THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

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THE
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Principal Officers

Speaker: Sri R. Dasaratharama Reddy
Deputy Speaker: Sri Syed Rahmat Ali

PANEL OF CHAIRMEN:

1. Sri Kaza Ramanadham
2. Sri Baddam Yellareddy
3. Sri M. Yellappa
4. Dr. (Mrs.) Fathimunnisa Begum.

SECRETARY: Sri G. Ramachandra Naidu.

ASSISTANT SECRETARIES:

1. Sri M. Ramanadha Sastry
2. Sri P. Ranga Rao
3. Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy
4. Sri V. K. Viswanath
5. Sri S. Purnananda Sastry
6. Sri K. Satyanarayana Rao
7. Sri R. N. Sarma.
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INAUGURATION OF THE BACKWARD CLASSES CELL OF A. P. C. C. AT GANDHI BHAVAN

441—

*6204 (H) Q. —Sri A. Sreeramulu (Eluru).—Will the Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Chief Minister inaugurated the Backward classes cell of APCC at Gandhi Bhavan, Hyderabad on 12-2-75; and

(b) if so, whether the Information Department took photos and distributed them to the Press.

The Minister for Finance (Sri P. Ranga Reddy):—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Information Department took photos but the photos were not distributed to the press.

Sri A. Sreeramulu:—It is a open secret that the ruling party has perfected the technique of utilising the governmental machinery for party interests. This is a concrete example. The Minister while answering (b) says the photos were not distributed. I have got a photo (showing a photo in his hand) with the seal of the information department which was distributed to the press. Here it said "Sri J. Vengal Rao, the Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh inaugurated the Backward Classes Cell of A.P.C.C., Sri Tulabhandula Nageswara Rao, Convenor of the Backward Classes Cell is also seen in the picture. Photography Section, Department of Information and Public Relations, Government of Andhra Pradesh." The Minister may if he wishes peruse this photo which was distributed.

*An asterisk before the name indicates confirmation by the member.

J- No. 87 (259)
Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—No, Sir. I need not peruse that photo. What has happened is this. It is not the ruling party using the governmental machinery or the department for its functions. Normally, all the functions of the Chief Minister are covered, of course, official functions, by the Information department and the department distributes photos to the Press. Sometimes they make blocks and distribute to the Press. There are other functions, social functions or social welfare functions and this backward classes function was treated as one such. The photos were taken and they were meant only for the record of the Information department. But the organisers requested for some photos were given to the organisers who distributed to the press. The department as such did not distribute any photos to the Press because they were mainly taken for the purpose of the record of the Information department.

Sri A. Sreeramulu:—I want to know whether there are any rules in regard to the activities of the Information department? Whether there are any procedures as to which should be covered by the Photographic section of the Information Department because just because the Chief Minister attends, the Information department cannot go on taking photos and distribute to everybody. The Information department has no business to supply copies just because the organisers want. So many functions are taking place every day where public interest is involved. Is the Information department covering all the functions or is there any speciality in regard to the functions attended by the Chief Minister or Ministers of the State?

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—As I said there are no rigid rules as such. All functions if they are official functions attended by the Chief Minister or Ministers, they are covered by the Information Department. In addition, the Information department covers even functions of literary and cultural interest at the request of the organisers. The Department also covers functions in which the Ministers participate as also functions of general interest such as Moharrum, processions and festivals of Holi, Diwali etc. The organisers of the functions normally send invitation cards on such occasions or sometimes invite them on telephone calls and such social functions are covered by the Information department.
if it is not an official function, it is meant for records and as already stated, the organisers asked for copies of such photos and normally we supply them unless it is a commercial organisation where the photos are given on cost. But, if it is otherwise they are given free the extent of six copies.

The Chief Minister has gone to the APCC Cell as Chief Minister to participate in the meeting mainly and he also happened to be the leader of the Congress party and the leader of the Congress in the State.

Mr. Speaker:—Whatever it is, the Chief Minister is Chief Minister wherever he goes.

Sri A. Sreramulu:—The elaborate enlightenment provided to us by the hon. Minister takes to the conclusion that it is the Chief Minister’s choice that decides the utility or futility of the working of the entire department. How are we to draw a line of distinction between the Chief Minister attending a function in an official capacity or party capacity. What exactly is the line where the distinction can be drawn? It is not a professional conference. The District conference 8-40 a. m. is purely confined to the organisational matters. As such he goes there as Leader of the Congress Party. Though a Chief Minister is attending to such a function, incidentally, he is always the leader of the Congress Party in the State. He cannot go there as Chief Minister.

Mr. Speaker:—Chief Minister is a Chief Minister wherever he goes.
HIGHER COMMITTEE FOR ASSESSING FACILITIES AVAILABLE IN THE FIELD OF ELECTRONICS

442—

6175 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy (Gurajala) :—Will the Minister for Industry be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government has set up a High Power Committee to assess the available facilities in the field of electronics and to chalk out a time bound programme;

(b) if so, the names of the Committee members; and

(c) the functions of the Committee?

The Minister for Industries (Sri P. Basi Reddy) :—(a) Yes Sir.

(b) and (c): A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE

Name of the Members of High Level Committee for Electronic Industry:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name and Designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Minister (Industries) Chairman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Secretary to Government, Industries and Commerce Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Dr. A. S. Rao, Managing Director, ECIL, Hyderabad Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Dr. Ram K. Vepa, I.A.S., Joint Secretary to Government of India, Department of Electronics Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Sri U. Venkateswarlu, Managing Director, Central Electronics Limited, New Delhi Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Director of Industries Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation Limited, Hyderabad Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation Limited, Hyderabad Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Limited, Hyderabad Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Sri N.V. Rao, Senior Design Engineer, H A.L., Hyderabad Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Sri Air Cdr. V. S. Narayana, VSM, Director, Defence Research and Development Laboratory, Hyderabad Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Dr. R.V. Thmhanke, Director, Defence Metallurgical Research Laboratory, Hyderabad Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Sri V. Narayana Rao, Director, Defence Electronics Research Laboratory, Hyderabad Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Sri B. K. Rao, I.A.S. Chairman, Vizag Port Trust, Vishakhapatnam Member</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(15) Proof. B. Ramachandra Rao, Head of Physics Department, Andhra University, Waltair Member
(16) Sri G. Subrahmanyan, Principal, Nagarjunasagar Engineering College, Hyderabad Member
(17) Dr. C. P. Babu, Reader, Department of Electronics, Sri Venkateswara University, Tirupathi Member
(18) Dr. K. K. Nair, Head of Electronics Department, Osmania University, Hyderabad Member
(19) Sri M. S. Sanjeeva Rao, M. P. Director, Micro Ceramics (P) Limited, New Delhi Member
(20) Sri Rama Rao Macherla, Honorary Secretary, Andhra Pradesh Productivity Council Member
(21) Sri M. Nagappa, Managing Director, Nippon Electronics, Bangalore Member
(22) Sri M. Madan Mohan, President, Electronics Industries Association, Hyderabad Member

The functions of the committee are as below:

(1) to map out the State by identifying potential growth centres for the development of Electronics in the States;
(2) to programme and chalk-out infrastructure facilities in the State consistent with the development of Electronics scheme in select areas;
(3) to suggest topically interesting prospective scheme for the development of Electronics with suitable entrepreneurs in the State;
(4) to suggest suitable measures and steps to promote export efforts particularly in Electronics which has a wide and promising potentialities;
(5) to suggest ways and means of securing latest developments in Electronics by the National Laboratories in the Country;
(6) to identify possible ancillary offloads from the existing public sector undertakings in the State like Electronics Corporation of India, Hindustan Aeronautics Limited etc.
(7) to suggest guidelines for setting up of exclusive functional Electronics complex coming up in Hyderabad and also testing and development Centres for Electronics with the possibilities of extending such facilities in other potential areas in the State.

Oral Answers to Questions.

The functions of the Committee are as below:

1. to map out the State by identifying potential growth centres for the development of Electronics in the States;

2. to programme and chalk-out infrastructure facilities in the State consistent with the development of Electronics schemes in select areas;

Sri P. Basi Reddy:—Hyderabad, Visakhapatnam and Chittoor are considered to be the most suitable areas for location of electronic industries.

PRAGA TOOLS LTD., SECUNDERABAD

443—

*6204 (K) Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddi:—Will the Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Praga Tools Limited, Secunderabad is a joint venture of the State and Central Governments;

(b) whether it is also a fact that it is incurring a loss of some crores of rupees every year;

(c) if so, the loss incurred for the last 5 years;

(d) the reasons for incurring loss;

(e) the Resolutions passed by the General Body of Praga Officers' Association in its meeting on 22-1-75;

(f) what are the demands put forth before the Managing Director on 15-1-75 by the Praga Officers' Association; and

(g) whether Praga Officers' Association have observed Protest week from 16-1-75 to 22-1-1975;

Sri P. Basi Reddy:—(a) The State Government have only about 16% share holding in the Company.

(b) to (f): The answer is placed on the Table of the House.

(g) Yes, Sir.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE

Answer to clause (b) to (c):

The losses incurred by the Company for the last 5 years are given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Net loss for the year (Rs. in lakhs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1969-70</td>
<td>54.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970-71</td>
<td>19.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1971-72</td>
<td>130.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1972-73</td>
<td>108.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1973-74</td>
<td>45.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer to clause (d):

The Company has sustained losses on account of various reasons such as necessity to keep sales price of its products static due to competition in spite of rise in cost of production, recession in the
Engineering Industry, non-availability of raw materials at controlled rates, heavy interest burden etc.

Answer to clause (e):

A copy of the resolutions passed by the General Body of Praga Officers Association in its meeting held on 22-1-75. is enclosed as Annexure-I.

Answer to clause (f):

A copy of letter dated: 15-1-75 from the Praga Officers Association containing their demands is enclosed as Annexure-II.

ANNEXURE-I

The following resolutions were passed unanimously by the General Body of Praga officers Association in its meeting held on 22-1-75 at 6.00 P.M. at Y. M. C. A. Hall, Hyderabad.

RESOLUTION:

1. "The General Body expressed its deep frustration and displeasure on the frequent transfer of officers, being effected by the Management, from one section/Division to another without genuine reasons and without any consideration of the officers' job knowledge".

2. "The General Body also expressed its deep pain on the action of the Management in deputing the security staff, during the sick leave over for a day of Officer, to the homes of the individual and making enquiries which leads to the feeling of insecurity and harassment of the individuals".

3. "The General Body felt humiliated and expressed its dissatisfaction on the refusal of the management, to provide to the Association, the premises of the company for the use of its General meeting, such refusal was not done in the past".

4. "The General Body also noted and regretted on the refusal of the Managing Director to meet the association office bearers to discuss on the subject of revision of pay scales of Officers".

5. "The General Body regretted to note that the Management has issued show cause notices to the officers who have not attended the gathering which has been scheduled on 71-1-1974 at 5-15 p.m by passing the Association, to be addressed by the Managing Director after the working hours, since the subject was revision of pay scales. Further it requested the Management to withdraw the show cause notice which was issued on large scale to maintain good relation between the Association and the Management.

ANNEXURE-II

Copy of:

PRAGA OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION

Kavadiguda Road,
Secunderabad-A.P.
Date: 15-1-75.
The Managing Director,
M/s. Praga Tools Limited,
Secunderabad-A.P.

Dear Sir,

Sub:- Revision of Pay scales

Your circular No. 114/75 dated 12-1-75, announcing the revised grade has come to us a painful surprise. Having been patient for all these 5 years we expected you would considered the plight of Officer's and suitably revise the grades to all certain degree of satisfaction. We are quite aware that it is not possible at the possible at the moment to attain parity with other public sector undertakings in the neighbourhood but we were hopeful that atleast the difference in net salary payable would be the same as others. It is distressing to note that the increase is only about Rs. 75/- and that too would be attracting the Ordinance. This has left the officers' very much depressed and their plight is better to be untold.

We have been representing a revision in D.A. by a paltry sum of Rs. 10/- since 1971, the house rent allowance was to be paid from 1-11 '73, that is the date from which workers were paid as per management's own assurances, Even this was denied to us with a plea that we should not link ourselves with the workers. We now find this management's increase in the emoluments have been effected from the same date as that of workers, this defeats your own logic and the officer sect has come to lose confidence in the top management. With this state of affairs it is rather difficult for this association to propagate team work and faith in the top management.

It is needless to mention sir that the prosperity of the organisation lies in the hands of not only the workers but also the officers. You had mentioned that the workers had assured to give regular production every month but this is possible only if the officers' also lend their shoulders. While you have satisfied the workers with the recent revision you have failed to do so in the case of officers' this association can only hope & pray this does not bear any dire consequences.

We request your good self once again to review this matter and do justice to the neglected minority of officers'.

Sri P. Basi Reddy :— The reasons for increasing losses have been the keen competition in the field and other reasons. Mainly it is a Government of India undertaking. They hold more than 75% of equity shares and the State Government hold between 15 and 16%. As regards the working details of Government of India undertaking is concerned, the State Government is not responsible. It has been the practice to observe that convention.

We have received a letter from
Government of India, Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs and I addressed a letter to you were pleased to say that we shall discuss with that convention.

It is mainly because of internal rivalries. There are 3 unions. Then, they went on strike for a week. The Management took same penal action. Increments to some of the officers were postponed, Now, the strike is over and the work is going on normally.

"You cannot ask us to give the same emoluments on par with other Public Undertakings. We have done our best and our Undertaking is getting loss continuously and we cannot give you more. You produce more and we will try to give you more." This is what the Management said. Now the strike is over and the work is going on normally.

Sri Syed Hasan (Charminar):— In addition to defence material, what is the other work that the praga is doing?

Sri P. Basi Reddy:— Apart from work related to Defence, Praga is carrying out the work of preparation of Tools.

Oral Answers to Question:

Rivalries are there between the Unions. Management is nothing to do with the rivalries.

Sri M. Nagi Reddy:— You please refer to the 5th item in page 2:

"5. The General Body regretted to note that the Management has issued show cause notices to the officers who have not attended the gathering which has been scheduled on 21-1-1975 at 5-15 p.m. by passing the Association, to be addressed by the Managing Director after the working hours, since the subject was revision of pay scales."

It is fair and reasonable to give such kind of notice to the Association Member? 

8-50 a.m.

Sri P. Basi Reddy:— The General Manager wanted to discuss the problems of the Officers' Association. The wanted the enhancement of D. A.

Sri M. Nagi Reddy:— It is not a meeting to negotiate. It is a gathering addressed by the Managing Director.

Sri P. Basi Reddy:— He did not convene the meeting for discussing nothing. He convened to discuss the problems of the officers. They abstained from the meeting and also from the work. So, they have to give the notices. As regards the scarce raw materials, the import of the raw material is not adequate. So naturally they have to purchase part of the requirements in open market.

Sri A. Sreeramulu:— The Minister states that this was a meeting intended to discuss the problems of the officers. I invite his attention to para No. 4 of this Resolution which says that the General Body noted and regretted the refusal of the Managing Director to meet the Office Bearers of the Association to discuss on the subject of revision of pay scales of officers. Because, the managing Director refused to meet them and discuss these pay scales, they refused to attend the meeting convened by him. Here two things will have to be read together and reconcile between these two things. On the one hand, the management refused to meet the office bearers of the Association and on the other, the management has not independently conducted the meeting. The object of the meeting we don't know. It may be to encourage a separate union or it may be something else.
In the context of the refusal of the management to meet the office bearers of the Association, how exactly can we justify the action of the Managing Director in convening the meeting?

Sri P. Basi Reddy:— They were refusing to meet the General Manager. So he has to convene a meeting without consulting them. His object in convening the meeting is to discuss their problems. But they abstained from the meeting. So they had no other course but to issue the notice.

Sri A. Sreeramulu:—If the object is to discuss their problems...

Mr. Speaker:— Next question.

**Misappropriation of Money by Sri Santosh Range Officer**

444—

*6201 (R) Q.—* Sarvasree P. Janardhan Reddi (Kamlapur) P. Sriramamurthy (Nagainkatakan) and Syed Hasan:— Will the Minister for Forest be pleased to state:

(a) The number of Forest Range Officers who are continuing in the same range for over 3 years.

(b) whether the name of Mr. Santosh Singh, Range Officer, Hyderabad also exists in such a list;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the said Mr. Santosh Singh had misappropriated Rs. 10,000 which was allotted for the application of fertilisers in Plantations of Bursera at Guntakal; and

(d) if so, the action taken so far?

The Minister for Forests, (Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari):—

(a) 13.

(b) No. Sir.

(c) The matter is under investigation.

(d) After investigation is completed, if misappropriation is proved, action will be taken.

Sri Syed Hasan:— Is he not in the list of more than 3 years.

Mr. Speaker:— He said “No”

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— Whether the hon. Member wanted the name of the person working in Hyderabad.

Sri Syed Hasan:— I don’t want. I want to know whether this person also exists or not.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— Santosh is not in the list.

Sri Syed Hasan:— What are the facts of the case which is under investigation?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— The Conservator along with the D. F.O. visited that Bursera Plantation where he found that the
manure applied to the plants was of sub-standard. The soil was sent for chemical analysis and it was found that the manure was not upto the standard. So action is being taken for fixing the responsibility on the person who is responsible for not checking it up.

Sri Syed Hasan:—Is he continuing in the job or suspended?

Sri Mohd, Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—He has not been suspended because the responsibility has not yet been fixed. The Conservator has been asked to fix the responsibility whether the D. F. O. or the Ranger or the Deputy Ranger who is responsible for receiving such a sub-standard manure.

REHABILITATION OF REPATRIATES FROM BURMA

445—

* 6139 Q.—Smt. J. Eshwari Bai (Ellareddi):—Will the Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) the number of repatriates from various countries including Burma, rehabilitated in Andhra Pradesh and the facilities provided to them from 1972 to 1974; and

(b) the number of them settled in Telangana region and Andhra region respectively and the extent of land allocated and the financial assistant given?

The Minister for Labour, (Sri T. Anjaiah):—(a) and(b): The answer is placed on the Table of the House.

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

Clause (a):

(I) The number of repatriates from various countries rehabilitated in this State are as follows:

1. Burma repatriates: 11,735 families
2. Srilanka: 172 families
3. East Pakistan: 979 families
4. Uganda: 9 evacuees

The following are the facilities given to Burma repatriates:

1. Business loans
2. Housing loans
3. Banks and Stalls
4. Boarding homes
5. Employment facilities in spinning mills and outside
6. Home for the old and destitutes
7. Admission into technical courses against Government of India's quota of seats.

Srilanka:
1. Employment in Coffee Plantation in Visakhapatnam
2. Housing facilities
3. Employment in spinning mills at Nellore, Anthergaon and Rajahmundry.

East Pakistan Refugees (Migrants):
1. Land - 5 acres each
2. Agricultural implements, bullocks etc., seeds, fertilizers and other inputs.
3. Houses
4. Free education
5. Medical facilities

Uganda:
No financial assistance has been asked or granted to them.

(b) The number of repatriate families settled in Telangana and Andhra region is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Telangana Region</th>
<th>Andhra Region</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Burma repatriates</td>
<td>509 families</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Srilanka</td>
<td>126 families</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uganda (evacues)</td>
<td>nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Pakistan</td>
<td>nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Being agriculturists East Pakistani grants are settled on agriculture on Acres 6526 so far, the following given from 1964.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Financial Assistance</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Loans</td>
<td>Rs. 125 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants</td>
<td>Rs. 84.52 lakhs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Financial Assistance Given:
Loans for business and trade are given to Burma repatriates according to their vocation and choice as follows:

1. Business loans Rs. 173 lakhs upto 31-3-1974
2. Housing loans Rs. 26 lakhs upto 31-3-1974
3. For bunks and stalls for allotment to Burma repatriates Rs. 11.31 lakhs
4. Boarding Homes (Annual expenditure) Rs. 1.50 lakhs
5. Permanent liability for old and destitutes Rs. 1.80 lakhs

Loans and grants for establishing 3 Spinning Mills to provide employment to the following:

1. Anthergaon Spinning and Weaving Mills.
   (i) Loans Rs. 80.64 lakhs
   (ii) Grants Rs. 7.71 lakhs

2. Nellore Spinning Mills
   (i) Loans Rs. 26.00 lakhs
   (ii) Grants Nil

3. Rajahmundry Spinning Mills
   (i) Loans Rs. 19.00 lakhs
   (ii) Grants Rs. Nil

Srilanka:

A sum of Rs. 25,000/- was granted towards business loan for five families in Nellore District and 6 families in Visakhapatnam District.

On Coffee Project at Visakhapatnam a sum of Rs. 33.00 lakhs was released.

Uganda:

No financial assistance has been asked for or given.
Answers to Questions. 29th March, 1975.

**SALE OF ZINK-SHEETS IN BLACK MARKET IN PARKAL SAMITHI**

*6203-(R) Q.—Sri D. Venkatesan (Kuppam):—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that in Zink-sheet case in Parkal nithi of Warangal District, no action has been taken against Sri P. Mallaiah and Sri S. Nageshwarao Rao, Sarpanches, who had usually sold them in black-market while disciplinary action has been en only against the official of the Government;

(b) if so, whether action will be taken against them at least w; and

(c) if no, the reason therefor?

The Minister for Panahayati Raj, (Sri L. Lakshman Das):—

(a) Yes, Sir,

(b) & (c) The Collector, Warangal has reported that the Sarpanches have indulged in this fraudulent and mischevous act in their private capacity and that there are no resolutions of the gram panchayats nor investment of the gram panchyat funds,

The Collector Warangal has reported that the matter is still under enquiry. The need to take any action against the Sarpanches will be decided at the appropriate time.

Q. 1. Sir, अन्तर्जातीय:—मिश्र ज्ञान तथा, संगठन स्वतंत्रता विश्वविद्यालयों पर आधारित करने से विश्वविद्यालयों को बढ़ाना है। वैसे ही, जिनकी उनीश्वरी संस्थान विस्तार किया है तथा मानसिक स्वतंत्रता स्थलों के लिए तैयार है।

Q. 2. एक जमिनी:—हो सही तो क्यों नहीं? मुझे बताएं?

Q. 3. महात्मा:—यह रेत है?

Q. 4. स्वतंत्रता:—"रेत है" को अस्तित्व में रखने के लिए यह संघर्ष करनी है। "74 है" को अस्तित्व में रखने के लिए यह संघर्ष करनी है।

Q. 5. अन्तर्जातीय:—रेत क्या है?

9.00 a.m. 

Q. 6. स्वतंत्रता:—संगठन। अलग-अलग संस्थानों का समन का नहीं अस्तित्व है। अगर तो हो, तो तुम तकनीकी स्थापना तो कर दो।

RECONSTITUTION OF THE 'NOTIFIED AREA COMMITTEE' OF KOTHAGUDEM

447—

*6206—(L) Q.—Sarvasri Chekuri Kasaiah (Palwanch) and Kasani Narayan (Jangon):—Will the Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state ;

(a) whether the Notified Area Committee of Kothagudem Town was reconstituted in the year 1974;

(b) the names of the members on the committee, the procedure adopted to nominate such members, qualifications fixed for such membership;

(c) the names of the Legislators nominated on the committee

(d) whether the local M.L.A., was nominated; and

(e) if not, the reasons there for ?

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri Challa Subbarayudu):—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) District Collector, Khammam.

(2) Deputy General Manager, the Singareni Collieries Company Limited.

(3) Tahsildar, Kothagudem.

(4) Deputy Superintendent of Police, Kothagudem.

(5) Assistant Engineer (Roads & Buildings), Kothagudem.

(6) Chief Personnel Officer, Singareni Collieries.

(7) Superintending Engineer (Civil,) Singareni Collieries.

(8) Chief Surgeon and Medical Officer, Singareni Collieries Company Ltd.

(9) General Secretary, Singareni Collieries Workers' Union, A.N.T.U.C., Kothagudem.

(10) President Singareni Collieries Mazdoor Sangh, I.N.T.U.C Kothagudem Branch.

(11) Sri Samba Venkatesami

(12) Kuppala Venkateswara Rao M.L.C.

(13) Sri Vemula Lakshminarayana.

The members are nominated as per the requirements laid down in section 38-A of the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965.

(c) Sri Kuppula Venkateswara Rao, M.L.C.

(d) No, Sir.

87—3
(e) The Act does not provide for nomination of Legislators. It is left to the discretion of Government to nominate any suitable person residing in the notified Area.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:— The Minister has said that the Committee consists of not officials but also of non officials. It also consists of a Legislator. There is one legislator. We are not here questioning the competence of the Government in appointing the Committee. The question is one of propriety and not of legality. Why was the local Legislator was ignored in the Constitution of this Committee? He also fulfilled the terms of the relevant provision. Could the minister tell us the reason. Therefore, whether the minister could tell us whether it is a result of the group politics of the Congress party.

It may happen he may be a Legislator or he may not be a legislator. That was reconstituted recently. In the earlier Committee also, where
Oral Answers to Questions. 29th March. 1975

is no place for a Legislator. Legislator was not represented. Instead of Subbarao some other man (this Venkateswara Rao) is nominated. There is no question of group politics. I know the local legislator is Mr. Kasiah from the area.

Propriety demands that a Legislator representing that area should be nominated to the Managing Committee. The local legislator is Mr. Kasaiah from the area. There is no question of group politics. I know the local legislator is Mr. Kasiah from the area.

These matters are not coming in the way of giving representation to the Legislators. If not, please inform me early.

Sri V. Srikrishna:—The Government can advice the Collector.

It happens that M.L.C. also is a member. In future we may take the views of the members into consideration.

I am the resident of Kothagudem and I am elected by the people of Kotha-
gudem. kathira samitika samrakshika samadhirthina samadhi kshetram
vishaya. sankhya matra akashamastha samadhi. talle shree samadhi samadhi
kshetram samadhi kshetram. sankhya matra akashamastha samadhi.

Shri S. Jaipal Reddy:—As the Hon'ble Member rightly pointed out, if you want to accommodate a Legislator, why don't you give representation to the person who has directly elected by the people? He has not answered the question but he is saying, the legality. What is the reason for not doing this time?

Education Minister (Sri M. V. Krishna Rao):—(a) No, Sir.

TRAINING FACILITIES TO THE IN-SERVICE TEACHERS
448—

*6200 (N) Q.—Sarvasri M. Nagi Reddy and Vanka Satyanarayana:—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Govt. to restore all kinds of training facilities to the inservice teachers on salary basis; and

(b) if so, whether the Govt. will fix no management-wise quota in all training institutions?

Education Minister (Sri M. V. Krishna Rao):—(a) No, Sir.
Sri Syed Hasan:—Previously there was no system of getting trained teachers into the Education Department. They use to get all Graduates in to service. Only after entering into service they get them trained, paying full salary. Now the system is changed. The old system should be continued.

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—I suggest to the Hon'ble Minister to revise the policy towards the payment of allowances during the training period otherwise it would amount to discrimination.

Sri Syed Hasan:—It is necessary that they should be paid their salary.
STARTING OF ENGLISH MEDIUM SECTIONS FROM VIII CLASS

449—

*6203 (W) Q.—Sri D. Venkatesam:—Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to start English Medium sections from VIII class in all the Junior Colleges and High Schools to have adequate strength of pupil to feed the Central University;

(b) whether it is not a fact that the University will function from next Academic year; and

(c) if so, the reasons for not starting English Medium schools so far?

The Minister for Education (Sri M. V. Krishna Rao):—(a) There is no proposal to open English Medium sections from VIII Class in Junior Colleges. English Medium parallel sections in High Schools are being permitted according to requirements.

(b) The Central University is likely to function from the Academic year 1975-76.

(c) Does not arise.

Sri D. Venkatesam:—Hon. Minister says that the Central University is going to function from 1975-76. No doubt, the medium
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of instruction will be in English in that University. To feed it, from
where you are going to get the students? Is it not the duty of the
Government to provide English medium sections to the students, so
that they can further prosecute their studies in the Central University.
So, what are the proposals of the Government and how you are going
to feed that University?

10. M. C. Reddy:—Sir, the answer of very instructive and
relevant. 40% medium sections will be in English in that University.
Where are you going to get the students? Is it not the duty of the
Government to provide English medium sections to the students, so
that they can further prosecute their studies in the Central University.

10. M. C. Reddy:—Why should not the Government reconsider
and start feeder sections from 8, 9 and 10th i.e., parallel sections opened?

Sri Begum:—whether the Central Government are extending financial assistance to the State Government for implementing some such schemes, in the fifth Five Year Plan Period.

The Minister for Social Welfare, (Sri B. Srirama Murty):— (a) The Central Government are not taking up Girijan up-liftment schemes in the State directly but are extending financial assistance to the State Government for implementing some such schemes, in the fifth Five Year Plan Period.

(b) & (c) A statement is placed on the table of the House.

(d) Rs. 88.82 lakhs for the year 1974-75.
### STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Scheme</th>
<th>Particulars of the Scheme in brief</th>
<th>District in which scheme is implemented</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Post-Matric Scholarships</td>
<td>Financial assistance to the Scheduled tribe students is provided at post-matriculation or post-secondary stage so as to enable them to complete their education.</td>
<td>State-wide Scheme</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Girls Hostels</td>
<td>Construction of buildings for Girls Hostels will be taken up under the scheme</td>
<td>Srikakulam, Khamam, East Godavari, Guntur, Prakasham, Chittoor, Nalgonda, and Nellore Districts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Tribal Development Blocks</td>
<td>Grant-in-aid is provided to the Tribal Development Blocks in the State for development of Agriculture and Education</td>
<td>Srikakulam, Visakhapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Adilabad, and Khammam.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Research and Training</td>
<td>Financial assistance is sanctioned to the Tribal Cultural Research and Training Institute for its expansion and to prepare monographs on primitive tribal communities and to prepare Integrated Area Development. Financial assistance is also granted for expansion of Pre-Examination Training Centre.</td>
<td>State-wide Scheme</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Co-operation</td>
<td>Granted-in-aid is sanctioned to the Girijan Co-operative Corporation to promote Co-operative marketing</td>
<td>State-wide Scheme</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6. Integrated Tribal Development Agencies is envisaged for the regulatory and development scheme for Tribal Welfare. Besides the funds under Sub-Plan and Tribal Welfare budget, the Centre is also extending financial assistance to the Agencies.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Advertisement rates paid to certain Daily Newspapers.

S. N. Q. No. 6216-L, Sri Nallapareddy Sreenivasulureddy Sri Chekuri Kasaiah:—Will the Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) the advertisement rates paid by the Information Department to the Deccan Chronicle, Indian Herald, Daily News and Skyline.

(b) What are the criteria adopted for determining the advertisement rates to English dailies:

(c) Whether it is a fact that the rule that no daily newspaper should be given Government advertisement during the first 6 months of its inception, has been violated in the case of Skyline:

(d) Whether it is also a fact that the Minister for Information and Finance Sri P. Ranga Reddy and the Director of Information and Public Relations Smt. Srirajyam Sinha are share-holders in Gemini Printers which print Skyline: and

(e) the quantum of job-work given by the Government to Gemini Printers since its inception?

Minister for Finance (P. Ranga Reddy) :—(a) The present advertisement rates paid by the I & PR. Department are as follows:

1. Deccan Chronicle:
   Rs. 6.00 per single column centimetre plus 30% surcharge
2. Indian Herald:
   Rs. 4.00 per single column centimetre plus 30% surcharge
3. Daily News:
   Rs. 4.00 per single column centimetre plus 32½% surcharge
4. Skyline:
   Rs. 5.00 per single column centimetre plus 30% surcharge

(b) The following criteria are adopted for determining the advertisement rates to English dailies:

1. Regularity of publication
2. Quality
3. Circulation
4. Type and Class of readership, social purpose, utility and requirement of advertisements, are generally taken into consideration for determining the advertisement rates. The rates approved by the D.A.V.P. Government of India are also taken into consideration while determining the advertisement rates.

c) There are no hard and fast rules for issue of Government advertisements. As such the question of violation of any rules does not arise.

d) No, Sir.

e) No job work has been given by the Information and Public Relations Department to Gemini Printers so far.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—I cannot say that. I have no information and I have no knowledge.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—I cannot say that because the Government has nothing to do with this press or with the Rajahmundry Paper Mills. How can I answer who has given to whom. As far as the Government is concerned, it has not given any such instructions or any advice either in writing or orally.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—Rates for advertisement differ from paper to paper. I do not have information about what the Urdu papers are being given, but to my knowledge even some of the Urdu papers are also put on the same footing; if I remember correct, Siasat also gets Rs. 4 per column, but to my knowledge there are a large number of Urdu papers. There is absolutely no discrimination in this matter. I have got figures compiled up to the end of December because there after the position won't be clear unless bills are paid to them. I assert that there was no discrimination at all. If I peruse the number of insertions—e.g., Indian Herald got 202 insertions while Skyline got 84 insertions. Regarding payment also, Indian Herald got Rs. 34,786 while Skyline was paid Rs. 12,909 of course, I must also add that Skyline started its publication only from August 16 or something like that. There was nothing to show that there was discrimination. However, all the editors happened to meet me on the 12th of this month; they gave a memorandum and they only wanted that in view of the cost of the paper, cost of ink and cost of labour going up, the advertisement tariff should be increased to which I replied that after the budget session is over and taking into consideration the budget allotment, I shall look into the matter.

Sri A. Sriramulu :—Is it a fact that the Government issued instructions to all the 320 Information centres of the blocks that every information centre should subscribe to Skyline, if so whether such instructions have been issued in respect of other newspapers. Secondly, in regard to the memorandum submitted by the editors of local newspapers, is it a fact that the editors protested against the
abnormal delay that is being caused in the payment of advertisement charges?

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—No, sir, there is no such thing as protest that there has been abnormal delay, but I remember during my discussions with them they have also mentioned that the delay will hereafter be avoided and in fact during this year much of the backlog has been cleared; payment to the extent of nearly 5 to 6 lakhs has been made and we are trying to see these delays are avoided in future.

Sri A. Srimulu:—Are any instructions issued to all the Information Centres which are 320 in number that every centre should subscribe to Skyline and if so whether such instructions have been issued in respect of other newspapers.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—It is true we have issued instructions that Skyline may be purchased by them and this is a normal practice which we do in respect of other papers also.

Sri A. Srimulu:—What are the other papers.

(No reply.)

I can give the percentage; for the year 1973-74, 52% has gone to the English papers including periodicals and 33% for Telugu papers including periodicals, 13% to Urdu papers including periodicals and 2% to Hindi papers. This is what has happened till now and the allotment for the Information Department in 1974-75 was Rs. 20 lakhs and this year if I remember correct, it is about Rs. 24 lakhs. Regarding the other point, certainly, some of the norms which the Leader of the Opposition has mentioned will be kept in mind when the advertisements are released. If I am not misunderstood the policy would be more or less like this—if Mr. Srikrishna, not as Leader of Opposition, but as Srikrishna starts a weekly here or elsewhere in the State and my friend Mr. Govardhan
Reddy starts a weekly, certainly a little tilt or a little better support will be given to Srikrishna in view of his experience in journalism.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—Sri Govardhan Reddy should protest now.

Sri V. Srikrishna:—He is the person who filed defamation cases against me twice.

Mr. Speaker:—The understanding today is that we spend minimum time on each question; it is on that assurance we are taking a number of questions.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—Only one point, Sir; instructions were issued to 320 centres to subscribe for the Skyline; were any similar instructions issued in respect of other newspapers and I shall add were any such instructions issued in respect of Andhra Pradesh which is the official organ of the Government.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—I do not have the list of all the newspapers about which such instructions were issued. It is a fact we have issued in the case of Skyline and it is also a fact that normally we do
this to all the newspapers,- sometimes on request and mostly on request we do it; it is left to the other side either to take it or not. There is absolutely no compulsion or pressure that they should take these papers.

Mr. Speaker:— No further repetition is necessary.
Mr. Speaker:— It need not be answered. No point of order

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:— The main question relates to the advertisement tariff to the four English newspapers mentioned in the question which I have tried to fully answer. But the hon. Lady Member narrates the history of the Editor and Publisher of a particular newspaper. While I cannot deny what she has said, it is very difficult for me to answer in detail unless a separate question is put in this regard. Even though I recollect some figures and some instances as the hon. Lady mentioned, I cannot correctly give the information.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:— Sir, the question of this HUDCO or allowing any of these newspapers, actually does not arise and I do not have any correct information. But, I know this much because I cannot say that I am completely ignorant of all these things. Maozam Jahi Market area is taken by the Housing Board for construction of a Commercial complex wherein this Milap newspaper area forms part of it just as many other shops and other things are there, So, the Board was taking action to evict all these things. But, the building which is occupied by the Skyline as far my knowledge goes does not form part of the demolition that is contemplated for the construction of this complex.
Mr. Speaker:— So much time is taken on this and I request the Members not to put further supplementaries, so that we can dispose of the work.

Sanction of Loans to Goldsmiths

450 B—

S.Q.No. 6216—K.— Sarvasri Kasani Narayana, P. Dharma Reddy Ch. Kasaiah, Majji Tulasidas, S. Jaipal Reddy, Vasanta Nageswer Rao, Peter Paul Chukka :—Will the Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of loans granted by the Government of India to the displaced Goldsmiths in our State who lost their source of livelihood;

(b) the amount so far recovered out of the same;

(c) whether the Government are aware that other State Governments have recommended to the Government of India for writing off the loans because the goldsmiths cannot repay;

(d) if so, whether the State Government too have recommended for the same reasons;

(e) whether the Government of India has agreed to this proposition; and

(f) whether the Government issued instructions to the authorities concerned to suspend collections meanwhile?

Sri P. Basi Reddy:— (a) Rs. 1,65,32,618.
(b) Principal Rs. 8,45,197 Interest Rs. 70,074.

(c) The Government are aware about the recommendation made by the Government of Tamil Nadu only.

(d) In view of the present difficult financial position of the State the State Government have recommended to the Government of India that the entire outstanding loans advanced to the Goldsmiths may be treated as grant or subsidy without any financial involvement to the State Government.

(e) The Government of India have informed that the matter is under their consideration.

(f) In respect of those Goldsmiths who had already obtained the certificates to carry on the profession of Goldsmiths, recovery of loan proceedings had been stayed for a period of 7 years from the date of issue of Certificates. In respect of those who had not obtained certificate but had availed the loan, time has been granted till 31.12.1974 for applying for the said Certificates, and in respect of such Goldsmiths recovery of loan proceedings have been stayed for a period of 7 years from the date of issue of Certificate.
Those who are carrying on the goldsmith profession, they were allowed to obtain the certificates. By that, the collection of loan amount would be stayed for 7 years and eventually the date was extended upto 31-12-1974 for obtaining the certificates. So far as the State Government is concerned, we have addressed the Government of India to treat it as subsidy. We have sent 2 reminders also. We have received a reply early in the month of March, 1975 stating that the matter is under their consideration. Of course loss has to be borne on the basis of 50:50 by the State and Central Governments. Because of our difficult financial position, we have requested the Government of India to bear the entire amount and to treat the entire amount as subsidy. As regards rehabilitation, the Director of Industries is taking all the necessary steps to rehabilitate them.

This is really a pitiable position. So, we are doing our best to rehabilitate them in other profession.

We are anxious to rehabilitate them.
Short-Notice Questions and Answers.


Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—As a result of the Gold Control Order, they lost their profession. They were only given loans from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1000/-. It is very clear that the loan could not have given them the necessary alternative employment. Therefore, the Govt. of Andhra Pradesh recommended to Govt. of India for waiving the loan. Why the Govt. of Andhra Pradesh try to collect the loans? It is correct to say that the collection has been suspended. In my own taluk collections are taking place and coercive measures have been taken. The Minister says that the rehabilitation scheme will be thought of. It is not so easy. There is need to appoint a Special Committee to look into the possibility of rehabilitation schemes for these people. The Government also should consider extending the extensive educational concession to all the children of the Goldsmiths.

Sri P. Basi Reddy :—The member has stated that loans were given only upto Rs. 500/- or Rs. 1000/-. It is not correct. Loans have been given upto Rs. 3000/- provided there was hypothecation of immoveable property.

Upto Rs. 500/- ... No security
Upto Rs. 3000/- ... On furnishing two sureties loans had been given.

As regards the suggestion of hon. member that a Committee may be appointed to go into the Rehabilitation, I will certainly consider. Educational Concessions also I will take up.

SALE OF LICENCES BY THE ASHOKA INDUSTRIES.

S. N. Q: No. 6216—V.—Sarvasri M. Omkar, V. Srikrishna, Vanka Satyanarayana, Md. Rajab Ali, B. Ramasarma and M. Nagi Reddy:—Will the Minister for Industries be pleased to state:
(a) Whether it is a fact that one Ghansyamdas Agarwal obtained 15 licences for Ashoka Industries in the name of his brother who is said to have died and sold away the licences illegally for Rs.15 lakhs;
(b) whether the Advocate General was consulted in the matter;
(c) if so, what is the opinion give by him; and
(d) what is the action proposed by the Government to be taken in the matter.

The Minister for Industries (Sri P. Basi Reddy):— (a) The records have been taken away by the C.B.I. long ago. Therefore, it is difficult to give a specific answer to this.
(b) No Sir.
(c) Does not arise.
(d) Does not arise.

Sri P. Basi Reddy: — So far as this Company is concerned we have not consulted.

Sri P. Basi Reddy: — Government have accorded sanction for prosecution of six officers in the industries department. They are:
MISAPPROPRIATION OF MONEY BY THE SARPA chop OF BHADRACHALAM

450.D—S.N Q.No. 6216—D.Sarvasri B. Rama sarma, Vanka Satyanarayana and Mohd. Rajab Ali:—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that it has been proved by audit report that 2 lakhs of rupees have been misappropriated by the Sarpanch of Badrachalam village in Khammam District during the period from 1962-63 to 1970-71;

(b) if so, the action taken against the said Sarpanch; and

(c) if no action taken, the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Panchayati Raj, (Sri L. Lakshmandas):—

(a) No Sir. The District panchayat Officer has reported that the Audit Department has held an amount of Rs. 2,18,505-71 under objection.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Does not arise.

(a) Whether it is a fact that it has been proved by audit report that 2 lakhs of rupees have been misappropriated by the Sarpanch of Badrachalam village in Khammam District during the period from 1962-63 to 1970-71;
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(1) 5. வசதி வாய்ந்தல்: புதுக்கோட்டை வா ஏரி காங்கர், நிசை மாணவர்கள் 5 ஆண்டு வாசிக் கல்லுக்குள் வந்துள்ளனர். அதன் போது 4 மாத வாசிக்கு வந்துள்ளனர். மேற்குத்து 2 மாத வாசிக்கு வந்துள்ளனர். ஏன் வாசிக்கு வந்துள்ளனர்?


(3) 7. என்றபாடு: ஏன் வீரி விளக்கும் இடையில் 1964 இல் வந்துள்ளது?

(4) 8. என்றபாடு: ஏன் வீரி விளக்கும் இடையில் 1964-65 இல் வந்துள்ளது?

(5) 9. என்றபாடு: ஏன் வீரி விளக்கும் இடையில் 1964-65 இல் வந்துள்ளது?

(6) 10. என்றபாடு: ஏன் வீரி விளக்கும் இடையில் 1964-65 இல் வந்துள்ளது?

Short Notice Questions and Answers.

Removal of Sarpanch, Sṛṅgavārapukota Panchayat.

45. E—

S.N.Q. No. 6216 S.—Sri K.V. S. Padmanabha Raju—Will the Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Sarpanch, Sṛṅgavārapukota Panchayat, Visakhapatnam District was removed from office in the month of March, 1975;

(b) if so, the nature of allegations against him;

(c) whether they have been proved;

(d) if so, the further action proposed to be taken by Government in this regard;

(e) whether notice was served on Sṛṅgavārapukota Panchayat, Visakhapatnam District for suspension;

(f) if so, the reason therefor.

(g) whether final orders were issued in this regard; and

(h) if not the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Panchayati Raj:—(Sri L. Lakshman Das):—

Yes Sir.

(b) The following are the charges framed against him:

1. Violation of Rules in the matter of entrustment of legal work to a private Advocate.
2. Submission of False T.A. Claim.
4. Entrustment of works for execution on nomination basis.
5. Disobedience of the lawful orders of the Collector.
6. Failure to conduct Gram Sabha meetings.

(c) Charges No. 1, 4, 5 and 6 were held proved.

(d) The further action to be taken is under examination.

(e) Yes Sir, against Supercession.

(f) Irregularities involving heavy financial loss to the Gram Panchayat.

(g) No Sir.

(h) The explanation submitted by the Gram Panchayat is under the examination of the Collector.

Sri V. V. Eri. and Subordinates:—The Collector, Sṛṅgavārapukota, had issued orders of Supercession.
FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARIES TO STARRED Q. NO: 6215-W
ANSWERED ON 19-3-75)

450-F

Non-Publication of Results of S. F. B. T. Examinations:

Mr. Speaker:—Reasons were given. On compassionate grounds we are allowing it.

Fee Concessions to Post Graduate Students Studying in Private Colleges

450. G—

S.N.Q. 6212-U Sarvasi M. Nagi Reddy, D. Sankariah, and Vanka Satyanarayana:—Will the Hon'ble Minister for Social Welfare & Technical Education be pleased to state:
(a) Whether it is fact that the Government has sanctioned full fee and half fee concession to the students belonging to Scheduled Tribes, Scheduled Castes and Economically Backward students studying Post-Graduate courses at the University centres and at Government Post-Graduate course centres;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the Government have not extended the full fee and half-fee concessions to the students belonging to the Scheduled Tribes, Scheduled Castes and Economically Backward Class students studying Post-Graduate courses in private colleges run by Private Management and consequently they are collecting full fee from all the students; and

(c) if so, whether the Government at least now extend the full fee and half fee concessions to the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Economically Backward Classes students studying Post Graduate courses in private colleges run by Private Management on par with University colleges and Government Post Graduate course centres?

Sri B. Srirama Murthy:—(a) Yes Sir. All Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Harijan Christians and Listed Backward Classes students whose Parents/Guardians income does not exceed Rs 3,600 p.a. are allowed full fee concessions in all Post-matric courses. All others the above income limit are allowed half fee concessions,

(b) No Sir. The above concessions are allowed to those studying private colleges also.

c) Does not arise.
Short Notice Questions and Answers. 29th March, 1975. 301

1. What is the capital of India? — New Delhi, the capital of India.

2. Who is the prime minister of India? — The Prime Minister of India is Shri Narendra Modi.

3. What is the official language of India? — The official language of India is Hindi and English.

4. Who is the president of India? — The President of India is Shri Ram Nath Kovind.

5. What is the official currency of India? — The official currency of India is the Indian Rupee.

6. What is the national anthem of India? — "Jana Gana Mana" is the national anthem of India.

7. What is the national flag of India? — The national flag of India is the Tricolor, known as the "Saffron, White, and Green" flag.

8. What is the official language of India? — The official language of India is Hindi and English.

9. What is the official name of India? — India is officially known as the "Republic of India".

10. What is the official religion of India? — India is a secular country with no official religion, but Hinduism is the majority religion.

11. What is the official unit of length in India? — The official unit of length in India is the meter.

12. What is the official unit of mass in India? — The official unit of mass in India is the kilogram.

13. What is the official unit of volume in India? — The official unit of volume in India is the liter.

14. What is the official unit of temperature in India? — The official unit of temperature in India is the degree Celsius.

15. What is the official unit of time in India? — The official unit of time in India is the second.

16. What is the official unit of pressure in India? — The official unit of pressure in India is the Pascal.

17. What is the official unit of electric current in India? — The official unit of electric current in India is the ampere.

18. What is the official unit of electric potential difference in India? — The official unit of electric potential difference in India is the volt.

19. What is the official unit of energy in India? — The official unit of energy in India is the joule.

20. What is the official unit of power in India? — The official unit of power in India is the watt.
6196-SHORT NOTICE QUESTION POSTPONED FROM 19-2-1975 TO 29-3-75 FOR FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARIES

re: Withdrawal of forgery and cheating case from the Judicial First Class Magistrate Court, Alampur.

Sri P. Govardan Reddy:—Point of order, That question cannot come before the House according to your ruling. This cannot be discussed in the House. This cannot be discussed in the House.

Mr. Speaker:—This has already been permitted. This is only on the question of facts. The Minister himself has promised on the first occasion.

Mr. Speaker:—This has already been permitted. This is only on the question of facts. The Minister himself has promised to answer on the first occasion and therefore, these questions shall not refer to any matter that is pending before the Court. I have permitted the question. The Minister has promised to answer.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—I am raising another point of order. Hon. Members have got the right to raise points of order. If the points of order are vexatious, the Speaker has got the right to disallow and also make suitable action. I consider this a vexatious point of order to obstruct the proceedings of the House. Will the Hon. Speaker take suitable action against Members who raised vexatious points of order?
Mr. Speaker:—Not written supplementaries. I have asked him to read his supplementaries.

Mr Speaker:—I want to dispose of business to-day. I am very anxious to that

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—I want the relationship between the accused and complainant?

Sri P. Narasa Reddy:—If the Hon’ble Speaker is kind enough to allow all the questions put by the Hon’ble Member, I will read out completely.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—The Minister wants to place the statement of facts. He may be permitted Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—Yes. But this shall not be a precedent.

Sri P. Narasa Reddy:—Sir Paga Pull Reddy was managing the lands and other properties of the complainant Dr. Vikramsimha Reddy and his brother on the authority of power of attorney referred to have been executed by their mother. Sri Paga Pulla Reddy was also their advocate. Dr. Vikramsimha Reddy has presented a petition to Government on 20-7-1971 and 22-7-1971 and filed a complaint on 25-9-1971 with the Inspector, Crime Branch, C.I.D. The First Information Report was issued on 25-9-1971 by the Inspector, Crime Branch, C.I.D. under the orders of Dy. Inspector-General of Police. The charge-sheet was filed with on 25-2-1974 by the inspector of Police before the Munsif Magistrate, Alampur after approval of the concerned Deputy Superintendent of Police, Crime Branch, C.I.D.

The allegations in the charge-sheet were that during the period from 1961 to 1964, the accused who had been entrusted with the lands by the complaint's mother, obtained loan of Rs. 14,000/- from the Government in the name of the complainant and in the same transaction was alleged that the signatures of the complainant were
forged on the documents presented to the Tahsildar, Alampur. The Special Deputy Collector and the R. D. O. and the other authorities who sanctioned he loan also submitted this fact to the Government. Hence under Sec. 419, 465, 468, 470 IPC charge sheet was filed.

The case was posted for trial on 20-3-1972. In April, 1973, the accused filed a Cr. M.P. in the High Court for quashing the proceedings of the First Class Magistrate, Alampur. The High Court ordered stay of trial. The High Court dismissed the petition of the accused on 8-8-1973 and on 8-12-1973 the First Class Magistrate, posted the case for evidence on 5-11-1974 and it was again adjourned to 21-1-1974 as 5-1-74 happens to be a holiday. On 21-1-1974 two of the witnesses the Deputy Collector, M.A. Rasheed Khan and Dr. Vikiamsimha Reddy the complainant could not attended the Court. On 14-2-1974 Sri Rasheed Khan was examined and the case was adjourned to 15-4-1974. The complainant was summoned for that date but he requested for adjournment. So the case was again posted for evidence on 14-5-1974. But they did not attend the Court due to some reasons. No further communication received from the Public Prosecutor by the Government in this regard.

Regarding the charges framed by the Trial Court, they are under Section 419, 467, 468 and 471.

Sri Paga Pulla Reddy had approached the High Court in April, 1972 to stay proceedings against him in C.C. 1872 before the Munsiff Magistrate, Alampur. The point raised by the accused before the High Court was that the Magistrate himself could not have entertained the complaint. The High Court issued stay orders on 27-10-1972. The High Court finally dismissed the Misc. Petition on 8-8-1973. In between, there was another Cr. Misc. Revn. Petition before the High Court against the judgment of the Magistrate, Alampur. That was also dismissed by the High Court.

10-40 a.m.

The applications given by the accused were to the former Chief Minister Mr. Narasimha Rao on 14-3-72, to the Secretary to Government on 26-6 73, again to the Chief Minister Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao on 30-11-72, to Mr. Vengal Rao as Industries Minister on 30-11-72, to the Chief minister Sri Vengala Rao on 13-12-73, again to him on 25-1-74, 6-2 74. Regarding the Order, the decision was taken for withdrawal in May 1974 and G. O. was issued in July for withdrawal and there was a question whether the District Public Prosecutor was consulted in this matter and there was no consultation.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—The Minister has given a detailed information. From this information I wish to ask him only two points. one is, this gentleman presented applications to the Chief Minister Mr. Narasimha Rao on 14 3 72, 3 11 72. What happened to the applications? What was the final order passed by the Chief minister on these applications. Secondly, the Chief Minister, the other day
affirmatively stated that he was convinced it was a case of political harassment and so he withdrew the case.

Mr. Speaker: — Let us not go into that.

Sri A. Srimulu: — My point is, while the Revenue Minister was answering the question last time, he maintained a positive stand that the Police reported there was no evidence to sustain the case and so the case was ordered to be withdrawn. These are two conflicting expressions by the Chief Minister and the hon. Revenue Minister which version should we take? Should we take the version of the Chief Minister or should we take the version of the Revenue Minister? The Chief Minister the other day said that the case was withdrawn, because, he was convinced that it was a case of political harassment and the Revenue Minister (interuptions) I don't want the members to interrupt me. This is a House where certain decency should be observed. Why should you get excited. After all we are seeking some information. There is nothing subjudice. Your Chief Minister has broken all connons of justice and he has no respect for law and democracy. I have been permitted by the Speaker. You also did not follow my point.

Sri P. Narasa Reddy: — I have followed and I am going to answer. The petition was given to the former Chief Minister Sri Narasimha Rao. He has ordered for a detailed enquiry. He wrote to the Home Secretary and also to I G P for a detailed enquiry. By the time the enquiry came the President's rule had come. Mr. Narasimha Rao did not take any decision on that. It was passed over to the Adviser's regime, I did not make any contrary statement. What the Chief Minister had observed and what I have said — they are two distinct things. There is a factual report which I said it may not sustain. That was our overall picture and the Government took a decision.
so involving forgery, cheating etc, was ordered to be withdrawn? The answer is it was ordered to be withdrawn. If so, the reasons for withdrawal: the reasons for withdrawal were made sub judice. So, the contents of the chargesheet, have been stated to be very liberal. Then, what is actually the quarrel? Why these people have quarreled whether they belonged to the same family or to different families. All these things do not arise at all.

Mr. Speaker:—They have all been answered. There is nothing.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—On a point of order Sir. The other day the Chief Minister said the case was withdrawn because of political harassment. I would like the Minister to tell us as to what exactly was the political harassment and this case was filed by the C.B.C.I.D. D.I.G. C.B., C.I.D., took personal interest in the matter and filed the charge-sheet. How is it? The then Home Minister is the present Chief Minister who ordered the filing of the case. Therefore, I would like to know from the Revenue Minister, what exactly was the political harassment in this case. Secondly, would the Minister tell us about the report of the Finger Print Expert which was submitted before the case was charge sheeted. These two questions should be answered.

Mr. Speaker:—The first question need not be answered because that is sub judice.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—No. I protest Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—You can do anything. I am not allowing that supplementary.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—(Interruption.)

Mr. Speaker:—Will you please resume your seat?

* Sri P. Narasa Reddy:—Regarding the police record, the other day itself, I have submitted that I am unable to produce because the matter is sub judice. That is all a matter of evidence conducted by the Police. That is a part of the record of the police. So, it is not for me just to tell what the evidence is and what not the evidence is,

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—You were kind enough to say that you will call me afterwards.

Mr. Speaker:—I thought you have exhausted.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—He has not given certain fact. But still, I am not asking all those things. One question is out th abstracts...
Mr. Speaker:—The other question you have put has been answered.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—Only for the purpose of clarification I will ask.......

Mr. Speaker:—I request you not to press.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Closure of Tirupathi Aerodrome

Mr. Speaker:—No doubt, it is an important matter. But the State is helpless. He will get information and give you.

Sri Challa Subbarayudu:—The Minister for P. W. &. tried to contact the concerned authorities. Unfortunately he could not do so. Certainly we will contact the concerned authorities and let the Hon.ble members know about why they have closed it and what further steps will be taken.

Mr. Speaker:—As the matter is not within our jurisdiction....

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I have given a privilege motion five days back. I have already placed the records.

Mr. Speaker:—I will look into it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The Privilege Motion under the rules must be taken up soon after the question hour. Your are extremely zealous to follow the rules.

M. Speaker—I have not looked into it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao—There is only oneday.

Mr. Speaker—Monday, I will look into it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I have given it to you personally. But do not deny me the simple facility which have got.......

Mr. Speaker:—I am not giving you any permission because I have to look into it.

Sri Syed Hasan:—What about my affair Sir. Since a long time it is pending.
Mr. Speaker — I have looked into them. I am going to give a ruling tomorrow.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai — On the 25th March, I have given a notice under Rule 341.

Mr Speaker: — The meaning is, as provided under the rules and as agreed to by the Members of Business Advisory Committee. You are a party. I am following the procedure prescribed.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai: — At least one you should allow.

Mr. Speaker: — Whatever it is. It is your choice. The understanding is that you should have one. I understand that all are 11-00 a.m. coming on Monday. You make a choice.

MATTERS UNDER RULE 341

re: Recovery of loans from Goldsmiths.

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MATTERS UNDER RULE 341

re: Recovery of loans from Goldsmiths.
Matters under Rule 341:

re: Retrenchment of workers in the Kesoram Cement Factory, Karimnagar.

29th March, 1975

Retrenchment of workers in the Kesoram Cement Factory, Karimnagar.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Dear Sir,

I am writing to you on behalf of the Tamil Nadu Government regarding the retrenchment of workers in the Kesoram Cement Factory, Karimnagar.

I have been informed that the matter is under consideration of the Government of India. Tamil Nadu has already written to the Government of India and Kerala has also written to them. However, no final reply has been received from the Government of India.

I believe that the State Governments are sympathetic towards the proposal of the Tamil Nadu and Kerala Governments. I have already stated to the suggestion of Mr. Jaipal Reddy that we will appoint a Committee for rehabilitation of these Goldsmiths, which I feel is absolutely necessary.

On 17-3-1974 we received a letter from the Government of India saying that the matter is under their active consideration. Tamil Nadu has written and then the Kerala Government also has written. They too have not received any final reply from the Government of India.

I think they are sympathetic towards the proposal of these State Governments. I have already stated to the suggestion of Mr. Jaipal Reddy that we will appoint a Committee for rehabilitation of these Goldsmiths, which I feel is absolutely necessary.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

[Official]

[Government]

Matters under Rule 341:
re: Retrenchment of workers in the Kesomram cement factory Karimnagar.

Sri T. Anjaiah:—Sir, I am glad that Shri G. Eshwar, M.L.A., has called off his hunger strike. I also congratulate the management and the Union for having honoured the Government's decision to leave the choice of re-appointing 15 workers to the union and take into employment 40 casual workers. I am pleased that out of 18 workers, they have agreed to take 15 workers. 40 casual workers have been re-appointed to the union and I am happy to say that the workers have agreed to take the decision of the Government.

Sri T. Anjaiah:—Out of 18 workers, they have agreed to take 15 workers.

Mr. Speaker:—I will look into it.
Matters under Rule 341:

29th March 1975

re : Burning of records in the City College,
Hyderabad

Smt. J. Eswari Bai :— At least you can club my name also since I have also given the notice on the same matter. You please verify on which date actually, I have given the notice.

Mr. Speaker:— I will let you know. As a matter of fact, only two matters would be considered.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai :— Why do not you club because it is on the same subject?

Mr. Speaker:— I have noticed your point. I will consider it.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:— Please let me know about it.

Mr. Speaker:— There are too many notices and we are taking only 2 per day.

As far as my matter is concerned, it can be clubbed.

Mr. Speaker:— I said I will examine it. No further discussion.

C.V.K. Rao:— You can use your discretion.

Mr. Speaker:— I shall examine it

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:— Please hear me. It should be examined.

Mr. Speaker:— I told you that I will certainly look into it. Why again you are referring?

re: Burning of Records in the city college.
Matters Under Rule 341:
re: Burning of records in the City College, Hyderabad.


re: Burning of records in the City College, Hyderabad.


Matters under Rule 341:

re: Fire accident in the College of the Osmania University.

Sri Syed Hasan:—Two matters are to be considered. The 11-30 a.m. beautiful building of the City College, of which I also happened to be a student is in the heart of the city and the furniture and other things are burnt. While going into the investigation, the reasons have to be found whether the students are responsible or something else. It is not the students but some persons responsible for misappropriation and other things. They are not in the Department. They have been lifted now. He is the Education Minister. He cannot use the clues given by the Police. The students are very much harassed. You will be surprised to know that the Former Deputy Secretary had two sons, of whom one was stated to be involved in the matter and the second one was taken into custody for over 24 hours without legal sanction. This is a grave matter. The Police were going to that old Deputy Secretary's house at late hours without announcement of their arrival. In the interest of the student also it is not good. It would be difficult to find out even for the Home Minister immediately.

re: Fire accident in the College of Osmania University

The 20-8-1975 is a student of the Osmania University.

87-8
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
re: Lapse of funds provided for Junior and Degree Colleges for Andhra students in the Twin Cities.

Mr. Speaker:—I will call for a meeting of the Business Advisory Committee this evening.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE
re: Lapse of funds provided for Junior and Degree Colleges for Andhra Students in the Twin Cities.
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Lapse of fund provided for Junior and Degree Colleges for Andhra students in the Twin Cities.

The Minister for Education (Sri M.V. Krishna Rao):— During the year 1973-74, three Government Junior Colleges and one Government Degree College were established in the twin cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad for providing additional education facilities without any restriction on the basis of residence under Five Point Formula and the expenditure on these colleges incurred during 1973-74 was reimbursed by the Government of India.

2. But as per latest instructions the expenditure on these colleges which will come under local institutions from the year 1974-75 is to be borne by the State Government and not by the Government of India. As such the question of lapsing central assistance during 1974-75 in respect of these colleges does not arise.

3. The following amounts were released to each of the three new Government Junior Colleges during 1973-74 towards requirements under non-recurring expenditure:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Amount (Rs.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contingencies</td>
<td>45,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab-equipment</td>
<td>80,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furniture</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library Books</td>
<td>15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,90,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above amounts were completely utilised by the Junior Colleges for the purpose for which they were released. Normally when Government Junior College is opened, Government sanctions the following amounts towards non-recurring grant:
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re. Lapse of funds provided for Junior and Degree Colleges for Andhra students in the Twin Cities,

Rs.

| Contingencies | 5,000 |
| Lab-equipment | 25,000 |
| Furniture     | 15,000 |
| Library Books | 10,000 |

55,000

It may thus be seen that the 3 new Government Junior Colleges were sanctioned over and above the normal ceiling towards equipment and furniture.

4. A sum of Rs. 12.00 lakhs is provided under Plan Budget, 1974-75 for the maintenance of the three new Government Junior Colleges, out of which an amount of Rs. 7,63,600/- is required towards recurring expenditure for salaries, rents, electricity, water charges postage etc.

5. The Principals of New Government Junior Colleges of Nampally and Malakpet have submitted proposals during 1974-75 for provision of additional accommodation, purchase of equipment etc., amounting to Rs. 1,05,000/- and Rs. 2,09,900/- respectively from the balance amount of Rs. 4.36 lakhs (12,00,000-7,63,600 4,36,400). As the Principals have not substantiated their proposals for purchase of equipment and as there is ban on the construction of new buildings of non-functional nature during this year, the Director of Public Instruction has advised the principals to renew the proposals during 1975-76.

6. An amount of Rs. 10,56,000/- has been provided for the continuance and maintenance of the new Government Degree College, Khairatabad, Hyderabad during 1974-75 and the expenditure towards salaries etc is Rs. 7,90,300. Government have also sanctioned the following amounts to the college during this year.

Rs.

| Furniture | 50,000 |
| Books     | 50,000 |
| Lab. equipment | 1,50,000 |

2,50,000

Thus there is a balance of Rs. 2,65,700/- in respect of New Government Degree College. At the instance of the Director of Public Instruction the principal of the college proposed that the balance amount of

Rs. 2,65,700/- may be sanctioned for furniture and equipment but later the Principal stated that it is not possible to purchase the furniture and equipment proposed at the late stage of the financial year.

7. It may thus be seen that the funds which are essentially required for the three new Government Junior Colleges and New Degree Colleges opened in the twin cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad have been sanctioned and the colleges were not allowed to suffer for want of staff or equipment.
Calling attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance: re: Fixation of time-scale of pay for Sevikas in Panchayati Raj Department.

Sri A. Srimulu: I am calling the attention of the Minister for Panchayati Raj in regard to the existence of post in the Samithi, known as Sevak. The duties of this post are exactly the same as that of a peon employed by the same Panchayati Raj institution. There is a fixed pay of Rs. 40. There is no time scale, no security and no service benefits. When this post will be made a regular post, when all service benefits will be extended to all these people?

(The Minister for Panchayati Raj) Sri L. Lakshmana Das: The Sevaks employed in Panchayati Raj Institutions are paid from the contingencies. They are paid remuneration at the rates fixed by the Government in G.O.Ms. No. 418, Finance (P.C.) Department, dated 11-11-1970. The above Government order has been applied to the Sevaks working in Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads also.

Even Government employees on non-pensionable establishment and whose pay is debited to contingencies do not have a time scale of pay. They receive only a consolidated pay. The Sevaks of Panchayati Raj bodies also are on the same footing.

As regards the existing service benefits the position is as follows:

(i) As per the rules issued by Panchayati Raj Bodies the employees paid from contingencies can be granted special casual leave when they are temporarily incapacitated, for 2 days due to inoculation for any epidemic disease.

(ii) Besides special casual leave they are given leave on full pay at the rate of 1 day for a period of 24 days of duty, provided that they shall cease to earn leave when they have 15 days leave to their credit.

(iii) They can be granted in each official year leave on half pay not exceeding one month on Medical Certificate.

(iv) Women Sevaks are eligible for Maternity leave on full pay for a period not exceeding 2 month in respect of each confinement.

(v) Recently service rules have been framed for Last Grade service in the Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads. In these rules a provision has been made for the promotion of Sevaks to the Last Grade service (Attenders) if they possess prescribed qualifications.
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:
re Interference of Sub-Collector and Collector in the administration of Kurupam Block, Srikakulam District.

Sir, Ch. Parasuramanaidu :-Sir, In Kurupam Block, the President Panchayat Samithi, has exercised all his power by appointing a candidate not sponsored by the Employment Exchange as a Village Development Officer (Woman) temporarily. There are two G.Os. issued by Government from time to time; (1) G.O. Ms. No. 236, dated 2-8-73 and (2) G.O. Ms. No. 492/Estt. dated 30-1-1974. I do not know how the Collector and the Sub-Collector have taken the championing the cause and have sent word after word instructing the President to appoint the V.D.O. When the President was asking for clarification, Sub-Collector asked the President to appoint her. The president said 'no'. Then the President asked Government for clarification. Then the Sub-Collector, on the instructions of the Collector, thought it better to call for the B.D.O. who is not the appointing authority and to instruct the B.D.O. to appoint her. This is almost all encroachment upon the P.R. Department. The President really felt aggrieved. These two gentlemen who are the guardians of Panchayati Raj Department, trespassed and intimidated the B.D.O. in appointing a candidate who was not sponsored by the Employment Exchange. The real issue is encroa-
Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Interference of Sub-Collector and Collector in the administration of Kurupam Block, Srikakulam District.

ment, interference of the Collector and the Sub-Collector with the Panchayati Raj Department. The Secretary, Zilla Parishad is a henchman of the people. I invite the attention of the Hon’ble Minister for Panchayati Raj to look into this matter because it is a serious issue.

Sri L. Laxman Das:—The President, Panchayat Samithi Kurupam has brought to the notice of Government that, in violation of the instructions issued by the Government in Memorandum No. 492/Estt. IV/73-1, Panchayati Raj, dated 13-11-1974 which prohibit recruitment to the category of Village Development Officers (both men and Women) even on a temporary basis by the Zilla Parishads until further orders, the Sub-Collector, Paravathipuram and the Collector, Srikakulam issued instructions to the Block Development Officer, Panchayat Samithi Kurupam to appoint a Village Development Officer (Woman) in the Panchayat Samithi. The Block Development Officer appointed the Village Development Officer without the approval of the President, Panchayat Samithi Kurupam who is the appointing authority for the Village Development Officers. As this order of Block Development Officer, Panchayat Samithi Kurupam is without authority it has since been quashed by Government.

As regards the action of the Sub-Collector, Parvathipuram and the Collector, Srikakulam a detailed report is being called for and suitable action will be taken by the Government on receipt of the detailed report in the matter from the District Collector.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I want that the Government should take drastic action in this matter.
Public Importance:
re: Repairs to roads in Pithapuram Municipality.

re: Repairs to roads in Pithapuram Municipality.

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Public Importance:
re: Repairs to roads in Pithapuram Municipality.
GOVERNMENT BILLS

THE ANDHRA PRADESH (ANDHRA AREA) INAMS (ABOLITION AND CONVERSION INTO RYOTWARI) AMENDMENT BILL, 1975.

(Introduced)

Sri P. Narasa Reddy :— Sir, On half of Chief Minister, I beg to move for leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Inam (Abolition), and Conversion into Ryotwari) Amendment Bill; 1975.
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved. The Question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Inam (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Amendment Bill, 1975."

The motion was adopted and the bill was introduced.

THE ANDHRA PRADESH APPROPRIATION (No. 2) BILL, 1975.

Sri P. Ranga Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No.2) Bill, 1975, be taken into consideration."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.

12-10 p.m.
Government bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.


The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No. 2) Bill, 1975.

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Government Bills.
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No. 2) Bill, 1975.

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The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.

The session adjourned temporarily at 12-20 p.m.
330 29th March, 1975. Government BiHs:
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No. 2) Bill, 1975.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.


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The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No 2) Bill, 1975.

12.30 p.m. The resolution had been moved by Mr. K. B. N. Rao and seconded by Mr. T. G. T. Venkateswarlu. The discussion lasted for about 10 minutes when the House adjourned.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.

30th March, 1973. 333


30th March, 1973. 333


Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.

12-40 p.m. పద్ధతి: దేవదానం, మండలాల చివరు విస్తృతి పై ప్రాముఖ్� పద్ధతిలో విస్తృతం ఉంది. తరువాత సంవత్సరం వరకు ఇంతకు లేదు. ఇది వ్యవస్థ లేదు. మండలాల చర్చలు చేసేది సూచించినందుకు ఇది ప్రతి దినం ఉండేది. అధికారిక తరువాత లేదు. సంవత్సరం లేదు. అడుగు సాధనం చేసేది బాగుంటుంది. సంవత్సరం లేదు. అధికారిక తరువాత లేదు. సంవత్సరం లేదు. అధికారిక తరువాత లేదు.
Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.

The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.


12-50 p.m.

Government Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.

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Government Bills:


(revised text)

Government Bills:

(revised text)
Government Bills:

Government Bills:


The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.

Mr. Speaker, I beg to move:

The Bill was passed.

(10 p.m.)

The Hon. Minister for Agriculture (Mr. D. N. Reddy) presented the Report of the Select Committee on the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975, and moved its adoption.

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Government Bills:
re: The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No 2) Bills 1975


The Hon'ble Speaker: 1st part, 1975, 463. The following hong be introduced:


1-20 p.m. The Chair: The House will please adjourn. The Hon'ble Speaker: I thank the House for its co-operation.

...
Government Bills:


The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No 2) Bill, 1975.

...
Government Bills:  
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.


The Hon'ble Member for Secunderabad (Mr. Y. Nallamolu) moved the following resolution:

It is hereby resolved that the Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975, be considered:

1. Petrol - 90 litres at Rs. 4.80 per litre.
2. Diesel - 108 litres at Rs. 6.90 per litre.
3. Kerosene - 80 litres at Rs. 15.82 per litre.
4. L.P.G. - 30 cylinders at Rs. 25.90 per cylinder.

Cost of Petrol: Rs. 435.60
Cost of Diesel: Rs. 724.08
Cost of Kerosene: Rs. 1,265.60
Cost of L.P.G.: Rs. 777.00

Total Cost: Rs. 2,202.28

1-30 p.m.

The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.
Government Bills: 29th March, 1975. 345
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.

...
Government Bills
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.


The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975.

...
Government Bills:  
The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation  
No. (2) Bill, 1975.


The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation  
No. (2) Bill, 1975.

87—12
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I shall now put the motion to vote.

The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975 be taken into consideration."

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That clauses 2 and 3 and Schedule do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted and clauses 2 and 3 and schedule were added to the Bill.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That clause 1, enacting formula and long title do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted and clause 1, enacting formula and long title were added to the Bill.

The Minister for Finance (Sri P. Ranga Reddy):—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975 be passed."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

The question is: "That the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1975 be passed."

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.

Re: Receipt of amendments to the Bills.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I am to announce to the House that the amendments to the following Bills will be received up to 9-00 a.m. on 31st March, 1975.

1. Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies (Amendment) Bill, 1975 (as passed by the Council).


3. The Andhra Pradesh Municipalities (Fourth Amendment) Bill, 1975 (as passed by the Council).


The House now stands adjourned to meet again at 4.00 P.M. (The House adjourned at 1.52 p.m. till 4.00 P.M. on the same day).

(The House reassembled at 4.00 P.M.)

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Postponement of Elections to the Committee on Estimates and Public Accounts.

The House has agreed to postpone to the next session and fresh schedule of dates will be announced when the House meets next.

GOVERNMENT BILLS


Shri P. Narasa Reddy;— Sir, I beg to move.

That the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1975 be taken into consideration.

Mr. Speaker;— Motion moved;
Government Bills:


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4-10 p.m.

Governments Bills.

The following is a translation of the text in Telugu:


Governments Bills.
Sri A. Sreeramulu :—Mr. Speaker, Sir. I am opposing this Bill in its present form, because it is highly misleading. To say that we are increasing Rs. 500 to the Minister or Chairman or the Speaker, I think it is not doing justice. Rs. 500 is a pittance in the present context. I don’t know how the Ministers are accepting this paltry increase of Rs. 500 in so much of cheer and smile in their faces. When we attempt a measure of this type, we have to tell the people as to what exactly the total income of the Ministers, the Chairman and the Speaker I have calculated. Sir. Every Minister is costing the State Exchequer Rs. 12,000 per month. Then what is the point in telling the people that the Bill is intended to increase Rs. 500. That is my question. Kindly make it Rs. 5,000 with no other comfort for anybody at all. Let there be no perquisites, no house, no equipment and all these things. Let them be removed. We propose to pay Rs. 5,000 without all these perquisites.

Coming to the Chairmen of the Developmental committees, it is an anachronism in our democratic set up. The Chairman of the Committee enjoys the status of a Minister. He does not shoulder the responsibility of a Minister.

A Minister is answerable to the Legislator but the Chairman is not, but he has all the comforts all the facilities and all the privileges. I demand that the ministerial status conferred on the Chairman must be immediately removed and if he want to continue that status they should also be made answerable to the Legislature and the question relating to development must be answered by those men. Otherwise there is no justification for allowing them all the facilities and continue them...

to enjoy at somebody's else's cost. Nextely, the Chief Whip is an anachronism. I am not able to understand as to why a Chief Whip is coming into the picture. He is known as the Government Chief Whip. Mr. Kaul writes as follows in his book on 'Parliamentary Practice': "in the Parliamentary form of Government a party has its own internal organisation inside Parliament and is served by a number of officials known as whips chosen from the members of the party itself. This is a post of the party. Legislatures has nothing to do with the Whip or the Chief Whip. It is certainly the business of the Congress Party to have its own organisation set-up and if the party wants to say something to the whip, we have absolutely no objection. There is absolutely no basis as far as the Constitution is concerned for the post of whip. I don't know how this has been created and who exactly was engineer enough to bring forward a legislation to create a sort of a status for a party post, known as the Whip. I also read Mr. Kaul "The Chief Whip of the Government party in Loka Sabha is the Minister for Parliamentary Affairs." If the Government is interested in maintaining a Chief Whip and call him a Government Chief Whip, I take objection to the word 'Government'. Government Chief Whip need not be there. He may be the whip of the Congress party, he may be the Chief Whip of the party and if the Government is particular that a legislative sanctity must be secured for this party post of a Chief Whip, he should be designated as a Minister for Parliamentary affairs. We have absolutely no objection at all. So long as he continue to be styled as a Chief Whip or a Whip he can only serve the interest of the party, the party programme, party mandate and a Bill of this form to increase his salary is absolutely unwarranted and unjustified. Finally about the supply of cars, this has become a luxury for our Government to supply a car for everybody. Give some name and provide a car and finally the process gets completed. I am accusing the Chief Minister of dolling out political favours to his men and trying to maintain them in a form of content. This is not going to serve anybody's interests. Supply of cars is an unnecessary luxury, particularly when the State is passing through a critical period on account of shortage of oil and his price of petrol and paying salaries to the chauffeur, maintaining the car—these are all unnecessary things. There can be one car for the entire legislature so that the whips can use and everybody can use. Two or three vehicles can be maintained. Already our State is maintaining large number of vehicles, perhaps a bigger number than Maharashtra which is more affluent in every respect. I feel this is absolutely unnecessary. With this comment I suggest that the Bill must be withdrawn. There is no point in trying to mislead the people stating that you are increasing only


Rs. 500, while the cost is Rs. 12,000. I am opposing this with all the emphasis at my command, with all my sincerity.

Sri Syed Hasan:—I was of the opinion that I should support this Bill which had come from the Government. I was thinking that it will be Rs. 3,500 for the Ministers exclusive of all taxes. But now I support Mr. Sriramulu who had proposed Rs. 5,000. It would be in all fairness correct. Earlier, in Nizam’s Government they used to get Rs. 3,000 salary and all the other expenses like income-tax and other taxes were borne by them. Now our ministers do seem to show that they are people's representatives. They started taking Rs. 1,000 towards their salary but the expenses as the details given by Mr. Sriramulu show that it far exceeds the amount they take. But the people do not know this. We being the people's representatives it is but fair that we should have courage to say that we should take this much of amount and the taxes would go out of this and what remains would be used for personal use. Here it is vice versa. All the time people think that in Rs. 1,000 how these ministers could maintain and it is just as a token they are taking Rs. 1,000. Everybody would guess how Rs. 1,000 would be sufficient. In all fairness it would be correct that the Ministers ask for Rs. 5,000 and an amendment could even be moved now and we could approve that demand. It is another point that has to be taken into consideration. Once a lady member was telling me that she had contested against the Congress and she had to spend Rs. 1,25,000 and Congress riding on Indira wave and popularity of the candidate had to spend Rs. 7 lakhs. I was astonished. I heard this for the first time. I told her that this must be the highest figure in Andhra region. She told me that it reaches Rs. 9 lakhs at times. I wondered at this. Till recently we were getting Rs. 350 as salary and Rs. 30 as daily allowance. It is all a jugglary of figures. We cannot reach that figure or even 1/100th of the figure that we had spent or we are supposed to spend in election. Recently for M.L.A. quarters single rooms and also for family quarters they said that rents are too high. Therefore we would pay you Rs. 15 more and charge the normal rate. This was told by the Government. I tried to ascertain the facts and the facts were correct.

So, in this also, if Rs. 5,000 are taken and the other expenditure (which is far more than what we could imagine) is met not by the Government but the ministers, then the burden on the exchequer would be less. In all fairness it is advisable that the Government accept this and ask for more than just Rs. 1,000.
About the cars, how the cars are misutilised one could imagine. For the car, if the loan is given to the Ministers and those Deputy Ministers and Ministers of State they can be owners and also this sort of expenditure on the driver, cleaner and maintenance would go. I hope this point also would be considered.

Sri Ch. Parasuramanaidu:—This is a measure long over due. In the Business Advisory Committee, we were all suggesting that the salaries of the Ministers should be raised long ago. But the Hon’ble Chief Minister was very hesitant. I am unable to understand why he was hesitant. The salaries of the Ministers should be raised so as to enable them to discharge their duties to the benefit of the State. I am unable to agree with the criticism that has been levelled against this measure. The Ministers have to do their duties which we are demanding from all sides here. What we want is discharge of duties efficiently and quickly by the Ministers. The other day, Sri A. Sriramulu demanded clean administration. When we want the Ministers not to sit idle in the office, they have to go to the districts; they have to respond to the people. The measure of Government’s success lies in the measure of their response to the people. When that is so, their salaries should be adequate to their needs. Hon’ble Chief Minister should have brought forward a bill raising the salaries of the Ministers long back. The salary of a Minister should be over and above to that of
the Chief Secretary at least by one rupee. Why the salary of the Chief Secretary of our State is so much? This is above the salary of a Minister. As a matter of principle, I differ from it. The Head of the State shall have more salary than the Head of the Administrator. That is a matter of pride also. Here the Chief Minister has failed in coming forward with a necessary measure that he should have brought forward. If Chief Secretary's salary is Rs. 2,500 p.m. a Minister's salary should be at least one rupee more. For one thing, I enjoin. Then with regard to the facilities, I am not able to understand. Why should we criticise for criticism sake. If we want the Ministers to respond to the people's call, they must have a car. Ministers should not waste their time in journeys. So they must travel in car. Their time is national treasure. Their time is state wealth. Their time should not be wasted for want of telephone and car etc. In the M.L.A's hostels, mosquitoes problem should be looked into by the Hon'ble Minister for P.W.D. who happens to the Chairman of the House Committee.

I, therefore, hole-heartedly, completely and fully support this measure and wish that something is done to all. With these words, I take leave.

Government Bills:

ঐরংপুরের শাসন পিণ্ড পরিবর্তন রীতিনীতি প্রণয়ন, যদি না তা সম্ভব যা সম্ভব হলে না তা বিচার করা রাখা যাকে। যদি না তা সম্ভব হলে না তা বিচার করা রাখা যাকে। যদি না তা সম্ভব হলে না তা বিচার করা রাখা যাকে।

(৩৫) সংবিধান : — একটি রূপে, যদি একটি মনোনীত সংবিধান ৩ ডিচ ৭০ চী ৩৭২ নামচক্র বল প্রচলিত আছে তাহি যদি আকৃতিতে কিছুসমূহ সংবিধানের মধ্যে সংষ্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। যদি সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়।

রাজ্যের যে সংবিধান নিয়মিত করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়।

(৩৬) সংবিধান : — একটি রূপে, যদি একটি মনোনীত সংবিধান ৩ ডিচ ৭০ চী ৩৭২ নামচক্র বল প্রচলিত আছে তাহি যদি আকৃতিতে কিছুসমূহ সংবিধানের মধ্যে সংষ্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। যদি সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়।

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(৩৭) সংবিধান : — একটি রূপে, যদি একটি মনোনীত সংবিধান ৩ ডিচ ৭০ চী ৩৭২ নামচক্র বল প্রচলিত আছে তাহি যদি আকৃতিতে কিছুসমূহ সংবিধানের মধ্যে সংষ্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। যদি সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়।

রাজ্যের যে সংবিধান নিয়মিত করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়।

(৩৮) সংবিধান : — একটি রূপে, যদি একটি মনোনীত সংবিধান ৩ ডিচ ৭০ চী ৩৭২ নামচক্র বল প্রচলিত আছে তাহি যদি আকৃতিতে কিছুসমূহ সংবিধানের মধ্যে সংষ্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। যদি সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়।

রাজ্যের যে সংবিধান নিয়মিত করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়। সংবিধানের মধ্যে কিছুসমূহ সংস্করণ করা হয়েছিল তাহি আকৃতির পরিবর্তন করা না যায়।
Government Bills:


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Government Bills:

4-50 p.m.


Government Bills:


5.00 p.m.

The Bill was introduced by Shri Kamalal Mithal, Revenue Minister. The Bill seeks to amend the existing provision regarding the payment of salaries to the Government servants and to remove certain disqualifications which may arise in connection with their service. The Bill is supported by the following modifications:

1. The existing provision regarding the payment of salaries to Government servants is amended to include certain categories of Government servants who were previously excluded.

2. The Bill removes certain disqualifications which may arise in connection with the service of Government servants, such as disqualifications arising from criminal convictions or from being related to Government servants.

3. The Bill provides for the payment of a minimum salary of Rs. 250 per month to Government servants, regardless of their rank or position.

4. The Bill provides for the payment of a minimum salary of Rs. 500 per month to Government servants who have completed 10 years of service.

The Bill was passed by the Legislative Assembly without any amendment and was referred to the Governor for assent.
Government Bills:


The Minister by virtue of his office, he has to occupy that House.

87—14
Government Bills:

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The Minister by virtue of his office, he has to occupy that House. As Ministers, we cannot occupy small houses and talk official matters in very nook and corner.

87—14

Government Bills


అంతర్భాగం సరాగి కూడా నిర్మాణం అంది—

Sri A. Sreeramulu :—Why should your residences be so lavish? Look at the quarters of the Central Ministers?

Sri P. Narsa Reddy :—24 hours we have contacts with public. We cannot restrict ourselves to say 8 a.m. to 11 a.m. or 11-00 a.m. to 5-00 p.m. our work is entirely different than others. If hon'ble members insist, we are prepared to leave the bungalows. We must see the manner in which democracy functions. The Majority party will form the Government and that will run the executive. For the purpose of smooth running of the administration, number of Ministers are appointed.

We have to examine every aspect. Without that we cannot say anything.

యొక్కుడు నిండి వానికి వచ్చాం ఎన్నించాం—It is not like that. This is a salary for some work. As a Minister in the Council of Ministers, in the administrative set up, he has some work to do. ధారాలను ఇంటి ప్రేమించగానే మరొక రెండు రూపాణి రంగానే, రెండు రెండు దానిలో మేరుగు ఎత్తు అయిన నిండి ఉంచాం. ఈ సర్వసాధారణ నిండి వచ్చాం మాత్రమే కాని పరామర్శం, ముందు వచ్చాం కాని పరామర్శం కాదు అలాగే మాత్రమే పరామర్శం చేయాలని కాని పరామర్శం కాదు అలాగే మాత్రమే పరామర్శం చేయాలి...They were all given Cabinet rank Minister of State rank. The Chairman has to review the works of the Heads of the Departments. They have to attend to all the meetings connected with the Region and have to discuss. ఈ అంశాలలో, ఆవిర్ధం ఎందుకంటే సర్వసాధారణం ఇదే మాటకంటే —Unless a personality of Chairman is given the rank of Minister, he will not be able to deal with the case.
Government Bills:


That is why, the Chairman of the Development Committees have been given the status in order to perform their functions well, in order to perform their functions well, the Chairman of the Development Committees have been given the status in order to perform their functions well, the Chairman of the Development Committees have been given the status in order to perform their functions well. The Chief Whip is a person appointed on the recommendation of the Chief Minister. He has to undertake the work in the Legislature. He has to be here and he has to see the business of the House—in what manner each Member has to speak on behalf of the Treasury Benches. He performs Legislative functions of the Government. Therefore, it cannot be said that he is a party worker and party has to pay for him. The entire administration is run by the Hon'ble Speaker so far as the Legislature is concerned. We are not here to go into the details of the work of the Legislature Department.

Sri A. Sreeramulu:—Let a Stenographer be given.

On their advice,


Government Bills:

The Minister has brought. Otherwise, we would not have considered. They are just like any other Officers. There, the Ministers are just like our bureaucrats. There, the Secretary is more powerful than the Prime Minister. We cannot half heartedly make adjustments as suggested by the Hon'ble Members. They have allotted Cars to the Deputy Speaker and the Deputy Chairman. Here, even the Deputy Secretary and Chief Engineer are provided with cars.

Now if the Deputy Speaker who has to preside in the absence of the Speaker of this August House, is asked to come in a rickshaw or by a motor-cycle, in the rainy season, Sir, I have seen, he drenches completely and he will be unwilling to come into the House in that condition because he has to occupy the chair proudly. There is nothing much in this. We are not affording anything special. To keep the status and dignity of the Deputy Speaker and the Deputy Chairman, cars have been provided and the expenditure is not very much so far as those four vehicles are concerned. I submit that the hon'ble members may kindly accept the amendments.
Government Bills: 29th March, 1975


Sri P. Narsa Reddy:—There the ministers are bureaucrats.

Mr. Speaker:—The Question is:

‘That the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1975 be taken into consideration.’

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2.

Sri P. Narsa Reddy:—I beg to move:

“In section 3 of the principal Act:

For the words "seven hundred and fifty rupees per mensem" substitute the words "one thousand rupees per mensem".

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

“In section 3 of the principal Act.

For the words "seven hundred and fifty rupees per mensem" substitute the words "one thousand rupees per mensem".

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

“That Clause 2 as amended do stand part of the Bill”.

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2, as amended, was added to the Bill.

Clause 3

Sri P. Narasa Reddy:—I beg to move:

To clause 3, add the following ‘and the following sentence shall be added at the end namely:

“The Income-tax payable by the Deputy Ministers, if any, the Chief Whip or the Government Whip in the Council, in so far as it relates to the salary and allowances mentioned in this section shall be borne by the State Government”.

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To Clause 3, add the following:

‘and the following sentence shall be added at the end’ namely:

“The Income-tax payable by the Deputy Ministers, if any, the Chief Whip or the Government Whip in the Council, in so far as it relates to the salary and allowances mentioned in this section shall be borne by the State Government.”

The Motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

“That Clause 3 as amended do stand part of the Bill”.

The motion was adopted and Clause 3, as amended, was added to the Bill.
Clause 4

Sri P. Narasa Reddy:—I beg to move:

1. In Clause 4, insert the following as sub-clause (iv)

“(iv) in subsection (5), for the words “by the Speaker or
the Chairman”, the words “by the Speaker, the Chairman, the
Deputy Speaker or the Deputy Chairman, shall be substituted.”

2. In section 4 of the principal Act:

For the words “seven hundred and fifty rupees per mensem”
substitute the words “one thousand rupees per mensem.”

Mr. Speaker:—Amendments moved:

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

1. In clause 4, insert the following as sub-clause (iv)

“(iv) in sub-section (5), for the words “by the Speaker or the
Chairman”, the words “by the Speaker, the Chairman, the Deputy
Speaker or Deputy Chairman, shall be substituted.”

2. In section 4 of the principal Act:

For the words “seven hundred and fifty rupees per mensem”
substitute the words “one thousand rupees per mensem.”

The motion was adopted and the Clause 4 as amended was
added to the Bill.

Clause 5.

Sri P. Narasa Reddy:—I beg to move:

To clause 5, add the following:

‘and the following sentence shall be added at the end ‘namely,

“The Income tax payable by the Parliamentary Secretaries, if
any, in so far as it relates to the salary and allowances mentioned in
this section shall be borne by the State Government.’

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To clause 5, add the following:

‘and the following sentence shall be added at the end’ namely:

“The income tax payable by the Parliamentary Secretaries, if
any, in so far as it relates to the salary and allowances mentioned in
this section shall be borne by the State Government.”

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

“That Clause 5 as amended do stand part of the Bill’

The motion was adopted and Clause 5 as amended was added to the Bill.

**Clause 6**

Mr. Speaker:— The question is ..

"That Clause 6 do stand part of the Bill"

The motion was adopted and Clause 6 was added to the Bill.

**Clause 1.**

Sri P. Narasa Reddy:—I beg to move:

For sub-clause (2) of clause 1, substitute the following:

"(2) Section 3, clauses (ii) and (iv) of section 4 and section 5 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st February, 1974, clause (iii) of section 4 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 25th September, 1974 and the remaining sections shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st January, 1975."

Mr. Speaker:— Amendment moved.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

For sub-clause (2) of clause 1, substitute the following:

"(2) Section 3, clauses (ii) and (iv) of section 4 and section 5 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st February, 1974, clause (iii) of section 4 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 25th September, 1974 and the remaining sections shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st January, 1975."

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

"That Clause 1 as amended do stand part of the Bill."

The Motion was adopted and Clause 1 as amended was added to the Bill.

**Enacting Formula and Long Title**

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

"That Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted and the enacting formula and long title were added to the Bill.

Sri P. Narasa Reddy:—I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1975 be passed."

Mr. Speaker:— Motion moved.

The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1975 be passed."

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.
Sri Ch. Venkata Rao:—I beg to move:

"That the Indian Tolls Laws (Andhra Pradesh Extension and Amendment) Bill, 1975 be taken into consideration."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved:

5-30 p.m.
Government Bills:

The Indian Tolls Laws (Andhra Pradesh Extension and Amendment) Bill, 1975.


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పద్ధతి సంస్థాన వారి మీదుగా, ఆధారపడి తాము విదేశి విశేషాలు నిద్రాత్మకం మారుతుంది, అంటే నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా సమయం

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

ఎండూ సమయాలు ఉండాలి: వచ్చింది తాను సమయాలు నిద్రాత్మకం సమయం కా ఆధారం.

87—15
Government Bills:

I have gone through the objects and reasons very closely. It is alright. But I want some clarifications.

5-50 p.m.
Government Bills:

29th July, 1975.
Government Bills:


6.00 p.m. (P) D. Bhaskar Reddy :—Hon'ble Members, let me call your attention to the fact that in the course of the debate on the Bill, the Speaker intimated that the text published is not the correct text. Let me inform the House that the text which was published is only the text of the Bill as printed in the Government Gazette. The text which I am going to move is the text which was debated in the House. I am informed that the text which was debated was approved by the Government. Therefore, I am presenting it without the slightest hesitation. I do not know what is the objection to the text which was debated. If there is any objection, you can pass a resolution as to what you want to do with the text which was debated. I have the text of the Bill as debated in the House. I am presenting it now, in the House.

P. V. Rajashekhara Reddy :—Mr. Speaker, I do not know what is the objection to the text which was debated. I think it is not a matter of any serious consequence. If it is, we can always take a decision and move a resolution. But I am presenting the text which was debated in the House.

...
Government Bills.


The bill seeks to impose duties on the extractive industries and to regulate their operations. It aims to ensure that the benefits of the mineral resources are shared fairly among the government and the local population. The bill also provides for the establishment of a Mineral Development and Regulatory Commission to monitor and regulate the activities of the mining companies.

The bill includes provisions for the assessment of duties based on the quantity of minerals extracted, with higher rates for larger quantities. It also mandates the allocation of a certain percentage of the revenue generated from the duties to the local communities from which the minerals are extracted.

The bill was debated in the legislative assembly, with representatives from various parties expressing their views on the proposed measures. The government had faced criticism for its plans to impose higher duties on the mining sector, but it argued that these would help in generating revenue for the state and in ensuring the sustainability of the industry.

The bill was eventually passed, with some amendments proposed by the opposition parties.

The Andhra Pradesh (Mineral Rights) Tax Bill, 1975, is a significant piece of legislation that seeks to regulate the mining sector and ensure a fair disposition of the mineral resources for the benefit of the state and its people.

Amendments: The bill was amended to address some of the concerns raised by the opposition parties. The amendments included changes to the assessment rates and the allocation of duties to the local communities.

Important Provisions:
- The bill mandates the imposition of duties on the extractive industries
- The duties are assessed based on the quantity of minerals extracted
- A certain percentage of the duties is allocated to the local communities
- The bill establishes a Mineral Development and Regulatory Commission

In summary, the Andhra Pradesh (Mineral Rights) Tax Bill, 1975, is a landmark legislation that seeks to regulate the mining sector and ensure a fair disposition of the mineral resources for the benefit of the state and its people.
Mr. Speaker:—Section says, “not exceeding one fourth of the royalty......”. It is not one fourth.
Government Bills:


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6-10p.m.

Government Bills:

హాస్యమం లేను ఎందరి. సాధారణంగా ఈ పిత్రితం చేసినప్పటి, ముందు మాత్రమే సాధారణ చేసిన రీతి లేదే కేంద్రంగా వినిపించారు. కోచరు తారయేసుకుంది, వినీతానికి సమాచారం పొందుండి ఎందరోత్తరం. తెలియం లేకపోయిన విషయాలను తెలియం కేంద్రంగా వేసిన చట్టయేసుకుంది (ప్రాతినిధ్యం వంటి విషయాలు) ఎందరో సత్యం కేంద్రం మాత్రమే కేంద్రం వేసిన చట్టయేసుకుంది.

ప్రథమ స. సంఖ్యలో జాబేటులను కాపడం ముందు మాత్రమే. ఆది గ్రామంలో ప్రతి పరమాణాన్ని మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. ఇందులో సంఖ్యలు చేసుకుంది చాలా మందం. మరొక సంఖ్యలు కాపడం మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. మొదటి మాట మరెకు బాగా యుగం ఉంది. ప్రతి పరమాణాన్ని మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. ఎందరోత్తరం కేంద్రం మాత్రమే కేంద్రం వేసి ఇవి ఉపయోగించారు.

దశశిరా స. సంఖ్యలో ప్రతి విధానం అయితే ప్రతి పరమాణాన్ని మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. మరొక సంఖ్యలు కాపడం మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. మరొక సంఖ్యలు కాపడం మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. ఎందరోత్తరం కేంద్రం మాత్రమే కేంద్రం వేసి ఇవి ఉపయోగించారు.

పాండస్యస. సంఖ్యలో ప్రతి విధానం అయితే ప్రతి పరమాణాన్ని మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. మరొక సంఖ్యలు కాపడం మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. మరొక సంఖ్యలు కాపడం మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. ఎందరోత్తరం కేంద్రం మాత్రమే కేంద్రం వేసి ఇవి ఉపయోగించారు.

ప్రథమ స. సంఖ్యలో ప్రతి విధానం అయితే ప్రతి పరమాణాన్ని మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. మరొక సంఖ్యలు కాపడం మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. మరొక సంఖ్యలు కాపడం మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. ఎందరోత్తరం కేంద్రం మాత్రమే కేంద్రం వేసి ఇవి ఉపయోగించారు.

పాండస్యస. సంఖ్యలో ప్రతి విధానం అయితే ప్రతి పరమాణాన్ని మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. మరొక సంఖ్యలు కాపడం మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. మరొక సంఖ్యలు కాపడం మాత్రమే ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉపయోగించారు. ఎందరోత్తరం కేంద్రం మాత్రమే కేంద్రం వేసి ఇవి ఉపయోగించారు.

Section 1: 
...
382 29th March, 1975.

Government Bills

The Andhra Pradesh (Mineral Rights Tax Bill, 1975.)

(1) విధానాధికారి కంటే నిలచేది మంత్రి ఎందుకు వారించేందుకు ఎందుకు?

(2) శాసనాధికారికి ఎందుకు వారించేందుకు ఎందుకు?

(3) నిలచేది ఎందుకు వారించేందుకు ఎందుకు?

(4) శాసనాధికారికి ఎందుకు వారించేందుకు ఎందుకు?

(5) నిలచేది ఎందుకు వారించేందుకు ఎందుకు?

(6) శాసనాధికారికి ఎందుకు వారించేందుకు ఎందుకు?

Mr. Speaker:— The question is: 6-30 p. m.

"That the Andhra Pradesh (Mineral Rights) Tax Bill, 1975 be taken into consideration".

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

"That clauses 2 to 9 and Schedule do stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted and clauses 2 to 9 and the Schedule were added to the Bill.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

"That clause 1 enacting formula and long title do stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted and clause 1 enacting formula and long title were added to the Bill.

The Minister for Excise (Sri V. Purushotham Reddy):— Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh (Mineral Rights) Tax Bill, 1975, be passed".

Mr. Speaker:— Motion moved.
384 29th March 1975.

Government Bills:

(Then Sri Nallaparedi Srinivasul Reddi staged a walk-out)

Mr. Speaker:— the question is:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Mineral Rights Tax Bill, 1975 be passed”.

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.


The Minister for Panchayati Raj Sri L. Lakshmanadas:

Sir, I beg to move,

“That the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Amendment Bill, 1975 be referred to a Joint Select Committee consisting of 20 members, 15 members from the Legislative Assembly and 5 members from the Legislative Council”.

I shall give the names of 15 members after the discussion is over.

I further beg to move:

“That this Assembly recommends to the Legislative Council that they do join in the said Joint Select Committee and communicate to the Assembly the name of the members to be appointed to the said Joint Select Committee by the Council”.

The A.P. Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Amendment Bill, 1975.
Government Bills:

The A. P. Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads (Amendment) Bill 1975.

29th March, 1975

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...
Government Bills:

386 19th March, 1975


87—17
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and

Sir, Mr. Lakshman Das has kept up a lot of his promises to the public. The provisions he has introduced are no doubt far-reaching. Yet, they require improvement particularly in regard to the Revenue Administration with the Panchayati Raj Administration. So I have absolutely no hesitation in congratulating him for having brought this measure in embodying the principle of decentralisation. It has to go still further. I have to say one thing while passing. Mr. Vanka Stryanarayana has said for the first time that the principle of Panchayati Raj has come into being on account of the Great Lenin. I do agree that Lenin was great and genius and a revolutionary leader of the highest type. But I can agree with Mr. Satyanarayana, a patriot leader, when he said that Panchayati Raj had been for the first time founded by Lenin. It is not sir. In ancient India, even during B.C when Budha was there, Panchayati Raj was there. It is the Indian genius. With these few words, I take my seat.
Government Bills:  

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and 

...
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(ఫ) జపాత్రా పంచాయత్ సమితి అంధ్ర ప్రదేశానికి వ్యవసాయం చేసే యొక్క మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో ఉండదు. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో కొని మంచు పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి.

వ్యవసాయకుడు వైఎస్ఆర్ పంచాయత్ సమితి మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో ఉండదు. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి. మొంద్య పంచాయత్ సమితిలో వారి మానసిక పరిస్థితులు ఉంటాయి.


( raids, మేత్తితో రోగియ, అంతే రోగులు, సేవా విభాగ విడించినవి, అంతర్భాగం సర్వస్వం సంఖ్యలు సంపాదించినవి. అంతర్భాగం సర్వస్వం సంఖ్యలు సంపాదించినవి. అంతర్భాగం సర్వస్వం సంఖ్యలు సంపాదించినవి. అంతర్భాగం సర్వస్వం సంఖ్యలు సంపాదించినవి. అంతర్భాగం సర్వస్వం సంఖ్యలు సంపాదించినవి. అంతర్భాగం సర్వస్వం సంఖ్యలు సంపాదించినవి. అంతర్భాగం సర్వస్వం సంఖ్యలు సంపాదించినవి. అంతర్భాగం సర్వస్వం సంఖ్యలు సంపాదించినవి. 7 సంఖ్య సేవా విభాగ విడించినవి.

( ఉపసంఘం )

( ఉపసంఘం )

7-00 p.m
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads (Amendment) Bill, 1975

Sri L. Lakshman Das (Minister for Panchayati Raj)
2. Sri K.V.S. Padmanabha Raju,
3. Sri R. Rajaratnam,
4. Sri Venkata Hariram gaiah,
5. Sri Habeebul Ha,
6. Sri Venkataranarayana,
7. Sri Sambasivaraju,
The question is:

"The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads (Amendment) Bill, 1975, be referred to a Joint Select Committee consisting of 20 Members, 15 Members from the Legislative Assembly and 5 Members from the Legislative Council."

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads (Amendment) Bill, 1975, be referred to a Joint Select Committee consisting of 20 Members, 15 Members from the Legislative Assembly and 5 Members from the Legislative Council."

The motion was adopted.


Government Bills:


3. పనుల సాధనాలు: — అదిగా రాష్ట్ర సంఘం సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు నిర్మాణం.

3 నివాసాలు సాధనాలు: — మేరుగు రాష్ట్ర సంఘం సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు నిర్మాణం.

3 పాటు సాధనాలు: — భారత రాష్ట్ర సంఘం సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు నిర్మాణం.

3 ప్రధాన సాధనాలు: — భారత రాష్ట్ర సంఘం సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు నిర్మాణం.

3 ప్రధాన సాధనాలు: — భారత రాష్ట్ర సంఘం సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు నిర్మాణం.

3 ప్రధాన సాధనాలు: — భారత రాష్ట్ర సంఘం సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు నిర్మాణం.

3 ప్రధాన సాధనాలు: — భారత రాష్ట్ర సంఘం సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు సంఘం పనుల సాధనాలు నిర్మాణం.
Government Bills:


Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The purpose of the Select Committee is to get the best opinion, consolidated opinion of the Members. If that was so, it is not for the House or for some others to discuss here and be done with it. Otherwise it becomes a mockery of democratic procedure.

THE ANDHRA PRADHESH GRAM PANCHAYATS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1975.

Sri L. Laxmana Dass:—Sir, I beg to move that:

"The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Amendment) Bill, 1975, be taken into consideration."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The purpose of the Select Committee is to get the best opinion, consolidated opinion of the Members. If that was so, it is not for the House or for some others to discuss here and be done with it. Otherwise it becomes a mockery of democratic procedure.

THE ANDHRA PRADHESH GRAM PANCHAYATS (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1975.

Sri L. Laxmana Dass:—Sir, I beg to move that:

"The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Amendment) Bill, 1975, be taken into consideration."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.
29th March, 1975. Government Bills:

NAMES OF MEMBERS FROM ASSEMBLY:
1. Sri L. Lakshmanadas  2. Sri J. Mutyalu  
5. Sri M. V. Subba Reddi  6. Sri Y. Satyanarayana  
7. Sri J. Janardhana Reddy  8. Sri Gaddanna  
10. Sri M.V. Jagannatham  13. Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu  

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:
"The Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Amendment) Bill, 1975, be taken into consideration."

The Motion was adopted.

Sri. L. Laksmanadas:— Sir, I beg to move:
"That the Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayats (Amendment) Bill, 1975, be referred to a Joint Select Committee consisting of 20 members, 15 Members from the Legislative Assembly* and 5 Members from the Legislative Council."

*1. Sri L. Lakshmanadas,  
(Minister for Panchayati Raj).
2. Sri J. Mutyalu. 
5. Sri M. V. Subba Reddy.  
7. Sri J. Janardhan Reddy.  
8. Sri Gaddanna.  
10. Sri M.V. Jagannatham.  
12. Sri M. Ramchandrayya.  