THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT
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THE

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Speaker : Sri P. Ranga Reddy

Deputy Speaker : Sri Syed Rahmat Ali

Panel of Chairmen: 1. Sri Kaza Ramanadham
2. Sri Baddam Yella Reddy
3. Smt. D. Indira
4. Sri M. Yellappa

Secretary : Sri A. Shanker Reddy,
B.A., LL.B

Assistant Secretaries: 1. Sri M. Ramanadha Sastry
2. Sri P. Ranga Rao
3. Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy
4. Sri V. K. Viswanath
5. Sri S. Poornananda Sastry
6. Sri K. Satyanarayana Rao
7. Sri R. N. Sarma
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Establishment of a Demonstration sponge Iron Plant in Kothagudem

991—

*4584 Q.—Sri V. Srikrishna (Mangalagiri) (Put by Sri A. Srimulu):—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to establish a Demonstration Sponge Iron Plant at Kothagudem with the assistance of the United Nations Development Programme;

(b) if so, what is the capital outlay and the annual production of the said plant; and

(c) the probable employment potential under the Plant?

The Minister for Public Works (Sri Ch Venkata Rao deputised Minister for the Industries) :

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) The capital outlay of the project is estimated to be of the order of about Rs. 4 crores and the annual production capacity of the plant is 30,000 tonnes.

(c) The project is estimated to generate direct employment of about 300 persons and indirect employment of about 2,000 persons.

* An asterisk before the name indicates confirmation by the Member.

Oral Answers to Questions.

expansion of the Sigareni Colleries

902—

*4297 Q.—Sri Nallapreddy Sreevivasul Reddy—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to expand the Singareni Colleries to set up coal production;
(b) what is the estimated cost of the expansion programme;
(c) whether the Central Govt. will share the expenditure;
(d) what is the state's share of investment in the Colleries; and
(e) whether the expansion programme will be completed in Fifth Plan Period?

Sri Ch. Venkaṭa Rao:—(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) Rs. 60 crores.
(c) Yes, Sir.
(d) Rs. 5 crores in the share capital.

(e) The Management of the Singareni Colleries Company is taking all necessary steps in the matter and it is hoped that it will be completed during the V Plan Period.
Oral answers to Questions.  81st July, 1974.  363

**Mrs. Venkatesam (Kuppam):** Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Small Industries Extensions Training Institute has suggested to government to start one Unit of Oboresin, a liquid form of chillies at Karimnagar;

(b) if so, what would be the estimated cost of this Project; and

(c) whether the Government will consider to start one such Project at Guntur also where large quantity of chillies are produced?

**Sri Ch. Venkata Rao:** (a) Yes, Sir. It is Oboresin and not oberasin.

(b) Rs. 7.00 lakhs.

(c) Yes, Sir, as soon as the supply of alcohol position is improved.

Starting of one unit of Oboresin at Karimnagar

* 4490 Q.- Sri D. Venkatesam (Kuppam):—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Small Industries Extensions Training Institute has suggested to government to start one Unit of Oboresin, a liquid form of chillies at Karimnagar;

(b) if so, what would be the estimated cost of this Project; and

(c) whether the Government will consider to start one such Project at Guntur also where large quantity of chillies are produced?

**Sri Ch. Venkata Rao:** (a) Yes, Sir. It is Oboresin and not oberasin.

(b) Rs. 7.00 lakhs.

(c) Yes, Sir, as soon as the supply of alcohol position is improved.
Serving of Special Food to the duty Doctors in the
K.G.Hospital, Visakhapatnam

904—

* 4265 Q.—Sri P. Sanyasi Rao—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:
  (a) the reason why the special food usually given to the duty doctors, is not being given in the King George Hospital, Visakhapatnam;
  (b) the reason for the failure on the part of the Superintendent to take steps on the objections expressed by Doctors several times when the diet that is being served to the patients is given to the Doctors; and
  (c) whether it is a fact that the Duty Doctors refused to take food supplied by the Hospital consequent to the failure of the Superintendent to take any action on the complaints of the Duty Doctors

* The Minister for Health and Medical (Sri K. Rajamallu): —
  (a) Food is being supplied to the Assistant Surgeons ‘on’ duty in the King George Hospital, Visakhapatnam.
  (b) The diet given to the Medical Officers is specially prepared in the kitchen and supplied to them the stainless steel carriers.
Superintendent of the hospital is taking all measures to improve the quality of food in consulting with the Assistant Surgeons and Dietician.

(c) No Sir.

In the evening they are provided with two slices of bread with jam or two Vadas or Bajji or Pakoda with special Coffee. They are served with dinner at 8.00 p.m. either vegetarian or non-vegetarian depending upon the individual taste and requirement. The Menu consisting of two chapathies, adequate quantity of fine rice, two boiled eggs or omlet or meet or fish, two plantains for vegetarian, one veg. curry Sambar, chetny and curd. At 6.00 p.m.

Sri M. R. Deen (Visakhapatnam-1) :—Is it a fact that the Superintendent, King George Hospital has reported several times to the Director of Medical Services, Andhra Pradesh to enhance from Rs. 3/- to Rs. 8/- to the special doctors. (2) Whether it is a fact that patients in the Men’s Special are not supplied food?

Sri K. Rajamallu :—I myself visited Osmania General Hospital. I am particularly visiting kitchens and seeing what the food is being prepared for the doctors. That is very good according to me.
We have not received any complaint from the Doctors that proper food is not given to them.

Sri K. Rajamallu:—I have already said that proper food is being supplied to the Doctors. I will certainly examine. As far as complaints are concerned, I have not received any complaints. According to the rules and regulations, we are making arrangements for the Legislators. I will keep this point in view. I will examine.

A. Srimulu (Eluru):—What is the Menu of food given to patients. Does the Government think that the patients can take anything that is supplied.

Sri K. Rajamallu:—Patients, complaints are there Sir. Because the amount that has been given each patient was only Rs. 1-50, Government have recently, 6 months back, enhanced to Rs. 2-50. Simple white-rice and some mutton, some veg. daal are given to the ordinary patients.
Orai Answers to Questions.


(i) Member of Parliment: — Are the prices of salt for the month of July reduced by 50 per cent? If so, why? If not, why?

(ii) Member of Parliment: — For the last two years, the price of rice has been reduced by 50 per cent. Why?

(iii) As a member, I have given information. As an employee of a company, I have given information.

(iv) I am living in a house. I have given information. I have given information.

(v) I am living in a house. I have given information. I have given information.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(ప్రపంచ జ్యోతిష్యం (మంత్రి):— నేను హేంటి అందజేసానికి పిలువండి. ఈ ఎమిషన్లు మన దేశ సాంస్కృతిక సాధనాలపై అందాంటే తల్లిడి అందాండి. అగ్ని తప్పని అది నేను సానికి అందాండి. మన దేశం యిని ఏమి అంటే తప్పని అది నేను అందాండి. మన దేశం యిని అక్కడ యింటి అది నేను అందాండి. అది అక్కడ యింటి అది నేను అందాండి.

(ప్రపంచ జ్యోతిష్యం): నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి.

(ప్రపంచ జ్యోతిష్యం):— నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి.

(ప్రపంచ జ్యోతిష్యం): నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి.

(ప్రపంచ జ్యోతిష్యం):— నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి. నేను హేంటి అందాండి.
Oral Answers to Questions.

31st July, 1944.

62—2
\textbf{REGULARISATION OF THE SERVICES OF HEALTH VISITORS IN CUDDAPAH DIST}

905—

4575 Q — Sri D. Krishna Reddy (Narsaraopet);— Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to refer to the Answer given to L.A.Q. No. 2573 on 1-12-71 and state:

(a) the reasons for not regularising the services of the qualified Health Visitors in Cuddapah district though the matter is pending since more than six years;

(b) whether it is a fact that many of the Health Visitors retired from service even without their services being regularised;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the services of some of the Health Visitors who are juniors were regularised;

(d) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(e) the time still required by the Government for regularising their services?

* Sri K. Rajamallu;— (a) Out of 35 Health visitors working in Cuddapah District the services of 11 Health visitors have already been regularised. Proposals for regularisation of services of 6 Health visitors have been received by the Director of Medical Services on 29-6-71 and they are under scrutiny. Regarding the remaining 18 Health visitors the District Medical and Health Officer, Cuddapah has been asked to expedite the proposals.

(b) No Sir. The services of one Health visitor Smt. S. E. David were not regularised before her retirement in April 1974, as her service record prior to 1961 was not available.

(c) The services of some of the Junior Health visitors have been regularised without prejudice to the seniority of their seniors if any. The regularisation of Health visitors will not at all affect the interests of their seniors, as the relative seniority of Health visitors will be fixed after their services are regularised.

(d) The reasons are:-

1. Non-receipt of proposals from the subordinate officers for all Health visitors.
2. Incomplete proposals.

3. Overaged Health visitors for whom relaxation of age rule is required.

4. Regularisation of long periods of absence of some Health visitors.

(e) The Director of Medical Services is competent to regularise the services of Health visitors. As soon as complete proposals are received from and the subordinate officers, action will be taken by him to regularise the services of the remaining Health visitors.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—The main cause for this trouble is making temporary appointments; otherwise there is nothing for regularisation. If there is a clear vacancy and regular appointments, the question of regularisation would not arise. Will the Government consider to stop temporary appointments because it is the sole cause for this trouble?

Sri K. Rajamallu:—Yes, in future there will be no scope for temporary appointments, at all.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—This came up to surface. I have asked the Departments to enquire and take action against the concerned officers.
Mr. Speaker:—Implementing your request is something different from your representation. The Minister wanted whatever you want to represent, instead of writing to the D.M.S. you can as well write to him.

I am interfering in all matters. I asked the departmental people not to go ahead with appointments because the complaints were based...
on so many reasons, I said in order to rectify the whole thing I want to attend to every thing, I am taking keen interest and from the bottom unless it is washed we are not able to give the correct decision.

**INSISTING OF ANNUAL MINIMUM GUARANTEE BY ANDHRA PRADESH STATE ELECTRICITY BOARD**

906—

*4718 Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Srinivasu Reddi:—Will the hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

whether the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board is insisting annual minimum guarantee;

(i) from the consumers even though there is power cut;

(ii) even after the lapse of agreement period (i.e. ten years);

(iii) from the individuals (for agricultural consumption) to whom remission was granted for land revenue; and

(iv) for disconnected service connections?

The Minister for Power (Sri G. Rajaram):—(i) No, Sir.

The agreement continues to be in force even after the initial period of the agreement unless it is terminated as provided in the agreement. As long as the agreement is in force the consumers have normally to pay monthly minimum/Annual Minimum Guarantee.

(iii) No, Sir.

(iv) As per the tariffs and as per the agreement, the consumer has to pay the monthly minimum charges/Annual Minimum Guarantee even if the supply is under disconnection for default of payment arrears etc.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri G. Rajaram:—As long as the agreement is not terminated, the agreement continues to be in force. Any consumer if he wants to terminate his agreement, he can give one year's notice and get it terminated but if he does not do that, it will be presumed under the Act that the agreement continues to be in force.
For non-payment of arrears towards consumption charges or for pilferage or other violations if the service is disconnected he has to pay the annual minimum guarantee because it is the fault of the consumer and not of the Board. Therefore in such cases annual minimum guarantee he has to pay because the agreement continues to be in force.
9-10 a.m

The agreement continues to be there unless it is specifically terminated. In the year 1969-70, it was ordered that the Annual Minimum Guarantee be waived fully or partly as the case may be in the area in which land revenue remission is granted by the Government.

You call a meeting of some of these Legislators who are interested in this matter.

Sri G. Raja Ram:—If they write to me what all the issues they want to discuss, I will fix up a time.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—What is the superiority complex of the Minister Sir? Why should we write to him?

Sri G. Raja Ram:—I am prepared to convene a meeting as per your directions Sir. Let me know from the Members as to what particular issues they want to discuss.

Mr Speaker:—Issues are quite good in number because many issues have been raised here. I find they are not satisfied. So, you can discuss this matter across the table, perhaps, keeping your own officers also.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—The Minister can fix up a date and write to the Members just like the Chief Minister did.

Mr Speaker:—This is a matter coming up before the House quite a good number of days.

Sri G. Raja Ram:—According to Sri A. Sriramulu, should I call a meeting districtwise?

Mr Speaker:—Not district-wise.

Sri A. Sriramulu:—So that we can propose some subjects,
Oral Answers to Questions, 31st July, 1974, 377

Mr Speaker:—You call Legislators whoever are interested in this aspect of Annual Minimum Guarantee and other problems and you discuss with them.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Let him do it Sir, before this Session ends.

Sri G. Raja Ram:—I will do it during the Session only. I do not allow Members any extra D. A.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—It is not his grand-father's property.

Sri G. Raja Ram:—To say that it is not my grand father's property is unparliamentary. I said I will not allow an extra D. A.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—How is grand-father an unparliamentary word?

Mr. Speaker:—But the way of doing it, the way of...

Sri G. Raja Ram:—If I use the same language, what will happen Sir?

Mr. Speaker:—You can thrash out all these questions here on the Floor of the House during the Question Hour. You better sit at a Conference spend an hour or two and then arrive at some...

Mr. Speaker:—He said he would fix up a time and date and communicate it to all the Legislators.

LIBERALISED PENSION SCHEME TO TEACHERS

907—

* 4201 Q.—Sri V. Srikrishna:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that in 1970 March at the time of the withdrawal of the strike by the teachers, the Government agreed to implement the Liberalised Pension Scheme in accordance with the
agreement reached between the Teacher's Representatives and the Government;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the benefit of the scheme was not given to about 10,000 Teachers who retired between 19-3-1969 to 1-4-1973 due to the application of the scheme only from 1-4-1973; and

(c) if so, whether the Government are considering about the implementation of the scheme to these 10,000 teachers also?

The Minister for Education (Sri M. V. Krishna Rao)—

(a) The question of extending Liberalised Pension Rules to non-Government School Teachers was under examination of Government at the time of the withdrawal of the strike. There was no specific agreement to implement the Liberalised Pension Scheme from any particular date. The Government and the Representatives agreed to settle this issue by negotiations.

(b) The Liberalised Pension Rules are applicable only to those teachers who retired on or after 1-4-1973

(c) The question of extending the Liberalised Pension Scheme to teachers who retired between 19-3-1969 and 1-4-1973 is separately under examination.
CELEBRATION OF BIRTH ANNIVERSARY OF KANDUKURI VEERESALINGAM AT RAJAHMUNDY

* 4715 Q.—Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the 126th birth anniversary of Kandukuri Veeresalingam was celebrated at Rajahmundry by the Minister for Education recently; and

(b) if so, the amount of money the Government contributed for the purpose?

Sri M. V. Krishna Rao:—(a) No, Sir.

(b) No amount has been contributed by the Government for the purpose.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I have a right to say that because.

Mr. Speaker:—That is not the way. I am calling that gentleman who has caught my eye. Mr. Srinivasulu Reddy, please resume your seat. Let him say.

Mr. Srinivasulu Reddy:—Excess?

Mr. Speaker:—I saw him first and I wanted to hear him.

Mr. Speaker:—Let there be no more breeze. We have had enough of it.

Mr. Speaker:—No, no. Please, please.

Mr. Speaker:—Let there be no more breeze. We have had enough of it.

Mr. Speaker:—No, no. Please, please.

Mr. Speaker:—Let there be no more breeze. We have had enough of it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—History will record it, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—No, no. Please, please.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Here is a case of counter-revolution....

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Do you understand ?
5b^ §" &^^^** :—^o^s^ igo3^§) ? We can do most undignified things in the House and nobody outside the House should know it. Is that your contention?

Mr. Speaker :—I have no objection if the Members.

Sri C.V.K. Rao :—I agree with that Sir. That is the only thing.

Mr. Speaker :—This is the way how the Members should behave here-after.

(Laughter)

**DEGREE COURSE IN TEXTILE TECHNOLOGY IN CENTRAL UNIVERSITY**

909—

*4525 Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Srinivasul Reddi :—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether any representation has been received by the State Government to include degree course in Textile Technology in the proposed Central University; and

(b) whether the Government of Andhra Pradesh will recommend to the Centre to start degree classes in Textile Technology in the proposed Central University as there are no facilities to study textiles at Degree level at present in the whole of Andhra Pradesh?

Sri M. V. Krishna Rao : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) After due consideration, it has been decided to forward the recommendation of the State Government after the Central University Bill has been passed by the Parliament, or a Special Officer is appointed.
Sri S. Jaipal Reddy (Kalwakurthi):—Sir, it is known to the Government that the Central University is being set up in pursuance of the six-point formula. When that is so, how is it that the Bill in the Parliament has been moved without taking the State Government into confidence about it. The second question is, if the Central University is going to be started this year, did the State Government realise the site, if so, where?
Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—This is not a Central University on the lines of other Central Universities in the country. This was made part of the Constitutional Amendment Bill. If there are no special benefits for the people of Andhra Pradesh and citizens of Hyderabad and Secunderabad, there is no point of establishment of this University here. Therefore, the Government of Andhra Pradesh should take special steps that certain percentage is fixed for the people of Andhra Pradesh.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—This is not a Central University on the lines of other Central Universities in the country. The establishment of this University has been delayed because of several factors. This was made part of the Constitutional Amendment Bill. If this Central University is not different from the other Universities in the country there is no need to make it a part of the Constitutional Amendment Bill. It was brought about only after the fulfillment of the 6 point formula. So I want to know as to what are the special benefits accruing to the people of Andhra Pradesh by this?
Mr. Speaker:—Have you seen the newspaper report about this? I will read now: “The jurisdiction of the University will extend to the whole of Andhra Pradesh and admissions will be open to all classes, castes and creeds. However, the University can make special provisions for admission of students of weaker sections, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.”

This gives an impression that this is meant only for Andhra Pradesh. Is it not correct?

Mr. Speaker:—Let him get the full information.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Hon’ble Minister is trying to defend himself. The Central University Bill is made a part of the Constitutional Amendment Bill because it is a part of 6 point formula. State Planning Board also on account of 6 point formula. Was it made part of the Constitutional Amendment Bill?

Mr. Speaker:—I will postpone this question. Let the Minister get the full information. I will take it up day after tomorrow.

Mr. Speaker:—Because this is an important thing, I will give time.

Mr. Speaker:— After getting the full details, I will take up this question.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I propose that discussion on this be held before the Bill is passed by the Parliament. Whatever views expressed by our Assembly Member be taken into consideration at that level.
Mr. Specl — There is a different a post, we will consider about it.

Mr. Spereal — There is a different a post, we will consider about it.

Absorption of the Staff of Junior College High Schools in the Government Service

910—

* 4240-K Q — Srimati D. Bhanutilakam (Kothapeta) — Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the staff of the Junior College High Schools taken over by the Government will be absorbed in Government service permanently; and

(b) if so, when they will be permanently absorbed?

Sri M. V. Krishna Rao — (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) After finalising the fixation of cadre strength of High School sections attached to Government Junior Colleges the Director of Public Instruction will send proposals to Government service if they are qualified, suitable and willing.

9-40 a.m.
Oral Answers to Questions.

Some of the people have opted for Government service looking that security will go. They have again withdrawn their willingness and joined Z: P. Service. Why is it so?
SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Corruption charges against the Assistant Director of Survey
Eluru, West Godavary District

890A—

S. N. Q. No. 4797 (H) Q.—Sri Vanka Satyanarayana : — Will
hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether serious charges of corruption, bribery, misappropriation of Government funds and maladministration are made against Assistant Director of Survey and Ex-Officio Personal Assistant to Collector on Survey matters, West Godavary District Eluru during 1973;

(b) the result of the Preliminary enquiry conducted into the allegations by the Director of Settlements, Survey and Land Records, Board of Revenue, Hyderabad; and

(c) the nature of further enquiry ordered against him and the date from which the enquiry was commenced and also why the officer is allowed to continue on duty during the process of enquiry?

Sri M. V. Krishna Rao :—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The preliminary enquiry conducted by the Director of Settlements revealed that out of 44 items of allegations brought out by the petitioners, 21 instances of irregularities have some basis and 23 items are not proved.

(c) Orders were issued in Government Memorandum No. 2725

(i) appointing the District Revenue Officer, Eluru as the
Enquiry Officer under the Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules and directing him to enquire into such of the allegations involving Procedural irregularities alleged to have been committed by the Officer;
(2) directing the Director, Anti-Corruption Bureau to conduct a detailed enquiry into such of the allegations involving corrupt practices.

Neither the Director of Settlements who conducted the preliminary enquiry nor the Board of Revenue suggested either transfer or suspension of the Officer. The question of transfer or suspension of the Officer can be considered only after receipt of the report of the Anti-Corruption Bureau relating to corrupt practices and that too if a prima-facie case is made out.

Mainly, irregularities in preparing contingent bills for purchase of articles for the office; Split up the bills for the purchase of articles so as to bring monetary limit within his sanctioning powers; Purchase of articles which are not authorised to purchase under the rules, but which have to be supplied by the Asst. Director of Central Survey with prior sanction of the Board of Revenue or illegal acceptance of illegal gratification from some of the subordinate employees in respect of transfers. The accused officer has committed several irregularities in making purchases of stationery and survey articles ignoring the existing rules and instructions and that the explanation offered by the Accused officer is far from satisfactory. He finally held that the charges framed by him are proved. In view of the fact that the charges relate to irregularities in purchase of stationery etc. which are of minor nature, it would be enough if the delinquent's increment is stopped for one year with cumulative effect.
Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—As the hon. Sri Vasul Reddy pointed out, the report of the Director should be considered as prima facie confirmation of the charges. Second, the District Revenue Officer was appointed as the Enquiry Officer who himself submitted a report confirming the truth of the allegations. If the officer concerned is not transferred from that place he is being enabled to suppress the evidence against. So to add insult to injury, those people who lodged the complaint have themselves been transferred. I will give the names of those.

Mr. Speaker:—Ask "is it a fact".

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Is it a fact that those who lodged the complaint on behalf of the Union were transferred from the district?

Mr. Speaker:—Ask "is it a fact".

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—As the hon. Sri Vasul Reddy pointed out, the report of the Director should be considered as prima facie confirmation of the charges. Second, the District Revenue Officer was appointed as the Enquiry Officer who himself submitted a report confirming the truth of the allegations. If the officer concerned is not transferred from that place he is being enabled to suppress the evidence against. So to add insult to injury, those people who lodged the complaint have themselves been transferred. I will give the names of those.

Mr. Speaker:—Ask "is it a fact".

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Is it a fact that those who lodged the complaint on behalf of the Union were transferred from the district?
Sri A. Sriramulu:—The Minister has not understood the essential part of this particular question. He has stated that there were 41 complaints. What are those 41 allegations? Most of them, according to my knowledge relate to minor departmental irregularities. In regard to purchase of stationary there are outdated rules which prescribe that he should not purchase that is and glasses. Those are departmental irregularities. The other being, taking of illegal gratification from the subordinates. That is a serious charge. I want to know what exactly is the report of the Government, regarding this serious charge of receiving illegal gratification. If the Government has got a data immediately action should be taken.
Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—As the hon. Minister is aware there is a Government memo to the effect that those public servants who bring instances of corruption to the Government would be rewarded. In this particular case, instead of being rewarded they have been shunted out. I request that they may be reposted from the point of view of justice and strengthening the process of enquiry against the officer. I request the Government to effect immediate transfer.

Detection of Duplicate Woodward's Gripe Water in Srikakulam District.

890-B.—
S.N.Q. No 4795-(G)2-Sri V. Narsimha Rao (Kothur):—Will the hon. Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the District Superintendent of Police, Srikakulam detected the Duplicate Woodward's Gripe Water, and other labeled boxes in Srikakulam District in the month of May, 1974;
(b) whether the Gripe Water is sent for Chemical examination and if so, the result thereof;
(c) the number of persons so far arrested in this regard;
(d) the number of children affected by using the said Gripe Water; and
(d) if so action taken by the Government?
*Sri K. Rajamallu:—(a) Yes, Sir, in June, 1974.
(b) Yes, Sir. The samples have been sent for analysis and reports are awaited.
(c) One person.
(d) Not known since no reports have been received.
(e) The Drug Inspectors in the State have been alerted about the appearance of spurious Gripe Water bottles and to take Police help wherever necessary.
Sri K. Rajamallu:—The Drug inspectors in the State have been alerted about the appearance of spurious gripe water bottles and to take Police help wherever necessary.

(a) M. Rajamallu:—The Drug inspectors in the State have been alerted about the appearance of spurious gripe water bottles and to take Police help wherever necessary.

(b) M. R. S. Rajamallu:—The Drug inspectors in the State have been alerted about the appearance of spurious gripe water bottles and to take Police help wherever necessary.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS
(UNSTARRD QUESTIONS)

AREA UNDER PADDY CULTIVATION.

1032—

1453 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the area under rice cultivation in the State during the years 1970-71 and 1971-72 respectively;
(b) the quantity of rice produced respectively during the said years: and

(e) the steps taken by the Government to increase the rice cultivation area and also rice production in the year 1972-73?

A.—

(a), (b) and (c) Answer is placed on the Table of the House.

(a) and (b) Area and production of rice in Andhra Pradesh during 1970-71 and 1971-72 are furnished below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Production</th>
<th></th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Production</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hectares</td>
<td>tonnes</td>
<td></td>
<td>Hectares</td>
<td>tonnes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kharif</td>
<td>27,64,907</td>
<td>38,04,218</td>
<td>23,20,709</td>
<td>35,35,478</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabi</td>
<td>7,56,312</td>
<td>9,82,191</td>
<td>7,20,123</td>
<td>11,81,655</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>35,21,219</td>
<td>47,86,409</td>
<td>30,40,832</td>
<td>47,17,133</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Consequent on the failure of the South West monsoon in the State of Andhra Pradesh in 1972, the entire state came in the grip of unprecedented drought conditions. The normal area under the crops could not be covered. Due to short fall in area, there was short fall in production. To make good the short fall in production, Emergency Agricultural Production Programme has been launched during Rabi 1972-73 by Government of India. Government of India desired that an area of 10 lakh hectares may be brought under Rabi paddy during 1972-73. They also desired that as much area as possible be brought under High Yielding Varieties as their production is higher. The total area of 10 lakh hectares could not be planted with paddy to sever drought conditions and lack of water in irrigation tanks and also low level of water in rivers. Only 6.21 lakhs hectares were sown with paddy in the state during Rabi as per the final forecast, figures of the Bureau of Economics and Statistics. Out of 6.21 lakh hectares planted under paddy, 4.11 lakh hectares are covered with High Yielding Varieties of paddy. The Department has set a target of 5.60 lakh hectares under High yielding Varieties. The coverage under High Yielding Varieties is 66.1% compared to 3.55 lakh hectares during the previous year which works out 46.5% of the rabi rice area of that year.
Written Answers to Questions.
(Unstarred Questions).

FAIR PRICE SHOPS IN Darsi TALUK.

1033—

1573 Q.—Sri G. Kondapa Naidu:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the number of fair price shops opened in Darsi taluk, at the end of July, 1972;

(b) the monthly quantity of subsidized and other rice allotted to Darsi taluk in 1971 January, and in 1972 July;

(c) the reasons for the reduction of the quota; if any;

(d) whether there are any complaints against the dealers of Samanthapudi, Bottapalem and East Chotapalem of Darsi taluk; and

(e) if so, the action taken against the dealers in clause (d)?

A—

(a) There were 83 Fair Price Shops opened in Darsi taluk at the end of July, 1972.

(b) and (c) The concerned records relating to the periods were burnt in the arson that took place on 21st November, 1972. The information could not be furnished by the Collector.

(d) There are no complaints received against the dealers of Samanthapudi, Bottapalem and East Choutapalem of Darsi taluk.

(e) Does not arise.

DEPUTATION OF ANDHRA PRADESH OFFICERS TO BANGLA DESh.

1034—

2275 Q.—Sri Venkata Satyanarayana:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether Andhra Pradesh State has deputed some experienced officers to Bangla Desh on its request to help them in Community Development work:

(b) whether an invitation is extended of the State Government to Bangla Desh engineers to visit Andhra Pradesh Dams, etc., and

(c) if so, whether they will be taken to Rajahmundry to visit the barrage work?

A—

(a) No officer has been deputed to Bangla Desh by the Government of Andhra Pradesh on its request to help them in Community Development Work.
(b) No invitation has been extended by the State Government to Bangla Desh engineers to visit Andhra Pradesh Dams, etc.

(c) Does not arise.

MINOR IRRIGATION SCHEME ON RIVER SUVARNAMUKHI

1035—

3236 Q.—Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether any investigation was conducted for Minor Irrigation Scheme for the benefit of Mavidapalli and Makuva firkas of Salur taluk in Srikakulam district over the river Suvarnamukhi and the rivulets joining it in the said area;

(b) if so, the stage of the investigation, and the extent of ayacut that is likely to be irrigated; and

(c) the estimates thereof and when the work is likely to come to the stage of execution?

A.—

It is reported that there is no revenue firka by name “Mavidapalli Fikka” as mentioned in the question but there is a village by name “Mokhsa Mamidipalli, “which is in Sambara Firka”. Based on this, the answers is follows:

(a) and (b) Two schemes—viz. (i) Construction of regulator on Podurugadda near Mokhasadandigam village to feed reservoir near Pandirimamidivalasa village and (ii) Construction of an anicut across Suvarnamukhi river near Eduladandigam village, have been investigated in Salur taluk. Some of the villages of Makuva Firka will be benefited by the second scheme. By the first scheme or by the reservoir scheme near Pandirimamidivalasa, no benefit will go to the Firka mentioned in the Legislative Assembly question. In view of the proposed Madduvalasa Reservoir Scheme across Suvarnamukhi river, it was decided not to tap any normal flows till the investigation of the Madduvalasa Reservoir Scheme is completed. In lieu of feeder channel from Bodurugadda, a reservoir scheme near Pandirimamidivalasa was investigated, as the proposal relating to the construction of a regulator on Bodurugadda near Mokhasadandigam was dropped being not feasible. An ayacut of 218 acres of Kuddalavalasa, Sambra, chemudu Matherlavala, Pandirimamidivalasa, and Eduladandigam villages is proposed. In view of the decision not to tap normal flows, the proposal at Eduladandigam, which is a diversion scheme, can not be thought off.

(c) The reservoir scheme near Pandirimamidivalasa is proposed to be dropped due to low revenue return.
PAYMENT OF D.A. TO PANCHAYATI RAJ EMPLOYEES

1036—

3259 Q—Sri P. V. Ramana:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have received any representations from the Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayat Ministerial Employees Association and the Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayat Executive Officers' Association in the month of December, 1973 requesting to extend the benefit of enhanced dearness allowance paid to the Government Employees to them;

(b) if so, the action taken thereon; and

(c) the probable expenditure to be incurred if the benefit is extended?

A—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The matter is under consideration of the Government.

(c) Rs. 30,81,850 (from 1st October, 1971 to 31st March, 1974)

LEASE TO QUARY MARBLE STONE

1037—

3357 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that the Government has sanctioned lease to Sri C. V. Reddy, of Vijayawada to quarry marble stone from S. Nos. 916, 917, 926/2, 959, 963, 964 and 965 measuring about 100 acres in Rentachintala, Goli Gottomukkala villages of Palnad taluk, Guntur district about 15 years ago;

(b) whether it is fact that he is not working since then and even evading the dead rent and taxes to the Government if so, the amount due till now from him;

(c) whether the Government are in receipt of a letter No. 13/72 dated 12th May, 1972 from Sri M. Nagi Reddy, M.L.A. in this regard; and

(d) if so, the action taken thereon?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) On request from Sri. C.V. Reddy the Government ordered 29th November, 1969 the transfer of unexpired portion of the lease in favour of Sri G.A. Rao. There are no due from Sri C. V. Reddy, Rs. 3,416,20 are due from Sri G.A. Rao to Government.
(c) Government has not received a letter but Collector of Guntur received the letter dated 12th May, 1972 of Sri M. Nagi Reddy, M.L.A. in this regard.

(d) Sri Nagi Reddy requested the Collector of Guntur to take action on the following two points:

(i) Cancellation of the Mining Lease granted in favour of Sri C.V. Reddy of Vijayawada immediately and recover the amount due to Government.

(ii) In future no individual or registered company or firm should be granted Mining Lease for not more than 50 to 100 acres according to the capacity of the Company so that there might be chances for many persons both in our State and other States for developing the industry.

The question of cancellation of the Mining Lease granted to Sri C. V. Reddy of Vijayawada does not arise, as it was already transferred in favour of Sri G. A. Rao of Vijayawada. A show cause notice was issued to Sri G. A. Rao against cancellation of the lease for not commencing mining operations and for the mineaal revenue due from him. As regards the second point (i.e.) grant of Mining Lease for not more than 50,00 acres to any individual or firm, the Collector of Guntur has stated that it will be considered whenever necessary in future, while granting quarry leases.

SUPPLY CHANNEL FROM SWARNAMUKHI RIVER.

4239-(B) Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Srinivasul Reddi:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to excavate a new supply channel from Swarnamukhi river to feed Yellasiri tank in Gudur taluk, Nellore district;

(b) whether the public Works Department has prepared a revised estimate for this work as instructed by the Chief Engineer after taking gauge readings of flows in Swarnamukhi river at the proposed off take point of supply channel;

(c) the estimated cost of the scheme;

(d) when will it be put to execution; and

(e) whether there is any possibility to include Chittamur tank and Addepudi tank in this scheme?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The estimate is being revised by the Superintending Engineer, Nellore.

(c) Rs. 26,00,000 approximately.

(d) If the scheme is found remunerative, it will be sanctioned for execution, based on the availability of funds.

(e) No, Sir. This scheme is proposed to feed Yelilasiri tank through a supply channel from Swarnamukhi river.

MONTHLY QUOTA SUPPLIED TO FAIR PRICE SHOPS IN VISAKHAPATNAM.

1039—

4401 Q.—Sri T. Chitti Naidu;—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the month-wise quantity of rice, wheat and sugar being supplied every mouth to Visakhapatnam district by the Government during the current calendar year;

(b) the quantity therein being supplied to Girijan areas in the district; and

(c) the number of fair price shops opened in this area?

A—

(a) The following are the Particulars of month-wise quantity of rice, wheat and sugar allotted by Government to Visakhapatnam district.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Rice</th>
<th>Wheat</th>
<th>Sugar</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January, 74</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February, 74</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March, 74</td>
<td>3200</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April, 74</td>
<td>3500</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May, 74</td>
<td>4000</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June, 74</td>
<td>4000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(b) The following are the quantities of wheat, rice and sugar allotted to Girijan areas of the Visakhapatnam district by the Collector.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Rice</th>
<th>Wheat</th>
<th>Sugar</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January, 74</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February, 74</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March, 74</td>
<td>181</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April, 74</td>
<td>258</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May, 74</td>
<td>297</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) 84 Fair Price Shops have been opened in the agency area. These shops are inclusive of Daily Requirement Depots and Co-operative institutions.

CADRE POSTS RESERVED FOR I.A.S. AND I.P.S. OFFICERS.

1040—

4457 Q.—Sri M. Narayana Rebdy:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the number of cadre posts which are filled by or reserved for only I.A.S., and I.P.S., Officers outside the following departments;

(i) Secretariat;
(ii) Board of Revenue;
(iii) District Collectors;

(b) the number and names of State Government undertakings in which I.A.S., or I.P.S., Officers are posted as Managing Directors, Chairman or Vice-Chairman etc., as on 31st March 1974 and the reasons for posting these officers; and

(c) the circumstances under which the following posts have been reserved for I.A.S., officers only;

(i) Director of Agriculture;
(ii) Director industries; and
(iii) Director of Municipal Administration.

A—

(a) I.A.S. (10) and I.P.S., (123).

(b) The following are the I.A.S./I.P.S., Officers who are working as either Chairman, Vice-Chairman or Managing Director of the State Government undertakings as on 31st March, 1974.
I.A.S. (16)

1. Sri K. I. Vidyasagar, I.A.S., Chairman and Managing Director, Singareni Colleries Company Limited.

2. Sri B. N. Raman, I.A.S., Additional Managing Director, Singareni Colleries Company Limited.

3. Sri B. F. Dittia, I.A.S., Chairman and Managing Director, Hyderabad Allwyn Metal Works Limited (now Chairman and Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Agro Industries Corporation.)

4. Sri B. Pratap Reddy, I.A.S., Vice-Chairman and Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Agro Industries Corporation (now in Hyderabad Allwyn Metal Works Limited).

5. Sri G. R. Nair, I.A.S., Managing Director, Nizam Sugar Factory, Limited,

6. Sri M. Gopalakrishnan, I.A.S., Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Dairy Development Corporation (now Secretary to Government, Public Works Department).

7. Sri V. P. Rama Rao, I.A.S., Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Infrastructure Industrial Development Corporation.


10. Sri M. Venkataratnam, I.A.S. Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation.


13. Sri K. Umapathy, I.A.S., Secretary, Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board.

14. Sri L. Subbiah, I.A.S., Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Ware Housing Corporation.

15. Sri V. Changsan, I.A.S., Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh State Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Finance Corporation.

16. Sri L. Malakondayya, I.A.S., Managing Director, Andhra Pradesh Mining Corporation.
I.P.S. (2)


2. Andhra Pradesh State Police Housing Corporation (P) Limited, Hyderabad.

In view of the nature and responsibilities attached to the above posts in the State undertakings, it was considered that All India Services Officers with considerable experience would be more suitable than the State Service Officers.

(c) The posts of Director of Agriculture, Director of Industries and Director of Municipal Administration are posts borne on the I.A.S. Cadre Andhra Pradesh and as such these posts will be filled up only by I.A.S., Officers or Select List Officers. The cadre strength of I.A.S., in respect of all the States will be fixed by the Government of India in exercise of the powers vested in rule 4 of the Indian Administrative Service (Cadre) Rules, 1954.

FORMATION OF A NEW TANK ACROSS GUNDAVOLU RIVER

1041—

4523 Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Srinivasulu Reddi:—Will hon, the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that an estimate is pending sanction with the Government for the formation of a new tank across the river near Gundavolu in Rapur taluk of Nellore district;

(b) if so, the estimated cost of the same; and

(c) the reason for the delay in putting the scheme to execution?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Rs. 2.27 lakhs.

(c) The scheme which is a new scheme could not be sanctioned for execution due to financial stringency, as many Minor Irrigation Schemes were taken up long back could not be completed so far, for want of funds and Government have decided to give priority to spill over schemes.

FIFTH FIVE-YEAR PLAN

1042—

4643 Q.—Sri Ç, V, K, Rao;—Will hon, the Chief Minister be pleased to state;
(a) whatever it is not a fact that the draft Fifth Five-Year plan proposals have an outlay of Rs. 1,277 crores and whether the Planning Commission has fixed only Rs. 1,105 crores;

(b) if so, how does Government propose to effect the economic progress of the State during Fifth Plan period:

(c) whether has been alerted for more financial assistance; and

(d) if so, the results of the same?

A.—

(a) The State Government presented Planning Commission in July 1973 their Draft Fifth Five-Year Plan the outlay on which is Rs. 1,277 crores. The Deputy Chairman of the Planning Commission discussed this question with the Advisors to the Government on 28th August, 1973 when it was decided that the size of the States's Fifth Plan would be Rs 1,105 crores.

(b) to (d) Subsequently, the Deputy Chairman of the Planning Commission mentioned at the N.D.C. meeting held on 8th and 9th December 1973 that the Planning Commission proposes to hold a second round discussions with the States to take fully into account their needs and priorities of development and to determine the overall size of the State's Fifth Plan has not yet been finalised.

Licences for Small Scale Industries in Guntur District

1043—

1703 Q.—Shri N. Venkataratnam :—Will hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the number of licences granted for the establishment of Small Scale Industries in Guntur district during the year 1970-71 and the names of their products;

(b) the name of the individuals to whom licences were granted in clause (a);

(c) the amount of loans granted to each of the above industries and;

(d) the name of the machinery which inspects the said industries?

A.—

(a) and (b) 338 licences. There are a good number of products produced by the units. Since the list would run to over twenty pages if the hon. Member agrees, I will send the details to him direct.
(c) No loans have been sanctioned to these Small Scale Units. There are financial institutions such as Andhra Pradash State Finance Corporation Banks etc. from whom the units could obtain financial assistance by way of loans. The information from whom the units have obtained loans is not available.

(d) The extension officer for Industries or the Supervisor (Small Scale Industries) whoever is given Jurisdiction over the place.

HYDERABAD CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS LTD.

1044—

3794 Q.—Shri K. Rangadass:—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the share capital of the Hyderabad Chemicals and Fertilizers Limited;

(b) the amount of share capital invested by the Government and others respectively;

(c) the present financial position of the said company, i.e., whether the assets of the company are equal at least to the share capital;

(d) whether any dealers are in arrears of any amount to the said company, if so on whose security the material has been advanced;

(e) the amount there in which is likely to be recovered;

(f) the amount taken as advance by the company up to the end of 1973 from the dealers of hope that they can supply fertilizers;

(g) the reason why the factory is not functioning properly at present;

(h) the monthly expenditure being incurred by the said company; and

(i) whether the Government can take any action to protect the company from sustaining loss?

A.—

(a) The paid-up share capital is Rs. 25.62 lakhs.

(b) Government shares; Rs. 13.69 lakhs; Others Rs. 11.93 lakhs.

(c) The depreciated value of the assets of the company is less than the share capital.

(d) The following three Dealers are in arrears to the company to the extent indicated against each:-

(i) Gisan Chemicals, Hyderabad: Rs. 1.04 lakhs.

(ii) Sanco Agencies Punjab: Rs. 31,380.

(iii) Geetha Fertilizers, Hyderabad: Rs. 7,548.

The material was given on credit basis of a Sight Draft executed by the parties.

(e) Decrees have been obtained from the Court in the first two cases and are in the process of execution; in the third case, a compromise has been arrived at the amount due from the party is now only Rs. 2,700 which will be realised shortly.

(f) The advance taken from Dealers against supply of fertilizers as on 31st December, 1973 was Rs. 2.08 lakhs.

(g) Due to accumulated losses and want of funds for renovating the Plant and machinery the company is not able to function at full capacity at present.

(h) A little over Rs. 2 lakhs per month.

(i) The company's proposal for reconstruction assistance is already under the consideration of the Industrial Reconstruction Corporation of India and the Government will give all the possible help in the implementation of the rehabilitation programme.

GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL, VIJAYAWADA

1045—

3722 Q.—Sarvasri Asif Pasha and D. Ramaraao :—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to increase the bed strength of Government Hospital Vijayawada; and

(b) if so, when it is likely to be implemented?

A.—

(a) It is proposed to increase 20 beds to the commission the newly constructed Paediatric Ward in the Government Hospital Vijayawada.

(b) This proposal is expected to be implemented during 1974-75.

GANDIPALEM PROJECT IN NELLORE DISTRICT.

1046—

2834 Q.—Sri Nallapareddil Srinivasul Reddi:—Will the hon. Minister for Medium Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) when the construction work of Gandipalem Project, Nellore district will be taken up;

(b) when the same will be completed;

(c) the cost for the same; and

(d) the benefits that will be derived through the same?
(a) and (b) The Gandidalem Project is deferred for the present in view of paucity of funds. The Scheme can be considered next year 1975-76 depending on availability of funds.

(c) The estimated cost of the scheme is Rs. 148.63 lakhs.

(d) 8053 acres will be brought under irrigation.

REGISTERED UNEMPLOYED IN VARIOUS EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES.

1047—

2148Q.—Dr. B. Kalavathi:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) the latest figures pertaining to the number of persons who registered themselves in various Employment Exchanges in the State;

(b) the number of them that have not received call letters during the first two years and three years after such registration;

(c) the number of them appointed during the said period; and

(d) the total estimate of the back-log of unemployment?

A.—

(a) 5,02,212 (as on 30th April, 1974).

(b) Information is available as on 30th September, 1973 and is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two years</td>
<td>45,358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three years</td>
<td>18,478</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) From 1-10-70 to 30-9-72 = 50,364

(d) 6,02,213 as on 30th April, 1974 as per the live register in the Employment Exchange.

UNEMPLOYED TELUGU TYPISTS.

1048—

4302Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Srinivasul Reddi:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Unemployed Telugu Typists on the live register of Employment Exchanges in the State of Andhra Pradesh; and

(b) whether the Government will provide them employment?

A.—

(a) 71

(b) Efforts are being made by Employment Exchanges to place them in Jobs whenever vacancies of “Telugu Typists” are notified to them.
A. Amendement to Section 33 (c) of Industrial Disputes Act.

4426 Q. — Sarvasri V. Srikrishna Vanka Satyanarayana and M. Nagi Reddi:— Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that a legal representative of a deceased workman is not entitled to file a claim under section 33 (c) (2) of the Industrial Disputes Act, while the heirs of a deceased workman can file a petition under section 33 (c) (1) of the Industrial Disputes Act and that it is causing great hardship to the workman; and

(b) if so, whether the Government propose to take any steps to get section 33 (2) amended so that the legal representative of a deceased workman can also file a petition under section 33 (c) (2)?

A.—

(a) Even a legal representative of a workman or the heirs of a deceased workman can file applications under section 33 (c) (2) of the Industrial Disputes Act

(b) Does not arise.

Non-Payment of Salaries to Teachers.

1050—

3258 Q. — P. V. Ramana:— Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the teachers of Elementary Schools and High Schools of Anakapalli Municipality have not been paid their salaries in 1973;

(b) if so, the months for which they have to be paid in 1973; and

(c) the reasons for non-payment of salaries for the said months?

A.—

(a) and (b) No, Sir. Elementary and High School Teachers of Anakapally Municipality were paid their salaries in 1973.

(c) Does not arise.

Housing Schemes for Harijans and Girijans

1051—

2008 Q. — Sri Puttala Venkatasubbaiah:— Will the hon. Minister or Social Welfare be pleased state:

(a) the reasons why the Housing Schemes taken up for the Harijans and Girijans of Kotapoluru village, Sullurpet taluk have been stopped; and
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Shortage of tractor tyres in the State.

(b) when the said schemes will be started again?

A.—

(a) The site selected for construction of houses at Kotapoluru was found to be low lying, flood affected and not having approach roads. Hence the Executive Engineer, Zilla Parishad asked for alternate site. In the meanwhile 1,000 houses were diverted from Nellore district to other districts reducing the total to 1,810. Hence the Colony was not taken up.

(b) This will be considered when the second stage of construction is taken up.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: SHORTAGE OF TRACTOR TYRES IN THE STATE.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance: 
re: Shortage of tractor tyres in the State


Only for the tractors they are
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance:

re: Shortage of tractor tyres in the State

being supplied by the Agro Industries Corporation. Only attached to the tractors...
Calling attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance:


re: Shortage of tractor tyres in the State.

1. In this regard, there is an urgent need to ensure that the tractor tyres in the State are adequately stocked. The shortage of tractor tyres has been causing severe problems in the agricultural sector. The demand for tractor tyres has increased significantly due to the rapid growth of the agricultural sector. To address this issue, it is essential to increase the production of tractor tyres and ensure adequate distribution across the state. The government is taking steps to improve the supply chain and ensure a steady supply of tractor tyres.

2. Furthermore, it is important to raise awareness among farmers about the importance of maintaining proper care and maintenance of tractor tyres. Regular inspection and proper maintenance can significantly extend the life of tractor tyres and prevent frequent replacements.

3. The state government will collaborate closely with the private sector to increase the production capacity of tractor tyres. This will help in meeting the growing demand and ensuring a stable supply.

4. In conclusion, the shortage of tractor tyres is a critical issue that requires immediate attention. The government will take all necessary measures to address this problem and ensure that the agricultural sector continues to function smoothly.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

[Name]

[Position]
Calling attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance re. Shortage of tractor tyres in the State.

I, R. S. V. I.,...address...called...attention...to...the...shortage...of...tractor...tyres...in...the...State.

The Minister...said...that...the...tyres...are...being...retreaded...at...Government...factories...and...the...work...is...being...done...by...the...retreaders...

I...did...not...quite...understand...what...the...Minister...means...by...retreading....

Retreading...has...to...be...done...by...the...retreader...and...the...cost...is...borne...by...the...Government...

The...Minister...said...that...the...tyres...are...being...retreaded...at...Government...factories...and...the...work...is...being...done...by...the...retreaders...

I...did...not...quite...understand...what...the...Minister...means...by...retreading....

Retreading...has...to...be...done...by...the...retreader...and...the...cost...is...borne...by...the...Government...
Statement by Minister for Health and Medical

re: Adulteration of Ghee.

Sri K. Rajamallu:— Sir, I want to give some information on adulteration of ghee. On 29.7.74 at 4 p.m., Oil and Ghee Stores situated at Badi Chawdi, Hyderabad, belonging to one Sri Raju who is the proprietor of the shop has been raided by the Food inspector of Hyderabad Municipal Corporation under the supervision of the Vigilence and Enforcement Cell of the Directorate of Public Health.
Family Planning and Drug Control, Hyderabad, The Ghee was suspected to be adulterated; the stove, pans, etc., used in the process were also traced; salt was found to be added in order to increase the weight of ghee. All these articles were seized. The value of the seized articles is about Rs. 7,000/-27 tins of adulterated material were among the articles seized. The party will be prosecuted on receipt of result of analysis from the Government analyst.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri C.V.K. Rao.— Under Rule 195 I have given notice of privilege. The rule is like this; "A member wishing to raise a question of privilege shall give notice in writing to the Secretary before commencement of the sitting on the day on which the question is proposed to be raised. If it is based on any document, the notice shall be accompanied by the document." I have given a notice quite early. I have also approached you in your chamber. So much so the importance of this particular privilege issue may be explained in Person and you were good enough to say that you would consider.

Mr. Speaker:— As I said I will take up tomorrow; you can see me after I go to the chambers.

GOVERNMENT BILLS

The Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974.
M. V. Krishna Rao:— Sir, I beg to move;
"That the Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974 be taken into consideration."
Mr. Speaker:— Motion moved.
Sri C.V.K. Rao:— Sir, I beg to move "That the registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974 be circulated for the purpose of eliciting public opinion thereon".
Mr. Speaker:— Amendment moved.
Sri C.V.K. Rao:— Sir, I beg to move "That the registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974 be circulated for the purpose of eliciting public opinion thereon".
Mr. Speaker:— Amendment moved.
In order to secure uniformity of law through the State and to ensure completeness and continuity of the record of title to immovable property kept in the registration offices in the whole of the State, and as the A. P. Co-operative Societies Act 1964 has unified all the laws relating to Co-operative Societies in force in the State, the Government have decided to incorporate provision similar to sub-section (5) of section 89 of the principal Act in its application to the whole of the State of Andhra Pradesh and to repeal Act III of 1936 referred to above. Further, as there is no provision in the principal Act to act upon the copies of the certificates issued by the Tribunal or Tahsil Dar under Sec. 38 (6), section 38-B (2), section 39 (2) or section 50 B of the A. P. (Telangana Area) Tenancy and Agricultural Land Act, 1950, there is no authoritative record in the registration offices, and thus the public are not in a position to know the encumbrances of several immovable properties. It is therefore proposed to amend the Registration Act, so as to enable the registering officers to file such copies also in Book No. 1.

Government Bills:
Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974.

(Sri. M. Yellappa in the Chair)

10-30 a.m.


...
(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

10.40 a.m.
Government Bills:
Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment, Bill, 1974.


...

Government Bills:
re: Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974.

...
Government Bills:
re: Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974.


Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974.

Mr. Speaker: —Sir, Sir, Sir, Sir, 10.50 a.m.

The Hon. Members may be informed that the Hon. Members have been accommodated in the Assembly Hall.

At 10.50 a.m. Mr. Speaker, the Hon. Members were accommodated in the Assembly Hall.
Government Bills
re Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974.


422 31st July, 1974, Government Mis
re Registration (Andhra Pradesh
Amendment) BiH, 1974.

(మనీ పిస్తే అంతకం వచ్చింది లక్షణం)

వాన పిస్తే అంతకం వచ్చింది పాలన చేయండి. మనుషుల పొంది ఈ
మాత్రం అంతకం వచ్చింది ఎంత?

(ఇది కి తయారు చేసిన సమయంలో సంపాదించాలని భిన్నం చేసింది)

ఇది కి తయారు చేసిన సమయంలో సంపాదించాలని భిన్నం చేసింది

(ఇది అంతకం వచ్చింది పాలనలో మాత్రం ఉంచడానికి ప్రారంభం చేసింది)

(ఇది అంతకం వచ్చింది పాలనలో మాత్రం ఉంచడానికి ప్రారంభం చేసింది)

(ఇది అంతకం వచ్చింది పాలనలో మాత్రం ఉంచడానికి ప్రారంభం చేసింది)
Government Bills:
Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974.


Sri C. V. K. Rao:— That is objectionable. Is it for my satisfaction, I suggested? Is it for my satisfaction he has taken on his shoulder the entire responsibility of the people? That is not an individual business.

Mr. Speaker:—Now I put Sri C. V. K. Rao’s amendment to vote.

The question is:—
"That the Bill be circulated for the purpose of eliciting opinion thereon."

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is

"That the Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974 be taken into consideration"

The Motion was adopted.

Mr Speaker: — I shall now put the clauses to vote.

The question is:

"That Clauses 2, 3, 1 and Long Title and enacting formula do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted. Clauses 2, 3, and 1 Long title and Enacting formula were added to the Bill.

Sri M V. Krishana Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974 be passed."

Mr. Speaker: — motion moved.

(Pause)

The question is:

That the Registration (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1974 be passed."

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.

THE HYDERABAD MUNICIPAL CORPORATION (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1974.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I would like to raise a point of order. Now this Assembly has been in session for the last one month. Assembly is the supreme body. Any piece of legislation that emanates in this House has the supremacy. There are certain States having Legislative Councils. We have the Council. Even if any piece of Legislation that it has to be passed, the Assembly is the finality. When this Assembly is having its deliberations, the Government in an arbitrary manner, without understanding the spirit of the Constitution have taken the steps to originate certain Bills in the other House. This Bill has originated in the other House. It was passed by the Council. I raise an objection to the way in which the Government is responsible. The Government is responsible to the supreme body of the legislature. Now the Government may say that it is not a Money Bill. It is only a Money Bill, and it shall not be introduced in the Legislative Council. Since it is not a Money Bill it can be introduced in either House. I cannot indulge in the constitutional interpretation because our time is limited. This matter is of higher significance. Under Article 199 (3) "If any question arises whether a Bill introduced in the Legislature of a State which has a
Government Bills:

Legislative Council is a Money Bill or not, the decision of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of such State thereon shall be final.” In fact the Speaker is the supreme deciding factor in this. No doubt, in respect of the Money Bill, it has been stated about it.

But here there is a difference between introducing a Bill in the Legislature and originating the Bill in the Legislature. The Government has deliberately introduced this Bill in the Council.”

I read Art. 196 (1)

“Subject to the provisions of Articles 198 and 207 with respect to Money Bills and other financial Bills, a Bill may originate in either House of the Legislature of a State which has a Legislative Council.”

It is not the introduction of the Bill. It is the origination of the Bill. The Government introduces the Bill. Kindly read Art 198 (1) “A Money Bill shall not be introduced in a Legislative Council.”

Mr. Speaker:—Explain to me what exactly you mean “originating the Bill” and “introducing a Bill.”

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Any member can introduce. Here when the Constitution has chosen a word, we have to go into the question, about the Bills coming before the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly. Now it is the Legislative Assembly that has the supremacy over it. If the Legislative Assembly does not pass the Bill, it has no validity at all. It has no legislative validity. When the Legislative Assembly is functioning, it is indiscreet as well. The Government may say or use its retinue in any manner possible. When a Bill has been taken up, anybody can give a notice to the Speaker or the Chairman, Sir. The Speaker or the Chairman may permit when it may come up in the House. I cannot go into all these things or of the Constitutional technicalities etc. Now I want that the Honourable Speaker has to go fully into this matter and constitutional implications. This is an issue of the constitutional propriety which the Government totally violated. Now here it is not the stage of introduction. With regard to the Money Bill, it shall not be introduced in the Legislative Council. With regard to other things, they may originate as they say every time when they come up. For example, a private member’s Bill. Here it is the Money Bill. Specifically Money Bills will be originated here. Normally for the Budget Government gives notice.

It has been made very specific. That is of a vital significance. 11-10 a.m. The word ‘introduce’ is used. Here it is not that word that is used. My point is, the Government must realise its responsibility. When
the Legislative Assembly is functioning it should see to that. It has got the opportunity to introduce the Bill there. In this connection the Government had acted in a dictatorial, arbitrary manner in order to see that the dignity, the responsibility and the functioning of this House is being affected. Being a Member of the House, being elected by the electorate, if I don’t question the Government about the way it has been functioning we will be doing an injustice. Therefore I am seeking that should give a ruling. The Government had already erred. I don’t know whether it has sought the advise of Speaker. Though there is no provision in this things, nothing stops the Government to seek the advice of the Speaker. Normally the Chief Minister also ‘originates’ in the Assembly and there is a sort of convention there. And as such all these things are there and the Constitution does not give room that the ‘Chief Minister may not originate’. The convention has been established. Under these circumstances the Government had not consulted and taken your advice and in a dictatorial indiscriminate fashion took the Bill into the Council as though it is a mechanical business. Since it commands a vast majority, its word is a law and therefore I seek now your assistance and guidance in this matter. It lays down under Article 191, provision 3. I have got a right, Suppose the Bill has been passed there. I question that it is a Money Bill. Your judgement is a nullity.

Mr. Speaker:—About Money Bill it is a different matter. How do we know whether it is a money or ordinary Bill.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—It is only when it comes before you we know it. How do we know? They have no right at all. Have they made sure before stating that it is not a Money-Bill. Sir, you hear both the sides. You go deep into the matter and give your ruling and observation.

Mr. Speaker:—You explained to me one point. So far as this Bill is concerned, you agreed that it is not a money Bill.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—I will contend that this is a Money Bill Sir. That is one thing. Of course you have got to give a ruling. At the same time, after the Bill has been passed I can question any time. Why should the Government give that kind of an opportunity. Even if it is not a Money Bill, they cannot introduce that Bill. It should ‘originate’.

Sri M.V. Krishna Rao:—This is not a original Bill. It is only amendment.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—A Bill may originate, సంఘము స్థీరముత్తుంది. అప్పుడు స్థీరముత్తుంది. స్థీరముత్తుంది యేస్తే స్థీరముత్తుంది. అప్పుడు స్థీరముత్తుంది. అప్పుడు స్థీరముత్తుంది.

Mr. Speaker:—Forget about what has happened in the Council. If it were to originate in the Assembly, what should be done?

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—In the Assembly it is a right.

Mr. Speaker:—It can originate in either House,
Government Bills :  
Hyderabad Municipal Corporation  
(AMendment) Bill, 1974.

Sri C.V.K. Rao :—Assembly can pass resolution and the Council may not agree. It is normally the dignity, respect and functioning of the House must be maintained. I am not speaking anything about the other House. It is alright. It will be a helpful instrument and another wing to this one.

Mr. Speaker :—It is said in 196 that ‘a Bill may originate in either House of the Legislature of the State’. Certain procedure is followed by the Council. Forget about it. If it were to originate in the Assembly what is the procedure that has to be adopted?

Sri C.V.K. Rao :—Government has introduced it. My contention is Government has deliberately did it. That particular word, when once it is used it is weighed and its meaning could have no other shade of meaning. Therefore this meaning is very guardedly used. They did not say ‘originate’. They said ‘introduce’. Why should they say the money Bill shall not be introduced in the Legislative Council. Suppose you give a decision wrongly. Excuse me for that proposition. Therefore the Government would have sought your advice in this matter. That is the very reason. The Constitution is not framed for the Government’s is whims and fancies. The Government is functioning here in such a rigid manner. It is only action on its whims and fancies without any respect and regard. You know Sir, the other day the Chief Minister was introducing the Bill without a Bill in his hands. Could there be any Legislature where a very responsible authority in the Legislature introduce a Bill without the Bill in his hands. Could there be any Legislature where a dead man makes a statement in the House. Here a dead man made a statement, not once, twice. If it is for once it is an error. I will give respect to our Deputy Chief Minister who expired. What about the living man. They are callous, indifferent and are not keeping up the dignity of this House. For these reasons I would like that you should direct the Government. When the Assembly is sitting your direction must be taken. They can make a point clear, nothing will be lost. We will be on a very safe ground. Therefore you have got to give necessary direction to the Government. With that object I am raising these objections Sir. Thank you.
11-20 a.m. Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu:—Sir, the word "originate" is the crucial word. I have just referred to the dictionary. Hon'ble Speaker may also kindly peruse the same. Originate means initiate, introduce means initiate so it makes absolutely no difference as to the process by which the bill can be piloted. Hence if the constitution has permitted initiation in either house, it is not open to anybody to question that in this House. With regard to the question as to whether this Bill is a Money Bill or not it is no doubt that Speaker is the final authority. When it is raised in the House whether a certain bill is a Money Bill or not, that does not take away the discretion of the Government which introduces the Bill from having its own opinion as to whether a certain bill is a Money Bill or not. Having exercised that discretion, it can introduce the bill in the other House. When it comes here, if finally the Speaker holds otherwise all unnecessary complications may follow. But it does not invalidate the introduction of the Bill, the 'origination' of the Bill in the other House or in either house.

Mr. Speaker:—Yesterday when this matter was raised by Sri N. Srinivasul Reddy I did say that I will give my ruling to-day. But when that point was raised yesterday, there were two Bills before me on which I conveyed the message. One relating to the present Bill
which we are going to take up and the other relating to the Municipalities which is coming up to-morrow.

So on this Bill, whether it is a Money Bill or not, I am sure you are very clear in your mind and I am also definite on that that it is not a Money Bill. When it is not a Money Bill, either House has got the right to discuss it first and rightly I feel that it was so done by the Council. So, I rule that there is no point now in putting it off and we can take up this Bill for discussion.

Now the other point raised by the Hon’ble Members was regarding the wording ‘originating a Bill’ and ‘introducing a Bill’. There seems to be some doubt on this point. So in view of the expressions you have made on the floor of the House just now, I will also get that examined. As you know similar thing might have happened in various other Houses of the Legislatures in the Country as well as in the Parliament. I will look into the proceedings and give my ruling to-morrow on this matter as well as on the other Bill whether it is a Money Bill or not. I shall give my ruling to-morrow.

Now, we shall proceed with the Bill.

Sri M. V. Krishna Rao:— Sir, on behalf of the Minister for Municipal Administration, I beg to move:

“That the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation (Amendment) Bill 1974 (as passed by the Legislative Council) be taken into consideration”.

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

Government Bills:

11-30 a.m.
Government Bills:
Hyderabad Municipal Corporation
(Amendment) Bill, 1974.


The Hon'ble Legislative Assembly of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation,

Having been acquainted with the provisions of Section 123 of the Municipal Act, 1970, and having been satisfied that the interests of the public are affected by the provisions of Section 123, the said section should be amended, do hereby enact:

Section 123 of the Municipal Act, 1970, is hereby amended in the following manner, namely:

(1) In clause (a), after the word "thirty" there shall be inserted the words "except that the fee for the issuance of every certificate shall be twenty-five rupees".

(2) In clause (b), the words "except that the fee for the issuance of every certificate shall be twenty-five rupees" shall be omitted.

This Act shall come into force on the 1st day of August, 1974.


Old City has bigger Muslim population; therefore there should be greater reservation of seats for them.

As Mr. Owaisi said, "Baldia Kutch lia to kia"; but I would say, "Baldia khaya pia chal dia." I am really proud of Subramanayam—I do not get anything from him. He is a very good man. But about others—I can name several officers—there are several charges of corruption. I have seen and know of such things as I worked as a Mayor, as a Councillor and now as a Member of Assembly I know all these things. I have been witnessing all these things since long. I am proud of the Chief Minister. He is looking to it. He must say that some of these officers will be immediately transferred.

I do not want to name those Officers. But I will send to you in your Chamber the names of Officers. What corruption exists in the Corporation, it is shameful to repeat. I am really proud of Subramanayam—I do not get anything from him. He is a very good man. But about others—I can name several officers—there are several charges of corruption. I have seen and know of such things as I worked as a Mayor, as a Councillor and now as a Member of Assembly I know all these things. I have been witnessing all these things since long. I am proud of the Chief Minister. He is looking to it. He must say that some of these officers will be immediately transferred.

I am sorry to criticise being a Congress Member. But I could not help. I am sure the Leader of the House, the Chief Minister would appreciate my point of view.

Thank you,
Sri N. Lakshminarayan (Maharajgunj) :- Mr. Speaker, Sir, 11.00 a.m.

welcome the decision of the Government for conducting the elections in the very near future and it has also been assured that a new body will come into force by 1st January, next year. In respect of the clauses which are now for consideration some of the very important decisions have come through these amendments, firstly regarding delimitations. As has been pointed by Smt. Pulla Reddy earlier there were two corporations in Hyderabad and Secunderabad and there were separate mayors and though the Act was one, there were two corporations. The strength of the Hyderabad corporation was about 66 and that of Secunderabad was 28. In 1960 both the corporations were merged and at that time was agreed that the same strength be maintained for some time. So that strength was maintained but afterwards it has been felt and there were some demands that there was no uniformity in the constituencies. In Hyderabad constituencies there were 70,000 to 10,000 voters whereas in Secunderabad the voters, strength was something like 2,500 to 5,000. That disparity was there. The Government was thinking of delimitation to see that these anomalies are rectified. With that view in the year 1972 these delimitations have been notified. According to that notification the strength has been reduced in respect of Secunderabad area from 28 to 16; there was opposition, naturally, from the public as well as members there. So amendment has been brought after some understanding between the various representatives of Hyderabad and Secunderabad that 80 seats be given to Hyderabad and 20 for Secunderabad. Similarly with regard to reserved seats, earlier it was 8 and 4, totalling 12; in that notification it was reduced to 9. There was naturally a feeling among the Scheduled caste friends that at least the original strength should be maintained. Now it has been fulfilled with 12 reserved seats provided for in the amended clause.

Regarding ex-officio members, the clause says that the ex-officio councillors shall not be entitled to participate in the meetings convened for the election of the Mayor or Deputy Mayor. We know that the Legislators and Members of Parliament are ex-officio members. I also feel that they should not be given the voting right but at least they should have the right to participate in the meeting. That provision should be there. That is the desire of some of our members. Mr. Narasimham has given a very elaborate report on the working of the Municipal Corporation. Hyderabad; he has suggested that the Legislators and Members of Parliament should be on this Corporation. In view of that, this has been brought and it is very good that this step has been taken, as expressed by our friends like Sri Srinivasul Reddy.

Regarding the period of extension of the Special Officer what I feel is, instead of one year, it should be 6 months because within these 6 months the elections are to be completed. I do not feel there is any necessary for having this period as one year. Lastly, the Government has now come to a decision that the elections are to be conducted in the near future. Now the Bill has also been introduced for the speedy implementation of the decision. So immediately after adopting this Bill, the formalities such as notification of the delimit-
tion, revision of voters list, etc. should be taken up so that we can complete this election work. I support the amendment which is before the House. Thank you.

11-50 a.m. (ii) Mr. Chandra Mohan Reddy:— Mr. Speaker, I support the amendment moved by the Honourable Member. The object of the amendment is to make the work of the Corporation more effective. I support the amendment moved by the Honourable Member.

(iii) Mr. Jagadish Reddy:— The object of the amendment is to make the work of the Corporation more effective. The amendment is moved by the Honourable Member. I support the amendment.)
Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu:—Mr. Speaker Sir, these amendments in so far as they provide for the membership of Legislators as ex-officio Councillors, is good. In so far also as it provides for the representation to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, is good. But I have certain observations.

Firstly, I am not able to agree with the provision as regards Second class membership. Either there shall be members, or shall not be members. If they have been made members, They shall not be made less effective members of the reason that they will be put to public ridicule. Once they are members, the public expect of them to discharge certain local obligation, local duties. These persons are also elected representatives of the same people, perhaps a larger section of the people, than the directly elected Councillors. They are also equally responsible. The one reason given by the Hon’ble Chief Minister that is likely upset
the election does not appear to be an impressive one. After all, the Councillors who are directly elected would be about 70 or 80 and the number of legislators in the entire Hyderabad area will, I think, 14—
I am not accurate about the figure—but it is a minor fraction. When they have been allowed in Zilla Parishads, where the Legislators are almost 50% and they have the right to participate in the election, where is the question of upsetting the election? There is absolutely no reason why they shall not be permitted to vote in the matter of Mayoral election. I do want a clarification in all the Committees and as office bearers also. Here I can say there is some reason in the matters pertaining to the offices of the Mayor and the Deputy Mayor. Therefore so far as the voting right is concerned, he has to be elevated to the equal membership with the other Councillors. Otherwise there is a difficulty. The member suffers from a disability, He fails to discharge his obligations. After the elections are over, however much we say, it is from the Mayor that we have got to get things done. Therefore, the reconsideration may be on the part of the Ministry and Clause 5 of the Amending Section 6 and the Explanation of the amending Section 7 may be deleted. It is a simple process and not a very difficult one. The Hon’ble Minister can rise up and say that nothing will happen and the whole thing will be all right. It does not require any labour process. Certainly, I do not understand why these Legislators should be relegated to the second class citizenship. They have been participating in the local administration. There are the Samithis. We have provided them with full membership. They are not only entitled to voting the election of the President but they are automatically Members of the Committees. In every Committee they can participate. Of course, in this case, in the case of the Corporation that may not be possible to make them automatically members because it is a large number and the Committee may consist of a smaller number. Therefore, so far as the right to vote for the election of the Mayor is concerned, it has to be conceded in the interests of justice, fair play, equity and good conscience.

Next Sir, with regard to the reservation for Secunderabad. I do differ with the Hon’ble Member Mrs. Sarojini Pulla Reedy. She has simply said that there was a separate history for Secunderabad and therefore the right of reservation had been conceded by late Reverend Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. All those things are past history.
Reservation have a knack of perpetuity. It was these reservations that has brought in Pakistan ultimately. These reservations are very bad things. They breed the psychology of privilege and perpetuity. Therefore, the sooner these reservations go, the better it will be for the society and the administration. There may be provisions whereby at least these reservations automatically lapse. Even if you cannot afford to eliminate the reservations just now, there may be an automatic provision provided and that will be healthy and wholesome one.

Then, with regard to the local administration. I have to state a few things here. The local administration is 54 years old. It was in the year 1920 that the local administration had been introduced. Even when under the Montague Chelmsford reforms, when the legislative council were first instituted, then simultaneously also came forth this local administration. After 54 years of administration we are still in a stage of the most unsatisfactory condition of sanitation. I think Hyderabad may be a little better. But taking local administration as a whole in the entire State, we see, Sir, very despicable conditions, very horrible condition unsatisfaction. Every where, it is stinking, And there must be some remedy. I see that one of the biggest difficulties of this local administration is the dual administration, dual responsibility. The Mayor is not thoroughly powerful, nor the Secretary thoroughly independent. The unfortunate thing is everyone knows about this, still we have not arrived at a stage when we can make in the local administration also, the public the supreme the supreme authority to which all administration shall be subjective. Here the same gentleman comes and happens to become a Minister, the Chief Minister and then the supremacy of the power is exercised. All officers are subordinate to him. So also why not the mayor the supreme executive we are still hesitating after 54 years of local administration, 25 years of Swaraj Government. The principle has been accepted, the officers have accepted the principle. They have been functioning under the supreme legislature and supreme executive consisting of the Ministry. When this is so, why not the principle now be translated into action in the local administration also and implemented?

It is because of this dual responsibility that many weaknesses of the administration in the local authorities had come into being. There is indiscipline, there is inefficiency and there is very other thing, to which we have been daily howling: they are being continued without perhaps being very much heeded for. But still Sir, it is a principle which has to be accepted and which is good and wholesome. The same principle has been already accepted in the case of Samithis, in the Samithis Act. Under Sec. 24 of the Samithis Act it had been provided that the President of the Samithi has administrative control over the B. D. O. in the matter of implementation of the resolutions of the Samithis. That
means over all executive field. And the Thasildar is a Gazetted officer, a very senior revenue officer. When that gentleman could be very convenient be placed under the administrative control of sometimes. Even an unlettered President is it not possible? Is it very difficult to place these Secretaries of Municipalities under the administrative control? After all the Secretaries of the Municipalities are not greater than, are not bigger than the B. D- Os. They could be easily under the administrative control of the Mayor. That will help in the efficient administration, in clean administration, in solving many of these conflicts. I do not know why the administration has failed to be own thought over this.

I hade bestowed little thought over it. There has to be staff. The staff is locally recruited. They are the natives of the place. Some times they are relatives of the powerful men, they are recruited by the Mayor or at the request of the Municipal councillors. The staff has been there for many years, for perpetuity and they shall not be there. It is against the principle of good administration, efficient administration, neat administration that this should take place and it is going on. Sometimes the teachers and the staff are greater politicians in the local area, more powerful politicians than the representatives of the people. So, there shall be a provision for transfer of these teachers, for transfer of the staff. Because they are locally recruited men, they shall not be permitted for more than two years to be there. Unless this principle is adopted, the local administration cannot be improved at all.

(Bell).

So, Sir, there seems to be some anxiety to have this closed. Therefore, I resume my seat.

Sri Syed Hassan (Charminar):—Sir, again that complaint would remain that we should have received the Bill a day earlier which we got to-day. And after going through that whatever we can express, we are forced to do that. Sir, the last paragraph of the statement of the objects and reasons specifically states that the Government have decided to hold elections to the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad in such a way as to enable the Councillors to come into office on the 1st January, 1975, whereas the Government is asking for one more year. Hardly four or five months are left for the elections to take place and the Government is still asking for one year. In view of the previous experience we had with the Government, it becomes doubtful whether the elections would be held by the end of the year or not. Before the President’s regime started categorical assurances were given, not once but often by the previous Minister, which were never honoured. So there is a doubt whether the Government is keen in holding elections by the end of this year. This strengthens my view because the Congress organisation as such does not exist in the city and till such time the Congress organisation is set in the city, there is a doubt whether the Government would be keen in conduction elections.
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If the Government is anxious, is honest and wants to hold elections, this would give the Government sufficient time and it would help the people of Hyderabad City who had suffered a lot all these years during the Special officer’s regime. This would also give a ray of hope that the elections would actually be held in time as promised or the Government is keen enough to hold the elections on time. People of Hyderabad were having a ray of hope that during the 12-10 p.m. yeas Special Officer’s regime elections would take place, but it was not happened. I propose that Local Bodies Election Commission be formed for elections to all the Municipal Authorities and under this Commission, elections to the Municipal Corporation should be held so that elections can be held impartially.

There can be no two opinions that the entire Act needs review and drastic changes. Therefore, we hope that the Advisory Committee of the Ministry of Municipal Administration consider the issues and make suggestions so that drastic changes can be brought and a Bill be brought to the House for approval.

In the year 1970, this Municipal Corporation was dissolved and the reasons for dissolution was that they had mis-utilised the funds and the funds were exhausted and the conditions of Corporation were horrible. One has to make a honest survey, assessment whether these conditions were prevail and wherether any improvement has been made in the conditions and whether the Special Officer’s regime has done any better actions to improve the situation of the City, either old or new City. It is horrible and no one can deny that the conditions of the Corporation is horrible. When the Chief Minister took over the charge, he has given an assurance to me personally that he would inspect the City and he would make a survey and assessment of the conditions of the old city or the Municipal Corporation area. Though the promises are there, for the reasons best known to him, it was not materialised or fulfilled. When the Chief Minister has got time to go to districts and to other places, he could not spare time to see these people who are living miserable conditions just like orphans. I may say that the thinking was that most of the people who live are muslims and since the Congress Member was not elected they feel let them suffer and let the people realise the mistake. I do not know about Mr. Vengal Rao whether he is also holding the same opinion. It is high time for him to go over to the City with his own Congress people and see and make an assessment of the conditions of the people as to how
miserably they are living, without lights, without sanitation and in a horrible condition. In regard to lights, in spite of repeated requests, no action is being taken. Even on the other day, in the City Legislators meeting, this point was raised but no action was taken.

There was some hope about the Municipal Corporation and till today the Special officer, who was working is known for his honesty and hard working. He was doing something good and was removed. Against whom there were lot of complaints for about 5 to 6 years, he is being promoted; and a good worker is being transferred. Urdu can not sweep or clean the lanes and by-lanes of the Municipal Corporation. If this is the case, I think nothing to say about the administration and it would go to dogs. It is going to dogs. It has already gone to dogs. During the previous Special Officer’s regime, a Kamati was raised to the position to Asst. Planner. This is because of the Special Officer’s malicious action. If this is to be the case, what would be the fate of Graduates or who work hardly. Can they expect anything in return from the Authorities?

For construction of Houses. We know how corrupt persons are there and how much money they ask. I have given instances but no one is here to hear anything or admit. There is no courage to admit that they are incompetent. When the realities are being told in this House. For allotment of quarters, partiality is shown. Much money has been received through Central Government and was not properly utilised. Can any one deny this situation. Whether the Chief Minister would like to answer these points which are being raised or the Minister who takes the responsibility of the affairs or just passes on all these objections raised?

In regard to condition of employment in the Municipal Corporation, there is something to be informed. Even the Factories, they call for the candidates for employment through Employment Exchanges. But here it is seen all the employments are being made on the whims and fancies of certain officers and money is being accepted for this. The Special Officers who would testify this statement of mine and this is being done for the last 4 to 5 years. Even in Nizam days, he used to recommend a person for absorption in certain post but if the Council of Ministers or Officer in charge informs that he is not suitable for the post, he used agree with the views. But the previous Special Officer appointed a team of officers. They are corrupt womenisers, drunkards. If any thing was went wrong, they were not touched, but a peon or some other lower officer used to be punished. Because of these big persons, no action is being taken in spite of specific charges against them.
In the name of Defence Fund, so much money was collected and no account was furnished. Previous Government tried to shield. I do not know what the present Government would do.

These persons are incompetent. The Health Officer is incompetent. Instead of he himself supervising he asked the Additional Commissioner to look into the hygienic conditions. No water facilities are there in so many localities. No transport facilities and no minimum facilities which a human being can expect, are there. Still the Government wants to have one year extension. Is the Government thinking that a few persons are left who could not make money? Let them be multimillionaires. Is it the intention of the Government? Reasonable view may be taken. It has been repeatedly told in the House. Urdu would never solve this problem. Within four or five months if you want to do something, experienced person may be brought so that he would never spare any culprit or the person at wrong. I hope these considerations would be looked into.

Government Bills:

10.3.  సంస్కృతి సాంస్కృతిక విధానాల విశేషాలు

12.30 p.m.
Hyderabad Municipal Corporation
(Amendment) Bill, 1974.

Government Bills:

Government Bills:
Hyderabad Municipal Corporation
(Amendment) Bill, 1974.


10. నేలలో ఏమైనా యుద్ధం ఎంత సందర్భానికి ఉండదు? వాసుదేవ బ్రహ్మానికి మనం జాంట ఉపయోగించాలి. ఈ సందర్భానికి పరిమిత సందర్భం ఉండదు? ఈ సందర్భం కేసు పరిమిత సందర్భం ఉండదు?

12.40 p.m.

10. లేదు, ఇది యుద్ధం ఎంత సందర్భానికి ఉండదు? వాసుదేవ బ్రహ్మానికి మనం జాంట ఉపయోగించాలి. ఈ సందర్భానికి పరిమిత సందర్భం ఉండదు? ఈ సందర్భం కేసు పరిమిత సందర్భం ఉండదు?

Government Bills:


The Municipal Board has considered the petition of the Mayor and the Committee.

(Scrolling through the text)

The Board has decided to allocate more weightage to certain services.

(Scrolling through the text)

The decision will come into effect from 14th to 15th of the next month.

The Mayor and the Committee have agreed to implement the decision.

(Signature)
In order to reserve twelve seats for the Scheduled Castes residing within the limits of Hyderabad Municipal Corporation and to provide a minimum number of twenty constituencies for the city of Secundabad, the Government considered it necessary to amend the Act suitably.

There are so many things which have not been taken into consideration. In the old system of election so much of malpractice has been allowed. Even at the time of election of Mayor only rich classes can get a chance and the ordinary people do not come into picture at all. Compared to other Corporations the Hyderabad City is an expanding one and its population is growing day by day. We have received lot of funds from the Centre. In this connection my sincere appeal...
to the Corporation as well as to the Government is to see that the development of the City should be taken up as speedily as possible, so that this City which is the Capital of Andhra Pradesh is beautified.

(H) Mr. V. Ramana:—Mr. Speaker, I am strongly of the opinion that this Bill deserves to be enacted at the earliest possible moment. Hyderabad is the Capital of a very big State and it is the duty of the Corporation as well as the Government to take up this matter speedily so that the City becomes a pleasant and attractive place. The Corporation has already taken some measures in this direction and the City is already becoming a very beautiful place. The Corporation has been doing a great deal in this matter and the Corporation is also working hard to make the City a big junction of all the Long Distance roads in the State. The Corporation has been doing a great deal in this matter and the Corporation is also working hard to make the City a big junction of all the Long Distance roads in the State. The Corporation has been doing a great deal in this matter and the Corporation is also working hard to make the City a big junction of all the Long Distance roads in the State.

[Further discussion on the Bill and its importance to the development of the City.]

Mr. N. Srinivas:—Mr. Speaker, I beg to move that the Bill be passed. I have already spoken on the subject and I believe that the Bill is necessary for the development of the City. I therefore move that the Bill be passed.

Mr. V. Ramana:—Mr. Speaker, I support the Bill. I believe that the Bill is necessary for the development of the City and I therefore move that the Bill be passed.

Mr. N. Srinivas:—Mr. Speaker, I beg to second the Bill. I believe that the Bill is necessary for the development of the City and I therefore second the Bill.

(V) Mr. N. Srinivas:—Mr. Speaker, I beg to move that the Bill be referred to a Committee for further consideration.

Mr. V. Ramana:—Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to the motion. I believe that the Bill is necessary for the development of the City and I therefore oppose the motion.

Mr. N. Srinivas:—Mr. Speaker, I beg to second the motion. I believe that the Bill is necessary for the development of the City and I therefore second the motion.

1.00 p.m. Mr. V. Ramana:—Mr. Speaker, I believe that the Bill is necessary for the development of the City and I therefore move that the Bill be passed as an urgent matter.

[Further discussion on the Bill and its importance to the development of the City.]
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Hyderabad Municipal Corporation
(Amendment) Bill, 1974.

Message from the Chairman.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation (Amendment) Bill, 1974 (as passed by the Legislative Council) be taken into consideration."

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That Clauses 2 to 8 Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted and Clauses 2 to 8, Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title were added to the Bill.

Sri M. V. Krishna Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation (Amendment) Bill, 1974 (as passed by the Legislative Council) be passed."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation (Amendment) Bill, 1974 (as passed by the Legislative Council) be passed."

The motion adopted.

MESSAGE

(From the Chairman, Legislative Council)

re: RETURNING, WITHOUT ANY RECOMMENDATION, THE A. P. APPROPRIATION (No. 4) BILL, 1974.

Mr. Speaker:—There is a message from the hon. Chairman, Legislative Council which reads as follows:

"In accordance with Rule 150 of the Rules of Procedure and the conduct of Business in Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council, I return herewith the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 4) Bill, 1974 which was passed by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly at its sitting held on 27-7-74 and transmitted to the Legislative Council for its recommendations, duly signed by me and state that this House has no recommendation to make to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly in regard to the said Bill,"

MESSAGE

(From the Chairman, Legislative Council)

re: RETURNING, WITHOUT ANY RECOMMENDATION, THE A. P. APPROPRIATION (No. 4) BILL, 1974.
ANNOUNCEMENT

re: LAST DATE FOR WITHDRAWAL OF NOMINATIONS FOR ALL COMMITTEES.

Mr. Speaker:—Why not we have it up to 7th The time for withdrawals with the consent of the House is extended up to 7th August, 1974, (1-30 p.m. on 7-8-74).

The House now stands adjourned till tomorrow at 8-30 a.m.

(The House then adjourned to meet again at 8-30 a.m 1.10 p.m on Thursday, the 1st August, 1974.)