The Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.

Friday, the 27th March, 1970.

The House met at Half past Eight of the Clock.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS
JAWAHAR AUTONAGAR AT VIZAYAWADA

621—

* 234 (1234) Q —D. V. S. Chalapathi R. C. (Vizayawada) :— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is not a fact that the Prime Minister of India laid the foundation stone to “Jawahar Autonagar” at Vizayawada in June, 1966 and if so, to what stage it has developed now, and

(b) when it is going to be opened, and

(c) whether the hon. Minister will be pleased to place a statement on the table of the House giving the details of the scheme?

The Chief Minister (Sri. K. Brahmananda Reddy) :—(a) and (b) The Prime Minister of India has laid the foundation stone on 25-6-1963. Government have acquired an extent of 273.05 acres of land and has divided this into 152 plots. These have been allotted to 624 parties. Out of these plots construction of 87 buildings has been completed and 30 of these units have already gone into production. Construction of 162 buildings is under various stages. The question of any formal inauguration and opening would be considered after the entire scheme is executed.

(c) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.
STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
STARRED. A. Q. NO. 234 (1:31) ANSWER TO CLAUSE (c)—[° 621]

A number of Auto-Servicing and Repairing Shops were concentrated in Vijayawada city leading to acute congestion and constituting a health hazard. Non-availability of adequate land stood as a barrier against technological advancement of the auto-industry in the city. The industry could not avail the various facilities offered by the Banking agencies for construction of factory sheds and purchase of machinery due to lack of land. With a view to enable these servicing and repairing units to expand and diversify, Govt. decided that these may be shifted outside the city and for this purpose ordered the acquisition and a development of a large area contiguous to the Industrial Estate. The scheme envisaged (a) provision of small developed plots to interested auto-mechanic and other allied industrialists and (b) provision of common servicing and manufacturing facilities normally not available with the small entrepreneurs. Under this scheme the allottees have to pay 28% of the cost of land, including development charges in advance.

All the servicing and manufacturing Industrial Units are eligible for financial assistance to the extent of 66 2/3% of the cost of developed land from the State Bank of India.

If any additional amount is to be spent on original development the same will be recovered from the allottees. To facilitate this an agreement is got executed by the allottees and there is a specific clause in the agreement whereby the allottees agree to pay to the department the difference in the cost of land inclusive of development charges.

The cost of the land together with developmental charges will be recovered from the allottees in 5 years.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I have told you Sir. Out of these units, construction of 87 building have been completed and 36 of these units have already gone into production. Construction of 162 buildings is under various stages. Active steps are being taken to see that these automobiles go there.
but it is going on progressively well. I think you are native of that place. You can visit and find out the difficulties also and if there are anything you can tell the Government.

**Administrative Staff in Sir Silk Limited**

(a) whether it is a fact that tripartite agreement entered into by the Government with Birla and the Sir Silk provides a condition that the management should employ at least 5% of the administrative staff domiciled in the State;

(b) if so, whether the management of Sir Silk is strictly implementing it;

(c) whether the State Government had employed any methods to ensure or test-check whether the above use is being fully and faithfully implemented;

(d) the number of persons employed in this Company among the Administrative Staff (including officers and staff) from both among the domiciled people and outside the State, since the last five years;

(e) the number of (i) Telugu speaking people, (ii) non-Telugus and (iii) the number of Marathis out of the non-Telugus among the officers and staff (Separate figures regarding both); and

(f) whether the Government propose to see that all the Telugu staff are confirmed immediately?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—(a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Periodical reports are scrutinised by the Government.

(d) and (e) A statement is placed on the table of the House. As will be seen from the statement the Company maintains information on the basis of domiciled and non-domicile only.

(f) Confirmation of staff is made on the basis of certain agreed administrative principles which are embodied in the standing orders of the Company.
STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE IN REPLY TO CLAUSE -(b&f) OF SHORT NOTICE QUESTION NO 1731-X. [* 622]

SIRSLIK LIMITED

OTHER THAN LABOUR:
(a) Domiciled in Andhra Pradesh.
(b) Domiciled outside Andhra Pradesh.

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Are you prepared to give particulars in regard to 50% of domiciled people i.e., each category of staff, say officers etc.?

Sri K. Brahmamanda Reddy: Staff includes officers also.

Sri A. Madava Rao: We have no objection for domiciling. But so many domiciled and employment is provided. So far as they are concerned, something is going.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy: — We will try to get close particulars regarding the staff.

**Loans Given to Sir Silk**

*(30 9.2-E) Q.— Sarvasri A. Madhava Rao and T. S. Murthy: — Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government have advanced a loan of Rs. 3 crores to M/s. Sir Silk in 1953 at a very very cheap rate of 7.5%?

(b) whether it is a fact that this loan has not been repaid so far and interest on the same has also not been increased?

(c) if so, the reasons therefore;

(d) whether it is a fact that the P.A.C. in their report have taken objection to this huge investment made by the Government without any substantial progress in the work as of the company;

(e) whether the Government now propose to convert this loan into equity shares to have an effective control over the management of the company, in view of its poor working and also in view of the adverse comments made by the Industrial Licensing Policy Inquiry Committee against the Birla concerns and its fraudulent accounting practices and as the Committee have also recommended a further probe into the affairs of Rayon Industry of Birlas having formed a prima facie case; and

(f) whether the Government will place on the Table of the house a copy of the original agreement and also the loan agreement entered into between them and the Birlas and the company?

Sri K. Brahmanna Reddy: — (a) to (c):— Government have advanced a loan of Rs. 3.21,85,000 at 7.5% per annum to M/s. Sir Silk Limited during the period 18-7-1951 to 26-9-1952 and a further loan of Rs. 19,71 lakhs at 4.5% per annum during the period 26-9-1952 to 27-2-1953. The company has repaid a sum Rs. 1.30 crores towards principal and Rs. 1.20 crores towards interest as on 31-2-1960.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) The report of the Industrial Licensing Policy Inquiry Committee which deals with the Rayon Industry as well as with other matters is currently under the consideration of the Government of India. The Government of Andhra Pradesh will consider the matter further in all its aspects after the decisions of the Government of India on the report of the Industrial Licensing Policy Inquiry Committee are available.
STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

IN ANSWER TO CLAUSE (3), OF L.A.Q. NO. 1732-E. [*623]

M/S SIR SILK LTD. HYPOTHECATION AGREEMENT 10-11-1952

ORIGINAL EXECUTED ON FIVE RUPEES STAMP PAPER

Articles of Agreement of Hypothecation entered into on Mo. day the tenth day of November 1952, Between the Sirlilk Ltd, a company incorporated under the Hyderabad Companies Act IV of 1325-F having its registered office in Hyderabad Deccan, hereinafter unless otherwise designated, called the ‘Company’ in which expression shall be deemed to be included the said company its successors in interest and assigns of the one part and the Rajpramukh of Hyderabad Deccan hereinafter unless otherwise designated, called the Government in which expression shall be deemed to be included his successor in office of the other part:

Whereas the Company was incorporated at Hyderabad Deccan on the 8th June 1945 for the manufacture of Artificial Silks of various denominations by Acetate process, an industry first of its kind in India with an Authorised Capital of OS. Rs. five crores and issued Capital of OS. Rs. two crores and whereas due to abnormal conditions since supervening in the English, American and other European Machinery Markets the company’s original estimate for capital requirement is falling short of about OS. Rs. four crores and whereas the company requested the Hyderabad Government to make a loan to the company of OS. Rs. three crores twenty nine lakhs at a reasonable rate of interest and whereas the Government being aware of the importance and utility and potentiality of the Industry to the State of Hyderabad agreed to make the aforesaid loan to the company on the company Hypothecating with the Government by way of first charge as security for a portion of the loan to the extent of Rs. three crores twenty nine lakhs, the entire movable assets and all book debts present and future of the company at the date hereof and likewise by the Hypothecation of all other assets and rights the company will acquire from out of the company’s own share capital and other money from time to time during the currency of this indenture and on the company likewise undertaking to mortgage as First Charge all its improvements, factory Mills buildings, residential buildings, and labour quarters, water supply reservoirs and other buildings, lands, equipments, stores spares and tools acquired by the company in terms of the Agreed Mortgage Indenture of this date for Rs. 30 lakhs.

Now this Indenture witnesseth that in pursuance of the said Agreement and in consideration of the company having received a sum of OS. Rs. three crores and seventy nine lakhs receipt whereof is heretofore acknowledged and the company does hereby as security for repayment of a portion of the loan, viz., Rs. three crores and twenty nine lakhs and in ascert thereon create in favour of the Government a General Hypothecation of all movable assets including machinery
plant and cranes whether fixed to the ground or not, stores and
stap products existing at the company's Mills or under orders with
manufacturers in U. K. or U.S.A. or elsewhere or in transit all
advances and deposits made with manufacturers, all Bank balances,
book-debts present and future at the said company's work at Sirpur
Kazhazir or elsewhere, the company's movable property,
machinery parts, tools, spares, equipment, accessories and tools
wherever situated, all outstanding claims and demands of the company
against whenever including the uncalled capital of the
company, furnaces, foundries, machinery, engines, railways,
teaching wagon, trucks and tracks, machinery implements, tools,
plants stock and the company rights to all its movable effects which
are now or may at any time hereafter during the continuance of this
company be held or belong to the company and further it is hereby
agreed by and between the company and the Government as follows:

2. In consideration of the Government having so far paid to the company Rs. 79 lakhs, bearing interest at 3½% per annum, the company hereby create in favour of the Government the aforesaid General Hypothecation by way of First charge as security of its movable assets in respect of the loan of Rs. three crores and twenty nine lakhs and for the balance of Rs. fifty lakhs a separate mortgage deed of all immovable assets is being executed.

3. That during the continuance of this loan the Government shall have the right from time to time and at any time to appoint a representative of the Government to be a Director of the company and at any time remove any Director so appointed. The Director so appointed shall not be required to retire by rotation and it shall not be necessary for him to hold qualification shares.

4. That as and when the company makes call on its shareholders the total call amount as may be received by the company shall be utilised for the purpose of the company and that the assets acquired from out of the call moneys so received shall be covered by the hypothecation as first charge hereby created and shall ensure for the benefit of the Government.

5. That the company shall repay the total loan of Rs. three crores and twenty nine lakhs together with accrued interest as and when demanded.

THE INTEREST at the rate of three and half percent under those presents will be due half yearly on 31st March and 31st September and if it is not paid within thirty days of the aforesaid due dates the interest will be compounded with halfyearly rests.

6. That notwithstanding the proceeding fifth clause the company shall have the right at any time to make earlier payment of the whole of the loan secured or a part thereof in instalments of not less than Rs. fifty thousand a time and that all sums so paid shall if no interest is then due to deemed to be in reduction of the principal money hereby secured.

7. That in default of payment of any two instalments of interest the Government shall be entitled to demand the whole amount.
of the loan then due and payable and if the same be not paid in full satisfaction of the demand within six months from the date of such demand or in default of the company in the performance of any obligation to the Government under these presents, the Government shall be entitled at the company's risk and expense to take or enter possession and give notice to the debtors and all parties liable to the company, due for any of the duties, receipts and account and take the property or any part or all of the property or any part thereof against which this general hypothecation charge as hereby been created.

8. That the company shall keep all the total assets both movable and immovable of the Sirsilk Ltd. duly insured and shall renew such insurances as and when the policy or fall due for renewal, and thus keep insured the assets in the name of the Government from time to time for a sum equivalent to not less than the gross book values for the time being in the account books of the company and regularly pay the insurance premiums in that behalf and in the event of loss or destruction of any of the company's property shall replace property of similar type or kind from out of the moneys recovered from the insurance company or companies or otherwise and in the event of the company failing to do so the Government may at its discretion but at the risk and expense of the company cause the aforesaid properties to be insured or have such insurances renewed and kept insured or have lost or destroyed property replaced and for that purpose pay and recovery in every such case the costs together with charges and interest at the rate of six percent per annum from the company and the company shall be bound forthwith to pay such amount.

9. The company shall during the continuance of this indenture keep all its movable and immovable property in good condition and perfect working order and shall carry on the business efficiently and will furnish and verify all accounts, statement, reports, documents and all other information as may be required by the Government from time to time.

10. That the company shall not during the continuance of this indenture in any manner create a charge on or in any wise encumber of mortgage any portion in part or in whole of the movable or immovable property of the company to anybody whomsoever and that the same shall be treated as already mortgaged to the Government as security for repayment of this loan and likewise the company undertake not to raise any debenture loan or preference shares except with the previous written consent of the Government. The company hereby agreed that whenever further shares are issued the Government shall have the first right to subscribe for the same before they are offered to the public and in satisfaction of the amount due on the shares so subscribed for by the Government they are entitled to appropriate from the balance of the loan then outstanding, any amount they wish to appropriate.
11. That the agreement of Hypothecation shall for further security of the aid from the Government also be deemed to be an agreement between the parties to create mortgage debentures and register a Trust Deed mortgaging all the movable belonging to the company as and when required by the Government without assigning any cause or reasons in this behalf and the company shall strictly comply with such requisition.

12. That in the event of the company committing default in the compliance of any of the covenants or terms of this instrument or making default in payment of principal or in interest in terms hereof, the Government shall be entitled to proceed against any or all the property of the company not only as provided for by the terms of this document but will also be entitled to sell the said property without the leave or consent of court or recover the outstanding dues under the Hyderabad Public Demands Recovery Act for the time being in force or proceed in any other manner as the Government may deem proper.

In witness whereof the common seal of the Sirsilk Ltd., pursuant to the resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company dated 18th September, 1952 has been hereunto affixed and the Directors in token thereof have set their respective signatures and Smt. C. Damodar Reddy, Finance Secretary as authorised by the Rajpramukh of Hyderabad has set his signature hereunto.

For and on behalf of the Sirsilk Ltd.,
Hyderabad-D. 1.

2. Sd/- C. S. Tyabjee, Directors
3. Sd/- C. Damodar Reddy, Finance Secretary, Govt. of Hyderabad.

STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
IN ANSWER TO CLAUSE (F) OF L. A. Q. No. 1732-E. [623]

M/s. SIRSILK LIMITED
TRIPARTITE AGREEMENT DATED 3-3-1953

AN AGREEMENT made the THIRD day of March 1953 between THE RAJPRAMUKH OF HYDERABAD represented by Vineshwar Rao Kirtikar, Nawab Mehdow Kirit Jung and G. S. Melkote, the Trustees of the INDUSTRIAL TRUST FUND OF THE Hyderabadi Government for the time being acting through the Secretary Commerce and Industries Department of the Hyderabad Government who is also the ex Officio Secretary of the Industrial Trust Fund (hereinafter referred to as “THE MANAGING AGENTS”) of the first part SIRSILK LIMITED a public company registered under the Hyderabad Companies Act and having its Registered Office in Hyderabad (hereinafter referred to as “THE COMPANY”) of the second part AND BIRLA BROS. LIMITED a private company registered under the Indian Companies Act and having its registered office at Calcutta (hereinafter referred to as “BIRLA BROS. LIMITED”) of the third part.

WHEREAS the MANAGING AGENTS have been acting as the Managing Agents of the company.

103—2
AND WHEREAS pending the execution of the Indenture of Transfer of the Managing Agency the MANAGING AGENTS have agreed to execute a power of Attorney in favour of Messrs Birla Bros. Limited.

AND WHEREAS it has been agreed between the parties to execute these presents:

NOW THESE PRESENTS WITNESSED AND IT IS HEREBY AGREED by and between the parties hereto as follows:

1. On the date of the execution of the Indenture of Transfer of the Managing Agency in favour of MESSRS. BIRLA BROS. LIMITED the COMPANY shall pay:

   (a) Rs 25 lakhs (s) in part payment of the loan including interest due to the Government of Hyderabad up to 31st January 1952; and

   (b) Loans if any advanced to the COMPANY by the Government of Hyderabad between the date of the Power of Attorney and the date of the transfer of the Managing Agency to MESSRS. BIRLA BROS. LIMITED with all interest due thereon. MESSRS BIRLA BROS. LIMITED hereby guarantee that such payments will be made by the Company and in the event of the COMPANY not having those sums available MESSRS. BIRLA BROS. LIMITED shall forthwith make or cause to be made such sums available to the COMPANY in such manner as MESSRS. BIRLA BROS. LIMITED think fit to enable the COMPANY to discharge this obligation on the aforesaid date.

2. In addition to the amounts payable under Clause 1 MESSRS BIRLA BROS LIMITED SHALL within one year of the execution of the Indenture of transfer of the Managing Agency, in their favour, advance or cause to be advanced to the COMPANY any issue of capital or in such manner as MESSRS BIRLA BROS. LIMITED think fit such amount as may be required by the COMPANY to repay the balance of the aforesaid advanced to the COMPANY by the Government of Hyderabad on and after the 1st day of February 1952 up to the date of the Power of Attorney together with the interest due thereon.

3. The balance of the amount due by the COMPANY to the Government of Hyderabad after making the payments aforesaid as required by the Government of Hyderabad shall be secured by the COMPANY by 41% Debentures charged on all immovable properties and fixed machinery of the COMPANY redeemable by the Company at the rate of Rs 19,00,000 (1,90,000) per annum beginning from the 31st December 1955 or from a date one year after the COMPANY goes into production of acetate rayon fabric from yarn manufactured by THE COMPANY which ever date is earlier, with option to the Government of Hyderabad to have the said debentures or any part thereof converted into ordinary shares of the COMPANY of a like
amount within a period of two years from the date of execution of the Indenture of PROVIDED HOWEVER that the company shall be at liberty to raise such further moneys as the company may require by a further or second charge on the said assets subject to the charge aforesaid in the event the company with the consent of the Government of Hyderabad issuing any Debentures ranking pari passu with the Debentures issued in favour of the Government of Hyderabad the Government of Hyderabad will be entitled to the same rate of interest as would be paid to such new Debenture holders not being less than 4 1/2% per annum in any event.

4. All moneys advanced or caused to be advanced to the company as aforesaid will carry such rate of interest not above an rate equal to 2 1/2% over the prevailing Reserve Bank of India rate.

5. Interest at the rate of 4 1/2% per annum shall be paid on the balance from time to time due by the company to the Government of Hyderabad.

6. MESSRS BIRLA BROS. LIMITED shall arrange for funds to the extent as at present programmed and required by the company to complete the construction of the factories of the company and to start production of the acetate rayon fabric from yarn produced by the company and for working capital.

7. THE COMPANY shall within two years of execution of the Indenture of Transfer raise its issued capital by not less than One Crore and on THE COMPANY raising its capital Messrs. Birla Bros. Limited or their associates shall subject to the provisions of the Indian Companies Act take over shares of the Company of the face value of Rs. 75 lakhs provided that Messrs. Birla Bros. Limited shall for the purpose of implementing this clause have the right to convert any of the advances made or cause to be made under the foregoing clauses into shares.

8. So long as the Government of Hyderabad hold shares of the company of the face value of not less than Rs. 25,90,000 the Govt. of Hyderabad will be entitled to nominate two Directors on the Board of Directors of the company, such directors not being liable to retire by rotation or to hold any qualification shares or to be removed by the company. In the event of the total number of directors being 12 or less the Government of Hyderabad shall be entitled to nominate only one Director on the board of Directors of The Company and the candidature of the other director proposed by them will be supported by Messrs. Birla Bros. Limited.

9. So far as possible the appointment of the Auditors should be made in consultation with and with the approval of the Government of Hyderabad.

10. The Government of Hyderabad shall have the right of arranging for inspection of the accounts and also calling for such information as to management in general of the company, its working, capital, shares, debentures, etc.

11. At least fifty percent of the staff of the Company excluding foreign specialists shall be persons domiciled in the territories of the Government of Hyderabad and Messrs. Birla Bros. Limited shall
not make any appointment so as to reduce the number of such employees to less than fifty percent of the staff.

12. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Managing Agency Agreement dated the 11th day of June 1946 Messrs Birla Bros. Limited shall not transfer assign or otherwise give the benefit of the whole or part of the Managing Agency of The Company to any third party or parties provided however that Messrs Birla Bros. Limited will be at liberty to give a bare or share interest out of the Managing Agency Commission to a third party or parties on the express condition that such third party or parties shall not be constituted partner or partners with Messrs Birla Bros. Limited shall not be entitled to take any part in the management and affairs of the managing agency. Messrs Birla Bros. Limited shall not be entitled to resign from the office of the Managing Agents without the previous approval of the Government of Hyderabad.

13. Subject to the provision of the Indian Companies Act, the Government of Hyderabad shall be entitled to hold or acquire or whenever capital is required by the Company to require the Company to increase its capital so as to enable the Government of Hyderabad to hold at least 5% of the issued capital of the Company for the time being provided this option is exercised within 2 years from the date of execution of the Indenture of transfer.

14. If within a period of 6 months from the date of execution of the Indenture of transfer, the Government of Hyderabad recommends to Messrs Birla Bros. Limited any local firm or company willing to participate in financing the Company Messrs Birla Bros. Limited shall agree to take finance from such party at such rate of interest and on such terms (including a share in the managing agency remuneration commensurate with the finance brought in) as may be agreed upon between Messrs Birla Bros. Limited and the said party subject to the provisions of the Indian Companies Act provided however that such financier shall not be entitled to take part in the management of the company not be treated as a partner of Messrs Birla Bros. Limited in the Managing Agency.

15. The Managing Agents and The Company have agreed to the transfer of the Managing Agency in favour of Messrs. Birla Bros. Limited on Messrs. Birla Brothers Limited agreeing to carry out all the terms and conditions and obligations contained in these presents so far as the same are applicable to them. In case Messrs. Birla Bros. Limited commit a breach of any of the said provisions their appointment will be liable to term within six months notice by the Govt. of Hyderabad and/or the Company as if Messrs. Birla Bros. Limited committed a breach of the terms of the Managing Agency agreement subject to the condition that any loans advanced or caused to be advanced by Messrs. Birla Bros. Limited to the company shall be repaid in accordance with the terms on which such loans were made and none of the parties hereto will make any claim against the other or others of them in respect of matters herein contained.

16. If for any reason these presents a.o or the Indenture of Transfer of the Managing Agency in favour of Messrs. Birla Bros. Limited are not approved by the shareholders of the Company and/or the Government of India under the Indian Companies' amendment.
Act 951, the same shall be null and void and none of the parties will have any claims against the other under these presents.

17. Any differences or disputes that may arise between parties here to whether as to the construction or meaning of any clause or thing herein contained or as to the rights duties and obligations of any party under these presents or otherwise however the same shall be referred to arbitration in accordance with the provisions of arbitration Act 1949 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force. If the parties do not agree in the appointment of a single arbitrator such party to the dispute shall be entitled to appoint its own arbitrator.

In Witness whereof the parties here to have hereunto set their respective hands and seals this Third day of March 1953.

They are not paying.

They are not paying.

That the Company would immediately make cash payment of 40 lakhs including the annual instalment of 19 lakhs, for the current year. That the company should make an annual payment of 30 lakhs from December 1966 onwards; that within five years from now on within one year from the date of completion of expansion programme, the annual instalment be paid by the Company would be enhanced by 40 lakhs; that the method adopted by the Company in adjusting the payments already made towards principal can be accepted and payments made hereafter would be adjusted first towards outstanding interest and then towards principal.
224 7th March, 1970.

Questions.

Dr. S. V. Chalapathi Rao: It is not commensurate with the investment. What are the reasons? Whether Government is taking steps to investigate the case for such low profits.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—There are two Government Directors.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I am told roughly 0 percent.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—There are two Government Directors.

Dr. S. V. Chalapathi Rao:—There is competitiveness with other synthetic fibres like terryline etc., inadequate supply of alcohol etc.
Sri G. Sivarao—The Chief Minister stated that 20% of the shares are owned by the Government, and others may be by various persons. Why should Anas be by the Managing Directors to the firm? Is this Socialism Sir.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy—Some where in 1939s, they are the Managing Agents Sir. The Managing Agency will end on 31st March. Then Board of Directors will manage it.

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Oral Answers to Questions

Q.—Sarvasari A. Madhava Rao and T. S. Murthy:—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of officers and staff working in the Sirpur Paper Mills as on 1-9-1969;

(b) the number of Telugus (2) the number of non-telugus;

(c) whether is it a fact that the Accounts Department is completely dumped by Marwadies (although most of them do not have qualifications) with a view to cook up or write false accounts of expenditure and manage to show loss preferably or show very low profits in the alternative if the former is not possible to manage, technique which the Birlas have perfected as an art all over India;

(d) whether the Government proposes to order a thorough probe into the affairs of this company and get the accounts of the last 10 years audited by the Accountant-General or Government auditors and place the audit reports on the table of the House as the Government have ample powers under the Tripartite agreement to get the accounts audited by the Government auditors; and

(e) whether the Government will place a copy of the agreement entered into between them, the Birla and the Company, on the Table of the House?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—(a) 615.

(b) and (c) The company normally maintains information on the basis of domicile and non-domicile only. A Statement containing the information as far as is available is placed on the table of the House. As far as the Accounts Dept. is concerned out of a total of 44,15 are are non-domiciles out of whom 8 are from Rajasthan.

(d) As the Govt. of India has appointed the Sarkar commission to go into the affairs of Birlas concerns, the state Govt. would consider the further action to be taken after its recommendations and the decisions of the Govt. of India are available to us.

(e) A copy of the agreement 3-3-53 is laid on the table of House.
Oral Answers to Questions. 27th March, 1970. 227

STATEMENT TO BE PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
(in answer to clause (b) and (c) of question No. 1732 D. [624])

SIRPUR PAPER MILLS STAFF MEMBERS

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<td>Maharashtra</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rajasthan</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. P.</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kerala</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bihar</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bengal</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haryana</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Punjab</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mysore</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>486</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SIRPUR PAPER MILLS JAMADARS & PEONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Andhra Pradesh</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rajasthan</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. P.</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bihar</td>
<td>11</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>65</strong></td>
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</table>

SIRPUR PAPER MILLS

Total Permanent Workers. 1993.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Number</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Andhra Pradesh</td>
<td>1560</td>
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<tr>
<td>Punjab</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Orissa</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tamil Nadu</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kerala</td>
<td>71</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mysore</td>
<td>13</td>
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<tr>
<td>U. P.</td>
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<td>M. P.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bengal</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gujjrat</td>
<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maharashtra</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rajasthan</td>
<td>1903</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

i.e. 1560 from Andhra Pradesh:

433 from other than Andhra Pradesh, out of which 141 are domiciled.

303—3
228 27th March 1920.

**Oral Answers to Questions.**

**The Sirpur Paper Mills Ltd**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Strength of Necessaries</th>
<th>14</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Domestic</td>
<td>11 from Rajasthan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Resident</td>
<td>3 from Maharshta.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 from Tamarand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 from Kera.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 from Dhar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Shri K. Brahmananda Reddi: In Sirpur Paper Mills staff is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Andhra Pradesh</td>
<td>282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madhya Pradesh</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madras</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahrashtra</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rajasthan</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uttar Pradesh</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kerala</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bihar</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bengal</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Punjab</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>Mysore</td>
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<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
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<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bihar</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oral Answers to Questions.


I was asked to question the rest belongs to various states. Out of a total of 486, 282 belong to Andhra Pradesh. The rest belongs to various states. The rest to various states. Out of a total of 486, 282 belong to Andhra Pradesh. The rest belongs to various states.

I may also give to you the formation. Out of a total of 1993 permanent workers, 1560 come from Andhra Pradesh.

The Government holding in the company is 15.7 per cent, comprising of Rs 42.19 lakhs ordinary shares and Rs 2.12 lakhs preference shares.
Oral Answers to Questions

27th March, 1979

Will the honourable Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that land revenue to the tune of Rs 5,000 is in arrears from Kumarpalli village, Wrangul taluk and

(b) if so, whether the same has been collected, or whether it is due from the ryots?

The Minister for Revenue: a and (b)—An amount of Rs. 5,094.79 is outstanding as land revenue arrears in Kumarpalli village. As katha verification has not been done, it is not possible to say whether the entire amount is due from ryots or whether there has been any misappropriation by the village officers.
Mr. Speaker — Please read the answers to Questions 626 and 627 so that supplementary can be put at a time.

ARIALS OF LAND REVENUE FROM HANAMAKONDA VILLAGE

626

* 835 (172-Q) Q Sri C. Janga Reddy,—Will the hon. M. for Revenue be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that land revenue to the tune of Rs. 18,200 is in arrears for the year 1961 in Hanamkonda village, Warangal district.
(b) if so whether the said arrears are due from the ryots; and if so their names, or whether the Village Officer made collections and failed to deposit the same; and
(c) the action being taken thereon?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy: (a) and (b) — An amount of Rs. 2,475 is in arrears for the year 1961 in Hanumakoda village. The arrears particulars are not available and in the absence of arrears particulars it is difficult to say whether the balance amount was collected by the village officers and misappropriated or still recoverable from the ryots.
27.10.1961

Old Answers to Questions.

c) Suits or actions will be taken against the persons responsible for irregularities detected.

**MISAPPROPRIATION OF LAND REVENUE BY THE MUPPALU OF HAVAMPADUGODU**

- **Shri C. Jangana Reddy:** Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

  (a) whether it is a fact that the Muppalu of Havampadugodu village has collected Rs. 4.56 of land revenue from 1952 to 1963 and misappropriated the same;

  (b) the action taken by the Government thereon; and

  (c) if not, the reason therefor?

Shri P. Timmap Reddy: (a) & (b) An amount of Rs. 69,121-61 paisa is collectible in the village. The Muppalu has not compiled Khati verification. In the absence of compilation of Khati verification, it is difficult to say whether Rs. 4.56 has been misappropriated by the Muppalu. The Sub-Registrar is enquiring into the matter.

(c) Does not arise.

We are looking into it. It is not only these village officers, but other officers also who ought to have looked into these things these years; they somehow or other do not seem to have looked into them. We are going to take suitable action against not only the village officers but other officers also who were expected to keep things in order.

**Shri S. S. Raju:**...

3. The Collector was not able to furnish all details. Whatever be the reasons, they were not able to go into it. We have asked the Collector not only to investigate the conduct of the village officers, but those officers also who are responsible for not keeping things in order.

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2 th March, 1970.

P.R. answers to Questions.

Q. 1. What are the reasons for the current delay?

P.R. The current delay is due to a number of factors. The process is complex and requires careful consideration.

Q. 2. How long will it take to resolve the issues?

P.R. We will go into all these details thoroughly.

Q. 3. What is the current status of the project?

S.P. Thimma Reddy: There are any number of instances when representations are made by the public, legislators and others. It is a routine course of administration.

S.P. Thimma Reddy: The current status of the project is ongoing. We will provide a comprehensive update in the near future.

Q. 4. What steps are being taken to address the delays?

S.P. Thimma Reddy: We are taking all necessary steps to address the delays. We are working closely with all stakeholders to ensure timely completion.

Q. 5. Is there any progress report available?

S.P. Thimma Reddy: Yes, a progress report is available. We will provide a copy to all interested parties.

S.P. Thimma Reddy: We will go into all these details thoroughly.

S.P. Thimma Reddy: The current status of the project is ongoing. We will provide a comprehensive update in the near future.

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S.P. Thimma Reddy: We will go into all these details thoroughly.
Mr. Speaker:—Is he under suspension now?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—He is now under suspension. Orders have been issued to suspend him.

**AMUDALAVALA SUGAR FACTORY**

(a) the amount collected in the last three seasons (seasonwise) from the ryots, at the rate of Rs. 3½ per ton in the name of share amount to the Amudalavala Co-operative Sugar Factory, Srikakulam district together with the number of ryots from whom it has been collected;

(b) whether the Andhra Pradesh High Court has ordered for the immediate transfer of the amounts in the names of the ryots; if so, on which date and the reasons for the non-transfer; and

(c) whether the amount collected at the rate Rs. 3½ per ton will be transferred to the share amount immediately?
The Minister for Handlooms and Co-operative Factories (Sri A. Bhagvantha Rao): - (a) Year Number of members from whom thrift deposit was collected and amount.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of Members</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1966-67</td>
<td>2,581</td>
<td>Rs. 1.32 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1967-68</td>
<td>1,190</td>
<td>Rs. 1.25 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1968-69</td>
<td>5,461</td>
<td>Rs. 5.78 lakhs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) No, Sir.

(c) When the amount so collected from any person accumulates upto Rs. 100 it can be converted into a share subject to a maximum limit of authorised share capital of the society upto 50 lakhs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of Members</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1966-67</td>
<td>2,581</td>
<td>Rs. 1.32000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1967-68</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1968-69</td>
<td>5,461</td>
<td>Rs. 5,78000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oral Answers to Questions. 27th March, 1970. 237

(a) the total requirement of yarn consumed by the Handloom industry in our State (count war particulars may be given) for the last two years;

(b) what is the production of cotton yarn count war during the past two years;

(i) in the Co-operative Sector; and

(ii) in the private sector;

(c) the number of cotton yarn mills together with their spindge that are existing at present in our State; and
(d) whether the Government are aware of the need for setting up more cotton yarn mills, if so how many are going to be set up this year in the State and the places where they are going to be set up?

Sri A. Bhaavanta Rao:—(a) It is not possible to give accurate details of different counts of yarn consumed by the Handloom industry and the exact quantity in an year. However, approximately 5 lakh bales of yarn is consumed every year as follow:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Count of yarn</th>
<th>No. of bales</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Below 20s.</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20s to 30</td>
<td>1,25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40s</td>
<td>1,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60s</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80s</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10s.</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Below 20s.</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20s to 30</td>
<td>1,25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40s</td>
<td>1,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60s</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80s</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10s.</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The counts vary from 10s to 100s.

(b) Year | Coop Sector. | Private Sector. | Total.
---------|--------------|------------------|--------
1967     | 15,742       | 78,440           | 94,182 Bales.
1968     | 11,786       | 91,012           | 1,08,708 Bales.

(c) 37 with total installed spinning of 4.95 lakhs.

(d) Yes Sir. Government is making efforts in this regard with the overall constraints of the policies and priorities of Government of India.

(e) The remaining: —

(f) The remaining.
Oral Answers to Questions. 27th March, 1970. 239

1. The question is:—1988 5\% and 6\% above the price and price of the produce, respectively, the produce is 5\% and 6\% respectively, which is 6\% and 7\% above the price of the produce.

2. The question is:—1968 and 6\% above the price and price of the produce, respectively, the produce is 6\% and 7\% above the price of the produce and 7\% above the price of the produce is 7\% above the price of the produce.

3. The question is:—1988 and 6\% above the price and price of the produce, respectively, the produce is 5\% and 6\% respectively, which is 6\% and 7\% above the price of the produce.

4. The question is:—1988 and 6\% above the price and price of the produce, respectively, the produce is 5\% and 6\% respectively, which is 6\% and 7\% above the price of the produce.

5. The question is:—1988 and 6\% above the price and price of the produce, respectively, the produce is 5\% and 6\% respectively, which is 6\% and 7\% above the price of the produce.

6. The question is:—1988 and 6\% above the price and price of the produce, respectively, the produce is 5\% and 6\% respectively, which is 6\% and 7\% above the price of the produce.
240  27th March, 1910.  Oral Answers to Questions

Can he give an assurance that the Government will take it up in the absence of any private party coming forward?

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.
Profit and Losses of Co-operative Sugar Mills

(a) The factory-wise profit or loss made by the Co-operative Sugar Mills in our State during 1967-68 and 1968-69; and
(b) the factories which are working on loss and the reasons therefor?

Sri A Bhagavantha Rao:—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the factory</th>
<th>1967-68 Loss (Rs. in lakhs)</th>
<th>1967-68 Profit (Rs. in lakhs)</th>
<th>1968-69 Loss (Rs. in lakhs)</th>
<th>1968-69 Profit (Rs. in lakhs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Amadalavalasa Co-op. Agricultural and Industrial Society Ltd.</td>
<td>+0.60 (Ac)</td>
<td>+22.50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Chittoor Co-op Sugars Ltd.</td>
<td>+7.41 (Ac)</td>
<td>+9.93 (Pro)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Chodavaram Co-op. Agricultural and Industrial Society Ltd.</td>
<td>+13.74 (Ac)</td>
<td>+5.91 (Pro)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sr. No.</td>
<td>Factory Name</td>
<td>Gross Profit (A/c)</td>
<td>Net Profit/Loss (A/c)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Palakol Co-op. Agricultural and Industrial Society Ltd.</td>
<td>-17.28(Pro)</td>
<td>No profit no loss.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Nizamabad Co-op. Sugar Factory Ltd.</td>
<td>7.10(Ac)</td>
<td>-2.82(Pro)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Etikoppaka Co-op. Agricultural and Industrial Society Ltd.</td>
<td>-10.46(Ac)</td>
<td>-9.00(Pro)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Anakapalli Co-op. Agricultural and Industrial Society.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Thandava Co-op. Agricultural and Industrial Society Ltd., Tuni.</td>
<td>0.74</td>
<td>0.52</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. C. —Audit certificate issued.

Pro —Proforma accounts

(b) Except Palakol Co-operative Agricultural and Industrial Society Ltd., all the factories were working in losses during 1968-69.

The following are the reasons for losses:
1. Inadequate supply of sugarcane due to drought conditions.
2. Division of sugarcane for the past 3 or 4 seasons to Khandasari Mills.
3. Crushing below economic limit.

Co-operative Sugar Factories

* 847 (1726-C) Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao (Anakapalli):—Will the hon. Minister for Handicoms and Co-operative Factories be pleased to state:

what is the price of cane paid to Cane-Growers, the Gross and net profits and losses; the recovery of Sugar in each of the Co-operative Sugar Factories for the years 1959 to 1959 each year?

Sri A. Bhagavantha Rao:—(a) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(Statement)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the factory</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>'Price paid for the cane per tone</th>
<th>Gross/net profit/loss Rupees in lakhs.</th>
<th>'Percentage of recovery'</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gross</td>
<td>Net</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Chittoor Co-op. Sugars Ltd.</td>
<td>1962-63</td>
<td>43.40</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1963-64</td>
<td>56.50</td>
<td>2.37</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1964-65</td>
<td>56.00</td>
<td>15.76</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1965-66</td>
<td>53.60</td>
<td>0.002</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1966-67</td>
<td>56.80</td>
<td>8.67</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1967-68</td>
<td>110.00</td>
<td>26.07</td>
<td>7.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1968-69</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>82.06</td>
<td>9.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Palakol C.A. &amp; I.S. Ltd.</td>
<td>1962-63</td>
<td>43.40</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1963-64</td>
<td>53.58</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1964-65</td>
<td>53.60</td>
<td>33.24</td>
<td>5.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1965-66</td>
<td>53.60</td>
<td>16.20</td>
<td>0.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1966-67</td>
<td>58.80</td>
<td>20.15</td>
<td>2.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1967-68</td>
<td>110.00</td>
<td>41.82</td>
<td>17.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1968-69</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Oral Answers to Questions.

(1) (a) ప్రపంచ మధ్యగ్రహుల కొరకు కొనసాగ వచ్చు అస్పత్రి శాస్త్రం కలిగి రోజ్చాపండించాలి. దీన్నే ఇంటి మధ్యగ్రహులు కప్పు కొరకు కలిగి రోజ్చాపండించాలి. 

(1) (b) నిర్మాణ శాస్త్రం కలిగి రోజ్చాపండించాలి. దీన్నే ఇంటి నిర్మాణ శాస్త్రం కలిగి రోజ్చాపండించాలి.

(2) తనం తన సేవలను అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించాలి. దీన్నే ఇంటి తనం తన సేవలను అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించాలి.

(3) తనం తన సేవలను అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించాలి. దీన్నే ఇంటి తనం తన సేవలను అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించాలి.

1. కాలే తెలియబడిన పరిస్థితులు: అత్యంత వస్తురంగా విస్తరించిన పరిస్థితులు; అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించిన పరిస్థితులు; అత్యంత వస్తురంగా విస్తరించిన పరిస్థితులు; అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించిన పరిస్థితులు.

2. కాలే తెలియబడిన పరిస్థితులు: అత్యంత వస్తురంగా విస్తరించిన పరిస్థితులు; అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించిన పరిస్థితులు; అత్యంత వస్తురంగా విస్తరించిన పరిస్థితులు; అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించిన పరిస్థితులు.

3. కాలే తెలియబడిన పరిస్థితులు: అత్యంత వస్తురంగా విస్తరించిన పరిస్థితులు; అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించిన పరిస్థితులు; అత్యంత వస్తురంగా విస్తరించిన పరిస్థితులు; అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించిన పరిస్థితులు.

4. కాలే తెలియబడిన పరిస్థితులు: అత్యంత వస్తురంగా విస్తరించిన పరిస్థితులు; అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించిన పరిస్థితులు; అత్యంత వస్తురంగా విస్తరించిన పరిస్థితులు; అనేకంగా సంఘర్షించిన పరిస్థితులు.
General Answers to Questions. 27th March, 1970. 247

1. Expansion of the capacity to improve the economics of societies.

2. Diversification of setting up of units processing by-products.

3. Expansion of acreage under better varieties of cane with higher sucrose content like 997 by payment or premium prices as incentives;

4. Exploitation of surplus irrigation Government water potential to improve the cane qualitatively and quantitatively;

5. Technical improvements as recommended by the Technical Enquiry Committee.

Mr. Speaker:—Answers for the other questions will be laid on the Table of the House except the last two questions.

Mr. Speaker:—... Mr. Speaker:—... Mr. Speaker:—... Mr. Speaker:—... Mr. Speaker:—...
Oral Answers to Questions


In the House of Commons.

Question:

Within 2 or 3 years, they may get over this.
Mr. Speaker: - On a number of occasions members have been asking for the appointment of House Committees to enquire into the irregularities of certain institutions. May I know whether such a thing is in vogue anywhere in Parliament or in other State Legislatures? I am asking for information.

Mr. Speaker: — For the sake of information, I am asking. I do not know. The House is in adjournment at present.

Mr. Speaker: — That is a Committee of M.P.s. But is there any Committee consisting of members of the State Legislature?

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EXPORT PROMOTION COUNCIL

639—

*414 Q—Sarvasri A. Madhava Rao and Agarala Eswara Reddy (Tirupathi)—Will the hon. Minister for Commerce be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to constitute an export promotion council for the State;

(b) if so, the composition and nature of functions of the same;

(c) whether it is also proposed to constitute an Import Substitution Council to reduce imports and substitute the same by encouraging articles of indigenous nature;

(d) if so, when; and

(e) whether the Government propose to take steps to prepare (Industry-wise) an inventory or compendium of articles that can be substituted for the imported goods and to do away gradually with imported goods?

The Minister for Commerce (Sri Ankinneedu Prasada Rao):—

(a) No Sir,

(b) Does not arise.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) No, Sir.

EXPLOITATION OF MINERALS IN NALLAMALA HILLS

640—

*112 Q—Sri V. C. Kesava Rao, (Santhanuthlapadu)—Will the hon. Minister for Commerce be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to exploit the mineral resources of Nallamala Hills in Kurnool district;

(b) whether any survey was conducted to find out the various minerals in the area; and

(c) if so, the results of survey?
Sri P. Ankin-Reddy Prasada Rao:—(a) At present there is no such definite proposal. Some mineral resources are, however, being exploited by private parties in this area.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

VIOl ANSWER TO CLAUSE (c) OF THE

L. A. QJ TtION STARRED No. 1152-['640]

Geological investigations, including mineral surveys, in the Nallamala Hills region Kurnool District were carried out by the Geological Survey of India from time to time, the earliest being 1931. In 1938-41 as well as in the late 60 again regional surveys were conducted in parts of the region. These investigations had brought to light some occurrences of barytes near Basalapuram, Tullalingamdimne in Sirvel, Reserve Forest, Rudravaram and Racherla among which the occurrences of Tullalingamdimne and Rudravaram are being currently worked.

Some barytes deposits have come to light recently near Gunjavarupalle and a few of them are already being worked. The Department of Mines and Geology is taking up investigation in the area to assess the potentialities of the entire belt.

Some Zinc and lead ores were found near Chelima but detailed investigations carried out so far by drilling indicate that they are not of economic importance.

Lead ore is seen near Yerragondapalem and the occurrence is under investigation by Geological Survey of India.

There are some manganese deposits near Yerragundapalem. Some of these are being worked now. The Department of Mines and Geology is carrying out systematic survey of the region to bring to light new areas and also to assess the potentialities of the region. The quality of manganese ore is fairly good.

Besides these, manganese is also known to occur near Jana-palacheruvu and Nandavaram. These were worked for sometimes but later given up as uneconomical.

Recent aerial surveys have indicated a few potential localities of metallic ores. These are under examination now.

SHORT-NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

PRICES OF WHOLE MILK

S. No. 640-A

S. N. Q. No. 1455-K: Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao: Will the hon Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) what is the difference in the purchase price and selling price of the whole milk, per litre;
(b) what are the reasons for the difference; and
(c) whether the Government will increase the purchase price so as to give due benefit to the producers?

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri K. Venkataraman)

The cost of 6% fat whole milk at Central Dairy, Hyderabad works out to 0.5 paisa per litre, on an average, if the operational costs, staff salaries, and depreciation are also included. The production cost of one litre of 6% fat milk comes to about 183 paisa. Bottled milk of 6% fat is being sold at 140 paisa per litre. Therefore the difference between the sale price of 6% fat milk and the cost of the same at Central Dairy, Hyderabad is 34 paisa per litre. On an average 1,000 litres of 6% fat milk is being marketed in the Twin Cities daily in the evening.

The reasons for difference of 34 paisa between the cost price and the sale price or-

(1) collection charges of milk, cost of acid and chemicals etc., and transport charges to the chilling or cooling centres.

(2) Chilling cost at the chilling centres and transport charges upto the dairy.

(3) cost of pasturisation, bottling and storage.

(4) distribution charges.

(5) staff salaries.

(6) depreciation.

All the above items will result in a total expenditure of 27 paisa under overheads. In addition to the above, a provision of 7 paisa is essential towards underwriting subsidised distribution of milk to low income groups as agreed in the plan of operations and also towards interest on capital.
(c) Whether the Government will increase the purchase price so as to give due benefit to the producers?

The rates of purchase of milk are revised periodically during the fresh and lean seasons. From the 1st of April, the purchase rates will be increased by 10 paise per litre. Under the present circumstances no further increase of purchase rates is possible.

1. Find the least number which must be added to 934 so that the sum is completely divisible by 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8.

2. Find the number which is completely divisible by 91, and leaves the remainder 2 when divided by 4, 5, 6, and 7.

3. Find the number which is completely divisible by 91, and leaves the remainder 3 when divided by 4, 5, 6, and 7.

4. Find the number which is completely divisible by 91, and leaves the remainder 4 when divided by 4, 5, 6, and 7.

5. Find the number which is completely divisible by 91, and leaves the remainder 5 when divided by 4, 5, 6, and 7.

6. Find the number which is completely divisible by 91, and leaves the remainder 6 when divided by 4, 5, 6, and 7.

7. Find the number which is completely divisible by 91, and leaves the remainder 7 when divided by 4, 5, 6, and 7.

8. Find the number which is completely divisible by 91, and leaves the remainder 8 when divided by 4, 5, 6, and 7.

9. Find the number which is completely divisible by 91, and leaves the remainder 9 when divided by 4, 5, 6, and 7.

10. Find the number which is completely divisible by 91, and leaves the remainder 0 when divided by 4, 5, 6, and 7.
Short Notice Questions and Answers. 21th March, 1970. 251

1. ఎ. ఎ. రామ్ (చిత్రం): ఎదురు నాటికి కన్నా స్వాధీనీ కాపడుతుంది. స్వాధీనీ కాపడే వారికి కన్నా స్వాధీనీకరణ కాపడుతుంది. ఎన్నో వృత్తులు లేకుండా చదివాలి. ఎందుకు వృత్తులు లేకుండా చదివాలి?

2. ఎ. ఎ. రామ్: కానించి పాలెన్ని వృత్తులు స్వాధీనీకరణ కాపడుతుంది. కానించి పాలెన్ని వృత్తులు స్వాధీనీకరణ కాపడుతుంది. ఎందుకు వృత్తులు లేకుండా చదివాలి?

3. ఎ. ఎ. రామ్: వృత్తులు లేకుండా చదివాలి. ఎందుకు వృత్తులు లేకుండా చదివాలి?

4. ఎ. ఎ. రామ్: స్వాధీనీ కాపడుతుంది. రామ్ స్వాధీనీ కాపడుతుంది. స్వాధీనీ కాపడుతుంది.

5. ఎ. ఎ. రామ్: స్వాధీనీ కాపడుతుంది. స్వాధీనీ కాపడుతుంది. ఎందుకు స్వాధీనీ కాపడుతుంది?

27th March, 1970.  ష్రీ మోహన్ దివ్యం కృష్ణేందుర్గులు

ప్రియదానిల్లను పిలిచారు?

ప్రియదానిల్ల జీవితంలో నైనే రాతిగా నిషేధం, రాతి కలిగి, అయినా విచిత్ర జీవితానికి వివిధ సంస్కృతి మరియు ఆరోపాలు ఉంటాయి.

ప్రియదానిల్ల slog ముందు తెలుపుకురిగా చెప్పారు అనే విషయంపై ప్రియదానిల్ల అనుసరించాడు. సోలం అనే తెలుపుకురిగా ప్రియదానిల్ల నివిధం కొరకు ప్రియదానిల్ల అనుసరించాడు. సోలం అనే తెలుపుకురిగా ప్రియదానిల్ల నివిధం కొరకు ప్రియదానిల్ల అనుసరించాడు.

ప్రియదానిల్ల రోహించింది అనే విషయంపై ప్రియదానిల్ల అనుసరించాడు. రోహించింది అనే తెలుపుకురిగా ప్రియదానిల్ల నివిధం కొరకు ప్రియదానిల్ల అనుసరించాడు.

ప్రియదానిల్ల రాతిగా మార్గించింది అనే విషయంపై ప్రియదానిల్ల అనుసరించాడు. రాతిగా మార్గించింది అనే తెలుపుకురిగా ప్రియదానిల్ల నివిధం కొరకు ప్రియదానిల్ల అనుసరించాడు.

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ప్రియదానిల్ల రోహించింది అనే విషయంపై ప్రియదానిల్ల అనుసరించాడు. రోహించింది అనే తెలుపుకురిగా ప్రియదానిల్ల నివిధం కొరకు ప్రియదానిల్ల అనుసరించాడు.
S. No. 640-B—

S. N. Q. No. 1434-V: Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government is aware that the Citizens of Dummulupeta Fishermen colony of Kakinada submitted a petition to the Collector and Superintendent of Police on 2-4-1969 alleging that one Hussain an unqualified rural medical practitioner of Jagannaikpur has been exploiting monies of the fishermen from the relief money paid to fishermen by the Government for fire accident and that he is taking thousands of rupees from the fishermen on the false hopes of getting lands to the fishermen;

(b) if so, what action has been taken on the petitions, if no action is taken the reasons therefor;

(c) whether the Minister for Home has stated on the floor of the House that the recent police firing in Kakinada Dummulupeta resulting in the death of a fishermen is partly due to the instigation of the said Hussain; and

(d) if so, is it not a failure on the part of the officials concerned not acting in time on the petition of the citizens and whether necessary steps will be taken for such a lapse?

Sri J. Vengal Rao:—(a) It is reported that the petition referred to was not received either by the Revenue or Police au horitiles.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) In the statement made on the floor of the Legislative Assembly on 12th February 1970 it was mentioned that one Shaik
Hussain, a quack doctor of Kakina a had instigated the fishermen of Dummala peta to occupy illegally the lands belonging to Sri Yalla Venkata Rao.

(d) Does not arise.


(a) whether the Minimum Wages Advisory Board has recommended the minimum wages for the workers in printing press, Motor Transport, Rice, Flour and Dhal Mills and Oil Mills;

(b) whether the recommendations are notified; and

(c) if not, what are the reasons therefor?
The Minister for Labour (Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy):—(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The Recommendations of the Board are under consideration of Government.
(c) Do not arise.

Sri K. Govinda Rao:—Have the recommendations been notified?

Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy:—Yer, Sir.

Sri K. Govinda Rao:—When?

Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy:—On different dates. With regard to the Printing Presses the recommendation was made by the Board on 30-10-69; with regard to Rice and Flour Mills on 12-2-70 and with regard to public transport on 12-2-70.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—What are the main recommendations and for how long have they been under consideration?

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

ASHRAM SCHOOLS

632—

* 649 (2040) Q.—Sri K. Muniswamy:—Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Social Welfare Department to establish “Ashram schools” in each and every Harijanpalem of every taluk headquarter as is being done by the Tribal Welfare Department;

(b) if so; from when; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

A:

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Government does not want to start separate schools in Hari-jan Palems hereafter as it will lead to segregation.

NOX-UTILISATION OF FULL GRANTS BY HOSTEL IN KASIBUGGA SAMITHI AREA

633—

* 554 (2057) Q.—Sri Nicharla Ramulu (Tekkali):—Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the grant for running a hostel for harijans and other backward classes in Kasibugga Samithi area has not been spent in full since three years;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) whether there is a proposal to open a Hostel under Government Control at Kasibugga proper for better and proper utilisation of the grant?

A:

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Scheduled Caste boarders are not available to the extent required.

(c) There was a proposal for opening of a Government hostel at Kasibugga, but due to paucity of funds it was not opened.

EVALUATION OF WORK DONE BY THE DISTRICT PUBLIC RELATIONS AND INFORMATION OFFICERS

634—

* 1252 Q.—Sri A. Madhava Rao:—Will the Hon. Minister for Information and Public Relations be pleased to state:
(a) what are the duties of function of District Public Relations and Information Officer:

(b) when these institutions have come to play;

(c) whether any evaluation of their work has been done by the Government so far; and if so, whether the Government will be pleased to place a copy of such report on the table of the House;

(d) whether the Government is aware that the Nellore District Public Relations and Information Unit failed to take effective programmes to achieve the object; and

(e) whether the Government propose to abolish these posts in view of the present day economy?

A:—

(a) The duties and functions of the District Public Relations Officer are:

(i) To establish cordial relations between the Government, the press and the public. To publicise and interpret Governmental policies and activities to the public with special emphasis on development work.

(ii) Organising of Film Shows, Exhibitions, Public meetings, various national and state celebrations and Radio Rural Forums with a view to creating consciousness among the public for more production, agricultural and industrial and also in regard to their social responsibility and development work.

(iii) Conducting of Song and Drama competitions and Seminars.

(iv) Distribution of Publicity Literature.

(v) Organising and maintaining of District Information Centres.

(vi) Maintaining co-ordination with the Field Publicity organisations of Government of India.

(vii) Issue of press releases in regard to governmental activities, recording of important events on tape for the Radio News reel programmes and also material for regular news broadcasts.

(viii) Covering of tours of Ministers and V. I. Ps. in the District.

(b) They have come into existence from June 1959.

(c) No Sir. The District Public Relations Officer is however, required to furnish monthly progress reports indicating the targets achieved by him, which are reviewed in the Department.

(d) No, Sir

(c) No, Sir

KEROSENE REQUIREMENT FOR ANDHRA PRADESH

685—

610 (984) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda:—Will the hon. Minister for Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) what is the monthly requirement of Kerosene for Andhra Pradesh;

(b) what are the Agencies which are importing Kerosene to our State;

(c) where are they set up;

(d) what is the approximate quota of kerosene, supplied to our State in a month;

(e) whether it is sufficient for our State's requirement; and

(f) if not, what are the arrangements made by the Government to meet this deficit?

A:—

(a) Approximately 21,023 tonnes per month.

(b) & (c) 1. M/S. India Oil Corporation, Marketing Division 254/C, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Pradhadevi, Bombay 25.


(d) 21,003 tonnes per month from 1-2-1970.

(e) The quota is nearly sufficient to meet the requirement.

(f) Does not arise.

Additional Quota of Kerosene to the State

676—

*669 (2120), Q.—Sri N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal):—Will the hon. Minister for Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) the additional quantity of kerosene oil quota being supplied by the Centre to our State this year;

(b) whether the quota of kerosene being supplied at present is sufficient to meet the requirements of the State; and

(c) if not the extra quantity of Kerosene required; and whether the State Government have requested the Centre for the supply of the same?
A:—

(a) The monthly allotments of kerosene made to this State by the Government of India from time to time are:

- from 1-10-68: 17504 tonnes
- from 1-10-69: 18496 "
- from 1-11-69: 20104 "
- from 1-2-70: 21008 "

(b) Yes, Sir. The quota is nearly sufficient to meet the requirements.

(c) Does not arise.

BANGLE INDUSTRY AT KALAHASH

637—

*1116 Q.—Sarvasri K. Muniswamy and M. Munuswamy (Vangerupalem):—Will the hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to improve the bangle making industry at Kalahasti, Chittoor district in a new scientific manner to produce new varieties of bangles:

(b) if so, when;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

A:— (a) (b) & (c)

While there is no specific proposal as such in this regard, Government is, at the same time, keen to extend all possible assistance to improve this industry.

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE "TECHNO CRAFTS"

638—

*1179 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) No. of applications received from Techno Crafts for financial assistance and the amount paid to each by the Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation during the period from 1-4-1969 to 1-11-1969; and

(b) whether the amount increased or decreased so that of the previous year?

A:—

(a) and (b): The Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation does not render direct financial assistance to Technocrats. The entertainment of applications for direct financial assistance and the quantum of such assistance do not, therefore, arise.

ADJOURNMENT MOTIONS
re: STRIKE BY N. G. G. O's

Mr. Speaker: — Sarvasti B. Ratnasabapathy, T.C. Rajan A, Eswar Reddy and Y. Venkat Rao have given notice about "Indefinite strike undertaken by the N.G.O's throughout Andhra area and the city running to nearly 2 lakhs resulting in total paralysis of the administrative machinery."

Mr. Rao, you can read your summary.

Sri C.V.K. Rao: — This is my adjournment motion. This is an important issue, how can I slur over it? It concerns lakhs and lakhs of people.

Mr. Speaker: — Please sit down. Heh as referred to the strike on 10-3-70. Inspite of the strike by N.G.O's on 10-3-70, Government have not taken any action with the result they have been forced again to resort to indefinite strike from 25-3-70. Thus a serious situation has arisen and he requests the government to take immediate action. That is the gist of the motion.

Sri C. V. K. Rao: — Is that the procedure? Should it not be placed here. I want it to be done in fairness. It is a serious matter and a serious matter cannot be slur over.

Mr. Speaker: — Excuse me; it does not mean that if a member gives notice of a motion running to 300 pages, I should read whole thing, or you should read the whole thing.

Sri C. V. K. Rao: — Is it 100 pages?

Mr. Speaker: — 4 pages.

Sri C.V.K. Rao: — One lakh and odd employees are involved! You give permission to every one and you say that you are not prepared to permit me to read out.

Mr. Speaker: — I am only saying that this is really a very important matter and I am going to give opportunity to the members for discussing this issue. If it is a question of disallowing it, I must read it for the benefit of the House and then disallow it. I am not disallowing it. You don't understand my point at all. The rule is that if the Speaker wants to disallow he must hear the member and then disallow it.

Sri C.V.K. Rao: — I should have finished reading by now, Sir.

Mr. Speaker: — Now I request those who are in favour of leave being granted to this adjournment motion may kindly stand in their seats.

(More than 20 members stood in their seats)

Since the number of members who are in favour of the motion is more than 20 required number leave is granted. Discussion will take place from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m. I would only request the members

re: Admission of Andhra Students into Educational Institutions in the Twin Cities.

to adjust themselves with regard to speeches. I can give 10 minutes time for the Chief Minister to reply; 50 minutes for members. With regard to regulation of time you have to be guided by the Speaker. There is no other alternative.

re: Strike by the students of Ayurvedic and Unani College

Mr. Speaker:—Sri G. Rajaram has given notice of another adjournment motion which reads like this. I do not know whether the concerned Minister has received notice.

It is: “That 1000 students of three Ayurvedic and one Unani college are on strike from 16th March 1976. No action is taken on their long-standing grievances. Indifferent and callous attitude of the Government to the life and death problem of these students: 25th March to boycott the examinations to be held from 6th April.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—I have not received notice of it, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—I will take it up tomorrow because notice has not been given to the Minister.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Admission of Andhra Students into educational institutions in the twin cities.

Mr. Speaker:—When a member has raised a point, I am trying to get the information and answer him. Meanwhile another member gets up. Do you think that I am performing here Astavadanam or Sathavadanam. This question cropped up on any number of occasions in this House,—yesterday, day before yesterday, every day: about withdrawing facilities for education of children of Andhras in Hyderabad city and also employment opportunities to educated young men. One has nothing to do with the other. First portion of it has nothing to do with the other. First portion is with regard to admission into colleges. Second portion is with regard to problem of employment facilities.

Sri Pragada Kotiah:—Withdrawing employment facilities to Andhra young men.

Mr. Speaker:—Let me read out your notice. It says: "And also unemployment ."
Sri Pragada Kotaiah:—It is 'employment', Sir.

Mr Speaker:—It says 'unemployment opportunities to educated young men in Hyderabad city.'

Mr Speaker:—Then, you say that. Don't think I am wrong in reading it. I will say 'employment opportunities'. Has it been corrected. Kindly initial on the correction.

Whatever it may be, the question is cropping up every day: I think it is the fourth or fifth time. On Education Demand this question came up. Even yesterday, the Minister was pleased to make a statement about it.

Mr Speaker:—This question has cropped up on a number of occasions. Today the Minister has got to make a statement. Yesterday, he made a statement assuring that within 24 hours after the receipt of the recommendation of the Regional Committee he would see that he would take decision sympathetically.

Mr Speaker:—One thing I would like to know. That is: whether this matter can be disposed of by the Government without reference to the Regional Committee.

Sri Pragada Kotaiah:—No, no, that is not the point.
Point of Information:  20th March, 1970

re Admission of Andhra Students into Educational Institutions in the Twin Cities.

Mr. Speaker: Regional Committee Chairman refer. I have given notice. Kindly allow me...

Mr. Speaker: I am not allowing. Your notice is not in order. It has to be given one hour before the commence ment of the day. You gave it at 8-35 a.m. It is not in order. It will be taken up tomorrow. I am extremely sorry. Whatever you say will not go on record. It is now for you to say anything. It won't go on record. I am telling you. I only want the member to understand me correctly. If I give you an opportunity I will give you an opportunity till you finish your speech. What I am telling you is that this is really a very very important question. Nobody denies. It is about denial of admission facilities. If Members do not understand me correctly I can not help. It is not as though I can simply brush aside this problem. I have realised the urgency and the importance of the problem. Yesterday I gave direction to the Minister to see that this matter is attended to immediately and inform this House. I would like to know what the Minister is going to do about it. Now, again, you bring an adjournment motion. I want the Members to understand me correctly. 

Sri Pragada Kotaiah: Mr. Speaker, the House should raise this matter.

Diploma holders, Andhra students' admissions Regional Committee Chairman refer. It is not as though I can simply brush aside this problem. I have realised the urgency and the importance of the problem. Yesterday I gave direction to the Minister to see that this matter is attended to immediately and inform this House. I would like to know what the Minister is going to do about it. Now, again, you bring an adjournment motion. I want the Members to understand me correctly.

Supreme Court 'Mulki' struck...
Admission of Andhra Students into Educational Institutions in the Twin Cities.

down 7th March, 1970.

Point of Information:

re: Admission of Andhra Students into Educational Institutions in the Twin Cities.
Point of Information:


ie: Admission of Andhra Students into Educational Institutions in the Twin Cities.

(Several hon. Members protested and demanded to withdraw those words).

(Sri Pragada Kotiah:—Let him withdraw first or...)

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Or you expunge it from the record.

(Interruptions from M/s. C. V. K. Rao, Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao, Sri Pragada Kotiah and others protesting against Sri Chokka Rao's observations).

Mr. Speaker:—No member in this House is speaking anything for the sake of publicity. On the other hand, it a member’s speech is not published in the press, immediately he brings a motion of breach of privilege. When a member participates in the discussions in the Assembly and if his speech is not reported in the press, immediately he brings the question of breach of privilege. If he is not particular of publicity why should he bring a breach of privilege?

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I feel the issue has to be thrashed out on the floor of the House. Let a member hold his own view. What we want is that justice and fairplay must be done whoever he may be. It is fairplay for the children that we want, whoever they may be.

Mr. Speaker:—What I am saying is it is the duty of the member to raise issues which he considers important not only in discussion but also for publicity. Otherwise what for is a member elected? There is a duty cast on him to ventilate the grievances of people in the State—whatever motive he may have, we are not concerned. This House is not concerned with the object with which he is ventilating the grievances of the public. It may be for publicity, it may not be for publicity.

(Interruptions).

**** Expunged as ordered by the Chair.
Sri C. V. K. Rao:—If anybody says it is publicity, it should be categorically condemned.

Mr. Speaker:—I am only saying that it is not for anybody to question the object of a member as to why he is making a speech as to why he is venting the grievances; it is not proper for anybody.

I will ask not to attribute motives.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao: 'He must obey your ruling because the boot is on his leg.

(Interruptions—some members wanted to speak).

Mr. Speaker:—I am not giving permission to anybody. It is finished.

To Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao, You are equally concerned with the rules as I am. As a matter of fact, when can a point of order be raised. I am only saying in the matter of interpretation of rules, if the rules are not being followed correctly by this House or by any member or the Speaker, then you can raise a point of order. Simply because you say “point of order” it will not become a point of order.

(Interruptions)

Sri C.V.K. Rao— I am not raising a point of order. I am requesting. If you are good enough to permit Sri Chokkara to speak, let others also explain.

Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao: It is quite necessary that the Speaker should be pleased to permit me to speak because the hon. Member has brought in my name.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—Just as Sri Chokkara is on the agenda to speak, in the same manner, we will also be on the agenda; the same thing should apply to us.

*** Expunged as ordered by the Chair.***

Re: Admission of Andhra Students into Educational Institutions in the Twin Cities.

Mr. Speaker:—These imputations either from this side or that side all the imputations will be expunged from the record.

Mr. Speaker:—Even without my permission, number of members got up and made their speeches. You were the first man to make a speech; Dr. T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao is the next man and some others also spoke. None of you spoke with my permission to Mr. Rajeswar Rao. Half-a-dozen members who are on their legs— if you begin to question the tight of the discretion of the Speaker, then there is an end of regulating the business. If at this rate business were to go on, I am telling you it is impossible for anybody—not only myself—that conducting the proceedings to regulate the order of business in this House. Unless members co-operate with me, it is impossible, I am telling you. Already, a number of members who wanted to express their views on important demands, have foregone an opportunity. Every day this is happening and now you say “You have permitted Mr. Rajeswar Rao and you are not permitting me.” Even without permission you got up.

S i C.V.K. Rao:—I do assert. When my right has been curtailed I have to assert myself.

Mr. Speaker:—The House is adjourned for 15 minutes.

(10.30 a.m.)

(The House reassembled at Fifty minutes past Ten.)

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair.)

Mr. Speaker:—I am very much regretful because I have to adjourn the House under extraordinary circumstances. I hope the members will realise my difficulty. I do realise the importance of the issue raised by the Members. When I feel that a particular issue is important, I only consider the method by which it should come before this House. The problem has got to be solved some how or other. I am only trying to find a way out for it. I am only telling the Members that yesterday the issue was raised and the Minister for Education was not present here. I wanted to find out the position at which the matter stands in the Regional Committee to expedite the matter so that the Government can take a decision expeditiously without any delay. I request the Education Minister yesterday.
The Members need not be unnecessarily agitated. The only thing is I am only sorry... 

Mr. Speaker:—I am the last person to misunderstand any member because in a House like this when we are discussing so many important subjects, naturally members get excited at times.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—I am within my limits.

Mr. Speaker:—I am only saying that as far as possible let us observe some restraint.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao: Naturally to maintain the decorum of the House.

Mr. Speaker:—There are members—I do not like to say anything about anybody because it is not proper also to express my opinion.

The moment Mr. Rajeswara Rao got up, even at that time Mr. Janga Reddy was shouting at the top of his voice. Was it necessary? But I am a little deaf but I am not so deaf not to hear Mr. Janga Reddy. He has simply got up and shouted. There is no need for him to shout. It is not proper for anybody. That is all I will say. Now let us go to the business proper.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao: Let me clarify my statement, with reference to Mr. Chokka Rao. What is net effect of all these things?

Mr. Speaker:—I am not allowing any more discussion on it.
Mr. Speaker: I am not giving an opportunity to anybody. I just wanted to find out the stage at which matters stand in the Regional Committee. I said I will give you an opportunity. I am not going to disallow it or not, I have not made up my mind. If it is a question of disallowing it, then certainly it is fair to give an opportunity to the Members.

Sri Pragada Kothai: So, we are taking it up tomorrow Sir?

Mr. Speaker:—If it is a question of admitting, I need not hear you at all.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri D. Venkitesh:—(Interruption)

Mr. Speaker:—Kindly take your seat. I am sorry, excuse me.

The Notice reads like this: "In G. O. No. 299, d.t.d. 20-3-70 Government passed orders that the Government have no objection to equate the Public and Non-Public Health Workers with Class IV Employees subject to the condition that the Government cannot bear any expenditure in this connection either immediately or at a future date; that each Municipality having regard to its own finances to do so, keeping in view the above conditions. As most of the Municipalities are helpless to effect this order and having been testified that the conditional orders issued by the Government, the Public Health and Non Public Health workers in several Municipalities have gone on strike from 25-4-1070 causing inconvenience and endangering public health." The Minister for Municipal Administration is not here.
Mr. Speaker: Another Notice is dated 10-2-1970 "Under Rule 173 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Rules I raised a breach of privilege on the ground that the Minister for Municipal Administration re lied to a short discussion on a matter of urgent public importance from 1-30 to 2-30 P.M. on 27-9-1969 and denied saying that no such resolution has been passed by the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation. In that way he was responsible for the breach of privilege of the House by trying to mislead the House intentionally. When this matter was taken up for consideration of the House on 18-3-1970, Shri Pradi Vashal Pitti who has given notice reiterated what is found in the notice and as such it has become the habit of the Minister to mislead the House deliberately and as such it may be referred to the Privileges Committee. On 18-3-1970 a copy of the Privilege Notice was sent to the Minister for Municipal Administration for his information and he was asked to say why the matter should not be referred to the Privileges Committee. The Minister for Municipal Administration in his letter dated 2-3-1970 has said that the suspension of the resolution by the Government made it inoperative and it cannot be said that there was a valid resolution of the General Body and that existence of the resolution was denied. As such, I do not consider it necessary to consider the question of referring the issue to the Committee on Privileges. Moreover, I need hardly express the case like this where incorrect statements are made either due to inadvertence or by mistake with the least intention misleading the House, there can be no question of breach of privilege. As has been held more than once in the past, not only in this House but in several other Legislatures, an incorrect statement either by a Member or by a Minister even if he is to be incorrect cannot form the basis for the contempt of the House. Vide Ruling given by the Speaker of the Lok Sabha on 13-2-1958. For the above reason, I consider that it is not a fit case for referring to the Committee on Privileges.
Calling attention to a Matter of urgent public importance:

Rehabilitation of the People of Sriharikota.

One other thing—Mr. Badri Vishal Pitti, is he not in the House?—Mr. Rajaram in an immediately brought to the notice a copy of the resolution also on the same day. Immediately the Minister directed himself. So, the question of breach of privilege does not arise.

Even now I will consider about it.

(At this stage Sri M. Veeraraghava Rao brought to the notice of the Speaker that Sri Vavila Gopalakrishnayya affined and the Hon'ble the Speaker adjourned the House for five minutes.)

(The House reassembled at 11.30 A.M.)

(Mr. Speaker in the chair)

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Health of Sri Vavila Gopalakrishnayya, M.L.A.

Mr. Speaker, Hon. Members, naturally you must be all very much anxious about Sri Gopalakrishnayya's health. I have got the opinion given by the Doctors. Sri Vavila Gopalakrishnayya has got left sided weakness on half of the body. This is due to cerebral haemorrhage. It may be secondary to heart congestion. At present his pulse rate and blood pressure are satisfactory. But, he requires expert attention and constant supervision for a week. It is better that no one is allowed to visit him. Let us all hope and pray that he will recover soon.

Now, I take up the Call Attention notices. I would request the Members to be as brief as possible because by 12.30 we have to take up the other discussion. I would therefore request you to just draw the important points. Now, Sri K. Munuswamy).

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: Rehabilitation of the people of Sriharikota.
27th March, 1970

Calling at an on to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Rehabilitation of the people of Srikakulam.

Sri P. Thumma Reddy — Sir, the Atomic Energy Commission required 34,000 acres of land for the East Coast Rocket Range at Srikakulam in Nallamaldu district. 4,000 acres is private land and 27,000 acres is government land covering 10 villages. 10-12 families were
Calling attention to a matter of urgent importance:

re: Government order directing the Guntur Zilla Parishad to spend Rs. 75 lakhs provided to them before 3-3-70.

affected in this regard. The Government delivered possession of the land falling within five kilo metres radius of the proposed launching site and also a belt of 500' width along the sea coast. Th: land required for formation of 100' wide road from Buckingham canal to five kilo-metres radius limit is yet to be handed over as there is casurina plantation which will be harvested in Ma ch. 1970 and later on this site will be handed over to the Government of India. 82 families have been evacuated and rehabilitated in Kothacheruvu in the Sriharikota island and they were given ex-gratia ranging from Rs. 50 to 120 pending provisions for rehabilitation policy. Land Acquisition Award in respect of the land being acquired for the Rocket station is in progress and the enquiry stands posted to Ma ch. 1970 and commencement will be paid soon after the awards are passed shortly thereafter. The proposal of the Collector for rehabilitation of the displaced families is under examination.

re: Government order directing the Guntur Zilla Parishad to spend Rs. 75 lakhs provided to them before 3-3-70.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy: Sir, out of the ceiling of Rs. 15.6 crores fixed by the Government of India towards the expenditure under Relief in connection with the May, 1969 Cyclone, a sum of Rs. 6,50,00,000 was earmarked towards works items. Out of this amount of Rs. 3,07 crores was allotted to Guntur district. From out of this amount of Rs. 3,07 crores Rs. 1,43,00,000 was set apart towards repairs to Roads and buildings affected by the cyclone. Out of this, a sum of Rs. 64,80,000 was allotted for repairs of roads and buildings under Chief Engineer, Panchayatiraj. As against allotment of expenditure, Rs. 23.81 lakhs was incurred upto 1-3-1971. The progress of expenditure was reviewed at the Officers' Conference held...
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

1. Scarcity of Drinking Water in certain villages in Chintalapally Panchayat Samithi, Nalgonda District.

At Vjayawada on 21-3-1970 and it is proposed to move the Government of India for extension of time beyond the end of March, 1970. In the meantime, the execution of work will continue beyond March, 1970.

Re: Scarcity of drinking water in certain villages in Chinta palli Panchayat samithi, Nalgonda District.
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1970-71.
VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANT.

Demand No. XX—Agriculture—Rs. 7,27,67,000
Demand No. XXII—Animal Husbandry—Rs. 3,81,498,000
Demand No. XXI—Fisheries—Rs. 86,05,200

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri Mohd. Kamaluddin Ahmed:—This murder took place 11 months back. Police have taken action and I am told that the matter is sub-judice and so I do not want to press the motion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—So, the Minister's statement also will not be there.

Mr. Kamaluddin Ahmed:—The Minister is right. The matter is sub-judice and I do not want to press the motion.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1970-71.
VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANT.

Demand No. XX—Agriculture—Rs. 7,27,67,000
Demand No. XXII—Animal Husbandry—Rs. 3,81,498,000
Demand No. XXI—Fisheries—Rs. 86,05,200

For 1970-71, the estimates of the budget were as follows:

Voters of Demands for Grants.

- 1967-68: 81,98,137
- 1968-69: 93,82,203
- 1969-70: 105,481
- 1970-71: 5,05,980

For the year 1968-69, the budget was 81,98,137.

For the year 1969-70, the budget was 93,82,203.

For the year 1970-71, the budget was 105,481.

For the year 1971-72, the budget was 5,05,980.

The budget for the year 1970-71 was 5,05,980.

The budget for the year 1971-72 was 5,05,980.

The budget for the year 1972-73 was 5,05,980.

The budget for the year 1973-74 was 5,05,980.

The budget for the year 1974-75 was 5,05,980.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

The total demand for 1970 was Rs. 353,000. The demand for the second half of 1970 was Rs. 378,000. The demand for 1971 was Rs. 298,000. The demand for 1972 was Rs. 298,000. The total demand was Rs. 1,877,000. The demands for the various categories are as follows:

- Rs. 187,700 for the first half of 1970.
- Rs. 50,000 for the second half of 1970.
- Rs. 15,000 for the first half of 1971.
- Rs. 1,500,000 for the second half of 1971.
- Rs. 50,000 for the first half of 1972.
- Rs. 1,500,000 for the second half of 1972.

The total demand for 1970 was Rs. 27,76,000. The total demand for 1971 was Rs. 27,76,000. The total demand for 1972 was Rs. 25,76,000.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

The Chairman (Chairman): The Presiding Officer.

The Acting Chairman (Chairman) expressed his satisfaction with the progress of the works during the year 1970-71. The Vote for Grants was taken up for consideration.

The Acting Chairman (Chairman) stated that the total grant for the year 1970-71 was Rs. 23,25,000 out of which Rs. 8,23,000 was from the local authority and Rs. 15,000 was from the Government. The total demands for the year 1971 were Rs. 11,60,000 out of which Rs. 68,000 was from the Government and Rs. 10,71,000 was from the local authority. The demands for the year 1971 were met fully.

The Acting Chairman (Chairman) stated that the grant for the year 1970-71 was Rs. 50,000 out of which Rs. 19,000 was from the Government and Rs. 31,000 was from the local authority. The grant for the year 1970-71 was fully met.

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The Acting Chairman (Chairman) stated that the grant for the year 1970-71 was Rs. 50,000 out of which Rs. 19,000 was from the Government and Rs. 31,000 was from the local authority. The grant for the year 1970-71 was fully met.
Adjournment Motion:


Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There are number of members to speak. I request them to confine their speeches to 5 minutes each and reply will be by 1.20 p.m. So, I request the speakers to observe time.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—We will include that also.

ADJOURNMENT MOTION

re : STRIKE BY THE N. G. Os.
Adjournment Motion:
Mr. Deputy Speaker: Strike by the N. G. O.'s.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—When this important issue is being discussed, is it not binding on the Chief Minister to be present at this juncture? It is not just an ordinary discussion or debate. Or, you can adjourn. Should you not ask for the Chief Minister to be present and follow it?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Not necessary.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I demand that the Chief Minister must be present in the House and it is a matter of life and death to the entire administration.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—So, you have covered your speech on the adjournment motion.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—If you rule it out I have got to say.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Not that. You have not asked for any ruling.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—If you rule it out, rule it out. I do request you to call the Chief Minister to follow in order to make a reply about it.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is always good that the Minister concerned will be in the House. If for any reason he is not here, it does not mean that he should be demanded or it should be made compulsory to be here. On important issues it is really advisable.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—But to whom this subject is intended? They represent 2 1/2 lakhs men. The Chief Minister is the best fit. It is not only a pertinent issue but a pertinent evil.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Only one hour is at our disposal.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—You extend it.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Adjournment Motion cannot. Please look to the rule.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Are you suggesting that the Chief Minister need not be here?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Chief Minister will be here and you will be here.
Adjournment Motion:

(re) Strike by the N. G. O.’s.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

Mr. Speaker - I will see that the Chief Minister comes here immediately.

Pay scales wereHORTOCTS at the rate of 6% for every 3 years of service or part thereof. To rectify this anomaly, the Department should compulsorily make the following demands:

1. Withdraw all punitive measures, stop victimisation and reinstate all the victimised employees.
2. Rectification of anomalies in pay scales.
3. Weightage at the rate of one increment for every 3 years of service or part thereof.
4. Refund of accumulated amount of D.A. credited to the Provident Fund.

Basic Pay should be increased by D.A. at the rate of 6% for every 3 years of credit in the Provident Fund. The demands list for the N.G.O. is as follows.

(5) Basic pay of Rs. 70/- for Class IV employees and Rs. 100/- for L. D. C Typists and allied categories.

(6) Extend the scheme of H. R. A. up to the pay limit of Rs. 1000/- and count dearness pay as pay for purpose of calculation of H. R. A.

7) House Rent Allowance for all the employees.

8) City Compensatory Allowance on par with Central employees.

9) Remove personal files and revise conditions of service.

10) Implement revised scales of pay and H. R. A. for work charged staff, contingent staff and staff of local bodies and remove disparity in D. A. rates.

11) Overtime allowance for all the low paid Government employees.

12) Seminar pay scales for teachers with suitable adjustment for the combined cadre.

13) Stop retrenchment and absorb retrenched employees.

14) (a) bifurcate directorates and secretariat departments into regional units; replace common gradation lists with regional seniority with protection to existing incumbents.

(b) Equal opportunities to all sections of the people in respect of education and employment in the State Capital.
Adjournment Motion: re: Strike by the N. G. O's.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Mr. Speaker, Sir. I believe that unless the condition of working people in our country is improved, there is no salvation for this country. And in a democratic set up like this, if
Adjournment Motion:


Motion: Strike by the N. G. O’s.

the ruling party drives the working people to strikes. The full responsibility lies with them. What has been the history and what has been the background for this struggle? The real ground for this struggle has been that the working people and this State Government employees, teachers and municipal scavengers all of them have been asking for a better condition of life. Is that a crime to ask for a better condition of life? The Government says that they have appointed a One Man Pay Commission; and the Government itself has admitted that the One Man Pay Commission has created some anomalies and deficiencies. Therefore, the Government has set up a Committee like Officers’ Committee; even then, the Government had admitted that there were many anomalies and deficiencies to the disadvantage of the employees. Is it not the responsibility of any civilized Government, is it not the responsibility of any democratic-minded administrator that he should sit with the men concerned and solve it. Have they done it? They have not done it. Since June onwards, to this very date the employees have been asking for redressal of their grievances and for rectifying the injustices. Is it a crime? What is more, they have been submitting memorandum after memorandum and note after note to the Government agencies; yet they have not responded properly; then they have got to go to a court of law according to the genuine principles of trade unionism; they have agitated the Demands Day and they have put forth the Demonstration Day, doing the work in the day and making the demonstration in the evening. Well, is this enough? But the Government has not realized its responsibility.

After all, what is the method in a country where the rich and the powerful exploit the common man making him suffer, and making his entire family suffer? What is the remedy, I would ask any Government that is worth the name? The remedy is only to protest in one day strike. Sir, here are bureaucrats, here are men that are sitting on the Treasury Benches, and by which force and by which method are they sitting? Perhaps it is for the simple reason they have got 29 ministers; but for the simple reason that men are working, they issue dismissal orders, orders of penalization and victimization. Then the Chief Minister says I have no idea of penalization. But what he says must inform to truth. Is that anything? Is that the way in which this august House has to be treated? Now, the Government has started victimization; 700 people, we told you, Sir, have been victimized? It is a wrong figure he gave us, Sir. What is the remedy for any living human being? Is it the remedy in democratic system to agitate according to law; so they gave a notice of seven days strike. Is that a wrong thing? Because they have given seven days’ strike, the police machinery has been used in Nellore Vijayawada and Guntur. Why alone this Government it is depending on force? Yet this Government says that it is democratic and it does not depend on force, it does not depend on repressions, it does not depend on falsehood! May I ask the Chief Minister to call for the N. G. Os. and satisfy them? He may not do it; I am putting the proposition, let him hear them; we can only reflect the aspirations and sufferings of the innocent people; will he do it? Let him do it. Now, he said that there has been a big pay rise? What is
Adjournment Motion:

re: Strike by the N.G.O.'s.


that pay rise? Here is a statement given by the employees? Will he answer it? Is it not the responsibility of the Government to answer it point by point, paragraph by paragraph? It has not been answered. On the other hand, every opportunity has been by-passed. He says, what are the revenues of this State? Mr. Speaker, the revenue of this State in 1973-74 was Rs. 6.83 crores in 1976-77, which rose to Rs. 22.0 crores in 1977-78. Then he says, the percentage of administrative expenditure is 18.31.

Mr. Speaker: Your time is over. There are 10 more Members to speak.

Sri C. V. K. Rao: Therefore, Sir, the Government must sit at the table and solve the thing.

Sir, V. V. K. Rao: The question was, the Government must sit at the table and solve the thing.
Adjournment Motion:

7th March, 1970.

The Hon'ble Member (Shri) Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, M.G.O., moved 90 that in the N. G. O's. public health and non-public health workers may be treated as belonging to Class IV employees. They shall be treated as part of the regular establishment of the local body concerned and they shall be paid according to the revised scales of pay and the
Adjournment Motion : 27th March, 197

re: Strike by the N. G. Os.

compensatory allowance sanctioned with effect from 1-10-1959 to 31-10-1959 according to the revised scales of pay and the compensatory allowance sanctioned in G. O. No. 60 dated 2-6-1962 with effect from 1-11-1961.

This motion is in pursuance of the above directions. The said strike started from 1-10-1959 and the N. G. Os. have been notified to carry out the said strike by the order of 2-6-1962.

The N. G. Os. have been directed to submit their claims for compensatory allowance for the period from 1-10-1959 to 31-10-1959. The said motion is in pursuance of the above directions.

The N. G. Os. have been notified to carry out the said strike by the order of 2-6-1962.

The N. G. Os. have been directed to submit their claims for compensatory allowance for the period from 1-10-1959 to 31-10-1959. The said motion is in pursuance of the above directions.

Adjournment Motion:
re: Strike by the N.G. Os.

The question is a matter of urgency and the meeting should be adjourned.

Respectfully,

[Signature]

[Name]
Adjournment Motion:
re: Strike by the N. G. Os.


The motion submitted by the Hon. Mr. Speaker, that the House do now adjourn, be taken into consideration?

The motion was put to the House and was carried, in the affirmative, by 126 votes to 34 against.
Adjournment Motion:

re. Strike by the N. G. O's.

Sri A. Madhava Rao: — Sir, this is a sorry state of affairs which requires some solution, some how or the other. There were three pay revisions. The first was in 1957 when weightage was given. The second revision was in 1961 where too weightage was given. Again the third revision was in 1970 where weightage is now being sought for.

Now, there are two points to be considered. One is somehow or the other there is an agitation and the N.G.O's are resorting to sabotage and other things. I would ask the Government whether they are not allowing such type of agitations in other institutions coming under public and private sector. Such is the case, what is the objection when the N.G.O's resort to it unless it is going to result in each of peace. Today I have seen in the papers a news item that even bail was refused to the striking N.G.O's; naturally a subordinate would be more anxious to please the superior. That is the usual way of doing things which is happening now.

I would like to mention one thing: Are we not having a Chief Engineer where one was doing the work. Since the strength of Ministers was increased, naturally the strength of Chief Engineer was also increased. Likewise, there is top heavy administration which may be reduced. I have one more concrete suggestion to make which may be considered by the hon. Chief Minister. The hon. Chief Minister now stated that Rs. 50,000 would be required for giving weightage. I would like to put it to him a proposition: suppose in all levels, Rs. 2 is reduced, excluding lower strata like class IV employees. Lower and Upper Division Clerks, if a dialogue takes place between the Government on one hand and the N.G.O's as agitation on the other on the above lines naturally there is a like of some settlement. A reduction of Rs. 2 on all levels particularly the higher levels may be considered. What is the difficulty in accepting this suggestion? The Government's commitment will be reduced to a large extent. I would request Chief Minister to look into it.

One more submission. I always believe that repression is reprehensible. I am sure the Chief Minister also will agree with this view unless there are any inhuman atrocities which warrant repressive methods. Now when a particular device is sought for, when the hon. Chief Minister is patria protasas for the entire State where he has to take care of the welfare of the subjects just like the father of the family, if he fails to discharge his duties, naturally according to the current pattern rebellion is the only thing that will go on because that is the order of the day. One other aspect is you are making a distinction between employees belonging to one region of the State and another. You have taken vindictive steps against 800 persons who took part in the token strike and removed them whereas you allowed the strikers from the other area scot-free without any punishment. You may therefore enter into a dialogue with the N.G.O's reducing Rs. 2 in all levels particularly the high levels while the lower strata are provided with all the benefits of weightage. This suggestion may be put to the N.G.O's and their reaction seen so that there may be some amicable settlement between the Government on the one hand and the N.G.O's on the other.

Mr. Speaker, Sir, the NGO's, Class IV employees and the teachers who form the bulwark of the entire State employees are on strike. I have a specific charge against this Government that they are responsible for encouraging indiscipline among the employees because they do not act in time to meet their just demands. I am not going into the details of their demands. I have a specific charge against this Government. I am sure the Chief Minister will not answer my charges because he cannot answer. All this indiscipline and chaos is engineered by this Government because it never acts in time to meet their employees and discuss their problems. Then, Sir, this Government is found of encouraging corruption among its employees because while a peon gets 10/- a clerk gets Rs 80/. What about the rest of their requirements, Sir? Inevitably, they will have to seek some other avenues to receive something to fill their stomachs. The Government can command them physically, but they cannot command the stomach of the employees. There is necessity to see whether you can fill up their stomachs. The employees are unable to do that and they are struggling for existence. They have no other way except to think of some means or the other. Therefore, many of them have become corrupt and this is encouraged by our Government. That is my second charge.

My third charge is: this Government does not take us—legislators—into their confidence. The Chief Minister thinks that he is the Chief and the other Ministers think they are responsible only to their constituencies. They forget the fact that we are also part of the Government. When an important issue like this comes up, they don't discuss with us or talk to us. They feel that they can manage the situation and ultimately they always mismanage. That is why, I specifically charge that this Government is not taking the members into confidence to discuss and solve the problems of the NGO's. Everything is known to us. The Government should take a sympathetic view of their problems, meet the demands of the NGO's and see that no chaos takes place in future.
Adjournment Motion.


14: Strike by the N. G. O.'s.

...
Adjournment Motion: re: Strike by the N.G.O.'s


The striking N.G.O.'s intimidated one S. A. Sattar, Assistant Inspector of Fisheries, Nellore, and on his refusal to join the strike chased him, dragged him out of the office and used him bleeding injuries. The police who were on rounds intervened and arrested.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Are you holding to be correct? Have you your own information about that matter?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—So, you can say whatever you want and I have no right to say. Only prove it if you have information. I learn, Sir, that in that case bail has been refused by the court to all those accused i.e., Nellore case, Sir. One other—(INTERRUPTION: Is it bailable section or non-bailable section). The case under section 147, unlawful assembly and all that 418, criminal trespass 427, mischief. 332 and 452 I.P.C. has been refused...On 26-3-1970 at about 11-00 A.M., one loyal worker named T. Viswanathcharlu, L.D.C. of the local taluk office, Vijayawada (INTERRUPTION) was obstructed by one Narayanswamy, a peon of the local Registrar's office who persuaded him not to work. During the exchange of words, the peon slapped the clerk. He was arrested the same day and released on bail.

8. लoyal worker? कैसा बोगे?

9. लोकोपयोगी:—‘Block-head’ कैसा बोगे?

10. लोकोपयोगी:—‘Block-head’ कैसा बोगे?

11. लोकोपयोगी:—‘Block-head’ कैसा बोगे?

(ALL THE MEMBERS OF THE OPPOSITION PARTIES STAGED A WALK OUT)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1970-71

VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANTS

DEMAND No. XX — AGRICULTURE
Rs. 7,27,57,000.

DEMAND No. XXI — FISH RIS Rs. 86,620.

DEMAND No. XXII — ANIMAL HUSBANDRY Rs. 3,81,95,00.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 10,000.

For having failed in the Soil Conservation programme in the dry farming areas of the State.

The cut motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 7,27,57,000.

To criticise the Government for not providing amount to execute Yedooru cheru of Vanamala dinne Punnam Taluk Chittoor district.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 7,27,57,000.

To criticise the Government for not abolishing the Managing Board of Agriculture University.

To criticise the Government for its failure in improving quality of pesticides.

To criticise the Government for its failure in repairing all Tractors and Buldozers lying idle in all Stations.

To criticise the Government for not arresting the pests for the crops in the State.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:

Voting of Demands for Grants.

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 50

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 50

For failure to arrest Hispa disease to paddy crop in coastal Andhra district.

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 50

To discuss the failure of the Department of Nizamabad District in protecting the paddy crops.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 50

To discuss the policy of the Government in not constituting the market committees and conducting election of presidents in Telangana.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 50

For not entrusting the distribution of fertilizers to the Trade also.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 50

Government failed to reduce the hire charges on Tractors, Boring sets, etc. managed by the Andhra Pradesh Agro Industries Corporation Limited.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 50

Government failed to supply sprayers and Dusters to village Panchayats on subsidary basis.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 50

103—12
Government failed to locate an Agriculture Model Farm at Pulipadu Dari Taluk, Ongole district.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,70,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

Failed to transfer all the Extension Education to Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,70,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

For not abolishing the sales tax and other taxes on Fertilizers.

The cut motion were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,70,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

That the agriculture system should be rapidly modernised and collective agriculture be introduced in all important districts.

The cut motion was negatived.

DEMAND NO. XXI - FISHERIES Rs. 82,00,200

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,00,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

For not constructing fisheries Harbour at Vadaru in Guntur district.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,00,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

For not providing facilities for marketing of fish in the Vadadr coastal area.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 27th March, 1970.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

For not improving the economic and social status of the fishermen who are backward in all respects.

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

Failed to supply fish net turire to the Fishermen community on subsidy basis and also provide funds for marketing the fish.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

For not providing adequate funds to Gundlakamma Supply canal to Kacheralakota Tank and also for formation of new Tanks at Nujendlapalli Nagamboothapalem, Kalivelapalli and Buddikurapad of Darsi Taluk, Ongole district.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

That all the fishermen colonies in Kakinada be provided with better housing, lighting, water supply, communications, educational and medical facility.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

That the fishermen be provided interest free loans for boats, nets and implements for fishing and unemployment and starvation in the community be eliminated.

The cut motions were negatived.

DEMAND NO. XXII - ANIMAL HUSBANDRY Rs. 3,84,98,000

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,84,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government in developing the dairying industry in Telangana District.

The cut motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,84,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100

Annual Financial Statement (budget) for 1970-71:  
Voting of Demands for Grants:

The cut motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs.3,84,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.

To criticise the Government for not implementing Telangana rates in Warangal Milk Scheme area.

To reduce the allotment of Rs.3,84,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.

For giving meagre provision for medicines in the Veterinary Hospitals in the State.

To reduce the allotment of Rs.3,84,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.

For not introducing crop and cattle insurance scheme in the State.

To reduce the allotment of Rs.3,81,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.

For not giving subsidy to all the cyclone hit shepherds who lost their flocks of sheep, towards the purchase of sheep in Darsi Taluk, Ongole District.

To reduce the allotment of Rs.3,84,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.

For not providing adequate supply of medicines to all the Dispensaries.

To reduce the allotment of Rs.3,84,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.

Government failed to sanction Veterinary Hospitals at Firku Head Quarters, especially at Donokonda in Ongole district.

To reduce the allotment of Rs.3,84,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100.
That Co-operative diary farms be introduced in the entire State and the diary farm in Kakinada be improved.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,84,98,000 for Animal Husbandry by Rs. 100

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 7,17,57,000 under Demand No. XX Agriculture".

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,84,98,000 under Demand No. XXII Animal Husbandry".

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 82,06,200 under under Demand No. XXI Fisheries".

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The Question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding the amount shown in the third column of the Notice of demands dated 18th February, 1970, in respect of the following Demands entered in the first column thereof:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Demand No.</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>Taxes on Vehicles</td>
<td>30,70,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Sales Tax Administration</td>
<td>1,38,10,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>Other Taxes and Duties Administration</td>
<td>7,46,800</td>
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<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td>Stamps Administration</td>
<td>27,61,600</td>
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<tr>
<td>VII</td>
<td>Registration Department</td>
<td>57,98,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XI</td>
<td>Administration of Justice</td>
<td>2,27,20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XIV</td>
<td>Commerce and Export Promotion Department</td>
<td>1,13,87,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XV</td>
<td>Miscellaneous Departments</td>
<td>2,07,16,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XVI</td>
<td>Mines and Archaeology etc.</td>
<td>39,73,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>XVIII</td>
<td>Medical</td>
<td>15,74,82,700</td>
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<tr>
<td>XIX</td>
<td>Public Health</td>
<td>9,15,72,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XXIII</td>
<td>Co-operation</td>
<td>2,05,26,800</td>
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<tr>
<td>XXIV</td>
<td>Industries</td>
<td>2,01,07,700</td>
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<tr>
<td>XXVI</td>
<td>Labour and Employment</td>
<td>1,64,81,900</td>
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<tr>
<th>Rs.</th>
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<td>XXVII</td>
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<td>XXX</td>
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<td>XXXI</td>
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<td>LV</td>
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<td>LVI</td>
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STATEMENT MADE BY THE MINISTER FOR EDUCATION

10. Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

General observation: The minister for education has made the following observations:

- The Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund has been established to address various social and educational issues.
- The fund has been active since 1960-61 and has managed to raise substantial amounts over the years.
- The minister emphasizes the need for well-conceived and accurate questions and answers to ensure the effectiveness of the fund.
- The minister has also highlighted the importance of the Andhra Pradesh Red-Cross Society.

The minister concludes by reiterating the commitment of the government to the welfare of the people of Andhra Pradesh.
306 27th March, 1970. Statement made by the Minister for Education:

re: Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

Sir,

I am pleased to announce that the Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund has been established to provide assistance to the needy families in the state. The fund will be used to support education, health, and welfare programs. It is hoped that this initiative will help improve the living standards of the people in the state.

I would like to emphasize the importance of education in the development of a society. The fund will provide scholarships and grants to students who are outstanding in their studies. This will help ensure that talented students are not deterred by financial constraints.

With the utmost emphasis at my command, I would like to say that there is no such thing as counterfeiting or spurious printing. With the utmost emphasis at my command, I would like to say that there is no such thing as counterfeiting or spurious printing.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

Sir,

I have come with the full list of prize winners. The list includes the top ten winners of the Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund. The winners have been selected based on their academic performance and contribution to society.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]
lement made by the Minister 27th March, 170. 307
for Education:
16: Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

Originals have been produced and they are in the office of the Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund. Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—They are released here in the office of the A-P Welfare Fund. Then, they may be going in different directions to different places in India. If anybody can prove that these tickets are first being taken to Delhi or Bombay and released there, it is fantastic. What is the need for releasing them in Bombay? People who want to sell them in Bombay or Calcutta will come here, take possession of them, take delivery of them after having paid the money. Once they go out of the gate of AP Welfare Fund, it is nobody’s business. They can take the tickets and sell them anywhere in India.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—It is not commission. They are not working as Commission Agents. This is a common feature going on.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—or are they being released in some other centres?
They are working as District Branches of the Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund. There is a sharing system between the District Branch and the State Branch. What is the sharing system? Where a District branch is able to sell 100% of the tickets allotted to it, it gets 65% of the total proceeds. Similarly, if it sells more than 90% of the tickets, it gets 70% of the total proceeds. This is about District Committees. There is a sharing system between District Branch and the State Branch. An District branch is able to sell 100% of the tickets allotted to it, it gets 65% of the total proceeds. If it sells more than 90% of the tickets, it gets 70% of the total proceeds. Then I come to individuals. Should you insist that I should break my thought and come to it now? 

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—You are going round about. 

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I am not going round about; I am going directly particularly in the footsteps of the members, as Desono Bai. It was raised in so many ways saying different types.
Statement made by the Minister 27th March, 1980 309

for Education

to: Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

of commission are there because somebody is close to it and somebody is not close to it. And in the same way.

(Interruption)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Let him complete his reply.

Mr. Narasimha Rao:—Andhra Prades State Soldiers', Sailors' & Airmen's Board, Hyderabad; A. Vengaiah, Hyderabad, Ramakrishna Mutt, Hyderabad; Indian Red Cross Society, Hyderabad; Andhra Mahila Sabha, Hyderabad. I am not referring District Committees.

Mr. V. Narasimha Rao:—Andhra Pradesh State Soldiers', Sailors' & Airmen's Board, Hyderabad; A. Vengaiah, Hyderabad, Ramakrishna Mutt, Hyderabad; Indian Red Cross Society, Hyderabad; Andhra Mahila Sabha, Hyderabad. 82.

Mr. S. Narasimha Rao:—Andhra Pradesh State Soldiers', Sailors' & Airmen's Board, Hyderabad; A. Vengaiah, Hyderabad, Ramakrishna Mutt, Hyderabad; Indian Red Cross Society, Hyderabad; Andhra Mahila Sabha, Hyderabad. I am not asking the Minister to read out the list. Let him pass on the list to narrow.
Statement by the Minister for Education:


Mr. B. Ratnasabhapathi:— I am not asking the Minister to read out the list. Let him pass on the list tomorrow.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— If there is institution ‘A’ they get it.

Mr. V. Narasimha Rao:— All institutions get them...

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— All institutions get them...

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathy:— He has said that there are 82 institutions who got the tickets. Why?

Mr. V. Narasimha Rao:— 82 institutions who got the tickets. That is the reason.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathy:— They are independent institutions. They take tickets from us at concessional rates. What they do with them is their business.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— For which raffle?
Statement made by the Minister for Education: 27th March, 1970

Mr. Thakur V. Hariprasad, Secretary.

I would like to say that Mr. Hariprasad was not the first Secretary. My observations are absolutely unwarranted.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: I am going to give my antecedents. Have compared my antecedents before I give them.

Sri P. Seetharamu Rao, General Manager, State Bank of Hyderabad, Treasurer

Secretary to Government Health, Housing, Member Municipal Administration

""Education
""Panchayat Rai
""Revenue Dept.

Sri A. Krishnaswamy, I.A.S., Chairman, Publicity Commi:

President, Indian Medical Association, Andhra Pradesh

Commender, Headquarter, Andhra Sub-Area

Dr. M. N. Lakshminarassiah (who was then M. L. A.)

Smt. Kamaladevi

Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy
312 27th March, 1970.

Statement made by the Minister for Education

re: Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

Sri Chandrasekhara Reddy, Chairman, Zilla Parashad, Nellore, Member

Sri K. K. Reddy, Kurnool, Member

P. Seshavataram, Kurnool, Sri Shanmugam,

Sri K. Sugnamani P. L. Bhandai, Tirk Road, Member.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — It is part of the Raffle Scheme.

All transactions relating to the Tamilnadu Raffle Scheme will from
April 1, 1970, he routed through the Fund. क्षेत्र से राहत को 50 लाख रुपये का पानी बर्फ के लिए भी आवश्यक था। हालांकि यह डेटा नहीं मिली थी, लेकिन राहत के लिए वस्त्र, और सामान्य लाइफ स्टार्ट रूप में नियंत्रण के लिए कुछ मात्रा में तय किया गया था। Let us see. It is not so simple is that. "वह अब हमारे साथ है। यह नया नहीं है। यहों लोगों का नाम है। वह अब हमारे साथ है। यह नया नहीं है। "

Why is a new agency needed when the old agency is considered sufficient? भीमराव मंदिर में लिंगी या नाम के पीछे के लिए तय किया गया था। यह बहुत से समय लग सकता है। यह सदस्यों के लिए तय किया गया था। 10 अप्रैल से 3, 4 अप्रैल से 5 जून। 4 जून के बाद काफी तय किए गए। 30 अप्रैल से 10 मई के बीच में तय किए गए। 5 मई के बाद तय किए गए। अंततः 2 जून के बाद तय किए गए। वह अब हमारे साथ है। यह नया नहीं है।

Now I come to the most important point...... भीमराव मंदिर में लिंगी या नाम के पीछे के लिए तय किया गया था। भीमराव मंदिर में लिंगी या नाम के पीछे के लिए तय किया गया था। भीमराव मंदिर में लिंगी या नाम के पीछे के लिए तय किया गया था।

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—It is left to you. It is a Society registered under the Societies Act, but the composition I just given you. Whether it is a Public Society or purely a private body it is for members to judge. It is, of course, governed by a particular law. भीमराव मंदिर में लिंगी या नाम के पीछे के लिए तय किया गया था। भीमराव मंदिर में लिंगी या नाम के पीछे के लिए तय किया गया था। भीमराव मंदिर में लिंगी या नाम के पीछे के लिए तय किया गया था।
311 27th March, 1970.  Statement made by the Minister for Education: 
Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

It is the Finance Committee which allocates not the general council. The Finance Committee has been authorized by the General Council to incur expenditure and to allot funds from time to time.

Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy:—We are the members. Any fresh scheme taken up by the Board should be approved by the general body and without their sanction. I do not know how far it is correct. Why then there is the body at all appointed? Just now the hon. Minister stated that there is no general body meeting since six months.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—We have the meeting only once in a year.

Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy:—Never mind. I very three months when you are having a fresh scheme, should it go to the general body or not, I do not know.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—That is a question relating to the internal functioning of the Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund. If any member has any objection, he can certainly raise it. We can make it meet twice or thrice a year.

Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy:—Never mind. I have said that general body has not met for a few months. It can meet.

Why don't they allow me to deal with more important things? I am coming to the last point. That is, antecedents of Sri Thakur V. Hariprasad who is now the Secretary of the Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—The Finance Committee:

- Hon. Minister for Health and Medical Education Minister
- Chairman: Vice-Chairman
- Hon. Secretary
- Hon. Treasurer
- Hon. Treasurer
Statement made by the Minister for Education. 27th March, 1970.

Sri P. L. Bhandari ... member
Sri N. P. Narasimhachari ...
Sri Seshavatharam ...
Sri Lakshmikantha Reddy, Chairman, Zillaparsiahd, Kurnool.

Sri M. Manik Rao:—You have taken hench men?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—We have not taken particular care to include our enemies, Sir. I plead guilty for that. Mr. Thakur Hariprasad belongs to Secunderabad.

Sri G. Rajaram:—Who are your enemies?
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—We have not included any one. There are no enemies. There are no inclusions, therefore. I am not going to give a list of my enemies, Sir. That is not possible. Although I have not been able to accommodate all my friends, I have not taken particular care to include my enemies.

Sri G. Rajaram:—That you can say...

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Both ways, is is correct. There is nothing for any one to feel flustered about.

Sri G. Rajaram (Balkonda) :—Is the Government having a list of enemies:
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—There are many enemies of society like Naxalites, like murderers, like so many people. Those who are against the welfare of the people are enemies of the Welfare Fund. I have not referred to any one and there is no need for any one to feel about it.

Sri G. Rajaram:—I cannot understand the Government of Andhra Pradesh having enemies. I can understand Mr. P. V. Narasimha Rao having any enemies, but not Government of Andhra Pradesh.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Certainly, Government of Andhra Pradesh has enemies among those who want to disrupt the Government.

Sri G. Rajaram:—What do you mean?
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—However, well-established a government may be, if some people want to disrupt, they are the enemies of the government.

Sri T. Purushotham Rao:—What do you mean by ‘disruption’? Give definition.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—It is impossible to give a definition. Is the Chairman of Zilla’Parishad, Kurnool, a particular friend of the Government, Sir? What is this?
27th March, 1970. Statement made by the Minister for Education.

re: Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao — I will come to that enquiry part also.

Sri T. Purushothama Rao: If you conduct an enquiry, I will prove it.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao — I will prove it. Mr. Bhandari is a henchman of the Government.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: No, it is not so.

Sri M. Manik Rao: — I will prove it. Mr. Bhandari is a henchman of the Government.

Sri T. Purushothama Rao: If you conduct an enquiry, I will prove it.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — I will prove it.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — I will prove it. Mr. Bhandari is a henchman of the Government.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — I will prove it. Mr. Bhandari is a henchman of the Government.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi: — Why is the hon. Minister becoming so touchy about it?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — I am not touchy. I am trying to say and they are not willing to hear.

Sri G. Rajaram: — We are prepared to hear. But the way of putting in a dignified manner is something different.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — I know what a dignified way is and I am following that way. I am following a very dignified way.

Sri G. Rajaram: — Others must say about your dignity.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — There are others who will say about every body’s dignity.

Mr. Thakur Hariprasad was nominated Secretary of the Welfare Fund about 1 1/2 years ago.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — He is a native of Secunderabad. He belongs to Secunderabad. What is all this? Mr. Thakur Hariprasad was nominated Secretary of the Welfare Fund about 1 1/2 years ago and this position happens to be the last in which he was nominated. Before he came to this position, he held several positions which I am going to read.
statement made by the Minister for Education. 27th March, 1970. 317
re: Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund.

It is said that he started his life as an ordinary typist and conducted a gambling den in Ismailia bazaar. It is said that he owns today a palatial building in Marredpally. Is it a fact that he has a separate building in Panjagutta.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You will create a problem whether to believe him or believe you.

Sri T. Purushothama Rao:—This is from a paper sir. I do not want to say the paper’s name. (Pause) It is “The Leader” dated 6th February, 1970. In the same paper it is said: “Selfless service being rendered by the hon. Secretary, Sri Thakur Hariprasad has been appreciated by political, official and social circles.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Those two get cancelled. Let us hear others.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It hink it is 2-30 p.m. now. If you want, let us have the last point. Otherwise, I hink you don’t want it.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I am going to read the position which he holds.

He is the honorary First Class Magistrate in Hyderabad; honorary Secretary, Andhra Pradesh Welfare Fund; honorary General Secretary Andhra Pradesh State Council for Child Welfare; Founder and honorary Joint Secretary, Vishwabharati Socio Cultural Service League; Chairman, Standing Committee, Vishwabharati Trust which has got a corpus of Rs. 10 lakhs; President, Andhra Pradesh First Class Magistrates’ Association; Executive Committee Member, Family Planning Advisory Council; Member, Hyderabad District Family Planning Review Committee; Executive Committee Member, Hyderabad Children Aid Society; Executive Committee Member, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan; Executive Committee Member, Hind Kushth Nirvan Sangh; Andhra Pradesh; Managing Committee Member, Indian Red Cross Society, Andhra Pradesh; Executive Committee Member, Indian Council of Child Welfare New Delhi; honorary Treasurer, Andhra Pradesh Youth Festival Committee; Life member of the following institutions, namely:

Andhra Pradesh State Council for Child Welfare;
Indian Council for Child Welfare, New Delhi;
Indian Red Cross Society;
Indian Council of Social Work;
Adamoramoto Education Council, Udupi;
Hyderabad Children Aid Society;
India-International Centre for Family Planning Association.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The House is adjourned to meet tomorrow at 8-30 a.m.

(The House then adjourned to meet at Half-past Eight of the Clock on Saturday the 28th March, 1970.)