Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:
re: Plight of Burma repatriates at Visakhapatnam... 328

Papers laid on the Table:
Housing Programme for 1970-71, Budget Estimate for
1970-71, and Schedule of Staff of Andhra Pradesh Hous-
ing Board as required under Sec. 26 of the Housing
Board Act, 1956. ... 332

Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and
Livestock) Markets (Amendment and Validation)
Bill, 1970. (Referred to Regional Committee). ... 332

Printed by The Director of Printing, Government of Andhra Pradesh,
Hyderabad at M/s The Nellore Printers' Association, Nellore.
Fourth day of the Fifth Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Monday, the 30th November, 1970.
The House met at Half-Past-Eight of the Clock.
(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair.)

Business of the House

Sri A. Madhava Rao Nellore:—Sir, before the questions are
taken up today, I raise a point of order. Has the Executive got
the right to answer these questions?
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—What questions?
Sri A. Madhava Rao:—Present questions.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Why not?
Sri A. Madhava Rao:—As a matter of fact they lost the Bill
yesterday.
Sri C.V.K. Rao (Kakinada):—Where is the hon. Chief Mins-
ter, even then?
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It does not come under any clause of
the Rules.
Sri A. Madhava Rao:—My reason is this...
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It may be your reasoning.
Sri A. Madhava Rao:—The convention is that whenever a Bill
is lost, Government must resign.
Sri K. Govinda Rao (Anakapalli):—As a matter of fact, but
he got a right to raise it now, Sir?
Sri A. Madhava Rao:—The Government must resign, and they
have no right to answer the questions.
Sri C.V.K. Rao:—According to the Rules, when the Govern-
ment fails to push through its own business, then it fails. It has
224 30th November, 1970.

Business of the House

failed day before yesterday. All the papers published that the Government was defeated in Andhra Pradesh. And the hon. Chief Minister is not here. If he was not defeated, he would have been here. Therefore, what is the point in the Treasury Benches existing?

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—When the Government lost its Bill, it must be deemed as lost on the floor of the Assembly. When it is lost, has it got the right to answer the questions? That is the point involved. Therefore, your Ruling in that regard is required.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is not governed by any Rule and no ruling is required. I need not take your time by quoting any Ruling. So long as they are in power they are authorized to answer the questions.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—The question now posed by me is that when a Bill is lost on the floor of the Assembly it means the Government loses the Bill and in turn the Government becomes non-existent. When it is non-existent has it got a right as the Executive to answer the questions?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—When the Bill is lost, it does not automatically mean that the Government is lost. It is not governed by any Constitution or by any convention.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—Whenever we say something, you want convention. Whenever we show any convention...

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—How long will you like me to convince you. There is no such clause governing to say that when the Bill is lost, Government is lost. So, I have answered your point of order.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao (Vijayawada-East):—The Government has lost its Bill. There is no doubt about it. The hon. Chief Minister, while speaking on the Friday day before yesterday said that it does not reflect the real strength in the House. Until that strength is re-established, the Government is deemed to be non-existent. Therefore, they must come before the House for a Vote of Confidence or they must quit. They have not done either. After the defeat where is the right for them to continue in office? The hon. Chief Minister must seek confidence of the House. He is absent today. The hon. Deputy Chief Minister does not appear to be in a mood to seek the vote of confidence here.

The Deputy Chief Minister (Sri J.V. Narasimha Rao): Not necessary.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao:—He must seek the vote of confidence and democracy in the House that he has got strength. Until that time the Government is deemed to be non-existent. Therefore, I support the point of order raised by hon. Sri A. Madhava Rao.
Sri C.V.K. Rao:—The Government lost its moral and legal right to be in power and that is the question we have raised. The hon. Chief Minister also is not present. What has the government got to answer on that? Day before yesterday, you were in the Chair, Sir, and you said that you cannot help the Government to sit in power. Government requested you to permit them to continue in power. You cannot help because they have no power as such and they are to be considered non-existent. What have they got to say? Where is the hon. Chief Minister.

Sri T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao:—After your declaration that their Bill is lost, they ceased to exist, until again they establish their strength. They are not interested at least to show their strength before the question hour. It means, therefore, there is no government existing here.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—The British Parliamentary system which we are following states that they should resign.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I have ruled out your point of order. Why do you want to insist?

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao:—What about my point of order? Please dispose it of also.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—Why do you say 'dispose of it'. You ask that your point of order should be upheld.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao:—Disposing it of does not mean that it should be negatived. It can mean that it should be upheld.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I have ruled out your point of order.
30th November, 1970.

Business of the House

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— No discussion on this.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Are you not serious with today's business?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I am sure the Congress M.L.A.s have pointed out to their whip that the cold season having set in the Capital they had to get up late and have breakfast in a hurry before rushing to the Assembly which begins at 8.30 A.M. and sit through a five hour session without a break. It was a great difficulty. That was why Members start leaving the House around 1 P.M.
EVALUATION REPORTS ON WORKING OF DISTRICT PANCHAYAT OFFICERS

65—(2292) Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju:—Will the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:
   a) whether any Evaluation reports have been prepared on the working of the officers of the District Panchayat Officers in the State;
   b) if so, the recommendations made and the defects pointed out in these reports; and
   c) the action taken thereon by the Government?

Sri J.V. Narasimha Rao:—
   a) Yes Sir; the State Evaluation Committee issued a report on the working of the District Panchayat Officers.
   b) & c) A statement showing the recommendations made in the report and the action taken is placed on the table of the House.

STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE—VIDE L.A.Q. No. 2292 Starred [*61]

RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Annual inspection of the work relating to Panchayat Administration should be arranged. The inspecting agency and the manner of inspections may be decided by Panchayati Raj Department in consultation with the Board of Revenue.

2. The duty list furnished in Appendix III under the broad heads namely, (a) administrative, (b) inspection, (c) statutory and appellate, (d) developmental and (e) miscellaneous functions may be prescribed as the broad duty list of the District Panchayat Officers.

ACTION TAKEN

Orders were issued in G.O. Ms. No. 700 P.R. (Pts. IV), dt. 20-9-67 prescribing a questionnaire for the inspecting officers viz. District Panchayat Officers, Divisional Panchayat Officers and Extension Officers and the method of inspection.

Orders were issued in G.O. Ms. No. 997 P.R. (Pts. IV), dt. 23-11-66 relating to the powers and functions of the District Panchayat Officers, Divisional Panchayat Officers and Extension Officers.
228 30th November, 1970.

Recommendations

3. The work load of a District Panchayat Officer should normally be fixed at 450-600 Panchayats. Viewed against this, assistance of an additional District Panchayat Officer should be provided to the districts of Chittoor, Kurnool, Nellore, Guntur, Krishna, East Godavari, West Godavari and Srikakulam.

4. The scale of pay of the District Panchayat Officer may be increased to at least Rs. 375-800 the same as that of the Revenue Divisional Officer.

5. The work load of a Divisional Panchayat Officer may be fixed at 200 Panchayats and his jurisdiction should be co-terminous with taluk boundaries. Based on this work load 19 additional Divisional Panchayat Officers may be appointed as indicated in paragraph-7.

6. The scale of pay of the Divisional Panchayat Officer may be fixed at Rs. 250-300, the same as that of Tahsildar and Block Development Officer and his post made gazetted.

7. The work load of Extension Officer may be fixed at 30-50 Panchayats. The actual number of Panchayats to be kept under the charge of each Extension Officer may be decided on the following considerations:
   (i) size of Panchayats;
   (ii) average revenue receipts excluding ad-hoc grants; and
   (iii) topographical jurisdiction.

Business of the House

Action Taken

The implementation of the recommendations was deferred due to the then prevailing emergency.

The question relating to the scales of pay was referred to the pay committee. In the general revision of pay scales effected in June 1969 the scales of pay of District Panchayat Officer has been revised to Rs. 330-25-600-30-750 and that of Divisional Panchayat Officer to Rs. 250-15-400-20-500. The recommendation relating to realigning the jurisdictions of Divisional Panchayat Officers and sanction of additional posts of the Divisional Panchayat Officers could not be implemented due to the then prevailing emergency.

It was decided to wait till the financial position of the State improves for realigning the jurisdictions of the Extension Officers.
Each Extension Officer should have a group of Panchayats whose aggregate revenue receipts will not exceed Rs. 2 lakhs. Applying these considerations, it is considered that the existing 438 Extension Officers may be adequate and they may be redistributed following the above criteria.

8. The duty list of the Extension Officer, Panchayats classified under regulatory and developmental functions may be broadly as indicated in paragraph 11.

9. It is not necessary to divest the Extension Officer, (Panchayats) of his regulatory functions. He may be authorized to correspond directly with the Divisional Panchayat Officers/District Panchayat Officers in regard to regulatory functions. A copy of his reference in these matters should be marked to the Block Development Officer for such action as may be considered necessary.

10. The office of the Divisional Panchayat Officer may be provided with a typist- clerk so that each office of the Divisional Panchayat Officer may have one Upper Division Clerk, one Lower Division Clerk and one typist-clerk. Wherever this pattern does not exist steps should be taken to create the required posts to conform to the above scale in each office of the Divisional Panchayat Officer.

RECOMMENDATIONS

11. The following functions may be delegated to the Divisional Panchayat Officers:
   i) review of reports to audit objections;
   ii) approval of journeys performed by executive authorities of Panchayats;
   iii) sanction of posts like sweepers, etc. to Panchayats, for a period of one year;
   iv) approval of journeys performed by the presidents, members and staff of Panchayats;
   v) inspection of Panchayats under grants—matching works in a matching grant;
   vi) inspection of the work of Revision Officers;
   vii) election authority in respect of casual elections to Panchayats.

12. The number of Samithi meetings to be attended by the District Panchayat Officers may be reduced from 5 to 2 a month. The Panchayati Raj Department in consultation with the Board of Revenue may examine whether a further reduction in the number of various meetings to be attended may be made with advantage.

13. It should be made obligatory on the part of District Panchayat Officers to visit each Block once in a quarter and review the work. It was further suggested that the visits of District Panchayat Officers to Blocks should include night halts also.

ACTION TAKEN

Orders were issued in G.O. Ms. No. 502 P.R. (Pt. IV) Department dt. 23-8-60 and Memo. No. 1(3) P.R. 1961 dt. 16-4-61 implementing items 1 to VI. In regard to item VII it was considered that a review of the provisions of the rules issued under the A.P. Gram Panchayats Act 1964 it is not necessary to specify the Divisional Panchayat Officers as election authorities in respect of casual elections.

The P.R. Department have issued instructions in Memo. No. 168/111/64-1 dt. 2-3-64 reducing the number of Panchayat Samithi Meetings to be attended to by the District Panchayat Officers from 5 to 3 instead of 2. In respect of other meetings, no reduction was considered necessary.

Instructions were issued in Memo. No. 133 P.R. V/64-2 dt. 16-3-64 and Memo. No. 168 P.R. V/64-1 dt. 2-3-64 prescribing the visits of the District Panchayat Officers to Blocks include night halts also.
Business of the House

RECOMMENDATIONS

14. The Panchayati Raj Department, in consultation with the Board of Revenue, may prescribe a standard questionnaire for the inspection of the offices of the Divisional Panchayat Officers and Extension Officers (Panchayats).

15. The Panchayati Raj Department may issue necessary instructions to the District Panchayat Officers to have a list of items which they should inspect while visiting Blocks and Panchayats and also to see that the predecessors have the inspection notes for the follow-up action by the successors.

16. The objectives of the inspection should be as follows—

a) Inspections should focus attention on the end-result and not merely on office routine. The inspection questionnaire should keep this objective in view. It should specifically state the aspects which must be inspected in detail.

b) The nature and scope of inspection should be intimated in advance to the subordinate office.

c) Periodicity of inspection should be clearly planned. There should be at least one annual inspection for each institution which should be comprehensive and thorough.

d) There should be a clear follow-up of inspections. Even the questionnaire should permit the officials concerned to keep records of the results of inspections.

e) The inspection should bring out whether the benefits intended have actually accrued and reached the people.

ACTION TAKEN

Orders were issued in Memo. No. 668 Pts. IV/64-1, dt. 23-8-65 and Memo. No. 4919 Pts. VII/65-17, dt. 26-10-66 prescribing a questionnaire.

Orders were issued in G.O. Ms. No. 475 P.R. (Pts. IV) Department, dt. 31-5-67 containing the instructions.

Orders issued in G.O. Ms. No. 700 P.R. (Pts. IV) Department, dt. 20-9-67 have taken these factors into consideration.
RECOMMENDATIONS

17. The number of periodicals to be despatched by each officer be as indicated in Appendix VII.

18. A Departmental manual may be issued by Panchayati Raj Department in consultation with the Board of Revenue.

19. It was suggested that the Audit Report of the Examiner of Local Fund Accounts should be in Telugu, as most of the Sarpanches of Panchayats are not conversant with English and much of the delay in replying to the Audit objections is due to language difficulties. Consequent on this recommendation, it has to be suggested that adequate number of posts of Telugu typists and Telugu Type writers should be sanctioned to the offices of the Examiner and Assistant Examiner of Local Fund Accounts.

ACTION TAKEN

Orders were issued in G.O. Ms. No. 929 PR (Pts VII) Department, dt. 3-11-66 prescribing the periodicals.

As copies of Panchayat Act, Rules and extensive instructions issued from time to time were already printed and communicated to all concerned and as further printing of an agents manual would involve additional staff, staff and expenditure. A separate manual was not considered immediately necessary.

Orders were issued in G.O. Ms. No. 1161 PR (Pts III) Department, dt. 8-11-65 and G.O. Ms. No. 532 Planning & PR (Pts III) Department dt. 5-11-69 introducing the scheme of issuing Audit reports of Gram Panchayats in Telugu language in the following Districts:

ANDHRA AREA

1. Srikakulam
2. East Godavari
3. Guntur
4. West Godavari
5. Krishna
6. Chittoor
7. Nellore
8. Anantapur
9. Kurnool
10. Cuddapah
11. Khammam

TELANGANA AREA

12. Warangal
13. Khammam
14. Mahaboobnagar
14 30th November, 1970.

Business of the House

Mr. Speaker: The business for the week is as follows:

Mr. Speaker: Adjourned debate on the Address.

Mr. Speaker: The business of the House has been adjourned for the week.
Sri C. V. Rao:— With regard to recommendation one, Government answers "Orders were issued prescribing a questionnaire for the inspecting officers, viz., District Panchayat Officers, Divisional Panchayat Officers and Extension Officers and the method of inspection." This is hopelessly vague. What is the method of inspection? Why should not the Government clearly give the type of method of inspection? With regard to the recommendation (3), "The work load of a District Panchayat Officer should normally be fixed at 450 - 600 Panchayats. Viewed against this, the assistance of an additional District Panchayat Officer should be provided to the Districts of Chittoor, Kurnool, Nellore, Guntur, Krishna, East Godavari, Vizianagaram and Srikakulam. Now, on this the Government says the implementation was deferred due to the then prevailing emergency. What is the point in deferring the implementation to-day in 1970 for the then prevailing emergency? Is this the type of answer that the Government should give, Sir? What is the position, let the Minister explain?

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao:— As regards No. 1, recommendation is also given. Annual Inspection of the work regarding Panchayat administration should be arranged. Inspecting agency and the manner of inspection - specific instructions were given through G. O. dated 20-9-1967. If you want I can produce the G. O. which contains all the instructions. Regarding the other question, at that time what action was taken on the report, when the report was submitted, the action taken is shown here. But now we do not think it necessary. We have not appointed. That is a different thing. What action was taken on that, that was the question.

DISTRICT STATISTICAL OFFICERS OF TELANGANA REGION

Sri P. Narsimha Rao (Yerragondipalem):— Will hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state whether it is a fact that the District Statistical Officers of Telangana region have been reverted in June, 1970, after 5 to 10 years of Gazetted Service; if so, why?

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao:— Yes Sir, Four temporary District Statistical Officers of Telangana region have been reverted as Senior Investigators in June, 1970 as their names were not included in the panel of names for appointment by transfer as District Statistical Officers prepared by the Public Service Commission and approved by the Government.

**Oral Answers to Questions**

Mr. T. C. Rajan:—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government has received a representation from Sri T. G. L. Thimmaiah, M.L.A., Adoni. Dated 5-9-1969 regarding the formation of a Ghat Road near Ramajala Tank at Adoni Town, Kurnool District to connect Chinna Thumbalam and other eleven villages;

(b) If so, the action taken so far; and

(c) Whether it will be taken up during 1970-71 as it is a very important link road connecting Adoni with 13 villages and thus save a lot of distance?

The Minister for Transport deferred the question to the Minister for Panchayat Raj and answered the questions.

Dr. M. N. Lakshminarasaiah:—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) & (c): The proposed Ghat Road is in the limits of Adoni Municipality. The Panchayat Samithi, Adoni cannot therefore take up the work.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao: On a point of order, Sir. I would like to know as to why the Minister for Panchayat Raj is absent. Has he taken your leave?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Yes, he has taken leave. He has informed us and we have allowed him to go.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao: Has he gone on election tour, or sick? What is the matter? What necessitated his absence?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He has not stated any reason there.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—The House is entitled to know the reasons for his absence.
Mr. Deputy Speaker :—He has not given the reasons and he has gone with permission.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao :—When the House is in session which requires better consideration from the Minister, Sir especially when questions are posted?

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—Just they give information and we permit them. That has been the practice here. He has not given any reasons.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao :—At least in future they should give reasons for their absence especially when the House is in session and when their questions are posted. He was present here yesterday. Is it not deliberate? What does it show, Sir?

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—Not deliberate.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao :—I am sorry. It is not deliberate. Unless it is beyond their control, what makes the Minister absent. The House must be in a position to know. Does it not reflect on the conduct of the House, Sir?

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—It does not reflect any conduct. The thing that was there, we have been following.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao :—I quite agree. Is it not necessary that when he was here yesterday or day before yesterday and when his question has been posted to-day, he should have made some arrangements. What does it mean if he is absent today?

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—We will see that replies are given.
238 30th  November,  1970.

Oral Answers to Questions

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—

Sri Kudupudi  Prabhakara  Rao:— Instruct  them  to  acknowledge the letters received from M.L.As pertaining to urgent matters.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If  my  expression  is  going  to  help you I will  give  my expression.  But  I cannot  give  a  ruling  on  it. All that  we  desire  is  that M.L.As  should  be respected and they should be answered  in time.  Letters  should  be  acknowledged.  That  is all I can say.

Sri Kudupudi  Prabhakara  Rao:— It is  their  bounden  duty.
What  for  are  the  28  Ministers  there?  Kindly  give  a  ruling.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—My  expression  would  be  more effective than a ruling.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi  Rao:—No, Sir. The late  Prime Minister Jawaharlal  Nehru  has  created  a  very  tremendous  and noble  tradition  that  within twenty  four  hours  of  the receipt of a communication  or  letter  from  a Member  of Parliament, it  should receive  the highest  priority.  He used  to  send  an acknowledgement  atleast  if  not  a  reply.  It  is always  good  to emulate.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Yes, it  is always  good  to emulate.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi  Rao:—Kindly  give  your  expression.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I have  already  expressed.

Sri Poota  Subbaiah:—It has  become  a  chronic  disease. Therefore, they  must  be  so  directed  to  acknowledge  or  furnish  an answer.


239

30th November, 1970.

Oral Answers to Questions

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—

Sri Kudupudi  Prabhakara  Rao:— Instruct  them  to  acknowledge the letters received from M.L.As pertaining to urgent matters.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If  my  expression  is  going  to  help you I will  give  my expression.  But  I cannot  give  a  ruling  on  it. All that  we  desire  is  that M.L.As  should  be respected and they should be answered  in time.  Letters  should  be  acknowledged.  That  is all I can say.

Sri Kudupudi  Prabhakara  Rao:— It is  their  bounden  duty.
What  for  are  the  28  Ministers  there?  Kindly  give  a  ruling.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—My  expression  would  be  more effective than a ruling.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi  Rao:—No, Sir. The late  Prime Minister Jawaharlal  Nehru  has  created  a  very  tremendous  and noble  tradition  that  within twenty  four  hours  of  the receipt of a communication  or  letter  from  a Member  of Parliament, it  should receive  the highest  priority.  He used  to  send  an acknowledgement  atleast  if  not  a  reply.  It  is always  good  to emulate.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Yes, it  is always  good  to emulate.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi  Rao:—Kindly  give  your  expression.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I have  already  expressed.

Sri Poota  Subbaiah:—It has  become  a  chronic  disease. Therefore, they  must  be  so  directed  to  acknowledge  or  furnish  an answer.


239

30th November, 1970.

Oral Answers to Questions

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—

Sri Kudupudi  Prabhakara  Rao:— Instruct  them  to  acknowledge the letters received from M.L.As pertaining to urgent matters.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If  my  expression  is  going  to  help you I will  give  my expression.  But  I cannot  give  a  ruling  on  it. All that  we  desire  is  that M.L.As  should  be respected and they should be answered  in time.  Letters  should  be  acknowledged.  That  is all I can say.

Sri Kudupudi  Prabhakara  Rao:— It is  their  bounden  duty.
What  for  are  the  28  Ministers  there?  Kindly  give  a  ruling.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—My  expression  would  be  more effective than a ruling.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi  Rao:—No, Sir. The late  Prime Minister Jawaharlal  Nehru  has  created  a  very  tremendous  and noble  tradition  that  within twenty  four  hours  of  the receipt of a communication  or  letter  from  a Member  of Parliament, it  should receive  the highest  priority.  He used  to  send  an acknowledgement  atleast  if  not  a  reply.  It  is always  good  to emulate.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Yes, it  is always  good  to emulate.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi  Rao:—Kindly  give  your  expression.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I have  already  expressed.

Sri Poota  Subbaiah:—It has  become  a  chronic  disease. Therefore, they  must  be  so  directed  to  acknowledge  or  furnish  an answer.


Civil Answers to Questions 30th November, 1970. 239

PROTECTED WATER SUPPLY SCHEME TO NARASAMPETA VILLAGE

(a) the amount sanctioned for the Protected Water Supply scheme to Narasampeta village, Warangal District;
(b) whether it is a fact that the said scheme has not been implemented for the last four years and that an amount of twelve thousand rupees was wasted in the name of temporary connection with no benefit to the public;
(c) whether it is also a fact three persons died in Narasampeta on account of the failure to lay pipes in time after digging pits and trenches;
(d) whether it is also a fact that the well sunk for the supply of water has not been constructed, so far; and whether the water available in the well is sufficient for the public of the village;
(e) the nature of steps being taken by the Government to provide water to all the public of the village.

Dr. M. N. Lakshmaniah:

2. Rs. 2,67,000/-
b) The work was started during 1967 but it was stopped as rock was met with at a depth of 28 feet. The work relating to laying and joining of pipelines was started during 1969 from drought relief funds. Temporary water supply was also made available at a single point. Due to rains subsequently, the necessity for water supply from the scheme at a distant point did not arise. There was no wastage of funds as the pipes etc., purchased for the purpose have been utilized subsequently.

c) No Sir, No one died. The trenches were only 3 feet deep and were filled up immediately.

d) The excavation of 30 feet deep well was held up at a depth of 28 feet as hard rock was met with. Blasting of rock was also taken up but no appreciable progress was made as the well was full of water due to heavy rains. The available water is sufficient for 8 months only. During summer there is shortage of water, and to augment water supply, blasting of rock in the well will be taken up when the depth of the water goes down.

e) Raising the pumping main from the well to the overhead tank and distribution system is almost over, except fixing of taps. Construction of overhead tank is completed.

Rs. 20,030.00

240

20th November, 1970.

Oral Answers to Questions

b) The work was started during 1967 but it was stopped as rock was met with at a depth of 28 feet. The work relating to laying and joining of pipelines was started during 1969 from drought relief funds. Temporary water supply was also made available at a single point. Due to rains subsequently, the necessity for water supply from the scheme at a distant point did not arise. There was no wastage of funds as the pipes etc., purchased for the purpose have been utilized subsequently.

c) No Sir, No one died. The trenches were only 3 feet deep and were filled up immediately.

d) The excavation of 30 feet deep well was held up at a depth of 28 feet as hard rock was met with. Blasting of rock was also taken up but no appreciable progress was made as the well was full of water due to heavy rains. The available water is sufficient for 8 months only. During summer there is shortage of water, and to augment water supply, blasting of rock in the well will be taken up when the depth of the water goes down.

e) Raising the pumping main from the well to the overhead tank and distribution system is almost over, except fixing of taps. Construction of overhead tank is completed.

Rs. 20,030.00

240

20th November, 1970.

Oral Answers to Questions

b) The work was started during 1967 but it was stopped as rock was met with at a depth of 28 feet. The work relating to laying and joining of pipelines was started during 1969 from drought relief funds. Temporary water supply was also made available at a single point. Due to rains subsequently, the necessity for water supply from the scheme at a distant point did not arise. There was no wastage of funds as the pipes etc., purchased for the purpose have been utilized subsequently.

c) No Sir, No one died. The trenches were only 3 feet deep and were filled up immediately.

d) The excavation of 30 feet deep well was held up at a depth of 28 feet as hard rock was met with. Blasting of rock was also taken up but no appreciable progress was made as the well was full of water due to heavy rains. The available water is sufficient for 8 months only. During summer there is shortage of water, and to augment water supply, blasting of rock in the well will be taken up when the depth of the water goes down.

e) Raising the pumping main from the well to the overhead tank and distribution system is almost over, except fixing of taps. Construction of overhead tank is completed.

Rs. 20,030.00

240

20th November, 1970.

Oral Answers to Questions

b) The work was started during 1967 but it was stopped as rock was met with at a depth of 28 feet. The work relating to laying and joining of pipelines was started during 1969 from drought relief funds. Temporary water supply was also made available at a single point. Due to rains subsequently, the necessity for water supply from the scheme at a distant point did not arise. There was no wastage of funds as the pipes etc., purchased for the purpose have been utilized subsequently.

c) No Sir, No one died. The trenches were only 3 feet deep and were filled up immediately.

d) The excavation of 30 feet deep well was held up at a depth of 28 feet as hard rock was met with. Blasting of rock was also taken up but no appreciable progress was made as the well was full of water due to heavy rains. The available water is sufficient for 8 months only. During summer there is shortage of water, and to augment water supply, blasting of rock in the well will be taken up when the depth of the water goes down.

e) Raising the pumping main from the well to the overhead tank and distribution system is almost over, except fixing of taps. Construction of overhead tank is completed.

Rs. 20,030.00

240

20th November, 1970.

Oral Answers to Questions

b) The work was started during 1967 but it was stopped as rock was met with at a depth of 28 feet. The work relating to laying and joining of pipelines was started during 1969 from drought relief funds. Temporary water supply was also made available at a single point. Due to rains subsequently, the necessity for water supply from the scheme at a distant point did not arise. There was no wastage of funds as the pipes etc., purchased for the purpose have been utilized subsequently.

c) No Sir, No one died. The trenches were only 3 feet deep and were filled up immediately.

d) The excavation of 30 feet deep well was held up at a depth of 28 feet as hard rock was met with. Blasting of rock was also taken up but no appreciable progress was made as the well was full of water due to heavy rains. The available water is sufficient for 8 months only. During summer there is shortage of water, and to augment water supply, blasting of rock in the well will be taken up when the depth of the water goes down.

e) Raising the pumping main from the well to the overhead tank and distribution system is almost over, except fixing of taps. Construction of overhead tank is completed.

Rs. 20,030.00

240
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I will allow supplementaries one after one, please.

Sri M. N. Lakshminarasayya:— We have not received any reply yet from the Life Insurance Corporation. I think they will agree.

I. will be completed very soon—by the March, 1971.

Certainly we will give priority for Spill over works.

(Some members rose)
242 30th November, 1970. Oral Answers to Questions

Sri M. N. Lakshminarayana — Verbal recently, have added.

Dr. M. N. Lakshminarayana — The Hon. Member has not asked any question. The answer is:-

Sri M. N. Lakshminarayana — No.

Dr. M. N. Lakshminarayana — I have no information about it Sir.

Sri M. N. Lakshminarayana — I do not know.

Dr. M. N. Lakshminarayana — I do not know.
Language in the Degree Courses

65—1951 (293-497) Q.—Sri T. C. Rajan:— Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Syndicate of Andhra University has decided not to have languages in the degree courses; and

(b) the opinion of the Government in the matter?

The hon. Minister for Education deputized the Minister for Education and answered the questions (Sri A. Vasudeva Rao):

a) No, Sir. The Syndicate of Andhra University has referred the matter to the Board of Studies for opinion.

b) The Government are yet to examine this.

Sri A. Eswara Reddy:— This fact was revealed by the Vice Chancellor of the Andhra University in some meeting. It is a problem confronting with several language teachers of various colleges. So, I would like to ask the Minister to say a definite policy of the Government in this regard.

Sri T. V. Raghavulu:— My question is different, Sir

Sri T. C. Rajan:— He asked about the practice in other universities.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— How is the practice in other universities?

Sri T. V. Raghavulu:— My question is different, Sir

Sri A. Vasudeva Rao:— I have no information Sir.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— The Kothari Commission in its Report has suggested two languages may be studied in the 2-year Higher Secondary Course and that no language need be studied in the Graduate Classes in order to give sufficient weight and importance to the study of the subjects.

The Boards of study favoured the continued compulsory study of language at the degree level in a drastically altered form with the emphasis on the function of the study of the language. This was necessary because at the transition stage in the educational system, when the regional language is replacing English as medium of instruction at the degree level. They recommended that the language load should be drastically reduced by reducing the number of periods allotted to the language study. The emphasis in English should be more on prose selection rather than poetry and drama and even the prose selection, the preference should be for the essays written by great scientists, economists, statesmen and philosophers rather than the essays written for pure literary value. The Boards further recommended that the language load should be drastically reduced by reducing the number of periods allotted to the language study. The emphasis in English should be more on prose selection rather than poetry and drama and even the prose selection, the preference should be for the essays written by great scientists, economists, statesmen and philosophers rather than the essays written for pure literary value.
Sri Govinda Rao: What does the Hon. Minister mean by "compulsory option"?

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Clarify "compulsory option".

Sri K. Vasudeva Rao: The syndicate of Andhra University has decided to refer the matter as to whether the study of any language should be made compulsory or optional in the graduate course.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: They want the clarification as to what do you mean by "compulsory optional"?

Shri Ch. Rajeswara Rao: The Hon. Minister is confused.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: What I can understand is that it is not optional. But it is compulsory. Am I right? It is not optional but it is compulsory.

(Laughter in the house)

They are not denying that. They said that all these things will be considered by the Government.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah: They considered this.

There is no question of consideration. They have already decided.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Then where is the question of reply from the Government for you?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah: I am giving you this information to you, Sir.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: The question is what is the Government's policy? The question rises this way. They say it is under consideration. Whether it is incumbent on the Hon. Minister to admit that or change it, it is their judgment. The question is what is the policy of the Government.
246 30th November, 1970.  Oral Answers to Questions

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— Opinion of the University and the Government’s opinion, both will be discussed. How can it be one-sided discussion?

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— They say that is under consideration still.

Mr. Vasudeva Rao :— The Registrars of three Universities Osmania, Andhra and Venkateswara Universities have informed that there are no proposals to introduce Telugu medium in the Post-Graduate Courses. The Registrar, Andhra University has further stated that the Telugu medium has been introduced in the
Oral Answers to Questions 30th November, 1970

A new 2-Year Intermediate Course commenced from 1969-70 which will be taken up to the Degree level in the subsequent years provided adequate arrangements are made for the change over.

1. Sr. Mahapatra—Will the Minister for Education please state:

(a) Whether the change-over to the Degree level has been made accordingly?

(b) Whether the change-over to the Degree level will still be delayed unless certain steps are taken?

2. Mr. Ganguly—Will the Minister for Education please state:

(a) Whether the change-over to the Degree level has been made accordingly?

(b) Whether the change-over to the Degree level will still be delayed unless certain steps are taken?

THREE LANGUAGE FORMULA IN THE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

67. "Can (16) Q.—Sr. D. Venkataram (Koppam)—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:
248 30th November, 1970. Oral Answers to Questions

Q. 1) **What are the languages to be taught in the educational institutions under the 3 Language Formula in the State?**

A) Telugu, Hindi, Urdu, Kannada, Tamil, Oriya, Marathi, Gujarathi and English.

Q. 2) **What are the languages taught in the Central School at Tirupathi?**

A) The languages taught in the Central School at Tirupathi are English, Sanskrit and Hindi.

Q. 3) **Whether it is not a fact that the Regional Language is completely ignored in the Central School at Tirupathi?**

A) & D) The Central School at Tirupathi is under the control of the Government of India. It is affiliated to the Central Board of Secondary Education, Delhi. The syllabus followed is different and the students are prepared for the examinations conducted by that Board. Therefore the curriculum followed in the schools in this State is not applicable to this Institution.
250 30th  November,  1970. Oral Answers to Questions

P. T. (Mahendran) — Yes, that is the case. We have received

457 (2837JU) Q.— Sarvasri T. V. S. Chatapathi. Radha Vishal Pitti, (Maharajgunj) T. Purushothama Rao (Wardhannapet)


S, Vemayya (Sarvepalli)  and  Smt. J. Eswari Bai (Yellareddi)

IVH the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state :

a) whether the fertiliser scandal in our State had been

referred to the Central Bureau of Investigation recently for

investigation as recommended by the Public Accounts Committee;

b) if so, when; what are the terms of reference for such

investigation whether such investigation has commenced ; if so,

when; and

c) whether the State C.I.D. had completed investigations
Oral Answers to Questions
30th November, 1970, 251

One certain aspects of the scandal and what is the result of such investigation?

The Minister for Works deputised the Minister for Agriculture and answered the question (Mr. Yengil Raje) —

v) Yes, Sir. Entrustment of investigation into the matter by the Central Bureau of Investigation rests with the Government of India. Concurrence of this Government for investigation into the false claims of transport charges for movement of fertilisers by the Central Bureau of Investigation has been communicated to the Government of India.

b) 23-5-1970.

Terms of reference— The Central Bureau of Investigation will investigate in all cases of bogus claims of transport charges including cases in which bogus transport claims and misappropriation occurred in the same series of transactions. The Special Police Establishment (Fraud Squad) New Delhi have registered a case in No. 576/PSI on 24-6-1970 on a complaint from the Deputy Secretary, Government of India, Ministry of Food, Agriculture, Community Development and Cooperation (Department of Agriculture), New Delhi regarding fraud in respect of transport claims in this State amounting to Rs. 3.77 crores as pointed out by the State Public Accounts Committee and they have taken up investigation.

c) The State C.I.D. has taken up investigation into cases of misappropriation of fertilisers by transport contractors of Dist. Coop. Marketing Societies of Medak, Mahabubnagar and Cuddapah and supply of adulterated fertilisers by the Dist. Coop. Marketing Society, Anantapur and its sub-depots at Kalyandurg and Hindupur. These cases are under investigation.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—(Siddipet) In respect of that question, I would request the Chair to give a ruling on this that the Minister should be present in the House.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—There is no need to giving a ruling.

Sri A. Madan Mohan —-(Biddiped) In respect of this question, I would request the Chair to give a ruling on this that the Minister should be present in the House.

Mr. Deputy Speaker ——There is no need to giving a ruling.

Sri A. Madan Mohan ——When a question has been raised regarding a particular matter and the concerned Minister is not present in the House, if some other Minister answers it ——

Mr. Deputy Speaker ——On this question, I am tell you that there is no ruling required for this.
Mr. Deputy Speaker: What is the result of the investigation?

Sri K. Govinda Rao: What are the terms of reference?

Sri J. Vengal Rao: "The Central Bureau of Investigation will investigate in all cases of bogus claims of transport charges including cases in which bogus transport claims and misappropriations occurred in the same series of transactions. The Special Police Establishment (Fraud Squad) New Delhi have registered a case in Rs. 876/FS1 on 24-6-70 on a complaint from the Deputy Secretary Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Community Development and Co-operation (Department of Agriculture) New Delhi regarding Fraud in respect of transport claims in this State amounting to Rs. 3.77 crores as pointed out by the State Public Accounts Committee and they have taken up investigations."

Mr. Deputy Speaker: What is the result of that investigation?

Sri K. Atchuta Reddi: This is a very important matter. This has been discussed several times on the Floor of the Assembly and in Parliament also. A series of allegations have been made by the Public Accounts Committee in this regard. What stage the investigation stands now? That also has not been said.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Mr. Venkat Reddy is already stating he is not questioning.

Sri G. Venkat Reddy:— I am not going to find fault with the findings of the committee, but I would like to know the members of the sub-committee, which is constituted. What is the wrong in it? What is the defect in it?

Sri. K. Govind Rao:— It is the convention that no politics prevail in the Public Accounts Committee and all decisions are taken unanimously. If Mr. Venkat Reddy is going to question about the propriety, I have no objection.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Is he going to defend the culprit?

Sri G. Venkat Reddy:— I am not disputing about the findings of the committee, but I would like to know the members of the sub-committee, which is constituted. Is it a public document?

Several members rose:

Sri. Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— It is the convention that no politics prevail in the Public Accounts Committee and all decisions are taken unanimously. If Mr. Venkat Reddy is going to question about the propriety, I have no objection.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Mr. Vavilala, he has already stated he is not questioning.

Sri G. Venkat Reddy:— I am not going to find fault with the findings of the committee, but I would like to know the members of the sub-committee, which is constituted. What is the wrong in it? What is the defect in it?
20th November, 1970.

Oral Answers to Questions

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—(c) Whether the State C.I.D. had completed investigation into certain aspects?

M. H. R. Rao:—Irregular issue of permits has transpired.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Whether the State C.I.D. had completed investigation into certain aspects and there is any interim report from the State C.I.D.

M. H. R. Rao:—No. There is no interim report from the State C.I.D.
Oral Answers to Questions

Mr. C. V. R. Rao — The Minister, in his answer, had not justified the manner in which the State C.I.D. was being handled.

Mr. V. R. Rao — The Minister has not answered me. Why should he yield to me? If the Speaker wants me to yield to him, I am prepared to yield.
(Sri P. Thimma Reddy resumed his seat).

Sri C. V. K. Rao.— Therefore, Sir, in the name of propriety, democratic process and democratic principles, should he not resign, keep himself aside and then permit the matter to be investigated, so that the truth could come out. That is the only way. There are allegations: the allegations may be true, they may not be true; but how is it that the Minister who is responsible and figures prominently in the report of the Public Accounts Committee should still keep himself in position and prejudice the conduct of the enquiry into the case.

Sri G. Venkata Reddy.— What he is saying is most irrelevant and irresponsible.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Have I not the right to speak out, Sir?

(At this stage, several members from the side of the Treasury Benches, including Sri Govardhana Reddy, Sri M. Ramachandra Reddy and Sri Jaipal Reddy began speaking).

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Why should they feel so guilty-conscious, I want to know. The matter is under investigation. The truth must come out.

(At this stage, again several members from the side of the Treasury Benches continued speaking all at a time).

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— I am unable to understand how to control these members. Why should they feel guilty-conscious.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I have not completed my question.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— If all members rise at a time and begin to speak------

Sri K. Atchuta Reddy (Kodangal): We are unable to know what the protect from the other side is.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— I have not completed my question.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Meanwhile let me explain. After all, the same question was raised by Sri Badri Vishal Pitti in Hindi. Then you have not objected. When the answer came, you could have objected. Hon. Member, Sri Rao wants to seek from the Government some information. It is allowed under preliminary practice. There is no reflections against any one, in
what he has said. He wanted to know what the situation is. If you want to rebut that, you can also say 'this is not such and such', but you cannot object to his saying what he wants to say. In the matter is a parliamentary way.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— Can the Chair be obstructed?

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— I hold the Government responsible every one of them is trying to hush up the matter.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— I request you to give a ruling. Members including yourself should not stand at one time.
Sri C. V. K. Rao:— I raised a question. My question was interrupted.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The answer to it will come.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Members on the other side interrupted my question. It is a very simple question. It is very unfortunate that members on the other side should interrupt it.

Sri G. Venkata Reddy:— I raise a point of order.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— But what about my point of order?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I have given my ruling.

Sri G. Venkata Reddy:— Can a particular member ask a personal question? That is the point of order.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— My question is very simple. In this fertiliser scandal, the Public Accounts Committee very clearly put the responsibility on the Minister.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy (Kalvakuntla):— Nq.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Letters have been published. As such the conduct of the Minister is also involved. It should be gone into. The conduct of the Minister has not been made an issue before the C.B.I.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I shall come that. When any reference is made to a Minister or a Member, the person concerned seeks permission from the Chairman to give a personal explanation. If there is any personal explanation asked for, there is nothing wrong in it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— I raise a point of order. — I cannot do that. I want that the C.B.I. should go into the whole matter. The conduct of the Minister has not been made an issue before the C.B.I.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— While intervening, if he can give us an explanation that will add something.

Sri G. Rajama:— He cannot intervene; only the Chief Minister can intervene.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— With my permission he can intervene.

Sri K. Achuta Reddy:— The procedure is, a relevant question has been put; a supplementary has been raised. First of all, it is the duty of the answering Minister to answer the supplementary and if there is any allegation made by the question, if the Speaker a personal explanation is called for, he may be permitted to give it.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Not necessary. We have been following the present practice for years together.

Sri K. Achuta Reddy:— What happens to the supplementary?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— He will answer it.

Sri K. Achuta Reddy:— When?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— After the explanation.

Sri K. Achuta Reddy:— It is an irregular procedure.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Originally he asked why Mr. Thimma Reddy should not resign?

Sri Konda Lakshman:— You first ask him whether he can reply that question also.

What is the main intention of the question he put initially?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— You first ask him whether he can reply that question also.

Sri Konda Lakshman:— You first ask him whether he can reply that question also.
Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri G. Rajaram: The normal practice and the general procedure is that whenever allegations are made against an individual or an officer and an investigation is carried on, the officer is kept under suspension so that the investigation may proceed fairly. In this issue also a prima facie case has been made out and so many people were arrested. When the prima facie case is established, is it not morally binding on the part of the Minister to resign for himself and allow the investigation to go on freely and fairly?

Mr. Deputy Speaker: You are repeating the same thing which Mr. C. V. K. Rao stated.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy: Mr. Speaker, Sir. The question relates to the stage of investigation of the scandal or the case, as the case may be. But in the guise of supplementary questions, some of the hon. members have tried to side step the original question.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Don't raise the question about their propriety or impropriety. Then there will be no end to it.

Sri G. Rajaram: As regards the propriety of the hon. Minister, Mr. Thimma Reddy's intervention in the matter, I would like to say that it is not correct to say that Mr. Thimma Reddy should not speak on the question. Once the question is discussed and completed, since the question has been raised about him, in the intermediate stage he can intervene and offer his personal explanation. Therefore, I feel that it is quite proper for him to speak.

Sri T. V. Raghavulu: The Member, Sri Jaipal Reddy has covered one point that it is not desirable to insist upon the personal explanation given by the hon. Minister, because in that case we will be going for beyond the scope.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: I feel that though not it is a matter which is sub judice—whether it is proper to allow questions touching upon the details of investigation.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I have heard enough on this. As I told you, it has been the convention and practice where we allowed a number of times in this House, the member concerned to give his personal explanation or the hon. Chief Minister also give his observations. In the absence of the hon. Chief Minister, if he, Sri P. Thimma Reddy wanted to give an expression to some of his views it is not wrong. Sri Badrivishal Pitti asked when he could give his personal explanation. It is for me to say. Mr. C. V. K. Rao asked whether it was proper for him to continue as minister where the investigation is going on. He can give his opinion as to how it is proper or improper. I have requested him to speak. He can give his observations. Please be short in speaking.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—Sir, it is very kind of you. I am thankful to hon. Sri Achuta Reddy, hon. Sri Rajeswar Rao and hon. Sri Konda Lakshman Brajji for giving their legal opinions, legal interpretations about some of these things and about the policies and conventions stated by Mr. G. Rajaran. Quite often it is my difficulty, whenever Mr. Pitti speaks. He always speaks in Hindi and by the time somebody interprets to me or conveys it to me, he will be going on. Mr. C. V. K. Rao, Sir, always gets inspiration on many things. And this is not wrong, to hon. Sir. I have made my reply in the last session. That should have fully convinced my hon. friends in this House. It is later on the same people thought it fit to raise it at higher levels and make political capital out of it.

Sri Badrivishal Pitti:—Gaal hai.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—It is wrong.

Sri K. Achuta Reddy:—We want a ruling on the point of order. Is this the explanation you wanted from the Minister?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I would request you to remember that the question was asked where the Minister could continue. Therefore, if you (Minister) want to say anything on that you can, instead of going into the political background and making it another issue again.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—My submission is that my friends will bear with me. I have been sitting with people whose expressions were made by my friends here. Several times on this same issue, I would request them to remember the language they used, the expressions they made, they have spoken about this issue. I would again request them to think about what they have spoken about this issue. At the appropriate time I am going to speak very many details and I have letters with me of those M.L.A.s who have written recommending fertilizers to different people.
264 30th November, 1970.  
Oral Answers to Questions.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Do not go into the facts.
Sri G. Raja Rao:—Who are they?
Sri K. Achutha Reddy:—Point of order, Sir.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I am stopping him that way.
Sri K. Achutha Reddy:—Let it be made clear on what points you wanted the Minister to clarify the position.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If I could understand, he wants to make out a case to say that he can continue here as a Minister.
Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—No. No.
Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—I have an expression Sir for the very few expressions made by my friends. Why should they have any objection? for my speaking? if there is any point, let it be understood by my friends. If there is anything not relevant let them say in turn.
Sri A. Madan Mohan:—(Interruption).
Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—Sir, you have come only yesterday...
Sri A. Madan Mohan:—That is a personal expression that is being made. A member being the House for 10 or 15 years does not make him good.
Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—Mr. Govinda Rao happens to be the Member of that public Accounts Committee. Out of the four or five people that wrote that note, he is one of them. Mr. Latchappa, Mr. K. Govinda Rao—will you (Sri Govinda Rao) kindly tell the other Members because that will come at the appropriate time.
I am very glad Sri Rajeswara said something nice because I must have an opportunity—do you like me to sit quiet when you are hurling stones at me? That is why I am only submitting to my friends here that do not be so anxious and overanxious. These things are there. After all, when the enquiries are completed,
the Reports will come and everybody will have time to speak and I too will have time to speak about what I have with me and what I have gathered from the Department. Today the Public Accounts Committee are giving their opinions on different Departments—how they are working, whether they have come across any irregularity, any losses, anything out of the way and that is there for the Government to inquire and say and submit to the House. It is not fertilizer alone, as to how it has been lifted, how it has been good or bad—that has nothing to do with the Minister. Where the Minister is concerned of this matter is that he wrote on the representations “I request that so and so may be given fertilizer and all that”; whether what all Minister writes is actually carried through or the Department processes it—these are all some of the matters. I thought at least some of those who have worked as Ministers would have understood these things and those propose to become Ministers will understand these things. That is why I only ask my friends to keep a little patience. You will see what is there. But do not use language inside the House.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There cannot be any discussion on that.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There should be no discussion on this.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:—The question has not been answered.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—No discussion on personal explanation.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—In the way of explanation.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Not necessary. I feel it is not necessary. You will give room to so many other things. Therefore, I request you not to rise up. Even for clarifications I would not allow you. Now, Mr. C. V. R. Rao has referred to certain matter and Sri Vengal Rao will reply to it.

Sri Badri Vishal Pitti:—(Interjection)
46

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I would request you not to insist. Please sit down and if I call you then you can speak.

[Interruption]

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—On this, there will be no further discussion.

Questions and answers are over and now, Qn. No. 78.

(The Minister for Irrigation rose to answer)

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Sir, I am raising a point of order. .....

Sri K. Achutha Reddy:—Sir, a point of order... .

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—When he is raising a point of order, yours will come later.

Sri K. Achutha Reddy:—I have been standing...

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Yes, what is your point of order? Sri Jaipal Reddy?

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Sir, you have already given a ruling that there will be no further discussion on that question.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Why should you take interest. Why are you interested in that question?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Mr. Rajeswara Rao, do not question him that way.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Sir, you have already given a ruling that there will not be any discussion on that. We are not going to allow any further discussion on this.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Another point of order, Mr. Deputy Speaker. When I am speaking on a point of order, nobody should disturb me.

[Interruption]

Dr. Deputy Speaker:—What is this? Sir, no. What he is on his legs is a point of order, let me hear him. It is for me to declare whether it is in order, or not. Why do you get touch?

Sri K. Achutha Reddy:—Why some people are exactly on this Sir!
Deputy Speaker:—When he has raised a point of order everybody should get propriety. I cannot continue the House in this confused manner. Why do you get yourself touch?

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—Why should treasury benches get touchy? Is it not a scandal?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That is not the proper way.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I am raising another point of order here.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Ultimately I will have to adjourn. I cannot continue this member in this confused manner.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—By raising a point of order, they are coming to the resource of this scandal.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is for me to rule out.

Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy:—It is a wrong allegation.

(Interruptions)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I appeal most respectfully to all the Members of the House to allow me to continue with the proceedings. I know Opposition Members and Treasury benches may have some different opinions on this. Every Member has a right to seek clarification, raise point of orders and for me to control it as far as possible to my capacity. If between if you intervene yourselves to each other, we cannot go with all respect with the proceedings of the House. This House has a prestige, has appreciation from all that Members have been carrying on the procedure in a Constitutional way and the procedure has been very good. So, in this question if you permit me, I have given one hour for this knowing that Members have got many explanations. Only thing I would request not to take personal sentiments in this, both the Treasury side as well as the Opposition side. If you want me to continue, I can give opportunity to every one of you and that I have been doing, on this question. Otherwise, this question should have been stopped in 6:35 itself. Knowing that this is an important question and Members wanted it, I have continued it and so it is one hour (two) we have covered on this. I personally feel that this question is going to come up in some other shape when the reports are fully covered. Now, I shall not take this question in any form of discussion or any form of clarification or supplementary. I will stop with this and have the full opportunity given when the reports and other things come next time. Please, cooperate with me in stopping this question at this stage, both from the Treasury benches and Opposition benches. If you respect, I would feel proud for it.

Now, questions and answers are over excepting Qn. No. 78 because some Members wanted it.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Then you write to me.

Sri K. Achutha Reddy:—One request, Sir. Kindly permit us to have two-hour discussion on this.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Then you write to me.

Sri K. Achutha Reddy:—Our request, Sir. We know that these reports will not come during our term. I only want that the Government may give an assurance through you that these reports will come up and will be placed on the Table of the House either in this Session or at the next Session.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I cannot commit the Government on this.

Sri K. Narasimha Reddy:—In view of the urgency.....

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—There is a request for discussion. If it comes in writing, I can consider. Only that much I can allow on this. Everything to be stopped.

(Sri Badri Vishal Pitti rose to say something.)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—No, please. I am sorry. I think Hon. Member must have understood me when I spoke to you.

(Sri V. Venkatesam:—Will the hon. Minister for Medium Irrigation and Food Control be pleased to state: a) whether any readings have been recorded about the availability of water in Palar river in Kuppam taluk, Chittoor district after the gauges;
Oral Answers to Questions 30th November, 1970. 269

b) If so, what is the quantity of water available?

c) What are the proposals before the Government to store the water?

d) Whether any survey has been conducted on this river and whether any schemes have been investigated to utilise the water; and

e) Whether there is any scope to have pumping scheme at Paralakonda?

The Minister for Medium Irrigation and Flood Control (Sri R. Narappa Reddy)
a) Yes, Sir.

b) As per the gauge reading observed during 1959, the available yield is 995.10 MCF. However, to establish dependable yield, gaugings for at least another 4 to 5 years are to be conducted.

c) The construction of an anicut across Palar river near Ganesapuram (village) in Kuppam Taluk is proposed to be taken up for detailed investigation.

d) Yes, Sir.

e) No, Sir.

Sri R. Narappa Reddy:—There are three schemes in Kuppam taluk. 1) Improvement to breach of Venadacheruvu at Adavi; 2) Formation of new tank at Chepuru; 3) Formation of tank to Chennur of Rajahmundry. Of these, schemes under contemplation are: Palamaner scheme; Chandragiri scheme; Chittoor scheme. Schemes sanctioned are: Palamaner scheme; Chandragiri scheme. Formation to Bhimavaram at Eluru is pending.
EXPRESS BUSES FROM VVJAYAWADA TO SRIKAKULAM

69—

44 (2517) Q.—Sri M.B. Pirankusam:—Will the hon. Minister for Transport be pleased to state:

a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to ply express buses from :
   i) Vijayawada to Srikakulam;
   ii) Vijayawada to Gumma Taksiphuram; and
b) if not, whether the Road Transport Corporation will take steps to ply these express buses for the benefit of the people of Srikakulam District, which is situated at the fag end of the State, so that they can reach the capital without loss of time?

A:—

a) No sir.

b) Does not prise.

SHOPS IN PAMIDI VILLAGE

70—

44 (1846) Q.—Sri K.C. Srirangaiah Setty (Singarayal):—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

a) whether the site in which the shops had been erected in Pamidi Village, Anantapur district belong to Urvakonda Gavi Mutt or to the Government;

b) whether it is a fact that the Government have issued notices to the shop-keepers, not to pay the rents to the math;

c) whether the said property belongs as present to Urvakonda Gavi Mutt or to the Government;

d) to whom the shop-keepers have to pay the rent now;

e) whether it is a fact that there are disputes pending in the court between the Urvakonda Gavi Mutt and the Government; and if so, whether a list of the particulars will be furnished?

A:—

a) The site belongs to Sri Gavimath Urvakonda and not to Government.
b) No, Sir.
c) Does not arise. There is no proposal before the Math to sell away the property.
d) the shop-keepers have to pay the rent to the Math.
e) No, Sir.

PURCHASE OF HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE CHESTS BY TEMPLE AUTHORITIES

71—

*25 (1699) Sri R. Mahananda (Darsi) — Will the hon. Minister for Endowment be pleased to state:

a) whether it is a fact that the Commissioner of Endowments directed the Executive Officers of the Temples in the State to purchase Homeopathic Medicine Chests in 1969-70;
b) if so what are the types of Chests and the cost of each;
c) whether tenders have been called for these, and
d) whether the Government has accorded permission for this?

A —

a) Yes, Sir.
b) The Chests are of two sizes. A small size costing Rs. 50/-; Second one in big size, costing Rs. 100/-
c) No, Sir.
d) No, Sir. The Commissioner is competent to issue such instructions.

RAISING THE HEIGHT OF NIZAMSAHAR ANICUT

72—

*237 (1448) Q.—Sarvari Badrivishal Pitti and Buragadda Niraajana Rao — Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

a) whether any scheme is under consideration to raise the height of Nizamsahar Anicut (Dam); and
b) if so, the details of the said scheme?

A —

(a & b) “Improvements to the Reservoir for partial restoration of its original capacity and in the carrying capacity of the main canal and remodelling of distributaries are under consideration. Details are yet to be finalized”.
26th November, 1970
Written Answers to Questions

SUBMERSION DUE TO MANAIR PROJECT

Sri R. Narasimha Ramaiah (Hasnaparthi) —
Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

a) the number and names of the villages that will be submerged on account of Lower Manair Project near Karimnagar;

b) the basis on which compensation is being paid to the submerged villages, and when the same will be paid;

c) the talukswise extent of area that is likely to be brought under cultivation due to the construction of said Project;

d) when the construction of the same is likely to be completed; and

e) the estimated expenditure for the construction of the Project?

A —
a) The following 6 villages and 3 hamlets in Karimnagar Taluk and P.O. would be submerged on account of the construction of Lower Manair Dam:

1. Potgal
2. Hasanapur
3. Yaswada
4. a) Kondapoor
   b) Godarlapalli (Hamlet)
5. a) Sangam
   b) Arepalli (Hamlet)
6. a) Cherlapuram
   b) Narasingraopally (Hamlet)

No area that would come under submergence on account of construction of Manair Dam has so far been acquired. It will be acquired depending on the construction programme of the Dam and compensation will be paid after fixing it with reference to the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act and the Manual.

The localisation work of Pochampad canal beyond Manair has not yet been taken up and hence it is not possible to give talukswise particulars of area at this stage.

The completion of the Project would depend upon the funds made available in each year.
Rs. 9,111 crores.
Q.—Sri Badrivishal Pitti — Will the hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

a) whether the units like sub-stations of Electricity Board are treated to be under the purview of Factories Act;

b) if not, the number of units which are not so treated and the reasons therefor;

c) whether any unit has been exempted from the said registration; and

d) if so, the reasons for the said exemption?

A:—

The matter relates to the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board.

a) All sub-stations employing ten or more workers on the operation side are factories within the meaning of the Factories Act and are to be registered as such. The Board has already issued instructions accordingly and field officers have taken action to get these sub-stations registered under the Factories Act.

b) Does not arise.

c) No, Sir.

d) Does not arise.

Q.—Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao — Will the hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

a) whether it is not a fact that the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board was constituted in the year 1959?

b) if so, what are the projects transferred to the Board for operation;

c) whether it is a fact that the Government has not yet effected the transfer of the entire staff to the Board;

d) if so, what are the reasons; and

e) when they will be transferred?

A:—

a) Yes, Sir.

b) The Government have transferred to the Board for operation all power projects except the Machhendranath and Traiphadanas Hydro-electric stations, which have inter-State aspects.

c) Yes, Sir.
Written Answers to Questions

46 a & b Government have been advised that it would be necessary to consult the Government employees concerned as to the terms and conditions under which they would be willing to be absorbed in the services of the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board. Government have asked the Board to prepare a full-fledged scheme outlining the terms and conditions of service under the Board, circulate it among the Government employees, ascertain their reactions and send specific proposals to Government. The proposals of the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board are awaited.

INVESTIGATION OF UNDERGROUND WATER RESOURCES

Q. 76—(959) Q.—Sarvasri R. Satyanarayana Raju and R. Mahanandha :—Will the hon. Minister for Marketing be pleased to state:

a) the district-wise number of villages in the State in which survey has been conducted for the investigation of underground water resources; and

b) the results thereof?

A :—

a) A list of areas covered by systematic ground water survey, is placed on the Table of the House.

b) Based on the systematic studies, areas suitable for ground water development have been delineated suggesting mode of development.

LIST OF AREAS COVERED BY SYSTEMATIC GROUND-WATER SURVEY BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Areas</th>
<th>Coverage in Sq. Km.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>Antapur, Gespy, Urowondde, Dharmanipur, Purnabanda, Hindupur, Kalluri, Kurnool &amp; Rayalagaram</td>
<td>4,139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>Antapur, Gespy, Urowondde, Dharmanipur, Purnabanda, Hindupur, Kalluri, Kurnool &amp; Rayalagaram</td>
<td>11,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coldhapat</td>
<td>Purnabanda</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rayalagaram</td>
<td>900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>Tumiki, Rapila, Gunder, Panchvo, Panchpada</td>
<td>3,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>Rukmanipet, Raichurbady, Peddapur, Kakinada</td>
<td>1,800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Written Answers to Questions

30th November, 1970. 275

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>No. of Villages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>2,280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>1,280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>3,584</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nalpada</td>
<td>1,954</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>2,073</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nizamsagar</td>
<td>2,650</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>2,575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>873</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neelkhand</td>
<td>3,275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In connection with drought relief work following are the number of villages examined in select districts of Andhra Pradesh.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>No. of Villages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nalpada</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LIST OF AREAS BEING COVERED BY SYSTEMATIC GROUND WATER SURVEY UNDER THE STATE SCHEME FOR SURVEY AND INVESTIGATION OF GROUND WATER RESOURCES IN ANDHRA PRADESH CONDUCTED BY THE STIPENDIARY GEOLOGISTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Place of Work</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>Sirpur, Anhilbad, Lantipet, Chinnur, Nirmal, Khanapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>Mehdipur, Godadar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nirmal</td>
<td>Kamalapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khanapur</td>
<td>Nirmal, Khanapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Markapur</td>
<td>Nirmal, Khanapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Giddalur</td>
<td>Nirmal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>Nirmal, Khanapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>Nirmal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>Chittoor, Puttoor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>Atmakur, Venkatagiri, Rapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>Sompeta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>Jiglapet, Narsampet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>Hanumakonda</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SURVEY OF UNDERGROUND WATER IN PUNNAGORE TALUK

*600. (1332) Q.—Sei T.C. Rajan.—Will the hon. Minister for Marketing be pleased to state:

a) whether the survey for underground water has been conducted in Palmaner, Punnagore taluk of Chittoor District;

b) if so, the results of the survey and

c) if not, whether there is any proposal with the Government to conduct the survey soon?

A—

a) Investigation for water supply to 128 villages in Palmaner taluk and 24 villages in Punnagore taluk of Chittoor District has been carried out under drought relief operations by the Geological Survey of India.
b) Suitable sites were selected for sinking wells and suggestions for deepening existing wells wherever necessary were made.

c) Proposals are also under way for carrying out regional systematic ground water survey in Chittoor District.

INVESTIGATION OF M. G. SCHEMES IN KURNOOL DISTRICT

**STATEMENT 1**

STATEMENT TO BE PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE WITH REFERENCE TO THE CLAUSES a, b, c AND d OF LAQ. No. 443 Starred [**79**] BY SRI CH. VENGAIAH, M.L.A.

**SCHEMES INVESTIGATED FOUND FEASIBLE AND EXECUTED**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the scheme</th>
<th>Cost of Pro. Act. scheme pond laid in lakhs</th>
<th>Ayacut developed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Markapur: Forming reservoir across Chinnakandaleru near Pallala Cheruvu village.</td>
<td>9.26</td>
<td>645 477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Giddalur: Restoration of Mokshagundam</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>40 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pathasheeru village</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Written Answer to Questions 5th November, 1970 277

b) Suitable sites were selected for sinking wells and suggestions for deepening existing wells wherever necessary were made.

c) Proposals are also under way for carrying out regional systematic ground water survey in Chittoor District.

INVESTIGATION OF M. G. SCHEMES IN KURNOOL DISTRICT

**STATEMENT 1**

STATEMENT TO BE PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE WITH REFERENCE TO THE CLAUSES a, b, c AND d OF LAQ. No. 443 Starred [**79**] BY SRI CH. VENGAIAH, M.L.A.

**SCHEMES INVESTIGATED FOUND FEASIBLE AND EXECUTED**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the scheme</th>
<th>Cost of Pro. Act. scheme pond laid in lakhs</th>
<th>Ayacut developed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Markapur: Forming reservoir across Chinnakandaleru near Pallala Cheruvu village.</td>
<td>9.26</td>
<td>645 477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Giddalur: Restoration of Mokshagundam</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>40 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pathasheeru village</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The schemes are being taken up as and when funds are made available and based on the needs of the area.
### Written Answers to Questions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>28th November, 1970</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. do Construction of an ancient reservoir in the Palavuru region.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. do Improvements to the irrigation system in Choolavuru.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. do Restoration of Thimmapur tank near the village of Akaveedu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. do Restoration of Rayalah Cheruvu near the village of Arveetikota.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. do Restoration of Mondikatta tank near Gadikota.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. do Restoration of Mekahgundam Kothacheruvu tank.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. do Restoration of the Pocchappalli tank.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. do Formation of a new tank across Pullavagu near Mallapuram.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. do Restoration of the Bramhanapalli Agraharam tank in the village of Brahmanapalli.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. do Restoration of the Chamaruvur tank near the village of Kothakota.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. do Restoration of the Nallareddy tank of the village of Kothakota.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. do Restoration of the Narayana Cheruvu near the village of Bollupalli.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. do Formation of a reservoir across Peenuka near Thimmapuram.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
29th November, 1970

Written Answers to Questions.

33. Markapur Excavation of supply channel from Gundlakamma anicut to feed Pedda Cheruvu of Vemulakota [v].

34. Giddalur Restoration of Pottipalli H/o Daddawada village.

35. do Restoration of breached Ambi-cheruvu of L.P. Cheruvu [v].

36. do Restoration of Nallannakunta of Godilakota village.

37. Markapur Restoration of Breached Chinna-gudipadu tank of Chinnagudipadu village.

38. Giddalur Forming a new tank across Uppuvalgu near Tallapalli H/o Kothakota village.

39. do Construction of an anicut across Cheemaleru near Papinenipalli[v].

40. do Excavation of supply channel from Uppuvagu to feed Peddacheruvu of Salakalavudu village.

Total Rs. 73.95

STATEMENT II

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name of taluk</th>
<th>Name of Scheme</th>
<th>Cost of scheme (in lakhs.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Markapur</td>
<td>Construction of an anicut across Theegaleru near Thokapalligandi village.</td>
<td>6.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Giddalur</td>
<td>Forming reservoir across Rallavagu near Muraripalli [v]</td>
<td>10.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Giddalur</td>
<td>Excavation of supply channel from Sagilar to feed the tank of Rachada and Edavalli villages.</td>
<td>5.54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Rs. 22.93
STATEMENT III
SCHEMES INVESTIGATED FOUND FEASIBLE
NOT PUT ON GROUND.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Scheme Description</th>
<th>Village</th>
<th>Cost (in hundreds)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Restoration of breached Ranga-puram tank in Rangapuram village.</td>
<td>Giddalur</td>
<td>0.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Excavation of supply channel from Sagileru near Diguvametta (v)</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Forming a reservoir across Railavage near Peddabommakkipalem village.</td>
<td>Maskapur</td>
<td>15.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Forming a new tank near Uyyakonda village.</td>
<td>Giddalur</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Forming a new tank across Tengilero near Dikkaipagunta village.</td>
<td></td>
<td>6.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Construction of an anicut across Janakapalle and excavating a supply channel Meddakanadu lands.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Providing pumping scheme on Sagileru near Kanchiravedu (v).</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Construction of an anicut across Chinnavindaluru near Muthukala (village).</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Construction of an anicut across Akkamacheru of Gottipyla village.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.84</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 44.55
STATEMENT IV

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name of the Taluk</th>
<th>Name of the scheme</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Giddalur</td>
<td>Forming a new tank across Kattirallavagu near Pulasapadu village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Improvements to Kochukunta of Lingapuram village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Forming a reservoir across Ramaluru (Grandisammet Project) near Mundlapadu village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Markapur</td>
<td>Forming a reservoir across Kothakunta near Lingapuram village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Forming a new tank across hill stream near Gundanahalli village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Resealing a supply channel from Duvvaleru to feed Gangapalem tank.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Forming a new tank across Kautilallavagu near Gundanahalli village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Restoring and breaching Gondu cheruvu with pick up and pummel at 3/4 mile lower down and to excavate channel to feed the ayacut.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Forming a new tank across Neelamottu vagu near Thimmapuram village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Restoration of Madinapuram tank of Kandlapalli and improvements to Adhiraddi tank of Kungannampet village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Markapur</td>
<td>Restoration of Kolakeolu tank of Kollamilla village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Providing a new tank across Teegiuru near Gouthamipalli village.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Construction of an adit across Teegiuru near Teegiural village for excavating left and right channel to feed the tanks.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
17. do Forming a new tank across Peddavagu near Nerjamula village.
18. Giddalur Forming a new Tank across Kunugulavagu near Kakarla.
19. do Forming a new tank across Pulivagu near Guntapalliki village.
20. do Forming a new tank across Gundapaya vaga near Chintalapalli village.
21. do Forming a new tank across Gundapaya near Cintalapalli village.
22. do Forming a new tank across Sagileru near Dugumitta village.
23. do Forming a new tank above Dandurivani kanta of Akurudu village.
24. do Forming a new tank near Thimmereddipathy.
25. do excavating a supply channel to feed Madirpalli tank.
27. do Forming a new tank across a vanka near Chagga village near Yellagutta.
28. do Forming a new tank across a Vanka near Guntapalliki village.
29. do Forming a reservoir across Kunugulavagu near Jammanapalli village.
30. do Forming a new tank across hill stream near Gurrapusala village.
31. do Forming a new tank across Elugukunta vaga near Chattu Tandur H/o Pedda Bommalapuram.
32. do Forming a new tank across Yerravanka near Duddipayabata village.
33. do Improvements for Yerravanka of Nallaguntla.
34. do Improvements for Dasabandam Tank of Bondalapadu (Village).

FISH CURING YARDS IN SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT

Q:— Sarvasri K. Krishna Murthy, (Harichintdopu) and Nicherla Ramulu, (Tekkali) — Will the hon. Minister for Fisheries and Ports be pleased to state . . .

a) the number of fish curing yards in Srikakulam district and the amount sanctioned or spent by the Government for the purpose during 1967-68 and 1968-69;
b) the number of fishermen who were benefited by the fish curing yards; and

c) the taluk-wise number of fishermen supplied with nylon nets in Srikakulam district during 1967 and upto date?

A —

a) There are six fish curing yards in Srikakulam district. The amounts sanctioned for the three years are:

1967-68 ... Rs. 22,150
1968-69 ... Rs. 22,116
1969-70 ... Rs. 22,150

b) 679 fishermen.

c) No nylon nets are supplied to fishermen.

REPUBLIC FORCE COMPANY LTD.

433 (2610) Q. — Sri Badri Vishal Pitti. — Will Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

a) Whether the following information relating to Republic Forge Company Ltd., will be furnished:

i) subscribed and paid-up capital;

ii) the amount invested by the Government towards Share Capital and the percentage it constitutes;

iii) the amount of loan to be paid upto 31-3-1970.

iv) the year-wise production and the profits or loss from 1965-66 to 1969-70;

b) whether it is a fact that the said Company is running on heavy loss, if so, total amount of loss sustained upto 31st March, 1970;

c) the steps taken by the Government to improve the situation and the results thereof; and

d) the names of the Directors and Managing Director?

A —

(a) (i) Subscribed Capital Paid-up Capital
Rs. Rs.
1,45,13,600 1,45,15,600

(ii) 75,00,000

(51.7%)
The Company went into production in 1967-68. The accumulated loss up to 31st March, 1970 was about Rs. 135 lakhs.

The accounts for the year ended 31-3-1970 are yet to be finalised.

(b) and (c) The Company was incorporated in the year 1957. However, the unit went into commercial production only by February, 1968. Due to devaluation of the rupee, the original cost of the project went up substantially and this increase was met by providing additional loans involving heavy financial charges. As a result of long delay in commissioning the project, increased establishment costs had also to be borne. These costs along with the profit and loss account have resulted in accumulation of loss which now stands at Rs. 135 lakhs. To reduce the excessive burden of financial charges, proposals for enlarging the equity base are under consideration of the Government. Efforts have also been made by the Company to step up its production which has increased from Rs. 2.54 lakhs in 1967-68 to Rs. 34.11 lakhs in 1969-70. The Company has also been able to secure orders worth Rs. 1.73 crores which are pending execution now. In order to enable the Company to successfully execute the orders, Government have requested the concerned authorities in the Central Government to allocate a quota of special steel required by the Company on a priority basis. The Company has also fixed a target of 4,200 tons with a turnover of Rs. 1.83 crores for the current year. With the steady improvement in production, the unit is expected to break-even in about a year's time.

(d) Sri K.C. Madappa, Chairman.
Sri N. Ramesan, Director.
Sri Sushil Kumar, Director.
Sri P.M. Reddy, Director.
Sri J.V. Somayajulu, Director.
Sri R.V. Tamhankar, Director.
Sri I. Hydari, Managing Director.

NIZAM SUGAR FACTORY

22—

428 (262) Q.—Sri Radh Vishal Patti.—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:
286 30th November, 1970. Written Answers to Questions

(a) the amount of subscribed and paid up capital of the Nizam Sugarcane Factory:
(b) the amount of share capital invested by the Government and the percentage constituted by the same; and
(c) whether any loan has been sanctioned to the said Company, and if so, the outstanding amount as on 31-3-1970?

A:

a) Rs. 1,45,92,025.
b) Amount of share capital invested by the Government
   - Rs. 82,90 lakhs (Ordinary) 73%
   - Rs. 21,60 lakhs (Preference) 60-3%
c) Government has sanctioned a loan of Rs. 5 lakhs and a subsidy of Rs. 2.50 lakhs to the Company under subsidised Industrial Housing Scheme in August, 1959. The outstanding loan amount as on 31-3-1970 is Rs. 4,40,218-28.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES

23—

286 (678) Q.—Sri K. Krishnamurthy:— Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

The number and names of Joint Stock Companies registered in the State during the years 1968 and 1969?

A:

i) Number of Joint Stock Companies registered in the State during the year 1968 ... 53
ii) Number of Joint Stock Companies registered in the State during the year 1969 ... 70

NAMES OF THE PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANIES, 1968
1. Andhra Farm Chemicals Company Ltd.,
2. Gemini Textiles Ltd.
3. The Straw Paper Mills of India Ltd.

NAMES OF THE PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANIES, 1968
1. Guntur Chillies Export House Private Ltd,
2. Hyderabad Breweries Private Ltd.
3. Name Tulamante Manufacturers Private Ltd.
4. Samata Pracharamulu Private Ltd.
5 Chit Fund Promoters Private Ltd.
Written Answers to Questions  30th November, 1970, 287

6 Plastic Engineering Components Private Ltd.
7 Domestic Gas Private Ltd.
8 Eagle Chit Fund and Investments Private Ltd.
10 Gayatri Cold Storages Pvt. Ltd.
11 Seher Trading Company Pvt. Ltd.
12 Cauvery Canning Co., Pvt. Ltd.
13 Dando Metal Industries Pvt. Ltd.
14 Azizali Motors Pvt. Ltd.
15 Decors Specialised Construction (Hyderabad) Pvt. Ltd.
16 Rad Estates Hyderabad Pvt. Ltd.
17 Sander Enterprises Pvt. Ltd.
18 Enterprise Development Pvt. Ltd.
19 Srinivasa Motor and General Fasteners Co., Pvt. Ltd.
20 Electrical Accessories (Hyderabad) Pvt. Ltd.
21 Auxiliary Engineering Industries and Agencies Pvt. Ltd.
22 Andhra Gowdaiah Krishi Enterprises Pvt. Ltd.
23 Formaldehyde and Fine Chemicals Pvt. Ltd.
24 Vayu Indus Pesticides Pvt. Ltd.
25 Stalinda Nusseamatics Pvt. Ltd.
26 The Hyderabad Public Welfare Housing Co., Pvt. Ltd.
28 Rockson Spring India Pvt. Ltd.
29 Shah Sons, Pvt. Ltd.
30 Srinidhi Pvt. Ltd.
31 Karangada Electronics Pvt. Ltd.
32 Gomani Commercial Pvt. Ltd.
33 Andhra Chit Funds Pvt. Ltd.
34 M.V.M. Productions Pvt. Ltd.
35 Phalam Industries Pvt. Ltd.
36 Daja Chit Investments Pvt. Ltd.
37 Harris Tours and Travels Pvt. Ltd.
38 Integrated Investments and Chit Funds Pvt. Ltd.
39 Abyuda Finance Enterprises Pvt. Ltd.
29th November, 1970,  Written Answers to Questions

40 Andhra Finlets Pvt. Ltd.
41 Andhra Construction Co., Pvt. Ltd.
42 Baluswari Oil Expellers Co., Pvt. Ltd.
43 Sri Neelakanta Industries (Elect.) Pvt. Ltd.
44 The Cross Coffee Development Co., Pvt. Ltd.
45 The Ideal Coffee Agricultural Development Co. Pvt. Ltd.
46 Andhra Coffee Agricultural Development Co., Pvt. Ltd.
47 Resin India Pvt. Ltd.
48 Polarity Consultants Pvt. Ltd.
49 Masaro Commerz Pvt. Ltd.

NAMES OF THE PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANIES, 1969
1 East Coast Oil Expellers Ltd.
2 Cina Abad Ltd.
3 East Coast Boat Builders and Engineers Ltd.
4 Gopal Coffee Ltd.
5 Nizamabad Namintham Bros., Ltd.

NAMES OF THE PRIVATE COMPANIES LIMITED, 1969
1 The Mechnical and Electrical Industries Pvt. Ltd.
2 Ferro Electric Pvt. Ltd.
3 Sreedhar and Vaskey Pvt. Ltd.
4 Sujit Shila Pvt. Ltd.
5 Indo Farm Pvt. Ltd.
6 Cool Heights Coffee India Pvt. Ltd.
7 Gokul Coffee India Pvt. Ltd.
8 Serachi Coffee India Pvt. Ltd.
9 Visakha Coffee India Pvt. Ltd.
10 Resonance Coffee Agricultural Development Co. Pvt.Ltd
11 Indo Canadian Co., Pvt. Ltd.
12 Ideal Engineers (Hyderabad) Pvt. Ltd.
13 Kola Karie Production Pvt. Ltd.
14 Siddapura Khandcir Sugar Factory Pvt. Ltd.
15 Vinod Sugars Pvt. Ltd.
16 Vellanuram Tiles Pvt. Ltd.
17 Naveena Andhra Printing Industrial and Agricultural Company Pvt. Ltd.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Company Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Madhusudan Enterprises Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Sri Krishna Khandasari Sugars Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Asha Investment Company Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Admark Fixation Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Packing and Industrial Agencies Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Visya Industries and Chit Fund Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Sri Bheji Chit Funds Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Dynavolt Sei Wali Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Vidro Machinery Manufacturing Company Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Seven Hills Food Products Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Southern Impex Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Siritam-E-Hind-O-Ima Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Anushakti Wines and Distilleries Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Jharka Tanda Promoters Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Gunar Chit Fund Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Sri Venakteswar Khandasari Sugars Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Solvents and Essarts Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Navagaga Sugars Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Bhiprasa Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Fluid Systems Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Jawnai Tourist Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Uni-Banksy Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>Sister Malabhis Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Screamakhandrions Gur and Khandasari Sugar Works Pvt Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Chit for Money Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Hyderabad Distilleries and Wineries Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>Kandla Finance and Investments Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>Adan Commercial Finance Enterprises Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Banta Trading Chit Funds Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Consolidated Shipping and Bulk Terminals Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>L. Chimanllal [Agencies] Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Agro Subsidiary Ltd. (Government Company)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>Arin Breweries Pvt. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
26th November, 1970

Written Answers to Questions

53. Coramandel Mills Pvt. Ltd.
54. Easi Chemicals Pvt. Ltd.
55. K.S. Auto Hire Promoters Pvt. Ltd.
56. Mahalasa Money Lending and Trading Co., Pvt. Ltd.
57. East Coast Packaging Pvt. Ltd.
59. X-Calibre Knives Pvt. Ltd.
60. Trilinga Oil Industries Pvt. Ltd.
61. Kingsdon Collectors Pvt. Ltd.
62. Hills Engineering and Commercial Pvt. Ltd.
64. Grecian and Company Pvt. Ltd.

DIVIDING OF PANCHAYATS IN KRISHNA DISTRICT

26—

Q.—Sri A. Bhaskara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether a list of Panchayat villages divided in Krishna district as per the recent orders of Government will be placed on the Table of the House;

(b) the number of Panchayats in Krishna district in respect of which applications for splitting up have been received;

(c) whether a list of Panchayats which are pending division will be placed on the Table of the House;

(d) whether steps are being taken to divide and form the Panchayats in the case of pending proposals before the ensuing Panchayat elections; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor;

A.—

(a) Under Section 3 of the Andhra Pradesh Gram Panchayat Act and in pursuance of the orders issued in G.O. Ms. No. 364, Panchayati Raj, dated 10-7-64, the Collector (Commissioner) Krishna divided 15 Gram Panchayats. A list showing the names of the said 15 Gram Panchayats is placed on the Table of the House.

LIST OF GRAM PANCHAYATS DIVIDED IN KRISHNA DISTRICT

b) Thirty (30).

c) A list showing the names of five gram panchayats in respect of which proposals for division could not be decided by the Collector, Krishna is placed on the Table of the House. A list of the remaining ten applications, which were not considered due to non-receipt of proposals in time is also placed on the Table of the House.

i) LIST SHOWING THE NAMES OF THE GRAM PANCHAYATS WHICH ARE PENDING DIVISION:

ii) LIST SHOWING NAMES OF THE GRAM PANCHAYATS FROM WHICH APPLICATIONS FOR DIVISION WERE RECEIVED BUT PROPOSALS WERE NOT RECEIVED IN TIME:

d & e) Does not arise as the ordinary elections to Gram Panchayats have already been conducted in June, 1970.

REVENUES FROM ROAD MARGIN TREES, ETC.

25—

18 (1590) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda — Will the hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:
whether there is any proposal before the Government to transfer the Revenues from the Road margin trees of Roads and Buildings, Roads, and the Government quarries like Hills, Man-made in tanks etc., to the village Panchayats in the State to improve the finances of the Panchayats?

A.—
No Sir;

MISAPPROPRIATION BY INSPECTRESS OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION

26—

838 (1652) Q.—Sri C. Jagannatha Rao — Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:
whether the Government have received any complaints of misappropriation by the Inspectress of Physical Education, Hyderabad in connection with the School Games Championships conducted at Poona and Lucknow;
b) how many teams have been sent to the above Championships (Games-wise) and what is the expenditure incurred in this connection; and

c) what is the amount misappropriated?

A.—

a) Yes, sirs. There is a complaint against the Inspector of Physical Education, Hyderabad alleging misappropriation of Government funds in connection with the XV National School Games Federation of India (Autumn Meet) held at Poona in 1969. As regards Lucknow Meet, some other officer was permitted to accompany the teams, as complaints are pending against the Inspector of Physical Education, Hyderabad.

b) POONA - MEET.

Boys (5 teams)—Foot-ball, Basket-ball, Kabaddi, Table-Tennis and Swimming;
Girls (4 teams)—Basket-Ball, Kho-Kho, Table-Tennis and Swimming;

LUCKNOW-MEET:

Girls teams—not participated.

EXPENDITURE FOR POONA MEET:

Rs. 15,857.19.

EXPENDITURE FOR LUCKNOW MEET:

Rs. 10,475.02.

c) The amount misappropriated is not known. The matter is under investigation.

25

10 (473) Q.—Sri R. Syamasundara Raja—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

d) whether a statement will be laid on the Table of the House showing:

i) the extent of lands under own cultivation of all the Sugar Factories in the State; and

ii) the number of individuals and institutions to whom they belong?

A.—

A statement is placed on the Table of the House.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Location of Sugar Factory</th>
<th>Extent of land under each</th>
<th>No. of individuals &amp; institutions to whom they belong</th>
<th>No. of Individuals</th>
<th>No. of Institutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bobbili</td>
<td>78.58</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Seetanagaram</td>
<td>59.65</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Amadalavasa</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Angalapalli</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Chodavaram</td>
<td>16.75</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Eluru</td>
<td>20.00</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Pusikanpet</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Pithapuram</td>
<td>8.00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Semikona</td>
<td>54.06</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Chiluka</td>
<td>288.14</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Chilukollu</td>
<td>30.61</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Tanuku</td>
<td>20.76</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Pedapeta</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Palliukollu</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Vuvuru</td>
<td>79.61</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Chirupallu</td>
<td>2666.74</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Chinlum</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Shakkarnagaram</td>
<td>4618.38</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>8051.52</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**STATEMENT**

STATE TRANSPORT

139 (2583) Q. — Shri V. Vishnupuri — Will the Hon. Minister for Transport be pleased to state:

a) the number of applications received during each year from 1966-67 to 1969-70 from the owners of vehicles, for composite permits for the purpose of inter-State transport of commodities, together with the number of permits granted during each year;

b) whether any applications are pending with the Government by 1-6-1970, and

Written Answers to Questions

d) if so, the date from which they are pending?

A—
a) The particulars are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>No. of permits granted</th>
<th>Vacancies</th>
<th>Total No. of permits received</th>
<th>Total No. of permits granted</th>
<th>Total No. of permits against quota</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>of permits</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>from end</td>
<td>till end of the year</td>
<td>end of the year</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>of the</td>
<td>of the year</td>
<td>of the year</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1966-67</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1967-68</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>214</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1968-69</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>156</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1969-70</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>246</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b) No, Sir.

c) Does not arise.

29—

OFF-SET PRINTING MACHINE

652 (1386) Q.—Shri T.C. Rajan — Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

a) whether it is a fact that the Government of India has gifted a Valuable Offset Printing Machine to print family planning literature to the Director of Health and Medical Department;

b) whether it is also a fact that a man who does not know Telugu where 90% of matter is expected to be printed in Telugu, is asked to head this machine;

c) whether it is also a fact that the officer who was asked to head this affair does not know anything about offset printing and consequently the costly machine was not erected properly and is not functioning well; and

d) whether it is also a fact that this officer is involved in a case which is being enquired by A.C.B.; if so, at what stage does it stand now?

A—

a) Yes, Sir,

b) and c) Sri M. Rahmatullah Khan is a Diploma Holder in Printing Technology and worked as in-charge of the Offset Section in the Government Central Press. He has been exempted from passing the language test in Telugu in terms of G.O. Ms. No 1326, G.A. [Ser. A] Department dated 10-12-1964 vide Director

(d) On certain allegations made against the Collectorate, Krishna in connection with the printing of Pattadar Pass Books by them an enquiry is being held by the Tribunal for Disciplinary Proceedings in which Sri Rahmatullah Khan's name is also (include) dated. The decision of the Court has not been communicated so far.

LOCAL FUND DISPENSARY OF V. KOTA

30—
655 [1819] Q.—Sri D. Venkatesham — Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) when was the Local Fund Dispensary of V. Kota, Chittoor district opened;

(b) when was it transferred to Ramakuppam from V. Kota and under what provision; and

(c) who has to maintain the dispensary and who is maintaining it now?

A.—

(a) Particulars are not available. The dispensary was opened long time back by the erstwhile District Board, Chittoor.

(b) It was subsequently transferred to Ramakuppam consequent on the opening of Primary Health Centre on 9-10-63.

(c) The Kuppam Panchayat Samithi is now maintaining it, as Ramakuppam is in its jurisdiction.

POLICE FIRING ETC. DURING PANCHAYAT ELECTION

31—
131 [2636] Q.—Sarvasri S. Vemayya and K. Muniswamy — Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) the district-wise names of villages in which firing took place during the recent Panchayat Elections in the State and the number of persons killed;

(b) the district-wise number of villages in which riotsing and murders took place during the recent Panchayat Elections and the number of persons killed thereto; and

(c) the district-wise number of villages in which Panchayat Elections have been stopped due to rioting?

A.—

(a), (b) and (c) — The particulars are as follows.
I. STATEMENT SHOWING THE NAMES OF THE VILLAGES WHERE THE POLICE HAD OPENED FIRE DURING THE LAST PANCHAYAT ELECTIONS AND THE NO. OF PERSONS KILLED DUE TO POLICE FIRING.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Village(s)</th>
<th>No. of persons killed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>Tummiteruliyavalasa</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vizag</td>
<td>Boorjavaiasa</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>Namboor 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>Pulivendia</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Khajipeta</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tullamapuram</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>Maddala Cheruvu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>Tangal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. STATEMENT SHOWING THE NO. OF VILLAGES (DISTRICT WISE) IN WHICH RIOTING AND MURDERS TOOK PLACE DURING THE LAST PANCHAYAT ELECTIONS AND THE NO. OF PERSONS KILLED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>No. of Villages</th>
<th>No. of persons killed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warrangal</td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** 102 10
### Written Answers to Questions 26th November, 1970

#### III Statement Showing the No. of Villages (District Wise) Where the Panchayat Elections Were Stopped Due to Rioting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of District</th>
<th>No. of Villages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vizag District</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore District</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah District</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ongole District</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak District</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahaboobnagar District</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adilabad District</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wanaparthy District</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total:** 12

---

**Shramadan "For" Rural Electrification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>32.</th>
<th>432 (2482) Q.—Shri Badri Vishnu Puri:—Will the Hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a] the number of villages which have promised to contribute 'Shramadan' for rural electrification programme, in the years 1967-68, 1968-69 and 1969-70;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b] number of them which have been accepted and utilised for the programme;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c] the number of villages electrified on the basis of 'Shramadan'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A—</td>
<td>a], b] and c]—Shramadan is required in all cases, whether they are programmed villages or otherwise, except in the case of minor extensions in electrified villages. Discretion has been given to the Divisional Engineers (Operation) concerned to fix the exact quantum of shramadan in each case. Moreover no account is being maintained for the value of shramadan obtained and accounts are maintained only for the Department labour. Therefore, the value of shramadan cannot be accurately assessed. In all the villages taken up for electrification, shramadan is invariably obtained to the extent feasible of contribution under the respective schemes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
26th November, 1970.

Written Answers to Questions

ELECTRIFICATION IN PALAVANCHA PANCHAYAT

33—

[Question not fully visible]

A:

(a) and (b): None of the three tribal villages in the Palavancha Panchayat area, Khammam District that have been electrified so far; and

b) if the answer to clause a) is nil, the reasons therefore?

ELECTRIFICATION IN CHALAKURTI CONSTITUENCY

34—

[Question not fully visible]

A:

(a), (b) and (c): To provide electricity facilities in the villages in Chalakurthi constituency, the transfer of the 11 K. V. line from the right bank of the Nagarjuna Sagar Dam to Rallu from the control of the Government to the control of the A.P. State Electricity Board was found necessary. The question, of transferring of this line was examined by the Government and the line was finally transferred to the A.P. State Electricity Board on 30-3-1970. Consequently, the following villages in Chalakurthi constituency were electrified in May, 1970:

1. Chalakurthy;
2. Thungathurthy;
3. Chintapally;
4. Puvvala.
The work in respect of electrification of Nellikal village is in progress. No agriculture services have been released so far to the villages mentioned above since none of the ryots are ready to take supply.

EXPENDITURE ON EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES

35—

113 (1046) Q.— Shri Badri Vishal Pitti:— Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) The amount of expenditure incurred during 1967-68, 1968-69 and 1969-70 on the following:

1. Regional Employment exchange,
2. Alignment of Regional Employment Exchange, Hyderabad
3. District employment exchanges (district-wise)
4. Youth Employment Servicing and employment counselling;
5. University employment information and guidance Bureau;
6. Employment information and assistance Bureau; and

(b) The number of persons benefited through each of the said institutions during 1967-68, 1968-69 and 1969-70?

A—

(a) & (b) The particulars are furnished in Annexures I and II respectively.

ANNEXURE I


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No.</th>
<th>Name of the Scheme</th>
<th>1967-68</th>
<th>1968-69</th>
<th>1969-70</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Regional Employment Exchange</td>
<td>5,10,490</td>
<td>5,50,730</td>
<td>6,30,533</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Alignment of Regional Employment Exchange, Hyderabad</td>
<td>12,265</td>
<td>12,447</td>
<td>13,564</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>District Employment Exchanges</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (1)</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>22,182</td>
<td>24,390</td>
<td>27,388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (2)</td>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>18,636</td>
<td>15,490</td>
<td>20,890</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (3)</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>12,070</td>
<td>20,140</td>
<td>16,498</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (4)</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>21,375</td>
<td>23,129</td>
<td>21,845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (5)</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>18,968</td>
<td>18,526</td>
<td>21,673</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (6)</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>15,751</td>
<td>20,791</td>
<td>18,855</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A—

(a) & (b) The particulars are furnished in Annexures I and II respectively.
**Written Answers to Questions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>20,584</td>
<td>24,201</td>
<td>26,786</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8)</td>
<td>Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>15,327</td>
<td>15,891</td>
<td>21,337</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,42,990</td>
<td>1,61,441</td>
<td>1,75,266</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. **Youth Employment Servicing and Employment Counselling**
   - 1,11,079
   - 1,18,143
   - 1,35,532

5. **University Employment Information and Guidance Bureau**
   - 39,553
   - 46,844
   - 54,636

6. **Employment Information & Assistance Bureaus**
   - 35,007
   - 39,337
   - 40,879

**ANNEXURE II**

Number of Persons Benefited through the Institutions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No.</th>
<th>Name of the Institution</th>
<th>No. of persons benefited during the years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1967-68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>10,679</td>
<td>8,820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3,736</td>
<td>3,334</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>693</td>
<td>739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Adilabad</td>
<td>679</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Anantapur</td>
<td>782</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Chittoor</td>
<td>1,040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Cuddapah</td>
<td>273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Eluru</td>
<td>671</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Guntur</td>
<td>828</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Kadapa</td>
<td>1,114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Khammam</td>
<td>358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Medak</td>
<td>329</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(11)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Nalgonda</td>
<td>916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(12)</td>
<td>D.E.E. Nalgonda</td>
<td>916</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Written Answers to Questions 30th November, 1970. 301

1 2 3 4 5
(13) D.E.E. Nellore — 2,017 1,079 621
(14) D.E.E. Srikakulam — 138 102 568

4. Youth Employment Servicing
Employment Counselling — 1,002 1,002 53

5. University Employment Infor-
University Guidance Bureau — 66 154 154

6. Employment Information &
Assistance Bureau — 5,871 2,273 1,566

SUBSCRIPTIONS PAID TO NEWS AGENCIES

26—77 (2327) Q.— Sri Badri Vishal Priti — Will the hon. Minister for Information and Public Relations be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the news agencies to which subscriptions
have been paid from 1967 - 68 to 1969 - 70; together with the year-
wise amounts of fees paid to each of them; and

(b) the particulars of the fees intended to be paid during
1970 - 71 ?

A.—

(a) The names of the News Agencies to which subscriptions
have been paid for 1967 - 68 to 1969 - 70 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associated News Service, Hyderabad</td>
<td>Rs. 9,000/-P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 9,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press Trust of India, Bombay</td>
<td>Rs. 18,000/-P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 18,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United News of India, New Delhi</td>
<td>Rs. 18,720/-P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 18,720/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: Rs. 75,720/-

(b) The payment of subscription has been discontinued from
5—6—68 to 24—4—69. It has again been renewed from
25—4—69 onwards.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associated News Service, Hyderabad</td>
<td>Rs. 9,000/-P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 9,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press Trust of India, Bombay</td>
<td>Rs. 18,000/-P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 18,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United News of India, New Delhi</td>
<td>Rs. 18,720/-P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 18,720/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Index News &amp; Feature Alliance, New Delhi</td>
<td>Rs. 15,720/-P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 15,720/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: Rs. 55,720/-
26th November, 1970

Writing Answers to Questions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For 1969-70</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associated News Service, Hyderabad</td>
<td>Rs. 750/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 9,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press Trust of India, Bombay</td>
<td>Rs. 2,000/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 24,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United News of India, New Delhi</td>
<td>Rs. 2,500/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 30,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India News and Feature Alliance, New Delhi</td>
<td>Rs. 1,560/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 18,720/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: Rs. 77,220/-

(b) The particulars of fees intended to be paid during 1970-71 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For 1970-71</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associated News Service, Hyderabad</td>
<td>Rs. 750/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 9,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press Trust of India, Bombay</td>
<td>Rs. 2,000/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 24,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United News of India, New Delhi</td>
<td>Rs. 2,500/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 30,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India News and Feature Alliance, New Delhi</td>
<td>Rs. 1,560/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 18,720/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deccan News Service, Hyderabad</td>
<td>Rs. 1,250/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 15,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United News Service, Hyderabad</td>
<td>Rs. 1,250/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 15,000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign News &amp; Features, New Delhi</td>
<td>Rs. 500/- P.M.</td>
<td>Rs. 6,000/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: Rs. 70,978/-

AD HOC PUBLICATIONS

37.—(226) Q.— Sri Badri Vishal Pitti:— Will the hon. Minister for Information and Public Relations be pleased to state:

Whether the yearwise particulars of the Ad Hoc Publications showing the following details for the period from 1967-68 to 1969-70 and as proposed for 1970-71, will be placed on the Table of the House:

(i) Name and Language,
(ii) Number of copies,
(iii) Expenditure on each,
(iv) Price of each publication?

A.—

A statement is placed on the Table of the House.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Publication</th>
<th>Language</th>
<th>No. of copies printed</th>
<th>Cost of Printing</th>
<th>Price per copy</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Electricity</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>Printed at Swarajya Printing</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>Press, Hyderabad, totally Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Paanchayatirajyamlo</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Our High Way</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Labour welfare</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Bangaru Pantulu</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Social Welfare</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Our Irrigation</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Industries</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Cropping pattern for 1967-68 under Nagarjunasagar Project</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>Printed at Government Printing Press</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Land Development for wet cultivation by manual labour</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>Printed at Govt. Printing Press</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Name of the Publication</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td>No. of copies printed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Land Development for irrigation dry crops</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Pamphlet on Root vegetables</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Soil Test Report</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Soil Assesment Report and Fertilizer manual and other</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Recommendations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Adoni Cotton</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Know about your cotton</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Pick your cotton clean</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Procure more cotton to save foreign exchange</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Soil Sample information sheet</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Mixed cropping is beneficial to farmers</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Recommendation on Fertilizer Schedules</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Booklet on cotton in Andhra Pradesh</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1968-69
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cost of Printing</th>
<th>Price per copy</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at Govt. Printing Press</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Priced Rs.1/- per copy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Rampalhina or H.S. Place</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Land Development under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nagerihamner Project</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Pomegranate</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Pomegranate</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Pomegranate</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Pomegranate</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Pomegranate</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>L.R. 26-s</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>L.R. 8-s</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Preparation of Fruit squashes</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Chilises crop</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Oil seeds</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Booklet: names of practices for vegetable cultivation</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Project Development and Dissemination from Co-operative Telugu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Beach Timings and Fish Purchases</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Cole crops</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Name of the Publication</td>
<td>Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Nagarjunasagar Development Scheme</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Towards one Million K.W.</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Velupanchi</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Nagarjunasagar</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Nagarjunasagar</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Andhra Pradesh folder</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Prevention of blindness day</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Prevention of blindness day</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Meeku Telusa</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Nehru Zoological Park</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>11th Andhra Pradesh inauguration Day</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>11th Andhra Pradesh inauguration Day²</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Hyderabad city supplementary guides</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of Printing</td>
<td>Price per copy</td>
<td>Remarks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at Govt. Printing Press Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32. Hyderabad city guide Map</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33. Rashtra Janamorostavu</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>1,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34. Rashtra Janamorostavu</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. Our forest</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1969 - 70</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Sannakuru rithildu sejum</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Krishna Pushkaran</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Krishna Pushkaran</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Industrial supplement to Andhra Pradesh</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Industrial supplement to Andhra Pradesh</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Facts about Telangana</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Facts about Telangana</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at Govt. Press, Paper cost Rs. 867.00 was purchased for printing. Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at Govt. Printing Press Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at Govt. Press, an amount of Rs. 5062/- spent for purchase of paper and payment of block making charges Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at Govt. Printing Press Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at A.P. Text Book Press paid Rs. 10,049 towards printing charges including cost of paper. Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Name of the Publication</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Prime Minister’s Statement in Lok Sabha 8 point programme</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Prime Minister’s Statement in Lok Sabha 8 point programme</td>
<td>English</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Urdu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>2000 additional jobs for Telangana</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>English</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Industrial Development in Telangana</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>English</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>C. M’s Broadcast Telugu</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Telangana &amp; Employment</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>United we stand</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>United we stand</td>
<td>English</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Telangana &amp; Employment</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Cyclone Havoc in A. F.</td>
<td>English</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Cyclone Havoc in A. F.</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of copies printed</td>
<td>Cost of Printing</td>
<td>Price per copy</td>
<td>Remarks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>Printed at Govt. Printing Press</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>Printed at M/s. Kamal Printers</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>Paid Rs. 10500 towards printing charges including cost of paper</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>Printed at Govt. Printing Press</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,00,000</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>Printed at A.P. Text Book Press</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>Paid Rs. 16000 towards Free printing charges including cost of paper</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>Printed at A.P. Text Book Press</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>Paid Rs. 11000 towards Free printing charges including cost of paper</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>Paid Rs. 11000 towards Free printing charges including cost of paper</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td>Price</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>Irrigation &amp; Power Project in India after Independence</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.</td>
<td>Regional Development in A.P.</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.</td>
<td>Hotel Guide</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.</td>
<td>City Guide</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26.</td>
<td>Vanamahotsa folder</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27.</td>
<td>Smt K. Nagawarka Prasadani Souvenir</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28.</td>
<td>Lepakshi</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.</td>
<td>N. P. N. L. Censor</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.</td>
<td>Drying method of paddy cultivation</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31.</td>
<td>Sugarcane cultivation in A.P.</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32.</td>
<td>Booklet on Agriculture in Nizamabad</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33.</td>
<td>Marketing of Virginia Tobacco</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34.</td>
<td>Caring of Virginia</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35.</td>
<td>F. C. V. Tobacco cultivation in A. P.</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36.</td>
<td>Leaflet on Java</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sl. No.</td>
<td>Name of the Publication</td>
<td>Language</td>
<td>No. of copies printed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37.</td>
<td>Our making</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38.</td>
<td>Revolutionary methods of Agricultural practices</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39.</td>
<td>Agricultural Finance to Farm</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40.</td>
<td>Leaflet on Guava and Cucumbers</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41.</td>
<td>Leaflet on Tubers crops</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42.</td>
<td>Agricultural Finance to Farm</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43.</td>
<td>High on Graduates and Farmers</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44.</td>
<td>Cultivation of Turmeric in A.P.</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45.</td>
<td>Leaflet on 'Puduma'</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970-71</td>
<td>High yielding varieties of wheat</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Brochure on Nagera Sugar project Cultivation practices</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of Printing</td>
<td>Price per copy</td>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at Govt. Printing Press</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Preventive measures on Paddy</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Grafts in Nizamabad Dist.</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 24,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Pesticide management</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
<td>Telugu 20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Pesticide management</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Telugu 25,000</td>
<td>English 5000</td>
<td>Telugu 10,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Printed at Govt. Printing Press Free
do Free
do Free
do Free
Printed at A.P. Text Book Press Free
paid Rs. 830/- towards printing charges including cost of paper.
Printed at Govt. Printing Press Free
do Free
do Free
do Free

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name of the Publication</th>
<th>Language</th>
<th>No. of copies printed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Wild life sanctuaries of A. P.</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Telugu Pratishrey am Koam</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>1,20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Nagarjunaanagar water for 1.1 lakh acres</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Need for new out look</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Need for new out look</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Naxalite Violence in A. P.</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Naxalite Violence in A. P.</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Mana Charitra Sandhusti (Our History and Culture)</td>
<td>Telugu</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Cost of Printing per copy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at M/s. T.N.R.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at Govt.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing Press</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printed at A.P. Text</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Book Press</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bills awaited.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REPAIRS TO TANK IN THE GAJAPATHINAGARAM TALUK

30th November, 1970, 313

38—

124 (1930) Q.— Sastri V. Narayana Appala Naidu and M. Venkataramen Naidu — Will the hon. Minister for the Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government are aware of the fact that the ayacut tanks in (1) Gobhiyam, (2) Porathi, (3) Dathi Rajeru, (4) Medipalli etc., villages, in the newly formed Gajapathinagaram taluk have not been repaired for the last some years; and

(b) Whether necessary action will be taken to repair the tanks which are in a bad condition?

A —

(a) & (b). The position regarding the repairs carried out to the tanks in the villages, referred to, is indicated below:

(1) Gobhiyam: There are no irrigation sources in these two villages.

(2) Porathi: Village charge of P.W.D.

(3) Dathi Rajeru Villages:— There are two irrigation tanks viz.,

(a) Appalaraju tank and (b) Vijayarama Sagaram tank.

(a) Appalaraju tank: Repairs were carried out in 1961-62 at an estimated cost of Rs. 6,300.

(b) Vijayarama Sagaram: Repairs were carried out in 1963-64 at an estimated cost of Rs. 8,450.

(4) Pedamedapalli village:— There is only one tank called "Butchamma Tank". This is repaired every year.

MINOR IRRIGATION GRANTS

39—

411 (230) Q.— Dr. M. B. Parankusam — Will the hon. Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) The district-wise amount of grants sanctioned in 1969-70 towards the normal maintenance of minor irrigation sources, when the same has been released, and whether their amounts have been spent completely;

(b) Whether it is a fact that the normal maintenance grant for Srikakulam district is being reduced gradually; and

(c) The amount sought by the Public Works Department authorities of Srikakulam district for the purpose of 'Restoration' and the amount sanctioned by the Government in 1969-70.

A —

A statement, showing the district-wise amounts of grants sanctioned in 1969-70 towards the normal maintenance charges of Minor Irrigation Sources including pumping schemes and the amounts released and spent during 1969-70, is enclosed.
No Sir, the reduction in the allotment of grants for Srikakulam District had to be made only in the revised estimate for 1968-69, keeping in view the progress of expenditure and the requirements during that year.

An amount of Rs. 8.38 lakhs was allotted to Srikakulam District during 1969-70 for the Minor Irrigation Programme which included "Restoration" works also. An expenditure of Rs. 8.40 lakhs was incurred.
The district-wise amounts of grant sanctioned in 1969-70 towards the normal maintenance charges of Minor Irrigation Sources including pumping schemes and the amounts spent during 1969-70.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of district</th>
<th>Vote on account 4/69 to 9/69 distributed on 22-4-69</th>
<th>Final budget 10/69 to 3/70 distributed on 3-12-69</th>
<th>Total B. L. 69-70</th>
<th>Final grant 69-70 distributed on 18-2-70</th>
<th>Expenditure 1969-70</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>3,28,800</td>
<td>3,41,200</td>
<td>6,70,000</td>
<td>7,65,700</td>
<td>8,05,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>6,73,500</td>
<td>6,84,200</td>
<td>9,58,000</td>
<td>10,02,500</td>
<td>10,04,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>95,800</td>
<td>94,200</td>
<td>1,90,000</td>
<td>7,00,000</td>
<td>8,66,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>1,63,200</td>
<td>1,78,800</td>
<td>3,42,000</td>
<td>3,67,000</td>
<td>3,71,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>7,05,100</td>
<td>7,01,900</td>
<td>14,07,000</td>
<td>15,00,000</td>
<td>15,03,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>52,100</td>
<td>62,900</td>
<td>1,15,000</td>
<td>83,000</td>
<td>79,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>3,49,400</td>
<td>3,69,200</td>
<td>7,18,600</td>
<td>11,69,000</td>
<td>11,88,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>1,69,800</td>
<td>1,18,200</td>
<td>2,88,000</td>
<td>3,75,000</td>
<td>2,96,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>82,100</td>
<td>83,600</td>
<td>1,65,800</td>
<td>2,47,000</td>
<td>2,53,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>1,15,300</td>
<td>1,46,300</td>
<td>2,62,000</td>
<td>4,42,000</td>
<td>4,55,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>79,800</td>
<td>90,200</td>
<td>1,69,000</td>
<td>1,96,000</td>
<td>1,98,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>86,600</td>
<td>85,400</td>
<td>1,72,000</td>
<td>2,33,000</td>
<td>2,29,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>2,76,700</td>
<td>1,76,400</td>
<td>3,55,400</td>
<td>3,29,400</td>
<td>2,91,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>3,97,400</td>
<td>2,99,600</td>
<td>5,94,000</td>
<td>7,21,800</td>
<td>7,41,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>1,97,200</td>
<td>2,02,200</td>
<td>3,99,400</td>
<td>3,93,000</td>
<td>3,95,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>3,40,400</td>
<td>3,07,600</td>
<td>5,89,000</td>
<td>7,17,500</td>
<td>7,05,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Mahbubnagar</td>
<td>2,39,400</td>
<td>2,39,000</td>
<td>4,98,800</td>
<td>4,98,000</td>
<td>5,77,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>2,94,300</td>
<td>2,99,700</td>
<td>5,88,000</td>
<td>6,53,000</td>
<td>6,39,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>1,74,900</td>
<td>1,89,100</td>
<td>3,61,000</td>
<td>4,73,000</td>
<td>3,76,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>91,900</td>
<td>1,03,100</td>
<td>1,95,000</td>
<td>2,04,400</td>
<td>1,75,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>39,05,000</td>
<td>41,33,000</td>
<td>80,37,000</td>
<td>101,27,900</td>
<td>99,19,300</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** In Visakhapatnam District, an expenditure of Rs. 3,32,300/- is reported to have been incurred on maintenance and repairs from out of famine funds in addition to normal grant.
Announcement

30th November, 1970.

EXPORT OF GRAPES

Q:—
(1) Whether there is any proposal with the Government to find export market for the ‘Grapes’ grown in and around Hyderabad City; and
(2) Whether it is a fact that the prices of grapes have fallen very steeply this year?

A:—
(a) The Department of Commerce and Export Promotion has been generally exploring marketing possibilities in foreign countries for grapes grown in and around Hyderabad. The difficulty in promoting export of grapes is the high Air-freight charges.
(b) Yes.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Mr. Deputy Speaker: I am to announce to the House that under Rule 1 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules, election of the Speaker will be held on Thursday the 3rd December, 1970 at a meeting of the Assembly under sub-rule (2) of the Rule 7 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules. The nomination papers for the election of the Speaker shall be delivered to the Secretary in person either by the proposer or the candidate nominated, before noon on Wednesday the 2nd December, 1970.

Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— Since the election of the Speaker is fast approaching and nominations are called for, I want to invite your kind attention to what transpired on the 4th August, before the House adjourned. May I read, Sir?

Mr. Deputy Speaker: * * Who will be able to reply?

Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao: You please hear the extract, Sir.

— "Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— The former Speaker Mr B. V. Reddy raised on the other day three important issues: The first issue was the contempt of the House and was voted down. There are other two issues, i.e. who are responsible for this inordinate delay; whether they are Ministers or Departmental Heads or whoever they may be, what is the action that is proposed by this House to prevent such lapses in future. These two issues..."
November, 1970.

Announcement

re: Election of the Speaker

are lying. What action the Government proposes to take and if
the Government fails, what action does the Deputy Speaker pro-
pose to take to prevent such lapses and to safeguard the rights
of the Members?

Mr. Deputy Speaker — Let the Leader of the House and all
the party leaders decide on this.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao — Kindly convene a meeting.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — You are perfectly right in reading
the extract, when I said that the Deputy Speaker will decide.
Now, it is for me to convene a meeting. But that does not stop
the election of the Speaker because you made a reference that the
election is fast approaching, etc. I am committed to that and
I will look into this.

Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao — Let me clarify, Sir. Why
I have mentioned was, if the same Speaker, as is now reported in
the Press is going to be elected, will it not be embarrassing for him
to convene a conference of Leaders of the Opposi-
tion and Leader of the House to settle the issues that are still
remaining unsettled. It is a commitment on the part of the
Deputy Speaker. Therefore, my request is not to postpone the
election and not to interfere with the election. But my request
to the Deputy Speaker is to convene the meeting before 3rd
December, 1970.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — Before 3rd December, it may not
be possible. I will look into the matter so to when it would be
possible to have a meeting.

Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao — Or in the alternative, who is
going to convene a meeting. If the same Speaker is going to
come, it is embarrassing to him.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — He could do it. There is no objec-
tion.

Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao — Those issues remain unset-
tled. When those things are still unsettled and he is going to be
re-elected again, if the reports are correct, how can we approach
him? He may reject our request. It is your commitment. It has
gone on record. Therefore, my submission is that it is incumbent
Business of the House
30th November, 1970

on the part of the Deputy Speaker to fulfill the promise given by
him on 4th August to convene a meeting with the Leaders of the
Opposition along with the Leader of the House to settle those un-
satisfied issues.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — It is my responsibility. I will look
into that. I cannot say that I will convene a meeting either on
2nd or 3rd. It is between me and the Speaker as to take the
delagation of powers or permission for myself.

Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao — Are we to take that even
after the election of the next Speaker: the Deputy Speaker will
stand by his commitment to convene a meeting with the Leaders
of the Opposition and the Leader of the House at the earliest
possible date, after obtaining the delegation or permission of the Spea-
ker. May I understand like that? Some kind of assurance
must forth coming from you on a vital issue like this.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — I will look into it.

Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao — Can we expect a ruling on
2nd?

Mr. Deputy Speaker — No ruling is required. I said I am
committed to that.

Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao — When are you going to ful-
fill commitment?

Mr. Deputy Speaker — That I will look into it.

Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao — I will raise it again on 2nd,
Sir.

Sri C. V. K. Rao — It is connected with this. It is because
of a new Speaker comes, it is an embarrassing position. That is
my request. The personality also comes. The Speaker resigned.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — On this I have already informed.
I wanted to hear you. He has brought something to my notice
and I have answered. What is embarrassing and what is not em-
barassing, what is constitutional and what is not constitutional,
we look into it.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri A. Madas Mohan — On the basis of integration, Hon-
Minister for Labour, recently in Vijayawada had made a state-
ment that he is going to resign from his Ministership and also
from his constituency and fight the election on the integration
and separation. As the hon. Minister was not in the House yester-
day, Mr. Speaker was pleased to say that only after he enter into
the House, the question will be put. Now I would like to have an

320 30th November, 1970, Business of the House

answer from him when he is resigning his Ministership as well as from his M.L.A. ship and fight the election on the basis of integration and separation. Since he gave the challenge we have also accepted the challenge.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — This is on the information of the Papers you are just trying to seek information from him.

Sri A. Madan Mohan — He made the statement.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — I would like to know whether you are seeking information on the basis of what is published in the News paper.

Sri A. Madan Mohan — Yes. What is published in the News paper.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — I will call for answer.

The Minister for Labour (Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy) — I am answering.

Sri A. Madan Mohan — He made the statement.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — I would like to know whether you are seeking the information on the basis of what is published in the News paper.

Sri A. Madan Mohan — Yes. What is published in the News paper.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — I will call for answer.

The Minister for Labour (Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy) — I am answering.

Sri A. Madan Mohan — In fact what he has stated and what has been reported in the newspapers is something different from what he is now speaking. He said actually that he is prepared to
resign from his Ministership as well as from his constituency on the issue of integration and separation. We had accepted this challenge of hon. Minister. Now actually he deviated from his stand.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— What he said here, we have to take into account.

Sri K. Ramanatham:— How is it relevant?

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— Now the hon. Minister has deviated from his stand. He is going back to what has been said and what has been reported in the newspapers on the floor of the House. Still whether will he accept what has been committed now by him? Either any of us or anybody on our behalf—let him choose the constituency. Let him resign and come.

Sri G. Sanjiva Reddy:— There must be some clarification from your side. The hon. Member has entered the House newly. I have given the same statement in this House as submitted to the Member. No question of any change. I accepted their challenge. All the members of the Assembly . . . .

(Many interruptions)

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— It is not as you said.

Sri G. Sanjiva Reddy:— All the members of the Assembly who are elected on Congress ticket and who joined T. P. S. I have given the challenge.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— The entire House is a witness to what he has said now on the floor of the House. He is prepared to resign from his constituency and he has asked one of us to resign from our constituency and he is prepared to stand in that constituency and fight on this issue. But now he is changing. We have accepted it.

Sri G. Sanjiva Reddy:— I am saying here today, I am asking the members who have joined the T. P. S. This is my statement.

Here, member is trying to misinterpret my statement.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— It is not as you said.
322  30th November, 1970,

**Business of the House**

---

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Sir, are you allowing challenges on the Floor of the House with regard to the elections and all that. I am seeing a very extraordinary procedure.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— The challenge has been thrown out by hon. Minister. Let the Leader of the House know it. The challenge has been thrown out by the hon. Minister and this House accepted it.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Whether challenges by this side or that side what I want to submit to the House is that this is not a place for challenges or the forum for challenges.

Sri A. Madan Mohan: The leader of the House was not present in the House when the hon. Minister for Labour has given the challenge to the opposition side.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Whether the Labour Minister gives or some other body gives, it is not correct now. It is not proper also. After all hundreds of elections are fought on issues. But there are problems and troubles. They cannot be solved by challenges and counter challenges. They must be understood, appreciated and solutions found. By mere challenges nothing is solved. We are not helping the State. We are not helping to solve the problems.

Sri G. Rajaram:— What about your colleague?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— I am telling about my colleague also. I am telling everybody in the House. After all elections are fought on political issues. But so many things will come. I also suggest that this has nothing to do with the Assembly. Friends who are interested in the solution of any problem, whether it is Telangana Problem, or any other problem, they cannot be solved by mere emotions or by mere challenges and counter challenges. They must be understood, appreciated and solutions found. I submit that these questions, even if they arise at public meetings addressed by any political party, need not from the subject matter of discussion, in this House. Hundreds of things may be said by some people either with or in a different context, we need not better about it. They will be answered politically on a
323 - 30th November, 1970, Business of the House

political platform. Therefore, my submission to the House is ... (interruption from Sri Konda Laskshman Rejuji) So far as I am concerned and so far as the House is concerned, I would earnestly request the House not to take cognizance of any challenges by any body.

Sri A. Madan Mohan — It is unfortunate that the Leader of the House is giving information to the House deliberately, wil-fully and intentionally deviating from the facts of the case. (Interruption from the Chair) I have not used any unparliamentary language nor made any departure from it.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — Insinuations also should be avoided. You have used 'deliberately,' 'wilfully,' etc.

Sri A. Madan Mohan — There is no insinuation. It is parliamentary. I know my limitations and I am speaking within parliamentary conventions. Actually, the Minister for Labour has said it in the Vijayawada meeting. It is not a matter involving individuals fighting. It is a question of issue involved. It is actually an issue which has been burning for the last 17 months. He has made a statement. It is not we that have issued the statement. Being a colleague of him, it is for the Chief Minister to rebuke him and he is not prepared for that. As TUF people we are prepared to contest. Actually when the Minister came to the House we did put the question whether he is resigning. Here, there has been a deviation in his part. So, it has become a matter of importance for this House because it is an issue. We actually discuss here many of the issues which concern the people. The Leader of the House cannot say that this issue is not important, and he is afraid.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy — We are not debating on that issue.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — May I request you to conclude?

Challenges and counter-challenges should not be discussed in this House.

Sri A. Madan Mohan — It is not a question of challenge. It has some background.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — I would request all the Members not to give vent to their feelings in this way in this House. (To Sri A. Madan Mohan) Please conclude.

Sri A. Madan Mohan — Most respectfully, I would submit to the Chair that I am not speaking of challenges and counter-challenges. It is a matter of issue. On that issue, the Minister said something and we should discuss it out and we will take it up in right earnest now.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— It is closed now.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— Let the hon. Minister say that he has withdrawn it.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— He has given his explanation.

Sri A. Madan Mohan:— That explanation is not satisfactory.

(At this stage Sri G. Venkata Reddy rose to speak and many Members were on their legs.)

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Can you kindly close this?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I can.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Please do it without any waste of time.

(At this stage Sri Srinivasa Chetty and Sri P. Govardhana Reddy rose on their legs.)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— This discussion is closed.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— I have got another item.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— It is 11 O'clock now.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— I have given notice of two adjournment motions.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— It is an urgent matter and it has relevance. Yesterday you said you will call me... I would request the Chief Minister to explain to the House why he should not resign on the defeat of the Government Bill day before yesterday.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I have not allowed that.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— But he has rushed to the Press.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— I want to tell the House clearly that the Ministry or any Minister will not resign at the wish or the caprice or any suggestion of any Member.

(Cries of 'shame', 'shame')

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:— (Inaudible)

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Somehow, unfortunately confusion is prevailing. One Member put a question and I answered it. Some other Member misunderstood it. This is a different thing. Therefore, Sir, kindly go to the next subject.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The zero hour is over now. Let us go to the next item. Otherwise we cannot finish the work. We shall take up the remaining matters tomorrow.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— Sir, I have given notice of an adjournment motion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I will come to it.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I have already stated that the matter is over. Tomorrow if you have got anything you can raise. Whatever I have said applies to Mr. Purushotham Rao.

Sri T. Purushotham Rao:— I have given one notice under Rule 74. What happened to it, Sir?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I will look into it.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— What is the good? Rule 74 is no good, Sir. My respectful submission to you is this. Rule 74 is different and that is not given notice by me.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— You can have your observations on 4th.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— What is the good? Rule 74 is limited in scope whereas the scope of Adjournment Motion is very wide. Therefore, my submission to the House is, please allow the adjournment motion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I have already disallowed it.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— Excuse me, Sir. We have to protest. Then, what about the M.B.B.S. students' admission?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I will look into that.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— It is very important as it affects the educational career of students for one year.

Sri P. Subbiah:— I have given notice of an adjournment motion 3 days ago. It has not yet come up. The motion pertains to the removal of huts.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Members know particularly that when the motion is disallowed it is referred to them and they need not raise it again.

Sri P. Subbiah:— It is an urgent matter.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— When it is disallowed, members know it, how could they raise it here? Under what rule?
Sri P. Subbiah:— Rose
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— You can’t challenge that. If every member gives notice of an adjournment motion, it is not allowed automatically.
Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:— It has not been disallowed. Any way, it is not communicated. That is why, we are bringing to your notice.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Then, it will be brought to his notice. If it is not communicated to the member, it will be communicated.
Sri P. Subbiah:— Rose
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I am not allowing you to speak on that.
Sri K. Govinda Rao:— Please see that it is allowed tomorrow.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Whether it is allowed or not, if it is not communicated to you, office will be informing you properly with reasons etc. But what you are doing is not the procedure or the convention. If members say that whatever they raise should be allowed, I am only sorry for it.
Sri P. Subbiah:— You must have the patience, Sir.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I will see that it is immediately communicated to you within 24 or 48 hours. I will see to it. As far as I remember, I have disallowed it.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: I will tell the procedure. When the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker disallows it, it is communicated to the member. If the member feels that the opinion should be revised he should go to the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker and convince him “this is the parliamentary procedure which all the Speakers or all the Legislatures have established”. So, he should convince the Speaker and if the Speaker feels that there is some point in it, he generally allows it.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:— We are not disputing on the procedural point.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Mr. Subbaiah has challenged it.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:— It is not his intention. He was trying to convince you.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— If he comes to me and convinces me, I shall revise my stand.

Sri P. Subbaiah:— What happened to my motion? Kindly hear me for a minute?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— No; not on this issue.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— That will come on the 4th. You can discuss on it.

Sri S. Jagannatham:— When the previous Speaker was there, he was allowing a number of Call Attention Motions. Our request is you may be kind enough to continue the same practice.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— I will look into it. We will try to cover every call attention motion that has been admitted.

CALLING ATTENTION TO A MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE
re: Plight of Burma Repatriates at Visakhapatnam.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Reading of newspapers in the House is objectionable.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Reading of newspapers in the House is objectionable.
330 30th November, 1970. Calling attention to a matter of Urgent Public Importance:
re: Plight of Burma Repatriates at Visakhapatnam.

Sri G. Sanjiva Reddy: In Visakhapatnam District there are at present 4,089 families of Burma Repatriates. In addition 60 families of Burma Repatriates are in Anantapur Transit Camp at Visakhapatnam who arrived during October and November, 1970. Many of these Repatriates are petty shop-keepers, Vegetable Vendors, Laundriyans, Cooks, Tailors, Mechanics and Fishermen. Out of them 2,096 families were permanently rehabilitated by providing employment in Government Offices in Private and Public Sector Industries and in Rehabilitation schemes as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No. of Repatriates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Government Offices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Public Sector Industries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Private Sector Industries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Modern Industries (Hastinapur in U.P.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Antheergon Spinning Mills (Karimnagar District)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Nellore Co-operative Spinning Mills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Rajahmundry Spinning Mills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Nellore Co-operative Spin Mills (Karimnagar District)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Deep Sea Fishing Scheme (on 5 mechanised fishing boats in Visakhapatnam)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Autorickshaw Scheme (30 autorickshaws)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Business loans amounting to Rs. 36,993/- were sanctioned to Repatriates for employing themselves in some trades or business in which they had previous experience.

Under housing loan scheme an amount of Rs. 30,00,000/- was sanctioned to 314 Burma Repatriates for construction of houses. A further amount of Rs. 2,00,000/- was sanctioned during 1970-71 to the Collector, Visakhapatnam for sanctioning housing loans to
Calling attention to a matter of Urgent Public Importance: Plight of Burma Repatriates at Visakhapatnam.

Burma Repatriates. In addition to the housing loans the Town Planning Trust, Visakhapatnam was entrusted with the construction of 257 houses to Burma Repatriates. Out of these houses, 133 houses at Collegelakes were completed and allotted to the Repatriates by lots. The construction of the remaining houses would be taken up shortly.

97 Bunks for rehabilitating 97 Burma Repatriates permanently were constructed at Visakhapatnam, Anakapalli and Narsipatnam through the concerned Municipalities and leased out to Burma Repatriates for carrying on their business. During 1969-70 an amount of Rs. 5,25,000/- was sanctioned in the Collector, Visakhapatnam for construction of about 572 more bunks for leasing out to Burma Repatriates on reasonable rent for the permanent rehabilitation of 572 families.

The State Government is also examining to press the Government of India for a provision of Rs. 4.23 crores for business loans and Rs. 4.02 crores for housing loans to be extended to all the Burma Repatriates in the State.

It has been verified from the District Revenue Authorities, Visakhapatnam that there are no Burma Repatriates in the Streets of Visakhapatnam.

The Government shares the anxiety of the hon. Member in extending all relief to the Burma Repatriates and I may inform the House that the Government are taking adequate measures for the Rehabilitation of Burma Repatriates in Visakhapatnam and elsewhere.

...
332 30th November, 1970.

Government Bill:

Mr. Speaker:— Papers laid on the Table.

GOVERNMENT BILL

THE ANDHRA PRADESH (AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE AND LIVESTOCK) MARKETS (AMENDMENT AND VALIDATION) BILL, 1970.

The Minister for Marketing (Sri Ramachander Rao Kalyan):— Sir, I beg to move that the Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock) Markets (Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1970 be read a first time.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE


Sri C. Raja Narasimha, (Minister for Housing and Accommodation):— Sir, I beg to lay on the Table copies of the Housing Programme for 1970—71, the Budget Estimate for 1970—71 and the schedule of staff of Andhra Pradesh Housing Board as required under Section 26 of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board Act, 1936.

Sir, I also beg to lay on the Table copies of the Annual Report of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board for the year 1969—70 as required under Section 65 of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board Act, 1936.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Papers laid on the Table.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE


Sri C. Raja Narasimha, (Minister for Housing and Accommodation):— Sir, I beg to lay on the Table copies of the Housing Programme for 1970—71, the Budget Estimate for 1970—71 and the schedule of staff of Andhra Pradesh Housing Board as required under Section 26 of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board Act, 1936.

Sir, I also beg to lay on the Table copies of the Annual Report of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board for the year 1969—70 as required under Section 65 of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board Act, 1936.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Papers laid on the Table.

GOVERNMENT BILL

THE ANDHRA PRADESH (AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE AND LIVESTOCK) MARKETS (AMENDMENT AND VALIDATION) BILL, 1970.

The Minister for Marketing (Sri Ramachander Rao Kalyan):— Sir, I beg to move that the Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock) Markets (Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1970 be read a first time.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE


Sri C. Raja Narasimha, (Minister for Housing and Accommodation):— Sir, I beg to lay on the Table copies of the Housing Programme for 1970—71, the Budget Estimate for 1970—71 and the schedule of staff of Andhra Pradesh Housing Board as required under Section 26 of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board Act, 1936.

Sir, I also beg to lay on the Table copies of the Annual Report of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board for the year 1969—70 as required under Section 65 of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board Act, 1936.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Papers laid on the Table.

GOVERNMENT BILL

THE ANDHRA PRADESH (AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE AND LIVESTOCK) MARKETS (AMENDMENT AND VALIDATION) BILL, 1970.

The Minister for Marketing (Sri Ramachander Rao Kalyan):— Sir, I beg to move that the Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock) Markets (Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1970 be read a first time.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE


Sri C. Raja Narasimha, (Minister for Housing and Accommodation):— Sir, I beg to lay on the Table copies of the Housing Programme for 1970—71, the Budget Estimate for 1970—71 and the schedule of staff of Andhra Pradesh Housing Board as required under Section 26 of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board Act, 1936.

Sir, I also beg to lay on the Table copies of the Annual Report of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board for the year 1969—70 as required under Section 65 of the Andhra Pradesh Housing Board Act, 1936.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Papers laid on the Table.

GOVERNMENT BILL

THE ANDHRA PRADESH (AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE AND LIVESTOCK) MARKETS (AMENDMENT AND VALIDATION) BILL, 1970.
The High Court of Andhra Pradesh held that notification of areas involving a change in the jurisdiction of existing committees was illegal as it contravened the provisions of Section 36 of the Act which required notification of the areas already notified under the repealed Acts and that inclusion of new areas or exclusion of any areas from such notified areas should have been notified separately under Section 3(4). “One non-official from the notified area to be elected from the members of the local co-operative marketing societies and he will be eligible to contest for the office of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the Market Committee.”
Government Bill:
(Referred to Regional Committee).

334 30th November, 1970.

(Referred to Regional Committee).

The following tenors were passed:

5. Resolution:... industrial activities, etc., to be regulated...

6. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

7. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

8. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

9. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

10. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

11. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

12. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

13. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

14. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

15. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

16. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

17. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

18. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

19. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

20. Resolution:... the rate of interest on...

The resolution was adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.

The resolutions were adopted.
Government Bill : 30th November, 1970. 315
(Referred to Regional Committee).


(Referred to Regional Committee).
(Referred to Regional Committee).

(Sri K. Ramanatham in the Chair) — The Bill was read a second time.

B. C. Reddy — amended Clause 10, by replacing the word “shall” with “may.”

Sri R. A. Sharma — The Chairman raised an objection on this amendment.

The object of this amendment is to make the Act more flexible, as it is difficult to determine at the time of enactment how the market operations will function, and the need for some flexibility at a later stage cannot be ruled out.

The amendment will allow the Government to modify the provisions of the Act as and when necessary, without the need for a new amendment, thereby making the Act more flexible and adaptable to changing market conditions.

Mr. Speaker, I urge Members to support this amendment, as it will not only facilitate the proper functioning of the market, but also ensure the smooth operation of the Act.

The amendment will not have any adverse impact on the objectives of the Act, but will only serve to enhance its effectiveness and efficiency.

I request all Members to consider this amendment and support it, as it is in the best interest of the market and its stakeholders.

Mr. Speaker, I thank you for your attention and I urge all Members to support this amendment.

(Sri R. A. Sharma)

The Chair noted the amendment and requested the Members to consider it.

The amendment was passed without any objections.

The Bill was referred to the Committee on Agriculture.


6th November, 1970. 377
Government Bill:
(Referred to Regional Committee.)

338 30th  November, 1970. Government Bill:

(Referred to Regional Committee.)

338 30th  November, 1970. Government Bill:

(Referred to Regional Committee.)

338 30th  November, 1970. Government Bill:

(Referred to Regional Committee.)

338 30th  November, 1970. Government Bill:

(Referred to Regional Committee.)

338 30th  November, 1970. Government Bill:

(Referred to Regional Committee.)

338 30th  November, 1970. Government Bill:

(Referred to Regional Committee.)

338 30th  November, 1970. Government Bill:
Government Bill:
30th November, 1970. 339

The Bill to amend the Andhra Pradesh Markets Act, 1966, for the purpose of providing for the establishment of markets for the purpose of the sale and purchase of agricultural produce and livestock. The Bill also provides for the establishment of a Regional Committee to examine and report on the working of the Act. The Bill is referred to the Regional Committee for consideration.

The Bill seeks to provide for the establishment of markets for the purpose of the sale and purchase of agricultural produce and livestock. The Bill also provides for the establishment of a Regional Committee to examine and report on the working of the Act. The Bill is referred to the Regional Committee for consideration.
Government Bill:
(Referred to Regional Committee).


(Referred to Regional Committee).

Referred to Regional Committee.


(Referred to Regional Committee).

(Referred to Regional Committee)

(Referred to Regional Committee).

(Referred to Regional Committee).

346  30th  November, 1970.

Government Bill:


(Referred to Regional Committee).
Government Bill : 347-
(Referred to Regional Committee).

I know because I am one of the chairmen. We have suggested very good Rules, which the Telangana B3oa. gy-Sa go#go  isa*
It is not just out of anything I am speaking. With experience I am speaking here. We represented before different ministers also. They never understood our points. The chairmen are mere figure-headed there. It is a very important factor in Telangana, in Hyderabad State first introduced for the safeguard of the farmers. It is a very important factor.
Government Bill:  
Government Bill:
(Referred to Regional Committee).

Mr. K. V. Rama: Sir, this Bill has come before the House in order to validate the Ordinance that was passed by the Governor. Time and again, we impress the Government not to resort to this kind of tactics because the Government that comprises men elected by the people should respect the democratic system and democratic institutions. No doubt, the Constitution gives power for the Governor to issue an Ordinance. But, that has to be resorted to only under extraordinary circumstances and in the overall interests of the public. But I fail to understand how this Govern-
Government Bill: 30th November, 1970. 351

ment time and again comes with an Ordinance, irrespective of the House with an objective, with a motive that the House may be side-tracked. There is no such device to prevent the Government to call this House if there is important piece of legislation. They should have; they should have called the House; the House would have met and would have discussed. But that does not suit the Government. I warn this Government that as long as it does not get away from this kind of contemptuous feeling for this House, it will get into a very serious state of affairs. Day before yesterday, what happened? It has scant regard for this House. They should sit in the House; at least the Minister should sit here in order to follow what is happening in the House. Of course, now they are sitting in the House and the Chief Minister is also heading the flock, I am sorry his fellow-men and the Members also are there, to push through the Bill. Let them not resort to this kind of Ordinance. The High Court has given a judgment and have they got any respect to the High Court? What is the judgment? The judgment is that they cannot resort to arbitrary way of including an area into the marketing committee; they should not do it. Where is the judgment? Should they not place before the House a copy of the judgment? That they have not done. This is not in the jurisdiction of the marketing committees and arbitrarily including areas in the marketing committees and thus try to get monies. Of course, this is a Money Bill; Mr. Chairman, you yourself pointed out, for a Money Bill that they should not resort to this kind of Ordinance. But they want to enhance the fees that are to be collected. So, the purpose of the entire Bill appears to be to collect more fees; the purpose of the Bill does not appear to create facilities for the marketing committees; the purpose of the Bill appears to be to nominate some men; the purpose of the Bill appears to be to create somebody and no doubt invest him with some authority, who can dance to the tune of the Ministers, who can call themselves some Committee Members. That is not the way of dealing with any kind of institution. The institution is intended in order to discharge certain responsibilities, in order to facilitate the ryots, in order to see that men discharge their work with regard to the produce that comes to the marketing areas. That being so, this is a Money Bill, the Government should have come before the House. Therefore, it is an arbitrary way of including areas and then nominating some Members. Of course, for Sri Brahmananda Reddy he could nominate all the M. L. As. just as he has nominated the Ministers. So,
that is not the way he should look at this. Is there a judgment?
The court has not given the judgment; the court has given judg-
ment with regard to the arbitrary way of including certain areas
in the jurisdiction of the marketing committee. Taking advantage
of that, the Government should not make it as convenient as
possible. This nomination business is unhygienic and immoral. Let
the Government know that they cannot do things as their sweet
will. Where is the M. L. A.? An M. L. A. is elected on adult
franchise. They do not want to nominate them; they would like
to nominate such men as are indirectly elected. But the election
is there, why should they not stick to it? This kind of
nomination is an unholy business. I therefore request the Govern-
ment to think over the matter. I oppose the enhancement of the
fees. Let the Government not enhance the fees; let the Govern-
ment come before the House so that the House can judge whether
the amounts that are collected and the purpose for which they
have been used are properly done.

Then, another thing is, in order to bring this wonderful ordi-
nance the Government feels it inconvenient to publish the
by-laws of the Marketing Committee in the District Gazette. Is
it an inconvenient or difficult position, Sir? Is it a Herculean
effort for the Government to publish it? Let it be published in
the gazette. We know and you know, Sir, how the District
Gazettes are published. The gazette for 1969 are being distribu-
ted in 1970.

So, on all accounts, this Bill is immoral and illegal. Let the
Government act in this thing. The purpose of the Bill is
genuine, no doubt, the commodities of the ryots must be put to
public sale and proper prices and proper facilities must be given
to them. These aims have to be achieved.

For the above reasons, I have got to oppose the measure.
Government Bill:

30th November, 1970.

(Referred to Regional Committee).

The bill is introduced for the following purposes:

1. To provide for the amendment of the existing Act to provide for the regulation of markets for agricultural produce and livestock.
2. To validate certain provisions of the Act which were declared unconstitutional.

The bill is referred to the Regional Committee for further action.

G. P. R.

SP

Government Bill:
(Referred to Regional Committee).

In the Assemblies of the people of the State of Andhra Pradesh, in the month of November, 1970, the following Bill was passed:


(Referred to Regional Committee).

[Document continues with legislative matters and details regarding the bill.]
Provided that any market committee functioning immediately before such constitution in respect of a notified area abolished under the proviso to clause (c) of sub-section (4) of Section 3 shall stand abolished.

\[\text{Provided the any market committee functioning immediately before such constitution in respect of a notified area abolished under the proviso to clause (c) of sub-section (4) of Section 3 shall stand abolished.}\]

\[\text{Provided the any market committee functioning immediately before such constitution in respect of a notified area abolished under the proviso to clause (c) of sub-section (4) of Section 3 shall stand abolished.}\]

\[\text{Provided the any market committee functioning immediately before such constitution in respect of a notified area abolished under the proviso to clause (c) of sub-section (4) of Section 3 shall stand abolished.}\]
Government Bill:
(Referred to Regional Committee).

30th November, 1970.


(Referred to Regional Committee).

Government Bill: 30th November, 1970. 359

The Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural
Produce and Livestock) Markets
(Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1970.

(Referred to Regional Committee).

The Bill provides for the amendment of the Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock) Markets Act, 1966, to enable the State Government to make rules for the better regulation of markets for agricultural produce and livestock, to provide for the creation, maintenance, and regulation of markets for agricultural produce and livestock, and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

The Bill is an important step towards the development of agricultural markets in the State of Andhra Pradesh. It aims to promote fair trade and protect the interests of farmers and traders by providing a framework for the regulation of agricultural produce and livestock markets.

The Bill is expected to facilitate the smooth functioning of markets, ensure a fair price for agricultural produce, and encourage the development of a vibrant agricultural sector in the State. It will also benefit traders by providing a secure and regulated environment for conducting business transactions.

The Bill is scheduled to be considered and debated in the legislative assembly of the State shortly, and its implementation is anticipated to bring significant changes in the functioning of agricultural markets in Andhra Pradesh.
360 30th November, 1970. Government Bill:
(Referred to Regional Committee.)
Government Bill: 30th November, 1970


(Referred to Regional Committee).
यासका पूरा में बहुत समय चुक गया है। इसी से लगभग मायने बना है। इसलिए यह कारण बन गया है। इसलिए यह कारण बन गया है। इसलिए यह कारण बन गया है।

भारतीय संगठन की सांस्कृतिक पालने बालिका की ही मानक कराया है।

फरवरी के बाद जेबला में इनकार करने वाले हैं। कुछ दिनों में इनकार करने वाले हैं। कुछ दिनों में इनकार करने वाले हैं। कुछ दिनों में इनकार करने वाले हैं। कुछ दिनों में इनकार करने वाले हैं।

(Referred to Regional Committee)

The Bill seeks to amend and validate the existing provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural Produce and Livestock Markets Act, 1957. The amendments are aimed at providing a framework for the regulation of markets, ensuring fair prices for agricultural produce, and promoting the interests of farmers and consumers.

The Bill was referred to the Regional Council, which is responsible for the administration of the State's agricultural markets. The council is expected to consider the Bill and make recommendations regarding its implementation.

The amendments cover various aspects of the market system, including the establishment of market committees, the fixing of market fees, and the regulation of market transactions. The Bill also provides for the appointment of market inspectors and the enforcement of market regulations.

The amendments are intended to improve the functioning of agricultural markets, enhance transparency, and protect the rights of farmers and consumers. The Bill seeks to address concerns regarding the enforcement of existing market regulations and to provide a more robust framework for the management of agricultural markets.

The Regional Council is expected to review the Bill and provide feedback on its provisions. The Bill will be discussed in detail at the council's meetings, with a view to ensuring that it meets the needs of farmers and consumers and contributes to the development of a fair and efficient market system.
(Referred to Regional Committee).

Mr. Chairman:— The question is: "That the Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock) Markets (Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1970 be read a first time."

Motion moved.
The Motion was adopted.

Mr. Chairman:— The question is: "That the Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock) Markets (Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1970 be referred to the Regional Committee for consideration and report to the Assembly."

Motion moved.
The Motion was adopted.
The House stands adjourned till 8.30 A.M. on the 2nd day of December, 1970.