THE ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

DEBATES

Thirty Sixth day of the Second Session of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

OFFICIAL REPORT

THE ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Monday, the 31st July, 1972.

The House met at Half-past-Eight of the Clock.

(Mr. Speaker, Sri P. Ranga Reddy in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

CHOWDARY COMMITTEE ON CEILING OF URBAN PROPERTY

568. —

* 1003 Q. — Sarvasri Vanka Satyanarayana (Penukonda) M. Narayan Reddy, & Smt. J. Eswari Bai : Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have accepted the report of the 'Chowdary Committee' on ceiling of urban property, and

(b) whether Government have lowered the ceiling recommended by the Committee?

The Chief Minister (Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao):— (a) The report of the 'Chowdary Committee' is under examination of the Government.

(b) Does not arise.

Sir, I am placing the copies of the list of recommendations on the Table of the House, most probably to-morrow. I have given instructions.

J. No. 12 (1)
Oval Answers to Questions.


Mr. Narasimha Rao:— Mr. Speaker, I have nothing to add to that. The recommendations will come before the House and the members will be given copy. Whatever of the recommendations and the recommendations also, I have got copy of it, it is quite exhaustive.

Mr. Narasimha Rao:— The full report also will be made available after we have completed our examination, Sir, may be, not in this Session. It will have to come only in the next sitting, but the summary of the recommendations can be given tomorrow.

Mr. Narasimha Rao:— Mr. Speaker, the Central Government is coming forward with such a Bill and legislation in this Session of the Parliament or not?

Mr. Narasimha Rao:— Yes, Sir. The decision of the Chief Ministers' Conference is that almost simultaneously with the target date for completing the legislation on land ceilings and the legislation on urban ceilings also will be completed by Parliament. They have given 31st December, 1972, as the target date before which both of them have to be completed and the Central Government has accepted it.
Mr. Speaker: He has told. I have called Sri Vanka Satyanarayana.

It is a summary of the recommendations extending over eight or nine pages. I have said I shall place it on the Table of the House to-morrow.

Why not the Bill be introduced earlier?

hon. the Chief Minister be pleaded to state:

BENAMI PATTAS AT PALLAMPARTHI VILLAGE

* 1110 Q.--Sri Nallapreddi Sreenivasul Reddi -- Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

Oral Answers to Questions.

(a) the extent of cultivable Government lands at Pallamparthi village, Gudur taluk, Nellore District,

(b) the reasons why those lands are not given on pattas to the Harijans of Pallamparthi,

(c) whether it is a fact that some land-lords of Pallamparthi have taken the Government lands on Benami pattas, and

(d) the steps taken to distribute the said lands to the landless poor by cancelling the Benami pattas?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: -(a) to (d) The answer is placed on the table of the House.

Answer to L. A. Q. No. 1116 (Starred) [*467] Placed on the Table of the House.

(a) Ac. 102.70 cents.

(b) An extent of Ac. 31.22 has been assigned as indicated below:

Ac. 40.00 ryotwari patta issued by the Settlement Officer under section 11(a) of the E. A. Act.
Ac. 2.41 assigned to a harijan.
Ac. 8.81 assigned to 5 landless poor harijan sivajamadars.

Seeps are being taken to assign the rest of the land to landless poor harijans.

(c) and (d) The lands in S. No. 96/1, 2, 3, 4, 8 and 90 of Pallamparthi village obtained by landlords on Benami pattas were cancelled by the Sub Collector, Gudur. Instructions were issued to the concerned Revenue Inspector to send fresh proposals after thorough enquiry, to assign the lands to deserving landless poor persons. It is expected that the assignment proposals will be finalised before 15.8.1972.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao—: Assignment made in respect of,... were cancelled by the Sub Collector, Gudur. As regards distribution of the above land instructions...

Sri V. Srikrishna: Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether a petition was presented to the District Collector Guntur by the villagers of Nuthakki, Guntur Taluq, Guntur District on 16-12-71 regarding excess collections of land revenue by the village Officer in Fasli No. 13 earlier, and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government so far?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: (a) No Sir,

But a petition was presented before the Jamabandi Officer (Revenue Divisional Officer, Guntur) on 18-8-1971 by one Sri Gogula Rami Reddy and 13 others alleging the misappropriation of an amount of Rs 60-02-02 Ps by Bh. Rama Seshi Reddy, Village Munsiff of Nuthakki.

(b) The Village Officer has been kept under suspension pending investigation of the case.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: The Collector has reported that action will be pursued against Village Officers expeditiously and accounts finalised as early as possible.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: Sir, as far as I know in the case of joint pattas, each one of the pattadar is jointly and severally liable.... That is my impression, Sir.

Oral Answers to Questions.

They have been placed under suspension.

Mr. Speaker:—The question relates to the alleged misappropriation of amount.

Sri D. Venkatesham: This is based on the supplementary raised by Mr. Nagireddy.

Mr. Speaker:—Even that was not quite relevant. It passed on. The Chief Minister was good enough to give the answer. That does not mean that we should now go on dilating on the spotting of the pattas. Please resume your seat.

Sri D. Venkatesham: The question is only on account of this the malpractices are there by the Village Munisifs. Unless the Government comes to the rescue of the ryots and see that the pattas are split, there won't be solution. There is no time limit for this.

Mr. Speaker:—I will find out why it has been done and we will take action.

AGREEMENT BONDS FROM THE STUDENTS FOR JOINING MEDICAL COURSES

* 507 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Government has suggested to the State Government to get agreement bonds executed from every student before he joins the Medical Course binding the student to serve as Government Doctor for two years in the rural areas after he receives his Medical Degree;

(b) whether our State Government have agreed to implement the said suggestion; and

(c) if not the reasons therefor?
The Minister for Health and (c) (Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari) :

(a) Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) If the students executed a bond, it is binding on the Government to provide employment. There are 1,200 doctors waiting for employment. Further all the medical officers are required to serve for a period of two years at the Primary Health Centres which are located in Rural areas. Therefore, it is considered not necessary to get the bond executed by the students.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: Sir, as I have already submitted, if we get the bond executed it will be binding on the Government to give them employment. We are not in a position to give employment to all of them. Anyway the first appointment is being made to the Primary Health Centres and they are being posted only to the Primary Health Centres.

Sri M. Narayana Reddy: Sir, on the one hand about 2,000 Medical graduates are said to be unemployed on the Employment registers. On the other hand the number of vacancies in rural areas are to be filled up. They are vacant. The main reason given is or is understood to be, that many of them are not willing to go to rural areas. Therefore, we must reconcile this somewhere. Therefore, the instructions or the advice of the Central Government is very desirable and salutary. In view of that since we are spending more than Rs. 3,000 per student for educating them in the Medical colleges, is it not advisable to follow the advice given by the Central Government to take the bonds from such students at the time of admission to serve for a minimum period in the rural areas?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: Anyway, we will consider that, Sir.

Sri D. Venkatesham: Sir, the Minister was pleased to inform the House there will be binding on the part of the Government if the agreement is executed by the students. Therefore they are not getting the bonds executed. But the Government is posting raw people to the PHCs directly as soon as they pass their examinations. Will the Government consider to post them to the Headquarters hospitals and post experienced doctors to the PHCs?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: On the one hand hon. Members are asking us to take bonds that they will serve in the rural areas while some want that they should be posted to the Headquarters hospitals. It will not be possible as it is. Anyway, I will consider whether we can post senior Doctors to the Primary Health Centres.
Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi: Sir, while replying to the debate on the Medical demand stated that they are posted to the Primary Health Centres. Many of them, not more than 10%, have gone and reported for duty. Now, the Minister says that there are 1,200 vacancies. So, there appears to be a contradiction in the two statements made by the Minister. Will the Minister kindly reconcile the contradictions?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: Sir, I have never said that there are 1,200 vacancies. I said 1,200 Doctors are waiting.

Mr. Speaker: But, Mr. Narayan Reddy has pointed out that there are large number of vacancies unfilled, while you say there are 1,200 on your list. But the question is why don't you fill up those posts immediately?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: Unfortunately the Cabinet has taken a decision to post on the year of passing. We get a list from the Employment Exchanges and going on posting them. What actually happens is they get themselves registered in the Employment Exchanges and in the meanwhile they go abroad or seek admission in Post Graduate courses. That is how it is being delayed, Sir.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi: How many vacancies are there now for the Doctors?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: We had about 1,188. Very recently we have filled them all. At least we have given the posting to the Doctors.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: That is what we are doing. If they are not joining within fifteen days, we are posting the next man in the list.


Sample Survey on Vegetables

- 1201 Q.—Sri M. Narayan Reddi:—Will hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware of the findings of the “sample survey” conducted by the Central Plant Protection Training
Institute Hyderabad, with regard to contamination of cereals, vegetables, fruits, milk, eggs and meat sold in and around Hyderabad City with residue of chlorine insecticides; and

(b) what preventive steps the Government propose to take in the matter,

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

Sri M. Narayana Reddi:—As I mentioned in this question, this has been reported a month back in all the newspapers that a sample survey has been conducted in Hyderabad City and around the City and a report has been published in the newspapers. Whether the attention of the Hon. Minister has been drawn to that? It is a serious matter. The vegetables that are sold in the market and around the city are contaminated with insecticides. It has been published in all the newspapers. If not, will he look into the matter and take steps to eliminate contamination in the interests of public health?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—Sir, the Central Plant Protection Institute is carrying tests in agricultural commodities which are grown in the country. So far we have not received the findings.

NEW POLICE CLUB BUILDING IN RAJAHMUNDRY TOWN

471—

* 989 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether foundation stone was laid for the Construction of a New Police Club Building in Dr. Subrahmanyam Maidan in Rajahmundry;

(b) if so, the reasons for construction of a New Police Club in addition to the old club;

(c) whether it is a fact that the public of Rajahmundry Town requested the Govt. for granting Dr. Subrahmanyam Maidan for the construction of an Open Air Theatre etc. by the Municipalitp; and

(d) if so, the action taken by the Government?

The Minister for Home (Sri V. Krishna Murthy Naidu):—

(a) A foundation stone was laid for a new police club building on a land which is not contiguous to Subrahmanyam Maidan.

(b) The old police club building was situated far away from the Railway Station etc. and it was disposed off. The construction of new club has therefore been taken up.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) The matter is under consideration, in the Health and Municipal Administration Department.

12—2

Oral Answers to Questions

Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether a proposal was submitted to Centre by the State Government to connect all District Police Head-quarters in Andhra Pradesh with the State Head-quarters by a net work of microwave system of communication in view of the safety of the so many touring the nook and corner for mass contact; and

(b) whether the Government are aware that a Microwave Project of Rs. 75 lakhs for Madras State was already approved by the Centre?

Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu:—(a) No Sir.
(b) No information is available Sir.

MICROWAVE SYSTEM OF COMMUNICATIONS TO DISTRICT POLICE HEADQUARTERS

*1092 Q.—Sri Vanka Satyanarayana:—Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether a proposal was submitted to Centre by the State Government to connect all District Police Head-quarters in Andhra Pradesh with the State Head-quarters by a net work of microwave system of communication in view of the safety of the so many touring the nook and corner for mass contact; and

(b) whether the Government are aware that a Microwave Project of Rs. 75 lakhs for Madras State was already approved by the Centre?

Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu:—(a) No Sir.
(b) No information is available Sir.
Oral Answers to Questions.


(5) Dr. Siva Prasad (M. V. N.):—Answer, what is the reason that the H. F. Station in the city are useful in the city only. Mr. Venkatarama Reddy:—As an information, they are useful for the city only.

Sri V. Krishnamurty Naidu:—It is an information, Sir.

(5) Mr. L. S. R. Sridhar:—I am not satisfied of the answer. Sri V. Prasad:—I will answer the question and see the answer is satisfactory or not.

We are strengthening the forces.

VEDA DHYANAM

473—

*1246 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government has sanctioned any amount to encourage "Vedadhyanam" (recitation of the Vedas); and

(b) if so, how much?

The Minister for Endowments (Sri Ch. S. R. V. P. Murthy Raju):—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Rs. 1,10,000 (Rupees one lakh ten thousands only).

మాత్రము స. సంప్రదాయం కనీష సంస్థల తో ఇందులోనియా సంభాషలు అతి పరిశ్రమలు చేసేవారు? అందుకే ఇందులోని సంస్థలకు ఆమె కానం అందుకుంటుందో? ఏంటి పరిశ్రమలు చేసేవారు?

ష్ట. ఉష్మ. విశ్వింధ. మొదటి స. సంప్రదాయం కను సంస్థల తో ఇందులోనియా సంభాషలు అతి పరిశ్రమలు చేసేవారు? అందుకే ఇందులోని సంస్థలకు ఆమె కానం అందుకుంటుందో? ఏంటి పరిశ్రమలు చేసేవారు?

ష్ట. జగ్గ. ధీ. మొదటి స. సంప్రదాయం కను సంస్థల తో ఇందులోనియా సంభాషలు అతి పరిశ్రమలు చేసేవారు? అందుకే ఇందులోని సంస్థలకు ఆమె కానం అందుకుంటుందో? ఏంటి పరిశ్రమలు చేసేవారు?

ష్ట. కస్తి. ఉష్మ. మొదటి స. సంప్రదాయం కను సంస్థల తో ఇందులోనియా సంభాషలు అతి పరిశ్రమలు చేసేవారు? అందుకే ఇందులోని సంస్థలకు ఆమె కానం అందుకుంటుందో? ఏంటి పరిశ్రమలు చేసేవారు?

Sir. Hon. Mr. B. M. Venkateswarao:—The minister mentioned that the
DDMCC has already written to the District Collector. But why a
letter has not been written to the DCC?

Sir. L. N. Reddy:—The minister mentioned that the
DDMCC has already written to the District Collector. But why a
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letter has not been written to the DCC?
Oral Answers to Questions. 31st July, 1972

SANDOLWOOD PLANT IN THE FORESTS OF CHITTOOR DISTRICT

474—

*204 Q.—Sri D. Venkatesam:—Will the hon. Minister for Forest be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are any proposals with the Government to raise red sanders and Sandalwood plants in the Forest area of Chittoor District in view of the Sandalwood oil Factories existing at Kuppam, Chittoor District; and

(b) if so, what extent of land has been earmarked to raise Sandalwood Plants to keep the factories functioning?

The Minister for Forests (Sri S. Suryanarayana Raju):—(a) 12 Hectares of Red Sanders plantations were raised in Chittoor Bast Division in 1971. It is proposed to raise in 12 Hectars during 1972 also. Next year onwards it will be increased to 20 Hectares. Sandalwood plants are raised by dibbling seed in Kuppam over an area of 10 Hectares.

(b) In Chittoor East Division it is proposed to raise 20 Hectares regular plantations of Sandalwood from 1973-74; to propagate Sandalwood extensively.

(1) 1971 సంవత్సరం ఎలాంటి పెంపబడింది 12 హయిటారు ముఖం 
ప్రారంభం సంవదం ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది. 1972 సంవత్సరంలో 12 హయిటారు 
ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది. ఈ ప్రారంభం ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది. 
ప్రారంభ చేయబడింది 20 పెంపబడింది ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది 
ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది 10 హయిటారు పెంపబడింది ప్రారంభం 
ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది.

(2) 1973-74 సంవత్సరం ఎలాంటి పెంపబడింది 20 హయిటారు 
ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది ఈ ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది 
ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది.
Oral Answers to Questions.  

1. Can the Marichitarura Sohoram: —where is the visit of Dr. Morley?

2. Where can the Hare Krishna Sohoram: —where is the visit of Dr. F. J. Hare?

3. Can the Hare Krishna Sohoram: —where is the visit of Dr. F. J. Hare?

4. Can the Hare Krishna Sohoram: —where is the visit of Dr. F. J. Hare?

5. Can the Hare Krishna Sohoram: —where is the visit of Dr. F. J. Hare?

6. Can the Hare Krishna Sohoram: —where is the visit of Dr. F. J. Hare?
NATIONALISATION OF MINOR FOREST PRODUCE

475—

* 1063 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Forest be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to nationalise the minor Forest produce in the State was done in Madhya Pradesh State;

(b) if so, when it will be nationalised; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefore?

Sri S. Suryanarayana Raju:—(a) (b) & (c) Based on the working of the State Trading in Beedi Leaves in Madhya Pradesh State. State Tradidg in beedi leaves (one of the Minor Forest Produ­ces) in this State also, has been introduced in Telangana region under Andhra Pradesh Minor Forest Produce (Regulation of Trade) Ordinance 1970 which was subsequently replaced by the Andhra Pradesh Minor Forest Produce (Regulation of Trade) Act No. 4 of 1971. It is proposed to extend State Trading in Beedi Leaves to Andhra region during 1973-74. After gaining experience for some more time extending the scheme of nationalization to other items of Minor Forest Produce will be considered.

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING SCHOOL AT ONGOLE

476—

* 1127 Q.—Sri A. Kotaiah (Santhanuthalapadu):—Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state;

(a) whether there is any proposal to start an Industrial Training School at Ongole, for the benefit of the unemployed in the Prakasam District;

(b) if so, the stage at which the starting of the said school stands at present?

The Minister for Labour (Sri T. Anjaiah):—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The matter under is consideration.

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COORDINATION COMMITTEE ON WELFARE OF AGRICULTURAL LABOUR

471—

* 525 Q.—Sri M. Nagi Reddy (Gurajala):—Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have set up a Co-ordinating Committee for the welfare of Agricultural Labour in the State;

(b) if so, names of the said committee;

(c) which the said Committee has been constituted; and

(d) the work done by the said Committee so far?

Sri T. Anjaiah:—(a) (b) (c) & (d) The answer is placed on the table of the House.
Answers to L. A. Q. No. 525 * [(Starred (14')] By Sri M. Nagi Reddy, M. L. A.

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) (1) Secretary to Government, Home Department. Chair.
(2) Secretary to Govt. P. R. Department.
(3) Director of Agriculture.
(4) Deputy Secretary to Govt. Industries Department.
(5) Commissioner of Labor.
(6) Director of Employment & Training, Hyderabad.
(7) Director of Social Welfare.
(8) Deputy Commissioner of Labour (Estts.)

The Committee has the power to co-operative representatives of other Departments of Secretariat for specific meetings when subjects pertaining to those departments are to be discussed.

(c) 22-12-1971.

(d) The Committee held its first meeting on 7-6-1972 and the following conclusions were arrived at:

1. There should be a regular review of the implementation of the minimum rates of wages for agricultural labour in the Panchayat meetings and Panchayat Samithi meetings.

2. The Dist. Inspectors of Labour should select a village, preferably the headquarters of village level workers, every month for effective implementation of the minimum rates of wages.

3. The Deputy Commissioner of Labour (Establisment) may attend some Samithi meetings with a view to properly educating the administrative machinery involved for effective implementation of minimum rates of wages in this employment.

4. Necessary literature should be sent to the Secretaries, Zilla Parishads for distribution among the Samithi members for giving wide publicity and making the agriculturist and the agricultural labour realise their respective responsibilities and the benefits and rights available to the agricultural labourers.

5. As the Seminars had proved useful medium for education both the agricultural labour and land owners about their respective responsibilities and the minimum rates and other benefits available under the Minimum wages Act, conduct of Seminars may be continued.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Sir, it is said that the Committee held its meeting on 7-6-72 and the following conclusions were arrived at: "(4) Necessary literature should be sent to the Secretaries, Zilla Parishads for distribution among the Samithi Members for giving wide publicity and making the agriculturist and the agricultural labour realise their respective responsibilities and the benefits and rights available to the agricultural labourers."

What is that literature?

UNEMPLOYMENT ALLOWANCE

478—

* 334 Q. — Sri M. Nagi Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is a proposal with State Government to recommend the Central Government to amend the constitution so as to include the right to employment in the list of fundamental rights;

(b) if so, when it will be recommended;

(c) whether the Government will take steps to pay unemployment allowance to those who could not secure a job even though they are prepared to serve; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

Sri T. Anjaih:—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) The financial position of the state does not permit the undertaking of such a responsibility.

(a), (b), (c) & (d):—The question of amending the Constitution of India, to include the right of employment in the list of Fundamental Rights, is a national policy and the Government of India, have to take up this.

A proposal for payment of unemployment allowance to those who could not secure a job even though they are prepared to serve is under consideration of Government of India.
GRIEVANCES OF ELECTRICITY MINISTERIAL EMPLOYEES OF CUDDAPAH

479--

*1038 Q.-Sarvasri V. Srikrishna; Sri M. Nagi Reddy: Will the hon. Minister for Power and Women Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether a Memorandum was submitted to the Government by the Electricity Ministerial Employees of Cuddapah on 4-1-72 regarding their grievances; and

(c) if so, the action taken by the Government so far on each one of those grievances?

The Minister for Power (Smt. B. Jayaprada):-Clause (a) above:—Yes sir,

Clause (b) above:—A statement is laid on the table of the House.

STATEMENT TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(Vide Clause (a) of Starred L. A. Q. No. 1038 [*S. No. 479*])

By Sri V. Srikrishna.

(1) Demand:—Original yard-stick as per two man committee report approved by Government for sanction of staff for Electricity Revenue Office (One Building Clerk for 400 services one Upper Division Clerk for 1000 to 2000 services and one Accountant for 4000 to 5000 services) should be implemented.

Remarks:—The Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board has reported that the National Productivity Council has submitted a report in the matter and its report is under its examination.

(2) Demand:—Finalisation of the Status of the Government employees working under the administrative control of Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board by deciding the question of permanent allocation of staff between the Government and A. P. State Electricity Board.

Remarks:—The question of transfer of services of Government employees working in Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board to Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board is under consideration of Government.

(3) Demand:—Formulation of Standing orders without prejudice to the benefits and rights which have already accrued to the employees prior to 1-4-1959.

Remarks:—The bulk of Ministerial Employees of Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board are Government servants deputed to the Board and hence they can not come under the definition of "workmen" under I.D. Act. Therefore, the question of formulation of standing orders does not arise at the moment under Section 79 of Electricity Supply Act 1948. Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board has right to frame its own regulations. However, the service regulations of the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board are almost similar to the services rules of Government of Andhra Pradesh. In addition to
Government serviced rules Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board has provided benefit of medical expenses reimbursement to its employees subject to a maximum of Rs. 100/- per year. The "Go Home" concession of Government however has not been conceded by Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board and it is under active consideration of Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board.

(4) Demand: Fixation of Pay scales as per the efficiency and qualifications and removal of disparity between the employees of the administrative branch and Accounts branch.

Remarks: Pay scales of Government as revised from time to time are adopted by Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board. The disparity in qualification cannot be removed as they are prescribed based on the nature of the work attached to the posts in different branches in administrative Accounts etc.

The pay scales of all the posts in ministerial services whether in administrative or Accounts organisation are identical up to Superintendent/Accountant (inclusive) level.

(4) (a) Demand: To fill up the posts of Accountants by promoting qualified Upper Division Clerks.

Remarks: As per Government rules as well as Board's service regulations the post of Accountant in Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board is a State wide post. The Service Association of Telangana employees have represented that the posts of Accountants in Telangana area may be filled up by Telangana personnel. It has been noticed that since the post of Accountant is a state wide post, Telangana employees could not get selection for appointment as Accountant. Therefore, the question of classifying the post of Accountant as Circle wise post or continuance as State wide post is under the active consideration of the A. P. State Electricity Board. Certain particulars of all Upper Division Clerks and Accountants in Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board organisation have been called for and the same are awaited. Soon after the receipt of full particulars, the issue will be decided. It has been decided that till such time the post of Accountants may not be filled up and only in charge arrangements may be made.

(5) Demand: Direct recruitment should be made only when qualified departmental candidates are not available.

Remarks: As per Government rules as well as Board's regulations certain percentage of substantive posts have been reserved to be filled up by direct recruitment. Hence this demand is not justifiable.

(6) Demand: All the qualified Bill Collectors should be appointed as Lower Division Clerks and their seniority should be adjusted as would have resulted if recruitment had been made at the appropriate time.

Remarks: As per B.P. Ms. No. 50², dated 25-8-71 and Memo No. 28²-D 2/71-3, dated 8-6-1972, 25% of the permanent posts of Lower Division Clerks are reserved for appointment of Bill Collectors and attenders.
(7) Demand:- Removal of Departmental Training School as separate examination is being conducted by A.P. Public Service Commission on the same subject.

Remarks:- Refresher course and Training in Accounts is intended for the clerks and Accountants of Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board only to improve their efficiency in discharging their duties. This training was started in 7/64 as per the recommendations of the Public Accounts Committee. Further, Members, Commercial (Central Water & Power Commission) Government of India had requested the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board to introduce systematic Training in Commercial accounts to the employees of the Board. Only incentive awards are being given in the training course and no penal provisions have been made.

(8) Demand:- Confirmation of employees who are working in the posts which has lasted for 3 years and declared to be permanent.

Remarks:- The Board has issued orders making permanent all the posts that were in existence on 1-4-1968 and action is being taken to make permanent all the temporary posts based on the criteria prescribed by Government for making posts permanent. But personnel working against these posts could not be confirmed because they are Government employees and their services have not been transferred to the Board. The question of transfer is under the consideration of Government.

(9) Demand:- Reinstatement of retrenched Peons who have been retrenched consequent on diversion of peons from Tungabhadra Hydro Electric Scheme each Circle is a unit by itself and retrenchment as well as appointment in each case are independent.

Remarks:- Orders have been issued in B. P. Ms. No. 254, dated 18-4-1972 that retrenched Peons with more than 3 years of service may be continued in supernumary posts till they are absorbed, in future vacancies.

(10) Demand:- Security of jobs.

Remarks:- At present there is no retrenchment in the cadre of ministerial service. Hence there is no fear with regard to security of job.

The employees' representatives and Government officials have come to an understanding that a Negotiations Committee be formed and it is under consideration. Negotiations are going on.

It is said that the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board has stated that the National Productivity Council has submitted a report. What is that report? Is it in conformity with this or is it below this requirement? Can the Minister tell us?

Smt. Jayaprada:—As per the information, the report is under consideration and I will get the report.

Smt. B. Jayaprada:—Before it is placed before me, it is being considered by the Board. It is in that stage, Sir.

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—The National Productivity Council after examining the whole question with regard to the field staff viz. O, S. S. (Operational Sub-ordinate Staff) have submitted a detailed report in the case of two categories, one in regard to billing clerks and accountants, and the other in regard to field staff which is most important, i.e. helpers, linemen, assistant linemen, etc. The second category is most important from the point of view of consumers. The helpers, linemen and assistant linemen are required to maintain the line and to keep the power supply continuously. In this case, the Electricity Board has not appointed any additional field staff although they have appointed billing clerks and accountants. Because of this lines are neglected on account of the non-attendance of field staff. May I know from the Minister why there is so much delay in implementing the report of the National Productivity council? For instance about 7,000 services were added during the last three years in Nizamabad district alone; the Board has appointed billing clerks and accountants whereas not a single helper, linemen or assistant lineman has been appointed, and the entire consumers are put to hardship. In view of the hardship caused to the consumers, when is the field staff going to be increased and why it was not done already?

Srimati B. Jayaprada:—The demand relates to billing clerks and accountants. If the National productivity Council has said that field staff is not sufficient, that will be definitely considered.

It is said “But personnel working against these posts could not be confirmed because they are Government employees and their services have not been transferred to the Board.”
Sri Kona Prabhakara Rao:—The reply of the hon. Minister is very, very inadequate what Sri M. Narayana Reddi has specifically pointed out is that the National Productivity Council has recommended long back and it was not implemented by the Board? How long does the Board take to take note of these recommendations? Is it justifiable on the part of the Government to delay for such along time.

Smt. B. Jaya Pradha:—I will get it examined.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—Demand 9 is regarding retrenchment of peons who have been retrenched.

Smt. B. Jaya Prada:—Orders have been issued that retrenched persons with more than 3 years service may be continued in supernumerary posts till they are absorbed in regular vacancies.

Mr. Speaker:—Nobody was retrenched at all. All are being continued.

Srimati B. Jayaprada:—Yes, Sir.

NUMBER OF SHOPS OPENED FOR SALE OF ARRACK

480—

* 224 Q.—Sri P. V. Ramana (Anakapalli):—Will the hon. Minister for Excise be pleased to state:

(a) number of shops opened for sale of arrack in the year 1969-70 and 1970-71;

(b) the amount realised by auctioning the shops in each of the above two years;

(c) the quantity of L. P. Litres of arrack issued to those shops during the above period;

(d) what is the rate charged by the manufacturers per litre; and

(e) the rate at which it was supplied to the dealers?

The Minister for Excise (Sri P. Mahedranath):—(a), (b) & (c) A statement is placed on the table of the House.

(d) Rs. 0.24 paise per bulk litre Ex-distillery.

(e) Rs. 4.07 per 30 U. P. bulk litre and Rs. 2.39 per (60 U. P.) bulk litre exclusive of sales tax.
### Answer to the Clauses (a), (b) and (c) of L. A. Q. No. 224 (Starred) [* 480]

**Given Notice of by Sri P. V. Ramana, M.L.A.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the area</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of shops opened for sale of arrack in the year 1969-70 and 1970-71 (Clause (a) of the question)</th>
<th>The quantity of litres of arrack issued to those shops during the above period. (Clause (c) of the question)</th>
<th>The amount realised by auctioning the each of the above 2 years (Clause (b) of the question)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Andhra area</td>
<td>1969-70</td>
<td>4527</td>
<td>1,00,75,675 litres</td>
<td>Rs. 5,38,94,796</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1970-71</td>
<td>5700</td>
<td>1,19,06,550 litres</td>
<td>Rs. 7,94,81,913</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Telangana area</td>
<td>1969-70</td>
<td>2709</td>
<td>37,37,405 litres</td>
<td>Rs. 2,59,59,117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1970-71</td>
<td>2951</td>
<td>41,05,889 litres</td>
<td>Rs. 2,97,84,488</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

P. Mahendranath,  
Minister for Excise

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. Mr. R. Choudhary:— Will the Minister give an assurance that the declaration of the 1971 Census will be made available on the 31st July, 1972?

2. Mr. S. C. Desai:— Will the Minister give an assurance that the area under the survey of the Mahadavji Sagar Dam will be published before 31st July, 1972?

3. Mr. S. S. Mungekar:— Will the Ministry give an assurance that the area of V. P. Co. of Mahadavji Sagar Dam will be published before 31st July, 1972?

4. Mr. L. M. Malwe:— Will the Minister give assurance that the area of V. P. Co. of Mahadavji Sagar Dam will be published before 31st July, 1972?

5. Mr. K. C. Dhole:— Will the Minister be kind enough to inform the House whether the movement for the conversion of the Tunga Bhadra Dam area into a national park has been completed?

6. Mr. A. D. Desai:— Will the Minister be kind enough to inform the House whether the movement for the conversion of the Tunga Bhadra Dam area into a national park has been completed?
1. Indicate the question: — What is your opinion on the Prohibition Department?

2. Is the prohibition department (an opinion): — Yes, it is corrupt and underminded. Despite this, the demand for alcohol continues unabated. The department is a mockery of the law. If we want to stop the sale and consumption of alcohol, we must eliminate the root cause. If we try to combat the problem at the surface level, it will only create more problems. What is your opinion on this?

3. What is your opinion: — It is a law which is not enforceable.

4. Do you think: — The department is inefficient and ineffective. It is a complete waste of resources. If the department is not doing its job, what is the point of having it?

5. What is your opinion: — The police department is not doing its job. It is just a way for them to earn money.

6. What do you think: — The police department is corrupt and inefficient. It is a complete waste of resources. If the department is not doing its job, what is the point of having it? If we want to combat the problem of alcohol, we must go to the root cause and not just try to control the surface level.

7. What is your opinion: — The police department is not doing its job. It is just a way for them to earn money.

Short Notice Questions and Answers.

S. No. 480-A*

S. N. Q. No. 1527-J Sri M. Narayan Reddy :—Will the Hon’ble Minister for Forests be pleased to state:

(a) the price paid for acquiring a pair of giraffes for Jawaharlal Nehru Zoological Park, Hyderabad and the amount to be paid towards customs duty;
(b) whether it is a fact that the import of these giraffes has not yet been cleared by the collector, customs at Cochin due to non-payment of customs duty and other irregularities noticed in the import;

(c) if so, the amount claimed by the Collector, customs, Cochin in this regard; and

(d) whether it is also a fact that the Collector, customs, Cochin has threatened to seize the giraffes and auction them towards realisation of customs duty?

Sri S. Suryanarayana Raju :— (a) Rs. 40,000/- including customs duty was paid to the Firm, which supplied the pair of giraffes to the Nehru Zoological Park. The exact amount of customs duty paid by the Firm to the Customs’s office at Cochin is not known.

(b) No Sir. The pair of giraffes arrived at the Nehru Zoological Park in March, 1969.

(c) and (d): Does not arise.

Dear Sirs,

I have noticed the following question in the latest issue of your journal: "What is the significance of the recent increase in the price of rice?"

I trust you will find it of interest. Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

P.S. I enclose a copy of the relevant page from the previous issue for your reference.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

12–5

(Q) What is the capital of India? 
(A) New Delhi. 

(Q) What is the nearest neighbour of India? 
(A) Nepal. 

(Q) What is the currency of India? 
(A) Indian Rupee. 

(Q) Who is the Prime Minister of India? 
(A) Narendra Modi. 

(Q) Who is the President of India? 
(A) Ram Nath Kovind. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh? 
(A) Y.S. Jagan Mohan Reddy. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Telangana? 
(A) K. Chandrashekar Rao. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Karnataka? 
(A) B.S. Yeddyurappa. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Maharashtra? 
(A) Uddhav Thackeray. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu? 
(A) Edappadi K. Palaniswami. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Kerala? 
(A) Pinarayi Vijayan. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Punjab? 
(A) Captain Amarinder Singh. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Haryana? 
(A) Manohar Lal Khattar. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Uttarakhand? 
(A) Trivendra Singh Rawat. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of West Bengal? 
(A) Mamata Banerjee. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Odisha? 
(A) Naveen Patnaik. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Bihar? 
(A) Nitish Kumar. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Madhya Pradesh? 
(A) Shivraj Singh Chouhan. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Chhattisgarh? 
(A) Bhupesh Baghel. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Assam? 
(A) Sarbananda Sonowal. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Rajasthan? 
(A) Ashok Gehlot. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Meghalaya? 
(A) Conrad K. Sangma. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Sikkim? 
(A) B.S. plaza. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Tripura? 
(A) Biplab Kumar Deb. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Mizoram? 
(A) Zoramthanga. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Nagaland? 
(A) Pema Khandu. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Arunachal Pradesh? 
(A) Pema Khandu. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Manipur? 
(A) N.B. Jairam. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Goa? 
(A) Pramod Sawant. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Pondicherry? 
(A) Raja Ram Mohan. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Andaman and Nicobar Islands? 
(A) Harish Rawat. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Lakshadweep? 
(A) Ali Majeed. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Dadra and Nagar Haveli? 
(A) Dilip Paraja. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Daman and Diu? 
(A) Rajanand Sinha. 

(Q) Who is the Chief Minister of Chandigarh Union Territory? 
(A) Vijay Inder Longowal.
Sri Syed Hasan:—Are these Zirafeces insured? If so, for what amount and how much premium has been paid?

Sri T. Anjaiah:—(a) The Commissioner of Labour is being requested to advise all Employers' Associations in the State to declare the ensuing Independence Day (13-8-1972) as an additional paid holiday and not as a substituted holiday for the workers employed under them.

(b) Most of the private sector managements are declaring the 15th August as a paid holiday every year.
S No. 480-C
S. No. Q.1326-5-1 Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi :—Will the Hon'ble Minister for Education & Cultural affairs be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Research Officers and Research Assistants in the Telugu Academy;

(b) how many of them are retired people having been reappointed;

(c) how many of them are appointed directly and how many of them have been taken from other departments;

(d) how many language assistants have been appointed directly without the selection examination;

(e) whether they are temporary or permanent;

(f) whether it is a fact that the Telugu Academy gave a loan of Rs. 10 lakhs to the Government of Andhra Pradesh, for the purpose of purchasing a Lino Machine; and

(g) if so, whether the machine has been purchased and cut to use?

The Chief Minister deputed the Minister for Education and answered the question (Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao):

(a) Number of Research Officers. .. 6
   Number of Research Assistants. .. 15

(b) Research Officers. .. 1
   Research Assistant. .. 1

(c) Research Officers. (Direct) .. 1
   Research Officers. (Other Department) .. 2
   Research Assistants (Direct) .. 9
   Research Assistants. (Other Department) 5

(d) Direct. .. 4
   Other Departments. .. 4

(e) All the Language Assistants are purely temporary.

(f) It is not a fact.

(g) Does not arise in view of reply to (f) above.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi :—What is the speciality in taking these people back again and reappointed? are not fresh qualified people available?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :—They are very competent people who have got varied and long experience in the field of translation and writing of books. That is why we have taken them.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi :—Is there any procedure that is actually adopted in appointing people?
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—There is a selection committee. As per the bye-laws of the Academy direct recruitment is made by the Selection Committee to permanent posts only by oral interview and there is no examination in this regard.

For filling up temporary posts, the Standing Committee on academic matters recommends a panel of names to the Chairman of the Academy for appointment either on deputation basis from other departments or institutions or on purely temporary basis. The question of making certain posts permanent is being reviewed and action will be taken accordingly.

The Selection Committee for the posts of Research Officers and Assistants are the following:

- Chairman of the Board
- Chairman of the Standing Committee for administrative matters
- Chairman of the Standing Committee for academic matters
- Director of Public Instruction
- Outside Expert in the subject concerned
- Director of the Academy

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—As the Government going to hold another examination for those people and will not invite applications from others also to appear before this examination at the time when the Government makes those jobs permanent?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—The work of the Academy itself cannot be called permanent. It is a work which will continue for some time. We are not very sure whether we can make it permanent or it will become permanent. Work is being carried on with the one crore of rupees for modernisation of languages granted by the Central Government. So we are very careful in making any posts permanent at the moment. This will have to be reviewed after some time and the matter has not been finalised yet.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—One of the questions is whether it is a fact that the Telugu Academy gave Rs. 10 lakhs to the Government of Andhra Pradesh for the purpose of purchasing a Lino Machine. Does it mean that the Academy has not drawn it from the Government of India.
Privilege Motion:

3. 3' July, 1972

re: Alleged incorrect answer given by the Ministers of Power and Industries.

Mr. Speaker: - I have received a notice of breach of Privilege under Rule 194 given by Sri Vanka Satyanarayana and Sri M. Nagi Reddy against the hon. Ministers for Power and Industries alleging that they have given false and misleading answers while answering Short Notice Question No. 1515-Y on 10th July 1972. The members in support of their contention have also mentioned the judgement of City Civil Court and the High Court of Andhra Pradesh which I feel should be verified and examined in detail. It also becomes necessary to hear the hon. Minister for Power and the hon. Minister for Industries on the points raised by the members in the privilege motion. Therefore, I shall first read out the gist of the privilege motion.

Mr. Speaker: - As requested by the hon. Minister, I shall read out the question and the answer also. The question was:

"a) Whether it is a fact that Ferro Alloys Co. of Garividi in Srikakulam District owes Rs. 40 lakhs to the Andhra Pradesh Electricity Board towards electricity charges"

For that the answer was:

"a) According to the terms of agreement entered into with Messrs. Ferro Alloys Corporation Ltd. on the 6th March 1969, the arrears of current consumption charges come to about Rs. lakhs.

Then question (b) was:

"b) Whether it is a fact that the Board has disconnected power supply to this plant; and"

The answer to this was:

"b) Yes, Sir."

Question (c) was:

"c) Whether it is also a fact that without realising the above said amount the Board has ordered reconnection in June 1972."
Privilege Motion:

re: Alleged incorrect answer given by the Ministers of Power and Industries

The answer was:

"c) Yes."

Of course there were further supplementaries. That apart, I will read out to the House the points now raised by the hon. members in the privilege motion. It is quite a long one but I will give the main contents of it.

The members gave a brief history of the case starting with an agreement entered by Ferro Alloys Corporation with the then Electricity Board on 21-10-1956 to supply electricity to the Corporation on certain stated terms and then terminating the agreement by the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board to be effective from 3rd week of December, 1969. Meanwhile the Corporation appointed an Arbitrator involving the Arbitration clause to which the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board filed O. P. No. 482/69 on the file of City Civil Court, Hyderabad under Arbitration Act, 1940. Even before it was numbered, the Corporation filed another O. P. 416/69 to obtain orders of Ex parte an interim injunction restraining the Board from disconnecting the supply of electricity. On 3rd July, 1970 the City Civil Court passed a detailed judgement making interim injunction absolute. The Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board filed only on 30th November, 1970 an appeal against the interim injunction or orders and as per the affidavit filed in the Court Rs. 57,00,842-64 were still due by the Corporation by October 1970. The matter was finally disposed of by the High Court of Andhra Pradesh on 10-9-1971 on the following conditions:

(a) the arrears of electricity consumptions charges as admitted by the Corporation as due under the original agreement amounting to Rs. 9,26,000 odd shall be paid by the Corporation by 30-9-1971;

(b) that for the claim of Rs. 1.08 crores found to be due by then as per the calculation memo given by the Chief Accountant of the A. P. S. E. Board, the Corporation shall give a bank guarantee to the satisfaction shall give a bank guarantee to the satisfaction of the Superintending Engineer of A. P. S. E. Board at Visakhapatnam to the tune of Rs. 30.00 lakhs.

(c) that the Corporation should pay sum of Rs. 2.00 lakhs per month in addition to the consumption charges due on and after 1-9-1971 under the agreement; and

(d) that in default of any of the conditions prescribed above, the A. P. S. E. Board shall be at liberty to disconnect the electric supply to the Corporation.

The Corporation obviously committed default which enabled the Board to cut off the electric connection to the Corporation. The facts narrated clearly indicated that first there was no agreement with Messrs. Ferro Alloys Corporation Ltd., on 6th March, 1969 which fact was mentioned by the Minister for Power while answering the Short Notice Question on 10th July, 1972.
Privilege Motion:

re: Alleged incorrect answer given by the Ministers of Power and Industries.


That is the main point they contend that there was no such agreement.

Secondly, the arrears of current consumption charges come to about Rs. 1.68 crores as alleged by the member, and not to the figure of Rs. 21 lakh given by the hon. Ministers for Power and Industries in the House while answering the Short Notice Question. Thirdly, it was alleged that the statement made by the Minister for Power that the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board did not suffer any loss in the transactions and only Corporation was accommodated to pay instalments was also not true.

These are the main contents of the Privilege Motion.

I have not come to any decision as to whether I will have to apply Rule 197 or 199. Before coming to a decision either to take up this under Rule 197 or 199, I would like to know more details about these things from the hon members who have given notice as well as the hon. Ministers concerned.

Mr. Speaker:—Before that I will hear the hon. member. I am permitting him under Rule 194.

Sri M. Narayan Reddy:—On a point of order, Sir. I would like to know whether you were pleased to permit him to raise the matter in the first instance before asking leave or for granting permission you want to hear from him some more facts.

Mr. Speaker:—I have permitted him to speak to enable me to come to a conclusion to allow this under Rule 197 or 199.

Sri M. Narayan Reddy:—With reference to these Rules, there are three stages, Sir. One is to permit him to raise the matter. After permission is granted and after some elaboration on the complaint of breach of privilege, asking for leave. That is the second. I would like to draw your kind attention to the distinction which exists there. Here, it is a complaint of breach of privilege against a member of the House; who is also a Minister. Normally, when it is against a stranger we follow a different procedure. But the difference or distinction with regard to complaint of breach of privilege against a member of the House, one additional safeguard that is to be taken by the Chair is, Sir, that you have read out the main complaint or after hearing the hon. member who give notice of this motion, you may also kindly hear the affected member. That is the convention. Then only granting permission, apart from leave, will arise. The affected member should be heard and then you may kindly see whether permission is to be granted.
I shall take it that permission has not yet been given. We want to be satisfied on that fact before granting the permission.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—In the past we had built up some conventions regarding the Privilege Motions. It is not necessary that the Speaker should hear both the parties before he takes the decision on that. If the Speaker is satisfied that there is a prima facie case of a breach of privilege in the motion given, the Speaker has always the power to refer it to the Privileges Committee and when it comes back from the Privileges Committee, take such action as is found to be necessary. Therefore, that is the convention we have been following over the past five years. If the motion given notice of is such that there is a prima facie case, there is no necessity for the Speaker to refer it to both the parties, hear them and then take a decision. The decision can be taken on the basis whether there is a prima facie case or not.

Mr. Speaker:—I shall clarify my position on the point of order raised by Mr. Narayana Reddy. Now I am going to clarify that.

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—This is a complaint against a Member of the House. Therefore, it is a different position. You may kindly refer to Rule 195. We want to know whether under Rule 195 any documents were given to you along with the motion to satisfy that the statement made on the Floor of the House is not correct and what is mentioned in the document is correct. Whether any document has been submitted to you along with the motion, we want to satisfy on that.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I want to clarify...

Mr. Speaker:—What is the point you want to clarify? I have no doubt about the points raised.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The procedure adopted is not in order. You have got to follow Rule 197 mode of raising question of privilege. Under Rule 197 the Speaker, if he gives consent...

Mr. Speaker:—I have not given my consent. Therefore, Rule 197 does not apply.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—If you do not give consent, then there is no question of asking the explanation.

Mr. Speaker:—Why do you go to Rule 197? when there is Rule 194?

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—A member may, with the consent of the Speaker, raise a question involving a breach of privilege either of a member or of the House or of a Committee thereof. The member did that job. The Member has already raised.

Mr. Speaker:—He has not raised Mr. C. V. K. Rao. You please resume your seat.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Why don't you hear me?

Mr. Speaker:—You first hear me.

re: Alleged incorrect answer given by the Ministers of Power and Industries.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—We are not new-comers. What is to be lost, if I explain the position?

Mr. Speaker:—What is it that you want to explain?

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The question of privilege is there. There is the mode of raising the question of privilege. On that the rule is not properly applied. The Speaker like a Judge must be able to listen and then he can give a ruling. If you are not prepared to listen, I am prepared to sit. There is nothing compelling on my part.

Mr. Speaker:—Please be prepared to sit when I ask you to sit. As I said the Members have given the notice of privilege in which they have stated many things, getting certain documents like the judgments of the Court and also the High Court. Therefore, even before giving permission to raise the question under Rule 194, I wanted to hear the Member as well as the Minister about the authenticity of these judgments and other details. Then the question of giving my permission to Rule 194 comes when this document will become the property of the House. I have not got that stage. When I ask the Member, I can briefly hear him and then ask him to place before me the documents which he has mentioned in his privilege motion. Similarly, the Ministers are there and I can also hear them or know what they want to say about this matter. Then, I shall take it under Rule 104 or if I feel that there is prima facie case, it can be straightaway brought under Rule 197. Otherwise the Speaker has got full authority to do so but to arrive at a decision under 194, 197 or 199. I must hear the Member. This is at this stage.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I raise a point of order. The point of order is this. 1. Rule 194 reads like this: “A member may, with the consent of the Speaker, raise a question involving a breach of privilege either of a member or of the House or of a Committee thereof.” It is only the consent of the Speaker he can raise. I wish you give the consent. Are you giving the consent?

Mr. Speaker:—No. No.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—If you have not given the consent, it does not arise at all.

Mr. Speaker:—I am going first about the contents of the privilege, how far they are correct. Please resume your seat. There is no point of order Mr. C. V. K. Rao.
Privilege: Motion:

Mr. Vanka Satyanarayana. I want you particularly to tell me about these Judgments, whether you can get copies of them, where you have got information and how they are correct. You can be very brief.

re: Alleged incorrect answer given by the Ministers of Power and Industries.

The matter was finally disposed off by the High Court of Andhra Pradesh on 10-9-1971 on the following conditions:

(a) The arrears of electricity consumption charges as admitted by the Corporation as due under the original agreement amounting to Rs. 9,21,000 and odd shall be paid by the Corporation by 30-9-1971.

(b) that for the claim of Rs. 1.08 crores found to be due as per the calculation memo given by the Chief Accountant of the A.P.S.E. Board, the Corporation shall give a bank guarantee to the satisfaction of Superintending Engineer of the A.P.S.E. Board at Visakhapatnam to the tune of Rs. 30.00 lakhs;

(c) That the Corporation should pay a sum of Rs. 2.00 lakhs per month in addition to the consumption charges due on and after 1-9-1971 under the agreement; and

(d) that in default of any of the conditions prescribed above, the A.P.S.E. Board shall be at liberty to disconnect the electricity supply to the corporation.
Privilege Motion:
re: Alleged incorrect answer given by the Ministers of Power and Industries.


...
Privilege Motion:
re: Alleged incorrect answer given by the Ministers of Power and Industries.


I will verify the facts. I will see the proceedings—the answers given previously and the statement made by the Minister now and then I will come to a conclusion.
Privilege Motion:

re: Alleged incorrect answer given by the Ministers of Power and Industries.

Mr. Speaker:—Let us hear the Minister for Power.

The answer is—According to the terms of agreement entered into with M/s. Ferro Alloys Corporation Ltd. on the 6th March, 1969, the arrears of current consumption charges come to about Rs. 24 lakhs.

Mr. Speaker:—Let us hear the Minister for Power.
Privilege Motion: 31st July, 1972

re: Alleged incorrect answers given by the Ministers of Power and Industries.

Mr. Speaker:—Let us hear the Power Minister.

Smt. B. Jayaprada:—My answer to Question (a), (b), (c) should be read together and then it will mean. Ferro-Chrome was disconnected. So far as Ferro Manganese is concerned, it was never disconnected and reconnected. So my answer relates to Ferro-Chrome only. It is only the Ferro-Chrome that was disconnected and re-connected.

Ferro-Alloys, as head of two Units entered into an agreement.

Mr. Speaker:—It is said in the answer—“According to the terms of agreement entered into with M/s. Ferro Alloys Corporation Ltd. on the 6th March 1969, the arrears of current consumption charges come to about Rs. 24 lakhs.”

Sri V. Srikrishna.—The question is about dues due to the Board...

We wanted to seek information about the dues, due to the Board.
Privilege Motion:
re: Alleged incorrect answer given by the Ministers of Power and Industries.


Mr. Speaker:— I let there be no discussion now.

Mr. Speaker:— I will come to a right conclusion after going through the proceedings.

Mr. Speaker:— I let there be no discussion now.

Mr. Speaker:— I let there be no discussion now.
"(a) ACCORDING to the terms of agreement entered into with M/s. Ferro Alloys Corporation Ltd. on the 6th March, 1969, the arrears of current consumption charges come to about Rs. 24 lakhs."

I am not going to decide.

We are hearing but we are to follow.

I will go into the facts of the case and then I shall come to a conclusion. When once it is raised, you will have also the opportunity.

The records may be supplied. We shall not be left ignorant of it.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri C. V. K. Rao: —I have given an adjournment motion.
concerned before refusing his consent under Rule 62 or holding the motion as not being in order.'

Mr. Speaker: Any way we are going to get the facts. I will also give you ample opportunity to tell the House.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Let me explain the position. Nothing is list if I explain the position. I take only two minutes. It is really unfortunate that number of people have lost their lives. In view of the importance of the matter in which every Andhra is interested, I am admitting this motion.
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—A boat accident occurred on 27-7-1972 between 7-50 and 8 p.m. in Bandar Canal near Tadepalle Village of Vijayawada Taluk and District. The “Ballakattu” belonged to the P. W. D. and is normally plied by the Sarpanch, Gram Panchayat of the Village. The capacity of the ballakattu is 20 persons. On the fateful day it appears nearly 30 to 83 persons and about 20
bags of maize were on it. The steel wire tied to the ballakattu for controlling it snapped due to overloading. The passengers became panicky and moved to one side tilting the ballakattu. About 15 persons appear to have swum ashore while 5 were rescued by the villagers. All the 13 bodies have been recovered.

Immediately after the incident, the level of the canal water was brought down. House to house enumeration for the missing persons was arranged. The District Revenue Officer and the Superintendent of Police, Krishna visited the scene of accident immediately, on 27-7-1972. First aid and rescue operations were arranged with the help of the fire service and the local people. At the regulator points, intensive vigil has been arranged to locate the dead bodies. The Collect and Minister (S. W) visited the place the next day.

Ex-gratia relief to the families of the victims at the rate of Rs. 1000/- in the case of death of adult and Rs. 500/- in the case of death of child has been sanctioned. Magisterial enquiry into the accident has been ordered by the Collector.

A case in Cr. No. 74/72/ u/s 304 I. P. C has been registered in Vijayawada tq. Police Station against Arepalle Venkateswarlu, the boatman for overloading. The accused is absconding and efforts are continuing to apprehend him.

A proposal to construct a bridge across the Bandar Canal 50 yards down stream near Tadigadapa estimated at Rs. 2 lakhs has been sanctioned by P. R. Department in 1971. Work to the extent of Rs. 1,15,000/- has been completed so far and the balance of work is expected to be completed by September, 1972.

The result of the Police investigation and the findings of the magisterial enquiry are awaited. Work to the extent of Rs. 15,000 has been completed so far and the balance of work is expected to be completed by September, 1972. The result of the Police investigation and the findings of the Magisterial enquiry are awaited.

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**re: Beating of Harijans in Pirijadaguda**

100 Harijans were attacked and abused by 100 others in the same street. The mains of water were broken, Instead of...

re: Beating of Harijans in Pirjadaguda.
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: -I am grateful to the lady Member. She has given almost all the facts that are to be given. There is a Government 'kancha' and it was allotted to Harijans of Medpally. In the same 'kancha', Harijans of Phirzadiguda obtained orders from the Government in auction to cut firewood. On 20th July, 1972 at about 3 P.M. a clash ensued between the Harijans of Phirzadiguda and those of Medpally and 12 harijans of Medpally sustained injuries. In this connection a case in crime No. 54/72 under section 321 I. P. C. registered and 10 out of the 12 accused were arrested. On the same day at Medpally village one Harijan by name Venguri Buchaiah, resident of Pitradiguda was beaten by the Harijans of Medpally and this incident of Phirzadiguda was beaten by the Harijans of Medpally and this incident was registered as crime No. 55/72 under section 147 and 324 I.P.C. and the accused were arrested. On the 21st of July '72 at about 3 A.M. Venguri Gandaiah, Katturi Pochaiah and Bakaram Ramaiah, Harijans of Phirzadiguda village presented a complaint at Police Station, Ghatkesar stating that on 20th July, '72 at about 11 P.M. Brigubhan Singh, Rana Pratapsingh and his five cousins went to Phirzadiguda armed with guns and lathies and trespassed into their houses and beat them. This was registered as crime No 656/72 under section 147, 324, 448, 379 and 376 I.P.C. and investigated. The injured persons were sent to hospital for treatment. It is reported that the Sub Inspector of Police, Ghatkesar camped in the village Phirzadiguda with sufficient force. The situation in the villages of Phirzadiguda and Medpally is said to be under control and police patrolling has been arranged in the villages to maintain Law and Order.

In addition to this, I would like to submit that about 13 days ago when this matter was reported to me by one section of the villages, I sent the S.P. himself. I instructed him, and I got a full report from the S.P. stating all these facts as has been pointed out. It is a matter between two sections of Harijans who unfortunately are being exploited by the upper class sections of the villages; apart from that there is nothing which can be taken as a particular harm being done to Harijans alone as such.
Matters under Rule 31:

re: Inter-caste marriages.

31st July, 1970

re: Inter-caste marriages.

Smt. Ishwari Bai: Forgive me, Sir. We are in a very difficult situation and we want to resolve it. If you're not satisfied with how we handled it, could you please tell us?

Sir: Perhaps, Sir. What are the problems you face in dealing with inter-caste marriages?

Smt. Ishwari Bai: I'm afraid there are no simple solutions. The issue is complex and requires careful attention.

Sir: I understand. Could you suggest a solution?

Smt. Ishwari Bai: Some time limit should be there.

(Pause)

Sir: (No Answer)

re: Delay in issuing Electricity Bills.

Smt. Ishwari Bai: Some time limit should be there.

(Pause)

Sir: I'm afraid there is no simple solution. The issue requires careful attention.

Smt. Ishwari Bai: Some time limit should be there.

Sir: (No Answer)

re: Inter-caste marriages.

Smt. Ishwari Bai: Some time limit should be there.

Sir: I will get it examined and I will ask them to attend to it.

Matters under Rule 341:
re: Inter-caste marriages.

58

Surely the matter should be decided in the following manner: 

15. 10. 3. *Subjunctive* : — నాకు, మనం జ్ఞానం కలిగినది వాడటం ఉదించినది. అందుకే అన్నిరుచికి సమాధానం పొందాలను. అడుగు కార్యం పొందాలను. 

Surely the matter should be decided in the following manner: 

15. 10. 3. *Subjunctive* : — నాకు, మనం జ్ఞానం కలిగినది వాడటం ఉదించినది. అందుకే అన్నిరుచికి సమాధానం పొందాలను. అడుగు కార్యం పొందాలను. 

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Surely the matter should be decided in the following manner: 

15. 10. 3. *Subjunctive* : — నాకు, మనం జ్ఞానం కలిగినది వాడటం ఉదించినది.
CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: DEMANDS OF N. G. G. O. S FOR SANCTION OF H. R. A. AND CITY ALLOWANCE ON PAR WITH CENTRAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.

1st July, 1972. Calling attention to matters of public importance:
re Fire accident in Panditapuram.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Government have received a joint representation dated 24th June 1972 from 3 Service Associations containing demands relating to House Rent Allowance and City Allowance. This representation is under consideration and it will take some time to arrive at a decision on the request of the Associations.

Government have not accepted in principle to sanction House Rent Allowance and City Allowance at the Central Government rates but are extending allowance to State Government employees consistent with the financial resources available. That is the present position.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I have to speak out, Sir. Government will have to be held solely responsible for the struggle which may crop up.

re: Fire accident in Panditapuram.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Due to fire accidents at Panditapuram, Yellandu Taluk, Khammam District of 17th July, 1972, 168 houses belonging to 119 persons were gutted. There is no loss of human lives. Two cattle died. The estimated loss of property involved in the fire accident is about Rs. 70,400 The Collector of Khammam has reported that 4 quintals of rice have been distributed to the fire victims, that Rs. 11,900 in cash, timber worth Rs. 2,570 and Rs. 600 for immediate relief have been sanctioned to the victims and distributed.

The latest position is, we have received a telegram from the Collector, Khammam: “Monetary relief disbursed to 117 victims; 2 Victims out of station; amount will be disbursed to the two victims on return to the station.”
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Need for provision of the benefits of increase in D. A, H.R.A. and C.A. to the aided college teaching staff.


re: Need for provision of benefits of increase in D. A, H.R.A. and C.A. to the aided College teaching staff.

I am reading an extract from the letter written to Chief Minister: "College teachers of A.P. have welcomed your stewardship of the State as the starting point of a new era which will aim at the ending of all kinds of discrimination in the society."
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

**re:** Need for provision of the benefits of increase in D. A. H. R. A. and C.A. to the aided college teaching staff.

Sri P. V. Narsimha Rao:—The following demands of the teachers of affiliated colleges (Telangana) are under consideration of the Government:

1. Extension of Provident Fund Scheme;
2. Extension of enhanced D. A. which was given to Government college teachers.

**re:**—Non-installation of New Surgical unit in the Osmania General Hospital

Sri Syed Hasan:—An important surgical instrument on machine which is used for neuro-surgical purpose and in the treatment of neuro-surgery has been imported at a cost of Rs. 10 lakhs and it is lying at some place in Osmania Hospital without being installed for over a year. I think this is the machine for which as eminent surgeon Dr. Pai has met his Waterloo. Many people are suffering due to lack of this neuro-surgical treatment. All the time we have said-paucity of funds, lack of funds and no funds and all that. Due to this we are not able to do anything for the people. But having invested Rs. 10 lakhs on this machine - Rs. 10 lakhs worth of foreign exchange-why this has not been installed and what are the reasons and who are the persons who have ordered for this machine when arrangements for its installation were not made. What action do the Government contemplate taking against such persons for not having installed the machine so far.

The Minister for Medicine (Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari):—The imported machinery to be used by the Neurological Unit is called Subtraction Unit. This was handed over to the Department of Neurology a month back in working condition and is being put to use. There is no machine which is lying idle in the Neurological Department.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

31st July, 1972

re: Non-installation of Neuro-Surgical Unit in the Osmania General Hospital.

2. Regarding the Trans-Urethroscope, there are 2 Ure-throscopes, one is called Brown Berger’s Cystoscope and the other is called Swift Jolley’s Cystoscope.

3. The instruments could not be repaired in India and require to be sent abroad for repairs and have to be re-imported after repairs. For this the Chief Controller, Government of India, Directorate General of Technical Development has been addressed requesting to indicate the items of machinery and components that have to be replaced to set the machine in order. So far as the Brown Berger’s Cystoscope is concerned, he has indicated the items to be replaced and has permitted exportation and importation of this machinery after repairs. Regarding the Swift Jolley’s Cystoscope the permission sought for is still awaited. After the permission is received, both these machineries will be exported and got repaired.

Sri Syed Hasan:— I want a clarification. I could not understand whether this Neuro Surgical machine which has been imported for which as I told, Dr. Pai had met his Waterloo, has been installed so far.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— I have mentioned that it has been installed a month back and it is in working condition at present.

re: Refusal of permission by the Police for the use of Loud Speakers for ‘Azaan’

...
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Refusal of permission by the police for the use of loudspeakers daily for 'Azan'

The Minister of Home (Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu):—The issue of licences for the use of Loudspeaker is governed by the Hyderabad City Loudspeakers (Regulation of Use and Licensing) Rules, 1963. The various mosques and temples in the twin cities have been applying for licences for 'Azan' and 'Suprabhatam' respectively. The licences were granted to them from time to time. It has been brought to the notice of the Police that the use of loudspeakers kept at a high pitch was causing a great deal of annoyance and inconvenience to the people of the localities. Several complaints were received by Government about the annoyance caused by indiscriminate use of loudspeakers not only in mosques and temples but also elsewhere. It was reported that the conditions of licences were very often contravened and it was found that such contraventions were on the increase. While the Police were able to enforce conditions to the best of their ability it was difficult for them to do so in respect of temples and mosques. The Police had to exercise restraint in respect of religious institutions as enforcement of rules would include seizure of the Loudspeaker unit from mosques and temples which would hurt the feelings of the people more. Hence, with a view to removing annoyance to the public, licences for mosques and temples for 'Azan' and 'Suprabhatam' are being refused in public interest only. However the mosques and the temples are being granted licences for any specific function or festival or for any special occasion. It is not correct to say that refusal of loudspeaker licencees hurts feelings of any religious community for the reason that no such loudspeakers were installed either in mosques or in temples till very recently except for festivals and functions. The Police are only trying to enforce rigidly the loudspeaker Rules and this does not constitute an interference in the religious rights of any of the communities.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I will call the Commissioner and ask why this has been done. We have no intention of creating a problem where there is none; but if it is going to that important, I will see what can be done.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Retrenchment of L D Cs, Typists, etc in Electricity Board.

re: Need to abolish departmental examination for regularise services of temporary L D Cs, Typists and Silno-Typists in the Anima Pral vi slait Electricity Board.

The Minister for Power (Smt. B. Jaya Prada):—ever since the formation of the Board from 1-4-1953, the personnel to man the several categories of posts under the Board were being recruited through the same Agency which used to recruit candidates to the corresponding categories in the Electricity Department of Government. The Board in its Proceedings (Ms) No. 234 dated 28-5 1968 decided that it should make its own recruitment to the posts under the Board. After the issue of these orders, the posts of Lower Division Clerks and Typists in the offices of Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers and other subordinate offices were being filled up by recruitment of candidates on emergency basis without approaching the A. P. public Service Commission for allotment of candidates. Subsequently the question of regularising
the service of the Lower Division Clerks and Typists appointed by various officers in the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board was considered by the Board at its meeting held on 18-2-67 and it was decided to defer the question and to examine whether the selection of candidates to various cadres in A.P. State Electricity Board service may be entrusted to A.P. Public Service Commission. At the Board's meeting held on 27-1-67 it was decided to entrust the A.P. Public Service Commission with the functions of the recruitment promotion and punishment etc., of the personnel in all categories of services of the Board to the same extent as the A.P. public services Commission was associated or consulted by the Government in those matters and to request the Government to take suitable action. The Government have also been requested in Board's letter No. 8318 1/67 1, dated 19-6-67 to move the A.P. Public Service Commission to conduct a special qualifying test for the emergence Lower Division Clerks and Typists. The matter is still under the consideration of the Government and it is not likely that it would be decided soon, as it is necessary to bring in Special Legislation empowering the Andhra Pradesh Service Commission to select candidates required by the Board. The question of bringing Special legislation was deferred till the final transfer of services of Government servants working under the Electricity Board to the Electricity Board. As there were a number of Lower Division Clerks and Typists to be regularised and there were no qualifying tests yet prescribed for regularisation of services and these incumbents were also thus being deprived of the benefits that accrue from the regularisation of services, it was decided then to regularise the services of these who have put in 2 years of service as on 1-1-1969 subject to the conditions mentioned in para 3 of B.P. Ms. No. 241, dated 28-8-1969. As all employees have been appointed by different appointing authorities without any particular uniform procedure for selection, it was considered necessary to conduct qualifying tests for Emergency Lower Division Clerks, Typists and Stenotypists in the service of the Board as is the practice in Government Department too. In Government also temporary candidates are regularised only after they pass the qualifying examination conducted by the Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission, and if they don't pass they are liable for termination of their services. In the interest of maintaining standards in the Board Service, it is considered necessary to hold these qualifying tests. Accordingly the Board has issued orders in B. P. M.,
No. 287, dated 1-5-72, framing special regulations and prescribing tests for Emergency Lower Division Clocks, Typists and Steno-typists for regularisation of service. The test prescribed in this B.P. is applied to those who have not put in 2 years of service as on 1-1-1969 and not eligible for regularisation under B.P. 241 dated 23-3-1969. These orders were questioned in writ Petition No. 372/72 on the file of High Court. The High Court has also granted interim suspension of B.P. Ms. No. 287 dated 1-5-72. Subsequently on prayer from the Electricity Board to vacate the stay order, the Court passed orders as follows:

"The examination proposed to be conducted by the Board will be held and the petitioners may also appear if they so desire. But the services of the petitioners will not be terminated pending disposal of the writ petition. Petitions are ordered accordingly.". The main writ Petition is still pending.

Smt. B. Jayaprada: — Yes, Sir. It is in the Court.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu: — I shall get it examined and give a statement tomorrow.
Amendment to the A. P. Public Service Commission Regulation 1963


I also beg to relay on the Table in compliance with requirements of clause (5) of Article 320 of the Constitution of India, the amendment made to the Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission Regulations, 1963 under the proviso to clause (3) of that Article and published in the Notification issued in G. O. Ms. No. 469, G. A. (Serv.-A) Dept., dated 2-6-1970.

Ad-hoc Regulation made under proviso to Clause (3) Art 320 of the Constitutions of India

I also beg to relay on the Table in compliance with requirement of clause (5) of Article 320 of the Constitution of India, the ad-hoc Regulation made under the proviso to clause (3) of that Article and published in the Notification issued in G. O. Ms. No. 79, G. A. (Ser. A Dept., dt. 10-9-1970.

Amendments to the A. P. Sugar cane (Regulation of Supply and purchase) Rules, 1961.

Sri V. Venkatarao, Minister for Industries, (on behalf of Sri Kakani Venkaratnam, Minister for Agriculture): Sir I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the amendments to the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Rules, 1961 made in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2) of the section 28 of the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Act, 1961 and published in Rules Supplement to part - I of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette No. 29, dt. 28-10-1971.

GOVERNMENT BILL

THE ANDHRA PRADESH LAND REFORMS (CEILING ON AGRICULTURAL HOLDINGS) BILL 1972.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao : -Sir, I beg to move:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Land Reforms (Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings) Bill, 1972".

Mr. Speaker:— Motion moved.
Mr. Speaker: - If you want a ruling, I think, there is no point of order, because the question of legislative competency should be decided by the House itself. You throw out the Bill later on when it comes for consideration and passing. Now we are only in the initial stage. I will put it to the House and if the House refuses I do not come into the picture at all.

The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Land Reforms (Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings) Bill, 1972".

The Motion was adopted.

The Visakhapatnam Steel Project (Acquisition of Lands) Bill, 1972.

Sri J. Vengal Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Visakhapatnam Steel Project (Acquisition of Lands) Bill, 1972.

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Visakhapatnam Steel Project (Acquisition Lands) Bill, 1972."

The motion was adopted.


Sri P. Basa Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Civil Courts, Bill, 1972."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

(Pause)
Mr Speaker:—The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Civil Courts Bill, 1972."

The motion was adopted.

THE JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BILL, 1972.

The Minister for Technical Education (Sri A. Madanmohan):—

Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Bill, 1972 be referred to the Regional Committee for consideration and report to the Assembly."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—Sir, In fact when I was moving the Bill for leave to introduce I wanted to spell out some salient features of this University. But when leave was granted I was asked to take it up when it comes for full discussion before this House. The salient features of this new University are that this is the first University of its kind in the country which our State would be having. In fact, there is a departure from the conventional degree courses that are taught in general Universities and all the five Constituent Colleges which are not affiliated or which are not under the general Universities are being taken over under one umbrella, i.e., the Technological University. Now, the courses that are taught in this University, as far as our experience has been that the Technical Education imparted to our young students in the general Universities, the real type of knowledge that is to be imparted because of the general character of the general University whether it has to concentrate on too many faculties, this education has not been getting the attention that is required.

Under the General Universities, the conventional degrees, viz., Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering and Electrical Engineering if the boys come out with the degrees our experience has been that even if we offer them Rs. 3 lakhs to Rs. 4 lakhs to start an industry by themselves, they feel shaky, they do not have the self-confidence. The boys cannot be blamed for this. There should be a radical approach to the entire Technical Education. Therefore, serious thinking is going on. Also there has been resistance on the part of the traditionally-bound Universities and there is the conventional approach to this problem. We have also, in our State, faced this problem. That is the reason, so as to avoid the friction and also to integrate both technical education in the general Universities and also technical education under this Technological University,—to integrate both these systems so that ultimately our experiment should be able to say which type of education that is going to be successful in this country.

Now as I said, Sir, the experience has been the boys feel shaky because all that he has learnt during his college days in the existing
system of Technical Education is only learning of knowledge rather than acquisition of knowledge but there is no application of knowledge. So, unless we train them, we give them practical training and adopt them to the scientific mode of education and put the boys both on the side of industrial practical training and also on the academic side, we be would not be able to make them fit graduates. Another thing is, too much of job psychosis has to curtailed. I do understand there is an obligation on the part of the Government to provide employment. But, once we make a graduate a man with self-confidence, I am sure he will be able to get over this complex and psychosis and he will be able to play greater role in the country and greater role for the national development as such. And that he will be able to get only when he is fully trained for the job. You know, Sir, the Technical Education and the Technology as such not only in this country but everywhere has been fast changing and unless we keep pace with the rest of the world, we will not be able to cope up with the situation.

Now, I may also cite certain instances. In West Germany this was thought over and now they have shifted from the general University system to Technical Universities and it was proved successful. Not only this, even U. K. which is considered to be conservative in its approach to life as such not to change the course of their thinking, even they have about nine Government colleges which are outside the purview of the General Universities out of which eight colleges have been converted into Technological Universities. And I go to the United States where California Institute of Technology and few other Technological Institutes are now outside the general purview of the General Universities and this experiment has been gaining momentum throughout the world. Now, not only this, even in U.S.S.R., Sir, all Educational and other Applied Sciences are outside the purview of the General University. That is the reason why they could make an advancement. There is no point in our sleeping for over fifty years when compared to the rest of the world and suddenly trying to wake from the slumbers and be able to catch up with them. It is not just possible. We are in the days of competition and we will have to catch up and keep pace with the rest of the world. When we think of it, we also should be able to keep pace in the technological advancement, which means the development of the country. Now, coming to the salient features of the Technological University, we have all these five government colleges as constituent colleges. They will have full autonomy. That means they will have financial autonomy, educational autonomy, academic autonomy and administrative autonomy. They will be allowed to have their own examinations. In the general University we see that it holds the examinations and takes up lot of botheration of the administrative and financial control and even academic control. This means again that they will not be able to function in a way that is required of them. Now, the main function of this University or the Headquarters of the University would be, we will have an Academic Council Board and under that we will have about four more Councils. Under the Academic Development Board, we have industrial liaison and policy unit. Then we have Evaluation Committee and we have Curricular...

Development Board and then Faculty Development Board. We will be putting both from industry and another feature of this University is that we will also co-opt industrialists and employment agencies. That is very necessary so as to understand the problem of industry as such. The difficulty is now we have not so many graduates and they feel frustrated because they do not get employment and the problem of the industrialist is that he has not got the right type of graduate that he requires. Unless we bring a liaison between the industry, Research Unit and the Academic Unit, we will not be able to make it successful. With this view, it is being located.

Another happy coincidence that I might light the House to share is, this is being name after Sri Jawaharlalji, because we all know, Sir, and the entire House knows his deep attachment for the technological education and technical advancement of this country and incidentally the foundation stone of the Regional Engineering College was also laid by him. And this is being named after him and there cannot be a better and fitting tribute to our great beloved leader and the departed soul. Thank you.

Mr. Speaker: —There is no discussion on this.

(Sri C. V. K. Rao rose to speak)

Mr. Speaker: —There are only five minutes and if you want you may speak within that time. This is coming back from the Regional Committee and so, let there be no discussion.

Sri V. Sri Krishna (Mangalagiri) —We will close the discussion. It will come back from the Regional Committee.

Mr. Speaker: —Let us close the discussion.

Sri Ko a Prabhakara Rao: —Hitherto the convention being that we are referring it to the Regional Committee, this can be referred to the Regional Committee.

(1858-1972)

Mr. Speaker:—Let us not depart from the usual procedure, Mr. Rao. You know the practice very well.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I can even suggest that instead of asking the Member who has moved this, refer it to the public opinion and then it can go to the Regional Committee. Now, this also will be helpful in the nature of things. It is a very important departure, Sir, in the Educational system.

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Rao, if you want to speak, of course everyone will...

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Only two minuts. Give me two minutes.

Mr. Speaker:—At that rate, it will take the whole of to-day.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Two minutes is not whole day. Give me two minutes.

Sri V. Srikrishna:—If you just permit the leaders to speak for two or three minutus, there are Independents. I do not think we will have enough time.

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Rao, I request you to follow the usual procedure.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—What is the usual procedure. Is it shutting out the Member to speak. I cannot understand. Here, the motion of introduction of Bills, there will be little observation by Members and then it may be referred to the Regional Committee.

Mr. Speaker:—What is the rule? Please read it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Sir, I will read out the relevant portion from the Rules:

"99. Motions after introduction of Bills—When a Bill is introduced, or on some subsequent occasion, the Member in charge may make one of the following motions in regard to his Bill, namely:

(i) that it be taken into consideration; or
(ii) that it be referred to a Select Committee of the House; or
(iii) that it be referred to a Joint Select Committee of the House with the concurrence of the Council; or
(iv) that it be circulated for the purpose of eliciting opinion thereon;"...

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—Under Rule 103 on a principle, there can be a little discussion. There is nothing wrong. Before it is sent to Regional Committee, there can be a little amount of discussion on the principle of the Bill, without going into the details of it.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is alright. Now, Sri Srikrishna to speak.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—What is this Sir? There should not be any discrimination. He may be the Leader of the Opposition. I agree. But after all, I bring this to your notice and quoted the Rule. And after hearing the view of Mr. Naravana Reddy, you called on Mr. Srikrishna to speak leaving me here standing. There must be some....

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I will give you opportunity Mr. Rao let Mr. Srikrishna speak.

Each college depending upon its stage of development will be given important freedoms an responsibilities to plan and prescribe its own courses of study, develop the curriculum and syllabuses on a continuing basis follow its own teaching methods and assessment, its own standards and hold its own examinations." These are good,

To get it more democratic, we will suggest amendments at the time of discussion after the Bill returns from the Regional Committee, I support this Bill and congratulate the Minister for bringing this Bill so early.

Thank you, Sir.
১৯৭২ সালের আগস্ট মাসে, আহ্মদী প্রশাসন অনুযায়ী এই বিধানের আয়োজন হয়েছিল। এই বিধান সম্পর্কে জনসাধারনের মাধ্যমে প্রতিবেদন করা হয়েছিল। এই বিধানের কারণ হলো রাজ্যের প্রাক্তন কৃষি মন্ত্রী আহমদ ইসলাম।

এই বিধানের কার্যকরী লক্ষ্য ছিলো জাতীয় কৃষিকাজের উন্নয়ন। এটি একটি প্রথম কর্মসূচি ছিলো যে রাজ্যের প্রাক্তন কৃষি মন্ত্রী আহমদ ইসলামের কার্যক্ষমতার সাথে সম্পর্কিত ছিলো। এই বিধানটি রাজ্যের প্রাক্তন কৃষি মন্ত্রী আহমদ ইসলামের সম্মান সম্পত্তির প্রতি বিচারমালা ছিলো।

31st June, 1972.

మాత్రముగా తొలి అంతర్భాగం కొరకు. కానీ ఈ పేరు రెండు పండితులు పంచిన విశ్వాసం ఈ పేరు మరో రెండు పండితులు పంచిన విశ్వాసం ఈ పేరు శరి ఉండలేదు. ఈ పేరు రెండు పండితులు పంచిన విశ్వాసం ఈ పేరు శరి ఉండలేదు. ఈ పేరు రెండు పండితులు పంచిన విశ్వాసం ఈ పేరు శరి ఉండలేదు. ఈ పేరు రెండు పండితులు పంచిన విశ్వాసం ఈ పేరు శరి ఉండలేదు. ఈ పేరు రెండు పండితులు పంచిన విశ్వాసం ఈ పేరు శరి ఉండలేదు. ఈ పేరు రెండు పండితులు పంచిన విశ్వాసం ఈ పేరు శరి ఉండలేదు. ఈ పేరు రెండు పండితులు పంచిన విశ్వాసం 

(్యంగా నిర్ణయాల మేరకు ముందు ఎందుకుంది కామం కామం సాధనం)
31st July, 1972

The Andhra Pradesh Land Reforms
(Ceiling on Agricultural holdings) Bill, 1972.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—As Mr. V. Satyanarayana said it is not that it is only confined to U.S.A. or West Germany or U.S.S.R. and anything like that. All applied sciences are outside the purview of the Universities because they are not under general university.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
"That the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Bill, 1972 be referred to the Regional Committee for consideration and report to the Assembly."

The Motion was adopted.

The Indian Treasure Trove (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill 1972.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I beg to move;

"That the Indian Treasure Trove (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1972 be taken into consideration."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—You include that also.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Question is:

"That the Indian Treasure Trove (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1972 be taken into consideration."

P(ause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The motion was adopted.

Clauses I, II, Enacting Formula and Title of the Bill.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:


"That clauses I. II, Enacting Formula and Title of the Bill do stand part of the Bill"

(Pause)

The Motion was adopted and clauses I, II, Enacting Formula and title of the Bill were added to the Bill.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Indian Treasure Trove (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1972 be passed"

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Indian Treasure Trove (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill 1972 be passed."

The Motion was adopted.


Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Sir I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1972 be taken into consideration"

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

I am not able to understand the logic underlying it. Why should it be extended. It is there on the statute book and later on it will become a dead letter.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—This is a transitory provision as you know, but unfortunately we have not been able to take over all the estates and there are still some estates to be taken over. The life of this Bill has to be continued until such time as all the estates are taken over and that process is completed...We hope to complete it in three years time, so it is only for three years.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment), Bill, 1972 be taken into consideration"

The Motion was adopted.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Clauses 1, 2, Enacting Formula and Short-Title.
Short discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries Corporation

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

“That clauses 1, 2, Enacting Formula and Short-Title of the Bill do stand part of the Bill.”

The Motion was adopted and Clauses I, II, Enacting Formula and Title of the Bill were added to the Bill.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Now the hon. Chief Minister will move that the bill be passed.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— Sir I beg to move:

“That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1972 be passed.”

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

“That the Indian Treasure Trove (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1972 be passed.

The motion was adopted.

SHORT DISCUSSION ON THE WORKING OF THE ANDHRA PRADHESH STATE AGRO-INDUSTRIES CORPORATION

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

“That clauses 1, 2, Enacting Formula and Short-Title of the Bill do stand part of the Bill.”

The Motion was adopted and Clauses I, II, Enacting Formula and Title of the Bill were added to the Bill.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Now the hon. Chief Minister will move that the bill be passed.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— Sir I beg to move:

“That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1972 be passed.”

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

“That the Indian Treasure Trove (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1972 be passed.

The motion was adopted.

SHORT DISCUSSION ON THE WORKING OF THE ANDHRA PRADHESH STATE AGRO-INDUSTRIES CORPORATION
Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Argo-Industries Corporation.
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Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro Industries Corporation.


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Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries Corporation.


Uneconomic rates at which the Corporation is hiring so far; surplus machinery and extra staff.

48 machines out of 78 hired so far have been utilized at a rate of 100%, 48 per cent of the machines are not working at all. The uneconomical rates at which the Corporation is hiring so far; surplus machinery and extra staff.

The Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries Corporation.

...

Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries Corporation.

86
Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro Industries Corporation.

31st July, 1972

87

Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries Corporation.

(Sc K. Ramanatham in the chair)
Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries Corporation.

The controversy regarding the personnel transferred from the Agriculture Department to the Corporation regards the adequacy of the staff. The transfer of personnel from the Agriculture Department to the Corporation has been a source of debate. The scheme for providing employment to the unemployed personnel through Agro-Industries Service schemes has been a matter of concern.
Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—Sir, the motion is given notice of by me. I therefore beg that I may be given some more time regarding the functioning of the Corporation, there have been many complaints in the House as well outside for which this discussion is taking place.

First of all, I would like to draw your attention to the composition of the Corporation itself. Under what circumstances this Corporation was constituted? As an All-India policy several states were given the option to constitute a Corporation and we had a Corporation. But at the time of composition it was not seen that the objects of the Corporation would be better served by getting more number of non-officials who would be in a better position to advise the Corporation. Here the whole Corporation is loaded with officers who have neither any time nor inclination to look into these matters. That is one point that the Hon'ble Minister should note and see that the composition is changed for the good of the Corporation as well as the beneficiaries for whom this Corporation was incorporated in the beginning. Secondly we do not yet know the jurisdiction or the liaison or the coordination or the authority that is exercised by the Ministry over the Corporation. The relationship between the Ministry and the Corporation is shrouded in mystery and susceptible of several interpretations; nobody knows on the Government side what kind of jurisdiction or authority it will and should exercise on the Corporation; it should be made clear in the proper statute or rules-whatever that is necessary for that purpose. The third point is there is an Agro-subsidiary corporation in addition to this Corporation. I want the Hon'ble Minister to kindly look into this subsidiary corporation. Whether its continuance is justified under take present circumstances when the Corporation itself is intended to sell the oil engines and all
Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agio-Industries Corporation.


other things which are now supposed to be done by the subsidiary corporation. Unless we want to continue some officials or somebody or to confer some benefit on somebody, I do not find any justification for the continuance of this subsidiary corporation. It should be wound up and merged with the Corporation and the affairs of the subsidiary corporation as well as the Corporation should be entrusted to one single body.

About the staff, the complaint is that Rs. 18 lakhs is on establishment. It is also said that lot of machinery has come from the Agriculture Department which is obsolete and is not functioning. Our information shows that in fact that obsolete machinery is working better than the new machinery. This is a point that the Hon’ble Minister should look into. When the Engineering division of the Agriculture Department was bifurcated and when there was separate engineering staff working where was the need to appoint so many persons freshly by the Corporation without examining their own requirements in the matter of staff. You have appointed a large number on your side already and therefore you cannot complain. There are 400 idle officers; this needs further examination by an independent body which is not biased or prejudiced.

Now I come to the point as to whether the corporation is serving the purpose for which it is meant; what is the main purpose? It is to supply tractors, rigs, bull-dozers, oil engines, etc. on hire. We may be shocked to know the rates that are being charged. What is the advantage that the ryots are having? Before the Corporation was formed in 1963, the Department used to charge Rs. 18 per hour of a bull-dozer and an hour constitutes 60 minutes not 45 minutes. There is Greenwich time, Indian Standard time and now there is another-Corporation time of 43 minutes per hour-one more contribution. The Department charged Rs. 18 per hour in respect of below 80 H. P., and about 80 H. P., it was Rs. 25 per hour. As against that soon after the formation of the corporation the rate is Rs. 65 per hour for above 80 H. P. and Rs. 50 for below 80 H. P. The rates were revised from June, 1972 which are very fantastic i.e., Rs. 85 above 80 H. P. and Rs. 75 below 80 H. P. This is how this cost is worked out from Rs. 18 to 85. There are about 225 dozers in the Corporation. Normally the cost is worked out on the total life of that dozer divided by the average operational hours in a particular year. Now when the Agriculture Department used to levy these charges, they have worked out 10,000 hours of bull-dozing on the total life plus one thousand hours of working per year and then they calculated the rate whereas the Corporation has taken 10,000 all right but since they could not do yearly operation, for the actual employment of the dozers-whether it is 80 hours, 100 or 200 hours, they have calculated. That means the Corporation dozers are not being hired by ryots on account of very high charges; since they are not being used, since they are charging on the few dozers which are being employed. It has become a vicious circle. That is to say, the ryots are asked to pay a higher rate on these few bull dozers which are being employed on account of the fact that many bull dozers are not working; they are not
working because the charges are higher; since only a few dozers are working because the charges have become higher. This is a vicious circle and it has to be broken. They will be able to reduce the hire charges if all the 225 dozers are hired and engaged specially under the two projects.

With regard to rigs, the Department charged Rs. 118 per motors whereas the present charges are Rs. 145 per motor, for the same motor, for same rig. Eight times has been increased within two or three years. It is to be noticed that how much rate has been increased for all the inefficiency, idle capacity and for obsolete machinery. Because it is working under the monopoly condition they can charge any rate and also because it is an autonomous Corporation.

As regards tractors there is scope for the rate being below Rs. 50 Operation has to be studied. number of rigs have been imported some time back. These rigs are not working. It is said to have exceeded more than a crore of rupees. Most of them are brought one or two years ago. They are not working because of the non-availability of spare parts. The whole question has to be examined very carefully through a Committee as to why this Corporation is incurring losses.

About the tractors you were pleased to mention 09 tractors, the Corporation has got 167 tractors. After so many complaints 30 were returned and the rest of them are yet to return. Out of the amount of Rs. 14,750 the cost they have paid is only Rs. 10,000 and in some cases Rs. 11,500 but the profit of 1900 made by the Corporation was not yet returned. 5½% is not yet returned. So also the central sales tax 3½% was also not returned.

Zetor tractor is now being imported. The cost remaining Rs. 14,300. But recently they have enhanced to Rs. 23,600 without any substantial or appreciable increase anyway. This is again to cover up the losses which are not really correct. Whatever it may be it is only on account of their own mistake. This aspect also should be examined whether it is justified or not.

Hundreds of tractors are idling there. Most of them were acquired out of experience to serve other States like Mysore. There is a loss of more than Rs. 15 lakhs. The Public Accounts Committee has examined this matter and they have reported. While getting the tractors, they did not get the essential parts. Mysore Agro Industries Corporation refused to take delivery of the tractors because there is lack of essential parts. Therefore these tractors are idling. All these things require very serious attention of this House and this cannot be done without a Committee going into the whole affair.

There is no Chairman during the last four months. The Office of the Chairman, the status, the prestige, although honorary, has been reduced to nothing. I have seen the Chairman sitting in the Verandah while the other Officers are enjoying the prestige of big officers. If the Honorary Chairman is treated like this in the Corporation, we can well imagine the affairs of the Corporation. Thank you Sir.
Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries Corporation.

Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro Industries Corporation.


It was decided that useful machinery—Bulldozers and tractors proposed to be operated. Rs. 74,44,960. Drilling machinery proposed to be operated. Rs. 17,52780.
Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries Corporation.


Sri M. Manik Rao:— Yes, we will have to do it, Sir.

Mr. Chairman:— You could have written it off even before taking it?

Sri M. Manik Rao:— Yes, we will have to do it. Sir,

Mr. Chairman:— You could have written it off even before taking it?

No. of machines proposed to be retained in the 140-146 average is 70 machines. Replacement loan Rs. 4,620, staff salary per annum Rs. 10,700 and replacement ... 10,700 transport cost her annum Rs. 1,000. Total fixed cost per annum comes to Rs. 28,628 or Rs. 2,900. Interest on working capital Rs. 1,000. Overall expenditure for department and staff Rs. 11,516. Total fixed cost per annum comes to Rs. 28,628 or Rs. 2,900.
Mr. Chairman: — How long will you take to complete?

Sri M. Manik Rao: — Ten minutes, Sir.

Mr. Chairman: — So, shall I take it that the House has no objection to sit for another ten minutes.

The House gave permission for sitting for another ten minutes.

10. Mr. Narayana Reddy: — If we were not to have a Committee to go into all these details, it is in the interest of the Corporation and the ryots, and the Committee will go into all these details. Of course, they are furnished the details are furnished and it cannot be gone through in a few minutes. Sir.
Short Discussion on the working of the
Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Indust-
ries Corporation.

World Bank is coming to give loan. We are getting Government of
India loan. We are taking from other sources also.

I went door to door to get imported parts for the Agro Industries
Corporation and some other Panchayat Raj institutions. They gave
Rs. 3 lakhs. Even for that there is very much procedure.

I am trying to set right this Corporation 100 percent; but with
the cooperation of the Members. I have
suggested to the Agro-Industries Corporation. They will give administrative, mechanical, operating and accounts
opinions. The Administrative Staff College will conduct preliminary
survey and give estimates.

I have already instructed to this effect. A letter has gone to
the Administrative Staff College to take up this preliminary survey.

This is an autonomous corporation. The Government has no
control in the day today affairs. I am thinking seriously with an
Experts Committee to set right things,
Short Discussion on the working of the Andhra Pradesh State Agro-Industries Corporation.

Sri M. Narayana Reddy:—If the minister is satisfied to have some agency to enquire into the rate structure and other matters, I am satisfied.

Sri M. Manik Rao:—It is a good suggestion and I am thinking Sir, as I said earlier, seriously with Experts Committee.

They have examined the whole telephone exchange system of the State. So, I have taken initiative in this and I will see that things will be set right.

Sri M. Reddy:—The telephone exchange system of the State. So, I will see that things will be set right.
MESSAGE FROM THE COUNCIL

Mr. Chairman:— I am to announce to the House that the following message is received from the Hon'ble Chairman, Legislative Council:

T. Ramaswamy
Chairman,
Legislative Council

To
The Speaker.
A. P. Legislative Assembly,
Hyderabad.

Sir,

MESSAGE

In accordance with Rule 150 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council Rules, I return herewith a copy of the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University (Amendment) Bill 1972 which was passed by the Legislative Assembly on 29th July, 1972 and transmitted to the Legislative Council for its recommendation duly signed by me and state that this House has no recommendation to make to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly in regard to the said bill.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd) T. Ramaswamy,
Chairman,
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council

Now, the House stands adjourned till 8:30 a.m. tomorrow.

(The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the Clock on Tuesday the 1st August, 1972)