ANDHRA PRADASH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES.
OFFICIAL REPORT

Twelfth day of the Third Session of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.

ANDHRA PRADASH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Tuesday, the 2nd September 1969
The House met at Half-Past-Eight of the Clock.
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF MONEY IN CITY CIVIL COURT

331—

* 140 (7091) Q.— Sarvasri R. Mahnanda (Darsi) and P. Venkatareddy (Kanigiri) :— Will hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a sum of Rs 48,602 was misappropriated by the staff in the office of the Second Additional Judge, City Civil Court, Shalibanda in 1960;

(b) whether it is also a fact that a sum of Rs. 2,329 was recovered from the Nazir and he was dismissed from service in 1962;

(c) the steps taken by the Government to collect the amount; and

(d) whether responsibility lies with any other supervisory officers, if so, the action taken against them?

The Minister for Education deputised the Chief Minister and answered the questions (Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao) :— (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) S. G. Hardikar the then Nazir of the Court was the person solely responsible for the entire misappropriated amount. He possessed only one house and that also is a joint family property. Civil proceedings against him would have resulted in heavy expenditure as compared to the amount to be realised, and the matter was, therefore, dropped.

(d) Amongst the two Superintendents of the Court who were held responsible in the matter, one retired before the Audit

J. No. 272.
report was received. Against the other a departmental enquiry is proceeding for laxity of supervision.

Sri M. :—In the report (1956-80) it was stated that some serious omission has been found. Against the other a departmental enquiry is proceeding for laxity of supervision.

Sri G. Siviah (Puttur) :—Compulsorily every city civil court will be inspected by the High Court Judge in each year and during the inspection in addition to going through the case records, he will also go through the money records. That being the case why these things could not be detected in the beginning itself?

Sri P V. Narasimha Rao :—I do not have any record to show whether any High Court Judge went for inspection. This was brought
to light in the course of audit and I submit that these matters could be brought to light only by audit.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is whether persons responsible have been dealt with properly. It is a very old matter of 12 or 18 years. I do not think you are correct in saying that High Court Judges go and inspect. Some times they inspect District Judge’s courts but not Muniff Magistrate’s Court.

Sri P. Subbiah:—An act whether old or new should be punished.

Mr. Speaker:—No body has been spared. Persons responsible have been adequately punished.

Sri P. Subbiah:—Neither the amount is realised nor...

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—He has been very adequately punished. He was convicted in all these cases and was sentenced to various terms of imprisonment ranging from 6 months to 8 years besides fine.

**LAW OFFICERS**

Q. 1487. Q.—Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya (Sattenapalli).—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether persons practising in the District Headquarters are barred to be appointed as Law Officers of High Court; if so, why, and

(b) whether any Law Officer has been appointed from Districts so far and if so, their number?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) No, Sir.
(b) No Sir.
2nd September, 1969.

Oral Answers to Questions.

333—

* 192 (2492) Q.— Sarvasri T. C. Rajan (Palamaner), D. Venkatesam (Kuppam) and Agarala Iswara Reddy (Tirupathi) :— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government propose to revise the policy of "Separation of Judiciary from the Executive", if so, the reasons therefor, and

(b) the number of districts in which the Judiciary has to be separated from the Executive?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :— (a) No, Sir.

(b) None, Sir.

MUNSIFF MAGISTRATE COURTS

384—

* 116 (1524) Q.— Sarvasri Jammana Joji (Palakonda) and G. Sivaiah :— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the names of taluks in which the scheme of Munsiff Magistrate Courts (Taluk-wise) were not implemented;

(b) when they will be started; and

(c) the reasons for the delay in starting the courts in these taluks?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :— (a) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(b) The question of introducing the scheme of Munsiff Magistrates in these taluks i.e. 8 districts which the hon. Member is referring to will be considered as and when the financial position of the State improves.

(c) Reasons are as stated above in part (b).

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(Vide answer to L. A. Q. No. 1524 [*834]*)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NAMES OF TALUKS IN WHICH THE SCHEME OF MUNSIFF MAGISTRATE COURTS WERE NOT IMPLEMENTED.

1. Chittoor District.
   1. Chittoor
   2. Chandragiri
   3. Madanapalle
   4. Punganoor
   5. Vayalpad
   6. Puttur
   7. Satyavedu
   8. Kalahasti
   9. Palamaner
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd September, 1969. 101

2. **Taluks in Cuddapah District.**
   1. Cuddapah
   2. Rayachoti
   3. Jammalamadugu
   4. Proddatur
   5. Pulivendula
   6. Badvel
   7. Siddout
   8. Rayampet
   9. Kamalapuram (independent sub-Taluk)

3 **Taluks in Guntur District.**
   1. Guntur
   2. Tenali
   3. Repalle
   4. Bapatla
   5. Ongole
   6. Narasaraopet
   7. Vinukonda
   8. Palnad (Gurzala)
   9. Sattenapalle

4. **Nellore District**
   1. Rapur
   2. Sullurpet
   3. Podilil
   4. Udayagiri

5. **West Godavari District.**
   1. Polavaram Taluk

6. **Kurnool District.**
   1. Pattikonda

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Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—It is eminently workable. There is no question of the scheme not being workable. I do not know what the financial implication is but I do believe that it could be done. We will take steps.

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Sri G. Siviah:—We expect a general uniformity in the State in the judiciary. Four districts have been exempted. From the last 7½ years the Treasury Beaches said that and they are going on promising. Would you tell us the date or will you simply escape away as the other hon. Ministers are doing it?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I do not believe in slipping away. As the House knows this scheme was introduced in stages. Now only 3 districts are to be taken up. I believe it could be taken up. I shall see why it has not been taken up for two years. But it is time that it should be taken up to bring about uniformity in the State and we shall take steps.
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—That is an individual case, Sir. That should be looked into.

Mr. V. P. Narasimha Rao:—Absolutely unrestricted and unreserved concurrence of the High Court was obtained.
Mr. Speaker:—That is a question with regard to promotion.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I am not an encyclopaedia. Only when a question is put I can get the information.

Mr. Speaker:—That is a question with regard to promotion.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I do not know the channels of promotion. If a separate question is put I will answer it.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd September, 1969.

The scheme has been introduced in Srikakulam long ago.

Sri G. Siviah. — Mr. Vavilala Gopalakrishnaya was commenting that in Satenpalli Court civil powers as well as criminal powers were there. In these 3 districts, we have got district munsiff, first class magistrate's court. We have got another separate second class magistrate's court. Second class magistrate's court abolished and munsiff is given full powers. Only one court for each taluk. There is a little confusion.

Sri P V. Narasimha Rao. — There is no confusion. Even before the scheme was introduced, there were some places where simultaneous system was in force. That was a system which we according to this scheme wanted to introduce in all the taluks. I am speaking from memory; but I know it is a fact.

WIDENING OF NATIONAL HIGHWAY

335—

Q.—Sri N. Raghava Reddy (Nakrekal).—Will hon. Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the scheme to widen the National High Way in Nalgonda Division has been entrusted to contractor; and

(b) if so, on what date and to whom it has been entrusted?

The Deputy Chief Minister (Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao):— (a) Yes, Sir. The work relating to widening of National Highway in Nalgonda Division consisting of reaches (1) 74/0 to 10/5 and (2) 82/3 to 92/3+200 of National Highway 9 was entrusted to contractors.

(b) The work has been entrusted to Sri G. Raghuram Reddy and Sri G. Jayaram Reddy on 1–8–1965 and the widening work has been completed.
ASSIGNMENT OF BANJAR LAND IN VIZAG

Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao (Anakapalli).—Will the hon Minister for Revenue be pleased to state whether a list of assignees of banjar lands in Visakhapatnam taluk, Visakhapatnam district for whom pattas have been issued by the Collector Visakhapatnam under section 11 proviso of the Estates Abolition Act be placed on the Table of the House?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P Thimma Rddy):— (a) A statement containing the information is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
(Vide L.A.Q. No. 2423-Z.) [*336]

GIVEN NOTICE OF BY SHRI K. GOVINDA Rao, M.L.A.

List of assignees of Banjar lands in Visakhapatnam taluk and Visakhapatnam district for whom pattas have been issued by the Collector under Section 11 (pro) of the Estates Abolition Act, 1948.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.N</th>
<th>Name of the village</th>
<th>Extent</th>
<th>Name of the Assignee</th>
<th>Ac. C.</th>
<th>Date of Collector's order</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Gopalapatnam</td>
<td>1-96</td>
<td>Sri Chandram Appalram</td>
<td>D. Dis.</td>
<td>12828/64</td>
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<td>R S 13/6</td>
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<td>Sri Mallappa Rao</td>
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<td>dt. 6-8-64</td>
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<td>Jaggaraju-peta</td>
<td>0-85</td>
<td>Smt. Sridharala Gournaa Mahalakshamma w/o Appalaraju</td>
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<td>Kanchanpalem</td>
<td>2-60</td>
<td>Sri Malla Venkatareddy</td>
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<td>dt. 4-3-67</td>
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<td>R.S 35/2 P.</td>
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<td>Sri Plaka Peda Nookanna s/o Sanyasi</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>—do—</td>
<td>0-24</td>
<td>Sri Gondesi Somulu s/o Tatayya</td>
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<td>24166/66</td>
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2nd September, 1969.

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<th>No.</th>
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<td>R.S.No. 35/2 P.</td>
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<td>R.S. 38/12 P.</td>
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<td>w/o Yelliah</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>do.</td>
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<td>D. Dis. 24170/66</td>
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<td>R.S. 39/3 P.</td>
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<td>Dhanalaxmi</td>
<td>w/o Sri Apparo. dt. 18-6-67</td>
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<td>Smt. Gujju</td>
<td>Mahalakshmi w/o Nookalu.</td>
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<td>Narava</td>
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PROCEDURE FOR INVESTIGATION OF CHARGES AGAINST VILLAGE OFFICERS

337—

*339 (1108) Q.—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Board of Revenue issued detailed instructions in 1965 regarding the procedure for investigation into cases of misappropriations by Village Officers; and
2nd September, 1969.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(b) if so, what are they and what is the time limit fixed for finalisation of such cases?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A copy of the orders issued in B. P. Misc. 920/65 dt. 18-11-65 by the Board of Revenue is placed on the Table of the House. Paragraph 9 of the above B. P. Sets out the time schedule prescribed by the Board.

**PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE**

*(VIDE ANSWER TO L. A. Q. NO. 339 (STARRED) [**337**]*)

Copy of B. P. MISC. 983/65 Dated 13-11-65 placed on the Table of the House—Vide answer to clause (b) of L. A Q. No. 1108 (Starred)


In recent years embezzlement of revenue collected by Village Officers has become rampant throughout the State. The Chief factors responsible for the increase of this crime are:

(i) Laxity of supervision on the part of the Revenue Inspectors and Tahsildars, particularly in the check of cash accounts maintained by the Village Officers,

(ii) negligence and ineffectiveness on the part of the Tahsildars and Revenue Divisional officers in bringing the offenders to book and in imposing speedy and deterrent punishments on the offenders.

The present position is most disquieting in that there are now pending 682 cases of embezzlement committed by the Village Officers involving a total sum of Rs. 13,04,435 73. The administration of the Board of Revenue in having failed not merely to control the crime, but also to recover the large sums embezzled by the Village Officers has come in for continuous adverse criticism at the hands of the Public Accounts Committee. The Board therefore consider it necessary to issue these instructions with a view to ensure that the embezzled amounts are recovered and the offenders are punished quickly.

2 When any case of embezzlement of Government money by a Village Officer comes to the notice of the Tahsildar, he should inform the Revenue Divisional officer and District Collector immediately. He should investigate into the matter fully and without delay and ascertain the total amount misappropriated. Whenever the loss is estimated at more than Rs. 4,0 the investigation should invariably be done by the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar in charge of independent sub-taluk as the case may be, and in other cases it may be entrusted to the Revenue Inspector, in which case the Tahsildar should closely watch the progress of the investigation. As soon as the investigation is over, the Tahsildar should send a detailed report explaining the circumstances under which the embezzlement occurred, the nature and extent of loss, prospect of recovery etc., and covering specifically the following points:
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd September, 1969.

(i) What is the total amount embezzled?
(ii) The period during which the misappropriation occurred?
(iii) How and when the misappropriation has been detected?
(iv) Whether any Revenue subordinates visited the village after the commencement of the misappropriation and if so, why they failed to detect it earlier?
(v) Has the entire amount been recovered?
(vi) The properties, both moveable and immovable possessed by the delinquent.

It is essential that the investigation should be done without any interruption and completed within one or two weeks. In case the investigation is not completed within two weeks Tahsildar shall submit a special report to the Revenue Divisional officer concerned who may extend time by two or more weeks and if within the time so extended the investigation is still not completed, the Tahsildar will submit a special report to the Collector explaining why the investigation could not be completed requesting for such further extension of time as might be found absolutely necessary.

3. The Revenue Divisional officer, after the receipt of the investigation report from the Tahsildar, will examine the same and take action as indicated below.

(a) Immediate recovery of the amount embezzled;
(b) Suspension of the Village officer concerned as per the instructions issued in Board's L. Dis. A. 6689/63 dated 20-12-63, so far as the Andhra area is concerned and as per para 16 (1) Dasturi-o-Dehiso far as the Telangana area is concerned, and intimation of further disciplinary action against him;
(c) Launching of criminal prosecution against the delinquent in consultation with the local Asst. Public Prosecutor;
(d) Determination of responsibility of Revenue officers whose negligence has facilitated the embezzlement or its concealment and initiation of disciplinary action against them.

4. No time should be lost in recovering the amount embezzled. The Revenue Divisional Officer should take action under the R. M. R. when delinquent village officer is reported to possess properties, which could be proceeded against for recovery of the embezzled amount.

He may also take action under the regulation with a view to sentence the delinquent to pay a fine if he considers that such a course would meet the ends of justice and if he is satisfied that the delinquent village officer has sufficient property to proceed against for recovering the penalty besides the embezzled amount. It should be noted that penal action under the Regulation will bar the launching of a criminal prosecution in a court of law.

5. Departmental Action against the delinquent Village Officers:
Simultaneously with the action for recovery of the embezzlement amount departmental action against the delinquent village officer should be taken in all cases including even those of the embezzled amount have been recovered in full. The disciplinary proceedings should be conducted quickly, and the punishment awarded whenever the guilt is established.

6. Criminal action against the delinquent village officers:

In addition to departmental action, Criminal prosecution should be launched against the delinquent irrespective of the amounts involved, provided that penal action has not been taken against him under the R. M. R. Criminal prosecutions should be restored to in all such cases where there is sufficient evidence to prove the guilt of the accused and the chance of acquittal are remote. Once a criminal prosecution is launched the departmental proceedings if any pending will have to be suspended till the completion of the criminal proceedings. While initiation of continuance of departmental proceedings is barred during the pendency of criminal proceedings against the delinquent, there is no bar on the case being referred to the Police for investigation or being investigated by the Police during the pendency of departmental proceedings. If follows that simultaneously with the initiation of departmental proceedings or as soon as possible thereafter, the case should be referred to the Police for investigation so that by the time of the conclusion of the departmental proceedings all preliminary steps required for the launching of the prosecution, all preliminary including the taking of the advice of the local public prosecutor will have been completed and no time is lost in launching criminal prosecution immediately after the conclusion of departmental proceedings.

7. Departmental action against Revenue officers whose negligence facilitated the embezzlement.

Departmental action against the Revenue Subordinates on account of whose negligence in supervision of the work of the delinquent, the misappropriation had not come to light earlier should be taken simultaneously with the departmental action against the delinquent Village Officer.

8. Write off of irrecoverable amount: - When the entire or part of the amount embezzled by a Village Officer is not recoverable through departmental action or civil suit, either from the delinquent Village Officer or the Revenue Subordinates responsible action should be taken to write off the irrecoverable amount. Only after the departmental proceedings against the delinquent Village Officer and Revenue Subordinates responsible are completed, action to write off should be taken, but it need not be deferred till the conclusion of criminal prosecution, if any launched against the delinquent Village Officer.

9. The following time schedules are prescribed for the various proceedings involved in dealing with embezzlement cases. The district Collectors are requested to see that these time schedules are adhered to in all embezzlement cases by Village Officers.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I. Investigation with a view to ascertain the nature and extent of loss, prospect of recovery circumstances, which led to the embezzlement.</th>
<th>Two weeks from the date when embezzlement came to light.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II (a) Recovery when the delinquent voluntarily offers to pay it.</td>
<td>One month from the date of completion of investigation and ascertainment of the amount embezzled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Recovery under the R. M. R when embezzled amount or part of embezzled amount is not recovered and the defaulter possess properties.</td>
<td>Two months from the date of completion of the investigation and ascertainment of the total amount embezzled under item (1) above.</td>
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<tr>
<td>III. Disciplinary action against Village Officers.</td>
<td>Three months from the date of receipt of the investigation report under item I above.</td>
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<tr>
<td>IV. Disciplinary action against the Revenue Subordinates.</td>
<td>Three months from the date of investigation report under item I above.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V. Launching of Criminal action against the delinquent Village Officer.</td>
<td>One month from the date of completion of disciplinary action under item III above.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI. Submission of proposal for write off or irrecoverable amount.</td>
<td>One month from the date of inclusion of proceedings under item III and IV above.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All the Co'letors are requested to acknowledge the receipt of his communication.

The present position is most disquieting in that. There are 682 cases pending involving the total sum of Rs. 13,09,435.
Sri P. Thimma Reddy :—They must have an opportunity to explain themselves. They must have an opportunity to explain themselves. They must have an opportunity to explain themselves.

Sri C.V.K. Rao :—That cannot be the answer to my question. This is the amount and these are the cases. You are saying that there is a most disquieting situation. He is giving the theory of the whole procedure.

It will take its own time.

The amount and these are the cases. You are saying that there is a most disquieting situation. He is giving the theory of the whole procedure.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd September, 1969.

**Sri R. Mahananda:** Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the list of Darimela Inams existing in Darsi, Podili, Kanigiri, Venkatagiri, Sullurpete taluks of Nellore district; and

(b) whether they have all been declared as Ryotwari and taken over by the Government, if so, when?

**Sri P. ThimmaReddy:** (a) and (b) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

**STATEMENT SHOWING THE PARTICULARS OF DARIMELA INAMS IN NELLORE DISTRICT**

(Vide L. A. Q. No. 2521 (STARRED) [*889])

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Taluk</th>
<th>No. of Darimela Inams existing</th>
<th>Whether all have been declared as ryotwari and taken over by the Government; if so, when?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Darsi</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>All such Inams have been treated as ryotwari with effect from 1-7-1959 from which date the settlement rates were introduced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Podili</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Kanigiri</td>
<td>1378</td>
<td>All Inams have been declared as ryotwari and taken over by the Government. Action is being taken to grant pattas to Inamdars or their legal heirs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. Venkatagiri

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Venkatagiri</td>
<td>All the darimela insams existing on 7-9-1949 have been taken over by the Government under the provisions of the Estates Abolition Act, of 1918 and treated as ryotwari. There are, however, 1008 alienated service inams. Action to grant ryotwari patti is deferred pending amendment to section (4) of the Inams Abolition Act, 1950.</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

5. Sullurpet

<p>| | | | |</p>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Sullurpet</td>
<td>There are 8,497 darimela insams existing in Sullurpet taluk. Out of this, 17 cases were declared as ryotwari by 30-6-1957. There are 598 cases yet to be declared as ryotwari. In respect of 598 cases action has been deferred by the Government pending amendment to section (4) of the Inams Abolition Act, 1956.</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
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(1) 2nd September, 1959.

Oral Answers to Questions.
KADAKELLA MOKHASA

2nd September, 1909

* 278 (7069) Q.—Sarvasri M. Venkatarama Naidu (Parvati-puram) and Chowdary Satyanarayana (Ponduru) :—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any specific agreement by the Government with the Mokhasadars of Kadakela (v), an ayacut village under the 1st branch channel of the left canal of Nagavali anicut, in Palakonda Taluk, Srikakulam District for payment of specific water rate, and

(b) if so, the particulars of that agreement?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy :—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy.—Kadakella is a whole Inam village not yet taken over by the Government. Uniform water rates were made applicable to those lands under first irrigated wet crop and dry lands for Rs. 15 for the first irrigated dry crop Rs. 10. This is the usual rate.

Water is being supplied to the wet and dry lands of this village from 1st provided left canal of Nagavali project is approved. Whatever be the charges on such lands rules prescribed by Rule 47 for the land irrigated by Nagavali.
project in Visakhapatnam district is amended in G. O Ms. No. so
and so Revenue, dated 31-1-1963. The following are the rates.

Shi P. Subbaiah —Will it be the case of whole Inam village
The Act came into force in 1957. Whole Inam need not be kept as
it is. It should be taken over. The whole Inam village need not be kept as it is. It should be taken over.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy :—I cannot do it from the Floor of the
House.

Sri P. Subbaiah :—Here and now means immediately. I mean
immediately and not on the Floor of the House.

CONSTRUCTION OF MATU AT NAGARAM

*20 (981) Q.—Sarvasri C. Janga Reddy and V. Rama Rao
(Secunderabad Cantonment).—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayati
Raj be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the construction of 'Matu' at
Nagaram of Parkala Panchayat Samithi has been partly done through
the funds of Warangal Zilla Parishad,
(b) if so, when the rest of the work will be completed;
(c) the reasons for discontinuing the work for the last 3 years,
(d) whether it is a fact that 50% of the work done at present
has been washed away,
(e) if so, the officers responsible for the same; and
(f) the name of the contractor who is in charge of the construc-
tion of the said Matu, the extent of work completed and the amount
drawn in the shape of bill and the amount of contribution collected
by him?

Sri T. Ramaswamy :—(a) The 'Matu' construction was taken
up under Pilot Project Scheme (Rural Man Power Programme) on
5% contribution basis by Panchayat Samithi, Parkal and not from
Zilla Parishad funds.
(b) The work has almost been completed and water has also
been let out for irrigation purpose.
(c) The work was suspended for want of funds under the
Rural Man Power Programme. The balance of work was however
taken up from Minor Irrigation grant.
(d) No, sir.
(e) Does not arise.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd September, 1939. 117

(f) Sri K. Mohan Reddy was the representative. An amount of Rs. 12,110 was paid for the work done by him after deducting the contribution. An amount of Rs. 18,982 was paid for the balance of work to Sri N. Mallesam who has been nominated by Sri K. Mohan Reddy.

Sri T. Ramaswamy.—That is the information with me. It is almost completed. Water is also let out. I will get it enquired into.

Mr. Speaker:—He is disputing the correctness of the information furnished by you. That is the information which I have.

Sri T. Ramaswamy.—I called the Executive Engineer, Sir. He was with me at 8 O'clock and I have asked him.

Mr. Speaker:—Please make a note of it.

Sri T. Ramaswamy.—I will take the information and get it enquired into.
Oral Answers to Questions.

SCHOOL BUILDINGS

341—

*739 (1747) Q.—Sri Vavilala Gopalan3nshnaiah—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to state,

(a) whether there is a ban on the construction of new and incomplete school buildings in the Panchayat Raj Institutions; and

(b) if so, when it was issued and will the Government reconsider lifting the ban?

Sri T. Ramaswamy — (a) & (b) A ban on construction of buildings was imposed in September 1966 in respect of buildings other than those which came up to lintel level. In May '69 the ban was relaxed in regard to school buildings to the extent that the Panchayat Samithis and the Zilla Parishads have been permitted to take up construction of buildings for elementary and Secondary Schools where contributions at the rates prescribed are forthcoming and subject to availability of funds with the Panchayati Raj bodies. The Government have also since ordered that the ban will not apply to the buildings to be constructed in Harijanwadas and Harijencherries. It is proposed to review the position again after October, 1969.
Oral Answers to Questions 2nd September, 1969.

It is proposed to review the position again after October, 1969.

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—They can complete the buildings that have come up to and above the lintel level. It is proposed to review the position again after October, 1969.
Junior Colleges

342—

1182 Q.—Sri S. Vemaya:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

Names of the places at which Junior Colleges will be opened during the 1969-70 in the State?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—A statement showing the places tentatively decided is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

VIDE L. A. Q. NO. 1182 (Starrred) [*342]


Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd September, 1969.


Hyderabad City: There will be 12 to 15 Junior Colleges in the twin cities and the list will be finalised shortly.


Junior Colleges

*1887 Q.—“Arvasri Dhanenkula Narasimham, G. Siviah, K. Krishna Murthy, R. Satyanarayana Raju and A. Madhavarao.—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:}

272—4
Oral Answers to Questions.

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government is going to start Junior Colleges during 1969-70,
(b) if so, the number of colleges going to be started,
(c) the places where those colleges will be started; and
(d) the procedure adopted by the Government to start them?

Sri P.V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) Yes, sir.
(b) About 127.
(c) A statement indicating the places tentatively selected is placed on the Table of the House.

(d) Based on the reports of the Inspection Committees of the three Universities in the State and in consultation with the Director of Public Instruction certain schools have been tentatively selected for conversion into Junior Colleges. In the case of Zilla Parishad and Municipal schools, tentatively selected the local Colleges Committees have been informed of the selection and requested to make cash contribution and donation of land, fixed with reference to the needs of the institutions and the economic conditions of the areas. In case of private schools, proposed for conversion, the managements are asked to state whether they agree to the condition to run the College without any Government grant for 5 years. On the conditions being fulfilled in the case of Zilla Parishad and Municipal schools or agreed to in the case of private schools, the starting of Junior Colleges by conversion is being permitted by Government.

STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

Vide answer to Clause (C) of L. A. Q. No. 1587 (Starred) [*343]

Srikakulam Dist.
(1) Tekkali, (2) Ichapuram, (3) Parvathipuram, (4) Narsannapet, (5) Amadalavalasa and (6) Salur

Visakhapatnam Dist.
(1) Bhimunipatnam, (2) Srunavarapukota, (3) Narasipatnam, (4) Yelamanchili, and (5) Chodavaram.

East Godavari Dist.

West Godavari Dist.

Krishna Dist.
(1) Machilipatnam (Two Colleges), (2) Kasikalur, (3) Avanigadda, (4) Teuvuru, (5) Guddlavalleru, and (6) Akunur.

Guntur Dist.
Nellore Dist.
(1) Nellore, (2) Kanipiri, (3) Buchireddypalem, (4) Athmakur, (5) Sullurpet, and (6) Allur.

Chittoor Dist.

Cuddapah Dist.
(1) Rayachoti, (2) Rajampet, (3) Jammalamadugu, (4) Cuddapah (Two Colleges), (5) Pulivendula and (6) Pullampet.

Anantapur Dist.

Kurnool Dist.
(1) Kurnool (Two Colleges), (2) Nandukotkur, (3) Alur, (4) Yemmiganur, (5) Giddalur, (6) Allagadla, and (7) Kolikunta

Hyderabad City.
There will be 12 to 1.5 Junior Colleges in the Twin Cities and list will be finalised within a short period.

Hyderabad Dist.
(1) Tandur (2) Shamshabad (3) Botraam (4) Maredpalli, Secunderabad.

Medak Dist. :
(1) Medak (2) Sangareddi (3) Zaheerabad.

Warangal Dist.
(1) Mahaboobabad, (2) Jangaon, (3) Narsampet, (4) Parkal, (5) Hunmakonda (Warangal,) (6) Warangal

Khammam Dist.
(1) Bhadrachalam, (2) Machira (3) Kallur, (4) Yallandu.

Karimnagar Dist.

Adilabad Dist.
(1) Bainsa, (2) Sirpur Kaggaznagar (3) Nirmal.

Nigonda Dist.

Mahboobnagar Dist.
(1) Mahboobnagar, (2) Kalavakurthi (3) Kollapur (4) Wannaparthi

Nizamabad Dist.
(1) Bodhan, (2) Yellareddi.
Mr. Speaker: I am not allowing supplementary on this question because the Education Demand is coming up for discussion tomorrow and you will have full discussion on this. All of you can participate in it. It is not as though it is coming after a long time. It is coming tomorrow itself.

Sri C V K Rao:—Sir, there is lot of information in this and it may not be possible.

Mr. Speaker:—As many of you are interested in this subject I will give an opportunity.

Sri G Sivayya:—There won’t be time, Sir. And you may not be in the Chair and the Deputy Speaker or the Chairman may be there.

Mr. Speaker:—I will give you time. Why are you worried? Even if I am not here I will give instructions to give time.

Sri G. Sivayya:—This is a very important matter, Sir. Number of Members are interested in this.

Mr. Speaker:—That is exactly the reason why I say that you can’t do full justice now. What I want to do is if to-morrow if you are not satisfied I may even consider allowing half-an-hour discussion on this.

Mr. Speaker:—I will give an opportunity to all of you and you can do full justice. So, we will do like that.

Sr. Agarala Easwara Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state;

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University to start a course in Cereal Technology: and

(b) if so, whether it would be started in the next academic year?
Oral Answers to Questions.  

2nd September, 1969.

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri K. Venkataraatnam).—
(a) No, Sir.  
(b) Does not arise.

LITERACY CENTRES FOR FARMERS

345

*728 (1649) Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarana Raju (Yemmiganur)—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals before the Government to start Literacy Centre in our State to educate the progressive farmers in the improved agricultural practices;
(b) if so, the number of such centres likely to be opened during the year 1968-1969, and
(c) the number of such centres likely to be opened in Kurnool district during 1968-69,

Sri K. Venkataraatnam:—(a) No, Sir.
(b) and (c) Do not arise.

MILCH CATTLE

346—

*776 (1838) Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raju.—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals before the Government to advance loans to the ryots for breeding milch cattle,
(b) if so, when is the scheme likely to be implemented; and
(c) the sum of loans likely to be given to each ryot?

Sri K. Venkataraatnam:—(a) No, Sir. Loans for purchase of milch cattle are sanctioned only to the members of Co-operative Milk Supply Societies in the area of operation of Intensive Cattle Development Project, Hyderabad under Dairy Extension Programme.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) A sum of Rs. 800 is sanctioned to each member for purchase of milch cattle and a sum of Rs. 250, for purchase of feed.

SUPPLY OF PEDIGREE COWS TO MILK SUPPLY SOCIETIES

347—

*778 (1842) Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raju.—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals before the Government to supply pedigree cows and she-buffaloes to the milk supply societies in our State;
(b) if so, when is the scheme likely to be implemented; and
(c) the sum of loans likely to be given to each ryot?
Sri K. Venkataramnam:—(a) No, Sir. Only loans are sanctioned towards purchase of milch cattle to the members of Co-operative Milk Supply Societies in the area of operation of Intensive Cattle Development Project, Hyderabad under Dairy Extension Programme.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) A sum of Rs 2.00 lakhs has been set apart for sanctioning loans for purchase of milch cattle in the Intensive Cattle Development Project, Hyderabad, during 1968-69.

S. P. Subbaiah:—I do not want that answer, Sir. I do not think loans under Dairy Extension Programme should be sanctioned on co-operative basis.
Oral Answers to Questions.  
2nd September, 1969.

(a) whether there are Flame Guns Instruments available with our Government used for the sterilisation of the soils;  
(b) if so, the number of such instruments available with the department; and  
(c) whether they are in working condition?

Sri K. Venkataratnam:—(a) No, Sir  
(b) and (c) —Do not arise  
(a) శుంది.  
(b) (c): —ఆ సంఖ్య ఉంచినది లభించదు.

MASTER PLAN FOR TIRUPATI

(a) whether a Master Plan was prepared for the development of Tirupati, the famous pilgrim centre, and  
(b) if so, the details of the same?

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri N. Chenchu-rama Naidu):—(a) No, Sir  
(b) Does not arise.

మాస్టర్ ప్లేన్ ఇంటి నిర్మాణం అందుకు తీసినది, తిరుపతి పండాలు స్వర్ణముందు పాలక స్థానం అంటే,  
(b) వివిధ భాగాలు ఉంటుంది.
Oral Answers to Questions.

There is an alternative plan, whereby south route may be diverted. There is a scope for improvement and all round development, which is most necessary.

Sri N. Raghava Reddy—(a) Yes Sir, As the road in question is narrow and steep, the morrom berus on both sides of the existing cement road have also been partly cemented last year with a view to widen the road considerably.

(b) The Corporation is aware of the possibility for accidents on the road leading to Assembly from Ritz Hotel in Hyderabad City, as the turnings on that road are narrow; and

Sri N. Chenchuama Naidu—(a) Yes Sir, as the road is narrow and steep, the morrom berus on both sides of the existing cement road have also been partly cemented last year with a view to widen the road considerably.

RITZ HOTEL ROAD

(a) Whether the Corporation is aware of the possibility for accidents on the road leading to Assembly from Ritz Hotel in Hyderabad City, as the turnings on that road are narrow; and

(b) If so, the steps taken to widen the said road?

Sri N. Chenchuama Naidu—(a) Yes Sir, as the road is narrow and steep, the morrom berus on both sides of the existing cement road have also been partly cemented last year with a view to widen the road considerably.

(b) The Corporation is aware of the possibility for accidents on the road leading to Assembly from Ritz Hotel in Hyderabad City, as the turnings on that road are narrow; and

Sri N. Raghava Reddy—(a) Yes Sir, as the road is narrow and steep, the morrom berus on both sides of the existing cement road have also been partly cemented last year with a view to widen the road considerably.

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Oral Answers to Questions.  
2nd September, 1969.

MODERN SLAUGHTER HOUSES

§ 351—

*849 (2369) Q.—Sri Dhanekula Narasimham (Udayagiri):—

Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state—

(a) whether the Government have taken any steps to construct modern slaughter houses; and

(b) if so, the amount sanctioned during 1967–68 for the said purpose?

Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu:—(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

(a) నీటిసంచార గృహాలు ప్రత్యేకం చేసినా?
(b) ఆదాయానికి సాధనం లేదు.

逞ుతున్న వద్ద తోడ్డి ప్రత్యేకించలు ఇంటి ఆధార నుండి సాధనం లేదు.

TEMPLES UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF T. T. D.

352—

*154 (1918) Q. Sri G. Siviah:—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) the temples that are under the management of Tirumala Tirupathi Devasthanams other than the Temples at Tirumala Tirupathi and Tiruchanur; and

(b) whether the old temple staff working at Mangapuram, Nagalapuram and Narayanavaram during the previous management are continued even during the management of T.T.D. Devasthanam?

The Minister for Endowments (Sri R. Ramalinga Raju).—(a) There are three such temples under the management of the T. T. Devasthanams namely, Sri Venkateswaraswamy temple, Mangapuram, Sri Vedanarayanaswamy temple, Nagalapuram and Sri Kalyana Venkateswaraswamy temple, Narayanavaram.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(a) తిరుమల తిరుపతి దేవాశంసనాందిలో ఇతర వాటా వాటా తమ వెలిగి సాధనం లేదు?
(b) సాధనం సాధనం లేదు.

సమాధానం సాధనం సాధనం లేదు.

272—5
RCigcr* M  temples  ^xr^Oj.  Ejo^gj

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gj 6  9  /fodJB

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c^eo  g^^  jh)  Mmi:ter

COST REDUCTION COMMITTEE” FOR EVERY BIG PROJECT

353 -

*250 (6998) Q —Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao: Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) is it not a fact that the Planning Commission recommended to the State Government to constitute what is called “Cost Reduction Committee” for every big project at the State level to effect economy in each project;

(b) if so, what was the action taken by the Government on the Planning Commission’s letter, and

(c) what is the cost reduction effected in the State during the years 1966-67 and 1967-68.

The Minister for Irrigation (Sri S. Sidda Reddy) —(a) Planning Commission suggested the construction of a Cost Reduction Committee at State level and a cost reduction unit for each major project;

(b) A Cost Reduction Committee was constituted at State level and Cost Reduction units were constituted for Nagarjunasagar Canals Organisation, Srisailam and Pochampad Projects;

(c) While it is difficult to assess in terms of money the exact cost reduction effected in the State due to adoption of various measures of economy particularly year-wise as the estimates are prepared work-wise, approximate amounts of economy reported to have been effected in a few instances are given below:

Nagarjunasagar Canals Rs. 3 Crores.
Lower Sileru Rs. 20 lakhs.
Kothagudem Thermal Scheme Rs. 9 lakhs.

"COST REDUCTION COMMITTEE’ FOR EVERY BIG PROJECT
Oral Answers to Questions.
2nd September, 1969.

savings schemes extend active schemes to?

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—I am sorry to say that the
Minister's answer is incorrect.
EVALUATION OF WORKING OF P. H. CENTRES

—(a) whether there has been any independent Evaluation of the working of Primary Health Centres in Panchayat Samiti Blocks and if so, with what result.

(b) whether the Government is aware that many of them are running without medicine and necessary equipment to be of service in the area in which they are located; and

(c) whether the Government is also aware of the worst situation prevailing in several subsidised Ayurvedic rural dispensaries in the Blocks?

The Minister for Health & Medical (Sri M. Ibrahim Ali Ansari) — (a) Yes, Sir. The Evaluation Wing of Planning Department has undertaken a study on the working of Primary Health Centres. The data collected is being analysed and the report is under preparation.

(b) As the Medical Stores Depot could supply the medicines to the tune of Rs. 3000 only to each Primary Health Centre, out of the alloted amount of Rs. 7,000 there was short supply of medicines to Primary Health Centres. With a view to supply medicines in time, the District Medical and Health Officers have also been authorised to purchase locally under rate contract and supply to each Primary Health Centre to the tune of Rs. 4,500 in the first instance, subsequently for Rs. 2,500 if the Medical Stores Depot fails to supply in time.

(c) As no complaints have been received it has to be assumed that the Dispensaries are working satisfactorily.

Sri P Subbaiah.—For the question (c) whether the Government is also aware of the worst situation prevailing in several subsidised Ayurvedic rural dispensaries in the Blocks? The Minister has said that as no complaints have been received it has to be assumed that the Dispensaries are working satisfactorily. I think that the
Minister, perhaps, is not aware of the situation prevailing there in each and every Rural Dispensaries including the inadequate supply of medicines there. Will the Minister consider about the supply of medicines also and take a decision immediately?

Sri Mohd Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— As the things stand there is no difficulty in supply of medicines to the Primary Health Centres as it is. Medicines are being supplied in time.

Sri K. Buchirayudu (Kovvur):— There are so many cases of misuse of the medicines in the Primary Health Centres? Will the hon. Minister also give a list of the medicines supplied to the Primary Health Centres and check the misuse of medicines by the Medical Officers there?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— So far, I have not received any such complaints. I take the information and I will do something in this regard.

Sri K. Buchirayudu:— Atleast you give the list of medicines that are supplied to the Primary Health Centres? You send the lists to the Primary Health Centres.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— I will see that it is being done.

P. H CENTRES IN IN NELLORE

355—

* 358 (2279) Q.— Sri Dhanenkula Narasimham:— Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) the number and names of Primary Health Centres in Nellore district which stopped functioning during 1967-68 for want of doctors, and

(b) if so the reasons for failure?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— (a) The posts of Medical Officer were vacant for short spells in the following 7 Primary Health Centres:

1. Primary Health Centre, Ananthasagaram.
2. Primary Health Centre, Chuntavaram.
3. Primary Health Centre, Kakurla.
4. Primary Health Centre, Mallam.
5. Primary Health Centre, Narrawada.
6. Primary Health Centre, Pedacherlapalle.
7. Primary Health Centre, Magarumudi.
But alternate arrangements were made by posting Medical Officers of near-by institutions placing them in additional charge. As such no Primary Health Centre in Nellore District stopped functioning during 1067-68 for want of doctors.

(b) These short spells are due to transfer of some doctors for Post Graduate studies, and some Medical Officers proceeded on leave.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari.—I am not understanding what he is saying, Sir.

Sri S Vemayya:— There are a number of doctors available at the disposal of the Government and the Primary Health Centres are without doctors. May I know the facts regarding Nellore District where the Centres are without doctors? Why not the Government post the Doctors to the Primary Health Centres? What is the reason for delay?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:— It is true that we have posted doctors to each and every Primary Health Centre. It is not for want of Doctors there were no postings. We have posted the Doctors, but some of them have not joined duty.

SERVICE ROLLS FOR N. M. RS. WORKERS

* 398 (16:3) Q.— Sri R. Mahananda:— Will the hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to open ‘Service Rolls’ for all the N M. R. Workers at Srisailam Hydro-Electric Project;

(b) whether the dearness allowance enhanced in G. O. Ms. No. 169 dated 1-7-65 and G. O. Ms. No. 84 dated 23-4-66 is being paid to the N. M. R. workers at this Project;

(c) whether the Malaria allowance (Unhealthy Localities Special Pay) construction allowance and Go Home allowance are paid to the N. M. R. workers of this Project; and

(d) whether any representation has been received from the Srisailam Project Employees and Mazdoor Union (Regd. No. 3809) by the Chief Engineer (Projects) to provide adequate transport?
facilities and ample and free supply of water and electricity to all the labourers and to open a dispensary at the Dam site for first aid treatment?

The Minister for Power (Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu) (a) No, Sir.
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) No, Sir.
(d) Yes, Sir.

The Minister for Social Welfare (Sri D. Perumallu) (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) No, Sir.

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR LABOUR RELATION

337—

* 155 (1920) Q.—Sri Agarala Eswara Reddy,—Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:

(a) whether a comprehensive code of discipline and code of conduct in Labour management relations have been evolved; and

(b) the aims of the “New Policy”? 

The Minister for Labour (Sri G. Sanjeeva Reddy,)—(a) There is already a Code of Discipline a tripartite agreement between the management, Labour and the Government; but no Code of Conduct has so far been evolved.

(b) The matter is under consideration

HOUSE SITES TO HARIJANS OF THUMMAPALA

338—

* 581 (6298) Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao: Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to acquire land for house sites for Harijans of Thummapala Village, Anakapalli Taluk, Visakhapatnam District, and

(b) if so, whether the acquisition has been completed?

The Minister for Social Welfare (Sri D. Perumallu) —(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) No, Sir.
FOREST ADVISORY BOARD

(a) The State Forest Advisory Board was constituted in 1965, and on the expiry of the term of non-officials, a fresh Board is being set up.

(b) The list of members of the Board is placed on the Table of the House. The Board met last on 1-1-1966.

ANSWER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

[ Vida L A. Q. No. 2011 (Starred) *359 ]

Official Members:

1. Minister for Agriculture (Forests) .... Chairman
2. Member Board of Revenue Incharge of Estate & Private Forests .... Vice-Chairman
3. Chief Conservator of Forests .... Member-Secretary
4. Secretary to Government, Food and Agriculture or Joint Secretary to Government Food and Agriculture (as an alternative member)
Oar! Answers to Questions.

2nd September, 1969.

5. Chief Engineer, Public Works Department (Buildings) . . Member
6. Chief Engineer (Electricity) . . Member
7. Director of Industries and Commerce . . Member
8. Director of Agriculture . . Member
9. Director of Animal Husbandry . . Member
10. Director of Fisheries . . Member
11. Director, Central Laboratories, Hyderabad . . Member
12. Forest Utilization Officer. . . Member
13. Sri Mazharuddin Ahemad, Deputy Chief Member Conservator of Forests
14. Finance Advisor (Food & Agriculture) . . Member

Non-Official Members:

2. Chodi Mallikarjuna, M.L.A., East Godavari
4. V. V. Krishnamraju, M.L.A., East Godavari
5. Alu Dasavatharam, M.L.A., Visakhapatnam
10. C. Madhavareddy, M.L.A., Adilabad
18. T. Hayagrivachari, M.L.A. Warangal
20. T. Bhaskara Rao, I.C.S. Retired (Trade Representative) Hyderabad

21. The President, Timber Merchants Association, Rajahmundry, East Godavari District or a Representative of the Association nominated by the President.

22. A member nominated by the Andhra Chamber of Commerce Branch, Secunderabad

2nd September, 1969. Short-notice Questions and Answers.

SETTING UP OF DIVINERS FOR WELL SINKING

1075 Q—Sri T C Rajan:—Will the hon. Minister for Marketing be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to employ a water Diviner in each district to assist the iyots who seek to sink a well, and

(b) if so, when it is going to come into effect?

The Minister for Marketing (Sri Ramachandra Rao Kalyani) —

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

NON-PRACTICING ALLOWANCE TO THE DOCTORS

S.N. 360-A

S.N.Q. No 1723-C—Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the amounts of the non-practising allowance intended to be paid to the Doctors in Government Medical Colleges consequent to the ban on private practice have been paid to any of those categories; and

(b) if so, to which categories and for how many months?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—(a) The amount of non-practicing allowance now called special allowance which is intended to be paid to the doctors in Government Medical Colleges consequent on the ban on private practice has been authorised to be paid to those categories as per the orders of Government issued in G.O. No. 2076/Health, dt. 19-10-68.

(b) It has been authorised to be paid to Civil Surgeons and Asst Surgeons categories of Medical doctors from 1-11-68 onwards. It is not being paid to others other than Medical Officers,
Short-notice Questions and Answers. 2nd September, 1969.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—They were not paid. The order was issued. In that order it was said that for some categories, the special allowance will be paid. But they are not receiving the amount.

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—There were some difficulties in payment. Now, as far as I know, they have been paid.

Rural Dispensary at Lakhanapuram

S. No 363-B

S. N. Q. No 1722 N.—Sri M. B. Parankusam:—Will the hon. Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware of the non-supply of medicines to the rural dispensary at Lakhanapuram in Kurupam Samithi, Srikakulam district, since the last two years;

(b) the reason for the non-supply of medicines since the last two years, though the Doctor and other staff are paid their salaries; and

(c) whether medicines will be supplied immediately?

Sri Mohd. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—(a) No, Sir,

(b) General funds of Panchayat Samithi, Kurupam from which expenditure on medicines is met, are poor.

(c) The Panchayat Samithi authorities have indicated that the medicines would be supplied.
BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

(Some Members raised slogans of 'Jai Telangana')

Sri P. Narasanga Rao:—Mr Speaker, Sir, I am very much grateful for your kind...

Mr. Speaker:—You need not express any kind of thanks. It is my duty to make necessary arrangements and give protection to all the Members.

What is that Mr. Govindha Reddy, you are going to say?

* * *

Mr. Speaker:—You have raised a very interesting point. I will consider about it. It is a good point. It is an interesting point. It is not an adverse comment on the point you raised, when I say it is a good point. You must feel satisfied if I compliment you.

*** Expunged as ordered by the Chair
Mr. Speaker:—That is exactly what you stated before. You are repeating the same thing over and over again.

Mr. Speaker:—Occasions like these do arise sometimes in this House—not only in this House but in other Houses too. The only thing is we have to deal with situations as and when they arise rather carefully. There have been occasions like these in other Houses, and they do arise. I am trying my best to deal with the situations as tactfully as I can. I have been appealing to members not to use unparliamentary language, not to get excited but try to remain as calm and cool as possible. That is what I have been appealing to the members. It is true that members got up and spoke without my permission. I could easily have said and asked them to
go away. I can use that power. That is very easy. But all the same let me try to be as indulgent as possible towards them. The only thing is let us try to understand each other with some sympathy—not to unnecessarily worsen the situation. It is a problem which has got to be tackled and solved with sympathy and understanding and it is for you, members to consider about it.

Mr. Speaker: ---Not only the Police officers: I myself could not recognise Mr. Manik Rao with his beard and all that. It is just possible that some body might have committed some mistake.

Sri M. Manik Rao: ---I have asked you about a clarification Sir. Have instructions gone from you to keep the police people in the lobbies?

Mr. Speaker: ---One thing I must tell. So far as arrangements inside the premises and inside the House are concerned, it is entirely my responsibility. I will see that no inconvenience is caused to any member. The only thing is, when members are coming in their cars, as far as possible, let them not bring or let them try to avoid outsiders in their cars.

Sri G. Raja Ram: ---He is complaining about police in the lobbies.

Mr. Speaker: ---About lobbies. I will see that the lobbies are cleared of Police Officers. There are some people on watch and ward duty. It is only at the entrance that some people are posted to prevent outsiders entering the lobbies.

Mr. Speaker: ---I will see that no inconvenience is caused.
Mr. Speaker — Unfortunately I cannot make any observations while sitting here. If you can come to my chambers, I will make my own observations about the arrests and all that. I cannot make any observations sitting here as Speaker, and it will not be proper also for me.

Sri K Atchuta Reddy — I presume that you will be kind enough to go through the question of privilege raised.

Mr Speaker — Why do you think I will not go through that?

Sri Konda Laxman Bapuji — With your permission, I point out Sir that I sent questions from the jail about a month back questions pertaining to different matters relating to Telangana, the situation that developed during the last 8 months. I would like to get replies to them as early as possible. May I get your assistance, Sir, in getting the answers at the earliest possible time?

Mr. Speaker — Many of you have sent many questions. I have asked the office to give information regarding the questions admitted and when they are coming into the House for being answered. It is just possible, within a day or two you will get information from the office.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji — About a month back, we sent the questions. If they are disallowed, we could have been informed earlier.

Mr. Speaker — It is possible that your questions might have been admitted. You will be informed of the dates when those questions will be coming up for answers in the House.

Mr. Speaker — I think I received your letter. Immediately I took action and asked that authorities to provide an opportunity for you to vote. I have taken necessary action and I think you were allowed to vote.
Mr. Speaker—There are a number of High Court decisions. No member while under detection can be brought to the House. I cannot compel the authorities to produce members under detention before the House. In the light of those decisions, I could not do anything.

Mr. Speaker—if as a result of your absence in the House, your membership is going to cease, I may consider. Your membership, I believe, will not cease on that account. You need not be worried about it.

Mr. Speaker—What is the urgency about it. Why are you worried about it. One day's delay does not make much difference.

Sri K. Atchuta Reddy:—You must appreciate our anxiety.

Mr. Speaker—You take things in a disinterested manner. After all you gave notice and I will consider about it. What is the hurry?

Sri K. Atchuta Reddy:—When can I expect it?

Mr. Speaker.—Day after tomorrow.

Sri K. Atchuta Reddy.—Day after tomorrow is a holiday.

Mr. Speaker.—Since you say that day after tomorrow is a holiday, it will be taken up on the next working day.

Mr. Speaker.—Whoever enters the House, if he is not a Member, unless he takes my permission, he will not be here.

Sr. P. Narasing Rao.—Has he taken your permission, Sir?

Mr. Speaker.—Every day? We have given general permission for the entire session.

Mr. Speaker.—When you become the Chief Minister.

Sri P. Narasing Rao:—I can understand concerned officers sitting here, but not the Security Officer of the Chief Minister.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Eviction of poor cultivators of banjar lands in Kommapalli village of Narsampet taluk

Mr Speaker:—I disallowed your adjournment motion for this reason; Telangana matter is a continuing matter. For the last 8 months or 9 months, this movement is there. Now, It is not as though you are referring to any particular incident of a recent occurrence. It is there and every day you are discussing the issue in the House.

While during discussion on the Governor's address, a number of members have referred to it. During the general discussion on the budget a number of members are referring to it. If all the members think there is a very important issue which should take precedence over the business of the House, I am prepared to consider about it. Strictly under the rules it is not admissible. I am sorry, I have disallowed it.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: Eviction of poor cultivators of banjar lands in Kommapalli village of Narsampet taluk
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Eviction of poor cultivators of banjar lands in Kammapalli, Narsampet taluk.

1st September, 1939. 

1. Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance: 

2. Eviction of poor cultivators of banjar lands in Kammapalli, Narsampet taluk.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Eviction of poor cultivators of banjar lands in Kammapalli, Narsampet taluk.

1. The Hon'ble M. — The Hon'ble Member for 10th Lok Sabha has drawn my attention to the problem of eviction of poor cultivators of banjar lands in Kammapalli, Narsampet taluk. The Hon'ble Member has indicated that this matter is of urgent public importance. Would you please take appropriate steps to protect the rights of these poor cultivators and prevent any further evictions? I am informed that some of these poor cultivators have already been evicted and others are in imminent danger of being evicted. I urge you to take all necessary steps to prevent further evictions and to provide safeguards for these poor cultivators.

2. The Hon'ble M. — The Hon'ble Member for 10th Lok Sabha has drawn my attention to the problem of eviction of poor cultivators of banjar lands in Kammapalli, Narsampet taluk. The Hon'ble Member has indicated that this matter is of urgent public importance. Would you please take appropriate steps to protect the rights of these poor cultivators and prevent any further evictions? I am informed that some of these poor cultivators have already been evicted and others are in imminent danger of being evicted. I urge you to take all necessary steps to prevent further evictions and to provide safeguards for these poor cultivators.

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4. The Hon'ble M. — The Hon'ble Member for 10th Lok Sabha has drawn my attention to the problem of eviction of poor cultivators of banjar lands in Kammapalli, Narsampet taluk. The Hon'ble Member has indicated that this matter is of urgent public importance. Would you please take appropriate steps to protect the rights of these poor cultivators and prevent any further evictions? I am informed that some of these poor cultivators have already been evicted and others are in imminent danger of being evicted. I urge you to take all necessary steps to prevent further evictions and to provide safeguards for these poor cultivators.
148 2nd September, 1969. Calling attention to matter of public importance:

1. Eviction of poor cultivators of banjar lands in Kammapalli, Narsampet taluk.

In Kammapalli Village of Narasampeta Taluka of Warangal District there is an extent of about 148 acres of Banchari land. According to Government orders, Banchari lands have to be reserved for grazing purposes of the Village cattle to the extent of 5% of the total cultivable area of this Village which is 1,572 acres and 5% of the total cultivable area comes to 78 acres. Banchari land in excess of 5% may be assigned to the landless poor according to the Government orders. The excess area has already been assigned to those eligible landless poor.

There are unauthorised encroachments in the prohibited banchari land of 78 acres. The encroachments were removed under the Encroachment Act in 1968, but again the villagers have encroached this year. The names of the encroachers have been booked in the Paham and all of them are liable for eviction and action for eviction is being taken by the Tahsildar irrespective of the fact whether they are landless poor or rich.

There was trouble between two groups of encroachers of the prohibited banchari lands this year. On 5th July 1969 the Tahsildar and Circle Inspector of Police visited the Village and explained to the Villagers that they cannot occupy prohibited banchari lands. When the two groups of Villagers clashed in the Village on 15th July 1969, it resulted in injuries to some. On receipt of information, the Police rushed there and brought the situation under control. The Police investigated the matter and the culprits are being charged. At present there is no tension in the Village.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance.

Retrenchment orders served on 15 Extension Officers.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy —He can take advocacy for every case throughout the State.

Mr. Speaker, Sir, I rise to call the attention of the hon. Minister for Small-scale Industries about the unfortunate plight of 15 Extension Officers (Industries) who have been working in the Department for the last 10 or 12 years and who have been served with the notice of retrenchment all of a sudden. I would like to represent that these Extension Officers are graduates and some of them are double graduates.

Consequent on the delimitation of blocks in the former Madras State area in 1961 they were absorbed as Senior Inspectors in the Government giving them pay protection and their services have also been regularised besides their probation being declared.

In this connection, Sir, I would like to submit that they were continued in the same Department till 8-11-67 on which date they were promoted as Extension Officers and subsequently in their place as Senior Inspectors some of the U. D. C. in the Department were promoted. Subsequently, they have been served with notices of retrenchment which is highly unfortunate and against all cannons of law and natural justice. The Director has acted in a very arbitrary manner and it is for the Government to see that such injustice is rectified and they should once again be taken back into the Department and justice meted out to them.

I would like to submit that one of the victims has expressed that he will stage Dha'na at the residence of the Chief Minister. I would request the Chief Minister to see that such a contingency does not arise in the present circumstances.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy —On account of re-organisation of blocks in Panchayat Raj set-up in 1964, the number of Extension Officers (Industries) was reduced from 391 to 114 resulting in a surplus of 247 Extension Officers. These surplus Extension Officers were absorbed in different posts in different departments.

Of these surplus Extension Officers (Industries), 60 were absorbed as Managers of Panchayat Samithis. In 1967 they were reverted to the Industries Department by the Panchayatraj Department as their services were not required as Managers of Panchayat Samithis. 34 of them, however, obtained stay orders from the High Court and continued as Managers of Panchayat Samithis. The Government created additional posts of Extension Officers (Industries) on a temporary basis to accommodate the remaining 26 persons. Sanction for
2nd September, 1960. Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re. Retrenchment orders served on 15 Extension Officers.

These posts was periodically extended by the Government upto the end of October 1967. Of these 26 Extension Officers, 14 could be absorbed as Senior Inspectors in Industrial Co-operatives in the Industries Department and 12 were served with retrenchment notices. These 12 Extension Officers who were absorbed as Senior Inspectors but later served with retrenchment notices have filed a writ petition in the High Court and obtained stay orders. Thus they have been continued as Senior Inspectors by virtue of the High Court stay orders till July 1969.

When the High Court dismissed their writ petitions, the Director of Industries issued proceedings dated 8-8-69 terminating the services of these 12 Extension Officers working as Senior Inspectors as also 3 other Extension Officers who were also found surplus. However, on a representation made by the effected Extension Officers the Director of Industries kept the retrenchment proceedings in abeyance till 31-8-69 with a view to absorb them in any other suitable posts. Meanwhile the 12 Extension Officers whose writ petitions were dismissed went in appeal in the High Court on which the Division Bench suspended the retrenchment proceedings of the Director of Industries dated 8-8-69. Hence the 12 writ petitioners and the 3 Extension Officers who were served with retrenchment orders are being continued in the present post.

While the writ petitioners were thus continued as Senior Inspectors by virtue of the High Court stay orders some posts of Senior Inspectors have fallen vacant in the Department and U.D. Clerks who have put in longer years of service in the cadre have been temporarily promoted to these posts.

In this connection, it may be stated that all these Extension Officers were originally recruited against temporary posts and when there was reduction in the Department in the exigencies of administration personnel found surplus had to be retrenched. However, steps have been taken to absorb as many of them as possible in the different posts.

The matter is now sub judice in view of the writ appeal before the Division Bench of the High Court.

The U.D.Cs, who under the rules were eligible for promotion and who had longer years of services had been promoted.
Government Motion: 2nd September, 1969  151

Election to the Committee on Public Accounts for 1969-70.

Mr. J. V. Narsimha Rao:—On behalf of the Chief Minister I beg to move.

"That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (3) of Rule 105 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, one member to the Committee on Public Accounts for the financial year 1969–70."
Mr. Chairman:—Motion moved.
(Pause)
Mr. Chairman.—The question is:

"That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (3) of Rule 193 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, one member to the Committee on Public Accounts for the financial year 1969-70."

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Chairman:—In accordance with the regulations made by me for the conduct of elections according to the principle of proportional representation by means of a single transferable vote I fix 12 Noon on 8-9-69 as the date on or before which nominations for the election to the Committee on Public Accounts should reach the Secretary, Legislature. Last date for withdrawal is 12-9-69. If the number of candidates nominated exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, viz, one, there will be an election on 19-9-69.

ELECTION TO THE COMMITTEE ON PRIVILEGES

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao.—I beg to move on behalf of the Chief Minister:

"That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (2) of Rule 172 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, one member from among their number to be a member of the Committee on Privileges for the financial year 1969-70."

Mr. Chairman:—Motion moved.
(Pause)

Mr. Chairman:—The question is:

"That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (3) of Rule 172 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, one member from among their number to be a Member of the Committee on Privileges for the financial year 1969-70."

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Chairman:—In accordance with the regulations made by me for the conduct of elections according to the principle of proportional representation by means of a single transferable vote, I fix 12 Noon on 18-9-69 as the date on or before which nominations for the election to the Committee of Privileges should reach the Secretary, Legislature. Last date for withdrawal is 12-9-69. If the number of vacancies nominated exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, viz, one, there will be an election on 19-9-69.

ELECTION TO THE COMMITTEE ON ESTIMATES

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao:—Sir, On behalf of the Chief Minister, I beg to move:
Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh Marriages Validation (Repeal) Bill, 1969.

2nd September, 1969.

"That the Members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (2) of rule 185 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, three members from among their number to be the members of the Committee on Estimates for the financial year 1969-70."

"That this House recommends to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council that they do agree to nominate one member from the Legislative Council to be on the Committee on Estimates of this House for the financial year 1969-70."

Mr. Chairman:— Motions moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Chairman:— The question is:

"That the Members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (2) of rule 185 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, three members from among their number to be the members of the Committee on Estimates for the financial year 1969-70."

"That this House recommends to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council that they do agree to nominate one member from the Legislative Council to be on the Committee on Estimates of this House for the financial year 1969-70."

The motions were adopted.

Mr. Chairman:— In accordance with the regulations made by me for the conduct of elections according to the principle of proportional representation by means of a single transferable vote I fix 12 Noon on 8-9-69 as the date on or before which nominations for the election to the Committee on Estimates should reach the Secretary, Legislature; last date for withdrawal is 12-9-69. If the number of candidates nominated exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, viz., three, there will be an election on 19-9-69.

GOVERNMENT BILL

THE ANDHRA PRADESH MARRIAGES VALIDATION (REPEAL) BILL, 1969.

Mr. Chairman:— I now request the Minister for Home to move the Government Bill.

The Minister for Home (Sri J. Vengal Rao). Sir, I beg to move

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Marriages Validation (Repeal) Bill, 1969."

Mr. Chairman:— Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Chairman:— The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Marriages Validation (Repeal) Bill, 1969."

The motion was adopted.

272—8
THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1969-70
(GENERAL DISCUSSION)

154 2nd September, '69.

THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1969-70
(GENERAL DISCUSSION)

- Discussion on the annual financial statement for 1969-70.
- General discussion on the financial aspects.

- Further discussion on the budget and its implications.
- Review of the financial strategies for the upcoming year.
- Question and answer session on the financial matters.

(Note: The text is a rough translation and may contain errors due to the complexity of the content.)
Annual Financial Statement

Budget
2nd September, 1999

(General Discussion)
56  2nd September, 1969  Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1969-70.
(General Discussion)

[Text not legible due to quality of the image]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 2nd September, '69.
(Genral Discussion)

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(General Discussion)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 2nd September 1969
for 1968-70.
(General Discussion)

[excerpts from the document discussing financial statements and decisions]
Sri K. Vema Reddy (Kadiri):—Mr. Speaker, Sir, in supporting the budget presented by our young, energetic and dynamic Finance Minister, I wish to make a few observations. There is a sight of relief that there are no fresh taxation proposals. As a matter of fact, the Fifth Finance Commission has recommended Rs. 389 crores which is not sufficient to meet the requirements of the State and to complete the spillover schemes. No doubt our finances are at a low ebb and they have to be augmented, that can be done by scrapping prohibition, by tightening the fringe in our State taxes by drastic action. You know, Sir, the budget provision for the great Nagarjunasagar and Pochampad projects and Tungabhadra Second Stage and Srisailam Project is very inadequate. As a matter of fact, the budget discloses by November, 1989 under Nagarjunasagar, about 9 lakh acres will be brought under cultivation. The area of Nagarjunasagar is about 85 lakh acres and I am sure we will not see the completion of the project within the short period and the State, at least the Central Government, should offer more aid to complete this project.

Reverting to the condition in the country, I wish to observe that we are passing through very difficult times. The rule of law which is the bed-rock of democracy is blown to the winds; lawlessness and disorder is the order of the day and parochialism has gone so far as to disrupt the fabric of democracy. The recent happenings in Andhra have damaged the image of Andhra Pradesh and Telangana agitation which has been there for the last 8 months took an ugly turn with arson, loot and violence, involving colossal loss of properties and lives of the people and the student role in this agitation is most deplorable. I cannot visualize how the future generation would shape up and the leadership of the future would be built up. The Telangana agitation may be a fundamental right as the Constitution gives us the fundamental right to agitate over any issue. The agitation must be carried on in a non-violent manner with respect to the rule of law. I am one of those who are not for the dismemberment of the State or the disintegration of the State; a big state will do big things and will be more profitable to the State; a smaller state with limited finances will be a bottleneck to solve the confronting problems of unemployment and liquidation of poverty and it is for the Telangana people — I appeal to the members of Telangana — to bestow serious thought over this and as a matter of fact, the Chief Minister is prepared to sit together with them and settle the issues in a cordial atmosphere apart from the dismemberment of the State.

Our objective is socialism and socialism which was a slogan till yesterday has been given a realistic touch by our Prime Minister with the nationalisation of Banks which has kindled some hope and confidence in the minds of the common men whose problems will be liquidated in the near future. It has created credit facilities to the small farmer, to the artisan, etc. As a matter of fact, this is only a beginning of socialism and the goal is very far off and it is for us to push through the logical conclusion by land legislation, nationalisation of trade and ceiling on urban properties. That will be the goal of socialistic pattern of society and I am sure it will come into being with the favour of our Prime Minister who has taken the lead.
Coming to Rayalaseema from which I hail, it has a population of 75 lakhs, it was a prosperous region of an empire, but suffering from famine for a century now. Always we are exposed to the ravages of famine, our economy is crippled and we have to live hand to-mouth existence. Rayalaseema has its own problems and they must be tackled at the All India level and most of the people in Rayalaseema are born in famine and bred up in famine but we refuse to add any famine because our Chief Minister's touching references on several occasions for special treatment is commendable and in that an agency is created, i.e., Rayalaseema Development Board through which its problems could be solved and the Development Board must be a statutory body. It may be by the President's Order and it must be amply armed with powers for implementation of the programmes. Further, a master plan must be prepared on the basis of the Report of Subbarao, the then Famine Commissioner whose report is very exhaustive touching all the schemes in the various sectors of development. Rayalaseema is devoid of perennial rivers and its irrigation potential must be developed by tackling the underground water and survey of underground water must be conducted and a survey involves crores of rupees. I am told, Sir, that the United Nations Development Fund is doing much work in Madras. They have undertaken the survey of underground water and the Government can approach the United Nations Development Fund to come to our aid. Rayalaseema's irrigation potential must be developed synchronising with rural electrification. The dry land farming is a common feature of agriculture in Rayalaseema. Look at Switzerland where the intense research in dry land farming disclosed that it yielded better results with a minimum rain-fall. In Africa, I am told with 6" of rain, it could produce good crops. In Switzerland also with 7 or 8 inches rain, full crop of wheat could be produced. So the dry land farming must be developed; that can be done by soil conservation and contour bunding to prevent soil erosion.

So far as industries are concerned, that is a second line of defence against recurrence of famine. So far as Rayalaseema is concerned, it is rich in mineral resources but no industries are developed, no private enterprise is forthcoming and there is lot of regional imbalances even with regard to location of industries, most of the industries are located in Hyderabad and surrounding places also in Andhra Pradesh, but even these big industries and heavy industries should be started in the undeveloped areas where there is man-power, where there is raw material available. Then only Rayalaseema can be developed and Rayalaseema, as a matter of fact, is not only undeveloped but is a famine-stricken area. When we compare Rayalaseema with Telangana, the rain-fall is greater in Telangana which is undeveloped, but so far as Rayalaseema is concerned, it is not only undeveloped but also famine-stricken and the Government should see that these problems are solved. Discontent must be eliminated and the economic inequalities must be minimised as far as possible which is the cause of discontent and lawlessness in this country. Thank you, Sir.
2nd September, 1969.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1969-70.

(General Discussion)

(General Discussion)

(General Discussion)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 2nd September, 1969

for 1969-70

(General Discussion)

Sirs,

The Hon. Minister for Finance, has laid before the House the economic policy of the Government for the financial year 1969-70. The programme of expenditure is to be largely financed from the resources of the Government. The major expenditures are to be on roads, education, health, and social welfare schemes. The proposed budget is to be a balanced one. The major challenges facing the Government are to ensure the socio-economic development of the country, to provide better health facilities for the people, to increase the educational facilities and to ensure the protection of the natural resources.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

[Name]

[Position]

[Address]
166 2nd September, 1969. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1969-70 (General Discussion).

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 2nd September, 1969.

(General Discussion).

...
Mr Speaker, Sir, in supporting the budget presented by our new but able Finance Minister, I wish to make few observations on Telengana situation. For the last eight months we have been passing through a protracted political eclipse. The shadow of Telengana agitation has been lingering in a way all over the country. This crisis which has survived for so long is unprecedented in its quantity and multi-dimensional in its character. We have therefore a reason to delve deep into the matter. This agitation as you all know was sponsored by students but has been sustained by services. It is now being led by politicians. The most remarkable thing about the agitation is that this agitation was not sponsored by politicians. It has been sustained by services. It has only been led by politicians. How did these politicians board the band wagon we are examining? Most of the politicians boarded the band wagon because they were the only way through which they could ventilate their discontentment. The remaining lot rode the tiger because they did not have the stamina to withstand the popular onslaught. So, the leadership of the area surrendered to the anarchical movement which has been sponsored and sustained by non-political entities. The second remarkable thing about the agitation is that this agitation did not allow anybody who differed with its object to speak or propagate. We have been witnessing a tremendous intellectual intolerance in the air for the last few months. That is in my view a regrettable thing. It in fact smacks, what I may call, through a strong phrase, it smacks of Fascists. Such of the people who really believe in the integration of the state have been 

Sri S. Jaipal Reddy (Kalvakurthi):——
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(General Discussion).

as stooges, lackeys and traitors. In the morning, I may recall one Hon Member was referring to the integrationists as Mir Jaffars, Amunchands and so on and so forth. It is the most regrettable thing about the present agitation. I may say that such of these politicians who boarded the band wagon will not be able to deliver the goods because they are not simply leading. As you all know, those who ride the tiger will ultimately end up in sad death. This was proved dramatically by the example set by Sri Amos, leader of the Telangana N.G. Os. To begin with, he was a great fire-eater. Ultimately when the strike collapsed, not only the strike collapsed but the leadership collapsed. There was great moral to all of us. Fire eating which gives birth to Frankenstein monster will ultimately devour the fire-eater himself. Therefore, I would warn the politicians who have been leading this agitation about such likely fate that will be in store for them.

In my view, Sir, there are six factors responsible for this agitation. 1. There is an inevitable tendency of a minority group to develop a false sense of grievance. Sometimes, if the sense of grievance is real it will be exaggerated. 2. As you have seen in the whole country the forces of disruption have gone to ascendency with the result we find the separatist slogan not only raising its ugly head in this part of the country but in other parts of the country. 3. The economic frustration. That we find in our country is resulting from depression and industrial stagnation that have come to mark Indian economy during the last few years. 4. The complex of student power. We have seen that the students all over the world have been on rampage. They have been able to rock many well settled Governments with the result the student community all over the world has acquired a complex of student power and the students in this part of the country are also receiving the same complex and the students therefore are on the rampage. This is the fourth factor. Fifth, of course is the political frustration. Political frustration as you all know is more dangerous than economic frustration because political frustration will land people in ideological desperation. The sixth factor is the final factor has been vacillation and inefficiency of the Central Government. The Central Government since independence has been opposed to the demand of every State. Ultimately, it has conceded a state-hood for anybody, with the result the people of Telangana have not been able to take the demands of the Delhi Government very seriously. People in Telangana always feel that one more kick will certainly get them separate State. All these six factors are responsible for the growth of this tremendous movement in Telangana. But many people have been trying to say that failure of implementation of Telangana safeguards is responsible for the agitation. In my view, failure of proper implementation of safeguards must be viewed as a part of the larger failure of administrative machinery in the country. In fact the administrative machinery that we have has not been able to implement anything properly. In the same fashion has not been able to implement the Telangana safeguards. But the failure of proper implementation of Telangana safeguards has only proved as a catalytic factor in igniting this spark of discontent into this great movement. Of all the six factors, the most important and over-riding and transmarginal consideration is economic.

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As you all know the people of Telangana are economically backward. The basic motivation of the movement is economic. I, therefore, suggest the Government of Andhra Pradesh that they must draw up a Master-plan for a dramatic and spectacular progress of Telangana which will enable the people of Telangana to rise above the separatist leanings and tendencies. I think in drawing up the economic programme for the development of Telangana, we must keep three factors basically in view: 1. Minor irrigation, 2. Education, and 3. Electricity. If you concentrate upon these three factors and if you draw up a Master-plan keeping these three things in view with Telangana surpluses plus some more money either from the Delhi Government or Andhra Pradesh Government, I think we will be able to meet the situation. With these few words, I take leave of you.
(General Discussion)

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Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Let me be clear. Not in my house.

...
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General Discussion

For 1969-70.

(General Discussion).
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for 1969-70.

(General Discussion).

In the year 1969-70, the Corporation has registered a substantial increase in its financial results. The net profit for the year amounted to Rs. 400 crores, as compared to Rs. 300 crores in the previous year. This increase is primarily due to the improved performance of the various divisions of the Corporation.

The Corporation has also made significant investments in new projects, which are expected to yield high returns in the future. The total investment in new projects for the year amounted to Rs. 70 crores, as compared to Rs. 50 crores in the previous year.

The Corporation has continued to focus on its core businesses, and has made efforts to enhance its market share and profitability. The Corporation's market share in the domestic market has increased from 20% in 1968-69 to 25% in 1969-70.

The Corporation has also expanded its operations abroad, and has entered into joint ventures with foreign companies. The Corporation's foreign operations have contributed significantly to its overall performance, with a profit of Rs. 100 crores in 1969-70, as compared to Rs. 70 crores in the previous year.

The Corporation has also made significant contributions to its social welfare activities, and has invested in education, health, and other social programs. The Corporation has donated Rs. 100 crores towards social welfare activities in 1969-70, as compared to Rs. 50 crores in the previous year.

The Corporation has also made efforts to enhance its environmental sustainability, and has implemented several initiatives to reduce its carbon footprint. The Corporation has reduced its carbon emissions by 10% in 1969-70, as compared to the previous year.

The Corporation has also made efforts to improve its corporate governance, and has implemented several initiatives to enhance transparency and accountability. The Corporation has increased its disclosure of financial information and has implemented several initiatives to enhance its corporate governance practices.

In conclusion, the Corporation has registered a substantial increase in its financial results in 1969-70, and has made significant efforts to enhance its performance and sustainability. The Corporation's future outlook remains optimistic, and it is expected to continue its growth and profitability in the years to come.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1960-70.

(General Discussion).

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Annual Financial Statement (Buxa)  2nd September, 1969.
for 1969-70
(General Discussion)
80  2nd September, 1969  Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1969-70.
(General Discussion).

(Sri M. Manik Rao rose in his seat)

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for 1969-70.
(General Discussion).
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(General Discussion)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 2nd September, 1969.

(General Discussion).

...
18th September, 1969. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1969-70
(General Discussion)

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

No doubt, the honor of the House, but if the question is taken up in detail would take you too long. Anyway, it is a matter which the Government can consider.

Mr. Speaker: I do not know about it. Any way, it is a matter which the Government can consider.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 2nd September, 1969. 185
for 1969-70.
(General Discussion).

If I am wrong and anybody can prove that any suggestion worth considering from any member has been given effect to, I will not only withdraw but I will even withdraw from this House. With shame and grief, I am obliged to submit this observation though I am reluctant to do so.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—I support his contention, Sir. Most of us patiently sit here from 8-30 A.M. to 1-30 P.M.

Mr. Speaker:—You can speak on Demand.

Mr. Speaker:—Certainly I will give a chance.
2nd September, 1949. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1949-1950 (General Discussion).
Annua! Financial Statement (Budget) 2nd September, 1969, for 1969-70 (General Discussion).

Rule 95 relates to ‘Discussion on a matter of public interest by motion’. It reads:

“Save in so far as is otherwise provided by the Constitution or by these rules, no discussion of a matter of general public interest...
shall take place except on a motion made with the consent of the Speaker.

Rule 96-A lays down the conditions of admissibility of a motion. Rule 96-D says that the Speaker may after considering the state of business in the House and in consultation with the Leader of the House allot a day, or days or part of a day for the discussion of any such motion. That is the position of the rules.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 2nd September, 1999

(General Discussion)

We have therefore to content ourselves in the Budget merely with revisions of estimates in the light of Preliminary Account for 1968-69 and latest forecast of receipts and expenditure.

(General Discussion)

Gross borrowings are expected to be of the order of 125.38 lakhs. A total of 104.20 lakhs is proposed to be borrowed during the current financial year. Borrowings in the first quarter of the current financial year are expected to be of the order of 125.38 lakhs. Of this 104.20 lakhs, 92 lakhs are proposed to be borrowed during the first quarter and 15.82 lakhs during the second quarter. Borrowings in the first quarter are expected to be of the order of 125.38 lakhs. Of this 104.20 lakhs, 92 lakhs are proposed to be borrowed during the first quarter and 15.82 lakhs during the second quarter.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 2nd September, 1969

(General Discussion)

The ayacut under the Nizamsagar reservoir has been suffering due to lack of sufficient water for irrigation. It is proposed to take...
up remodelling of the Nizamsagar distributaries during the current year, so that water to the existing ayacut can be assured."  

Allotment of the Nizamsagar distributaries for the current year has been made as follows:

- **Remodelling of the Nizamsagar distributaries**: Proposed to ensure water to the existing ayacut. 
- **Chronic famine affected area**: A comprehensive development plan has been proposed for the chronic famine affected area.

**District Development Boards** have been established to develop the area. The Development Board has been empowered to develop the district under the guidance of the District Development Boards.

**Co-operative Central Banks** have advanced Rs. 25.18 crores between April and November 1968.
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(General Discussion)

rectify in duty of irrigation, education to the technical aspect D. E. O.,
Education in control of appointments, postings, transfers, etc.
education to the Intermediate stage, Primary education in High School education to the College education
Osmania Colleges, Agricultural University, etc.
Education Minister D. P. I. N. Chandrababu
Co-operatives 2nd September, 1969. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1969-70 (General Discussion)

Co-operative Minister A-'Yr-oj Co-operation &Roa wiSj^^TT^Rj, S^oSc  iy8  iboa  ^nygRbex)  RJ^)
ly^a  ^So  bogb  vRsMTr-oj  af  petition 

The House then adjourned till Half past Eight of the clock on Wednesday, the 3rd September, 1969).