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PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Speaker: Sri P. Ranga Reddy

Deputy Speaker: Sri C. Jagannatha Rao

Panel of Chairmen: 1. Sri Kaza Ramanadham
                    2. Sri Baddam Yella Reddy
                    3. Smt. D. Indira
                    4. Sri M. Yellappa

Secretary: Sri A. Shanker Reddy,
          B.A., LL. B.

Assistant Secretary: Sri E. Sadasiva Reddy.

Chief Reporter: Sri K. Kutumba Rao


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Sixth day of the Third Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Friday, the 25th January, 1974.

The House met at half-past-eight of the Clock.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS
Method of Distribution of Chemical Fertilisers in the State
76—

* 2109 Q.—Sri D. Venkatesam (Kuppa):—Will hon. the
Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:
(a) the method that is being adopted by the Government for
distribution of chemical fertilisers in the state;
(b) the amount paid by the Government towards transportation charges during 1971-72; and
(c) whether the Government would consider to change the
method of distribution of chemical fertilisers through the department
instead of through district marketing societies?

The Deputy Chief Minister (Sri B. V. Subba Reddy):—(a)
District Co-operative Marketing Societies of good record and the
Andhra Pradesh State Co-operative Marketing Federation are being
allotted Pool nitrogenous fertilisers for the purpose of distribution.
After meeting their requirements, the balance quantities are distribu-
ted through Depots of Agriculture Department.

(b) Supplies made by the Government of India are free on rail
destination. There was no movement of fertilisers by road from
points during the period and hence no transport charges were paid.

(c) No proposal is under consideration.

Sri D. Venkatesham:—Is it the same system that is adopted
or is there any change after 72-73?
Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—We want to change the system so that the blackmarket and corrupt practices are put an end to. We are making an effort.

Sri. B. V. Subba Reddy:—If they put a separate question I will get the information. At present I donot have the information about it. We have adopted transport by road.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—50% discretion is given to the co-operative Marketing Societies to sell as they like and in some cases it is 75%, 25% and in some cases it is 7%.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—As per the present system the fertilisers are being distributed and as the system is not uniform we want to bring uniformity throughout the State. What we are going to do I can’t say now.
Sri B. V. Subba Reddy: —The Government is not satisfied with the present system of distribution. That is exactly the reason. We are not satisfied. There are complaints. That is exactly the reason why we are thinking of changing the present pattern of distribution.

Mr. Speaker : —That is going to be discussed again here in the House. They are going to change the system.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy — We will take into consideration the suggestion made by the Member, while evolving the policy.

AERIAL SPRAYING OF CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS IN SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT

77—

136 (F) Q. — Sarvasri Ch. Parasuram Naidu (Parvathipuram) and P. Sriramamurthy — Will hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) whether the Central Government undertook Aerial spraying of Chemical Fertilizers in Srikakulam district for the crops during July and August, 1972;

(b) the amount of fertilisers used in the year 1972-73; and

(c) whether it is a fact that the allotted quantity of 200 tonnes of Chemical fertilizers have not been fully utilised?

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:— (a) Aerial Spraying of Urea was done on mesta crop in Srikakulam and Visakhapatnam Districts during July and August, 1972 with the aid of Government of India.

(b) 125 M. Tonnes of Urea.

(c) The allotment is only 125 M. Tonnes (Net) but not 200 tonnes. The entire quantity of 125 M. Tonnes of Urea was utilised for taking up aerial sprayings.

Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu:— Is the hon. Minister aware that the Director of Agriculture was ordered to enquire into the misuse of fertilisers and that I made a representation to the Collector that the Enquiry Officer had approached and wanted me to scuttle the enquiry. I reported the matter back to the Collector for enquiry in the matter. What has happened to the information given by me and the Report of Enquiry?

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:— The information said to have been given by the Member is not before me, as also the complaint or representation made to the Collector and the Director of Agriculture.

The question asked is "Whether aerial spraying of chemical fertilisers was undertaken"? That has been done and the entire expenditure was borne by the Central Government.
Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu:—Sir, my submission is: part (c) of the Question alleges that the allotted quantity of 200 tonnes of chemical fertilisers has not been fully utilised. Will the hon. Minister get the information about this part of the Question?

Mr. Speaker:—The allotment was 125 metric tonnes, and the entire quantity has been utilised.

Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu:—It has merely been shown that the entire quantity was utilised. But the facts are otherwise. It has not been utilised.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—Only 125 metric tonnes quantity was allotted which has been fully utilised.

Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu:—It is correct that a certain quantity was allotted, but the fact is the entire quantity has not been utilised. I reported this matter to the District Collector (Srikakulam) informing him that the Enquiry officer had asked me to scuttle the case. It seems an enquiry has already taken place. But the Collector did not do anything on my representation. Now that I am bringing this matter to the notice of hon. Deputy Chief Minister, at least will he get the full information on the matter?

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—In his question, the hon. Member has not asked about this Report, etc. If a copy of the complaint made to the Collector and Director of Agriculture is made available, I will be able to tell the Member at what stage the matter stands.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—I do not have any such report.

Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu:—When the enquiry has already taken place, how can the Minister say that he does not have the report.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—If the Member passes on the information, I am prepared to get it verified and make an enquiry into it.

**Redrot Disease in Srikakulam District**

78—

*1687 Q.*—Sarvasri P. Sreerama Murthy, Ch. Parasuram Naidu, and J. Mutyalu (Salur):—Will the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the acreage of sugarcane affected this year by ‘Redrot’ disease in Srikakulam district;

(b) whether it is a fact that nearly 12,000 (twelve thousand) acres under sugar cane was affected in Amadalavalasa sugar factory zone alone during the last three seasons causing a loss of crores of rupees for the ryots; and
(c) the steps taken to eradicate the said disease in future?
Sri B. V. Subba Reddy;—(a) 3,776 acres in 1972-73 season.
(b) 10,285 acres were affected causing a loss of Rs. 63.47 lakhs.
(c) The steps taken to eradicate the disease were replacement of disease affected cane area with disease free seed material cultivation of red rot resistant varieties, crop rotation removal of red rot affected clumps and avoiding too many ratoons of sugarcane crop. Transport subsidy was also provided to the farmers to provide disease free seed material. Farmers were also educated through leaflets indicating the measures to be taken to control the disease.

Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu:—Simply taking precautionary measures would not do. The disease is widespread which has caused great loss to the crop and the cultivators. The question is what are the pesticides that have been discovered and considered fit to eradicate this disease? Whether the Department has made and discovery of any pesticide to completely eradicate this 'Redrot' disease altogether?

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—Research is in progress to discover a pesticide which could control this pest. So far the Department has not succeeded in discovery of the pesticide.

Dairy Farm at Nakerikallu Guntur District

1535 (N) Q.—Sri D. Krishna Reddy (Narasaraopet):—Will hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the Dairy Farm at Nakerikallu, Narasaraopet Taluq, Guntur District is running on loss;
(b) if so, the amount of loss sustained by the said Farm during the year 1971-72;
(c) the action proposed to be taken by the Government to convert the said Farm into profitable one?

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy;—(a) Yes Sir,
(b) Rs. 48,612.
(c) Though Government Livestock Farms are run mainly with a view to upgrade local cattle breeds with useful crossbreeding methods, it is proposed to improve receipts at this Farm as follows:-

1. Producing cross-breds capable of better milk yields and draught capacity and selling them to farmers in the area concerned for further propagation;
Oral Answers to Questions. 25th January, 1974, 7

(2) raising more green fodder for reducing expenditure on purchase of feeding concentrates and dry fodder; and

(a) reduction of maintenance charges through a vigorous culling of surplus and unprofitable animals.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—I might inform the House of one thing. The farm at Nakrekallu has been started not with the object of making any profit. It is more for the purpose of providing better bulls as well as milch cows. The loss of course is only about Rs. 40,000 and odd during the year under question.

We will certainly try to provide more facilities, accommodation etc.

We will try to improve the present conditions. Of course, in an year or two we might be able to improve the conditions.

D R Y  BATTER Y  F A C T O R Y  A T  N E L L O R E

80—

*S 897 Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddy (Gudur):—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether permission has been accorded for the establishment of a dry battery factory at Nellore;

(b) whether the said factory is under construction;

(c) if so; when the construction of the factory will be completed and the estimated expenditure therefor;

(d) the names of the institutions which are providing technical help;

(e) the names of the partners; and

(f) when will it go into production?

The Minister for Industries (Sri P. Basu Reddy):—(a) A license has been issued for the establishment of a dry cell batteries project with an annual capacity of 60 million numbers.

(b) and (c) The construction of the factory was completed early in 1978 and an approximate expenditure of Rs. 2 crores was incurred.

(d) The factory was established with the technical collaboration of a Japanese firm called M/s. Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. Limited, Japan.
(e) The promoters of the Company are:
(1) Sri P. Obul Reddy
(2) Sri S. R. Jiwarajk.
(3) Sri N. K. Kharas.

(f) The factory went into production in December 1973.

NEW RURAL INDUSTRIAL PROJECTS TO THE STATE

* 1567 Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasul Reddi:—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:
(a) whether three new rural industrial projects were allotted to Andhra Pradesh for implementation during the fifth Five Year Plan period;
(b) whether the State Government have suggested to the Central Government the names of places where those rural Industrial projects are to be located; and
(c) whether a new Industrial project was allotted to Karimnagar district during the year 1971-72?

Sri P. Basi Reddy:—(a) to (c) Yes, Sir.

Sri P. Basi Reddy:—(a) to promote intensive and integrated development of all kinds of small industries including processing industries based on agriculture as part of an all round and well co-ordinated plan of the area or regional development covering agriculture, irrigation, power, transport, communications, industries, social services, etc., and

(b) to evolve effective techniques, methods and programmes for development of different kinds of small industries in rural areas which could be extended progressively to other areas as a solution to the rural employment problem in keeping with the conditions of the State.

Sagai:—

Amoots Drawn by the EX-Chairman of Sree Svetarama Devasthanam of Bhadrachalam

82—

* 1319-(B.) Q.—Sri. K. Madhusudhan Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments pleased to state:

(a) whether the ex-chairman of Sree Svetarama Devasthanam of Bhadrachalam has drawn any amount in advance from the Devasthanam funds;

(b) if so, the dates of drawal and the amount drawn;

(c) whether the amounts drawn are adjusted;

(d) if not, what action has the Government taken?

The Minister for Endowments (Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju):—

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

(c) Out of the total amount drawn i.e., Rs. 9170.89 advanced to Sri Yethiraja Rao, Ex. Chairman, only a sum of Rs. 7944.52 Ps. was adjusted and a balance of Rs. 1226.37 is pending adjustment.

(d) As against the above amount, a T. A. bill for the month of February 1971 for a sum of Rs. 1203 and Vouchers worth of Rs. 1590-28 are pending sanction for want of certain particulars. The Executive Officer of the said Devasthanam in his letter dated 10-10-73 requested the ex-chairman to clarify the points raised therein in order to sanction or otherwise of the above amount. No reply has been received from the ex-Chairman. After receipt of the reply necessary orders will be issued regarding sanction or recovery of the amount and the matter persued by the Executive Officer of the Devasthanam.
STATEMENT TO BE PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(b) T. A. Advances drawn by Sri N. Yethiraja Rao, Ex. Chairman

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<td>8-2-1971</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17-2-1971</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-3-1971</td>
<td>800.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17-3-1971</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23-8-1971</td>
<td>200.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-3-1971</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Rs. 4,068.00

To go to Madras for arranging Cultural Show (to arrange the meeting of Journalists)
## During the year 1971-72

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
<th>Ps.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6—4-1971</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20—4-1971</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10—5-1971</td>
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</table>

Grand Total of Advances Rs. 9,170-89

---

### 1. 

Date: 6-4-1971
Amount: Rs. 300-00
Purpose: (to go to Tirupathi Temple by Jeep)

### 2. 

Date: 20-4-1971
Amount: Rs. 100-00
Purpose: (to go to Tirupathi Temple by Jeep)

### 3. 

Date: 10-5-1971
Amount: Rs. 500-00
Purpose: (to go to Tirupathi Temple by Jeep)

Grand Total of Advances Rs. 9,170-89

**CONSTRUCTION OF SREENIVASA RAO CHOUTHLY AT BHADRACHALAM**

88—

*1520-(L) Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Sreenivasa Reddi:—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether any complaints have been received since 8-5-72 by the commissioner of Hindu Religious and Charitable endowments against the contractors regarding the construction work of Kurnool Srinivasa Rao Choultry at Bhadrachalam under the control and supervision of Sitaramaswami Devasthanam trustee board;

(b) what are those complaints; and

(c) what action has been taken?

Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) 1. That the contractor asked the labour contractor to construct foundation with cement 1:10:10 instead of 1:5:10.

2. The construction of Random Rubble in cement was done at 1:10 instead of 1:6.

3. The reinforced cement concrete at the rate of 1:2:4 with 3/4 granite metal was not done.

(c) An expert team from the Civil Engineering College, Warangal have been asked to test the samples of Cement, Concrete, mortar and specimen of materials used by the Contractor and furnish a report. The report has since been received. According to the
report of the experts the cement and mortar are used according to specifications and the structure is quite safe for the load for which it is designed. In view of these analysis, the Executive Officer has been permitted to proceed with the construction and complete the work.

(a) Whether it is a fact that the election of Directors for the District Central Co-operative Bank, Karimnagar, which was scheduled to be held on 30-6-72, has been postponed after scrutiny of the nominations; and

(b) If so, the reasons therefore?

The Minister for Co-operation (Sri B. Subba Rao):—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) On account of drought conditions, the overdues position of the Karimnagar District Co-operative Central Bank was bad and the
person appointed to manage the affairs of the Bank had to be retained for some more time to clear the overdues and place the said bank on a sound footing. Subsequently elections to all Co-operative Societies in the State have been postponed. The present exemption continues upto the end of April 1974. The term of the person appointed is lost extended up to 30-4-1974.
§ 85—

* 601 Q.—Sri P. Sanyasi Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the village panchayats of Thungalam, Nathaiahpalem and Akkireddipalem adjacent to Bharat Heavy Plates and Vessels, Vishakhapatnam made a representation to the Government for supplying Electricity;

(b) the reasons for not supplying electricity to those villages so far; and

(c) the time required for preparing estimates and supplying electricity to all those villages?

The Minister for Power (Sri G. Rajaram):—(a) No representations were received from the Panchayats for supply of electricity during this year.

(b) A scheme was formulated in 1959. But it proved unremunerative and hence, it could not be taken up.

(c) Fresh investigation of the scheme has to be done now to find out whether the scheme proves remunerative or not. Subject to
availability of funds the scheme could be executed within a period of
4 months if it proves remunerative.

(i) 5. WHAT WAS THE SCHEME FORMULATED IN 1959? 
It proved unremunerative and hence it could not be taken up.

(ii) 4. WHAT WAS THE SCHEME FORMULATED IN 1959? 
A Scheme was formulated in 1959. It proved unremunerative and hence it could not be taken up.
86—

*1516-(J) Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Srinivasulreddi:—Will the hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

(a) how many candidates have been recruited under different categories of establishment by the Superintending Engineer, Electricity, Operation, Ananthapur since 1-1-1972;

(b) whether it is a fact that the S. E. has not given preference to the candidates who have worked temporarily during the strike period and ousted subsequently, contravening the instructions issued in circular Memo No. 2015/61-1, F2 dated 18-6-71 of the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board; and

(c) whether candidates have been drawn from the employment exchange at the time of selection for appointments?

Sri G. Rajaram:—(a)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>L.D. Cs.</th>
<th>Bill Collectors</th>
<th>Typists</th>
<th>Attenders</th>
<th>Now Record Assistants</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Re-employing the retrenched candidates</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. By Promotion from Bill Collectors and Attenders</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. By direct recruitment</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. By transfer from Circles</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Candidates sponsored through Employment Exchanges</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) No, Sir.
(c) Yes, Sir.
CONSTITUTION OF PLANNING TRUST FOR VIJAYAWADA

*1697 Q.—Sri Asif Pasha (Vijayawada West):— Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have approved the proposal of the Vijayawada Municipality to constitute a Town Planning Trust for Vijayawada; and

(b) if so, when the said trust will come into being?

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri Challa Subbarayudu):—

(a) and (b):— The proposal is under active consideration of the Government.

Sri Asif Pasha:—In view of the Development Board being formed, will the Trust come into being?

*Sri Challa Subbarayudu:—In view of the Urban Areas Development Bill which is going to become an Act, the consideration of going in for Trusts is deferred. It is under consideration whether to go in for an Urban authority in the light of the Urban Areas Development Bill and whether it is advisable to go in for an urban authority not only for Vijayawada, Guntur, Mangalagiri and Tenali on the same lines as the existing Trust for Visakhapatnam. We are thinking whether it is advisable to go in for urban authority. That is under active consideration. As such, the proposal for giving Town Planning Trust is deferred as at present.

Sri M. R. Deen:—Is it necessary to constitute Town Planning Trust under Sections 45 and 46 of the Town Planning Act of 1920?

Sri Challa Subbarayudu:—Sir, the present thinking is instead of Town Planning Trust, it is better to go in for Urban Development Authority so that we may have an integrated development of the entire area.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Sir, the Hon. Minister is talking about Urban Development Authority. It looks as though the Government has got sectarian attitude of limiting itself to particular towns. Is it not necessary that in view of the total neglect of Andhra towns, almost all towns having population of one lakh and above, this Urban Development Plan should be implemented?

Sri Challa Subbarayudu:—At present we are immediately going to create that authority for the twin cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad. We are also going to have an enabling clause to go in for other areas wherever there is rapid growth of industries and develop these areas.
Oral Answers to Questions


Mr. Speaker: I think it will come when we discuss the Urban Development Bill which is going to come soon.

Licence to an Amusement Park in Guntur Town

88—

*514 (K) Q.—Sri N. Venkataratnam (Guntur II) :—Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Chairman of the Guntur Municipality issued a licence to an amusement park, in the heart of the city near Ziona Tower;

(b) whether it was granted without consulting the police; and

(c) whether immediate steps will be taken to cancel that licence as indecent and anti-social activities are carried on in that amusement park?

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri Ch. Subbarao):—

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) No Sir.

(c) There are no complaints from the public so far.
Sri C.V. K. Rao:— I think the Minister is in favour of Amusement Parks and that he is a frequent visitor of Amusement parks. Otherwise what is the way in which he is defending the amusement parks?

Sri K. Ramaiah:— I think the Minister is in favour of Amusement Parks and that he is a frequent visitor of Amusement parks.

Otherwise what is the way in which he is defending the amusement parks?

Vral Answers to Question.

1. గ్రామ సంస్థలు: ఇందులో సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు ఉండేందుకు లోకస్థానం ఉన్నారు. ఇందులో సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు ప్రచురించబడ్డాయి. యొక్క సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు లోకస్థానం ఉన్నారు.

2. లోకస్థానం: ఇది ప్రస్తుతించబడుతుంది. లోకస్థానం ఉన్నాయి.

3. సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు: ఇక్కడ సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు ఉన్నాయి.

4. గ్రామస్తులు: ఇక్కడ గ్రామస్తులు ఉన్నాయి.

5. సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు: ఇక్కడ సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు ఉన్నాయి.

6. లోకస్థానం: ఇది ప్రస్తుతించబడుతుంది. లోకస్థానం ఉన్నాయి.

7. సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు: ఇక్కడ సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు ఉన్నాయి.

8. గ్రామస్తులు: ఇక్కడ గ్రామస్తులు ఉన్నాయి.

9. సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు: ఇక్కడ సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థలు ఉన్నాయి.

10. లోకస్థానం: ఇది ప్రస్తుతించబడుతుంది. లోకస్థానం ఉన్నాయి.
KONDAPALLI AS TOURIST CENTRE

89—

*1769 Q.—Sarvasri A. Bhaskararao (Kankipadu), Kota Ramaiah (Tiravur), Asif Pasha and M. Nagi Reddy (Gurajala) :— Will the hon. Minister for Tourism be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to develop the historical place of Kondapalli in Krishna District as tourist centre; and

(b) if so, whether any amount has been sanctioned so far?

The Minister for Tur'cum (Sri Ch. Devananda Rao)—

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) No amount has been sanctioned so far from the Tourism funds. However, it is considered when the roads are developed in the Fifth Plan to construct a Tourist Rest House costing about Rs. 2 lakhs.

Sri Ch. Devananda Rao:—That is connected with the Forest Department.

GOLKONDA AS TOURIST CENTRE

90—

*1806 Q.—Sri Nallapareddi Srinivasulu Reddi :—Will the hon. Minister for Tourism be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to develop Golkonda near Hyderabad as a tourist centre;
The steps proposed to be taken to preserve ‘Ramadasu Bandhikhana’ from dilapidation; and

The amount of expenditure that will be incurred for developing Golkonda into a tourist centre?

The Minister for Tourism (Sri Ch. Devananda Rao):—(a) Yes Sir.

(b) At present no repairs are found necessary.

(c) Golkonda Fort is a national monument under the control of Archaeological Survey of India, who are taking up schemes in stages to develop it as a Tourist Centre. At present a lake for boating at a cost of Rs. 80,000 has been completed and two boats have been purchased at a cost of Rs. 8,000 by the State Archaeological Department.

Sri Ch. Devananda Rao:—We will advise the concerned department i.e., Archaeological Department.

Sri. Syed Hasan (Charminar):—It is seen that no maintenance is done and it is in a bad and deplorable condition.

Sri. Ch. Devananda Rao:—If the hon. Member could bring specific instance where such maintenance is not taken care of, we will certainly see that it is taken up. If it is a general one, we will certainly see about maintenance.
Qfai Answers to Questions. 25th January, 1974.

Sri-Ch. Devananda Rao:—I have visited more than once.

Smt. J. Eswari Pai:—You have visited more than twice. But what action you have taken?

Sri. Ch. Devananda Rao:—What action has not been taken if the hon. member could mention I will answer that question.

PAYMENT OF CANE PRICE TO THE CANE GROWERS BY PRIVATE SUGAR FACTORIES.

17—

*4-P-Q-Sri M. Narayana Reddy (Bhodhan):—Will hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) The cane price paid to the cane growers by Private Sector Sugar Factories (Factory wise) in the State for the crushing season 1971-72; and

(b) whether the Private Sugar Factories have accepted and implemented the formula for giving 40% share in profits to the cane growers for 1971-72 season as followed in Government and Co-operative Sugar Factories in the State:

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—For the information of the members I am reading the answer for this question.

(a) The private sugar factories in the State paid the following cane prices for the crushing season 1971-72:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Factory</th>
<th>Cane price paid per tonne. Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Sri Rama Sugar &amp; Industries Ltd., Bobbili</td>
<td>80-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Sri Rama Sugars &amp; Industries Ltd, Seethanagaram</td>
<td>80-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Kirlampudi Sugar Mills Ltd, Pithapuram</td>
<td>80-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Sarvaraya Sugars Ltd., Chelluru</td>
<td>94-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Deccan Sugar &amp; Abkarhi Co., Ltd., Samalkot</td>
<td>90-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. V. V. S. Sugars, Chagallu</td>
<td>95-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Andhra Sugars, Tanuku</td>
<td>101-00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. K. C.P. Ltd., Vuyyur</td>
<td>101-70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Challapalli Sugars Ltd., Challapalli</td>
<td>74-00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) All the private sugar factories implemented the formula of sharing the profits with the cane growers except M/s. Deccan Sugar and Abkarhi Co., Ltd., Samalkot and M/s. Challapalli Sugars Ltd., Challapalli.

For the other question, the full answer is placed on the Table of the House. (L.A. Q. *872)
26th January, 1974.

Oral Answers to Questions.


Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will the Dy. Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that the Estimates Committee of the Lok Sabha stressed that the grower should be ensured remunerative price for the sugarcane;

(b) whether it is a fact that the above Committee has also recommended deterrent action against defaulting factories with arrears in the payment of cane prices; and

(c) if so, the action taken by our Government in fixing the cane prices and for the payment of arrears to the growers in our State?

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—(a) and (b): According to the communication received from the Govt. of India the Estimates Committee of the Lok Sabha stressed that the grower should be ensured remunerative price for the sugarcane and the Committee also recommended deterrent action against the defaulting factories who are in arrears in the payment of cane price.

(c) Under clause (3) of the Sugarcane (Control) Order, 1966 the Government of India alone are competent to fix the minimum sugarcane price. For 1973-74 season the Govt. of India have fixed the minimum price of Rs. 80.00 per quintal linked to a recovery of 8.5% or below with a premium of 9.4 paise per quintal for every 0.1 per cent increase in recovery above 8.5% payable by the sugar factories. The State Govt. have agreed to the co-operative sugar factories paying an adhoc initial price of Rs. 110/- per tonne for 1973-74 season subject to the condition that it should be adjusted at the end of the year against the grower's share of the extra net realisation on the sale of sugar according to the profit sharing formula ready in force. The Chairman of the South Indian Sugar Mills Association has been requested to ensure that the above policy of the Government is implemented by the private sugar factories also.

The Government of India have stated that the Reserve Bank of India has instructed Commercial Banks that substantial portion of Bank advances to sugar factories against sugar stocks should be utilised for clearance of cane price arrears. There is provision in Section 19 (2) of the A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and purchase) Act, 1961 that upon the delivery of cane, the occupier of the factory shall be liable to pay within 14 days from the date of such delivery the price of cane. In view of this provision, action is being taken by the Collectors concerned as and when payments are not made by the factories to recover the amounts due towards sugarcane price under Revenue Recovery Act. The Collectors have also been instructed to take stringent and coercive measures for recovery of cane price.
Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—In view of the discussion on the subject coming upon 1st afternoon, I would not take much time. I reserve it. The only thing is that this question was tabled more than one year ago. In the meanwhile further arrears and of non-payment have accumulated. For this purpose, a request was made to the Hon'ble Chief Minister and he was pleased to agree that a Tripartite Conference will be convened very soon to discuss these matters. Before such meeting takes place, the grower must be taken into confidence. Without going into the details of this, the Hon. Deputy Chief Minister has himself mentioned in the Hon. Nagireddi’s question that deterrent action would be taken. That is the recommendation of the Estimates Committee. In view of the recommendation and assurance, I would only ask how soon he is going to convene the Tripartite Conference of Growers’ representatives, Factory Management Representatives and the Government.

Sri B.V. Subba Reddy:—I agree with the Hon. member that a remunerative price should be paid to the cane growers which is fixed for purpose basing on the capacity of the production of sugar for 100 tonnes of sugarcane. On basis of 8.5% the price is fixed by the Central Government. Now out of the produce 70% is taken over by the Central Government and 30% is left to the factories. In the profits which are earned by the factories, they have to share 60% and 43%. So far as the earned profit is concerned, the portion of the portion of the 40% profit to the sugarcane growers. In spite of that all the factories except 2 agreed. They have been getting the share of profits in the ratio of 60:40. The share of the profit has been paid to the sugarcane growers. Initially particular price is fixed by the Central Government. That is paid within 14 days from the date of supply of sugarcane. The Factory has to pay within 14 days. If they don’t pay the price by the date i.e. within 14 days, the Government has power to recover this money under the Revenue Recovery Act and pay to the Sugarcane growers. Government has the power to recover the cost under the Revenue Recovery Act and collect the amount and pay to the sugarcane growers. Regarding profits, in some cases they have gone to the High Court and the High Court has held that there is no legal obligation on the part of the factories to pay 40% of the profits. That is the position.

M. Speaker:—(turning to Sri Narayana Reddy) :—You wanted that Tripartite Conference . .

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—I merely asked for that, Sir.

Sri B.V. Subba Reddy:—That has to be done by the Central Government.

M. Speaker:—(turning to Sri Narayana Reddy) :—You wanted that Tripartite Conference . .

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—I merely asked for that, Sir.
B. V. Subba Reddy:—Action has been taken Sir. The Collector has been instructed to collect the amount under the Revenue Recoveries Act and pay to the growers.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—In all the cases the amount has been collected and paid. So far as the sharing of the profits is concerned, Samarlakota and Challapalli factories have not paid their profits to the cane-growers. Regarding the minimum price, in all cases money has been recovered and paid to the sugarcane growers.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—Every year a conference is held by the Central Government. They fix the minimum price as well as the sharing of the profits and this is being followed by all the factories. Here two factories have not followed it. They went to the High Court and the High Court held that they need not share profits. There is no legal obligation on the part of the sugar factories to share the profits in the proportion i.e. 60 to 40 as laid down by the Central Government. In all the other cases they have implemented the agreement. It is a moral obligation; it is not a legal obligation.

Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu:—It is true that the High Court has held that there is no legal obligation to share that 40%, in spite of an agreement to that effect certain factories have violated it. So, will not the Government pleased to take necessary steps for making a legal obligation on the factory owner and is it not within the power of the Government to do so?

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—It is not within the power of the State Government. It is the Central Government that has to take up the matter.

Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu:—Why not the State Government move the Central Government, because there is an agreement?

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—We will certainly suggest to the Central Government to assume necessary legal powers for recovering the share profit.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—Prices are fixed by the Central Government, taking into consideration the conditions prevailing in each State and the production of sugar from the sugarcane. As I said earlier, the minimum is 8.5%. On that basis the minimum
price is fixed by the Central Government. That is fixed every year. They take into consideration the circumstances in every State. That is why the minimum price differs from State to State. So far as the recovery of profits is concerned, Sir, the Central Government has to assume powers. There is only a moral obligation. Many of them are honouring the agreement. Some of them have gone to High Court.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—I don't have all that information.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—If the hon. Member wants full information with regard to other years, I will certainly get the information and place it on the Table of the House.
I am giving some figures, Sir. In case of Sri Rama Sugars and Industries Limited, Bobbili, the price fixed by the Central Government was Rs. 70. Actually the price paid was Rs. 80. Similarly in the case of Kirlampudi Sugars the price fixed was Rs. 74. They paid Rs. 80. In case of Sarvaraya it was Rs. 70. They paid Rs. 94. It comes like that.

Mr. Speaker:—V. C. P. Limited is at Vuyyur. Challapalli Sugars is at Challapalli. It is not very far. K. C. P. paid 101.70 whereas Challapalli paid only 74.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—That is why this 90, 105 etc. . . . . . . . Of course, that includes the profit shared by the factory. So far as Challapalli is concerned they have not paid the profits, even in 1973. So far they have not paid. We have taken necessary action in the payment of the arrears.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—We are taking steps. They have to pay only Rs. 44 lakhs. 13 is recovered and paid to the growers as far as Challapalli is concerned.

Mr. Speaker:—We are going to discuss this in detail.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—We are taking steps. They have to pay only Rs. 44 lakhs. It is recovered and paid to the growers as far as Challapalli is concerned.

Mr. Speaker:—You need not answer. We are going to discuss the subject. They will make the suggestions and then you can answer.

Short-Notice Questions and Answers.

RESTRICTIONS ON CONSUMPTION ENERGY

90—A.

3450—Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Power be pleased to State;
(a) whether it is a fact the State Electricity Board has decided on 11th January to impose restrictions on consumption of energy from January 16th;

(b) whether the Board has made any efforts to obtain energy power from the neighbouring State as in the past and whether such arbitrary and spasmodic cut in power does not hamper the agricultural and industrial production in the State; and

(c) if so, the reasons for not taking advance steps to avoid such hardship to the consumers of energy and dislocation of the productive system of the State?

Sri G. Raja Ram: (a) Yes, Sir. Restrictions have been imposed on consumption of the electrical energy with effect from 16-1-1974. The decision in this regard was taken by the Implementation Committee at its meeting held 31-12-1973.

(b) Yes, Sir. The Board has made efforts to obtain assistance from neighbouring States. Advance action was taken to avoid hardships to the consumers. Power cuts have become necessary in order to contain the growing demand to system capability as otherwise unscheduled load shedding becomes inevitable. In order to minimise the effects of power cuts, agriculture and certain other basic industries have been exempted and priority industries like continuous process, etc., have also been given relief to the extent possible.

(c) In view of answer at (b) above this does not arise.

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Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—Sir, the Circular issued by the Board with regard to the power cut on 15th January is very vague. It is not clear how the cut will be applied. Even the Engineers and other Officers who have to implement it agree that the wording and phrasingology in the Circular is so vague and unclear that it is susceptible to different interpretations.

Last year on account of drought and other difficulties in Nizamabad 22 mgwt. could not be given every day but only 3 or 4 mgwt. Now, whether this cut relates to the normal supply that is after reaching the 22 mgwt. or on the existing already reduced supply made to the District.

Will the Hon'ble Minister say whether the normal supply has been restored this year, and the cut is effected, or is it otherwise?

Sri G. Rajaram:—We cannot compare last year to this year. Last year was a bad one. Normal power has been restored because from May onwards the situation and the position had improved. The normal power has been restored to all; and after the restoration of normal supply the cut applies only to the normal power.
re: Demise of Sri Peddinti Ramaswamy Naidu and Sri Kotagiri Sitharamaswami, Ex-M.L.A.s.

Mr. Speaker:—Questions and answers are over.

ANNOUNCEMENT
re: TIME FOR RECEIPT OF AMENDMENTS TO ANDHRA PRADESH SUGARCANE (REGULATION OF SUPPLY AND PURCHASE) AMENDMENT BILL, 1974.

Mr. Speaker:—I am to announce to the House the amendments to the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974 will be received upto 11.00 A.M. today (25-1-1974).

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—For the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1974, it was announced in my absence yesterday that amendments would be received upto 12'O clock. I had to work hard on the amendments to be given; there was also not much time as I was in the House till 3'O clock. By about 4'O clock when we sent the amendments, we were taken by surprise to learn that they were not received, as the time was over. It is within your discretion, Sir, to direct that those amendments may be received.

Mr. Speaker:—I shall look into it separately. You please come to my chambers. Now, we shall take up the condolence motions.

CONDOLENCE MOTIONS

re: DEMISE OF SRI PEDDINTI RAMASWAMY NAIDU AND SRI KOTAGIRI SITHARAMASWAMY, EX-M. L.AS.

Sri J. Venga Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri Peddinti Ramaswamy a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family".

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri Kotagiri Sitharamaswamy, a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family".

Mr. Speaker:—Motions moved.

Condolence motions:

Re: Demise of Sri Peddinti Ramaswamy Naidu and Sri Kotagiri Sitaramaswamy, Ex-M.L.A.s.

Mr. Chairman, I know these two gentlemen personally and intimately. Mr. Peddinti Ramaswamy Naidu died at a ripe old age. He was a personality to be counted and remembered for long. His beginnings were no doubt poor; but by his efforts and education he had risen to the highest educational standards that were possible in those days. He belonged to a backward-class and obtained M.A. (Hons.) degree, which, in the community to which he belonged, was a rare acquisition, particularly in those days. He was a pandit and a fine exponent of Mahabharata. As he used to express himself on the subject, he was simply enchanting, and carried the entire people with him. He was deeply interested in social work and did much to bring about social reform in that backward community. He was M.L.A. from 1955 to 1962, seven years, and during that period he really proved his mettle. May his Soul rest in Peace.

Mr. Kotagiri Sitharamaswamy was really a wizard in politics in the entire District for a long time and had every say in the political making of the District. In fact, he held several offices of responsibility; he was for sometime Vice-President of the District Board; President of the Marketing Federation; President of the
Condolence motions:


re: Demise of Sri Peddinfi Ramaswamy Naidu, and Sri Kotagiri Sitaramaswamy, Ex-M.L.As.

District Congress Committee. He went to jail twice and was a freedom fighter, and a veteran who held the field in the Congress for 40 years. I think he was continuously a member of the P. C. C. till his death. He was in a minority in politics; but by his political skill, he enjoyed the loyalty of all people and maintained himself inspite of great opposition. In those days when feudalism was opposed to Congress and feudalism was supporting the Imperialists, it was very difficult for one to be a Congressman in the locality to which he belonged. Single handed, he stood up and made a platform for Jawaharlalji when he had visited the area. May His Soul rest in Peace.

Condolence motions:
re: Demise of Sri Peddinti Ramaswamy Naidu and Sri Kotagiri Sitaramaswamy, Ex-M.L.As.

మార్చ. ముఖ్యంగా కాలమిందిల్లి కంచిపాలిన శ్రీపెద్దింతి రామస్వామి నాయ్డు మరణించిన యోధా అయిన ప్రజలం మనం ప్రతిశ్రుతి చేసాడు. ముఖ్యంగా తెలియకుండా ప్రజలం గారి కంచిపాలి వంటి ప్రామాణిక పరిస్థితులు జాతికి చెందాడు. మనుష్యం స్వాధీనం కోసం ఆయుష్యం చేసే సుమారు సంవత్సరాల సరిసరి సంస్మరణం కావడానికి మనుష్యం సమగ్రం లేదా మనుష్యం సమగ్రం శ్రికృష్ణ స్వాధీనం చేస్తాడు.

ప్రపంచ మార్చిలో మనం ప్రతిశ్రుతి చేసాడు. మనం నాయక ఉన్నతి రేషన్ వంటి దారుణ పాథకం చేసే కాలం ప్రభావిత చేసాడు. మనం నాయక ఉన్నతి రేషన్ పాథకం చేసే కాలం ప్రభావిత చేసాడు. మనం నాయక ఉన్నతి రేషన్ పాథకం చేసే కాలం ప్రభావిత చేసాడు. మనం నాయక ఉన్నతి రేషన్ పాథకం చేసే కాలం ప్రభావిత చేసాడు. మనం నాయక ఉన్నతి రేషన్ పాథకం చేసే కాలం ప్రభావిత చేసాడు.

మనం ప్రతిశ్రుతి చేసాడు. మనం ప్రతిశ్రుతి చేసాడు. మనం ప్రతిశ్రుతి చేసాడు. మనం ప్రతిశ్రుతి చేసాడు. మనం ప్రతిశ్రుతి చేసాడు. మనం ప్రతిశ్రుతి చేసాడు.
Condolence motions: 25th January, 1974

re: Demise of Sri Peddinti Ramaswamy Naidu and Sri Kotagiri Sitaramaswamy, Ex-M.L.As.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri Peddinti Ramaswamy Naidu, a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

The Motion was adopted NEM CON all members standing.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri Kotagiri Sitharamaswamy, a former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

The Motion was adopted NEM CON all members standing.
Mr. Speaker:—If you want, I will look into the file and tell you. But, I remember what I have done not on the merits of the case but on the technical grounds. In view of the President’s Rule, I think, I have dropped it. I will give information if you meet me. If there is any further information, I will permit you to come with a fresh Motion. I had to close it on account of some rule which I cannot say off-hand now.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:
re: Elimination of Srikakulam district from the list of backward areas for starting industries.

Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu:—I have to thank the Hon'ble Chief Minister for having anticipated this Call Attention Motion and has announced that Srikakulam District is included in the list of backward Districts. But yet, I have to bring to the notice of the Minister for Industries that in our District, there are any amount of natural resources. There is possibility for mining industries as also the forest industry. Several other resources are available. Would the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to cause a detailed investigation of these possibilities and further industrial development in that district which is so far left neglected.

Sri P. Basi Reddy:—Sir, In pursuance of the decisions which emerged from the recommendations of the Working Group of Identification of Backward Areas and on Fiscal Financial Investigations for starting industries in the backward areas, the Government of India laid down certain criteria to be adopted for the selection of natural backward districts which would qualify for concessions to be offered by Financial Institutions. According to this and on the Recommendations made by the Government, the Government of India, Planning Commission has declared certain districts in this State as naturally backward for industries to be offered by the Financial Institutions like the Industrial Development Bank of India and Industrial Finance Corporation of India. Srikakulam District is also one among them. On the Recommendations made by this Government, the Government of India, Planning Commission have recently approved the entire district of Srikakulam to qualify for an outright grant or subsidy by the Centre amounting to 15% of the Fixed Capital Investment of new units having the fixed capital investment of not more than Rs. 1 crore. This will be given to the entrepreneurs. Besides these loans from the Financial Institutions at concessional rates applicable to these areas. In the circumstances stated above the question of eliminating Srikakulam District from the list of backward Districts under the Central subsidy Scheme does not arise.

As regards the suggestion made by the Hon'ble Member Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu that survey of the natural resources in the District of Srikakulam may be taken up, I submit that has already been surveyed and schemes have been prepared district-wise and they will be implemented as expeditiously as possible.
PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE ANDHRA PRADESH SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED FOR 1971-72

Sri P. Basi Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table under Section 619-A (3) of the Companies Act, 1956, a copy of the Eleventh Annual Report of the Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation Limited for the year 1971-72 together with the Audit Report and comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India thereon.

NOTIFICATIONS ISSUED UNDER SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 9 OF THE ANDHRA PRADESH MOTOR VEHICLES TAXATION ACT, 1963.

Sri G. Rajaram:—Sir, with your permission, on behalf of the Minister for Transport, I beg to lay on the Table under Sub-Section (2) of Section 9 of the Andhra Pradesh Motor Vehicles Taxation Act, 1963, a copy of the notification issued in the following G. Os. under Sub-Section (1) of section 9 of the said Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>G. O. Rt. No.</th>
<th>Date of Publication in the gazette</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) 354 Dated 5-2-1972</td>
<td>2-8-1972</td>
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<tr>
<td>(2) 2147 Dated 20-9-1973</td>
<td>1-11-1973</td>
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Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju:—I beg to lay on the Table a copy of G. O. Ms. No. 968, Revenue (Endowments. III) Department, dated 27th October, 1973 containing amendments to rules issued in G. O. Ms. Go. 515, Home (Endowments. III) Department, dated 17th April, 1969 under section 107 read with Section 74 of the Andhra Pradesh Charitable and Hindu Religious Institutions and Endowments Act, 1966 as required by sub-Section (2) of Section 107 of the said Act.


Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of G. O. Ms. No. 969, Revenue (Endowments-III) Department, dated 27-10-1973 containing amendment to rules issued in G. O. Ms. No 1366, Home Department, dated 30 9-1969 under Section 107 read with section 106 of the Andhra Pradesh Charitable and Hindu Religious Institutions and Endowments Act, 1966 as required by sub-section (2) of Section 107 of the said Act.

Mr. Speaker:—Papers laid.
Decisions of the Business Advisory Committee

Sir, I beg to place on the Table a copy of the Report on the decisions of the Business Advisory Committee taken at its meeting held on 24-1-1974.

The following decisions were taken by the Business Advisory Committee at its meeting held on 24th January, 1974 in regard to the Business to be transacted in the Assembly.

25-1-1974
(Friday)


26-1-1974
(Saturday)

27-1-1974
(Sunday)

28-1-1974
(Monday)

29-1-1974
(Tuesday)

30-1-1974
(Wednesday)

31-1-1974
(Thursday)

1-2-1974 (Morning)
(Friday)

Holidays

Non-official Day


3. Discussion and voting on Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure.


5. Other Government Bills, if any.


2. Government Motion—Consideration of the Six Point Formula.
1-2-1974 (Evening)
(Friday)
1. Discussion on fertilisers distribution.
2. Discussion on High Prices of essential commodities.
3. Discussion on Sugarcane Price Policy.

2-2-1974
(Saturday)
2. Government Motion—Consideration of the Six Point Formula.
that I should even participate. But all the same I must do justice. It is major problem burning problem. As such if I do not bring it to the notice of the House even on this aspect, I will be doing an injustice to myself and to the House.

Mr. Speaker:— I will also explain the position. If you want to press your amendment, that is a different matter.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— I do press my amendment. I do not know what is the attitude of the B. A. C. When I brought it to the notice here, they should have found the means of getting... It is not a question of time. It is a question of subject and importance of the subject, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:— All this was discussed and we have arrived at this decision. The decision is there and your amendment there. I will only draw your attention to one fact. So far; atleast to my knowledge there was no amendment on the B. A. C. decision and never it was put to vote. I am not denying your right. Keeping these things, if you press, then I have no other go than to put it to the House.

Sri. C V.K. Rao:— Kindly ask the Chief Minister, Sir. He is the Leader of the House, He can mark some kind of arrangement. I think he is ware of this problem having toured most of the districts. It is the foremost issue and if he is prepared to adjust. Not that for the sake of pressing it I have put it. I would like that the Members should realise the responsibilities and I as one of them would like this issue to be given some importance. It is open to him to put it across.

Mr. Speaker:— Are you withdrawing your amendment?

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Time factor.

Mr. Speaker:— Time. I will have to fix and adjust for the three subject. May be about an hour or one and half hours, it may not be more than that.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— In case time is not sufficient, will, I think you will be good enough to extent the time, Sir?

Mr. Speaker:— There is no question of extending this to 4th again at any rate.
44


Sri C.V.K. Rao:—All right. Either Mohammed should go to the mountain or mountain should go the Mohammed. Well, anyway.

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Rao, you know that the Speaker has got every right to extend the time, seeing the mood of the House, number of people intending to speak. I will not be deaf to.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—If that is the position, very well, I accept that thing.

Mr. Speaker:—Thank you please resume your seat.

PRESENTATION OF THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Sri V. Srikrishna:—Sir, I beg to present the Second Report of the Public Accounts Committee 1972-73 on the silting problem faced by Nizamsagar Project.

Mr. Speaker:—Report presented.

GOVERNMENT BILLS


Sri. Ch. Subbarayudu:—Sir, I beg to move for leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Bill, 1974.

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Speaker:—The question is that leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Urban Areas (Development) Bill 1974.

The motion was adopted.


Sri J. Vengal Rao:—Sir, I move:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1974 *be taken into consideration.

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

*Published in the A. P. Gazette-Part IV-A Extraordinary, 22-1-1974.
Government Bills:


The Bill seeks to amend the A. P. Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications Act, 1973, to increase the ceiling for payment of salaries and to remove disqualifications for certain periods.

1. The Bill provides for an increased ceiling for payment of salaries from Rs. 400 to Rs. 750 per month for officers and employees. This will benefit a large number of employees who currently earn less than Rs. 400 per month.

2. The Bill also removes disqualifications for a period of 250 days for certain offences. This will allow employees to continue their service without being disqualified.

3. The Bill seeks to increase the power of the government to regulate salaries and to remove disqualifications. This will enable the government to ensure fair and equitable wages for its employees.

4. The Bill also introduces a provision to allow for the payment of salaries in arrears for a period of 30 days. This will provide a much-needed relief to employees who have been delayed in receiving their salaries.

5. The Bill seeks to increase the power of the government to regulate salaries and to remove disqualifications. This will enable the government to ensure fair and equitable wages for its employees.

6. The Bill also includes provisions to allow for the payment of salaries in arrears for a period of 30 days. This will provide a much-needed relief to employees who have been delayed in receiving their salaries.

7. The Bill seeks to increase the power of the government to regulate salaries and to remove disqualifications. This will enable the government to ensure fair and equitable wages for its employees.

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49. The Bill seeks to increase the power of the government to regulate salaries and to remove disqualifications. This will enable the government to ensure fair and equitable wages for its employees.

50. The Bill also includes provisions to allow for the payment of salaries in arrears for a period of 30 days. This will provide a much-needed relief to employees who have been delayed in receiving their salaries.
Government Bills:

Mr. Speaker, Sir, in the Statement of Objects and Reasons, it has been said that the Chairmen of these 3 Committees, viz., Telangana Planning and Development Committee, Chairman of the Rayalaseema Planning & Development Committee and the Chairman of the Coastal Andhra Planning and Development Committee will have the same emoluments, shall be given the same emoluments and privileges as those of a Minister and disqualification attaching to the office of the Chairman should be removed so as to enable the members of the State Legislature to hold that Office.
Government Bills:


What is the principle underlying, I am not understanding. It becomes a mockery of the entire democracy. It is a mockery of the functioning in the legislature. Therefore I am opposing the Bill tooth and nail.
Government Bills:


Sri B. M. Raghav (Convenor):—Hon'ble, Sir, the Indian and Company Directors are known as the Directors of the Indian and Company Directors. They are responsible for the management of the company and have the power to decide its policies. The Hon'ble, Sir, is hereby informed that the Board of Directors of the Indian and Company Directors has decided to increase the salary of the Hon'ble, Sir, by 25 per cent. This decision has been taken after due consideration of the company's financial position. The Hon'ble, Sir, is requested to accept this decision and to make the necessary arrangements for the payment of the increased salary. The Hon'ble, Sir, is further informed that the company has also decided to remove the disqualification of the Hon'ble, Sir, for the purpose of the election of the Directors. The Hon'ble, Sir, is hereby requested to accept this decision and to make the necessary arrangements for the removal of the disqualification.

Sri Ch. Parasurama Naidu:—Mr. Speaker Sir, I would like to differ strongly from the very strongly demurring speech of my good friend Mr. C. V. K. Rao. I support whole-heartedly the measure. This measure is in keeping with the dignity of the offices which have been created. It is a universal demand of all of us that there shall be these Boards instead of Regional Committees. These Boards shall come into being and the development of these areas had to be attended to. I really request the hon. Chief Minister to detach the areas of Srikakulam and Vizag district and create another Board for the purpose of development. Detach us from the rest of Circar areas.
and it was our long-standing demand. That had not been conceded. Anyway to the extent that had been created it is really very good. We wanted developmental funds from the Centre and those funds will have to be very meticulously attended to. Plans will have to be drawn out, schemes will have to be scanned. It is a whole-time work and it should be done satisfactorily. It is not correct to say that they are not responsible to this House. It is a mis-conception. With regard to travelling, I really object. If the hon. minister travels by bus, it is a waste of public time. It is a very valuable time. If bus travel is recommended I say why not we go to two bullock-cart or even resort to walking. That would be very economical. It is anachronistic. That suggestion is very anachronistic. Therefore they have to travel absolutely not only by car but if necessary by helicopter and by plane. What we want is efficient administration. The grievances of the public should be quickly attimnd to, and at the same time how can we ask them to go back to the anachronistic travel by walk and do justice to all our demands.

With regard to emoluments and status, they shall have that status. What is wrong about it? They shall be given a position and status to command respect as ministers. They are placed in charge of big funds for larger areas. Therefore there is absolutely nothing wrong in it. The enhancement is only one of allowance. Therefore it is well and fair and I commend the Bill to be accepted.
Government Bills:
The A. P. Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1974,


The A. P. Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1974,

The bill provides for the payment of salaries to government employees and the removal of disqualifications. It aims to ensure a fair and just compensation system for all employees and to address any issues related to disqualifications in a timely manner. The provisions of the bill are designed to promote transparency and accountability in the government's financial management. The bill also seeks to enhance the quality of public services by ensuring that employees are adequately compensated for their work.

This bill is an important step towards improving the working conditions and compensation of government employees. It is expected to have a positive impact on employee morale and job satisfaction. The bill will be debated and revised to ensure that it meets the needs of all stakeholders, including the government, employees, and the general public.

In conclusion, the A. P. Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1974, is a significant legislative initiative that will contribute to the development and growth of the A.P. It is expected to be passed into law soon, pending any necessary amendments.

The bill will be reviewed periodically to ensure that it remains relevant and effective in promoting the welfare of government employees.

Government Bills:
The A. P. Payment of Salaries and
Government Bills:


...
Government Bills:

Sri C. V. K. Rao: —I raise a point of order. The point of order is this: The Constitution Amendment Bill is to be considered by this House very soon, and under Clause 3, this matter comes up for discussion then. In anticipation of that.......

Sri C. V. K. Rao: — I request the Chief Minister to go through it here. The President is empowered,
To what are you referring? We are now considering the Bill to amend the Andhra Pradesh payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications Act, 1953. What is the point you are making?

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The point I am making is this: This method of increasing allowances is another way of increasing the salaries. I shall now put the motion to vote. The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1974 be taken into consideration."

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That Clauses 2 to 17, Clause 1, Enacting Formula and Long Title of the Bill do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Sri J. Vengal Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1974 be passed."

The motion was adopted.
THE ANDHRA PRADESH SUGARCANE (REGULATION OF SUPPLY AND PURCHASE) AMENDMENT BILL, 1974

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—Sir, I move:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974 be taken into consideration.

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved. There are 3 amendments moved—one by Sri V. Sa’hyanarayana and 2 by Messrs. Ch. Puram Naidu and P. Sreeramamury.

Government Bills:
The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) (Amendment) Bill, 1974.


The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) (Amendment) Bill, 1974.

The bill was introduced by the Honourable Minister for Agriculture and Rural Development, Shri A. V. Ramana Rao, on 25th January, 1974.

The bill seeks to amend the A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Act, 1973, to provide for the fixing of minimum and maximum prices for sugarcane. The minimum price for sugarcane will be determined by the Government and will be announced in the A. P. gazette. The maximum price will not exceed the minimum price.

The bill also provides for the establishment of a Sugarcane Board to regulate the supply and purchase of sugarcane. The Board will consist of members appointed by the Government and will have the power to fix prices, determine the quality of sugarcane, and regulate the supply and purchase.

The bill further provides for the imposition of penalties for violation of the provisions of the Act. The penalties will vary depending on the nature of the violation.

The bill was discussed in the Assembly and was passed with amendments. The bill is expected to be implemented soon.
Government Bills:
The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) (Amendment) Bill, 1974.


...
60 25th January, 1974.

Government Bills:
The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) (Amendment) Bill, 1974.

ఎందుకు నాయకుడు ఎందు అంచన కూడా మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. ప్రింటు ప్రచీన, అందం పట్టిక సమాప్తి పండుగ కూడా అందింది. కానీ ఇందులో మూలం ఉండాలంటే ఆటాం ప్రాంగణం ఉండాలంటే, భాష నియమం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు. నిజానికి ప్రచురం, కానీ మంత్రిత్వం సంచారించారు.
Government Bills:
The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) (Amendment) Bill, 1974.


The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) (Amendment) Bill, 1974.

The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) (Amendment) Bill, 1974.

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The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) (Amendment) Bill, 1974.

Government Bills.
The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974.

eastwhile Zamindars at the moment capitalists and moropolists

as zamindars they were having control over estates,

often in the past, the Zamindars controlled the estates and

now they are capitalists and monopolists. The Bill

of 14th March 1973. This Bill was introduced by

1. The Bill provides for the sale of sugar cane to

the Government at a fixed rate. The rates are

as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Rate (in Rs.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Regular</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra High</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The rates will be reviewed every year. The Bill

provides for the regulation of supply and purchase

of sugar cane. The Government will be able to

control the market and ensure a fair price for

the farmers. The Bill will also provide for

the establishment of a Sugar Cane Board to

oversee the implementation of the scheme.

The Bill is an important step towards

regulating the sugar cane market and

ensuring fair prices for farmers.

The Bill was passed by the Assembly.

The Government will now take steps to implement

the provisions of the Bill.

The Bill is a welcome move towards

regulating the sugar cane market.
Government Bills:
The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974.

25th January, 1974. 63
Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—Sir. I rise to support this Bill. As you know, now Rs.10/- tax is proposed. In other States like Maharashtra there is more than Rs. 10/- while supporting the Bill and the tax I like to point out the anomalies in the use of this tax. As you know, Sir, for the first time, the sugar cess in 1957 and 1958 was levied 8 annas per ton. It is known as the cess. The object of the cess is to spend that amount to develop sugarcane areas, to develop research in the sugarcane and to develop other allied matters. But later on, the judgment of the Supreme Court, this sugarcane cess was converted into tax, to remain the same purpose. From Rs 8 to Rs.5/- and from Rs.5/- to Rs.10/- now has been increased. When Rs.8 was levied we had only Rs.50/- lakhs. When it is increased to Rs.5/- we got Rs.2 lakhs or so. Now we will get Rs. 4 lakhs every year as Sugarcane purchases Tax. 32 lakhs tonnes of sugarcane are crushed which comes to nearly 3 crores 20 lakhs and 6 lakhs on average. I doubt whether the taxes are valid because some other States have not levied. In some other States, they raised objection. Whatever it may be, how much more and more amount is being spent on the development of Sugarcane areas? Again the purpose of levying more tax could not be served. That is my question.

As far as sugarcane factories are concerned; there is much leakage of tax. Levying of tax is not so important. What is important is to collect the levied tax. There are leakages. How to plug them? There is much scope for leakage of tax. Whatever quantity they crush, they will never show. They may keep the units. But they call them spare units, whenever inspection takes place. There are 128 Kandasari units, as accounted. There is no proper cell. So there should be a special cell to draft and check the correct crushing.

We have been spending this meagre amount in the sugarcane areas. We are levying on the Khandasari factories. On Khandasari factory areas, there is also a need for spending some mere amount for developing infrastructure and roads. Out of the tax collected a part of it should also be provided to the growers. You will be pleased to see that our State is one of the largest in sugar cane growing in the country. Because we are going to set up more factories in the next two or three years in the Vth Plan period, it would be 3rd in the entire country. Nothing substantial is being done on the research side, we have two research Stations prior to the establishment of Andhra pradesh, one in Anakapalli and another in Rudrur in Nizamabad. Even these Stations are handed over to the Agricultural University without any adequate funds. They are expected to do research there without any funds. Unless some funds
are allotted, these Research Stations will not develop as we desire. There is no need for several centres where sugarcane varieties are coming up.

Now under the Act, every factory is required to have on research farm. There are 20 factories. Honourable Minister may kindly note as to how many farms are there out of 20 factories these farms are meant for promotional purposes. Out of 20 factories hardly there are 8 or so. If it is not done, raising of tax would not be taken lightly by the people. That is my submission.

Now Sir, Andhra Pradesh has taken up to raise a particular variety. In Madras and other States, they developed some developed varieties such as Drought resisting variety, high-yielding variety etc. But we are not doing much. On the promotional aspect we have not done anything. Every factory area will have its own particular problems there is a need for the department to look into these aspects, as each of these varieties is useful in a particular area. The factory area need best research and promotional activities should continue.

Then I suggest to the Hon.ble Member about the employment potential in Khandasari areas. Almost all the workers are imported from U.P. We have not taken any pains in the State to train the workers in Khandasari. Every year we are granting licences without doing any research work in Khandasari. So we must develop training facilities in Polytechnics or in some institutes so that skilled people would be available to work in these Khandasari factories. Otherwise these Khandasari factories will employ U.P. workers. Last time, the ex-Minister, late Sri Kakani assured us that he would bring many amendments to the Act. They are long overdue. So, I take this opportunity to suggest to bring those amendments into the Act very soon. In order to avoid further hardship to the ryots, I also suggest an amendment to Section 1 (2) of the Sugarcane Purchase and Supply Act. Now the payment is to be done within 14 days. This 14 days is done 20 years back. While we are not getting any sufficient quantum of sugarcane there is a delayed payment. But they should get instant payment. Therefore, there is every need for the ryots to get the payment within two or three days or on credit basis. When they are supplying 10 tonnes or so, they should be paid cash down. If it is more than 40 tonnes or so, it should be paid within three or four days but not more than five days.

There is a Fund called the Sugarcane Cess Fund in which Rs 40 lakhs are deposited. This Fund has been lying for the past 10 to 12 years. This amount has become a dead account with Accountant-General. Where it has to be spent? It should not be merged with the General Fund. This is a fund created out of the sugarcane cess levied in Fifties. Therefore there is an urgent need to utilise this Rs. 40 to 60 lakhs in such new factory areas where there is a need for accelerated and a very thorough comprehensive development. So, kindly see that this amount is spent and not merged with the factory, Sir. The allotment that is made is not a need-based allotment. For instance, Vuyyuru crushes 6 lakhs or 5 1/2 lakh tonnes on an average. The principle that is now adopted for the allocation of funds is, on the
Government Bills:
The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of supply and purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974.

basis of the crushed quantity. So, Vuyyuru will go on getting the highest allotment every year for decades although any further development was not needed. Facilities should be provided to improve the crushing. Therefore we must give more funds in areas of new factories so that infrastructure is developed. More can come to these factories so that the economy of all these sugar factories could improve thereby adding to the profits to the Government and the exchequer. Thank you very much.
Government Bills:
The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of supply and purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974.

25th January, 1974. 67
Sri M. Narayan Reddy: — You will kindly recall, I had moved a Bill in the last Session about the Amendment to the Sugar Cane Bill. I was requested not to press it with the assurance by Late Sri Kakani Venkaṭa Ratnam that he would bring such a Bill and get it
The A. P. Sugarcane (Regulation of supply and purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974.

passed in the next session. But now the Hon. Minister has not said anything about this or the Khandasari Unit etc. What has happened to that assurance?

Sri. B. V. Subba Reddy:—I am not aware what the late Sri Kakani Venkata Rathnam had promised. For the time being this measure is only to enhance the existing tax. A number of such other Bills, may come up, if necessary.

Mr. Chairman:—The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974", be taken into consideration?"

The motion was adopted.

CLAUSE 2

Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu:—Sir, I beg to move:

"In sub-clause (1) of Clause 2, for the words ‘ten rupees’ substitute the words ‘seven and half rupees’.

Mr. Chairman:—The question is:

In sub-clause (1) of Clause 2, for the words ‘ten rupees’ substitute the words ‘seven & half rupees’.

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu:—Sri, I beg to move:

"In sub-clause (1) of Clause 2, delete the words ‘or a Khandasari Unit’

Mr. Chairman:—The question is:

In sub-clause (1) of Clause 2, delete the words ‘or a Khandasari Unit’

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Vanka Sathyanarayana:—Sir, I beg to move:

"For sub-clause (1) of Clauses 2, substitute the following:

"The Government may, by notification, levy a tax at a rate not exceeding Rs. 5/-, Rs. 10/- and Rs. 30/- per metric tonne on purchase of cane required for use, consumption or sale in a Khandasari Unit, Co-operative Sugar Factory and Sugar Factory owned by individuals respectively”.

Mr. Chairman:—Motion moved.
Mr. Chairman:—The question is:

“For sub-clause (c) of Clause 2 substitute the following:

“The Government may, by notification, levy a tax at a rate not exceeding Rs. 5/-, Rs. 10/- and Rs. 30/- per metric tonne on the purchase of cane required for use, consumption or sale in a Khandisari Unit, Co-operative Sugar Factory and Sugar Factory owned by individuals respectively”.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Chairman:—The question is:

“That Clause 2 do stand part of the Bill”.

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2 was added to the Bill.

CLAUSE 3, CLAUSE 1 AND ENACTING FORMULA.

Mr. Chairman:—The question is:

“That Clause 3 Clause 1, and Enacting Formula do form part of the Bill”.

The motion was adopted.

Clause 3, Clause 1, and the Enacting Formula were added to the Bill.

Sri B. V. Subba Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974, be passed”.

Mr. Chairman:—Motion moved.

(Pause)

The question is:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Amendment Bill, 1974 be passed”.

The motion was adopted and the Bill was passed.

The House adjourned at 12.50 p.m. to meet again at 8-30 a.m. on Monday, 25th January, 1974.