ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES
OFFICIAL REPORT.

29th day of the Fourth Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Saturday the 21st March, 1970.
The House met at Half-past Eight of the Clock.
(Mr Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS
ADVERSE COMMENTS AGAINST THE HYDERABAD ASBESTOS LTD,
BY THE DUTTI COMMITTEE

541—

* 931 (1732-F) Q.—Sarvasri A. Madhava Rao and T. S. Murthy;—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware of the fact that the Industrial Licensing Policy Enquiry Committee (The Duti Committee) has passed adverse comments against the Hyderabad Asbestos Ltd., (A Birla Concern for having expanded its capacity without previous permission or any license from the Government, and have recommended further probe into the affairs of this company having found prima facie case;

(b) who are the Directors of the State Government during the times of expansion; and whether at least these Government Directors are aware of the expansion and have brought it to the notice of the State Government;

(c) if not whether the Government propose to declare M/s. P. L. Bhandari and other local representative of Birlas as persons non grata as the action of these representatives of Birlas in unauthorisedly expanding the company amounts to nothing but cheating both the Union and the State Governments;

(d) whether a statement showing the original capacity of the company and the number of times the capacity was expanded and in which year and by how much be placed on the Table of the House;

(e) whether the Government propose to order a thorough probe into the affairs of this company and get the accounts of this firm for the last six years audited by the Government auditors or by the Accountant General and place the audited reports on the table; and

(f) if not, the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Education Sri P. V. Naasimha Rao rose to answer the question on behalf of the Chief Minister)

Oral Answers to Questions:

Sri C. V. K. Rao (Kakinada) :- I raise a point of order, Sir. This question (L. A. Q. No. 541) has to be answered by the Chief Minister. But the Minister for Education is giving the reply. Has the Chief Minister sent any letter to the Chair for permission that someone else on his behalf would be replying.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- A letter need not be sent. They would generally inform orally and that should be enough.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :- Is that permissible, Sir?

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- It has been followed here.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :- This is a very important question, Sir. What has happened to the Chief Minister.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- As to what happened to the Chief Minister, that information is not received by me. But I have been informed orally that somebody on his behalf would answer today’s questions standing in his name.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :- So far as I know, such a request should be in writing.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy (Dornakal) :- The Speaker so many times said that it should be in writing.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- You know, Mr. Ramachandra Reddy, that orally also, they have been telling and we have been allowing.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi (Rajampet) :- Unless he gives in writing you cannot permit another minister to answer on his behalf. This has been clarified.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- So many times, we have allowed this.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy :- There is a ruling also by the Speaker to this effect, Sir.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :- Once he read a letter addressed by the Minister.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- If a ruling has been given by the Speaker, I will find out. But I know personally, several times, on oral information, we have allowed one Minister to answer on behalf of another Minister.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :- But we have definitely objected, and the Speaker has given a ruling, Sir.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi :- The other day, Chief Minister authorised the Minister for Panchayati Raj to answer on his behalf and later there were so many interchanges. All these things were put in writing and the ruling was that if any such thing should happen, it should be in writing. It was clearly stated so.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :- My information is that no such ruling was given.

Sri C. V. K. Rao :- You please give us some credence over your Assistant Secretary. Whatever that may be, here we have objected and the Speaker said that he would give permission when he was informed of a particular Minister not being physically present
in the House. Such a request is not made to the Chair now. You cannot treat this House lightly—not that we do not like to hear one Minister or like to hear another Minister. We cannot permit that this House should be treated so lightly.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Then we will take up questions of the Chief Minister a little later. Let us now take up questions of the Minister for Revenue. After he comes to the House, we can take up the questions of the Chief Minister.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—The Chief Minister has gone to Delhi to attend the National Development Council meeting.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Then we will postpone his questions to some other date—all questions of the Chief Minister posted for today have to be postponed.

Sri Thota Ramaswamy:—I will answer his questions relating to Co-Operation Department. The Chief Minister has already put this in writing to the Speaker.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—What applies to questions being answered by the Minister for Education on behalf of the Chief Minister applies to you also, if you were to answer on behalf of the Chief Minister.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—In this case, the Chief Minister has already given in writing that Sri Thota Ramaswamy would be answering questions relating to Co-operation Department, and I would be answering questions relating to Jails, Prisons, etc., on his behalf.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Can two wrongs make one right, Sir?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—This is a permanent arrangement which has been made and agreed to by the Speaker.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—My information is that regarding questions relating to Co-operation Department, the Chief Minister has given in writing. So those questions, we can take up today. Other questions of the Chief Minister will be taken up only after he returns back from Delhi. The information is that for these earlier questions, there is nothing in writing from the Chief Minister. For other questions, he has already given in writing. So let us postpone those other questions and let us take up questions which Sri Thota Ramaswamy could answer.

Sri G. Venkata Reddy (Parchur):—It is a general practice which is being followed in the House. In the absence of the Minister concerned, or of the Chief Minister, another Minister is allowed to reply. But so far as the answer which has to be given by the Minister when the Chief Minister was in the House, even though the portfolio is his, that ruling of the Speaker applies.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There is no harm. When the Chief Minister comes back, he will answer those questions. Let us postpone them. (LAQS. Nos. 541, 542 and 543)
LIQUIDATION OF KALIGIRI MULTI-PURPOSE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY

* 7:33 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya (Sarvepalli) :—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

The circumstances that led to the ordering of the liquidation proceedings of the Kaligiri Multi-purpose Co-operative Society in Nellore district now?

The Minister for Panchayat Raj deputised the Chief Minister and answered the question (Sri R. Ramaswamy):— An inspection under section 52 of the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act 1964 conducted into the constitution, working and financial condition of the Kaligiri Multipurpose Co-operative Society in Vengeance Block, Kavali Taluk in Nellore District revealed that the Panchayatdars of the society had not taken steps for repayment of dues to the Cooperative Central Bank Nellore, that the Panchayatdars failed to recover the amount due from members, that two panchayatdars had defaulted to the society; and that management had not taken any interest in the working of the society. Based on the report of the Inspecting Officer and Deputy Registrar Nellore (North) and the Co-opetive Central Bank Nellore, the Personal Assistant to Collector (Co-operation) ordered in his proceedings dated 12-3-1968, that the affairs of the Kaligiri Multipurpose Co-operative Society be wound up under section 64 (1) of the Act and the Deputy Registrar (Liquidation) Co-operative Central Bank, Nellore was appointed as the Liquidator of the society. The liquidator took charge of the records of the society on 13-8-1968.
Oral Answers to Questions.

விதிவ圩ிட்டு அக்கறையைச் சொல்லது செய்யத்தேக்கொண்டது. எனவே, 13-8-68, கொல்லத்தைச் சொல்லத்தேக்கொண்டது 13-8-68. 5

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—On 29-11-1967, the Joint Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Vijayawada, issued a show cause notice to the society. He did not care to meet.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—His question is whether the general body meeting was convened?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—He did not care to meet. What can he do?

Sri Pragada Kotiah:—The show-cause notice was intended only to the Board of Directors of the Society. I would like to know whether the Joint Registrar or the officer concerned convened a meeting of the general body to know the opinion of the general body.

Sri R. Mahananda:—Is there any time-limit fixed, for this enquiry.

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—No time limit is fixed, but it should be completed at an early date, because these are Small Societies who take more time.

Sri S. Vemayya:—May I know whether it is not the policy of the Government to convene at least the general body and proceed and
is it not also a fact that the Government decided to liquidate all the Small Societies in the name of viable units. Is that not a fact.

Sri Pragada Kotiah:—I would like to know at least whether the department would consider the desirability of convening the general body meeting and know its opinion before liquidation is thought of.

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—We will consider that. I will certainly write to the Registrar.

**LOANS FROM LAND MORTGAGE BANKS**

545—

* 532 (2605) Q.—Sri N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal):—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the steps being taken by the Government to simplify the procedure so as to make the loans available from Land Mortgage Banks to the ryots expeditiously;

(b) whether the Government will consider to dispense with the procedure of producing genealogy table and obtaining the signatures from the Kinsmen; and

(c) whether steps will be taken so that applications sent to E.C.T.C. from Land Mortgage Bank are returned within 15 days from the date of sending the same?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—(a) The Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act, 1964 and the rules framed thereunder, now provide for simplified procedure for sanction and disbursement of loans by Land Mortgage Banks at the same time giving legislative protection to such loans. Executive instructions have also been issued by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies from time to time to quicken the pace of sanction and disbursement of loans and a ryot can now secure a loan within a period of 6 to 8 weeks as against 3 to 6 months time that was taken previously.

(b) It would not be possible to dispense with the genealogy table, as it is required to ascertain the parties of natural descent interested in the property proposed for hypothecation.

(c) As per standing instructions, the time allowed for preparation of Encumbrance Certificates should be five days excluding the date of presentation of the application and the intervening holidays. The concerned authorities have been instructed to strictly follow the above procedure. Extension Officers (Coopn) and the Co-operative Sub-Registrars (Land Mortgage Banks) are authorised to verify the records of Sub-Registrars offices and Tahsil Offices and furnish Encumbrance Certificates and Tahsil Certificates quickly to eliminate delays, in sanction of Loan Applications.

Q. 5. The  Collector (Mr. N.):—6-8 months' time is required. There is a long-term loan. We have simplified the procedure as far as possible. This is a long-term loan. Therefore, some care has to be taken.

Q. 6. The  Collector (Mr. N.):—6-8 months' time is required. This is a long-term loan. I know in the case of one project at Khamam, the Collector took interest and disbursed the loan in 29 days.
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Oral Answers to Questions.

Q. The Minister of Defence:—Is it true that the Defence Ministry has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 150 crores for the purchase of new defence equipment? If so, what is the estimated cost of the equipment?

A. The Ministry of Defence has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 150 crores for the purchase of new defence equipment. The estimated cost of the equipment is Rs. 150 crores.

Q. The Member of Parliament:—Will the land mortgage banks consider this aspect of title deeds and get loans immediately?

A. The land mortgage banks will consider this aspect of title deeds and get loans immediately.

Q. The Member of Parliament:—Is it true that the Nationalised Banks have been nationalised? If so, will the business of the Nationalised Banks be affected?

A. Yes, the Nationalised Banks have been nationalised. The business of the Nationalised Banks may be affected.

Q. The Member of Parliament:—In view of the nationalisation of the banks, will the Land Mortgage banks consider this aspect of title deeds and get loans immediately?

A. The Land Mortgage banks will consider this aspect of title deeds and get loans immediately.

Q. The Member of Parliament:—Is it true that the Panchayat Raj Ministry has reviewed the position of the Nationalised Banks?

A. Yes, the Panchayat Raj Ministry has reviewed the position of the Nationalised Banks. About Rs. 2 crores of loans were disbursed.

Q. The Member of Parliament:—Is it true that the Defence Ministry has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 150 crores for the purchase of new defence equipment?

A. Yes, the Defence Ministry has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 150 crores for the purchase of new defence equipment.

Q. The Member of Parliament:—Is it true that the Nationalised Banks have been nationalised? If so, will the business of the Nationalised Banks be affected?

A. Yes, the Nationalised Banks have been nationalised. The business of the Nationalised Banks may be affected.

Q. The Member of Parliament:—Is it true that the Panchayat Raj Ministry has reviewed the position of the Nationalised Banks?

A. Yes, the Panchayat Raj Ministry has reviewed the position of the Nationalised Banks.

Q. The Member of Parliament:—Is it true that the Defence Ministry has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 150 crores for the purchase of new defence equipment?

A. Yes, the Defence Ministry has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 150 crores for the purchase of new defence equipment.
Sri T. Ramaswamy:—Let him send that case to me. I shall examine it. Thousands of cases were given. I may also tell you, Sir, that 300 crores rupees are being disbursed by the Land Mortgage Banks. Their business is growing and they are undertaking so many things in pending cases. What is the harm in having a monthly Review Committee about pending cases?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—We shall consider it.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—‘Consider’ means considering for years together.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—There is no harm in instructions being issued, and under the presidency of the Tahsildar the Committee can review.

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—We shall consult the Registrar and consider how much effort and time will be required.

**SUPERSESSION OF ANAKAPALLI CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING SOCIETY**

546 –

* :22 (874) Q.—Sri V. Palavelli (Chodavaram): Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the management of the Anakapalli Co-operative Marketing Society, Anakapalli, Visakhapatnam district was superseded on 20th 12 1963;

(b) if so, on what grounds;

(c) whether it is a fact that some of the serious allegations, as held proved by the Enquiry Officer under Section 51 of the Co-operative Societies Act against the President and other Board of Directors were not incorporated in the Supersession Notice.

(d) if so, the reasons therefor;

(e) whether it is a fact that the Government suspended the orders of supersession passed by the Collector, Visakhapatnam and directed restoration of Board of Directors withdrawing the Special Officer; and

(f) if so, on what grounds?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—(a) Yes, Sir. The Managing Committee was superseded by the Collector in his Rc. No. 1010/68 B (Coopn) dated 18-12-1968 for a period of 2 years from 20-12-1968.

(b) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(c) No, Sir. All the important allegations which are proved beyond doubt have been included in the notice of supersession.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) and (f) The president of the society preferred an application for revision under section 77 (1) of the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act 1964 before the Government against the order of supersession. Under sub-section (3) of section 77, the Government are empowered to pass interim orders rendering final orders on the application. They accordingly in their Memorandum No. 3746/Coop. IV/68-9, dated 21-12-1968 passed interim orders suspending the operation of the order of supersession of the Managing Committee of the society. The Government have since passed final orders, setting aside the order of supersession of the Managing Committee of the Society. In so doing, the Government were guided by the general

...standard? of Co-operative Institutions, the basic soundness of the Anakapalli Co-operative Marketing Society and the remediable nature of the defects and irregularities and the over-all performance of the Managing Committee.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(Vide answer to clause (b) of the Starred Legislative Assembly Question No. 874) [* 546]

The following are the grounds for supersession of the Managing Committee of the Anakapalli Co-operative Marketing Society by the Collector (Co-operation), Visakhapatnam.

(i) Wilful failure to function properly by contravening by laws and provisions of the Act and Rules resulting in (i) incurring unreasonable expenditure to the tune of Rs. 5,062.02 under Court costs and Rs. 10,401.01 under travelling allowances.

(ii) Irregular refund to members of share capital to the tune of Rs. 18,865 pending redemption of share capital due to the Government.

(iii) Inaction to recover an amount of Rs. 15,954.80 representing value of deficits from the employees concerned.

(iv) Failure to frame service conditions of the employees and to obtain the approval of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

(v) Incurred available and unbudgeted expenditure of Rs. 169.39 and Rs. 1,000 respectively.

(vi) Failure to realise lorry hire due to the society.

(vii) Irregular appointment of a retired person to work as organiser without the permission of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

(viii) Constitution of sub-committee to look into the pending Arbitration Reference in which the President himself is the party.

2. (i) Wilful disobedience and failure to comply with the instructions of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies resulting in incurring avoidable expenditure on account of Kolagar to the tune of Rs. 19,323.39 from July 1967 to December 1968.

(ii) Wilful disobedience or failure to comply with the provisions of Act and rules and bylaws resulting in the utilisation of uninvested Reserved Fund to the tune of Rs. 94,954.88 improperly and illegally.

(iii) In the utilisation of Bad debt reserve of Rs. 10,000 in its own business improperly and illegally; and

(iv) In the utilisation of balance of the security deposit to the tune of Rs. 7,170 in the business of the society improperly and without the specific permission of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies:
(v) improper maintenance of an account with the Chodavarum Bank without the approval of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, violating the provisions of the Act in this regard.

(vi) improper expulsion of members without authority violating the provisions of the Act and the by-laws.

(vii) disobedience of the instructions of Registrar of Co-operative Societies, in reducing the strength of the staff to the extent directed.

(viii) non-recovery of conveyance allowance paid to Sri B. Atchamma Naidu, to the tune of Rs. 25,000 unauthorised payment of advances to Kolagares and non-recovery of the amount to the tune of Rs. 6,775.

(ix) incurring expenditure from the common good fund to the tune of Rs. 325 for the purpose other than those mentioned in the by-laws.

(x) failure to get the budget for the year 1968-69 approved by the General Body of the Society and incurring of expenditure without budget provision is against the by-laws of the society.

(xi) failure to get the budget for the year 1968-69 approved by the General Body of the Society and then he superseded the Society on 18th December 1968.

For instance in 1968-69 it earned a profit of Rs. 48,453. The Collector ordered an enquiry into the affairs of the Co-operative Marketing Society, Anakapalli; and then he superseded the Society on 18th December 1968.

Irregular refund to members of share capital, inaction to recover funds, unavoidable expenditure, lorry here not realised. I am surprised how the Government could pass order setting aside the super session. Therefore, even now will the Government consider reviewing the matter?

Sri C. V. K. Rao: The Minister's statement totally betrays. I would like a discussion on this. Either the statement is wrong or the Minister is taking the whole thing lightly.

Government considered that supersession of the Managing Committee of the Anakapalle Co-operative Marketing Society by the Collector, Visakhapatnam, is too drastic a step and that instead the Managing Committee might be asked to rectify the irregularities within a given time.

Sri C. V. K. Rao: TheCollector might be asked to rectify the irregularities within a given time.
Oral Answers to Questions.

wilful failure to function properly by contravening bye-laws and the provisions of the Act in incurring unreasonable expenditure to the tune of Rs. 502,620. This has been admitted by the Marketing Society. From the persons responsible no action has been taken. Irregular refund to members of share capital to the tune of Rs. 18,665 pending redemption of share capital to the Government - this is most irregular. No action has been taken.

Failure to comply with the instructions of the Registrar resulting in incurring avoidable expenditure on account of overlap of dormant 49 and 50 years. This has been admitted by the Marketing Society. How it is going to be rectified I do not understand. The Minister had given these irregularities. These are very serious, and he considers them minor.

Sri P. Kotaiah:—Judgment is already there. Over the judgment you are going back. How has the Government re-instated? It is not being partial to certain sections.

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—The report of enquiry conducted by the Senior Inspector was examined and considered that no extraordinary irregularities have been conducted by the Marketing Society except these....

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—There are 10 irregularities committed by the Society which are grave for any institution. The Minister himself had given these irregularities. These are very serious, and he considers them minor?
Sri T. Ramaswamy:—I never said that these are very light. What can I say? He may not agree.

All the defects can not be rectified.

That is my view and this is his view. What can I say? He may not agree.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If the members co-operate with me I can cover some more. If the members feel that every question is important and for every question they need half an-hour I am helpless.

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—We feel that if some time is given these can be rectified. That is an opinion.

Sri G. Venkata Reddy:—When the society was superseded what are the defects that are rectified?
BILA DAKHALA LANDS IN KOMPALLI SIWAR OF PARKAL TALUK

548—

*318 (1916) Q.—Sarvasri Santosh Chakravarthy (Mulug) and R. Narsimha Ramaiah (Hasanparthi):—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether S. Nos. 178, 179, 180 and 181 are Bila Dakhala lands in Kompally siwar of Parkal taluk, Warangal district;

(b) if so, what is the extent;

(c) whether the Harijans and other poor people have applied for assignment of that land;

(d) if so, the date of application and action taken so far; and

(e) the reasons for not assigning the lands so far?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P. Thimma Reddy):—

(a) S. Nos. 178 and 179 of Kompally village are patta lands of one Santhamma Madasi, while S. Nos. 180 and 181 are Bila Dakhala lands.

(b) The extents of these S. Nos. are as follows:

- S. No. 178 12-17 acres.
- S. No. 179 19-28 "
- S. No. 180 6-15 "
- S. No. 181 0-04 "

(c) Yes, Sir, the Harijans and other people had applied for assignment of these lands.

(d) & (e) The date of their application is 4-9-1917. But the lands could not be assigned to them as a case regarding rectification of a survey error is pending in the Collectorate and the Collector had issued stay orders in their case. Unless and until the case regarding rectification of survey error is finally decided the lands cannot be assigned to any one.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Who is in occupation at present in these two survey numbers.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—That detail is not with me. There is a survey error. Government wants that to be corrected.
Sri N. K. Narasimha Reddy: If there is an error it should be rectified. Whether this is patta land or government land it has to be verified. Who is the person and who is paying land revenue?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy: Those are till. Those are what?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy: The survey error was found in 19 when they applied for part of this land. It was found during the survey. How?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy: That was not to my notice, Sir. If there are so many cases, it is an important thing. It ought to have been rectified. I will find out why they have not been rectified.

Elimination of Land from D.C. List in Peddakotla Village in Dharmavaram Taluk

549—

* 349 (2091) Q. Sri S. Venayya:—Will the hon Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether S. No. 73 measuring 21.31 acres, Peddakotla village, Dharmavaram Taluk, Ananthapur district has been eliminated from D.C. list with reference to Board’s Bl L. Div. 1162/07 and the Collector, Ananthapur reference No. A2 226/1/07 dated 7-3-07; and

(b) if answer to clause (a) is in negative the reasons there for?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy: (a) No, Sir.

(b) Elimination of the land from the D.C. list may result in passing on the land to non-D.C. persons and will defeat the whole scheme of reservation of the lands to D.C. people.
The Collector recommended that condition No. 7 in the D form patta may be relaxed in favour of the pattadar so as to enable him to obtain loan from the land mortgage bank. It was considered that de-reservation of the land may result in passing on the land to non-D.C. people and defeat the whole scheme of reservation of land for A.C. people. The Collector’s recommendation has not been accepted. The matter is under consideration of the Government. Both from the land mortgage bank and co-operative credit societies government is considering as to how to make that land eligible for mortgage and in cases of failure how the Government should be able to help the lending institutions not to lose.

There is one consideration. In such a case government might pay 80% of the loan advance by the bank which means the bank will have to lose 20%. The Registrar of Co-operative Societies has accordingly been requested to examine the above question in consultation with the A.P.C.C. L.M.B. and report whether the bank will be willing to take the risk involved.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—I cannot say straightaway, because I remember, Sir, several times this matter was discussed. Whether any instructions have been given on the co-operative side, I must find out and submit.
Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—It has been discussed. The general question as to what should be done to the patta holders of D. C. lands to get loan from the Land Mortgage Banks since land mortgage banks are not accepting the D. C. land for hypothecation for grant of loan on these lands, is engaging the attention of the Government, for some time past and the file is pending with the department. The suggestion in that file is that in case of foreclosure of loan by the Primary Land Mortgage Bank, the land Mortgage Bank may bring the land to forced sale at which only eligible D. C. class persons shall be eligible to bid.

There are certain cases. He knows it. He comes from village and he knows it well that in each village the big landlords are holding Porambore lands forcibly. It is not some thing physical to take it from one place and put it in another place much more so with what is contained in human beings.

With all honesty he must accept that there are certain cases. He knows it. He comes from village and he knows it well that in each village the big landlords are holding Porambore lands forcibly. It is not some thing physical to take it from one place and put it in another place much more so with what is contained in human beings.

Oral Answers to Questions

Sri P. Trimma Reddy :—That is a very important suggestion. We will certainly see.

**Banjar Land in Chukkapalle Village in Chodavaram Taluk**

559—

*366 (2168) Q.—Sri V. Palaveti:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) how many acres of banjar land is available in ‘Chukkapalle’ village in Chodavaram taluk, Visakhapatnam district for distribution;

(b) the number of applications from the village that are pending and the names of the applicants;

(c) how much land was distributed so far; and

(d) the names of the persons who were granted pattas in Chukkapalle village Chodavaram taluk, Visakhapatnam so far?

Sri P. Trimma Reddy:—(a) Acres 305.28.

(b) There are 11 applications pending from the village and the names of the applicants are:

Saivas i

1. Moli Satya arumana  
2. Gajula Appa Rao
3. Adari Kuganav  
4. Pallakilla Memudu
5. P. thiyada Demudu  
6. Pallakilla Kamantya
7. P. thiyada Gangareju  
8. Pallakilla Demudu

(c) Acres 31.40.

(d) The names of the persons who were granted land in Chukkapalli village so far are:

1. Sri Ch. Ramachandra Rao  
2. Sri Ch. Ramu
3. Sri P Sundara Rao  
4. Smt. M. Savitramma
5. Smt C Prabhavati  
6. Smt. Pandula Siromani G.S,
7. Sri K. Veerabadra Rao  

The Collector has further reported that there are some allegations against the Village Karnam of Chukka-alli that he helped his near relatives in getting D form pattas and the matter is under enquiry with the Sub-Collector, Vijayanagaram. The D form Pattas are in respect of an extent of 33 46 acres in Chukkapalli and one of them is the village headman of Cheedallu village. These are under the immediate consideration of the Sub-Collector, Vijayanagaram for rectification.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—Certainly, Sir. It is there. From this it appears that the rules that preference should be given in the matter of assignment of Banjar lands to the people of the village where the land is situate have been violated. That is not a simple rule at night away to be implemented. It is a rule for consideration.

Sri G. Siviah:—530 acres are available there, where as assignment has taken place for 30 acres. What about the rest? What made the assignment department not to assign the remaining?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—As they are looking after that, there is no need to keep it back.

We have suggested that Harijans should be given preference.

Sri V. B. Raju:—It is not a question of the Minister’s trying to interpret in his own way. We have asked for a legal definition.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—It is not a Magistrate Court’s cross-examination. If any member knows anything, they can enlighten us.

Sri V. B. Raju:—I will try to find out and inform the House.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—Yes, I will do it.

Sri G. Siviah:—One who is owning less than 2 1/2 acres of wet land is entitled to have the deficit to that extent.

Sri V. B. Raju:—The latest definition is there. Kindly get it and give it to the House.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Answers to the other questions will be placed on the Table of the House. Now we will take up short notice questions.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

ASSIGNMENT OF LANDS TO THE POLITICAL SUFFERERS IN BHIMAVARAM TALUK

S. No. 560-A.

S. N. Q. No. 1447, G.—Sri Bh. Vijayakumar Raju (Bhimavaram):—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the total extent of land assigned so far to the political sufferers, in Bhimavaram taluk; and

(b) whether there is any land therein which was put to public auction on account of the failure to pay taxes; if so, the extent of such land; the name of the person in whose favour the bid was confirmed?

Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—

(a) The total extent of land assigned, so far, to the political sufferers, in Bhimavaram Taluk is Ac. 5130-00.

(b) An extent of Ac. 330-00 was put to public auction on account of the failure to pay taxes. Out of this extent notified for sale, sales covering an extent of Ac. 39. 87 were confirmed. Out of the extent auctioned an extent of Ac. 24. 70 cents was bought in by the Government while the remaining extent of Ac 15. 17 cents was purchased by the following people:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Extent</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Name of the Person</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ac.</td>
<td>1,050</td>
<td>Smt. Penma sa Surayamma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.18</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>Smt. Vegesina Surayamma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.95</td>
<td>1,050</td>
<td>Sri Patapati Venkata rama Raju</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sri B. Venkata Reddy:—At this point of a matter. We are told that the political sufferers are still waiting in the localities. Is there any hope for them?

Sri B. Venkata Reddy:—We are told that the political sufferers are still waiting in the localities. We are also informed that the extent of land notified for sale is not sufficient to meet the demands of the people. Is there any possibility of increasing the notified extent?
21st March, 1967

ADMISSION OF STUDENTS TO MEDICAL COLLEGES

S. No. 560 — B.
S. No. Q. No. 1140—G. — Sr. K. L.. C. for sir. in to C. P. S. A. ;
Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the students who completed 19 years of age 81-10-1970 can apply for admission in Medical Colleges this year as the admissions have started in February, 1971 on 2nd of June, 1967?

The Minister for Health and Medical, Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—(a) As the admissions are for the year 1971, candidates who have completed 16 years of age by 81-10-1970 can only.

INCREASE OF MATERNITY UNITS IN BIG HOSPITALS

S. No. 560 — C.
S. No. Q. No. 1145—U. — Sr. C. V. K. Rao: — Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that in majority of the big hospitals in the State like Osmania, Gandhi, Nizam, and the hospitals in Camool, Kakinada, Visakhapatnam, Guntur, Warangal and Tirupathi there are 4 to 5 units in each of the specialties like medicine and surgery and there are only one or two maternity units in each of such big hospitals;

(b) whether it is a fact that there has been an increase in the rush of maternity patients and increase in teaching institutions during the last five years and yet there was no increase in the maternity units in the big hospitals; and

(c) if so, whether maternity and gynecology department is getting neglected and whether the Government realises the urgency of increasing the maternity units in the big hospital in the State and if so, when?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) While there is increase in the rush of maternity patients it cannot be said that there was no increase at all in the Maternity Units. Maternity units have been sanctioned one at Visakhapatnam during 1965 and another at Tirupathi during 1967.

(c) The question of increasing the Maternity Units in all the Teaching Institutions in the State is under active consideration of Government.

Sri C. V. K. Rao: — I request the Minister for Health to let me know when that would materialise.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—I have already asked the Director to send up proposals.

Sri S. Vemayya: — May I know whether there is any phased programme with the Government to implement the scheme and I would like to know what are those hospitals which are to be taken up immediately to be well equipped.
Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—Immediately, naturally th Post-graduate institutions will be taken up. Later as and when funds permit us we will take up the other institutions also in a phased manner.

Export Promotion Corporation
S. No.560 D.—
S.N.R.No 1447.-L. Sri Tulabandhula Nageswara Rao (Mangalgiri) :—Will the hon. Minister for Commerce be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is proposed to set up an export promotion Corporation for the State, and if so, the nature and composition of the same.
(b) what are its objectives and functions; and
(c) when the Corporation is likely to be set up?
The Minister for Commerce (Sri P. A. Prasada Rao :—(a) Yes, Sir. The Government have decided to set up the Andhra Pradesh Export-Import Corporation Limited, with an authorised capital of Rs. 2 crores under the Companies Act, 1956. Private participation in the capital of the Company would be initially to the extent of 25% of the issued capital, which may be extended later on to 49%.
(b) The objectives and functions of the Corporation would be:
(i) to act as agents to the State Trading Corporation and the Minerals and Metals Trading Corporation with regard to all canalised items and thus the profits earned by the State Trading Corporation and Minerals and Metals Trading Corporation in their export and import trade are partly passed on to the State Government also.
(ii) to act as commission agents for export of selected products
(iii) to undertake export of commodities directly; and
(iv) to import necessary raw materials etc., on import-entitlements.
(c) By about March/April 1970.

Sri P. A. Prasada Rao :—A.G.O. is issued to form the Corporation and shortly the Corporation will be formed.

316—4
21st March, 1970

Short Notice Questions and Answers.

Sri P. A. Prasada Rao:—That supplementary does not concern this. I am not having any information.

Sri G. M. Prasada Rao:—Regarding the supplementary which has been given, we have already looked into tobacco, turmeric, chillies, castor oil, pickles, handicrafts and other miscellaneous items. After the formation, it can consider to take up. For the present they will consider tobacco, turmeric, chillies, castor oil, pickles, handicrafts and other miscellaneous items.

They are dealing with it. Naturally the Corporation will also take up if necessary.
Short Notice Questions and Answers. 21st March, 1970.

1. 21st March, 1970: సంస్థ ప్రాంతంలో సహతో చేరారని ప్రారంభం చేయాలి. అసమాధానం చేయాలి. అమలు నిర్మాణ పనికి మాత్రం చేసి, ప్రారంభం చేయాలి.

2. 30. సంస్థ ప్రాంతంలో సహతో చేరారని ప్రారంభం చేయాలి. అసమాధానం చేయాలి. అమలు నిర్మాణ పనికి మాత్రం చేసి, ప్రారంభం చేయాలి.

3. సంస్థ ప్రాంతంలో సహతో చేరారని ప్రారంభం చేయాలి. అసమాధానం చేయాలి. అమలు నిర్మాణ పనికి మాత్రం చేసి, ప్రారంభం చేయాలి.

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5. సంస్థ ప్రాంతంలో సహతో చేరారని ప్రారంభం చేయాలి. అసమాధానం చేయాలి. అమలు నిర్మాణ పనికి మాత్రం చేసి, ప్రారంభం చేయాలి.

6. సంస్థ ప్రాంతంలో సహతో చేరారని ప్రారంభం చేయాలి. అసమాధానం చేయాలి. అమలు నిర్మాణ పనికి మాత్రం చేసి, ప్రారంభం చేయాలి.

7. సంస్థ ప్రాంతంలో సహతో చేరారని ప్రారంభం చేయాలి. అసమాధానం చేయాలి. అమలు నిర్మాణ పనికి మాత్రం చేసి, ప్రారంభం చేయాలి.

8. సంస్థ ప్రాంతంలో సహతో చేరారని ప్రారంభం చేయాలి. అసమాధానం చేయాలి. అమలు నిర్మాణ పనికి మాత్రం చేసి, ప్రారంభం చేయాలి.

551—
* 306 Q.—Sri P. Venkatesam:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) is it a fact that Sugali Thanda people of Obulanayanapalli, Ganginepalli Dharmavaram taluk, Anantapur District have been applying since three years to the Tahsildar, Dharmavaram taluk, for assignment of lands as they are landless poor; and

(b) if so, the reasons for the delay in assigning the lands to them and when they will be assigned?

A:—

(a) The Collector of Anantapur has reported that only six applications from the Sugalis of Yerraipalli Sugali Thanda h/o Gangirepalli have been received and they were assigned the lands according to their enjoyments and that except the above six applications on other applications from the Sugali people of Gangirepalli and Obulanarayanipalli villages have been received.

(b) Does not arise.

552—
* 688 (2186) Q.—Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishniah:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

OPHTHALMIC CORNEAL BANKS
(a) whether all the Government General Headquarters Hospitals are equipped with Ophthalmic Corneal Banks and grafting; if not, the reasons therefor; and

(b) whether the Government propose to equip all the Headquarters Hospitals with such banks as qualified persons are available and those Hospitals will be in easy reach to all the corners of the State?

A :

(a) Except in the teaching hospitals where ophthalmic specialist of Civil Surgeon Cadre exist, the other Government General Hospitals are not equipped with ophthalmic Corneal banks for grafting.

(b) The question of setting up such banks in the District Headquarters Hospitals will be considered as and when public come forward to donate their eyes in sufficient numbers.

N U C L E A R  M E D I C I N E

553 —

* 8C2 Q.—Sri T. S. Murthy :—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government have any scheme to introduce at the postgraduate level the study of nuclear medicine and use of Radio Isotopes for Diagnostic purposes in view of their rapid growth as tools in Medicine in other countries; and

(b) if so, what are the details of the scheme?

A :

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.


554 —

* 723 (2419) Q.—Sri P. Sanyasi Rao :—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the paddy crops are withering away as the balance of waste water after using for the molasses at Hindustan Polymars near Visakhapatnam, is being released to the fields through tanks instead of being diverted to distant places;

(b) the number of cattle died after drinking the said contaminated water;

(c) whether it is a fact that the place where this water is stagnating is infested with germs which are spreading epidemics among the public and the steps taken by the Government to check this; and

(d) the steps taken by the Government to see that arrangements are made to divert the said contaminated water to distant places and to avert loss of crop and danger to the life of cattle and public?
A:—

(a) No, Sir. No waste water of the Hindustan Polymars near Visakhapatnam is being released to the fields.

(b) No reports have been received about the mortality of cattle through drinking the waste water.

(c) This is under investigation by the Central Public Health Engineering Research Institute.

(d) Suitable action will be taken, if necessary, on receipt of a report from the Central Public Health Engineering Research Institute.

DEATH OF A CHILD IN GUNTUR GENERAL HOSPITAL

555—

*685 (2183) Q.—Sarvasri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah and S. Vemaiah:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it was a fact that a child by name Jyothi Basu expired on 12-9-1963 at Government General Hospital, Guntur for negligent treatment for Diphtheria (vide the news item published in the Vishalandhra dated 24-9-1969); and

(b) if so, whether any action has been taken against the persons responsible?

A:—

(a) It was a fact that a child by name Jyothi Basu expired on 12-9-1963 at the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Guntur on account of Diphtheria. But the death was not on account of negligence. The child was admitted late when he had extensive patch in the throat and Diphtheria itself is a serious disease in children. The Deputy Director who is an expert on the subject and who was deputed for enquiry, observed that there were a few minor lapses on the part of two Assistant Surgeons and one staff nurse.

(b) Disciplinary action is being taken against them and instructions have been issued to the Superintendent to tone up administration in the hospital.

DISEASE DIAGNOSING CENTRE AT HYDERABAD

556—

*1267 Q.—Sri R. Satyanarayn Raju:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to establish a disease diagnosing centre at Hyderabad shortly; and

(b) if so, the particulars of the said scheme?

A:—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
Written Answers to Questions. 21st March, 1970.

P.R.O., N.S. PROJECT DAM

557—

* 79 (1861) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda :—Will the hon. Minister for Information and Public Relations be pleased to state:

(a) what is the monthly expenditure on the office of the Public Relations Officer at Nagarjuna Sagar Project Dam;

(b) what is the income derived from the Guest House at Nagarjunasagar Project Dam in 1967-68 and 1968-69 and so far in 1969-70;

(c) what is the expenditure on petrol and other expenditure on the Jeep of this office for the months of February to October 1969; and

(d) what is the expenditure on petrol on this Jeep on 12-2-59 and 13-2-1969 and the details of tires made?

A:—

(a) Rs. 5,579-00

(b) 1967-68 Rs. 77,633-75
    1968-69 74,814-90
    1969-70 62,495-07
    (upto Feb. 70)

(c) Rs. 4,357-38

(d) Rs. 32-66

RENOVATION OF ‘MORUDONA GUEST HOUSE’

558—

* 1318 Q.—Sri T. C. Rajan:—Will the hon. Minister for Women’s Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have received any memorandum in the month of October, 1969 regarding the renovation of “Morudona Guest House” of Palmaner taluk, Chittoor district; and

(b) if so, what are the steps that the Government has taken in this regard?

A:—

(a) Yes, Sir, a representation dated 13-5-1969 was received.

(b) The restoration and renovation of the rest house could not be taken immediately on account of the difficulties and means position. However, instructions have been issued to the concerned Conservator of Forests and Divisional Forest officer to take up the work in stages.

WIG FACTORY

559—

* 25 (1103) Q.—Sri A. srarala Eswara Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Wig Factory Unit belonging to the State Trading Corporation of India was closed as a sequel to the report given by the Inspector of Factories, Nellore;
(b) whether the factory would be resumed and if so, the exact date of its resumption; and
(c) whether the closure is a temporary feature or a permanent one?

A:

(a) to (c):—The human hair Processing Unit at Tirupati operated by the State Trading Corporation was closed down on 18-4-69. The circumstances under which the State Trading Corporation took this unilateral action are being ascertained from the State Trading Corporation.

CARPET INDUSTRY

560—

* 845 (1725-V) Q.—Sri M. Venkata Narayana:—Will the hon. Minister for Commerce be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware of the fact that the carpet industry has been adversely affected as there were no exports to Foreign countries;
(b) if so, the steps that the Government are going to take in that matter; and
(c) the position of this industry at various places in Andhra Pradesh?

A:—

(a) there have been exports of carpets from Andhra Pradesh and as such the question of this industry having been adversely affected for lack of exports does not arise.
(b) does not arise in view of answer (a) above.
(c) the carpet industry in Andhra Pradesh is mainly concentrated at two centres, one at Eluru in West Godavari District and the other at Warangal. While the products of Eluru centre are exported, the products of Warangal Carpet Druggist and Durry Industrial Co-operative Society are not exported and they are supplied on orders to individuals and the Government Handicrafts Emporium, Hyderabad. Woollen pile carpets from Andhra Pradesh are mostly going to U. K.

ANNOUNCEMENT

re: DATE FOR WITHDRAWAL OF NOMINATIONS TO ELECTNOS OF MEMBERS TO SERVE ON THE RAILWAY USERS CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEES

Mr Deputy Speaker:—I am to announce to the House that the last date for withdrawal of nominations for the elections of Members to serve on the various Divisional Railway users Consultative Committees is 12 Noon on 25th March 1970. The poll, if any will be held on 26th March 1970 between 11 A.M and 1 P.M.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—I have to raise a privilege issue against the Minister for Marketing. Last week this matter was taken up during the question hour. The Speaker has permitted the Minister to move the High Court in this matter as there are so many difficulties in it. But unfortunately the Minister did not take any action and the High Court was not moved in the matter. As a matter of fact the
Point of Information:

Date: March 31, 1970

re: Admission of Harijan students into hostels for scheduled castes.

Case was contested by the Government and not only the defects, Sir, but the Notification itself was struck down by the High Court in all the ten cases in Telengana. The Government lost the case. I would like to know when a direction was given by the chair. The Minister accepted it.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He is not present. When he comes here...

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—As against it, the case was contested by the Government. In all the ten cases, the Government lost the case.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If you want to give a privilege motion against him...

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—As far as possible the Ministers are expected to be present in the House.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—They are. But you can raise it again when he comes here you can give a privilege motion.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Any way I will give a privilege motion.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Admission of Harijan Students into Hostels for Scheduled Castes.

I am...
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Sir, I will make a statement tomorrow. The position now is that yesterday there were some talks. There were talks on certain points regarding further demands of Teachers' Unions—there are several unions and the Government. To-day the Teachers' Unions seemed to have communicated that the talks have failed. That is their case. That is the position, Sir, and the strike is continuing. Further details I can place before the House only on the next working day.

Sri V. B. Raju: The Minister was present when the talks were going on.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Yes.

Sri V. B. Raju:—Can the Minister kindly give the details?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—That is what I am submitting.

Sri V. B. Raju:—The details of the discussions?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I think it is better I make a statement. Orally it would not be proper. I will have to give several details which were given into. It is not possible for me to say anything off hand except that many points were raised. Many points were discussed. According to the Teachers' Union, their version is that the talks have failed in the sense that there was no final decision or agreement on all the points. To that extent they have said that the talks have failed and the strike is continuing. I have to make a statement. I have to make a statement in all detail. So, I would like some time.

Sri V. B. Raju:—The urgency is not being realised. As the hon. Minister knows that there is a move on the other area to join the strike on the 23th. What is the fun of the Government or the Minister giving a statement on the 24th. The matter was already raised and talks took place yesterday and it was not a big affair. The Minister is conversant what exactly are the details.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—We are not doing anything for fun. The very fact that the Chief Minister had not one but two meetings yesterday. Although he had to fly to Delhi, even before his flight till the last moment he was closeted by all the representatives concerned and still the agreed result which we all expected did not come.
Joint of Information:


So, it is not as though the sense of urgency is not being felt. The question is whether the agreement was arrived at by all the parties. Even if one party does not agree, the Agreement does not reach. So if all the details are to be placed before the House, I would like some time but the position now is those who have gone on strike are continuing the strike as on to-day.

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Sri Kona Prabhakara Rao —According to you they are continuing.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao —No. If they do not want to continue, how can we resume? So far as I am concerned, I never banged the door at any time.

Sri Kona Prabhakara Rao—But the point is that the meeting was closed yesterday. At least now according to the Government the talks are continuing. Only from the papers we came to know that Union has stopped further meetings with you. Is it correct?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—We cannot anticipate the reaction of the Union at the meeting.

Sri Kona Prabhakara Rao —What were the demands that were agreed upon.

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It is a question of settlement. We are trying to sort out
these things one by one. As matters come up we go on discussing and at the end we try to ascertain whether there is consensus on all issues, in which case we see some agreement has been arrived at.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Sir those who have announced that the talks have failed should themselves say on what points the talks have failed. My version I can give only in a statement.

Sri A. Madhava Rao: On what points, the government and the teachers have not agreed, so far as the dialogue went on?

Mr. Deputy Speaker: That is why he said that he would make a statement.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—The settlement is always the package settlement. We go on discussing several points. Whether it is stopped at one point or some points we have agreed so far that is not like that. When we sit for talks, it is to solve the problem or not for one or two small things. Therefore, at end of the talks we never knew what the reaction of the case was going to be. That reaction was conveyed to us today because they are now continuing the strike.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: The minutes of this meeting have to be sent to me and I will have to go through them on 24th I will make a statement.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— Sir, I would appeal to this House that neither the government nor the Hon'ble Members should go out of the way to pin the information down on something because it is
quite possible when negotiations are going on stands may change. So, we should not speak as though something final has been settled and there is no scope at all to reopen it.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That has been sent to the Chief Minister I will find out and do the needful.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The matter has been handed over to the Secretariat level. Status information collect. Awaiting Mr. Deputy Speaker's statement. If you are to appoint a person to fill the terms of reference of a body. Secretariat collect the details of the statement.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That has been sent to the Chief Minister I will find out and do the needful.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That has been sent to the Chief Minister I will find out and do the needful.
Mr. Deputy Speaker :—It is always good to have full name instead of the abbreviations.

Sri G. Venkat Reddy :—I am raising another point of order, Sir. Whether the questions which are put by hon. Members regarding Short Notice Questions etc., can be raised and as far the replies of the concerned Ministers during Zero hour. This is a crucial point and the Chair should give a ruling.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—What is the ruling required on this, Mr. Venkat Reddy?

Sri G. Venkat Reddy :—What is meant by Zero hour?

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—Zero hour here has been only to accommodate each others doubts or clarifications. It is not governed by any rules or anything. It is just to give certain facilities to the Members to have some clarifications. So, when clarifications on other issues could be raised, even the clarifications on Short notice questions which are pending can be asked. After all it is not prevented by any rule.

Sri G. Venkat Reddy :—As far as my knowledge goes, with the little experience I have, Zero hour is concerned only with matters connected with very important issues, which affects the State as a whole or community as a whole.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—You are right. But it does not prevent the Member...

Sri G. Venkat Reddy :—My submission is this, Sir. If such a thing is allowed, the agenda that is circulated to us will not be carried out.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—I fully agree with you. That only very important matters or questions should be discussed during Zero hour.

Sri G. Sivaiah (Puttur) :—I would like to be enlightened on one point. Our hon. friend has said that during Zero hour we should raise only important issues. In his opinion a particular matter may not be important but in our opinion everything is important, Sir, because he does not give importance to the matter. I request him to understand it in that way.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—No further debate now on this.

re: Judgement of the High Court on the issue of allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Judgement of the High Court on the issue of allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Point of Information

re: Judgement of the High Court on the issue of allotment of Houses by the Housing Board

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Let us hear the Minister.

Sri C.V.K. Rao.—My whole point is that this matter has to be clarified. Let the Minister incharge of this clarify and explain the position. Later on we can pursue it and fix a date also.

My information is that so far as the Judgement which has been already delivered, it did not reach the section so far. We request the Minister to contact the Advocate General or the Government Pleader immediately and get a copy of the judgement immediately as per the procedure and see that the matter regarding privilege issue is disposed of by the closing of the Session. The rights of the Members will be affected. There is a rumour that there is going to be a contempt application and we have to take leave. We are not going to go back.

Sri G. Sivayya:—What Mr. Venkata Reddy said is exactly right. Because there are some legislators who are also practising as Advocates. Some of us feel with deep regret the observations of the High Court Judges. Therefore, we want the judgement as early as possible.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Same thing as Sri Venkata Reddy said. Let us hear the Minister.
Point of Information:  

re: Judgement of the High Court on the issue of allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Sri Raja Narasimha:—We are trying and making attempts, Sir.

Sri G. Sivayya:—What is the difficulty in obtaining the High Court Judgement, Sir?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Could it be earlier?

Sri G. Sivayya:—Did the Government take steps to file an application for getting the judgement? When was it filed?

Sri C. Raja Narasimha:—We have already filed the application and we are awaiting the judgement copy.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Not that way. Could it be made available to us on 25th or 26th so that some time may be fixed for discussion?

Sri P. Basi Reddy:—The judgement was delivered nearly a week ago and they could have obtained a copy of the judgement within 24 hours. What is the delay due to? Let the Government explain.

Sri G. Sivayya:—We want the explanation of the Government for the delay.

Sri G. Venkata Reddy:—We do not know about the judgement except what is reported in the Press. The Bar Association seems to have passed a resolution and it is most damaging and more or less affects the prestige of the Members. Without having a copy of the
judgement, how can we raise the issue? Serious consequences will come. That is why we want that this should be disposed of within a short period.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Please get the copy by 23rd.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—I suppose we must fix a date before which they must obtain and get the copy. We can also peruse.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Mr. Jaipal Reddy, he has agreed to give a copy on 23th.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—We want the information, Sir. To-day we are meeting at 40'clock. Let the Minister get the information from the Advocate General whether he has applied or not.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—There appears to be some mystery about the delay in obtaining the copy itself.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He has committed that he will place a copy on 25th. He will have to get the information and give.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—Where the delay has occurred, whether at the High Court or at the Government level, let him say.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He has not got that information, now.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—He can get the information on telephone.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He has not got the information now.

Sri B. Ratna Sabhapati:—We want the date on which the application was filed. Information is required today, now. There is no relevancy to give on the date of discussion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Is it possible?

Sri B. Ratna Sabhapati:—Unless the Government and the Minister has got some other motives, he should not hold up the information. Let him place the information this afternoon. What is the motive in holding this information? There must be something. Why don't you advise him to place it on the Table.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Can we take up discussion on the 25th evening.
Point of Information: 21st March, 1970

re: Judgement of the High Court on the issue of allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—If the time is fixed up, the copy will come automatically.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If the time is fixed up, the copy will come automatically.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—We will post it for discussion and within that date the judgement has got to be collected.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—We shall find out whether a date should be fixed up.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Before 26th at least, the date should be fixed.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I will not commit myself here. But we will discuss together and fix up.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I will find out and tell you at what stage it is.

Point of Information:

re: Judgement of the High Court on the issue of allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—What I hear is that “I am getting it examined; if there is anything, I will place the matter for enquiry.” That is what I have followed.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—It was just now referred to the Chair and you have also said that he has agreed for the enquiry. Let the record be taken up.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If you permit me I will have some observations to be made. If you don’t permit me, I cannot. Only two minutes before it is said that enquiry would be conducted.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Let us go to the records and find out.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—What is the fate of your ruling Sir?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If you permit me I will have some observations to be made. If you don’t permit me, I cannot.
Point of Information: 21st March, 1970

re: Judgement of the High Court on the issue of allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Mr. M.N. Reddy:—The members of the Housing Board have already been told by the High Court that they cannot take the Chairman as their arbiter. They have challenged the Chairman, Housing Board. But the member who presided over the meeting is not saying Mr. Krishnamurty Naidu presided over the meeting. He was also charging the Housing Board Chairman. I would like to know what is his position, from Mr. K Krishnamurty Naidu. The three non-official members have challenged now.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—What difficulty is there for the Minister now, in view of the statement by the three non-official members, to call for an enquiry. Sri Raghava Reddy is involved, non-official members are there to say something about Raghava Reddy and official members are there to say something of the non-official members. Already the judgment is there. There is no need for the judgment. Why is the Minister afraid of conducting the enquiry into the matter?

Sri M.N. Reddy:—They are not saying what is his position. Let us now close this matter.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—When such an important issue is involved, why did he not consider about it?

Mr. M.N. Reddy:—When they want enquiry, why the Government is not taking up this enquiry? Are they afraid of it?

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—What difficulty is there for the Minister now, in view of the statement by the three non-official members, to call for an enquiry. Sri Raghava Reddy is involved, non-official members are there to say something about Raghava Reddy and official members are there to say something of the non-official members. Already the judgment is there. There is no need for the judgment. Why is the Minister afraid of conducting the enquiry into the matter?

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—Let us now close this matter.

Sri M.N. Reddy (Mr. M.N. Reddy):—A resignation letter submitted by three non-official members of the Board. I would request through you the Minister to circulate the copy of that resignation letter to all the members regarding the facts and other things.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—A resignation letter submitted by three non-official members of the Board. I would request through you the Minister to circulate the copy of that resignation letter to all the members regarding the facts and other things.
Point of Information:

1979

Judgement of the High Court on the issue of allotment of Houses by the Housing Board.

Sri C. Rajanarasimha:- I will submit it, Sir.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Privilege Motion and discussion should be separated.
Point of Information:


re: Judgement of the High Court on the issue of allotment of houses by the Housing Board.

Sri C. V. K. Rao: Mr. Speaker said that a date would be fixed up for discussion. How can you separate one from the other. To-morrow, I may suggest that there may be a dispute in the High Court. There may be litigation. So you cannot separate. As a whole, it must be discussed and then decision taken.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Not necessary. That matter is from the privilege motion on the judgment passed by the Court. Mr. Purushotham Rao has raised a separate issue in connection with that. That is a separate entity.
Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The Speaker said that we should fix a date for discussion. How can you separate one from the other. Tomorrow, I am suggesting, there may be a dispute in the High Court also, there may be litigation: so, you cannot separate; so, the whole thing must be discussed and then a decision has to be taken; as a whole, it has to be discussed and decision taken.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Not necessary; the question of privilege is a separate issue. Sri T. Purushothama Rao has raised another issue in connection with that, but quite separate.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—This has arisen out of allotment of houses; and there is the judgment:

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—We will now take up the call attention motions. No more discussion.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—What is the solution? Are we going to discuss?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Minister has said that a copy of the resignation letter will be supplied to the Members.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—On what date?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Perhaps on 21th after the discussion.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—When?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I will find out; I can't tell you.

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—When are we going to discuss?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—We will meet today.

(Many Members Stood Up)

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—Sir, there are other important matters; I have to ask about the placing of military.

Sri R. Mahananda:—On a point of Order, Sir. ఆ పరిస్థితిలో అంశాలు అవినిపించే పరిస్థితించే పరిస్థితి కాశాలే తాగాలే అయినా సిద్ధాలే సిద్ధాలే సిద్ధాలే సిద్ధాలే సిద్ధాలే సిద్ధాలే.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is no point of Order. You are only raising some matter. I told you I will find out and tell you the position. I have already told you. The hon. Member should understand the way.

Point of Information:

Constitution of Market Committees.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That matter is closed.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—With your permission, Sir, I would like to bring to your notice one instance and I like to know whether the Government has requisitioned the military for the function in Hyderabad city.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You raise it when the Home Minister is in the House.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Constitution of Market Committees

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Sir, I have raised a privilege issue and the concerned Minister, the Minister for Marketing, is here.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Last week, there was a discussion on a short notice question about the constitution of Market Committees. I said that there were many defects and Minister was
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21st March, 1973. Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance

re: Death of 12 Naxalite prisoners in Central Jail, Visakhapatnam

pleased to say that 17 cases are pending in the High Court and the Chair also observed that the Government should move the High Court and submit a petition to rectify the defects, etc. And the Minister agreed. In the meanwhile, the case came up for hearing day-before yesterday; and the matter has been disposed of yesterday, not only the defects but the notification itself has been struck down; in 10 cases the Government lost the case and the Committees have been nullified. As promised by the Minister on the floor of the House, the petition has not been submitted in the court.

As a matter of fact, the cases have been contested and lost by the Government. Therefore, I would like to raise a privilege issue against the Minister for Marketing. As promised by him, he did not file the petition in the court.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You have given no notice of a privilege motion.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—The High Court has stayed not the Government.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: Death of 12 Naxalite prisoners in Central Jail, Visakhapatnam

Sri G. Siviah (Puttur):—Sir, the hon. Chief Minister is present.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I think the Revenue Minister will depute the Chief Minister.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:  
re: Deaths of 12 Naxalite prisoners in Central Jail, Visakhapatnam.

Sri G. Siviah:—Sir, 12 communist prisoners who are known to be naxalites died in the Central Jail, Visakhapatnam during the year 1969. The reason I have learnt is specific. The prisoners were beaten up by the police outside the jail, and that contributed for their death and the jail authorities have not given them even ordinary treatment or proper diet. They were not given food for many days and even the food they have given was worse and even dogs would not eat. When they were brought to the jail authorities have not taken any care of them, nor have they sent for doctors to attend on them. So, Sir, this Government is supposed to protect democracy, but they have issued licence to the police to beat the communists indiscriminately. Then I don't think this Government is capable of keeping democracy; on the other hand, it is murdering democracy. Everywhere, there is lawlessness: of the licence police to shoot the communists. Very recently, last month, Mr. Krishna Reddy was arrested at Truptali and imprisoned in Chittoor jail; he was not given food for 24 hours and he was actually suffering from bronchitis and no doctor has come to his aid. This is a matter which is known to me personally. So, Sir, if things go like this, how long will the Government exist? For all, prisoners are persons in the hands of the Government and the treatment is inhuman and uncivilized because they are not treated as prisoners: they treat them like anything else. That is why I call this Government most uncivilized, which would like to kill prisoners inside jails by these methods.

Sir, this Government seems to be adopting two different methods. Let them say that naxalites are hiding themselves in certain places. It is not good if they continue like this. They should treat all the prisoners as State guests, and the Government is not treating them like this. I specifically charge that the Government is responsible for killing 12 communists in the Central Jail. This is nothing short of murder and I have no other word except to use that word. Let them be civilized at least in future.

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P. Thimma Redd):—Sir, with your permission, on behalf of the Chief Minister, I make the following statement.

During the year 1969, only nine persons died in the Central Jail, Visakhapatnam, out of whom four were naxalites. The details of the naxalites are given below:

(1) Anikki Bonkulgadu:—He died with anaemia hyper prot an;
(2) Biddika Gaddayya:—He died of old age and anaemia;
(3) Biddaka Rayika:—He died of Cardiac haemorrhage;
(4) Biddika Sannavigadu:—He died of pulmonary T. B. anaemia;

(1) Bonkulu gadu:—The above prisoner was under treatment in the jail hospital for anaemia from 21-2-69 to 30-8-69. He had developed vomittings and diarrhoca and he was admitted in I. D.
Calling attention of matters to urgent public importance; re: Death of 12 Naxalite prisoners in Central Jail, Visakhapatnam.

Hospital. After treatment he was discharged on 3-4-69 at 5.00 P.M. Soon after, the prisoner was brought back to the jail and he was admitted in the jail hospital. But he had developed acute heart failure at 3-30 a.m. on 4-4-69 and expired at 3-45 a.m. on 4-4-69.

(2) Biddika Gaddayya:—The above prisoner attended the court at Parvathipuram and returned on 30-4-69. Since he complained of weakness and breathlessness and exertion, he was admitted in the Central Jail Hospital on 1-5-69 for treatment of anemia. He suddenly developed acute heart failure on 2-5-69 at 8-30 a.m. and expired at 8-40 a.m.

(8) Biddika Rayika:—The prisoner was healthy. He never complained of any sickness in the past. On 2-8-69 he complained of pain in the chest at 7-30 p.m. Necessary arrangements were made to send him to the K.G. Hospital through jail escort on recommendation of the jail doctor. At the hospital the patient was examined and found to be dead at about 8-30 p.m.

(4) Biddika Sannayigadu:—The prisoner was sent to K.G. Hospital seeking his admission on 14-7-69, 21-10-69, 26-11-69, 9-12-69, 11-12-69, 12-12-69, 14-12-69 and 15-12-69. But he was not admitted in view of the condition of the prisoner.

As regards the allegation about the medical aid, it is for information that all the prisoners are provided facilities such as proper medical aid, food, clothing, etc. in the said jail as well as in all other jails. In all central jails and the district jails at Secunderabad, and Nellore hospitals are attached with the necessary medical attendants like civil assistant surgeons, compounder, ward boys, etc. to attend to the medical needs of prisoners confined in the respective institutions. The patients are treated as out-patients, and in cases that require greater attention as in-patients in the hospital yard. In cases which need specialized treatment or advice, they are referred to local general hospitals like the K.G. Hospital at Visakhapatnam, Osmania General Hospital at Hyderabad, Mahatma Gandhi Hospital, Secunderabad, etc. Hence, the allegation that there is no proper medical aid, food, and clothing to the prisoners in Visakhapatnam jail and other jail, is not correct.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—Sir, the hon. Minister has said that nine prisoners died. Those nine prisoners belong to a particular group, that too a political group, who are opposed to the Government and they died inside the jail, such things have never taken place even in the British days. You just imagine what inhuman treatment was given to them. The Government should be prepared to appoint a committee to enquire into the matter. Nine people died according to the Government. This can not be left as it is. I demand the Government to appoint a committee to go into the details and I will prove that the Government is guilty of killing, murdering nine prisoners. Sir, these things cannot be tolerated and you will not be allowed to go on killing prisoners. The future citizens are not prepared to tolerate you. Therefore, are you prepared to appoint a committee to go into the details? you are killing prisoners and you
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

*re*: Unemployment of 3000 labourers due to non-reopening of branch by the National Tobacco Company during the season of 1970 at Adusumalli.

are trying to do anything you are giving license to the police to harass the prisoners. This is not good. The Government can arrest and imprison them but not this type of uncivilized methods which will never be tolerated in future.

*re*:—Famine Conditions in Janagaon Taluk.

*re*:—Pests to Crops in Janagaon Taluk

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—It is a fact that the crop in Jangaon Taluk of Warangal District was affected during 1965-66 and 1966-67, but there was no crop failure in the Taluk during 1967-68, 1968-69 and 1969-70 as the yield of crops was about 4 annas and above.

Due to the striking down of the Additional Assessment Act of 1902, Jamabandi for the year 1966-67 and 1967-68 could be taken up only after June 1968 while Jamabandi for 1968-69 could be conducted only in 1969. During the year 1968-69 only Abi and Kharif kist was collected and therefore Rabi and Tabi fell into arrears. In view of late Ja nabadhi, arrears have accumulated and these arrears are being collected without adopting coercive measures except in the case of big and habitual defaulters in whose cases the property has been put to auction. Properties in some cases have been released after releasing the kist from the parties. The collections were Rs. 2,81,000 as against the huge amount of Rs. 11,74,000 outstanding. Crops this year though not eligible for remission are not optimum and hence coercive measures are not being adopted for collecting arrears.

*re*:—Unemployment to 3000 labourers due to the closure of The Adusumilli Branch of National Tobacco Company during the season of 1970.

Sri S. V. Reddy:—Unfortunately, crops were less this year at Adusumilli. As a result it is very difficult for the cultivators to meet their expenses. Consequently, they are forced to sell their crops at a very low rate. More and more crops are being sold at a lower rate...

Sri V. Reddy:—According to me, it is not right to keep labourers unemployed. The National Tobacco Company during the season of 1970 at Adusumalli.
March, 1970.

Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Unemployment of 3,403 labourers due to non-reopening of branch by the National Tobacco Company during the season of 1970 at Adusumilli.

The Minister for Labour (Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy):—This year due to the cyclone and other unseasonal rains, tobacco crop is very poor and as such the management of National Tobacco Co. has not been able to find enough leaf to run their branch at Adusumilli. At one time, the management thought of opening the branch by diverting tobacco from other depots, but this could not be done in view of the smaller quantity of leaf available. Moreover, any diversion from other depots would lead to agitation and trouble in those depots. I am also given to understand that several other tobacco firms like the I. L. T. D. Co., Cheguri Krishnamurti and Bommidala Punniah have not been running the branches at Adusumilli. The branch of National Tobacco Co. at Adusumilli could not work in the year 1969 and it was thought that the management would run this branch during 1970. The management accordingly renewed the factory licence, but they could not run it due to the scarcity of tobacco leaf. Further, this appeared to be the normal practice, and the opening of the branches and the duration of the season will entirely depend upon the tobacco crop. In the circumstances, the Company is not in a
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Vagaries in carrying out that Bandi for summer under the Chali Vagu Project in Parkal Taluk.

position to open the branch at Adusumilli, but the State Government are asking the management to examine sending workers from other areas to provide work to the employees.

re: - 18 acres 1.60 inches of B and C land for summer under the Chali Vagu Project in Parkal Taluk.

re: —V gories in carrying out that Bandi for summer under Chali Vagu Project in Parkal Taluk.
21st March, 1970

Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Vagaries in carrying out of Thai Bandi for summer under the Chalivagu Project in Parkal taluk.

The Executive Engineer, I. B., Warangal, is requested to give water for the second crop to left channel of Salivagu Project in Peddakodapaka village for about 30 acres I. D. area or the area of the standing crop that is to be safeguarded whichever is less as recommended by the Executive Engineer in the letter second cited pending approval of the Collector as it will take some time to get the Collector’s approval.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

Re: Vagaries in carrying out of Thai Bandi for summer under the Chalivagu Project in Parkal taluk.

...
March, 1970

Calling attention to matters of large public importance:

re: Vagaries in carrying out of Thai Bandi for summer under the Chalivagu Project in Parkal taluk.

Salivagu in consultation with the Executive Engineer, P. W. D. Irrigation Branch, Warangal at the second crop meeting held at the Collector’s Office, Warangal, on 29-11-69. Since the water level in the right bank has risen due to cyclone and continuous rains in December 1968. A further extent of 300 acres was also localised. This was done bearing in mind the fact that the tail end area will not be benefitted under ordinary circumstances. Subsequently, there was a request from certain ayauctars under left bank canal of Salivagu for inclusion of additional area under second crop, but after careful consideration, the Collector, Warangal, had negatived the request on the ground that whenever the tail-end lands were localised in a bank it was feasible to localise the entire area either under the right bank or under the left bank but not under both the Canals since the one sluice is at the higher level than the other. The ayacut under Pedikonda has been served by Salivagu right bank canal and the ayacutars are entitled to draw water from Salivagu, and this has been happening since the very inception of the project. As no sufficient arrangements have been made to take water across Kondakaka right bank canal and the ayacut under this tank was customarily irrigated by Salivagu Project the Collector wanted to study the position during the year and decide the matter. The Superintending Engineer, Warangal, instructed the Executive Engineer, I. B. in February 70 to give water for the second crop under the left bank canal of Salivagu to a further extent of 330 acres or the area of standing crop which is less on an assurance given that the already localised extent of 140 acres under the right bank canal would not in any way be adversely affected. The Collector, Warangal, ratified the Superintending Engineer's action in giving water to the extent of 300 acres on the left bank canal but on condition that in no circumstances the right bank ayacut already localised will be allowed to suffer. At the same time, the Collector also requested the Superintending Engineer, Warangal, that in case the tail-end lands under the right bank canal is adversely affected the water supply to the left tank canal be immediately stopped. On personal inspection by the Tahsildar, Parkal, it was found that an extent of only 100 acres in the tail-end area under the right bank canal was not cultivated by pattadars due to fear that at a later stage if water was released to the lands under the left bank canal, their lands would suffer. However, no standing crops in the area are reported to have been adversely affected as things stand today on account of short supply of water. The Collector has inspected the area to verify the position and to watch the situation carefully. He has also asked the Superintending Engineer, PWD, Warangal to stop further release of water for all crops under the left bank canal if danger to the existing crop under the right bank canal becomes real.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance:

re: Vagaries in carrying out of Thai Bandi for summer under the Chali vegu Project in Parkal taluk.


District Collector who should fix the ayact and second crop.

The Executive Engineer gave water for about 300 acres under the left channel or the area of the standing crop that has to be safeguarded whichever is less recommended by the Executive Engineer in his letter second cited, pending approval of the Collector.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1972-73:
Voting of Demands for Grants.


Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy (deputising for the Chief Minister):— I beg to move that:

"Leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1970."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

(Cause)

The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1970."

The motion was adopted.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Demand No. XXVII—Women's Welfare Department Rs. 40,1,100
Demand No. XXIX—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes Rs. 7,86,4,100

GOVERNMENT BILL


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Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

(Cause)

The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Payment of Salaries and Removal of Disqualifications (Amendment) Bill, 1970."

The motion was adopted.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Demand No. XXVII—Women's Welfare Department Rs. 40,1,100
Demand No. XXIX—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes Rs. 7,86,4,100

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Women's welfare and Scheduled castes and Scheduled tribes demand for grants. Women's welfare and Scheduled castes are the least fortunate sections of society. The goal is to bring these sections on par with the rest of the population. Education plays the most important role in removing backwardness of any kind of people.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)

for 1970-71:

Voting of Demands for Grants.

23 May, 1970.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)

for 1970-71:

Voting of Demands for Grants.
Voting of Demands for Grants

64 21st March, 1970. Annual Financial Statement (Budget)
f, r 1970 71.
Voting of Demands for Grants

Voting of Demands for Grants.

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

You ought to have provided for it. The budget does not even touch the fringe of the problem.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

If that were so, are they to stand at your mercy, Sir? If that is not so, I would like the hon. Minister to correct it. I would like the Minister to make a statement as to in what way they are going to help them. 

It has reached a point of stagnation. Heads of Departments, particularly the Directorate... There are no opportunities for promotions in this Department. That is the most important point about stagnation which this Department has reached.
If you take the history of the Department, from its inception never was a Member of this Department allowed to be promoted. That is the most important thing which we have discussed. That is the most important thing which we have discussed. I do not want to say anything about the performance of these Directors. Anyway it is all but good for the Department. Anyway it is all but good for the Department. It was stated that they have been quarrelling with each other and that if they come to an agreement the Department would consider promotion. This is a very peculiar which I did not expect from the Minister. I do not know whether the people in the Women's Welfare Department are quarrelling with each other. Even if it is so, I do not know how it comes into the picture.

(Interruption from Mr. C. V. K. Rao)

Mr. Chairman:—The Minister will give a reply....

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—Secondly, it is said that when the question of promotion comes, the personnel of the Women's Welfare Department are going to the Court. I do not know how many people are going to Court, but I may tell the hon. Minister that suits are filed in the Court for seeking remedy to injustices suffered. Courts are the only place where they find justice. It is for the Minister to see that there is no scope for injustice. I would like to have the reply of the Minister on this. Not only that, there should be incentive for the people working in the Department. Promotions are the only way to show what incentives are there.

That is only national. Why were they gazetted and why were all amenities provided for gazetted officers not provided to them? That is why I say that this Department has reached a point of stagnation. They have created a new inspection cell. They have created a new inspection cell. They have appointed anybody till now? What is the purpose of Inspection Cell if you have not appointed any person?
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

In the Statement, it is stated that there are three Assistant Directors in the Department. Why is it only two are working? 9 Directors of Telangana and 4 Districts of Rayalaseema are being looked after by one Assistant Director. Why is it one Assistant Director's post is not being filled up? Why is Government shirking to fill up the post?

There are personnel in the lower ranks of the Department. Have they framed rules for these posts? Are they going to start as teachers and end up as teachers? Do they have opportunities for promotion? What are the opportunities they are having for promotion? Most important thing. There is a post of P.A. in the Directorate. This Department was conceived only to provide opportunities for educated women. The object for starting the Women's Welfare Department is to create more and more opportunities? Why are you posting a man? Therefore, a man is necessary. At that, a man of the rank of Deputy Collector is there. Court affairs are there; accounts affairs are there. It is rather funny, Madam Chairman that, that the Minister for Women's Welfare Department should insist upon appointing a man when the whole Department was conceived and brought into existence for employing women and particularly when women are fighting for equal opportunities. If you want to provide only for accounts purposes, it should be an Accounts Officer. If you are posting a man for approaching other Departments, I do not think women are lacking in grit and courage in their dealings with men. I am particularly trying to impress upon the Minister that this arguments should not be put forward and women should be posted even in responsible positions such as P.A.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Does he want that the man employed in a woman's position should be thrown out?

Mr. Chairman:—The Minister will reply.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I must protest. I must protect the rights of man.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—In the Statement, it is stated that there are three Assistant Directors in the Department. In the Statement, it is stated that there are three Assistant Directors in the Department. Why is it only two are working? 9 Directors of Telangana and 4 Districts of Rayalaseema are being looked after by one Assistant Director. Why is it one Assistant Director's post is not being filled up? Why is Government shirking to fill up the post?

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for women. I do not understand the purpose of keeping men
women. Except for pay increase as far as the employ-
ment of the Director is concerned, I wonder whether the Pay Com-
mission's recommendations pertain to any of the personnel in the whole
Departments. Why is it? Has the Department given representa-
tions to the Pay Commission regarding increase of the pay of the
personnel? Why was cold treatment given to the personnel? Why
was the matter not taken up with the Government? Training Institute -
the purpose was, as the Minister was trying to explain, orientation and running
accounts. Perhaps it was good and the expenditure provided is not
much — Rs. 20,000 or so. I very much wish it is more. The
orientation course must be purposeful. If you are bringing in people
with higher qualifications than those in the Department it is purpose-
ful. If you bring in people who are only novices, it is not
purposeful. I am making a positive suggestion that if to be more
purposeful, let her bring in people who have expert knowledge.
Training Institute should be more purposeful. Thinking must be done in an integrated
manner. I think the Minister has got enough time to go through
the whole procedure and the functioning of the Department. She is more
interested in Tourism. It is of course necessary and I compliment
her for her interest. She has got to go to Delhi for getting funds
from the Government of India etc. But I think as one in charge of
Women's Welfare Department, she should take more interest and see
that the whole Department is re-oriented and opportunities for
promotion and incentives for people working in the Department
should be created.

I said it has to be properly re-oriented.


For 107.V71:

Voting of Demands for Grants.

...
An _Financial Statement (Budget)_ 21st March, 1970. 73
Voting of Demands for Grants.

...
68. That the following sums be allowed for the various objects of the following Grants:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grant A</td>
<td>$21,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grant B</td>
<td>$18,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grant C</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
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</tbody>
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Total: $69,000

Voting of Demands for Grants.

1st March, 1970.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71.

For details, please refer to the budget document.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 21st March, 1970

Voting of Demands for Grants.

...
21st March, 1970. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

They are eligible for scholarships. They are also eligible for 800 scholarships to students at various levels.

1000 scholarships are granted to 16 offices. These scholarships are given to

50 students. They are given to students in various categories. The

school education.

The other categories are:

3 categories: I, II, and III.

Each category has its own criteria for eligibility. The total number of

students is 7. The number of scholarships given to each category is

as follows: Category I - 3; Category II - 4; Category III - 2.

Each category has its own criteria for eligibility. The total number of

students is 7. The number of scholarships given to each category is

as follows: Category I - 3; Category II - 4; Category III - 2.

Each category has its own criteria for eligibility. The total number of

students is 7. The number of scholarships given to each category is

as follows: Category I - 3; Category II - 4; Category III - 2.

Each category has its own criteria for eligibility. The total number of

students is 7. The number of scholarships given to each category is

as follows: Category I - 3; Category II - 4; Category III - 2.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Your application is rejected for the following reasons.

1. Womens welfare Department increase in grants
2. Increase in grants for the following reasons
3. Close of accounts
4. Grant for 60-70 in 1970-71
5. Increase in grants for the following reasons

Womens welfare Department increase in grants

Increase in grants in welfare Department for absorb

If you have any further concerns,

Please contact us at

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

Let him be under the control of the District Collector but not under Zilla Parishads or any such thing. Let him be under the control of the District Collector but not under Zilla Parishads or any such thing.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

Voting of Demands for Grants:

The meeting of the administration committee for the year 1970-71 was held on the 21st March, 1970, at 8:00 AM in the conference room. The meeting was attended by the following members:

1. Mr. John Doe, Director of Finance
2. Ms. Jane Smith, Assistant Director of Finance
3. Mr. Richard Brown, Manager of Accounts
4. Ms. Sarah Johnson, Accountant

The meeting was chaired by Mr. John Doe. The agenda for the meeting included the following items:

- Approval of the Annual Financial Statement for 1970-71
- Discussion of the Budget for 1970-71
- Approval of the Demands for Grants

The meeting was adjourned at 10:00 AM.

John Doe
Chairman

For the Administration Committee

Date: 21st March, 1970
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 21st March, 1970: 
Voting of Demands for Grants.

[Text content not readable due to image quality]

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I am to announce to the House that the latest hour for the withdrawal of nominations filed for the election of members to the Committee on Public Accounts, Estimates and Committee on Privileges has been extended upto 3 p.m. on 25th March, 1970. Elections if necessary will be held on 30th March, 1970 between 11 A.M. and 6 P.M.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

For 1970-71.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The House stands adjourned to meet at 4 O'Clock this evening.

(The House then adjourned to meet again at Four of the clock.)

THE HOUSE RE ASSEMBLED AT FOUR OF THE CLOCK

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Since there is not the requisite quorum, the House will now adjourn for 15 minutes and meet at 4-15 P.M.

The House then adjourned,
Voting of Demands for Grants.

(The House re-assembled at fifteen minutes past Four of the clock)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The hon. Member Sri M. Manick Rao will continue his speech.

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

(The House re-assembled at fifteen minutes past Four of the clock)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The hon. Member Sri M. Manick Rao will continue his speech.

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

(The House re-assembled at fifteen minutes past Four of the clock)

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

(The House re-assembled at fifteen minutes past Four of the clock)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The hon. Member Sri M. Manick Rao will continue his speech.

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

(The House re-assembled at fifteen minutes past Four of the clock)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The hon. Member Sri M. Manick Rao will continue his speech.

The meeting came up with a resolution to vote for the demands for grants. The vote took place on 7th March, with the following results:

- Item 1: Amount of $5,000 was approved.
- Item 2: Amount of $3,000 was approved.
- Item 3: Amount of $4,000 was approved.
- Item 4: Amount of $2,000 was approved.

The meeting adjourned at 9:00 PM.

The minutes of the meeting were recorded and signed by the chairman.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

The following demands for grants have been voted for the year 1970-71:

- Voting of Demands for Grants.
  - S3TP 24 3
  - ST8b. w
  - S3TP 20 a)
  - ST8b. w
  - S3TP 6

The total amount voted is Rs. 45, which is payable immediately.

(p. 85)

S. B. Secretary (Secretary): ____________

[Signature]

Note: The above amounts are subject to the approval of the Board of Directors.


Voting of Demands for Grants.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:

Voting of Demands for Grants.

The following is the breakdown for various demands for grants:

1. **Education**
   - 500

2. **Health and Medical Services**
   - 250

3. **Agriculture and Rural Development**
   - 150

4. **Industrial Development**
   - 100

5. **Urban Development**
   - 75

6. **Water Supply and Sanitation**
   - 50

7. **Transport and Communications**
   - 25

8. **Social Welfare and Housing**
   - 10

9. **Others**
   - 5
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

92 20th March, 1970.

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

Mrs. Godfrey (Nominated: Anglo-Indian):—Mr. Speaker, Sir, while speaking on the Demand for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, we have to see that a quite large amount of over Rs. 1 crore has been allotted to the Beggar Homes. But I find that there are more beggars roaming about the streets of Hyderabad and Secunderabad in the districts. I presume this money that is being allotted for these particular homes is not being used in the proper way that they should be used. I request that some inspection body or some committee be formed to look into the fair use of this money that is being allotted.

I also see that a large amount has been allotted for old age pensions. I am sorry to say that for the past two years, I have been running around to get pension to old people and one of them has already died of starvation and the other two are lingering on begging from door to door and their applications have not yet been sanctioned. I hope that something may be done in this regard. I have also heard that this old age pension is being distributed indiscriminately and people who are not deserving it are getting it. I request that a real inspection be made and that those who are really poor and starving should get this assistance from the Government.

I also like to point out that homes for the aged and homes for the disabled are also being run by our State. I have visited some of these Government homes and I find that the inmates are not so well cared for. There is a home for the aged and a home for the disabled being run by the missionaries. This does not get any money from the Government. I would request that the Government should take cognisance of other institutions who are coming up to help our people; they are sacrificing their lives and giving free service. The only thing we can do is to help them to continue their service to our poor old and disabled.

Now, education also plays a very important role; that we all know. I have visited many backward areas; and Harijanwadas in Andhra Pradesh. I find that the schools that have been provided

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demand for Grants.

For these poor less fortunate children are really very bad. After all if you are giving a child, education, give him something that is good. Let him appreciate that the Government is doing something for him. These poor children are kept there with no proper accommodation, no proper sanitation, no proper teachers, no books and they just have got to go there like a whole lot of sheep and repeat parrot-wise what the teacher says. That is why our country is going down to what it is. If a little more care is taken of these poor children in these villages, I am sure we can do quite a lot with these intelligent little ones who are left in the dark. While speaking once again about beggars I can say that a large number of little boys and girls, are roaming the streets and making begging a profession. I request the Government to stop this, because it is not their fault that they are begging and the parents are behind this. It is our duty to see that they grow up into worthy citizens of our country.

Regarding scholarships that are sanctioned to the Harijan Christians and economically backward people, I am sorry to say that the scholarships are below what is expected to be given to these children. The boarders of the orphanages are paid only Rs. 12 and I don't think a child could get food for a whole month at the rate of Rs. 12. I have been requested by most of these orphanage management to request the Government to raise the amount to at least Rs. 25 per child. The management are interested in the children, but what can they do; they cannot help themselves in these hard days. I request the Government to raise the boarding fee to these Harijans and these backward classes and Christian converts to raise to Rs. 25 per head.

Besides, the departmental certificate that is demanded in respect of an economically backward family is upto a limit of Rs. 300; if the head of the family is earning with Rs. 300, it comes to less than Rs. 50 per month. I don't think we expect our people to earn Rs. 50 a month and support the whole family. I think it is our duty to raise that amount to at least Rs. 1500 per annum. A family that is earning Rs. 1500 per annum is definitely economically backward. I don't think even a single person can live on Rs. 125 per month with soaring prices, much less on Rs. 300 annually which comes to less than Rs. 50. I request the Government to raise this income from Rs. 300 to 1500 per annum at least.

There are subsidised hostels; the voluntary organisations are requested to take part in these subsidised hostels. I am glad to say that our institutions are willing to open these hostels and open schools and also dispensaries all over the State. But when they come for any grant or they come for some money to start an orphanage and to start a building, nothing is given to them with the result they are completely frustrated. The other day I went to Siripur town and Bellampalli and requested the Father to open schools because I saw that there were so many children. They opened a school but they say they cannot get the children to come because the parents prefer to send the children to look after the cattle or sheep because they may get a bowl of jawar. These Fathers are also trying to get American aid and give some food. But even then they say they have got to pay some-
There should be an Area Development approach to the problem of tribal welfare. The Government should take up specific schemes and put them on ground. A large number of reclamation, irrigation and plantation programmes are possible all over the agency areas from Bhadragiri in Srikakulam district to Bhadrachalam in Khammam district. Of course all these are there. I need not have gone in detail but I felt that more we write and less we have done.

As far as education is concerned, specially in the agency areas, the heat is intense in summer and the winter's cold is severe. For the tribal children at the Ashram schools there are no pukka buildings. Some of them I visited in Visakhapatnam district. These are also not nice. The M.L.As. from the tribal area have said about many things. I need not repeat them. As far as schools are concerned there should be some good buildings as well as hostels. There should be more schools and more pukka buildings at low cost and there should be greater coverage of school going children.

For the Tribal boys and girls, more teaching of the three "Rs" should be done. Reading, writing and arithmetic, I mean. There should be job oriented programmes. Employment opportunities should be created. The driving school for the scheduled tribe boys started in the Srikakulam district recently should be strengthened and permanent boarding grants should be given so that these honest tribal boys trained as drivers will be absorbed in the Public and Private undertakings all over the State.

That is not the only thing. When we think of medicine, of course, this book shows that a number of health centres and a number of mobile units are provided. But I think most of them are not working. Doctors do not want to go and work in tribal areas. Nurses are not there in some places. Medicines are not there. In the tribal areas there are a number of cases of malaria and leprosy. There is not a single Government run hospital. There is only one run by the Foreign missionaries in Kuruppal in Srikakulam district. Lepers are increasing link any thing. When Mrs. Godfrey talked about the beggars I thought about the beggars in Visakhapatnam. Most of them are lepers. There is no other place for them to go. Once they are cured in Rayav承诺re in Madras, they will be back to Visakhapatnam. It is a terrible sight to look at them and really I feel that for these beggars there should be done some thing. Our hon. Lady Minister is looking at us. Next time, when she visits Visakhapatnam she will see a number of leper beggars. It is at terrible sight for us. We should be ashamed of it. Tourists also will be coming to these places.

I would have talked at the time of discussion on the Demands for Medicine, but it was not discussed. What I have come to know is that nurses are very few and the nurses do not want to go to tribal areas. I feel that in furtur there should be some sort of relaxation and with some less education they should be taken for the tribal centres. If nurses are trained definitely there will be right persons to go and work in the centres and they will be more helpful to the tribals.
Family planning has gone into tribal areas. What about the children who will be coming even after family planning is implemented in those families. Atleast those children should be healthy. When we want less population, certainly the population should be healthy mentally and physically. There are no tripilatin injections for the children. Very often we see crippled children and children suffering from whooping cough and diphtheria causing a number of deaths. Polio disease is making the persons crippled. I want that some sort of arrangement should be made as I am told that this mobile unit is not working properly and the health centres should see that the children are made immune from these dreadful diseases.

There are many other things. One of them is cyclone relief. There is a population of nearly 15 lakhs of tribals in the State. Proportionately, there should be at least 5% of the total budget provision both under Plan and non-plan to be spent on these weaker sections. But it is unfortunate that this is not the case in the State. Even though minor forest produce was widely destroyed from Bhadragiri to Bhadrachalam, no cyclone relief was rushed to these areas. Only in Khammam, cyclone relief for tribal areas was undertaken effectively.

There is a mention about training research institute. Recently Mr, Kanchi has visited Srikakulam and Visakhapatnam. He felt that there should be a branch of Tribal Cultural Research and Training Institute at Vizag, as the General Manager's office is there and it will be more helpful.

I should say something about Harijans because a number of Harijans are also my voters. Much is said about land assignment to the landless poor. Has any body thought about the extent of land that has been actually assigned to the Harijans? When I look to Gandhiji's photograph, it always come in my mind about the Harijans. Are there facts and figures with the Government to prove that the majority of the landless harijans have received most of the benefits of the land assignment policy? No. On the contrary it is common knowledge that the so-called landless poor, who get assignment pattas, are generally non-harijans. It is therefore, suggested that the land assignment drive should be organised specially amongst the harijans by reservation.

As I said, there are schemes to provide house sites, sanitary amenities, drinking water facility etc. to harijans when ever that question comes up, harijans are not getting lands. It is a matter of common knowledge again that house sites are acquired at villages at a huge cost, and some times the lands need reclamation and are therefore not under occupation at all. Government should concentrate more on district headquarters towns for house site assignments to the harijans. The land acquisition cases within municipal towns for house site assignments to harijans are extremely rare. It is only at the Municipal towns that the harijans suffer most. They suffer discrimination even tenants in getting private houses. It is therefore suggested that house site co-operatives should be organised at each
district headquarters some good land acquired and assigned as house sites to the large harijan populations coming to towns for work these days.

Even in land assignment the harijans have not been exempted from payment of survey and demarcation charges, subdivision and stone fees. They are so poor that they cannot pay these charges and it should be the responsibility of the Social welfare Department to meet these charges from its own budget. For the harijan boys and girls going to colleges, there should be hostel buildings constructed by the Government at each district headquarters. Now girls are getting chances to go to college and they find very hard. They should have some hostels at reasonable charges. And some money also should be given to them. There are nearly 3 lakhs of acres of lands belonging to various temples in the State. When we talk about funds, the reply will be that there are no funds. There are certain sources by tapping which we can get some funds for the harijans. Atleast a small percentage of the funds of the Devasthanams especially like the Tirumala-Tirupathi Devasthanam should be kept separately for expenditure on harijan welfare. Government should order that the lands under various temples should be leased out to the Harijans and if necessary; the lease can be paid by the Social Welfare Department to the concerned temples. It is learnt that there is an amount of Rs. 2 crores and odd as income from these lands to the temples and religious endowments.

There should be better economic programmes for the weaker sections in the sense of long-term loans for purchase of electric-motors, pump-sets, tractors and other permanent improvements. Even after 20 years of the Republic there are very few harijan families that have benefited by any form of lift irrigation or land reclamation.

More about harijans, I need not say. In conclusion, it should be emphasised that in rural electrification at every village having electricity, the harijan colony should compulsorily be electrified. Similarly, for the tribal colonies also. The State Electricity Board should give the street lighting at every electrified village for the harijan colonies of the village concerned. Although there are instructions to this effect, nearly 75% of the electrified villages have been denied electric connections and street lightings to their harijan colonies. It is unfortunate that Government orders have not been implemented by the State Electricity Board in this regard. The Government should lead the harijans from illiteracy to education and also from darkness to light.

I should now talk some thing about women welfare. Of course it was a pleasant news for me when the selection of a Lady as Minister was announced for Women Welfare. She has taken charge and it is only a short time. I do not have complaints against her department. I hope she should give a little more time for the women welfare at the district level. I know she cannot go to all the time to 20 districts, when I cannot even touch all the villages in my constituency. But atleast she has got the sources to get information from districts. Therefore, I think when the lady Minister is going to districts, if per

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... chance in that district there are lady M. L. As. At least she should talk to them before making a tour. That will help her. In the morning I just talked to her. It was news for her. I won't mention it now here. I hope in future At least she will just talk to us when she comes to our district. We can say certain things which the departmental people hesitate to bring to her notice because we are not scared of those departments. There are state homes and children homes. After 12 years the children homes will not keep the girls and till she is 18 years, she will not be admitted in to the state homes. Service homes in some places are run by Government and in some places they are private. A few years back after receiving a number of complaints our hon. Chief Minister, Sri Brahmananda Reddy closed it. Later on people came to me. Being a woman, I thought I should do something. But I hesitated after knowing about the report. I was not very keen for that. The lady Minister came to our place. Some of the ladies of certain clubs, finding that I was not keen, made a direct approach to the lady Minister, have arranged a meeting, gave her tea etc. and got favour from her to get the grants. Of course, she said that she won't bear all the expense. Any how they got the grant. I want to bring to the notice of the Minister that there was one building for guides and scouts. Recently it was finalised and the Collector is supposed to be the Chairman of it. Mrs. Shivram, the Collector's wife persuaded her husband to go to the concerned clerk of the guides building, took the keys and gave it to the service home people. When I came to know about it I found it was true. When there is a dispute, things should be taken in a proper way.

Sri M. Manik Rao:—Just now the hon. lady Member has said that whenever the lady Minister goes to district, only she should see and meet the lady M. L. As.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Not, 'only ladies'.

Smt. Ramakumari Devi:—I said in each district there are lady M. L. As. At least they should be consulted before she makes out her tour programme.

I do not know whether it has come to the notice of many persons. I have come to know that in Tribal Areas, people are losing eyesight when they are hardly 30 years. There were some eye-cure camps which Dr. Modi has conducted. I request that the Tribal Welfare Department will take note of it and see that certain camps of that type are arranged in the tribal or agency areas. That way you will be helping the persons and you will be able to give them eyesight again which they are losing very fast.

About service home I think she will consider it. I think the fight will not go between the two concerned. District Women Welfare Children homes are in other places but it is not there in the tribal areas in Visakhapatnam and East Godavari. There should be some children homes in the tribal areas.

As far as crochets are concerned, I want to bring to the notice of the lady Minister that there is one at KG Hospital in Visakhapatnam.
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where 400 workers are there and their children are kept in to
creche. It has been run by a private concern from so many years.
A lady started it. She is 80 year old Lazarus. I feel that the Govern-
ment should take over the creche. It will be a great help. She is
finding it very hard to run it. We tried with the medical depart-
ments and they said ‘No’. I hope the lady Minister will be kind enough
to take it over and atleast in the next year’s budget it will be shown.

I want to bring to the notice of the Government one thing
about the district Women Welfare Officer. In the Gandhi Centenary
Celebrations she did not attend the function. The Secretary of the
Gandhi Centenary Celebrations has gone a number of times to invite
that lady because she is the women welfare officer, to attend the
function and seminars. She did not bother to attend a single time.

There are other things also, but there is no time.
Thank you very much for the time given.
21st March, 1970

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ಮಂಗಡು ಕರೆಯಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದು ಇದಾದ ನೋಡು ಶಾರ್ತು ಪಂಪಿತಿಸಿದ್ದುವುದಾಗಿದೆ. ಇದು ಒಂದು ಪಟ್ಟೆಗಳ ಕೂಡಿಗಿರುವ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯವಿರುತಿಸಿದ್ದರು. ಕೆಲವು ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗೆ ಕ್ಯಾಮ್ ದಿಂದುವಾಗಲೇ ನಡೆಯುವ ಹೊಸ ಬಂದು ಮತ್ತು ಹುದಬೆಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. 20 ಸಾಲಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಇದು ಹಾಗೂ ಬಂದು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಗೆಯಾಗಿದೆ. ಹೊಸ ಕಾರ್ಯದ ಮೇಲೆ ಇದು ಕೊನೆಯಾಗಿತು ಹಾಗೂ ಅವರು ಹೊಸ ವಿವಿಧವಾಗಿ ಬೇಕಾದ ರುಜಿಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ಅರೆಯಾಗಿ ಹುದಬೆಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ತಿನ್ನಿದ ಕಾರ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಬೇಕಾದ ಹೊಸ ವಿವಿಧವಾಗಿ ಬೇಕಾದ ರುಜಿಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ಅರೆಯಾಗಿ ಹುದಬೆಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ಕೆಲವು ಕಾರ್ಯಗಳು ನೀಗು ಹುದಬೆಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. ರೋಢದ ಸಹಿತಿಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದ ಕಂಬೆಯ ನಿಂತಿ ಹೊಸ ಕಾರ್ಯ ನೀಗು ಹಾಗೂ ಹುದಬೆಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ಗುಮ್ಮಟ್ಟಿ ನೋಡಿದರು ಇದು ಹೊಸ ಕಾರ್ಯದ ಮೇಲೆ ಇದು ಹೊಸ ವಿವಿಧವಾಗಿ ಬೇಕಾದ ರುಜಿಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ಅರೆಯಾಗಿದ್ದರು. 20 ಸೆಂಟಿಮೀಟರ್ ವರಷ್ಮಾನು ಹಾಗೂ ಹೊಸ ವಿವಿಧವಾಗಿ ಬೇಕಾದ ರುಜಿಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ಅರೆಯಾಗಿದ್ದರು.

Voting of Demands for Grants:

[Text in Telugu script]
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Voting of Demands for Grants.

For 1971-71:

Voting to Demand for Grants.

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1949 101 1962 185

Technically courses like Engineering, Medicine and other courses like B.Sc., the Scheduled Caste students are being harassed for all these years. Is it not injustice in the case of the Scheduled Caste Students, I ask?
We also recommend that there shall be a Committee at the State level which will review the programme of each Department in the matter of reservations or in filling the vacancies. The Committee should not only review the cadre of the Government Departments but also examine the reservations made in the same Government,
Local Bodies, Public Undertakings, Panchayathi Raj, High Courts, Subordinate Courts, etc. The Committee should be posted by the Minister incharge of the Welfare as its Chairman, and a few members of the Scheduled Castes and the Chief Secretary to the Government should also be the Members of the Committee. The Report of the Committee should be placed.... There is a State Advisory Board to advise the State Government on the Welfare of the Scheduled Castes and adequate representation for the Scheduled Castes should be given. We have also seen that some of the Advisory Boards did not meet regularly.

(Smt. Ramakumari Devi in the Chair)

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**Voting of Demands for Grants.**

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Voting of Demands for Grants.

ఈశాసనం. వేతలకు పాత్రం దత్తు చేసాలని కృపా చేయండి? జన్మదినంతో పాత్రం చేసాలని పొందుకోండి?

సంపాదకు జోడించండి. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ కార్యాలయంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. అందువల్ల నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. అందువల్ల నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. అందువల్ల నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. అందువల్ల నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. అందువల్ల నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. అందువల్ల నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. అందువల్ల నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. అందువల్ల నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి. అందువల్ల నిర్వహణ కేంద్రంలో ప్రధాని తప్పాలని పొందుకోండి.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
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for 1970-71:
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For the year 1970-71 the following demands for grants were
voted:

1. The sum of Rs. 1,000,000/- was voted for the
   maintenance and development of the college
   buildings. This amount was raised by the
   University Grants Committee.

2. The sum of Rs. 500,000/- was voted for the
   purchase of library books. This amount was
   raised by the University Grants Committee.

3. The sum of Rs. 100,000/- was voted for the
   purchase of scientific equipment. This amount
   was raised by the University Grants Committee.

4. The sum of Rs. 50,000/- was voted for the
   purchase of office furniture. This amount was
   raised by the University Grants Committee.

5. The sum of Rs. 20,000/- was voted for the
   purchase of stationery. This amount was
   raised by the University Grants Committee.

6. The sum of Rs. 10,000/- was voted for the
   purchase of library table. This amount was
   raised by the University Grants Committee.

7. The sum of Rs. 5,000/- was voted for the
   purchase of library chairs. This amount was
   raised by the University Grants Committee.

8. The sum of Rs. 2,000/- was voted for the
   purchase of library bookshelves. This amount was
   raised by the University Grants Committee.

9. The sum of Rs. 1,000/- was voted for the
   purchase of library files. This amount was
   raised by the University Grants Committee.

10. The sum of Rs. 500/- was voted for the
    purchase of library card files. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

11. The sum of Rs. 200/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair books. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

12. The sum of Rs. 100/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair tools. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

13. The sum of Rs. 50/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair materials. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

14. The sum of Rs. 20/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair accessories. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

15. The sum of Rs. 10/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair equipment. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

16. The sum of Rs. 5/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair furniture. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

17. The sum of Rs. 2/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair seating. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

18. The sum of Rs. 1/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair tables. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

19. The sum of Rs. 50/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair bookcases. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

20. The sum of Rs. 25/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair bookshelves. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

21. The sum of Rs. 10/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair filing cabinets. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

22. The sum of Rs. 5/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair office furniture. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

23. The sum of Rs. 2/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair office equipment. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

24. The sum of Rs. 1/- was voted for the
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    purchase of library repair office seating. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

38. The sum of Rs. 25/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair office equipment. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

39. The sum of Rs. 10/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair office furniture. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

40. The sum of Rs. 5/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair office seating. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

41. The sum of Rs. 2/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair office equipment. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.

42. The sum of Rs. 1/- was voted for the
    purchase of library repair office seating. This amount was
    raised by the University Grants Committee.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 21st March, 1970

Voting of Democrats for Grants:

Social Welfare demand for 1969-70 was Rs. 60. The demand for 1970-71 was Rs. 137. The total grant was Rs. 20. There were two instalments: the first was Rs. 20 and the second was Rs. 10.

The District Social Welfare Officer forwarded the declaration certificate clearing certificate of the grant. The second instalment grant for the hostel was Rs. 20. The third instalment was Rs. 20. The social welfare demand for 1970-71 was Rs. 137. The Quorum Bell was rung.

<table>
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<th>(Quorum Bell)</th>
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35 members present. 16, 18
114 21st March, 1974

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.
అనన్నడి లేదా పరిస్థితి పండుగ కార్యకలాపాల పై జాతీయ సమాచార వనరు ఉంది. ఇష్టప్పుడు, ఉద్యోగాల చేసే భావాలు చెప్పది. సమాచారం ఉంది:

- అనాన్నడ చేసిన జాతీయ సమాచార వనరు.
- పరిస్థితి పండుగ కార్యకలాపాల పై జాతీయ సమాచార వనరు.
- ఉద్యోగాల చేసే భావాలు చెప్పది.

అనన్నడి లేదా పరిస్థితి పండుగ కార్యకలాపాల పై జాతీయ సమాచార వనరు ఉంది. ఇష్టప్పుడు, ఉద్యోగాల చేసే భావాలు చెప్పది. సమాచారం ఉంది:

- అనాన్నడ చేసిన జాతీయ సమాచార వనరు.
- పరిస్థితి పండుగ కార్యకలాపాల పై జాతీయ సమాచార వనరు.
- ఉద్యోగాల చేసే భావాలు చెప్పది.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  

Voting of Demands for Grants:

The following are the demands for grants for the year 1970-71:

- Demand for Grants:
  - Education
  - Health
  - Housing
  - Agriculture
  - Industry

The total amount required for these demands is Rs. 1,000,000.

The above demands are recommended for grant by the Finance Committee.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Finance Committee
21st March 1970.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:

Voting of Demands for Grants.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 21st March, 1970

for 1970-71:

Voting of Demands for Grants.

...

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:

Voting of Demands for Grants.

The total expenditure for the year 1970-71 is estimated at Rs. 1,00,000,000. The details are as follows:

[Detailed financial statement including various departments and their allocations]

The budget for the year 1970-71 has been prepared with a view to ensuring the smooth functioning of all departments and to meet the increased demands for development activities.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

* * * Expunged as ordered by the Chair.

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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:

Voting of Demands for Grants.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

The Minister for Women Welfare and Tourism (Smt. Roda Mistry) — Mr. Speaker, Sir: We are indeed grateful for the opportunity given to us to listen to such learned speeches from hon. Members both of the Opposition and the Congress Benches.

The image of the Department has already been brought forward in a most exhaustive manner and placed before the House in the report that I have already submitted i.e., the note asking for Demands for Grants.

You are aware that the budget for the Women Welfare Department has been presented for the first time in this august House, the past practice being that it was normally merged with the Social Welfare Department or guillotined for time. We have to thank the hon. Speaker and the members of the Business Advisory Committee for this opportunity given to us to bring the image of the Department to the members of the House.

Amongst the various members that have spoken, Shri Keshava Rao remarked that scheduled castes and tribes did not benefit from the Women Welfare Department. It is not correct to say so. 14 per cent of the seats for the total inmates.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Just a minute. Smt. Eswari Bai, in her speech, used the word * * * In English, the word ‘sigg.ledu’ means * * * I have found out from the procedure of Unparliamentary words that the word * * * is an unparliamentary word. She can therefore withdraw that word, otherwise, we will expunge.

Sri G. Raja Ram: - You can expunge.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That word * * * will be expunged.

Smt. Roda Mistry: — Sri Keshava Rao has mentioned that the scheduled castes and tribes do not benefit out of our department. It is not correct. 14 per cent of our total strength in our homes is reserved for scheduled castes and out of 37 Children Homes, we have 10 reserved purely for scheduled castes and in the balance of 27, 5 per cent of reservation is done for the scheduled case inmates.

The most exhaustive speech was of Sri Ratnasabhapathi. Many things he has said about our Department, for some of which we have to thank him, because his suggestions are indeed very very constructive. The most important that he dealt with was the question of a man for P. A.'s post to the Director. Sir, in all the departments this is happening that the P. A. should be well-versed with administrative matters and also with various other service matters, which is very difficult to find in other candidates. Besides, as I have already told him before, the P. A.'s job is a very difficult job. It involves more law suits that he has to follow up; it involves day to day

* * * Expunged as ordered by the Chair.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1970-71:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

contact with Secretariat departments wherein mainly men work, and it is awkward for a lady to go round running from office to office, from section to section to be able to get work done for the department. Besides P. A. is normally the choice of the Head of the Department and it is so done in almost every other Department, and that choice is given to the Head of the Department to choose out of a panel. I think if a particular Head of the Department is desirous of a male P. A. we should not force her to change his or her views.

Regarding the posts of Assistant Directors which he has mentioned, we are going to promote from out of our candidates very soon and the promotions are under the active consideration of the Department.

Regarding the equality of posts for District women Welfare Officers which posts have been gazetted, it is not our fault. The hold-up has been due to the fact that the Accountant-General, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad, has to issue pay slips to those Officers by virtue of their notification in the gazette. He called for service books and L. P. Cs of the individuals on 5-2-1969 and so far most of them have not arrived. As soon as that is done, the question of their grades will be regularised so far as T. A. and D. A. are concerned.

Regarding the service rules, every effort is being made by the Governments to finalise the service rules. We hope that within a few months, in the very near future, this will be done.

Regarding the training institutes, Mr. Ratnasabhapathi told us very constructively that there is no point in giving training if the same Officers are going to be training Officers. We can say that this is the first time this happens in the State and probably also, I should say one of the rare occasions in the country that co-ordination has been effected with voluntary organizations and training programme of the orientation course for the Women Welfare Directorate Officers has been entrusted to a voluntary organization on whose Board were attached 18 lecturers from different colleges.

Besides, the staff are of the highest quality in Education; they are all M. A. (Sociology) or Social Work. Regarding the last point raised by Smt Ratnasabhapathi that in regard to the Director's post it is the normal practice that this Department draws the Directors from outside the Department. Sir, normally it is the practice in the Government to have a Selection Post of Director except in a few Departments where there are technical Directors and these are filled automatically by promotion. We do understand that it is not fair to bring people from outside the Department, but our argument is that people within the Department could also stand in line for selection and that they are not debarred. If we find the Departmental candidate is as good as the candidates from outside, he would certainly get preference.

Mr. Venigiah has made a suggestion which I referred to in my note that in order to promote better co-ordination Gramsevikas be placed at the disposals of the Women's Welfare Department as the
Mukhya Sevikas. We also think on the same lines. We shall go ahead and try to solve this problem.

With regard to the point raised by Mr. Manik Rao, it is very difficult to do anything in the matter because it comes under the Immoral Traffic Act which is being administered by the Home Department although as Women's Welfare the responsibility is totally ours. But the problem has nothing to do with an individual or a collective body; it is an economic problem and when the economic conditions improve I am sure our women will not do anything that is unbecoming of them.

Mr. Ramarao said that undue expenditure is made and that there is no check. This is not true. Our machinery for expenditure is very powerful and to strengthen it further we have an inspection team which is newly created this year.

Regarding Mrs. Godfrey's query on the beggar problem, once again I feel that this is also largely an economic problem. Many years ago the Planning Commission tried to do something for the beggars and to eradicate the problem beggar homes were started, but I do not think any particular organisation or individual can tackle this problem because it is a problem in which the public should be oriented initially. The public should understand that they are the ones who spoil the beggars. There is a body of beggars who in the name of religion extract money from the public and this should be curbed. It is connected with so many problems. Unless the public are oriented not to give alms, I am afraid neither the Government nor the Police can do anything. The amount of Rs 60,000 for a Beggar's Home is totally inadequate and it is not possible to keep all the beggars in the Homes. Our economic condition is such that we are unable to take them into the Beggar Homes. First, the Government have to carry out publicity among the public not to encourage begging and find employment for the beggars even if some of them do not have a limb and we should be able to give him a wage. Even if we can take a beggar to the Beggar's Home, is it fair to take him away from his own Home? It is for this reason that the beggars slip away and come back again, even they are remanded.

Sri G. Sivayya:—The beggars feel happy outside because of the treatment they get.

Smt. Roda Mistry:—I beg to differ. It is not because of treatment. Even a beggar without a limb would like to go to a picture. We cannot put him in bondage. We must find jobs for those who are physically handicapped.
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Voting of Demands for Grants.

Smt. Roda Mistry:—It is absolutely necessary to keep a Beggars Home for those who are physically handicapped and over the age of 60.

For Child Welfare there should be laws. There are laws prevailing for Child Welfare. What is required again is specialised care so that they may be removed from bad environments and good education may be imparted to them.

The subject of Service Homes for Rehabilitation has also been touched. I feel more of such homes can be taken up. We can certainly see that our women become Doctors and Lawyers. We shall certainly look into the suggestion of Smt. Sumitra Devi and see that in future good opportunities are given to them for education.

Smt. Ramakumari Devi also touched upon beggar problem.

Smt. Rama Kumari Devi: I mentioned about leper beggars especially in Visakhapatnam and it is a terrible sight. You are the Minister for Tourism also and it is absolutely necessary that tourists or foreigners should not get the impression that lepers are being neglected.

Smt. Roda Mistry:—There is need for improving the lot of the leprosy-stricken people. I again repeat that paucity of funds does not allow us to look after the disabled and diseased brothers of our country as much as we would like to do.

Smt. Rama Kumari Devi also said that I should give more time for rural areas. Members will be surprised to know that during the short period I have a Minister I have toured 11 districts; I have been trying to give more time and understand the problems and certainly I shall try to cover all the rural areas.

Sri S. Jayapal Reddy (Kalvakurthi):—Has the Minister gone to cities or villages?

Smt. Roda Mistry:—My tours are by car to remote areas and they are not confined to cities alone.

Smt. Rama Kumari Devi:—You have gone to Araku by special train.....
Smt. Roda Mistry:—It has also been suggested that members should be consulted before fixing tours. I am afraid it is not always possible to undertake tours in consultation with Members. M.L.As, who set the tour programme 15 days in advance should also come up and give us suggestions so that we can undertake tours effectively.

Regarding the Home in Visakhapatnam mentioned by Smt. Rama Kumari Devi I do not think we have closed anything by force. The Centre was closed as a matter of policy as they were no longer required.

Smt. Rama Kumari Devi:—One 7-month child was found there,

Smt. Roda Mistry:—As long as men and women are there these things are bound to happen. It is not for this reason that it was shifted. It is for the technical reason. During my last trip to Visakhapatnam one voluntary organisation came up to start the Home. We could give them only a pittance. If more organisations come, we shall consider rehabilitation on top-priority basis.

Smt. Easwari Bai did not say much. I would have liked to listen more to her criticism. But she said that the Department was useless and should be wound up. I plead with her that the Department is not useless. If the Department is wound up we shall merge our identity with the male population. I request her to change her mind.

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy:—Under woman includes man? Is it far removed?

Sri G. Sivayya:—Man includes woman, but woman does not include man.

In her note the Minister has clearly stated in the first para that the Department of Women’s Welfare has been set up to bring out integrated development and emancipation of women from social customs etc. etc. and to make them economically independent. What is the concrete plan to make them economically independent. I shall be only too happy and glad to offer my co-operation to the Women’s Welfare Department. If 50% of women can become economically independent, our problems will be solved. They have a Rayalaseema Regional Office at Hyderabad. I do not know how the Women’s Welfare Department can serve the interests of women’s welfare in Rayalaseema from Hyderabad. It was therefore before 3 months and I do not know whether it has since been shifted.

Smt. Roda Mistry:—I shall take his second question first. Hon. members may remember that there was a question tabled here and we promised that by 31st December we shall shift it. Taking the first question, Sir, you know there are only two States in India having Women’s Welfare Department and one of them is Andhra Pradesh. In almost all other States, it is a part of the Social Welfare Department. So, I plead that the first step has been taken and that was to have a separate Department and to make it effective the co-operation of all of you is necessary. Then only we can make them feel that there is somebody to take up their cause. After all, we are 50% of the population.

Message from the Council:

re: The Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane
(Regulation of Supply and Purchase)
(Amendment) Bill, 1970.

Sri G. Sivayya: - If all women join together, I am afraid whether any man can get elected to any Legislature or Parliament.

Smt. Roda Mistry: — It shall be my endeavour to see that the rights of women are fought for.

MESSAGE FROM THE COUNCIL

re: — The Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) (Amendment) Bill, 1970

Mr. Deputy Speaker: — I am to announce to the House that the following message has been received from the Hon. Chairman of the Legislative Council:

"In accordance with Rule 17 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council Rules, I transmit a copy of the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Amendment Bill, 1970, L. A. Bill No. 2, as passed and agreed to by the Legislative Council on the 13th March 1970, without any amendment and signed by me."

The House then adjourned till Half past Eight of the Clock on Tuesday, the 21st March, 1970.