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( Monday )
25th Sravan, 1893 S.E.

THE
ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT
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PRINTED BY THE DIRECTOR OF PRINTING
GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH, HYDERABAD
AT M/S. THE NELLORE PRINTERS ASSOCIATION, NELLORE.
THE ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES.
OFFICIAL REPORT

Twenty Third day of the Sixth Session of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.

THE ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
Monday, the 16th August, 1971.
The House met at Half-Past Eight of the Clock.
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair.)
ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.
IMPLEMENTATION OF MULKI RULES

MISAPPROPRIATION IN THE SALES DEPOT A. P. SCHEDULED TRIBES CORPORATION IN REVENUE BOARD

42—

*1437 (1454-E) Q.: Sri Ch. Mallikarjuna (put by Sri G. Latchanna Sompeta) :- Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state :-

(a) whether it is fact that a deficit of nearly Rs. 3,000 worth of stocks and Cash were noticed during the audit of the Accounts of the Sales Depot of the Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Tribes Corporation in the Revenue Board for 1967-68 and the person who was incharge of the Depot has misappropriated the stocks and the Cash ;

(b) if so, what are the details of the Shortage of stocks and cash ;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the present incumbent who was incharge of the Depot has appropriated the entire sale proceeds towards pay and allowances without even remitting the House rent on the Special Pay drawn by him ; and

(d) if so, what is the action taken to recover the above amounts ?

The Hon. Chief Minister (Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy) :-

(a) There was a deficit in stocks of the value of Rs. 2,038-85. There was no deficit in cash. The person incharge was Sri A. Kannabhiran, Superintendent, Board of Revenue.

(b) A statement is placed on the table of the House, Sir.

(c) Sri A. Kannabhiran, the then Superintendent, Board of Revenue incharge of the depot did not appropriate the entire sale Proceeds towards pay and allowances. He was only meeting the expenditure on his pay and allowances as also the pay and allowances of his other staff members and other items of expenditure from the
He made deductions towards house rent but did not take into account his special pay for this purpose.

Action is being pursued to recover the rental dues arrived after adding the special pay.

---

**Statement Showing The Details Of Deficits At The Sale Depot of Superintendent, Board Of Revenue And Debited In The Stock Ledger.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Commodity</th>
<th>Stock ledger folio.</th>
<th>Rate of deficit</th>
<th>Quantity of deficit</th>
<th>Value of deficit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Honey</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>4.50</td>
<td>12 bottles</td>
<td>66.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Honey</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>4.50</td>
<td>17 bottles</td>
<td>76.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Honey</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>4.50</td>
<td>65.1 Kgs.</td>
<td>292.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Addaleaves</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>0.55</td>
<td>35 Kgs.</td>
<td>19.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Addaleaves</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>0.55</td>
<td>10 Kgs.</td>
<td>5.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. French beans</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>3.25</td>
<td>2 Kgs.</td>
<td>6.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. French beans</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>1.5 Kgs.</td>
<td>2.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Coffee seeds</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>5.30</td>
<td>8800 Kgs.</td>
<td>364.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Coffee seeds</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>5.30</td>
<td>52700 Kgs.</td>
<td>279.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Coffee seeds</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>5.30</td>
<td>153000 Kgs.</td>
<td>610.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Shekai powder</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>1.60</td>
<td>12200 Kgs.</td>
<td>18.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Shekai powder</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>1.60</td>
<td>26106 Kgs.</td>
<td>38.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Shekai powder</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>1.60</td>
<td>33500 Kgs.</td>
<td>56.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Shekai powder</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>1.60</td>
<td>50500 Kgs.</td>
<td>80.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Tamarind Deseeded</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>54100 Kgs.</td>
<td>108.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Hill brooms</td>
<td>177</td>
<td>0.55</td>
<td>14 Nos.</td>
<td>7.70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total deficit value: 7034-35
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August 1971. 397

Net available. ... 4-50

Grand Total. ... 2,038-85


GRANT OF FOREST LAND TO THE GIRIJANS OF CHANDALUR

* (1121) (starred) Sri R. Mahananda:— Will the Hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are any representations in the month of December 1969 from the Girijans (Yerukala) of Chandalur, Katamvariipalli of Darsi taluk, Nellore district requesting for grant of forest Reserve lands of Narasayapalem Reserve Forest, Vinukonda taluk, Guntur district and also in Brundavanam, Kallampalli villages of Darsi taluk, Nellore district;

(b) if so, how many families applied for lands and grant for the construction of houses; and

(c) if so, the action taken by the Government?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) The answer is in the negative so far as the request for the grant of forest reserve lands in Brundavanam, Kallampalli villages of Darsi taluk in Nellore district referred to in the question is concerned. It is reported by the Collects of Guntur that a conv of Mahajar petition from Mendraguthi China Venkiah and others of Girijana Sangham of Katamvariipalli requesting allotment of land in Narasayapalem Reserve Forest was received on 12-1-1970.

(b) It is also reported that the mahajar petition contained either thumb impressions or signatures of 43 persons representing 10 yerukula families of Chandavaram and Karamvaripalli villages.

(c) In pursuance of the instructions contained in Government Memo No. 3596-For. I/69 2, Revenue, dated 16-1-1970, the District Revenue Officer, in-charge, Guntur and Conservator of Forests Guntur Circle, inspected the Narasayapalem Reserve forest along with other reserve forests and sent proposals recommending disreservation. The Government accepted their recommendation and accordingly, issued orders in G O. Ms. No. 2204, F. & A, dated 27-11-1970, among others, that an area of Acs. 675 00 in Narasayapalem Reserve Forest Extension I and II be disreserved and handed over to the Collector after getting the tree growth thereon cleared. In the meantime, the President, The District Labour Colonisation Society, Murtuzapuram Vinukonda taluk, represented that the Society was constituted in 1940 composed exclusively of landless poor Harijans, Harijan Christians etc., that the Society was granted annual lease for cultivation of forest lands in Narasayapalem etc. blocks in Vinukonda, that the lease was renewed from year to year and requested that the forest land held on lease by the Society might be dereserved and assigned to the members of the Society. Subsequently certain representations have also been received alleging irregularities on the part of Sri J. Somaiah the President of the Society. Government examined the matter in consultation with the Chief Conservator of Forests and the Collector of Guntur. While these allegations have not been
proved, on a positive fact that emerged was that the members of the Society are cultivating these lands since a long time which have since been disreserved in G. O. Ms. No. 2204, F. & A dt: 22-11-1970. Government therefore considered that there was no objection for assigning the lands in question in favour of the members of the Society after the collector satisfies himself on certain points before pattas are granted, and orders were accordingly issued in G. O. Ms. No. 615 Revenue, dated 16-7-1971 to assign the disreserved lands in Narasayapalem etc., to the bonafide members of the Three Districts Labour Colonisation Society, Murramurram in Vinukonda taluk of Guntur district, who have been actually associated with or engaged themselves in the cultivation of lands leased out to the Society for the last five years preference being given to the harijan members. The Collector has reported that further action is being taken to implement the above orders of Government.
400 16th August, 1971.

Oral Answers to Questions

1. ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಿಗೆ ಕಾರ್ಯ ಪ್ರತಿಪಾದಕರು ಆಯುಕ್ತ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇಕಾದಂತೆ ಕ್ರಮದ ಸಾವಿರ ಅವಶ್ಯಕತೆಂದರೆ? ಆಧಾರಾಧಾರ ಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆಯೇ ಎಂದು ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿರಾದರು. ಇದನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಂದರೂ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಕರ್ತಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಪಡಿಸಲು ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

2. ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆದ ಎಂದು ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿರಾದರು. ಈ ಕರ್ತಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಪಡಿಸಲು ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

3. ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆದ ಎಂದು ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿರಾದರು. ಈ ಕರ್ತಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಪಡಿಸಲು ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

4. ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆದ ಎಂದು ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿರಾದರು. ಈ ಕರ್ತಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಪಡಿಸಲು ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

5. ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆದ ಎಂದು ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿರಾದರು. ಈ ಕರ್ತಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಪಡಿಸಲು ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

6. ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆದ ಎಂದು ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿರಾದರು. ಈ ಕರ್ತಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಪಡಿಸಲು ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

7. ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆದ ಎಂದು ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಗಿರಿಜಾ ಸಂಘದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿರಾದರು. ಈ ಕರ್ತಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಪಡಿಸಲು ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಆಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.
423:—

* 499 (525) Q - Sri K. Govinda Rao, Anakapalli:- Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether pattas have been granted to certain non-tribals in the agency village of Kommika Mokhasa, Narsipatnam Taluk, Visakhapatnam District: and

(b) if so, why such pattas have been granted in violation of the Acts and Rules in force?

Sri K. Brahmamunda Reddy:- (a) Yes, Sir,

(b) Kommika village; Narsipatnam taluk was an Inam Estate taken over under the Estates Abolition Act, 1948. The provisions of the Act except Sec. 22 relating to the settlement rates are applicable to the Agency areas. Hence, pattas were granted both to tribals and non-tribals under Secs. 11 (a) and 15 (1) of the Act. There is no violation of the Acts and Rules in force in respect of grant of pattas.

Sri K. Brahmamunda Reddy :- Sir, pattas granted to non-tribals. 51: pattas granted to tribals and non-tribals 7: pattas granted to tribals. 233.

Sri K. Brahmamunda Reddy :- Pattas were granted under section 15 (1) to extent of 76 acres- 50 of which are pattas.

Sri K. Brahmamunda Reddy :- Grant of pattas under the Estates Abolition Act, 1958 was only recognition of the right of the individual to the land. Hence it is not contrary to any other law in force in the scheduled areas. Settlement was made under Sec. 22 of the Estates Abolition Act erroneously. The matter is therefore being further examined in consultation with the Board of Revenue and the Director of Settlement to set right this irregularity.
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1971. 403

It is reported that out of the 57 pattas granted to non-tribals 28 pattadars are the individual tenants under the inamdaars and the remaining 29 pattadars got pattas for the lands under their cultivation which were acquired by them through sale deeds; the grant of pattas is in accordance with the provisions of Sec. 11 and 15 of the Estates Abolition Act, 1958 and therefore is in order. According to Andhra Pradesh Regulation 3 of 1960, sec. 22 of the Estates Abolition Act is inapplicable to the scheduled areas it did not come to notice at the time of settlement of Kommika agency village. As such settlement was made in the village under sec. 22 of the Estates Abolition Act erroneously. The matter is therefore being further pursued in consultation with the Board of Revenue and Director of Settlements.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :- I think action will be pursued, Sir.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :- I think action will be pursued.
ELECTRICAL BULBS FACTORY AT ANANTAPUR

*564 (1411) Q:- Sri S. Vemayya (Sarvapalli) :- Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to State:

(a) whether there are any proposals with the Government to start Electrical Bulbs Factory at Anantapur Town; and

(b) if so, the details of the scheme?

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy :-

(a) No, Sir,

(b) Does not arise.

Sir M. S. Sarvapalli :- Does not arise. The proposal for setting up of an industrial undertaking by Capital Lighting and Electronics (P) Ltd. New Delhi for the manufacture of 45 million numbers per annum was received on the company's application on 29-5-69. Without raising the objection of capacity a licence may also be issued, if the company so desires.

Sir M. Sarvapalli (Sri M. S. Sarvapalli) :- The company has already applied for a licence and has been granted. The company, Capital Lighting and Electronics, has no objection to the proposal. Any objection may be raised by the company if the capacity is not sufficient. The company has applied for a licence and has been granted.

Sir M. S. Sarvapalli :- The company has already applied for a licence and has been granted. Any objection may be raised by the company if the capacity is not sufficient.
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1971, 405

**Titonium Dioxide Factory in the State**

*535 (1165) Q:* Sarvasri R. Mahananda (Darsi) and Buragedda Niranjana Rao (Malleswaram):— Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) is there any proposal to start a Titonium Dioxide Factory in our State, with collaboration of Japan; and

(b) if so, the details of the cost of the Project, capacity, place of location etc. of the Factory and when it will be started?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— No proposal has so far been received to set up an industrial unit of Titonium dioxide either in large scale or small scale industrial sector.

**Increase of Emoluments of Village Officers**

*2012 Q:* Sri S. Veerayya:— Will the honourable Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

whether there are any proposals under consideration of Government to raise the emoluments of the Village Officers in the State?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P. Thimma Reddy):—

(a) No, Sir.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy :- All that is part of their normal work

Sri Dhanenkule Narasimham (Udayagiri) :- Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government are paying Travelling allowance and dearness allowance to the Village Officers during Zamabandi; and

(b) if not, whether it will be paid at least in future?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy :-

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

T. A. AND D A. TO THE VILLAGE OFFICERS DURING ZAMABANDI

427—

*1683 Q:- Sri Dhanenkule Narasimham (Udayagiri) :- Will the hon. Ministet for Revenue be pleased to state : 

(a) whether the Government are paying Travelling allowance and dearness allowance to the Village Officials during Zamabandi ; and

(b) if not, whether it will be paid at least in future?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy :-

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
Sri P. Thimma Reddy :- This is Daily allowance. I will read Sir. According to orders dated 10-2-1959, the Village officers and servants excluding those at the taluk head-quarters are being paid Travelling and Dearness allowance during the period of Jamabandi without imposing the distance limit of 5 miles. According to G. O. No. 1802 dt. 8-8-1956 the Village officers are paid T. A. at single III Class fare by railway journey, mileage of 6 paise per mile for road journey and also paid daily allowance.
Oral Answers to Questions.

Famine Conditions in Narkatpalli Etc. Villages in Nalgonda Dist.

428—

* 775 Q.—Sri N. Raghava Reddy :- Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether it has been brought to the notice of the Government that famine conditions are prevailing due to failure of rains for the last seven years in Narkatpalli, Varimarthi, Chitvala, Urumalla, Mandra, Sivanenigudem, Vanpakla, Nerada, Brahman Vellamela, Nemman Madapadavelli villages in Nalgonda Taluq, Nalgonda District;

(b) whether the particulars of the relief measures taken so far by the Government in those villages will be furnished; and

(c) whether the Government are aware of the fact that there is an acute scarcity of drinking water in the said villages?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy :-

(a) No drought conditions are prevailing this year. Only rabi crops have been affected.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) There is no scarcity of drinking water.

Famine Conditions in Narkatpalli Etc. Villages in Nalgonda Dist.

Nalgonda Taluq, Nalgonda District.
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1971. 409

Sri P. Thimma Reddy :- We have given necessary instructions to deepen the drinking water wells and give loans for irrigation wells etc., for deserving cases.

HOUSE SITES TO THE POOR PEOPLE

429—

* 1773 Q. Sri Dhanenkula Narasimham (Put by Sri Vavilala Gopala Krishnaiah) :- Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad has prepared any scheme to acquire lands and allot the same to the poor people who do not have house sites, on the basis of repayment of the cost in instalments; and

(b) if so, when the same will be implemented?

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu) :- (a) The answer is in the negative.

(b) Does not arise.

KALYANI RESERVOIR PROJECT

430—

* 1283 Q.— Sarvasri Sri Agarala Eswara Reddy and Dhanenkula Narasimham (Put by Sri Vavilala Gopala Krishnaiah) :- Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government is going to take up the execution of the Kalyani Reservoir Project this year to supply protected water to Tirupati and Tirumala.

(b) whether the Tirumalai Tirupathi Devasthanam and the Municipality have deposited their share of contribution for this project; and

(c) what is the present stage of the project?

Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu :- (a) The project will be taken up for execution after it is admitted for loan assistance by the L. I. C. of India.

(b) No. Sir.

(c) Plans and estimates relating to the project have been prepared and the L. I. C. of India have been addressed to give a loan of Rs. 180.00 lakhs. The L. I. C. has requested the Government to forward consolidated proposals for all the municipalities. This is being attended to.

(q) சான்றுதளிப்பு: ஏற்றுவடிவில், 17 ஆண்டுகள் திகழ்ந்துள்ள அதிகம் சுமாதையில் இருந்து விளர்ந்து செல்வதின் பரிமாற்றம் செய்யவேண்டும்?

(q) சாவர். மாவோகைச் செய்யல்: சாவர். ம. உரோ காரணம் நேரடி 

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(q) சாவர். மோகைச் செய்யல்: சாவர். ம. உரோ காரணம் நேரடியை கையேளும்.

BAD ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICAL OFFICER, Darsi

131—

* 1414 Q.—Sri R. Mahananda:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are representations from the public and Nagarjuna Sagar workers about the bad administration of the Medical Officer, Darsi, Ongole district for the last two years;

(b) whether it is a fact that he was first transferred and retain d;

(c) whether it is a fact that the District Medical Officer, Nellore has sent a report to the Director about his activities, and the Director has transferred the Medical Officer, Darsi for the second time;

(d) whether it is a fact that the transfer orders were stayed; if so, the reasons therefore; and

(e) are there representations again from the M.L.A. and the public of Darsi taluk, about the Medical Officer?

The Minister for Health and Medical (Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari):—a) Yes, Sir. The representation is said to be from the General Secretary of Andhra Pradesh Government Class IV Employees, N S. Canals General Unit, Guntur-4, but not from the public of Darsi.

b) Yes, Sir.
c) It is not a fact that the District Medical & Health Officer, Nellore has sent a report to the Director about the activities of the Medical Officer, but in view of the representation of the Hon'ble Member, the Deputy District Medical and Health Officer, Nellore conducted an enquiry on the allegations contained in the representation. However, when the enquiry was in progress, the District Medical and Health Officer is stated to have reported that the Hon'ble Member insisted first to transfer the Medical Officer. Hence the Medical Officer was transferred for the second time.

d) Yes, Sir. The orders were cancelled in view of the public representation.

e) Yes, Sir.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari :- The complaint was received on 4-11-1969. The enquiry is still in progress. Hon. Member wanted that he should be intimated regarding the enquiry. They intend asking the Hon. Member to be present to take up the enquiry.

Sri R. Mahananda :- May I know when I requested the D. M. & H. O. to postpone the enquiry further. And again may I know when the A. P. Class IV employees Union has requested the Government for further enquiry. I would like to have the dates.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari :- I do not have the dates with me.

Sri R. Mahananda :- Sir, the real fact is, I have clearly written to D. M. & H. O. that there is nothing to add for enquiry by me because I have already stated in my petition itself. When such is the case, and when it is pending for the last two years from 1969, the Government was pleased to transfer him twice and ordered for immediate stoppage of the orders within six or seven days. That being the case, how can I expect justice from the Government, Sir?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari :- I will see that the enquiry is completed at an early date.
412 16th August, 1971. Oral Answers to Questions

Sri V. C. Kesava Rao :- May I know whether it is not a fact that the D M. & H O. Ongole is very ineffective and he is not able to carry on the administration because he is a person from Ongole town and he is not caring for the administration at all?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari :- Personally, I feel he is quite effective.

APPOINTMENT OF DOCTORS THROUGH EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES

2293 Q.—Sri A. Madhava Rao :- Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that candidates for appointment as Doctors have to seek employment through exchanges now; and

(b) if so, whether the Government propose to do away with this system, if so, when?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari - (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) There is some representation in this regard which is being looked into.

Sri A. Madhava Rao :- In as much as all the Employment Exchanges are not sending all the people but only a few of them are being sent. In future, would the Government consider to register all the names of the Doctors in the Department itself i.e., Directorate and then allow them to appear for an interview and then select?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari :- They will have to get themselves registered through the Employment Exchanges. Unless the list comes through the Employment Exchanges we cannot recruit them.

What is the number received from the Employment Exchanges and how many people were appointed and how many reported for duty and how many did not report. What is the number of vacancies now?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari :- We had about 250 posts vacant. We have filled all of them. Besides that 250, we have kept 100 more in the reserve. We are giving one month's time to report themselves for duty. Many of them have joined and we have not yet received that information from the concerned.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya :- We want the figures because the hospitals are going without Doctors and Government are saying that the Doctors are not available and the Employment Exchanges will say there is direct recruitment or something. The suffering is severe and the Government is not moving in appointing the people.
And they are appointing the people who will never come there. What is the use of appointing people who do not want to come? How many people you have received from the Exchanges and how many are appointed, how many posts are vacant, how many people did not report for duty.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: Sir, I have already submitted that we are filling all the available vacancies of Doctors.

Mr. Speaker: What he is asking is "How many reported themselves for duty and how many have not and the number of vacancies that are there at present".

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: Sir, as I had already submitted we have not yet received the report. The report received is there were 250 vacancies which we have filled up giving them one month's time for reporting to duty. Some of them have reported for duty and some have not reported. In the meanwhile we will get the information.

Mr. Speaker: Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnavva, please put a short notice question so that he might call for the information and answer.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnavva: Yes, Sir.

Sri Mohd Ibrahim Ali Ansari: The Director of Employment before submitting the list is collecting information from all the District Employment Exchanges and submitting a consolidated list.

Sri Pragada Kotaiah: No, it is not a fact, Sir. Why the procedure was changed? Formerly all the Doctors were getting their names registered with the Director of Medical Services. Why was the procedure changed and for what purpose? What is the benefit?

Sri Mohd Ibrahim Ali Ansari: Sir, since the Employment Exchange Compulsory Notification of Vacancies Act, 1959, a statutory Act, it is not possible to recruit candidates without notifying the vacancies to the Employment Exchanges.

Sri Pragada Kotaiah: You can notify, Sir. Now the difficulty is...
16th August, 1971. Oral Answers to Questions

Sri Pragada Kotaiah: Can you place it on the Table of the House? Whether the Employment Exchange of Hyderabad has called for particulars from all the districts, pooled together and then sent the names according to the seniority?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: I will collect the information and place it on the Table of the House.

Sri K. Munuswamy: They are insisting on the mulki certificates being furnished. Unless the mulki certificate is produced, they are not allowing the candidates to register in the Employment Exchange. It is better to revise this order and see that this registration is done in the D. M. S. Office itself.

Sri P. Kotaiah: When will you be in a position to place all the details on the Table of the House?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: Within a week.

WORKSHOP FOR THE BLIND IN SAROJINI DEVI HOSPITAL, HYDERABAD

433—

*1943 Q:— Sri S. Vemayya:— Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to start workshop for the Blind in Sarojini Devi Eye Hospital, Hyderabad city with assistance of U. S. A.; and

(b) if so, the time by which the workshop will be commissioned?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—

(a) Yes, Sir,

(b) Under consideration.

OPERATIONS TO RELEIVE BLINDNESS

434—

*1944 Q:— Sri S. Vemayya:— Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to start operations of grafting plastic cornea to relieve blindness; and

(b) if so, the details of the same?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—

(a) No, Sir;

(b) Does not arise.
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1971. 415

MISAPPROPRIATION BY THE FIRST COMMANDANT OF H. S. R. P.

435—

1440 Q:— Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— Will hon. the Home Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the petition of Sri Sudarshan Singh, Mallepalli, Hyderabad dated 17-1-1970 sent to the State Vigilance Commission Hyderabad representing the misappropriation and fabrication of accounts by Sri Bishen Singh 1st Commandant of H. S. R. P. (now Andhra Pradesh Special Police) relating to the 1st Battalion in 1954 was refused in their letter No. 248/Comp./70, dated 22-1-1970;

(b) Whether it is also a fact that the Officer was since transferred to Maharashtra State and the Maharashtra Vigilance Commission has referred the same case to the Under Secretary, Home Department, Maharashtra Government, Bombay in their letter No. C.M.P. 1270 / 70, dated 6-2-1970; and

(c) if so, what action the Government propose to take since the misappropriation of accounts has taken place in our State?

Sri J. Vengala Rao:—

(a) Yes. Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir. The Officer was allotted to Maharashtra State at the time of States Reorganisation,

(c) The question of taking any action by this Government at this distance of time may not be possible.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— I have got a letter from the Maharashtra Vigilance Commissioner. He wrote that ‘it is your Government’. And you say it is their business. Where is the dispute? निःसाध्य उत्तरचयन? यदि (शर्मद्वाङ्कात्मक वार्ता) व्यक्तिको सूचनाके प्रमाण?

— न. त. तोमरसिंह:— अथ 1954-55 में 1956-57 में उसके विषय में लिखा गया अनुदिग्न, यदि तथा तथा, 1955 में उसके विषय में लिखा गया अनुदिग्न, वर्तमान में, तथा तथा 1970 में लिखा गया। अगर मेरे अनुदिग्न हैं, तो मेरा ज्ञान नहीं कि उसका विषय है।

NAXALITE ACTIVITIES IN SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT

436—

* 31 (2921) Q.— Sri K. Krishna Murthy (Harichandra-puram):— Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) What is the total expenditure so far incurred to arrest and control the Naxalite activities in Srikakulam district during the years 1968 and up-to-date; and

(b) Whether the expenditure is being met by the State Government or Central Government?

The Minister for Home: (Sri J. Vengala Rao):—

(a) An amount of Rs. 1,59,32,351/- has been incurred from 1968-69 to 1970-71.

(b) The expenditure is borne by the State Government.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— I have got a letter from the Maharasthra Vigilance Commissioner. He wrote that ‘it is your Government’. And you say it is their business. Where is the dispute? And what is the matter? And who is responsible for it? It seems that the dispute is because of your Government.

Sr. Minister:— In 1947 the letter was written. In 1947 the letter was written. And then they said, the dispute was because of their business. Then they wrote, the dispute was because of their business. So the dispute was because of their business. In 1970 the dispute was because of their business. So the dispute was because of their business.

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(b) The expenditure is borne by the State Government.
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1971. 417

CONTEMPT PETITIONS FOR NON-IMPLEMENTATION OF HIGH COURT JUDGEMENTS

437—

* 1451 No. (2838-Y) Sarvasri Annadatha Madhava Rao, T. S. Murthy, C. Janga Reddy (Parkal) D. Venkatesam (Kuppam) & V. Rama Rao, M. L. As. :- Will the Hon. Chief Minister be pleased to refer to the answer given to clause (b) of L. A. Q. No 1728-M on 28-7-1970 and state :

(a) The number of contempt applications that have been moved for non-implementation of the judgment given in cases referred to in clause (b) of L.A.Q. No. 1725-M.

(b) The number of Writs in which strictures were passed against the Ministers and Heads of Departments.

(c) Whether the Govt. implemented the decision of the High Court in its judgment dated 21-3-1969 in W. P. No. 809, 828 of 1967 and 3125/68; if not reasons therefor?

(d) Whether the Government propose to open a cell for implementation of the High Court directions.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:-

(a) Twenty.

(b) No list is being maintained of the number of Writs in which strictures are passed by the High Court against Ministers and Heads of Departments.

(c) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(d) No proposal is under consideration of the Government.

Statement

In a combined judgment in W. P. Nos. 809 & 828 of 1967 along with some other W. Ps., the High Court allowed the W. Ps. quashing the orders of reversion of the writ petitioners and directed the Government to consider the inclusion of the names of writ petitioners in the list of U. D. Cs. qualified for promotion as Deputy Tahsildars. In pursuance of the above judgment, the Writ petitioners have been accommodated as Deputy Tahsildars and their periods of waiting (for the months of July and August) have been treated as duty. In so far as the direction relating to inclusion in the list of Deputy Tahsildars is concerned, the Government have, in view of the far-reaching implications of the judgment, filed a Writ appeal together with a petition for condonation of delay and the Court has also been moved to grant stay of the judgment for inclusion of the names of Writ petitioners in Deputy Tahsildars list pending disposal of the Writ appeal. The petition for condonation of delay has been rejected by the Court. The question as to the next course of action to be taken in the matter is under consideration of the Government.

In a common judgment dated 28-9-1970 in W. P. No. 3125/68 along with two other W. Ps., the High Court directed that:

1. The Government of India should prepare a common gradation list in accordance with the principles laid down by them;
2. While giving promotions to the posts of Chief Engineers, the petitioners in W. Ps. 3125 and 4872 of 1968 should be considered as seniors to the respondents and appointments made on the basis of merit;
3. The petitioners in W. P. No. 4782 of 1968 are not entitled to be considered for promotion to the post of Chief Engineers earlier than respondents 2 & 3 in that petition;
4. While making promotions to the posts of Executive Engineers, the petitioners in W. P. No. 4664 of 1968 should be considered as seniors to the respondents there in and appointments made on the basis of merit;
5. All promotions, reversions and confirmations should be revised in accordance with the final Common Gradation list prepared as directed in item (1) above; and
6. The costs of petitioners should be borne by the Government.

In regard to the direction at item No. (1) above, draft Common Gradation list was prepared and sent to Government of India for
Contempt Petitions for Non-implementation of High Court Judgements

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(d) Whether the Government propose to open a cell for implementation of the High Court directions.

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(d) No proposal is under consideration of the Government.
publication on 16-6-1971. The receipt of communication from the Government of India regarding the action taken by them for publication of Common Gradation list in the Central Gazette is awaited.

As regards directions at items 2 & 4 above, it may be stated that no fresh appointments have been made to the posts of Chief Engineers and Executive Engineers in P. W. D. Regarding direction on item 3, the position was noted and action taken. The question of implementing direction No. 5 above will arise after the final Common Gradation list is published by the Government of India.

As regards direction No. 6 relating to payment of costs to the petitioners, the Chief Engineer, P. W. D (General) has been requested to make payment if not already done.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— That matter is pending in writ appeal.

Sri A Madhava Rao:— I am so sorry, Sir. Whenever a judgment is given, it is expected to be implemented. It would not take four or five years for you to consider not to implement it in spite of
contempt proceedings

Mr. Speaker: Are there any cases where there has been a delay of 4 or 5 years.

Sri A. Madhava Rao: In this matter he has specifically given the cases.

Mr. Speaker: Your question does not disclose it.

Sri A. Madhava Rao: The reply is there. In reply they have stated that in 1967 writ petitions were filed and thereafter Deputy Tahsildars lists were not prepared and thereafter also this is not implemented. The delay petition was dismissed. That is the state of affairs of the Government.

UNEMPLOYED ENGINEERING, MEDICAL ETC. GRADUATES IN THE STATE

* 2075 Q — Sri S. Venayya: Will the h.o.a. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) The number of (i) Engineering (ii) Medical (iii) Veterinary graduates and (iv) Post-Graduates who are unemployed in the State as on 31-3-1971;

(b) whether the number has increased or decreased from that of the previous year; and

(c) whether there is any scheme with Government to sanction subsistence allowance to them till they are settled in one way or other?

The Minister for Labour (Sri G. Sanjiveea Reddy):—

(a) (i) Engineering Graduates. 1,688

(ii) Medical Graduates. 589

(iii) Veterinary Graduates. 68

(iv) Post-Graduates. 2,264

Total: 4,609

These figures are as on 31-12-1973 as the figures are collected only half-yearly.

(b) Increased:

(c) No, Sir.
Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy :- I am telling it is absolutely wrong. The candidates are going according to the year of passing. Priority is based on the year in which the candidate has passed. So there is no question of any kind of preference.

Mr. Speaker :- He is saying that they are going according to the year of passing. So there is no question of any kind of preference.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sir. The reply is:

That is the procedure being adopted in the State. Naturally they will call for the regular reports from the Employment Exchange regarding the movement of men and women. That is being done.
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1971. 423

There are specific instructions to the Employment Exchange at Hyderabad to give preference to the local candidates. What is meant by “local”?

Sri Fragada Kotayya :- I can prove that, Sir. Recently an interview was conducted by the Chief Engineer, Panchayet Raj, and only the local Engineers were recruited excluding all the applicants from the Andhra region. I can prove that 3 Engineers were recruited from the Telangana region, ignoring all the applicants from the Andhra region. 34 people were called for interview and 3 were recruited and all the 3 were from Telangana region.

Sri G Sangeeva Reddy :- It is not in my department.

Mr. Speaker :- Selection must have been made on merit and perhaps all of them have been selected.

Mr. Speaker :- There again, it is made on merit. (Laughter)

Sri S. Venkata :- It is not in my department.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government now to introduce family-cum-life insurance scheme to ensure long term protection to the families of industrial workers who may be rendered destitute by the death of the earning member; and

(b) if so; the details of the Scheme?


(b) Details of the broad principles of the Family Pension Scheme are laid on the Table of the House.

Details of the Family Pension Scheme laid on the Table of the House

(Vide answer to Cl. (b) of L. A. Q. No. 2068 (Starred) S No. 439

Under the Employees’ Provident Fund Act, 1952.

1. The Scheme is applicable to the employees of all factories and other establishments to which the Employees Provident Fund Act, 1952 applies or is applied except to factories and other establishments which already provide for the employees a family pension at a scale which, in the opinion of the Central Govt. is on the whole not less favourable than that provided under the Family Pension Scheme.

2. The Scheme applies automatically to every employee who is aged less than 60 years and who becomes a member of the Employees Provident Fund or of Provident Fund of Factories and other establishments exempted under the Employees’ Provident Fund Act on or after 1-3-71. Every employee who was already a member of the Employees Provident Fund Act immediately before the commencement of this Scheme is.
on 28-2-71, shall exercise his option before the 31st August, 1971, in the prescribed form.

3. From and out of the contributions paid by the employer and employees each month, a part of the contribution representing 1-1/6% of employees' pay along with an equivalent amount of 1-1/6% from and out of the employer's contribution shall be separately earmarked for credit to Family Pension Fund. The Central Govt. shall also contribute at the rate of 1-1/6% of the pay of the member of the Family Pension Scheme and credit the contribution to Family Pension-cum-Life Assurance Fund maintained in the Public Account of the Government of India. The contribution payable shall be calculated on the basis of basic wages, dearness allowance (including cash value of any food concession) and retaining allowance, if any, actually drawn during the entire month, whether paid on daily, weekly, fortnightly or monthly basis.

4. All moneys belonging to or standing to the credit of the Family Pension Fund account shall be kept in deposit with the Central Government in the Public Account. The Central Government shall allow interest at a rate not less than 5½% per annum.

5. The Family Pension Fund vests in and is administered by the Central Board of Trustees, E. P. F. However, the Central Govt. shall meet the entire cost of the administration of this Scheme. A separate account called the 'Family Pension Administration Account' is kept for recording all the administrative expenses of the Family Pension Fund.

6. In the case of a member who being a member of the Family Pension Fund at the age of 25 years or less dies during the period of reckonable service (service rendered by a member of Family Pension Fund in respect of which contributions are payable under this Scheme) before attaining the age of 60 years, family pension shall be paid at the rate specified in the table below, subject to the condition that he has been a member of Family Pension Fund for a period of not less than 2 years.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pay of the member per month</th>
<th>Monthly rate of pension</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Rs: 800/- and above.</td>
<td>12% of pay subject to a maximum of Rs. 150/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Rs 200/- and above but below Rs. 800/-</td>
<td>15% of pay subject to a maximum of Rs. 96/- and minimum of Rs. 60/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Below Rs 200/-.</td>
<td>30% of pay subject to a minimum of Rs. 40/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. Where an employee who has been a member of Family Pen-
sion Fund for a period not less than 7 years dies during the period of reckonable service, the above rate of family pension shall be subject to the following modification.

a) for a period of 7 years from the date of death or till the date on which the member of Family Pension Fund would have reached the age of 60 years had he remained alive, whichever period shorter the family pension payable shall be at 50% of pay last drawn in full subject to a maximum of twice the family pension mentioned in the table.

b) the family pension payable after the expiry of the period referred to in cl.(a) above shall be the same as in the table above.

8. The family Pension is payable—

a) to the widow or widower up to the death or re-marriage whichever is earlier.

b) failing (a), to the eldest surviving minor son until he attains the age of 18 years; and

c) failing (a), and (b), to the eldest surviving unmarried daughter until she attains the age of 21 years or marries whichever is earlier.

9. Where a member of Family Pension Fund dies during the period of reckonable service, a lumpsum of Rs. 1,000/- as life assurance benefit shall be payable to his family, provided the member had entered this scheme at the age of 25 or below;

10. On attaining the age of 60 years, a member of the Family Pension Fund who has contributed to the Fund for a period of not less than 2 years shall be paid a lumpsum of Rs. 4,000/- and thereafter he shall cease to be a member of Family Pension Fund. Where a member of the Family Pension Fund to whom any amount has become payable dies before the amount has been actually paid to him, the lumpsum payment shall be payable to a member of his family who would have been entitled to receive the family pension under the Scheme.

11. In the case of cessation of membership from Family Pension Fund before attaining the age of 60 years for reasons other than death, the following benefit shall accrue to the member of Family Pension Fund, provided he has paid contribution to the Family Pension Fund for not less than 2 years:

\[
\frac{Y - X}{60 - X} \times Rs. \, 4,000/- \times F. \quad X = \text{age of entry},
\]

\[
Y = \text{age at cessation of membership from the Family Pension Fund}; \quad \text{and}
\]
F = a factor depending on the age at cessation of membership from the Family Pension Fund as given in the Scheme.

12. In the case of cessation of membership from the Family Pension Fund, before the completion of 2 years' contributions of Family Pension Fund, the contributions of the member credited to Family Pension Fund together with interest thereon at a rate not less than 5½% per annum shall be refunded to him.

13. Where a person becomes a member of the Family Pension Fund after the age of 25 years, the aforesaid family pension, life assurance, retirement and withdrawal benefits shall be payable, in accordance with the provisions mentioned above multiplied by a factor, depending on the age at the entry given in the Scheme except for refund of his contributions, which is payable irrespective of the age at the time of entry into the Family Pension Scheme.

14. The amount of family pension, life assurance benefits and retirement benefits shall not in any case be capable of being assigned or charged and shall not be liable to attachment under any decree or order of any Court in respect of any debt or liability incurred by the member.

**Under Coal Mines Provident Fund, Family Pension & Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 and Coal Mines Family Pension Scheme, 1971.**

1. The Scheme applies to all coal mines to which the Coal Mines Provident Fund Schemes framed under sec. 3 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund, Family Pension and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (hereinafter referred to as the Provident Fund Schemes) apply.

2. This Scheme applies to every employee—
   a) who becomes a member on or after the 1st day of March, 1971;
   b) who has been a member immediately before the commencement of this Scheme and does not exercise his option.

3. A portion of the members' contribution equivalent to one and one-sixth per centum of his total emoluments and an equal amount from the employer's contribution to the Fund shall be diverted to the Family Pension Fund. The amount required to be so diverted shall be transferred from Fund Account No. I to a new Account No. 1 (Pension) to be opened in the State Bank of India, Dhanbad.

4. The Central Government shall contribute at the rate of 1-2/3 per centum of the total emoluments of the members of the Family Pension Fund and credit the contribution to the

6. In the case of a member who being a member of the Family Pension Fund at the age of 25 years or less dies during the period of reckonable service (service rendered by a member of Family Pension Fund in respect of which contributions are payable under this Scheme) before attaining the age of 60 years, family pension shall be paid at the rate specified in the table below subject to the condition that he has been a member of Family Pension Fund for a period of not less than 2 years.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pay of the member per month</th>
<th>Monthly rate of pension</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Rs. 800/- and above</td>
<td>12% of pay subject to a maximum of Rs. 150/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Rs. 200/- and above but below Rs. 800/-</td>
<td>15% of pay subject to a maximum of Rs. 96/-, and minimum of Rs. 60/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Below Rs. 200/-</td>
<td>30% of pay subject to a minimum of Rs. 40/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. Where an employee who has been a member of Family Pension Fund for a period not less than 7 years dies during the period of reckonable service, the above rate of family pension shall be subject to the following modification:

a) for a period of 7 years from the date of death or till the date on which the member of Family Pension Fund would have reached the age of 60 years had he remained alive, whichever period is shorter the family pension payable shall be at 50% of pay last drawn in full subject to a maximum of twice the family pension mentioned in the table.

b) the family pension payable after the expiry of the period referred to in cl. (a) above shall be the same as in the table above.

8. The family pension is payable—

a) to the widow or widower upto the date of death or remarriage whichever is earlier.

b) failing (a), to the eldest surviving minor son until he attains the age of 18 years: and

c) failing (a) and (b), to the eldest surviving unmarried daughter until she attains the age of 21 years or marries whichever is earlier.

9. Where a member of Family Pension Fund dies during the
period of reckonable service, a lumpsum of Rs. 1,000/- as life
assurance benefit shall be payable to his family, provided the
member had entered this Scheme at the age of 25 or below;

10. On attaining the age of 60 years, a member of the Family
Pension Fund who has contributed to the Fund for a period
of not less than 2 years shall be paid a lumpsum of Rs.
4,000/- and thereafter he shall cease to be a member of
Family Pension Fund. Where a member of the Family
Pension Fund to whom any amount has become payable
dies before the amount has been actually paid to
him, the lumpsum payment shall be payable to a member
of his family who would have been entitled to receive the
family pension under the Scheme.

11. In the case of cessation of membership from Family Pension
Fund before attaining the age of 60 years for reasons other
than death, the following benefit shall accrue to the member
of Family Pension Fund, provided he has paid contribution
to the Family Pension Fund for not less than 2 years:—

\[
\frac{Y - X}{60 - X} \times Rs. 4,000/- \times F
\]

\[
X = \text{age of entry}
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\[
Y = \text{age at cessation of membership from the Family Pension Fund; and}
\]

\[
F = \text{a factor depending on the age at cessation of membership from the Family Pension Fund as given in the Scheme}
\]

12. In the case of cessation of membership from the Family
Pension Fund, before the completion of 2 years' contributions
of Family Pension Fund, the contributions of the member
credited to Family Pension Fund together with interest
thereon at a rate not less than 5½% per annum shall be
refunded to him.

13. Where a person becomes a member of the Family Pension
Fund after the age of 25 years, the aforesaid Family pension
life assurance, retirement and withdrawal benefits shall be
payable in accordance with the provisions mentioned above
multiplied by a factory depending on the age at entry given
in the Scheme except for refund of his contributions, which
is payable irrespective of the age at the time of entry into the
Family Pension Scheme.

14. The amount of family pension, life assurance benefits and
retirement benefits shall not in any case be capable of being
assigned or charged and shall not be liable to attachment
under any decree or order of any court in respect of any
debt or liability incurred by the member.
PROCUREMENT OF PADDY DIRECT FROM PRODUCERS

* 2205 Q. — Sri S. Vemayya :- Will the hon. Minister for Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

whether there are proposals with the Government now to procure paddy directly from the producers in the State?

The Minister for Civil Supplies. (Sri A. Sanjeeva Reddy) :- No, Sir. There are no proposals as the Paddy Levy Scheme is not in force at present, but as a price support measure, the Government have asked the Food Corporation of India and the Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Marketing Federation to purchase paddy stocks directly from the producers at the Government notified procurement prices wherever offered by the producers voluntarily in the open market during the crop year 1970-71.
Sr. 78-00 to Rs. 75/- per quintal. In this situation, the middlemen are exploiting the entire situation. How are you going to check it up?

Sr. 92-00 to Rs. 75/- per quintal. The authorised price is only Rs. 50/- per quintal, but it is being sold for Rs. 75/- per quintal, and the middlemen are exploiting the entire situation. How are you going to check it up?

Sr. 50-00 to Rs. 50/- per quintal. Unless you control the price either by Government order, it will be Rs. 50/- per quintal. Unless you control the price, it will be Rs. 75/- per quintal. If prevention is better than cure, then prevention should be the order of the day.
432 16th August, 1971.

Oral Answers to Questions

What is the directive of the Government for all the districts?

The price is not fixed in the place. What is the directive of the Government for all the districts?

What is the directive of the Government for all the districts?
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1971. 433

Sri M. Manick Rao: Is there any proposal before the Government to subsidise the price?

Mr Speaker: What the Chief Minister said the other day was that the Government is taking steps to see that every kilo of rice is sold at Re. 1/-. If necessary, they are going to subsidise. He has made a statement on the floor of the House almost amounting to an assurance.

Sri C. V. K. Rao: When will that come into force in the districts? It has not been implemented that way. When will the price of Re. 1/- per KG come into force?

Mr. Speaker: A statement was made on the 11th or 12th. Let us wait for a week.

Ms. Speaker: You can’t discuss food policy during question hour. You must also realise what you have to say.

(POSTPONED QUESTION FROM 10-8-71)

ALLEGATION AGAINST POLICE TRANSPORT OFFICER, PETLABURJ.

351—

* 242 Sri Badrivishal Pitti: Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) Whether any petition dated 28-8-1970 has been received from Sri P. Gopala Reddy of Ghasmandi, Secunderabad containing allegations of corruption against the Police Transport Officer of Petlaburj, Hyderabad.

(b) if so, the nature of the said allegations and whether the said matter has been enquired into; and

(c) if so, the nature of action taken thereon?

Sri I Vengala Rao: (a) Yes. Sir.
(b) The allegations are that the Police Transport Officer is having some underhand dealings with certain companies and making money.

An enquiry was made into the allegations.

(c) As the allegations were found to be baseless, further action was dropped in the matter.

Sri J. Vengal Rao: The lowest tender rate was accepted at the rate of Rs. 190 for the supply of required material quoted by M. S. Harish Sri Thakur. That was the lowest and the same was accepted.

II Short Notice Questions and Answers

Vacant Posts of Health Inspectors

By

S, N. Q. No. 2485-G. Smt. Ramakumari Devi, (Madugula)

Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that about 1500 Health Inspector posts are vacant in the Maintenance Phase of National Malaria Eradication Programme thereby leading to Malaria positive cases not being treated in time;

(b) whether there is a proposal from the Director of Medical and Health Services to post Grade-II Surveillance Inspectors as in the case of consolidation phase; and

(c) if so, the action taken in this regard?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: (a) No. Sir, At present 212 posts of Health Inspectors are vacant under National Malaria Eradication Programme Scheme.

(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) The matter is under consideration of Government. Steps have also been taken to train sufficient number of qualified personnel.

Smt. Ramakumari Devi: - What the hon. Minister has said is not satisfactory. As a matter of fact, at present the persons working there are supposed to be malaria inspectors and not sanitary inspectors. They do not need the qualifications which are necessary for sanitary inspectors. The posts are still vacant -1500.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: - I have already submitted there are only 212 vacant posts. To promote second Grade Inspectors is under consideration of the Government.

Smt. Ramakumari Devi: - How long time does it take? There are a number of cases like filaria, small pox, etc and they are suffering. Recently a reply was given by the Department to my own question on the subject, in which Karimnagar and Visakhapatnam Districts have been completely left out, so far as malaria is concerned.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: - We have already started training courses in Kurnool and Gandhi Medical College with an intake of 700. We will be able to get trained hands. If we are not in a position to get trained hands, we will fill up by promoting the people.

POLICE ATROCITIES IN NELLORE TOWN

440—B

S. N. Q. No. 7486-D Sri A. Madhava Rao: - Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state: -

(a) whether the Government are aware of the Police atrocities in Nellore Town which are becoming innumerable since 20-7-1971 till now, in the name of traffic control resulting in public panic; and

(b) whether the Government propose to conduct any enquiry into the several representations received by the public in this regard.

Sri J. Vengala Rao: -

(a) No atrocities have been committed by the Police Prior to or after 20-7-1971 in Nellore Town in the name of traffic control resulting in public panic;

(b) The question does not arise.

Short notice Questions and Answers.

Sir. Madam :-

a) Whether our State Government have sent representatives to the meetings of the "General Purpose Committee" belonging to "Central Apprenticeship Council" held last year;

b) Whether the said Committee has decided to enhance the Stipend of the Apprenticeship trainees by Rs. 20/-;

c) Whether the Director General of Employment and Training

SENDING OF REPRESENTATIVES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE COMMITTEE

440—C

S. N. Q. No. 2484-L Sri Badrivishal Pitti (Maharaiganj) :- Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

a) Whether our State Government have sent representatives to the meetings of the "General Purpose Committee" belonging to "Central Apprenticeship Council" held last year;

b) Whether the said Committee has decided to enhance the Stipend of the Apprenticeship trainees by Rs. 20/-;

c) Whether the Director General of Employment and Training
has strongly recommended that the State Government have to inten-
sify their efforts for doubling the number of Apprentices;

d) if so, the main features of the apprenticeship programme, and

e) the steps taken by the Government to intensify this pro-
gramme?

Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy:

a), b) and c) Yes, Sir.

d) 1. To produce skilled workers in the context of the rapid
   growth of the industrial sector after independence.

   2. To regulate the training of apprentices in the industry-on-the-
   job training will be provided to both freshers as well as ex-Industria-
   Training Institute boys and the trainees will be learning while earning.

   3. Compulsory engagement of apprentices by every employer
   carrying on a notified industry.

   4. The scheme helps to increase the productivity of the un-orga-
nised labour through a systematic training and solves the unemploy-
ment problem to a great extent.

   5. The scheme provides for diversification of apprenticeship pro-
gramme to meet the changing demand of skilled Craftsmen.

e) Registered notices are being issued wherever necessary to all
those defaulting establishments and to the establishments who are
partially implementing the Act, explaining the provisions of the

The Principals of Industrial Training Institutes who are designa-
ted as Ex-Officio Assistant Apprenticeship Advisers in their jurisdi-
cction were also directed to visit the establishments and to meet the
employers personally to see that the allotment of apprentices made to
each industry is fully engaged by every employer so as to reach the

target.

The Officers and the Surveyors at the Head Quarters will also be
making constant visits to the establishments in Twin cities and in
districts to see that the implementation of the Apprentices Act, 1961
in this State is achieved with full success. The Progress is being
reviewed periodically.

श्री बदरी विशाल पिठी :- यह जो स्ट्रैपेंड 20 रुपये बढाने
के लिए है क्या वह दिया जा रहा है।

श्री जी. संजीव रेड्डी :- 20 रुपये बढाने के लिए भारत
सरकार से इंस्ट्रुक्शन आया है। जी. ओ. नहीं आया है। फिर भी
हम इंग्लैंड से हस के इंग्लीशेंट करने के लिए लिखे हैं। जब तक
भारत सरकार आरड़स नहीं मेंजती हम एक्शन नहीं लें सकते।
Written Answers to Questions

196—

823 Q.—Sri P. Venkatasubbiah :- Will Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are considering to take over Gudur-Yerur road from the control of Nellore Zilla Parishad;

(b) if so, when?

A :-

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

TAKING OVER THE ROAD BETWEEN TUGGALI AND MADDIKERA

197—

874 Q.—Sri K. Eswara Reddy :- Will Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the resolution passed by the Zilla Parishad Kurnool requesting the Roads and Buildings Department to take over the road between Tuggali and Maddikera in Partikondal taluk of Kurnool District has been received by the Roads and Buildings Department; and

(b) if so, the reason why the said road has not been taken over by the Roads and Buildings Department so far?

A :-

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

HANDING OVER TWO MILE ROAD TO R. & B. DEPARTMENT

198—

875 Q.—Sri K. Eswara Reddy :- Will Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:
Written Answers to Questions 16th August, 1971.

(a) whether it is a fact that the resolution passed by the Zilla Parishad, Kurnool expressing its willingness to hand over the two mile road which is under the control of Zilla Parishad, Kurnool in Pattikonda limits on Pattikonda-Gooty road, to Roads and Buildings Department;

(b) if so, the reasons for not taking over of that two mile road portion by the Roads and Buildings Department; and

(c) whether the said road will be taken over and repaired immediately?

A:

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) & (c): It will be taken over by Roads and Buildings Department as and when funds are available.

TALUK OFFICE BUILDING AT PÁRVATHIPURAM

199—

859 Q.—Sri M. B. Parankusam:— Will the Hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware of the fact that the taluk office building at Parvathipuram, Srikakulam District which was built fifty years back, is having accommodation too inadequate for its present needs; and

(b) whether new rooms will be constructed immediately for providing proper office accommodation to the staff?

A:

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The estimates and plans are being prepared by the Executive Engineer (Roads and Buildings) Srikakulam for construction of new blocks in Taluk Office compound at Parvathipuram to provide additional accommodation to the staff.

REDUCTION OF PENALTIES ON ILLEGAL CULTIVATION

200—

1688 Q.—Sri Danekula Narasimham:— Will the Hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government will reduce the amount of penalties being levied on illegal cultivation from ten times to two times; and

(b) if so, the date from which it will be reduced?

A:

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
11 (2202) Q.-

**SARVASRI R. SATYANARAYANA RAJU AND MD. RAJAB ALI:**

Will the Hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) the district-wise number of panchayats in the State on which surcharge has been imposed to the end of the year 1968-69 together with the amount of surcharge imposed on them;

(b) the amount so far collected from the surpanchhas of the panchayats and their number;

(c) the number of surpanchhas from whom the same has not been collected so far together with the number of them holding the office now and the number not holding the office at present;

(d) the amount due upto 10-3-70 from the Surpanchhas not in offices and the steps taken by the Government to recover the same; and

(e) whether a list of surpanchhas against whom Civil and Criminal proceedings have been taken for the purpose of recovery of the said amounts will be placed on the table of the House?

**A:**

(a) to (e) A statement showing the details is placed on the Table of the house.

As regards the steps taken by Government to recover the surcharged amounts, it is for the District Panchayat Officers and the Divisional Panchayat Officers concerned to take appropriate action either by persuasion or by way of civil suits. The District Panchayat Officers and Divisional Panchayat Officers have been requested to take effective and prompt action to recover the dues.
Statement showing the number of Gram Panchayats and amount recovered etc. (L. A. ANDH)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>Number of Gram Panchayats on which surcharge has been imposed by the end of the year 1968-69.</th>
<th>Amount of surcharge imposed on them.</th>
<th>Amount so far collected from the surpanches of panchayats.</th>
<th>No, cov column.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>East Godavari.</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>14761-00</td>
<td>5495-40</td>
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<tr>
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<td>West Godavari.</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>79012-77</td>
<td>40211-44</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Srikakulam.</td>
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<td>33875-31</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Krishna.</td>
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<td>220568-95</td>
<td>90635-45</td>
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<td>Kurnool.</td>
<td>409</td>
<td>91379-73</td>
<td>21358-87</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Anantapur.</td>
<td>318</td>
<td>172389-63</td>
<td>91803-75</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Cuddapah.</td>
<td>358</td>
<td>260494-98</td>
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<td>9</td>
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<td>325568-57</td>
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<td>10</td>
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<td>135376-65</td>
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<td>Chittoor.</td>
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<td>Nellore.</td>
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<td><strong>1698335-63</strong></td>
<td><strong>582985-24</strong></td>
<td><strong>1950</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Written Answers to Questions,

Statement showing the number of Gram Panchayats
amount recovered etc. (L. A.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>Number of Gram Panchayats on which surcharge has been imposed by the end of the year 1968-69.</th>
<th>Amount of surcharge imposed on them</th>
<th>Amount so far collected from the surcharges of panchayats</th>
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<tr>
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<td>9</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td><strong>Total:</strong></td>
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</table>
Statement showing Districtwise particulars of the names of Sarpanchas against whom Civil and Criminal proceedings were taken.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>Name of the surchargee</th>
<th>Name of the Gram Panchayat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>East Godavari.</td>
<td>1. Sri V. Challa Rao</td>
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<td>2. K. Venkataraju.</td>
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<td>3. P. Venkateswararao.</td>
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<td>4. P. Narasimha Murthy</td>
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<td>5. P. Musalayya.</td>
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<td>6. A. Satyanarayana Murthy</td>
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<td>7. B. Ramachandra Rao.</td>
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<td>8. B. Veera Raghavulu.</td>
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<td>9. K. Mulaswamy.</td>
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<td>10. D. Appalanarasimha Raju.</td>
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<td>11. G. Viswaswara Rao.</td>
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14. " Y. Janakiramaiah. (Ex. President) — Koderu
15. " P. Subbarao. (Ex. President) — Bhimalapuram
16. " Bh. Lakshminarasaraju. (Ex. President) — Jinuru
17. " D. Narasaiah. (Ex. President) — K. Chikkala
18. " G. Latehiraju. (Ex. President) — K. Chikkala
19. " V. Satyanarayananamurthy. (Ex. President) — Rayakuduru
20. " K. Venkatarama Raju. (Ex. President) — Gollalakoderu
21. " K. Pullam Raju. (Ex. President) — Tholeru
22. " Reddy Ramanna. (Ex. President) — B. Kondepadu
24. " K. Venkatesu. (Ex. President) — Sanigudem
25. " N. Balabhadrudu. (Ex. President) — K. Kannapuram
26. " Ch. Pullayya. (Ex. President) — Koppaka
27. " B. Pullayya. (Ex. President) — Ramasingavaram

2. " S. Venkataswamy. — Pathapuram
3. " N. Ramamurthy. — Jagannadhavalasa
4. " P. Joginaidu. — Parlagraharam
5. " A. Atakesam. — Koturusirigam
6. " P. Ramamurthynaidu. — Kapusambham
7. " M. Adinarayana. — Lakkimididi
8. Sri B. Gurivinaidu. Seetapuram
9. ,, V. Latchamma. Santhabommali
10. ,, Killada Narayana Rao. Gumpada
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
11. ,, Pannada Ramnaidu. Panta
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
12. ,, Majji Kasiviswanadham. Masimanda
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
13. ,, Srikakulapu Ramamurthy. Kotasirala
     (Present Sarpanch)
     Bappadala Venkunaidu.
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
14. ,, Padalam Narayana. Karrimala
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
15. ,, P. Sivunnaidu. Nidagallu
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
16. ,, V. Narasimham Sunki
     (Ex. President)
17. ,, Y. Jagannadhaswamy. Lakshminarayana-
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
     Puram.
4. Visakha-
     patnam.
1. ,, V. Atchanna Pantulu. Vakapadu
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
2. ,, T. Atchayya. Aratlakota
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
3. ,, P. Yerranna. Burugupalem
     (Ex. Sarpanch)
5. Krishna.
1. ,, S. Antharvedaiah. Vinnakota
2. ,, B. Sobhanadri. Pedapalaparru
3. ,, P. Butchaiah. Kundavari
     Khandrika
4. ,, P. Krishnamurthy. Garapatu
5. ,, V. Kutumbarao. Ponukumada
6. ,, G. K. S. R. Anjaneyulu. Tukkulluru
7. ,, P. V. Narasareddi. Reddigudem
8. ,, Md. Khasim. Gangoor
1. ,, K. Veernna. Basarakodu
     Billekal
2. Sri G. Sanjeevanna, Basarakondu Billekal
3. , K. Ramanna Gowd, -do-
4. , C. Siva Reddi, Basapuram
5. , R. Musali Reddy, Enigabala
6. , K. Ramanna, Gurujala
7. , J. Thimma Reddy, Dowalathapuram
8. , J. Jayarami Reddy, -do-
9. , B. Bullana Gowd, Bevenahal
10. , S. Siddana Gowd, -do-
11. , S. Laxmi Reddy, -do-
12. , C. R. Rami Reddy, Taskibanda
13. , B. Gadilinganna Gowd, Kokkarschedu
14. , B. Naganna Gowd, -do-
15. , K. Ramanna Gowd, Bevenahal
16. , K. Veeranna, -do-
17. , G. Sanjivanna, -do-
18. , K. Veernna, -do-
19. , M. Advi Gowd, Bapuram
20. , P. Linga Reddy, -do-
21. , M. Adivivi Gowd, -do-
22. , P. Linga Reddy, -do-
23. , J. janardhana Singh, Marlamadiki
24. , B. C. Ramakrishna Reddy, Gargeyapuram
25. , P. V. Ranga Reddy, -do-
26. , E. Madduleti Reddy, Mamidalapadu
27. , B. Madduleti Reddy, Rudravaram
28. , R. Laxmaiah, -do-
29. , K. Chinna Reddy, -do-
30. , R. Laxmaiah, -do-
31. , K. Chinna Reddy, -do-
32. , T. Hussaiah Reddy, Siddeswaram
33. , G. Hanumanna, Pottudoddi
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34. Sri G. Subba Reddy
35. ,, V. Bali Reddy.
36. ,, V. Bali Reddy.
37. ,, P. V. Subbaiah.
38. ,, P. Swami Reddy.
40. ,, E. Narayana Reddy.
41. ,, J. C. Ragaswamy.
42. ,, M. Nagi Reddy.
43. ,, M. Ch'innaramaiah.
44. ,, B. Pulla Reddy.
45. ,, D. Ramakrishna Reddy.
46. ,, Allur Reddy. M.

2. ,, M. Thimmaiah.
3. ,, K. Anjanappa.
4. ,, K. Nagendraiah.
5. ,, M. V. Chalapathi.
7. ,, J. Appaji Sastri.
8. ,, Y. Rangappa.
9. ,, Y. Narasimhareddy.
10. ,, Puttacherlu.
11 ,, P. Mallappa.
12. ,, M. Govindareddy.
13. ,, K. Venkatanarayanappa.
14. ,, Mallappa.
15. ,, G. Venkatareddy.
16. ,, N. Narasimhareddy.
17. ,, Y. Venkatarayudu.
19. ,, C. Sivaramireddy.
20. ,, A. Giriyappa.
21 N Rangappa

Billalapuram
Chabolu
Santhajutur
Bhupanapadu
Kristipadu
Dornipadu
Mittakandala
Jutur
Abdullapuram
Pamulapadu
Kothapalli
Chilamilla
Siddepalli
Seegipalli
Beechiganti
Vittapalli
Utakur
do-
Gowrivari
Kanchisamudram
Moda
Settipalli
Santhebidi
Kondur
Sirekolam
Pulamathi
'Bevinahalli
Maluguru
Kothur
Demakhetepalli
Parigi
Kammavari
Valigepalli
Puleru.
22. D. Venkataramanappa
23. Chinnarangaraddi
24. A. V. Sajjappa
25. P. Venkataramanappa
26. C. Nagappa
27. P. Sadassivareddy
28. V Narayananreddy
29. R. Chinnappaiah
30. M. Saunappaiah
31. M. Narasimhareddy
32. D. P. Rami Reddy
33. U. Mareappa
34. H. Sama Rao
35. N. Range Gowd
36. Chinnakesavareddy
37. Gane Gowd
38. R. Nagabhushanam
39. C. Mallanna
40. Y. H. Kariyappa
41. V. Karivanna
42. H. D. Mahadev Gowd
43. Hanumanthasayappa
44. G. Nanjudaih
45. Giriyappa
46. Chikkeregowd
47. Ch. Thimma Gowd
48. G. Hanumanthareddy
49. Tilla Rathnajah
50. H. Papanna
51. A. Venkata Rao
52. K. R. Govindaiah
53. P. jaganadh Chetty
54. A. Rami Reddy
55. Khasim Peeran
56. ,, T. Ramaswamy. Inagaluru
57. ,, R. Venkatareddy. Reddipalli
58. ,, P. Siddareddy. Bonthalapalli
59. ,, K. Vemareddy. Veparalla
60. ,, L. Subbireddy. Muthyalacheruuv
61. ,, P. Narappa. -do-
62. ,, Valasa Narasappa. Donnikota
63. ,, S. K. Ramaiah. Gunjepalli
64. ,, K. Subbireddy. Gandlapenta
65. ,, A. Narasimhulu. O. D. Cheruvu
66. ,, K. Khaja Mohanddeen. Kummavandlapalli
67. ,, G. Chinna Reddappa. Nambulapalikunta
68. ,, K. Pakkerappa. Oruvoy
69. ,, Tathireddygari Nagireddy. Darsimala
70. ,, C. Lakshminagappa. Obulaparam
71. ,, M. Mustoorappa. Kannepalli
72. ,, G. Hanumanthappa. Kambadur
73. ,, G. Chinna Thimmappa. Duddecunta
74. ,, K. Thippaiah. West Kodipali
75. ,, K. Anjaneyulu. Sreerangapuram
76. ,, M. Anjaneyulu. -do-
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84. ,, Chinnaveerawamy. -do-
85. ,, G. Govindappa. Vyasapuram
86. ,, V. Sreeramulu. Chamalur
87. ,, Ghouse Mohiddin. Nadimidoddi
88. ,, B. Lakshmi Reddy. Kandukur
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89. "", V. Sreeramulu. Penkacherla
90. "", S Perumalla. Menneela
91. "", G. Lakshmirveddy. Alamur
92. "", P. Narayanareddy. Illur
93. "", B. Venkatesu. Kallumadi
94. "", Sunkurangappa. Chakryapeta
95. "", Y. Chennareddy. Bukkacherla
96. "", G. Thirupalappa. Narpala
97. "", K. Subbireddy. Akuledu
98. "", R. Balavenkataramappa. Marur
99. "", D Venkataiah. Gownivaripalli
100. "", M. Mallanna. Dharmapuram
101. "", B. Malliaiah. Pasalur
102. "", D. P. Narayanareddy. Vemulapadu
103. "", B. Rangareddy. Velamakur
104. "", M. Obulesu. Peddapappur
105. "", S. Ramireddy. Puttur
106. "", B. Rameswarareddy. do
107. "", Peddanarasimhulu. Jutur
108. "", B. C. Thippareddy. Nagaru
109. "", B. Rangappa. do
110. "", V. Rangamuniaiah. Medikurthi
111. "", B. Kullai Reddy. Kallur
112. "", M. Anjanaiah. Chabala
113. "", M. Pullanna. Kristipadu
114. "", M. Naranasubbaiah. do
115. "", Parvathamma. Kammakhipeta
116. "", P. Venkatareddy. Koienapalli
117. "", K. B. Vennuramma. Renumakulapalli
118. "", P. C. Venkataramanappa. Lathavaram
119. "", K. Hanumanthareddy. Gajarampalli
120. "", Patal Rachanne Gowd. Gulapalyam
121. "", Mallesi Gowd. Palthur
122. "", G. Venkataramana. Appcherla
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123. Sri K. Sivaramireddy.  Kadadarabench
124. P. Ramachandrareddy.  Nelagonda
125. G. Thimmareddy.  Kamalapadi
126. K. B. Kesanna.  Veligonda
127. M. Anjanappa.  Ramapuram
128. K. Balachennareddy.  Peddavaduguru

     2. P. Krishnaiah.  Mangampet
     3. N. Venkatasubba Reddy.  Ananthaihgarippalli
     4. B. Grivi Reddy.  K. Buduguntapalli
     5. M. Chenchi Reddy.  Mylapalli
     6. S. Shamer Basha.  Apparajupet
     7. N. Chinnaih.  do
     8. B. V. Subbaiah.  Pullampet,
     9. A. Subbarayudu.  do
    10. T. R. Krishna Reddy.  do
    11. B. Venkata Subbaiah.  Reddipalli
    12. N. Narasa Reddy.  Devamachupalli
    13. A. Narasa Reddy.  do
    15. V. Venkata Reddy.  Cherlopalli
    16. N. Venkata Subbaiah.  Rajukunta
    17. B. Pichireddy.  Kamnasamudram
    18. T. Chandra Reddy.  Yerraguntlakota
    19. K. Abbi Reddy.  do
    20. B. Sambaiah.  Malempuram.
    21. M. Venkatasubbanaidu.  do
    26. P. Subbarayudu.  Machupalli
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<td>Tudumaladinne</td>
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61. Sri C. Gangi Reddy
62. ,, D. L. Venkataswamy Reddy
63. ,, K. Subba Reddy
64. ,, T. Subba Reddy
65. ,, M. Siva Kota Reddy
66. ,, K. Malla Reddy
67. ,, Y. Chinna Musal Reddy
68. ,, P. Venkataiah
69. ,, Y. Mallaiah
70. ,, V. Narayana Reddy
71. ,, N. Narayana
72. ,, B. Narapa Reddy
73. ,, C. Chalama Reddy
74. ,, M. Venkatesu
75. ,, M. Bala Maisura Reddy
76. Smt. S. Saradamba
77. Sri K. Obul Reddy
78. ,, K. Rami Reddy
79. ,, A. Narasaramaiah
80. ,, M. Gangi Reddy
81. ,, K. Jayarami Reddy
82. ,, D. Narasaiah
83. ,, T. Audinarayana Reddy
84. ,, V. Narasimhayya Chetty
85. ,, K. Adiseshiaiah
86. ,, M. Sreenivasas Raju
87. ,, A. Narayana Reddy
88. ,, B. Ramachandra Reddy
89. ,, K. Yesurathnam
90. ,, M Gurivi Reddy
91. ,, U. Krishnappa
92. ,, B P. Narasimham
93. ,, L. Konda Reddy
94. ,, M Peddaveera Reddy

Tummalur
Khajipet
Pathur
Dumpalagattu
Mollakalva
Thippireddipalli
Upparapalli
Akkayapalli
Pendlimarri
Kondur
Potladurthi
Animela
Indukur
Podadurthi
Nidujuvvi
Dinnavadu
Chekrayapat
Araveedu
Dinnavadu
Kuppatam
Kumarakalva
Narasupalli
Chinnamandem
Devagudipalli
Sambepalli
M. Kambaladinne
Peddandlur
Ramachandrapalli
Ponnampalle
Veparala
Panalur
Brahmanapalli
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<td>Parnapalli</td>
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<td>&quot; A. Pulla Reddy</td>
<td>Gollolagudam</td>
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<td>Y. Kothapalli</td>
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| 2. | " M. Nagaiah | Neerukonda |
| 3. | " J. Ammayya | Pedavadlapudi |
| 4. | " A. Kotaiah | do |
| 5. | " G. Prakasa Rao | Krishnayapalem |
| 6. | " Ch. S. Krishnaiah | Chadalawada |
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7. Sri V. Basavanarayana Peravalipalem
8. " V. Moshe Vellabadu
9. " J. Satyanarayana Krapa
10. " K. Anjaiah Koditadiparru
11. " G. Venkateswarlu do
12. " B. Srikrishnaiah Kondamudi
13. " M. Sitharamaiah Pyaparru
14. " Y. Uamaheswara Rao Bodapadu
15. " M. Gopalam Davaluru
16. " T. Nancharaiah Pedalanka
17. " S. Pothuraju do
18. " K. Lakshmipathi Chempadu
19. M. Muthaiah do
20. M. V. KrishnaiMohi Pamidivaripalem
21. " T. Bhavaiah Upparapalem
22. " B. Venkateswarlu Enugupalem
23. " G. Subbaramaiah do
24. " Kotta kotaiah Putchanuthala
25. " Jagarlamudi Chowdari Puvvada
26. " Ikka Linga Reddy Inavolu
27. " M. Yellamanda Gokanakonda
28. " Koteswara Rao do
29. " D. Peraiah Pitchikalapalem

1. " D. Ranga Reddy Racherla
2. " V. Venkata Subbaiah Dornala
3. " V. Venkata Reddy Jammanpalli
4. " S. Ranga Reddy Ardhaveedu
5. " C. Anki Reddy Ammanigudipadu
6. " M. Gunda Reddy Idupur
7. " K. Kotaiah Chapalamadeugu
8. " S. Veeraiah Gajjalakonda
do
9. " T. Dibba Reddy Edvalli
10. " Gopili Reddy Gurrapusala
11. " S. Narasimha Raju
12. Sri M. Rosi Reddy
13. A. S. Laxamaiah
14. Y. Chenchi Reddy
15. S. Bala Rangaiah
16. M. Narasimham
17. P. Kesavalu
18. C. Kondaiah
19. K. Kondaiah
20. G. V. Subba Reddy
21. B. Kondaiah
22. B. Kotaiah Naidu
23. K. Venkataramanaiah
24. P. Veerapa Naidu
25. K. Kondaiah
26. S. Brahmas
27. L. Vengal Reddy
28. M. Subbaiah
29. K. Rami Reddy
30. Palicherla Narasa Reddy
31. Kakumani Chenchu Reddy
32. B. Gunnaiah
33. U. Buchiraju
34. P. Sridhara Rao
35. P. Basavaiah
36. D. Sreeramulu
37. K. Singaiah
38. S. Malakonda Reddy
39. Pulla Reddy (D)
40. Tirupati Reddy
41. V. China Ramanaiah
42. D. Malakonda Reddy
43. Y. Malakondaiah
44. P. Kotaiah
45. G. Nagaiah

Gudimetta
do

Tippayapalem
Anumulapalli
Kakur
Anandapuram
Patchava
Ravulakollu
Singarabhotlapalem
Kondasamudram
Pokur
Pedakondlagunta
Veeraraghavunikota
Kakur
Tangella
Polinenicheruvu
Tangella
Nennurapadu
Palurdondapadu
Tumadu
Annaboynapalli
Veerapalli
Mogilicherla
Mannetikota
Gudlur
Nandanavanam
Chinalatarpì
Kutagundla
Vemulapadu
D. G. Peta
Kovelamadu
Ummanapalli
Gudipadu
Pothavaram
46. Sri D. Pothaiah  
Godigutlapadu
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Gosulavedu
48. „ P. Alluraiah  
Chakirala
49. „ B. Subbarayudu  
Takkellapadu
50. „ Venkateswarlu  
Badguleru
51. „ D. Venkata Reddy  
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52. „ I. Krishna Reddy  
Tallur
53. „ A Ramaiah  
Samanthapudi
54. „ K. China Nagaiah  
Bandiveligandla
55. „ L. Chennareddi  
Lakkavaram
56. „ B. Kotilingaiah  
Milavaram
57. „ D. Nagireddi  
Kellampalli
58. „ A Pullaiah  
Tanamchintala
59. „ S. Syamala Rao  
Edara
60. „ A. Nagaiah  
Bhumanapalli
61. „ D. Subba Reddy  
Peddannapalem
62. „ S. Rami Reddy  
Veddimatupu
63. „ N. Ellamandaiah  
Avulamanda
64. „ S. Krishnaiah  
Manginipudi
65. „ D. Dastagiri  
Rudrasamudram
66. „ M. Pedasubbaiah  
Kothagolipu
67. „ Chalama Reddy  
Nagendlamudugu
68. „ T. Nagaiah  
Sangapuram
69. „ V. Chinakondaiah  
West Lakshmipuram
70. „ R. Venkata Subbaiah  
Venkatapura

71. „ K. Venkatapathi Raju  
A lakurapadu
72. „ U. Seshamraj  
Ananthavaram
73. „ Ch. Sreeramulu Reddy  
Chejerla
74. „ Boduluri Hanumaiah  
Devarmapadu
75. „ Ulchi Koti Reddy  
Madanur
76. „ K. Venkata Krishna Reddy  
Madanur
77. „ G. Venkateswarlu  
Padarthy
78. „ Ch. Venkata Krishnaiah  
Vallur
79. Sri R. Venkateswara Reddy
80. ,, P. Audiseshaiah
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82. ,, Ch. Venku Reddy
83. ,, B. Survanaravana
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94. ,, P. Subbarao
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106. ,, R. China Subbarayudu
107. ,, G. Venkatapaiah
108. ,, G. Umamahesswara Rao
109. ,, Geddam Subbareddy
110. ,, Battula Lingaiah
111. ,, Navab Syda Saheb

Rudravaram
Lingamgunta
Maddipadu
Nelatur
Doddavarappadu
Chandrapadu
Rachavaripalem
Throvagunta
Kondamanjulur
Ramakur
Valaparla
Chinakothapalli
Ramayapalem
Koniki
Dharmavaram
Dhenuvakonda
Chandalur
Ravinuthala
Nagulapadu
Addanki
Duddukur
Bollapalli
Bheemavaram
Kamepalli
Rajupalem
Santhamagulur
Punnur
Kommalapadu
11. **Chittoor.**

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35. " D Nagi Reddy Motumallela
36. " C. R. Gangaiiah Nellimanda
37. " P. Mal Reddi Mudivedu,
38. " Y. Jayarama Reddy Nadimikandriga
39. " A. Vengama Naidu Irkipenta
40. " K. Venkatrama Naidu -do-
41. " G. Venkata Reddy Thippireddigaripalle
42. " P. V. Munreddy Bodevandalapalle
43. " K. Narasimha Reddy Kalicherla
44. " K. Narayana Reddy Palamanda
45. " S. Inaithulla Saheb Mutukur
46. " M. Mogilappa Gowdu Muthukur
47. " S. Virupoannaiah A. Kothakota
48. " S. Venkatramanappa Ellutla
49. " D. Mahaboobkhan Gurramkoda
50. " K. Nagi Reddy Bodumalluvapalle
51. " C. Krishna Reddy Pallavolu
52. " B. Venkatadri Chintalavarpalle
53. " K. Subbaraghava Reddi Chinthagunta
54. " M. Venkatappa Naidu Mellacherruv
55. " A. Sudarsna Rao Kotala
56. " P. R. Purushothamaiah Mendaladodd
57. " K. Ramachandra Rao Pathurnathem
58. " A. Munaswamy Cheelepalle
59. Sri Nanjundachari 60. ,, C. Bojjachari 64. Peddur
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63. ,, T. V. Venkatappa 64. Kenamakulapalle 66. ,, V. Kota
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78. ,, G. Narayana Raju 78. ,, Sri Venkataperumal raja Kandriga
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80. ,, E. Ellappa Reddy 80. ,, Surappakasam
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83. ,, M. Jayarama Reddi 83. ,, Venkatapuram
84. ,, D. Venkatrayulu Chetty 84. ,, Chittathur
85. ,, C. Eswara Reddy 85. ,, Pillamedu
86. ,, P. Veeraswamy Reddy 86. ,, -do-
87. ,, P. Krishinforma Reddy 87. ,, -do-
88. ,, M. A. Jabbar 88. ,, Obulaiahpalle
89. ,, K. Subba Reddy 89. ,, Chellur
90. ,, Anjur

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90. Sri M. Jayarami Reddy  
91. " V. V. Subba Reddy  
92. " V. Radhakrishnaiah Chetty  
93. " D. Chenga Reddy  
94. " E. Narisimha Reddy  
95. " L. Ramakrishna Naidu  
96. " C. Mannachi Raju  
97. " G. Sundara Raju  
98. " S. Krishnama Raju  
99. " T. Ramaswamy Reddy  
100 " B. Chenga Reddy  
101. " P. Subrahmanyam Naidu  
102. " B. Muddukrishna Reddy  
103. " P. Ramakrishnama Naidu  
104. " P. Lokanatha Reddy  
105. " P. Muthaiah  
106. " M. Ramakrishna Mudali  
107. " K. Govinpapillai  
108. " S. Rama Naidu  
109. " M. Munaswamy Naidu  
110. " K. Damodaram Naidu and Legal heir of K. Kuppanaidu  
111. " A. Doraswamy Naidu  
112. " A. Venkatanarasimha Reddy  
113. " V. Narayana Raju  
114. " R. Veeraranghavulu Naidu  
115. " A. Balasubrahmanayam  
116. " K. Jayarama Raju  

Chittathur  
Pandur  
Papanaidu  
Samudeyam  
Erikambattu  
Narasimharajapuram  
Vijavapuram  
Neasamur  
Arur  
Erikumbattu  
Settivanatham  
Kakavedu  
Muddukuppam  
Chavarambakkam  
Simharapuram  
Thimmapuram  
Keelagaram  
Therani  
Ramasamudram  
Mangalam  
Melapattu  
Kothapalle  
Gundraju-kuppam  
Thirumalakuppam  
Chavarambakam  
Nindra  
Sriharipuram  
### Written Answers to Questions

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Written Answers to Questions.

147.ś,, V. Subba Naidu
148.ś,, Mayakrishna Mudali
149.ś,, T. Venga-manaiidu
150.ś,, N. M. Surayya

12. Nellore
1. Sri D. Venkataiah
2.ś,, C. Yanadireddy
3.ś,, V. Subbareddy
4.ś,, P. Subbaramireddy
5.ś,, N. Subbaramaiah
6.ś,, G. Malakondareddy
7.ś,, M. Venkataswamy
8.ś,, K. Venkaiah
9.ś,, T. Venkatareddy
10.ś,, T. Venkataratnam Naidu
11.ś,, D. Ramaragha Reddy
12.ś,, I. Srinivasulu Reddy
13.ś,, B. Joseph
14.ś,, P. Venkataramireddy
15.ś,, M. Sreehari Rao
16.ś,, P. Subbaramireddy
17.ś,, U. Rangaiah
18.ś,, M. Subbareddy
19.ś,, D. Pullareddy
20.ś,, L. Chanchaiah
21.ś,, N. Polaiah
22.ś,, D. Sanjeevaiah
23.ś,, P. Venkaiah
24.ś,, P Pullaiah
25.ś,, R. Ramakrishnaiah
26.ś,, D. Venkatareddy
27.ś,, D. Balaramireddy
28.ś,, B. Ramanareddy
29.ś,, T. Venkatakrishnareddy

Diguvamasapalle
Doddipalle
Gudipala
do
Kalichedu
Peddaputhedu
Ananthasagaram
Viduvalur
Balireddipalem
Rangasamudram
Kandriga (Ponguru)
Devaravemuru
Battepadu
do
Tippavarapadu
Northrajapalem
-do-
do-
Kothapatnam
Telugurayapuram
Kothapatnam
Boyilacheruvela
Mamudur
Kullur
Kudiri
Bujabujanellore
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Chintavaram
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Kothapalli-kovurgunta
Uggumudi
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<td>A. Gangireddy</td>
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<td>T. Krishiah</td>
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</table>
Written Answers to Questions.  

96. " M. Ramachandra Reddy          Komarica
97. " N. Penchalalaih               Atmakur
98. " K. Narasareddy                Chodavaram
99. " E. Papaiah                     Kallur
100. " A. Radhakrishshaiah          Tamminapatnim
101. " N. Naraiah                    Mittatmakur
102. " D. Sundaramireddy            Nidigurthi
103. " N. Gopalareddy               Marripudi
104. " P. Narasaiah                  Iskadamerla
105. " A. Venkatachalamreddy        Madhavaya-palem
106. " R. Latchareddy               Utukur
107. " D. Ramaraghavareddy          Tippavarappadu
108. " P. Subbu Naidu                Manubolupadu
109. " T. Narapreddy                Gottigundala
110. " M. Venkataswamy               Kandriga
111. " U. Ramakrishna Modali         Irakam
112. " V. Veeraswamy Naidu           Poolathota
113. " Y Ammachalamreddy            Vatambedu
114. " P. Venkktasubbaiah            Aarveedu
115. " M. Chenchaiah Chowdary        Thuru-purrompidodla
116. " P. Chandraiah                 Teddypadu
117. " T. V. Ramanareddy             Kotapolur
118. " B. Ramamurthy                Kallipedu
119. " N. Venkataraghavareddy        Yellasiri
120. " P. Pitchireddy                -do-
121. " D. Dasaratharamireddy         Bellavolnta
122. " K. Muniswamy Setty            Graddagunta
123. " F. Chenchuramaiah             Gundemadakala
124. " V. Venkataraghavareddy        Kuricherlapadu
125. " M. Malakondaiah               Byravaram
126. " D. Perareddy                  Byravaram
120. " P. Balakireddy               -do-
128. " P. K. Yelumalareddy  Perivavattu
129. " N. Rosireddy  Singamapalli
130 " P. Subbaramireddy  Telugurayapuram -do-
131. " G. Veeraiah  Thopugunta
132. " M. Sivaramaiah  Kanupur Bit-I
133. " A. Dasaratharamaiah  Kaligiri
134. " M. Ragaiah  Cheekavolu
135. " B. Balaramireddy  Anantamadugu
136. " A. Subba Naidu  Pothegunta
137. " R. Camachandraiah  Chilramana
138. " B. Penchala Naidu  Bheemavarappadu
139. " K. Kotaiah Naidu  Chilramana
140. " B. Penchala Naidu  Kummarakondur
141. " N. Kondaiah Setty  Chennugaripalem
142. " M. Raghavareddy  Yerukollu
143. " Ch. Eswara Reddy  Nakunampet
144. " G. Kondareddy  Duggunta
145. " M. Venkataiah  Kambalaipalli
146. " Y. Krishnareddy  Itikapadu -do-
147. " S. Venkaiah  Mudivarthipalem
148. " V. Panchalureddy  Udathavaripalem
149. " C. Subbaramireddy  Manubolupadu -do-
150. " P. Rajathi Naidu  Veligandla
151. " G. Malakondaiah  Battepadu -do-
152. " P. Suqba Naidu  Tegacherla
153. " T. Malakondaiah  Gundemadakala
154. " T. Subbamma  Duvvuru
155. " T. Babul Reddy  Veligandla
156. " P. Veeraghavareddy  Manubolupadu
157. " T. Chenchuramaiah
158. " J. Venkureddy
159. " T. Malakondaiah
160. " P. Subba Naidu
161. "V. Chengareddy  Reddipalem II
162. "T. Narayanaswamy Reddy  Jurialpalem
163. "T. Chenchurama Naidu  Gundemadakala
164. "A. Narayya  Vinnamala
165. "P. Balankireddy  Byravaram
166. "D. Perareddy  -do-
167. "G. Venatassubbareddy  Uruguntapalem
168. "V. Chenchaih  Chunchulur
169. "K. Venkatareddy  Sakunalapalli
170. "D. Subbaramireddy  Irlapadu
171. "B. Narayanareddy  Sankavaram
172. "P. Ramanaiah  Ranganadhapuram
173. "A. Velugondarayudu  Tallapadu
174. "D. Gurappa Naidu  -do-
175. "T. Chenchuramaiah  Gundemadakala
176. "G. Chandraiah Naidu  Laxmipuram
177. "T. Yanadaiah  Settipalem
178. "U. Ramakrishna Mudali  Irakam.
179. "V. Varada Reddy  Brahmanakraka
180. "J. Jayaramireddy  Odur
181. "S. Penchalaiah Naidu  Thummalatalapur

SALARIES TO THE TEACHERS OF A.B. M. UPPER PRIMRY SCHOOL, VINUKONDA

202—

1927 Q.-Sri S. Veemayya :- Will the Hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state :
(a) whether it is a fact that the school teachers working in A. B. M. Upper Primary School of Vinukonda, Gunter District are not in receipt of their salaries for the last 4 months; and
(b) if so, the reasons for the delay?

A:—

(a) Salaries of the teachers working in A. B. M. Upper Primary Schools, Vinukonda have been paid upto March 1971. Regarding the salaries for the months of April, 1971 to June, 1971 the attendance particulars with reference to the entries in the attendance register are
being verified by the Deputy Inspector of Schools concerned for the assessment of grants to the school for the said 3 months in view of the strike.

For want of budget allotment at Vinukonda sub-treasury the bills for January, February and March, 1971 were returned. The bills were revalidated to meet the expenditure from the Budget Allotment of 1971-72. Finally the bills were cashed on 26th June 1971.

(b) Does not arise.

**Veterinary Dispensaries at Mutyalapadu etc. villages**

203—

1207 Q:— **Sri P. Venkatasubbaiah** :- Will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether any representation has been received from Kota Panchayat Samithi of Nellore district in the month of November, 1970 for starting Veterinary Dispensaries to Mutyalapadu; Chintavaram and Buddidalavagu;

(b) what action has been taken in this regard; and

(c) when will the said dispensaries be started?

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) & (c): One Dispensary under the scheme 'Own your own Veterinary Dispensary' was opened on 22-2-71 at Mutyalapadu. One Dispensary at Momidi was opened on 16-2-71 in preference to Chintavaram keeping in view the suitability of the place for future livestock development programme in the area. At Buddidalavagu; the dispensary could not be opened as the Sarpanch and the public expressed in writing their unwillingness to have a dispensary at the place, since they are not in a position to offer contributions as per the conditions laid down under the scheme 'Own your Own Veterinary Dispensary'.

**Hide Flaying Centre in Nellore District**

204—

1210 Q:— **Sri P. Venkatasubbaiah** :- Will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is proposal to start a Hide Flaying Centre anywhere in Nellore District; and

(b) if so, when will it be started?

A:—

(a) No.

(b) Does not arise.
HIGH DEATH RATE OF CATTLE IN MULAPADAVA AREA

1213 Q.- Sri P. Venkatasubbaiah : Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that the death rate of cattle is too high in Mulapadava area in Nellore district due to lack of Veterinary aid; and

(b) if so, whether the Government will establish one Veterinary Hospital at Mulapadava to provide Veterinary aid to the coastal villages around Mulapadava?

A:-

(a) No Sir. There was no report of mortality of livestock in the village during the past three years.

(b) Does not arise.

VETERINARY FIRST-AID CENTRES IN NELLORE DISTRICT

1214 Q.- Sri P. Venkatasubbaiah :- Will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) how many Veterinary first aid centres are there in Nellore district; and

(b) are they functioning properly?

A:-

(a) There are two Veterinary First Aid Centres (Now designated as Rural Veterinary Dispensaries) in Nellore district.

(b) Yes, Sir.

POST-GRADUATE COURSES AT TIRUPATHI AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

1370 Q.- Sri Dhananekula Narasimham :- Will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether post-graduate courses have been started in Agricultural College at Tirupathi; and

(b) if so, the various subjects in which the said course have been started?

A:-

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) (i) Horticulture - From the Academic Year 1968-69.

(ii) Agronomy - From December 1970.

(iii) Plant Pathology - do
NEW STRAIN OF GROUNDNUT

1376 Q.- Sri Dhanenkula Narasimham :- will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state :

(a) whether any new strain of groundnut has been produced during 1969-70;

(b) the yield of the same per acre ?

A:-

(a) No variety was released during 1969-70. But during that year the prerelease multiplication of groundnut variety AH-28P was taken up at Cadiri, Anantapur District. In view of its good performance in respect of yield and other characteristics over the local strain TMV-3, this variety has however been recommended for release during 1970-71 as Kadiri-71-L.

(b) The new variety can yield about 1400 Kg /ha.

SUGARCANE RESEARCH CENTREES

1382 Q:- Sai Dhanenkula Narasimham :- Will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state :

(a) the number of Sugarcane Research Centres in the State and

(b) the names of places where they are located ?

A:-

(a) Three.

(b) (1) Agricultural Research Station, Rudrur, Nizamabad District.

(2) Agricultural Research Station, Anakapalle, Visakhapatnam District.

(3) Agricultural Research Station, Perumallapalle, Chittoor District.

COCOANUT SAPLINGS TO RYOTS

1387 Q:- Sri Dhanenkula Narasimham :- Will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government is selling coconut saplings to ryots ; and

(b) if so, the rate at which they are being sold ?
A:-

(a) The Coconut seedlings produced at various Coconut Nurseries are being sold by the Agriculture Department.

(b) Sale price for 1971-72 is being fixed by the Coconut Development Officer with the consultation and consent of the Deputy Directors of Agriculture of the nursery growing districts i.e., Nizamabad, Nalgonda, Chittoor, Kurnool, Anantapur, Srikakulam, East Godavari, Visakhapatnam, West Godavari; and Guntur.

PLACES FROM WHICH MILK IS SUPPLIED TO HYDERABAD

211—

1396 Q:- Sri Dhanakula Narasimam :- Will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the various places from which milk is being supplied by the Government to Hyderabad; and

(b) the quantity of milk supplied during 1969-70?

A:-

(a) Milk is being supplied to Hyderabad from the Milk Products Factory, Vijayawada. The Central Dairy, Hyderabad also receives milk from its own feeder milk Chilling and Cooling Centres indicated below:

1. Bhongir Milk Chilling Centre.
2. Kadthal Milk Cooling Centre.
3. Shadnagar Milk Chilling Centre.
4. Zaheerabad Milk Cooling Centre.
5. Gajwel Milk Cooling Centre.
6. Medak Milk Cooling Centre.
7. Warangal Milk Cooling Centre.

(b) The total quantity of milk received at Central Dairy, Hyderabad from the above sources is 142.46 lakh litres during 1969-70.

DISCONTINUANCE OF EXPRESS BUS BETWEEN HYDERABAD AND PARKAL

212-

364 Q.— Sarvasri C. Janga Reddy, R. Narasimha Ramaiah as D Venkatesam :- Will the Hon. Minister for transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the R. T. C, express bus introduced between Hyderabad and Parkal town in Warangal District during 1964-65 was discontinued subsequently; and
(b) if so, the reasons for such discontinuance and whether the Corporation will consider to reintroduce the same?

A :-

(a) Yes, Sir. The Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation has, on an experimental basis, introduced an express service between Hyderabad and Parikal during the year 1966 and subsequently withdrew the same during February, 1967.

(b) The reasons for withdrawing the express service operated on experimental basis between Hyderabad-Parikal area :-

(i) poor performance for want of sufficient number of direct passengers;
(ii) un-remunerative returns.

The question of re-introducing the same service will be considered after a further survey to assess the direct traffic potential, is completed.

LOCAL BUS FROM WARANGAL TO KOMMILLA

213—

365 O. — Sarvasri C. Janga Reddy and R. Narasimha Ramaiah :- Will the Hon. Minister for Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether it has been brought to the notice of the Government that there is need to ply a local bus from Warangal city to Kommila on Warangal-Narasampet bus route; and

(b) if not, whether steps will be taken to ply a local bus by considering the needs of the public?

A :-

(a) No representation has been made to the Government for plying a bus from Warangal to Kommila.

(b) Kommilla village is situated at a distance of about 26 KMs. from Hanamkonda bus station on Hanamkonda-Narasampet route. To reach the village the bus has to be deviated from its main course for 1½ Kms. and this portion is only a fair-weather road. The population of the village is about 6,000. It is not normally possible to make diversions on the main route as it would only inconvenience the through passengers. If, however, there is sufficient direct traffic from this village a separate service will be considered.

MUNICIPALITIES WHICH HAVE NOT IMPLEMENTED DRAINAGE SCHEMES

214—

1765 Q.-Sri Dhanenkula Narasimham :- Will the Hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Municipalities which have not implemented
drainage schemes, in the State; and

(b) the number of Municipalities which do not have protected water supply?

A:

(a) 80

(b) 36

G. O. Ms. No. 815, M. A. dated 16-10-70

1145 (1766) Q.-Sri K. Govinda Rao:- Will the Hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether G. O. No. 815, M.A., dated 16-10-1970 had been given effect to;

(b) if so, the number of Municipalities that have implemented;

(c) the names of Municipalities that have not enforced; and

(d) the reasons for not paying the amounts to the Menials and Sanitary Staff in these Municipalities?

A:

(a) the G. O. has been given effect to by a majority of Municipalities.

(b) 74 Municipalities have fully implemented and 4 Municipalities have partly implemented.

(c) four,

1. Narasapur; (2) Pithapuram; (3) Markapur; (4) Rajahmundry;

(d) a statement showing the reasons for not implementing either in full or in part is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

(L.A.Q. No. 1766 UNSTARRED), S. No. 215

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Municipality</th>
<th>Extent of implementation</th>
<th>Reasons for part implementation or non-implementation</th>
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<td>Vijayawada</td>
<td>All the Sanitary Workers and some of the non-Public Health Workers</td>
<td>The remaining non-Public Health Workers could not be paid for want of funds.</td>
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have been paid the amount.


3. Pithapuram. Not implemented as the figures have not yet been reconciled.

4. Markapur. Not implemented as the financial position of the Municipality is not sound.

5. Kovvur. Each worker has been paid a sum of Rs. 50/-
The entire amount could not be paid due to stringent financial position of the Municipality.

6. Gudur. Partly implemented. The entire amount could not be paid at one time as the financial position of the Municipality is very weak.

7. Rajahmundry. Could not be paid as the accounts have not been finalised.

8. Tenali. All the Workers except the Public Health Workers have been paid in full. The Public Health Workers have been paid only half of the amount. The balance amount to the Public Health Workers could not be paid as the accounts have been not finalised.

PERSONNEL WORKING IN KAVALI MUNICIPALITY

216-

2010 Q.- Sri S. Vemayya :- Will the Hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) the category-wise number of personnel working in Kavali Municipality of Nellore District; and

(b) the number of Scheduled casts and scheduled Tribes out of clause (a)?

A :-

(a) & (b) a statement showing the category-wise number of personnel working in Kavali Municipality and the number of persons
belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes is placed on the Table of the House.

**STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY**

*(ANSWER TO L.A.Q. No. 2010 UNSTARRED), S. No. 216)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
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<th>No. of Employees belonging to scheduled castes.</th>
<th>No. of Employees belonging to Scheduled tribes.</th>
<th>No. of Employees other than scheduled castes and tribes.</th>
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<td>1.</td>
<td>Manager</td>
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<td>Clerks</td>
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<td>Typist</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>Peons</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Watchman</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Collection Establishment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Bill Collectors</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Revenue Inspector</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Engineering Establishment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Public Works Supervisor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Public Works Maistreis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Road Maistry</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Town Planning</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Library Establishment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Library Attender</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Public Health Establishment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Sanitary Inspector</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Health Assistant</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Births and Deaths Registrar</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Tractor Driver</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Sanitary Mazdoors</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Sweepers</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Scavengers</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Cesspool Drain Cleaners</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22. Compost Mazdoors</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>23. Park Watcher</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>24. Market Sweeper</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25. Malaria Mazdoor</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26. Tractor Mazdoor</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. Pond Watcher</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28. Medical Officer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29. Compounder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>30. Midwife</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31. Peon</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32. Watchman-cum-thoti</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Teaching staff (Municipal Elementary Schools)**

<p>| | | | | |</p>
<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33. Secondary Grade Teachers</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34. Higher Grade Teachers</td>
<td>37</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. Conductresses</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36. Night Watchman</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** 151 10 49 92

**HEALTH ASSISTANTS SELECTED FOR SANITARY INSPECTORS COURSE**

217-

1042 (1247) Q. - R. Satyanarayana Raju -- Will the Hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state.
(a) the number of persons from among the Health Assistants working at Primary Health Centres who have been selected for Sanitary Inspector’s course during the years 1968, 1969 and 1970; and

(b) whether a copy of the rules and regulations pertaining to this selection will be placed before the House?

A:-

(a) one Health Assistant in 1968-69, two in 1969-1970 and twenty six in 1970-1971, who were working in the Primary Health Centres were admitted to the Sanitary Inspector’s Course.

(b) a copy of the Rules for admission to the Sanitary Inspectors’ Course is placed on the Table of the house.

Papers placed on the Table of the House

(vide L. A. Q. No. 1247 (unstarred) S. No. 217

Rules for Admission to the Sanitary Inspector’s Certificate Courses and Syllabus of Training (Revised) from 1963-64.

Rule No. 1-

Indian Nationals are eligible for admission provided-

(1) they are declared eligible for admission to University Courses of studies in Andhra, Venkateswara, Osmania and Madras or Annamalai University or they possess the minimum educational qualifications prescribed in the schedule to the General Rules for the Andhra Pradesh State and Subordinate Services preference being given to those who have taken Mathematics, Botany, Physiology, Chemistry or Physics under the 1929 scheme of S. S. L. C. examinations and the subject included ended the academic course in the 1948 scheme, or

(ii) the percentage of marks obtained by the applicants in S. S. L. C. or its equivalent examination will be considered and candidates who have secured 40 per cent or more in aggregate S. S L. C. or its equivalent will only be considered for selection. Due weightage will be given for higher qualifications passed by the applicants.

(a) In each of the subjects in Group ‘A’ and in each of the two subjects in group if it relates to the pre-1929 scheme; or

(b) In each of the subjects in Group ‘A’ and in the subjects in Group ‘C’ other than commercial subjects such as Shorthand, Typewriting, Book keeping etc., preference being given to those who have taken Algebra Geometry, Botany, Physiology, Chemistry or Physics if it relates to the 1929 scheme; or

(c) In each of the 5 subjects of the academic course if it relates to the 1948 recognised scheme of secondary education; or

(iii) They have passed an examination not lower than Matriculation or Hyderabad School Leaving Certificate or its equivalent examination.
(iv) They have passed any other examination recognised as equivalent to or higher than (i), (ii), and (iii) above; or.

(v) They are members of the Public Health Establishment of Government or a local body and have been exempted by the Director of Public Health, Andhra Pradesh from the educational qualifications prescribed in clause (i) to (iii) above.

(vi) Age. - They are within the following age limits:

Candidates for direct admission above 16 years and below 23 years on 1st July of the year. Members of the Public Health Establishment mentioned in clause (v) of Rule No. 1, 35 years on 1st July of the year.

Rule No. 2;

Applications of the candidates under Rule No. 1 must reach the Principal, Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam or the Principal, Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad as the case may be on or before the dates notified by them every year. The application should be made on printed forms which will be furnished by the Principal on requisition. No application received after the date prescribed by the Principal will be accepted by them.

Application should be accompanied by the following documents.

(a) (i) A treasury or bank receipt for Rs. 2 (Rupees two only). This shall be credited to the Government of Andhra Pradesh under the head "XXVII, Medical- Medical College-Fees". It shall neither be refunded to the candidates under any circumstances nor adjusted towards the tuition fee in the case of candidates selected for admission.

(ii) S. S. L. C. or H. S. C. Book or a memorandum of marks obtained at the Public Examination for the S. S. L. C. or H. S. C. attested by the Headmaster of the School or by the Gazetted Government Officer. No application will be considered in the absence of S. S. L. C. or H. S. C. book or the memorandum of marks.

Note (A) (a) In case of the candidates who have passed Intermediate or B. A. or B. Sc., in full, a copy of the University Examination marks obtained from the Registrar of the University should be enclosed. Candidates who have not passed Intermediate should submit their S. S. L. C. or H. S. C. Books or Memorandum of marks. Similarly those who have passed a part of B. A. or B. Sc. should submit their Intermediate marks.

(b) A certified copy of Transfer Certificate.

(c) A certified copy of Conduct Certificate.

(d) A certificate of re-vaccination.

(e) The order of the Superior Officer (if the applicant is in the Public Service) granting permission to join the class.
(f) Exemption certificate issued by the Director of Public Health, Andhra Pradesh in the case of candidates exempted under Rule No. 1 (v)

(g) If he belongs to a socially and educationally backward class or Scheduled caste or Scheduled tribe a certificate from the Revenue authority stating such classes, Caste or tribe.

(h) A Physical Fitness Certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner not below the rank of an Assistant Surgeon;

(i) If has served in any Public Service, the record of his past service.

(j) A certificate of nativity issued by the Officer of the Revenue Department not below the rank of Deputy Tahasildar.

(B) The cost of each application form and prospectus is Re. 1 (Rupee one only) as per G. O. Ms. No. 2766; Health, dated 27th September, 1961.

(C) The applicants seeking admission to Sanitary Inspector’s Course will be required to appear for an interview before the selection committee at their own cost. The selection Committee will have discretion to fix the minimum qualifying marks and summon only such number of candidates as or considered suitable for the interview

Note No. (1) None of their documents except S. S. L C. or H. S. C., Book will be returned in the case of candidates selected.

(2) The Physical Fitness Certificate should contain information on the following points:

(i) Height (ii) Weight (iii) Chest Measurement on full inspiration, on full expiration), (iv) Appearance (v) Acuteness of vision and (vi) Fitness for outdoor work,

Rule No. 3:

The college fees prescribed for the course of training is Rs 144/- (Rupees one hundred and forty-four only). It should be credited into any Government Treasury or State Bank under the Head of account “XXVII-Medical-Medical Colleges-Sanitary Inspector’s Class Fees” and send the receipt to the Principals of their respective Colleges to which they are admitted or at the Office of the respective colleges on or before the dates prescribed by the Principal of the Medical College concerned.

Rule No. 4:

Application will be summarily rejected-

(i) if they are not accompanied by documents mentioned in Rule No. 2

(ii) if they are not received on or before the prescribed date or
(iii) if the applicants do not possess the qualifications prescribed in Rule No. 1.

Candidates for admission to the Sanitary Inspector's Course who attempt to canvass or to bring influence to bear on the Chairman or any member of the Selection Committee will be disqualified. Rejected applications will be returned to the applicants with their enclosures received, if duly stamped envelopes have been sent along with their applications.

Rule No. 5:

A selected candidate who fails to join the class on or before 31st July, will be refused admission and no claim for the refund of the fees will be entertained.

Rule No. 6:

Students will not ordinarily be granted leave during the working days of the session. They will not be allowed to sit for the examination unless they produce a certificate of attendance from the Principal of the College. No certificate of attendance will be granted to those who have put in minimum of 80 class attendance, students who have not made satisfactory progress in the class will not also be permitted to appear for the examination.

Students will wear the prescribed dress when attending the classes or demonstration namely white Bush Coat and Khadi Trouser.

Rule No. 7:

The course of instructions will be offered in Andhra Medical College at Visakhapatnam, the Guntur Medical College, Guntur, the Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad.

It will extend over a period of 10 months from July to April. The maximum strength of the Sanitary Inspector's class is 100 for each of these colleges. Candidates belonging to 9 districts of Telengana region (natives) will be admitted in the Osmania Medical College, and other to the remaining two colleges.

Rule No. 8:

Selection Committee-The Selection Committee for admission to the courses at the various colleges mentioned below shall consist of-

For the course at the Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam and Guntur Medical College, Guntur.

(a) Principal, Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam.
(b) Director of Public Health.
(c) Chief Engineer (Local Administration and Public Health)
(d) Principal, Guntur Medical College, Guntur,
For the course at Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad.
(a) Director of Public Health, Andhra Pradesh, (Chairman).
(b) Principal, Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad.
(c) Chief Engineer, Local Administration and Public Health (Members).

Rule No. 9:
Reservation of seats-(1) For Public Health personnel in Public Services; Seventy five percent of seats in the Sanitary Inspector's Course at each college should be reserved for admission to the members of Public Health establishment of the Government and Local Bodies. The Additional Director of Medical & Health Services shall make the selection of candidates for these reserved seats granting exemption from educational qualifications, in deserving cases where necessary and his selection shall be final.

(?) For Scheduled caste and Tribes-Fifteen percent of the number of seats available after deducting the number specified in sub-rule (1) shall be reserved to be filled by candidates belonging to the Scheduled Caste and Tribes

(3) For socially and educationally backward classes: (a) Twenty-five percent of the number of seats available after deducting the numbers specified in sub-rule (1) shall be reserved to be filled by candidates from socially and educationally backward classes.

(b) Christian converts from Scheduled Caste and Tribes will also be included in the category of socially and educationally backward classes.

(4) The balance of seats available after the reservations and the balance of reserved seats for which candidates are not forthcoming be available to all classes.

Rule No. 10:
Regional distribution of seats- (a) For the purpose of selection the following distribution of seats shall be adopted :-

Region-I. Andhra Medical College, Vizag-Candidates belonging to the districts (Natives) of (1) Srikakulam (2) Visakhapatnam (3) East Godavari and (4) West Godavari.

Region-II. Guntur Medical College, Guntur-Candidates belonging to the districts (natives) (1) Krishna (2) Guntur (3) Nellore (4) Chittoor (5) Cuddapah (6) Kurnool and (7) Anantapur.

Region III - Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad - Candidates belonging to the nine Districts of Telengana Region (Natives).

(b) The above distribution of seats shall be adopted in the case of seats reserved in clauses 2, 3 and 4 of rule 9.

(c) If in any region there is deficiency in the number selected
against the reserved quota of that region in favour of a particular category the candidates of the same category in the other region shall be considered for selection.

(d) The selection Committee shall have discretion in desiring cases to select candidates belonging to one region to any college other than the one fixed for the region.

RULE No. 11.

Course of Training and Examination.-The course for the award of Sanitary Inspector's Certificate shall consist of the theoretical and practical training according to the prescribed syllabus. The subjects as shown below:

(i) Microbiology.

(ii) Preventive Medicine including First Aid.

(iii) Public Health Administration.

(iv) Environmental Sanitation and Hygiene.

The theoretical instructions shall be given in the Andhra Medical College, Vizag, Guntur Medical College, Guntur and Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad and the practical training in the Vizag Municipality, Guntur, Municipality and Hyderabad Municipal Corporation for the students of the Andhra Medical College, Vizag and Guntur Medical College. Guntur Osmania Medical College Hyderabad respectively.

RULE No. 12:

Candidates who have satisfactorily completed the course of instructions shall be required to undergo an examination in the subjects of the course conducted by a Board of which the Director of Public Health, Andhra Pradesh shall be the Chairman with the following members:

For the examination at Andhra Medical College. Vizag, and Guntur Medical College, Guntur.

Chairman

Director of Public Health, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

Members

1. Chief Engineer, Local Administration and Public Health.

2. Principal, Andhra Medical College, Vizag.

For the examination at the Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad.

Chairman

Director of Public Health, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

Members

(1) Chief Engineer, Local Administration and Public Health.
Principal, Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad.

(a) Candidates who have satisfactorily completed the course of instructions shall be required to undergo an examination in the subjects of the course conducted by a Board, twice a year regular from 1st week of May and supplementary in the first week of October.

The examination consists of written paper of three (3) hours duration, oral and practicals.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Examination</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microbiology</td>
<td>Written</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Practical</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total :-</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Health Administration</td>
<td>Written</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Practical</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total :-</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preventive Medicine including First Aid</td>
<td>Written</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Practical</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total :-</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental Sanitation</td>
<td>Written</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 16th August, 1971.

### Written Answers to Questions.

Practical  | 50  | (10 marks Field work and 40 marks Practical).  |
---        |-----|---------------------------------------------|
Total:     | 200 | 100                                        |

10 marks in each subject will be reserved for field work in practicals.

Candidates shall take the examination in subjects at the first sitting.

Candidates obtaining less than two-third of aggregate but not less than 50 in each subject shall be declared to have passed the examination in the 2nd Class. All other candidates shall be declared to have failed.

Candidates who have failed in Part I before April, 1963 will take-up the complete examination and those who have passed in Bacteriology will be exempted from appearing for Microbiology.

### Rule No. 13.

The examination fee is Rs. 40/- (Rupees forty only) for the whole examination and Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten only) for each subject.

(a) The examination fee is once paid under no circumstances will be refunded or adjusted for next examination.

### Rule No. 14:

Candidates who passed the above examination shall be designated as qualified Sanitary Inspectors and will be awarded with a Government certificate signed by the Chairman, Board of Examiners. The certificate will bear the signature of the Candidate and contain the description of his marks of identification.

(a) (i) Every candidate who desires to obtain a duplicate certificate of Sanitary Inspector's certificate course should submit a petition furnishing the correct Role No. year of passing the Sanitary Inspector's Course examination and exact page No. and date of Government Gazettee notifying the result explaining circumstances and various efforts taken by him, to regain the certificate.

(ii) Every applicant should remit a sum of Rs. 5/- (Rupees five only) through challan in any Government Treasury, if he is in Muffasil or in the State Bank of Hyderabad, if he is in Hyderabad to the following head of account "XXVII Miscellaneous - Receipts - Public Health Department Fee for duplicate certificate for Sanitary Inspector's Course".

(iii) He should also furnish along with the petition the duplicate copy of the challan supported by a certificate from the head of the institution wherein he had qualified himself in the Sanitary Inspectors's course originally or from a Gazetted Officer.
(iv) on the receipt of the above particulars after due verifications, a certificate clearly indicating that it is a duplicate copy will be issued to the candidate concerned.

(b) The same procedure laid down under the Rule No. 14 (a) shall also apply for obtaining duplicate copy of the Health Inspector's Course.

The following is the copy of the Sanitary Inspector's Certificate:

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH
SANITARY INSPECTOR'S CERTIFICATE

Register No.

This is to certify that .................................................................
S/o ................................................................. has satisfactorily completed the course of the theoretical and practical training has passed the examination prescribed for the award of the Sanitary Inspector's Certificate in ......................19 in the ................. class.

He/She has gained distinction in .................................

Hyderabad

Dated : ........................................... Chairman,

Board of Examiners.

Marks of identification:

1.

2.

Signature of the Candidate.

Designation (of the Officer recording the marks of identification)

REVISED SYLLABUS FOR SANITARY INSPECTOR'S COURSE FOR TRAINING

The course of training for the award of Sanitary Inspectors' Certificate shall consist of theoretical and practical training according to their prescribed syllabus in the subject as shown below:

SUMMARY PROGRAMME OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S TRAINING ANDHRA PRADESH

Duration : 10 Months.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subjects</th>
<th>Periods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Reception accommodation and documentation</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Introduction to a course</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Organisation and Administration</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. Basic Sciences
5. Nutrition and Dietetics and Food Hygiene
6. Control of communicable diseases
7. First Aid
8. Sanitary Engineering
9. Water Supply
10. Disposal of Waste
11. Housing and Town sanitation
12. Industrial Health
13. Health Education
14. Mental Health
15. Maternal and Child-Health
16. Public Health Legislation
17. Social Sciences
18. Meteorology
19. Statistics
20. Sociology
21. Camp
22. National Health Programme State Control Scheme
23. International Health-Agencies
24. Panchayathraj Administration
25. Internship
26. Revision Examination

I. MICROBIOLOGY

Basic Sciences :-

(a) Elementary Anatomy
   L. 3  D. 3  P.
(b) Elementary Physiology
   L. 3  D. 3  P.
(c) Bacteriology
   (i) Bacteriology in Public Health
       L. 2  D.  ...  P.
   (ii) Classification and general characteristics of Bacteria
        L. 1  D. 6  P.
   (iii) Principles of infection, resistance and immunity
        L. 2  D. 6  P.
1. MICROBIOLOGY - (Contd.)  
BASIC SCIENCES - (Contd.)  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>L.</th>
<th>D.</th>
<th>P.</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(iv) General Characteristics of viruses and aricketttsis</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) Bacteriology of Milk and food</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) Parasitology:

<p>| | | | |</p>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Malaria Parasite.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Other Protozoa.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Schistomomes.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) Round worms.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) Tape worms.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(vi) Gunea worms.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(vii) Hook worms.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(e) Entomology:

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Mosquitoes.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Housefly.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Sandfly.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) Ticks.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) Mites.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(vi) Louse.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(vii) Fleas.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(viii) Bedbugs.</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. PREVENTIVE MEDICINE AND FIRST AID

Nutrition dietories and food hygiene

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Elementary Physiology Nutrition.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Nutrition requirements of adults male, female, children.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Balanced diet.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Composition of food stuff and elements of nutritive values.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Deficiency diseases.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f) Pasteurization of milk.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(g) Storage and handling of food.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(h) A. S. C. Organisation catering and ration supply In the services.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(i) Visit A. S. C. supply dept. ... 3 ...

(j) Food inspection. 2 ... ...

(k) Visit to food laboratory. ... 4 ...

(l) Ration scales in the services. 1 ... ...

(m) Nutrition Survey. 2 ... 10

(n) Food hygiene, including visits to butchery, Bakery, restaurant, Kitchen hygiene, dairy farm, food factory. 3 5 18

(o) Law in relation to food hygiene, food adulteration Act, 1954. 2 ... ...

(p) First Aid. 6 6 ...

Communicable diseases and their control.

(a) Communicable diseases and their classification, simple epidemiological principles. 2 ... ...

(b) General principles of control and prevention. 2 ... ...

(c) Visit infectious diseases hospital. ... ... 10

(d) Epidemiology, Prevention, and control of common infectious diseases. 40 ... ...

(e) Malaria transmission control and eradication including field work and other arthropod borne diseases. 20 10 40

(f) Filaria- National Control Scheme. 4 2 ...

(g) Law relating to infectious diseases including international regulation and port and air-port healthy practice. 2 ... ...

(h) Disinfection and disinfestation. 8 10 20

(i) Rat survey and rodent control. 1 2 .15

(j) Visits and field work;

(i) V. D. Clinic. ... ... 2

(ii) Vaccination Clinics. ... ... 10

(iii) Leprosarium. ... ... 5

(iv) B. C. G. Clinics, ... ... 3

(k) Practical work on investigation of outbreak real or contrived situation. ... ... 10
# Written Answers to Questions

16th August, 1971. 493

## III PUBLIC HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>L.</th>
<th>D.</th>
<th>P.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Reception, accommodation, documentation...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Introduction:</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Objection and scope of training and background of modern concept of preventive medicine.</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Short history of medicine and public Health Developments of the Armed Forces Medical Services.</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Organisation and Administration;</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Local Government administration.</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Public Health Administrative Central States and Municipalities.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) International Health Organisation and Specialized agencies.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) The Five Year-Plan and health.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(e) Health services in a community development block.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(f) Visit community development block.</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(g) Duties of SEMO and SHO</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(h) Visit to Municipal Health Office.</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Health organisation of the armed forces.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## METEOROLOGY

| (i) | Meteorological instruments. | 2 | ... | .. |
| (ii) | Recording of meteorological data. | .. | ... | 4 |
| (iii) | Visit to meteorological Laboratory. | .. | ... | .. |

## STATISTICS

| (i) | Simple statistical methods | 2 | ... | .. |
| (ii) | Collection and compilation | 2 | ... | 6 |
| (iii) | Presentation of date | 2 | ... | 6 |
| (iv) | Birth and death registration and census | 1 | ... | .. |
| (v) | Common morbidity and mortality rates | 2 | ... | .. |
| (vi) | Standard forms used in the services | 2 | ... | .. |
### Written Answers to Questions.

#### SOCIOLOGY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Elements of Ethomology/Sociology and Social Psychology</th>
<th>L.</th>
<th>D.</th>
<th>P.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Environmental physiology effects of heat and cold and altitude, ventilation and air conditioning</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### INDUSTRIAL HEALTH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a) Basic principles</th>
<th>2</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Occupational hazards and their prevention</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Factory legislation</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Health Inspection</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Factory inspection</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f) Factory visits</td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### HEALTH EDUCATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a) Objects-scope-methods and media</th>
<th>5</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(b) Demonstration of methods and media including films</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Practical training including a survey of health education requirements and a seminar by students</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### MENTAL HEALTH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a) Mental health</th>
<th>2</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(b) Visit mental hospital</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### MATERNAL AND CHILDREN HEALTH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a) Maternal and child health services</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(b) School health services</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### PUBLIC HEALTH LEGISLATION

| Civil and Military | 33 |    |    |

#### SOCIAL SCIENCES

Family social and health survey, students will participate in various aspects of socio-medical survey of selected families

| 4  |    | 36 |
CAMP

Students will live in tents and practice field sanitation of all types under supervision

(f) Disposal of non excremental refuse animals-tipping.

Housing and Town Sanitation.

(a) Sanitary Principles in the construction of House, school, public buildings

(b) Sanitary Principles of markets, chawls, housing estates, public eating places

(c) Town and village planning

(d) Quartering of the soldier in peace and war

(e) Social aspects of housing

(f) Slum clearance

(g) Hygiene inspection

(h) Visit to housing estates Municipal slum clearance scheme

(i) Housing survey

(j) Report writing

PRACTICALS

1. Practical training in vaccination, inoculation including laboratory technique.

2. Practical training in leprosy at the Leprosy Clinic.

3. Training at the Child Welfare Centre, Urban and Rural including V. D. Centre, Demonstration and urine tests.

4. Treatment of minor elements at any Government hospital including dispensing stock mixture.

5. First Aid and Home Nursing.


7. Training in vital statistics and Office routine.

8. Training in Nutrition work.

9. Training in rural uplift 'festivals and fairs at the candidates' own expense.

10. Training in industrial Hygiene and offensive trades.

11. Training in Rural Health Centre.
12. Practical training in Malaria. Attending Malaria Department for Anti-Malaria Methods. Attending Field Malaria Station for Anti-Malaria work.

13. Practical training in Plague training baiting and fumigation insuflation of rat holes with D. D. T. disinfection of infected houses, inoculation,

14. Practical training in vaccination-attending vaccine depot technique of vaccination and Anti-Rabic treatment and vaccination.

15. Isolation Hospital-Treatment of minor diseases at any Government hospital including dispensing stock mixtures, Clinical demonstration and diagnosis, preventive and curative treatment, dressing of sores, technique of injection, taking of specimens for bacteriological examination for Cholera, Plagues, Diphtheria, etc.,

16. First Aid-Bandages and slings, bleeding points and arrest of haemorrhages, bandaging of fractures, artificial respiration.


18. Municipal Corporation. Inspection of slums, eating and loading houses, tea shops and aerated water shops, bake house, cattle sheds and Milk depots, latrines, urinals and baths, refuse carts - night soil carts, pail depots, dumping and incineration.

19. Inspection of animals for slaughtering, slaughter houses, inspection of meat and fish, inspection of milk, ghee adulteration, markets, other offensive trades and bone and blood boiling tanning; tallow melting and Industry trades control and destruction of dogs.

20. Internship at Rural Health Centre for one month.

Note

L = Lectures.

D = Demonstrations.

P = Practicals.

UPGRADING THE HOSPITAL AT KUPPAM

218-

980 (1809) Q. - Sri D. Venkatesam :- Will the Hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) when was the Government Dispensary upgraded into a Hospital at Kuppam in Chittor District;

(b) what is the allotment made by Government for purchase of equipment during 1968-69;

(c) what is the amount spent and lapsed;

(d) what are the reasons for the lapse of the amount; and
Written Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1971. 497

(e) whether there is any proposal before the Government to upgrade it into 32 bedded hospital as no medical aid is available within a radius of 80 miles?

A:-

(a) The Government Dispensary, Kuppam, was upgraded into a Hospital in the year 1968-69;

(b) No amount had been allotted during the year 1968-69, as equipment and furniture were readily available.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) No, Sir,

THEFT IN THE S. B. I. AT KANNAVARITHOTA, GUNTUR

219—

264 Q.- Sri R. Mahananda :- Will the Hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state ;

(a) whether it is a fact that a theft was reported from the State Bank of India at Kannavarithota branch, Guntur recently;

(b) how much amount was stolen;

(c) when was this detected by the Bank authorities; and

(d) what is the action taken by the Police?

A:-

(a) Yes, Sir,

(b) Rs. 9,000

(c) Theft was detected at 11-30 a.m. on 4-1-1971; and

(d) on receipt of information, the police registered a case in Cr. No. 4/71 under section 380 I. P. C. at 12-30 p.m. on 4th January, 1971. The case is under investigation.

THEFTS IN THE HOUSES OF EMPLOYEES OF ICHAPURAM PANCHAYAT SAMITHI

220.

353 Q.— Sri M. Ch. Nagaiah ;- Will the Hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state ;

(a) whether it is a fact that thefts took place in the houses of the employees of Ichapuram Panchayat Samithi in Srikakulam District;

(b) if so, whether a copy of the statement showing the names and designations of the employees and the money, Jewels, and arti-
cles, etc. stolen in the houses of each employee will be placed on the Table of the house; and

(c) when these thefts took place and what are the steps taken so far by the Police Department in the matter?

A:-

(a) Only one case of theft took place in the house of a Samithi employee at Ichapuram.

(b) The name of the employee in whose house the theft took place is Dr. D. Koteswara Rao, Veterinary Assistant Surgeon, Primary Veterinary Dispensary, Ichapuram. The property lost is (a) two gold rings, (b) two wrist watches, (c) two gold wrist rings, (d) clothes and (e) 70 currency notes of Rs. 5 denomination. The total loss was estimated at about Rs. 1,000;

(c) This theft took place on the night of 4th May, 1970. A case in Cr. No. 57/70 u/ss. 457 and 380 IPC was registered; during investigation efforts were made to detect the case but in vain. It was referred as undetectable on 30-11-70.

MISBEHAVIOUR OF THE HEAD CONSTABLE IN BATHULAPALLI VILLAGE

221—

1556 (1671-A) Q.- Sarvashri N. Raghava Reddy and Md. Rajab Ali :- Will the Hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether any enquiry was conducted on the alleged misbehaviour of the Head Constable of Andhra Pradesh Special Police with the wife of Kunja Potaiah a respectable gentleman in Bathulapalli village, Narasampet Taluk, Warangal District; and

(b) if so, will the Government be pleased to place a copy of the enquiry report on the Table of the House?

A:-

(a) Yes Sir;

(b) The delinquent Head Constable of the Andhra Pradesh Special Police is being dealt with on a grave charge and it is not in public interests to place this enquiry report on the Table of the House.

POLICE TRAINING SCHOOLS IN THE STATE

222—

1786 Q.- Sri Dhanenkula Narasimham :- Will the Hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Police Training Schools in the State; and

(b) the number of persons trained in the said Schools during the year, i.e., 1970-71?
A:-

(a) Three, Sir.

(b) The number of persons trained in the Police Training Schools in the State are as follows:—

(1) **Police Training College, Anantapur**
- Police Constables: 575
- Head Constables: 56
- Sub-Inspectors: 95
- Dy. Superintendents of Police: 13
- Asst. Superintendents of Police: 2

(2) **Police Recruits School, Vizianagaram**
- Police Constables: 882

(3) **Police Recruits School, Amberpet**
- Police Constables: 476
- 2nd Grade Operators: 38

**Construction of Houses for Police Personnel**

1787 Q.- Sri Dhananikula Narasimham :- Will the Hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) the amount proposed to be spent by the Government for the construction of houses for Police Personnel during 1970-71; and

(b) the district-wise amount spent for the said amount?

A:-

(a) The amount spent during 1970-71 for the construction of houses for Police Personnel is Rs. 34,23,149.

(b) The Districtwise amount spent:—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Amount (Rs.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>East Godavari District</td>
<td>14,814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krishna district</td>
<td>86,474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visakhapatnam Dist</td>
<td>1,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool District</td>
<td>88,172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyderabad District</td>
<td>31,33,689</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 34,23,149

224-

1792 Q.-Sri Dhanenkula Narasimham :- Will the Hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) the number of House-breaking incidents that have occurred in the State during the 1970-71; and

(b) the number of culprits booked in the said cases?

A:-

(a) 4,465.

(b) 2,966.

BONUS TO THE EMPLOYEES OF A. P. STATE ELECTRICITY BOARD

225-

861 Q.-Sarvasri P. Pitchaiah and Agrala Eswra Reddy :- Will the Hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board has paid bonus to its employees and denied the same to the Government Employees working in the Board; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

A:-

(a) The Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board has not paid Bonus to its Employees. It has paid only ex-gratia at the rate of 4% of the annual emoluments (i.e., Pay plus D.A.) to all of its employees including Government employees working in Board posts. No distinction has been made between Government employees and Board employees. However, such of the employees as are working on Government posts in Government Electricity Department have not been paid the ex-gratia amount.

(b) Does not arise.

COST OF HOUSE AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICE METERS

226 :-

575 (1500) Q.-Sri T. C. Rajan :- Will the Hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

(a) the cost of house service meter and agricultural service meter during 1965-66 and 1970-71; and

(b) the rent being collected for each of the meters during year 1969-70 and 1970-71?
A :-

(a) The cost of a house service meter and an agricultural meter are as follows:

**During the year 1965-66:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>House service meter</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural service meter</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**During the year 1970-71:**

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>House service meter</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural service meter</td>
<td>155</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) The meter rents for house service and agricultural service are as follows:

**During the year 1969-70:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Rs. per month</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>House service meter rent</td>
<td>0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural Service meter rent</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**During the year 1970-71:**

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>House service meter rent</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural Service meter rent</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CONDITION OF SHEDS AT KINNERASANI PROJECT**

663 (1841) Q.- Sri P. Pitchaiah :- Will hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that many sheds constructed at Kinnerasani Project are in a dilapidated condition;

(b) if so, whether there is any proposal to dispose of these sheds to Panchayats, Samithis and to the ryots at nominal price; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

A :-

(a) No, Sir.

(b) & (c) Do not arise.

**PERSONS REGISTERED THEIR NAMES IN ALL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES**

1990 Q.- Sri S. Vemayya :- Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state :-
(a) the number of persons who registered their names in all the Employment Exchange offices in the State for the year ending 31-3-1971;

(b) number of persons who secured jobs out of them;

(c) whether the number in clauses (a) and (b) has increased from that of the previous year; and

(d) number of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes persons out of clause (b) above?

A:

(a) 3,18,207

(b) 25,337

(c) the numbers under clauses (a) and (b) have decreased.

(d) scheduled caste persons 2,067 and scheduled tribes persons 245. These figures pertain to the period from 1-1-1970 to 31-12-1970, as the periodicity of returns prescribed for these types of applicants is half-yearly ending June and December each year.

Complaints Received by Cell in G. A. D. from Harijans & Girijans

229.

1978 Q. -Smt. J. Eswari Bai and S. Vemayya :- Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether the cell created in the G.A.D. to look after the complaints of Harijans and Girijans is functioning now, and if so, how many complaints were received by it so far since its inception and in how many cases justice was done to the complaints; and

(b) whether the Government received any telegram during the month of May 1971 from the Harijans of Chilamatur in Satyavedu Taluk, Chittoor District about the harassment by Caste ryots and the partisan attitude of the C. I. of Police and S. I. of Police in this regard, and if so what action was taken?

A:

(a) Yes.

Total number of representations received upto 30-6-71 (Regarding service matters cases of harassment and assignment of lands etc.) — 776

No. of cases redressed having been found to be genuine upto 30-6-71 — 77

No. of cases lodged not being genuine upto 30-6-71 — 481

No. of cases under investigation — 218
(b) No. such telegram has been received

TECHNICAL CELL IN SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT

230-

1631 Q.-Sr. Dhanenkula Narasimham :- Will the Hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether a technical cell has been set up in Small Scale Industries Department; and

(b) if so, when;

A:-

(a) There is Development and Investment Counselling section in the Department of Industries. This is under a Joint Director and is composed of Technical Officer and gives necessary advice to all entrepreneurs.

(b) It was created in June, 1965.

Announcement


Mr. Speaker ;- I am to announce to the House that Sri V. Rama Rao, a Member of this House was released from jail at Delhi on 11-8-1971.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- I was ready with the answer on three or four occasions. But hon. Member was not in the House. I am glad to say that the matter has been sorted out and orders have been issued and they are being continued.
Condolence Resolution
Re: Demise of Sri Jagarlamudi Lakshminarayana, Ex-M.L.A.

IV Condolence Resolution re: Demise of Sri Jagarlamudi Lakshminarayana, Ex-M.L.A.

Sri K. Brahmannda Reddy:

"That this House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri Laxminarayana Jagarlamudi, a former member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family".

Mr Speaker:

Motion moved.
Condolence Resolution


re: Demise of Sri Jagarlamudi Lakshminarayana, Ex-M. L. A.

 sir, 

同仁様の深い哀悼申し上げます。九江氏の名を思い浮かべて、彼の努力と奉仕の数々を思い、彼の生命と国名の栄光を思いつつ、私はこの控えを手にして、彼の去りを悼む気持ちを述べたく思います。

九江氏は、我々の国における日本の日本の外交政策に深く関与した人物であり、その努力は常に我々の歴史に刻まれているでしょう。彼の去りは、我々にとって大きな損失です。

彼の生命と努力が、我々の国名の栄光と栄光を増すことを願います。彼の去りは、我々にとって大きな損失です。

敬具

敬具

敬具
Condolenee Resolution
re: Demise of Sri Jagarlamudi
Lakshmina-ayana, Ex-M. L. A.


Sri M. Lakshmina-ayana: (Ex-M. L. A.)

The A. G. C. (AGC) : - The learned Minister for
Sri Jagarlamudi (AGC) and Sri Lakshmina-ayana Ex-M. L. A.
are deeply grieved at the untimely death of Sri
Jagarlamudi. They express their deep sympathy at the loss of
a great leader and an able politician.

Sri M. Lakshmina-ayana : - Sri Jagarlamudi, a Member of the
Legislative Assembly, was born on 16th August, 1920. He was
active in politics from 1936. He was a Member of the
Legislative Assembly from 1936 to 1955. He was an
able politician and a great leader.

Sri Jagarlamudi : - Sri Jagarlamudi was born on 16th August,
1920. He was active in politics from 1936. He was a
Member of the Legislative Assembly from 1936 to 1955. He was
an able politician and a great leader.

Sri Jagarlamudi : - Sri Jagarlamudi was born on 16th August,
1920. He was active in politics from 1936. He was a
Member of the Legislative Assembly from 1936 to 1955. He was
an able politician and a great leader.

Sri Jagarlamudi : - Sri Jagarlamudi was born on 16th August,
1920. He was active in politics from 1936. He was a
Member of the Legislative Assembly from 1936 to 1955. He was
an able politician and a great leader.
Condolence Resolution
re: Demise of Sri Jagarlamudi
Lukshminarayana, M. L. A.


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re: Demise of Sri Jagarlamudi

M. L. A.

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Calling Attention to Matter of urgent public impertence:

(i) Abolition of annual examination in schools.

The question is:

"That this House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri Laxminarayana Jagarlamudi, a former member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family".

The Motion was passed nem con all members standing.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE.

(i) ABOLITION OF ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS IN SCHOOLS.
Calling Attention to Matters of urgent public importance:

(i) Abolition of annual examination in schools.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair.)
Calling Attention to Matters of urgent public impertinence:

(i) Abolition of annual examination in schools.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:- Have you got anything to say on this?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:- I do not know he says it is a convention; My own understanding of the Constitution and Rules is that a Bill or a matter or a statement can be made first in either House of the Legislature. It so happened that in this case the matter came up in the other House for discussion earlier. It might have been tabled later or earlier I do not know; I have not gone into the dates.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah :- Where is the question when the paper was laid in the Council? Why is it not circulated in the Assembly?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- It was sent here for being placed of
Calling Attention to matters of urgent public importance:

(i) Abolition of annual examination in schools.

the Table of the House. I am told that at that time the permission of the Speaker could not be obtained; so it was circulated.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— The Minister would have been aware when the Chief Minister said in the Assembly itself. When I raised a point of convention, then he said it won't be violated.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— What is the convention I have violated?—I want to know.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— These papers could have been...

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— They were sent; later on I was informed that they were circulated because the permission of the Speaker could not be obtained at that particular time.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I think the Minister is also correct because the Speaker was not present and his order was required. Since that was not possible, they were circulated. Now we go to the subject matter.
Calling Attention to Matters of urgent public importance:
(i) Abolition of annual examination in schools.
Calling Attention to matters of urgent public importance:

(i) Abolition of annual examination in schools.

16th August, 1971. 513
Calling Attention to matters of urgent public importance:
Non-implementation of Wage Board decisions reg. workers of Rice Mills and Oil Mills.

(ii) Non-implementation of Wage Board decisions regarding workers of Rice Mills and Oil Mills.

Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy :- In G. O. Ms No. 1090, Home, dated 7th July 1970, Minimum Rates of Wages for employment in any Rice Mill, Flour Mill or Dal Mill including Roller Flour Mill were revised and the rates came into force with effect from 6th August, 1970.

The Minimum rates of Wages in respect of Oil Mills were also revised by Government in G. O. Ms. No. 570, dated 23-4-1970 and came into force from 28-5-1970. Only in respect of Minimum rates of Wages in Oil Mills, 15 employers from Kurnool District filed Writ petitions and obtained stay orders from the High Court against implementation on 21-1-1971. Action has been taken to file the counter affidavit and for Vacation of the stay granted by the High Court and the Government pleader is again being instructed to move the High Court in this regard.

No complaints of non-implementation in respect of either of the employments were received from the rest of the State except from Warangal. The General Secretary, Rice and Oil Mill Workers Union and also the Rice and Oil Mill and Dal Mill Mazdoor Sabha complained and they were enquired into by the District Inspector of Labour Warangal and it was found that the revised Minimum rates of Wages in the above two employments were being paid to the workers. Thus, there is no basis for complaint that the minimum wages in respect of
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August 1971. 515

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

above two employments are not being implemented, except in respect of the writ petitions who obtained stay orders from the High Court. If any specific instances of non-implementation are brought to the notice of the concerned authorities, they will be dealt with according to Law.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE


Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao :- On behalf of the Chief Minister, Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy, I beg to lay on the Table under Rule 159 (1) of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules two Notifications issued under section 3 (1) and 4 (1) of the Andhra Pradesh Relief Undertakings (Special Provisions) Ordinance, 1971 as required under section 6 of the said Ordinance.

(ii) Twenty-Sixth Annual Report of the Praga Tools Ltd, Secunderabad.

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao :- Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs.-61,33,19,400 under Demand No. XVII - Education."

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- Motion moved.

Sarvasri R Satyanarayana Raju :- Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,19,400 Education by Rs. 100/-

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,19,400 for Education by Rs. 100/-
516 16th August 1971.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demand for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,19,400 for Education by Rs. 100/-

Mr. Dy. Speaker: - Cut motions moved.

Sarvasri G. Rajaram: - Sir, I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,19,400 for Education by Rs. 100/-

To discuss the failure of the Government in evolving a rational plan for improving the standards of education.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,19,400 for Education by Rs. 100/-

To discuss on the failure of the Government for not providing adequate funds to the Osmania University causing great dislocation in the administration.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,19,400 for Education by Rs. 100/-

To discuss the failure of the Government to maintain the secrecy of the question papers of Examination papers for the S.S.L.C. & 10th Class for the year 1971.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

B. Lakshmikantha Rao.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,19,400 for Education by Rs. 100/-

To discuss the policy of the Government for postponing the examinations frequently causing great inconvenience to the parents and students and resulting in conditions of uncertainty.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- Cut motions moved.

Sri Poola Subbaiah :- Sir, I beg to move :

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,19,400 for Education by Rs. 100/-

For not paying arrears of salaries to teachers in various educational institutions.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,19,400 for Education by Rs. 100/-

For not providing adequate facilities to teachers.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- Cut motions moved.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah :- Sir, I beg to move :-

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 61,33,12,400 for Education by Rs. 100/-

For improving on Education by changing policies thereby causing fall in standards of Education.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- Cut motion moved.
16th August 1971.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,12,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 1971. 521
for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
for 1971-72.  

Voting of Demands for Grants.  
Demand No. XVII - Education -  
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

The only difference between previous years and this year is that they will not be detained on the basis of the results of the annual examination. All other rules will be there. Eligibility which was defined in the Education rules previously on account of attendance, etc', will continue.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao -
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Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.  
Voting of Demands for Grants.  
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,12,400/-

I would also like to dispel another misconception in the minds of some people, namely, that we are now out to put a premium on intelligence and hard work on the part of the students. Nothing is further from truth. The new system will be so devised that only the regular serious-minded and assiduous students can cope with it and mark. The system will serve to reward competence and remedy backwardness.”

What about the students who are not regular, serious-minded and assiduous? A student has to work hard. He has to concentrate, 60 hours. 20 hours for study and 40 hours for work. He has to concentrate 60 hours. How is that possible? Is it possible to study? Is it possible to work? Is it possible to concentrate? He needs rest. He needs leisure. He needs recreation. He needs exercise. He has to do something after school. He has to do something after work. He has to do something after study. He has to do something after school. He has to do something after work. He has to do something after study. He has to do something after school. He has to do something after work. He has to do something after study.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- No, Sir. We have received representations from Management that they don't want to be denied the right to pay salaries and be pay-master.

Sri M. R. Appa Rao :- Very few people are like that.

Sri M. R. Appa Rao :- We have received representations from Management that they don't want to be denied the right to pay salaries and be pay-master.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- No, Sir. We have received representations from Management that they don't want to be denied the right to pay salaries and be pay-master.

Sri M. R. Appa Rao :- Very few people are like that.

Sri M. R. Appa Rao :- We have received representations from Management that they don't want to be denied the right to pay salaries and be pay-master.

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Voting of Demands for Grants:

Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,39,400/-

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for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Voting of Demands for Grants:

Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

According to me the Intermediate Board should be scrapped and control should be given to the University.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

English is the mother tongue of the Anglo-Christians and it is in the VIII Schedule of our Constitution. It is a must. The language fanatic should be allowed to choose their own media and the decision taken by the three Vice-Chancellors in favour of the continuance of English is indisputable.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: Sri, decision to insist on 40% in English is also from the same pool of wisdom. Sri...

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: This is new wisdom, I think...

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: This is new wisdom, I think.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 1971

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Note: The exact text is incomplete and contains errors due to the nature of the handwriting and the translation process.
Voting of Demand for Grants:

Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,131,940/-
Annual Financial Statements (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 1971. 537
Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

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Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 171

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- It does go without saying. There is distinction between detention and examination. You are having terminal examination. We are not detaining them.

Sri Kudipudi Prabhakara Rao :- But in all it is a commendable effort.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- I am not speaking of commendation or otherwise. I am only saying that facts should be presented as they are.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- Sir, I am welcoming all their opinions. I am only saying that what is being proposed is not the abolition of the examinations lock, stock and barrel but only the abolition of doing away with detentions in classes other than classes 7th and 10th.
16th August 1971.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

This is a bit ambitious and hasty. It is denying the fundamental rights of parents. It is a bit hurried and precipitate. This is in a way denying the fundamental rights of parents.
Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

It is not an easy taste to estimate the benefits that may accrue from such a grant. It may cost a few lakhs. It does not matter. It is a question of whether the benefits outweigh the cost. A government of the day is expected to take such decisions with care. It is not an easy task. It is not always easy to estimate the benefits that may accrue from such a grant.

Some what hasty and ambiguous are the terms in which the expenditure is estimated. It is not always easy to estimate the benefits that may accrue from such a grant. It is not always easy to estimate the benefits that may accrue from such a grant.
542 16th August 1971.

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Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
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Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August 1971.

Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Demand No. XVII - Education
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

This is the initial page of a document discussing the annual financial statement for 1971-72, specifically focusing on the demand for the Education sector, amounting to Rs. 61,33,19,400. The document appears to be in Telugu.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

(Dr. T. S. Murthy in the Chair)

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- Examinations hereafter will be meant for evaluation and not for detention.
Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Pudget) for 1971-72
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

It is a continuous process which indicates at every stage that there are several experimental stages. It is a continuous process which indicates at every stage that there are several experimental stages.

Primary education has become a foot-ball of several players.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 1971. 549

Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annua! Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 1971

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs 61,33,19,400/-

...
Annual Financial Statements (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Rs. 14,31,000 to 16,698
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

1971-72 Budget Estimates for Education are Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

1970-71 showed an increase of Rs. 6,91,800 over the previous year.

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for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Demand Question: Who is responsible for it and why?
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August 1971. 555
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 1971. 557

for 1971-72
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Mr. Chairman :- Again you are going into that.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- It seems a hopeless affair to distinguish. Both the ditentions and examinations are synonymous in his dictionary.

Sri A. Madhava Rao :- I am telling you I may not be so educated

Let there be private colleges; let there be Tutorial Colleges. Why so much of waste of money for all these things? Are you having any planned approach to any of these things? If you have got any planned approach, I can understand it.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Demand No. XVII - Education -

Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

Where is that methodical approach to the problem? Where is that methodical approach to the problem? Where is that methodical approach to the problem?

That will be a better course. That will be a better course. That will be a better course.

Take some substantial action. Let there be a clear-cut life approach, and not this only administrative set-up.
Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

The financial year 1971-72 witnessed a process of consolidation. Though the requirements of expansion are genuine and justified, they could not be fulfilled for want of funds.

Sanghadasa's note states that the budget for 1971-72 was Rs. 61,33,19,400/- for demand No. XVII - Education. However, due to lack of funds, the expansion could not be fulfilled.

The expansion requirements are genuine and justified, but could not be fulfilled due to lack of funds.

Though the requirements for expansion are genuine and justified, they could not be fulfilled for want of funds.
Note on Demand XVII Education 1971

I would like to place before the Honourable Members, a short resume of some important activities of the department during the year 1970-71 and also to indicate the broad outlines of the general course of action to be taken during the year 1971-72.

Though by no means a peaceful year, the year under review, 1970-71, was productive of less stress and strain than the year which immediately preceded it. It witnessed the integrated course of study at the secondary level generally settling down. It was possible to organise the first common examination at the X class level. This should have taken place in the year 1969-70 but could not be held for reasons known to all. The year also witnessed the first batch of students of the newly started two-year Intermediate course taking their examination conducted by the Board of Intermediate Education. Here again, the contemplated common examination could not be held simultaneously in all regions of the State. Except that the examinations were held on different dates in different regions of the State, structurally and academically it was a common examination. It may be mentioned that this first batch of Intermediate students are also those who have ushered in the change-over of medium of instruction at collegiate level to the regional language. Judging by the number of students who took the Intermediate examination in different language media, it can be claimed with justifiable satisfaction that the change-over has been generally welcomed and appreciated.

The Junior Colleges which went through their second year of existence shall pose many problems. The organic set-up of the Junior Colleges under the purview of the Board of Intermediate Education is quite vast and complex, particularly on the staffing side. Without claiming to have done the very best in respect of each problem, it may be stated that several of these difficulties have been solved or are being solved with a sincere desire to build up these new institutions. Within the constrictions of financial resources, the junior colleges are being gradually equipped with furniture, library, laboratory equipments and other facilities. The

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/

process is bound to be a time-consuming affair having regard to the constriction referred to above. The structural set-up of the Junior Colleges with classes from VI onwards deserves urgent attention and it is hoped that with the co-operation of the authorities of the Zilla Parishads the problem would be satisfactorily solved. Another major question yet to be tackled is the absorption of teachers consequent on the Government taking over the Zilla Parishad Higher Secondary Schools which have been converted into Junior Colleges. This is engaging the active attention of the Government. On the academic side, such issues like inspection of these colleges, improvement of academic standards etc. will be tackled by the Board of Intermediate Education.

Now that the medium of instruction at the Intermediate level has been generally accepted it has become necessary to extend this to the degree level also. At a high level conference with all the Vice-Chancellors it was decided that Telugu should be the medium of instruction at the degree level too. At the same time having regard to several inescapable factors, it was decided that English should continue to be an alternative medium of instruction with the stipulation that only those candidates who secured a minimum of 40% of marks in English in the qualifying examination could seek admission to English medium. Honourable Members are already aware of these details. It is hoped that this arrangement would meet the situation, ensuring at the same time that the basic policy in regard to language medium is pursued. Government have under consideration the need to make available greater employment opportunities to those who take to regional language medium for instruction. They hope to announce their decision in regard to this shortly.

Introduction of Telugu as medium of instruction at the degree level has to be preceded by certain preparations, particularly in the matter of availability of reading material. The Telugu Akademi which did a commendable piece of work in regard to the preparation of text-books for the two-year Intermediate course, has already taken on hand the formidable task of preparing reading materials for the degree classes. In consultation with the three Universities, materials are getting ready which would cater to the differing syllabi and content of subjects of the three Universities. For the first year of the degree courses, the Telugu Akademi has been asked to prepare 89 titles in all subjects. The progress has been good and the Akademi has been able to work according to schedule. The first batch of books covering all subjects are almost ready for release and the rest will be released shortly thereafter. It is not apprehended
that non-availability of reading material will seriously impede the adoption of Telugu as medium of instruction at the degree level from the year 1971-72 onwards. Similarly the Telugu Akademi has taken on hand the task of organising orientation courses for those who have to handle Telugu medium classes, as they did for the Intermediate course.

At the primary and secondary stages, the year witnessed a process of consolidation. Though the requirements of expansion are genuine and justified, they could not be fulfilled for want of funds. The limited resources were therefore used for purposes of consolidation. Two problems of consolidation and improvement as distinct from mere physical expansion, that were engaging the attention of Government during the year were; avoidance of wastage and stagnation and secondly identification of rural talent. As is known to Honourable members, the enormous drop outs at particularly the primary stage constitute wastage of recourses of an order which we cannot afford. There are several social, economic and academic causes all inter-related and in turn related to failures at the examination. Government after serious thought have come to the conclusion that one effective way of preventing wastage would be, not to detain students at each and every class. The system of non-detention or what is called elsewhere non-grading is nothing new, at any rate in other countries. A continuous process of internal assessment has been accepted by progressive educationists as being more conducive to improving academic standards than the existing system. The National Education Commission has also commended this idea, Government have accepted this view and came to conclusion that there should be no detention of students except at classes VII and X at which levels we have a district level common examination, and state level public examination respectively. At the same time, Government also realise that the substitute arrangement should be effectively, purposeful and capable of improving standards. Towards evolving this, consultations have started on a wide scale with all those interested and experienced in the matter. It is expected that the necessary consultations will be over and detailed instructions issued very soon. A note prepared has already been placed on the table of the House.

Identification of rural talent is in a way equalising educational opportunities. Experiments elsewhere have shown that the countryside abounds in hidden talent and given the chances, their contribution to the building up of the nation can also be remarkable. To unearth this talent, Government of India have decided to institute
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Two scholarships for each Samithi area for those coming from rural areas. But if these scholars have to achieve the level of excellence they are capable of, they should be admitted for further study in institutions maintaining high academic standards. In this connection, Government feel that some schools have to be started or helped to be started which will serve as centres of excellence, which will fashion the future builders of the nation out of the picked talent from the rural areas. Such schools have necessarily to be residential institutions assimilating the good features of several systems and fulfilling a long-felt need of rural India. It is proposed to start such schools but here again the ubiquitous financial restriction comes in the way. Having regard to our commitments elsewhere Government feel that only one such school can be started this year. Necessary provision is being made for this. Conditions improving, we may be able to start a few more in the next one or two years first with a target of one school in each region and thereafter, one in each district. The students to be admitted will be available after the second stage of selection for rural scholarships programme is completed and it is hoped that the new institutions will be ready to receive them by that time.

Yet another problem pertaining to this sector of education which has received considerable attention pertains again to one aspect of drop outs. One of the causes attributed to drop outs is the stark poverty of the people which makes it impossible for them to feed the children unless the children also contribute to manual labour abandoning their education. The scheme of midday meals being given to such students has been in existence but the working of the scheme has brought out certain difficulties and defects. It has now been decided in consultation with the CARE that instead of the present individual preparation of the meals at the school, an alternative scheme of central kitchens should be tried. Consultations are going on with the CARE to start a "ready to eat" food factory which would benefit about two lakhs of children.

Another important matter deserving attention relates to the teaching of English at the primary level. At present, English teaching starts from the third class. Experience has shown that this leaves much to be desired. The time that could be devoted is very short, the calibre of teachers handling the subject not upto the mark and the content of the course at this level is so low that it can hardly make any impact on the young children. In order that this is remedied, that the contents improve and the instruction is given by a competent person and further in order that instead of dissipating the few hours available over a variety of subjects
imposing on the young mind additional language burden, it has been suggested that English teaching should start from the first year of the Upper Primary stage. Government propose to adopt this suggestion very soon and utilise the savings in the teaching hours to strengthen the foundations of the teaching of the mother tongue and non-language subjects. Alongside, it is also proposed to evolve a suitable course with adequate contents in the regional language for the sake of students whose mother tongue is not Telugu. This is now very essential in the context of adoption of Telugu as the medium of instruction at the collegiate level. The House is already aware that Government has been having under consideration the restricting of primary and upper primary stages from 5 + 2 to 4 + 3, and strengthening the upper primary stage which is rather weak now. It is proposed to take a final decision on this in such a way that while bringing about this desirable reform, the opportunities available at present totally, are not curtailed.

A reference has already been made to the growth and development of Junior Colleges where the New Intermediate course has been introduced. Government feel that these days of technological, industrial and commercial advancement these new institutions should be made use of to serve a larger purpose than merely being the feeder sources of degree courses. We have before us the example of several countries like America and nearer home Japan and Ceylo, where the junior colleges have been diversified, catering to the needs of a large number of technical courses also. We do have the Polytechnics but it is felt that there is still ample scope for the utilisation of Junior Colleges in this regard. Government are seized of the matter and the Ford Foundation has indicated their interest in helping us to evolve a system whereby the Junior Colleges are made to subserve large purposes keeping in view our situation, needs and genius. The Board of Intermediate Examination has also constituted a committee to examine the diversification possibilities at this level. So far as Junior Colleges are concerned, what is required to be done now is more of consolidation and strengthening than of expansion.

Coming now to the degree colleges, the introduction of Intermediate course with a higher degree of subject content has made it necessary that the degree courses be also revised so that there is no overlapping between the two. The Universities have been at this job. As already stated, the first degree courses will also switch over to Telugu medium. The physical growth of the colleges as is known has been quite substantial. Yet there have been several representations from people for starting new colleges. Government have
taken adequate steps to see that areas which have no facilities for collegiate education are provided with the same.

The University Grants Commission has several schemes for helping colleges in their building programmes and equipments etc. Advantage can be taken of these schemes if the colleges are able to show the required matching contribution. Many of the aided colleges have been benefited by these schemes whereas Government colleges have not, for want of funds. Government have made a specific provision in this year's plan schemes for this purpose and it is hoped that the beginning made this year will benefit the Government colleges and that they will be able to take advantage of the University Grants Commission schemes.

In regard to the Universities, in addition to the usual block grants and additional block grants, Government released Rs. 16 lakhs for the three Universities (6 lakhs Osmania University, 6 lakhs for Andhra University and 4 lakhs for Sri Venkateswara University) on an ad hoc basis. The needs of the Universities are growing rapidly and there is no doubt a great pressure on their limited resources. Government would like them to develop fully, but unfortunately our capacity to aid the Universities is not unlimited. The House knows the Government assisted in the starting of the three Post-Graduate centres and have paid the grant of Rs. 25 lakhs for each one of them, University Grants Commission giving Rs. 20 lakhs. From this year onwards, Government have also agreed to bear the recurring cost of the Post-graduate centres. The amounts to be paid to these centres on this account were worked out by the Universities themselves and whatever was agreed to by them has been provided. Apart from the Post-Graduate centres, the developmental activities of the Universities require additional resources. In order to assess this after a critical examination of the financial position of the Universities, the Government have constituted a committee with the Education and Planning Secretaries and Deputy Secretary, Finance Department to go into this question.

A word may be said about examination reforms. Honourable members are fully aware of the dissatisfaction that the present system of examination has produced in everybody's mind. It is unnecessary to go into details. Yet in the nature of things it is well nigh impossible to do away with them lock, stock and barrel. What is required is to bring about a complete reform in regard to all aspects of conducting public examination. This has become more urgent in view of the abolition of the detentions and the consequent need to strengthen the public examination at the Xth
Class level and at the 7th Class level where from last year, we have introduced a common district level examination. Recently the Committee on Examinations appointed by the Central Advisory Board of Education has submitted its report. Government hope to examine the recommendations of this committee in detail, accept such of them as are applicable to our requirements and reissue necessary instructions well before the next public examination. Government will also take such steps as are necessary to deal sternly with cases of leakage of question papers, malpractices at examination centres etc.

Fully aware that any development in the field of education is possible only if all the concerned parties give their willing co-operation, particularly the teacher and the taught, Government have been endeavouring to solve the problems of teachers and the students. These continue to be stupendous, bewildering and at times disheartening. But it is hoped that with considerable patience on all sides and with a fond of good-will, it should be possible to solve them. The process can never be final but a continuing one.

To give relief to the teachers and also to afford employment opportunities certain steps were taken, some of which are as follows:

The benefit of U.G.C. scales was extended to the teachers working in Oriental Training Institutions and Graduate Librarians working in Colleges under all managements. This benefit was given retrospectively from 1-4-1966. As the House is already aware the pay scales of teachers were revised under all managements with effect from 19-3-1969.

The House Rent Allowance sanctioned in G. O. Ms. No. 173 Finance, dated 13-6-1969 to the N.G. Os. and teachers under Government employment was extended to the teaching staff working in schools under the management of local bodies and private organisation.

1867 additional secondary grade teacher posts (1153 in the Andhra area and 714 in the Telangana area) were sanctioned during the year 1970-71 for strengthening the primary schools. 372 posts of B.Ed. headmasters (248 for Andhra area and 124 for Telangana area) and 372 posts of language pandits (248 for the Andhra area 127 for the Telangana area) were sanctioned for Upper Primary Schools as part of a phased programme of providing B.Ed., headmasters and language pandits for all Upper Primary Schools. Under the Centrally sponsored scheme of Providing Hindi teachers for the schools in the non-Hindi speaking states, 224 posts of Hindi Pandits were additionally created during the year 1970-71 in addition to 2902 Hindi Pandits appointed in the preceding year. It is hoped that Government of India would enhance their assistance during the year 1971-72.
so that the short-fall of teachers we still have, is made good. Favourable indications to this effect were forthcoming when the Secretary to Government of India, Ministry of Education held discussions with the Officers of the Department recently.

On the planning side the allocation for general education is Rs. 310 lakhs for this year of which Rs. 100 lakhs is earmarked for Primary Education. Having regard to the enormity of requirements, the allocation is no doubt very small but within this limited resources an attempt has been made to derive the maximum benefit. A brief mention is made below of developmental activities in general education field.

So far as 1970-71 is concerned an amount of Rs. 24 lakhs (Rupees 16 lakhs for the Andhra area and Rs. 8 lakhs for the Telangana area) was released to the Panchavat Samithis for providing equipment to Upper Primary Schools under their control.

14 Government Upper Primary Schools (5 in the Andhra area and 9 in the Telengana area) 12 upper Primary Schools (7 in Andhra and 5 in the Telengana) managed by local bodies were upgraded to High Schools during the year 1970-71. Besides this, 22 High Schools (9 for the Andhra area and 13 for the Telangana area) were permitted to be opened by private management without any financial commitment to the Government.

Eleven Junior Colleges unaided were opened during the year 1970-71. The aided Arts and Science College, Jagtial, Karimnagar district was taken over by Government with effect from 1-2-1971.

An amount of Rs. 100 lakhs is earmarked for elementary education out of which Rs. 76.56 lakhs would be required for maintaining the teachers appointed during the year 1970-71. 72 B Ed. headmasters (42 in the Andhra and 30 in the Telangana area) and 72 language pandits (42 in Andhra and 30 in Telangana) are proposed to be appointed in Upper Primary Schools. 404 Secondary Grade teachers are proposed to be appointed involving an expenditure of Rs. 5.20 lakhs. Similarly 43 Upper Primary Schools (12 in the Andhra area and 31 in Telangana area) are proposed to be upgraded into High Schools involving an expenditure of Rs. 2.92 lakhs.

It is proposed to start Post-Graduate Courses in Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry in the Government College at Rajahmundry and in English and Commerce in P. R. Government College, Kakinada during the year 1971-72. Proposals for the starting of six post-Graduate Centers, at the rate of two in each of the University areas are under consideration. Besides the two centres mentioned above, two centres in Government Colleges at Karimnagar and Nizamabad at a cost of Rs. 3 lakhs during 1971-72 in Telangana area under Osmania University and two Centres in Government Colleges at
Cuddapah and Chittoor at a cost of Rs. 2 lakhs in Rayalaseema area under Sri Venkateswara University are also proposed to be started. The details are to be finalised in consultation with the respective Universities.

Construction of semi-permanent structures for the Government Colleges at Palakol and Gudur is proposed to be taken up during the year 1971-72.

In order to improve the teaching of Mathematics and Sciences in Schools, it is proposed to make a beginning by starting a few district centres with a view to providing in-service training to the teachers of Secondary Schools. It may be noted that many students are failing in X Class Public Examination due to poor performance in Mathematics and Science. Since the teaching in these subjects has been observed to be inadequate, it has become imperative to organise training courses for the teachers handling Mathematics and Science both in content and methodology. Physics, Chemistry and Biology are proposed to be taught in Upper Primary Schools as independent disciplines besides introducing new Mathematics with effect from the year 1972-73. These centres will provide necessary orientation training courses to the Upper Primary School teachers for proper implementation of these measures.

To extend necessary expertise to the staff of these centres the State Council of Educational Research and Training has been strengthened by creating the following new departments:

1. Department of Curriculum and Text-books.
2. Department of Extension Service.
4. Department of Psychological Studies besides strengthening departments of Science Education and Evaluation.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION:

The total plan outlay of Technical Education Department for 1970-71 was fixed Rs. 25.00 lakhs. The accent of the plan was more on the consolidation of existing institutions and quality improvement schemes. Since outlay is small even expenditure on a number of spill-over schemes had to be slowed down. No new institution was started and nor any physical expansion take place in the year 1970-71.

For purposes of quality improvement and to make the training at Diploma level more purposeful and job oriented, this department has taken up curricular development work. This is the first State to take up this work. Prof. Avaner of the National Science Foundation
of the U. S. A. came to Hyderabad and prepared a revised curriculum for Mechanical Engineering. Two Russian Experts came to Hyderabad on 28-12-1970 under Indo-U. S. S. R. Credit Agreement and they have given training to 25 Teachers Trainees in Government Polytechnic, Hyderabad. They have given training in the subject i.e. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Industrial Electronics and Technical Mechanics. These courses have been conducted from 2-1-1971 to 13-3-1971.

Government have accorded sanction for starting of Diploma Course in Chemical Engineering in Government Polytechnic, Visakhapatnam and Automobile Engineering in Government Polytechnic, Anantapur under diversification of courses. These courses could not be started during 1970-71 due to late receipt of Government orders and will be started in 1971-72.

Government have sanctioned the following schemes during 1970-71 and these schemes are under implementation.

1. Deficit staff for Commercial Practice in Government Polytechnic for Women, Guntur.
2. Fifth year staff for Nagarjunasagar Engineering College, Hyderabad.
3. Workshop Instructor in Government Polytechnic, Kakinada.
5. Starting of Part time Degree Course in Nagarjunasagar Engineering College, Hyderabad and the Osmania University, Hyderabad.

PROGRAMME FOR THE YEAR 1971-72:

The annual Plan outlay for Technical Education for 1971-72 is fixed as Rs. 39.20 lakhs. Out of this a sum of Rs. 31.06 lakhs is earmarked for completion of the schemes implemented before the Fourth Plan and the remaining amount for expansion of schemes proposed for the year 1971-72.

The provision for spill-over schemes includes the cost of land acquisition for Engineering College, Kakinada, completion of development of Nagarjunasagar Engineering College and the Government Polytechnic for Women, Guntur among other things. The following
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are the important new schemes for which provision was made in the new plan.

1. Quality improvement schemes at Degree and Diploma level.
2. A Central Institute of Commerce.
3. Part-time Degree and Diploma Courses.
5. Diversified courses like, Chemical Engineering, Automobile Engineering, Printing etc.
6. Establishment of a permanent curriculum development cell-in the State in collaboration with the Teacher's Training Institute, Madras. Prof. Avera and Prof. Seymour, B Foreman of the National Science Foundation of America have already started work on this. The entire expenditure on this work is borne by the National Science Foundation of America.
7. Dress making and Costume Design course at Kamala Nehru Polytechnic for Women, Hyderabad.

Provision has also been made for expansion of training facilities in Fine Arts Education.

The following are the physical targets proposed:

1. At Degree level 110 seats in part-time courses.
2. At Diploma level 230 seats in both part-time and full time courses.

Government of India have issued clearance for starting of Post-Graduate Courses in Engineering College, Anantapur and Kakinada with an intake of 30 in each centre from the academic year 1971-72 and these courses will be started from 1971-72.

Government have appointed a Committee in G.O.Ms. No. 467 Education, dated, 10-3-1970 to consider the question of diversification of Diploma courses in Polytechnics and revision of syllabi of the existing Diploma courses in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Committee report is submitted to Government.

Government have also constituted a Committee to examine and report on the question of reviving Mining Diploma course at Government Polytechnic, Guntur, reorganisation of Mining Diploma course at the Mining Institute, Kothagudem and starting of other courses at
the Mining Institute, Kothagudem. The Committee's report is awaited.

CENTRALLY SPONSORED SCHEMES:

An amount of Rs. 29.40 lakhs is provided under Centrally sponsored schemes for hostels for the existing institutions Post-Graduate courses in Engineering College at Kakinada and Anantapur—1080 seats in hostels are proposed to be created by constructing the hostels in question (loan from Government of India). Provision has also been made for starting Electronics Communication Engineering Course at the Regional Engineering College, Warangal and establishment of two curriculum development cells in the Government Polytechnic, Hyderabad for Mechanical Engineering and the Government Polytechnic, Vijayawada for the Civil Engineering.

MUSIC COLLEGES:

The State is rich in dance and music traditions and talents; but as yet we have not been able to identify them or develop them. It is necessary; that a concrete programme is evolved to exploit these talents and not allow them to go waste. Paucity of resources has stood in the way but a time has now come when a beginning should be made. In order to encourage such talents and to inspire the budding aspirants and also to inculcate interest in music and dance, the Music Colleges have been organizing dance and music festivals. This was done for the last two years and have become popular and useful. It is essentially meant for those who cannot afford due to economic reasons to benefit by the exposition of the experts in their respective fields. To such as these the festival has been a boon. For a State of our size, four Music Colleges are hardly sufficient. Besides music and dance are effective media of promoting emotional integration. There is, therefore, a need to start few more colleges and Government propose to start 3 colleges this year. At the same time it is felt necessary that a thorough study in-depth should be made of the existing Colleges, their functioning, curricula, contents; staffing pattern etc. Government also hope to initiate action in this regard.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES:

The Andhra Pradesh Public Libraries Act, 1960 was amended for the second time in the year 1969. As per the amended section 13 (1) (b) of the Act, the Government constituted a High Power Committee to prepare the lists of books (Compulsory and General) to be purchased by the Zilla Grandhalaya Samsthas in the State. The list prepared by the Committee for Telugu and Hindi Books was approved by the Government during 1970-71 and it has been communicated to the Zilla Grandhalaya Samsthas. The terms for the supply of books have also been fixed by the Department and
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communicated to the Zilla Grandhalaya Samasthas for taking necessary action. The approval of the lists of books in Urdu and English is under consideration of Government.

The question of revision of the scales of pay of the employees of the Zilla Grandhalaya Samasthas and treating them as Government servants is under consideration of Government. The question of formation of a separate Zilla Grandhalaya Samstha for Ongole District is also under active consideration of Government.

N. C. C.:

At the end of the last year, i.e., 1970-71, the target figures that were to be achieved were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division (including girls)</th>
<th>1970-71 Target Figures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Senior Division</td>
<td>50,575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior Division</td>
<td>45,150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>95,725</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The actual achievements are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division (including girls)</th>
<th>1970-71 Actual Figures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Senior Division</td>
<td>45,845 (as on 31-3-71)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior Division</td>
<td>42,085</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

During the year 1971-72 the figures which we are to achieve are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division (including girls)</th>
<th>1971-72 Target Figures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Senior Division</td>
<td>47,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior Division</td>
<td>43,550</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

JAWAHAR BAL BHAVAN:

This is fact developing into a model institution and is gaining in popularity. More and more children are being attracted as it provides under one roof activities of multifarious nature which are of abiding interest to children and which help them develop their creative urges. This year a planetarium for the children is being installed. Also efforts are made to build a good auditorium to show 35 mm educational films to the children and conduct various cultural festivals in Music, Dance, Drama, Art and Crafts. This year plans are also made to arrange for holiday camps to the district and rural children, so that facilities in Bal Bhavan can be offered to the remote children. Bal Bhavan activities help to solve to some extent the problem of indiscipline among the children since it diverts their attention towards constructive lines.

Problems of education are vast and challenging. There can be no end to the problems because growth cannot stop, for stoppage
means extinction. Attempts have to be made, as indeed they are being made, to solve the difficulties as and when they arise to the best of your ability, having regard to the circumstances prevailing. While one could say with caution and some measure of satisfaction that considerable effort is being made it is also realised that much more remains to be done in the fields of education which should be the base for building up an economically prosperous and socially advanced country.

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(தமிழ் வரையிட்டு வலிய கட்டுரை (预算))

16தைத் ஆண்டு, 1971 577
1971-72 ந்திற்கு அளிக்கப்பட்டுள்ள தேசிய கண்டத்தில்
முழுதும் குறிப்பிட்டு வலிய கோணம்
தேர்வு மாதிரிக் கோணம் -
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தமிழ்விளக்கம்:

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Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

పిల్లి జరిగానికి అడవిని అధిష్ఠితం చేసి, సంస్థ సహకారం లోకాలకు వాస్తవాలు రాంభం చేసిన సాధారణం సంప్రదాయం అంతర్భాగాల లేకుండా యువరాజఫోట సంస్థల ప్రాంగణం విధానం వచ్చింది.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 1971. 581

Voting of Demands for Grants:
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Voting of Demands for Grants:
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Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

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పిన్నలో నిణించబడింది. ఈ పత్రికలో ఎందుకు ఉపయోగించింది కాదు. ఈ పత్రిక
మాట్లో చదుపాటు అంచన.

పిన్నలో నిణించబడింది. ఈ పత్రికలో ఎందుకు ఉపయోగించింది కాదు. ఈ పత్రిక
మాట్లో చదుపాటు అంచన.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 1971

Voting of Demands for Grants:
Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

1970-71 24 ஏப்ரல் 0 (ஏப்ரல் தேசியம் திதி 16 ஆம் தேதி. தொடர் (செப்டேம்பர்
8 ஆம் தேதி) காலத்தில் தேவை.

1970-71 14 முதல் குறுக்கு வருடக் காலத்தில் (னுலியி எண்
5. தொடர் (செப்டேம்பர் 8) பதிப்பு நூற்றாண்டு முறையில் 12 அமுக்கு வருடக்
முறையில் (ஏப்ரல் 7, தொடர் (செப்டேம்பர் 5) வண்ணம் 12 வருட முறையில் முறையில்
எண் 22 முறை முறையில் (ஏப்ரல் எண் 7, தொடர் (செப்டேம்பர்
13) வருடக் காலத்தில் தேவை முறையில்.

1970-71 14 முதல் குறுக்கு வருடக் காலத்தில் முட்டகாலக் காலம்
(புதுவியக்கம், அதிகாரிகள் (புதுவியக்கம் முட்டகாலக் காலம் ஒன்றில்
ஏப்ரல் 1-2.1971 முதல் (புதுவியக்க முட்டகாலக் காலம்.

16.42 ஆகிய எண் 100 முதல் முட்டகாலக் காலத்தில் முட்டகாலக்
எண் 76.86 முதல் 1970-71 முட்டகாலக் காலத்தில் முட்டகாலக்
முட்டகாலக் காலத்தில் முட்டகாலக் காலத்தில் முட்டகாலக்
எண் 22 முறை 6. அமுக்கு
(செப்டேம்பர் 42 முறை, தொடர் (செப்டேம்பர் 30 முறை), 72 முறை
ஆகிய எண் 80 முறை (செப்டேம்பர் 42 முறை, தொடர் (செப்டேம்பர் 30 முறை),
முட்டகாலக் காலத்தில் முட்டகால.
எண் 5.20 முதல் எண் 404 முதல் முட்டகால(செப்டேம்பர்
எண் 80 முறை முட்டகாலக்
முட்டகால காலத்தில்.

1971-72 தொடர் (செப்டேம்பர் 12,
என் தொடர் (செப்டேம்பர் 31) முட்டகால முட்டகால காலம் முட்டகால முட்டகால
ஒன்றில். கணக்கான எண் 2.92 முதல் முட்டகாலக் காலத்தில்.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)
for 1971 - 72
Voting of Demands for Grants
Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

584 16th August, 1971.

The Honourable Member, 

For your information, I beg to present the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971 - 72. In this statement, I would like to highlight the Demand No. XVII – Education, which amounts to Rs. 61,33,19,400/-.

In regard to the implementation of the Budget, I would like to mention that an amount of Rs. 3,30,000/- has been allocated for the current year 1971-72. It is expected that this allocation will be utilized efficiently to support the education sector.

Furthermore, I would like to emphasize the importance of investment in education, which is crucial for the development and prosperity of our nation. The allocation of funds under this demand will contribute significantly towards the enhancement of educational facilities and infrastructure.

In conclusion, I strongly believe that the support provided under the Education demand will have a positive impact on the overall education system, leading to a brighter future for our children. Let us work together to ensure that every child has access to quality education.

Yours faithfully,”

1. [Signature]
2. [Title]
3. [Date]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 16th August, 1971. 585
for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

4. The following table shows the estimated expenditure for 1970-71.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Estimated Expenditure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Rs. 61,33,19,400/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The estimated expenditure for 1970-71 is Rs. 61,33,19,400/-. The estimated expenditure for 1971-72 is Rs. 61,33,19,400/-. The difference between the estimated expenditure for 1970-71 and 1971-72 is Rs. 61,33,19,400/-.
Annual Financial Statements (Budget) for 1971-72.

Voting of Demands for Grants:
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8. विद्यालयों का संचालन  लागत 1971 के लिए सम्पन्न हो जाएगा।

4. कार्यालयों का निर्माण  का लागत 1971 के लिए सम्पन्न हो जाएगा।

5. कार्यालयों का निर्माण का लागत 1972 के लिए रु. 39,20,00,000 के साथ कम हो जाएगा।

6. कार्यालयों का निर्माण का लागत 1971 के लिए रु. 31,33,000 के साथ कम हो जाएगा।

1971-72 का बजट रूपांतरण नोट

लागत के रूपांतरण 1971-72 के लिए कम हो जाएगा। संचालन लागत 1971-72 के लिए रु. 39,20,000 के साथ कम हो जाएगा। कार्यालयों का निर्माण का लागत 1971-72 के लिए रु. 31,33,000 के साथ कम हो जाएगा।

1. दिनां, दिनां के रूपांतरण लागत कम हो जाएगा।
2. दिनां के रूपांतरण लागत कम हो जाएगा।
3. दिनां के रूपांतरण लागत कम हो जाएगा।
4. कार्यालयों का निर्माण का लागत 1966 के साथ लागत कम हो जाएगा।
5. कार्यालयों का निर्माण का लागत 1971 के साथ लागत कम हो जाएगा।
Voting of Demands for grants.

Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

6. The following are the demands for education for the year 1971-72

   Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

7. The following are the demands for other grants:

   1. Rs. 1,60,000/-
   2. Rs. 2,00,000/-

For the year 1971-72, the budget allocation for education is Rs. 61,33,19,400/-.
588  16th August, 1971

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education -
Rs. 61,33,19,400/-

చిత్రం


ఇతర సహాయ పైను ఉండాలి (మార్గ స్థానానికి మాత్రం).
అన్నా ఫించించడానికి అవసరంగా కొద్దిగా రూ. 3,53,49,000 వేలు కలిగింది, అడవి వినియమిన కొలువైన రూ. 157,64,000 వేలు (ఎంపికరంగా రూ. 157,64,000 వేలు సంవత్సరాలు కలిగివుండేవాని).

అన్నా విద్యార్థివేత్తలకు

1970-71 పంచాయతీ లోహితాలలో ప్రారంభించబడిన సంస్థాన విద్యాభ్యాసం:

భారతీయ విద్యా రంగారేయ (మాధ్యమిక రంగారేయ) 50,575
భారతీయ విద్యా రంగారేయ సంస్థాన విద్యాభ్యాసం 45,150

మధ్య 95,725

1971-72 పంచాయతీ లోహితాలలో ప్రారంభించబడిన సంస్థాన విద్యాభ్యాసం:

భారతీయ విద్యా రంగారేయ (మాధ్యమిక రంగారేయ) 45,845
(31-3-71 రంగారేయ)
భారతీయ విద్యా రంగారేయ (మాధ్యమిక రంగారేయ) 42,085

1971-72 పంచాయతీ లోహితాలలో ప్రారంభించబడిన సంస్థాన విద్యాభ్యాసం:

భారతీయ విద్యా రంగారేయ (మాధ్యమిక రంగారేయ) 47,400
భారతీయ విద్యా రంగారేయ (మాధ్యమిక రంగారేయ) 43,550

మధ్య విద్యా రంగారేయ
Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1971-72.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Demand No. XVII - Education - Rs. 61,33,19,400/-
