THE ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

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ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Speaker: Sri P Ranga Reddy
Deputy Speaker: Sri Syed Rahmat Ali

Panel of Chairmen: 1. Sri Kaza Ramanadham
2. Sri Baddam Yella Reddy
3. Smt D Indira
4. Sri M Yellappa

Secretary: Sri A Shanker Reddy,
B A, LL B

Assistant Secretaries: 1. Sri M Ramanadha Sastry
2. Sri P Ranga Rao
3. Sri E Sadasiva Reddy
4. Sri V K Viswanath
5. Sri Poornananda Sastry
6. Sri K Satyanarayana Rao
7. Sri R N. Sarma
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ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Amount spent for famine works during the President's Rule

*3793 Q — Sri K Rangadass (Kollapur) — Will hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) the amount spent for the famine works in our State during the President's Rule, and

(b) whether the Government will constitute a Committee with officials and non-officials to enquire and ensure that the amount was properly spent?

The Minister for Education (Sri M V Krishna Rao) deputised for the Chief Minister -(a) Rs 2980 80 lakhs for relief works, Rs 277 04 lakhs for drinking water and Rs 389 82 lakhs for distress taccavi were spent for Famine works during the President's Rule in the State

(b) No,Sir

An asterisk before the name indicates Correction by the Member
Drought affected areas in the State

641—

*3521 Q—Sri M Nagi Reddy (Gurajala)—Will hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state,

(a) the names of taluks or Panchayat Samithi areas which are affected by drought this year, and

(b) the measures taken by the Government for drought relief?

Sri M V Krishna Rao—(a) Visakhapatnam, Anakapalli, Bheemunipatnam, Vizianagaram, Gajapathinagaram, Elamanchili and
Narsipatnam, Pathapatnam, Narsampeta, Srikakulam, Chipurupalli and Palakonda taluks of Srikakulam district, Peddapuram, Prathupadu Tuni and Rajahmundry taluks of East Godavari district, and Srikalahasti, Satyavedu and Puttur taluks of Chittoor district

(b) Government have sanctioned Rs 35 00 lakhs, Rs 15 50 lakhs and Rs 2 00 lakhs to Visakhapatnam, Srikakulam and East Godavari districts respectively for relief works, drinking water and distress taccavi loans. Besides, some plan provisions have also been made available to these districts for relief works and provision of drinking water facilities. The allotments have been made based on the intensity of drought and quantum of relief required.

Central Assistance for drought relief in the State

*404 Q —Sri A Sreeramulu (Eluru) —Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) the total amount of special assistance received from Government of India for drought relief so far during 1973-74,

(b) the district-wise allocation of this amount,

(c) the agency through which the drought relief funds were handled, and

(d) the steps taken by the Government to see that the amounts are spent properly for the purpose?

Sri M V Krishna Rao —An amount of Rs 51 50 crores was received from the Government of India as against the total ceiling of Rs 51 88 crores during the period 1 4-72 to 31-7-1973

(b) Does not arise, because Central assistance for drought relief expenditure incurred by the State Government is computed in accordance with a set formula in relation to total expenditure incurred all over the State by the State Government in undertaking the required relief measures

(c) Collectors and concerned Heads of Departments Viz Chief Engineers, Minor, Major Medium Irrigation and Panchayat Raj, Director of Animal Husbandry etc

(d) Detailed executive instructions have been issued from time to time for periodical inspection of the works and accounts by the Superior officers during their tours in the areas. Periodic progress reports are also prescribed by the Board of Revenue and Government.
Sri A Sreeramulu —The draught relief funds are intended to provide labour to the working people and at the same time also leave some permanent assets to the Government. That is the way how the draught relief funds will have to be spent. I would like to know, what is the nature of the works that were taken up and by whom were the works sanctioned and what is the way by which they were checked measured and how the expenditure was evaluated. Was the expenditure properly incurred? Have some permanent assets been created? Has the Government taken any action with regard to these three points?

Sri A Sreeramulu —Will the hon Minister kindly place a statement on the Table of the House in regard to the details of the works that were taken up? There is a complaint with regard to the draught relief funds that a big fraud has been going on and it has not provided any relief except to a handful persons very near and dear to the Government.

Mr Speaker —What is this, it is unfortunate. I gave you four chances Mr Sreeramulu?

Sri A Sreeramulu —True, Sir, but the Minister has not answered my question.
Mr Speaker — That is not my purpose. What he answers you have to take it. I have given you four chances and you can't accuse the Chair.

Sri A. Sreeramulu — I am thankful to you, Sir. My plight has been in spite of your having given me four chances, I have not been able to get even one inch of information from the Minister.

Mr Speaker — Let us see.

Venkatesham (Kuppam) — For (d), the reply is executive instructions have been issued from time to time and periodic progress reports are also prescribed by the Board of Revenue and Government. 

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420 28th June, 1974 Oral Answers to Questions

(1) మేం లోపాలు పొడిచేసారు ఆనందానికి కనబడింది కనుక లోపాలు ఎందుకంటే కనబడారు అంటే ఇంటి నిర్దేశాలను సాధనా నిర్ధారించారు?

(2) మేం 16 కోటలు ఆముదాండబడింది, అంటే ఇంటి నిర్ధారించారు కనుక మరుపాలకు స్థాయియతం ఆస్వాదనం చేసాం తప్పు. అంటే ఇంటి నిర్ధారించారు కనుక మరుపాలకు స్థాయియతం ఆస్వాదనం చేసాం తప్పు?

(3) మేం 10 కోటలు ఆముదాండబడింది, అంటే ఇంటి నిర్ధారించారు కనుక మరుపాలకు స్థాయియతం ఆస్వాదనం చేసాం తప్పు. అంటే ఇంటి నిర్ధారించారు కనుక మరుపాలకు స్థాయియతం ఆస్వాదనం చేసాం తప్పు?

(4) మేం 7 కోటలు ఆముదాండబడింది అక్షరాల సంఖ్యల రేఖాంశం ఆస్వాదనం చేసాం తప్పు. అంటే ఇంటి నిర్ధారించారు కనుక మరుపాలకు స్థాయియతం ఆస్వాదనం చేసాం తప్పు?

(5) మేం లోపాలు పొడిచేసారు ఆనందానికి కనబడింది కనుక లోపాలు ఎందుకంటే కనబడారు అంటే ఇంటి నిర్దేశాలను సాధనా నిర్ధారించారు.
Mr Speaker — I would like to tell the House that in the matter of Questions and Supplementaries, hereafter, I will allow Supplementaries to the main Questioner and one supplementary only to each Member. Otherwise, I am finding it very difficult to complete. We were having 15 questions previously and now we are having only 10 questions. Inspite of that, I am exceeding the scheduled time of one hour everyday by 15 to 20 minutes. Therefore, kindly bear with me for this arrangement. I appeal to all the Members.

Sri C V K Rao — To explain my position, Sir, there cannot be hard and fast rule for every question. On a matter like this where Rs 51 50 crores are involved, it is a very serious matter and on that if we have hard and fast rules, justice cannot be done to evaluate the performance of the administration. Therefore, you please use your discretion.

Mr Speaker — I am trying to use my discretion. But still I had to come to this decision. If a large number of members raise their hands and if I have not given any chance to speak, Members may be displeased with me and may think that I am only concentrating on front benches giving opportunity to a few members.

Sri C V K Rao — Not that way, Sir. I beg to submit that we have our own grievances and we are not raising them. Any way, we having been permitted to put certain supplementaries, cannot go without receiving answers to them.

Mr Speaker — I am so sorry to tell the House that the question hour is not being utilised to elicit information from the Minister but to persuade him to make an assurance or make him to come to a decision. You have got other ways of doing that and you can avail of all those things. But during the question hour, I would appeal to the Members only to try to elicit and get what all information is needed. I am trying to give opportunity to all the Members.
It is a specific question in addition to what they have already mentioned. On the question of fraud, officers concerned were taken to task. There is a specific question about it but there was no answer.

Mr Speaker — Still I stick to my decision to give one chance to one member for supplementary and two supplementaries to the main questioner. Unless I find that there is great necessity for allowing another supplementary, I am giving only two chances.

Sri V. Srikirishna — If you feel that there is importance, for example, there is fraud or any such important thing, in such cases, supplementaries may be allowed. Discretion is left with you and that laxity must be there.

Sri A. Sreeramulu — We leave the matter to the discretion of you, Sir. Atleast on matters of great public importance, where Rs 56 crores are involved and where there is total fraud, atleast on this question, if you cannot allow any supplementary, it is very difficult, Sir. Otherwise, the object of the Question Hour would be defeated. You have been very sympathetic towards the Members, I have absolutely nothing to complain about it. Your conducting is exemplary and you are very much considerate. But the only point is that the Ministers are not coming prepared with answers. They are giving highly evasive answers. If they come prepared there is no problem at all. After all my question, I have asked the district-wise allocation of the drought fund. It was painful that there was no answer. Again I put a supplementary to tell me whether any amount was allotted to the districts. But even then there was no answer. Why is it that the Minister did not give his reply? Kindly pull up the Ministers also. We are prepared to abide by your decision. Kindly pull up the Minister also. They are giving replies in a very callous fashion to the House. They think that they can talk in any way they like and they take things for granted, since there is not much opposition. Is this the way that a Minister should give his reply? Kindly look into these matters.
Mr Speaker — Hereafter I would be more liberal in allowing half an hour discussions wherever such situations arise. But even then, the Opposition leaders could sit together and try to sort out on what point they would like to ask half-an-hour discussion. We should not make it a daily item. So, please understand my difficulty and give your opinion.

Sri C V K Rao — We definitely agree with you.

Sri A Sreeramulu — No change is needed. The procedure you have formulated is nice and there is no need for any change.

Sri C V K Rao — Already there is an impression that it is a daily affair in the Legislative Assembly. Not that we would like to give any heat, it is only the behaviour of the Government from the treasury benches that is forcing us to pin them down to a particular point. Otherwise, very bad impression would be created outside that we are yielding to the Government while it is making all irregularities. I leave it to your discretion.

Mr Speaker — If you all think that such a thing is happening, I am only sorry that it reflects only on the House.
424 28th June, 1974 Oral Answers to Questions

I want to protect you

Sri A Sreramulu — I am not given the opportunity I wanted to know the allotment for West Godavary, and the amount that was spent for building the compound wall and Guest House. If the Minister does not have the information now, he can give tomorrow.
COLLECTION OF FODDER LOANS FROM THE HARIJANS OF PRAKASAM DISTRICT

643—

3453 (T) Q — Sarvasri A Kotiah (Santanuthalapadu) and S Papi Reddy (Kangiri) — Will hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the fodder loans advanced to the Harijans of Prakasam district by the Government during the famine period are being collected from them by force, and

(b) whether the hon Chief Minister will issue orders to write off the fodder loans advanced to the poor Harijans in view of their famine conditions and financial difficulties?

Sri M V Krishna Rao — (a) No, Sir

(b) The issue of writing off loans will have to be considered on the merits of each individual case on the basis of existing instructions on the subject. Wherever justifiable, the Tahasildars have been advised to submit write-off proposals.
28th June, 1974

Oral Answers to Questions

1) ಸುಂದರಿಯ ಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಗುರುಮಂದಿರ ನ್ಯೂಟಿಯರ್ ನೂಡಾದಲ್ಲಿ 1972-73 ಆರು ದಾರುಗಾ ಸಂಭಾರದಲ್ಲಿ 25 ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗೊಂಡ 25 ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗೊಂಡ ಮರಗಳನ್ನು ಮತನಿಸಿದ ಮಹಾಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ಈಗಿಲ್ಲಿ ಎಂದು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದನೂ? ಮತ್ತೇ ಈಗಿಲ್ಲಿ ಎಂದು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದ ಮಹಾಸ್ಥಾಪಕ

2) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರಪತಿ (ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು) — 1972-73 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 25 ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗೊಂಡ ಮರಗಳನ್ನು ಮತನಿಸಿದ ಮಹಾಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ಈಗಿಲ್ಲಿ ಎಂದು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದು ಮರಗಳಿಗೊಂಡ ಮಹಾಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ಈಗಿಲ್ಲಿ ಎಂದು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದ ಮಹಾಸ್ಥಾಪಕ

3) ಎಂದು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದ ಮಹಾಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ಈಗಿಲ್ಲಿ ಎಂದು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದ ಮಹಾಸ್ಥಾಪಕ

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Oral Answers to Questions 28th June, 1974

CRASH PROGRAMME FOR INCLUSION OF HOUSE SITES IN GRAMAKANTHAM

644—

*3352 Q — Sri M Nagi Reddy —Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government propose to take up crash programme for the conversion of all the house-sites outside the gramakantham into village site (Gramakantham), and

(b) if so, when the crash programme will be commenced and when it will be completed?

Sri M V Krishna Rao—(a) No, Sir

(b) Does not arise

ILLEGAL OCCUPATION OF LANDS BY A B.M HOSPITAL, ONGOLE

645—

*3453 (U) Q — Sarvasri A Kotiah and S Papi Reddy — Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state
(a) whether it is a fact that the land adjacent to the Sub-Collector's office near trunk Road in Ongole is under the illegal occupation of the A B M Hospital Ongole and Government have directed the Mission authorities to hand over the said land to the Government,

(b) whether the Government are aware that the Mission Hospital authorities have not handed over possession of the said land and are preparing to go to the Court of law, in case the Government delay the matter, and

(c) if so, the steps proposed to be taken by the Government to take possession of the land?

Sri M V Krishna Rao —(a) The land adjacent to the Sub Collector's office near trunk road in Ongole is not under the illegal occupation of the A B M Hospital, Ongole This land of three acres in S No 328/B1 is held by it under the orders of the Government As the same land is required for Government purpose, the Sub-Collector, Ongole issued a notice calling on the Mission Authorities to show cause against resumption of the land and the same was quashed by the High Court

(b) The land has not resumed so far The Mission Authorities approached the High Court and got the notice issued by the Sub-Collector cancelled, on the ground that he is not competent to issue resumption notice

(c) The matter is pending with the Government and they are taking expeditious steps to resume the land

9-10 am

PATTAS TO HARIJANS OF UTTAMA NELLORE

646—

*3448-(P)-Q—Sri Nallapareddi Srinivasul Reddy —Will hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the Harijans of Uttama Nellore are cultivating lands above the full tank level in Puchalapalli tanka Gudur taluk of Nellore district for the last eight years, and
Oral Answers to Questions 28th June, 1974

(b) the reasons for the delay in granting permanent pattas to them?

Sri M V Krishna Rao — (a) Yes, Sir  But it is reported that they have been cultivating the lands for the past four years and not eight years, as stated in the question.

(b) The land is classified in accounts as tank bed poramboke. The ayacutdas of the tank raised objection for the transfer of the cultivated portion to assessed waste and assignment of the same to Haryans. The matter had therefore to be referred to the Public Works Department for technical opinion as the tank is under the control of the Public Works Department. After obtaining the opinion of the Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, it is reported that the Tahsildar, Gudur has submitted the transfer proposals and they have already been approved by the District Revenue Officer, Nellore. It is also reported that the District Revenue Officer has instructed the Tahsildar, Gudur, to issue ‘D’ form pattas to the beneficiaries immediately.

FINANCIAL AID TO FREEDOM FIGHTERS

647—

*3391 Q — Sri R. Seetharamaiah (put by Sri Kudipudi Prabhakar Rao) — Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) whether the Central Government is giving financial aid to Freedom Fighters, who have undergone imprisonment for more than 6 months, and

(b) if so, whether the Government will consider to extend this aid to the Freedom Fighters who had undergone imprisonment for less than six months meeting the expenditure from the State Funds?

Sri M V Krishna Rao — (a) Yes, Sir

(b) The matter is under consideration of Government.
450 28th June 1974
Oral Answers to Questions

(1) இயல் ஒப்பிடுவது, — செயர் தலைசின் முதல் சட்டமன்றத் தலைமை வருகை முறை (இசுருக்கம்)

(2) இரு வருடங்களுக்கான மும்பை (செயர்தலைசின்) — அதன் வருடங்களால் முதலைய என்று தோன்றுள்ளது, அவ்விதமானத் தோன்றும் அனைத்து தலைசின் முதலைய வருடங்கள் நூற்றன் வருடங்கள் வரும் போது என்று பொருளே. இந்த சுருக்கம் முதலே புதுநூற்றாண்டிலே புனரமைக்கப்பட்டது. என்றால் தலைசின் முதலைய வருடங்களை முன்னேற்ற வேண்டும் என்று தெளிவாக சொன்னார்?

(3) இயல் ஒப்பிடுவது — மன்னர் தலைசின் முதலைய வருடங்களின் அடிப்படையில் மூன்று முதலையப் புது சட்டமன்றத் தலைமைகள்.

9-20 a.m

(1) மறு சுருக்கமைருந்து (செயர் தலைசின்) — அதன் கீழ், அனைத்து தலைசின் முதலைய வருடங்கள் வரும் போது, 4 முதலைய வருடங்கள் முதலைய வருடங்களை நூற்றுண்டாக்கும் புது தலைசின் முதலைய வருடங்கள் வரும் போது என்று பொருளே. இந்த சுருக்கம் முதலே புதுநூற்றாண்டிலே புனரமைக்கப்பட்டது. என்றால் தலைசின் முதலைய வருடங்களை முன்னேற்ற வேண்டும் என்று தெளிவாக சொன்னார்?

(2) இயல் ஒப்பிடுவது — என்றும் மன்னர் என்றும், என்னும் குற்றங்களை முன்னேறுவதற்கு அனைத்து தலைசின் முதலைய வருடங்களை முன்னேறுவதற்கு என்று பொருளே. என்றால் என்னும் குற்றங்களை முன்னேறுவதற்கு என்று பொருளே.

(3) இயல் ஒப்பிடுவது (செயர் தலைசின்) — 1948 ஆம் ஜூன் முதலில் மேலைப்பட்டு, இந்த அமைப்பு விளக்கிய முனையாகும். மேலைப்பட்டு, இந்த சுருக்கம் முதலே புது சுருக்கமைத்து, என்றால் என்னும் குற்றங்களை முன்னேறுவதற்கு என்று பொருளே. இந்த சுருக்கம் முதலே புது சுருக்கமைத்து, என்றால் என்னும் குற்றங்களை முன்னேறுவதற்கு என்று பொருளே.

(4) இயல் ஒப்பிடுவது — மன்னர் என்றும் என்றும் என்னும் குற்றங்களை முன்னேறுவதற்கு என்று பொருளே. என்றால் என்றும் என்றும் என்றும் குற்றங்களை முன்னேறுவதற்கு என்று பொருளே.
IRREGULARITIES IN THE WORKING OF THE EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE IN SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT,

648—

*4194 Q — Sri V Srikrishna — Will the hon Minister for Labour be pleased to state

(a) whether any irregularities have been brought to the notice of the Government in the working of the Employment Exchange in Srikakulam district,

(b) whether it is a fact that Employment Exchanges are not sending call letters according to the seniority of the candidates, and

(c) if so, whether the Government will order a thorough enquiry into the working of the Employment Exchanges? 

The Minister for Labour Sri L Lakshman Dass — (a) No, Sir 
(b) No, Sir
(c) Does not arise

35—3
Mr Speaker —Have you got a copy of the letter addressed to the Government ?

Sri V S. Krishna —Yes, Sir

Mr Speaker —Please give it. We shall take it up very seriously. This is not the way. Let me know the truth about it.

**SELLING OF GOVERNMENT QUARTERS TO THE RESIDENTS**

649—

* 4155 Q —Sri D. Krishna Reddy (Narasaraopet) —Will the honourable Minister for Public Works Department be pleased to state

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to sell the quarters to the Government employees who are residing in them in twin cities as was done in the case of Sanathnagar quarters,

(b) if so, when it is likely to materialise,

(c) if not, the reasons therefor,

(d) whether any representation was received by the Government in the month of January, 1974 from the residents of Kaladera colony in this regard, and

(e) if so, the action taken thereon ?

The Minister for Public Works (Sri Ch Venkata Rao) —(a) No, Sir

(b) Does not arise

(c) Government have taken a decision that Government residential buildings should not be sold, as it would not only deprive other Government servants of the facility of Government residential accommodation, but would also virtually amount to showing special favour to the existing occupants of the buildings.
(d) No, Sir. However, a joint representation from the representatives of the Residents Associations of certain Government Housing Colonies, including Kaladera, was received in February, 1972.

(e) The request was negatived.

Sri A. Surramulu — What are the grounds urged in the representation which has been received by the Government? What is the cost of maintaining these quarters and what is the rent that has been collected? Are we making profit or are we incurring loss?

1970-71 the maintenance cost was 20, 30 rupees per month. The inquiry committee recommended that the rent should be increased. Are we following it? What is the new rent for Kaladera?

Sri S. Prasad — The maintenance cost was 20, 30 rupees per month. However, the rent was not increased. The maintenance cost is at the discretion of the committee. The committee recommends an increase in rent. Are we following the recommendations of the committee?

Sri A. Surramulu — There are 20 residences in Kaladera. What is the maintenance cost and the rent that is being charged? Are we following the recommendations of the committee?

The committee recommended an increase in rent. However, the maintenance cost is at the discretion of the committee. The committee recommends an increase in rent. Are we following the recommendations of the committee?
SHORT NOTICE QUESTION AND ANSWER

IMPORT OF ALCOHOL FROM UTTAR PRADESH

649-(A)—

S N Q No 4790J Sri Nallapareddy Srinivasul Reddy —Will hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) The quantity of alcohol that the Government of Andhra Pradesh have decided to import from Uttar Pradesh, and the reason for importing the same,

(b) the place where the imported commodity is preserved and whether it is in good condition,

(c) the reason for transporting the same by lorry when rail facility is available to the place where it is is preserved, and

(d) whether some persons were caught when they tried to sell it on the way while transporting the same by lorry?

Sri L Laxmandass deputised for the Chief Minister —(a) The Government of India allotted 50 lakh litres of alcohol from Uttar Pradesh. The import was necessitated owing to acute shortage of production in the State.

(b) 12 lakh litres of alcohol imported by the Government Power Alcohol Factory, for supply to small units was preserved in their storage tanks at Shakarnagar. It was in good condition and found fit for industrial purposes.

(c) The Government power Alcohol Factory imported the same by rail upto Secunderabad and entrusted its transport from Secunderabad to Shakarnagar by road to a contractor as the transhipment from Broad-guage to Metre guage tankers involves delay and inconvenience. Other major consumers made their own arrangements for transport and storage.

(d) There was an incident of short delivery of 9000 litres of alcohol by the contractor to the Government Power Alcohol Factory. The Crime Branch Police is investigating into the matter.
చట్టం (ప్రశ్నాంశాల) — ప్రియారులు, మంగలం 9-30 అంశానం నిష్పత్తి లో సందర్శన యొక్క కచ్చితం (1) అనుసంధానం వచ్చింది మరియు (2) అనుసంధానం వచ్చింది. (1) అనుసంధానం అనుసంధానం చెప్పిన ప్రశ్నను తెలుసుకోండి. (2) అనుసంధానం అనుసంధానం ఎవరు ఆముదాను చెప్పింది? ఆముదాను ప్రశ్నను తెలుసుకోండి.
Mr Speaker — There was an incident of short delivery of 90,000 litres of alcohol by the contractor to the Government Power Alcohol Factory. It was full of water.

Sri A Sriramulu — Is it a fact that the Sub-Inspector was kept under suspension and later re-instated on political pressure?

Sri A Sriramulu — My question is whether it is a fact that the Sub Inspector of Police was kept under suspension? Was he kept under suspension or not?

Sri A Sriramulu — My question is whether it is a fact that the Sub Inspector of Police was kept under suspension? Was he kept under suspension or not?
short Notice Question and Answer
28th June, 1974

 вопрос

1. 10 लाख - 5लाख में से दो लाख का आयत एवं चौबटी का आयत का समानता?

2. दो देशों में एक अन्य देश के समान रूप से दो लाख का आयत का समानता?

3. बैंक लाइन द्वारा एक अन्य देश का समानता?

4. अन्य देश का समानता?

5. अन्य देश का समानता?

6. अन्य देश का समानता?
Matter under Rule 341
Manhandling of Dr Kalyani, a Scientist in P C Jain & Co, Secunderabad

9.40 a.m.

Matter under Rule 341
re Manhandling of Dr Kalyani, a Scientist in P C Jain & Co, Secunderabad
Sri A Srimulu —Sir, this is really an unfortunate incident affecting the prestige of the administration and also the Government. A highly qualified lady who belongs to the family of freedom fighters—if she has no security and if she cannot get protection at the hands of the law and order machinery controlled by Mr Vengal Rao, I donot know what is to happen. The other day while replying to a call-attention motion in regard to Gannavaram, he was so much excited and emotionally surcharged and he was even assuring everybody that he is going to put down lawlessness. Here is a typical case of a highly educated lady. Here the police machinery has been influenced by big money bags. This is how the entire process of administration and law and order in this country is getting controlled or influenced by big money. The name of the firm is P C Jam. She has refused to give the formula of Mohan Meakins and if they are able to steal this formula from this lady they will be able to make millions. A retired officer by name Mr Dias is the Vigilance officer in this firm and through Mr. Dias—a retired police officer—they were able to manage...
the whole show and she has been characterised. I get reminded of a drama "Enemies of People" written by Ibsen where a doctor was declared mad and he was beaten. This is something like that. It is a travesty of truth and so I would request the Chief Minister to look at it as a very serious problem—a problem affecting his prestige and the prestige of the Government because she is not a native of this State, she would go to her state, U P and say 'In Mr Vengal Rao's administration I could not get protection.' If the security of a highly educated lady is not to be guaranteed, our law and order machinery is not worth it and the talk of putting down lawlessness becomes a mockery.
Matter under Rule 341  
28th June, 1974  

Manhandling of Dr Kalam, a scientist in P C Jain & Co, Secunderabad

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Sri A Srimulu — She has lodged a complaint through the lawyer that all her belongings have been taken away. What is the action taken by the Police to register the complaint or to trace the articles that have been removed from the house?

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Sri A Srimulu — She has lodged a complaint through the lawyer that all her belongings have been taken away. What is the action taken by the Police to register the complaint or to trace the articles that have been removed from the house?
Matter under Rule 341
Manhandling of Dr Kalyanam, a scientist
in P C Jain & Co, Secunderabad

442 28th June, 1974

Sri A Srinamulu — I will read one sentence from her letter:

‘In the prestige of any woman, can any woman dare pursue when this rowdism prevails?’
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance

Remarks of Comptroller and Auditor General on the sub-standard construction work on the Godavari Barrage Project

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

Remarks of Comptroller and Auditor General on the sub-standard construction work on the Godavari Barrage Project
Calling attention to matters of urgent Public Importance

Remarks of Comptroller and Auditor General on the substandard construction work on the Godavari Barrage Project

It is neither rejected nor recovery made from the contractors.

The field strength of Cement Concrete should not be less than 105 K, G per Sq centimeter after 28 days of curing.
Calling attention to matters of urgent Public Importance

Remarks of Comptroller and Auditor General on the substandard construction work on the Godavari Barrage Project

On 28th June, 1974

Overnight, the D S P was transferred in the midst of the enquiry. On that day itself I questioned on the Floor of the House about this to the then Minister Sri P Narasa Reddy...
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance

re Remarks of Comptroller and Auditor General on the substandard construction work on the Godavari Barrage Project

Government will take appropriate action on the concerned Now, I will read the statement

Sir, in the call attention motion, the Member raised the point regarding sub-standard construction work done in the Godavari Barrage Project and referred to by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, in his Audit Report for the year 1971—72. In the Audit report for the years 1971-72 the Comptroller and Auditor General referred to the following points regarding the sub-standard work done in the Godavari Barrage construction work —

(a) The agreement provided that all concrete should be weigh-batched, machine-mixed and properly vibrated to get a dense mass to ensure the quality of the concrete. It also provided for supply of weigh-batching plant for ensuring proper mix of the ingredients by weight but some units of concrete works were executed through ordinary mixers involving mixing cement by volume only,

(b) According to the General Water and Power Commission, the field-strength (Cylinder) of cement concrete 1 2 4 should not be less than 175 kg per square centimetre but the test results showed that about 50 per cent of the samples yielded less than 50 per cent strength,
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance

re Remarks of Comptroller and Auditor General on the substandard construction work on the Godavari Barrage Project

(c) According to the Central Water and Power Commission, the field-strength of cement concrete block of 158 should not be less than 105 kg. per square centimetre after 28 days of curing. The test results, however, showed the strength actually achieved in more than 50 per cent of the samples tested to be only 15 kg per square centimetre.

It may be stated here that certain petitions received regarding the construction work carried out in the Godavari Barrage Project were referred to the Anti-Corruption Bureau for enquiry and report in 1972. In this connection the Director of Anti-Corruption Bureau suggested for special audit of the accounts of the Project. Accordingly, the Accountant General was requested to conduct this audit. The Accountant-General submitted his Audit Report. The report of the Accountant-General has been examined in consultation with the Chief Engineer. After examining the report, the following decisions have been taken by Government:

(i) To make a reference to the Board of consultants for immediate study of the work already done to ensure that it does not undermine the structure. Accordingly, the Chief Engineer (General) was requested to refer the three points relating to substandard work mentioned in para (1) above, to the Board of Consultants for immediate study and report on whether the work already done will not undermine the structure. The report of the Chief Engineer after ascertaining the view of the Board of Consultants is awaited.

(ii) It may also be mentioned in regard to irregularities mentioned in the Audit Report, that the report of the Anti-Corruption Bureau has been forwarded to the Vigilance Commissioner. Further action will be taken on receipt of the recommendations of the Vigilance Commissioner.

All these points will come after investigation. They will submit a report. After receiving the report, we will take proper action, against the persons concerned.
448 28th June, 1974

Calling attention to matters of urgent
Public Importance

re Remarks of Comptroller and Auditor
General on the substandard construc-
tion work on the Godavari Barrage
Project

In the midst of enquiry, why has been the officer transferred overnight
and for what specific reasons, was he transferred?

Minister's reply is very very
vague

Sri Kudupudi Prabhakara Rao - There is revised ratio now
I request the hon.ble Minister to promise on the floor of House as to
when he can get the Experts Committee Report—by next season
somewhere in November? I want an assurance from the
Minister.
Calling attention to matters of urgent Public Importance
re Need to provide facilities for sale of accumulated cotton

28th June 1974

(2) re NEED TO PROVIDE FACILITIES FOR SALE OF ACCUMULATED COTTON

(1) Need to provide facilities for sale of accumulated cotton

(Need to provide facilities for sale of accumulated cotton)

In view of the urgent need to provide facilities for sale of accumulated cotton, it is hereby notified that the State Government has decided to establish a cotton market in the town of...
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance

re Need to provide facilities for sale of accumulated cotton
Calling attention to Matters of urgent Public Importance

re Termination of services of Work Inspectors in Z P Nizamabad

28th June, 1974

Sri M Narayana Reddy —Sir, 95 Work Inspectors in Nizamabad have been ousted recently. This has been done without the knowledge of the Chairman, Zilla Parishad or the Panchayat Samithi. They were all surprised to find that all the 95 Work Inspectors were removed from the service affecting the existing works in various Samithies. How this has happened, nobody knows. While creating unemployment for these persons, it has also affected the progress of the existing works. I request the Chief Minister to make a statement on this issue.

Sri J Vengal Rao —The Executive Engineer, Zilla Parishad Nizamabad reported that he retrenched 80 work Inspectors with effect from 9-5-1974 for want of sufficient funds under Petty supervision charges in Nizamabad district and that the retrenched work—Inspectors would be absorbed as and when the funds are available.

The Andhra Pradesh Engineering workers' Union, Hyderabad and Andhra Pradesh Engineering Employees Union, Hyderabad have already brought to the notice of Government about the retrenchment...
of work Inspectors, anamolies in the way of retrenchment etc. The main grievance of the Andhra Pradesh Engineering Employees Union is that the Executive Engineer, Zilla Parshad, Nizamabad, terminated the services of all the 80 work charged employees of the Zilla Parishad of whom about 50 were selected by the District Selection Committee and were having about 5 to 15 years of service.

The Government have examined the various points raised by Unions in consultation with the Chief Engineer (Panchayati Raj, Hyderabad).

The Chief Engineer (Panchayati Raj) issued instructions to the Executive Engineer to maintain strict seniority of Work Inspectors at district level, for appointments and termination in the division and to pay the duty wages of retrenched Work Inspectors upto the date of issue of termination orders.

After examining the report of the Chief Engineer (Panchayati Raj), the Government advised the Chief Engineer (Panchayati Raj)

1. To issue circular instructions to all the Executive Engineers, Zilla Parishads in this regard to avoid repetitions of such mistakes in other Zilla Parishads,

2. To obtain the explantion of the Executive Engineer Zilla Parishad, Nizamabad for the irregularities especially regarding non-adherence to seniority etc, of the work Inspectors of Nizamabad, Zilla Parishad, and

3. To instruct the Executive Engineer, Zilla Parishad, Nizamabad to take steps to ensure that no workcharged Inspector, regularly selected by District Selection Committee is discharged from service, while continuing those who were appointed later without due concurrence of the District Selection Committee and to issue orders of discharge only with prospective effect and after giving due notice as per the law applicable to workcharged employees.

Sri M Narayana Reddy — Sir, I appreciate the very prompt action taken by the Government in this matter. The ousting was done most irregularly. It was done by the Executive Engineer without the knowledge of the competent authority. The Executive Engineer does not enjoy good reputation. That is known in the Secretariat as well as to the Chief Engineer. I would only request that this matter may be inquired into under what circumstances and for what motive this action was taken by the Executive Engineer.

Sri J Vengala Rao — 

PAPER LAID ON THE TABLE

Sri J Vengala Rao — Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the amendment issued to Rule 11 of the Indian Stamps Rules 1925 in G O Ms No 201 Revenue, dated 25th February, 1974 and published at page 85 of the Rules Supplement to Part II of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette dated 18th April, 1974, as required under section 75 A (2) of the Indian Stamp Act

Mr Speaker — Paper laid on the table

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE

DECISIONS OF THE BUSINESS ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Sri J Vengala Rao — Sir, I beg to place on the table a copy of the report on the decisions of the Business Advisory Committee taken at its meeting held on 26th June, 1974

1-7-1974
(Monday)

2-7-1974
(Tuesday)

3-7-1974
(Wednesday)

4-7-1974
(Thursday)

5-7-1974
(Friday)

6-7-1974
(Saturday)

7-7-1974
(Sunday)

8-7-1974
(Monday)

9-7-1974
(Tuesday)

10-7-1974
(Wednesday)

11-7-1974
(Thursday)

12-7-1974
(Friday)

Demand No XX — Education

Demand No VII — Land revenue department

Demand No VIII — Stamps and registration

Demand No X — Commercial taxes administration

Demand No XXVI — Civil supplies administration

Demand No XXXII — Administration of religious endowments

Demand No XXXIII — Cooperation

Demand No XXXIV — Agriculture

Demand No XXXVI — Animal husbandry

Demand No XXXVII — Dairy development

Demand No XXXVIII — Fisheries

Demand No XXXIX — Forests

Demand No XXXV — Minor irrigation

Demand No XLIV — Multipurpose river projects

Demand No XLV — Irrigation

Demand No XLVI — Power development

Demand No XXII — Urban development

Demand No XXIII — Social Welfare

Demand No XXVII — Tribal Welfare

Demand No XXVIII — Women and child welfare.
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- Industries
- Village and Small Industries
- Mines and Minerals
- Labour and Employment
- Relief and Rehabilitation
- Medical and health services
- Administration of justice
- Police Administration
- Jails administration
- Stationary and printing department
- Fire services
- Community development
- Public Works
- Minor Port Development
- Road development
- Transport Department
- State Legislature
- Governor and Council of Ministers
- Elections
- General administrative services
- District administration
- Excise administration
- Treasury and accounts administration
- Pensions
- Political and other pensions
- Relief on account of natural calamities
- Compensation and assignments to local bodies and panchayat raj institutions
- Other general economic services
- Loans to Government servants and other miscellaneous loans
- Information and publicity
- Tourism
Mr Speaker — The two items therefore cover Municipal Administration also. There is no demand as such. Please refer the Budget. Therefore we have to keep these two...
Sri C V K Rao —Because I am not so conversant with that aspect

Mr Speaker —As far as possible care is taken to “cover all” the demands grouping these things. They only change the Chief Minister requests for is that the demands of 8th and 9th will come on 5th and 6th and the demands of 5th and 6th will come on 8th and 9th. I hope the House has no objection.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1794-1975—GENERAL DISCUSSION

(Smt D Indira in the Chair)

10-40 a.m Smt D Indira in the Chair

(Smt D Indira in the Chair)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1974-75—General Discussion

26th June, 1974

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Annua! Financial Statement (Budget) for 1974-75—General Discussion

28th June, 1974

For 1974-75—General Discussion

.....

10-50 am

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1974-75—General Discussion

28th June, 1974

439

For the 1974-75 financial year, the budget discussion focuses on various aspects of financial management. The general discussion highlights the importance of efficient expenditure and revenue generation. It emphasizes the need for strategic planning and resource allocation to ensure fiscal stability.

The budget for 1974-75 is designed to address the economic challenges faced during the year. It outlines measures to enhance economic growth and social welfare. The budget discussion covers sectors such as agriculture, education, health, and infrastructure development.

The budget for 1974-75 aims to achieve a balanced fiscal position by focusing on revenue enhancement strategies. Efforts are directed towards improving tax compliance and diversifying revenue sources. The budget also prioritizes expenditure on essential services and infrastructure to support economic activities.

In conclusion, the 1974-75 budget discussion underscores the commitment to sustainable development and the enhancement of quality of life for the population. The government continues to strive for fiscal responsibility and equitable distribution of resources to achieve long-term economic growth and social well-being.
460 28th June, 1974

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1974-73—General Discussion

11-00 a.m.

Sir,

Today, I would like to focus on the budget statement for the year 1974-73. The overall discussion will be dedicated to the financial aspects of the budget.

The budget for 1974-73 outlines several key points. Firstly, the government has allocated significant funds towards infrastructure development. This includes the construction of new roads and bridges, which will greatly enhance the connectivity of the region.

Secondly, there is a marked increase in the education budget, indicating a commitment to improving the educational standards of the country. This is a positive step towards achieving the goal of universal education.

Lastly, the budget also allocates resources towards healthcare, aiming to improve the overall health of the population.

In conclusion, the budget for 1974-73 is a balanced one, with a focus on social welfare. It is hoped that these measures will contribute to the economic and social development of the country.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1974-75—General Discussion

28th June, 1974

(Mr Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1974-75—General Discussion

462 28th June, 1974

11-10 a.m. 6

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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 28th June 1974

for 1974-75 General Discussion

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1974-1975

35—7
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1974-75

General Discussion

The Annual Financial Statement for 1974-75 highlights the overall financial performance and strategies for the upcoming fiscal year. The statement underscores the importance of maintaining a robust financial framework that aligns with the long-term goals of the organization.

Key highlights include:
- Improved revenue streams from core operations
- Enhanced cost management through efficient resource allocation
- Investment in technology to improve operational efficiency
- Focus on sustainable growth and diversification

The financial projections for 1975 indicate a positive outlook, with anticipated growth in key sectors. However, continued vigilance is required to address emerging challenges and capitalize on opportunities.

The management team is committed to transparent financial reporting and will continue to engage with stakeholders to ensure alignment with strategic objectives.
Smt. Vijaya Ramanujam (Guntur -1) — Speaker, Sir, while supporting the Budget presented by the Chief Minister, I would like to mention few points. Firstly, as hon. Members have stated, rise in prices has become a very big problem confronting us. It is true that compared to other States, we are far better but still we are not happy with it. Not only there is rise in price of rice, but also of all other food-stuffs, soaps, paper, and other essential commodities like cloth, etc. Price of coarse rice is Rs. 2.25 per kg and of fine rice, Rs. 2.80 per kg. There are a number of fair price shops, but still these shops are not able to do justice to the people. There is the card system, and rice is of course distributed through the card system. Yet, it is being sold in black-market and the people are put to very much inconvenience.
Nextly, due to scarcity of fertilizers and rise in price of fertilizers, farmers are unable to carry on cultivation. There are a number of Societies registered. The object of a Society is to serve the people by supplying fertilizers at the controlled rate. But there are malpractices and corruption, and they are not supplying fertilizers to people at correct rates. I request the Chief Minister to take action against these Societies and do justice to the farmers. The distributive system of fertilizers also has become a very big problem. Unfortunately, BDOs and other officials are also doing a lot of mischief and are not giving to all the people equal quantity of fertilizers. They are selling it in the black market. The Government should see that the fertilizers are distributed properly.

The Centre has given an assistance of Rs 90 crores and put a ratio of 5 3 2. The amount given to coastal Andhra Pradesh is less. Vinukonda and Palnad taluks in Guntur District are considered as backward taluks. We hope that the Development Board will give them some assistance. We had a meeting recently in our District. The Chairman of the Development Board told us that he was not able to do anything because Guntur District was regarded as a developed district. There are so many other problems that we find for example, the Municipality has no funds and we cannot do any work through the Municipality.

About the weaker sections and backward classes, a Corporation is set up. I am happy that a sum of Rs 5 crores is allotted to it.

Coming to house sites for Harijans and Girijans, the Chief Minister told that a crash programme is taken up and most of the house sites are given to them in Municipal areas. But the grant of house sites and distribution of pattas to the people have become difficult because of Resolutions passed by Municipalities. Town Planning Department is earmarking some of the areas as parks etc. As such I fail to understand how there can be distribution of house sites to Harijans and Girijans in the Municipal areas.

I suggest, there should be a separate slum Improvement Board and slum areas should be taken up, for clearance. Sufficient amounts should be provided to this Board to take up Schemes. Only then, we will be doing real service to the weaker sections and minorities.

Thank you, Sir.
NON-OFFICIAL BUSINESS

(a) Non-official Bill

The Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area Extension) Money Lenders Bill, 1974

Sri J. Vengat Rao — Sir, the Bill is under preparation from the Government side. I am therefore requesting the Honourable Member to withdraw.
(11-31 a.m. Mr Speaker in the Chair)

Mr Speaker — What do you say, Mr Narayan Reddy

Sri M Narayana Reddy — In view of the assurance given by the hon. Chief Minister that a similar Bill is being introduced in this Session

Sri C V K Rao — Cannot somebody move it?

Sri M Narayana Reddy — I have not yet asked for the leave For leave to be granted I have to seek the permission of the House The leave is not asked It is merely for introduction Sir

Mr Speaker — Are you pressing?

Sri M Narayana Reddy — No

Mr Speaker — The motion for leave to introduce was not moved

(b) Non-official Resolutions

Sri C V K Rao — No 1 Resolution was discussed No 2 was my resolution Now the office has posted all the resolutions on the agenda paper I consider it is not fair because they are not following any definite or scientific system This is without making any aspersion On this, I will read the rule

'The relative precedence of resolutions notice of which have been given by private members shall be determined by ballot to be held in accordance with the orders made by the Speaker' i.e., a separate ballot should be held

Now if you go on balloting and balloting, the same resolutions were there If we were to go as per the agenda, it is a loss of time I am very much pained to remark about this kind of arrangement This kind of arrangement is not fair to us, because, last time, the hon. Member Mr Parasurama Naidu almost finished speaking on his resolution, and we were ready to take up the second one

Mr Speaker — "Almost finished" you mean that it was not finished

Sri C V K Rao — I have not introduced that Resolution If I have introduced my Resolution once, what is the point in re-balloting? There is no rule here When you ballot once, you need not go
balloting because, for coming to the Assembly, everytime we need not be elected If that is finished, you cannot ballot again That is my contention Another thing is, the same thing is balloted Suppose, for arguments’ sake, all these Resolutions lapsed excepting that one which was there My resolution also lapses When that is so, when I have not given notice, it lapses and you cannot put it We have to give notice again

Mr Speaker —I have caught your point

Sri C V K Rao —Balloting is wrong since it was already balloted When it is almost finished, there is no point in spending time over it That is another thing So, the precedence for my resolution is lost That is only what I want to bring to your notice My suggestion is that when once it is balloted, it should be there If fresh ballot is to be taken, the resolutions should lapse in that case, the resolutions notice of which were given in this session should come That is my point

Mr Speaker —The first point is whether the Resolution was closed 11 40 a.m. It was not closed It was under discussion There were only two speakers participating The reply was to come from the Minister and the Members had also to speak That was not done That continues to be there

The second point is whether the balloting was once again there, and whether it was according to procedure?

We are following the procedure which is being followed in Parliament It says

“The Resolutions are put down in the List of Business in the order in which the names of the Members in charge of resolutions appear and in reference to ballot, and the order of business determined is not changed.’ A Resolution which remains partly discussed at the end of the day has precedence over all other Resolutions set down for the next day allotted for Private Members Resolution If a Resolution set down in the List of Business for a day is not taken up on that day, it is not set down for discussion on any subsequent day

Sri C V K Rao —There is one pertinent point Sir Whether this Resolution should be ballotted again the one which had the precedence on next non-official day? Even Parliamentary procedure does not lay it down, that it becomes a fresh Resolution

Mr Speaker —I am reading from Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly
Rule 29 —

(8) All non-official business appointed for any day and not disposed of on that day shall stand over until the next day of a continuous meeting available for business of the class to which it belongs, and shall be included, in any ballot held for any other day of a subsequent meeting and, if selected, set down in the list of business for such other day according to the priority gained at the ballot held with reference to that day.’

So, according to this the ballot was taken Your Resolution came perhaps in the end.

Sri C V K Rao — Now, it says ‘appointed for any day and not disposed of on that day shall stand over until the next day of a continuous meeting available for business of the class to which it belongs, and shall be included, in any ballot held for any other day of a subsequent meeting.’ Here it says, the next day. So this is the next day,

Mr Speaker — How can that be?

Sri C V K Rao — After that draw has been over this is the next non-official day, i.e. it is next Friday. It is not very clear whether a Resolution should be ballotted twice.

Mr Speaker,— If it is not specific, and if you want to make it more specific, we can change the Rules. But as it stands today, the Officers followed the procedure according to the spirit of the Rules as they stand today, and I think the member will also appreciate it.

Sri C V K Rao— If the hon Speaker appreciates, should not a Member appreciate then?

(1) re Felicitations to the Indian Scientists for successful nuclear blast

Mr Speaker — There are six non-official Resolutions. Resolution No 6 is in the name of Smt Eswari Bai which she feels is a non-controversial one and the house would pass it.

If the House has no objection, I would give priority to this Resolution. I hope the House would agree,

Several voices --Agreed

Smt J Eswari Bai — Sir, I beg to move

"The Andhra Pradesh Assembly hereby resolves to extend its heart-felt felicitations to Indian Scientists headed by Dr Sethna for
the successful nuclear blast, and congratulates them on their achievement.

Mr Speaker,—Motion moved

Smt J Eswari Bai —Sir, I move the motion to congratulate the Government of India for the successful explosion of the nuclear bomb and also our Scientists. The experiment is really another feather in the cap of our country. As the Prime Minister has stated, India will use this scientific knowledge for peaceful purposes.

Thank you

Sri C V K Rao — Sir, I move a specific amendment to the Resolution. After the words, "headed by Dr Sethna", and the words, "and also our Prime Minister Smt Indira Gandhi", I move the words: "under the leadership of Dr Sethna and also our Prime Minister Smt Indira Gandhi".

Thank you.
Non-Official Business
Non-Official Resolution
re Felicitations to the Indian Scientists
for successful nuclear blast

11.50 a.m.
Non-Official Business
Non-Official Resolutions
re Felicitations to the Indian Scientists
for successful nuclear blast

Sri Ch Parasurama Naidu —Mr Speaker Sir I join the 11–50 a.m.
chorus of congratulations After the glorious victory of India in
Bangla War, this is the next most glorious event which enables us to
raise our heads with great pride and great joy, and with a great
confidence in the future with greater belief in the scientific development
and achievement of this country

It was a very sad day when China was able to walk over our
Military and demonstrated before the world that we were very weak
and almost a defeated country But today not only by the Bangla
War, but by this scientific achievement we have demonstrated to the
world that we are an ancient and a glorious nation which is equal to
Non-Official Business

Non-Official Resolutions

re Felicitations to the Indian Scientists for successful nuclear blast

any other nation. Late Jawaharlal Nehru had said, "India and China are the Great Nations of the World, and not the America, Britain or France." That fact has already been established.

I do not understand why our National Leadership is apologetic and defensive with regard to the nuclear experiment. Is this the monopoly of America and China to go on manufacturing atom-bombs, and pile them up to a limit capable of destroying the world twice? We have not done that. I feel rather surprised at the defensive attitude of the leadership. Perhaps international diplomacy requires it - I do not quite know.

Merely because we are loanees and have to pay back some debts, it does not mean that the so-called 'Big Powers' - let me use fair words - have no right to dictate to us. It is one of the doctrines of foreign aid that it should have no strings. But they are unfair by interfering in our internal affairs, in the name of withholding or refusing aid.

Even Mr. Bhutto seems to have gone mad, as he raises hue and cry from international platforms. He wants to blackmail India on this score.

Irrespective of what all others say, we have to build ourselves, we have to strengthen ourselves, and we have to assert ourselves. This country of ours is an ancient and a glorious country. And we shall have its glory restored. It is a prestige glory that has been established, and there cannot be any going back. I am one with those friends and countrymen in India who want that nuclear bombs should be brought into being, for the safety and security of our country. We cannot, under any circumstance, put the safety and security of our country into jeopardy or leave it at the mercy of any one else.

So, Sir, I whole-heartedly join in the eulogies paid and join in the chorus of congratulations to our Scientists and our politicians who were the master-minds behind it.

Thank you.
Non-Official Business
Non-Official Resolutions
re: Felicitations to Indian Scientists for successful nuclear blast

Noon

28th June, 1974

12 00

Felicitations to Indian Scientists for successful nuclear blast

Felicitations to Indian Scientists for successful nuclear blast

The Hon'ble President, Dr. Zakir Husain, presented felicitations to Indian Scientists for successful nuclear blast.

The Hon'ble President expressed his gratitude and appreciation to all the scientists and technicians under the leadership of Dr. Sethna for their contribution to the success of the nuclear blast.
28th June, 1974
Non-Official Business
Non-Official Resolutions
re Nationalisation of Cinema Picture show industry

Mr Speaker—I also associate myself with this resolution on the proved and prestigious achievement of our scientists and I hope the House passes this resolution unanimously as it stands. The question is

"The Andhra Pradesh Assembly hereby resolves to extend its heartfelt felicitations to the Indian Scientists headed by Dr Sethna, for the successful nuclear blast and congratulates them on their achievement."

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

(2) re Nationalisation of the Cinema picture show industry (Continued)
Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu — I gave notice of two resolutions: one of them is the nationalisation of cinema show industry and another resolution regarding the production of cinemas. So far as the first resolution is concerned, it is nationalisation of the show business.
Nationalisation of Cinema Picture show industry
Non Official Business
Non-official Resolutions
re, Nationalisation of Cinema Picture show industry

Mr Speaker —They are not older than you

Smt J Eswari Bai —They are older than me

Sri Ch Parasurama Naidu —Sir, it is always the author's interpretation that will have to be accepted and not the mistaken reading of anybody else. When I have made it clear and the context also is there, I do not think anybody can credit me with ignorance that cinema manufacture is a central subject and I should not have introduced it here. What is sought to be nationalised through my
resolution is the cinema picture show. That is very clear, it is not cinema picture manufacture that is sought to be nationalised. The resolution that I have given notice of relates to nationalisation of cinema picture show, and in the lottery that resolution has come up for being discussed in the House today as the first non-official resolution. The hon. Chief Minister has expressed that he is in no doubt that he is not mistaken. Let me not exploit the mistake of others in this matter.

This is a matter of great importance. I am not concerned with the financial aspect of it. I am really more concerned with the moral effects involved therein. It is not as though we cannot control the quality of the manufacture also by nationalisation of picture show. When we have the monopoly of the show business, the manufacturer is bound to so modify his activity as to suit the tastes of the distributor and the distributor can set up standards. He will not produce for nothing; he must produce in order to enable distribution. In that way, while not nationalising the manufacture industry, we will be able to control the quality of production.

The second thing, Sir, is, I think that the Government is not doing justice to the youth of the country. We are doing injustice to the youth of this State, by ignoring this aspect of the problem, by talking lightly and by not taking the matter seriously. I have to state that many evils with which we are now being pestered in the social set-up are directly attributable to the cinema picture show. I think one of the best actors, Mr. Nageswara Rao, had put up a picture once showing it like the posters on the walls. Let us look at the pictures that are of late being produced. What is the impact of these shows on those who see them? What is the impact of the cinema posters and literature on those young minds who read them? Let us imagine how their minds are influenced. All these affect these young people, the youth of our country, at the very root at a very initial stage. They are being taught robbery, gangsterism, immorality and all sorts of things, man running after woman and woman running after man. Their greed for money, their commercialisation, their spirit of making money all that is slowly that they are descending even to the reprehensible level of showing the woman naked on the scene, on the stage. Why is this thing being tolerated at all? When gentlemen of culture are manning the administration or are at the helm of affairs, should not their thoughts be engaged on this aspect? Are we to allow our youth to be victims of this sort of thing? Are we not to protect them?
Mr Srinivasul Reddy is under a misapprehension of the scope of the resolution that I have given notice of, and therefore I need not have much concern for what he has said. I am sure, a logician that he is, he will certainly correct himself in the light of what I have said. I hope to persuade the Congress Benches and I hope to have also more opportunity to bring persuasion to the Congress Benches, so that they may share my views on this problem. I again request the Chief Minister to accept this resolution.

Mr Speaker — He has already stated that he is not accepting. Do you desire to withdraw your resolution?

Sri Ch Parasurama Naidu — We are speaking of production.
3 Re Formation of Andhra and Telangana into two separate states

Mr Speaker — Resolution moved

"This Assembly recommend to the Government to request the Government of India to bear the remaining cost of Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects and complete both the Projects within a year."

Mr Speaker — Resolution moved

(Sri B. Yella Reddy, in the Chair)

12-30 p.m

Non-Official Business
Non-official Resolutions

Re Completion of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year

Sri T. Purushotham Rao, in whose name the resolution stood was not present in the House and it was not moved.

Re Completion of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects with in a year

Sri Nallapareddy Srinivasul Reddy — I beg to move

"This Assembly recommend to the Government to request the Government of India to bear the remaining cost of Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects and complete both the Projects within a year."

Mr Speaker — Resolution moved

(Sri B. Yella Reddy, in the Chair)
Non-Official Business

Non-official Resolutions

re Completion of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year

28th June, 1974

In continuation of the Business of the Meeting held on the 10th May 1974, the President (Mr. V. S. V. R. Madhava Rao) moved a resolution to the effect that:

The completion of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects be brought about within a year.

The resolution was adopted.
Non-Official Business
Non-official Resolutions

re Completion of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year.
Non-Official Business
Non official Resolutions
26th June, 1974 485

Completion of the Nagarjunasagar
and Srisailam Projects
within a year

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Non official Resolutions
re Completion of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year

28th June, 1974

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Non-official Business:

28th June, 1974

Non-official Resolutions

re. Competition of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year

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Non-official Business
Non-official Resolutions
re Completion of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year

...
Non-official Business

Non-official Resolutions
re Completion of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year

1-00 p.m.

...
Non-official Business
Non-official Resolutions
re Completion of the Nāgarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year

There is no possibility of providing funds to State Government under special assistance. It is for the State Government to ensure funds for Irrigation Projects. It has been decided in 1962 that the State Government would be responsible for providing funds for irrigation projects. It would not be possible to provide any other funds without pruning the State Plan.

Subjects like irrigation projects, big or small, are to be included in the State Plan. It would not be possible to provide any other funds without pruning the State Plan.

The Government of India held as a policy that irrigation projects should continue as part of the development plan of the State concerned, and accordingly provision has been made for Nāgarjunasagar Projects in the State Fifth Five Year Plan. It was decided in 1962 that the State Government would be responsible for providing funds for irrigation projects. It would not be possible to provide any other funds without pruning the State Plan.
Non official Business
28th June, 1974

Non-official Resolutions

re Completion of the Nagarjunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year


1-10 p.m
Non-official Business
Non-official Resolutions
re Completion of the Nagaryunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year

28th June, 1974.

The meeting had before it the following Non-official Resolutions:

1. On the completion of the Nagaryunasagar and Srisailam Projects within a year.

2. On the appointment of a committee to look into the matter.

3. On the provision of funds for the projects.

The meeting discussed the resolutions and agreed to forward them to the appropriate authorities.
Non-official Business 28th June, 1974 493
Non-official Resolutions

re Fixation of rates for crops, construction of godowns, supply of fertilisers and credit facilities to ryots, etc

This House recommends to the Government to take the following measures

(i) The rates should be fixed for every crop so that the ryots get remunerative prices for their produce

(ii) Godowns should be constructed at least in Firka Headquarters and arrangements should be made for the immediate payment of 50 per cent of rate on the produce stored in these godowns by ryots

(iii) Necessary chemical fertilizers, agricultural implements and other necessaries of life should be supplied to ryots at controlled rates

(iv) Steps should be taken to provide credit facilities to ordinary ryots through various Banks and Co-operative Societies in
order to protect them from private money lenders who charge high rate of interest."

Mr Chairman — Resolution moved

...
Non-Official Business
Non-Official Resolutions

re Fixation of rates for crops, construction of godowns, supply of fertilizers and credit facilities to ryots, etc

35—11
28th June, 1974
Non-Official Business
Non-Official Resolutions
re Fixation of rates for crops, construction of godowns, supply of fertilizers and credit facilities ryots, etc

The meeting considered the reports of the Committee on the fixation of rates for crops, construction of godowns, supply of fertilizers and credit facilities to ryots.

It was resolved:

1. The rates for crops be fixed as follows:
   - Grain crops: 50% of market price
   - Oilseeds: 60% of market price
   - Vegetables: 40% of market price

2. The construction of godowns be facilitated by providing:
   - 50% subsidy on construction costs
   - 2 years tax exemption

3. The supply of fertilizers be made available at:
   - Retail price: 30% discount
   - Bulk purchase: 20% discount

4. Credit facilities to ryots be extended:
   - Interest rate: 5% below market rate
   - Loan period: 3 years

The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

The meeting adjourned at 3:00 PM.
Non-Official Business
Non-Official Resolutions

Re: Fixation of rates for crops, construction of godowns, supply of fertilizers and credit facilities to ryots etc.

28th June 1974

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28th June, 1974

Non Official Business

Non-Official Resolutions

re Fixation of rates for crops, construction of godowns, supply of fertilizers and credit facilities to ryots etc

1-30 p.m. The House then adjourned to meet again at 8.30 A.M. on Saturday, the 29th June, 1974.