 Ps.

(d) A Minister is allowed Rs. 1,000—all per month towards 9-20 a.m. conveyance allowance. The cost of the petrol used for the Car of the Andhra Pradesh State Chamber of Panchayati Raj works out nearl? 1 1/2 times higher.
STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(a) The month wise quantity of petrol (in liters) used for the car of A.P. State Chamber of Panchayati Raj, from January, 1974 to December, 1974 and from January, 1975 to February, 1976.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Litres</th>
<th>Kms</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January</td>
<td>416</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February</td>
<td>268</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>107</td>
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<tr>
<td>April</td>
<td>447</td>
<td>109</td>
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<tr>
<td>May</td>
<td>441</td>
<td>129</td>
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<td>June</td>
<td>335</td>
<td>155</td>
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<td>July</td>
<td>302</td>
<td>114</td>
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<tr>
<td>August</td>
<td>345</td>
<td>105</td>
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<tr>
<td>September</td>
<td>335</td>
<td>105</td>
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<tr>
<td>October</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November</td>
<td>261</td>
<td>77</td>
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<tr>
<td>December</td>
<td>448</td>
<td>147</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

(b) The average running of the Car in K.Ms. per day.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Litres</th>
<th>Kms</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January</td>
<td>390</td>
<td>133</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February</td>
<td>452</td>
<td>168</td>
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<tr>
<td>March</td>
<td>627</td>
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<td>April</td>
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<td>May</td>
<td>488</td>
<td>145</td>
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<td>June</td>
<td>472</td>
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<td>July</td>
<td>411</td>
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<td>August</td>
<td>509</td>
<td>163</td>
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<td>September</td>
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<td>129</td>
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<td>October</td>
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<td>November</td>
<td>284</td>
<td>171</td>
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<tr>
<td>December</td>
<td>521</td>
<td>135</td>
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Oral Answers to Questions. 27th July, 1976. 27

1976

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<tr>
<td>January</td>
<td>462</td>
<td>127</td>
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<tr>
<td>February</td>
<td>500</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Total .. 10,855 Litres of petrol

Mr. Speaker:— Is this within the city or outside the city?

Sri L. Lakshman Das:— Within and outside the city.

Oral Answers to Questions:

1. Sri Syed Hasan:— Two questions have been put to the Panchayati Raj Minister. I learnt that the Headquarters of the Chamber of Panchayati Raj and the Directorate of Panchayati Raj are being shifted to Visakhapatnam. That is the reason why 90% of the tours of the Minister for Panchayati Raj were to Visakhapatnam. Is it correct?

2. Sri P.V. Ramana:— With the Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state:

Construction of a Drama Theatre in every District

116—

(a) whether there is any proposal to construct a 'Drama Theatre' in every district in Andhra Pradesh; and

(b) if so, what will be the estimated cost of each theatre and how the cost of construction will be met?

The Minister for Finance (Sri P. Ranga Reddy) :—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The cost of auditorium shall not exceed Rs. 12 lakhs. The Andhra Pradesh State Film Development Corporation shall act as an agent of the Govt. and will meet 50% of the cost subject to the condition that balance will be shared between the co-promoter and contribution by the local public.
Sri Kudipudi Prabhakara Rao:—Sir, can a Member directly address a Minister? Or through the Hon'ble Speaker?

Mr. Speaker:—It is only through the Speaker.

9-30 a.m.

Sri Kudipudi Prabhakara Rao:—When the day begins, what is the first thing that is discussed in the House of Assembly? The Speaker advises the Members and asks them to conduct the business. He also directs government officials to present the official documents. What is the purpose of the Speaker's advice and directions?

Mr. Speaker:—The Speaker's advice and directions are important for maintaining the order of the House and ensuring that the proceedings are conducted properly.

Mr. Speaker:—Answers to Questions No: 177 to 120 will be placed on the Table.

(See written answers to questions after S. N. Questions.)

Short Notice Question and Answers
Closing of 55 Match Factories in 1975-76

120—A
S.N.Q. 8650-O.-Sri P.V.Ramana: — Will the Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

a) Whether it is a fact that out of 85 Match factories 55 were closed in the year 1975-76;

b) Whether it is also a fact that nearly 8,000 workers were unemployed; and

c) If so, the action taken by the Government to reopen them?

The Minister for Industries (Sri P. Basi Reddy): —

a) It is presumed that the question relates to the match factories within the twin cities. The information obtained from the Inspector Central Excise, Lingampally office, dealing with match units show that there are 86 units on roll having L.4 licence. Out of these, 22 units are not working for the last 5 to 6 months. Out of the 22 units 9 units have approached the Central Excise authorities with a request to cancel their licence which has been done.

b) The actual number of workers employed in these units when they were working is not available. The number thrown out of employment as a result of closure of the units is also not available.

c) Government have however no proposals at present to get them re-opened. If the units or the agency sponsoring them like the
Andhra Pradesh Khadi and Village Industries Board were to make any proposals, the Government would no doubt consider such proposals.
Short-Notice Questions and Answers. 27th July, 1976.

S.N.Q.3650.G.—Sri A. Sreeramulu (Bluru);—Will the Minister for Hindu Religious and Endowments be pleased to state:

SUSPENSION OF THE HEREDITARY TRUSTEES OF ANNAVARAM TEMPLE

120. B-

S.N.Q.8650.G.—Sri A. Sreeramulu (Bluru);—Will the Minister for Hindu Religious and Endowments be pleased to state:

Short Notice Questions and Answer

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Hereditary trustee of Annavaram temple was kept under suspension;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether the Hereditary trustee has since been reinstated; and

(d) if so from what date

The Minister for Endowments (Sri Sagi SuryanarayanaRaju)—

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) Certain charges were framed and pending enquiry he was kept under suspension.

(c) Yes Sir.

(d) From 19-4-1976.

Sri A. Sreeramulu:— Sir, I shall only read a few sentence from the Enquiry Officer's Report.

"In the first set of charges, charges 4 and 16, in the second set of charges, charges 2 and 12, and in the third set of charges, charges 1, 2, 3, 4, 16 and 17 are proved. The Enquiry has revealed that the H. T. (i.e, the hereditary trustee) mis-used the temple funds, used the temple funds as his own and was taking heavy advances running into thousands of rupees and keeping them with him for years causing loss of interest to the temple, and in the meanwhile appropriating to himself the amounts which he took as advance. He allowed amounts to be spent on items not included in the budget, allowed expenditure to be incurred far beyond the budget sanction, created posts, appointed persons without educational and general qualifications without any order from the Commissioner. He disobeyed lawful orders of the Commissioner and violated the provisions of the Act and rules."
As far as the acts done by him are concerned which are prima facie irregular and illegal in terms of the provisions of the Act and rules, there was absolutely no defence. In these matters the law has made no distinction between a hereditary trustee and a non-hereditary trustee. The enquiry has revealed gross negligence on the part of the hereditary trustee. The hereditary trustee has committed acts of mal-feasence and mis-feasence and showed utter inefficiency in managing this institution.

The Hereditary trustee of the subject temple to facilitate enquiry was kept under suspension. The Joint Commissioner of Endowments was appointed to enquire into the charges. The enquiry officer conducted an enquiry and submitted his report. The Government have examined the matter carefully in the light of the report of the enquiry officer and have decided to drop the charges framed against I.V. Gopal Rao.
36  27th July, 1976.  Short Notice Questions and Answer

What exactly is the basis, because when the Government has appointed an enquiry officer, government will have to certainly consider the report of the enquiry officer and if the government is not convinced about the bonafides of the enquiry officer, government has to refer it to somebody else for further enquiry. If the action has been dropped, I feel that it is some thing which cannot be seen through the naked eye, as far as the Government is concerned.

It is very clear that the charges which are proved in this enquiry are very grave. (The enquiry officer felt that they are very grave) "the hereditary trustee has to be removed from the office under section 26 of the Act. It has to be mentioned that the court decisions and law quoted above have revealed that even for lesser offences, one was considered not fit to hold the post of a trustee". Government have examined the matter carefully in the light of the report of the enquiry officer and has decided to drop the charges framed against I.V. Gopal Rao. 

It is to be noted. 

If we do not care while selecting the enquiries officer, we may experience such incidents later on.
Mr. Speaker:—I cannot ask him to answer a specific question. He is normally expected to give the answer. If he cannot give the answer, I cannot help.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—You must help us, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—If you want my ruling, this is not a matter on which I can give a ruling.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I have not got the answer, Sir. I must get the answer. The role of the Assembly is to exercise a check on the functions and activities of the Executive, i.e., the Government. If the Minister says that the Government has the power and therefore it does, can it be a proper answer? Can it be an answer at all?

Mr. Speaker:—I can only direct the Minister to give an answer. That is all right. You can ask. Has the Minister got any thing to say?

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I must get the answer. I cannot get the answer. I must get the answer.
Mr. Speaker:—I have not allowed you to speak again.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—You ask the Minister to answer, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—He has not defined the Chair.

Sri Konda Laxshman Bapuji:—On a point of order, Sir. Is it in order to keep on or no answer a specific question. Either the hon. Minister should say that he does not want to place the report on the Table of the House or he said that he will place it on the Table. But he cannot keep quite. It is in order. The hon. Chair also should not feel that helplessness, making the whole House helpless in getting the due answer.

Mr. Speaker:—So far as this matter is concerned, I had on a previous occasion expressed what the speaker should do in such situations. I believe Mr. Ch., Parasuram Raitu, also written a letter to the secretary General, Parliament asking him about the speaker role under such situations i.e. whether the speaker should be helpless or he should do something. The matter is of course under the consideration of the secretary General. A copy of that letter was sent to me. As far as my knowledge goes, the speaker cannot do anything except when the question is put, he can direct the minister to answer. It is the privilege of the minister to answer or not. As far as the chair is concerned, it cannot do anything further. The hon. member may take any appropriate steps or institute such a proceedings to pull up the minister. So, if the minister answers to the question, it will be accepted and if the Minister does not answer, I cannot help.

Sri Konda Laxshman Bapuji:—Is it the Privilege of the Minister not to answer.

Mr. Speaker:—That I have not said.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—The Speaker can give direction to the Minister to answer. When a direction comes from the Chair, it is not within the competence of the Minister to disobey the Chair. There is no privilege for the Minister not to answer. It is his bounden duty to answer. Otherwise, there is no business for the minister in the House.

Mr. Speaker:—When a question is put, I can direct the Minister to answer. He may answer or may not. If his answer is not satisfactory, it is a matter for the House and for the member and it is no for me.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Here, the Speaker directed the minister to answer and the minister had not given his answer.
Sri S. Jaipal Reddy: —He has not said that. If so, what are the reasons? Let him give a negative answer.

Mr. Speaker —I cannot force him.

Sri C.V.K. Rao: —Sir, point of order. When the Minister gives an answer which is not true and which is diverted from the main point, it is the duty of the Hon’ble Speaker to direct the Minister in order to protect the interests of the House. The Speaker can pull him up to give proper answer. It is under the purview of the Hon’ble Speaker. He cannot plead helplessness.

Sri Syed Hasan:—Point of order, Sir. The Chair, the Speaker controls the House.

Mr. Speaker :—I am not able to control any Member. I am not controlling anybody.

Sri Syed Hasan :—The Chair controls the House and the Ministers are the Members of the House. If anybody mis-behaves with the orders of the Chair, he would be named and the Marshal would be asked to remove him. If the Minister disobeys the Chair, is there any remedy?

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—He must be made to stand up on the Bench.

(Laughter)

Mr. Speaker : —This matter has come up for several times. The Speaker can ask the Minister to give answer. If he refuses to answer, what can be done:

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy: —The Report given to the Government should be placed here.

Sri J. Vengala Rao : —It is at our discretion.

Sri A. Sreeramulu: —Sir, a very important supplementary is getting diverted on account of various point of orders. Now the Government has appointed the Enquiry Officer. What is the purpose of such appointment? What is the objective in such appointment? It is only that the Government wanted to know the truth. If that was the reason, the Government should consider the findings of the Enquiry Officer impartially. The second point is if the Government feels that
the Enquiry Officer has erred, or has become partial, the Government cannot sue moto take any decision just like High Court. I call this as a clear case of political favourtism bearing on corrupt practices. So, since our Chief Minister is very much interested in maintaining the clean administration this is going to be a sort of black mark on the avowed objectives or declared objectives of the Chief Minister. Is the Chief Minister prepared to constitute a House Committee to go into this entire meddle so that its recommendations may become available to the Government?

Shri A. Sreeramulu: —This is nothing to do with that. Since the Chief Minister is referring me, I have to explain. Nobody needs learning of morals.

Shri A. Sreeramulu:— He is personally referring an issue. I am not preaching morals. I am not a moralist. A man has to practice morals himself and they cannot be taught. As far as administration is concerned, it is bound to have certain principles. The Government cannot take a separate decision than that of the Enquiry Officer. There cannot be any contradiction to the Enquiry Officer’s report.

Shri A. Sreeramulu:— The Government has power to take such

Sri A. Sreeramulu: — Whether the Government is prepared to appoint a House Committee or refer this specific question to the P. A. C. calling for a Special Report?

Sri J. Vengal Rao: — Not necessary.

Mr. Speaker: — I am going to the next Short Notice question.

Sri Konda Laxman Bapuji: — Let both the questions be answered, Sir, so that I can put supplementaries on both of them at a time.

Amalgamation of three erstwhile Regional Weavers Appex Co-operative Societies.

120-C.

S. N. Q. 8950. R.— Sri Konda Laxman Bapuji: —

Will the Hon’ble Minister for Handloom and Textiles be pleased to state: —
(a) With regard to each of the three earstwhile regional weavers Apex Cooperatives, which were amalgamated on 6th July, through an ordinance;

(b) as on 30th July 1979, and 5th July, 1976, what was the:

(1) Total paid up share capital; (2) Reserve Bank of India's credit; (3) Total quantum of the Statutory Reserves; (4) Total quantum of other reserves; (5) Movable property and its market value; (6) Total investment in other institution; (7) Accumulated loss and undistributed and or undistributed profits; (8) Number of societies; (9) Number of total employees; (10) Number of Model Weaving centres and total workers employed there-under; (11) Cloth sale shops, also how many are outside the State;

(c) for the year ending 30th June, 1976, what was the:

(1) Total cloth turn over, (2) Its' average in terms of available working capital? (3) Average sales per shop? (4) Total monthly cloth sales together with the sales of the corresponding period of the previous year? (5) Turn over of yarn? (6) Turn over of other raw materials? (7) Profit and loss?

(d) up-till which period the Government Audit was completed, Audit certificates were issued, Whether 'A' class Audit certificates was issued, and

(e) If so, for which years and what is its importance?

The Minister for Handlooms (Sri K. V. Keshavulu) :—

A Statement is placed on the Table of the House.
**Statement Placed on the Table.**

Andhra Handloom Weavers Cooperative Society Limited, Vijayawada.  
Hyderabad Handloom Weavers Central Cooperative Weavers Cooperative Society Association Ltd., Hyderabad. Ltd., Kurnool.  

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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
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<td>(b) As on 30th June, and 5th July, 1976 the financial position of the erst-while Three Apex Weavers' Coop. Societies is as follows:</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(1) Total Paid up Share Capital.</td>
<td></td>
<td>48,32,600.00</td>
<td>41,29,276.75</td>
<td>15,41,950.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Reserve Bank of India Cash Credit.</td>
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<td>127,55,000.00</td>
<td>85,69,000.00</td>
<td>16,70,000.00</td>
</tr>
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<td>(3) Total quantum of Statutory Reserve.</td>
<td></td>
<td>17,11,111.63</td>
<td>11,96,322.37</td>
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<td>(4) Total quantum of other Reserves.</td>
<td></td>
<td>21,62,460.35</td>
<td>33,33,877.77</td>
<td>22,269.38</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
(5) Movable property and its market value (Stock-in-trade at purchase price, which should be taken as market price). 1,04,83,478.63 1,21,38,683.59 24,96,152.14 2,51,13,314.36  

(6) Total investments in other Vastitutions. 26,42,000.00 5,00,785.72 31,000.00 31,73,785.72  

(7) (a) Accumulated losses (Nil). 
(b) Un-disbursed profits of previous year. 20,29,014.00 5,89,596.64 
(c) Tentative profit for the year 1975-76 Upto 6-7-1976). 2,08,570.20 12,93,728.12 47,525.28 15,49,823.60  

(8) Number of Member Societies. 482.00 215.00 232.00 929.00  

(9) Number of Total employees. 552.00 735.00 48.00 1,335.00  

(10) (a) No. of Model Weaving Centres. 5.00 5.00 
(b) No. of workers employed there under. 246.00 610.00 
(11) (a) Cloth sale show rooms within the State. 143.00 96.00 24.00 263.00  
(b) Cloth sale show rooms outside the State. 21.00 17.00 2.00 40.00
(1) Total Cloth turnover for the year ending 30-6-1976.

(2) Its average in terms of available Working Capital.

(3) Average sales per shop.

(4) Total monthly cloth sales together with the sales of the corresponding period of previous year 1974-75.

(5) Turnover of yarn.

(6) Turnover of other raw materials.

(7) Profit and loss account Profit for 1975-76.

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<td>58,78,667.07</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>23,478.65</td>
<td></td>
<td>23,478.65</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,08,570.20</td>
<td>12,93,728.12</td>
<td>47,525.28</td>
<td>15,49,823.60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) & (e) Uptill which period the Government audit was completed; audit certificates were issued, whether 'A' Class Certificate was issued and if so, for which year and what is its importance:
1. In respect of the Hyderabad Handloom Weavers Central Cooperative Association Ltd., Hyderabad: The concurrent audit for the year 1975-76 is in progress. Audit Certificate for the year 1974-75 has been issued. Certificates for the years 1973-74 and 1974-75 were issued under ‘A’ Class.

2. In respect of the Andhra Handloom Weavers Cooperative Society Limited, Vijayawada: The Audit has been completed for the year ending 30-6-1974. The Audit for the year 1974-75 is in progress. The audit certificate was issued for the year 1973-74 under ‘C’ Class.

3. In respect of Rayalaseema Handloom Weavers Cooperative Society Ltd., Kurnool: The Society was formed on 18-7-1975. The Audit has to be taken up for the year 1975-76.

Note: For item (c) (2) : Working Capital has been worked out taking into consideration (i) Paid up Share Capital (ii) Statutory Reserve (iii) All other reserve (iv) Borrowings and total undistributed profits and arrived at the available Working Capital. The amounts of investments made in the Coop: Institutions and other fixed assets were deducted.

N. B.: The figures furnished are based on the proforma Balance Sheet as on 6-7-1976.
Accounts of Three Weavers Apex Co-operative Societies

S.N.Q. 8650-V Shri Konda Lakman Bapuji:—Will the Minister for Handlooms and Textiles be pleased to state: —
The particulars of the statement of the accounts of the three Weavers Apex Co-operative Societies as on the date of their amalgamation and of the amalgamated society at the time when it came into existence?

Sri K.V. Keshevulu:—A Statement is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENTS LAID ON THE TABLE.

THE ANDHRA PRADESH STATE HANDLOOM WEAVERS' COOPERATIVE SOCIETY LTD., HYDERABAD PROFORMA BALANCE SHEET AS ON 6-7-1976.

Liabilities.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Paid up Share Capital.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Primary Weavers' Coop. Societies.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9,03,674.96</td>
<td>14,28,200.00</td>
<td>2,85,600.00</td>
<td>26,17,474.96</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Government contribution.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>31,13,920.00</td>
<td>34,02,650.00</td>
<td>12,56,350.00</td>
<td>77,72,920.00</td>
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</table>
### Reserve & Funds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Statutory Reserve Fund</strong></td>
<td>11,96,322.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Price stabilization fund</strong></td>
<td>36,202.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reserve for int. receivable, from Apex Bank (RBI)</strong></td>
<td>2,09,887.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Various other reserves</strong></td>
<td>3,02,143.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Building fund</strong></td>
<td>4,86,217.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Common good fund</strong></td>
<td>1,62,072.31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dormant societies welfare fund</strong></td>
<td>2,00,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Incentive patronage fund, to weavers of Model Weaving Centres.</strong></td>
<td>42,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total:** 1,835.72 1,03,92,230.68
<p>| | | | | | | |</p>
<table>
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<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Cooperative Education Fund.</td>
<td>46,137.72</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>46,137.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Reserve for unforeseen losses and bad debts.</td>
<td>7,35,177.66</td>
<td>74,641.97</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8,09,819.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Scholarship and research fund.</td>
<td></td>
<td>57,732.73</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>57,732.73</td>
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<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Employees welfare fund.</td>
<td></td>
<td>222.75</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>222.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Rehabilitation fund.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Price fluctuation fund.</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,16,514.28</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4,16,514.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Reserve for outstanding liabilities.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9,739.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>9,739.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Reserve for furniture and fittings.</td>
<td></td>
<td>20,287.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20,287.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Depreciation reserve for various Assets.</td>
<td>8,39,039.87</td>
<td>7,66,719.15</td>
<td>22,269.38</td>
<td></td>
<td>16,28,028.40</td>
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</table>

$4,26,042.00
### III. Deposits:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Staff provident fund (old)</td>
<td>7,032.91</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Staff cash security</td>
<td>5,65,136.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Weavers Cash deposit</td>
<td>18,032.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. C.D. (Wages) Recoveries</td>
<td>97,330.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. C.D. (D.A.) Recoveries</td>
<td>2,19,639.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Various other deposits</td>
<td>5,923.24</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### IV. Borrowings:

(A) **R.B.I. Cash credits**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. U/s. 17 (2) (bb) for Cloth.</td>
<td>82,00,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. U/s 17 (2) (a) for Yarn.</td>
<td>3,69,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(B) **Government Loans**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. A.M.D.F. Loan</td>
<td>1,08,076.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. For purchase of power-loom</td>
<td>64,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total**                                                                 | **11,87,764.99**
<p>| | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>(6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V. Interest Payable on Government and R.B.I. Loans.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>63,168.40</td>
<td>4,35,199.74</td>
<td>2,778.08</td>
<td>5,01,146.22</td>
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<tr>
<td>VI. Capital Investments in Branches (C):</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>40,70,253.81</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VII. Adjusting Heads 'Due by'</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Suppliers (Yarn).</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>3,026.44</td>
<td>2,30,865.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,33,891.44</td>
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<td>2. Sundry creditors.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>927.79</td>
<td>83,475.19</td>
<td>1,420.50</td>
<td>85,823.48</td>
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<td>3. Govt. departments.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>21,995.98</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>21,995.98</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Weavers Coop. Societies.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>250.65</td>
<td>5,26,171.81</td>
<td>2,41,399.92</td>
<td>9,19,961.66</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,52,139.28</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>12,61,672.56</td>
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</table>
### VIII. Adjusting Heads' Due by

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>1973-74</th>
<th>1974-75</th>
<th>1975-76</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Subsidy payable to societies.</td>
<td>28,498.67</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Staff personal.</td>
<td>1,391.36</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Staff suspense.</td>
<td>17,351.94</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Weaver's personal.</td>
<td>1,401.92</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Income tax.</td>
<td>183.50</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>A. P. Handloom Convention.</td>
<td>1,267.91</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Cess.</td>
<td>3,600.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,00,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Group insurance.</td>
<td>1,814.19</td>
<td>1,447.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Back log rebate.</td>
<td>20,045.62</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Shares suspense.</td>
<td>2,590.00</td>
<td>1,25,373.24</td>
<td>177.49</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Dividends payable.</td>
<td>3,99,695.43</td>
<td>50,003.67</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Silver Jubilee Celebrations.</td>
<td>29,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Provision for Bonus upto 1975.</td>
<td>2,42,300.17</td>
<td>1,34,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Provision for Bonus 1975-76.</td>
<td>5,00,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Sales Tax.</td>
<td>16,502.85</td>
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<td>390.96</td>
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</table>

**Total:**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>1973-74</th>
<th>1974-75</th>
<th>1975-76</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28,498.67</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,391.36</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17,351.94</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,401.92</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>183.50</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,267.91</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,03,600.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3,261.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20,045.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,28,140.73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>177.49</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4,49,699.10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>29,000.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3,76,300.17</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5,00,000.00</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16,893.81</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Employees incentive, commission payable.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,50,819.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Other and parties.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Rayalaseema Apex Handloom Society.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Bonus to societies.</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Outstanding expenses.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**IX. Undistributed Profits**

1. Undistributed profits of previous years. |   | 5,89,590.64 | 20,29,014.00 |   | 26,18,610 64 |   |   |   |

*Profit for the Year 1975-76 (Upto 6-7-1976).*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
<th>(6)</th>
<th>(7)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>12,93,728.12</td>
<td>2,08,570.20</td>
<td>47,525.28</td>
<td>15,49,823.60</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total.** |   | 2,56,61,464 09 | 3,06,68,458.89 | 37,58,619.88 | 6,00,88,542.86 | 6,00,88,542.86 |   |   |   |
**The Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers' Co-operative Society Ltd., Hyderabad.**

**Proforma Balance Sheet as on 6-7-1976.**

**Assets.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Cash on hand.</td>
<td>5,919.83</td>
<td>517.93</td>
<td>513.31</td>
<td></td>
<td>6,951.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Cash at Banks.</td>
<td>9,16,463.61</td>
<td></td>
<td>47,726.10</td>
<td></td>
<td>9,64,189.71</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Cash under postal stamps and</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Franking.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Cash under Bills and cheques,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>pending realisation.</td>
<td>11,151.83</td>
<td>13,30,840.98</td>
<td>7,940.58</td>
<td></td>
<td>13,49,933.39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I. Cash Balances:

<p>| | | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Cash with Emporia under imprest.</td>
<td></td>
<td>8,307.87</td>
<td>17,87,882.52</td>
<td>3,833.49</td>
<td>18,00,023.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II. Investments in other Cooperative Institutions.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Netha Coop. Spinning Mills Ltd., Hyderabad.</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,50,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4,50,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Federation of Industrial Cooperatives.</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,285.72</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4,285.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Cooperative General Insurance Society</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,500.00</td>
<td>10,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>All India Handloom Fabrics Marketing Coop. Society Ltd., Bombay.</td>
<td></td>
<td>15,000.00</td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
<td>5,000.00</td>
<td>45,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>A.P. Zari Manufacturing Coop. Society.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>National Federation of Industrial Cooperatives, New Delhi.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>41,21,544.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Amount 1</td>
<td>Amount 2</td>
<td>Amount 3</td>
<td>Amount 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Petrofils Coop. Society, Gujrat.</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
<td>3,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>A.P. State Textile Complex Coop. Society, Hyderabad.</td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
<td>75,000.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Andhra Coop. Spinning Mills, Guntakal.</td>
<td></td>
<td>22,90,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>22,90,000.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Chirala Coop. Spinning Mills.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,50,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,50,000.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Gratuity Reserve invested in A.P. State Cooperative Bank.</td>
<td></td>
<td>40,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>40,000.00</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**III. Deposits and Advances:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount 1</th>
<th>Amount 2</th>
<th>Amount 3</th>
<th>Amount 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Revenue Deposit due from Government.</td>
<td>28,408.49</td>
<td>48,834.07</td>
<td>9,685.95</td>
<td>86,928.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Employees credit cooperative Society.</td>
<td>4,000.00</td>
<td>85.50</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,085.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Various other deposits.</td>
<td>2,40,610.12</td>
<td>1,79,581.30</td>
<td>1,22,141.00</td>
<td>5,42,332.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>C.D. (Wages) deposit R.B.I.</td>
<td>97,331.20</td>
<td>158.46</td>
<td></td>
<td>97,489.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>C.D. (D.A.) Deposit R.B.I.</td>
<td>2,22,032.06</td>
<td>20,647.15</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,42,679.21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|   |                                                                              |           |           |           | 31,73,785.72      |

|   |                                                                              |           |           |           | 9,73,515.30       |
### IV. Other Investments:

<p>| | | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>(6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Furniture, fixture &amp; Office Equipment</td>
<td>18,58,868.33</td>
<td>8,18,704.69</td>
<td>4,45,387.72</td>
<td>31,22,960.74</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Lands &amp; Buildings</td>
<td>3,90,390.54</td>
<td>48,831.86</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,39,222.40</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Office vehicles</td>
<td>84,639.28</td>
<td>41,795.62</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,26,434.90</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Library</td>
<td>1,751.63</td>
<td>2,715.49</td>
<td>87.60</td>
<td>4,554.72</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Good will</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>6. Machinery and equipment</td>
<td>1,39,725.15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,39,725.15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Dying and Printing equipment</td>
<td>46,257.38</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>46,257.38</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>8. Power looms and materials</td>
<td>1,56,788.41</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,56,788.41</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Factory looms and Accessories</td>
<td>1,10,651.45</td>
<td>25,713.50</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,36,364.95</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>10. Samples</td>
<td></td>
<td>8,520.06</td>
<td>167.00</td>
<td>8,687.06</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. O.h.t Assets</td>
<td></td>
<td>44,074.95</td>
<td></td>
<td>44,074.95</td>
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</table>

V. Capital in Branches:

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>42,42,710.83</td>
<td>24,70,251.95</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>67,12,962.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>67,12,962.78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
VI. *Adjusting Heads ‘Due to’*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Suppliers</th>
<th>9,820.75</th>
<th>2,87,024.68</th>
<th></th>
<th>2,96,845.43</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Sundry Debtors</td>
<td>2,62,758.58</td>
<td>2,87,157.87</td>
<td>2,09,525.36</td>
<td>7,59,441.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Govt. Departments and employees</td>
<td>5,06,886.55</td>
<td>42,45,489.17</td>
<td>6,548.43</td>
<td>47,58,924.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Weavers’ Coop. Societies</td>
<td>72,902.20</td>
<td>87,037.31</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,59,939.51</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

VII. *Other Adjusting Heads ‘Due to’*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Subsidy receivable from Apex Bank towards Interest (R.B.I.)</th>
<th>2,09,887.21</th>
<th>4,50,759.85</th>
<th>5,296.43</th>
<th>6,65,943.49</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Rebate due from Government</td>
<td>30,58,437.48</td>
<td>38,10,929.25</td>
<td>3,40,371.36</td>
<td>72,09,738.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Discount due from Government</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>2,47,357.70</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>2,47,357.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Cess publicity</td>
<td>19,355.36</td>
<td>86,945.49</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>1,06,300.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Subsidy receivable from Govt. towards interest on Government loans</td>
<td>1,86,113.04</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>1,86,113.04</td>
</tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Staff personal</td>
<td>42,068.46</td>
<td>3,99,712.22</td>
<td>18,085.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Staff suspense (Managers)</td>
<td>1,031.75</td>
<td>3,77,351.15</td>
<td>9,037.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Subscriptions and advertisements</td>
<td>11,183.26</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Bonus to employees paid</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,09,272.24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Weavers' Personal</td>
<td>10,812.73</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Rent advances</td>
<td>2,191.07</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Sales Tax</td>
<td>9,309.43</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Prepaid expenses</td>
<td></td>
<td>47,346.49</td>
<td>3,119.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Common good fund</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,706.03</td>
<td>2,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Excess Bonus to employees</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,947.32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Cash incentive on import of dyes and chemicals</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,440.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Waiver of audit costs</td>
<td></td>
<td>7,705.29</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Cumulative time deposit</td>
<td></td>
<td>185.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Amounts held under audit objections</td>
<td>53,223.90</td>
<td>43,592.31</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Rebate due from Manager</td>
<td></td>
<td>918.24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
21. Education fund to be adjusted 2,500.00 2,500.00

VIII. **Closing Stocks.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>.</th>
<th>.</th>
<th>.</th>
<th>.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Cloth</td>
<td>1,11,10,573.96</td>
<td>1,01,14,018.50</td>
<td>24,96,152.14</td>
<td>2,37,20,744.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Yarn in godowns</td>
<td>7,15,740.07</td>
<td>3,69,460.13</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>10,85,200.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Yarn in looms</td>
<td>1,36,994.29</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1,36,994.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Dyes and Chemicals</td>
<td>66,499.42</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>66,499.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Paper, cards, and press goods</td>
<td>41,152.53</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>41,152.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Raw materials and others</td>
<td>67,723.32</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>67,723.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>2,56,61,464.09</td>
<td>3,06,68,458.89</td>
<td>37,58,619.88</td>
<td>6,00,88,542.86</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Short Notice Questions and Answers.
The Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers' Co-operative Society Ltd., Hyderabad

Tentative Trading Account from 1-7-1975 to 6-7-1976

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I.</td>
<td>To Opening Stocks.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Cloth</td>
<td>1,14,11,143.73</td>
<td>1,34,67,986.22</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,48,79,139.95</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Yarn in godowns</td>
<td>10,07,080.29</td>
<td>21,52,463.91</td>
<td></td>
<td>31,59,544.20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Yarn on looms</td>
<td>1,66,155.93</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,66,155.93</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Dyes and Chemicals</td>
<td>30,096.45</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>30,096.45</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Paper, cards &amp; press goods</td>
<td>36,840.20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>36,840.20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Raw materials &amp; others</td>
<td>46,739.74</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>46,739.74</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II.</td>
<td>To Cost of cloth manufactured</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B/D. from Mfg. A/c.</td>
<td>41,86,800.12</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>41,86,800.12</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>,, Cost of colour dyeing B/D from Mfg. A/c.</td>
<td>6,57,366.15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6,57,366.15</td>
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</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>48,44,166.27</td>
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</tr>
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</table>
### To Purchases:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Cloth</td>
<td>2,57,64,485.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Yarn</td>
<td>54,26,213.31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Dyes and chemicals</td>
<td>4,87,998.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Paper, cards &amp; press goods</td>
<td>1,42,943.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Raw materials and others</td>
<td>83,498.74</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### To Goods Transfers:

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<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Cloth</td>
<td>4,96,660.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Yarn</td>
<td>42,48,880.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Dyes and Chemicals</td>
<td>4,25,359.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Raw materials and others</td>
<td>6,453.83</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### To Direct Trading Charges:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Trading charges</td>
<td>3,08,447.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Commission on clothes</td>
<td>3,92,851.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Incentive sales commission</td>
<td>1,62,174.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Trade discount</td>
<td>4,69,143.05</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To Gross Profit C/o to P&L A/c: 70,47,419.33 39,11,797.37 5,44,498.82 1,15,03,715.52 1,15,03,715.52

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6,30,04,752.55</td>
<td>4,26,66,951.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59,19,300.66</td>
<td>11,15,91,004.45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
THE ANDHRA PRADESH STATE HANDLOOM WEAVERS' CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY LTD., HYD'BAD

Tentative Trading Account from 1-7-1975 to 6-7-1976.

<table>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>(7)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I. By Sales ;:

1. Cloth .. 3,23,58,974.77 2,97,30,240.00 34,23,148.52 6,55,12,363.29
2. Yarn .. 34,29,657.29 24,49,009.78 58,78,667.07
3. Raw materials and others .. 23,478.65 .. .. 23,478.65 7,14,14,509.01

II. By Goods Transfers ;

1. Cloth .. 62,78,643.92 .. .. .. 62,78,643.82 ..
2. Yarn .. 42,41,430.85 .. .. .. 42,41,430.85 ..
3. Dyes and Chemicals .. 4,34,627.96 .. .. .. 4,34,627.06
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>4. Raw materials and others.</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,63,249.57</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2,63,429.57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|                      | 4. Raw materials and others. |                    |                    |                      |                      |
| III. By Yarn for production | 32,94,187.02 | 5,01,713.01 | 21,641.00 | 1,50,35,492.33 |
| "Colour for production" | 32,94,187.02 | 5,01,713.01 | 21,641.00 | 1,50,35,492.33 |
| "Coal for production" | 32,94,187.02 | 5,01,713.01 | 21,641.00 | 1,50,35,492.33 |

|                      | 4. Raw materials and others. |                    |                    |                      |                      |
| IV. By Trading Income | 18,465.92           | 4,222.83 |                    |                      |                      |

|                      | 4. Raw materials and others. |                    |                    |                      |                      |
| V. By Closing Stocks |                     | 1,11,10,573.96 | 1,01,14,018.50 | 24,96,152.14 | 2,37,20,744.60 |
| 1. Cloth             | 1,11,10,573.96 | 1,01,14,018.50 | 24,96,152.14 | 2,37,20,744.60 |
| 2. Yarn in godowns   | 7,15,740.07  | 3,69,460.13  |                      | 10,85,200.20 |
| 3. Yarn on looms     | 1,36,994.29  |                      |                      | 1,36,994.29 |
| 4. Dyes-and chemicals| 66,499.42   |                      |                      | 66,499.42   |
| 5. Paper, cards and press goods | 41,12.53 |                      |                      | 41,152.53 |
| 6. Raw materials and others | 67,723.32 |                      |                      | 67,723.32 |

|                      | 4. Raw materials and others. |                    |                    |                      |                      |
| Total:               | 6,30,04,752.55 | 4,26,66,951.24 | 59,19,300.66 | 11,15,91,004.45 | 11,15,91,004.45 |
**THE ANDHRA PRADESH STATE HANDLOOM WEAVERS’ CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY LTD.,\nNARAYANAGUDA, HYDERABAD.**

*Profit and Loss account for the year from 1st July, 1975 to 6th July, 1976.*

<table>
<thead>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>To Salaries and wages etc.,</td>
<td>23,24,322.89</td>
<td>11,31,629.95</td>
<td>1,80,475.54</td>
<td>36,36,428.38</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>To Gratuity</td>
<td>48,756.65</td>
<td>1,10,986.38</td>
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<td>1,59,743.03</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>To Godown rents and taxes</td>
<td>3,96,227.17</td>
<td>1,79,862.61</td>
<td>89,226.70</td>
<td>6,65,316.48</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>To Electricity and Water charges</td>
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<td>1,16,105.14</td>
<td>53,139.48</td>
<td>3,07,047.35</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>To Printing &amp; Stationery</td>
<td>1,97,143.22</td>
<td>63,550.03</td>
<td>33,190.43</td>
<td>2,93,883.68</td>
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<td>6.</td>
<td>To Bank Commission</td>
<td>13,580.28</td>
<td>8,710.79</td>
<td>922.64</td>
<td>23,213.71</td>
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<td>7.</td>
<td>To Postage, telephone and trunkcalls</td>
<td>1,49,208.30</td>
<td>67,155.10</td>
<td>11,169.15</td>
<td>2,27,532.55</td>
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</table>

Total: 36,36,428.38

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Short Notice Questions and Answers

64

27th July, 1976
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Expenses 1</th>
<th>Expenses 2</th>
<th>Expenses 3</th>
<th>Expenses 4</th>
<th>Expenses 5</th>
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<tr>
<td>8. To Tour and local conv.</td>
<td>1,49,208.30</td>
<td>67,155.10</td>
<td>11,169.15</td>
<td>2,27,532.55</td>
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<td>9. To Publicity and propaganda samples</td>
<td>2,27,646.13</td>
<td>87,851.94</td>
<td>9,720.72</td>
<td>3,25,218.79</td>
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<td>10. To Rates and taxes</td>
<td>28,877.60</td>
<td>9,228.00</td>
<td>645.00</td>
<td>38,715.60</td>
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<td>11. To Meetings and functions</td>
<td>15,615.64</td>
<td>1,357.90</td>
<td>10,927.65</td>
<td>27,901.19</td>
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<td>12. To Legal expenses</td>
<td>9,331.57</td>
<td>10,593.34</td>
<td>552.50</td>
<td>20,477.41</td>
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<td>13. To News Papers and periodicals</td>
<td>2,031.80</td>
<td>639.82</td>
<td>140.10</td>
<td>2,811.72</td>
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<td>14. To Uniforms and Raincoats</td>
<td>6,215.72</td>
<td>214.33</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>6,430.05</td>
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<td>15. To Chairties and Donations</td>
<td>13,166.78</td>
<td>2,271.50</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>15,438.28</td>
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<td>16. To Petrol and maintenance of vehicles</td>
<td>68,418.56</td>
<td>23,175.61</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>91,594.17</td>
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<td>17. Maintenance of bldgs.</td>
<td>30,993.53</td>
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<td>..</td>
<td>30,993.53</td>
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<td>18. Maintenance of furniture and shops</td>
<td>34,703.67</td>
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<td>..</td>
<td>34,703.67</td>
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<td>19. To Audit costs</td>
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<td>1,26,817.37</td>
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<td>2,11,425.90</td>
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<td>20. To Interest</td>
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<td>1,22,3,295.96</td>
<td>47,667.94</td>
<td>22,02,884.29</td>
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<td>(1)</td>
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<td>(3)</td>
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<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>To Insurance</td>
<td>80,194.83</td>
<td>19,149.68</td>
<td>2,860.55</td>
<td>1,02,205.06</td>
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<td>22.</td>
<td>To Depreciation</td>
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<td>23.</td>
<td>To Leave salary to workers</td>
<td>54,935.98</td>
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<td>..</td>
<td>54,935.98</td>
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<td>24.</td>
<td>To Medicines and maternity benefits</td>
<td>5,431.69</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>5,431.69</td>
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<td>25.</td>
<td>To Misc. and others</td>
<td>63,318.50</td>
<td>34,618.35</td>
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<td>..</td>
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<td>26.</td>
<td>To Provision for Bonus 75-76</td>
<td>5,00,000.00</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>5,00,000.00</td>
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<td>27.</td>
<td>To Outstanding expenses</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>8,09,002.90</td>
<td>17,068.86</td>
<td>8,26,071.76</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To NetProfit C/o to B.S. 1975-76</td>
<td>12,93,728.12</td>
<td>1,08,570.20</td>
<td>47,525.28</td>
<td>15,49,823.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Grand Total</td>
<td>70,63,304.77</td>
<td>43,51,807.45</td>
<td>5,47,430.22</td>
<td>1,19,62,542.44</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I. *By Gross profit B/o from Trading A/c.*

|     | Rs.    | 5,44,498.82 | 1,15,03,715.52 |

II. *By Other Incomes:*

1. By Misc. income | .. | 720.86 | 175.39 | .. | 896.25 |
2. By Dividends | .. | 900.00 | .. | .. | 900.00 |
3. By Admission fee | .. | 10.00 | .. | 435.00 | 445.00 |
4. By Cess Grants | .. | 8,000.00 | .. | .. | 8,000.00 |
5. By Capital gains | .. | 6,254.58 | .. | .. | 6,254.58 |
6. By Interest earned | .. | 506.11 | 2,496.40 | 3,004.51 |
7. By Independent Units profits | .. | .. | .4,39,326.58 | .. | .4,39,326.58 |

Grand Total Rs. | 70,63,304.77 | 43,51,807.45 | 5,47,430.22 | 1,19,62,542.44 |
Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—In the statement given, under Sl.No. 2, whether the amounts mentioned were sanctioned by the Reserve Bank of India?

Sri K.V. Keshavulu:—This information pertains the year 1975-76. During that period, the credit facilities given by Reserve Bank of India to Andhra Handloom Weavers Co-op. Society Ltd., Vijayawada was Rs. 1,27,55,000/- to Rs. 85,69,999/- to Hyco and Rs. 16,70,000 to Rayalaseema Handloom Weavers Co-op. Society Ltd., Kurnool.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—Whether those amounts were drawn and utilised?

Sri K.V. Keshavulu:—Yes. Those amounts were drawn and utilised for the purpose.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—In Item 7 (c) the Tentative profit for the year 1975-76 was shown as Rs. 12,93,728-12 towards Hyco. Under Sl.No. 26, Bonus amount is given. Whether the bonus amount can be excluded in the tentative profits?

Tentative profit for the year 1975-76 to Andhra Handlooms, Vijayawada is Rs. 2,08,570-20 and for Hyco it is Rs. 12,93,728-12.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—At page 2, under item 4, total monthly cloth sales together with the sales of the corresponding period of previous year 1974-75 were given. I want to know the corresponding monthly sales. The Annual sales were given here. I want to know the corresponding net profit.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—I also want to know the impact of A class and C class Audit Certificates in regard to the Societies?

Written Answers to Questions.

Art Galleries' in the Districts

117—

*8050 Q.—Sarvasri S. Narayan Reddy, B. Basappa and M. Yel­lappa :—Will the Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) in how many districts are there established ‘Art Galleries’;
(b) whether they are assisted by Government grants;
(c) the steps the Government are taking to establish ‘Art Galleries’ in the District where there are no such Galleries?

A.—

(a) Two, Sir. One at Rajahmundry and another at Hyderabad.
(b) The Art Gallery at Rajahmundry is maintained by Government. No aid is being given for the Art Gallery at Hyderabad managed by the Andhra Pradesh Lalith Kala Akademi.
(c) The matter is under consideration.

Physical Education as Compulsory Subject in Secondary Education

118—

*7773 Q.—Sri Peter Paul Chukka:—Will the Minister for Education and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there are proposals before the Government now to introduce physical education as a compulsory subject in secondary education;
(b) if so, when is the proposal likely to materialise; and
(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

A.—

(a) Under the S.S.C. Scheme, Physical Education is already a compulsory non-examination subject for school students.
(b)&(c) Does not arise.
Making the Backward Class Students Staying in Community Named Hostels eligible for Residential Scholarships

119—

*7201 Q. —Sri P. V. Ramana :—Will the Minister for Social Welfare and Technical Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government received any memorandum in the year 1975-76 from the Legislators of Backward classes, requesting the Government to modify G. O. Ms. No. 262 dated 24-4-1974 (Employment and Social Welfare) so that the listed backward class students, staying in community named hostels, become eligible for the residential scholarships; and

(b) if so, the action taken there upon?

A.—

(a) No Memorandum from the Legislatures was received by Government. However, a representation dated 11-8-1974 was received from the Convenor of the Backward Classes Hostels Co-ordination Committee, Hyderabad.

(b) Orders have been issued in G.O.Ms. No. 350 Employment and Social Welfare dated 6-4-1976 recognising the private hostels which bear communal names like Reddi Hostel, Vysya Hostel etc., for the purpose of grant of residential scholarships.

PAYMENT OF REBATE TO THE HANDLOOM CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES CUDDAPAH DISTRICT

120—

*7734-(Z) Q.—Sri R. Seetha Ramiah (Kamalapuram) :—Will the Minister for Handlooms and Textiles be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the payment of rebate amount which is payable to the Handloom Co-operative Societies has been discontinued to the Handloom Co-operative Societies of Cuddapah District since 6, 7 years;

(b) if so, why:

(c) whether it is also a fact that the payment has been done in all the other Districts of Andhra Pradesh;

(d) whether the Government are aware of the fact that the weavers of the Handloom Co-operative Societies in Cuddapah District have been experiencing severe financial hardships due to non-payment of rebate all these years;

(e) whether the Minister will take steps for its immediate payment and help the Handloom weavers thereby?
Matte inside rule 329:
re: Appointment of Administrative Tribunal

A.—

(a) yes, Sir.

(b) There were complaints against Weavers' Cooperative Societies in Cuddapah District for manipulation in the claims of rebate on the sale of handloom cloth. In view of this, the matter was referred to the Director, Anti-corruption Bureau in 1969-70 for regular enquiry against the personnel involved. It was felt that till the final results were known, the claims of the Weavers Cooperative Societies in Cuddapah District should not be settled but kept in abeyance.

(c)(d)&(e): The claims in respect of other districts have been settled. Realising that the non-payment of rebate claims has caused difficulties to the weavers. Cooperative Societies in Cuddapah District, the Government took a decision for providing alternative assistance in the shape of subsidy to these Societies. A sum of Rs. 10.00 lakhs sanctioned in this regard.

MATTERS UNDER RULE 329;
re: (1) Appointment of Administrative Tribunal.

Sri C.V.K. Rao (Kakinada):—This pertains to the appointment of Administrative Tribunal. I wish the Government should have placed the papers concerning the appointment and the powers of this administrative tribunal. It is said that the Tribunal will follow the procedure adopted by the State High Court for dispensing the writ petition under Article 226 of the Constitution. Much water has flown under the bridge since the so-called Six-Point Formula was promulgated and in pursuance of this the Administrative Tribunal was constituted. I wish the Government should have taken steps to appraise as to who is appointed and whether they are constituted and all that. That is the purpose of the Tribunal? The purpose of the Tribunal is to come to a clear-cut decision and that decision is binding not only on the party concerned and also on the party of the Government cannot understand why the Government should keep mum on this issue, compared to other States where they are allowing the High Court to exercise their powers, to entertain and dispense all writs dealing with service matters, this Government is not able to permit matters here to go to the High Court. Another thing which I fail to understand is why this Government is permitting the Secretary, Ministry of Home Affairs, Govt. of India who had already played a role in deciding the service matters between Andhra and Telangana employees. These are very popular matters which have to be decided by the Government.
and the Government is keeping mum over this issue which affects lakhs and lakhs of employees and their future. I want a clear-cut answer from the Chief Minister.

Sri J. Vengala Rao—Sir, item 4 of the Six Point Formula stipulates the constitution of a High Power Administrative Tribunal to deal with the grievances of the services regarding appointment, seniority, promotion and other allied matters. In order to implement this, the Constitution of India was amended providing for the constitution of such an Administrative Tribunal for the State of Andhra Pradesh. Clause 3 of Art. 371 D, as introduced, specified that the President may by order provide for the constitution of an Administrative Tribunal for the State of Andhra Pradesh. The Administrative Tribunal Order, 1975 was issued by President in accordance with the above provisions. The Order was published by the Govt. of India in the Gazette Extra-ordinary dated the 19th May, 1975 and it was re-published in the A.P. Gazette Extra-ordinary dated 22nd May, 1975. Copies of the Order were laid on the table of the Assembly on 12—2—1976.

The Tribunal shall have all jurisdiction now exercised by all courts including the Andhra Pradesh High Court (but excluding the Supreme Court) with respect to all conditions of services of persons holding posts in the Civil Services of the State or holding any civil posts in the State or those holding any post in any local authority under the control of the State Govt. The Tribunal will however not exercise jurisdiction in respect of village officers; contract appointees; All India Service officers serving in connection with the Affairs of the State; persons in the services of the Central or any other State Govt. of other authority on deputation with the State Govt. or any local authority within the State; or persons in part-time employment.

The Tribunal will receive representations from public servants for redressal of grievances in matters falling within its purview in accordance with the provisions of the Order.

The Govt. of India through their Notification No. GSR 442(E) dated 6th July 1976 brought the Tribunal order into force with effect from 6th July 1976 and through Notification GSR No. 443 (E) dated 6th July 1976 have appointed Sri Justice C.V. Rane of Gujarat High Court as the Chairman and Sri Govind Narayan, formerly Secretary, Ministry of Defence, Govt. of India and Sri Kartar Singh, formerly Addl. Secretary, Ministry of Health, Govt. of India as Members thereof.

Sri Justice C.V. Rane has assumed charge as Chairman of the Administrative Tribunal on 21st July 1976. The Members are expected
to assume office shortly. The Tribunal is being accommodated in the High Court premises for the time being. It will start functioning shortly.

Member, Chairman:

An appointed administration tribunal will shortly assume office. The Tribunal is being accommodated in the High Court premises for the time being. It will start functioning shortly.

(Member, Chairman)


On 27th July 1976 at 7.30 a.m. the Police Officer named Mani Prasad, of Narsa Reddy Kandrika of Nellore District, apprehended a persons who was wanted in connection with a murder case. The persons was identified as Mani Prasad, a laborer, from the village of Narsa Reddy Kandrika.

The persons was arrested at 7.30 a.m. and was taken to the police station for questioning. He was found to be in possession of a knife which was used in the commission of the murder.

The investigation is still ongoing and further details will be provided as they become available.

10-20 a.m.


3. INTERRUPTION OF WATER SUPPLY IN KAKINADA.

Sir,

Due to breach in Dowlaishwararam Anicut on 8-7-76, the water level in the Samalkot Canal has dropped rapidly. The water level in the Sambamurthy Tank (Summer Storage Tank) was 24.70 on 10-7-76 as against the FTL of 34.50. The water supply to the Kakinada town from Sambamurthy Reservoir has, therefore, reduced to 7 lakh gallons per day from the normal supply of 14 lakh gallons per day from 10-7-76.

The following steps were taken to supplement the water supply in Kakinada town. A 20 H.P. pump has been installed in the well in Pydagarden near Engineering College and 3 lakh gallons per day are being pumped in addition to the 7 lakh gallons per day from Sambamurthy Reservoir. Thus a supply of 10 lakh gallons per day

*Sri Challa Subbarayudu:— Sir, Due to breach in Dowlaishwararam Anicut on 8-7-76, the water level in the Samalkot Canal has dropped rapidly. The water level in the Sambamurthy Tank (Summer Storage Tank) was 24.70 on 10-7-76 as against the FTL of 34.50. The water supply to the Kakinada town from Sambamurthy Reservoir has been, therefore, reduced to 7 lakh gallons per day from the normal supply of 14 lakh gallons per day from 10-7-76.

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re: Interruption of Water supply in Kakinada.

is maintained. The Municipality has sanctioned providing 300 filter points all over the town, out of which 60 have already been installed with hand pumps. The work on the other filter points is in progress. The open draw well in private houses are being cleaned up and chlorinated so that people can use the well water also.

Present position:—Due to the floods in Godavari River water is now flowing in the Samalkot Canal and the summer storage tank is being fed by the gravity. The water level in the tank is now at 32.30 i.e., about 2.2” below FTL. The S. S. tank will be brought to FTL within a month while maintaining supply to Kakinada. The supply to the Town from Sambamurthy Reservoir has been increased, after receiving water in the canal, to 16 lakh gallons per day i.e., with effect from 22-7-76 against the normal supply of 18 lakh gallons per day. A pumpset has also been installed at Samalkot canal for pumping water to summer storage tank in case of necessity.

Further arrangements have also been made for diversion of water from Yeluru Drain to Samalkota canal from Dabba Kalva regulator.

The capacity of Sambamurthy Reservoir is 190 million gallons. At the present supply of 16 lakh gallons per day the tank will be able to serve the requirements of the town for 85 days. Every effort will be made to keep the water level in the Reservoir at F. T. L. by replenishing the water drawn,

Whatever steps are necessary certainly I will personally visit and I will take necessary steps to maintain the supply of 16 to 18 lakh gallons per day, as envisaged earlier.
(4) Death of 5 children in Imla orphanage, Malakapalli, Kovure Taluk, W. Godavari District.

10-30 a.m.

Sri J. Vengala Rao:—Sir, on 19-7-1976 five children of 7 to 12 years of age group residing in Imla Orphanage run by Private person Rev. Ch. Josapha Muller, Malkapalli Kovur Taluk, were found unconscious at 6 A.M. when they were awakened for prayer. The names of these boys are (1) Potunuri Mohan, (2) Dakey Prakasam, (3) Manepalli Subba Rao, (4) Mummidivarapu Bhaskar Rao and (5) Kanchemarthi Anjaneyulu.

As bloody froth was oozing from their mouths, the Warden suspected “Snake Bite”. They were taken to private hospital Dharmanvaram in Rickshaws and found 4 of them already dead by that time. They were brought back as the Doctor was not there. Autopsy was conducted over the five dead bodies and vicera preserved for expert opinion. Enquiris disclosed that there is no suspicion on any one. Detailed report is awaited from the District Collector and the Superintendent of Police, Eluru.
Matters under rule 329:
re: Termination of services of certain temporary employees in Jawahar Bal Bhavan, Hyderabad.

(5) Termination of services of certain temporary employees in the Jawahar Bal Bhavan, Hyderabad.

Sri A. Sriramulu (Eluru):—Sir, this is a pathetic case of 15 employees of Jawahar Bal Bhavan who have been ousted from service by the Director of that Institute. Right from 1966 these posts in this Institution are being sanctioned from year to year on an adhoc basis. Whenever temporary posts are sanctioned there must be Rules governing the existence of those posts, otherwise there will not be any security as far as men and women appointed in those posts are concerned, but the Director of this Institute never bothered to formulate any Rules. She simply obtained sanction on temporary basis and employed all these people. These employees have put in 6 to 8 years of service. I don't know why this Director developed this idea. She wrote to the Government that these posts be abolished, perhaps with the intention of ousting these employees. She recommended that the posts should be abolished. The Government had sanctioned and these employees have been ousted. We have represented this to the Minister during last session and he was good enough to assure us that the Matter will be enquired into and he would consider reinstatement of some of these employees who have been ousted and now I am seeking the Minister's clarification as to what has been done or what can be done in this regard?

Sri M.V. Krishna Rao:—Sir. The Jawahar Bal Bhavan is a temporary Department continued year from 1966. While considering the continuance of the posts during 1975-'76, it was found that there was not sufficient work for the entire staff engaged in the Bal Bhavan and consequently it was considered initially to abolish 15 posts. Subsequently, on reconsideration of the matter based on the further recommendations of the Director, it was decided to abolish only 8 posts as these posts were surplus to the requirements of the Bal Bhavan and orders were accordingly issued to disband these posts. Consequently, the incumbents in these temporary posts were ousted from service since their services were purely temporary and terminable without notice.

There was no malafide intention as is mentioned in the notice. However based on the suggestions made by the Honourable Members, the Secretary, Education Department has been requested to conduct enquiry into the whole matter and his report is awaited shortly.

It is learnt that Sri Yadagiri, one of the affected employees, was engaged in the book-binding business even while he was employed in the Jawahar Bal Bhavan as a record keeper; he is even now reported to be continuing this business. Another person Sri T.S.R. Murthy, is reported to have obtained an employment with the Archeological Survey of India, Hyderabad. In view of the fact that those employees have put service varying from 1 year to 6 years, Government is also considering the possibility of providing alternative employment to the deserving employees in other Directorates under the Education Depart-
Matters under rule 329

re: Termination of services of certain temporary employees in Jawahar Bal Bhavan, Hyderabad.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—Somehow the Minister has been furnished with incorrect information. It is not correct to say that Mr. T.S.R. Murthy has secured employment elsewhere. He has not secured employment. He should kindly check up with the Department, because this is a misleading and incorrect information. I would request the Minister to kindly check up. Nobody has secured employment anywhere. All these people are unemployed. They are practically at the semi-starvation level with their families. It is nearly 5 to 6 months and the Secretary must have completed his enquiry. It is not a big affair. We only wanted that the Secretary should investigate whether there is work or not and why the Director recommended abolition of these posts. If the Director had done it with good intentions, the posts can be revived and all these persons can be re-employed. It is not going to be a big problem. That is why, instead of furnishing such an incorrect information, it is better if the Minister takes a little initiative rather than allow it to the Secretary or this bureaucracy, because bureaucracy will never change its stand. I would request the Minister to take a little initiative at least on humanitarian grounds and see that those 15 families are saved of starvation.
atters under rule 329:

27th July, 1976. 79

re: Termination of services of certain temporary employees in Jawahar Bal Bhavan, Hyderabad.

Sri A. K. Rayadurgai

Jawahar Bal Bhavan

re: Termination of services of certain temporary employees in Jawahar Bal Bhavan, Hyderabad.

The following are the employees whose services are terminated as mentioned in the rules:

1. Shri A. K. Rayadurgai
2. Shri B. K. Reddy
3. Shri C. K. Reddy
4. Shri D. K. Reddy
5. Shri E. K. Reddy

The termination of services will be effective from 10th July, 1976.
Matters under rule 329-
re: Breach at Kilometer 74 on the Vasista Flood Bank of the Godavari.

Sir, I visited the area on 24th July, 1976.

1. The ninety year old out-fall sluice of Saripalli drain K.M. 74 on the Godavari (Vasista) Flood Bank, consisting of 5 spans of 10 feet each, collapsed at 9.30 a.m. on July 23, 1976. This is situated in Madhvayyapalem village of Narsapur taluk in west Godavari District. The flood banks on either side were intact at that time and continue to be so. Fortunately, the wing walls of the out-fall sluice remained as they were on either side of the breach.

2. About three hours before the breach occurred, the flow in the Godavari at the anicut site on the four arms of Dowlaishwaram, Ralli Maddur and Vizzeswaram, totalled 19.31 lakh cusecs i.e. 16.4 feet over the crest of Dowlaishwaram, anicut excluding the flow through the breach to Dowleswaram anicut. The flood discharge went up to 19.86 lakh cusecs by 12 noon the same day. It came down by 3 lakhs, 24 hours later and by another 3 lakhs on the morning of 25th July, 1976. This has further come down appreciably to 7.6 lakh cusecs on the morning of 26th, July 1976.

3. The moment the information was received, irrigation and Revenue authorities rushed to the spot. The Officers of Revenue and P.W.D. with the assistance of local N.C.C. with huge labour worked round the clock. By 4.00 a.m. on the 24th, the wing wall on the southern side could be protected completely with the help of sand bags by transporting them by jeeps on the only narrow approach road

re: Breach at Kilometer 74 on the Vasista Flood Bank of the Godavari.

available. Inspite of darkness and inaccessibility and squally weather sand bags and stones could be sent on a very slow pace to the otherside of the breach with great difficulty. The wing wall on the northern side was found developing two cracks which caused considerable anxiety. Heavy dumping of sand bags was undertaken with the large number of workers to prevent its collapse. It was brought under control by 11.00 a.m. Simultaneously intensive patrol of the three vulnerable points threatening to submerge part of Narsaput town has been undertaken with mighty care after evacuating the residents of low-lying areas of Narsapur town to safer places.

4. Further strengthening of the bund on either side of the breach has been carried out with the help of steel and wooden crates and wire-net gabion billed with stones brought from Dowleswaram by means of departmental tippers and lorries. Two launches and two punt loads of stones also were brought and dumped. Two vulnerable points on the flood bank, protecting Narsapur town, were strengthened by dumping 25,000 sand bags and sand packing. 9 feet diameter pipes are being procured to be placed in the gap while the breach is being closed as soon as floods recede. For the present, the breach is proposed to be closed only partially in order to allow the flood water to flow back into the river from the submerged areas.

The flood banks at Narsapur Town where the bunds were considered to be extremely weak are to be vigilantly protected by the Irrigation authorities. Irrigation authorities have been requested to take prompt action to strengthen those bunds in order to avoid any calamity and the eventuality of another rise in the flood level of Vasista River, on each vulnerable point for strengthening it to ward off any danger.

5. Floods have been to recede in the Godavari and round-the-clock vigilance is going on at every point. There is no loss of life and the town is safe. In the initial stages water gushed through the breach at great velocity, but this has now completely stopped and reverse flow from the inundated area into the river will start.

6. On the further recession of the floods, it is expected that the breach-closing operations will be completed quickly. Action has been initiated to raise and strengthen the protective bunds around Palakol and Narsapur towns on an immediate basis. Instructions have also been issued to the Irrigation authorities to investigate the condition of other out-fall sluices also and strengthen them, if the river flows permits.

7. About 15,000 acres of paddy fields in 15 villages have been submerged. It will be possible to estimate the extent which has been

Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:
re: Death of 14 Girijans of Diguvaregadi Village of Srikakulam District due to consumption of poisonous Java.

seriously affected as a result of sand-casting etc., after the flood has receded. Steps will be taken to issue takkavi loans to the ryots to reclaim lands which has been badly affected and which require reclamation at high costs. The total number of families affected is about 2500 and feeding arrangements have been made wherever necessary. There has been no loss of human life or cattle. It is possible that a large quantity of fodder might have been damaged as a result of floods and fodder loans will be arranged to be given to ryots wherever necessary.

8. A Flood Relief Committee at the taluk level consisting of officials and non-officials to provide food and clothing to the affected persons with District Revenue Officer as the Chairman has been formed. Vigorous steps have been taken to see that proper arrangements on the health and sanitary side are taken so as to see that no epidimic occurs.

Project officer of the Agriculture Department is going round the area to assess the probably relief in the agricultural field that has to be given and in case the flood recedes they were instructed to plan out arrangements of seedlings in all such fields where the crop has been damaged.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: (1) the death of 14 Girijans of Diguvaregadi Village of Srikakulam District due to consumption of poisonous Java.

10-50 a.m.

Sri P. Sreeramamurthy (Nagarikatkaem) ;—Sir, I call the attention of the Chief Minister regarding the death of 14 Girijans of Diguvaregadi Reddy Village of Srikakulam District due to consumption of poisonous Java.

The Chief Minister (Sri J. Vengal Rao) ;—On 14-7-1976 on receipt of information about food poisoning in Diguvaregadi village, the Medical Officer, Kothuru visited the village and learnt that tribals called "Savaras" ate boiled gruel of mango seeds powder, ragi powder and jowar powder on 9-7-1976 which caused vomiting and bloating of abdomen resulting in 3 deaths on 9-7-1976 and 7 deaths on 13-7-1976. This was neither reported to the concerned Police Station nor to a Medical Officer. The bodics of the dead persons were buried by the villagers. The Medical Officer treated the remaining villagers by giving inoculations and brought 3 serious cases from the village to Kothuru on the evening of 14-7-1976. Out of the 3 persons brought to the Kothuru Hospital, 2 died on 15-7-1976 and the remaining person is reported to be in serious condition. Two other tribals have been shifted to K. G. Hospital, Visakhapatnam
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
re Large number of failures in S.S.C. examinations,

and they are progressing. Before the arrival of the Medical Officer in the village on 14-7-1976, 2 had already died. Total deaths from 9-7-1976 to 15-7-1976 is 14. They belong to seven different families. The Medical Officer who treated the victims and other affected persons opined that this was due to accidental poisoning and not due to epidemic like cholera.

The remaining tribals of the village were brought to Kothuru and treated in hospital and sent to a camp established on the road side near Baleru village to gain confidence of the tribals who preferred to be nearer to the village. All precautionary measures have been taken by Medical Officer, Kothuru and Health staff. The Medical Officer opined that deaths are purely accidental and no food poisoning is suspected. Cause of death was purely due to taking gruel prepared out of mango seed powder mixed with ragi and jowar powder. Police staff are attending on the victims at Kothuru on the road side camp at Baleru. Re. cure staff are also attending on the victims providing food and shelter.

The vomited material has been collected and preserved in saturated saline solution and sent to Hyderabad for chemical analysis.

Rice and clothing have been supplied. Relief arrangements are being made for providing lands to the affected families. Deaths are purely accidental and no foul play is suspected.

Till the result of the chemical examination is known, definite cause of the deaths cannot be determined.

Reg: (2) the large number of failures in S.S.C. Examination consequent on the decision of the Government not to add 10% grace marks,

* Sri N. Venkatiah (Kodangal):—Sir, I call the attention of the Minister for Education regarding the large number of failures in S.S.C. Examination consequent on the decision of the Government not to add 10 per cent grace marks.
Page 84

27th July, 1976

Calling attention to matters of urgent Public Importance:
re: Large number of failures in S S.C. examinations.

The Minister for Education (Sri M. V. Krishna Rao) :-

There was a provision in the rules relating to the conducting of X Class examination for condoning deficiency of a maximum of 10 marks, in one subject or cumulatively in more subjects, in respect of candidates who obtain in the aggregate, not less than 193 marks in the SSC Public Examination and who appeared for all the subjects at one sitting. This provision was in existence till September, 1975. Examinations, For the X Class Examination of March, 1976, a decision was made that there would be no moderation of the marks obtained in the Examination by the students.

2. It is a fact the percentage of passes during March, 1976 without moderation was only 19% as against 38% in the year 1975. Keeping this position in view the Government have given a concession of condonation of deficiency of 5 marks in G.O.Ms. no. 671 Edn. Dt. 2-7-1976 on a special case for the X Class Examination of March, 1976 only. After this concession is given, 25.9 percent of the boys and girls were declared as passed in the X Class Examination of March, 1976.
BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri C. V. K. Rao.— On a point of order, Sir. You remember 11-00 a.m. last time, we said that the placing of the report of the Handloom Enquiry Committee should be on the 27th. I even said that 27th is quite late. But they promised that it will be placed before the House on the 27th. The Report is not placed. When the report could not be placed, it is better that the committee seeks some time from you.

Mr. Speaker.— It is likely to be placed. It is under print.

Mr. C.V.K. Rao.— When? To-day, Sir?

Mr. Speaker.— I hope. I cannot assure.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— That is a violation of the rule. They said that they are going to place it to-day.

Mr. Speaker.— The Chairman has given it and it is under print. It is expected to-day.

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:— It is in the press. It is expected to be received to-day before 1-00 p.m.

PRESENTATION OF PETITION

Regarding Revision of Master Plan of Guntur and exemption of Agricultural Lands from Urban Land Ceiling Act, 1976

Sri N. Venkataratnam (Guntur):— Sir, I present a petition signed by 274 petitioners regarding revision of master plan of Guntur and exemptions of agricultural lands from Urban Land Ceiling Act 1976.

Mr. Speaker:— Petition presented,

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

Amendment to A. P. Land Reforms (Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings) Rules, 1974.

Sri J. Vengal Rao:— Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Amendment to Andhra Pradesh Land Reforms (Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings) Rules, 1974, issued with G. O. Ms. No. 403

Amendment issued to the A. P. (Krishna and Godavari Delta Area) Drainage Cess (Levy and Collection) Rules, 1968.

Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu,—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Amendment issued to the Andhra Pradesh (Krishna and Godavari Delta Area) Drainage Cess (Levy and Collection) Rules, 1968 in G. O. Ms. 43, Irrigation & Power Department (Drainage) dated the 27th January, 1976, as required under Section 15 (2) of the Andhra Pradesh (Krishna and Godavari Area) Drainage Cess Act, 1956.


Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu,—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Second Annual Report for 1974-75 of the Andhra Pradesh State Construction Corporation Limited, together with the Audit Report thereof for the year 1974-75, as required under Section 619 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1956.


Sri P. Narasa Reddy.—Sir, I beg to lay on the table a copy of the Notification issued in G. O. Ms. No. 310, Revenue, dated 12-3-1976 and published PP 304-305 in part I of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette, dated 1-4-1976, as required under Sub-Section (2) of Section 15 of the Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Enhancement) Act, 1967.


Sri G. Raja Ram, Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Annual Report of the A.P. State Electricity Board for the year 1974-75 as under required Sub-Section (1) of Section 75 of the Electricity (Supply) Act. 1948.


Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu,—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the First Annual Report for 1974-75 of the Andhra Pradesh State Irrigation Development Corporation Limited together with the Audit Report thereon, for the year 1974-75, as required under Section 619 A (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1938.

Mr. Speaker:—Papers laid on the Table.
GOVERNMENT MOTIONS

re: (1) Profession Tax Proposed by the Municipal Councils

Sri Challa Svarbarayudu: —Sir, I beg to move:

"That the following percentages of turnover of business for the assessment of profession tax by the Municipal Councils in the State are proposed to be determined with the approval of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, as required under Rule 19 (1) (b) of the Taxation and Finance Rules, contained in Schedule-II to the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Per centage</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Where the turnover of business exceeds 12 lakhs of rupees.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Where the turnover of business exceeds 6 lakhs of rupees but does not exceed 12 lakhs of rupees.</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Where the turnover of business exceeds 3 lakhs of rupees but does not exceed 6 lakhs of rupees.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Where the turnover of business exceeds 1,500 rupees but does not exceed 3 lakhs of rupees.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Where the turnover of business does not exceed 1,500 rupees.</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mr Speaker: — Motion moved.

Sri C. V. K. Rao: —The Municipalities are not taking effective steps with regard to the collection of profession tax. Here the minimum has been increased and the per centage of which I think, has also been increased. I would like the Minister should make the position clear as to the steps that are taken with regard to the collection of the tax because this tax, in fact, gets certain amount of revenue to the Municipalities. Therefore, I would like to know the steps that are taken by the Government with regard to the collection of revenue strictly and fairly.
Government Motions:


Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That the following percentages of turnover of business for the assessment of profession tax by the Municipal Councils in the State are proposed to be determined with the approval of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, as required under Rule 19 (1) (b) of the Taxation and Finance Rules contained in Schedule-II to the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965.”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>9,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>6,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Motion was adopted.

Amendment to Schedules I & II of the A. P. Municipalities Act, 1965.

Sri Challa Subbarayudu: Sir, I beg to move:—

“That the following Draft Amendments to Schedules I and II to the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965 is hereby laid before the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly for approval, as required by Section 329 of the said Act.

Amendments

1. In the “Rules regarding Proceedings of the Council” contained in Schedule to the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965—

(1) in rule 6, for the words “six” and “sixteen”, the words “seven” and “twenty” shall respectively be substituted;

(2) in rule 10, for the last sentence, the following shall be substituted, namely:—
Government Motions


"The Chairman shall immediately submit to the District Collector, a copy of the minute of dissent that may be forwarded to him within 48 hours of the meeting by any councillor. He shall also send necessary records along with the dissent note to the District Collector with his remarks thereon. He shall further send a copy of the minute of dissent and the remarks to the Director of Municipal Administration. If the matter pertains to a Selection Grade or a Special Grade municipality and to the Regional Director of Municipal Administration if it pertains to a municipality of any other Grade."

(3) rules 12 and 13 shall be omitted.

2. In rule 43 of the Taxation and Finance Rules contained in Schedule H to the said Act, for clause (b) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:

"b) honorarium to Chairman, Municipal Council and Vice-Chairman on whom the functions of Chairman devolve and conveyance allowance to Chairman or Vice-chairmen and Councillors."

Mr. Deputy Speaker...—motion moved.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—I would like to say few words in this connection, if there is a dissent in the Municipal Council, the Chairman has to submit it to the Collector who in turn to the Government. This is never strictly observed. I want to know what is the provision in this particular amendment. It appears to me just the same (the old one), because the Chairman, within 48 hours, has to submit the dissent to the District Collector. Generally he does not do it, if he does if, he do it after along time; and the executive authority does not take any action. As far as the Directorate is concerned, it will not be in the know of things. Something is wrong. Actually the Executive Authority must bring it to the notice of the Municipal Council in the meeting itself. Somehow, the Executive authority fails to bring it because of the dominating Chairman. The only recourse left is that the provisions should be strictly followed in the interest of the welfare of the people.

I would like the Minister to explain what is the new change that as brought about in the proposed amendment. The Collector, after receipt of the dissent from the Chairman, Municipal Council, has to study the whole thing and within 48 hours, he should submit it to Government which within the same (48 hours) period, should make its decision.

Therefore, I wonder if the hon. Minister was ever a chairman of a Municipal Council. He would not have experienced that. Any way he must be having theoretical knowledge about it. I am not asking...
that he should immediately do it because he is already pushing through a particular piece of amendment. I am bringing this matter to his notice. Even if instructions are given to the parties concerned, it will serve the purpose. Therefore, I would request that he may reply me.

Mr Deputy Speaker. — The question is:

"That the following Draft Amendments to Schedules I and II to the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965 is hereby laid before the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly for approval, as required by Section 329 of the said Act,

AMENDMENTS

1. In the "Rules regarding Proceedings of the Council" contained in Schedule to the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965—

(1) in rule 6, for the words "six", and "sixteen, the words "seven and "twenty shall respectively be substituted;

(2) in rule 10, for the last sentence, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"The Chairman shall immediately submit to the District Collector, a copy of the minute of dissent that may be forwarded to him within 48 hours of the meeting by any councillor. He shall also send necessary records along with the dissent note to the District Collector with his remarks thereon. He shall further send a copy of the minute of dissent and the remarks to the Director of Municipal Administration, if the matter pertains to a Selection Grade or a Special Grade Municipality and to the Regional Director of Municipal Administration if it pertains to a Municipality of any other Grade."

(3) rules 12 and 13 shall be omitted.
Representative of A. P. Legislature for the Zonal Railway Users' Consultative Committee of Southern Railway, from 1-4-1976 to 31-3-1978.

2. In rule 43 of the Taxation and Finance Rules contained in Schedule II to the said Act, for clause (b) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:

"(b) Honorarium to Chairman, Municipal Council and Vice-Chairman on whom the functions of Chairman devolve and conveyance allowance to Chairman or Vice-Chairman and Councillors."

The motion was adopted.

GOVERNMENT RESOLUTIONS

Re: The representative of the A. P. Legislature for the Zonal Railway Users' Consultative Committee of South Central Railway, from 1-4-1976 to 31-3-1978.

The Minister for Public Works (Sri Ch. Venkat Rao) :—I beg to move;—

"That as the South Central Railway Administration has requested the Government to communicate the name of the representative of the Andhra Pradesh Legislature for the Zonal Railway Users' Consultative Committee of South Central Railway to be reconstituted from 1-4-1976, the Assembly do recommend to the Government to communicate to the General Manager South Central Railway the name of the member elected by the Assembly to serve on the Committee aforesaid for the period from 1-4-1976 to 31-3-1978".

Mr. Deputy Speaker : —Resolution moved.

The question is:

"That as the South Central Railway Administration has requested the Government to communicate the name of the representative of the Andhra Pradesh Legislators for the Zonal Railway Users' Consultative Committee of the South Central Railway to be reconstituted from 1-4-1976, the Assembly do recommend to the Government to communicate to the General Manager South Central Railway the name of the Member elected by the Assembly to serve on the Committee aforesaid for the period from 1-4-1976 to 31.3.1978."

The Resolution was passed.

Representative of the A.P. Legislature for the Zonal Railway Users' Consultative Committee of Southern Railway from 1-4-1976 to 31-3-1978.
Sri Ch. Venkata Rao:—I beg to move:

"That as the Southern Railway Administration have requested the Government to Communicate the name of the representative of the Andhra Pradesh Legislature for the Zonal Railway Users' Consultative Committee of Southern Railway to be reconstituted from 1-4-1976 the Assembly do recommend to the Government to communicate to the General Manager, Southern Railway the name of the Member elected by the Assembly to serve on the Committee aforesaid for the period from 1-4-1976 to 31-3-1978"'

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Resolution moved,

The question is:

"That as the Southern Railway Administration have requested the Government to Communicate the name of the representative of the Andhra Pradesh Legislature for the Zonal Railway Users Consultative Committee of Southern Railway to be reconstituted from 1-4-1976, the Assembly do recommend to the Government to communicate to the General Manager, Southern Railway the name of the Member elected by the Assembly to serve on the Committee aforesaid for the period from 1-4-1976 to 31-3-1978"

The Resolution was passed.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I am to announce to the House that for the conduct of election to the Zonal Railway Users' Consultative Committee of the South Central Railway and the Zonal Railway Users' Consultative Committee of the Southern Railway, I fix the following programme of dates:

Last date of making nominations 9—30 a.m. on 28 July 1976.
Date of scrutiny of nominations 11—00 a.m. on 28th July 1976.
Last date for withdrawal of nominations 12—noon on 28th July 1976.
Date on which poll shall, if necessary, be taken—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. on 30th July 1976, in the Committee Room of the Assembly Buildings Hyderabad.

GOVERNMENT BILLS

The Nagarjuna University Bill, 1976.

The Minister for Education (Sri M.V. Krishna Rao):—I beg to move for leave to introduce the Nagarjuna University Bill, 1976.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Nagarjuna University Bill, 1976."

The motion was adopted and the Bill was introduced.

The Kakatiya University Bill, 1976.

Sri M.V. Krishna Rao:—I beg to move for leave to introduce the Kakatiya University Bill, 1976.
Government Bills
The A. P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved:
The question is:
"That leave be granted to introduce the Kakatiya University Bill, 1976"
The motion was adopted and the Bill was introduced.


The Minister of Textiles and Handlooms (Sri K.V. Kesavulu)—
beq to move for leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers' Co-operative Society (Formation Bill), 1976.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.
The question is:
"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers' Co-operative Society (Formation) Bill, 1976."
The motion was adopted and the Bill was introduced.

The Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.
Government Bills:

The A.P Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976


[Document text in Telugu]

The document contains text in Telugu script, which is not easily readable or translatable into English without proper OCR technology or human expertise. It appears to be a legislative bill or amendment related to the A.P Agricultural University. Due to the nature of the script and the context, it's not possible to provide a meaningful translation or summary without additional context or language proficiency.
The A. P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.

Notwithstanding anything in the principal Act the present Board will continue until a new Board is constituted.

Sri M. Narayan Reddy (Bodhan):—Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir with regard to the amendment proposed, I offer only one or two comments. As you see the entire Bill has been brought with a view to give extra powers as well as position to the Vice-Chancellor in the shape of Chairman of the Governing Body and all that. Before I proceed further, I would like to bring to the hon. Minister that in this Bill...
there is a provision that until a new Board is constituted under this Act, the existing members will continue. But the clauses are phrased in such a manner as to give doubt. What is important is that we have brought this Ordinance or the Bill later, at a time when the membership of the existing members or the term of the existing members continued. Therefore, it should not appear that Government or the University is in any hurry to hustle the existing Members out, even before the constitution of the new Board. The Board would be constituted very shortly, in a week or even less. So until such an event takes place, there is absolutely no need to interpret the present clause against the existing members that they are no more there. I want the hon. Minister to note this.

The second point is that an account of this change, several amendments were brought to the University Act. I want Mr. Chokka Rao, the Minister for Agriculture to note this point very clearly. I have gone through all the discussions in the past, specially the motion raised by Mr. B.Ratnasambhati and Mr. Papi Reddy. Several suggestions were given with regard to reform and improvement of the affairs of the University. To what extent such improvement has taken place? It is for the hon. Minister to assess the promises of the successive Ministers, to the House. I am fully conscious that the present Minister, Mr. Chokka Rao is fully appraised and aware of the University.

11-30 a.m.

The third point is, that the very amendment to bring the Vice-Chancellor as the Governing Body is also a sequel to what has been happening in the University. That is the impression given. Therefore, it is necessary that even after this amendment, we should find an improvement and see whether any further amendment or action is required, in future. That is the assurance he must give.

Another aspect is that so far, when the non-official was the Chairman of the Governing body, the Vice-Chancellor was the Chairman of the selection committee. Normally, all controversies arise out of these selections only. Now, the situation has changed. No where in the country, the Chairman of the selection committee is also the Chairman of the governing body, because all selection panels as selected by the selection committee have to be put forth before the governing body for consideration and final approval. If a panel approved by the Committee whose Chairman is the same person who has to preside over later as Chairman of the governing body, it would be very difficult. It has not happened anywhere and it is not in vogue. Therefore, there is an urgent need, when you are bringing Vice-Chancellor as Chairman of the Governing Body, to take him off from the Selection Committee as Chairman, and it is followed in all other Agris,
Government Bills:
The A. P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.


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culture Universities, our Minister has time to look at them—that the
Dean of particular faculty or the subject is normally made the Chairman
of the Selection Committee. Otherwise it will be a farce and the poor
Vice-Chancellor will unnecessarily be blamed. I only want to sound one
cautions in this respect without going in to details. When you take the Vice-
Chancellor as the Chairman of Government Body or the M.L.A. or
M.L.C. or a Non-Official, it all depends upon the individual person
who holds that office. We have seen how Mr. Jaganmohan Reddy after
becoming Vice-Chancellor conducted himself and improved the affairs
of the University. We have also seen other Vice-Chancellors in the
same University as well as other Universities as to how they conducted
themselves. So, if anybody thinks here that by providing a provision
in the Act that Vice-Chancellor shall become the Chairman and after
that everything will be all right is not correct. It all depends on the
Vice-Chancellor from time to time who holds that office. Therefore, it
depends upon the selection of the person as the Vice-Chancellor and
his own style of functioning in the University. That makes all the
difference. Therefore, Government must take this also into considera-
tion, I hope the Hon’ble Minister would change the Vice-Chancellor
from the Selection Committee as a necessary consequence of his being
made the Chairman. He would continue to give his attention because
there are no more non-official Chairmen hereafter. Atleast the Government
or the Minister personally would have known what is happening every
day or every week or every month and that opportunity is being lost
through this amendment. I will only say that he is adding
more responsibility to himself and he has to discharge
by giving his continuous attention to the University which
consists of three different campuses in different places like Tirupathi,
Bapatla and Rajendranagar. Therefore, there is great needs for a
continuous attention by the Government until the affairs are set right
and the administration improves giving satisfaction to all. I have also
seen in recent times when the amendments took place to this Bill,
several suggestions were made. It is for him to say to what extent
they were implemented because I do not find any note about the
progress of those assurances. So, there is a need for taking great care
about the University affairs.

(5) పల్ల. నిర్పాధీనం పర్యాటకంలో కాలమార్చాం, మాటా ప్రతిటి సంస్థ నిర్పాధీనం పర్యాటకంలో కాలమార్చాం, మాటా ప్రతిటి సంస్థ నిర్పాధీనం పర్యాటకంలో కాలమార్చాం, మాటా ప్రతిటి సంస్థ నిర్పాధీనం పర్యాటకంలో కాలమార్చాం,

Government Bills - The A.P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.

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Government Bills:
The A. P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.

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The A. P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.

Government Bills

27th July, 1976

The A. P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.
Government Bills:
The A. P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.

10th July, 1976.

The A. P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.

10th July, 1976.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That this House disapproves the Ordinance called the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Ordinance 1976 promulgated by the Governor on 25th June, 1976 as no immediate action was taken thereon”.

The Statutory Resolution was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976 be taken into consideration”.

The Motion was adopted and the Bill was considered.

Clause (2)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That clause 2 do stand part of the Bill”.

The Motion was adopted and Clause 2 was added to the Bill.

Government Bills:
The A. P. Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976.

Clause (3)

Sri J. Chokka Rao :—Sir, I beg to move:

"In clause 3, after sub-clause (ii), insert the following:

(iii) in sub-section (6), for the words “five years”, the words “three years” shall be substituted;

(iv) in sub-section (7), the words “after consultation with the Board” shall be omitted”.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

The question is:

"In clause 3, after sub-clause (ii), insert the following:

(iii) in sub-section (6), for the words “five years”, the words “three years” shall be substituted;

(iv) in sub-section (7), the words “after consultation with the Board” shall be omitted”.

The Amendment was adopted.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That Clause 3, as amended, do stand part of the Bill”.

The Motion was adopted and Clause 3, as amended, was added to the Bill.

Clauses 4 to 13

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That Clauses 4 to 13 do stand part of the Bill”.

The Motion was adopted and clauses 4 to 13 were added to the Bill.

Clause 1, Enacting Formula & Long Title

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill”.

The Motion was adopted and Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title were added to the Bill.

Sri J. Chokka Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976 be passed.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

(Pause)
Government Bills:

The A.P. Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.

The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University (Second Amendment) Bill, 1976 be passed".

The Motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.

Statutory Resolution:

Disapproving the A.P. Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation)
Ordinance, 1976.

Sri C.V.K. Rao: —Sir, I beg to move:

"That this House disapproves the Ordinance called the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Ordinance 1976 promulgated by the Governor on 10th June 1976 as there has been no urgency since the Assembly were to meet in about a month's time".

Mr. Deputy Speaker: —Statutory Resolution moved.

Government Bill

The A.P. Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976

Sri B. Subba Rao: —Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976 be taken into consideration".

Mr. Deputy Speaker: —Motion moved.
The Cabinet is a creation and is a servant and subordinate to the Legislature. Therefore that has to be educated. I am pointing out my objection to the Ordinance.
Government Bills:

The A. P. Cooperative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation Bill, 1976.)

(27th July, 1976)
Government Bill:
The A. P. Cooperative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.

The A. P. Cooperative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.
Government Bills:
The A. P. Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.

Government Bills:

The A. P. Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.
Government Bills:
The A.P. Cooperative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.
Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu (Parvathipuram):—Sir, I have no 12-20 p.m. hesitation in approving the principle of this Bill. It is long overdue. It is a principle which the Government should have accepted for all Local Institutions and I think Mr. Challa Subbarayudu should urgently come forward with a measure like this with respect to Municipal Institutions. I don’t know why he is delaying. These officers have become permanent fixtures in the institution and the presidents are only passing phases. They play the entire game and they are masters of entire thing and when the elections comes, the staff who have already developed interests of their own, they become the agents of elections practically without being open. So, efficient and impartial service can be had only on the principle of centralised services whereby the officials will not be permanent fixtures but they will be moved from place to place. Why should these people be privileged men. They should not be and when this principle is accepted by the Government I cannot see why this principle is not applied in respect of other department’s particular municipal institutions. It is not as though I am walking over to the municipal side, but the whole thing is this. It is a principle accepted by the Government and it is a good principle and a wholesome principle and therefore the centralised services instituted under this Act is a welcome measure. It should have been done in 74. Immediately on the pronouncement of the Supreme Court decision for reasons of consultation for reasons of local consultation time had been taken or perhaps the officials have not brought it in proper time. When a good thing is there, better late than never. Therefore while I support the constitution of the centralised service in respect of these three categories, I want to sound a note of warning that the centralisation need not be extended beyond these services. These are the important services. The rest is only supervisor or the clerks. In a matter of rule making under 114 A, the Govt. may kindly make it a point not to extend this centralisation beyond these ser-
The A. P. Cooperative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.

The A. P. Cooperative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.

12-40 p.m.

[Additional text not visible]
Government Bills:
The A. P. Cooperative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.


政府が、1976年の第2修正と認定目的協同組合の議会案を提出した。

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政府가, 1976년의 제2 개정 및 기관 지정 목적 협동조합 법률안을 제출하였다.
The A. P. Cooperative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.


100 & 75 మాసాల మధ్య ఉన్నతుడులు వేసి వోండిని వికింసింగ్ విభాగం వేసివి నిర్ణయం వచ్చింది. అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ సంస్థల నియంత్రణ సంస్థలు వారీ గాను వేసి పడవటాను విశేషంగా ఎందుకు వేసివి పడవటాను. సాంస్కరిక పరిస్థితి మంత్రి విశేషంగా ఈ నిర్ణయం పేరుచెందిని ప్రకారం మాత్రమే ఇంటి నిర్ణయం వచ్చింది. అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ సంస్థల నియంత్రణ సంస్థలు వారీ గాను వేసి పడవటాను విశేషంగా ఎందుకు వేసివి పడవటాను.

మాత్రమే ఇందులో ఇది ఉండవచ్చు. ఈ నిర్ణయం ప్రకారం మాత్రమే ఇందులో ఇంది ఉండవచ్చు. వారీ గాను వేసి పడవటాను విశేషంగా ఎందుకు వేసివి పడవటాను. మాత్రమే ఇందులో ఇది ఉండవచ్చు.
Government Bills:
The A.P. Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation Bill, 1976.


మాని చెందిన అది. గిర్మించిన మార్గం తెలుగు పత్రికలో ఉండాలి. మే 31 న నాడు చేసానే పత్రికలో ఉండాలి. క్రమానికి క్రమాని తెలుగు పత్రికలో ఉండాలి అనే సంసారం ఉండాలి. అనేక మార్గం తెలుగు పత్రికలో ఉండాలి.

వైదీయ పత్రికలో ఉండాలి. అనేక మార్గం తెలుగు పత్రికలో ఉండాలి.

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Government Bills
The A.P. Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.


(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
Government Bills:
The A, P. Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
"That this House disapproves the Ordinance called the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Ordinance 1976 promulgated by the Governor on 10th June 1976 as there has been no urgency since the Assembly were to meet in about a month's time"

The resolution was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
"That the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976 be taken into consideration."

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
"That clauses 2 to 4 do stand part of the Bill"

The Motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
"That Clause I, Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill"

The motion was adopted.

Clause I, Enacting Formula and long title were added to the Bill.

Sri B. Subba Rao:—I beg to move:
"That the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976 be passed."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

The question is:
"That the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies (Second Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1976 be passed."

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.
Government Bill:
The A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.

27th July, 1976. 119

STATUTORY RESOLUTION
Disapproving the A. P. Municipalities (Amendment) Ordinance, 1976

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I beg to move:
“That this House disapproves the Ordinance called the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities (Amendment) Ordinance, 1976 promulgated by the Governor on 25th May, 1976”

Mr. Speaker:—Resolution moved.

The Andhra Pradesh Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill 1973.

The Minister For Municipal Administration (Sri Challa Subbarayudu) I beg to move:—
“That the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976 be taken into consideration.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri C.V.K.Rao (Kakinada):-Perhaps, this is the fifth Ordinance that the Government had recourse to by asking the Governor to promulgate, and this happened within these four months, Sir. What is it that prompted the Treasury Benches to rush with these Ordinances one after the other? I have not yet got the answer from them. I would like to draw the attention of the Treasury Benches, which is unfortunately very helplessly seated on the Treasury Benches, to explain the position whether the Governor is satisfied, whether the Cabinet is, in the first instance, satisfied that circumstances existed which render it necessary for the Governor to take immediate action in promulgating such Ordinances. This is the provision under Art. 213 of the Constitution. I explained at length in the initial stages. I was trying to provoke the Government into a sort of discussion. Let us know what is that prompted the executive to ask the Governor promulgate the Ordinance? Surely the Executive must satisfy, in the first instance, that circumstances exist which render it necessary to take immediate action in order to promulgate the Ordinance.

Mr. Speaker:—That is subjective satisfaction.

Sri C.V.K.Rao:-Very well, it is not only an individual satisfaction it should have a satisfaction that it will serve a definite purpose and that.....

Mr. Speaker:—That is why you have got a right to move this Resolution.

Sri C.V.K. Rao: I am not satisfied; therefore I am doing it. A man stationed in a particular position should be satisfied in such a way as to extend the satisfaction to others.
Mr. Speaker:—That you are explaining every time. You can go to the next point.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—This is a new aspect. I somehow missed it previously. However, I do not want to go much in detail. This is not a Court. Therefore, what I feel is that there are no circumstances. The only circumstance that was there was that the House was prorogued. Does it mean that because the House is prorogued, they can resort to Ordinances? When can a House be prorogued. These are two circumstances under which the House may be prorogued or may be dissolved. Under Art. 174 of the Constitution, prorogation and dissolution of legislature are put together as (a) and (b) of Art. 174 (2). So, special circumstances must exist. When the subjects have accumulated to such an extent that when the House is summoned it becomes beyond the control of the Speaker to carry on the business because the business cannot be carried on in certain matters by the executive action and they are matters to be carried on by the legislature and the Legislature should carry on the legislation— as such prorogation comes at that stage. It is not in order to belittle the House, belittle the Speaker, belittle the Legislature and in fact to sound a death knell to democracy. I do not know the motive of the ruling power at this stage. It is crystal clear in the Constitution. The ruling party cannot dictate to the people and dictate to the country. So, that being the motive, they are letting us have the taste of dictatorial, and wonderful psychological stupidity. Therefore that is not the way in which the Government should resort to. I hope better counsels will prevail with the Government not to resort to ordinance. You are of English tradition Mr. Speaker. They have no constitution. We have Constitution. It is the unfortunate affair of that provisions have been reduced. That is the point which I want to drive at. I want to provoke the Treasury Benches to a discussion on this which is essential. If not to-day, tomorrow they have go to explain he have got to go before the people tomorrow to get thire mandate to sit here. I have to say that it is belittling this Institution and therefore, I am trying to bring to the notice of the Government that they should not be dictatorial as to abuse the provisions and the sanctity of the Constitution.

Now, I come to the Bill Sir. The A.P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—On a point of order Sir. While disapproving on a Motion, the discussion or the statement should be limited...
Government Bills:

The A.P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.

27th July, 1976. 121

Government Bills:

The A.P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.

to the Constitutional aspect how it was irregular for the Government is issue an ordinance on a particular time out stage when it was done, without going into provisions of the Bill, on the one hand. It has all been settled by the precedents of the Courts. Several High Courts, our own High Court our own parliament, our own Supreme Court, and our own Assembly have decided that neither the motives for the issue of an ordinance can be questioned nor the merits of the Bill or the Ordinance containing the provisions can be discussed. Therefore, in view of the time also, it may be limited. Some times ordinances are to be welcomed and some times to be disapproved. But this appears to be a Bill to be welcomed.

Mr. Speaker:—There are two aspects. As has been pointed out by the Hon'ble Member. The first aspect is on the question of the issue of the ordinance. That, of course, he has expressed his opinion. Courts have expressed their opinion. That is all right. But the Member has go the right to move resolution and speak to invite the attention. That is over now. Next, he has also got to speak on the merits of the Bill.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—What else can I expect from my freind.

Mr. M. Narayana Reddy Sir?

Mr. Speaker:—All the Statutory Resolutions are being tabled by you. I have given you sufficient time to exhaust your self on the Constitutional aspects and on merits.
Mr. Speaker:—You please wind up.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—If you don’t want me to speak, frankly tell me sir.

Mr. Speaker:—I have given you enough time. Frankly, you need not speak. I do not want you to speak. I will give you one minute.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—In para 5 of the objects and Reasons it is also stated to be it is also found necessary to make suitable provisions in the Act for the constitution of Planning Committee for such municipalities as the Government may decide, for the removal of encroachments by the Commissioner of a municipality, and for the attachment of immovable property also of the defaulters in respect of any property tax due to the Municipalities.

re : Presentation of the Report of the House Committee (Handlooms)

1-20 p.m.

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—The information received from the Press is that the printing has been completed and binding is taking place which may take one hour more and it may not reach us within the time. Therefore its presentation may kindly be included in the agenda paper of tomorrow.

Mr. Speaker:—They found out that still the whole thing is not complete,

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Then, day after tomorrow we can have discussion.

Mr. Speaker:—Yes.
The A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.

The A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976

The A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976

The A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.

Government Bills:


12.30 p.m.

The discussion on the A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976, concluded.

(End of meeting.)
Government Bills:
The A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.


The A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.

10 o'clock or thereabout. Mr. Speaker I beg to move the
Amendment of the 4th Schedule. In the Schedule the words,
Villages and Towns, are defined as follows:

"The villages or towns and the areas comprised in the
said Schedule shall be such as are hereby defined and
designated by the 4th Schedule to the Municipalities Act,
1957, in that behalf.

"The said Schedule to the Municipalities Act may be
amended by the Municipalities (Amendment) Act, 1976.

Mr. Speaker, the Amendment is brought before this
House for your consideration and action.

Mr. Speaker, I beg to move.

Mr. Speaker, the Amendment is brought before this
House for your consideration and action.

Mr. Speaker, I beg to move.

The A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.

The Government Bills:

The A. P. Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976.

There is no mention of specific number of persons in this committee that too whether they are officials or non-officials or technical persons etc. The Minister has to clarify that point.

Section 4, deals with defaulter. It is not mentioned whether the so called defaulter is the owner or the occupier. Generally occupiers would be harassed by the Municipal authorities for payment of taxes and dues, etc. I request the Hon'ble Minister to specifically mention the word 'owner' instead of the word 'defaulter' here.

In regard to professional tax, it was mentioned that only 1/8th of the professional tax has to be deposited by the employer. Let some more time be given and the whole amount should be deposited.

As far as sewer connections and drainage connections, it is the duty of the Municipalities or Corporations to lay lines as far as possible, nearer to the residences. There should not be hard and fast rules in regard to distances to be maintained in regard to providing of the underground lines.

Irregular assessments are made by Municipalities. There would be less assessment if the concerned party pays something and there would be higher assessments if nothing is paid. There should be an Appellate Authority to go through the evaluations and assessments made and to check them up properly. I request the Hon'ble Minister...
to provide a Clause in the Bill constituting an Appropriate Authority to deal with the complaints, in regard to assessments.

With these few words, I support the Bill.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
"That this House disapproves the Ordinance called the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities (Amendment) Ordinance, 1976 promulgated by the Governor on 25th May, 1976."

The motion was negativated.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976 be taken into consideration."

The motion was adopted.

CLAUSES 2 to 14

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"Clauses 2 to 14 do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted and clauses 2 to 14 were added to the Bill.

CLAUSE 1

Sri Challa Subbarayudu:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That in Clause (1) (1) for (Fifth Amendment), substitute (Fourth Amendment)."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

The question is:

"That in Clause 1 (1) for (Fifth Amendment) substitute (Fourth Amendment)".

The motion was adopted.

The question is:

"That Clause 1 as amended do stand part of the Bill".

The Motion was adopted and Clause 1 as amended was added to the Bill.

ENACTING FORMULA AND LONG TITLE

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Enacting Formula and Long Title of the Bill do stand part of the Bill".

The Motion was adopted and the Enacting Formula and the Long Title of the Bill were added to the Bill.

Sri Ch. Subba Rayudu:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976 be passed."
Mr. Speaker:—The motion moved.

(Pause)

The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities (Fifth Amendment) Bill, 1976 be passed.

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.

ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Time fixed for the receipt of the Amendments to Bill.

Mr. Speaker:—I am to announce that the Amendments to the Andhra Pradesh State Handloom Weavers Co-operative Society Formation Bill, 1976 will be received up to 8 a.m. on 28th July, 1976.

The House now stands adjourned till 8-30 a.m. tomorrow.

(The House then adjourned to meet again at 8-30 a.m. on Wednesday the 28th July, 1976).