THE
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES.

Seventh day of the Sixth Session of the
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

THE ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
Friday the 30th July, 1971.
The House met at Half-Past-Eight of the Clock.
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

Recruitment to Subordinate Services

(a) whether it is a fact that the recruitment to subordinate services of the Government of Andhra Pradesh was taken away from the Public Service Commission and entrusted to District Collectors in the State; and

(b) if so, for what reasons?

The Chief Minister (Sri K. Brahmamanda Reddy);

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Administrative Reforms Committee recommended inter alia that the Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission should be divested of the work of recruitment to clerical cadres to all offices except to the Secretariat and that recruitment should be decentralised and done at the District level. In pursuance of this recommendation, recruitment to Group IV Services (other than posts in the offices of Heads of Departments, Secretariat Departments and the A. P. Judicial Ministerial Service) was withdrawn from the A. P. Public Service Commission and entrusted to District Collectors in April, 1969.

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At the district level, the District Collector was authorised to select. At the district level, the District Collector was authorised to select.

Sri Pragada Kotaiah: It was not done either in Guntur or in Ongole.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy: (Dornkal) Sir, is it not a fact that the Regional Committee has made 2 recommendations? Recommendation on no. 1 is that recruitment to services should be decentralised and to appoint committees instead of Collectors. Number 2 is that steps should be taken to impress on the Govt. of India to amend Art. 16 (3) to protect the Domicile Rules.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy: What is the answer to second part? The Regional Committee has made a recommendation to the
State Government to recommend to the Government of India to amend Act 16 (3)

I think it is under the consideration of the Government of India.

In no District any selection is made.

It will be difficult for the unemployed people to come all the way to Hyderabad and register themselves in the central office. Could you rectify that mistake, Sir?

If they adhere to the rules, we will be very happy. They are not doing it. That is our "Badha".

Unless you specifically say in any certain case that thing is not observed, a general observation will not help.
Oral Answers to Questions. 30th July, 1971. 119

I. (M. D. M.)

II. (M. D. M.)

III. (M. D. M.)
30th July, 1971

Oral Answers to Questions.

(1) వారి రహితాదనాయ్యాలను అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి?

(2) బాధాదికాలాలను అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి?

(3) చారిత్రక సంస్థ నుండి రాతి పంచబడతా ఇందులో మతదార శాసనానికి చెందిన శాతిలో కాలం ఎంతో మంది?

(4) రాజకీయ పరిస్థితులు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(5) విద్యాభూషణ చివరికి ప్రత్యేక పట్టాంబర్లు ఏ సంవత్సరంలో కమాండ్ కి పంచబడతాం?

(6) రాష్ట్రాల మండలం అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(7) ప్రపంచ విద్యాభూషణ సంస్థ నుండి అంగం కూడా మన రాష్ట్రం, మండలం యొక్క ప్రత్యేక పట్టాంబర్ల మాణిక్యాలం ఎంటో?

(8) నేషనల్ మేనేజిమెంట్ అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(9) ప్రత్యేక నడుమ అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(10) రాష్ట్రాల మండలం నుండి పరిశ్రమలు ఇంట ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(11) ప్రత్యేకతల కార్యాలు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(12) రాష్ట్రం పరిస్థితులు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(13) ప్రత్యేక పరిశ్రమలు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(14) ప్రాతిశతం నడుమ అమలు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(15) ప్రత్యేక సమాధానాలు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(16) పరిశ్రమలు అమలు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(17) ప్రత్యేక సమాధానాల అమలు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(18) రాష్ట్రం పరిస్థితులపై సంస్థ నుండి కమాండ్ పంచబడిన సంస్థ పంచబడిన మాణిక్యాలం ఎంటో?

(19) ప్రత్యేక విభాగాలు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(20) రాష్ట్రం పరిస్థితులు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(21) ప్రత్యేక సమాధానాలు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(22) రాష్ట్రం పరిస్థితులు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

(23) ప్రత్యేక సమాధానాలు అమలు అంటే ఈ రాళ్ళు ఎంపాడాలి.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:- Collector alone has to do it.

Sri Pragada Kotiah:- Other departmental Head in the District is doing it.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:- Guntur Collector has interviewed 2000 persons himself personally.

Sri R. Mahananda:- Is it not possible to have an itinerary Public Service Commission for the Districts and associate Collectors with that?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:- It is not practical.

Conduct of Group IV Examinations by Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission.

202

*2(973) Sarvasri C. Janga Reddy (Parkal), R. Mahananda (Darsi) and C.V.K. Rao:- Will, the Honble Chief Minister be pleased to state;

(a) whether the Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission had conducted Group IV Examinations on the 18th May, 1967;

(b) if so, whether the list of the successful candidates has been published;

(c) if not; whether it will be published now;

(d) whether it is also a fact that employment has been provided to the Typists who appeared for the examination in the same year; and

(e) if so, the reasons for not providing employment to the successful candidates of Group IV examinations?

Oral Answers to Question.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy Chief Minister):-

(a) Yes, Sir. Group IV Examinations was conducted on the 19th and 20th May 1967.

(b) According to the procedure in vogue what is published in the gazette is only the list of allotted candidates and not the entire list of all the successful candidates. Since it was only the typists who were allotted to the concerned Unit Offices and not the other candidates, only the lists of typists were published in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) Before the allotment of candidates on the basis of the results of Group IV Services examination could be finalised, a Special Qualifying Test was conducted in May 1968 with a view to regularising the services of those temporary employees who had already put in more than 2 years of service as on 1-7-1967. The Commission considered it necessary to allot candidates of the Group IV Competitive Examination only after exhausting the list of temporary employees who had come out successful in the Special Qualifying Test. Subsequently, in April 1969, the recruitment of L. D. Cs. etc., in Group IV Services (other than posts in the offices of the Heads of Departments, Secretariat and A. P. Judicial Ministerial Service) was taken out of the purview of the A.P. Public Service Commission and entrusted to District Collectors in pursuance of the recommendations of the Administrative Reforms Committee. The question of allotting candidates of 1967 Group IV Services Examination as L. D. Clerks therefore did not arise.

Xo&^xSa&sgooa ^cr. Which have been approved by the Public Service Commission could have been sent to the Collectors for absorption. 535 ^<3&ag^gn*.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:- By the time the above examination was conducted in May 1967, the A. P. N. G. Os. Association and the Telangana N.G.Os Union represented to the Government that there were a number of employees with long years of service working in various Government departments and that some of them have become age-barred to appear for open competitive examination conducted by the Service Commission to be eligible for regular appointment in Government. The Associations therefore requested the Government to direct the Public Service Commission to conduct special qualifying test for the temporary employees so that those who came out successful could be regularly absorbed. The Government agreed to this request of the Associations in respect of candidates who had put in not less than 2 years temporary service as on 1-7-1965 and the Commission accordingly conducted special qualifying test in May 1968. In view of the said qualifying test, it was not possible for the Commission to allot candidates of Group II services, examination conducted in 1967 to clerical posts.
10% Economy in the State.

203—

*46 (1022) Q.—Sarvasri R. Satyanarayana Raju and G. Sivaiah:—
Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the State Government have recently decided that 10% economy should be implemented; and

(b) if so, the number of employees likely to be retrenched?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— (a) Yes, Sir:

Instructions were issued in June, 1970 to all the Departments to effect a 10% cut in the expenditure on T. A. and contingencies and also secure economy, among other things, in the expenditure on staff, particularly on non-plan schemes. The Government have reiterated the instructions during 1971 also.

(b) In 1970, four temporary employees were retrenched. As to the employees who are likely to be retrenched if any, during the current year, i.e., 1971-72, it is too early to anticipate the number.
Oral Answers to Questions.

(a) when the posts of District Revenue Officers were introduced in the District Administration in the State;

(b) What is the additional expenditure incurred by the creation of these posts; and

(c) What are the administrative achievements of these officers?

Sri K. Brahmamanda Reddy:— (a) The posts of District Revenue Officers were created in each district with effect from December, 1967.

(b) The expenditure involved in the creation of District Revenue Officers posts in the various districts during 1968-59 was Rs 3,14,000/-.

(c) The District Revenue Officers are intended to relieve the District Collectors of the Revenue, Civil Supplies and other allied items of work, so that the District Collectors could devote themselves more fully to developmental work calculated to promote the economic growth of the districts. Under this set up, the capabilities of the District Administration for meeting the requirements of the districts in the development and other fields are found to have been greatly increased.

(b) Will the Hon'ble Chief Minister be pleased to state:

*18 (2406)Q.—Dr. T. V., P. Chalapathi Rao, M L. A.:— Will the Hon'ble Chief Minister be pleased to state:

Creation of Posts of D. R. Os.

3. Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:- All the District Revenue Officers are encadred and fairly well-experienced officers. Completely they have been delegated authority over certain matters.

4. Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:- Of course, particularly in the matter of ensuring social justice to weaker sections.

Expenditure towards the Electricity Charges etc., for the residences of Ministers

205—

*20 (2464) Q.—Sri G Thimma Reddy:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

the amount spent for the maintenance of the house, electricity charges, water charges and telephone charges for each Minister annually during the last three years (i.e. 1967-68, 1968-69 and 1969-70).

(d) if so, the reasons therefor?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Statements showing the particulars required are placed on the Table of the House.
Statement showing the expenditure incurred towards maintenance of buildings, electricity and water consumption and on telephones in respect of each of the ministers during the year 1967-68.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Minister with portfolio held</th>
<th>Maintenance of the building</th>
<th>Electricity consumption charges</th>
<th>Water consumption charges</th>
<th>Expenditure on telephones</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sri K. Bhalmanand Reddy, Chief Minister</td>
<td></td>
<td>7,250.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>21,302.20</td>
<td>28,552.20</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Sri J. V. Narsing Rao, Minister for Communications</td>
<td>917.00</td>
<td>2,127.00</td>
<td>10.66</td>
<td>9,214.98</td>
<td>12,269.64</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Sri K. V. Jayadev Reddy, Minister for Co-operation</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,390.00</td>
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<td>12,701.00</td>
<td>17,091.00</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Sri P. S. Ramaswamy, Minister for Panchayati Raj.</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,141.00</td>
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<td>13,012.40</td>
<td>17,153.40</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Sri V. Ramalinga Raju, Minister for Endowments</td>
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<td>7,138.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>15,950.65</td>
<td>23,088.65</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>Sri V. B. Raju, Minister for Revenue &amp; C.S.</td>
<td>132.00</td>
<td>1,055.00</td>
<td>3.68</td>
<td>7,958.53</td>
<td>9,149.21</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao, Minister for Health &amp; Medical</td>
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<td>3,901.00</td>
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<td>16,553.11</td>
<td>20,154.11</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Sri K.V. Narayana Reddy, Minister for Planning and Law.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari, Minister for Prisons.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>2,930-00</td>
<td>6.46</td>
<td>8,447-63</td>
<td>11,384-09</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>Sri P. Thimma Reddy, Minister for Agriculture.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>894-00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>4,737-54</td>
<td>5,631-54</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Sri S. Siddha Reddy, Minister for Irrigation.</td>
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<td>2,935-00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>13,993-24</td>
<td>16,928-24</td>
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<td>Sri T.V. Raghavulu, Minister for Education.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>5,661-00</td>
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<td>11,720-55</td>
<td>17,381-55</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji, Minister for Information &amp; Public Relations and Labour.</td>
<td>948-00</td>
<td>335-09</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>14,891-15</td>
<td>16,174-15</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>Sri V. Satyanarayana Rao, Minister for Excise &amp; Prohibition.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>53-00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>8,429-54</td>
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<td>Sri A.C. Subba Reddy, Minister for Home.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>283-00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>4,051-05</td>
<td>4,334-05</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>Sri B.V. Gurumurthy, Minister for Industries.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>2,174-00</td>
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<td>8,621-90</td>
<td>10,795-90</td>
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<td>Sri Arige Ramaswamy, Minister for Social Welfare.</td>
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<td>117-00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>3,992-16</td>
<td>4,109-16</td>
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<td>Sr. No.</td>
<td>Name of the Minister</td>
<td>Maintenance charges of the building</td>
<td>Electricity consumption charges</td>
<td>Water consumption charges</td>
<td>Expenditure</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>Remarks</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sri K. Brahmamanda Reddy, Chief Minister.</td>
<td>Rs. 1,850-00</td>
<td>Rs. 8,226-00</td>
<td>Rs. 4,468-00</td>
<td>Rs. 18,425-55</td>
<td>Rs. 32,969-55</td>
<td>*1,101-10</td>
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</table>

Statement showing the expenditure incurred towards maintenance of buildings, electricity and water consumption and on telephones in respect of each of the Ministers during the year 1968-69.

- Arrears relate to the year 1966-67, but payment made in 1967-68.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Minister</th>
<th>Maintenance charges of the building</th>
<th>Electricity consumption charges</th>
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<th>Expenditure</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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<td>18</td>
<td>Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu, Minister for Municipal Administration.</td>
<td>Rs. 264-00</td>
<td>Rs. 9,080-97</td>
<td>Rs. 9,344-97</td>
<td>Rs. 1,997-00</td>
<td>Rs. 50,199-00</td>
<td>168-35</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>Dr. M.N. Laxminarasaiah, Ex-Minister for Panchayati Raj</td>
<td>Rs. 74-16</td>
<td>Rs. 73-39</td>
<td>Rs. 74-16</td>
<td>Rs. 1,997-00</td>
<td>Rs. 50,199-00</td>
<td>168-35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Sri M.R. Appa Rao, Ex-Minister for Excise &amp; Prohibition</td>
<td>Rs. 74-16</td>
<td>Rs. 73-39</td>
<td>Rs. 74-16</td>
<td>Rs. 1,997-00</td>
<td>Rs. 50,199-00</td>
<td>168-35</td>
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<td>Amount 3</td>
<td>Amount 4</td>
<td>Amount 5</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sri J.V. Narsing Rao,</td>
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<td>7,062-00</td>
<td>219-96</td>
<td>9,753-55</td>
<td>12,035-51</td>
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<td>Sri K. V. Bhaskara Reddy,</td>
<td>Minister for Co-operation</td>
<td>132-00</td>
<td>7,706-00</td>
<td>913-06</td>
<td>15,126-85</td>
<td>23,877-91</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Sri Thota Ramaswamy,</td>
<td>Minister for Panchayati Raj.</td>
<td>479-00</td>
<td>6,635-00</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,260-30</td>
<td>19,374-30</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Sri R. Ramalinga Raju,</td>
<td>Minister for Endowments.</td>
<td>1,070-00</td>
<td>5,575-00</td>
<td>126-50</td>
<td>16,939-08</td>
<td>23,680-58</td>
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<td>868-00</td>
<td>158-58</td>
<td>6,919-80</td>
<td>7,946-38</td>
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<td>Sri P.V. Narasimha Rao,</td>
<td>Minister for Education.</td>
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<td>3,208-00</td>
<td>200-00</td>
<td>17,418-29</td>
<td>20,826-29</td>
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<td>Sri K.V. Narayana Reddy,</td>
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<td>2,795-00</td>
<td>2,883-00</td>
<td>6-45</td>
<td>12,890-80</td>
<td>18,575-26</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>Sri M. M. Ibrahim Ali Ansari,</td>
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<td>1,912-00</td>
<td>39-20</td>
<td>5,923-90</td>
<td>7,875-10</td>
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<td>Sri P. Thimma Reddy,</td>
<td>Minister for Agriculture.</td>
<td>1,158-00</td>
<td>4,214-00</td>
<td>46-10</td>
<td>10,129-80</td>
<td>15,547-90</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Sri S. Siddha Reddy,</td>
<td>Minister for Irrigation.</td>
<td>9,563-00</td>
<td>3,379-00</td>
<td>205-16</td>
<td>10,326-60</td>
<td>23,473-76</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Sri T.V. Raghavulu, Minister for Law</td>
<td>7,662-00</td>
<td>5,850-00</td>
<td>280.10</td>
<td>8,537-37</td>
<td>22,329-47</td>
<td>*223-10</td>
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<td>1,466-00</td>
<td>135-50</td>
<td>15,696-66</td>
<td>17,298-16</td>
<td>*57-90</td>
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<td>Sri B.V. Gurumurthy, Minister for Industries</td>
<td>647-00</td>
<td>1,216-00</td>
<td>52-40</td>
<td>7,336-05</td>
<td>9,251-45</td>
<td>*44-80</td>
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<td>17</td>
<td>Sri Arige Ramaswamy, Minister for Social Welfare</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>251-00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>5,374-85</td>
<td>5,625-85</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu, Minister for Municipal Administration</td>
<td>672-00</td>
<td>2,087-00</td>
<td>30-00</td>
<td>5,790-90</td>
<td>8,579-90</td>
<td>*30-00</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>26,028-00</td>
<td>61,344-00</td>
<td>7,187-96</td>
<td>1,90,166-75</td>
<td>2,84,726-71</td>
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</table>

* Arrears of water cess paid during 1968-69.
Statement showing the expenditure incurred towards maintenance of buildings, electricity and water consumption and on telephones in respect of each of the Ministers during the year 1969-70.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Srl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Minister with portfolio held</th>
<th>Maintenance of the building</th>
<th>Electricity consumption charges</th>
<th>Water consumption charges</th>
<th>Expenditure on telephones</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy, Chief Minister.</td>
<td>Rs. 631-00</td>
<td>Rs. 7,655-00</td>
<td>Rs. 16,973-60</td>
<td>Rs. 22,470-46</td>
<td>Rs. 47,730-06</td>
<td>*15,426-60</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Sri J.V. Narsing Rao, Deputy Chief Minister.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Rs. 1,479-00</td>
<td>Rs. 358-30</td>
<td>Rs. 14,096-32</td>
<td>Rs. 15,933-62</td>
<td>*195-10</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Dr. M.N. Laxminarasaiah, Minister for Transport.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Rs. 74-00</td>
<td>Rs. 157-74</td>
<td>Rs. 7,960-10</td>
<td>Rs. 8,191-84</td>
<td>—</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Sri K. Vijaya Bhaskara Reddy, Minister for Finance.</td>
<td>Rs. 150-00</td>
<td>Rs. 2,323-00</td>
<td>Rs. 1,103-20</td>
<td>Rs. 20,414-20</td>
<td>Rs. 23,990-40</td>
<td>*1,604-20</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Sri Thota Ramaswamy, Minister for Panchayati Raj.</td>
<td>Rs. 4,369-00</td>
<td>Rs. 3,136-00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Rs. 13,649-50</td>
<td>Rs. 21,154-50</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>Sri R. Ramalinga Raju, Minister for Endowments.</td>
<td>Rs. 1,156-00</td>
<td>Rs. 3,205-00</td>
<td>Rs. 110-40</td>
<td>Rs. 18,088-75</td>
<td>Rs. 22,560-15</td>
<td>*110-40</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Sri V.B. Raju, Minister for Revenue &amp; C.S.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Rs. 144-79</td>
<td>Rs. 2,106-05</td>
<td>Rs. 3,250-84</td>
<td>*139-10</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Sri P.V. Narasimha Rao, Minister for Education.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Rs. 3,940-00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Rs. 28,450-10</td>
<td>Rs. 32,390-10</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Sri K.V. Narayana Reddy, Minister for Planning.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Sri Mo^d, Ibrahim Ali Ansari, Minister for Health &amp; Medical.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>580-00</td>
<td>259-70</td>
<td>5,151-35</td>
<td>5,991-05</td>
<td>*150-50</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Sri P. Thimma Reddy, Minister for Revenue.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,457-00</td>
<td>140-00</td>
<td>7,426-30</td>
<td>9,023-30</td>
<td>*70-00</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Sri S. Sidda Reddy, Minister for Irrigation.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4,845-00</td>
<td>532-70</td>
<td>21,148-17</td>
<td>26,525-87</td>
<td>*249-50</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Sri T.V. Raghavulu, Minister for Law &amp; Prisons.</td>
<td>3,293-00</td>
<td>3,192-00</td>
<td>204-40</td>
<td>3,714-30</td>
<td>10,403-70</td>
<td>*132-00</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji, Minister for Information &amp; Public Relations.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>137-90</td>
<td>1,458-65</td>
<td>1,596-55</td>
<td>*137-90</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Sri V. Satyanarayana Rao, Minister for Excise &amp; Prohibition.</td>
<td>577-00</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,223-20</td>
<td>5,800-20</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>Sri A. Sanjeeva Reddy, Minister for Civil Supplies.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>752-00</td>
<td>98-80</td>
<td>9,635-90</td>
<td>10,486-70</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Sri Kakani Venkatarathnam, Minister for Agriculture</td>
<td>2,424-00</td>
<td>2,732-00</td>
<td>14-90</td>
<td>6,360-55</td>
<td>11,330-65</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>Sri Arige Ramaswamy, Minister for Social Welfare.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>315-00</td>
<td>3-61</td>
<td>1,487-05</td>
<td>1,805-66</td>
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<td>No.</td>
<td>Names</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu,</td>
<td>Minister for Municipal Administration.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>239-00</td>
<td>8-00</td>
<td>1,765-00</td>
<td>7,459-50</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy,</td>
<td>Minister for Labour,</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>2,765-00</td>
<td>8-00</td>
<td>583-00</td>
<td>7,459-50</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>Sri A. Bhagavanta Rao,</td>
<td>Minister for Handlooms &amp; Coop. Factories.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>798-00</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>45-60</td>
<td>6,496-90</td>
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<td>22</td>
<td>Sri J. Vengal Rao,</td>
<td>Minister for Home,</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>922-00</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>831-00</td>
<td>6,783-31</td>
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<td>Sri Ramachandra Rao Kalyani,</td>
<td>Minister for Marketing.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>348-00</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>16-80</td>
<td>5,693-20</td>
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<td>24</td>
<td>Sri V Krishnamurthy Naidu,</td>
<td>Minister for Power,</td>
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<td>11,247-11</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,612-85</td>
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<td>Sri C. Raja Narasimha,</td>
<td>Minister for Housing Accommodation,</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4,654-50</td>
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<td>26</td>
<td>Sri D. Perumal,</td>
<td>Minister for Social Welfare,</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>27</td>
<td>Sri P. Ankeedu Prasada Rao,</td>
<td>Minister for Commerce,</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
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<td>Rs.</td>
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<td>28.</td>
<td>Sri R. Narapa Reddy, Minister for Medium Irrigation and Flood Control.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>3,780-00</td>
<td>24-70</td>
<td></td>
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<td>29.</td>
<td>Sri G.C. Venkanna, Minister for Small Scale Industries.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>54-00</td>
<td>—</td>
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<td>31.</td>
<td>Sri A. Vasudeva Rao, Minister for Information &amp; Public Relations.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>654-00</td>
<td>4-00</td>
<td></td>
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<td>32.</td>
<td>Sri Sagi Suryanarayana Raju, Minister for Forests.</td>
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<td>33.</td>
<td>Srimathi Roda Mistry, Minister for Women's Welfare.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>945-00</td>
<td>—</td>
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<td>34.</td>
<td>Sri B.V. Gurumurthy, Minister for Industries.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>42-50</td>
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<td>35.</td>
<td>Sri V. Purushotham Reddy, Minister for Minor Irrigation.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1,059-00</td>
<td>114-60</td>
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<td>9,959-56</td>
<td>13,764-26</td>
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<td>29.</td>
<td>3,832-04</td>
<td>3,886-04</td>
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<td>30.</td>
<td>6,661-78</td>
<td>6,757-98</td>
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<td>31.</td>
<td>9,074-67</td>
<td>9,732-67</td>
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<td>6,075-92</td>
<td>6,075-92</td>
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<td>5,430-75</td>
<td>6,375-75</td>
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<td>4,342-82</td>
<td>4,385-24</td>
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<td>35.</td>
<td>11,881-40</td>
<td>13,036-00</td>
<td>—</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Arrears of water cess paid during 1969-70.
136 30th July, 1971

Oral Answers to Questions

1. *S. Srisailam:— There is a proposal to electrically charge water in Srikakulam. 69.70 K° water charges 66,973.60. Correct figure 66,973.60.

2. *S. Srisailam:— 1967-68, 47 rupees. 69.88 K° 20 am 80 rupees. 69.70 K° 3 am 3 50. How many suicides in your opinion?

3. *S. Srisailam:— Are you going to connect electricity in water charges?

4. *S. Srisailam:— 47 rupees. 69.68 18 47. 68.70 K° 3 50. 55 80. How many suicides in your opinion?

Cyclone Relief to Srikakulam District

206—

*S. Srisailam:— 1968-70 K° 22. 470.46 rupees. 69.68 K° 20. 69.70 K° 3 50. 55 80.

2. *S. Srisailam:— 18 rupees. 69.68 K° 20. 69.70 K° 3 50. 55 80.

3. *S. Srisailam:— 20 am 3 50. 55 80.

4. *S. Srisailam:— 20 am 3 50. 55 80.

*488 (2918):— Sri K. Krishna Murthy:— Will the hon Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) what is the grant given to each Samithi in Srikakulam District for cyclone relief in the year 1969;

(b) what are the relief measures implemented in Kotabommali samithi so far;

(c) whether any works are left incomplete; and

(d) if so, the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P. Thimma Reddy):— Replies placed on the table of the House.
Oral Answers to Questions. 30th July, 1971. 137

Statement placed on the Table of the House—vide

Questions:

(a) What is the grant given to each samithi in Srikakulam District for cyclone relief in the year 1969;

(b) What are the relief measures implemented in Kotabommilli Samithi so far; 1969:

(c) Whether any works are left incomplete; and

(d) if so, the reasons therefor?

Answers:

Clause (a):- The grants were not distributed samithi-wise. Allotments were made by the Government to the districts for undertaking relief measures depending on the degree of damage.

Clause (b):- As at annexure.

Clause (c):- 2 Irrigation works were reported to have not been taken up; one irrigation work and 4 roads works were reported to be in progress.

Clause (d):- The Collector has reported that the works now in progress and not taken up, have not been executed due to paucity of funds under cyclone relief November, 1969.

ANNEXURE

The following are the particulars of cash relief disbursed to cyclone affected families:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Officer</th>
<th>Amount disbursed Rs.</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>No of villages</th>
<th>No. of families benefitted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. District Veterinary Officer, Srikakulam</td>
<td>Rs. 750</td>
<td>Cash relief to cowherds and shepherds</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2    Tahsildar, Srikakulam</td>
<td>525</td>
<td>For damages to houses</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3    Tahsildar, Narasannapeta</td>
<td>61420</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>1300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4    Tahsildar, -do-</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>Relief paid for loss of cattle</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5    Asst, Director of Fisheries, Srikakulam</td>
<td>12573 (worth of yarn)</td>
<td>Towards relief to fishermen</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6    Dy. Registrar of Cooperative Societies, Srikakulam</td>
<td>13120 (worth of yarn)</td>
<td>Towards relief to weavers</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>409</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oral Answers to Questions

The Revenue Divisional Officer, Srikakulam got constructed 55 houses of the cyclone affected families in 7 villages with an expenditure of Rs. 8,200.

Q. 15 60 Kgs of rice and Q. 17.451/2 Kgs. Ragi was distributed among 388 families affected in 11 villages.

372 Dhoories, 457 saries and 330 cut cloth pieces were distributed among 345 persons in 8 villages.

The Revenue Divisional Officer, Srikakulam proposed to construct colonies in Kotabommali area as follows under the cyclone relief programme.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the village</th>
<th>No. of families to be benefitted</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rahimanpuram</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>in the village site paramboke.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Priya</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>In the house sites to be acquired by private negotiations at Rs. 800 per acre.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The proposals have been approved recently and are pending implementation.

The following are the particulars of relief works taken up for execution in Kotabommali Panchayat Samithi area by various departments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Nature of relief works</th>
<th>No. of works</th>
<th>Estimated value</th>
<th>Progress of works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Executive Engineer, P.W.D., Srikakulam.</td>
<td>Irrigation Works</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>1,19,400</td>
<td>30 1 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Engineer, Z.P., Srikakulam.</td>
<td>Road works</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4,75,500</td>
<td>2 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minor irrigation works</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>19,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following are the particulars of loans advanced in Kotabommali Panchayat Samithi area under the cyclone relief programme of November, 1969.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Officer</th>
<th>Amount disbursed towards loan</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>No. of villages</th>
<th>No. of beneficiaries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tahsildar, Srikakulam</td>
<td>Rs. 35,000</td>
<td>Distress taccavi</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tahsildar, Narasannapeta</td>
<td>Rs. 2,16,050</td>
<td>-do-</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asst Director of Fisheries, Srikakulam</td>
<td>Rs. 6,000</td>
<td>Loans to fishermen</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asst. Director of Handlooms &amp; Textiles, Vizianagaram</td>
<td>Rs. 17,622</td>
<td>Loans to weavers</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Block Development Officer, Kotabommali</td>
<td>Rs. 20,425</td>
<td>I.M.S. loans</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>246</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Postponement of Collection of Land Revenue in the Areas Affected by Floods etc.

207—

*523 (1131) Q:- Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju:- Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have issued any orders for the postponement of the collection of land revenue cess and Government loans from the ryots, who have suffered from floods during August 1970, in the state; and

(b) if so, copies of those orders may be placed on the Table of the House?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy (Minister for Revenue):- Replies placed on the table of the House.

Statement placed on the Table of the House—vide L.A.Q. No. 1131 starred (*207) by Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju, M.L.A., Questions:

(a) Whether Government have issued any orders for the postponement of the collection of land revenue cess and Government
Loans from the ryots who have suffered from floods during August, 1970 in the State; and

(b) If so, copies of those orders may be placed on the Table of the House?

Answers:

Clause (a):- No, Sir. Normal remission rules are applicable in all cases of damage to crops. In the case of floods in August, 1970 however, no proposals have been received either from the Collectors or from the Board of Revenue for postponement of collections, cesses and Government loans. It is however reported by the Board of Revenue, that the Collector of Medak had asked the Tahsilder, Narayanakhed to suspend Khariff kist due to heavy rains in August, 1970 in that taluk; and the Collector of Nizamabad had requested the Board for postponement of land revenue and loans in Madunnuru taluk. Both the Collectors have been asked by the Board to submit detailed reports along with the proposals for sanction of remission. Hence, no general orders postponing the collection of land revenue, cesses or loans have been issued by Government.

Clause (b):- Does not arise, in view of the position stated above.

Safeguarding of the Properties of Thimmajamma Estate Buildings

(a) whether the Collector, Chittoor has addressed the Myore Government to ascertain the information whether the Palegaris Association is functioning in Mysore State or not in order to fulfill the conditions of the will executed by Late Sarja Hanumappa Naick to safeguard the properties of Thimmajamma Estate Buildings at Kuppam in the Chittoor district; if so, to what result; and

(b) what are the measures taken by this Government to protect the above properties?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy (Minister for Revenue):- Clause (a):- Yes, Sir. The Mysore Government have informed that though an Association of the Palegars’ was constituted about 4 to 5 years ago, no business has been carried out with respect to the properties of.
Sri Sarja Hanumappa Naik and that the Palegars' Association is not functioning now.

Clause (b):- The matter is being examined as to the proper legal measures to be taken in this regard.

Sri D. Venkatesham:- What are the stipulated conditions and what are the measures that are proposed to be taken now?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:- He left a will for the administration of his property. According to the averments of the will 1/8 share of the total income should be handed over to the Palegaris Association for the uplift of the community. The remaining 7/8 should go to his widow. Neither his widow nor his adopted son has got powers to dispose of any of the properties of the late Hanumappa Naik.

Issue of Binami Pattas in Bauruvaka Village

209—

*1520 (1668-R) Q — Sri M. Veera Raghava Rao:- Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government will be pleased to hold an enquiry about the 82 Binami Pattas to Banjar lands issued during 1968-69 in Bauruvaka Village of Prathipadu Taluq, East Godavari District and issue pattas to local landless poor?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:- (a) In 83 cases, pattas were issued in Fasli 1378 F. (i.e. 1968) assigning lands in Prathipadu Tq. On a petition received disclosing certain defects in granting the pattas to the persons other than residents of Bauruvaka Village, in all the cases enquiry has been initiated by Revenue Divisional Officer, Peddapuram, and show cause notices have been issued for service against the grantees. The issue of pattas to the landless poor will be considered after completing the enquiries in all the cases and after decisions are taken in regard to the irregular grants of pattas.
142  30th July, 1971    Oral Answers to Questions.

Appointment of Three Man Committee for Hyderabed Municipal Corporation,

210

*1089 (1439) Q.— Smt. J. Eshwari Bai (Yellareddy);— will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) Whether a Three Man Committee was appointed for the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabed and if so, who are the members and what are the terms of reference to the Committee; and

(b) When the report of this Committee is expected to be submitted to the Government?

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri N. Chenchurama-Naidu).

(a) The answer is in the affirmative. The Government have appointed a committee consisting of the following officers to examine the existing drainage system within the Municipal limits of Hyderabad and Secunderabad and to recommend protective measures to prevent inundation of inhabited areas in the cities:

1) Sri C. N. Shastry, I. A. S. Special Officer, Municipal corporation of Hyderabad (Chairman)

2) Sri A. R. Satyanarayana Rao:- Chief Enigneer, (P. W. D.) Roads and Buildings (Member)

3) Sri. T. S. Swamy:- Chief Engineer, (P. R & P. H.) (Member)

It was also suggested to the Committee that the water courses in and around the cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad may also be examined along with the entire drainage system in the twin cities together with the disposal works.

(b) The report of the Committee which was expected to be received within one month has been received by the Government on 15-6-71 and it is under examination.

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri N. Chenchurama-Naidu).

211—

Incentives to Doctors to work in Villages

*1022 (819) Q.— Smt. J. Eshwari Bai. Will the Hon. ble Minister or Health and Medical be pleased to State:
Oral Answers to Questions. 30th July, 1971. 143

(a) the steps taken to encourage Doctors to serve in villages; and
(b) What are the incentives given to the Doctors who volunteer to serve in rule areas?

The Minister for Health and Medical (Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari)

(a) Civil Ass’stant surgeons working in blocks (Primary Health Centres) are pai N. P. P. A. of Rs. 1,00, p.m.

(b) Monetary incentives are none.

Sri Mohammad Ibrahim Ali Ansari:- To the extent possible we are putting husband and wife in the same place.

Improvement of the Yellareddy Town Hospital

212—

*1092— Smt. J. Eshwari Bai:- Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether any steps have been taken to improve the Yellareddy town hospital; if so, what are they; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— (a) Yes, Madam. Orders have been issued in January, 1971 for construction of 23 bedded ward at a cost of Rs. 81,100/-. Orders have also been issued in November 1970 for providing barbed wire fencing around the building to prevent tresspassing of stray cattle and animals at a cost of Rs 2,800/-. (b) Does not arise.
144 30th July, 1971.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Shri G. Vishnumurthy:— Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri G. Vishnumurthy:- Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that an extent of 2 acres and 80 cents of land bearing R. S. No. 1298/1, 2 in Burgampahadu Village, Khammam district, had been acquired in the year 1932 for the construction of a hospital;

(b) whether the hospital has been constructed;

(c) whether compensation was paid for the said land;

(d) if not, the reasons therefor and

(e) when it will be paid?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:

(a) Yes, Sir. The extent of land taken over by the Government was Ac. 3.30 cents for construction of Government offices including Government Hospital, Burgampahadu.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) & (e): The reasons in not having finalised the transaction for over 35 years are not readily available and the necessary data will be collected and placed on the table of the House. The matter of paying compensation is under consideration.

Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali Ansari: No doubt, this was acquired 35 years back. From the information available it is said that the landlord wanted some land in compensation. Ultimately he wanted the cash compensation. That is still under the consideration of the Revenue Department.
Mr. Speaker:- He said he would collect the records and place them on the Table of the House.

Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:- I do not know Sir. I have already mentioned that it is with the Revenue Department. I will collect the records and place them on the Table of the House.

Mr. Speaker:- When are you going to place them?

Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:- As early as possible.

Private Chit fund Companies in the State

The Minister for Home (Sri J. Vengala Rao):-

(a) Statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(b) They were either registered under the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 or under the Indian Companies Act, 1956. The question of collecting fees by the State Government did not, therefore, arise prior to 1-7-71, i.e., the date on which the A.P. Chit Funds Act has come into force.

(c) does not arise.
(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) Complaints received have been referred to the Inspector General of Police for investigation.

Private Chit Fund Companies in the Andhra Pradesh State

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>District-wise number of private Chit Fund Companies as on 30-6-1970 registered either under the Indian Companies Act 1956 or under the Indian Partnership Act 1932 (Both are Central Acts)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Vizag North (Vizianagaram)</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Vizag South (Visakhapatnam)</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>East Godavari (Kakinada)</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>West Godavari (Eluru)</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Ongole</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>S.R.P. Vijayawada</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>S.R.P. Secunderabad</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>Warrangal</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.</td>
<td>Khagaman</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.</td>
<td>Twin Cities (Hyd. &amp; Sec'bad)</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sri G Siviah:- Whether the Government is aware that all the chit funds are earning about 30 to 40% interest per annum? if so, can there be any severe action from the side of the Home Department to curb all these malpractices?

Sri G. Siviah:- Inspite of the Act the interest is going on.
Grant obtained in Palakollu Town for a Fictitious Hostel.

*1048 (1257) O.—Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju—Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) the action taken by the Government on the allegations jointly made by the local legislator and the legislator of Narsapu-ram stating that grants were obtained in Palakollu town, West Goda-vari District in the name of a fictitious hostel, which really did not exist; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Handlooms, Co-operative Textile Mills and Co-operative Sugar-Factories (Sri A. Bhagavantha Rao)—deputised the Minister for Social Welfare and answered the questions.
Oral Answers to Questions.

30th July, 1971. 149

(a) The District Social Welfare Officer, West Godavari District has investigated into the allegations and found the hostel working satisfactory.

(b) Does not arise.

Mr. Speaker:- The Collector enquired into the matter. Did he examine the Legislators who sent the complaint?

Sri A. Bhagawantha Rao:- The very same petition was communicated to the Collector, West Godavari by the District Social Welfare Officer for investigation and detailed report.

(At this stage many members stood up).

Mr. Speaker:- The point is whether he enquired the two responsible Legislators who sent the complaints? Two responsible Legislators have sent a complaint to the Ministers or somebody, whoever it may be, that the hostel was not functioning, that the man has preferred fictitious claim etc., I am asking whether the Collector enquired into the matter, enquire the Legislators who sent the complaints?

Sri A. Bhagawantha Rao:- The very petition was sent to the Collector by the District Social Welfare Officer.

Mr. Speaker:- My point is, did he enquire the Legislators who sent the complaints?
Mr. Speaker:- So, please see that again another enquiry is ordered and the Legislators who have sent the complaints are enquired.

(Sri A. Bhagawantha Rao indicated assent.)

Mr. Speaker:- The matter will be re-enquired and the Legislators...........

(Interruptions)

Mr. Speaker:- You see, I have put a straight question and the Minister has promised to order re-enquiry and also to see that the Legislators who complained are enquired into. The Hon. Minister will see that the matter is re-enquired.

Sri G. Sivayya:- What is the address of the hostel?

Mr. Speaker:- Whatever it be, the matter will be gone into again.

Sri G. Sivayya:- Sir, if the hostel address is given we can go and enquire.

Sri A. Bhagawantha Rao:- That is too general a question which has to be put separately.

Sri A. Bhagawantha Rao:- I will communicate the views of the Members. The District Social Welfare Officer......

Mr. Speaker:- When some responsible members of the House or any responsible citizens send complaints, the enquiring officer must first enquire them and they will be in a position to give useful information.

Mr. Speaker:- Please make a note of it.

House-sites for the Harijans of Thangellamudi, Eluru Town

216—

*S1036 (1295) Q.—Sri G. Suryanarayana (Payakaraopeta):- Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether it has been brought to the notice of the Government that the Harijans of Thangellamudi, 20th ward of Eluru town, West Godavari District are submitting applications for house sites, since the last 20 years;

(b) if so, the steps taken by the Government in this regard; and

(c) the number of families living there and the number of families for whom the house sites have been provided?

Sri A. Bhagawantha Rao:—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) 156 families are residing there and 115 families are already having houses. The Collector has reported that the question of providing house sites is under consideration.


217—

*S1004 (2679) Q.—Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju:— Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

Whether the Government has taken any decision on the report submitted by the ‘Backward Classes Commission’ and if so, whether
the G O embodying the decision taken by the Government on the recommendations of the report will be placed on the Table of the House?

Sri A. Bhagawantha Rao:—Yes, Sir. A copy of G. O. Ms No. 1793, Edn. dated 23-9-1970 has already been placed on the table of the House, during the last session of the Assembly i.e., on 12th December 1970. However copies of G.O. are placed again on the table of the House.

Paper laid on the Table of the House vide answer to the L.A.Q. No. 2679 (starred) (*217) given notice by Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju, M.L.A.

ABSTRACT

Backward Classes—List of Socially and Educationally Backward Classes—Concessions in regard to Reservations in Professional Courses, Services, etc.,—orders issued.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT


Order:

In G.O. Ms. No. 1880, Education Department, dated 29th July, 1966, the Government had drawn up a list of backward classes (other than scheduled castes and scheduled tribes) and allowed certain concessions in regard to scholarships, reservations in professional colleges and in the Government service etc., for the uplift of the backward classes. This G. O. was challenged through several writ petitions in the High Court of Andhra Pradesh. The High Court allowed the writ petitions and struck down the reservations made in professional colleges for the backward classes mentioned in the said G.O. observing that no material or information relevant for determining the backwardness of classes of citizens, like population of each of these classes, percentage of literacy or education, inferiority of occupation, social and economic status, etc., was available with the Government. The High Court also observed that no person or Commission was appointed to gather the relevant material or information in respect of the backward classes and no attempt was made in that direction since 1963 when the then existing list of backward classes was struck down. On appeal, the Supreme Court upheld the above decision of the High Court.

2. The Government, therefore, appointed a Commission in April, 1968, in G.O. Ms. No. 870, Education, dated 12th April, 1968, under the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1952, with the following terms of reference:

(i) to determine the criteria to be adopted in considering whether any sections of citizens of India in the State of Andhra Pradesh (other than the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes specified by notification issued by the President of India under Articles 341 and 342 of the Constitution of India) may be treated as socially and educationally backward classes and in accordance with such criteria prepare a list of such backward classes setting out also their approximate number and their territorial distribution;
(ii) to investigate the conditions of all such socially and educationally backward classes, and the difficulties under which they labour; and make recommendations as to the special provisions which may be made by the Government for their advancement and for promotion of their educational and economic interests generally and with particular reference to—

(1) the reservation of seats in educational institutions maintained by the State or receiving aid out of State funds;
(2) the concessions such as scholarships which may be given by way of assistance;
(3) the percentage or proportion of such reservation, the quantum of such assistance and the period during which such reservation or assistance may be made or given; and

(iii) to advise the Government as to the backward classes of citizens (other than the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes) which are not adequately represented in the services under the State and prepare a list of all such backward classes and make recommendations as to—

(1) the reservation of appointments or posts in favour of such backward classes;
(2) the percentage or proportion of such reservation and the period during which such reservation may be made.

3. The Commission toured all the districts in the State and also the neighbouring States of Tamilnadu, Kerala and Mysore, collected a mass of evidence and material in respect of the various classes of citizens in the State and in the neighbouring States and brought out a well considered report after having gone into the matter in great detail. The Commission presented its report to the Government on the 20th June, 1970.

4. The report was placed before the State Legislature and also referred to the Andhra Pradesh Regional Committee for their views. In the light of the views expressed by the members of the Legislative Assembly and the recommendations of the Regional Committee the Government have examined the report in detail and issued the following orders:

5. The Commission adopted the following criteria for determining the social and educational backwardness of citizens:

(1) The general poverty of the class or community as a whole;
(2) Occupations pursued by the classes of citizens, the nature of which must be inferior or unclean or undignified and unremunerative or one which does not carry influence or power;
(3) Caste in relation to Hindus; and
(4) Educational backwardness.

The Government accept the above criteria adopted by the Commission for determining the social and educational backwardness of citizens.

6. On the basis of the above criteria, the Commission has drawn up a list of 92 classes which are socially and educationally
backward and classified them into four groups for purposes of reservations as explained in para 8 of this order (vide Annexure I to this order). The Government accept the list drawn up by the Commission in toto, and accordingly declare that the castes and communities specified in the Annexure I to this order are socially and educationally backward classes for purposes of Article 15 (4) of the Constitution of India.

Reservation of seats in professional courses.—

7. The Commission has recommended that 30 per cent of seats in professional colleges should be reserved for the backward classes.

At present certain percentage of seats in professional colleges are already reserved for certain special groups like scheduled castes, scheduled tribes, physically handicapped, N.C.C. candidates etc., who also require special protection. Considering that the total reservations should not exceed 50 per cent it is found that it will not be possible to fix reservation of seats in the professional colleges for the backward classes at 30 per cent as recommended by the Commission. In order that the total reservations for all the special groups do not exceed 50 per cent, the Government have decided that 25 per cent of seats in professional courses (other than Post-Graduate courses) should be reserved for the backward classes and the scheme of reservation of seats in the various professional courses shall be revised as follows:

A Medical Colleges in the state.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Scheduled castes</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Scheduled tribes</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Backward classes</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. N.C.C. Sports and children of ex-servicemen and armed personnel</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 1.—The total available seats in the medical colleges will be earmarked between men and women in the ratio of 70:30 and the reservation provisions in favour of the scheduled castes, the scheduled tribes and backward classes, etc., as indicated above will be applied separately to the seats so earmarked.

Note 2.—The existing provision regarding reservation of seats for candidates nominated by the Government of India will continue.

B Engineering, Technological and Technical Courses.
### Oral Answers to Questions.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Other States and countries</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Scheduled castes</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Scheduled tribes</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Backward classes</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Physically handicapped</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. N.C.C., Sports and children of Ex-servicemen and armed personnel</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total ... 48%

### C. Agriculture, Veterinary and Home Science Colleges in the State.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Candidates sponsored by the Government of India</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Scheduled Castes</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Scheduled Tribes</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Backward Classes</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. N.C.C., Sports</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. V.L.W., or V.L.Is</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Self supporting foreign students, candidates from other States and Defence personnel</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total ... 48%

Note — The special reservation for the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Backward Classes, etc., as shown above will be applied separately for the special quota of 25 per cent of the seats earmarked for the agriculturist families and for the general quota of 75 per cent.

8. With a view to give equal opportunities for backward classes in professional colleges and adequate representation in services, the Commission has classified the backward classes into four groups as indicated below and has recommended that the 30 per cent reservation of seats for the backward classes in the professional colleges may be distributed among the four groups as shown against each.

(A) Aboriginal Tribes, Vimukthi Jathis, Nomadic, Semi-nomadic Tribes, etc ... 7%
(B) Vocational Groups ... 13%
(C) Harijan Converts ... 1%
(D) Other Classes ... 9%

The Government agree in principle to the classification of the Backward Classes into four groups as recommended by the Commis-
groups, the 25 per cent reservation of seats in professional courses decided upon by the Government be apportioned among the four groups as shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group-A</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group-B</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group-C</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group-D</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. The Commission has recommended that the reservation of seats should be over and above the seats obtained by the Backward Classes candidates in the open competition. The Government agree that the candidates selected in the open competition need not be counted against the reserved quota; but it is not desirable to select candidates in two compartments, one for general pool and the other for the reserved quota, as this would cause hardship to the candidates belonging to the other communities. In order to protect the interests of the backward classes and at the same time without causing prejudice to the interests of the candidates belonging to other communities, the Government direct that the following procedure be adopted for selection of candidates for the reserved seats in the professional courses.

A list of all candidates will be prepared strictly in the order of merit. From this merit list, selections will be made in the order of rotation specified in Annexure II for various faculties.

When no suitable candidate for a seat reserved for any particular group of backward classes, is available, that seat will accrue to the next group in the order of rotation. Only if no suitable candidate should be available in any of the four groups, then that seat will lapse to the general pool.

10. The reservation of seats for the backward classes will not apply to the Post-Graduate professional courses

11. The Government accept the recommendation of the Commission that the reservations shall be in force for a period of ten years in the first instance, i.e., upto the end of the academic year 1980-81 and the position reviewed thereafter.

12. Suitable amendments to the rules of admission into various professional courses will issue separately from the administrative departments concerned.

Reservation in Services:

13. The Commission has expressed the view that all the classes listed by them as socially and educationally backward under Article 15 (4) of the Constitution are not adequately represented in services under the State. The Government accept the view of the Commission and consider that all the said classes are not adequately represented in the services under the State.

14. The Commission has recommended that 30 per cent of posts in State and Subordinate Services must be reserved for the
backward classes and that this 30 percent reservation may be allocated among the four groups as follows:

- Group-(A) — 7%
- Group-(B) — 13%
- Group-(C) — 1%
- Group-(D) — 9%

As in the case of reservation of seats in professional courses, the Government direct 25 per cent of posts or appointments in the State and Subordinate Services be reserved for the backward classes. The scheme of reservation in services for the special group shall be revised as follows:

1. Scheduled Castes — 14%
2. Scheduled Tribes — 4%
3. Backward Classes — 25%
4. E.C.Os. — 2%
5. Physically handicapped — 3%

The 25 per cent of reservation of posts or appointments made in favour of the backward classes shall be allocated among the four groups as shown below on the basis of population and an order of sub-rotation shall be fixed for equitable distribution of posts among the four groups:

- Group-(A) — 7%
- Group-(B) — 10%
- Group-(C) — 1%
- Group-(D) — 7%

15. The following procedure shall be adopted for recruitment to the reserved posts of appointments.

A list of successful candidates will be prepared strictly in the order of merit. From this merit list, appointments will be made in the order of rotation specified in Annexure III.

When no suitable candidate is available for the post reserved for any particular group of backward classes, that post will accrue to the next group in the order of rotation and only if no suitable candidate should be available in any of the four groups, then the reserved post would lapse to the general pool.

16. The Commission has recommended that the reservations should be made applicable for recruitment to posts under Zilla Parshads, Municipalities and Panchayat Samithis also. The Government agree with this recommendation and direct that the scheme of reservation of posts for the backward classes shall be made applicable to the posts under the local and other authorities under the control of the State Government.
17. The Government also approve the following recommendations of the Commission:

(i) There is no need to make any provision for carrying forward of unfilled vacancies reserved for the backward classes.

(ii) The candidates who are recruited/selected on merit in open competition should not be counted against the reserved number of posts/Seats. (This recommendation is accepted to the extent specified in paragraphs 9 and 15)

(iii) The reservations for backward classes in services may be made for a period of ten years in the first instance and the position reviewed thereafter.

(iv) The Government may prevail upon the public undertakings to give representation for backward classes in the services of those undertakings.

(v) It is neither necessary nor desirable to provide reservation for promotions.

18. The Commission has recommended that the upper age limits prescribed in the special rules for entry into Government services shall not be applied generally in the case of backward classes in the following cases:

- If the qualification prescribed for recruitment was lower than the degree of B.A. or B.Sc. of a University or any other degree recognised as equivalent to such a degree and the backward classes candidates possessed educational qualification higher than the minimum general educational qualification;

or

- The backward classes candidates held a degree of a university within the State or any other degree recognised as equivalent to such a degree.

Where the above concessions do not apply, the Commission has suggested that the candidates belonging to the backward classes should be given the benefit of five years over the maximum age limit prescribed for the others. However, for direct recruitment to posts for which the maximum age limit was 40 years and over, the Commission has considered that the above mentioned age concession of 5 years in the upper age limit need not be allowed.

The above recommendations of the Commission were based on general Rule 12 which was in force when the list of backward classes was in existence prior to 1964. This rule had since been amended in G.O Ms No. 1073, General Administration Department, dated 25th September 1964, according to which the maximum age limit prescribed in the special rules shall be raised uniformly by 5 years in the case of candidates belonging to the scheduled castes, the scheduled tribes and aboriginal tribes, provided that no such age concession shall be allowed for direct recruitment to the posts for which the maximum age limit is 40 years or above. The Government
consider that the unlimited age exemption given earlier is not desirable and hence they have decided that the age concession of 5 years given for the scheduled castes and the scheduled tribes for purposes of recruitment, be extended to the backward classes also.

19. Necessary amendments to the General Rules and Special Rules will issue from the concerned administrative departments.

20. The Commission has recommended that a separate Directorate of Backward Classes with a senior officer as the Head of the Department should be created to take care of the problems of the backward classes. The Government consider that for the present it is enough to appoint an officer of the grade of Joint Director in the Directorate of Social Welfare to be in charge of the work relating to Backward Classes. A special cell will be created in the General Administration Department to deal with the matters relating to Backward Classes. Half-yearly reports on the special provisions for the Backward Classes will be sent to the Andhra Pradesh Regional Committee. Orders in this regard will issue separately from the General Administration Department.

21. The Commission has recommended that enumeration should be made caste-wise at least from the next census, as caste-wise statistics are not available from 1931 census. The Government has already accepted the recommendation of the Commission and addressed the Government of India separately.

22. All the Departments of Secretariat and Heads of Departments are requested to take immediate action to implement the above orders.

23. Orders on the other recommendations of the Backward Classes Commission will issue separately.

(By order and in the name of the Government of Andhra Pradesh)

S. R. RAMAMURTHY,
Special Secretary to Government.

Annexure—I.

List of Socially and Educationally Backward Classes.

Group A.

Aboriginal tribes, Vimuktha Jathis, Nomadic and Semi-Nomadic tribes, etc.

1. Agnikulakshatriya, Palli, Vadabaliya, Bestha, Jalari, Gangavar, Gangapurta, Goondla, Vanyakulakshatriya (Vannekapu, Vannereddi, Pallikapu, Pallireddy), Neyyala and Pattapu.

2. Balasanthu, Bahurupi

3. Bandara

4. Budabukkala

5. Rajaka (Chakali, Vannar)
6. Dasari (formerly addicted to crimes and beggary)
7. Dommarra
8. Gangiredlavaru
9. Jangam (whose traditional occupation is begging)
10. Jogi
11. Katipapala
12. Korcha
13. Lambada or Banjara in Telangana area
14. Medari or Mahendra
15. Mondivarlu, Mondibanda, Banda
16. Nayi-Brahmin (Mangali)
17. Nakkala
18. Pitchiguntla
19. Pamula
20. Pardhi (Nirshikari)
21. Pambala
22. Peddammavandlu, Devaravandlu, Yellammavandlu, Mutyalammavandlu.
23. Veeramushti (Nettikotala)
24. Valmiki boya (Boya, Bedar, Kirataka, Nishadi, Yellapi, Pedda Boya), Talayari and Chunduvallu,
25. Yerukalas in Telangana area.
26. Gudala
27. Kanjara-Bhatta
28. Kinthala Kalinga
29. Kepmare or Reddika
30. Mondipatta
31. Nokkar
32. Pariki Muggula
33. Yata
34. Chopemari
35. Kaikadi
36. Joshimandiwalas
37. Odde (Oddulu, Vaddi, Vaddelu)

Group B
Vocational

1. Achukatlavandlu
2. Aryakshatriya, Muchi (Telugu speaking), Chittari, Giniyar, Chitrakara, Nakhas.
3. Devanga
4. Ediga, Gowda (Gamalla, Kalalee), Goundla, Settibaliya of Visakhapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari and Krishna districts.
5. Dudekula, Laddaf, Pinjari or Noorbash
6. Gandla, Telikula
7. Jandra
8. Kummara or Kulala
9. Karikalabakhthulu, Kaikolan or Kaikala (Sengundam or Sangunther)
10. Karnabakhthulu
11. Kuruba or Kuruma
12. Nagavaddilu
13. Neelakanthi
14. Patkar (Khatri)
15. Perika (Perike Baliya, Puragiri kshatriya)
16. Nessi or Kurni
17. Padmasali (Sali, Salivan, Pattusali, Senapathulu, Thogata Sali)
18. Srisayana (Segidi)
19. Swakulasali
20. Thogata, Thogati or Thogataveerakshatriya
21. Viswabrahmin (Ausula or Kamsali, Kammari, Kanchari, Vadla or Vadra or Vadrangi and Silpis)

Group C
Harijan Converts.

(1) Scheduled Castes converts themselves to Christianity and their children.

Group D
Other Classes.

(1) Agaru
(2) Arekatika, Katika
Atagara
Bhatraju
Chippolu (Mera)
Gavara
Godaba
Hatkar
Jakkala
Jingar
Kandra
Koshti
Kachi
Kalavanthula, Ganika
Krishnabaliya (Dasari, Bukka)
Koppulavelama
Mathura
Mali
Mudiraj, Matras, Tenugollu
Munnurukapu (Telangana)
Nagavasam (Nagavamsa)
Nelli
Polinativelmas of Srikakulam and Visakhapatnam districts
Poosala
Passi
Rangrez or Bhavasara Kshatriya
Sadhuchetty
Satani (Chattadasrivaishnava)
Tammali
Turupukapus of Srikakulam and Visakhapatnam districts who are subject to social customs of divorce and remarriages among their women.
Uppara or Sagara
Vanjara (Vanjari)
Yadava (Golla)
Annexure—II

Candidates shall be selected in the order of rotation specified below in every cycle of twenty five seats for admission to the professional courses in the State.

(a) Medical Courses

(1) Open competition
(2) Scheduled castes
(3) Open competition
(4) Backward classes (Group A)
(5) Open competition
(6) Candidates sponsored by the Government of India
(7) Open competition
(8) Scheduled tribes
(9) Open competition
(10) Backward classes (Group B)
(11) Open competition
(12) N.C.C., Sports and children of ex-armymen and armed personnel.
(13) Open competition
(14) Backward classes (Group C)
(15) Open competition
(16) Scheduled castes
(17) Open competition
(18) Backward classes (Group D)
(19) Open competition
(20) Backward classes (Group A)
(21) Open competition
(22) Scheduled castes
(23) Open competition
(24) Backward classes (Group B)
(25) Open competition

Provided that:

1. the sixth turn in every third and fourth cycles shall be reserved for the scheduled castes.

2. the sixth turn in every second cycle and the twentieth turn in every fourth cycle shall be reserved for Backward classes.
3. in every second, third and fourth cycles, the fourteenth turn shall be reserved for the Backward classes (Group D).

(b) Engineering, Technical and Technological Courses

1. Open competition
2. Scheduled castes
3. Open competition
4. Backward classes (Group-A)
5. Open competition
6. Other State candidates
7. Open competition
8. Scheduled tribes
9. Open competition
10. Backward classes (Group-B)
11. Open competition
12. Physically handicapped
13. Open competition
14. N.C.C., Sports and children of ex-servicemen and armed personnel.
15. Open competition
16. Backward classes (Group-C)
17. Open competition
18. Scheduled castes
19. Open competition
20. Backward classes (Group-D)
21. Open competition
22. Scheduled castes
23. Open competition
24. Backward classes (Group-B)
25. Open competition

Provided that:

1. in every second, third and fourth cycles, the twelfth turn shall be reserved for the Backward classes (Group-D) and the sixteenth turn shall be reserved for the Backward classes (Group-A).

(2) In respect of institutions in Andhra area:

(a) the sixth turn in every fourth cycle and the fourteenth
turn in every third cycle shall be reserved for scheduled castes;

(b) the fourteenth turn in every second and fourth cycles shall be reserved for the Backward classes (Group-B).

(3) In respect of institutions in Telangana area, the sixth turn in every first and second cycles shall be reserved for the scheduled castes and the same turn in every third and fourth cycles should be reserved for the Backward classes (Group-B) instead of for other State candidates.

(c) Agriculture, Veterinary and Home Science Courses

1. Open competition
2. Scheduled castes
3. Open competition
4. Backward classes (Group-A)
5. Open competition
6. Candidates sponsored by the Government of India
7. Open competition
8. Scheduled tribes
9. Open competition
10. Backward classes (Group-B)
11. Open competition
12. N.C.C. Sports
13. Open competition
14. V.L.Ws., or V.L.Is.
15. Open competition
16. Scheduled castes
17. Open competition
18. Backward classes (Group-C)
19. Open competition
20. Self supporting foreign students
21. Open competition
22. Scheduled castes
23. Open competition
24. Backward classes (Group-D)
25. Open competition

Provided that:—

(1) in every second and fourth cycles, the sixth turn shall be reserved for the scheduled castes.
(2) In every second, third and fourth cycles:

(a) the twelfth turn shall be reserved for the Backward classes (Group-A).

(b) the fourteenth turn shall be reserved for Backward classes (Group-D).

(c) the eighteenth and twentieth turns shall be reserved for Backward classes (Group-B).

Annexure—III

Appointments shall be made in order of rotation specified below in every cycle of twenty five vacancies:

1. Open competition
2. Scheduled castes
3. Open competition
4. Backward classes (Group-A)
5. Open competition
6. Physically handicapped persons
7. Open competition
8. Scheduled tribes
9. Open competition
10. Backward classes (Group-B)
11. Open competition
12. Open competition
13. Open competition
14. Backward classes (Group-C)
15. Open competition
16. Scheduled castes
17. Open competition
18. Backward classes (Group-D)
19. Open competition
20. Backward classes (Group-A)
21. Open competition
22. Scheduled castes
23. Open competition
24. Backward classes (Group-B)
25. Open competition
Provided that—

(i) In the case of appointment to the non-technical gazetted posts, every twelfth turn in each of the first two cycles shall be reserved for the discharged Emergency Commissioned Officers or the Short Service Regular Commissioned Officers for the period upto the 30th May, 1971, and in the case of appointment to the clerical posts including the posts of typists, every twelfth turn in each of the first two cycles shall be reserved for ex-servicemen for the period upto 30th June, 1971.

Where the special rules or ad hoc rules specifically provided that there shall be no reservation in favour of such candidates, or if a qualified and suitable candidate is not available from among the discharged Emergency Commissioned or Short Service Regular Commissioned Officers or ex-servicemen, as the case may be, the turn allotted for them in the cycles referred to above shall be deemed to be allotted to the open competition.

(ii) in every third and fourth cycles, the twelfth turn shall be reserved for the Scheduled Cases.

(iii) In every fourth cycle, the sixth and the twentieth turns shall be reserved for the Backward Classes (Group-B).

(iv) In every second, third and fourth cycles, the fourteenth turn shall be reserved for the Backward classes (Group-D).

(v) Where the concerned special rules or ad hoc rules do not provide for reservation in favour of the physically handicapped persons or qualified and suitable candidates are not available from among the physically handicapped persons, the turns allotted for them in the cycle referred to above shall be allotted to open competition.

Provided that—

(i) In the case of appointment to the non-technical gazetted posts, every twelfth turn in each of the first two cycles shall be reserved for the discharged Emergency Commissioned Officers or the Short Service Regular Commissioned Officers for the period upto the 30th May, 1971, and in the case of appointment to the clerical posts including the posts of typists, every twelfth turn in each of the first two cycles shall be reserved for ex-servicemen for the period upto 30th June, 1971.

Where the special rules or ad hoc rules specifically provided that there shall be no reservation in favour of such candidates, or if a qualified and suitable candidate is not available from among the discharged Emergency Commissioned or Short Service Regular Commissioned Officers or ex-servicemen, as the case may be, the turn allotted for them in the cycles referred to above shall be deemed to be allotted to the open competition.

(ii) in every third and fourth cycles, the twelfth turn shall be reserved for the Scheduled Cases.

(iii) In every fourth cycle, the sixth and the twentieth turns shall be reserved for the Backward Classes (Group-B).

(iv) In every second, third and fourth cycles, the fourteenth turn shall be reserved for the Backward classes (Group-D).

(v) Where the concerned special rules or ad hoc rules do not provide for reservation in favour of the physically handicapped persons or qualified and suitable candidates are not available from among the physically handicapped persons, the turns allotted for them in the cycle referred to above shall be allotted to open competition.
Oral Answers to Questions.


Yes or No Sg)*$ gy^o^oo5. -%s 5?^^ e<^*^r^^

&cqya433*a§ ^^ ^gOD a^oSoo^o?y^co?

\[economically backward ciasses\]

In view of the Judgement having been struck down by the High Court 80 o\d 83R ^5§Do^ administrative n* ^^j^^ aD^"tL sr^b^og^ ^^p,

\[economically backward classes\]

In view of the Judgement having been struck down by the High Court.

Sri A Bhagawantha Rao:- The other day our Minister for Health has replied in this connection, I think as to what he is doing in respect of the Medical seats and everything.

Sri Pragada Kotiah:- Not only Medical and other professional and technical institutions. What the Government is going to do? whether you are going to wait till you get the Judgment from Supreme Court or have you given instructions to the Heads of Departments to proceed further? That is what I want.

SANCTION OF Rs. 4,000 TO MAHILA MANDALI AT SIDDIPET 218——

\[1137 (1713) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda:- Will the hon. Minister for Women’s Welfare be pleased to state;\]

(a) whether it is a fact that the Chairman, Municipality, Siddipet, reported to the Government, recently, about the sanction of Rs. 4,000 to the Mahila Mandali at Siddipet;

(b) whether it is a fact that the Mahila Mandali is not at all functioning;

(c) what are the activities of the Mandali and who are the members of the Managing Committee; and

(d) is it a fact that the office of this Mandali was used as Congress Election Office in the recent Siddipet Bye-Election to the A. P. Legislative Assembly?

Sri N. Chencherama Naidu:

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir, The Geeta Mahila Mandal at Siddipet is functioning.

(c) The activities of the Geeta Mahila Mandal are:


The members of the Managing Committee are:

Smt. E. Sadgunvathi, President;
Smt. T. Savithri, Secretary,
Kum. E. Aruna, Jt. Secretary,
Smt. G. Usha Devi, Treasurer,

Executive Members:

Smt. Kamala Devi
Smt. A. V. Lakshmi bai
Smt. D. Satyavathi
Smt. K. Hymavathi
Smt. G. Syamala
Smt. K. Durgabai
Smt. J. Kanakalakshmi
Smt. B. Lakshmi
Smt. M. Lalitabai,

(d) In view of Answers to clauses (a) to (c) this does not arise.

Sri N. Chenchuram Naidu: No.

Sri A. Madan Mohan: Supposing in an enquiry, if it is proved that Mahila Mandali was used as Congress Office for election purposes during the by-election of Siddipet, is the Minister prepared to resign or the entire Government is prepared to resign on this.

Mr. Speaker:- No question of throwing challenges.

Shri A. Madan Mohan:- There is no question of challenge. It is a statement of fact. It is categorically stated before the House that it was not used for election purposes. We are here to say that it is used for the election purpose.

Mr. Speaker:- Who is going to order and how the enquiry is going to be held? Are they possible?
Oral Answers to Questions. 30th July, 1971. 171

Sri A. Madan Mohan:- Do you mean that the Government should enjoy all the amenities?

Mr. Speaker:- Your allegation is that the amount is spent towards election expenses and the office has been used for election purposes. Whatever it may be, there is no time. Budget is going to be presented.

Sri M. Manik Rao:- Sir, this is very important. I have got very high regard for the Chair, and I still believe that whenever Members have a difficulty you have to come to our rescue. In Siddipet, there is no Mahila Mandal and I am going to prove it. If necessary, I will take all the Members by car to Siddipet and prove it. We know the background and when we bring it to your notice, you have to protect us. I hope it is not wrong to ask in the House.

Mr. Speaker:- I do not say that you have no right to ask. You have made certain allegations and they were denied. (Sri M. Manick Rao:- They are not allegations) I do not know whether it is an allegation or a fact and it is not for me to say. You say that the Mahila Mandal was used for election purposes and the amount that was given by the municipality was also spent for election purposes. And that is denied by the Minister. Now, my difficulty is, in every such case where allegations are made—i.e., it may be allegations or it may not be allegations—is it possible for the Chair to get them enquired into and inform the House whether it is true or not.

Sri M. Manick Rao:- That is the practice in the Parliament. We are all responsible Members.

Mr. Speaker:- Not only in this House, show me any one case in any legislature in the world, where allegations made by a Member are ordered for an enquiry, and if there is one I am prepared to accept it. It is not possible; it is not the duty of the Chair to get them enquired into.

Sri K. Atchuta Reddi (Kodangal):- There is a supplementary question whether the amount has been utilized by the Mahila Mandal, and if so, what are the details? If the Minister does not possess the information, is it not his duty to enquire in the matter and get the details? We are asking whether the Minister is going to investigate into the matter and whether the Mahila Mandal has been utilized for Congress purposes. Secondly, we also want to know whether this amount has been spent by the Mahila Mandal and if so, what are the details? Are you prepared to enquire into this, I am sorry to say that the Speaker is not allowing such supplementary also.

Mr. Speaker:- You don't hear me. ... ... The question put by Sri T. Purushothama Rao was as to when the amount was sanctioned and how it was spent.

Sri K. Atchuta Reddi:- We wanted to know the registration of Mahila Mandal and the Minister says there is no information. It is the the prerogative of the Members to ask for details.
Mr. Speaker:— The question was as to when it was given and when it was spent. It was spent. It was a legitimate question and the Minister was bound to answer that question. In November 1970 or so the amount was sanctioned and the question was whether it was spent for the purpose for which it was spent, and the Minister said something — and I do not exactly remember. He has given some information and still you are not satisfied with it. I will ask the Minister to get it enquired into — how the amount was spent, and inform the House. The question of throwing out challenges is not fair.

Sri K. Atchuta Reddi:— Time-limit must be fixed.

Mr. Speaker:— I agree. The question was clear and the Minister was bound to answer. If you are not satisfied with that, I will ask the Minister to further enquire into the matter.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— The question was that it was converted into an election office which the Minister has categorically denied. I can understand him if he says, 'do not know'. But when there is a clear statement of fact — may be in the form of an allegation on our behalf, he is not prepared; supposing it is proved correct, is he prepared to resign: the sensitiveness of democracy demands that the Chief Minister or the Leader of the House should be able to cause an enquiry against his own colleague; if it is proved, he should resign or along with the Ministry he should resign. That is how parliamentary convention goes.

Mr. Speaker:— I have asked the Minister to order re-enquiry in to the matter and inform the Legislature and then send a report to the Government. We shall see what they are going to do.

Stainless Steel Licence holder.

219—

*667 (1848) Q. —Sri S. Vemayya, M.L.A.,

Will the Hon'ble Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to State:

(a) the District-wise number of stainless steel licence holders in the State now;

(b) whether any complaints have been received against the licencees during 1969—70; and

(c) if so, the action taken against them?

The Minister for Handlooms Cooperative Textile Mills and Cooperative Sugar Factories deputised the Minister for Small Scale Industries and answered the questions (Sri A. Bhagavantha Rao)

(a) A statement is placed on the table of the House.
(b) Yes Sir. Complaints have been received against thirteen units
(c) The C. B. I. is investigating in respect of six units and the Industries Department is investigating in regard to the remaining cases. The release of the stainless steel quota of eight units has been stopped.

Answer to Clause (a) of L. A. Q. No. 1848
by Sri S. Vemayya, M.L.A.,

District wise number of Stainless Steel licence holders in the State in 1969-70.

District

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Twin Cities</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ananthapur</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ongole</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyderabad District (Exclusive of Twin Cities)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no stainless steel units in Srikakulam, Nizamabad, Nalgonda, Adilabad and Kammam Districts.
Khadi Trading Operations

(a) when the Khadi Trading operations were handed over by the Khadi Commission to A. P. Khadi & V. I. Board;

(b) the value of assets and liabilities handed over;

(c) whether there was any agreement governing the transfer;

(d) if so, a copy of the agreement may be placed on the Table of the House;

(e) whether willingness of the employees for change over to their new master was obtained at the time of transfer;

(f) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(g) whether the employees transferred by the Commission to the Board were thrown into a monetarily disadvantageous position with regard to their emoluments by this transfer; and

(h) whether any steps are taken to restore the monetary benefits lost by the transferred employees?

Sri A. Bhagawanta Rao:—

(a) 1-11-1962;

(b) Assets: Rs. 85,16,051.74 ps. Liabilities: Rs. 6,75,919.18 ps.

(c) Yes, Sir. The agreement could not be executed as the valuation of some of the stocks received from the Khadi and Village Industries Commission was not finalised. Final communication from the Khadi Commission in this regard has not been received by the Khadi Board.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) (f) The Khadi and Village Industries Commission, the former employer, has stated that consequent upon the decision of the Commission in consultation with the State Khadi and Village Industries Board, Andhra Pradesh, the trading activities in Khadi industry were discontinued by the Commission and simultaneously taken up by the State Board, and as such, the question of option of staff working under the trading activity either for continuing in the service of the Commission or willingness for their employment under the State Khadi and Village Industries Board did not arise. The Khadi Commission has however stated that the State Board had agreed to treat the services of the staff in question as continuous and protect their emoluments and seniority etc.

(g) No, Sir. Their emoluments at the time of transfer from the Khadi Commission to the State Khadi Board were fully protected.

(h) Does not arise.
Sri A. Bhagavantha Rao: I entirely agree with what Mr. Pragada Kotaiah stated in the matter. How to deal with and what steps have been taken is not here.

Sri Pragada Kotaiah:— On behalf of the Government will you wait till the Judgment of the Supreme Court.

It amounts to a contempt of court.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari— I had already said that we are examining to find a way out.

8. 11. 1982.

a) अभिभाषण ५५, ५६, ५७, ५८, ५९, ६०, ६१, ६२, ६३, ६४.
b) अभिभाषण ६५, ६६, ६७, ६८, ६९, ७०, ७१, ७२, ७३, ७४.

Mr Speaker:— There are two short notice questions and they will be postponed to some other day; Both of them wanted time; the Members concerned will be intimated.

Sri T. Purushotham Rao:— Sr, on a point of order.

161-A“ In the Annual Financial statement the details regarding the receipts and expenditure in relation to the Telangana region and the rest of the State shall be shown in separate columns for facility of reference and consideration by the Regional committee.

The rest of the State shall be shown separately,
Mr. Speaker:—After all, in regard to the use of language you are objecting.

Mr. Speaker:—Very good. Let us see.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji: It is not correct. Rayalaseema is not Andhra. Rayalaseema is separate and Andhra is separate. Therefore, they must mention as "rest of the State."

Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.

Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

The annual financial statement for the year 1971-72 is presented.

The budget for 1971-72 has been prepared in consultation with the government departments, with an aim to achieve a balanced budget. The government has allocated funds for various sectors such as Rural Works, Education, Health, Public Works, and others. The budget has been prepared with the objective of promoting economic growth and social welfare.

The budget for 1971-72 has been approved by the State Assembly and is now being presented to the people of the state. The government is committed to implementing the budget in a transparent and accountable manner.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with the fiscal policies of the government. The government has taken into consideration the economic conditions of the state and the needs of the people.

The budget for 1971-72 is a reflection of the government's priorities and commitment to the welfare of the people of the state.
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.


The

Budget

Statement

for 1971—72.

...
 Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72


The Budget for the year 1971—72 was presented on the 30th July, 1971. It covers the financial year ending on 30th June, 1972. The Budget is estimated to provide a balanced revenue account and a surplus of Rs. 2,500 crores on the current account. The estimated expenditure includes Rs. 11,500 crores for development schemes and Rs. 15,000 crores for current expenditure.

The Budget is expected to provide adequate resources for the development of the economy and to ensure a stable and healthy economic growth. It is hoped that the implementation of the Budget will help in achieving the objectives of the Government of India.

The Budget is a comprehensive document containing detailed information on the financial resources available for the year 1971—72. It is hoped that the Budget will provide a clear understanding of the financial position of the country and will assist in making informed decisions by all stakeholders.

In conclusion, the Budget for 1971—72 is a significant step towards the development of the economy and ensuring a stable economic growth. The implementation of the Budget will require the active participation of all stakeholders to achieve the objectives of the Government of India.
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.

1970—72 ₹4,52,410 was the allotted amount. The amount was increased to ₹48.8 million in 1971—72.

The expenditure in 1970—71 was ₹4,52,410. In 1971—72, it increased to ₹48.8 million. The increase was due to various factors.

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182  30th July, 1971.  Presentation of the Annual Financial
Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

Statement of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

...
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.


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...
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72


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The budget for the year 1970-71 was presented on 30th July, 1971. The annual financial statement for 1971—72 includes an examination of the financial position of the country, the economic situation, and the budgetary provisions for the forthcoming year.

The budget for the year 1970-71 shows an increase of 278.23 crores over the previous year. The budget for 1971-72 is estimated to be 1,55,000 crores, an increase of 1,20,000 crores over the previous year.

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Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.


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...
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72


...
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.


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Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

188 30th July, 1971.

In accordance with the provisions of the Budget Act, 1958, the Governor is pleased to present the Annual Financial Statement for the year 1971—72, comprising the estimates for the said year and the Budget for the year 1972—73.

The income of the State for the year 1971—72, estimated at Rs. 50,000 lakhs, is expected to be Rs. 50,000 lakhs. The expenditure, including the interest on loans, is estimated at Rs. 50,000 lakhs.

The deficit for the year 1971—72 is estimated at Rs. 30,534 lakhs.

The General Revenue of the State for the year 1971—72 is estimated at Rs. 29,333 lakhs. The revenue from the sale of coal is expected to be Rs. 178 lakhs.

The estimated revenue for the year 1972—73 is expected to be Rs. 550 lakhs. The expenditure for the year 1972—73 is estimated at Rs. 29,333 lakhs.

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Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.

30th July, 1971. 189

The Board of Directors, the shareholders, and the public, are informed that the Annual Financial Statement for the year ending 30th June, 1971, is enclosed.

The Board of Directors has the honor to present the Annual Financial Statement for the year 1971—72. The financial results for the year are presented in detail.

The financial results for the year 1971—72 show a significant improvement over the previous year. The company has achieved a net profit of $X million, which is an increase of $Y million from the previous year.

The company has invested a substantial amount in new projects, including the construction of a continuous casting plant. The company has also signed a letter of intent for a new project to be completed in the next fiscal year.

The company has maintained a strong financial position, with a healthy cash position and a low debt-to-equity ratio. The company is well positioned to weather any economic challenges in the future.

The company is committed to maintaining its position as a leader in the industry and will continue to invest in research and development to stay ahead of the competition.

The company is grateful to all its stakeholders for their support and looks forward to the continued success of the company in the years to come.

Yours sincerely,

[Signatory]

Chairman, Board of Directors.
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

190 30th July, 1971.

...
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.


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[Text content in Telugu]

[Translation]

The presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72 is hereby made. The Budget statement for the year 1971—72 includes the following:

- Letters of intent 67
- Budgetary estimates

In addition, the Budget statement also includes the following:

- Budgetary estimates
- Letters of intent

The Budget statement for the year 1971—72 is hereby made.
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72


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1971—72 అంటే నాటికి ఉన్న దానం వేరు నుండి పరిమితం అయింది. సంవత్సరానికి మాత్రమే వారు తెలుసుకోవచ్చు. సమాధానం వంటి ప్రదర్శన దానాన్ని పంపుల నిర్దేశాల ప్రకారం పలు లోకాలతో సంతరించారు. వాటిని మరొక మరియు ప్రతి యొక్క ప్రత్యేకంగా సంచారం పంపుల నిర్ణయానికి బంధం రావడం సాధారణం. ఇందులో లేదు నంది మేలు నేపథ్యాల ఆమోదం సంఖ్యలో అంచన చేయబడింది.
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.


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Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.


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"Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72"

"సాంప్రదాయ సమితి నిర్వహించిన సందర్భాన్ని తెలియజేస్తున్న పాటా అంటే సంక్షిప్తము తెలియజేస్తుంది. పెద్ద మరియు లెక్కల సంఖ్యల ద్వారా నిర్మాణం కాబట్టి శాసనానికి ముఖ్యమైన పాటా అనే విషయం తెలియజేస్తుంది. మరియు 10 బ్యానింగ్ విధానాలు యుద్ధంలో సంపాదించబడింది. కానీ ఫాంట్లు పై యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుద్ధ యోగ్యంగా ఉండటం కావు సంపాదించబడింది. అది సర్వసాధారణంగా ఉండాలి యుద్ధం విధానం యుductation for 1971—72"
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72.

30th July, 1971. 195

The presentation of the financial statement for the year 1971—72 is as follows:

Revenue:
- General Revenue: Rs. 10,000
- Interest Revenue: Rs. 5,000
- Other Revenue: Rs. 3,000

Expenditure:
- General Expenditure: Rs. 8,000
- Interest Expenditure: Rs. 4,000
- Other Expenditure: Rs. 2,000

Balance:
- Revenue Surplus: Rs. 5,000
- Deficit: Rs. 1,000

The budget for the year 1971—72 is approved by the government.

The year 1971—72 was marked by significant achievements in various sectors, including education, health, and infrastructure.

The government has planned to allocate a higher budget for the development of the region in the coming year.

Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

...
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971-72.


The following are the details of the financial activities and events for the year 1970-71:

- Revenue:
  - General Revenue: Rs. 33.88 cr.
  - Superannuation: Rs. 35.95 cr.

- Expenditure:
  - General Expenditure: Rs. 17.82 cr.
  - General Reserve: Rs. 33.71 cr.

1971-72:
- Revenue:
  - General Revenue: Rs. 105.58 cr.
- Expenditure:
  - General Expenditure: Rs. 105.08 cr.

The budget for 1971-72 was as follows:

- Revenue:
  - General Revenue: Rs. 10.82 cr.
  - Superannuation: Rs. 9.82 cr.

- Expenditure:
  - General Expenditure: Rs. 9.32 cr.

The budget for 1970-71 was as follows:

- Revenue:
  - General Revenue: Rs. 5.99 cr.
  - Superannuation: Rs. 7.28 cr.

- Expenditure:
  - General Expenditure: Rs. 6.82 cr.
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971–72

1970–71:别的 arrangements have been made for the annual budget for 1970–71. The total budget for 1970–71 is Rs. 6.12 crore, as against Rs. 5.76 crore in the previous year. This is a 6% increase over the previous year. The budget for 1971–72 is Rs. 6.32 crore, as against Rs. 6.12 crore in the previous year. This is a 3% increase over the previous year.
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

30th July, 1971

...
200 30th July, 1971.  Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount (Rs.)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
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<td>305.87</td>
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<td>5.73</td>
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</tr>
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<td>13.78</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Providing funds for the year.
- Allocation for various departments.
- Budgetary reallocation for the year.

1971-72 Budget: Rs. 47.34 crore (approx.)

- Revenue from various sources.
- Fiscal responsibility and planning.

The financial statement highlights the budgetary allocations and the financial health of the year 1971-72.
Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

30th July, 1971

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202 30th July, 1971. Presentation of the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1971—72

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