THE
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES
OFFICIAL REPORT

Fourteenth day of the Third Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Friday, the 3rd September, 1969.
The House met at Half Past Eight of the Clock.
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS
INCREMENT TO TELANGANA EMPLOYEES

199—
*199-(A)Q.—Sai Vasai Ahmed Hussain (Sriramabagh) and S. Vemayya (Sarvapalli)—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government have decided to give a lump sum amount equal to one year's increment to the employees who have attended the office on 15th April, 1969,

(b) if so, whether the decision has been implement, if not the reasons therefor; and

(c) whether it is also a fact that only employees appointed prior to 1-11-1956, will come under the purview of the 'G. O. Ms. No. 263, dated 21-4-1969 of G A.D' if not, the reasons therefor?

The Chief Minister (Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy):—(a) The Government issued orders directing that all the Telangana Non-Gazetted employees belonging to Ministerial, Last Grade and other categories who attended office on 15th April 1969, the day on which the Joint Council of Telangana Associations and Unions organized a token strike, be given an ad-hoc lump sum amount equivalent to twice their annual increment, in all cases where they are eligible to draw annual increments in their time scales.

(b) Yes, Sir,

(c) No, Sir. All Telangana Non-Gazetted employees irrespective of whether they were appointed before or after 1-11-1956 come under the purview of G.O. Ms. No. 263 General Administration Services, C) Department, dated 21-4-1969.
5th September, 1959.

Oral Answers to Questions

Mr. Speaker, Sir.

Is it the policy of the Government to encourage lackeys and black-legs in the society and corrupt the society?

The idea of the Government is to help those who are loyal to Government.

**STARS NIGHT**

392—

* 191 (2481) Q.—Sri K. Krishna Murthy (Harrichandrapuram):—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact the State Employees Academy organised ‘STARS NITE’ on 11th January, 1969 in Hyderabad city and collected money on huge scale for admission in advance;

(b) if so, the total amount collected so far by the State Employees Academy; and

(c) the action taken by the Government in the matter and if not, the reasons therefor?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—(a) & (b) It is understood that the State Employees Cultural Academy organised the ‘Stars Nite’ and collected a sum of Rs. 19,000 in connection there with.

(c) The matter is under examination.

**LOOTING OF HOUSES IN VENUGOPALAPURAM**

393—

* 1201 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that some houses have been looted on 10-5-1969 at Venugopalapuram H/o Kodur village, Divi taluk, Krishna district;

(b) worth of the property looted;

(c) number of persons arrested, and

(d) number of persons injured, if any?
Oral Answers to Questions. — 5th September, 1969. 353

The Minister for Home (Sri J. Vengala Rao):—

(a) Three houses were looted on 1-5-69 at Venugopalapuram village in Kodur Police station limits of Divi Taluq, Krishna District.

(b) Property worth about Rs. 10,710 was looted;

(c) 84 out of the 88 accused were arrested and remanded to judicial custody, and

(d) 19 persons received simple injuries.

Sri G Sivaiah (Puttur) :- Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state whether it is a fact that the Government of Andhra Pradesh is intending to sell the ‘Hyderabad House’ at Delhi; if so the reasons therefor?

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy:—There is no proposal at present for sale of Hyderabad House at Delhi. The Government of Andhra Pradesh have however thought about selling it to the Government of India off and on, provided reasonable market value was paid by the Government of India, as it was not being used by the State Government and was on lease to the Central Government since 15th October, 1954.

Sri G Sivayya:—Sir, where is the necessity for us to sell that House to the Government of India though we are going to Delhi on many occasions and many legislators are going there? That should be retained there itself. Why should that idea of selling to the Government of India arise? It should not arise.

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy:—There is a big estate. It covers an extent of over 18 acres. The portions where either our officers or our legislators or Parliament members or Ministers stay is not covered by this. If you had gone to Delhi and seen there is a big Hyderabad House which is used often for parties and for External affairs etc., and for accommodating high dignitaries also sometimes. Sir, we are getting only Rs. 1,25,000 per year which is not even enough to cover the expenses of maintenance etc. Often it was complained that even the maintenance was not proper. Therefore, it is not now, even in the days of ex-Hyderabad Government the question of sale was taken up in the year 1951 by the erstwhile Hyderabad Government and later it came up again in 1958. Later of and on it was coming. They are offering a price which is absolutely low, unconnected with circumstances and the situation now. Therefore, at one time it was thought proper that if a proper value available is given by the Government of India we can sell it because we are not getting anything out of it. On the other hand we are losing a little. But, there was
354  5th September, 1969  Oral Answers to Questions.

one condition when the land was originally given that this Government should not dispose of without the consent of the Government of India because at that time the land was given free.

Sri G. Sivayya:—Sir, Let not the Chief Minister try to liquidate our assets outside the State.

Sri D. Venkatesham:—Speaker, Sir. I would like to know whether any evaluation has been made on the property at present and what is the offer of the Central Government now and whether the consent of the Central Government has been obtained already or not?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—This was constructed about the year 1924. Then it costed the Hyderabad Government over Rs 40.10 lakhs. Now, Sir according to the private information if it is for public auction or given to private parties probably that House and that area will fetch more than Rs 1 crore or Rs. 1 1/2 crores. I cannot just now say The money that is offered by the Government of India is if I may use the word, is absolutely low. Therefore, we said we cannot give it at that rate.

Sri P. Narasimha Rao:—Sir, the Hyderabad House at Delhi rightly belongs to the Telangana area and therefore, this Government has no right to sell it. I hope the Chief Minister will not dare to sell it till the Telangana issue is decided?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—This Government have absolute right to sell if it wants to.

Sri P. Kotiah:—What is the property tax we are paying Sir?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I have no idea just now.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy—The matters rested at this till 1958 when the Government of India themselves reverted to the subject and offered a sum of Rs. 17.32 lakhs for purchasing the place. This price was disproportionately low and unsatisfactory. The Government of India were informed that the State Government was willing to sell the property at its market value and this value was indicated as Rs 1 crore by the erstwhile Government of Hyderabad as early as 1951.

What is the exact price estimated by our Government?

The approximate valuation of Hyderabad Palace and certain other properties appurtenant thereto at Central P.W.D. scheduled rates of 1955 came to Rs. 69,11,600 approximately. The Government of India insisted that 75% of the increment in value on which the Hyderabad Palace is situated be appropriated to them as the land was given to them (The State Government) about 15 years back on condition of non-alienation except with the consent of the Government of India.

Pileru-Bakarapet Road, Chittoor District

* 1u10 (1:2y-F) Q.—Sri V. Munisamappa (Vepanjeri):—Will the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the number of times estimates have been prepared and sanctioned for the metal required for the remodelling of road from 16th Mile to 23rd Mile in Pileru Bakarapeta Ghat Road, Chittoor district;

(b) the amount estimated and sanctioned;

(c) the amount paid; and

(d) the name of the contractors pertaining to metal collection and spreading and to which district they belong?

The Deputy Chief Minister (Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao):—

(a) only once nine separate estimates have been prepared and sanctioned for the metal required for remodelling of the road in different stretches from 16th to 23rd mile on Pileru-Bhakarapeta ghat road in Chittoor District.

(b) Rs. 2,21,100
(d) The names of contractors with their native districts are as follows:

2. Sri T Muniswamy Naidu, Chittoor District.
4. Sri M. Prabhakara Reddy, Cuddapah District.
5. Sri G. Janardhana Reddy, Chittoor District.

LEASE OF LAND TO SALT FACTORY

396—

* 523 (2535) Q.—Sarvasri Thagi Satyanarayana and K. Krishna Murthy [put by Sri M. B. Pamukasam, Vunukur]—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state,

(a) whether it is a fact that the Collector, Srikakulam has leased out some hundreds of acres of Government land to run a private Salt Factory in the limits of Srikarnam village in Srikakulam taluk;

(b) if, so, the person in whose name the lease is granted and what is the lease period, and

(c) whether the Government considers to assign the said lands to landless poor instead of leasing out the said lands to a private individual?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P Thamma Reddy)—(a) Yes Sir.

(b) M/s. B. Seetharamswamy and Sons, Amudalavalasa, Lease period is 10 years.

(c) By the time the Collector, Srikakulam and the Board of Revenue sent proposals to the Government, no other applicant had applied for the lease of the above lands except M/s B. Seetharamswamy & Sons, Amudalavalasa. Besides it was reported that the lands being of saline nature, are not fit for cultivation without reclamation and even if cultivated the yield could be very low. Hence the question of assigning the lands to the landless poor does not arise.
Oral Answers to Questions. 5th September, 1969.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—The Collector is the person who is responsible on the spot and when he mentioned 5 Nps. there must be something wrong there or with Board of Revenue. What is the reason for it?

Sn A. Madhava Rao:—The Collector is the person who is responsible on the spot and when he mentioned 5 Nps. there must be something wrong there or with Board of Revenue. What is the reason for it?
FIRE ACCIDENTS IN NELLORE

265 (6848) Q.—Sr. R. Mahananda (Darsi) —Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the number of fire accidents that occurred in Nellore district in the year 1967-68 together with the estimated loss of property and lives, and

(b) how many fire stations are there in the district now; whether they are adequate to meet the needs of all the taluks, whether there is any restriction on the usage of the fire engines in the fire stations of adjoining districts?


(b) There are three fire stations in the district. They are not quite adequate to meet the needs. There is no restriction for the usage of the Fire Units in the adjoining Districts. Normally, the Fire Units of the nearest Fire Station will attend to the Fire calls and in case there is need for more number of Fire Units, the vehicles of other Fire Stations will also be called for assistance.
Mr. Speaker:—The Home Minister is concerned with the fire engines working etc. and the Revenue Minister is not concerned.

Mr. Speaker.—The number of fire accidents occurred and whether any compensation has to be paid, etc., the Revenue Minister can give you.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—This is not a new thing, Sir. All these questions are answered by the Minister for Revenue. In all the fire accidents, relief is being afforded by the Revenue Department.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—The number of accidents that occurred in Nellore District in the year 1967-68 together with the estimated loss of property and live; and also the fire stations there in the district now.
Mr. Speaker: So far as (a) is concerned, the Revenue Minister is in charge and so far as (b) is concerned, the Home Minister is in charge. This question should have been split up by the Department and sent to the concerned departments. That mistake was done in the Office. Straightaway, the question was sent to Revenue Department and Revenue Department has answered (a) and (b). So far as the proper working of the fire engines and stations are concerned, naturally it is not within the jurisdiction of the Revenue Minister and if at all you want that information, I will ask the concerned Minister to supply the same to you.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnanaah —Please do it Sir.

Mr Speaker—The concerned Minister will supply the information to you.

Mr Speaker—Mr Mahananda is not in the House. I do not know with what object, he has sent that question.

Sri P. Subbaiah:—I know that Sri. I and Mr. Mahananda visited that place.

Mr Speaker:—You may know it. I do not know and the concerned Minister may not know. Unless you specifically state how is it possible?

Sri P. Subbaiah:—I have gone there personally, with him, and I am now telling Sir. That the engine came on the next day.

Mr. Speaker —I am not questioning your personal knowledge. But how are we to know beforehand?

I am going to next question.

IRREGULARITIES IN PARVATHIPURAM PANCHAYAT SAMITHI

393—

* 124 (1540) Q —Sarvasri M. B. Parankusarn M. Venkatarama Naidu (Parvathipuram) N. Ramulu (Srikakulam) and Thangi Satyanarayana. —Will the hon. Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether Special Audit of Parvathipuram Panchayat Samithi has been taken up to detect the irregularities and illegalities committed by the Samithi President, if so, the number of work files and equipment files produced and not produced before the audit?

(b) whether Government have received the explanation of the President, Parvathipuram Samithi, Srikakulam district under Section
(c) whether the Crime Branch has completed its investigation against the President of the said Samithi, and

(d) if so, the action taken by the Government in the matter?

(2) 35. Whether the Crime Branch has completed its investigation against the President of the said Samithi, and if so, the action taken by the Government in the matter?

(3) 36. Whether the Crime Branch has completed its investigation against the President of the said Samithi, and if so, the action taken by the Government in the matter?

(4) 37. Whether the Crime Branch has completed its investigation against the President of the said Samithi, and if so, the action taken by the Government in the matter?
399—

*37 (170) Q.—Sri K. Buchi Rayudu (Kovvur) — Will the hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state

(a) whether there are any proposals with the Government to provide a Primary Health Centre at Chagallu in Samigurudum Panchayat Samithi, West Godavari district, and

(b) if so, when?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Sri K. Buchi Rayudu:—If that is so, why did the Government ask for deposit?

Sri K. Buchi Rayudu:—If the Government is not providing a Primary Health Centre, why did it ask for deposit?
Oral Answers to Questions. 5th September, 1969.

PURCHASE OF LAND BY BCGOLU PANCHAYAT

400—

*39 (6669) Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state,

(a) whether it is a fact that the Bogolu Gram Panchayat, Kavalai taluk, Neilore district purchased a site during 1967 at the rate of Rs. 10,000, whereas the adjoining pattadar was willing to give his land at the rate of Rs. 2,000 only, and if so, the circumstances that led to purchase of the land at an abnormal rate;

(b) the date on which agreement was entered into for purchase of the land and the actual payment of cash,

(c) whether the site is put to use for the purpose for which it has been purchased; if not the reasons therefore, and

(d) whether all the formalities have been observed in purchasing the site?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—(a) One acre was purchased for Rs. 8,470 and not for Rs. 10,000. The Collector, Neilore, has reported that no pattadar came forward with a letter of consent for selling his land for Rs. 2,000.

(b) On 2-9-1967 an amount of Rs. 7,806 25 ps., was paid by the Panchayat on 23-9-1967 and 24-9-1967. The Panchayat has yet to pay a balance of Rs. 573.75 ps.

(c) Not yet. The technical sanction of the Superintending Engineer, Panchayati Raj, Cuddapah for the estimate of the protected Water Supply Scheme of Bogolu Panchayat, was awaited. Meanwhile, the Government on receipt of certain complaints, have stayed the purchase of the land by Bogolu Gram Panchayat, on 9-11-1967.

(d) The Collector has reported that all the formalities, prescribed for purchasing the immovable property, have been followed in the purchase of the said land.

(Signed) T. Ramaswamy.
364 5th September, 1969.

Oral Answers to Questions.

35. Mr. C. Janga Reddy:—(a) Will the hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) when the protected water supply scheme for Parkhal town has been started and the estimated amount therefore, and

(b) when the said scheme is likely to be completed?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—(a) The mark out for the service reservoir which was taken up first was given on 9-8-66. The estimated cost of the Scheme is Rs. 7.34 lakhs.
Oral Answers to Questions.

5th September, 1969.

365

(b) The scheme is completed except for erection of pumpsets. The pumpsets will be tested and put into commission immediately after the Electricity Department gives power supply.

TELANGU TYPOWRITERS TO PANCHAYAT RAJ INSTITUTIONS

402—

* 78 (7576) Q.—Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state whether the Government have permitted all the Panchayati Raj Institutions to purchase Telugu Typewriters for their use and appointing Telugu Typists?

Sri T. R. Maswanyi:—No, Sir. But instructions have been issued by the General Administration Department to the Director of Printing and Stationary to supply Telugu typewriters to some of the Panchayat Samithis in which trained Telugu Typists are already available.
Oral Answers to Questions

1. 366, 5th September, 1969.

2. Q: What is the main objective of the recent government policies?

3. A: The government's primary focus is on improving the standard of living and promoting economic growth.

4. Q: How has the recent budget affected the economy?

5. A: The budget has been designed to stimulate growth, reduce inflation, and strengthen the financial system.

6. Q: What measures are being taken to address the unemployment problem?

7. A: Various initiatives are being implemented, including skill development programs and support for small and medium enterprises.

8. Q: What is the government's stance on the current political situation?

9. A: The government is committed to maintaining stability and ensuring fair elections.

10. Q: How is the government planning to improve healthcare services?

11. A: Significant investments are being made in healthcare infrastructure, and new policies are being introduced to enhance access to medical care.
Mr. Speaker:—I think, this question should have been put to the Education Minister.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—To the extent of this question, 275 persons have been trained here. Since the number is going to be much and many departments are going to depute their typists, for this training, we have now decided to decentralise this and to start it in districts also. Arrangements are going on.

Sri D. Venkatesam:—You said that only the Government employees are being trained. Now that 275 trained persons are not sufficient for administrative setup. What are the steps that the Government propose to take to increase the number?

WONDER RICE

* 684 (1192) Q.—Sri C. V. K. Rao (Kakinada):—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is true that "WONDER RICE" is being introduced in this State and if so, whether it is a fact that this variety has...
yielded 5.25 tonnes of paddy per acre in 1967-68 and who conducted this experiment.

(b) how much acreage has been covered by this "WONDER RICE" and what was its yield in 1967-68 and 1968?

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri K Venkataratnam):—(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise

Sir, it is an important thing. If the House is misled this way, we are nowhere.
Sri D. Venkatesham.—I R. S cannot be called wonder rice. There is no such rice. It is I. R. S, which is otherwise called wonder rice. There is nothing for the Minister to explain.

M. S.—B. S. is not a wonder rice. It is otherwise called R. S. There is nothing for the Minister to explain.

Q.—Sarveswara G. Sivaiah, Agarala Eswara Reddy (Tirupathi) and S. Venayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state,

(a) whether there is any proposal or schemes before the Government to develop Banana and plantain fruit development within Andhra Pradesh and particularly on coastal areas near sea ports and, if so, what are the schemes and proposals before the Government;

(b) whether there is any help or co-operation from the Banana Fruit Development Corporation and if so, to what extent; and

DEVELOPMENT OF BANANAS & PLANTAINS

404—

* 794 (1978) Q.—Sarveswara G. Sivaiah, Agarala Eswara Reddy (Tirupathi) and S. Venayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state.

(a) whether there is any proposal or schemes before the Government to develop Banana and plantain fruit development within Andhra Pradesh and particularly on coastal areas near sea ports and, if so, what are the schemes and proposals before the Government;

(b) whether there is any help or co-operation from the Banana Fruit Development Corporation and if so, to what extent; and
(c) whether it is a fact that the State Bank of India is granting loans to the agriculturists at the rate of Rs. 1,500 per acre for banana fruit development schemes and if so, whether such loans have been arranged in Andhra area?

Sri K. Venkataramnam.—(a) Yes, Sir. A scheme has been formulated for producing banana for export purposes.
(b) The Banana and Fruit Development Corporation will co-operate in the implementation of the programme and effect the purchase of fruits from the growers for export purposes.
(c) Not yet, Sir.
Oral Answers to Questions 5th September, 1969. 371

(i) On the motion of the Hon. Mr. President, the Secretary read the following Answers to Questions:

372 5th September, 1969

Oral Answers to Questions.

INTER-STATE BUSES BETWEEN ANDHRA AND MYSORE

(a) There are 127 Andhra Pradesh route buses and 174 Mysore route buses.

(b) The apparent disparity in the number of buses is balanced by other factors such as longer route mileage and greater penetration of one State buses into the other State and vice-versa thus maintaining overall parity, as envisaged in the agreements. However, some difficulty has arisen on account of certain district routes in Mysore State having been nationalised and the matter is being sorted out with the Mysore Government.

The Minister for Transport (Dr. M. N. Lakshminarasiah)—
(a) There are 127 Andhra Pradesh route buses and 174 Mysore route buses.

(b) The apparent disparity in the number of buses is balanced by other factors such as longer route mileage and greater penetration of one State buses into the other State and vice-versa thus maintaining overall parity, as envisaged in the agreements. However, some difficulty has arisen on account of certain district routes in Mysore State having been nationalised and the matter is being sorted out with the Mysore Government.
ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Release of Detenues

5th September, 1969

Sri M.B. Raja Rao (Madakasira):—There is considerable delay in the negotiations that are taking place between Mysore and Andhra States. So many buses are held up on the border, this side or that side. Will the Government take steps to expedite the negotiations?

Dr. M. N. Lakshmanrasiah:—Sir, it is being tackled at the Secretariat level.

Mr. Speaker:—Answers to the other questions will be laid on the Table of the House. The question hour is over.

Some hon. Members rose

Sri G. Siviah:—Sir, when Sri Venkat Reddy, Panel Chairman was in the Chair, I had requested him to take up question No 416 which is important for us.

Mr. Speaker:—The Chief Minister wants to make a statement. After that, we shall take up the said question.

ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Release of Detenues

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir, the Andhra Pradesh Regional Committee has in its resolution dated 22-7-69 appealed to the students to eschew violence and to attend to their educational institutions and recommended among other things the release of those detained under the Preventive Detention Act in connection with the Telangana agitation so as to create a congenial atmosphere. The Government have given the most careful consideration to the above recommendation and have decided to revoke immediately the detention orders against all persons held in detention or ordered to be taken in detention in connection with the Telangana agitation. The Government trust that the authorities hereafter will not be compelled to have recourse to Preventive Detention.

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

FOODGRAINS PRICES IN DROUGHT AREAS OF CHITTOOR DISTRICT

416—

*370 (2553) Q.—Sri G. Siviah:—Will the hon. Minister for Civil Supplies be pleased to state;

(a) whether the Government is aware that prices of food grains in Chittoor and other drought affected districts are soaring up beyond the reach of common people;

(b) what steps the Government is taking to bring down the prices of food grains in Urban Areas; and

(c) how much food grains in each category has been supplied to each district in Andhra Pradesh from September, 1968 to February, 1969?

The Minister for Civil Supplies (Sri A. Sanjeeva Reddy):—

(a) Government are aware of the general price spiral of food grains not only in drought affected districts, but also in other districts of the State but the prices have not shot up beyond the purchasing power of the common man.

(b) In Urban areas stocks of food grains are being supplied through fair price shops and ration shops at reasonable rates to consumers.

(c) Three statements are placed on the table of the House.
STATEMENTS PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
VIDE ANSWER TO CLAUSE (C) OF L. A. Q. NO. 2538 STARRRED. [416]

STATEMENT-I

Quantities of Rice supplied to all Districts from September 1968 to February, 1969

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<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BHEL</td>
<td>2,900</td>
<td>2,900</td>
<td>2,900</td>
<td>2,900</td>
<td>2,900</td>
<td>2,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>2,700</td>
<td>2,700</td>
<td>2,700</td>
<td>2,700</td>
<td>2,700</td>
<td>2,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>1,800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total       | 52,000    | 52,000   | 52,000   | 52,000   | 4,850    | 3,750    |
**STATEMENT-II**

Quantities of Wheat supplied to all Districts from September, 1968 to February, 1969

(Allotment of Wheat (Imported))

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Districts</th>
<th>Sept. '68</th>
<th>Oct. '68</th>
<th>Nov. '68</th>
<th>Dec. '68</th>
<th>Jan. '69</th>
<th>Feb. '69</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Twin Cities</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>5,500</td>
<td>3,700</td>
<td>3,900</td>
<td>3,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyderabad (Rural)</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>950</td>
<td>1,950</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viskhapatnam</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
STATEMENT III

Quantities of Milo supplied to all Districts from September, 1968 to November, 1968

Allotment of Milo (Tonnes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Districts</th>
<th>Sept. '68</th>
<th>Oct. '68</th>
<th>Nov. '68</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Anantapur</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Adilabad</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Cuddapah</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>1,250</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Chittoor</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. East Godavari</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Guntur</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Hyderabad</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Krishna</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Karimnagar</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Khammam</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Kurnool</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Medak</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Nalgonda</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>1,300</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Nizamabad</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Nellore</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Srikakulam</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Vishakhapatnam</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Warangal</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. West Godavari</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 10,450 19,250 18,150

N. B. No allotment was made for the months of December, 1968; January and February, 1969.
5th September, 1969.

Oral Answers to Questions

378

Sr. G Siviah.—He does not realise the problem. What do the District Collectors do when people are dying in the villages?

Bore Wells

417—

661 (7608) Q.—Sri P. Gunnayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Marketing be pleased to state:

(a) the district-wise number of bore wells sunk during 1967-68 in the State by the Agriculture Department under the underground water scheme by giving grants,

(b) the amount of expenditure incurred therefor; and

(c) the district-wise amount proposed to be spent by the Government during 1968 for sinking bore-wells?

The Minister for Marketing (Sri Ramachandra Rao Kalyani)—

(a) The Agriculture Department do not undertake sinking of bore-wells under the ‘Scheme for Survey and investigation of underground water resources’. The information is, therefore ‘Nil’

The Agriculture Department however hired power drills to the cultivators for sinking tube wells prior to 19-7-1969 from which date the A. P. Agro-Industries Corporation took over the work. A statement showing the No. of Bore-wells sunk by different organisations during 1968-69 is placed on the Table of the House.
Oral Answers to Questions. 5th September, 1969.

(b) Does not arise.
(c) The following amounts have been allotted under long term "uacavi" through Land Mortgage Banks for sinking tube wells.

<p>| | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. East Godavari</td>
<td>84,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. West Godavari</td>
<td>2,99,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Guntur</td>
<td>56,500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Nellore</td>
<td>56,500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Krishna</td>
<td>84,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total:</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,00,000</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
[VIDE ANSWERS TO L. A. Q. No. 7608 (*417;]

Statement showing the number of borewells sunk by different organisations in the State.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No</th>
<th>Name of the Organisation</th>
<th>Number of borewells sunk 1967-68</th>
<th>Number of borewells sunk 1968-69</th>
<th>No. of borewells proposed to be sunk by the end of June, 1969</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Dream-Industries Corporation:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Department of Corporation Power drills</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>193</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Geological Survey of India Drills</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>81</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Exploratory Tubewells Organisation, Drills</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Public Works Dept. Drills</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Public Health Drills</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>264</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f) By Hand Boring sets of Agriculture Department</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>742</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(g) Number of deep holes drilled by well revitalisation units</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>300</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(h) Number of wells tackled for rock blasting.</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>857</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total:</strong></td>
<td><strong>2125</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Agriculture Department: 919 Activities pertaining to drilling & rock blasting have been transferred to Agro-Industries Corporation from 2-1-1969.

3. Panchayats Raj Department: NIL 280 80

4. Chief Engineer (Major Irrigation & General): 5 19 6
5th September, 1969,

SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

LOCATION OF FIFTH STEEL PLANT

No. 420-A.

S N Q. No. 1721-S.—Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya :—Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

Whether it is a fact that the Steel Plant proposed in the Fourth Plan was decided to be located in Tamil Nadu instead of at Visakhapatnam as contemplated earlier?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :—No Sir. We have been informed that no such decision has been taken.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :—The Basic British American Steel Works for India Consortium favoured the setting up of the Fifth Steel Plant at Vizag due to locational advantages and the State Government have been endeavouring its best to see that the Government of India takes a decision in favour of Vizag Steel Plant. On seeing some press reports that the Government of India is going to re-open the issue, the Prime Minister was addressed by the Chief Minister in February 1969. Again she was reminded in May 1969. The Prime Minister has replied on 1-6-69 stating that the Steering Group on Iron and Steel which was set up at the instance of the Planning Commission has submitted its report only recently and it is still under examination. The nature of the issues involved is such that this examination will take a little time. When the stage for taking a final view on the location of the new steel plants is reached, the points made by us will also be taken into account.

On this and also on some press reports that the Government of India have agreed for the steel plant in Madras, the Prime Minister and the Union Minister for Steel, Mines and Fuel were again addressed by the Chief Minister on 9-7-69. The Prime Minister has replied that there is entirely no basis for the report that a steel plant at Salem has been included in the Fourth Plan.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :—The Basic British American Steel Works for India Consortium favoured the setting up of the Fifth Steel Plant at Vizag due to locational advantages and the State Government have been endeavouring its best to see that the Government of India takes a decision in favour of Vizag Steel Plant. On seeing some press reports that the Government of India is going to re-open the issue, the Prime Minister was addressed by the Chief Minister in February 1969. Again she was reminded in May 1969. The Prime Minister has replied on 1-6-69 stating that the Steering Group on Iron and Steel which was set up at the instance of the Planning Commission has submitted its report only recently and it is still under examination. The nature of the issues involved is such that this examination will take a little time. When the stage for taking a final view on the location of the new steel plants is reached, the points made by us will also be taken into account.

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Short Notice Questions and Answers. 5th September, 1969.

3. Whether the Office of the Superintendent of Police, Srikakulam District is going to be shifted to Srikakulam from Vizianagaram in view of the Naxalite activities; and if so, within what time?

SHIFITNG OF S. P. OFFICE, SRIKAKULAM
S. No. 420-B.
S. N Q. No. 1723-K:—Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Office of the Superintendent of Police, Srikakulam District is going to be shifted from Vizianagaram in view of the Naxalite activities; and

(b) if so, within what time?
382 5th September, 1969. Short Notice Questions and Answers

The Minister for Home (Sri J. Vengala Rao) :—(a) & (b) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(a) The Minister for Home (Sri J. Vengala Rao) :—(a) & (b) Shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(b) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(c) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(d) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(e) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(f) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(g) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(h) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(i) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.

(j) The question of shifting the headquarters of the Superintendent of Police Srikakulam District along with the D.A.R. from Vizianagaram to Srikakulam has been under consideration of Government. For the present, the Superintendent of Police has been functioning at Srikakulam with his Special Branch staff, as a temporary measure for better supervision of the Operations against the Naxalites.
WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

INDUSTRIAL HOUSING SCHEMES TO MUNICIPALITIES

406—

* 105 Q.—Sri R. Mahananda:—Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state,

(a) how many Municipalities in the State applied for sanction under subsidised Industrial Housing Scheme in 1967–68;
(b) how many are sanctioned out of those and which are they,
(c) whether the Vijayawada Municipality applied for this grant in 1968–69 and if so the particulars of the scheme, and
(d) whether it has been recommended and sanctioned; and
(e) how many schemes of this type are ready for sanction in 1968–69?

A:—

(a) No loan was sanctioned to any Municipality since the inception of the scheme and no Municipality applied for loan under the subsidised Industrial Housing Scheme so far.

(b), (c), (d) & (e) —In view of answer to (a) answer to (b), (c), (d) and (e) does not arise.

PRESENTATION OF TELESCOPE TO THE HYDERABAD MUNICIPALITY

407—

* 619 (6984) Q.—Sri Badrivishal Pitta:—Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state,

(a) whether a telescope has been presented to Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad by the Bajaj Electrical Limited for the purpose of installing it on Naubathpahad;

274—5
Written Answers to Questions.

384 5th September, 1969.

(b) the details of the price etc., of the said telescope;
(c) the amount of expenditure incurred at the time of the presentation ceremony of the said telescope, and
(d) whether the said telescope is functioning properly?

A:—

(a) Yes Sir.
(b) The Telescope presented to the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad for installing at Naubatpahad was specially made for the purpose by the Company and not for sale.
(c) An expenditure of Rs. 303.88 was incurred by the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad.
(d) Yes, Sir.

ENHANCEMENT OF TURNOVER LIMIT OF SALES TAX

*341 (1113) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda.—Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to enhance the turnover limit for exemption of sales tax, and
(b) whether there are representations to the Government from the merchants Association to enhance this exemption limit?

A:—

(a) Some suggestions were made at the last meeting of the Sales Tax Advisory Committee held in July, 1968 that the turnover limit of Rs 10,000 may be raised to Rs 25,000 or that dealers with turnovers between Rs 10,000 and Rs 25,000 may be assessed to tax at a flat rate. It was proposed to consider these suggestions further and the matter is accordingly proposed to be placed before the Sales Tax Advisory Committee at its next meeting.
(b) Yes, Sir.

SALE OF LAND TO HINDUSTAN POLYMERS LTD.

*16 (5708) Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao.—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Gedda Poramboke (Ramasagaram) situated in the Village of Venkatapuram, Visakhapatnam taluk, Visakhapatnam district, has been sold away to the Hindustan Polymers Limited, Visakhapatnam,

(b) if so, in which year,
(c) who was responsible for the sale; and

(d) whether any steps are being taken to take possession of the Gedda Poramboke comprised in S. Nos 25, 26, 27 and 28 in Venkatapuram village?
A:—
(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) In 1965
(c) This land along with some other lands situated in Venkata-
puoram, Vepagunta and Gopalapatnam villages, was sold on 1-2-1965
through a sale deed to the Hindustan Polymers by the Dewan and
Lawful Attorney of the Raja Suheb of vizianagaram the Hereditary
Trustee of Simhachalam Devasthanam, in pursuance of the permission
 accorded by Government in G. O Ms. No. 2177, Home (Endt I)
Department dated 28-11-1964.
(d) As the village is not yet notified to be taken over under the
Estates Abolition Act, 1948, the question of taking possession of the
land does not arise

RESERVOIR TO BAHUDA RIVER

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to
construct a reservoir to Bahuda river, which is the most important river
in Itchapuram taluk, Srikakulam district.
(b) if so, the estimated amount of expenditure therefor, and
(c) the extent of the ayacut?
A :—
(a) No Sir.
(b) & (c) Do not arise.

AUDIT OF AYURVEDA BOARD

(a) whether the accounts of the Board for Ayurveda and
Homeopathy have been audited for the year 1967-68,
(b) if so, whether a copy of the Audit Report will be placed
on the Table of the House, and
(c) if not, what are the reasons for the delay in the audit of
the accounts?
A :—
(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) The delay is due (i) to the old Auditors insisting on the
Board’s staff preparing the Income & Expenditure statement and
Balance sheet themselves without offering the usual assistance to them
(ii) to the direction of the Board by a resolution dated 27-9-1968 to
give the old Auditors M/s. Sastri & Shah a week’s time to complete

the audit, and (iii) when they failed to do so M/s P. Ramachandra Rao & Co., new Auditors were appointed by the Board on 3-12-1968 to complete the unfinished audit of the 1967-68 and the audit of the accounts of 1968-69 also.

(2) The new Auditors have, however, not straight-way taken up the unfinished work of audit for 1967-68 but have addressed the old Auditors in the matter. The work will therefore be completed by the New Auditors.

ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW DIVISIONS BY ELECTRICITY BOARD

412—

* 208 (3928) Q.—Sarvasri K. Ramanatham and R. Mahananda—Will the hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether any rules have been formulated by the State Electricity Board to establish new divisions,

(b) whether the Government are aware of the fact that as per the rules the division set up in Visakhapatnam in 1963 does not exist;

(c) whether it is a fact that the Division set up with 5 subdivisions and 12 sections, turned out work involving only Rs 3.42 lakhs at an expenditure of Rs. 4.68 lakhs from November, 1963 to September, 1966;

(d) whether the said division is still functioning or whether it has been abolished and if so, when, and

(e) the loss sustained by the Board through the said division?

A:—

(a) & (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) The division is still functioning.

(e) Nil

EXEMPTION OF R. T. C. FROM SHOPS AND ESTABLISHMENTS ACT

413—

* 1018 (1529)-L—Sri Badrivilahal Pitti:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation applied for exemption from the Andhra Pradesh Shops and Establishments Act, 1966,

(b) if so, the action taken by Government in the matter?

A:—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The matter is under consideration.

LABOUR COLONISATION SOCIETY VINUKONDA

414—

* 806 (1998) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda:—Will the hon. Minister for Forests be pleased to state:
Written Answers to Questions. 5th September, 1969

(a) whether there is any three District Labour Colonisation Society in Vinukonda taluk, Guntur district and if so, who are its President and Office bearers;

(b) whether the Government leased out any Forest Reserve to this Society, if so, the extent of land leased and who are actually cultivating the land;

(c) whether the Government have received any complaints regarding the maladministration of the Society, if so, the action thereon;

(d) whether the President of the Society got permit on 2-5-1961 for 20 tonnes of G. C. Sheets for the use of its Members; and

(e) whether it is also a fact that a criminal case was launched against the President for black marketing the G. C. Sheets and if so, what is the result of the case?

A:

(a) Yes. There is a Three District Labour Colonisation Society, Murthipapuram in Vinukonda Taluk, Guntur District with the following Office bearers:

2. Sri K. Naik. Vice-President.
4. Sri A. Aservadam. Treasurer.
5. Sri N. Benjamin. Member.
7. Sri S. Ch David.
10. Sri D. Devasahayam.
11. Sri S. Salamaiah.
13. Sri T. Okkaiah.

(b) An extent of 1625 acres of Reserve Forest was leased out to the Society from 1943-1950 and reduced to 1137 in 1968-69 for Kumm cultivation Members of the Society cultivated the lands.

(c) Yes, Sir. The possession of the land has been taken over by the Forest Department on 1-4-1969.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) The President of the Society was held guilty for having cheated the Government under Section 7 (a) (a) (ii) of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 for violation of Section 5 of the Iron and Steel Control Order, 1956. He was convicted and sentenced to undergo simple imprisonment for a period of 6 months in C.C. No. 3/68 dt. 21-12-1961 by the additional Munsiff Magistrate, Narasaraopet.

NETHAJI AZAD HIND GOVT. CELEBRATIONS COMMITTEE.

415—

* 209 (1480) Q — Smt. J. Eswari Bai — Will the hon. Minister for Information and Public Relations be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the Nefaji’s Azad Hind Government Celebration Committee;
(b) the amount collected and the amount spent; and
(c) the role of the Information and Public Relations in the organisation of the celebration?

A: —

(a) The following were the members of the Netaji's Azad Hind Government Celebrations Committee:

1. Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji, former Minister for Information & Public Relations. Chairman
2. Sri Kalamani Venkataratnam, Minister for Agriculture. Vice-Chairman,
3. Sri Goutu Latchanu, M. L. A. General-Secretary
4. Sri K. Janardhan Reddy

(b) No amount was collected. The Government have sanctioned an expenditure of Rs 25,000 to celebrate the Azad Hind Government Formation Day.

(c) The Information and Public Relations Department helped the celebration of the Azad Hind Government Formation day with the cooperation of all public organisations.

DINDI PROJECT

418—

*1315 Q. — Sri Dhanenkula Narasimham — Will the hon. Minister for Medium Irrigation and Flood Control be pleased to state:
(a) whether the ayacut under Dindi Project in Telangana was originally wet;
(b) whether it has been converted into irrigated dry now; and
(c) if so, the reasons therefor?

A: —

(a) No, Sir, it was partly wet and partly irrigated dry.
(b) No, Sir,
(c) Does not arise.

HORSELY HILLS AS SUMMER RESORT

419—

*15 (5689) Q.—Sri F. Satyanarayana Raju: — Will the hon. Minister for Women's Welfare be pleased to state:
(a) whether Horsely Hills has been declared as Summer Holiday Resort by our Government,
(b) if so, whether the Government have made any housing arrangements etc to the tourists;
(c) the amount spent during the year 1967-68 for improving Horsely Hills; and
(d) the income derived by the Government during 1967-68?

A: —

(a) and (b) Yes, Sir.
(c) No amount was spent during 1967-68.
(d) Rs 5,651-97. Besides, an amount of Rs 30,200/- is due from the authorities of the T. T. D., Tirupathi towards arrears of
rent for the buildings occupied by them for running of a public school. Their request for its waiver is separately under consideration.

**FILM PRODUCERS CO-OPERATIVES**

420—

* 183 (1034) Q.—Sarvasri Agarala Easwara Reddy and N. Ramulu:—Will the hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Government is contemplating to form Co-operatives for Film Producers by giving subsidies; and

(b) if not, why should not this proposal be tried?

A:—

(a) The Department is registering the proposals of Film Producers Co-operative Societies as and when they are received.

(b) Does not arise.

**BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE**

274—

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—I had requested the Chief Minister regarding moving a condolence resolution on the demise of Dr Ho-Chi-Minh.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I have just now received it. I just wanted to consult you and later see what should be done.

Mr. Speaker:—If all of you-Leaders of the Parties agree unanimously, I have no objection. The question is whether we should move it today itself. (INTERUPTION. Yes) Otherwise the effect of it may be lost. But one thing, Mr Rajeswara Rao it has got to be drafted. Let it take some time. Meanwhile, we can go ahead with other work.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I have no objection to move it.

Mr. Speaker:—All right. I will ask my office to draft it. It will be moved by the Chief Minister.
890 5th September, 1967.

Business of the House

[Text content not visible due to image quality]
In trying to help in the creation of a congenial atmosphere the State Government should release immediately all those who are detained under the P.D. Act or under other laws in connection with the Telangana agitation, so as to create a congenial atmosphere for talks about the issues at a round table conference.

The terms of agreement entered into by the leaders of Andhra and Telangana regions at the time of the formation of the Andhra Pradesh State:

In case of difference of opinion, reference will be made to the Governor whose decision will be final and binding.
Communications from the Assembly to the Governor: Communications from the Assembly to the Governor shall be made by formal address, after motion made and carried in the Assembly and forwarded to the Governor by the Speaker.

This section may be a bore, but it's important. If the reader is present, they will be able to follow along. If not, a summary of the key points will be provided.

Effective communication is the key to success. Whether in business or personal life, it's crucial to understand the importance of clear and concise communication.

In conclusion, the importance of effective communication cannot be overstated. It is essential for success in both personal and professional settings.
Sri G. Siviah—Government seems to be pre-occupied only with the Telangana problem and their political power. They are not considering how the people are struggling for existence in Chittoor district. For the last ten months we have no rains. Recently, the little showers that we had will not suffice even to wet an inch of the earth. We have no drinking water there. We are struggling for existence. If Government does not divert its attention immediately to the problem that we are facing in Chittoor district, there will be serious repercussions more serious than what we are facing here, because it is a life and death struggle.

Sri G. Siviah—The problem of Chittoor district stands on a first priority.

Sri G. Siviah—We are struggling for drinking water.
Sri G. Siviah:—Ours is a life and death problem. I have verified; the rains were not sufficient to get us drinking water. We died for want of water.

Sri P. Narasimha Rao.—Inspite of the Chief Minister and the Government, you have kindly given me protection from 1st to 8th of this month. But I think in view of the Chief Minister's statement, I do not require the protection any more. However, I hope that whenever such occasions arise in future, you will be kind enough to give us protection.

Mr. Speaker.—You get some kind of a definite assurance; till then you remain where you are.
Mr. Speaker:—Whatever reports are received by the Government, I would request the hon. Chief Minister to see that they are made available to the hon. Members. Certainly hon. Members are entitled to know what is going on, particularly when a committee has been appointed.
5th September, 1969.

Condolence Motion:
re: Demise of Dr. Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy — I do not know how many copies have been received. I will place two or three copies on the Table.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji:—Copies may be circulated in a cyclostyled form or they may be got printed.

Mr Speaker.—Yes, the only thing is it may take some time. One or two copies will be made available immediately. Other copies will be printed and circulated to the hon. Members.

CONDOLENCE MOTION
re: DEMISE OF DR. HO CHI MINH, PRESIDENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I beg to move:

"That this House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Dr. Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam on 3rd September 1969 and conveys its sense of sympathy to the people of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and the members of the bereaved family."

Mr Speaker:—Motion moved

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir the death of Dr. Ho Chi Minh removes one of the pioneer revolutionaries of modern Asia who combined in himself ardent nationalism with a sense of dedicated communism. For over three decades, he battled for his country's independence against the French and after July 1954 following the Geneva Accord, he presided over the conversion of North Vietnam into a Communist State. In terms of years, his revolutionary career spans are wider than those of Mao Tse-Tung who first achieved prominence in 1919 while presenting memoranda to the Warsaw Peace Conference in the name of Vietnamese people. A year later he joined the newly organised French Communist Party. From then on he worked as a militant Communist. He carried forward his revolutionary career with a man of iron determination. Really he has evoked admiration of one and all in the entire world. We really bemoan his loss and the world lost a great leader of his stature.
Condolence Motion: 3rd September, 1869.

Mrs. Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

On this sad occasion, we express our deepest sympathy and sadness for the loss of a great leader and statesman. Mr. Ho Chi Minh, who was a symbol of hope and freedom for his country, leaves behind a legacy that will inspire generations to come. His unwavering dedication to his people and his country will always be remembered.

May his memory continue to inspire us all, and may his spirit live on forever.

Sincerely,
Your Name.
5th September, 1969

Condolence Motion

10. Demise of Dr Ho Chi Minh
President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

Dr Ho, a son of the land of Dragon, a pride of the Orient. In the history of Asian nations, he is a great leader, a giant who has inspired and guided his people towards freedom and independence. His life and work are a testament to the power of patriotism and dedication.

Dr Ho, a symbol of solidarity and brotherhood, a beacon of hope for oppressed peoples across the globe. His vision of a united, self-governing Vietnam is an inspiration to all who seek justice and peace.

Dr Ho, a man of courage and principle, a hero of the masses. His contributions to the cause of national liberation and the advancement of human rights are immeasurable.

Dr Ho, a man of humility and compassion, a true leader who always put the well-being of his people above all else. His legacy lives on in the hearts and minds of his followers.

Dr Ho, we pay tribute to your life and work. Your spirit will continue to inspire all who seek justice and freedom.

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vodhavrododv
Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Dr Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

5th September, 1980.

To the

House of Commons,

This House...
400  5th September, 1959.

Condolence Motion:

In memory of Dr. Ho Chi Minh

President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

1936 [Date]

To-day [Date]

[Signature]

[Signature]

[Signature]
Condoence Motion:
5th September, 1969.

re Demise of Dr. Ho Chi Minh,
President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—Mr Speaker, the sudden demise of the President Dr. Ho Chi Minh, the 79 year old North Vietnamese leader has plunged us in great sorrow. He is a great warrior and patriot belonging to North Vietnam. This great son of a backward country led his nation to freedom and to the last day of his death was a force to defend his country against the brutal bombings of the Americans. I do not like to say more except to pay my homage to the departed leader who braved many hardships. I convey my deep condolences on behalf of my party to the members of the bereaved family.
5th September, 1969.

Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Dr. Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam

The House of Commons was informed that

Dr. Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam,

had passed away on

30th September, 1969, with a loss that cannot be

overestimated. His was a life dedicated to the

cause of freedom and independence for his

people. His leadership and vision were

instrumental in the founding of a new nation.

Dr. Ho Chi Minh was a symbol of resilience and

determination, inspiring generations to come.

His legacy will live on, and his memory will

be celebrated.

The House of Commons express its deepest

condolences to the people of Vietnam and the

world in general.
స్రీ కోండా లక్ష్మీభార్య బాపుజి ఉత్పత్తి అనే కారణంగా ఇది పరిసరం చేసింది.,

అయితే అది సంసారంలో మోట్ ప్రామాణిక విషయం రాశాలి, అయితే మరియు ఆదరణి లేదు.

(కనిష్ట సంస్థా మెంట్ అనే కారణంగా ఇది పరిసరం చేయబడింది.),

There is no business to refer it here.

అయితే ఈ పదార్థం మోట్ రాశాలి, అయితే అది పరిసరం చేయబడింది.

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(దీని సమయంలో అయస్కనే రాగం --అయా ఉండి, అది రాగం అనే సమయంలో పరిసరం చేయబడింది.),

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(ఇది దినం 18 నాటివసానం అనే కారణంగా ఇది పరిసరం చేయబడింది.,

మరియు ఇది మరియు అది పరిసరం చేయబడింది.

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*కనిష్ట సంస్థా మెంట్ అనే కారణంగా ఇది పరిసరం చేయబడింది.*

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Condolence Motion:
re. Demise of Dr. Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

That this House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Dr. Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam on 3rd September, 1969 and conveys its sense of sympathy to the people of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and the members of the bereaved family.

The Motion was adopted unanimously all Members standing in silence for two minutes.

Mr. Speaker:—It is for the Chief Minister to consider. There is no time today, even if they want to declare a holiday.

Mr. Speaker:—The House now stands adjourned till 11-00 o'clock.

(The House then adjourned till Eleven of the clock)
CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: Drinking water facilities in Rayalaseema especially in Chittoor District.

Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair

(The House re-assembled at Eleven of the clock)
5th September, 199. Calling attention to a matters of urgent public importance:

re: Drinking water facilities in Rayalaseema especially in the Chittoor Dr.,

...
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Drinking water facilities in Rayalaseema especially in the Chittoor Dt.

Sri G. Siviah:—These steps have been taken long time back, But now after taking such steps there was no further effort. There is no point in sending some rigs there. Many wells are drying up. Whether the Government will move all the machinery to Chittoor district to supply water. Otherwise this Ministry is left to continue here for any longer.

274—8
408 5th September, 1969. Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance.

Drinking water facilities in Rayalaseema especially in the Chittoor Dt.

Sri D. Venkatesam: How many rigs have been supplied? How many bores have been dug? How many have been successful? Kindly the Government may clarify. On the other hand the Government is insisting on the Collectors. Where is the necessity for the Collectors to visit the places and then give the orders? Why should there be delaying system? This particular item should not be dealt with like that.

Sri G. Siviah: Not even a single well has got water. Therefore you have to move the Government machinery to give us water, Sir.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance - 
re: Allegations against the Sarpanch, Gaganpahad, Hyderabad district.

5th September, 1969.

re: Allegations against the Sarpanch, Gaganpahad, Hyderabad District.
5th September, 1969. Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Allegations against the Sarpanch, Gaganpahad, Hyderabad district.

...
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re. Precarious Water supply position in Warangal.

Attention is invited to a matter of urgent public importance:

Me. PRECARIOUS WATER SUPPLY POSITION IN WARANGAL.

On [unsigned date], Mr. [unsigned name], Secretary, [unsigned organization], informed the Government that the water supply position in Warangal was precarious due to the dry weather conditions. The water supply was critically low, and the situation was likely to deteriorate further.

The Government was requested to take immediate action to ensure a stable water supply to the residents of Warangal. The situation was deemed critical and urgent.

[Additional information and actions taken by the government would be included here if available.]
412 5th September, 1969. Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:
re: Precarious water supply position in Warangal.

Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu:—Warangal town is getting its water from Dharmasagar tank. The normal dependable supply from this tank is of the order of 31 lakh gallons per day, but due to acute drought in this area during this year, the storage in this tank has very much depleted. The present water level in the Dharmasagar tank is 10'8" and the quantity of water supplied to the town from this source is only 8 lakh gallons per day.

To supplement this a number of measures have been taken. 24 numbers of 6" diameter bore wells have been drilled in Warangal Town area. Out of them 18 bore wells have been yielding a total
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re : Precarious water supply position in Warangal.

quantity of 7 lakh gallons per day. Fixing of submersible pumpsets for the remaining bores is in progress and is expected to be completed within next 10 days. 16 open wells have been also cleaned and provided with pump sets and short distribution system at each well. This is another source of water supply.

In addition to the above Municipality has also repaired 125 open wells, which are put to use. It is now ascertained that the level of water in Dharmasagar has risen to 14'6" enabling the release of more water from this source for the use of the public. It is hoped that about 2½ lakhs gallons per day will be made available after the commissioning of the remaining 6 wells. Thus necessary measures have already been taken to tide over the present scarcity conditions and a sum of Rs. 6.35 lakhs has also been spent from the Drought Relief Fund for providing the above facilities.

As regards the comprehensive water supply scheme for Warangal, a scheme with river Manair as source is under consideration of the Government. This scheme covers water supply improvements to Warangal, Karimnagar and enroute towns with surface water of Manair river as source. The proposal is to draw water from the Dam to be constructed across Manair River near Karimnagar about 32 miles from Warangal for meeting the water supply requirements for the above-mentioned places. The estimated cost of the Manair Scheme as an integral part of the Pochampad project is about Rs. 10 crores to be spread over suitably during the IV Plan period. The scheme is under investigation.

The estimated cost of the water supply scheme i.e., for transmission lines, treatment plant, pumping plant and reservoir is Rs. 8.87 crores and annual maintenance will cost Rs. 10.62 lakhs. The question of sanctioning detailed investigation of the water supply scheme is under consideration of the Government.
5th September, 1969. Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance.

re: Precarious water supply position in Warangal.

...
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re: Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.

5th September, 1969.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—You can invite the M L As of the district and discuss with them and try to satisfy them as to when you will be implementing them.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You will have enough time to discuss there and suggest the necessary measures.

re: Burning of the Al-Aqsa Mosque in the Old Jerusalem City
416 5th September, 1969. Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance.

re: Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.

...
Calling attention to matter of urgent public importance:

re: Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.

Dear Sir,

We wish to draw your attention to the matter of urgent public importance: the burning of the Al-Aqsa Mosque in Old Jerusalem City.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]
Calling attention to matter of urgent public importance:  

Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.

September, 1969

On 28-9-1969, nearly one lakh of Muslims gathered in and around the Macca Masjid near Charminar to protest against the desecration of Masjid-e-Aqsa Mosque in Israel. After the Friday prayers and the protest meeting, at about 2-00 p.m. the congregation was dispersing.

After more than three fourths of the congregation dispersed and others were dispersing raising slogans, it was noticed by some persons that only a few jewelers' shops of Hindus near Gulzar Hone were open while all other shops were closed. Some of the Muslims attempted to get those shops closed. At that time there was heavy stone pelting on the Muslims from the terrace of their residential buildings. On this there was retaliation by the Muslims by means of stone pelting. They also damaged the jewellery shop of one Satyanarayana and cloth shop of one Goverdhan Das, causing a loss of about Rs. 500/- and Rs. 20,000/- as reported by them. The police force tried its utmost to prevent a clash and persuaded most of the Muslims to disperse. Some defiant section of the crowd had to be dispersed by use of tear-gas. In the clash, between the Hindus and Muslims, 16 Muslims and 16 Hindus received injuries mostly of simple nature. Two assistant commissioners of police, two S. Is. and one P. C. received injuries. Inspite of the use of tear gas and lathi charge the crowd did not disperse. One live round was fired in the air. None was injured. This had the desired effect. After intensive patrolling the crowds were dispersed. The shops of Ramanath Ramchander Jariwala and Ghansiram Balkrishna were damaged.

In all, 14 Hindus and 16 Muslims who were concerned in rioting and other offences were arrested.

On the night of 30-9-1969, some miscreants poured kerosene oil on the bamboo-thattles, used as outer fencing to the residence of Sri Mohammed Osman and set fire to it. The fire was put out and the estimated loss is less than Rs. 5-Sri Mohammed Osman.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance: 5th September, 1969.

i.e. Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.

the Pesh-Imam of Jafbar Shah Mosque located in Bahrupia lane. His residential hut is situated adjacent to the mosque on its eastern side. Here was no damage to the mosque nor was any attempt made on the mosque. The Inspector of Police, Charminar, who was on patrolling duty first noticed this incident, rushed to the spot and searched the surrounding for the miscreants. No body could be traced.

The mosque "Zard Ali Shah" is situated in Patel Market. Most of the Muslims of Patel Market offer prayers in this mosque. On 29-8-1969 at about 11:00 a.m. the Pesh Imam Sri Sabir Ali locked the mosque and went to the Mecca Masjid for prayers. He did not return on that day as there was communal disturbance in this area in connection with the procession assembled at Mecca Masjid to condemn the Al-Aqsa Mosque desecration. He returned to the mosque on 30-3-1969 at about 12:00 noon and found one small Minaret measuring about 3 feet broken and lying on the tiled-roof of the verandah. There were also some glass pieces and some broken slabs of stone pieces lying at the entrance of the mosque. Sri Sabir Ali reported the matter to the Wakf Board, and the Secretary of the Board filed a complaint on 30-8-1969 at the Charminar Police Station where a case in Cr No. 136/69 U/P 293 I. P. C. was registered, and is being investigated.

No overt activity on the part of Hindus calculated to injure the religious feelings of the Muslims as alleged was noticed. Precautionary measures and elaborate bandobust arrangements are continued to prevent repercussions. The situation is peaceful now.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—I raise a point of order in regard to Call Attention No. 1, Sir. You please see Rule No. 74. It reads like this:

"74. Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance. (1) A member may, with the previous permission of the Speaker, call the attention of a Minister to any matter of urgent public importance and the Minister may make a brief statement or ask for time to make a statement at a later hour or date.

(2) There shall be no debate on such statement at the time it is made.

This mainly reads like this. That is to say that the Minister must be competent to make a statement on the floor of the House. What has happened in the State, he is competent to make a statement. But what happened elsewhere, he is not competent to make a statement.

Now the question is what happened in Jerusalem, the Chief Minister is going to reply. According to Rule 74, he has to reply to any matter of urgent public importance, which relates to our State.
5th September, 1969. Calling attention to matter of urgent public importance:

re Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—The Speaker has given permission.

Sri A. Madhava Rao.—Let there be a ruling at least for future guidance.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—In the past also, we have taken such call attention motions.

Sri A. Madhava Rao.—When China invaded this country, it was felt that a resolution was proper to move. So far as Rule 74 is concerned, it would not be proper to make a statement in regard to what happened in Jerusalem. Is the Chief Minister competent to reply? That is my point of order.

Sri C.V.K. Rao.—This issue is not only concerned to Jerusalem. All Sections of people in the entire world are concerned. We are in the world. Sir. We are also concerned.

That incident affects all sections of people. It affects Christians, Muslims and Hindus also.

Mr Deputy Speaker.—There is a point of order. That is whether the Chief Minister is competent to make a statement in regard to what happened in Jerusalem and whether we are concerned to that according to Rule 74 or not.

Sri C. V. K. Rao.—What happened at Jerusalem also affects us, Sir.

Sri A. Madhava Rao.—I am asking a true interpretation in regard to Rule 74 read along with the Resolution.

If they want by way of a Resolution, let them have it. Let them have it by way of Message, we have no objection.

But so far as Rule 74 is concerned, it is clear and the issue under Rule 74 is improper.

Sri C.V.K. Rao.—I raise a point of order on a point of order. When once under Rule 74, a call attention has been admitted by the Hon’ble Chair, can any Member in this House raise an objection to it?

Secondly, on a Point of Order, there can be no debate. In Rule 74 itself it is there. "(2) There shall be no debate on such statement at the time it is made".

Hon’ble Deputy Speaker has to give a ruling now. I cannot permit the debate. In case a debate is there, I will interrupt. On a point of order, the Chair has to give the ruling, Sir.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy.—That is very good. What Mr. C. V. K. Rao says is correct, Sir. There can be no discussion on a point of order. Hon’ble Speaker has admitted it as a matter of urgent public importance, Sir. I do not think...
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance. 5th September, 1969.

re: Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.

Sri P. Subbaiah:—Sir, burning of 'Al Aksa Mosque' is a matter of importance not only to our Nation but having an international significance. The History behind this Mosque is ancient and sacred, Sir. This is the place where the Muslims ascended to Heaven, Sir. Besides that this is the third holiest Mosque in the World i.e. first Mecca, Second Medina and the third Al Aksa. It was first built by Omar in the year 1635. This is situated in Jerusalem where each Religion is respecting the other Religion. There are temples of Jews, Churches of Christians and Mosques of Muslims. All important religions are respected, there. The Israelis have burnt the Mosque here and we must condemn the barbarous act of Israelis. That is an act, which is heinous in its content and which has to be condemned. Mr. Speaker, Sir, this Mosque was originally within the Arab world and recently it went to Israel.

I rightly conceive with one thing i.e. this matter would not have been brought as a motion of Call Attention Notice. This could have been brought as a Resolution. In the sense a Resolution passed by this House, could have been very powerful rather than merely discussing it here. A Resolution condemning the barbarous act of Israelis could have been proper. Wherever a heinous act is committed, it must be condemned. For the present, it is a call attention notice with great national and international significance and therefore, I appeal to all of my friends who have interpreted it in any way to condemn the barbarous act of Israelis. Ours is a country where secularism is prevailing and in a secular State, we have to condemn such heinous acts. So this House also have to condemn that heinous Act along with 80 crores of people in our country.

Thank you, Sir.
5th September, 1969. Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.

Regarding the matter, attention is drawn to an urgent public importance:

re: Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance

re: Burning of Al-Aqsa Mosque in old Jerusalem City.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy—Sir, this House expresses deep shock and pain at the sacrilege of ALA AQSA Mosque in Jerusalem. The Government of India through the Foreign Minister Mr. Dinesh Singh had expressed strong condemnation of this action of desecration. This House also fully shares with that view.

This burning of the mosque, a holy place, has hurt the sentiments of not only millions of Muslims all over the world but also of all peace-loving people in the entire world to whatever community or religion they might belong. In fact, it has offended the feelings of the entire humanity. In this connection, the Foreign Minister has said that the continued occupation of Jerusalem by Israel in defiance of the resolution of the United Nations is a matter of great concern. The shocking incident makes it imperative that the Security Council resolution on Jerusalem should be implemented without delay. In this context, Israel cannot be absolved of the responsibility for this outrage.

Sir, in this connection, I do not want to say more. But if you view this thing, Sir, without helping any cause these things impede the growth of proper atmosphere in the entire world. We would also

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in our own way in this State contribute to healthy relations between communities professing faiths in different religions and that we should be able to generate a proper atmosphere for healthy relations between all communities. It is a bad thing to hurt the feelings of anybody, especially the religious sentiments of people. That is a very touchy matter; that is a matter which will inflame the people. Therefore, we not only condemn this act of desecration, but we should see that this House also sees to it that in our own State we do not encourage or do anything which will offend the religious sentiments of people.

BUSINESS OF THE BILL

Mr. Speaker—There are three privilege motions; one given notice of by Sri K Atchuta Reddy, the second by Sri Badri Vishal Pitti and other Members and the third one given by Sri Badri Vishal Pitti himself. All these three privilege motions will be taken up on the 10th.

Sri K Lakshman Bapuji—I want you to take it up tomorrow; today itself is good.

Mr. Speaker:—We come to an understanding that all these things may be postponed to about 10th.

Sri K Lakshman Bapuji:—Not privilege motions; Privilege motions can be taken.

Mr. Speaker:—I feel, it is better we taken them up on the 10th. It it not as though I am going to straightaway from an opinion. I am prepared to hear you.

Sri K Lakshman Bapuji:—The Shri Bapuji, the Shri Bapuji in the Assembly, I have heard a call to order, and we have to do something. I have heard the arguments of the opponents of this motion.

Mr. Speaker:—All right, I will take it up tomorrow. Day or two before yesterday, the entire House has asked me, rather authorized me, to consult all important leaders and that come to a decision regarding the form of resolution or motion on which we should come before the House for discussion. I was talking with the leaders and the talks are still continuing. I think they will come to an agreement or understanding and I will be able to inform the House on the 8th, or failing that, on the 9th or 10th.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—We will be entitled to send amendments to the resolution or motion?
Mr. Speaker.—When the motion comes before the House.

(At this stage Sri T Purushottama Rao was seen entering the House. There were cries of 'Jai Telangana' by Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji and others.)

Mr Speaker.—Sri Badri Vishal Pitti has given notice of an adjournment motion. I will take it up tomorrow. I will hear the Minister for Home and then decide. Meanwhile, adjournment motion to notice as follows. Mr Speaker, the motion of adjournment was moved by Mr. Purushottama Rao. There were cries of 'Jai Telangana' by Mr. Konda Lakshman Bapuji and others. Now I am asking the Minister for Home to reply.

Mr Speaker.—Now let us see what the Minister has to say. After that if you want anything you can say. Now I am asking the Minister for Education to reply.

Sri P. Narasing Rao.—He acts as if nothing has happened. He has not mentioned a single word about it. Therefore he has misguided and misled this House. Therefore, first action should be taken against him. The part which he has conceived from the members of this House should be read first.

Mr. Speaker.—Now let us see what the Minister has got to say. After that if you want anything you can say. Now I am asking the Minister for Education to reply.

Some Hon Members rose—

(REPEATED INTERRUPTIONS FROM MEMBERS)

Mr Speaker.—Once again you are getting up without my permission and speaking. Now whatever you say will not be recorded.

Some Hon Members rose—

Mr Speaker.—One after the other—now all of you at one time please. Unless I give you permission, I am not going to allow you to speak at all. Kindly resume your seat. I am not allowing anybody to speak.
(REPEATED INTERRUPTIONS)

Mr. Speaker:—Please hear me. Please take my advice. Let us hear the Minister's reply and after his reply is over you can ask the Minister anything you like.

Sri P. Narasimh Rao:—No, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—I am extremely sorry.

Sri P. Govardhan Reddy:—Hundreds of people died.

Mr. Speaker:—I am extremely sorry. The Minister for Education will now reply.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—We won't allow this Minister to speak.

Mr. Speaker:—Please resume your seat.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—rose.

Sri K. Lakshman Bapuji:—At least for lady members some concession should be given.

Mr. Speaker:—I am more indulgent and more chivalrous to the Ladies. In fact I am more indulgent towards this lady. Whenever she gets up, I am giving an opportunity. After all, we must be chivalrous with Ladies and I am going to be so.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—Only two minutes

Mr. Speaker:—I am not giving No discussion now On the other Demand you can speak. Either I must have my say or you must kindly resume your seat. Let us hear the Minister.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—I am asking your permission. With your permission, I am speaking Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—Otherwise it won't go on record Not only that; whatever you speak which is not warranted will again be expunged from the record. Now I do not know whether you participated.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—I am taking your permission.

With your permission, I want to read a few lines.
Mr. Speaker — Sir, the note submitted to this House by the Education Minister, Mr. P.V. Narasimha Rao; instead of trying to review the past and present, the future programme and policies, has more or less been written as a thesis to present a coloured picture of the so-called steps taken by the Government of Andhra Pradesh or the great attention given to the Telangana region. Mr. Narasimha Rao observed that the Andhra Pradesh Government have paid considerable attention to it with the result that the progress of education in Telangana area has been even more rapid than that of Andhra area and all these things because of the low point where it began in 1936. However, the Minister agreed that there is considerable gap between its level of educational development and that in the Andhra area and refers to the three 3-year plans from 50-51 to 63-66.

Let me in this connection mention that instead of removing this backwardness the Government grossly neglected this region and did not provide adequate staff and equipment in schools. Instead it took six long years to introduce the Andhra staff pattern in Telangana schools, but then the scheme came to be implemented through belatedly in the name of scarcity of funds. It failed to provide necessary finances and approached the Regional Committee. The financial question ought not to have come in the way of appointment of teachers in the Telangana schools as in Andhra Pattern. Let me here mention that if the Government wanted it could have provided funds and expanded education by appointing teachers, etc., and met the same from general revenues. There was then a surplus of Rs. 10 70 crores at the end of the second plan in Telangana, but in the case of Andhra there was a deficit of Rs 41 34 crores both on revenue and capital account at the end of the said second plan. By the end of the three years of the Third plan, his region of Telangana had surplus of Rs. 12 8 crores as against a deficit of Rs. 17 31 crores in Andhra region. Inspite of this, let me accuse this Government that sufficient amounts were not provided in Telangana even for basic needs like Education whereas more amount were allowed to be spent over and above the provisions in Andhra region.

More than 5% of the employees in Educational services are merely Matriculates in Telangana and therefore greater attention should have been paid to secondary education. Yet Mr. P.V. Narasimha Rao who is still in the Ministry says in his note that due to financial stringency the Government have not been able to render financial assistance. This is despite our having surpluses on Telengana accounts. Should we not, therefore, demand separate Telengana so that we may take steps for raising the educational standards, open a number of additional schools and appoint as many teachers as we want. Why should this region be starved of funds even for Education and to be equipped and disciplined for the citizens of the State and the country? Are not the students if they are carrying on agitation justified in demanding separate State for their future welfare and of their children. As long as we have this Government of Andhra Pradesh we don't expect any justice for our own monies spent on our progress. The Osmania University is being starved of funds simply because someone did not like Dr D-S. Reddy. Having neglected in providing training schools for the teachers, this Andhra Pradesh Government has imported and foisted Andhra teachers in Telangana on the plea that trained teachers are not available. Let me in this connection any that in Andhra area 3.5% of the teachers are
untrained whereas in this region 43% are untrained. This Government has failed to provide adequate training facilities just to get teachers from across the river Krishna and deprive Telangana of jobs. Not only this: by in emious methods, even sections were closed in some training schools during 1968-69 in the name of Emergency. The Government went to the extent of approaching the Regional Committee to give approval for appointment of non-Mulki untrained graduates as teachers in Telangana area saying that suitable people are not available here. What does this mean? It only means that the Government wants to make Telangana a ground for providing employment to Andhra at the cost of Telangana personnel. There are thousands of other instances of injures done to this region in various fields and it is therefore demanded that unless we get ourselves separated we have no salvation, we can't spent our money for ourselves. I therefore oppose the Demand moved by Mr. Narasima Rao and I request him to come out of the Ministry by resigning his post. ’JAI TELANGANA’.

Sri P. Narasimha Rao —Point of Order. I think the House should pay our homage. 203rd Mr. Speaker: —Let us hear what he says. Sri P. Narasing Rao:—Let us pay our homage.

Sri M. Manick Rao:—He is solely responsible for this.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I refute that allegation that I am responsible or the Government is responsible. (HEAR; HEAR) That...

Is why, I have not been treading on that ground. I my own pride, I wanted to say all those things I wanted to bring them in, but there should be no insistence in what order I should reply to the House.

(AN HON. MEMBER: First things first) No The hon Member might leave it to me, Sir: I have already refuted that allegation with all the emphasis at my command, that I am not responsible for what has happened.

Mr. Speaker:—Now nothing of what you are saying will go on record.

Sri P. Govardhana Reddy:—He has misguided the House. He is a Telangana Minister, elected by the Telangana people.

Mr. Speaker:—This kind of aggressive attitude on the part of some members I am not going to allow.

Sri P. Narasing Rao:—Not only members, the Minister also.

Sri M. Manick Rao:—He should not talk like that.

Some members rose—

Mr. Speaker:—I am giving this warning. A final warning I am giving you. Please decide by tomorrow regarding your attitude. If you proceed with this attitude, I would decide as to what I should do with you. The House adjourned to meet at 8:00 a.m. tomorrow.

(The House then adjourned till Half-Past-Eight of the Clock on Saturday, the 6th September, 1969.)

**** Expunged as ordered by the Chair.