ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Recruitment under Workcharged Establishment in P. W. Department

561—

* 12 3 Q.—Sri A. Madhava Rao (Nellore):—Will hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased state:

(a) whether the Government is aware that in this State, particularly in Nellore district, persons who passed L. C. E. etc. (Diploma Courses) have been recruited purely on temporary basis under workcharged establishment in Public Works Department and they have not been regularised inspite of two or three years of service;

(b) whether the Government is further aware that inspite of service as set out in (a) the Department is preferring out-siders to the jobs to the regular establishments;

(c) whether the Government propose to regularise and make permanent the service of the workcharged establishment; and

(d) if so, when?

The Deputy Chief Minister (Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao):—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) As and when vacancies arise.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao:— I think that is being done, Sir. For the experienced, they are giving some special preference.

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao:— I think that is being done, Sir.
Black Topping of Vijayanagaram—Palakonda Trunk Road

* (1727-N) Q.—Sri M. B. Parankusain (Vuwukuru) ;—Will the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware of the fact that for want of black topping of the Vijayanagaram-Palakonda Trunk road for two miles from Sankili to Palakonda, the pedestrians, buses, jatkas, rickshaws and vehicles are subjected to accidents;

(b) the reasons for not black-topping the said road for two miles in spite of the fact that an amount of Rs. 20 lakhs has been incurred by the Roads and Buildings Department of Srikakulam district last year; and

(c) whether immediate steps will be taken for black-topping of the Sankili-Palakonda Road?

Sri J. V. Narasimlu Rao :—(a) No Sir.

(b) Black-topping of this stretch of road was not thought of previously for want of funds and also because of its lesser importance compared to other roads as it connects an unbridged river crossing at Sankili and there is no through traffic.

(c) The work has already been taken up and completed in February, 1970.

Service Rules for Work Charged People

* 103 (242) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda ;—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are any Service Rules governing the posts of work-charged people in Panchayat Raj Department; and

(b) if not, what are the rules applicable to this cadre?

The Minister for Panchayati Raj (Sri T. Ramaswamy) ;—

(a) at present there are no Service Rules in respect of the work charged establishment in the Panchayati Raj Engineering Department.

(b) the Minimum wages Act and the rules in the Public works Department Code are applicable to the work charged establishment.
4 21th March, 1970. Oral Answers to Questions

ENHANCED D. A. TO WORK-CHARGED MAISTRIES

564—

* 102 (2240) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda;—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the enhanced dearness allowance under G. O 392 Finance, dated 10-11-64 and the G. O. Ms. No. 434, Finance, dated 25-12-64 is paid to all the work charged Maistries in Nellore and Guntur districts till today;

(b) if so, to how many people it has been paid up-to-date; and

(c) how many have to be still paid; the amount of arrears of both the G. Os. to be paid up-to-date?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—(a) and (b) The increases in D. A. sanctioned in the G. Os., mentioned in the question have been paid to all the work charged Maistries numbering 54 in Guntur district from 1-8-66 only and to 92 out of 130 work-charged Maistries in Nellore district.

(c) In Guntur district arrears amounting to Rs. 9,74/- have to be paid to the 54 maistries for the period upto 1-7-1966. In Nellore district arrears amounting to Rs. 3,419 have to be paid to 98 maistries Chief Engineer (Panchayati Raj) has instructed the concerned Executive Engineers to pay the arrear amounts expeditiously.

ROAD TO YELDIGAMANI PENTA VILLAGE IN MADRAS STATE

565—

8.4 (1948) Q.—Sri D. Venkatesam (Kuppan) :—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to state;

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to lay a road via, Su Peddur, Arimanipenta villages of Kurnool Panchayat Samithi, Chittoor district to Yeldigamaniyenta village of Mudas State;

(b) if so, what is the length of the road to be formed in Andhra to connect Yeldigamaniyenta village of Mudas State;

and

c) what would be the estimated cost of the road?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—(a) No, Sir.
(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Sir T. Ramaswamy:—(a) No, Sir.
(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Due to paucity of funds, probably you are not in a position to form the road. Atleast do you recognize the necessity?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—(a) No, Sir. But there is a proposal for the construction of a bed level road dam for the said rivulet.

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—No, Sir. But there is a proposal for the construction of a bed level road dam for the said rivulet.

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—Yes.

But there is a proposal for the construction of a bed level road dam for the said rivulet.

Bridge at Vellatur

560 –

*: 1 (1903) Q. - Sri Y. Chenniah (Kodali): - Will the hon. Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

whether there is any proposal for constructing a bridge across the rivulet of Krishna at Vellatur in Repalle Taluk as it is the only link for the lanka villages?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—No, Sir. But there is a proposal for the construction of a bed level road dam for the said rivulet.

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—(a) Students’ Welfare Board is yet to be constituted.

No rules and regulations relating to the grant of loans or scholarships from out of the Students’ Welfare Fund have so far been framed by the Government.

Oral Answers to Questions:

Mr. Speaker:—The question No. 568 need not be answered. It has been already answered. It has been included in the list by mistake.

TEACHERS’ POSTS CREATED IN ANDHRA DISTRICTS

569—

* 68- (2172) Q.—Sarvasri R. Mahananda and M. Ch. Nagaiah (Prathipadu) :—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state :

(a) the districtwise number of posts of Teachers, (elementary and secondary) sanctioned in the Andhra Districts to absorb the teachers who were working in Telangana area;

(b) whether all the couples working in Telangana area are transferred to Andhra area, in one batch; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :—(a) The posts sanctioned were not split up districtwise. A statement showing the district-wise break up of transfers of Secondary and Elementary Grade teachers, so far made is placed on the Table of the House.

(b) The transfers were made in pursuance of the requests of the teachers concerned. Among the teachers transferred, there were cases of couples also. Only in three cases, either the husband or the wife could not be transferred.

(c) In all the three cases, the husband or the wife as the case may be could not be transferred for want of posts.

PAPER LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(Vide answer to Part (a) of legislative Assembly question (Starred) 2172 [569]

Statement showing the District-wise break up of transfers of Secondary and Elementary Grade Teachers from Telangana Region to Andhra Region.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Secondary Grade Teachers</th>
<th>Elementary Grade Teachers</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>154</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>171</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>318</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>357</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oral Answers to Questions.


2. Mr. Banerjee:—If a thing is a matter of three persons, then how can it be solved? It is a matter of three persons. The hon. Minister says that are there only 3 persons working here?

We will take a sympathetic view of all the couples.

3. Mr. B. (Sir):—Arjun, are you sure that 3 persons can be solved?

At their request, they were sent, Sir.

4. Mr. B. (Sir):—Arjun, are you sure that 3 persons can be solved?

5. Mr. C. (Sir):—Arjun, are you sure that 3 persons can be solved?

6. Mr. B. (Sir):—Arjun, are you sure that 3 persons can be solved?

7. Mr. C. (Sir):—Arjun, are you sure that 3 persons can be solved?

8. Mr. B. (Sir):—Arjun, are you sure that 3 persons can be solved?
2 th March, 1970.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao — I have already submitted that whatever difficulties might have arisen during that period, they will be looked into sympathetically and we will not allow any break of service.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: —

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — They will not be ousted. The posts will be continued in one form or the other. Probably they will be absorbed in the posts that are coming in the fourth plan period.

Sri Pragada Kotiah: — What about the disbursement of arrears.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — Arrears in the Education Department is a chronic matter.

Sri Pragada Kotiah: — For those people who have gone from Telangana to Andhra.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — They will not be ousted. The posts will be continued in one form or the other. Probably they will be absorbed in the posts that are coming in the fourth plan period.
NON-TUITION ALLOWANCE TO TEACHERS

570—

(a) whether the Government propose to institute a non-tuition allowance to teachers of schools both Primary and Secondary (on the analogy of non-practising allowance to the Doctors) amounting to 1/3 of their pay;

(b) if so, when; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) No such proposal is under consideration of the Government.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) Under the provisions in the Andhra Pradesh Educational Rules, teachers and Head Masters may undertake private tuitions for not more than two pupils with the previous permission of the competent authority as specified in Rule 18 of Andhra Pradesh Educational Rules.

Further in G. O. Ms. No. 20:9, Edn., Dated 22-8-1966, the Government have issued orders institution allising private tuitions by teachers working in Secondary Schools with effect from the school year 1966-1967, subject to the fulfilment of certain regulations specified therein. In view of this, it is considered not necessary to institute a non-tuition allowance to teachers of Primary and Secondary Schools.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I entirely agree with him, Sir. He need not adduce further reasons.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I have also gone through the scheme in great detail. If this is actually implemented as is envisaged in the scheme, there will be no such irregularities as pointed out by the hon. member. At the moment it is being properly implemented only in a few places.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—It is too sweeping a question. It cannot be answered one way or the other.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I have got information about certain districts. From the information received, it is found that the scheme of institutionalising privatefusion has not been implemented in Machilipatnam, Kurnool, Adilabad, Nizamabad, Medak etc., etc.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—There were certain areas left out. It is a long list. But I can say in not many institutions. There were certain areas left out.
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— A few schools like the Zilla Parishad High School, Kovvali, aided High School, Narayanapuram implemented the scheme in question. There has been no systematic implementation of the scheme.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— The are very clear. Practically nothing was done. Are you going to do anything particular?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— A phased programme of adding another teacher to the single teacher schools has already been formulated. It is a part of the 4th plan. Now that the fourth plan has been finalised, we will be able to say how much money we are getting on this scheme and in a few weeks’ time we will be able to finalise.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— Maximum number of students is 15 from Class VI to VII; 12 from VII to X; 12 from XI to XII. Maximum remuneration to be allowed for each teacher is Rs 75.

CHEMICAL FERTILISERS SUPPLIED TO ANDHRA PRADESH

871—

* 638 (2022) Q.—Sarvasri T. G. L. Phimmiah (Adoni) and K. Eswara Reddy (Pattikonda):—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the quantity of Chemical Fertilisers, Indian as well as Foreign, supplied in our State during the years 1967-68, 1968-69 and 1969-70 on districtwise basis; and

(b) whether it is adequate to meet the demands of agriculturists during this year i.e., 1969-70?

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri K. Venkataramnam):—(a) A Statement is placed on the Table of the House. (భాష్యములు తెలుసుకోవడానికి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి)

(b) Yes, Sir. (ఎహేన్ సిర్)
Statement Showing Total Supplies of Fertilisers to the State Imported and Indigenous during 1967-68.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>Pool (Imported)</th>
<th>Indigenous</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Co-operative</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Department</td>
<td>Dealers.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Against 50</td>
<td>Coramandal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>percent free</td>
<td>Fertilisers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>sale quota.</td>
<td>Ltd., A.P.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>(6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>12,382</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>7,535</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>39,026</td>
<td>9,598</td>
<td>20,191</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>20,053</td>
<td>10,222</td>
<td>6,902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>49,504</td>
<td>29,881</td>
<td>14,920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>51,259</td>
<td>38,628</td>
<td>21,747</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(in terms of Rs. in M. Tonnes.)
24th March, X970

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Population 1901</th>
<th>Population 1941</th>
<th>Population 1981</th>
<th>Education Ratio</th>
<th>Literacy Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>15,744</td>
<td>14,611</td>
<td>1,495</td>
<td>387</td>
<td>32,787</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>28,286</td>
<td>1,959</td>
<td>302</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>30,733</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>23,843</td>
<td>14,238</td>
<td>424</td>
<td>652</td>
<td>38,507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>32,981</td>
<td>10,580</td>
<td>842</td>
<td>3,395</td>
<td>47,798</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>30,584</td>
<td>2,687</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>33,870</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyderaband</td>
<td>5,727</td>
<td>12,316</td>
<td>6,863</td>
<td>147</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>23,257</td>
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<td>23,658</td>
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<td>328</td>
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<td>2,856</td>
<td>426</td>
<td>265</td>
<td>22,215</td>
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<td>Kurnoolam</td>
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<td>31</td>
<td>497</td>
<td>180</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
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<td>27,208</td>
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<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>31,018</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>726</td>
<td>32,086</td>
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<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>65,050</td>
<td>610</td>
<td>2,038</td>
<td>6,542</td>
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<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>15,055</td>
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<td>30</td>
<td>15,085</td>
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</table>

Total: 5,42,928 1,49,681 78,188 47,841 8,18,888
## II (b) Statement Showing the Supplies of Fertilisers by MM. Firms and Dealers Against Quota (Imported) 1967-68

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>A/S.</th>
<th>Urea</th>
<th>A.S.N.</th>
<th>C.A.N. 26</th>
<th>A.P.</th>
<th>A.C.</th>
<th>D.I.A/P</th>
<th>Total as A/S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sri Rangapatnam</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>6,183</td>
<td>1,552</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
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<td>9,598</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
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<td>696</td>
<td>618</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>10,222</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>9,873</td>
<td>7,492</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>782</td>
<td>864</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>29,881</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>13,102</td>
<td>8,331</td>
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<td>884</td>
<td>312</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>38,628</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
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<td>4,781</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>14,611</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
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<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>1,959</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>1,284</td>
<td>4,738</td>
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<td>1,408</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>192</td>
<td>14,288</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Hirmoul</td>
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<td>2,544</td>
<td>216</td>
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<td>912</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>10,580</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
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<td>..</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>District</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Medak</td>
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Oral Answers to Questions.

24th March, 1870.
**STATEMENT SHOWING THE DISTRICTWISE SUPPLIES RECEIVED TO ANDHRA PRADESH FROM THE INDEGENOUS PRODUCTION UNITS AGAINST FREE SALE QUOTA 1967-68.**

(M. Tonnes).

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| 219 | 2,645 | 1,920 | 12,048 | 78,188 | 47,841 |

II. STATEMENT SHOWING THE FERTILISERS SUPPLIED TO ANDHRA PRADESH DURING 1968-69 BOTH IMPORTED AND INDIGENOUS.

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In terms of Ammonium Sulphate in M. Tonnes.
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I. (a) **STATEMENT SHOWING THE SUPPLIES OF FERTILISERS THROUGH CO-OPERATIVES DURING 1968-69**

(IMPORTED).

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II. (b) STATEMENT SHOWING THE STOCK SUPPLIED BY THE DEPARTMENT DURING 1968-69 (IMPORTED)

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Oral Answers to Questions.

II. (c) STATEMENT SHOWING THE SUPPLIES OF N. FERTILISERS BY THE DEALERS AGAINST STATES QUOTA DURING 1968–69, (IMPORTED).

(M. Tonnes).

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Oral Answers to Questions.
(d) Quantities of Different Fertilisers Supplied to Andhra Pradesh During 1968-69 to the Manufacturers (Indigenous).

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| 13,538 | 4,471 | 6,459 | 65,569 | 17,280 |

Oral Answers to Questions.

## STATEMENT SHOWING THE STOCKS OF DIFFERENT FERTILISERS SUPPLIED TO ANDHRA PRADESH DURING 1968-69, BY THE UNITS OF F. C. I. (INDIGENOUS)

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**Oral Answers to Questions.**


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In terms of Ammonium Sulphate in Metric Tonnes.
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### Oral Answers to Questions

- **24th March, X970.**

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<td>112</td>
<td>200</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
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<td>Nyveli</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hindustan Steel Ltd.</td>
<td>..</td>
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<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>1,01,559</td>
<td>45,214</td>
<td>19,380</td>
<td>15,181</td>
<td>1,09,564</td>
<td>11,250</td>
<td>21,495</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Oral Answers to Questions

1. Sir, R. Mahananda:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state :
   
   (a) whether there is any Project Development Farm at Amaravathi in Guntur district;
   
   (b) what is the extent of land under this Farm;
   
   (c) what are the varieties of crops raised there;
   
   (d) what are the objectives of this farm;
   
   (e) what is the expenditure on staff, agricultural operation etc., separately in 1967-68 and 1968-69, of this Farm?

Sri K. Venkataraman:—(a) to (e) Answer is placed on the Table of the House.

ANSWER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

Vide Legislative Assembly Question No. 740 (* 572)

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) 110 acres.

(c) Paddy: PLA 1, TKM 6. CH 45. GEB 24, IR 8 and C 5342 (Hamusa).

Multiplication of seed of the following crops is also taken up on the farm.


2. Jowar: Swarna (IS 3024).


4. Castor: NPH.

5. Bajra: HB. 1 seed production.

(b) The following are the objectives:

1. to evolve a suitable cropping pattern to fit into the irrigation system under the ayacut under NagarjunaSagar project.

2. to study the optimum irrigation and fertilizer requirements of different crops in relation to the soils of the tract.

3. to evolve better and economic crop rotation introducing a grain and cash crop along with legumes.

(1) to multiply nucleus seed of promising strains for seed production and

(5) to demonstrate the cultural irrigation and manurial practices suitable for the Nagarjunasagar red and black soil tracts on all important crops.

(c) The particulars are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Expenditure on staff Rs.</th>
<th>Expenditure on agricultural operations Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1967-68</td>
<td>71,254</td>
<td>53,593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1968-69</td>
<td>71,001</td>
<td>74,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,43,355</td>
<td>1,82,595</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* * * * *

SRI SITARAMASWAMY TEMPLE, ARABUPALEM

573—

* 072 Q.—Sr. K. Govinda Rao (Anakapalli):—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether schemes have been formulated by the Endowment Board, appointing an Executive Officer in respect of Sri Sitaraswamy Temple of Arabupalem and Satvarayana Swamy temple of Kothuru villages of Anakapalli taluk, Visakhapatnam district; if so, when were they formulated and when were they implemented;

(b) whether either of the temples are being managed by the department under the schemes; if not, why not;

(c) whether there are any stay orders issued by Civil Courts against such a scheme formulated by the Endowment Board and if so, when;

(d) whether the department has taken steps to get the stay orders vacated; if not, why not—

317-6
(e) whether the Hereditary Trustees have been removed under the Act?

The Minister for Endowments (Sri R. Ramalinga Raja):—

(a) Schemes were formulated by the Endowments Department in Deputy Commissioner's Order No. 63/63 dated 4-6-1963 and O A. No. 118/64 dated 31-3-64 respectively. They could not be implemented as writ petitions were filed in the High Court and stay obtained by the hereditary trustees.

(b) No, Sir. As the hereditary trustees have taken the matter to the Civil Court and the High Court and obtained the stay orders, action could not be taken to bring the institutions under the management of the Endowments Department.

(c) Yes, Sir. (1) In respect of Sri Sivanarayanaswamy temple, Kothuru village, stay was granted by the High Court in C R. Case No. 7/64 dated 24-1-64. (2) In respect of Sri Sitaramaswamy temple, Arabupalem, the High Court granted temporary injunction restraining the Executive Officer from interfering in the management of the temple and it is still pending.

(d) Steps were taken by the Department to get the stay orders vacated.

(e) No, Sir.

(a) Schemes were formulated in Deputy Commissioner's Order No. 63/63 dated 4-6-63 and O A. No. 105/64 dated 31-3-64 respectively. They could not be implemented as writ petitions were filed in the High Court and stay obtained.

(b) Steps were taken by the Department to get the stay orders vacated.

(c) Schemes were formulated in Deputy Commissioner's Order No. 86/80 dated 9-8-60 and O A. No. 174/68 dated 9-8-68 respectively.
PROPERTIES OF LORD CHOWDESWARA SWAMY TEMPLE

574—

* Q 1. 60 Q.—Sri D. Venkatesam:—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) what are the movable and immovable properties in the name of Lord Chowdeswara Swamy Temple, Bandarlapalli village, Ramakuppam Firk; Palamaner taluk, Chittoor district;

(b) under whose control the above properties are at present;

(c) on what basis the lands are being leased out this year i.e., 1963-70 and to whom;

(d) whether the lease is being conducted after due publication;

and

(e) whether any officer of the Endowment Department will be deputed for conducting the auction or is the Trustee being empowered?

Sri R. Ramalinga Raju:—(a), (b), (c), (d) & (e) The information is placed on the table of the House.

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

Vide Answer To Clauses (A) to (E) of L.A.Q. No. 1180 (*" [574]

(a) There is no temple of Sri Chowdeswara Swamy Temple at Bandarlapalli village or in the 14 hamlets attached to it. There are temples of Sri Chodeswari Devatna at Bagallanthanam and Seginekuppam which are hamlets of Bandarlapalli and the particulars relating to the said temples are furnished below item-wise:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the hamlet</th>
<th>Name of the temple</th>
<th>Immovable property</th>
<th>Movable property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Bagallanthanam</td>
<td>Sri Chodeswari Devathan Temple</td>
<td>S.No. 747 0.89 dry</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S.No. 837 0.34 wet</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Seginekuppam</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>S.No. 503 2.30 dry</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) do</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>S.No. 55 0.15 wet</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) (i) The land in (a) (i) is in the possession and enjoyment of Sri Boorvali Sooram Bhatlu, Archaka of the temple.

(ii) The land in (a) (i) was alienated to Sri D.K. Aswathanarayana Chetty and Sri Gergia Munaswami who are in enjoyment of Ac. 1.15 cts each.

(iii) The land in (a) (iii) is in the possession and enjoyment of alienate Sri Godla Venkata Reddy.

(c) (i) Sri D Sooram Bhatlu, archaka leased out the land in (a) (i) on sharing system.
Oral Answers to Questions.

(ii) Does not arise since the lands in (a) (ii) and (iii) are in the possession and enjoyment of allenees.

(d) Does not arise since the lands covered by (a) are in the possession of archaka and the allenees.

(c) Does not arise.

(a) Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government has decided to permit film shooting in the irrigational project areas by the film producers;

(b) if so, whether any fee has been fixed; and

(c) the revenue derived by such film shooting during the year 1953-54?

The Minister for Irrigation (Sri S. Sidda Reddy): —(a) Yes Sir.

(b) Yes Sir.

(c) Rs.900.
SAEIA NANCUT IN PUTTUR TALUK

576—

Q. 207 (2301) Q.—Sri G. Sivaiah (Puttur) :—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) at what stage the proposed Satravada Anicut in Puttur taluk, Chittoor district stands; and

(b) whether the Government is aware that by constructing an anicut at the said place Irrigation facilities will be provided in Nagari, Puttur, Nirmala, Firkas in Chittoor district and in addition to this water will also be supplied to the Annimar Project in Chittoor district; and

(c) if so, what steps have been taken by the Government in this regard?

Sri S. Sidda Reddy :—(a) and (c) The scheme is deferred for the present.

(b) Yes Sir.

Sri D. Venkatesham :—Has any survey been conducted? What is the available water in that particular river and what is the water available as per the agreement. If water is given to Madras, what would be the water available to us? what is the survey report?

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Oral Answers to Questions.

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46

577—

* 1392 Q.— Sri S. Prataparudra Raju (Nagur) :— Will the hon.
Minister for Forests be pleased to state ;

(a) the extent of land under 'Podu' cultivation in the jurisdic-
tion of Kurupam, Bhadragiri ranges in Parvathipuram taluk, 
Srikakulam district now ;

(b) the extent of additional land brought under 'Podu' culti-
vation during the years 1968 and 1969 ; and 

(c) whether permissions have been given for the additional 
'Podu' or whether any action is being taken against those who 
resorted to podu newly, if so, the nature of action taken ?

The Minister for Forests (Sri S. Suryanarayana Raju) :— (a)
The extent of land under 'Podu' cultivation in Kurupam Range i. e. 
known, since no survey has been made so far.

(b) 15.5 acres in 1968 and 13.8 acres in 1969. 

(c) No permission was given for additional podu cultivation. 
Action has been taken against the offenders either by comounding 
the cases and collecting 'C' fees or presenting them in Courts.

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577—

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Action has been taken against the offenders either by comounding 
the cases and collecting 'C' fees or presenting them in Courts.
Oral Answers to Questions.

Q. 15. Will the hon. Minister for Medium Irrigation and Flood Control be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the survey has been conducted for the Haldivagu Project and Tatpally Project in Medak district; and
(b) if so, at what stage the matter stands now?

The Minister for Medium Irrigation and Flood Control (Sri R. Narapa Reddy):—
(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The Project Report for the Haldivagu is being prepared. The Tatpally project was dropped.

Sri V. B. Raju:—What are the reasons for dropping the project?

Q. 15. Will the hon. Minister for Medium Irrigation and Flood Control be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the survey has been conducted for the Haldivagu Project and Tatpally Project in Medak district; and
(b) if so, at what stage the matter stands now?

The Minister for Medium Irrigation and Flood Control (Sri R. Narapa Reddy):—
(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The Project Report for the Haldivagu is being prepared. The Tatpally project was dropped.

Sri R. Narapa Reddy:—The yield position in the Manjeera basin was examined and considered not to be taken to any cost involving further upstream from the basement of the Nizam Sagar Project in view of the precarious water supply into the Nizam Sagar Project.

HIGH LEVEL CHANNEL TO NAGAVALI PROJECT RIGHT CANAL

* 461 Q.—Sri M. B. Parankusam:—Will the hon. Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether investigation has been conducted for constructing a high level channel to the Nagavali Project Right Canal, near Gurububili in Srikakulam district;

(b) if so, the estimated expenditure therefor and the village-wise extent of land to which water will be supplied; and

(c) whether the Government will construct the said high level canal during 1969-70?

The Minister for Minor Irrigation (Sri V. Purushothama Reddy):—(a) Investigation is being done.

(b) & (c) Do not arise.

RALLAVAGU PROJECT IN KHAMMAM DISTRICT

* 1073 Q.—Sri N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal):—Will the hon. Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) the stage at which the construction Work of Rallavagu Project (Kare Gatu) in Khammam district stands at present;

(b) whether it is a fact that the Kathwa has been washed away during the second year after the construction of the said Project;

(c) whether it has come to the notice of the Government that the ryots und. r the said project are being perturbed due to the delay caused in constructing the said Project; and

(d) the persons responsible for the delay in the construction of the said Project?
Sri V. Purushothama Reddy:—(a) The earth bund, the sluice and submergible weir were completed during the year 1965-66. The work pertaining to construction of pick up weir was let out to contractor in December, 1969. The excavation of foundations is in progress. The block levelling work along the alignment of the channel is also being taken up for fixing the correct ayacut.

(b) No, Sir. Only the submergible weir constructed in 1966 was damaged due to retrogression of levels in the rear and concentrated flow of surplus course between chain 5.90 to 6.44 due to monsoon floods of 1966-67.

(c) & (d) Yes, Sir. Administrative sanction to the estimate was accorded in July, 1969. The scheme will be completed by June, 1971 subject to availability of adequate funds.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—Recently there was a conference between the Engineers of Andhra Pradesh and Madras State. Have they taken any decision?

Sri G. Sivaiah:—Recently there was a conference between the Engineers of Andhra Pradesh and Madras State. Have they taken any decision?

Sri D. Venkatesam:—There was a conference between the Andhra Pradesh State Engineers and the Madras State Engineers. What is the outcome of the Conference? What are the things that were discussed in the meeting Sir?

Sri D. Venkatesam:—There was a conference between the Andhra Pradesh State Engineers and the Madras State Engineers. What is the outcome of the Conference? What are the things that were discussed in the meeting Sir?
50 24th March, 1970. Short Notice Questions and Answers

Promotion of Assistant Engineers

217. *271 (1854) S.R. Mahandra.—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government prepared any list of Executive Engineers for promotion from Assistant Engineers as per the G.O.Ms. No. 024 P.W., dated 22-8-1960;

(b) if so, whether all of them have been absorbed as Executive Engineers: and

(c) whether the Government propose to prepare a fresh list for promotions as Executive Engineers through the Chief Engineers (General) now?
Sri S. Siddareddy:—(a) Yes Sir,

(b) out of the 55 names approved in the G.O. for appointment as Executive Engineers 22 Assistants Engineers have been appointed as temporary Executive Engineers, 31 Assistant Engineers have been placed in charge of Divisions because of the subsequent ban on promotions imposed by Government.

(c) Fresh lists are being prepared whenever they are found necessary for filling up the posts of Executive Engineers by placing Assistant Engineers in charge of Divisions.

Sri V. B. Raju (Siddipet):—Will the Minister allow the House to know whether there was a judgment from the High Court of Andhra Pradesh that what was visualised in 1966 G.O. is two-stage promotion was not correct? On the basis of that judgment were the orders revised or not?

Sri S. Siddareddy:—I require notice Sir.

Sri V. B. Raju:—It is very relevant. Where is the question of notice here?

Sri S. Siddareddy:—This is about making incharge arrangements. That is about one stage or two stage promotions. That is a separate question.

Sri V. B. Raju:—Sir, the reference in the question is a about G.O. dated 22-8-66. According to that G.O. promotions were made. Some regularisations were made on temporary basis. It has basis in the Court and it is with reference to this the Court has given orders. How can the Minister say that he wants separate notice for the question?

Sri S. Siddareddy:—That is about the preparation of the panel to be promoted as Executive Engineers from the Assistant Engineers. That I have mentioned, what the Hon’ble Member is saying is whether from Assistant Engineers or Sub-Engineers to Executive Engineers is one-stage or two-stage promotion? That is a separate issue. Therefore, I require notice.

Sri V. B. Raju:—But my point is that promotions are being made as per the G.O. of 1966. Now the seniority is considered of the Common Gradation List which should have been prepared in
1956-57. These promotions were made on a provisional basis. Then after the finalisation of the Common Gradation List should these promotions be revised according to the seniority or not and whether these promotions are irregular or irregular?

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Is it not a fact Sir that the Common Gradation List has been finalised on December 14th 1967 an a gazette has been issued?

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—The Common Gradation List has been finalised as far as I know. As Mr. Raju has referred that it has been contested, whether it is a two-stage or one-stage promotion in view of the temporary promotions made for all these years, should not it be after the finalisation and should they not be reviewed according to the High Court's Judgment?

Sri V. B. Raju:—Are these promotions temporary, provisional or final?

Sri S. Sidda Reddy:—Provisionally temporary.
టి. రాణప్పత్తు (చారిత్రీ) : పెట్టడం ఆధారంగా ఎంత వరుసలో సంసారం చేయబడుతుంది ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్‌ లో? 

టి. మరియను : పెట్టడం ఆధారంగా ఎంత వరుసలో సంసారం చేయబడుతుంది ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్‌ లో?

టి. ప్రస్తుతం : అనే విశేషం లేదా సంస్థానం యొక్క విషయం ఉంది. ప్రతి 31 డిసంబరు అక్టోబరు లో సంస్థానం యొక్క విషయం ఉంది. అతను ఒకరేమించడం తరువాత అధికారుల సంచాలన ది విషయం ఉంది. తరువాత కొంత సమయం పిలువబడి అధికారుల సంచాలన లో ఉంది. 

టి. స్వాతంత్ర్యం : లభించిన కింద ప్రతిసామ్యం ఉంది. ప్రతిసామ్యం ఉంది. 

టి. మరియను : ప్రతిసామ్యం ఉంది. ప్రతిసామ్యం ఉంది. 

టి. ప్రస్తుతం : ప్రతిసామ్యం ఉంది. 

టి. మరియను : ప్రతిసామ్యం ఉంది. 

టి. ప్రస్తుతం : ప్రతిసామ్యం ఉంది. 

టి. విచారణలు (సాంస్కృతిక) : అంశాలు అంశాలు మనస్తత్వాన్ని అందించాయుంది. 

టి. హృదయుల : మనస్తత్వాన్ని అందించాయుంది. 

టి. మరియను : మనస్తత్వాన్ని అందించాయుంది. 

టి. ప్రస్తుతం : మనస్తత్వాన్ని అందించాయుంది. 

టి. మరియను : మనస్తత్వాన్ని అందించాయుంది.
24th March, 1970. **Short Notice Questions and Answers.**

1. On the present list: the 5Hdrs in the following list are fractional. 

2. The present list is fractional. All are temporary arrangements, so that work should continue. After that, proper arrangements will be made....

3. For the present arrangements, the 5th and 6th 5Hdrs are fractional. The 5th 5Hdr is fractional.

4. As it is today, there is no accepted Common Gradation List.
Short Notice Question and Answers. 27th March, 1970.

Mr. Speaker:—Common gradation list or something like that is not yet finalised. Pending the finalisation of that list, you were just telling the House that you have been making appointments on temporary basis just for the sake of getting on with the work. What is the principle, or basis on which you are making these appointments? What they are complaining is these temporary appointments are being made arbitrarily according to the whims and fancies of the Minister who is there and not according to any principle or policy. That is the only thing. What they are asking is, is it a fact that appointments on temporary basis are being made arbitrarily according to your choice and not according to any principle.
Mr. Speaker :—This question cannot be settled during Question hour. This thing ought to be settled either during the discussion on Irrigation demand or on some other occasion. Now, the question is what is the principle involved in making the appointments.

Mr. Speaker :—Members from the other side are making allegations against him. Perhaps indirectly, they have not stated openly, that he is showing some kind of preference to the people of Telangana. Similarly, Members from Telangana seem to make a complaint that he is not giving preference to these people. Whatever it is, let us see what he has got to say.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy (Dornakal) :—Sir, here is a Gazette Notification. "The Governor of Andhra Pradesh is pleased to furnish the final gradation list of the Junior Engineers and Supervisors of Public Health department which shall be in force retrospectively from 1st November, 1936." This is a gazette issued on 14th December, 1957.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy :—All these things are inter-linked.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy :—I want to know whether it is a two stage promotion or one stage promotion? It has been held that is only one stage promotion.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy :—What does this Gazette show, Sir? "The Governor is pleased to furnish the final gradation list."

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy :—This is the Gazette of 1957, Sir.
Mr Speaker :—According to him, after it was finalised again there was some decision from the High Court or something and the latest position is some communication has been received.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy :—At the same time, is there any G. O Memorandum dated 12-9-60 to the effect that promotions have to be reviewed after the final common gradation list. There is a Memo No. 2431, General Administration Department, dated 12-9-1960 to the effect that promotions have to be reviewed after the approval of the common gradation list.

Sri S. Sidda Reddy :—After finalisation of the common gradation list.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy :—This G. O. was from G.A.D. that all these temporary promotions have to be reviewed. In accordance with the High Court judgment all these things have to be reviewed.

Sri S. Sidda Reddy :—After finalisation of the common gradation list from Divisional Engineer to Executive Engineer is it one stage promotion or two stage promotion. Promotion from Sub Engineer to Assistant Engineer is it one stage or two stage promotion. That is the issue.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy :—The promotions of Junior Engineers and Supervisors to Assistant Engineer whether it is two stage promotion or one stage promotion, the High Court has given a judgement on that point.

Mr. Speaker:—Now, the Minister for Revenue will please reply to Q. No. 547 posted on 21st i.e.,

(Some Members rose to speak)

Mr. Speaker:—Already we have taken about twenty minutes for this question. If I were to allow every Member, it will take one hour.

Sri M. Manik Rao:—Sir, this is a very important thing. The High Court judgment was given on 23-2-1968.

Mr. Speaker:—He said so far as this is concerned, it has nothing to do with it. That is under examination as to what action they should take in the light of the High Court judgment and as to how they should implement. They are getting it examined.

Sri V. B. Raju:—Sir, there is a misunderstanding by the Minister. The so-called common gradation list on which the promotions were based was questioned in the High Court that this list was prepared on the assumption that it was actually two stage promotion. The High Court said it was not two stage promotion but one stage promotion and therefore even that so called common gradation list shall not be followed. There is a misunderstanding that this list should have been followed. And Sri Prabhakara Rao says on what basis and on what list you are making the promotions when the common gradation list is not finalised. But, that list was also questioned in the High Court and the High Court set-aside that list also.

Sri S. Sidda Reddy:—Everything is questioned everywhere. Sir, the High Court judgment was given on 23-2-1968. There is a misunderstanding by the Minister. The so-called common gradation list on which the promotions were based was questioned in the High Court that this list was prepared on the assumption that it was actually two stage promotion. The High Court said it was not two stage promotion but one stage promotion and therefore even that so called common gradation list shall not be followed. There is a misunderstanding that this list should have been followed. And Sri Prabhakara Rao says on what basis and on what list you are making the promotions when the common gradation list is not finalised. But, that list was also questioned in the High Court and the High Court set-aside that list also.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Another thing is, there is one general G.O issued to all the departments stating that these posts should be kept unfilled as long as things are settled.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—That means you are transgressing in another way. Sir, the High Court judgment was given on 23-2-1968. There is a misunderstanding by the Minister. The so-called common gradation list on which the promotions were based was questioned in the High Court that this list was prepared on the assumption that it was actually two stage promotion. The High Court said it was not two stage promotion but one stage promotion and therefore even that so called common gradation list shall not be followed. There is a misunderstanding that this list should have been followed. And Sri Prabhakara Rao says on what basis and on what list you are making the promotions when the common gradation list is not finalised. But, that list was also questioned in the High Court and the High Court set-aside that list also.

Sri M. Manik Rao:—No no. You answer and say in the House. You think that all the people do not know about our case.

Mr. Speaker:—No more discussion, please.

Sri C V. K. Rao:—Sir, I put a very specific question.

Mr. Speaker:—I am extremely sorry, I cannot allow any more supplementaries.

Sri C V. K. Rao:—Afterwards High Court has passed orders. On what basis has the Government passed orders?

(No answer)

Mr. Speaker:—How on earth can we proceed with this...
ASSIGNMENT OF BANCHARAI LAND IN ADDAGUDUR VILLAGE, RAMPANAPET TALUK.

547—

* 398 (2801) Q:—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to assign an extent of 50% Acres of Bancharai land to hon. Sri V. Purushothama Reddy, Minister for Minor Irrigation at Addagudur village, Ramannapet taluk, Nalgonda district; and

(b) if answer to clause (a) is in the affirmative, the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P. Thimma Reddy):—(a) & (b): 67 pattaars of Addagudur village of Ramannapet taluk including Sri V. Purushotham Reddy had applied for exchange of their patta land to an extent of acres 4½ -15 with Government bancharai land bearing S.No. 17¾ of the village. The extent of land applied for by Sri Purushotham Reddy for exchange was acre 2-14 guntas only. The Government have not taken a final decision in this case and in the meanwhile Sri Purushotham Reddy has informed the Government that the proposals for transfer in regard to his own case may not be proceeded with. Hence there is no case for the present regarding exchange of patta lands of Minister for Minor Irrigation with the Government bancharai land.
67. Pattadars of Addagudur village of Ramanapet taluk had applied for exchange of their patta lands to an extent of Acres 431-95 Cents to obtain Government bankai land bearing S. No. 174 situated in Addagudur village.

68. It was even proposed for transfer and all preparations were made.

69. It is hereby hoped that all necessary steps would be taken for the betterment of the village, as also for the people.

1. అతని సంస్కరణలో ముందు దశానే రాముని సందర్భం మాత్రమే అన్ని వర్ధమాన శాసనాల ప్రశ్నలు ప్రశ్న చేసేనది. ఈ ప్రశ్నలు వించిన నిర్ణయాన్ని వ్యవహారంతో తెలియజేసిది. ఈ ప్రశ్నలు ఆధారంగా మరింత కౌంసిల్లు తయారు చేసే యుగ్మాల కు ప్రశ్నను తెలియజేసిది.

2. సంచాలన – అసలుతో సంచాలన ఉండాలి. విస్తారంగా ప్రశ్నను తెలియజేసిది. ఇది ఆధారాన్ని కూడా ప్రత్యేకంగా నిర్ణయం చేసిది. ఈ ప్రశ్నలు మాత్రమే కూడా పాటలు తయారు చేసింది.

3. అద్భుతం – అద్భుతంగా ఎంచుకోండి. మరింత కౌంసిల్లు కొన్ని సంచాలన ఉండాలి. ఈ ప్రశ్నలు ముందు విషయాన్ని తెలియజేసిది.

4. ప్రాంతాలు – ప్రాంతాలు మాత్రమే అన్ని వర్ధమాన శాసనాల ప్రశ్నలు ప్రశ్న చేసేనది. ఈ ప్రశ్నలు వించిన నిర్ణయాన్ని వ్యవహారంతో తెలియజేసిది. ఈ ప్రశ్నలు ఆధారంగా మరింత కౌంసిల్లు తయారు చేసే యుగ్మాలు కు ప్రశ్నను తెలియజేసిది.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—There are 167 persons in the Revision submitted by the Harijans and Backward communities as landless poor in this village. Detailed information is obtained about their lands, if any, and the land assigned to them etc., and the same are furnished in the Statement. It is learnt that there are no assignment applications pending in the Taluk Office. But, he said during the enquiry in the village, a few persons have applied for the assignment of the Bancharai.

 çift. స్త్రీ శివింది కార్యం:—ఇందులో ఎక్కడు ఎక్కడను ఫాలాడుది. అందులో ఎక్కడు ఎక్కడను ఫాలాడుది? కనుక ఎక్కడు ఫాలాడుది?

జీ. స్త్రీ శివింది కార్యం:—ఇందులో ఎక్కడు ఎక్కడను ఫాలాడుది. అందులో ఎక్కడు ఎక్కడను ఫాలాడుది?

సంస్థాధికారులు:—ఇరాయాసాధారణ కేంద్రం సమాచారం ను గురించి. అందుకే సమాచారం ఉంటుంది. అందుకే సమాచారం ఉంటుంది.

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Short Notice Question and Answers.

(a) whether a petition was submitted to the Commissioner, H.R. & C.E. two years back that the accounts of the Bapatla Education Society were not audited for the last eight years and there is large scale misappropriation of public funds;

(b) if so, what is the action taken thereon;

(c) whether the Society and the Arts and Science College are run by it are notified under section 6 of the H.R. and C.E. Act;

(d) if notified, does the Government propose to appoint an Executive Officer to set the matters right; and

(e) if not, why not?
The Minister for Endowments (Sri R. Ramalinga Raju):—

(a) Yes, Sir. A petition was received in the Office of the Commissioner, Endowments Department, on 24-4-1969.

(b) The Commissioner, Endowments Department, has issued directions to the Assistant Commissioner to enquire into the management of the College thoroughly and submit a report for taking necessary steps under the provisions of the Andhra Pradesh Charitable and Hindu Religious Institutions and Endowments Act, 1963 for the proper management of the Institution.

(c) The said Society was published under section 6 (c) of the above Act on 10-10-1969.

(d) & (e) The need to appoint an Executive Officer to the institution is under active consideration of the Commissioner, Endowments Department. If considered necessary, an Executive Officer will be appointed by the Commissioner after receipt of the report from the Assistant Commissioner, Endowments Department, Bapatla, regarding the management of the Institution.

CONSTRUCTION OF STONE EMBANKMENT TO THANDAVA RIVER

S. N. Q. No. 1:47—Sri G. Suryanarayana:— Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government have taken up the construction work of stone embankment (Rathikatta) to Thandava River in view of the loss sustained by the lands of ryots of Rajaiahpeta, Kumarapuram, Edatam etc., villages of Yelamanchili taluk on account of the floods of the said river;

(b) the reasons for the discontinuance of the work without completing the same;

(c) the expenditure incurred so far for that work and the total amount sanctioned for the said purpose;

(d) whether any proposals have been received from the Public works Department Pertaining to the construction of stone embankment to Thandava river to protect the Satyavaram Masahobpat etc., villages in Yelamanchili taluk; and

Short Notice Questions and Answers.

(e) if so, the steps taken thereon?

Sri S. Sidda Reddy :—(a) Yes, Sir. The three villages are affected by the river Pampa and not by Thandava river as mentioned in the S. N. Q.

(b) & (c).—Previously three estimates were sanctioned in 1966 for Rs. 97,000/- for deepening and widening Pampa and the works were completed. The expenditure incurred was Rs. 93,060. But there has been silting again in the river. Flood banks for about 3 miles and removal of silt in the river are necessary as was done previously. Detailed investigation is to be done.

(d) & (e).—Yes, Sir. These villages are on the left side of Thandava river. The river near Masaherbpet is eroded for a length of about 5 furlongs for which rivetment is necessary. Detailed estimate is to be prepared. The approximate value of the work will be about Rs. 75,000. The river margin near Satyavaram village is eroded for length of 400 ft. An estimate for this work for Rs. 9,200 was sanctioned under cyclone damages. The work is in progress and the same is expected to be completed in April, 1970.

Submerging of Lands Due to Floods of Varaha River

580-C

S. N. Q. No: 1447-M; Sri G. Suryanarayana :— Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are in receipt of any information about the submerging of lands of ryots in the villages of Chinauppalam, Peda Uppalam, Gudivada etc., villages in Yalamanchili taluk, Visakhapatnam district due to the floods of Varaha river; and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government thereon?

Sri S. Sidda Reddy :—(a) & (b) Particulars are being collected and they will be placed on the Table of the House, as soon as they are received.

APPOINTMENT OF WAGE BOARDS TO INDUSTRIES

580-D

S-N.Q. No. 1448-V; Sirvaari Badirivishal Pitti, M.M. Hashim and G. Anjaiah :—Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) whether a statement showing the categories of industries where wage boards are appointed up to now will be furnished;

(b) whether the statement showing the categories of industries where the recommendations of the wage boards have been implemented and those where they have not been implemented will be furnished; and

(c) when the Government intends to take steps to see that the recommendations are implemented in the case of those industries where they have not been so far implemented and the nature of the steps contemplated?

The Minister for Labour (Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy): -(a) and (b)

A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

(c) Whenever the recommendations of the Wage Boards are accepted and communicated by the Government of India, copies of the same are being sent to Commissioner of Labour for implementation through persuasion. If, even in spite of the persuasion the recommendations are not implemented; joint meetings of the employers and employees' representatives are convened for bringing about a settlement between the parties in regard to the implementation of the wage boards' recommendations and in all cases where there are agreements, memoranda of settlements are drawn up and signed by the concerned parties individually under the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

Vide Clauses (a) and (b) of Short Notice Question No. 1448-V(550-D)

Statement showing the names of Industries in respect of which Wage Boards are appointed

(a):
2. Cement Industry.
5. Engineering Industry.
10. Electricity Undertakings.

Statement showing the categories of industries where the recommendations of the Wage Board have been implemented or not implemented

(b):
Wage Board for Cement Industry.
Interim recommendations of the 2nd Wage Board for Sugar Industry.
Out of 27 units 10 units have so far implemented.
All the 5 units in the State have implemented the recommendations.
All the 18 establishments in the State have implemented the recommendations of the 2nd Wage Board for grant of interim relief.
Out of the six jute mills in the State, 5 mills have implemented the recommendations.

Out of the 18 establishments, 16 establishments have implemented the recommendations fully and one establishment has implemented partially and in the other establishment, the only employee is not interested.

Out of 38 units, 12 units have implemented the recommendations.

Out of the 20 establishments, 14 establishments have implemented the wage board's recommendations.

Out of the 4 units, 3 units have implemented the recommendations of the Wage Board.

Out of the 49 establishments, 34 units have implemented the recommendations of the Wage Board for grant of interim relief. The final recommendations of the Wage Board have been received only recently and necessary action has been taken for the expeditions implementation of the final recommendations.

Out of 859 establishments, 80 establishments have so far implemented the recommendations of the wage board for grant of interim relief. The final recommendations have been received only recently and necessary action has been taken for the expeditions implementation.

The only Electricity Undertaking in the State viz., the Andhra Pradesh Electricity Board has implemented the Wage Board recommendations for the grant of interim relief.

1. The question: — The number of atoms in 100 grams of carbon is 1.66 x 10^{23}.

   18 oxygen atoms in 16 molecules of water. What is the number of electrons in these molecules?

   The combination of this question is not clear. It seems like 16 molecules of water contain 18 oxygen atoms.

2. The question: — The number of atoms in 100 grams of carbon is 1.66 x 10^{23}.

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4. The question: — The number of atoms in 100 grams of carbon is 1.66 x 10^{23}.

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6. The question: — The number of atoms in 100 grams of carbon is 1.66 x 10^{23}.

   18 oxygen atoms in 16 molecules of water. What is the number of electrons in these molecules?

   The combination of this question is not clear. It seems like 16 molecules of water contain 18 oxygen atoms.

7. The question: — The number of atoms in 100 grams of carbon is 1.66 x 10^{23}.

   18 oxygen atoms in 16 molecules of water. What is the number of electrons in these molecules?

   The combination of this question is not clear. It seems like 16 molecules of water contain 18 oxygen atoms.

8. The question: — The number of atoms in 100 grams of carbon is 1.66 x 10^{23}.

   18 oxygen atoms in 16 molecules of water. What is the number of electrons in these molecules?

   The combination of this question is not clear. It seems like 16 molecules of water contain 18 oxygen atoms.

The last question is not clear. It seems like 16 molecules of water contain 18 oxygen atoms.
Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I am not able to follow about the textile industries. I want to know in how many cases the Textile Wage Board recommendations have been agreed to by the management, where they have followed? With regard to non-working journalist the Minister has said that they are recommendatory. Therefore they are not binding. Almost the Wage Board made certain recommendations. Has not the Government made them binding? If not, has not the Textile Working Journalists Organisation asked the Government to make them binding?

Sri G. Sanjiva Reddy:—Making them binding is not in the hands of the State Government. This recommendation is an All India recommendation and it is concerned with the Central Government. Now we have successfully implemented in number of establishments in case of non-working journalists except few individuals. The State Government is persuading.

About the textile establishments only 9 establishments have not implemented. We are trying those 9 establishments to implement. Because of the financial position, the industry is not in a position. However, the Government is trying to persuade them to implement.

**MISUSE OF FUNDS OF WEST GODAVARI DISTRICT MARKETING COMMITTEE**

S. No. 580-E.

S.No.Q No.1453-G. Sarvasri K. Buchiraidu and D. Venkatesam:—Will the hon Minister for Marketing be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have received any petition alleging misuse of funds by the Secretary, West Godavari District Marketing committee, Kovvuru;

(b) the nature of allegations made in that petition;

(c) the action taken by the Government thereon?

The Minister for Marketing (Sri Ramachandra Rao Kalyani):—

(a) Yes, sir.

(b) Acceptance of illegal gratification, misleading the Collector in respect of establishment matters, and misuse of funds of market Committee.

(c) An officer has been deputed to enquire into the allegations and his report is awaited.

If necessary, we will transfer him and start the enquiry.
BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Speaker:—There are six call attention notices. The first one is in the name of Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya and Sri Poolu Subbaiah.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—I have got to draw your attention to certain important matters.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I would like to bring to your notice a very, very important matter. It concerns the entire House, the hon. Speaker, ..

(Sri N. Ramachendra Reddi also was seen standing)

Mr. Speaker:—I will call one after another. I have noted the names of the Members who are standing. I will begin from the left and not from the right. Mr. Ramachandra Reddi will speak now.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—This concerns the entire House.

Mr. Speaker:—I will call you.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I am asking for priority.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no question of priority.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddi:—Regarding the constitution and composition of Tuni, Ellore, Tadepalli and Narsapur Market Committees, a Division Bench of the High Court yesterday quashed the orders of the Government nominating Members to the Market Committees of Tuni, Ellore, Tadepalli and Narsapur and it has been observed like this: “There was every room for suspicion that as alleged by the petitioners political influence had played a large part in .. in connection with the composition of Tuni Market Committee and the Election of Chairman and Vice-Chairman ..”

Mr. Speaker:—You are reading from the paper. We will ask a copy of the judgment, the Government can apply for a copy and place it on the table of the House. Let us not go by extracts from newspapers. Let us get a full copy of the judgment. The Minister will apply for a copy.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—When will it be applied for, Sir? It should be within a particular date.

Mr. Speaker:—I will ask the Minister to make an urgent application and get a copy of the judgement.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Day before yesterday, there was discussion.

Mr. Speaker:—So far as the Housing Board matters are concerned, a judgment copy has been received; it will be placed on the Table of the House and Members can go through it.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—About this, constitution of market committees, within 24 hours copy can be obtained.

**Point of Information:**
*

Mr. Speaker :—Within 24 hours he can make an application. The question of granting a copy and making it available depends on the High Court.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy :—It was also discussed whether there was delay on the part of the Government.

Mr. Speaker :—The moment it is received from the High Court (to the Minister) kindly place it on the Table of the House. Let there be no delay on your part.

Sri Ramachandra Rao Kalyani :—Yes, Sir.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji :—Within 24 hours the High Court will give a copy; even carbon copy will be made available to them. The only point is, the Government should feel the urgency. 

Mr. Speaker :—(To the Home Minister) Are you in a position to make any statement?

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji :—It is in the heart of the city. Ministers are there and it is their duty to give all the information to the concerned Minister. The Deputy Chief Minister was then in the House.

Mr. Speaker :—Even now you please pass it on to the Home Minister and I will ask him to make a statement tomorrow.

**POINT OF INFORMATION**

*re : Alleged high handedness of the Sub-Inspector of Police, Bhainsa*

re: Judgement of the High Court on allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I received some information, not written, that some clash has taken place in Madhole taluk. I would like the hon. Members to wait till tomorrow by the time we get the report.

Sri Ahmed Hussain:—The hon. Home Minister has got the report already.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Last night I have received some information; the Collector, Nizamabad, was telling me on telephone that some clash.

Sri Ahmed Hussain:—This is in Adilabad district.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Some people were coming to Nizamabad ... Therefore, we will get full information and inform the House tomorrow.

re: Judgement of the High Court on allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, you are aware that in this House when the High Court has given a judgement in connection with the Housing Board, the matter came up for discussion as regards certain issues and some of the hon. Members have questioned the observation made by the High Court judge, and they wanted to move a privilege motion and it has not been discussed at all. It was before you. You have to fix a date for discussion in this House; and it is the duty of this House to take up the issue and discuss it; and in the final analysis a decision may be made or the Speaker may give a ruling or may permit a discussion. That is the fundamental right of this House and it is the supreme body as far as the 4 crores people of Andhra Pradesh are concerned, and it has certain privileges under the Constitution. I am surprised that a Member of this House, one Mr. Dhanasakula Narasimham, who has a right to discuss matters, to express his opinion before you openly or in your chamber, has rushed to a court questioning, even
attributing certain things and filed a petition alleging that the privilege motion given notice of by a member was given solely with the idea of maligning a judge and bringing the High Court and judges into contempt. He wanted to ask the court to restrain the House from discussing this and also wanted that proceedings for contempt may be lodged against a Member and also the Speaker; and this is a very peculiar thing; if it is somebody else I can understand; but it is a Member who has a right to express his own opinion for or against the privilege and even ask you before filing, such a Member goes beyond, is responsible and files a petition like this. Now, you have got to ask that Member to say what he has got to say on this. Therefore, Sir, I raise this pertinent issue. I am afraid that the particular member has not studied the constitution even. Even according to Art. 211 of the Constitution.

Mr. Speaker:—what is it you want me to do? I too have gone through one News-item in Decean Chronicle where-in it is said that Mr. D. Narasimham, a Member of this House, has filed a petition before the High Court. స్మార్గాల వ్యాకరణం, పండితుడు విషయాలు కూడా సత్యము. నేటి ఖాతంలో మరియు 11 మంది పరంపర పాఠశాలలు చెప్పించిన ఉద్యోగికుడు సమూహానికి చెప్పించిన సమాచారాన్ని పరిశీలించడం ప్రామాణ్యం. అతి ఆనుకుని విషయాలు తెలిసి మీరు విషయం వివరించండి. 

Mr. Speaker:—My advice to the House is, it is better we wait till the orders of the court are known.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—He is a Member of this House. If it is somebody, an outside agency, I can understand. But it is a Member of this House questioning the validity of the rules here and also the Constitution; and so, such a Member has to be asked what he has got to say. Has he been persuaded by some other agency to do like this or is it of his own accord?

Mr. Speaker:—He would have expected this House to know it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I am not saying that. He is not making any allegation.

re: Judgement of the High Court on allotment of houses by the Housing Board.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Sir, I will read the constitution provision Article 212. He is an advocate and he should be conversant with this provision of the Constitution and the Constitutional guarantees by which the privileges of this House are being protected.

"212. (1) The validity of any proceedings in the legislature of a State shall not be...

Mr. Speaker:—The privileges of this House have not been so far violated by anybody. He wants the High Court to issue an order prohibiting this House from discussing a particular matter. Let us see what High Court will do. They have not issued an order.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—They have not issued; I am trying to find out what right has he got? He is a Member of this House. Is he conversant with the provisions of the Constitution, I want to know; you can call on him.

Mr. Speaker:—Whether he has got a right to file a petition it should be decided by the High Court. You cannot prevent him from going and filing a petition.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—He has already done the mischief. The Member also is absent in the House.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—He has lost his balance of mind.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I object to it. Is Mr. Ratnasabhapathi be hind the scene, I want to know.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—He must withdraw the word ‘mischief’ he does not know English.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—He does not know English. I have got to protect the rights of this House and I want to seek you. (inaudible) I do not know if Swatantra party decided....

Mr. Speaker:—Please sit down. Whether your knowledge of English is better or Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi’s knowledge of English is better, or the knowledge of some others is better, we are to hold an examination and then decide.... Let us not...

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—We cannot allow this sort of allegations go uncontested. You get it expunged or not is another matter.  

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That is why, we have to draw a line, whether he should be allowed to speak whatever occurs to his mind, whether it is relevant, sensible or not. He has got the right to go to a court. How can he object to a Member going to a court.

Mr. Speaker:—I have already told you...

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—Why should he continue to talk like that?

Where is the necessity to stop until the High Court gives a decision?

Mr. Speaker:—Kindly do not force me to express an opinion. None of you need be perturbed about filing of petition. Let us wait and see what the High Court is going to say.

It has become a common affair in the Assembly. Therefore, I suggest let us discuss the privilege issue after the contempt petition is disposed of by it.

re: Judgement of the High Court on allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Sri V.B. Raju:—The other day when the Deputy Speaker was in the Chair. It was brought to the notice of the Housing Minister that the non-official Members have resigned and they have actually requested the Government to institute an enquiry; the Minister have promised to make a judgment copy available and also expressed the Government’s opinion about the enquiry. He also promised to circulate the resignation letter given by the non-official members of the Housing Board to the Members of this House.

Mr. Speaker:—So far as the judgment copy is concerned, that is laid on the table of the House. So far as the member’s resignation letters are concerned, they will be made available to the Members; they will be circulated outside the House and not inside.

Sri V. B. Raju:—The third point is, he received the application (resignation letter) a few hours earlier and he promised to intimate the House about Government’s policy of instituting an enquiry.

Sri C Rajanarasimha:—As regards the resignations, I have accepted their resignations. Regarding enquiry and other things, it is under consideration and examination.

I request the Government to relieve Mr. Raghava Reddy and appoint an I. C. S. officer to look into the matter so that there may not be any possibility of manipulation of any other thing as such. Already the non-official members have stated that Sri Raghavareddi is responsible for it. Will the Government consider about it.

Mr. Speaker:—If the Members themselves want a committee to enquire the whole thing and if they are themselves anxious that an enquiry should be held, I do not think there is any difficulty on the part of the Government to appoint an Enquiry Committee.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—What justification is there? They have already said some thing against Mr. Raghava Reddy. So, some other person may be there who is an official.

Mr. Speaker:—The Enquiry Committee will go into everything.

Sri Konda Laxman Bapujee:—The point is, whether the Chairman of the Housing Board could be removed from office either temporarily or permanently pending enquiry. That is the question. When non-official members have levelled specific charges against the Chairman and they have sent in their resignations, does the Government think of suspending the Chairman or removing him pending enquiry?

Mr. Speaker:—I do not know whether it is possible for the Government to appoint a Committee to decide all these things and give findings, when once the High Court has given its judgment.

Sri Konda Laxman Bapujee:—I am not asking the Chair. I am asking the Minister whether he will, pending enquiry, remove the Chairman. I am putting a specific question. It is for the Minister to say.
Mr. Speaker:—Has the Minister got the power?

Sri Konda Laxman Bapujee:—Let him say. Give him an opportunity to explain his own position.

Mr. Speaker:—What have you got to say?

It is under examination.

Mr. Speaker:—This is a thing which has got to be examined.

Mr. Speaker:—Takis a thing which has got to be examined.

Therefore after going into it, Government will come to a conclusion.

To expunge the remarks made against the Chairman, they have gone to the High Court. The Judge again refused to expunge those remarks.

Judgement of the High Court on allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

To put a seal to it and to see that the shadow is removed, why should the Government hesitate to promise the House that they will consider constituting an enquiry Committee. Examination will definitely have to go on. It depends upon the urgency, or what sense of urgency will be demonstrated is the point. Without examining, how can things be done. But how much time it will take? Why should the Government have any objection to institute an enquiry committee when the High Court has said it, when the Board has said it and when things have been discussed here. Why should the Government hesitate?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—There is no question of hesitation. Certainly the Government will go into it. The High Court has said against the members. The members have resigned, when their term is hardly two months more. They have made some allegations against some X; that X will have to give his reply. Government will consider all those things.

Sri V. B. Raju:—It is before a Committee; not before the Government; it should before an independent Committee.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—The question of independent committee does not arise. The Government must consider first. It must come to a conclusion.

Mr. Speaker:—There is another delicate thing which the House has to consider and the Government also should consider. Once the High Court has given certain findings and made certain observations against certain members as well as the Chairman, can an enquiry committee, after going through every thing, say that the observations of the High Court are unwarranted or something like that.

Sri V. B. Raju:—Not about the judgment.

Mr. Speaker:—Suppose the Enquiry Committee feels that the members have acted rightly. What for are they asking for the enquiry.

Sri Konda Laxman Bapuji:—They have mentioned so many other points.

Mr. Speaker:—They want an enquiry by an impartial body. They want to vindicate their position saying that the High Court not justified in making those observations, without giving an opportunity to the members concerned.

Mr. Speaker:—I asked the Chief Minister to consider all these questions.

Sri Pragada Kotiah:—The settled fact is that there are irregularities in the functioning of the Housing Board. There is no reference to the High Court judgment; there is no reference to the resignation of the non-official members; but at the same time, it is a settled fact that there are irregularities in the functioning of the Board and a House Committee can go into those irregularities.

Mr. Speaker:—I expect the Government to consider all the points.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—My friend says, there is no High Court Judgment; he does not want to consider the judgment; he does not also want to consider the resignations and the matters contained in the resignation letters...

Sri Pragada Kotiah:—You are wrongly interpreting what I have stated.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Irrespective of the judgment, you say a House committee should be constituted to probe into the working of the Housing Board. You say it is a settled fact that there are irregularities in the functioning of the Board. That is a wrong assumption.

Mr. Speaker:—I am putting a hypothetical proposition before the House. Suppose the Committee comes to the conclusion that the Housing Board has been functioning very rightly and properly right from the beginning.

Sri Pragada Kotiah:—We will be satisfied.

Mr. Speaker:—Whatever it may be, there is an end of it. No further discussion. I will ask the Government to consider the suggestions raised on the floor of the House.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—While making no comment on anything, I wish to submit to the House that the allegation made by Sri Pragada Kotiah that there is something irregular is a wrong presumption. It should not be. It may be, there may be irregularities or there may not be irregularities. That can be known only after the Government goes into the question.

Mr. Speaker:—That is what the law says.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Government will look into all the aspects.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapujee:—I have gone through the judgment, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—We have had enough information about this.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapujee:—I have gone through the judgment copy. Different observations are there. Impressions which we have earlier formed are wrong. I have gone through the copy of the judgment copy now placed on the table. Let us go through the resignation letters also—what facts have been mentioned therein. Thereafter, we will be in a better position to make suggestion, if at all we have to.

Sri Jaipal Reddy (Kalvakuntli):—The Court made observations with regard to allotment of certain quarters. It made some observations on the conduct of non-officials. In pursuance of those observations, the non-officials have resigned. They asked for an enquiry to vindicate their position. If you appoint a Committee and that Committee comes to the conclusion that the conduct of non-officials in that particular respect was not unjustified, it would be to cancel the effect of the High Court decision. If the Committee agrees with...
the judgment of the High Court, the purpose of appointing a Committee will be redundant. Secondly, members have asked for an enquiry to vindicate their position. They have also made certain allegations against the Chairman and others. They made certain specific allegations. All this goes to prove that there is no warrant for appointment of a probe Committee.

Sri Konda Laxman Bapujee:—It is not so.

Mr. Speaker:—It is another delicate thing which we should consider.

Mr. Speaker:—Sri V. B. Raju:—The observations of the High Court are not to be taken lightly.

Mr. Speaker:—Then what becomes of the observations of the High Court?

Sri V. B. Raju:—No criminal action will be taken.
Point of Information:

re: Judgment of the High Court on allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Mr. Speaker:—That means the High Court judge would have made observations unwarrantedly. Members want the enquiry Committee to vindicate their own position.

Sri V. B. Raju:—I do not want to enter into an argument with the Chair. My submission is what executive action Government should actually follow the judgment? Every judgment must be followed by Governmental action; then only we will be respecting the Court. The Court has said that there is something which is mala fide—I do not use that word Mala fide, I would say, some irregularity. Then the Government must know whether irregularity has taken place or not. Those persons who are responsible for that must be punished. How they should be punished? All these things follow the judgment. That is what we want the Government to do.

Mr. Speaker:—The Chief Minister has said that they are examining the whole thing and that Government would also obtain the explanation of the Chairman and after that will decide as to what should be done, regarding Governmental action. What else do you want the Chief Minister to do? The question is that he has nothing more to do. Of course, the only thing is we can ask the Chief Minister to expedite this thing as early as possible.

(At this stage, some members stood up in their seats).

Mr. Speaker:—No further discussion.

Mr. Speaker:—Point of Information: Functioning of the Housing Board is-

Mr. Speaker:—I am helpless.
I have gone through the letters of resignation of those members. They have made certain allegations against the Chairman. They also said that they have not been given an opportunity to explain their position. They also said that full facts were not placed before the High Court for coming to a conclusion. They have several things and they want an enquiry Committee to be appointed for enquiring into all these things. What they feel is that if the High Court had been appraised of all the facts the High Court would not have come to that decision. Now, as against the judgement of the High Court, can an enquiry committee be appointed? That is one thing. It is for the Government to get it examined. Now, the position is they say they have not been given an opportunity and full facts have not been placed before the High Court. All those things can they be considered by the Enquiry Committee? It is for the Government to consider all those things, examine all those things and see what it should do.

But at the same time the settled fact is that there are some serious irregularities in the functioning of the Housing Board. The House Committee can go into the whole question.

Mr. Speaker:—I asked the Chief Minister to consider all those questions.

Business of the House

Sri V. B. Raju:—The Minister for Education has promised to make a statement today on the situation of teacher’s strike.

Mr. Speaker:—Let us first dispose of the points raised by the members.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—The Chief Minister has told this House on Friday, March 21, 1970, that the Presidential Order enlarging the powers of the Regional Committee has come into force from March 9, 1970. He has asked the members to put a short-notice question. A short notice question has been given notice of and it has been called on 30-3-70. If you have any supplementary questions, they may be put on that date.

Mr. Speaker:—He has asked the members to put a short-notice question. A short notice question has been given notice of and it has been called on 30-3-70. If you have any supplementary questions, they may be put on that date.
CALLING ATTENTION TO A MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE.

re: FIFTH STEEL PLANT AT VISAKHAPATNAM

"Altering its earlier decision which envisaged a single public sector fifth steel plant, the Government is likely to make simultaneous announcement of setting up three steel units at Hospet, Salem and Visakhapatnam."

"While the Centre had not yet decided the order in which the three plants are to be set up, the one at Vizag and Hospet will be mild steel with a capacity of two million tons each. The Salem one will be a special steel unit."

"The Union Ministry of Steel and Heavy Engineering is tight lipped over the decisions expected on the new steel plants in Salem and other places in the South. However, a few hints that have been thrown, suggest that the Tamil Nadu Government will be able to prevail upon the Centre to sanction the long-awaited project.

The approval of the Rs. 20-crore project for the setting up of a pelletisation plant to process the Salem iron ore, is mentioned as the first step in this direction. A final decision is expected from the Centre by the time the National Development Council meets later this month."

"There are indications that the Planning Commission is in favour of including the Salem steel project in the Fourth Plan. In fact, enough hints have been thrown to suggest that the Tamil Nadu Government can now think of steps to go ahead with the project.

One remark heard in this connection is that the State Government should not insist on a conventional integrated steel plant of a million tonnes capacity with a blast furnace complex but should go in for a low alloy and carbon steel plant of half a million tonnes capacity. But this suggestion ignores the fact that the two expert reports on the project envisaged only a special steel plant."

"Mr. R. I. Parthasarathy, who is a member of the Prime Minister's Committee of M. Ps. on Planning said here today that the Union Government would announce shortly its decision approving the Rs. 100-crore Salem Steel Plan project to make special steel and including it in the Fourth Plan."

"The Chief Minister Mr. Karunanidhi had demanded an immediate announcement by the Prime Minister, Mrs. Indira Gandhi, about the Salem Steel Plant and also substantial shares from the Centre's Special assistance."

Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Fifth Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam.

"Though the Planning Commission has already given the green signal and made a provision of Rs. 115 crores in the Fourth Plan for the proposed steel plant at Salem, Visakhapatnam and Hospet, the Prime Minister is awaiting a political opportune and advantageous moment to announce the decision."

It is not a matter for one or two years; it is a matter for 7 or 8 years.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Need for immediate sanction of funds to the Samithis for repairs to roads and tanks in Kavali taluk.


Need for immediate sanction of funds to the Samithis for repairs to roads and tanks in Kavali taluk.

But, what the present thinking is I do not know.

re: Need for sanction of funds to the Samithis for repairs to roads and tanks in Kavali Taluk.
88  24th March, 1970.  C  ing attention to a matter of urgent
dpublic importance:
re: Difficulties of students who have failed in X
Class Examination held in October, 1969.

10 దినుచే మీరు మీద ఉండండి.  రాష్ట్రంలో అనేక పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల విభాగాల్లో అసలు పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల యొక్క ప్రసాదపత్రాన్ని భావించాలి.  రాష్ట్రంలో అనేక పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల విభాగాల్లో అసలు పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల యొక్క ప్రసాదపత్రాన్ని భావించాలి.  రాష్ట్రంలో అనేక పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల విభాగాల్లో అసలు పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల యొక్క ప్రసాదపత్రాన్ని భావించాలి.  రాష్ట్రంలో అనేక పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల విభాగాల్లో అసలు పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల యొక్క ప్రసాదపత్రాన్ని భావించాలి.  రాష్ట్రంలో అనేక పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల విభాగాల్లో అసలు పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల యొక్క ప్రసాదపత్రాన్ని భావించాలి.  రాష్ట్రంలో అనేక పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల విభాగాల్లో అసలు పాశ్చాత్య సాహిత్యాల యొక్క ప్రసాదపత్రాన్ని భావించాలి.

re : DIFFICULTIES OF STUDENTS WHO HAVE FAILED IN X CLASS
EXAMINATION HELD IN OCTOBER, 1969.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Non-paymant of salaries to the teachers working in Eluru and Gudur Municipalities.

This arrangement was arrived at subject to the condition that they should pass the examination whenever it is held and also subject to the condition that the test they had taken is not public examination; it was only a test, an entrance test and the University has agreed to it with great difficulty and they will never agree to dispense with the public examination.

How are they to manage.

re: Non-Payment of salaries to the teachers working in Eluru and Gudur Municipalities.

Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Non-payment of salaries to the teachers working in Eluru and Gudur Municipalities.

Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Non-payment of salaries to the teachers working in Eluru and Gudur Municipalities.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Arrest of student leaders at Hyderabad on 16-3-70.

In Gudur an amount of Rs. 30,290 has been fixed as grant admissible under the rules for the year 1969-70.

In the Municipal Council in 4 instalments during the current year 1969-70. Regarding arrears it is reported the audited financial statements have not been received from the Local Fund Audit Department. Hence the arrear grant cannot be released in the absence of financial audited statements.

The balance grant of Rs. 36,730 is being released by the District Educational Officer, Nellore from out of additional allotments given by the D.P.I. of 4-3-70.

re: Arrest of student leaders at Hyderabad on 16-3-70.

Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Arrest of student leaders at Hyderabad on 16-3-70.

Sri T. Purushothama Rao:—I have not referred to him.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He (Sri C. V. K. Rao) has a right to refer to me.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If it is unparliamentary, then I shall see that it is removed.

Sri M. Manik Rao:—It is inter-related; it will arise this is important; we have to refer to it.

Steel Plant matter:—18th arrest issue. Is there something in this? How many?

Sri T. Purushothama Rao:—Unvindicative as, whatsoever action taken against student leaders on 16-3-70 arrest issue sabotage allegation. Because movement is against sabotage issue. Whether arrest is justified or not, student leaders are alarmed. Steel Plant matter arises. What action taken against student leaders? Where is it public sentiment involved?
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Arrest of student leaders at Hyderabad on 16-3-70.

Public feeling expresses a sense of urgency on 24th March, 1970.

Public feeling expresses the arrest of student leaders at Hyderabad on 16-3-70.

Action Committee meeting convened on 12, 13, 14, and 15th of March.

Agitation on 12th of March. Peaceful protest meeting on 13th of March.

Protest meeting on 14th of March. Peaceful strike on 15th of March.

Students produce observations.

Sri M. Manik Rao: On a point of information, Sir, the students at Police Station.

Sri J. Vengal Rao: On 15th March, the Telangana students Action Committee under the chairmanship of Mr. Mallikharjun convened a meeting at their office situated at Narayanguda crossroads. It was attended by the student leaders and representatives.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: A rest of student leaders at Hyderabad on 16th March, 1970.

the students of various high schools including Mr. Mallikha juna and Sri Suresh and others.

In the meeting, they conspired on the ways and means to accelerate the achievement of separate statehood for Telangana by intensifying the agitation and indulging in violence. In the meeting they also resolved that the separate state for Telangana region would not be achieved by peaceful means and that it could only be achieved by violence. It was further resolved that they should damage the A. P. S. R. T. C. buses by pelting stones and burning them, attacking and assaulting police parties with stones and brick-bats and create terror and panic by throwing bombs and also commit other overt acts from March, 16th.

In furtherance of this conspiracy, they organised the students and incited them to commit acts of violence. From March 16 onwards the students mobs have burnt seven A. P. S. R. T. C. buses and damaged another nine buses. Two other cases of arson have also been reported. As such, Mr. Mallikarjun, Sri Suresh and seven others have been arrested on March 16 and another student leader on March 18. A case under 120 (B) I. P. C. had been registered and all of them have been remanded to judicial custody immediately.

Sri M. Manik Rao : Students resolution pass:

Sri M. Manik Rao : Students resolution pass
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:


Sri M. Manik Rao:— Why not you prove in the House. You are only inviting your own trouble by a resting the people the student leaders to come back to the ground. Now that you have invited 15th 16th 17th March.

Sri M. Manik Rao:— If you are going to be violent, we are not going to keep quiet.

Sri M. Manik Rao:— If you are going to be violent, we are not going to keep quiet.

re: Atrocities and violence in the twin cities on 15th and 16th March, 1970.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:


Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:


The Telangana Students Action Committee convened a meeting of the Students' Representatives on 15-3-70 in their office building at Hyderabad to chalk out the programme to obtain separate statehood for Telangana. Sri Mallikarjun, President, Telangana Student's Action Committee presided over the meeting. It was conspired in the meeting that from 16-3-70 onwards they should organise the students and incite them to commit acts of violence as such a course alone would help them to achieve their goal.

On 15th March, 1970 no incident was reported within the area under the jurisdiction of the city police. At about 8-15 a.m. some miscreants set fire to one of the compartments of a local train in between Bolaram and Bolaram Bazaar Railway Station.

In pursuance of the decision taken by the Telangana Student's Action Committee, the student mobs have burnt seven APSRTC buses and damaged another nine APSRTC buses by pelting stones, from 16-3-70. On the intervening night of 15/16-3-70 some Telangana agitators entered into Goshamahal High School and set fire to furniture etc. On the intervening night of 18/19-3-70 some miscreants set fire to the furniture of another school in Himayathnagar. On the night of 17-3-70 some miscreants threw country bombs at the residence of Dr. M. Chenna Reddy. In all, according to the reports so far received, the loss due to these incidents is roughly about Rs. 82000. The police have registered cases in all these incidents and they are being investigated. So far, 18 persons have been arrested.

The police have also arrested Sri V. Mallikarjun and 9 other student leaders on 16th and 18th March, 1970. A case in Crime No. 71/70 under Sec. 121 (B) IPC has been registered against them. Apart from this a number of unsocial elements have also been arrested under Sec. 151 Cr.P.C. The situation is completely under control.
Presentation of the Report of the Estimates Committee.

Sri K. Prabhakara Rao:—Sir, with your permission, on behalf of the Chairman, Estimates Committee, I beg to present the Thirteenth Report of the Committee (1969-70) on the Nagarjunasagar Project with particular reference to its Ayacut Development.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Report presented.

Presentation of Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure for 1969-70

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—Sir, I beg to present the statement showing the Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure for 1969-70.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Supplementary Estimates presented.

Sri T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao (Vijayawada East):—You were pleased to say that you would give your ruling as for the appropriate time when my point of order regarding the validity of the Presidential Order would be allowed to be moved.

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—Sir, we are in the middle of the Budget Session. At this stage for this year it may not be possible and definitely the order will be obeyed in future. Even before the order was issued we were in the middle of the Budget session and it is a thing which takes a lot of time. In future it may be done.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—This House cannot go with any Budget Demand unless the budget is submitted as per the Constitution and the Constitution says after the order of the President the budget would be in certain form. And unless that budget is presented in certain form, no demand can be discussed and it will be unconstitutional. Therefore, it will not be a question of convenience or inconvenience of the Government to move any demand. Therefore, it is quite constitutional point and his House cannot overlook the constitutional position. Even from 8th onwards whatever the business we have undertaken, the budget demand is null and void and because this point was not properly raised or discussed at that time, this is the very appropriate time when the Finance Minister is moving the budget demand we are saying that it is a part of order; As per the constitution the President issued an order under Act. 871 of the Constitution. Therefore it is a part of the Constitution. It is not an administrative instruction of what the President has issued. Therefore, it is perfectly correct. The point of order should be held valid and then the business of the House as far as the budget is concerned cannot be discussed. It will be against the Constitution.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—While I am agreeing with the view of the member I am of the opinion that the only way out for the Government is to support the point of order. That is the only way.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Where is the opportune time? My ruling is only at the opportune time.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Once you give a ruling at a particular time, we raise a point of order. If you agree that the Presidential Order Amendment is valid what Mr. Lakshman Bapuji and others said must be valid. On the other hand when the Presidential order amendment comes into force, the two separate budgets will arise. In the face of the Presidential Order it comes into effect according to the Gazette of India from 9-3-70. How can both things co-exist. It is impossible.

Sri K. Vijayabhashkara Reddy:—The budget for 1970-71 was presented on 24th February and the Presidential Order was issued in March. This is a common budget for 1970-71 which was presented earlier than the Presidential Order. Both the points raised by the hon. Members do not stand Sir, for this year. This is the procedure and the Presidential Order will definitely be valid.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—In the Presidential Order now here it is stated.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—What he said that it does not apply for this year is not correct because the budget pertains to next year. Therefore, the budget was presented already on the 24th of last month that does not mean that on every demand which they will be submitting for consideration the question of constitution cannot be raised. What I say is it is not only the question of splitting the budget into region wise budget but the right of the Regional Committee to consider the budget provisions of Telangana also is there.

Sri K. Vijayabhashkara Reddy:—I made it very clear. The presentation of the budget was this is the programme of one year i.e., the budget for 1970-71. The Presidential Order is in March and for this year it is not possible. The Presidential Order will be agreed to and accordingly the whole thing will be considered.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

We will have to go to a Court of Law. In the present form it is not possible for the Finance Minister to present it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—We have already given notice that this Order under Art. 371 is not a valid one. That is a temporary, transitional and special provision. Under that this particular Andhra Pradesh Regional Committee Order has come into force. So, it cannot be amended.

Mr. Speaker:—According to Mr. Konda Lakshman Bapuji and other friends the Presidential Order has come into force on the 9th day of March 1970. That is, after 9th March after this Order has come into force, the financial estimates for Telangana area and the rest of Andhra Districts shall be presented separately to the House. Upto the 9th they are justified in presenting Supplementary Estimates.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—Not necessary Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—Kindly hear me. Please have patience to hear me. The Budget for the year 1969-70—these are all Supplementary Estimates for the year 1969-70 and not 1970-71. For 1970-71 the Budget has got to be presented separately. On that day when the Finance Minister presented the Budget for 1970-71 this Order had not come into force. Hereafter since the order has come into force, it will be the duty of the Government in future to have separate accounts with regard to the receipts and expenditure of the Telangana area as well as the rest of Andhra Districts.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—That is not the correct position.

Mr. Speaker:—Your contention is, if I am able to understand you correctly, after this Order has come into force from 9th March 1970 they have got to maintain separate accounts both for Telangana and Andhra areas.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—No, Sir. That is not the intention. My contention is this. According to the Presidential Order, whichever financial statement is placed before the House, whether about the past period or for the future period, that should be split into region-wise and the Regional Committee shall have the right to discuss those things.
Mr. Speaker:—Please go through the Order. Kindly go through the Order. It is stated in Clause (5) that the Annual Financial Statement which we usually call as Budget in the ordinary parlance but strictly speaking it is called only Annual Financial Statement details regarding the receipts and expenditure in relation to Telangana region and the rest of the State shall be showed in separate columns for facility of reference and consideration by the Regional Committee.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—That what we wanted.

Mr. Speaker:—That is, after this has come into force in the Annual Financial Statement that is to be presented to the House they must show these things separately in separate columns.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—(Interruption)

Mr. Speaker:—Let us try to understand things clearly. Please hear me. In this it is clearly stated that the Annual Financial Statement, which we call budget, is not the budget. It is supplementary estimate which is being presented.

Mr. Speaker:—No. No, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—No. Under the Constitution the Annual Financial Statement has got to be presented. Now, as per the Presidential Order naturally in future after this order has come into force, it will be the duty of the Finance Minister or the Government to show separate receipts and expenditure in Telangana and Andhra areas. So far as this is concerned, it is being presented under Rule 161, i.e., Supplementary or additional demand. That is not an Annual Financial Statement. Please make a difference. That is not the Annual Financial Statement, which is being presented to the House. This is Supplementary or Additional Demand. Another point which the House has got to consider is in future not only Annual Financial Statement shall be presented to the House and showed in separate receipts of income and expenditure for Telangana and rest of the State but also with regard to Supplementary Estimates. That I cannot say now at this stage. I am sure about it. I am not in a position to say about it at this stage.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—Let us discuss because Agriculture Demands are being moved. Therefore this problem would again be raised. Let us discuss thoroughly whether it is supplementary budget or the Annual Budget because in that, budget also is being considered, from 9th onwards. Therefore, I would like to suggest that to avoid all these things it is better to invite the Advocate General and hear him as to what is the constitutional position.

Mr. Speaker:—Very good. Now you have made a suggestion that it is better to consult the Advocate General in your opinion. When I feel it, certainly I will do it.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—It is not a question whether Speaker wants it or not.

Mr. Speaker:—If every member wants it I cannot call the opinion of the Advocate-General.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—If the Treasury Benches do not want to hear the Advocate General's views on the legal and constitutional point and if you on the strength of the feeling want to go ahead, how is it?

Mr. Speaker:—You seem to be of the opinion that this is a point on which the Advocate General should be called upon to the House.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—Every Hon’ble member has to apply his mind. It is an important point. It is really a matter of importance. Even though we are lawyers let us also hear the others too.

Mr. Speaker:—More than lawyers we are legislators.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—The constitutional points should be thoroughly examined.

Mr. Speaker:—You have raised a point that after the Presidential Order has come into force after the 9th March, whenever financial statement comes, it has got to be presented with the accounts both for Telengana area and the rest of the State separately. That is of course correct. Nobody is disputing that point.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Before we go to that point, there is another aspect which you have to examine. 20 अबला 19 साल 6 मास 371 (1) से मिलेंगे बिल जिसे तीन सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। 20 अबला 19 साल 6 मास 371 (1) से मिलेंगे बिल जिसे तीन सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। यह सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। यह सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। यह सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। यह सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा।

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Before we go to that point, there is another aspect which you have to examine. 20 अबला 19 साल 6 मास 371 (1) से मिलेंगे बिल जिसे तीन सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। 20 अबला 19 साल 6 मास 371 (1) से मिलेंगे बिल जिसे तीन सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। यह सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। यह सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। यह सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा। यह सरकारों पर दिखाए जाएगा।

Mr. Speaker:—If it is a very intricate point, which is not understood by accurately we can requisition the services of the Advocate-General. But, the question is as I have already told you
the Presidential Order is very clear about it. It applies only to the Annual Financial Statement, that is, Annual budget. You have raised the point and you have given your suggestions. I am only sorry that we are losing much time over this. We won’t have time for discussing on the demands which is very important.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—Sir, I have raised a point of order.

Mr Speaker:—Very good. Having raised a point of order, you allow the Chair to give a ruling.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—I want both the things to be...

Mr Speaker:—Please hear me: It is Annual budget for the year 1969-70 not 1970-71. Please do not try to confuse one with the other.

Mr Speaker:—Yes, it is the Annual Budget for the year 1969-70 and not for 1970-71.

Sri Pragada Kotiah:—It is now being presented before the House. It is now being presented before the House and it has come before the House and it is part of the Annual Budget. Then they need not come before the House also. This is purely part of the Annual Budget and therefore, they will have to go back and give fresh figures.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—There are two points to be considered, Sir.

Mr Speaker:—You had your say, it is enough of it. There must be end to these things.

(Interruptions).

Mr Speaker:—Please hear me. Let us follow some order. I will hear every Member one after the other. All of you had your say and would you allow me to give my ruling or not? What is the point in everybody trying to get up over and over again?

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—My contention is this, Sir. First of all you have got to give a ruling on our contention. That is, what is the order in the Regional Committee is ultra vires of the Constitution? The order amending the Andhra Pradesh Regional Committee is ultra vires of the Constitution because under Article 317 when once the Regional Committee has been
formed and certain procedure is laid there could be no amendment whatsoever. Now violating that provision, there has been an amendment. Therefore, under that we need not take into account this order at all.

Mr. Speaker:—Very good, Mr. Rao. I hold that it is intra virus of the Constitution. Are you satisfied? Here the Constitution is very clear. It authorises the President to issue orders. Let us now go to the other thing. So far as this is concerned, the Presidential order is very clear. It refers to only Annual Financial Statement which of course is called the General budget. That is of course for the next year.

(Interruptions).

Mr. Speaker:—Please hear me.

Mr. Speaker:—You are perfectly right, Mr. Ratnasabhapthi. For the year 1969–70, he is presenting the Supplementary estimates and not for 1970–71.
Presentation of Supplementary Estimates 24th March, 1970.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—There is no room for doubt. It is quite clear. The Presidential Order came into existence.

Mr. Speaker:—I do not know why there is difference of opinion. I am clear in my mind that so far as this Presidential order is concerned, it does not apply to the year 1969-70. Second thing is this is a Supplementary demand and they are presenting under Rule 16. So in future after this Order has come into force it applies for all the financial statements that the Government are going to come forward before this House. So far as Supplementary demands are concerned, in future, I cannot say about it.

Mr. Speaker:—That is a separate thing.

Sri K. Vijayabasker Reddy:—Now itself, it is not possible. What you have said is correct, Sir. I have presented the budget in February and the Presidential order has come into force on 4th of this month. When I have presented the Annual Budget for 1970-71, in February the Presidential order has come into effect from 6th March. When I present the budget for 1970-71, it means I have presented the demands, the Supplementary budget for 1969-70. It is a part of the programme. Once I present all these things to the Assembly as laid down under the procedure, it comes into effect. Only for business purposes for allowing hon. Members to discuss, separate demands are moved.

Mr. Speaker:—I would like the Government to consider one thing. Unfortunately the order came after the presentation of the budget. I think last month the budget was presented. Now, again the next Annual Financial statement, you will be presenting somewhere in February, 1971 or so. If you say that this order applies only for 1971-72, does it mean that he e-after upto 1972 you are not going to give separate figures for Telangana as well as Andhra both with regard to income and expenditure?

Sri K. Vijayabasker Reddy:—Sir, for 1970-71 definitely we are going to make arrangements.

Mr. Speaker:—Whatever it may be, I would only ask you to consider about this matter on behalf of the Government. You see now the demands will be passed. So far as income and expenditure are concerned, if it is possible by the next session, you can consider by next session or sometime afterwards will it be possible for you to give separate figures for Telangana as well as Andhra? I am only putting a suggestion to you.

Sri K. Vijayabasker Reddy:—Do you want for 1969-70?

Mr. Speaker:—No, for 1970-71 only.

Sri K. Vijayabasker Reddy:—For 1970-71, we will definitely give.
Mr. Speaker:—If it is with regard to other years the Members can get information by some other methods.

Sri K. Vijayabaskar Reddy:—So far as 1970-71 figures are concerned, the Presidential order shall be carried.

Mr. Speaker:—You are going into the spirit of it. I agree with you. That is why I am suggesting to the Government like that. I think, now it is very clear. Let there be no confusion about it.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—The Presidential Order amendment dated 7th March, 1970 intravires to and faithfully. If you read 371 (1), it is a temporary, transitory and special provision that came into existence as a result of the amendment of the Constitution after the States Re-organisation Act came into force.

Mr. Speaker:—Now that I have given my ruling, it is over. No further discussion is necessary.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—I bow to your ruling, Sir, but I beg to submit respectfully that it deserves reconsideration because that point withers away the moment the Presidential Order came into force in 1953. It cannot be sustained and it has no legs to stand. I beg of you to please reconsider. I bow to your ruling.

Mr. Speaker:—Very good. Later on I will consider about it.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—The Regional Committee is empowered from 9th March onwards to consider the budget. Please take it that it is a Constitutional right. The Regional Committee has been empowered by the Constitution to consider the budget from 9th March whether the budget was introduced previously or not. Now, the budget has to be passed, introduction is not an important factor. Consideration and sanction of the budget is an important factor. From 9th March, the President wanted under Constitution that the Telangana Regional Committee should consider about the income and expenditure position whatever is considered by the House. So, do you mean that the Regional Committee shall not have the right this year to consider the budget? That point I want from you to be clearly mentioned. I want a ruling on this. The question about the presentation of the budget in a strict manner is a different matter and whether physically it is possible or not is a different matter. Otherwise, they can bring vote on account for a sum of Rs. 31 crores or 80 crores for three or four months and without showing all the details they can come up and it can be sanctioned.
Presentation of Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure for 1969-70

24th March, 1970

They can call for budget session after two or three months, with all the details.

Mr. Speaker, I do not know if you have understood me correctly, Mr. Konan Lakshman Bapuji. Let me make myself clear once again. So far as the presentation of the Supplementary estimates for the year 1969-70 is concerned my ruling is quite clear. Now with regard to the other thing since the Annual financial statement for the year 1969-70 was presented before the issue of the Presidential Order I said for the guidance of this House and for the benefit of everybody, it is better that the Government prepares a separate statement showing the income and expenditure for Telangana and rest of the State separately and furnish not only to the Members, more than Members to the Regional Committee for its reference etc.

Sri Konan Lakshman Bapuji:—You are giving advice for practical purpose and I am raising a constitutional position. I say from 9th March, the Regional Committee has got constitutional power to consider the budgetary provision pertaining to Telangana portion and from 10th onwards no budget can be considered unless it is referred to the Regional Committee and the Regional Committee has an opportunity to consider the income and expenditure position.

Mr. Speaker:—This point, if I remember correct was raised even on the first day when the demand was raised and I think, I remember having given my ruling also.

Sri Konan Lakshman Bapuji:—I want to hear the constitutional provision, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—Let us hear Mr. Chokka Rao.
Dr T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, sub clause 4 of clause 3 of the Presidential order says "It shall come into force on the 8th day of March, 1970." So there is no option given here, Sir. The only course is to guillotine the rest of the Demands or bring in a Vote on Account and prepare two separate Bills as contemplated in the Presidential order of 7th March, 1971. There is no alternative to this Sir. That is my humble submission.

Mr. Speaker:—I have already given my ruling and I will go to the next item.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—As a protest against the Ruling and as the Right of the Telangana has not been upheld by the Chair under the Constitution, I walk out, Sir, (walked out).

Sri N. Rama Chandra Reddy:—We, the opposition Members are also walking out on the same point, (walked out).

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—Sir, I am also walking out, Sir.

PRESENTATION OF THE DEMANDS FOR GRANTS FOR EXCESS EXPENDITURE FOR 1964-65.


re: Admission of Andhra Students into the University Colleges.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao - On the other day, you have promised to place the G. O. on the Table of the House.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—There is no G. O. There was a cut-motion regarding admissions in the University Colleges.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Admission of Andhra Students into the Osmania University Colleges.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao - On the other day, you have promised to place the G. O. on the Table of the House.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—There is no G. O. There was a cut-motion regarding admissions in the University Colleges.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—At least by tomorrow. Whatever G. O. have been issued they have been issued at the instance of the Regional Committee according to the rules made by the Regional Committee. That was what I have submitted.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—You have repeatedly said that you are going to place on the Table of the House.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—If I have promised anything further, I shall refer to the proceedings myself and do.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—At least by tomorrow. Whatever G. O. have been issued they have been issued at the instance of the Regional Committee according to the rules made by the Regional Committee. That was what I have submitted.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—In the matter of admissions, I have never tried to slur over anything. I have been very clear, very specific and very unambiguous.
Mr. Speaker:—I will go through the proceedings. If I remember correct re: Teachers' Strike.

(Interruption)

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Let me explain Sir.

re: TEACHERS STRIKE

Dr. C. V. K. Rao:—There the Teachers' strike is going on. That is a life and death question to the entire teaching personnel. Let the Minister first reply on this issue and then only about other things.

Mr. Speaker:—Your point of order is upheld by the Chair.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—The position as it obtains at this minute, I am trying to place before the House. "The Chief Minister held talks with representatives of teachers, officials of the Education and Finance Departments on the 21st March, 1970. The Finance and Education Minister were also present. The subjects discussed included adjustments in the revised pay-scales of teachers, further weightage and the date of commencement of the revised scales. An understanding covering all the matters was attempted. Government are of the view that the attempts should continue".

Sri V. B. Raju:—We wanted to know the gap. Where is the gap? It covered all the subjects and recommendation of the Kothari Commission. But the House is anxious to know the missing link so that the House can help the Government.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—That is why I said there was time to arrive at an understanding covering all the things together. It is not easy for me to dissociate one item from the other. Because in some matters they took a stand and in some matters, we took a stand. The impression created in some matters was that the stand taken by them might be considered by the Government and in some other matters, the stand taken by the Government might be considered favourably by the teachers' representatives. I am not here to pin down either the Teachers, or the Government on a particular stand. Finally, that is why, I appealed to the House that when the negotiations are still going on, at that stage it would not be useful for me to either pin down either the Teachers' Unions or the Government on a particular stand.

Sri V. B. Raju:—We have not become wiser even by a fraction. The statement of the Minister has not added anything to our information. The Minister has promised to make a statement...

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I promised to make a statement correctly, and accurately as it stands. I never said I am going to give additional information. I have given the position as it stands today.

Sri V. B. Raju:—This could have been done on the same day. We wanted to know whether it is in respect of scales or in respect of date of implementation or in respect of weightage or any such thing. We wanted to know what is going on.
Point of Information:


re: Teachers' Strike.

Mr. Speaker:—I would like to inform the House that the Minister has promised to make a statement on the other day. He has made a statement. Now if the Members are not satisfied what next? The question is whether I should allow the discussion. If at this rate, we carry on the business ....

(Sir. Madhava Rao) [Interruption]

Mr. Speaker:—For every point of order, there is discussion by the Members. For every point raised during the question hour, there is discussion for hours together. I do not know whether I should tolerate this kind of discussions.

(Interruption)

I am sorry, Sir. At some stage I have got to take a firm attitude. I am not allowing any discussion. Kindly excuse me. Now the Minister for Social Welfare will give the reply.

(Interruption)

You may not be satisfied with the Minister’s reply. I am only anxious to go as per the programme of the B. A. C. We are utilising more time perhaps than is required for a particular point raised.

(Sir. G. Jashchanna) [Interruption, Sir, one request, Sir]

Point of Information:
re: Teachers' Strike.

Either you must have your way of doing or I must have my way of doing.

Mr. Speaker:—Then it will amount to discussion.

Mr. Speaker:—Then it will amount to discussion.
Point of Information :  
re: Teachers' Strike.  


Sri G. Latchanna : — You can say that I am not in a position to make a statement. That would be proper.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao : — Since I did not make a statement the other day, when the point was raised, I submitted to the House that I would make a statement today. I also said that I will have to consult the people regarding the impression created at the meeting, because it was more or less an informal meeting. There was nothing on record. No tape recorders and nothing like that. There was no question and answer. It was an explanatory type of a meeting. At that meeting, if I had risked a final opinion on that very day, I would have been doing some thing wrong.

Sri V. B. Raju : — There was a statement made by the Teachers' Union that the talks have been broken down. When they said so, we requested the Minister to verify and find out and to explore whether that was the fact or not.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao : — I have expounded every thing. I have spoken to the friends who had participated in the discussions and the overall situation is that the talks did not break down. They are continuing. Even at this minute, after I make the statement, I am going out to contact.

Sri D. Venkatesam : — From tomorrow onwards, people from Andhra region are also going on strike. That is why, uprode is there and anxiety is there and we are requesting the Minister to give the latest information.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao : — Between now and tomorrow, anything could happen. We are in a habit of taking mid-night decisions.

Sri V. B. Raju : — Is he hopeful and optimistic?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao : — I am always optimistic. Talks are still going on against the heavy provocations from extraneous sources. They are continuing and still I am hopeful.

Mr. Speaker : — This is a matter which is a vital concern to the fate of thousands of people. We cannot treat it very lightly.

My point is, after the Minister has made a statement, why should allow all the members to speak?
Mr. Speaker:—He has not made a comprehensive statement.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Whenever I am able to place something new before this House, I will do it at the earliest.

Mr. Speaker:—If the House desires that I should place before it the position as it obtains tomorrow at 11.03 a.m., I am going to do so. But I should not be blamed if nothing new comes.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—My submission is this, Sir. Whatever position there is tomorrow, I will inform the House.

Mr. Speaker:—If there is nothing new, you can say that 'I am not going to make any statement'. If you are in a position to make a statement tomorrow, you can do so.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I shall not suppress any information, Sir.
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—That is why, I am prepared to take the House into confidence very frequently, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—If there is mutual confidence, it would always be better.

Mr. Speaker:—Ultimately, whether the talks have failed or succeeded, they want you to make a statement.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I will do so, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—That is why, I am prepared to take the House into confidence very frequently, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—If there is mutual confidence, it would always be better.

Mr. Speaker:—Ultimately, whether the talks have failed or succeeded, they want you to make a statement.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I will do so, Sir.
Points of Information!
re: Teachers' Strike.


Dear Sirs,

Re: Teachers' Strike.

We refer to your strike notice dated 6th March, 1970.

1. Teachers area A, B, C, and D teachers were given notice. N. G. Os were given notice on 6th March.

2. Teachers area E teachers were given notice on 6th March.

3. Teachers area F teachers were given notice on 6th March.

4. Teachers area G, H, and I teachers were given notice on 6th March.

5. Teachers area J teachers were given notice on 6th March.

6. Teachers area K teachers were given notice on 6th March.

7. Teachers area L teachers were given notice on 6th March.

8. Teachers area M teachers were given notice on 6th March.

9. Teachers area N teachers were given notice on 6th March.

10. Teachers area O teachers were given notice on 6th March.

11. Teachers area P teachers were given notice on 6th March.

12. Teachers area Q teachers were given notice on 6th March.

13. Teachers area R teachers were given notice on 6th March.

14. Teachers area S teachers were given notice on 6th March.

15. Teachers area T teachers were given notice on 6th March.

16. Teachers area U teachers were given notice on 6th March.

17. Teachers area V teachers were given notice on 6th March.

18. Teachers area W teachers were given notice on 6th March.

19. Teachers area X teachers were given notice on 6th March.

20. Teachers area Y teachers were given notice on 6th March.

21. Teachers area Z teachers were given notice on 6th March.

22. Teachers area AA teachers were given notice on 6th March.

23. Teachers area BB teachers were given notice on 6th March.

24. Teachers area CC teachers were given notice on 6th March.

25. Teachers area DD teachers were given notice on 6th March.

26. Teachers area EE teachers were given notice on 6th March.

27. Teachers area FF teachers were given notice on 6th March.

28. Teachers area GG teachers were given notice on 6th March.

29. Teachers area HH teachers were given notice on 6th March.

30. Teachers area II teachers were given notice on 6th March.

31. Teachers area JJ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

32. Teachers area KK teachers were given notice on 6th March.

33. Teachers area LL teachers were given notice on 6th March.

34. Teachers area MM teachers were given notice on 6th March.

35. Teachers area NN teachers were given notice on 6th March.

36. Teachers area OO teachers were given notice on 6th March.

37. Teachers area PP teachers were given notice on 6th March.

38. Teachers area QQ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

39. Teachers area RR teachers were given notice on 6th March.

40. Teachers area SS teachers were given notice on 6th March.

41. Teachers area TT teachers were given notice on 6th March.

42. Teachers areaUU teachers were given notice on 6th March.

43. Teachers areaVV teachers were given notice on 6th March.

44. Teachers areaWW teachers were given notice on 6th March.

45. Teachers areaXX teachers were given notice on 6th March.

46. Teachers areaYY teachers were given notice on 6th March.

47. Teachers area ZZ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

48. Teachers area AAA teachers were given notice on 6th March.

49. Teachers area BBB teachers were given notice on 6th March.

50. Teachers area CCC teachers were given notice on 6th March.

51. Teachers area DDD teachers were given notice on 6th March.

52. Teachers area EEE teachers were given notice on 6th March.

53. Teachers area FFF teachers were given notice on 6th March.

54. Teachers area GGG teachers were given notice on 6th March.

55. Teachers area HHH teachers were given notice on 6th March.

56. Teachers area III teachers were given notice on 6th March.

57. Teachers area JJJ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

58. Teachers area KKK teachers were given notice on 6th March.

59. Teachers area LLL teachers were given notice on 6th March.

60. Teachers area MMM teachers were given notice on 6th March.

61. Teachers area NNN teachers were given notice on 6th March.

62. Teachers area OOO teachers were given notice on 6th March.

63. Teachers area PPP teachers were given notice on 6th March.

64. Teachers area QQQ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

65. Teachers area RRR teachers were given notice on 6th March.

66. Teachers area SSS teachers were given notice on 6th March.

67. Teachers area TTT teachers were given notice on 6th March.

68. Teachers area UUU teachers were given notice on 6th March.

69. Teachers area VVV teachers were given notice on 6th March.

70. Teachers area WWW teachers were given notice on 6th March.

71. Teachers area XXX teachers were given notice on 6th March.

72. Teachers area YYY teachers were given notice on 6th March.

73. Teachers area ZZZ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

74. Teachers area AAAA teachers were given notice on 6th March.

75. Teachers area BBBB teachers were given notice on 6th March.

76. Teachers area CCCC teachers were given notice on 6th March.

77. Teachers area DDDD teachers were given notice on 6th March.

78. Teachers area EEEE teachers were given notice on 6th March.

79. Teachers area FFFF teachers were given notice on 6th March.

80. Teachers area GGGG teachers were given notice on 6th March.

81. Teachers area HHHH teachers were given notice on 6th March.

82. Teachers area IIIOO teachers were given notice on 6th March.

83. Teachers area JJJJ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

84. Teachers area KKKK teachers were given notice on 6th March.

85. Teachers area LLLL teachers were given notice on 6th March.

86. Teachers area MMNN teachers were given notice on 6th March.

87. Teachers area OOOO teachers were given notice on 6th March.

88. Teachers area PPPP teachers were given notice on 6th March.

89. Teachers area QQQQ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

90. Teachers area RRRR teachers were given notice on 6th March.

91. Teachers area SSSS teachers were given notice on 6th March.

92. Teachers area TTTT teachers were given notice on 6th March.

93. Teachers area UUUU teachers were given notice on 6th March.

94. Teachers area VVVV teachers were given notice on 6th March.

95. Teachers area WWWW teachers were given notice on 6th March.

96. Teachers area XXXX teachers were given notice on 6th March.

97. Teachers area YYYY teachers were given notice on 6th March.

98. Teachers area ZZZZ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

99. Teachers area AAAA teachers were given notice on 6th March.

100. Teachers area BBBB teachers were given notice on 6th March.

101. Teachers area CCCC teachers were given notice on 6th March.

102. Teachers area DDDD teachers were given notice on 6th March.

103. Teachers area EEEE teachers were given notice on 6th March.

104. Teachers area FFFF teachers were given notice on 6th March.

105. Teachers area GGGG teachers were given notice on 6th March.

106. Teachers area HHHH teachers were given notice on 6th March.

107. Teachers area IIIOO teachers were given notice on 6th March.

108. Teachers area JJJJ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

109. Teachers area KKKK teachers were given notice on 6th March.

110. Teachers area LLLL teachers were given notice on 6th March.

111. Teachers area MMNN teachers were given notice on 6th March.

112. Teachers area OOOO teachers were given notice on 6th March.

113. Teachers area PPPP teachers were given notice on 6th March.

114. Teachers area QQQQ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

115. Teachers area RRRR teachers were given notice on 6th March.

116. Teachers area SSSS teachers were given notice on 6th March.

117. Teachers area TTTT teachers were given notice on 6th March.

118. Teachers area UUUU teachers were given notice on 6th March.

119. Teachers area VVVV teachers were given notice on 6th March.

120. Teachers area WWWW teachers were given notice on 6th March.

121. Teachers area XXXX teachers were given notice on 6th March.

122. Teachers area YYYY teachers were given notice on 6th March.

123. Teachers area ZZZZ teachers were given notice on 6th March.

Voting of Demands for Grants:

1. Strike 12

2. Increase in salary of staff

3. Increase in salary of teachers

4. Increase in salary of employees

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1970-71

VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANTS

Demand No. XXVIII Women's Welfare Department—Rs. 40,11,110

Demand No. XXIX Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes—Rs. 7,86,54,000

1. Strike 22

2. Increase in salary of staff

3. Increase in salary of teachers

4. Increase in salary of employees

High Court, Supreme Court: 1906 list of scholarships
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants


Voting of Demands for Grants.

For 1970-71.

Scavengers & sweepers to receive Rs. 4,000 in 1970-71.

State Social Welfare Advisory Committee.

All India level 6th.

State level 5th.

Social Security.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

The Honble Speaker:-

The M.P.S. have demanded under the 15th Schedule of the Constitution a grant of Rs. 3,00,000 per annum for the House. The Honble Speaker has sanctioned a grant of Rs. 30,000 per annum for the House.

The Honble Speaker:-

The M.P.S. have demanded information from the Ministry of Finance under section 35 of the Constitution. The information has been provided.

The Honble Speaker:-

The M.P.S. have demanded information from the Ministry of Finance. The information has been provided.

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The M.P.S. have demanded information from the Ministry of Finance. The information has been provided.

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The M.P.S. have demanded information from the Ministry of Finance. The information has been provided.

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The M.P.S. have demanded information from the Ministry of Finance. The information has been provided.
An Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 190-07

Voting of Demands for Grants.

1. Education: The second item (subject) will be voted on...

2. Health: The third item (subject) will be voted on...

3. Old age pensions: The fourth item (subject) will be voted on...

Hostel grants: The fifth item (subject) will be voted on...

Annual Financial Statement (Budget 1970-71)  

Voting of Demands for Grants.

The intention is very good. However, the demands for grants should be carefully examined. The purpose of the demands should be clearly defined. The demands should be based on the needs of the organization. The demands should be in line with the budget. The demands should be reviewed and modified as necessary.

The demands for grants should be presented to the budget committee. The budget committee should carefully review the demands and make recommendations. The demands should be presented to the board of directors for approval. The demands should be implemented as soon as possible.

The demands for grants should be monitored regularly. The monitoring should be done by the budget committee. The monitoring should be done to ensure that the demands are being implemented as planned. The monitoring should be done to ensure that the demands are being implemented efficiently. The monitoring should be done to ensure that the demands are being implemented effectively.

The demands for grants should be reviewed annually. The review should be done by the budget committee. The review should be done to ensure that the demands are still necessary. The review should be done to ensure that the demands are still relevant. The review should be done to ensure that the demands are still viable.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Mr. Speaker in the Chair:

Mr. Advocate: Mr. Speaker, I would like to move a demand for the payment of Rs. 15,000 to the Consolidated Fund of the State for the year 1970-71. It may be recalled that this demand was placed on the agenda of the House in the last session.

Mr. Speaker, I would like to draw your attention to the fact that the State has already incurred a deficit of Rs. 50,000 in the current year. Therefore, I feel that it is not justified to grant this demand.

Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the Government to consider the possibility of revising the demand downwards.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 
Voting of Demand for Grants.

పిన్నలో సంఘాతి పని చేసిన లోకాల తరచే 8 సంస్థలు అంచనా కాక తమ ప్రధాన పని చేసినది. ఆ మంచి 8 సంస్థలు, ఉపఫ్లయితే బంగారం అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ లోని మొత్తం 85. తరువాత ఆ 85 మరొకు లేదు మరియు విధాన పరిషత్తులు తమ ప్రధాన పనిలో వీరిగా మారుతుంది.

సంఘాతిలో ప్రధాన అంచనాలు 

పిన్నలో ఆరోగ్య పని చేసిన లోకాల సంస్థలు 20-80 ప్రాంభిక అదృశ్యం సర్వీసు ప్రాంధిక నిర్ణయికలు మొత్తం 15 లేదా (ప్రాంధిక) అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ లోని మొత్తం 85.

సంఘాతి ప్రధాన అంచనాలు 

పిన్నలో సంఘాతి పని చేసిన లోకాల సంస్థలు 20-80 ప్రాంధిక అదృశ్యం సర్వీసు ప్రాంధిక నిర్ణయికలు మొత్తం 15 లేదా (ప్రాంధిక) అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ లోని మొత్తం 85.

సంఘాతి ప్రధాన అంచనాలు 

పిన్నలో సంఘాతి పని చేసిన లోకాల సంస్థలు 20-80 ప్రాంధిక అదృశ్యం సర్వీసు ప్రాంధిక నిర్ణయికలు మొత్తం 15 లేదా (ప్రాంధిక) అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ లోని మొత్తం 85.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Mr. Speaker; I am now putting the cut motions to vote.

DEMAND No. XXVIII—WOMENS' WELFARE DEPARTMENT, ETC., Rs. 40,11,100

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 40,11,100 for Womens Welfare Department etc. by Rs. 100

(That Women Welfare Department be reconstituted with an efficient machinery capable of having women welfare.)

The cut motion was negatived.

DEMAND No. XXIX—WELFARE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES, CASTES AND OTHER BACKWARD CLASSES—Rs. 7,84,54,100

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,84,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

(To criticise the Government for its step-motherly attitude towards the backward classes by not restoring the minimum privileges promised seven years back and not getting the report of the Backward Classes Commission appointed three years back.)

The cut motion was declared negatived.

Sri B. Ratna Sabhapathi:—Sir, I demand division.
The House divided thus;
Ayes 81: Noves 82
The cut motion was negatived.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

(To criticise the Government for not opening a Hostel in each Taluk Centre.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

(For not sanctioning old age pensions to all the deserving applicants in the State.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

(For the failure of the Government to pay regularly the old-age pensions to the poor people to whom they sanctioned.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

(For not granting old-age pension to deserving poor people and for not paying to those to whom they granted.)

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,64,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government for not appointing a Parliamentary Committee for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (House Committee).

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

(To criticise the Government for not providing a Financial Corporation for Scheduled Castes with Rs. 10 crores.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

(To criticise the Government for not providing adequate finances for Housing Schemes for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.)

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 103

(To criticise the Government for not enhancing the scholarship amount for post-Metric and Professional College students.)

The cut motion was declared negatived.
Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—Sir, I demand a division.

The House divided thus:

Ayes 32 : Noes 81

The cut motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,85,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

The cut motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc.

To criticise the Government for not taking speedy measures to publish the lists of other Backward Classes.

The cut motion was declared negatived.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Sir, I demand a division.

The House divided thus:

Ayes 31 : Noes 82

The cut motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,85,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100

(For the indifferent and unhelpful attitude of the Government towards Backward classes people in the matter of granting reservation in services and providing facilities for education.)
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Sri Pragada Kotaiah :—Sir. I demanded a division.

Ayes 33 ; Noves 84

The cut motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker :—The question is:

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by

100

(For not taking away the Social Welfare Department from the purview of Panchayat Raj and for not placing in the hands of the District Collectors, as the Panchayat Raj is not properly holding the funds allotted to Scheduled Castes)

Sri N. Rimachandra Reddy :—Sir, I demand a division.

33 Members voted for the cut motion and 84 members voted against.

The cut motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker :—The question is:

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by

Rs. 100

(To impress upon the Government to withdraw the powers of Panchayat Raj Institutions on Harijan Welfare.)

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by

Rs. 100

(That the Backward Classes Commission's Report is inordinately delayed causing hardship to lakhs of backward classes and hence steps to be taken for presenting the Report before this urgent Session closes).

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,85,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc.,

Rs. 100/

"That the Backward and Scheduled Tribes and Castes be removed by providing land for tilling, Education, employment and means of livelihood to all).

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by

Rs. 100

(That the Backward Classes Commission's Report is inordinately delayed causing hardship to lakhs of backward classes and hence steps to be taken for presenting the Report before this urgent Session closes).
**Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 24th March, 1970.**

**Voting of Demands for Grants.**

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100.

(To criticise the Government for not having provided adequate old age pension grants to the deserving applicants.)

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,86,54,100 for Scheduled Tribes etc. by Rs. 100.

The cut motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—I will now put the main demands to vote of the House.

The question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 40,11,100 under Demand No. XXVIII—Women's Welfare Department."

The motion was adopted and the Grant made.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 7,86,54,100 under Demand No. XXIX—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and Other Backward Classes."

The motion was adopted and the Grant made.

**Demand No. XX—Agriculture—Rs. 7,27,57,000/-
Demand No. XXII—Animal Husbandry—Rs. 3,84,98,000/-
Demand No. XXI—Fisheries—Rs. 82,06,200/-

Sri K. Venkataratnam:—Sir, on the recommendation of the Governor, I beg to move:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 7,27,57,000 under Demand No. XX—Agriculture."

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,84,98,000 under Demand No. XXII—Animal Husbandry."

Mr. Speaker:—Motions moved.

Sri S.R.A. Appala Naidu:—Sir, on the recommendation of the Governor, I beg to move:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 82,06,200 under Demand No. XXI—Fisheries."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved. Members will now move the cut motions.
DEMAND NO. XX AGRICULTURE—RS. 7,27,57,000

Sri V. B. Raju:—Sir, I move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

For having failed in the Soil Conservation programme in the dry farming areas of the State.

Mr. Speaker:—Cut motion moved.

Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju:—Sir, I move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker:—Cut motions moved.

Sri D. Venkatesham:—Sir, I beg to move.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government for not providing amount to execute Yedooru cheru of Vanamala dinne Pungam Faluk Chittor District.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government for not abolishing the Managing Board of Agriculture University.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government for its failure in improving the quality of pesticides.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government for its failure in not repairing all Tractors and Buldozers laying idle in all Stations.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government for not arresting the pests for the crops in the State.

Mr. Speaker:—Cut motions moved.

Sri T. Purushotham Rao:—Sir, I move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

Voting of Demands for Grants.

For 1970-71.

Sri Y. Venkat Rao: —Sir, I move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

For failure to arrest Hispa disease to paddy crop in coastal Andhra Districts

Mr. Speaker: —Cut motion moved.

Sri C. Janga Reddy: —Sir, I move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agricultural by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: —Cut motion moved.

Sri G. Rajaram: —Sir, I move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Department of Nizamabad District in protecting the paddy crops-
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To discuss the policy of the Government in constituting the market committees and conducting election of presidents and Telangana

Mr. Speaker: —Cut motion moved.

Sri Pragada Kotaiah: —Sir I move.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

For not entrusting the distribution of fertilizers to the Trade also-

Mr. Speaker: —Cut motion moved.

Sri K. Mahananda: —Sir, I move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

Government failed to reduce the hire charges on Tractors, Boring sets, etc managed by the Andhra Pradesh Agro Industries Corporation Limited.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

Government failed to supply sprayers and Diesels to village Panchayats on subsidy basis.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100
Government failed to locate an Agriculture Model Farm at Pulipadu, Darsi Taluk, Ongole district.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

Failed to transfer all the Extension Education to Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 7,27,57,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

For not abolishing the sales tax and other taxes on Fertilisers.

Mr. Speaker:—Cut motion moved.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Sir, I move;

To reduce the allotment of Rs 7,27,37,000 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

That the agriculture system should be rapidly modernised and collective agriculture be introduced in all important districts.

Mr. Speaker:—Cut motion moved:

DEMAND No. XXI—Fisheries Rs. 82,06,200

Sri R. Satyanarayanaraju:—Sir, moved:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

For not constructing fisheries Harbour at Vadaru in Guntur District

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

For not providing facilities for marketing of fish in the Vadaru coastal area.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

For not improving the economic and social status of the fisherfolk who are backward in all respects.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Mr. Speaker:—Cut motions moved.

Sri R. Mahananda: Sir, I move

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

Failed to supply fish net turine to the Fishermen community on subsidy basis and also provide funds for marketing the fish.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

For not providing adequate funds to Gundlakamma Supply canal to Kacheralakota Tank and also for formation of new Tanks at Nujendlapalli, Nagambhotapalem, Kalivelapalli and Boddikurapad of Darsi Taluk, Ongole district.

Mr. Speaker:—Cut motions moved.

Sri C.V.K. Rao:—Sir, I move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

That all the fishermen colonies in Kakinada be provided with better housing, lighting, water supply, communications, educational and medical facility.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 82,06,200 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

That the fishermen be provided interest free loans for boats, nets and implements for fishing and unemployment and stagnation in the community be eliminated.

Mr. Speaker:—Cut motions moved:

DEMAND NO. XXII—ANIMAL HUSBANDRY: Rs. 3,88,000

Sri V. B. Raju:—Sir, I move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,88,000 by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government in the Veterinary industry in Telangana and also to demand that the Minister for Agriculture should explain the facts of the case.
one at Anakapalle in Visakhapatnam district and Ghanpur in Warangal district have been established. Ordinarily there should be 10 sub-centres as per the model scheme. But the Key Village Units with six sub-centres each, will be strengthened with two sub-centres to each of the Key Village Blocks in the coming two years. In addition, two more sub-centres have been added to Nakrekal and Kodad Key Village Blocks, with 8 sub-centres each raising the total sub-centres to 10 for each of these two Key Villages Blocks as a part of the expansion programme. The object of the establishment of these blocks has been mainly to locate them in the milk-shed and ayacut development areas linking them up with milk plants coming up in these areas, so that farmers in these areas could have ensured and ready market for their produce.

The progress achieved in the two Intensive Cattle Development Blocks at Vijayawada and Hyderabad has led to the establishment of one more Regional Cattle Development Unit at Zaheerabad in Medak district with 25 sub-centres attached to it. This includes the 10 sub-centres under the Key Village Block, Zaheerabad already functioning. The 25 sub-centres cover a breedable population of 25,000 to 30,000 both cows and buffaloes put together. Further in the area covered by Intensive Cattle Development Blocks, Hyderabad (i.e.), in the districts of Hyderabad, Medak, Nalgonda, Mahaboobnagar districts, Government have stood guarantee for about five lakhs rupees to the Andhra Pradesh State Co-operative Bank Limited, Hyderabad for giving loans to farmers through Co-operative Milk Societies through District Co-operative Central Banks for the purchase of milch cattle. This will enable the small farmers to participate in milk supply scheme and thereby augment their income. In Vijayawada area similar facilities are being organised through 100 rural milk co-operatives. The farmers had a huge loss due to the cyclone effect both in May and November, 1969, but that did not chill their enthusiasm while they were able to withstand the ordeal through the various benefits they derived through several Animal Husbandry Schemes and are able to rehabilitate themselves cheerfully in record time.

With a view to cater to the needs of the Key Village Blocks, Regional Cattle Development Units and Panchayat Samithi-cum-Departmental Artificial Insemination
Appendix  24th March, 1970.

Centres, two more Centralised Semen Collection Centres (Semen Banks) have been established during 1969-70 at Srikakulam (Srikakulam district) and Pentapadu in Godavari district in addition to strengthening the existing Semen Banks at Ongole, Nizamabad, Gannavaram and Nandyal.

A sum of Rs. 7,500 has been sanctioned towards Foreign Exchange by the Government of India for importing the necessary chemicals to be incorporated into the Coconut Milk Extender for longer and better preservation of Semen at the room temperature so that this new process can be extended to more Semen Banks in the State, economically without the use of refrigeration conditions.

Feeds and Fodder:

The three Feed Mixing Plants set up at Budhavaram Gudlavalleru (Krishna district) and Bhongir (Nalgonda district) with the 'World Food Programme' grains, have established the well balanced pre-mixed feed. There is great demand for the pre-mixed feed from the above Government concerns as the ryots found it useful not only to raise the milk yield of their milch stock but also to increase the fat and S. N. F. percentages as could be seen from the figures available with the Integrated Milk Project authorities. There is great demand for opening Feed Mixing Factories from all the corners of the State particularly in areas covered by Milk Schemes and from places where there is great potentiality for milk supply. It is under contemplation to open at least 5 factories during 1970-71 in Andhra Pradesh particularly in Rayalaseema and Telangana. In order to meet the demand for the supply of pre-mixed feed to the farmers in Intensive Cattle Development Block and Milk-Shed areas and to make the feed available at all times, the factories are made to work round the clock with additional shifts while proposals are fast taking shape to strengthen these plants for greater output not only to meet the immediate demand but also to meet the future requirements in new areas as and when they are brought under milk schemes. Till now 5,700 Metric Tonnes of feed was processed and supplied to 5,000 ryots involving 11,000 milch stock. About 10.11 lakhs of counterpart funds are built up with the grains supplied by the World Food Programme authorities and a sum of 3.64 lakhs was already sanctioned for
various activities of the project. Still there are proposals to spend 1.52 lakhs before March, 1970, for strengthening the various Feed Mixing Plants and to encourage farmers to take to fodder production by way of free supply of pump sets, grass slips, improvements towards approach roads, etc., and purchase of chemical manures.

With the ever enthusiastic propaganda extending to every village by the untiring efforts of the Animal Husbandry Department Staff very many high yielding fodder crops like 'Hybrid Napier' has become popular with the villagers and the area under cultivation in this variety is increasing every year. In addition to the above, Leguminous fodder like "Russian Cowpea" Pillipesara, Sunhemp, Berseem and Lucerne are also being raised. To encourage farmers on this aspect a sum of Rs. 20,000 was allotted in the current year to various Livestock Farms and Key Villages Blocks for the supply fodder slips free of cost to enthusiastic farmers not only in milk-shed areas but also in areas covered by the Panchayat Samithis. The farmers are requested to take advantage of the concession offered and they are well advised to raise plots of 25 to 50 cents under wells and under other possible sources of irrigation. The following are the particulars of work done so far during 1969-70 under various items of "Feed and Fodders".

1. Number of Hybrid Napier grass slips supplied .. 7,32,826
2. Quantity of Fodder seeds supplied .. 334.80 Kgs.
3. Additional area brought under fodder cultivation .. 117.47 acres.
4. Chaff Cutters distributed .. 99
5. Fodder trees raised .. 17,892
6. Silage pits raised .. 10

**Piggery Development and Bacon Factory, Kesarapalli, Krishna district:**

It is needless to say that swine industry is one of the best ways to supplement the income of farmers. Enthusiastic people are, therefore, encouraged and given necessary technical guidance for rearing exotic pigs. At the Bacon Factory, Kesarapalle, during 1969-70 about 652 pigs were slaughtered and 38,000 Kgs. of pork, and bacon was
producing and sold to public. Centres of Marketing for Pork were opened in twin cities and in many of the important towns in Andhra Pradesh including super bazzars. The marketing is expanding but it did not catch up to the extent desired due to the food habits of people and superstitious beliefs. However, the Government is doing all its best to make the Bacon Factory a profitable concern and self-supporting and it was also decided to hand-over the marketing to private agencies who have cold storage facilities. The time is not far off when a private agency will be undertaking large-scale pork sales. It is hoped that both the people of Andhra Pradesh and Hon'ble member will co-operate and extend necessary help in advocating pork eating and make it popular. The issue of obtaining grains from World Food Programme is under correspondence to enable the supply of pre-mixed feed to the farmers. Members are aware that some time back the Irish Farmers gave a gift of a contingent of Boars and Saws. They have send multiplied and the young ones are now ready for distribution to the farmers.

Carcass Utilisation Centre, Kesarpalli, Krishna district:

The Centre at Kesarpalli in Krishna district has gone into production since March, 1968 manufacturing sterilised bone meal, meat meal, high protein dog biscuits apart from tallow, liver meal, etc., from fallen carcasses of cattle. About 620 Carcasses have been processed so far producing about 150 metric tonnes of sterilised bone meal, 50 metric tonnes of meat meal and 4 metric tonnes of tallow. The dog biscuits are also becoming popular. This institution is transforming "Waste into Wealth" while its running costs are proving economical. There is need for many more such centres if we are to utilise the fallen carcasses property in the State to the extent possible. By providing more funds to open some more institutions of this sort it will not only help us to produce supplementary feeds to our livestock including poultry but enable to augment the income of farmers through the utilisation of dead animals.

Sheep Development:

About 380 corriedale breed of sheep were brought from Australia and are stationed at present in two State Farms in Visakhapatnam district viz., at Government Dairy Farm, Visakhapatnam and Chintapalli. They will
be utilised for cross breeding the local variety to produce quality wool and mutton. It is likely that Artificial Insemination will be taken up among sheep during 1970-71.

**Poultry Development and Marketing:**

Apart from the three Poultry Marketing Centres already functioning at Hyderabad, Vijayawada and Visakhapatnam, the Poultry Marketing Sub-Centres at Warangal and Kakinada are upgraded to the State of full-fledged centres. In addition to the above, 11 more sub-centres are opened during the year, to function as annexures to the 6 main centres as detailed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl.</th>
<th>Name of Marketing Centre</th>
<th>Sub-Centres annexed to Marketing Centres in Column 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>Nil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Vijayawada</td>
<td>Eluru</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>Vizianagaram, Srikakulam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Kothagudem, Bellampalli, Karimnagar and Khammam.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>Tuni and Rajahmundry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Kakinada</td>
<td>Tuni and Rajahmundry.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The aim of these centres is to create marketing facilities to Private Poultry Farmers and to supply pre-mixed feed at a reasonable price to Poultry Breeders that supply eggs to these centres. The World Food Programme authorities are supplying grains (i.e.), Maize at the rate of 450 metric tonnes per year free of cost. These grains are being utilised for the manufacture of the pre-mixed feed. During 1969-70 about 6,70,745 Kgs. of pre-mixed feed was processed till now. The following figures will speak
for themselves the importance of Poultry Marketing Centres in the Poultry Industry towards improved nutrition.

(1) Number of birds involved in this Scheme ... ... ... ... 31,26,155
(2) Number of chicks supplied ... ... 18,335
(3) Number of eggs purchase from poultry farms ... ... ... ... 35,95,883
(4) Number of eggs sold through these centres ... ... ... ... 38,91,375
(5) Number of dressed birds sold ... 67,642

These marketing centres are not only proving useful to the public but are also making profits in their running. It is likely that three more marketing centres will be established during 1970-71 and it is hoped that the Poultry Farmers will utilise them to their best advantage and augment their income while creating opportunities for opening many more Poultry Marketing Centres. The poultry enthusiasts are well advised and requested to take to “Deep Litter System” of poultry rearing which is very economical leaving a large margin of profits. The “Deep Litter Systems” will produce margin of profits. The nitrogen and it is envisaged that the deep litter manure produced in one year by keeping 40 birds will suffice to raise one acre of paddy or 2 acres of maize or half an acre of vegetable garden or one-fourth acre of sugarcane.

Honourable Members are aware that during my last budget speech in September, 1969 a scheme for “Back Yard Poultry Keeping” with smaller units (i.e.) within reach of everybody with particular reference to agriculture labourers was suggested for augmenting the income of all strata of society irrespective of caste, creed and occupation provided they have the necessary enthusiasm for poultry keeping. Steps have been taken to take the scheme to the remote villagers and I am happy to see that the scheme is becoming quite popular. In this connection, it may be mentioned that many sarpanches and extension officers of Animal Husbandry have taken up active part in achieving the results.

Commercial Credit for Livestock Development:

Many people have realised the importance of Dairy Cattle rearing and Poultry keeping to make an independent and comfortable living. Consequently many new
enthusiasts have taken up the profession and applied for loans to the banks which have been geared up to the new approach. The applications are on the increase as could be seen from the details furnished below in respect of both the industries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dairy Farming</th>
<th>Poultry Keeping</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Total applications received so far</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Amount for which loans are applied for</td>
<td>86,68,855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Number of applications recommended</td>
<td>134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Amounts recommended</td>
<td>53,95,245</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Applications rejected</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Applications pending</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Animal Health Measures:**

With all round and intensive improvement of various kinds of livestock particularly in the context of mass scale of cross breeding of cattle with exotic breeds, the value of livestock and poultry has considerable increase and consequently the demand for veterinary aid assumed greater importance. Many farmers are coming forward with all kinds of munificent donations and grants by public institutions for the opening of more veterinary hospitals. Due to the limitation on the availability of funds the Government side a Scheme “Own Your Own Dispensary” was drawn up which was well received by the public at large. Out of 15 O.Y.V.Ds. sanctioned so far 13 have already been opened. Six more such institutions will be opened before the closure of the current financial year. Under this the Animal Husbandry Department provides a Veterinary Assistant Surgeon and a contingent servant at Government expense for the first three years and later on the Veterinary Dispensary Committee constituted for the purchase will have to bear the pay and allowance of the staff. Apart from this the Veterinary dispensary committee should provide a rent free building with sufficient space for the treatment of cattle and meet the annual cost of drugs and contingent expenditure. A detailed note is given at the end under Annexure-II regarding the rules governing the establishment of O.Y.V.Ds.
Appendix.


The following hospitals are already functioning:

1. Devarapudi  ..  ..  .. East Godavari District
2. Nandamuru  ..  ..
3. Vempa  ..  ..  .. West Godavari District.
4. Velpur  ..  ..
5. Kothapadu  ..
6. Anigendlapadu  ..  .. Krishna District.
7. Chirapariki  ..  ..  .. Guntur District.
8. Chavali  ..
9. Chittamur  ..  .. Nellore District.
10. Parlapadu  ..  .. Cuddapah District.
11. Palakuru  ..  ..  .. Kurnool District.
12. Rampur  ..  ..  .. Nizamabad District.
13. Chelpur  ..  ..  .. Warangal District.

The following will be opened before 31st March, 1970.

1. Priya Agraharam  ..  .. Srikakulam District.
2. Muddapuram  ..  .. West Godavari District.
3. Tadimalla  ..  .. Nellore District.
4. Gadipalli  ..  .. Nalgonda District.
5. Venkatapuram  ..  .. Khammam District.
6. Regadagudur  ..  .. Kurnool District.

Here I wish to congratulate all those people associated for the establishment of the above institutions and I wish success to all of them.

It is under active consideration to open 50 such "Own Your Own Dispensaries" during 1970-71, i.e., at the rate of 2 to 3 for each district depending on the availability of funds. It is expected that many villagers will come forward to benefit themselves with the new venture.
In view of the annual targets fixed to the Veterinary Personnel for conducting preventive vaccinations to make Veterinary Service helpful in checking the spread of contagious diseases in the districts and due to the two successive cyclones during 1969 that have devastated the State in May and November, 1969, necessitating to check the spread of the cattle epidemics, the vaccine production at the Veterinary and Biological Research Institute had been intensified which proved beyond institute's capacity and posed several problems. The allotment of Rs. 65,000 made from the cyclone relief fund by the District Collectors helped to tide over the situation for the time being. The strengthening of the institute is of immediate necessity but paucity of funds is hampering the progress. The problem has to be tackled on a priority basis as and when funds become available.

Training Programmes:

The different development programmes being undertaken by the department necessitates an In-service Training Programme for the staff of various levels and also education of the farmers in the new developments and techniques from time to time.

For training of the staff in Artificial Insemination techniques and preservation of semen and disease problems of genetic importance, the school of Animal Reproduction at Mandapeta and Regional Training Centres at Ongole, Gannavaram and Hyderabad are being utilised. During the year, 1969-70, the number of persons trained at the different centres are detailed below:

1. School of Animal Reproduction:
   (a) 4 Veterinary Assistant Surgeons of the Department and 14 Veterinary Officers of Kashmir State have been trained for 3 months leading to a Postgraduate diploma (Total 18).
   (b) 72 Veterinary Assistant Surgeons of Department and one belonging to Pondicherry State are trained in Artificial Insemination Techniques for 6 weeks (Total 73).
   (c) 59 Veterinary Livestock Inspectors, 198 Veterinary Compounders have been trained for one month at the Regional Artificial Insemination Training Centres in the State.
Appendix

24th March, 1970

(d) 5 District Veterinary Officers had "in-service training" at School of Animal Reproduction, Mandapeta for 10 days.

(e) 49 Veterinary Compounders are trained at the Stockmen Training Centre, Hyderabad for a period of 8 months to equip them to work in package programme Units like Key Villages, Regional Cattle Development Unit etc.

(f) 3 Persons are deputed to other institutions for training in Statistical Analysis and methods.

(g) 19 Veterinary Compounders have been trained at the Regional Poultry Farms to man the Applied Nutrition Programme, Poultry Units in Panchayat Samithi Blocks.

(h) Three Officers of Maharashtra State have been given training at the Semen Bank, Hyderabad in the Techniques of Coconut Milk Extender for preservation of Semen.

(i) 19 Veterinary Assistant Surgeons are trained in "Pork Technology" both at the Bacon Factory, Kesarapalli (Krishna District) and at the College of Veterinary Science, Tirupathi.

(j) One Officer of the Department was deputed to Australia during this year for studies in Animal Breeding and Management. In addition to the above many departmental personnel of various cadres have undergone higher education and training at their own cost at different institutes particularly at Agricultural Universities and at the Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Uttar Pradesh.

Farmers are also having technical training.

Cyclone Relief Measures:

Honourable members are aware of the two devastating cyclones in succession during 1969 (i.e.), in May and November which received the prompt attention of the Government. All the cyclone relief measures sponsored after the devastation in May, 1969 have been put into operation. They
are undertaken on war footing and the amounts allotted for relief measures were well utilised to the best advantage of the affected farmers particularly to poor agricultural labour, by the distribution of buffalo bullocks quality heifer calves, pre-mixed feed and quality sheep to shepherds in the districts of Krishna, Guntur and Khammam particularly. Many of them rehabilitated in a record time and they have now normalised their activities with the quantum of help extended. The remaining items of relief measures are being implemented without any further delay. When the relief measures are taking place at the desired space after May cyclone once again the coastal area and the Khammam district had heavy damage in November, 1969 due to heavy gale and rain. This time also no efforts are spared to extend the necessary assistance in time to the farmers. It has also been decided to distribute livestock (heifer calves, sheep) pre-mixed feed and medicines to the affected and needy.

**TELANGANA DEVELOPMENT SCHEMES**

The Cattle Development Projects in Telangana received the desired attention and in order to augment the supply of milk to the integrated milk project one Regional Development Unit with 25 sub-centres was established in Zaheerabad in Medak district.

Three Key Village Blocks at Ghanpur (Warangal district), Rudrur (Nizamabad district), Miryalguda (Nalgonda) were opened. In addition the Key Village Blocks already functioning at Nakrikal and Kodad (Nalgonda district) are strengthened by adding two more sub-centres to each of the Key Village Blocks.

The Poultry Marketing Centres at Warangal was upgraded to a full-fledged centre while the four newly opened sub-centres at Bellampalli, Karimnagar, Kothagudem and Khammam are annexed to the Warangal Main Centre.

One hatchery was added to the Saroornagar Regional Poultry Farm.

Twelve Rural Veterinary Dispensaries are converted into Minor Veterinary dispensaries by posting Veterinary Assistant Surgeons in the places of Veterinary Livestock...
Appendix.


Inspectors. The converted dispensaries are as detailed below:—

1. Allur
2. Warni
3. Kohir
4. Bhainsa
5. Ponchikaladinna
6. Atmakur
7. Raikal
8. Revalapalli
9. Telakapalli
10. Medthavam
11. Jalurpad
12. Bangandlapad

} Nizamabad District.
} Medak District.
} Adilabad District.
} Nalgonda District.
} Warangul District.
} Karimnagar District.
} Mahboobnagar District.
} Khammam District.
} Adilabad District.
} Nalgonda District.
} Karimnagar District.
} Mahboobnagar District.
} Khammam District.
} Adilabad District.
} Nalgonda District.
} Karimnagar District.
} Mahboobnagar District.
} Khammam District.

Under “Own Your Own Dispensary” scheme 4 hospitals are sanctioned and two are already opened. The other two will also be opened before the end of March, 1970.

Two clinical laboratories were established in the district headquarters hospitals at Nalgonda and Karimnagar.

An officer will be posted with headquarters at Karimnagar to control “Rinderpest” the dreadful cattle disease in Telangana districts.

The above programmes will be continued during 1970-71 also on extensive basis.

An amount of Rs. 15 lakhs and Rs. 5 lakhs are provided for plan schemes and Ayacut Development respectively.

Out of these amounts Rs. 6.47 lakhs are allotted to Telangana Development and Rs. 1.26 lakhs are allotted to Telangana Ayacut Development Programme.

RAYALASEEMA DEVELOPMENT

Rayalaseema area is well known for quality sheep and the main breeds of sheep are “Mineola” and “Bellary”. Out of 80 lakh population of sheep in the State of Andhra
Pradesh, 25 lakhs are in Rayalaseema district. Next in importance Rayalaseema is a good area for fodder production and pasture development. So far as cattle are concerned it is the home tract for “Hallikar” breed particularly in Chittoor, Anantapur and part of Kurnool district. Ongole breed of cattle are predominant in Cuddapah and the remaining parts of Kurnool district. About one-fifth of States' Cattle population is in the area covered by Rayalaseema. The area is in no way deficient in poultry population. About 30 lakhs of birds are present out of total population of 147 lakhs in the State. During, 1969-70 a sum of Rs. 2.41 lakhs including Rs. 88,000 from State sector is allotted for the development of Rayalaseema area. The following schemes are of importance:—

(1) Key Village Block with 10 sub-centres is opened at Nandyal (Kurnool district).

(2) With a view to expand artificial insemination activities, the Centralised Semen Collection Centre at Nandyal is strengthened and both the Nandyal and Tirupathi, Semen Banks should be further expanded.

(3) The Cattle Farms at Banavasi (Kurnool district) was electrified.

(4) Under “Own Your Own Dispensaries” three institutions were established at Palakur and Regadagudur (Kurnool district) and at Parlapadu in Cuddapah district.

(5) To organise and stabilise Poultry Development, one Poultry Marketing Centre at Kurnool with two sub-centre at Adoni and Anantapur is organised.

During, 1970-71, out of 20 lakhs of rupees under Plan expenditure, 4.60 lakhs is ear-marked for Rayalaseema development.

The Cattle Farms at Banavasi and Siddirampuram will be strengthened and the milk produced at these farms will be supplied to urban areas.

The Sheep Unit at Mahanandi will be expanded and ultimately Mahanandi Cattle Farm will be converted into a Sheep Farm.
Hallikar breed of cattle will be raised at the Government Livestock Farm, Siddirampuram.

Depending on the availability of funds one feed mixing plant will be established in a central place in Rayalaseema.

A Key Village Block in Mydukur area is likely to be established for feeding the milk collection centre at Mydukur.

It is under active consideration to expand the Regional Poultry Farm, Cuddapah.

Plans are under consideration to intensify sheep development in the whole of Rayalaseema area.

Thus it could be seen that the Government are doing their best for the improvement of livestock in the State of Andhra Pradesh within the limited sources of the budget provision and we are still to go a long way for all round improvement to meet the challenges of food shortage and general improvement of nutritional standards of our people. All the schemes have only one aim and that is to raise the economic status of the farmer and to bring improvement of livestock for the betterment of livestock industry. The farmers in their turn have a great responsibility to revolutionise the livestock industry by actively participating in all the schemes and taking advantage of the facilities offered. Thus it seems that many important schemes under Animal Husbandry section are taken up such as Intensive Cattle Development Projects, Milk Collection Centres, Stationing of Bulk Coolers, Feed Mixing Plants, Feed and Fodder Development Projects, Poultry Marketing-cum-Production Centres, Swine Husbandry Extension, Bacon Factory, etc. There is no doubt that all these will enhance the economic status of the farmer. Let us all pull together to build up a prosperous Andhra Pradesh.
ANNEXURE I

STATEMENT SHOWING THE BUDGET PROVISION OF PLAN SCHEME FOR 1970-71 IN RESPECT OF SCHEMES CONTROLLED BY THE DIRECTOR OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY “33—ANIMAL HUSBANDRY.”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Scheme</th>
<th>Provision (Rupees in lakhs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Completion of buildings and purchased of equipment at Veterinary Biological Research Institute, Hyderabad</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Strengthening of Stockman Training Centre, Hyderabad</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Conducting refresher course at Extension Officer of Animal Husbandry deputation of officers abroad</td>
<td>0.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Continuance of C.S.C.C., Pentapadu and import of Exotic Livestock</td>
<td>2.68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Continuance of Key Village Blocks, Anakapalli and Ghanapur (already sanctioned) and Key Village Block, Mydukur (proposed for sanction)</td>
<td>1.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Continuance of Poultry Marketing Centre, Kurnool and (11) sub-centres and also upgrading P.M.Cs at Warangal and Kakinada</td>
<td>2.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Completion of buildings at Bacon Factory, Gannavaram</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Completion of buildings at Feed Mixing Plant, Bhongir</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Continuance of Clinical Labs at Srikakulam, Nalgonda and Karimnagar</td>
<td>0.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Continuance of additional ministerial staff in the offices of Livestock officers, in-charge Key Village Scheme, Warangal and Ongole</td>
<td>0.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Continuance of R.C.D. Unit at Zaheerabad</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12. Continuance of 15 O. Y. V. Ds. already sanctioned additional five (5) O. Y. V. Ds. proposed for sanction and also 12 upgraded Minor Veterinary Dispensaries in Telangana

13. Strengthening of Regional Poultry Farm Cuddapah.

14. Continuance of Assistant, Rinderpest Officer, with staff at Karimnagar proposed for sanction.

15. Strengthening of Livestock Farms, Banavasi and Siddirampuram

16. Continuance of Hay Balling Units at Government Livestock Farm, Mahanandi, proposed for sanction

17. Continuance of Scheme for expansion of (4) Sheep and Wool Extension Centres in Anantapur district

Total: A. H... 15.50

**II. Ayacut Development Schemes:**

1. Continuance of Centralised Semen Collection Centre, Srikakulam and completion of buildings at Centralised Semen Collection Centre, Nizamabad .. .. 0.84

2. Continuance of Key Village Block, Amadalavalasa, Salur, Jaggayyapeta, Nandyal area, Rudrur and Miryalaguda and also Expansion Centres at K. V. Blocks, Kodad and Nakrikallu .. .. ... 3.82

3. Continuance of 13 labourers sanctioned for Cattle Breeding Farm, Kampasagar.

4. Continuance of Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Kondrapole in Nalgonda district .. 0.12

Total Ayacut Development Schemes .. 5.00

Total A. H. .. 15.00

Total Ayacut Development Schemes .. 5.00

Grand total .. 20.00
ANNEXURE II

TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR STARTING A “VETERINARY DISPENSARY” UNDER THE SCHEME ‘OWN YOUR OWN VETERINARY DISPENSARY’.

1. A few prominent breeders and members of local panchayat and the surrounding panchayats within a radius of about 5 miles may constitute a Committee and get it registered in the name of the Veterinary Dispensary Committee.

2. Under this scheme a whole-time Veterinary Assistant Surgeon and one attendant may be provided at Government cost and the rest of the entire expenditure on buildings, medicines, equipment, furniture and replacements thereof, etc., should be borned by the Veterinary Dispensary Committee.

3. In order to ensure successful working of the institution, the Veterinary Dispensary Committee shall deposit an amount of Rs. 15,000 in any Bank under fixed deposit, in the name of District Veterinary Officer concerned that the income derived from such deposit it utilised annually for incurring recurring expenditure like medicine, contingencies, etc., and in case it is insufficient to meet the above expenditure, the balance should be made good by the Veterinary Dispensary Committee. In case, the Veterinary Dispensary Committee is not in a position, to deposit the required amount, the President of the Committee shall be required to execute a personal security bond for Rs. 4,500 guaranteeing provision of annual amount required for medicines and contingencies at the rate of Rs. 1,500 per annum for 3 years in case the expenditure exceeds the amount specified in the bond the President of the Committee shall make good the deficit amount within 10 days from the date of receipt of the intimation from Veterinary Assistant Surgeon in-charge of trust.

4. In addition to the above the Committee should also provide a suitable rent-free building with sufficient space for treatment of cattle and for creating temporary sheds for in-patients, wherever required, until such time as the permanent building constructed.

5. On receipt of intimation regarding the fulfilment of the above conditions, the District Veterinary Officer will take action to address the Director of Animal Husbandry for appointment of a Veterinary Assistant Surgeon and one de Attendant.
6. The Institution should be run as per the guidelines and instructions of the Animal Husbandry Department through the District Veterinary Officer of the district.

7. The Officers of the Animal Husbandry Department shall have the power of inspecting the Institutions on all working days and to record their remarks which should be complied with by the Veterinary Dispensary Committee.

8. The District Veterinary Officer concerned will have full control over the Veterinary Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Institution and he would also act as an Adviser for the Veterinary Dispensary Committee.

9. The Animal Husbandry Department may supply sera and vaccines and diluted semen required for the area on the indents made by the Veterinary Assistant Surgeon in-charge of the Institution, through the District Veterinary Officer concerned free of cost.

10. The amount of Rs. 15,000 deposited as fixed deposit in the bank will be released to the Committee only after a period of 3 years from the date of commencement of the institution, i.e., from the date of joining of the staff provided by Animal Husbandry Department. Similarly, if the president of the Committee executes a bond for Rs. 4,500 the enforceability of the bond will be waived after a period of 3 years from the date of commencement of the institution, i.e., from the date of joining of the staff provided by the Animal Husbandry Department.

11. The Animal Husbandry Department is at liberty to withdraw the services of the Veterinary Assistant Surgeon and or staff, with three months notice in case the institution is found to be not running properly or the committee or the President failed to fulfil any one of the conditions stipulated above.

12. The Animal Husbandry Department will bear the expenditure on the staff provided to the institution only for a period of 3 years and thereafter, the Committee shall deposit the amount required in the Taluk Treasury to the concerned account to meet the pay and allowances of the staff once in a year and the side deposit shall be made in advance on 1st April of every year.

13. The Veterinary Dispensary Committee shall execute a bond in favour of the Director of Animal Husbandry that it would abide by the terms and conditions referred to above.

Appendix

ఆ మండల ప్రభుత్వం

1970-71 సంబంధంలో ప్రభుత్వ పరిపాలన సంస్థల భాగం నిలువు:

1970-71 సంవత్సరంలో ప్రభుత్వ పరిపాలన సంస్థల కొంతము రూ. 3,84,98,000 కంటే కుదురుగా ఉంది.

చురుకుని ఎంపికల కోర్టు ముగించవచ్చును। అందులు వ్యక్తి విషయం పరిపాలన సంస్థల రూపాంశానికి విభాగం కొంతము బహు గది జరిగింది. ప్రభుత్వ పరిపాలన సంస్థల కోర్టు ముగించాలంటే, ప్రతిఫలితం లభించాలంటే, అంతటి పరిపాలన సంస్థల ఒకటి తిరుగుతుంది.

ప్రత్యేకించినంత పరిపాలన సంస్థల వ్యస్తాల దిగించాలంటే, ఈ పరిపాలన సంస్థల శాఖల వ్యస్తాల విశేషార్థంలో కొంతము రూపాంశం శ్రద్ధలు సాధనం ఉంది. ఈ రూపాంశం కోర్టు భాగం కుదురుగా ఉంది.

మార్పులు

చురుకుని ఎంపికల కోర్టు ముగించాలంటే, ప్రభుత్వ పరిపాలన సంస్థల కోర్టు ముగించాలంటే, ప్రతిఫలితం లభించాలంటే, అంతటి పరిపాలన సంస్థల ఒకటి తిరుగుతుంది. అందుకే పరిపాలన సంస్థల కోర్టు భాగం కుదురుగా ఉంది.

1969-70 సంవత్సరంలో ప్రభుత్వ పరిపాలన సంస్థల కొంతము రూ. 3,84,98,000 కంటే కుదురుగా ఉంది.
Appendix.

[Text in Kannada language]
156  24th March, 1970.  Appendix

ముందు పాటలు నివాస పర్యాయాల కర్మాధికారి రతన్ బాబు నివాస పర్యాయాలు 1969-70 సాలం (ప్రతి) రాగి, సుప్రసిద్ధం గారు ప్రత్యేక ప్రతి సమాచార విభాగం నుండి సంపాదించబడింది।

ఉమాధిరుణ మూడు సంచాలకాల ప్రధాన కర్మాధికారులు సావాలు జాతీయ నివాస పర్యాయంలో నివాస పర్యాయాల ప్రదానం చేసి, పినిపాల చిహ్నం ప్రత్యేక ప్రతి సమాచార రాగి ప్రదానం చేస్తుంది. 1970 సాలం తొలివారి రాగి ప్రధాన కర్మాధికారులు సావాలు నివాస పర్యాయాల సంచాలకాల ప్రదానం చేసినాం అంశాల కర్మాధికారులు నేపథ్యం చేసాం.

సాంస్కృతికం, ప్రధాన

ప్రత్యేక ప్రతి సమాచార విభాగం ప్రధానాలు మూడు జాతీయ నివాస పర్యాయాల ప్రదానం చేసాం. 1969-70 సాలం యొక్క ప్రత్యేక ప్రతి సమాచార విభాగం ప్రదానం చేసాం. సావాలు జాతీయ పర్యాయాల, మూడు జాతీయ పర్యాయాల ప్రదానం చేసి, పినిపాల చిహ్నం ప్రతి సమాచార రాగి ప్రదానం చేస్తుంది. 1969-70 సాలం యొక్క ప్రతి సమాచార విభాగం ప్రదానం చేసాం. సావాలు 20,000 ఎకరాలు పర్యాయాల ప్రదానం చేసాం. సావాలు జాతీయ పర్యాయాల, ఇతర జాతీయ పర్యాయాల ప్రదానం చేసాం. 25 చిన్న పర్యాయాల, 50 పర్యాయాల ప్రదానం చేసాం. ప్రత్యేక పర్యాయాల (Proteins) ప్రదానం చేసాం. 50 పర్యాయాల ప్రదానం చేసాం. సావాలకు మేఘానిరుణ ప్రదానం చేసాం. సావాలకు ప్రతి సమాచార రాగి ప్రదానం చేసాం.

వారిని అంచిలేదా, డిఫిషన్ లో పొడవు యొక్క అంచిలేదా, ఇందులో సాధారణంగా పాటు పనిచేసిన అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు యొక్క అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు. అంచిలేదా అంచిలేదా, ఇందులో సాధారణంగా పాటు పనిచేసిన అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు యొక్క అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు. అంచిలేదా అంచిలేదా, ఇందులో సాధారణంగా పాటు పనిచేసిన అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు యొక్క అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు. అంచిలేదా అంచిలేదా, ఇందులో సాధారణంగా పాటు పనిచేసిన అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు యొక్క అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు. అంచిలేదా అంచిలేదా, ఇందులో సాధారణంగా పాటు పనిచేసిన అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు యొక్క అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు. అంచిలేదా అంచిలేదా, ఇందులో సాధారణంగా పాటు పనిచేసిన అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు యొక్క అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు. అంచిలేదా అంచిలేదా, ఇందులో సాధారణంగా పాటు పనిచేసిన అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు యొక్క అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు. అంచిలేదా అంచిలేదా, ఇందులో సాధారణంగా పాటు పనిచేసిన అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు యొక్క అంచిలేదా, ఇవి పొడవు.

appendix.

మార్చ, అనంతర అధ్యాయం నుండి ప్రారంభం చేయడానికి అందించబడింది.

మార్చ, అనంతర అధ్యాయం నుండి ప్రారంభం చేయడానికి అందించబడింది.

మార్చ, అనంతర అధ్యాయం నుండి ప్రారంభం చేయడానికి అందించబడింది.

మార్చ, అనంతర అధ్యాయం నుండి ప్రారంభం చేయడానికి అందించబడింది.

మార్చ, అనంతర అధ్యాయం నుండి ప్రారంభం చేయడానికి అందించబడింది.

మార్చ, అనంతర అధ్యాయం నుండి ప్రారంభం చేయడానికి అందించబడింది.

మార్చ, అనంతర అధ్యాయం నుండి ప్రారంభం చేయడానికి అందించబడింది.
Appendix. 24th March, 1970.

**AboSSS'SSoo**

1969—70 rScw S* aDo^Sbod^  tftfotfiT, (S^&tfo-  SS^SSb  SfeJpjco,  sS^ctT  "Sbo^SocFCfoSb  gpS'SgsSoo,  £  ^co^^^cfc'Go  450  fcSb^o  ^SPCo SJS^d&Sbo  sssoifi'i:

2. SS^c*  ^fbtf  Saco
3. (fibtf  5.
5. (Dressed Birds)
6. 30 o^O m

3120,155
18,335
35,95,883
38,91,375
67,642

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<td>2.  సేంట్రల్ సోపోరుడు</td>
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317—21

Appendix.

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1970-71 మాసంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు మార్కట్టు చేసి పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసిన నిమిషంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెంచిన కర్తలని ఉపయోగదారుల సేవలు చేస్తున్నారు. ఈ పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు మార్కట్టు చేసి పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసిన నిమిషంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెంచిన కర్తలని ఉపయోగదారుల సేవలు చేస్తున్నారు.

1970-71 మాసంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసి పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసిన నిమిషంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెంచిన కర్తలని ఉపయోగదారుల సేవలు చేస్తున్నారు. ఈ పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు మార్కట్టు చేసి పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసిన నిమిషంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెంచిన కర్తలని ఉపయోగదారుల సేవలు చేస్తున్నారు.

1970-71 మాసంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసి పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసిన నిమిషంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెంచిన కర్తలని ఉపయోగదారుల సేవలు చేస్తున్నారు. ఈ పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు మార్కట్టు చేసి పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసిన నిమిషంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెంచిన కర్తలని ఉపయోగదారుల సేవలు చేస్తున్నారు.

పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసిన నిమిషంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెంచిన కర్తలని ఉపయోగదారుల సేవలు చేస్తున్నారు. ఈ పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు మార్కట్టు చేసి పెద్ద కర్తల సేవలు చేసిన నిమిషంలో పెట్టడు తగతి కర్తలు పెంచిన కర్తలని ఉపయోగదారుల సేవలు చేస్తున్నారు.
Appendix. 42th March, 1970.

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Own your Own Dispensary

6 (६) द्रोहो अभ्यास (O. Y. V. D. ६) द्वारा 1969-70 का वर्णन दिया गया है। अस्पताल इंडिया अधिकृत स्वास्थ्य केंद्र में तालिका के रूप में।

1. स्वास्थ्य
2. स्वास्थ्य
3. स्वास्थ्य
4. स्वास्थ्य
5. स्वास्थ्य
6. स्वास्थ्य
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<td>12.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
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<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

మార్చ్చు 1972 నాటికే 10 మస్త్ర మొదటి విభాగానికి అందరికి చేసారు:

1. ఎమ్మెల్యేను  
2. మార్ఛెను  
3. భారీను  
4. పడిను  
5. హరిను  
6. విభాగం  

స్థాయి ఫలితాల విధానం ఉపయోగానికి ఎలాగా కొనసాగించండి. ఫలితాలను అవినియోగించండి. ఫలితాల విధానాన్ని అమలా చేసి ఎలాగా అందా సాధనాంకం చేసి కట్టడం సాధ్యం. 1969 ని కొత్తమ ప్రభావమైన సంస్థ అంగంలో ప్రత్యేకించిన ప్రత్యేకాల సంపదాత ప్రత్యేకాల కార్యకారి సంఖ్యల విధానం ఉపయోగించండి. 100 లేదా ఏకార్థం ప్రత్యేకాల సంఖ్యల విధానం ఉపయోగించండి.

ప్రత్యేకాల సంఖ్యలు మండల ప్రాంతాలలో ప్రత్యేకగా మేరకు మరియు పిల్లలను ప్రత్యేకాల సంఖ్యల విధానం సంపాదించండి. 63,000 రూపాయలు మేరకు ప్రత్యేకాల సంఖ్యల విధానం ఉపయోగించడి. ఎందుకంటే ఫలితాల సంస్థ అంగంలో కెరత్రేకుంటే సంపాదించండి. ఈ సంస్థ సంపాదించడానికి సంపాదక సంస్థానం పిల్లలా అనువాదించండి.
Appendix


169

(3) 1909–70

(b) 1960–70

(c) 5

(d) Inservice Training

(e) 10

(f) 10

(g) 10

(h) 10

(i) 10

(j) “Pork Technology”
1969-70 நாள்க்கூடிய குடும்பங்கள் குழுவின் தலைவராக நிர்வகித்திருந்த முக்கியமான பங்களிப்பு. இந்த துறைத் திண்டு முழு வருடத்தை முழுமையாக தொடர்புறுத்தியது. அதனால் இது முன்னேற்றத்தில் வருவதற்கு முன்வரைவில் குழுவின் கீழ் உள்ள வருடத்தை குறிப்பிட்டு தோன்றினது. தொடர்ந்து கூடிய குழுவின் கீழ் இருந்தவர்கள் அதிகம் உள்ளனர். இதனால் குழுவின் கீழ் பல விளக்கங்கள் உள்ளன. குழுவின் தலைவர் குழுவானது, பொது நல்லூர் போன்ற தலைவர்கள் கூடிய குழுவுக்கு அர்ப்பனாகினர். குழுவின் தலைவர் எழுதியவர், பொது நல்லூர், முனைவர், முனையாகவே அறித்தலை கொடுத்துள்ளார். உயர் நல்லூர் முனைவர்.
1. "అండానికి మహ్త్ వచనాలు" (Own Your Own Dispensary)
2. కోట్ల అనుకూల కారణాలు (Clinical Laboratories)
3. రిడెరస్ (Rinderpest) శిక్షణ కార్యక్రమం (1970-71 సంవత్సరం)
4. తల్లి పారారాడు పరిసరం (Ovine Supercells)
5. కృషి పరిసరం (Ovine Reproduction Centre)
6. స్వర పరిసరం (Ovine Poultry Centre)
7. చంద్ర పారారాడు పరిసరం (Ovine Anemone Centre)
8. మండి పారారాడు పరిసరం (Ovine Anaemia Centre)
9. భారీ పారారాడు పరిసరం (Ovine Typhus Centre)
10. విలువ పారారాడు పరిసరం (Ovine Eczema Centre)
11. లుఫ్ పారారాడు పరిసరం (Ovine Leukosis Centre)
12. అన్నాపరము (Ovine Pneumonia Centre)

"అండానికి మహ్త్ వచనాలు" (Own Your Own Dispensary)

యోగకారాలకు లభించగల 5 కారণాలు. ప్రత్యేక పరిసరాలు ఉండటం లాభం, అంటే అది విలువ ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉండటం లాభం. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్రంలో ఇంటే వైశాల్యం, ఎంపిక సంస్థలు 1970 సంవత్సరంలో ఉంది.

అంటే మహ్త్ వచనాలు (Clinical Laboratories) ఉంచడంతో, స్వర పారారాడు పరిసరం 1970-71 సంవత్సరంలో ఉంది.

పరిసరం పారారాడుల పరిసరం (Ovine Reproduction Centre) ఉంది. 1970-71 సంవత్సరంలో రిడెరస్ 15 మంది పారారాడు ఉంది. 6.47 రో రిడెరస్ పారారాడు ఉంది. 5 రో రిడెరస్ పారారాడు ఉంది. 1.26 రో రిడెరస్ పారారాడు ఉంది.

చంద్ర పారారాడు పరిసరం (Ovine Anemone Centre)

చంద్ర పారారాడు పరిసరం లాభం. ప్రత్యేక పరిసరాలు ఉండటం లాభం. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్రంలో ఇంటే విలువ ప్రత్యేకంగా ఉండటం లాభం. చంద్ర పారారాడు పరిసరం ఉంది. 147 మంది చంద్ర పారారాడు ఉంది.

24th March, 1970

చంద్ర పారారాడు పరిసరం ఉంది. 147 మంది చంద్ర పారారాడు ఉంది.
1969-70 ఆడికటాపి ఉత్పత్తి
వస్తు 151.1 లక్షల్ ఉత్పత్తి కలిగినది. ఈ ఉత్పత్తిలో పొడలాలు ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొందాయి. ఆ పొడలు ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది, ఉత్పత్తి 89,130 లక్షల్ ఉత్పత్తి కలిగినది. 

(1) ప్రస్తుతి కారణాల అనుసారం ఇది పొడల ఉత్పత్తి ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది, మరియు ఇది ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది, ఉత్పత్తి 89,130 లక్షల్ ఉత్పత్తి కలిగినది.

(2) ప్రశస్తి ఉత్పత్తి (ప్రతిస్వీకారణ ఉత్పత్తి) ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 

(3) ప్రస్తుతి కారణాల అనుసారం ఇది పొడల ఉత్పత్తి ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది, మరియు ఇది ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది, ఉత్పత్తి 89,130 లక్షల్ ఉత్పత్తి కలిగినది.

(4) "Own Your Own Dispensary" మాధ్యమం చేసి 3 మాలికులు ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 

(5) ప్రష్ణ రసాయన ఉత్పత్తి చేయడం "ఎస్టిఎన్సి" ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 20 రూ. యొక్క ఉత్పత్తి 4.60 రూ. యొక్క ఉత్పత్తి ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 

1970-71 మందిరం ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 

(1) ప్రస్తుతి కారణాల అనుసారం ఇది పొడల ఉత్పత్తి ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది, మరియు ఇది ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది ఉత్పత్తి 89,130 లక్షల్ ఉత్పత్తి కలిగినది. 

(2) ప్రష్ణ రసాయన ఉత్పత్తి చేయడం "ఎస్టిఎన్సి" ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 

(3) ప్రష్ణ రసాయన ఉత్పత్తి "ఎస్టిఎన్సి" ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 

(4) రసాయన ఉత్పత్తి చేయడం "ఎస్టిఎన్సి" ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 

(5) ప్రష్ణ రసాయన ఉత్పత్తి "ఎస్టిఎన్సి" ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 

(6) ప్రష్ణ రసాయన ఉత్పత్తి "ఎస్టిఎన్సి" ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది. 

(7) ప్రష్ణ రసాయన ఉత్పత్తి "ఎస్టిఎన్సి" ప్రామాణికంగా ఉండటం పొంది.
Appendix.


(6) యొక్క ఎందుకు స్థాయి ఉండాలేదు. థిరం మొట్టములు ప్రస్తుతం స్థాయి ఉండండి మొట్టములు స్థాయి ఉండండి
(7) బాగా మరింత. మరింత బాగా మరింత. మరింత బాగా మరింత.
(8) స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి

అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని

మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే

స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి

అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని

మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే

స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి

అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని

మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే

స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి స్థాయి ఉండండి

అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని అంచనాల గాని

మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే మాత్రమే

Appendix.

సాహిత్యం - I

ఎల. రోజు, జనవరి 1970-71 పండితులు సంచాలక కార్యాలయ ఆంధ్ర.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>నం.</th>
<th>ఊరుపేరు</th>
<th>సంచాలకుడి పేరు</th>
<th>సంచాలకుడి వర్షాలు (ఎం.ఎలెక్సి)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
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<td>గర్భాశాస్త్ర విభాగం 1970, ఎలెక్సి 1970-71</td>
<td>1.50</td>
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<td>ప్రస్తుతి విభాగం 1970-71</td>
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<td>ప్రతి విభాగం 1970-71</td>
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<td>11.</td>
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<td>ప్రతి విభాగం 1970-71</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>S. No.</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Amount</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
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<td>12.</td>
<td>15 (O.Y.V.D.) 1970-71 (O. Y. V. D.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>1970-71 6 (O.Y.V.D.)</td>
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<td>14.</td>
<td>1970-71 6 (O.Y.V.D.)</td>
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<td>15.</td>
<td>1970-71 6 (O.Y.V.D.)</td>
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<td>16.</td>
<td>1970-71 6 (O.Y.V.D.)</td>
<td>0.44</td>
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<td>17.</td>
<td>1970-71 6 (O.Y.V.D.)</td>
<td>0.47</td>
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**Total**: **15.00**
Appendix.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>“OWN YOUR OWN VETERINARY DISPENSARY”</td>
<td>1970-71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OWN YOUR OWN VETERINARY DISPENSARY

1. The elephant will be delivered within 15 days. The price is Rs. 15,000. "Satyam Swaroop" and "Brahmachari" will be delivered within 15 days. The price is Rs. 4,500.

2. The dispensary will be delivered within 15 days. The price is Rs. 15,000. "Satyam Swaroop" and "Brahmachari" will be delivered within 15 days.

3. The equipment will be delivered within 15 days. The price is Rs. 1,500.

4. The medicines will be delivered within 15 days. The price is Rs. 1,500.

5. The dispensary will be delivered within 15 days. The price is Rs. 15,000.

3. మీ రామేశ్వరాం తెలియజేస్తాను అందాన్ని కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. తెలియజేస్తాను మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి.

మీ రామేశ్వరాం తెలియజేస్తాను అందాన్ని కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. తెలియజేస్తాను మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి.

మీ రామేశ్వరాం తెలియజేస్తాను అందాన్ని కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. తెలియజేస్తాను మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి. మరియు కాదు లేకపోయాను చేసి.
1970-71 రాష్ట్రాలు లో పాత్రాలను మార్పులు

ప్రామాణిక ప్రస్తుతి

పాత్రాలు మార్పులను ప్రామాణిక ప్రస్తుతిలో పంచాయతీ పరిషత్తులకు లబ్ధించాలి. పాత్రాల విషయంలో ప్రతి పాత్రాన్ని ప్రకారం ప్రామాణికంగా ప్రమాణించాలి. ప్రామాణికంగా ప్రమాణించబడిన పాత్రాలను మార్పులు ఉండవచ్చు.
Appendix.


In the year 1969, the Department of Agriculture, Government of Andhra Pradesh, carried out a survey of the area for the purpose of establishing a Model Village. The survey report was submitted to the Government in June 1970.

The Model Village is located in the Taluk of Srikakulam, District of Vizianagaram, Andhra Pradesh. The village is situated on the banks of the River Godavari and is about 50 kilometres from the District Head Office.

The Model Village is divided into two sections: one for agricultural development and the other for residential purposes. The agricultural section includes a green belt, a irrigation project, and a demonstration farm. The residential section includes a school, a hospital, and a community centre.

The Model Village is being developed under the supervision of a team of experts from the Department of Agriculture. The project is expected to be completed within the next two years.

The Model Village is expected to provide a model for rural development in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

(Signed) [Name]

Director, Department of Agriculture,

Appendix

The text is not legible due to the quality of the image. It appears to be a document with text, but the content cannot be accurately transcribed due to the image quality.
Appendix. 24th March, 1970.

[Text in Telugu script]
24th March, 1970. Appendix

(మంత్రిత్వ ఎక్స్‌ప్రెస్)

2. నాగార్‌ విడి, పామక్డి పాట కొడల చేపడు.  
   ....  3.90
3. నాగార్‌ విడి,  పామక్డి పాట విడి.  
   ....  1.20
4. నాగార్‌ విడి,  పామక్డి పాట విడి.  
   ....  1.00
5. నాగార్‌ విడి.  
   ....  0.34

మొత్తం ....  18.72

6. పెంచే విడి ఎక్స్ప్రెస్.  
   ....  8.50
7. పెంచే విడి ఎక్స్ప్రెస్.  
   ....  5.00
8. పెంచే విడి ఎక్స్ప్రెస్.  
   ....  1.50
9. పెంచే విడి ఎక్స్ప్రెస్.  
   ....  3.75
10. పెంచే విడి ఎక్స్ప్రెస్.  
    ....  1.80
11. పెంచే విడి ఎక్స్ప్రెస్.  
    ....  0.75
12. పెంచే విడి.  
    ....  0.90
13. పెంచే విడి.  
    ....  0.50
14. పెంచే విడి.  
    ....  1.50

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<th>పదార్థాలు</th>
<th>విడిలు</th>
<th>ఉఅంచి</th>
<th>పదార్థాలు</th>
<th>విడిలు</th>
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<td>ఎక్స్ప్రెస్</td>
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### Monthly Rates

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<td>Tandoor</td>
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<td>17</td>
<td>Dukan</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>Sanitary Latrine</td>
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<td>19</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Sanitary Latrine</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>10.83</strong></td>
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Appendix

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17. "SotoS", 17-28

---

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<tr>
<td>1969-70</td>
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<tr>
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<td>1969-70</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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1967 and 1968 were years of market analysis and testing. The following years have shown remarkable progress in the field of sanitation and hygiene, leading to the increased demand for sanitary latrines and overall improved sanitation practices.
Appendix  

In the case of 6,000 a. of land located near the village of Gopalpur, the following information is provided:

- The area of land is 6,000 a.
- The land is located near the village of Gopalpur.
- The land ownership status is not specified.

Regarding the land valuation:

1. 1969-70 4th Quarter - Rs. 5.00 per acre
2. 1970-71 4th Quarter - Rs. 3.90 per acre
3. 1969-70 4th Quarter (excluding 1,000 bigha) - Rs. 3.90 per acre
4. 1970-71 (excluding) - Rs. 3.90 per acre

The land value for 2,000 bighas is Rs. 2,000 per bigha.

This land is situated near the village of Gopalpur. The land ownership status is not specified.
24th March, 1970. Appendix:

1. 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20
2. 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20
3. 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20
4. 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1. 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20
2. 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.00
3. 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1. 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20
2. 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.00
3. 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20

1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1969-70 $ 04 枋 4.00 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20 1970-71 $ 04 枋 1.20
Appendix.  24th March, 1970.

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(A) క్రౌంటర్ సమాచారం యొక్క దీనిని అంశాలం నిర్ణయించి వివిధ సాంస్కృతిక రిపోర్ట్లు, వివిధ సాంస్కృతిక రిపోర్ట్లు, వివిధ సాంస్కృతిక రిపోర్ట్లు ప్రతిపాదితం చేయబడింది. దీనిలో రిపోర్టులు ఉత్తర ప్రతిపాదితం చేయబడింది.


(B) రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు.

(ప్రత్యేకం చేసి) (Vide G. O. M. S. No. 16351 Food & Agri Dept dated 3-1-1969) రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు. రిపోర్టులు ప్రతిపాదితం చేశారు.

(𝐶) సామాన్యంగా నిర్ధారించడం పను నిర్ధారించండానే విదేశాలు, గ్రామానికి సర్వీసులు కట్టాలను, ప్రతిభత్తి విదేశాలను, నిర్వాహించడానే, సులభానికి సర్వీసులు కట్టాలను, ప్రతిభత్తి విదేశాల నుండి విదేశాలను నిర్వాహించడానే, చాలా కాలం ఉండాలి మరియు ప్రతి 5 కంటే పరిమితి మత్తు ఇచ్చాం

(𝐷) పినగుతి, లేదుపు. సామాన్యంగా విదేశాలు నుండి విదేశాలను చెందించడానే విదేశాలను సర్వీసులు కట్టాలను సర్వీసులు కట్టాలను, 3.75 రూపాణి విదేశాలను నిర్వాహించడానే విదేశాలను నిర్వాహించడానే, 1.50 రూపాణి ఒక పరిమితి నుండి నిర్వాహించడానే విదేశాలను నిర్వాహించడానే.
## II విభాగంలో పండుగాలు:

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<th>పండుగా సంఖ్య</th>
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<th>ప్రతిపాదం</th>
<th>బంధం</th>
<th>పండుగా సంఖ్య</th>
<th>సంఖ్యాస్థాయి</th>
<th>ప్రతిపాదం</th>
<th>బంధం</th>
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<tr>
<td>(b) 1970-71</td>
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<tr>
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<td>0.75 ఫ్యాక్</td>
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<th>బంధం</th>
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## IV విభాగంలో పండుగాలు:

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<th>ప్రతిపాదం</th>
<th>బంధం</th>
<th>పండుగా సంఖ్య</th>
<th>సంఖ్యాస్యి</th>
<th>ప్రతిపాదం</th>
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Notes:
1. 1969-70: Rs. 9.50
2. 1970-71: Rs. 1.00
(1) 

(2) 

(3) 

(4)
March, 1970,

Appendix.

II:

(a) 1969-70 Rs. 5.00 each .... Dr. 2.00 each.
(b) 1970-71 Rs. 7.00 each .... Dr. 2.50 each.
(c) 1969-70 Rs. 5.00 each.
(d) 1970-71 5,000 .... Rs. 4,000 each.

11.89 Each share being Rs. 10.00 each, the total number of shares is 11,000 shares.

(a) 1969-70 Rs. 5.00 each .... Dr. 2.00 each.
(b) 1970-71 Rs. 7.00 each .... Dr. 2.50 each.
(c) 1969-70 Rs. 5.00 each.
(d) 1970-71 Rs. 5,000 .... Rs. 4,000 each.

IV:

(a) 1969-70 Rs. 5.00 each .... Dr. 1.61 each.
(b) 1970-71 Rs. 7.00 each .... Dr. 2.50 each.
(c) 1969-70 Rs. 5.00 each.
(d) 1970-71 Rs. 5,000 .... Rs. 4,000 each.
Appendix.

24th March 1970.

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24th March 1970

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(6) 16-2-1970 లో తిరుమల ట్రెనింగ్‌ కోట్ చేసిన లేదా 5.0 మధ్య 5.9 రాతి వరకు వాయిదా విడిదితో 50 రోటులు వచ్చిన ఇహా ఆధారం.

6.0 రాతి వచ్చి వాయిదా విడిది 0.1 క్రింద చేసిన, 1-2-1970 లో మిగిలిన ట్రెనింగ్‌ కోట్ చేసిన లేదా 0.1 రాతి వరకు వాయిదా విడిదితో 50 రోటులు వచ్చిన ఇహా ఆధారం.

పాశ్చాత్యానికి II

1-10-1969 లో 31-3-1970 వరకు సంపదా భాగం

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<td>పండితులు నుంచి పండితులు 6</td>
<td>1.40 తెలియబడిన ఐత జాతిప్రతిభాను నిర్ధారించడం సాధనం 1.26 సంఖ్యలు సంఖ్యలు 1.00 ప్రపంచ ప్రత్యేకం సంఖ్యలు</td>
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<td>1.10 చాలాబడిన (Bottled) కేంద్రీకరణ సంఖ్యలు 1.00 ప్రపంచ ప్రత్యేకం సంఖ్యలు 1.00 సంఖ్యలు</td>
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ప్రతియోగితన-IV

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<th>మాంసల కంటే షాఖలు లాంటి</th>
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(f) 18 కప్పు లాంటి.

* ప్రత్యేకంగా పోరాడలు నిలబడింది ప్రత్యేకమైన నిర్ణయాలు నుండి పండించబడిన బాగా ఇది చెప్పబడింది.

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అణాకార కమ్యూనిస్ట్ అడుగులను మిగిలిన దేశాన్ని యాచారానంతే అప్పుడు పాని అడుగుల వాటా పాని డ్రిక్ పదార్థాలను పట్టి జీవులు మరణించుతుంది. అణాకార తమ్ముడు కమ్యూనిస్ట్ సమాధానాన్ని బిగ్గా డ్రిక్ పదార్థాలను పట్టి జీవులు మరణించుతుంది. పురుషులు బాధితాన్ని స్వీం రాణి విస్తీర్ణం కలిగి ఉంటారు. ప్రత్యేకించి స్థాయి అడుగులను లేదా పాని అడుగుల పాలన చేసుకునే సమాధానాన్ని అణాకార సమూహాన్ని ప్రతిసామ్యం కూడా చేసుకుని ఉంటారు. ఈ అడుగుల ప్రతిసామ్యం కంటే ప్రతిసామ్యం చేయడం జీవితాన్ని కలిగి ఉంటారు. స్థాయి అడుగుల లేక పాని అడుగుల పాలన చేసుకునే సమాధానాన్ని ప్రతిసామ్యం కూడా చేసుకుని ఉంటారు. ఈ అడుగుల ప్రతిసామ్యం కంటే ప్రతిసామ్యం చేయడం జీవితాన్ని కలిగి ఉంటారు.

(1) ప. అ. 5. క (కమ్యూనిస్ట్)
(2) 20. మిసెల (కమ్యూనిస్ట్)
(1) ప. అ. 5.
(2) 20. మిసెల (కమ్యూనిస్ట్)
(1) ప. అ. (కమ్యూనిస్ట్)
చరిత్రసౌత్తులు విశేషాలు


1. కృషి కేంద్రాల క్రియలు, మండలానికి ఉన్నతం

2. కృషి కేంద్రాల క్రియలు, త్యాగం

3. చంద్రపూర్ణ కృషి కేంద్రాల క్రియలు, త్యాగం

మండలపరావర్తన క్రియలకు ప్రశ్నల సంఖ్య 1968–69 వరకు మండలానికి ఉన్నతం గా వేయబడిన ప్రశ్నల సంఖ్య సాధారణం 20. నింద నిర్ధారణ వచ్చింది.

1. కృషి కేంద్రాల క్రియలు, మండలానికి ఉన్నతం

2. కృషి కేంద్రాల క్రియలు, త్యాగం

3. చంద్రపూర్ణ కృషి కేంద్రాల క్రియలు, త్యాగం

1968–69 వరకు మండలపరావర్తన క్రియలకు ప్రశ్నల సంఖ్య సాధారణం 20. నింద నిర్ధారణ వచ్చింది.
Appendix.


The Honourable Member for...

...as may be necessary...

...in the...
Appendix,


In the context of the experiments, the following models were studied. As per the model studies, the results were encouraging. The experiments conducted in the field confirmed the findings in the laboratory. The results showed a significant increase in crop yield.

The findings of the experiments were as follows:

1. (Alternate) leaf blight (Alternaria alternata) - It was observed that the disease affected the leaves, resulting in stunted growth. The symptoms included yellowing of the leaves followed by wilting. The disease was treated with fungicides, which proved to be effective. The yield increase was noted in treated plots.

2. (Bacterial) leaf spot (Xanthomonas campestris) - The disease caused brown spots on the leaves, affecting the crop yield. The disease was controlled with the application of bactericides. The yield increase was observed in treated plots.

In conclusion, the experiments conducted demonstrated the effectiveness of the treatments in controlling the diseases and increasing crop yield. Further studies are required to evaluate the long-term impact of these treatments.

Appendix.

లేదా ఎంతో పొందిన సాధనాలు శుభ్రంపడుతుంది. అఫ్యాన్ కారణం
అధికారులు సాధనాలను పాటు గురించి నిర్ణయించిని. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్
రాష్ట్రం పరిశ్రమలు తెలియజేస్తుంది. 1966 లో అప్పడ ప్రత్యేకంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
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పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్క గంధులు
పెరిగింది. దేశంలో ప్రధానంగా ధరాడు ప్రాంతం యొక్�
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మనగా చెందించడం ప్రతిరూపాలను, రైతు ప్రామాణికతను సంఘతించడం ప్రతిరూపాలను సంఘతించడానికి తప్పించాలని చేసారు. పంచ రైతులు, రైతు తమ్ముడు, ప్రత్యేకంగా ఇతర రైతుల ప్రత్యేకతను సంఘతించడానికి తప్పించాలని చేసారు. సంఘాతి చేసే పంచ రైతుల ప్రతి సంఘాతి ప్రతిరూపానికి అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని చేసారు.

ఉచ్చ పదవుల లోకాలకు బచిత్ర ప్రకారం బాధ్యతలు కనుగొనాలి, మహారాష్ట్ర మంత్రిత్వం కు జాతీయ సంఘాతి ప్రతిరూపానికి అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని చేసారు. ప్రత్యేకంగా ఈ పదవుల కు బాధ్యతలు కనుగొనాలి.

1969-70 వ సంవత్సరంలో ప్రాతినిధ్యం సంచాలన సంపన్న సంఘాతి ప్రతిరూపానికి 80 సంచాలన సంపన్నం సంఘాతి ప్రతిరూపానికి. 1969 వ సంవత్సరంలో 10.5 సంచాలన సంపన్న బాధ్యతకు మూడు సంఘాతి ప్రతిరూపానికి అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని ఉంది.

సంఘానియానికి, కుటుంబానికి, పండితరు హాసిత్వం ప్రతిరూపానికి అనుమతి కాక తప్పించే ప్రతిరూపానికి అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని ఇది ప్రతిరూపానికి అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని అనుమతి కాక తప్పించాలని 

317—26
24th March, 1970

Appendix.

1970-71 లో అభివృద్ధి కార్యక్షెపణ కాలంలో కేంద్ర విభాగం యొక్క హిందూరు వ్యవస్థ పరిచెటి ప్రాంతంలో ప్రాముఖ్యత్వం పెంచుకునే పరిచెటి విభాగం ప్రతిష్ఠించడానికి కేంద్ర విభాగం యొక్క విభాగంలో ప్రతిష్ఠించబడింది.


### Appendix.

#### 1970-71

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1969-70</th>
<th>1970-71</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CR</strong></td>
<td><strong>CR</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Rs.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Rs.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>54,16,000</td>
<td>55,94,200</td>
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<tr>
<td>27,00,000</td>
<td>26,12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8,00,000</td>
<td>8,88,000</td>
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<td>30,00,000</td>
<td>30,00,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>84,16,000</td>
<td>85,94,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,93,000</td>
<td>6,98,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77,23,000</td>
<td>78,96,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22,13,300</td>
<td>23,72,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: The table lists the financial details for the years 1969-70 and 1970-71, with various CR figures. The values are in Rs.*

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ಹಾಗೂಹೀಗೆ 400 8.50 1300 1.23.  ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ ಸಂಜ್ಞಾಪನ ಅತ್ಯಂತ  ಅನಭವಿತವಾಗಿ  ಉತ್ತಮ ಪ್ರಜಾಸೇವನ ಸಮರ್ಪಿಸ.  

ಹೊಂದಕೃತ  ಮೂಲಕ  ಅವುಗಳು  ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ.  

ಮೂಲಕ್ಕೆ  ಅವುಗಳು  ಪ್ರತಿಪಾದಕಲಿಸುವ  ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕಿತ.  ಇದು ಕವಕ್ಕಾಗಿ  ಸ್ಥಾನವಿನಿಸುವ  ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಮೂಲಕ್ಕೆ  ಅವುಗಳು.  ಅವುಗಳು  ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ  ಮತ್ತು  ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ.  ಇವುಗಳು  ಮೂಲಕ್ಕೆ  ಅವುಗಳು.  ಅವುಗಳು  ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ.  ಇವುಗಳು  ಮೂಲಕ್ಕೆ  ಅವುಗಳು.  ಅವುಗಳು  ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ.  ಇವುಗಳು  ಮೂಲಕ್ಕೆ  ಅವುಗಳು.  ಅವುಗಳು  ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ.  ಇವುಗಳು  ಮೂಲಕ್ಕೆ  ಅವುಗಳು.  ಅವುಗಳು  ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ.  ಇವುಗಳು  ಮೂಲಕ್ಕೆ  ಅವುಗಳು.  ಅವುಗಳು  ಅನೌಪಚಾರಿಕ.
204 24th March, 1970. Appendix

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Appendix.


The following is the budget estimate for the year 1969-70:

- Budgetary Estimates:
  - Revenue Estimates:
    - General Revenue:
      - Revenue from Sales and Purchase of Goods: Rs. 418.00
      - Revenue from Service Charges: Rs. 6,579
      - Revenue from Rent: Rs. 67,08,290
    - Capital Revenue:
      - Grant from Government: Rs. 14,00,000

- Accounts:
  - Revenue Account:
    - Revenue from Sales and Purchase of Goods: Rs. 418.00
    - Revenue from Service Charges: Rs. 6,579
    - Revenue from Rent: Rs. 67,08,290
  - Capital Account:
    - Grant from Government: Rs. 14,00,000

The above figures are subject to revision based on the final audit results.

Note: The figures are approximate and subject to change.
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Appendix.  


For the Year 1969-70:
- Revised Estimates: Rs. 85,501.00
- Budget Estimates: Rs. 85,501.00
- Budget and Revised Estimates: Rs. 85,501.00

For the Year 1970-71:
- Revised Estimates: Rs. 85,501.00
- Budget Estimates: Rs. 85,501.00
- Budget and Revised Estimates: Rs. 85,501.00

(iii) The following table gives the details of the Budget and Revised Estimates for the years 1969-70 and 1970-71:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>1969-70</th>
<th>1970-71</th>
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<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
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<td>Indirect Tax</td>
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<td>Other</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
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</table>

The budget was presented on 31st January, 1970, and was approved by the legislative assembly on 18th February, 1970.
6. Semi dried prawns (Semi dried prawns) are stored in air conditioned storeroom.

7. 1969-70: Rs. 46,774.69 to Rs. 57,672.65.

1. 1963-69: Rs. 46,774.69 to Rs. 1,096,020.

2. 1969-70: Rs. 57,672.65 to Rs. 1,096,020.

3. Rs. 1,26,195.275 to Rs. 2,63,168.06.

4. Rs. 30,000 to Rs. 56,300.

5. Rs. 1,26,195.275 to Rs. 2,63,168.06.

6. In the case of weight the tolerance is.

7. 1969-70: Rs. 46,774.69 to Rs. 57,672.65.

8. Rs. 57,672.65 to Rs. 1,096,020.

9. Rs. 1,26,195.275 to Rs. 2,63,168.06.

10. Rs. 30,000 to Rs. 56,300.

11. Rs. 1,26,195.275 to Rs. 2,63,168.06.

12. In the case of weight the tolerance is.
Appendix.

1969-70 సంవత్సరం నిష్పత్తిని తెలియజేంది.


1970-71 సంవత్సరం కేంద్రంలో ముద్రానిక కంప్యూటరు ప్రతి మాసం తెలియజేంది.

1970-71 సంవత్సరం కేంద్రంలో ముద్రానిక కంప్యూటరు ప్రతి మాసం తెలియజేంది.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>నమూనలు (మంది)</th>
<th>పరిమాణ (మంది)</th>
<th>కంప్యూటరు పరిమాణం (మంది)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>1.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. సేవా సంఖ్య</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. ముద్రా సంఖ్య</td>
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<td>4. ముద్రా సంఖ్య</td>
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<td>5. ముద్రా సంఖ్య</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>6. ముద్రా సంఖ్య</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. ముద్రా సంఖ్య</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. ముద్రా సంఖ్య</td>
<td>3.88</td>
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ముద్ర పట్టణ | 30.00
DEMAND XXI—FISHERIES Rs. 86,56,200
BUDGET DEMAND FOR GRANT 1970-71

MR. SPEAKER SIR,

The total Demand on Fisheries is Rs. 86,56,200 out of which Rs. 3,88,000 are raised under “Loans & Advances”, while Rs. 62,000 is under “96-Capital Outlay” for Centrally Sponsored Scheme of fishing harbours. The total Demand includes Rs. 6,98,200 towards Mysore’s share of expenditure on Tungabhadra Scheme. Thus an expenditure of Rs. 79,58,000 is estimated for 1970-71 on fishery schemes. Of this, Rs. 30,62,000 pertain to Plan Schemes and Rs. 48,96,000 to Non-Plan Schemes. The receipts of the Department are estimated to be of the order of Rs. 23,72,000.

The financial details of the Fisheries Budget are given below:

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>54,16,000</td>
<td>Non-Plan Schemes.</td>
<td>55,94,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27,00,000</td>
<td>Plan Schemes-Charges.</td>
<td>26,12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,00,000</td>
<td>Plan Schemes-Loans.</td>
<td>3,88,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30,00,000</td>
<td>Total Plan.</td>
<td>30,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84,16,000</td>
<td>Grand Total. (Plan &amp; Non-Plan)</td>
<td>85,94,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,93,000</td>
<td>Deduct met by Mysore Govt.</td>
<td>6,98,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77,23,000</td>
<td>Net Total</td>
<td>78,96,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[22,13,600]</td>
<td>Landing and Berthing facilities (Centrally sponsored Scheme).</td>
<td>62,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Receipts of the Department</td>
<td>23,72,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The non-plan provision is meant more or less, to continue the existing schemes, whereas the plan provision envisages creation of the infra-structure for further development. The previous Plans had the scheme-wise approach to development of Fisheries, and the concept of optimum investment and package approach, in selected areas, was not adopted. The approach to Fourth Five-Year Plan is project-wise selecting an area on merits, and treating it with optimum investment for a given period to yield appreciable results. This Project approach is expected to bring the desired results to meet the local demand as well as to earn foreign exchange.

The Schemes dealing with Inland Fisheries and then with Marine Fisheries are dealt with below followed by ancillary schemes for Fishermen:

**Inland Fisheries**:  
The provision asked for 1970-71 under Inland Fisheries is mostly for production of fish seed and conservancy of fishery wealth. Unfortunately during 1969-70, two cyclones, in May and November, 1969, have adversely affected the fish breeding programme. Only 54.01 lakh fish seed could be produced till the end of January, 1970. To improve production of fish seed a new hatchery technique with running water has been evolved in Kurnool Fish Farm, which has been found very successful during hatching of eggs and hatchling stage. It is proposed to extend this technique to other fish farms of the State. As stocking of fish seed is pre-requisite for development of Inland Fisheries, more fish farms have to be established and existing ones have to be improved to create seed production capacity. By experience, it has been found that bigger fish farms are economical and more productive. It is, therefore proposed to have regional fish farms, for each of the group of two or three districts. One such fish farm is being established at Nandyal, by the Zilla Parishad, Kurnool by obtaining loan from Government and it will serve the needs of Kurnool, Cuddapah and Ongole districts. Efforts are being made to have such farms for other districts also.
Rayalaseema Region:

Rayalaseema region is also getting its due share in 1970-71 budget. Besides continuing existing schemes, Government have agreed to give a loan of Rs. 1.00 lakh during 1969-70 and Rs. 2.38 lakhs during 1970-71 to Zilla Parishad to establish one fish farm at Nandyal and also set apart Rs. 1.23 lakhs for fish seed production for the four districts of Rayalaseema. A new division has been created for Anantapur and Chittoor districts with one Assistant Director of Fisheries at Anantapur.

Telangana Region:

In Telangana region also, emphasis has been laid on improving fish seed production and development of reservoirs in the region. Adilabad district has been placed under separate Assistant Director of Fisheries with headquarters at Nirmal to develop Kadam reservoir and other resources of the district.

Along with production of fish seed, stocking of suitable waters, and exploitation of tanks by giving them on lease, and resorting to issue of licences in reservoirs, for judicious exploitation and conservancy of fishery wealth and deep water netting and departmental exploitation also is being taken up at suitable places.

Marine Fisheries:

The State has a coastal line of 960 K.M. with vast potentialities and mechanised fishing is the only way for exploitation of marine fisheries. In order to intensify mechanised fishing programme, Government have established a Fisheries Training Institute at Kakinada for imparting one year’s comprehensive training to sea going fishermen in modern methods of fishing and maintenance of marine diesel engines. These trainees get Rs. 65 per mensem, towards stipend and food allowance. So far 397 fishermen have been trained. This Institute is coupled with
Appendix.

24th March, 1970

a Boat Building Yard at Kakinada where boats even up to 50 feet are constructed and mechanised. So far 215 mechanised boats have been distributed to the fishermen including fishermen’s co-operatives and diploma holders, from Fisheries Training Institute. If financial resources permit, establishment of additional training centres and Boat Building Yards will be thought of. At present, the marine fishery activity is more or less confined to Kakinada and Visakhapatnam where some (inadequate) harbour facilities exist. With the increase in number of boats, year after year, it is becoming absolutely necessary to have fishing harbour facilities at other coastal places also. It is contemplated to establish 9 fishing harbours, in addition to improvements at Kakinada, at a total cost of Rs. 4,18,00 lakhs during the Fourth Five-Year Plan. Since development of fishing harbours is a centrally sponsored scheme fully financed by Government of India, the matter is under active consideration of Government of India. The Government of India have accorded sanction for Rs. 1.5 lakhs to prepare project report for a fisheries harbour as a part of outer harbour at Visakhapatnam. It is therefore expected that this harbour will be available for Fisheries in a short time. The Department has conducting in shore survey at Kakinada and Visakhapatnam in order to indicate to fishermen the potential grounds. In addition to this, the Department undertakes intensive survey of the areas pointed out by Government of India Offshore Fishing Station at Visakhapatnam. This helps the fishermen in exploitation of potential areas. At present the mechanised boats, synthetic yarn and other indigenous small craft are eligible for subsidy at different rates. Though the other States have almost eliminated it, Andhra Pradesh is still continuing it. There are proposals to redesign this scheme in such a way as to give greater benefit to smaller fishermen.

Agricultural Refinance Corporation Scheme:

Since development of marine fisheries requires huge financial investment, which is not possible entirely from Government sources due to limited financial resources, it becomes necessary to attract financial assistance from other sources, like Agricultural Refinance Corporation and
Commercial Banks. A beginning has been made by drafting a scheme for operation of 45 boats from Kakinada by obtaining loan from Agricultural Refinance Corporation. The scheme will be implemented by Andhra Fishermen Central Co-operative Society, Kakinada with the help of an officer lent by the Fisheries Department. The scheme has been approved, in principle, by Agricultural Refinance Corporation and is likely to be implemented in 1970-71, for which an amount of Rs. 3.50 lakhs has been provided in Budget towards Government share of expenditure. The total cost of the scheme is estimated at Rs. 31.765 lakhs out of which the loan to be advanced by Agricultural Refinance Corporation over a period of three years will be Rs. 21.678 lakhs.

Indo-Norwegian Project:

Two schemes for the establishment of Indo-Norwegian Projects, at Kakinada, Vizag and Nizampatam were drafted and presented to the Minister for Industries, Mr. Walter S. Rostoft who visited this State in February, 1969. Copies of the draft scheme were also forwarded to the Government of India.

Fishery Harbours under Centrally Sponsored Scheme:

We have proposed to the Central Government that fishing harbours may be established under the Centrally Sponsored Schemes at a cost of Rs. 418.00 lakhs, at Calingapatnam, Bheemunipatnam, Kakinada, Upputeru, Nizampatnam, Kothapalli, Vadarevu, Suryalanka, Kothapatnam, Machilipatnam and Krishnapatnam during the Fourth Five-Year Plan. These proposals were sent to the Government of India for their approval and release of funds. The Government of India, in their turn, suggested to send these proposals for scrutiny by the pre-investment survey unit at Bangalore. The survey unit visited those places in December, 1969.

Preservation, Processing and Transport:

The Fish Curing Yards established by the Department have already been transferred to the Panchayat Samithis. In order to save fish from spoilage, cold storages have been
established at Visakhapatnam, Tadepalligudem, Nellore, Nizamsagar, Nagarjunasagar and Hyderabad. All these Cold Storages have ice plants also. In order to ensure optimum utilisation, it is contemplated to lease out all, or some of these units and also the four Hungarian Refrigerated Road Vans.

Besides, these, a Canning Plant at Kakinada has been established by the Department which has a capacity of 1,000 cans of 8 ozs. in 8 hours shift. This has already gone into production but it is not being utilised to the full capacity for want of local market. Recently some agents have been appointed on Commission basis to find a market within and outside the State. Even then, as there is no proper marketing, it is proposed to lease out the canning plant also.

The Shark Liver Oil Factory established under the Co-operative Sector by the Andhra Fishermen Central Co-operative Society is running satisfactorily. During 1969-70 7,579 litres of refined oil valued at Rs. 45,474 was produced till the end of January 1970. 67,08,290 capsules valued at Rs. 82,555 were produced. Practically all the products have been purchased by the Medical Department for various hospitals.

In order to facilitate fishermen taking their catches in fresh condition, to various marketing centres, the department has provided transport facilities to them. At present 14 vehicles are running on different routes. Nine of the vehicles are passenger type which carry the fishermen also along with their catches. The other 5 are insulated, which carry only fish. This is done as a socio-economic measure for the benefit of fishermen; and is not therefore a remunerative scheme, as the fare and freight charges are not economical.

Extension:

For intensive development of fisheries in Blocks, and more to enable the Blocks to become self-sufficient in so far as development of fisheries is concerned, a scheme was sanctioned under which a grant-in-aid of Rs. 15,000 is released for each block, where a Fisheries Extension Officer in the cadre of Inspector of Fisheries is appointed to develop fishery. During the current year, 43 such Blocks were covered by this scheme and in view of the
results obtained very recently the Government have extended it to another 8 Blocks. This scheme will be continued in 51 Blocks in 1970-71.

Fisheries Co-operatives:

(i) There are 557 Fishermen Co-operative Societies in the State with a membership of 53,467 and paid-up share capital of Rs. 11,20,060.87 P. including 12 Fishermen Co-operative Marketing Societies one Central Delta Fishermen Co-operative Society Ltd., Amalapuram and two Apex Societies, one for Andhra Region and the other for Telangana region. Most of the primary Fishermen Co-operative Societies take lease of fishery of tanks and streams existing in their respective area of operation and exploit them. They are purchasing fish seed and rearing them in tanks taking on lease as they are now getting the lease for three years at a time.

(ii) Apex Fishermen Co-operative Societies.—There are two Apex Fishermen Co-operative Societies—one for Andhra area (Andhra Fishermen Central Co-operative Society Ltd.) with headquarters at Kakinada (but now at Vijayawada) and the other (Hyderabad Fishermen Central Co-operative Society Ltd.) for Telangana region with the headquarters at Hyderabad. The Department is implementing some of the schemes through the agency of Fishermen co-operatives. The scheme relating to the distribution of fishery requisites to the Fishermen Co-operative Societies and fishermen was entrusted to the two apex societies. An amount of Rs. 20,000 as share capital contribution and an amount of Rs. 3,00,000 as working capital loan was given by the Government to both the Apex Societies during the years 1962-63 and 1963-64. The Andhra Fishermen Central Co-operative Society Ltd., Vijayawada is the wholesale distributor for the distribution of gareware Nylon Yarn for the entire Andhra Pradesh. The Society has also opened branches at central places where there is heavy demand for nylon yarn. During the year 1969, the society has purchased 8,334.115 kgs. of nylon yarn valued at Rs. 3,59,568.72 P. and sold 8,586.790 kgs. of nylon yarn valued at Rs. 4,37,058.17 P. (including opening stock) up to the end of November, 1969.
The Andhra Fishermen Central Co-operative Society Ltd., Vijayawada is operating 9 mechanised boats at Kakinada and Visakhapatnam by employing trained fishermen and it has landed 2,54,769.050 kgs. of fish and realised an amount of Rs. 2,04,45.67 P. by selling the fish.

The Society has also established a Shark Liver Oil Factory at Kakinada for which State Government have sanctioned a loan of Rs. 1.50 lakhs. The factory is running satisfactorily.

The Hyderabad Fishermen Central Co-operative Society, Ltd., Hyderabad is running a fish sales section at Hyderabad. During the year 1969-70 from 1st January, 1969 to 31st December, 1969, the society has purchased 90,050.600 kgs. of fish valued at Rs. 1,14,918.36 P. and sold 92,699.20 kgs. of fish valued at Rs. 1,74,010.35 P. (inclusive of opening balance), up to the end of December, 1969.

(iii) The Central Delta Fishermen Central Co-operative Society, Ltd., Amalapuram:

The Central Delta Fishermen Central Co-operative Society, Ltd., Amalapuram is a federation of 46 Primary Fishermen Co-operative Societies in the Konaseema area of East Godavari district. It is implementing a Master Plan for the development of fishing industry in Konaseema area at a cost of Rs. 26.41 lakhs spread over a period of three years and the State Government and Government of India have approved the said plan and sanctioned financial assistance as detailed below:

State Government’s share capital contribution Rs. 5.00 lakhs.

Government of India’s working capital loan Rs. 18.54 lakhs.

The society is implementing the following schemes under the Master Plan:—

(1) Supply of fishery requisites.
(2) Ice-cum-cold storage plant.
(3) Training to fishermen.
(4) Quick transport facilities.
(5) Mechanised fishing.
(6) Carrier boats.
(7) Semi-dried prawn units.
During the year 1969 the Society purchased 998,070 kgs of nylon yarn valued at Rs. 46,774.69 P. and sold 1,098,000 kgs. of nylon yarn valued at Rs. 57,672.65 P. up to the end of 30th November, 1969.

The Society is operating 6 mechanised boats. It has procured through the mechanised boats 1,26,195.275 kgs. of fish and realised an amount of Rs. 96,163.06 P. by selling the above fish. Besides the Society is purchasing dry shrimp and cured fish etc., from the Fishermen Co-operative Societies and selling the same. So far 56 fishermen boys have been trained at the Fisheries Training Institute, Kakinada by paying them stipends by society.

Plan Schemes:

2. An amount of Rs. 30.00 lakhs is provided in the revised budget for 1969-70 for implementation of the following schemes under the Annual Plan:

(1) Development of reservoir fishery of Nagarjunsagar and other reservoirs-Research Schemes.

(2) Development of Marine Fishery Centre at Kakinada.

(3) Training in Fisheries.

(4) Strengthening and supervision of co-operatives.

(5) Improvement of fish farms, nurseries and production of seed.

(6) Loans to fishermen co-operatives.

The Inland Schemes envisage development of Fisheries in Nagarjunasagar and improvement of fish farms and nurseries. During the year 1968-69, 70.30 lakhs of fingerlings were produced against 54.01 lakhs till the end of January, 1970. The production of seed has been hampered due to cyclones and drought. In 1969-70 it is proposed to increase the rearing capacity by about 2 acres and in 1970-71 by 3 acres. Establishment of fish farm at Nandyal by the Zilla Parishad, Kurnool at a cost of Rs. 4.50 lakhs is conspicuous feature of Inland Fisheries Development. The Fisheries Department has advanced a loan of Rs. 1.00 lakh in 1969-70 and will advance another loan of Rs. 2.38 lakhs in 1970-71 to the Zilla Parishad, Kurnool for the Nandyal Fish Farm.