ANDHRA PRADESH
Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT

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ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

RICE MILL CONSTRUCTED BY THE CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING SOCIETY, PALAKONDA TALUK, SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT.

121—

*745 (2524) Q.—Sri M.B. Parankusam (Vunukur):— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Co-operative Marketing Society, Palakonda Taluk, Srikakulam District has taken up the construction of a Rice Mill and if so, the amount of the estimate thereof;

(b) when the said construction work has been started and whether it has been completed;

(c) whether the Mill has started functioning; and

(d) whether there is any proposal before the Government to sell this mill to private persons as it is lying idle?

The Hon. Chief Minister (Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy);

(a) Yes Sir. The amount estimated for construction of the rice mill is Rs. 1,90,000/.

(b) The construction work was started in December 1965 and completed in March 1969.

(c) & (d).— No Sir.
Oral Answers to Questions

1. (Mr. Rao):— I think it will go into production sir.

2. (Mro. B):— It will continue for a long time.

3. (Mr. A):— Now it can start immediately to function.

4. (Mr. B):— It will go into production, I think.

5. (Mr. A):— It will go into production.
Oral Answers to Questions 4th December, 1970

122—

*739 (2436) Q.— Sri S. Vemayya :— Will hon. the Chief Mini:
ster be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the Karnam of Chittlajutur village, Nandikotkur taluk, Kurnool District has collected an amount of Rs. 10,000 recently in the name of Co-operative Collective Farming Society and misappropriated the same ; and

(b) if so, the action taken against the Karnam in the matter?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :

(a) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

LOSS SUSTAINED BY CO-OPERATIVE JOINT FARMING SOCIETIES

123—

*581 (2235) Q.— Sarvasri N. Raghava Reddy and Poola Subbaiah:— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to refer to the Answer given to L.A.Q. No. 1621 on 27-9-1969 and state :

(a) whether the Government propose to investigate the reasons for the loss incurred by the 62 Co-operative Joint Farming Societies in the State in 1967-68 and place the same report or an answer thereof on the Table of the House ; and

(b) the number of additional Co-operative Farming Societies started so far in the State and the places where they are started ?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :

(a) and (b) : The answer is placed on the Table of the House.

Statement placed on the Table of the House see L. A. Q. No. 2235 (Starred) (* 123) put by Sri N. Raghava Reddy & Sri Poola Subbaiah, M. L. As.

Clause (a) :— During 1967-68 (62) Cooperative Joint Farming Societies sustained losses. The Deputy Registrars concerned were asked to investigate and report the reasons for the losses incurred by the Cooperative Joint Farming Societies. The reports reveal that the reasons for lossess vary from Society to Society and from place to place.

The societies have sustained losses due to one or other of the following reasons :-

MISAPPROPRIATION BY A KARNAM IN KURNOOL DISTRICT
1. Natural Factors:
   (i) Failure of rains or drought
   (ii) Submergence of crops

2. Inadequacy of infra-structure:
   (i) Inadequate irrigational facilities
   (ii) Unfitness of some lands for cultivation

3. Human factors:
   (i) Some societies are dormant
   (ii) Some societies are in the initial stages
   (iii) Some societies are not functioning properly
   (iv) Failure of members to take interest in the affairs of the society.

4. Other reasons:
   Land yet to be assigned in some cases.

Clause (b) :— From 1-7-1968 to 30-11-1969, 78 Cooperative Farming Societies have been started in the State. A list showing the names of Cooperative Farming Societies and the places where they are started is enclosed.

NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL COOPERATIVE FARMING SOCIETIES REGISTERED FROM 1-7-1968 TO 30-11-1969

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<th>District</th>
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<td>10-7-68</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
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<td>Jaikishan Coop. Collective Farming Society, Basavannapalem H/o Gollapalem</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Bramaswarup Coop. Collective Farming Society Ganapeswaram</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>do</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Venkataramana Coop. Collective Farming Society, Etimoga</td>
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<td>Name of Society</td>
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Oral Answers to Questions 4th December, 1970

Human factors:

(i) Some societies are dormant
(ii) Some societies are in the initial stages
(iii) Some societies are not functioning properly
(iv) Failure of members to take interest in the affairs of the society.

What are this type of reasons? Is the Government sincere or not?

The reasons are given here.

Sri Y. Venkata Rao (Vemuru):— What is the total loss sustained by these 62 Cooperative Joint Farming Societies?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— You can work out the figures.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— Yes.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— I will get that information.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:— Before the end of the session.
Sri G. Sivaiah :— He can very easily escape for 72. Therefore let me know when he would like to appoint the Committee. I want the Government to fix a month in which they can appoint.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— Before the end of January.

Shri. B. V. Virashal Vithiri :— Sahakari khettir ke tehnit kinaru hote.

Shri K. Bhavanendr Reddy :— Vah bi magzum hogaya.

Sri G. Sivaiah :— So let me know when he would like to appoint the Committee. I want the Government to fix a month in which they can appoint.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— Before the end of January.

Mr. R. K. Reddy :— Rates?

Sri G. Sivaiah :— Point of Order, Sir, the answer placed on the Table of the House by the Chief Minister is no answer at all and it requires further information. It should be placed before the end of this session. You can look at this answer, Sir. 3rd point. Some societies are dormant. Some means it is a vague answer. So many societies are dormant in functioning. And 4th item. Land yet to be assigned to cases. Some cases means it is no answer at all. Kindly instruct the Government to place the full answer.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— This answer is perfectly in order.

TALUK AGRICULTURAL CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION, KARIMNAGAR

124—

Sarvasri Ch. Rajeswara Rao (Sircilla) and C. Janga Reddy (Parkal) :— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that about three lakhs of public funds were misappropriated by the President and the employees of the Taluk Agricultural Co-operative Association Karimnagar; and

(b) when was this detected and since then what action has been taken to bring the accused to book and to realise the amounts misappropriated?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :—

(a) An amount of about Rs. 5.42 lakhs was reported to have been misappropriated by the ex-office bearers and Ex. employees of the Cooperative Marketing Society, Karimnagar which was formerly known as Taluka Agricultural Cooperative Association.
The fraud was detected on 21-6-68 and immediately an enquiry into the affairs of the society under section 51 of the Andhra Pradesh Cooperative Societies Act, 1944 was ordered. Pending result of the enquiry, the immovable properties of the Secretary and of the Cashier were got attached under section 73 of the Act. The Secretary of the society who is a Departmental Officer was placed under suspension, with effect from 6-7-68. The Managing Committee of the Society was superseded on 25-9-68 and a Special Officer was appointed to manage its affairs under section 34 (1) of the Act. The matter has been entrusted to the Police for investigation and filing complaints in a Court of Law. The matter is under Police Investigation. The Society also filed arbitration references against the persons responsible for the misappropriation before the Deputy Registrar of Cooperative Societies (Marketing and Consumers) Karimnagar for recovery of the amounts. The Collector, Karimnagar is taking necessary action.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

The following 13 persons were first considered as involved in the amounts of misappropriation. Then later 2 persons were deleted from the list of delinquents as there was no direct or indirect evidence against them. There are persons who had alleged to have misappropriated the funds of the society among those from whom amounts are recoverable.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao :— Who are those persons?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— According to my information here

1. (a) Sri B. Narasimha Reddy, Ex-Secretary
   (b) Sri V. Malla Reddy, Ex-Cashier
      for Rs. 1,12,656/-

2. (a) Sri B. Narasimha Reddy, (probably the same person)
   (b) Sri V. Malla Reddy
   (c) Sri Ch. Raja Reddy
   (d) Sri V. Lakshmi Kantam
      for Rs. 2,49,983/-

3. (a) Sri B. Narasimha Reddy
   (b) Sri V. Malla Reddy
   (c) Sri Raja Reddy
   (d) Sri Lakshmi Kantam
   (e) Sri L. Bhoomi Reddy
      for Rs. 1,79,256/-
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir, I am told that one K. Malla Reddy was the President.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—Sir, he has not said when this was registered in the police station.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—It was detected in about June 1968 and later in 1969—

Sri G. Sivaiah:—I want to know the date on which the complaint was preferred to the police station.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—It was entrusted to the police on 31-5-1969.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—A total sum of Rs. 5,71,198 may be realised from the movable and immovable assets, stock-in-trade furniture and other assets of the society. The total outside liabilities amounted to Rs. 7,06,000 and odd on 31-1-1969. Thus, there is a net deficit or loss of about Rs. 1,35,000 to discharge the outside liabilities of the society.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— All possible action is being taken.

Sri A. Madhava Rao :— This is not an answer, Sir. I am asking a specific question: for how many years it was spread over, whether the Audit Department is auditing it and what the officials are doing about it?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— I am told, it is spread over for a few years—one or two years.

Sri A. Madhava Rao :— When a question of this type is put Sir, we want a specific answer.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— For a specific reply, I want notice.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— I do not think the President seems to be involved in it.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— After all, it is a criminal prosecution apart from recovery of the amount. Therefore, it has to be based on some culpability.
On the advice of the Public Prosecutor, on the basis of the evidence, whether direct or indirect, 3 people were not considered to be prosecuted. That is all.

A. P. STATE CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING
FEDERATION

125—

*605 (1450) Q.— Sri Badri Vishal Pitti (Maharajgunj) :— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Registrar of Co-operative Societies had given permission to write off certain amounts to Andhra Pradesh State Co-operative Marketing Federation due to the shortage in certain commodities during 1969 ;

(b) if so, to what extent and the reason therefor ; and

(c) the names of the Directors of the said Federation ?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The value of the deficits in stocks, amounting to Rs. 76,257.87 was permitted to be written off by the Registrar of Cooperative Societies. The deficits were trade shortages in stocks for the three years from 1963-64 to 1965-66 on a business turnover of Rs. 88,15,097.

(c) The list of the names of the Directors of the Federation as on 30-6-1970 is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(Answer to clause (c) of Legislative Assembly Question No.1450 (Starred) (*125) given notice of by Sri Badri Vishal Pitti, M. L. A.)

Members of the Board of Directors of Andhra Pradesh State Co-operative Marketing Federation Ltd : Hyderabad as on 30th June, 1970.

Sl. No. Name of the Member Name of the Society or office from which he is representing

Sarvasri :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position and Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>P. Madhava Varma (Vice-President)</td>
<td>President, Visakhapatnam Dist. Coop. Society Ltd., Vizianagaram</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>B. P. Sesha Reddy</td>
<td>President, Kurnool Dist. Coop. Society Ltd., Kurnool</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>L. V. Subba Rao</td>
<td>A. P. State Coop. Bank Ltd., Hyderabad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>B. Aswathappa</td>
<td>Anantapur Dist. Coop. Society Ltd., Anantapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>K. Suryanarayana</td>
<td>West Godavari Dist. Coop. Federation Ltd., Eluru</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>A. K. Viswanatha Reddy</td>
<td>President, Mulkanoor Coop. Rural Bank Ltd., Mulkanoor, Karimnagar Distrcet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Ch. Krishnamurthy</td>
<td>Krishna Dist. Coop. Society Ltd., Vijayawada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>(Official)</td>
<td>Joint Registrar (Mktg.), Office of the Registrar of Coop. Societies, A. P. Hyderabad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>(Official)</td>
<td>Director of Marketing, Govt. of Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>N. P. Chengalraya Naidu</td>
<td>President, Chittoor Dist. Coop. Society Ltd., Chittoor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>C. A. Narayana Reddy</td>
<td>President, Anantapur Coop. Society Ltd., Anantapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Peta Bapaiah</td>
<td>President, Tiruvuru Vegetable Growers Coop. Society Ltd., Tiruvuru, Krishna Dist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>C. Malla Reddy</td>
<td>President, Nalgonda Dist. Coop. Marketing Society Ltd., Nalgonda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>K. Anantha Reddy</td>
<td>President, Khammam Dist. Coop. Society Ltd., Khammam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>E. Venkataramanarasaiah</td>
<td>President, Warangal Dist. Coop. Society Ltd., Warangal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— On a turnover of Rs. 88 lakhs the shortage found is hardly 1 per cent. In the case of shortages, mentioned above, it was considered that the question of recovery did not arise as they are reasonable shortages occurring in the course of normal business. Further, provision was made for shortages in the price fixation to cover such loss to the Federation. I must also inform the hon. Members that the Federation earned good profits. In 1964–65, it earned a profit of Rs. 41,490/-; in 1965–66, Rs. 2,98,237; in 1966–67, Rs. 5,17,018/-; in 1967–68, Rs. 3,50,920/-; and for 1968–69, it is under audit.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— I think so.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :— Yes.
SUPER BAZAR, HYDERABAD

126—

*612 (1511) Q.—Sarvasri R. Mahananda and G. Subba Naidu (Kavali) :— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state :

(a) what is the rent paid by the Stainless Steel Section in Super Bazar at Hyderabad in 1968-69 and 1969-70;

(b) how is the monopoly rental value fixed for this; and

(c) whether it is by way of auction or by quotations?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :—

(a) No rent was fixed for the Stainless Steel Section in the Super Bazar, Hyderabad. It was agreed that a Commission of 8% on the sales would be paid to the Cooperative Stores Ltd., Hyderabad.

A Commission of Rs. 46,391.29 was realised for the period from 1/6/1968 to 31/12/1969. From 1/1/1970, the goods are being supplied to the Super Bazar on consignment basis.

(b) No monopoly rental value is fixed.

(c) No auction was made and no quotations were invited. Selection was made according to the terms offered after negotiations and enquiries.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— My information is negotiations and enquiries were made for the purpose, and afterwards they selected on the terms mentioned in my reply.

Competitive price. The price is cheaper by 5 per cent compared to the local market.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Who has agreed that goods are being sold at higher rates? Nobody has agreed. Nobody has even suggested.

You need not agree. But that is a fact.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— If you can kindly tell me, these are the things for which higher prices are demanded in the Super Bazaar, I will get the information in two days.

Permit me to put a question.

Sri K. Atchuta Reddy (Kodangal):— I raise a point of order. Because a particular member has been permitted to put supplementaries for each and every other question, is that the criterion for refusing the member to ask another question?

There is no question of a point of order.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— I will get that information.
That would be a shady affair. Let the Government categorically say that they will put down this sort of negotiation over the Table.

It is not agreed to. It can never be agreed unless you have something definite to tell and on investigation we find it to be correct. That is No. One. The second thing is, it is not just necessary to call for quotations in every matter. There is a management consisting of 9 or 10 people. For instance, even here, the terms offered by Messrs. Sakharia Stainless Steel are more favourable for the following reasons:

(1) for the usual range of sales, 8 per cent commission is allowed.

(2) in the interests of the customer, the selling rate is kept much cheaper by at least 5 per cent, being the manufacturer.

(3) The suitability of the firm is testified by the Super Market, Tiruchurapalli and the Honesty Society, Pondichery.

Sri G. Sivayya:— There is a method of telling. I want an answer, a polite answer, but not this rigid answer.

Sri G. Sivayya:— Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

LAND CULTIVATED BY HARIJAN FAMILIES IN NIDIGALLU VILLAGE

*902 (1451–M) Q.— Sarvasri O. Venkata Subbaiah (Venkatagiri), B. V, Ramanaiah (Allavaram), and S. Vemayya:— Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:
Oral Answers to Questions

4th December, 1970

(a) whether it is a fact that an extent of 49 acres of dry land was assigned in the years 1968 to 1970 to Harijan families of Nidigallu village, Venkatagiri Taluk, Nellore district in S. No. 364 of Boyanagunta;

(b) whether it is a fact that a tank was repaired for the benefit of these lands in the year 1969 with five thousand rupees under Famine Relief;

(c) Is it a fact that the Paddy (Pitcha Mosanam) and horsegram which was grown in those lands during the year 1969-70 was destroyed by cattle of big ryots of Nidigallu on 19-1-70 and if so, the names of the big ryots;

(d) whether any complaint was given to the police and Revenue authorities by the Harijans; and if so, what action has been taken?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P. Thimma Reddy):—

(a) The land was granted only on Eksal lease to 70 Harijans on 12-11-1968.

(b) Yes, Sir. Boyanagunta tank was repaired during 1968–69 under Famine relief programme incurring an expenditure of Rs. 5,509/–.

(c) It is reported that paddy crop and horsegram were raised in the land in question during 1969–70 that it was grazed over by the cattle of some ryots of Nidigallu village and that the persons who are responsible for the mischief are still to be traced.

(d) It is reported that a complaint was given to the police and to the Revenue authorities by the Harijans and that the petition was referred to the Station House Officer, Venkatagiri by the Tahsildar after preliminary enquiry by the Revenue Inspector. But the case was referred by the Police authorities as a mistake of act as the parties had compromised.

BANJAR LAND IN THEEDA VILLAGE

128—

*345 (2086) Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total extent of banjar land in S. No. 266/9 in Theeda village, Anakapalli taluk, Visakhapatnam district;

(b) whether it was assigned to harijans of that village;

(c) if so, whether the said banjar land had been given possession to the assignees; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—

(a) S. No. 266/9 of Theeda village measures Acres 26.90 cents
(b) Yes, it was assigned to 26 harijans previously.

c) Possession of the land was not given to the Harijans.

d) The land covered by R. S. No. 266/9 was originally a patta land granted to Sarvasri Suggu Venkanna and Saka Tirupathayya by the land holder prior to 1-7-1945. But the land was wrongly correlated and classified as 'assessed waste dry' in the recent survey and based on the Resurvey records, the Tahsildar, Anakapalli, assigned it on 'D' Form patta to 26 Harijans of the village. But subsequently on a representation made by the owners of the land, the Settlement Officer, Visakhapatnam ordered the correction of classification of the land and issue of a patta in favour of the owners and on the strength of these orders, the 'D' form pattas granted to the Harijans were cancelled by the Revenue Divisional Officer, Visakhapatnam.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:— It is not part of the question.

Sri V. Somarajula:— It is not part of the question.
Ringing Road from St. John's Church to Teacher's Colony

129—

Q.—Smt. J. Eshwari Bai (Yella Reddy):— Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Ring Road from St. John’s Church to Teachers’ Colony, Marredpally, Secunderabad has been taken up or not by the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad and what is the amount sanctioned for the same three years ago; and

(b) if not, why; and what has happened to the money?

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri N. Chanchu Rama Naidu)

(a) Yes Sir, an amount of Rs. 39,000 was sanctioned by the Government during 1964-65 for asphaltating the Ring Road and the work was completed in 1967 to a length of 2200 ft. The Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad also sanctioned a sum of Rs. 15,000/- from its funds for completing the balance work of 1300 ft. road in October, 1969. The work has also been taken up which is now in progress and is likely to be completed shortly.

(b) Does not arise.
145

4th December, 1970

Oral Answers to Questions

130—

GOVT. AYURVEDIC COLLEGE, HYDERABAD.

Q.— Sri A. Madhava Rao:— Will the hon. Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it was a fact that even non-matriculates were admitted into the Govt. Ayurvedic Colleges at Hyderabad;

(b) if so, were they not registered in 'A' Class;

(c) whether the Government are aware of the fact that the students of the Ayurvedic Colleges at Vijayawada and Guntur were also having practical training in the out-patient public dispensaries for two years during their 4 years course;

(d) whether it is not a fact that the 'B' class diploma holders who underwent house physicianship, are granted 'A' class status and 50 per cent of the total vacancies in local bodies;

(e) if so, why they are denied 'A' class registration and provision for being recruited to Government service?

The Minister for information deputed the Minister for Health and Medical and answered the question (Sri A. Vasudeva Rao):—

(a) Yes, Sir in the past.

(b) in the Board of Indian Medicine classification does not exist. In the Andhra Board, they are registered in ‘A’ Class.

(c) The students of the Ayurvedic College Vijayawada were being posted to Ramamohan Dharma Vaidyasala Sangham out patient dispensary, for a period of 2 years for clinical training and the students of the Rangachari Ramamohan Ayurvedic College, Guntur are posted to some Municipal dispensarie (Ayur) for clinical training.

(d) Yes Sir.

(e) ‘A’ class status is given to the ‘B’ class diploma holders who undergo house Physicianship training for a period of 6 months in the Government Ayurvedic Hospital, Hyderabad in order to provide for continuity of appointment as medical officers or as R. M. Ps. in the dispensaries under the control of Panchayat Samithis, Zilla Parishads, Municipalities etc.,

The ‘B’ Class diploma holders of the Ayurvedic College, Vijayawada, (other than those studying for B. A. M. & S. Course) were not taught all the subjects that were taught to the students of Government Ayurveda, College Hyderabad during the corresponding period.
STIPEND TO HOUSE PHYSICIANS

131—

*769 (2728) Q.— Sri A. Madhava Rao :— Will the hon. Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to State:

(a) whether it is a fact that a monthly stipend of Rs. 75/- requested for by the House Physicians of the Government Ayurvedic Hospital, Hyderabad, is denied; and if so, the reasons thereof:

(b) are they not eligible, if not, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether the Director, Indian Medicine recommended the additional grant for this purpose, which may amount to only Rs. 4000 per annum; and
(d) if so, what action the Government propose to take in this matter?

Sri A. Vasudeva Rao:—

(a) It is not clear to which House-Physicians the question relates. It may, however, be stated that the students of the Government Ayurvedic Colleges, Hyderabad and Warangal for whom House-Physicianship of six compulsory are given a stipend of Rs. 75/- per month. It is only for the ‘B’ Class diploma holders of the Vijayawada and Guntur Colleges who are being permitted to undergo the House-Physicianship of six months that no stipends are being paid. In the case of these diploma holders, the house-physicianship training is not compulsory. They have already been awarded their diplomas by the Concerned authorities. It is only in their interest and to better their status that they are undergoing house-physicianship training.

(b) They are not eligible for the reason that the house-physicianship, as stated above, is not compulsory, and it is being run only for acquiring more experience, better bedside knowledge and better status.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) Due to financial stringency, the stipend cannot be paid to these ‘B’ Class diploma holders during their house-physicianship training.

POLICE FIRING ON HUT DWELLERS IN GUNTUR TOWN

(a) the circumstances that led for using teargas, lathicharge, firing on the 6,000 hut-dwellers residing at Khajee Manyam, which lies towards east of Amaravathy Road of Guntur Town on 19-4-1970; and

(b) number of persons died and injured due to firing and lathicharge referred to in clause (a) above?

(The Minister for Home) :— (Sri J. Vengal Rao)

(a) When an unruly mob of thousands of people attempted to occupy inamlands on 19-4-70 in defiance of the Courts orders and
prohibitory orders u/s 144 Cr. P. C. the Police used tear gas and later made lathicharge. As they proved useless Police opened fire under the orders of the Taluk Magistrate, Guntur, after due warning.

(b) Three persons were injured due to lathicharge, one person was killed and two injured due to firing.

(a) whether the investigation of the case of one Venkanna who cheated 40 girls in 1969 assuring them training in Nursing and collected Rs. 280 from each is completed and if so, at what stage the matter is pending now ; and

(b) whether the Government realised the monies from the person and paid back to the girls : if not, the reasons therefor?

Sri C. V. K. Rao :—

(a) Yes Sir, The case was charged on 23-6-1970 and it is pending trial in the Court.

(b) No Sir. The accused spent away the money and it could not therefore be collected from him.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :— He said that it is now pending before the Court. When was that case taken up. That man has taken Rs. 280 from each girl number about 60 girls. At what stage is that case ? Was this man a bankrupt if so what happened ? Has the Government made any investigation and how is he going to reimburse it to the poor girls ?

(a) 133—

*55 (1998) Sri C. V. K. Rao :— Will the Hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state ;

(a) whether the investigation of the case of one Venkanna who cheated 40 girls in 1969 assuring them training in Nursing and collected Rs. 280 from each is completed and if so, at what stage the matter is pending now ; and

(b) whether the Government realised the monies from the person and paid back to the girls : if not, the reasons therefor ?

Sri J. Vengal Rao :—

(a) Yes Sir, The case was charged on 23-6-1970 and it is pending trial in the Court.

(b) No Sir. The accused spent away the money and it could not therefore be collected from him.
Oral Answers to Questions

REGISTER OF EUNUCHS

134—
75 (2216) Q.— Sri Badri Vishal Pitti :— Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government is maintaining any register indicating the names of the Eunuchs in the city and their places of residence as stipulated in the Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Eunuchs Act and the names of the officer who has been appointed for this purpose ;

(b) if not, the reasons therefor ;

(c) if so, the number of eunuchs registered in Register on the first day of 1967, 1968, 1969 and 1970 ;

(d) whether the Government have extended the said Act to any other region ; and

(e) if so, the names of the said regions ?

Sri J. Vengal Rao :—

(a) No such register is being maintained and no officer has been appointed for the purpose.

(b) Since their evil effect on the general public & young boys is fast disappearing, registration is not being done ;

(c) Does not arise.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) Does not arise.

Srī Badri Vīshal Pītti :— यह जो कानून बना है उस को क्या आवश्यकता महसूल की गई। अपार संदेश 'नहीं' बना है तो बनाना चाहिए व्यक्ति शहर में और सच्चे में सच्चे बुझों से लोग परेशान कर रहे हैं।

Sri. V. V. R. :— ऐसा यह अवस्था नहीं है कि मेरी देशवासी अपना बच्चा रखने की प्रक्रिया में अनेक व्यक्ति दिखाई दे रहे हैं। यह अनेक दिनों से जारी रखना महत्वपूर्ण है।

Sri. V. V. R. (श्रीकृष्ण) :— अगर वह बच्चे के लिए बुझों १०० तक है तो वह बच्चे के लिए होता है, फिर भी इस बात पर ध्यान केंद्र करें?

Sri. V. V. R. :— ऐसे ही बच्चे के लिए देशवासी नामांकन नहीं करते। अगर वह बच्चे के लिए अनेक बुझों १०० तक है तो वह बच्चे के लिए होता है, फिर भी इस बात पर ध्यान केंद्र करें?
ALLEGATIONS AGAINST EX-PRESIDENT
OF HANDLOOM WEAVERS, CO-OPERATIVE
SOCIETY, KARIMNAGAR

135—

*266 (1561) Q:— Sri R. Mahananda:— Will the hon. Minister for Handlooms & Co-operative Factories be pleased to state :

(a) whether there is any representation on 13-3-70 from the President of the Handloom Weavers, Co-operative Society Ltd., Karimnagar, about the mal-administration of the Ex-President and the Managing Committee of the Society ;

(b) if so, what are the allegations and whether they have been enquired into ,

(c) whether it is a fact that the Government sanctioned a Housing Colony scheme for Handloom Weavers at Karimnagar in 1960-1961 ; and if so, how much amount was allotted ;

(d) whether it has been fully utilised and house built ; whether the accounts of this housing Colony were audited ; and

(e) What is the result of the audit report ?

The Minister for Handlooms & Co-operative Sugar Factories (Sri A* Bhagavanta Rao) :—

(a) A Memorandum dated 13-3-1970 from Sri N. Ramachandran, one of the members of the Board of Directors, has been received wherein allegations have been levelled against the former President and Secretary of the Society ;

(b) The allegations mainly relate to the Housing Colony Accounts and they are being enquired into ;

(c) (d) & (e) The society was sanctioned a housing colony scheme in 1960-61 for the construction of 100 houses for the benefit of its members. The financial assistance envisaged under the scheme and the amount released to the Society are as follows :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loan</th>
<th>Common Amenities</th>
<th>Grant</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>Scheme</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount released</td>
<td>2,40,000</td>
<td>35,500</td>
<td>1,20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance to be released</td>
<td>2,40,000</td>
<td>35,500</td>
<td>78,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All the houses have been constructed. In view of the irregularities noticed in the maintenance of accounts etc., relating to the housing colony of society, the accounts of the housing colony have not been finalised. Pending finalisation of its accounts, an amount of Rs. 42,000/- due to the society, under grant as per the scheme has not yet been released to the society. It is only during the audit of the society, including its housing colony, the auditor has pointed out...
the defects noticed in the maintenance of the accounts. With reference to his report only, enquiry has been instituted and the matter is now under investigation.

The whereabouts and the correct addresses of the suppliers of materials to the Housing Colony Society could not be ascertained inspite of the efforts made by him in order to ascertain the genuineness of the transactions and fix up the responsibility against the persons concerned for the recovery of the amount, "The whereabouts and the correct addresses of the suppliers of materials to the Housing Colony Society could not be ascertained inspite of the efforts made by him in order to ascertain the genuineness of the transactions and fix up the responsibility against the persons concerned for the recovery of the amount."

131  4th December, 1970  Oral Answers to Questions
SHIFTING OF UNITS FROM INDUSTRIAL TRAINING INSTITUTE, WARANGAL

136—
*701 (2166) Q.— Sarvasri C. Janga Reddy, T. S. Murthy and A Madhava Rao :— Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the Units of the Industrial Training Institute which have been shifted to Bhongir, Nalgonda district, during the year 1967-68 or 1968-69 from Industrial Training Institute, Warangal; and

(b) the special reasons for such shifting?

The Minister for Labour (Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy) :—

(a) The following units were transferred from the Industrial Training Institute, Warangal to the Industrial Training Institute Bhongir from 1-3-1967:

1. Fitter ... 2 Units
2. Wireman ... 1 Unit
3. Turner ... 1 Unit
4. Welder ... 2 Units
   (Gas & Elec.)

One more unit in Turner trade was transferred with effect from 1-8-1968.

(b) The Industrial Training Institute, at Warangal was expanded during the year 1966-67 by 216 additional seats. Consequently, on the decision taken by the Government thereafter, not to take up any new building works as a measure of economy in Government expenditure, the Institute had to face acute dearth of accommodation for the additional seats introduced. Further during the year 1967-68 a decision was also taken by the State Government not to take up any new Plan schemes involving fresh expenditure in view of the financial stringency. However due to the demand for training facilities at different places, it was proposed as an alternative measure, to spread only the existing training facilities to remote areas. One of such places was Bhongir, which was at a considerable distance from the Nalgonda Town. Therefore, a decision was taken to shift some units of certain trades of the Industrial Training Institute, Warangal which was overcrowded, to Bhongir. This proposal was considered also with a view to relieve some of the then existing Institutes of the congestion and unwieldiness.
SCHOLARSHIP TO THE STUDENTS OF MEDICAL COLLEGES IN WARANGAL & KAKINADA

137—

*924 (1454-S) Q.— Sarvasri C. Janga Reddy, D. Venkatesam, R. Mahananda and T. S. Murthy :— Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that neither the Central Government nor the State Government scholarships are being given to the students of Kakatiya Medical College, Warangal and Rangaraya Medical College, Kakinada on the plea that students are being admitted by donations; and

(b) if so, whether the Government propose to extend the benefit of the Scholarships for these students also on a par with the students of other Institutions?

The Minister for Social Welfare (Sri D. Perumallu):—

(a) No Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
4th December, 1970
Oral Answers to Questions

The Hon. Member for (section)

   such questions were asked in the house?

   many of these questions were asked in the house?

   many of these questions were asked in the house?

   many of these questions were asked in the house?

   many of these questions were asked in the house?
Sri D. Perumallu:— During 1968–69 one student of Kakatiya Medical College, Warangal was granted renewed scholarship and in 1969–70 6 students were granted renewed scholarships in the same College.
157  4th December, 1970  Oral Answers to Questions

...Two hours discussion......

CONSTRUCTIONS OF GODOWNS FOR FOODGRAINS AT KARIMNAGAR

138—

*611 (1503) Q.—Sarvasri R. Mahananda and G. Subba Naidu:— Will the hon. Minister for Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Food grains construction Division No. 1, Hyderabad has constructed godowns at Karimnagar in 1965-66;

(b) what is the estimated cost of this;

(c) when was the work completed and final bills paid to the contractor;

(d) whether there are any dues, extra paid, pending recovery from the contractor till today; and

(e) if so, the reasons for delay?

The Minister for Civil Supplies (Sri A. Sanjeeva Reddy):—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Rs. 10,20,000/-.

(c) The work was completed on 25-6-1967. Final bill is not yet paid.

(d) and (e) As the final bill was a minus bill, the recoveries could not be effected. The recoveries have to be effected from the bills of the contractor on other works in the Department. Hence, delay in effecting recoveries.

...
Oral Answers to Questions

4th December, 1970

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4th December, 1970

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26 Rao s^syD. amount adjusted out of assets on other works Rs. 21454-62 nP. and amount recovered by the Executive Engineer, Karimnagar from Arts and Science College works at Karimnagar so far Rs. 35000/- amount recovered by the Executive Engineer, Sangareddi, from Arts and Science College works at Siddipet so far Rs. 32,049/- amount recovered from Arts College works at Karimnagar Rs. 17,584-64 nP. and amount recovered from Arts College works at Siddipet Rs. 10,000/-.

STATUTORY BOARD FOR LEATHER INDUSTRY

139—

458 (2875) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda:— Will the hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to appoint a Statutory Board for Leather Industry at State Level; and

(b) whether the State Government has made a representation to the Central Government in this regard?

The Minister for Commerce deputized the minister for Small Scale Industries and answered the question (Sri P. Ankineedu Prasada Rao):—

(a) There is no proposal before the Government to constitute a Statutory Leather Board at State Level at present.

(b) Yes, Sir.

STA.— Will the hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(b) to reconstitute the Statutory Leather Board?

WINDING UP OF DESIGNS & EXTENTION CENTRE IN PHIRANGIPURAM

140—

231 (1406) Q.—Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— Will the hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it was a fact that the Designs extension Centres in weaving & Dyeing at Phirangipuram and Sattenapalli were wound up;
(b) if so, why; and
(c) whether they will be allowed to continue?

(Sri P. Ankineedu Prasada Rao) :-

(a), (b), (c) Consequent to the decision of the Government of India not to finance the Rural Industrial Projects Production units from the year 1969-70 the State Government have decided to close down these units and to dispose of them to the Cooperative institutions Corporate Bodies etc.

(Questions and Answers are over)
Business of the House
4th December, 1970

Sir,

With reference to the notice given by Shri K. B. Narayanan, Hon. Minister for Education, to move a resolution that the Committee on Education should consider the various suggestions made by the Minister for Education regarding the reduction of the number of hours of instruction in the schools, it is requested that the matter may be discussed.

Sri. K. B. Narayanan, Hon. Minister for Education,

Sir,

I have the honour to move that the Education Committee should consider the various suggestions made by the Hon. Minister for Education regarding the reduction of the number of hours of instruction in the schools.

Sri. K. B. Narayanan, Hon. Minister for Education,

Sir,

I have the honour to move that the Education Committee should consider the various suggestions made by the Hon. Minister for Education regarding the reduction of the number of hours of instruction in the schools.
Mr. Chairman:— I will let the House know tomorrow.

It is an urgent matter of public importance.

Mr. Chairman:— I will get you the information. Call attention notice again.
Points of Information:

4th December, 1970

re: Extension of electricity schemes in Andhra.
re: Admissions to Medical Colleges.

POINTS OF INFORMATION

re: Extension of electricity schemes in Andhra.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— This matter is pending before the Supreme Court.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Two hours' discussion is not desirable for this reason. The matter is pending before the Supreme Court. It is likely to come up on the 7th December for a decision or an interim order, whatever they think fit, before the Supreme Court. Therefore, let us wait. After all, another 3 or 4 days, let us wait. I certainly see, much time has elapsed. But unfortunately the situation is like that. In the next few days we can get some interim order or decision by the Supreme Court.

Sri G. Sivaiah:— I am thankful to you, Sir, for giving me an opportunity to raise a vital issue affecting the State just now. We are at the fag-end of the year and there are no admissions in the Medical Colleges. We are at the end of 1970. It is a very vital issue agitating the minds of students and parents. I do not know what has happened to the admission of medical students in the colleges. This is a most important issue.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— This matter is pending before the Supreme Court.

Two hours' discussion is not desirable for this reason. The matter is pending before the Supreme Court. It is likely to come up on the 7th December for a decision or an interim order, whatever they think fit, before the Supreme Court. Therefore, let us wait. After all, another 3 or 4 days, let us wait. I certainly see, much time has elapsed. But unfortunately the situation is like that. In the next few days we can get some interim order or decision by the Supreme Court.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Certainly, Sir. As soon as the decision of the Supreme Court is received, we will see that no further delay is caused in admissions on the basis of that decision.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:— I want an answer.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Statements made at public meetings of a political nature, with political motivations and political purposes cannot form subject matter of discussion here.

Mr. Chairman:— It is not a very important matter.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Let the question come—

Mr. Chairman:— Let the Speaker decide, about 2 hours’ discussion on this.

Sri Poola Subbaiah:— The Speaker’s decision is altogether a different thing. That we will talk with the Speaker. But the answer given by the Chief Minister is very unsatisfactory.
Sri T. V. Raghavulu (Gopalapuram):— Sir, I feel that the significance of Question No. 134 has been lost because we allowed ourselves to be carried away by a sense of humour. I would like to bring to the notice of the House that there is a recommendation of the Law Commission that the Eunuchs Act should be abolished inasmuch as it is an anachronism in modern conditions and in the modern context of life. May I bring this aspect to the notice of the House and say that it is a reflection on the dignity of humanity as such? May I also ask that this should be abolished.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Unfortunately, the Home Minister is not here. The hon. member may speak to me or to the Home Minister.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Sir, for sometime before we assembled here, the hon. Chief Minister was tooting that he was going to expand the Ministry and has created so many hopes in so many minds leading to enormous frustration in the State consisting of 4 crores of people....

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— There is absolutely no scope for any hope or frustration so far as Sri C. V. K. Rao is concerned.

Sri C. V. Rao:— I never said anything about myself. Why does he throw the burden on me?
I want the information before this Assembly is concluded.
Mr. Chairman:— If it is possible...

Sri G. Latchanna:— I must have that information. Please don't say 'if it is possible' or 'if it is possible' or 'if it is possible'.

Sri G. Latchanna:— I must have it, Sir. It is only the business of the Secretariat. It does not pertain to district authorities. If the Chair is not willing to do it, I am helpless.

That is my question. It is not a question of district authorities.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Information.

re: Extension of time-limit for submission of Backward class certificates.

Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Need for extension of time limit for submitting backward class certificates by the candidates seeking admission to Medical Colleges.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Information.

re : Extension of time–limit for submission of Backward class certificates,

Sri A. Vasudeva Rao (on behalf of the Minister for Health) :

G. O. relating to the facilities to be given to backward classes in matters of educational opportunities was issued vide G. O. Ms. No. 1793 Education dated 23–9–1970. In accordance with the provisions of the G. O. the students who have taken the Entrance Examination were requested to submit certificates indicating the social status vide notification in “Andhra Patrika” and “Deccan Chronicle” on 11th November, 70 and time was given till the 16th November, 70 for the submission of these certificates. Though the notification was sent for publication on the 4th by the Director of Medical and Health Services, actual publication took place only on 11–11–1970. By 16th November, 561 candidates submitted the required certificates. Between 17th and 26th of November, 1970, 57 students submitted the certificates which were accepted by the Medical Directorate. It will, therefore, be seen that even after the expiry of the date fixed for receipt of the certificate, the Medical Directorate continued to accept the Certificates sent by the students and therefore ample opportunity was given for all the concerned students to submit the required certificates.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.
re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

4th December, 1970

re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance, re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

4th December, 1970

(Dr. T. S. Murty in the Chair)
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

Unless the whole peasantry is protected, the country's fate when once destroyed can never be bettered.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

The Inspector informed him that they would not purchase his IR 8 paddy and he had to consult some officials at Tadepalligudem.

"I went to one depot personally on 20-11-70. But the concerned officers......in two different samples from the stock of paddy. The Inspector advised my clerk that the one paddy stock of samples can be purchased at the rate of Rs. 51.50 per quintal while the rates fixed by the Government was Rs. 60 per quintal, and the other sample will not be purchased at all. When my clerk demanded the Inspector to give it in writing, he refused to do so. The government agent informs me that as per the instructions issued by the Government my paddy or its kind cannot be purchased by them."
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots
and non-purchasing of the same by
the Food Corporation of India,

This is the kind of assistance they are getting. From 13-11-1970 he has been trying to sell 165 quintals of paddy and he has been going round the Government depots—FCI depots. That is the kind of assistance he is getting.

Secondly, as my friend has raised, the masuri type of crop that is being raised in our district extensively has given a bumper crop. Unfortunately the classification is not yet fixed by the Government whether it is fine variety or coarse variety. That has got to be fixed immediately. It is a fine variety, but the classification is not yet fixed. What is happening is unless it is fixed, even the millers are not prepared to say we will purchase it at the rate it deserves. So, that must be fixed up immediately. Last year or sometime back a variety which was in some places known as 'mooga sannam' was there. This is also known as 'donga sannam'. Mooga sannam is classified and donga sannam is not classified. It is called by two names in different parts. Because of the wrong classification, lot of trouble was met by the ryots. In this case also lot of masuri variety is available which has got to be sold but not classified. That must be rectified immediately.

Thirdly, the collection for the party funds. The Chief Minister has denied it. Of course, we cannot expect him to admit the same on the floor of the House. But it is a fact that they are collecting not only for party funds but something towards Government also. Government thing, it is all-right. We cannot deny it. We cannot say, it cannot be done because FCI purchases and sends to other states and for that they give certain amount of money for each quintal to the Government. That amount they are collecting from the millers. But, they are not justified in collecting for their party funds.

These three charges may be looked into and proper answer be given.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

April 4th, 1970

Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance,

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4th December, 1970

1. The Hon'ble Member:

Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.

Te: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

2. The Hon'ble Member:

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Te: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.
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Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance, re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

Sri G. Sivayya:— There seems to be an understanding between the Leaders and the Ministers to settle the matter about these things. I would like to have discussion on the floor of the House.

Mr. Chairman:— The latest development of which we are not aware—whether it will be taken into consideration.

Sri G. Sivalah:— A matter of such importance should be discussed on the floor of the House.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.
re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

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re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

Mr. Chairman:—I might point out that number of members have sent their names. I know this is a very important subject. Before I call upon the Minister to make a statement, I want to mention that there is lot of dissatisfaction about the working of the Food Corporation throughout the State. The vagaries of the Food Corporation have been giving lot of trouble to the ryots. I think it will be better to have a separate discussion on this subject on the floor of the House. I want to make this observation from the Chair before I ask the Civil Supplies Minister to make his statement. Till he makes his statement, I would ask you to bear with me. I am sure, the Government will only be too willing to have a discussion on this subject. That is my request. The Food Corporation business has become a menace to this State. I would like the Government to have a discussion on this matter on the floor of the House. I am sure, they will like a discussion. Till then, you will please allow the Civil Supplies Minister to make a statement.

(Some members rose—)
4th December, 1970

Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.
re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

Sri C.V.K. Rao rose—

Mr. Chairman :— I have already said what I wanted to say from the Chair and I think what I said from here will have some value.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :— I want to say one thing to clarify the matter.

Mr. Chairman :— I have not allowed anybody to say anything. There is no question of clarification. Any further statement is unnecessary.

Sri A. Sanjeeva Reddy :— Last year, there were two cyclones in Coastal Districts and lakhs of acres were submerged in water. This resulted in heavy damage to paddy crops. The producers and millers could offer only damaged paddy and rice to the F.C.I. but the rejected F.C.I. it being of sub-standard quality.

To solve the problem, the State Government have allowed the millers to export damaged and discoloured rice outside the State on traders' account on the express assurance of the millers that they would purchase all paddy available with the producers. So far, 1,44,022.9 tons of damaged and discoloured rice have been exported outside the State from 7 cyclone affected Districts of West Godavari, East Godavari, Krishna, Guntur, Khammam, Nalgonda and Warangal. For the remaining stock of about 50,000 tons lying with the millers of 7 Districts, extension of time upto end of December 1970 has been granted for completing the exports.

During a recent conference with the Union Minister for Agriculture on 8-11-1970, it was agreed that all accumulated cyclone-affected damaged paddy stocks with the co-operatives and millers should be milled and offered to the Food Corporation of India for purchase. FCI should purchase such stocks acceptable to them without imposing cuts and for the remaining stocks the millers be allowed to export it outside the State under the supervision of the Food Corporation of India.

During the current crop year commencing from 1-11-1970, the position is quite different. The State Government has made special arrangements in advance and directed the FCI and the A.P. State Cooperative Marketing Federation to enter the market throughout the State and to purchase any amount of paddy stocks offered by the producers at the Government notified prices. They have also been instructed to open as many purchase centres as possible in the Districts even in interior areas to facilitate producers to bring the paddy to the nearest centres and sell it to the FCI or cooperatives, as the case may be.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

So far the F.C.I. has opened 190 purchase centres and the A.P. State Cooperative Marketing Federation 71 purchase centres totalling to 261 centres required at present. In Khammam district, the Food Corporation of India has already opened 11 centres and so far 60 tonnes of paddy has been purchased from the producers. I will give the names of centres in Khammam District: Vyra, Khammam, Pothupalli, Yellandu, Kothagudem, Madhira, Neelakonda, Domagudem, Dharmapeta and Nerlipaka.

4th December, 1970

Sri A. Sanjiva Reddy:— In Rayalaseema and Circar districts harvesting of paddy has not yet been completed and as and when the paddy stocks will be coming into markets, more centres will be opened by the F.C.I. and the Cooperative Federation. So far a quantity of 17437 tonnes of paddy has been purchased in 10 districts where paddy crop has been harvested after 1-11-1970.

It is reiterated that it is the policy of the State Government to purchase paddy in the open markets at the Government notified price from the producers without any quantitative limit irrespective of whether it is ordinary paddy or hybrid or high yielding paddy varieties. Therefore, there is no cause of worry or distress for the ryots during the current crop season.

The Government notified prices are paid to the producer when the paddy sold is of fair average quality but when the paddy contains excess moisture content and other impurities there will be some cuts in the prices according to the various refractions. To minimise the difficulties in deciding about the various refraction and the extent of cuts to be imposed at the centres, the Government
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Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance,
re: Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

have decided in consultation with the Government of India that a flat rate of cuts should be imposed so that discretion is not left at the lower levels.

The fair average quality of paddy purchased at any of the centres will automatically get the notified price. They refractions applicable to the paddy have been reduced into two: (a) moisture and (b) other refractions. For paddy with moisture between the tolerance limit and rejection limit a flat rate of Re. 1/- per quintal is prescribed and for other defects as at (b) the rate of cut is again one more rupee. Thus, the maximum cut in the price will be Rs. 2/- per quintal in case of coarse paddy, the price of which is notified at Rs. 49/- per quintal. In this way pro rate cuts will be made for other varieties.
Calling attention to matters of Urgent Public Importance.

re : Unsold paddy stocks with ryots and non-purchasing of the same by the Food Corporation of India.

Mr. Chairman:— You are repeating what all the other members have said. I request you specially to wait till the time of discussion on this matter, when you can put all your cards on the table.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— What is the object of the Minister's statement. Is it a mere eye-wash? He has not answered the points raised. How much paddy was purchased?—that was the question put. He said 122 tonnes. A series of criticisms were levelled, but the Minister gave only bald figures. That is exactly the reason why we are asking for a discussion. We are not satisfied with the Minister's statement. Are you satisfied with that Sir?

Mr. Chairman:— I am not committing myself.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Because the Minister's statement......

Chairman:— Mr. Rao, please sit down.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Why should I sit down, Sir. I want to know. Several members raised certain points.

Mr. Chairman:— The Minister has already answered the questions that members have raised. Unless you want to gain point, what is the purpose of your speaking when he has already answered. We are putting this matter for discussion, and what is the necessity now to go further into it. Any amount of questioning is not going to get any reply from him. I agree, this matter has to be thoroughly thrashed out. You please sit down.

(Sri C. V. K. Rao took his seat)

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Kindly ask him to reply to this. I said that he has not answered the points raised in the discussion.

Sri C. Janga Reddy:— Not only in Guntur District but in Warangal District also.
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Non-official Bills:

The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970.

PAPER LAID ON THE TABLE

Annual Accounts of the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board together with Audit Report for 1969-70.

Minister for Hand-looms, Co-operative Textile Mills and Co-operative Sugar Factories (Sri A. Bhagwantha Rao) (deputising for the Minister for Power):— I beg to lay on the Table under sub-section 5 (a) of Section 69 of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1947 (Central Act No. 54 of 1948), a copy of the Annual Accounts of the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board together with the Audit Report thereon for the year 1969-70.

Mr. Chairman:— The paper is laid on the Table.

NON-OFFICIAL BILLS.

The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970.

Mr. Chairman:— We shall now take up the Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970.

Sri M. Manik Rao:— It is the practice in this House, Sir, that whichever Minister is concerned with the subject, he is present in the House. In the present instance, I do not know how the Chairman is allowing a different Minister to do it....

Sri A. Bhagvantha Rao:— The Minister concerned has taken the permission of the Speaker. He had to attend a meeting. It is only a matter of laying the paper on the Table of the House.

Sri M. Manik Rao:— Is the meeting of the Minister more important or the business of the House. The Minister is giving more importance to his own meeting. How long is it going to be like this? They are not giving much importance to this House.

Mr. Chairman:— I shall bring this to the notice of the Speaker.

Sri M. Manik Rao:— It is better to bring it to the notice of the Minister.

(S) a. Bhagvantha Rao:— It is simply laying the paper on the Table of the House.

Sri B. Niranjana Rao:— The dignity of the House requires that the Minister should be present.

Mr. Chairman:— Any way, the Minister concerned should be present.

Sri A. Bhagavantha Rao:— I do not think so. Where there is important business I can understand, but this is only laying the paper on the Table of the House.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya :— I take serious objection to what the Minister has said.

Sri A. Bhagwantha Rao :— Where there is important business I can understand...

Sri B. Niranjana Rao :— The explanation of the Minister is worse than the reason.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :— I would request you to order that the Minister should be present during the meetings...

Sri A. Bhagwantha Rao :— He has taken the permission of the Speaker.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :— When the House is sitting is it not the duty of the Ministers to be present in the House instead of loitering? Why have they become Ministers?

Mr. Chairman :— I am very sorry to say Mr. Rao that you are transgressing your limits. I have been asking you repeatedly to sit down. When I ask you to sit down you do not sit down.

Sri C.V.K. Rao :— I have put it very clearly...

Mr. Chairman :— Will you please sit down?

Sri C.V.K. Rao :— Why?

Mr. Chairman :— Please sit down.

Sri C.V.K. Rao :— I am going to defy you...

Mr. Chairman :— You seem to be more anxious to defy the Chair.

Sri A. Madhava Rao :— Sir, I rise a point of order. I have already said that this Bill is not within the purview of this Legislature. The matter has been completely thrashed out and the Minister made a statement on the floor of the House in the first instance that he was opposing the Bill and secondly that he has got to get the permission of the Central Government. Once it has been disposed off in that manner can it once again come up here? The point involved is, apart from, we have no legislative competence to consider this Bill. This is an amending Bill which only the Central Government can do.

Mr. Chairman :— What has Mr. Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah to say?

Sri C. V. K. Rao :— He has raised a point of order. Please refer to the Rules. On a point of order the ruling has to be given.

Mr. Chairman :— Please quote the rules.

Sri C.V.K. Rao :— I am quoting the Rule. I think the Secretary also will help you. ‘On a point of Order’ a ruling has to be given outright. There can be no debate.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah :— This was deferred last time to the next non-official day.
Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Please see Rule 241. “A point of order may be raised in relation to the business before the Assembly.” Sub rule (4) says: “No debate shall be allowed on a point of order, but the Speaker may, if he thinks fit, hear a member...”

Mr. Chairman:— I want to hear Mr. Vavilala Gopalkrishnaiah and I am asking him to speak.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:— The member that raised the point of order, not any member...

Mr. Chairman:— On that point I am asking Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah to speak.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:— Please also give me an opportunity.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:— When it falls within the concurrent list, the question of amendment will not arise for the Act itself. My hon. friend says that the Bill that has now been introduced is a wholesale Bill as such. Even for that also the permission has been sought.

Mr. Chairman:— We will find out from the hon. Minister.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:— This subject was disposed of on last Friday.

Mr. Chairman:— It was not. It was deferred.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:— At that time the hon. Minister said that he could not make up his mind whether the House is competent to amend the Hindu Marriages Act. He could also not make up his mind whether the particular point that the hon. member wants to push through this Bill is covered in the Special Marriages Act. He wanted time. When that is the position, how could it come up now?

Mr. Chairman:— We have deferred it to this Friday. Now we are asking the hon. Minister what legal opinion he has obtained about it.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:— Because it involves the question of law and also certain legal aspects, let us see that the Bill is postponed to some other day.
Mr. Chairman:— Why, why? If the legal opinion says that it can be taken up here, why should it not be taken up?

Sri A. Madhava Rao:— Members also should be definite on the legal opinion.

Mr. Chairman:— I am agreeing with him as to what the Minister said.

Sri A. Bhagawantha Rao:— The proposed legislation to amend the Hindu Marriages Act of 1955 is intra vires the State Legislature as it falls within the scope of Entry 5 of the Concurrent List in the 7th Schedule to the Constitution, namely:— ‘marriage’.

Mr. Chairman:— I am quite satisfied that the Bill is absolutely valid, it is intra vires. Mr. Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya can now start the discussion.
Non-official Bill:
The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970

4th December, 1970

The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970

[Text in Telugu script, which is not legible]
Non-official Bills:

The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970.

 dever.. by: — అదే రోజులో జాతి స్దూర మాత్రం నుండి, ప్రతి నూతన ప్రత్యేక సంచాలన నాణులు పెరుగుతున్నాం దండాయకాలం తొడికి కలిగి సమయం వితరణా కార్యక్రమాల పాటు సమాధానములు జరిగింది. రాష్ట్రంలో తొలి తరువాత ప్రత్యేక సంచాలన పెరుగుతాం. ఈ ప్రకారం తొడికి సంచాలన పెరుగుతున్నాం.

వ్యక్తి లోపం పెరుగుతున్నాం. ప్రతి రోజు ప్రత్యేక సంచాలన పెరుగుతాం. వ్యక్తి లోపం పెరుగుతున్నాం.

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Non-official Bills : The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970

(1) 3. (పరిష్కరణ కార్యం - నియంత్రణ): - నాయకుడు నాయకత్వ ప్రాముఖ్యం
యోగదార్యం ఉపయోగానికిని సంఖ్యా విధానం తన రూపాలను కూడా పరిష్కరించడానికి సాధారణ పరిష్కరణ పదార్థానికి అనుభవించాడము. అది ఎందుకు ఉపయోగించడానికి దీనిని చేసేది తాంత్రికం ఉంది.

(2) ఈ వి. (పరిష్కరణ కార్యం - నియంత్రణ): - పరిష్కరణ, పరిష్కరణ నియంత్రణ కార్యం చేయడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడానికి పరిష్కరణ పదార్థం ఉపయోగించడాం.
Non-official Bills :
The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970.

రి. మాత్రం ప్రారంభం ప్రకటించారు:
ఇతర తాత్కాలికమైన నాటి ప్రారంభం ప్రకటించారు. దాని ప్రారంభం ప్రకటించారు. దీని ప్రత్యేకమైన చరిత్ర లేదు. దీని ప్రత్యేకమైన చరిత్ర లేదు. దీని ప్రత్యేకమైన చరిత్ర లేదు.

రి. మాత్రం పరిభాష ప్రకటించారు. ఇది ప్రతి సంస్థ లేదు. ఇది ప్రతి సంస్థ లేదు. ఇది ప్రతి సంస్థ లేదు.

శ్రీ చదరి విశ్వాల పదిత్రి:- శ్రీ వాంధియల్ గోపాల కృష్ణయ్య తన నిర్ధిత పండిత్రి బహింస్తులు తన నిర్ధిత పండిత్రి బహింస్తులు తన నిర్ధిత పండిత్రి బహింస్తులు తన నిర్ధిత పండిత్రి బహింస్తులు తన నిర్ధిత పండిత్రి బహింస్తులు. ఇది పరిశీలన ప్రారంభం పరిశీలన ప్రారంభం పరిశీలన ప్రారంభం పరిశీలన ప్రారంభం పరిశీలన ప్రారంభం.
The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970.

193 4th December, 1970

Non-official Bills :

THE WAY OF ALL FLESH

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Non-official Bills:

The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970.

4th December, 1970

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Juvenile offenders not to be treated as adults.

"Reconstruction of Humanity" and the Juvenile Act.

Attorney General's statement regarding the Bill.

 strive for the rehabilitation of juvenile offenders. The Bill aims to provide a framework for the care and treatment of juvenile offenders, ensuring their rehabilitation and integration into society.
195 4th December, 1970  
Non-official Bills:  
The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970

The Bill differs from the original in the following respects:—

1. Hindus who marry after the Act comes into effect may be considered in all respects as Hindus according to the religion of their parents, if the parents are Hindus, notwithstanding any change in their religious denomination, whether before or after the Act comes into effect, unless the Hindu marriage is solemnised under any other law in force in the State.

2. The Bill prohibits the practice of the Hindu separate marriage ceremony (griha pravesh) in the case of a Hindu marriage if the marriage was solemnised under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1872.

3. The Bill provides for the appointment of a Committee to inquire into the practice of the Hindu separate marriage ceremony (griha pravesh) in the case of a Hindu marriage if the marriage was solemnised under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1872.

4. The Bill provides for the establishment of a register of Hindu marriages for the purposes of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1872.

5. The Bill provides for the appointment of a Committee to inquire into the practice of the Hindu separate marriage ceremony (griha pravesh) in the case of a Hindu marriage if the marriage was solemnised under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1872.

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The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

"That the Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970 be read a first time."

The motion was adopted.
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4th December, 1970

Non-official Bills:


Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— Sir, I beg to move “That the Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970 be read a second time.”

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

Sri A. Bhagawantha Rao:— Sir, I beg to move “That The Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970, be circulated for purposes of eliciting public opinion”.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Amendment moved ‘The question is:

“That the Hindu Marriages (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1970 be circulated for purposes of eliciting public opinion thereon within six months from to-day (4–12–70).”

The motion was adopted.

THE ANDHRA UNIVERSITY CAMPUS TOWNSHIP BILL, 1970

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— Sir, I beg leave of the House to introduce the Andhra University Campus Township Bill, 1970.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

The question is: “That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra University Campus Township Bill, 1970.”

The motion was adopted and leave granted.

THE ANDHRA PRADESH REPRESENTATION OF EMPLOYEES IN THE MANAGEMENT BILL, 1970

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Representation of Employees in the Management Bill, 1970."

The motion was adopted and leave granted.

FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF THE NON-OFFICIAL RESOLUTION MOVED BY SRI VAVILALA GOPALAKRISHNAYYA ON 27TH NOVEMBER, 1970.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Mr. Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya may continue his speech.

It is now that real democracy starts working in the country after 1967 elections. Now is the time to see that the real federal system of Government is in action. We have Mr. President much in common in our aims and ideals. Like yours, ours is a democratic country, a Federation and a Republic. It is now that real democracy starts working in the country after 1967 elections. We have Mr. President much in common in our aims and ideals. Like yours, ours is a democratic country, a Federation and a Republic.
We the people of the United States in order to form a more perfect Union establish justice, ensure democracy, tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our prosperity do ordain and establish this Constitution for the U. S. A.

The Constitution according to the Congress view should be a Federal one with a large measure of autonomy for the federating units and residuary powers vesting in these units.
Non-official Resolutions:

4th December, 1970

re: need to amend the Constitution.

This Assembly recommends to the Government to impress upon the Government of India the need to amend the Constitution so as to confine foreign affairs, Defence, Communications, Planning and its co-ordination at States to the Centre and to greatly enlarge the State list to ensure Federal structure and real democracy.

This Assembly recommends to the Government to impress upon the Government of India the need to amend the Constitution so as to confine foreign affairs, Defence, Communications, Planning and its co-ordination at States;...

Here, at the end of the word States, there is a semi-colon. Instead of a semi-colon, after the words 'to the centre', immediately following, and to greatly enlarge the State list to ensure Federal Structure and Real Democracy.

I also strongly feel that there is need for several States in the country.
Non-official Resolutions:
re: need to amend the Constitution.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Will discussion on this resolution be continued on the next-official day?

R. V. Hegde:— The resolution is important matter. I just want to know. This is a fairly important matter. I will have also to speak on the matter.

P. K. Dhaky:— I will speak on this resolution.

R. V. Hegde:— The resolution is important matter. My only submission is, this is an important matter. Therefore, some study of it has got to be made.
Non-official Resolutions : 4th December, 1970 204

re : need to amend the Constitution.

Merely to be guided generally by the proposition that the States should have more elasticity—probably that everybody will agree. Comparison merely of some other countries, or federal structure along with certain other things, therefore, I am submitting to you, Sir, we have got also next Friday. It should not look as though it is a resolution which is accepted or negatived in almost a formal manner. Sri B. Ratnasabhapathy:—I agree with the Chief Minister that this is a very important matter and discussion can be continued on next Friday also. Mr. Deputy Speaker:—As it is, it can go on. We cannot change the order.
Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir. This Resolution pertains to the Constitutional provisions of India. After all it is only 20 years, — 2 decades — since we have been implementing the written Constitution of India. It is only after the Second World War and after the liberation of this country from foreign domination, the people of this country have framed the Constitution which is meant to work for the entire administration of this country. We are citizens of India, wherever we may be.

Now, the whole question that is posed in this Resolution is that people residing in certain parts of the country wherein legislatures exist there may be relaxation in the centralised powers of the administration of this country. Is it necessary or is not necessary is the question which one has got to answer bearing in mind this particular resolution before this House, Sir. If we peruse the Constitution, it clearly lays down that India shall be a Union of States. India as a Union of States and those States and the territories are specified.
The States may grow. The States may diminish. So the entire Constitution as such has to be looked as a whole. It is not a part. Curiously enough, where the State is concerned, is that particular State administration independent of the central administration or is it part of the central administration? Like that, I may pose as well another question, Sir. Take the Parishad administration or district administration which comprises a particular zone in a State. Is it independent of itself or is it a part of the State or is it a part of the Union? From that angle, I consider it is a part of the whole. A feeling and urge must develop in the citizens of this country that we are not a separate entity. We are a part of the whole. But while being a part of the whole, now as some State administrations and some State legislatures, political groups and parties are trying to put it, our powers are limited according to the Constitution and as such our powers must be enhanced as a State or as a Parishad or as a Municipality. Therefore the powers must be enhanced and necessary amendment has to be made. Is it pertinent? Could we say that at the moment our powers are limited? Our powers are not limited because the Preamble of the Constitution says so. I interpret that way. Our powers are not limited. The powers of an individual citizen in the country, wherever he may be, whether he is in the part of the territory or in a State according to the schedule in the Constitution, his powers are not limited. He has equal rights as anybody. When he has got equal rights, can it be said that the States have not so much rights in the Central administration of this country? In the Resolution it is said: “according to the real democracy”. Where is real democracy? I question. The trouble lies in the functioning of the entire political system. It is not making the broad Constitution function according to the fundamental rights, according to the objects of the Preamble of the Constitution. The whole trouble does not lie in the Constitutional provisions. The trouble lies in the type of men that have come into power. The Constitution is being used by a party, by a monolithic party for its own interests. Therefore for the real democracy to develop in this country, either the entire Constitutional provisions must be changed or even if the Constitution is changed, in whose hands the power lies depends the functioning of the State machinery. As such, today in whose hands the power lies? The written Constitution is all right. There is nothing wrong in the word: “Democracy”. What is wrong in the whole democratic system is, in whose hands the power lies. Which is the class that rules. The Constitution as it is being exploited by a particular class. Therefore, unless and until that particular power is removed from the hands of that particular class and the power goes to the hands of the people themselves, the intention of the mover of the resolution could not be fulfilled. Therefore for a real democracy to function, the people unfettered by the pressure...

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Do you advocate a party-less government?

Sri C.V.K. Rao:— I am not advocating a party-less government. I am advocating a real party i.e. the real party of the people.
Today the party that is in power is not a party of the people. That is my contention and as such all the troubles are arising.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— Please define the yardstick then by which you could say that it is not a people's party.

Dr. T.S. Murthy:— What is the yardstick with which he would measure a particular party—people's party?

Sri C.V.K. Rao :— I will give a simple example. Now there is free elections, adult franchise, one vote for one man. But who are the men, who are the people elected? The rich men are elected. The men that are owning the means of production, the men that own factories, the men that own money are being returned to the August Bodies—legislatures. It is in microscopic minorities.

Sri J. Vengal Rao :— What about you?

Sri C. V. K. Rao :— You know it very well. You never want me to be elected. It is only the will power of my people, the workers and it is not others that elected me. I would not have come here if the class that belongs to the hon. Deputy Chief Minister had to vote. Therefore it is the workers, it is the peasants, it is the common men against so many hurdles that have voted for us. Today why is it the democracy is functioning in the interests of these men that are owning the means of production?

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— Mr. Rao, you may continue next time.

I am to announce to the House that the time for receipt of amendments to the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenancy (Amendment) Bill, 1970, as reported by the Joint Select Committee is further extended up to 11 a.m. tomorrow the 5th December 1970.

(The House then adjourned till half past eight of the clock on Saturday, the 5th December 1970).
The States may grow. The States may diminish. So the entire Constitution as such has to be looked as a whole. It is not a part. Curiously enough, where the State is concerned, is that particular State administration independent of the central administration or is it part of the central administration? Like that, I may pose as well another question, Sir. Take the Parishad administration or district administration which comprises a particular zone in a State. Is it independent of itself or is it a part of the State or is it a part of the Union? From that angle, I consider it is a part of the whole. A feeling and urge must develop in the citizens of this country that we are not a separate entity. We are a part of the whole. But while being a part of the whole, now as some State administrations and some State legislatures, political groups and parties are trying to put it, our powers are limited according to the Constitution and as such our powers must be enhanced as a State or as a Parishad or as a Municipality. Therefore the powers must be enhanced and necessary amendment has to be made. Is it pertinent? Could we say that at the moment our powers are limited? Our powers are not limited because the Preamble of the Constitution says so. I interpret that way. Our powers are not limited. The powers of an individual citizen in the country, wherever he may be, whether he is in the part of the territory or in a State according to the schedule in the Constitution, his powers are not limited. He has equal rights as anybody. When he has got equal rights, can it be said that the States have not so much rights in the Central administration of this country? In the Resolution it is said: "according to the real democracy". Where is real democracy? I question. The trouble lies in the functioning of the entire political system. It is not making the broad Constitution function according to the fundamental rights, according to the objects of the Preamble of the Constitution. The whole trouble does not lie in the Constitutional provisions. The trouble lies in the type of men that have come into power. The Constitution is being used by a party, by a monolithic party for its own interests. Therefore for the real democracy to develop in this country, either the entire Constitutional provisions must be changed or even if the Constitution is changed, in whose hands the power lies depends the functioning of the State machinery. As such, today in whose hands the power lies? The written Constitution is all right. There is nothing wrong in the word: "Democracy". What is wrong in the whole democratic system is, in whose hands the power lies. Which is the class that rules. The Constitution as it is being exploited by a particular class. Therefore, unless and until that particular power is removed from the hands of that particular class and the power goes to the hands of the people themselves, the intention of the mover of the resolution could not be fulfilled. Therefore for a real democracy to function, the people unfettered by the pressure...

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Do you advocate a party-less government?

Sri C.V.K. Rao:— I am not advocating a party-less government. I am advocating a real party i.e. the real party of the people.