ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES
OFFICIAL REPORT

First day of the Third Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Saturday, the 16th August, 1969
The House met at Half-Past Eight of the Clock
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

SUB-LEASE TO S. E. RAILWAY LABOUR CONTRACT SOCIETY

1—

* 1027 (2423-Q): S. Ravasi N. Ramulu, S. Jagannadham (Narasapuram) and Dhanenkula Narasimham (Udayagiri) :-Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that unloading of coal has been sub-leased to an individual Sri Kanithi Latchumayya for one year i.e. October 1967 to October, 1968 by the South Eastern Railway Labour Contract Society, Palasa Railway Station;

(b) if so, the reasons for such leasing out contrary to the interest of the labourers; and

(c) is there any printed pamphlet circulated and sent to the concerned authorities all ging misuse of powers by the management of the Society for their selfish ends; and

(d) if so, the action taken thereon?

The Minister for Finance deputised the Chief Minister and answered the question (Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy):—(a) Yes, Sir,

(b) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) After a thorough examination of the allegations mentioned in the pamphlet, it is found that all allegations made therein except the issue mentioned in clause (a) above are baseless. The enquiry also revealed that some of the members who have left the Society for their own reasons in 1964-65 are responsible for the issue and distribution of the pamphlet.

J. 203
STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
(See Answer to Clause (b) of Legislative Assembly Question No 2423 (Starred) [* 1]

Prior to 1967, the society executed the coal unloading contract on its own account and the society had to pay heavy charges under demurages and penalties, because as per the agreement entered into with the Railway authorities in terms of "Time and work", the society was obliged to unload within five hours, a placement of 17 wagons at 2 or 3 points in the Station yard. The Society was required to clear not less than two such placements in a day. Palasa, being a Cashewnut industrial area, with about 40 factories, the society could not command additional labour other than the societies' labour at short notice. Consequently there were delays both under unloading of wagons and coaling of engines, resulting in heavy demurages and penalties. Subsequently owing to dieselisation, the wagons were not received throughout a month and work load decreased, which resulted in want of full work to the labour batches entrusted with unloading. It is said that on an average, at times, there were no placements even for 3 to 10 days. So much so, the society could not maintain permanent labour paying them for the whole month, though the income was comparatively less, for the days the unloading work was actually done. The society was always facing a problem in obtaining the required labour either from within or from outside at short notice. Since it was not a paying proposition, for the trouble and expense incurred, the society authorities considered it desirable to entrust the work on sub-contract, as an experimental measure, to one of the Directors with an understanding that the contractors shall employ, as far as possible, the labour members of the society and take outside labour only when the situation demanded. It was also stipulated that the sub-contractor should receive 80% of the amount paid by the Railway authorities for the unloading work, the balance of 20% being retained by the society.

Accordingly the sub-contract was given to one of the Directors of the society, Sri K. Laks:mayya for one year commencing from 1-10-1967. During that year, the society received an amount of Rs. 16,896.57 P. out of which it paid to the subcontractor only Rs. 13,316.66 P., which resulted in a net profit of Rs. 3,580.48 P. to the Society, due to this sub-contract.
It was also stipulated that the sub contractor should receive 0% of the amount paid by the railway authorities for the unloading work, the balance of 20% being retained by the society.

**American Peace Corps**

2—

*94* (1059) Q. Sri C. V. K. Rao (Kakinada):—Will hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have evaluated the work of American Peace Corps stationed in Andhra Pradesh;

(b) if so, whether a copy of the report of the same be placed on the Table of the House; and

(c) whether the Government have considered the continuance or otherwise of the American Peace Corps in our State?

The Deputy Chief Minister (Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao):—(a) & (b) Yes, Sir. There has been no formal evaluation report. An evaluation of the work of the American Peace Corps volunteers as well as of the volunteers from other countries working in this State has been undertaken based on the confidential reports on these volunteers, obtained from time to time from their Indian supervisors. The evaluation has shown that in the case of some programmes, particularly the Science Teachers’ workshop programme, their services had been useful, while in the case of some other programmes such as Applied Nutrition Programme, their contribution has not been significant.
The question of the continuance of the American Peace Crops as well as the other Foreign Volunteer programmes has been considered. A limited number of volunteers are being continued depending upon their suitability for specific programmes and their technical qualifications.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—Is the Government aware that it is a branch of CIA and is indulging in pollination activities?

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao:—There is no such information.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—Is the Government aware that it is a branch of CIA and is indulging in pollination activities?
As far as my information goes, there is nothing on record to show that they have got some link with them.

Sir: 6th August 1969 3

1. As far as my information goes, there is nothing on record to show that they have got some link with them.


Mr. Speaker:—What is the nature of that "international understanding," he wants to know.

Mr. Speaker:—International understanding is it in order to take some economic help or in order to understand each other or in order to take any political help? What do you mean by it?

Sri K. Rajamallu:—What is that international understanding. What do you mean by that expression? Is it in order to take some economic help or in order to understand each other or in order to take any political help? What do you mean by it?

Sri K. Rajamallu:—International understanding is it in order to take some economic help or in order to understand each other or in order to take any political help? What do you mean by it?

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Oral Answers to Questions 16th August 1999

1. M. R. to the Prime Minister: Confidential reports consisting of 16th August to 7th August, containing reports on various matters. Please provide copies of confidential reports.

2. M. R. to the Prime Minister: The reports mentioned in 1. Please verify the contents.

3. M. R. to the Prime Minister: The reports mentioned in 1. Please provide copies of the reports.

4. M. R. to the Prime Minister: British Volunteers 6, German Volunteers 10, Danish Volunteers 6.

5. M. R. to the Prime Minister: P. L. 480, regarding housing, hard furnishing, quality bicycle, etc.

6. M. R. to the Prime Minister: Political, economic evaluation of various projects.

7. M. R. to the Prime Minister: Poultry Development.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri K. Rajamallu: What is the nature of that co-operation given to the Peace Corps.

Poultry farming and Rural Development. 

C.I.A. activities in C.I.A. House.
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1969

ASSIGNMENT OF LAND TO MUKHARRAM JAH

3-

* 1001 (1527-Z) Q:- Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether any land was assigned in S.No 403 in Shaikpeta, Banjara Hills to Mukharram Jah and the extent of the same and what is actually encroached, if any; and

(b) what was the action taken for the unauthorised encroachment?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri P. Thimma Reddy):—(a) No land was assigned as such to Prince Mukharram Jah. But Government have recognised the claim of the Prince to an extent of 300 acres as against 400 acres and 14 gts. which is his possession.

(b) The Prince has subsequently put forth his claim for the remaining 106 acres and 14 gts. and he was informed that he can make out a case before the Board of Revenue representing his claim.

ముద్రించడానికి, 108 అడుగుల చాలా సమయం కోసం ఆనందం వివిధ సంఘటనలు జరిగాయి. Right అనే శాసనం అధికారిక నేత్ర దానం ఉండాలి. జరిగానికి మురించడానికి,

ప్రశ్నలు:

1. గుర్రు ప్రశ్నాంశం నిరూపణల కోసం ఆనందం వివిధ సంఘటనలు జరిగాయి. Right అనే శాసనం అధికారిక నేత్ర దానం ఉండాలి. Right అనే శాసనం అధికారిక నేత్ర దానం ఉండాలి.

2. రాష్ట్రాలు నిరూపణల కోసం ఆనందం వివిధ సంఘటనలు జరిగాయి. Right అనే శాసనం అధికారిక నేత్ర దానం ఉండాలి. Right అనే శాసనం అధికారిక నేత్ర దానం ఉండాలి.

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I. 1. Mr. S. N. [name] : — What is the status of the work of the 2019 Assembly?
   (member)

   2. Mr. S. N. [name] : — What is the status of the work of the 2019 Assembly?

   3. Mr. S. N. [name] : — I am not an authority on these things. I will have the advice and then report to the House.

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Mr. Speaker,—Firman is a public document. I do not think it is any controversial document. There cannot be any serious objection to lay it on the Table.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Is he in Government service?
Mr. Speaker:—This particular land is about 400 or 500 acres in extent. At the time of the merger the Rulers were asked to furnish a list of personal property. Was this item shown as one of the personal properties at the time when the Ruler furnished the list. Has this aspect of the question been examined? All the private properties of the rulers—they were asked to furnish a list. You please get that examined.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—I will try to submit a concise note for the use of the House.

Sri K. Govinda Rao:—When will you furnish that note?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—Before we disperse.

Mr. Speaker:—The Minister says, he would place an exhaustive note on the Table of the House. I do not think the State Government will be having a list of the property. The must have it from the Central Government.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—It is there with the State Government. We know it. The list of properties furnished by the Nizam at the time when power was taken by the democratic set-up was submitted to the State Government.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—I do not know. If all these huge details should be placed before the House, it would be a very big task.
Mr. Speaker:—It is just possible that the Ruler, while submitting the list of his personal property and/or has included a certain property which actually did not belong to him. They want to verify from the list whether actually all these properties belonged to him or whether the Ruler included also certain properties for which he had no claim.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—Pertaining to this particular property or this particulars issue, I will categorically place before the House whether this particular item is in the list which the Hon. Member is mentioning or not.

Mr. Speaker:—They are not concerned with the personal property in his possession now. They want to know whether this item is shown in the list of properties which he furnished to the Central Government at the time of merger in 1947 or 1948.

Sri. B. Ratnasabhapathi:—The list does not exceed more than 6 or 7 pages. Why should we talk about the same?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—I shall assure the House, I will get it enquired whether this particular item forms part of his personal property. I will place the details before the House.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is whether you are prepared to comply with his request? He is requesting for a copy of the list of properties furnished by the late Niran.

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—That may be too much and does not pertain to this question. I can categorically place before the House whether this item forms part of his personal property.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao (Vijayawada-East): In the first place, is it in order, Sir, for an Hon. Minister to put a counter-question to the member, and, second, whether it is firm or not firm?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—That may be too much and does not pertain to this question. I can categorically place before the House whether this item forms part of his personal property.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathy Rao (Vijayawada-East): Time and again are we concerning the nature of the list?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—That may be too much and does not pertain to this question. I can categorically place before the House whether this item forms part of his personal property.
RENIGUNTA GRAM PANCHAYAT

(a) whether any oral enquiry was conducted by the hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj on 30-3-1955 at Hyderabad regarding the mal administration by Saipacha, Renigunta Gram Panchayat, Chittoor district; and

(b) if so, the decision given by the hon. Minister?

The Minister for Panchayat Raj (Sri T. Ramaswamy):—(a) Yes Sir;

(b) The Government set aside the proceedings of the Collector, Chittoor superseding the Renigunta Gram Panchayat.
NEW PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES

(a) whether there are proposals to open new Primary Health Centres in our State during the year 1968-69;

(b) if so, the number of the Primary Health Centres likely to be opened; and

(c) the places selected?

Sri T Ramaswamy:—(a) The proposals have been deferred.

(b) and (c) Does not arise.

Sri Satyanarayana Raja:—(Yemmiganur):

Will the hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals to open new Primary Health Centres in our State during the year 1968-69;

(b) if so, the number of the Primary Health Centres likely to be opened; and

(c) the places selected?

Sri T Ramaswamy:—(a) The proposals have been deferred.

(b) and (c) Does not arise.

(1) Q. Who is the Finance Minister of the State? A. The Finance Minister of the State is Mr. Y. Z. 7.

(2) Q. What is the Budget for the current year? A. The Budget for the current year is Rs. 1000 crores. 8.

(3) Q. What is the population of the state? A. The population of the state is 10 million. 9.

(4) Q. What is the capital of the state? A. The capital of the state is City X. 10.

(5) Q. What is the language of the state? A. The official language of the state is Telugu. 11.
18th August, 1969.

Oral Answer to Questions

COLLEGE OF AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS OF GOVERNMENT'S PHYSICAL EDUCATION

5—

* 575 (611) Q.—Sri V. Palavelli (Chodavaram): Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the accounts for the year 1967-68 of the Office of the Principal, Government College of Physical Education Hyderabad were audited, and

(b) if so, what are the irregularities pointed out by the audit party and the action taken thereon?

The Minister for Education (Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao):—

(a) The accounts of the Government College of Physical Education Hyderabad, were audited upto July 1967.

(b) The major irregularities pointed out are:

(i) Shortage in cash book:

(ii) Collection of Fees from students and non-remittance into the Bank:

(iii) Collection of unauthorised fees from students and non-production of vouchers for payments:

(iv) Non maintenance of cash book for certain periods:

(v) Unauthorised deduction from the scholarships and stipends amounts to be paid to the students; and

(vi) Irregularities committed in the expenditure on Picnics.

The Principal was placed under suspension.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—If any student has been made to suffer on account of something connected with this case, we shall look into it. Nothing has so far come to my notice.
[ENHANCEMENT OF SUGARCANE PRICE]

(a) whether it is a fact the Sugarcane growers represented to the State Government to enhance the price of the sugarcane, in view of the rise in the price of the Sugar and if so, how much price they demanded:

(b) whether the Government worked out the price in view of their investment and Labour in growing one ton of sugarcane;

(c) whether the Chief Minister of our State as a compromise price, fixed any if so, whether this price is binding on the factories;

(d) whether all the sugar factories (Co-operative and Nizam sugar factory) accepted this price and how many refused to accept this; and

(e) what is the action proposed by the State Government to implement this mediation price?

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri K. Venkatatnam):—(a) Yes, Sir. They demanded a price of Rs. 125 per metric tonne.

(b) & (c) Due consideration was given to all factors including post of cultivation and labour and the sugar factories were advised to pay cane price at Rs. 100 per metric tonne for 1963-64 season. This price is not binding on the sugar factories unless there is a written agreement between sugar factories and cane growers but the sugar factories have been advised by this Government as well as the Government of India to pay this price.

(d) All the eight Co-operative Sugar Factories and the Nizam Sugar Factory agreed to pay at Rs. 100 per metric tonne.

(e) Does not arise.
16th August, 1919.

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. The Hon'ble Member for Cuddalore:—Is it true that there are no universities in the State of Madras? If not, where are they?

2. The Hon'ble Member for Madura:—Are there any nursing institutions in the Madras Presidency? If so, where are they located?

3. The Hon'ble Member for Madras:—Is there any provision for the education of artisans in the Madras Presidency? If not, why not?

4. The Hon'ble Member for Trichinopoly:—Are there any technical institutions in the Madras Presidency? If so, where are they located?

5. The Hon'ble Member for Coimbatore:—Is there any provision for the education of women in the Madras Presidency? If not, why not?
Oral Answer to Questions. 16th August, 1909. 21

...
162 (2070) Q.—Sri T. S. Murthy:—Will the hon. Minister for Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that 38 employees of the Road Transport Department have retired after 30 years of service as temporary employees;

(b) whether it is true that there are nearly 5000 employees who have put in more than 35 years service and are still categorised as temporary; and

(c) if so, what steps do Government propose to take to put an immediate end to this unfair practice?
Oral Answers to Questions
16th August, 1969

The Minister for Transport (Dr. M. N. Lakshminarasiah) :-

(a) No, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

Mr. Speaker -- Answers to all other questions will be laid on the Table of the House except Nos. 11, 12, 13, 15, 23.

Ramasatyarayanarayaswamy Temple, Guntur

11—

959 (6533 J) Q.—Sri Pragada Kotaiah :—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether Sri Ramasatyarayanarayaswamy Temple in Ravindranagar, Guntur constructed by the Guntur Co-operative House Construction Ltd., Guntur is under the administrative control of the Commissioner, H. R. & C. E., if so, under what provisions of Law the temple constructed by a Co-operative Society was taken over by the Department of H. R. & C. E.;

(b) who is managing the said temple at present and who are the trustees, if any, appointed for the purpose;

(c) was the said temple, at any time, handed over to the Guntur Municipality or to the hereditary trustee of the Annavaram Veera Venkata Satyanarayanaswamy temple for management and why was it so handed over;

(d) if so, was the Commissioner of H. R. & C. E. aware of the said entrustment of management to the Municipality or to the hereditary trustee of Annavaram Veera Venkata Satyanarayanaswamy Temple; and
Oral Answers to Questions:

16th August, 1969.

(e) if the temple was entrusted for management either to the Guntur Municipality or to the hereditary trustee of the Annavararam Veera Venkata Satyanarayanasaamy Temple, why was it taken back and by whom and under what provisions of Law?

The Minister for Endowments (Sri R. Ramalinga Raju): (a) to (e) The answer is placed on the Table of the House.

PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

VIDE ANSWER TO L. A. Q. NO. 6533 - J (STARRED) (*11)

(a) The temple, which was constructed by the Guntur Co-operative House Construction Society Ltd., Guntur is now under the administrative control of the Commissioner, Endowments Department. The temple was taken over by the Endowments Department under the provisions of section 6 (15) of Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Are) Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951, (since repealed).

(b) The temple is being managed by a Board of Trustees consisting of three persons appointed by the Assistant Commissioner, Endowments Department, Guntur. They are (1) Sri Chavali Suryanarayana, (2) Sri P. S. Venkateswara Rao, (3) Sri Kotlamasu Venkata Subbarao. Sri Kotlamasu Venkata Subbarao is the Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

(c) The Guntur Co-operative House Construction Society surrendered the temple and its site to the Guntur Municipality by a registered deed on 23-5-1964. As Guntur Municipality expressed its inability to maintain the temple and as the hereditary trustee of Sri Veera Venkata Satyanarayanaswamy Devasthanam Annavararam expressed his willingness to take up its management, the temple was handed over to the hereditary trustee of Sri Veera Venkata Satyanarayanaswamy Devasthanam, Annavararam on 4-9-1961.

(d) The answer is in the affirmative.

(e) The institution was under the control of the Annavararam Devasthanam for about 3 years. While it was so, a petition was received in the office of the Commissioner, Endowments Department on 27-4-1964 from the residents of Pattabhipuram and also from Sri Chavali Suryanarayana, President of the Guntur Co-operative House Construction Society, alleging that the hereditary trustee of Annavararam Devasthanam was not evincing proper interest in the management of the temple and requesting that a scheme of administration might be framed in the interests of the temple. With reference to the above representation, the hereditary trustee of the Annavararam Devasthanam expressed himself in favour of handing over the management of the temple to whosoever the Commissioner wanted to be handed over and declined to spend any more funds of the Annavararam Devasthanam on this temple. As this is a religious institution, it was considered not appropriate to hand it over back either to the Guntur Municipality or to the Guntur Co-operative House Construction Society and it was decided that it should be maintained by the Endowments Department as per the provisions of section 6 (15) of the repealed Endowments Act, 1951. The Deputy Commissioner, Endowments
Department, Vijaywada, accordingly requested by the Commissioner, Endowments Department to frame a scheme of administration and to appoint a fit person under section 58 of the repealed Act. The Dy. Commissioner Endowments Department, Vijaywada, accordingly, appointed a fit person to discharge the functions of the trustee of the temple. Meanwhile, the integrated Endowments Act, 1966 came into force. As there is no provision in the integrated Endowments Act for formulating such schemes the scheme proceedings were dropped by the Deputy Commissioner and the Assistant Commissioner, Endowments Department constituted a Board of Trustees for the temple on 22-4-1968 with the persons mentioned in the answer to clause (b) of the question above.

LIFT IRRIGATION ON NAGARJUNASAGAR CANALS

12—

Q.—Sarvasri G. Satyanarayana Rao (Yelamdu) and P. Goverdhan Reddy (Mungoda):—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether Lift Irrigation Schemes can be arranged over Nagarjunasagar Canals and if so, how much Land can be irrigated by the same ; and

(b) if not, whether the Government will arrange Lift Irrigation Schemes over Nagarjunasagar Canals?

203—4
The Minister for Irrigation (Sri S. Sidda Reddy) : -(a) & (b).

In G. O. Ms No. 194 P.W.D Projects Wing, dated 31-5-68 orders have been issued to provide Lift Irrigation facilities to an extent of Ac. 50,000 under the Left Canal of the Nagarjunasagar Project

According to these orders issued in G. O. Ms. No. 194, P.W.D. Projects Wing, dated 31-5-68, the Government will provide a sluice and appurtenance works required for the purpose of Lift irrigation, provided the beneficiaries give a specific undertaking to install their own pumps, excavate necessary distributary system and maintain them at their own cost and also agree to pay project water rates, subject to the usual buying remission of 25% and the betterment levy as may be decided upon by the Government. A copy of the GO is placed on the Table of the House.

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(Vide answer to L. A. Q. No. * 1002 (1528-F) [* 12]

Irrigation-Nagarjunasagar Project- Provision of Lift Irrigation Facilities under Left Canal of Nagarjunasagar Project for an extent of 50,000 acres—Principles—Approved.

Public works Department, Projects Wing
G. O. Ms. No. 194,
Dated the 31st May, 1968.
Read the following:

1. From the Chief Engineer, N. S. Canals Lr. No. 25387-G4/58, dt. 6-12-57.

2. Govt. Memo No. 2554 02/67-3 P.W.D. Projects Wing, dt. 28-8-68.

ORDER:

In his letter first cited, the Chief Engineer, Nagarjunasagar Canals while submitting proposals for providing Lift Irrigation facilities for an extent of 50,000 acres, under the Left Canal of the Nagarjunasagar Project, as contemplated in the revised Project Estimate for Rs. 189.83 crores, raised certain problems.

2. The question of laying down the principles to be adopted had been examined and the broad principles connected with the Lift Irrigation under the Left Canal of the Nagarjunasagar Project were communicated to the Chief Engineer, Nagarjunasagar Canals in the Govt. Memo. second cited, and he was requested to discuss with the Member, Board of Revenue and submit specific agreed proposals. The Chief Engineer, Nagarjunasagar Canals has reported in the
reference third cited that the member, Board of Revenue has agreed
to the principles in general but, however, desired that the areas
selected for Lift irrigation are to be localised by the District Collector,
Nalgoda, instead of by the Special Collector, Nagarjunasagar Project.

3. The Government, after careful examination, approve the
following broad principles connected with the implementation of Lift
Irrigation scheme under the Left Canal of the Nagarjunasagar
Project.

(1) the areas selected for Lift irrigation covering up to an
extent of Ac. 50,000 should be limited to either side of the Main Left
Canal up to M. 7/4 and big sized branch canals distributaries, pro-
vided diminution of supplies is not caused to the legitimate ayacut
lower down;

(2) the areas may be localised as “wet”;

(3) Necessary sluices and appurtenant works required for the
purpose of Lift irrigation should be constructed, meeting the cost
from the provision for the same in the Project Estimate, and the
sluices operated by the Government i.e., by the Public Works
Department authorities;

(4) the beneficiaries, concerned, have to excavate the neces-
sary distributary system and install their own pumps and maintain
them at their own cost;

(5) the size of the area for giving separate sluice from the
canal system for lift irrigation should not generally be less than 100
acres;

(6) the beneficiaries should pay the water rates at the
Project rates, subject to the usual bailing remission of 25%, and the
betterment levy as may be decided upon by the Government at a
later date; and

(7) the applications for Lift irrigation may be invited from
riots subject to the conditions (1) to (6) above, stipulating a time
limit of 6 months and the applications so received may be communi-
cated to the District Collector, Nalgonda for his opinion before final-
isation of localisation of areas selected for Lift Irrigation.

(By order and in the name of the Governor of Andhra Pradesh).
28 16th August, 1979

Oral Answers to Questions.

whether the Government requested the Centre to send proposals in time for the establishment of the Post-Graduate Training and Research Centre in Ayurveda in the State, if so, what is its present stage?

The Minister for Health and Medical (Sri M. Ibrahim Ali Ansari): Yes, Sir. The Central Government has been addressed by this Government for the establishment of a Post-Graduate Centre at Hyderabad. A scheme has been drawn up and sent to the Government of India for the establishment of the Post-Graduate Centre in Ayurveda as suggested by the Government of India, and their decision is awaited.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:—When is it likely to be notified?

Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali Ansari:—We have already written to the Government of India. We shall remind them again.

Excess Payment for Skoda Excavator

* 215 (5245) Q:—Sarvasri K. Ramanathan (Mudinepalli) and R. Mahananda:—Will the hon. Minister for Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether it has been brought to the notice of the Government that a cheque for an excess amount of Rs. Two lakhs was issued in the purchase of machine by name “Skoda Excavator” in the Lower Sileru Project;

(b) whether it is a fact that the Central C. 1. B. has enquired into the matter;

(c) whether it is a fact that 96% has been paid instead of 90% as per the project rules;

(d) whether the Government are aware that the said machine was previously used in the Bombay dock;

(e) whether it is also a fact that the same machine was purchased as if it was a new one;

(f) whether it is a fact that a cheque for Rs. 6,81,000 at the rate of 95% has been issued to the Company; and
(g) the action taken against the officers responsible for the same?

The Minister for Power (Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu):—(a) No excess payment as such was made by the Lower Sileru Project authorities for the Skoda Excavator but the firm clandestinely managed to get payment from Lower Sileru Project also for this excavator for which the Srisailam Project authorities had already paid advance.

(b) Yes Sir, The C. I. B., has investigated about the payments received by the firm from Srisailam and Lower Sileru Hydro Electric Project.

(c) 95% of the cost of the excavator was made to the firm by the Lower Sileru Hydro Electric Project authorities against Railway Receipts as per the terms of the Purchase order placed on the firm.

(d) The machine supplied to Lower Sileru Project was not the one that was used in the Bombay dock.

(e) The machine purchased for Lower Sileru Hydro Electric Project is a new one.

(f) A cheque for Rs. 6,04,171-10Ps. which is the 95% of the cost of the excavator or was issued to the firm.

(g) The circumstances under which the firm managed to secure a double payment is under investigation.
Oral Answers to Questions.

30 16th August, 1969.

Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu:—It is under investigation Sir. We have not received the report Sir.

Sri V. P. Palvelli:—Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the old age pensions granted already in Visakhapatnam district, were stopped since one year; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Social Welfare (Sri D. Perumallu):—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
Somasila Project

28—

257 (678) Q: - Sarvasri R. Mahananda and S. Vemayya :-
Will the hon. Minister for Medium Irrigation and Flood Control be pleased to state:

(a) what is the estimated cost of the Somasila Project in Nellore district and what is the proposed ayacut under this project; and

(b) whether the Government propose to include this in the IV Five Year Plan if the ryots come forward to pay advance betterment tax?

Sri S. Sidda Reddy :— (a) Following the ryots Conference at Nellore on 20-9-1938 the scope of the project is being reexamined. The cost can be given after the estimate is prepared.

(b) The scheme is proposed to be included in the IV Five Year Plan.
Loss Incurred by Small Scale Industries Corporation

25—

* 247 (6467) Q:— Sri G. C. Rajan:— Will the hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the investment for the Small Scale Industries Development Corporation from 1964-67 is Rs. 2,30,57,700 for all the 27 units and the Board has incurred loss of Rs. 1,29,928 up to 1st July; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons and what are the steps that the Government propose to take?

The Minister for Small Scale Industries (Sri G.C. Venkanna):—

(a) No, Sir. The Government investments till the end of 31-3-67 are as follows:

- Share capital of the Government: Rs. 70,00,000
- Unsecured Loans advanced to the Corporation: Rs. 1,04,59,000

The loss incurred by the Corporation till the end of 31-3-67 is Rs. 10,94,179.

(b) These units were originally established by the Government as training Centres to create sufficient industrial climate in the Districts. The Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industries Development Corporation to whom these Units were transferred in July 1962 are of the opinion that it would take some time to reorganise these centres as production centres on commercial lines.

The Corporation has decided to dispose of some of the Units which were considered not economically viable. The Government have issued orders to the effect that all Government Departments should give preference to the products of the Small Scale Industries Development Corporation taking the Corporation on par with the Departmental units, while placing orders for their requirements. The Corporation has also strengthened its sales organisation and is confident of pushing its products in the market.

The Government investments till the end of 31-3-67 are as follows:

- Share capital of Government is Rs. 70 lakhs; secured loans advances to the Corporation Rs. 1 crore 4 lakhs 81 thousand nine
hundred and six. The loss incurred by the Corporation till the end of 31-3-67 is 10,904.

The Minister for Fisheries and Ports (Sri S. R. A. S. Appala Naidu) — My name is Appala Naidu, Sir.

(a) The Regional Transport Survey Unit appointed by the Planning Commission has recommended Rs. 14 Crores scheme for the development of Kakinada port, Visakhapatnam Harbour and other ports in Andhra Pradesh, if so, whether a copy of the report or a summary thereof be placed on the Table;

(b) whether it is not a fact that the survey unit urged for the development of Kakinada as an off-shore port in the overall scheme of increasing foreign trade and opening up extensive areas in the background agency regions of the State for economic developments;

(c) if so, what steps the Government propose to take for such an economic development; and

(d) whether the survey unit has not urged for the construction of a railway line between Bailadilai-Kakinada for export of iron are through Kakinada port and if so, the action proposed to be taken by the State Government?

Mr. Speaker:— What is your name please?

The Minister for Fisheries and Ports (Sri S. R. A. S. Appala Naidu) — My name is Appala Naidu, Sir.

(a) The Regional Transport Survey Unit appointed by the Planning Commission has recommended Rs. 14 crores for improvements to the Visakhapatnam Port during the IV Five Year Plan. Visakhapatnam Port is under the control of the Central Government and not under the purview of Andhra Pradesh Port Department. It
also made a mention of the State port Officer's proposals for the development of the Intermediate and Minor Ports in the State during the IV five Year Plan. A summary of the report is placed on the Table of the House.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The Government of India were moved from time to time on all matters pertaining to development of ports in this State including Kakinada Port through the National Harbour Board etc. The Government of India have since agreed to take up the development of Kakinada port as a Centrally sponsored scheme during the IV Plan.

(b) Yes Sir. This Government are vigorously pursuing the matter with the Government of India.

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

Summary on the Port and Shipping of the Report on Regional

Transport Survey of Andhra Pradesh Placed on the Table of the House

(With reference to Clause (a) of L. A. Q. No. 7711 (Starred) [30]

(a) Ports and Shipping:

Andhra Pradesh has a coast line of 600 miles on Eastern Coast of India on which Visakhapatnam major port, Kakinada and Machilipatnam—Intermediate Ports, and six other minor ports are situated.

There is a steady increase in exports and imports of Sea-borne trade. Visakhapatnam registered for the bulk due to location of calciax oil refinery and bulk export iron ore.

The imports at Kakinada and Machilipatnam are comparatively less and the position is slightly improved now. Iron ore is the main commodity exported from Kakinada. 98 lakh tonnes of iron ore was exported through these three ports in 1963-64.

Visakhapatnam Port:

3.98 lakh tonnes of manganese ore, 7.28 lakh tonnes of petroleum products were exported while 12.31 lakh tonnes of Crude petroleum products were imported while 3.25 lakh tonnes of wheat were imported through Visakhapatnam. Machinery for Bhilai and Rourkela steel plants was also received through Visakhapatnam Port.

The most important development affecting the future of Visakhapatnam Port relates to agreement with Japan for export of 6 million tonnes of iron ore per annum. Of this 2 million tonnes are to come from Kiriburu mines of Orissa and 4 million tonnes are from Bhiladila mines in Madhya Pradesh. For this purpose 3 new railway lines with a total mileage of 432 are being laid. Recently a mechanical ore handling plant has also been installed at the port. Almost all the mineral ore originates outside the State and is consigned to foreign countries. Export of Sugar has been a recent development
and there is considerable scope for further increase. 0.60 lakh tonnes of sugar was exported in 1965–66.

On the side of imports in addition to crude petroleum, wheat and fertilizers are major items responsible for large increase in traffic. The port authorities forecast that the total trade of Visakhapatnam will go up from 43 lakhs tonnes in 1965–66 to 120 lakhs tonnes (94.50 lakhs tonnes exports and 25.50 tonnes imports) by 1970–71. By the end of IV Plan period next to Calcutta and Bombay Visakhapatnam will take the third place among the country’s major ports.

During the Third Five Year Plan period about Rs. 17.8 crores were invested on development of Visakhapatnam port. At present the port has 17 berths comprising four quay berths, two oil berths, three jetty berths and six mooring berths. Before entering the Visakhapatnam harbour, the ships have to pass through a mile long entrance channel before they reach the turning basin. Two dredgers are used for dredging operation. A rock cutter-cum-dredger is engaged for chiselling and shovelling the area for widening and deepening of the channel. The navigable water way of the port was maintained to a minimum depth of 85 feet below L. W. O. S. T.

The cost of improvements proposed by the Visakhapatnam port trust for the IV Plan period comes to about Rs. 11.6 crore for improvement of entrance channel, to replace jetty berths with quay berths, construction of a berth for fertilizer factory, provision of a second turning basin at the end of northern arm, remodelling of railway yard and procurement of floating craft, cargo handling equipment and construction of additional quarters and godowns. Visakhapatnam port is administered by a port trust constituted in 1963–64. The revenue of the port in 1964–65 was Rs. 2.53 crores with an expenditure of Rs. 1.99 crores.

Intermediate and Minor Ports:

These are administered by the P. W. D. of the State Government. The State Port Officer with head quarters at Kakinada is the adviser to Government and exercises administrative control over all these ports. Rs. 62 lakhs have been allotted in the State IV Plan for the developmental needs of different ports.

Kakinada Port:

The port is handling about 4 to 5 lakhs tonnes of cargo annually, deriving a revenue of about Rs. 8 lakhs. By undertaking schemes costing Rs. 80.60 lakhs cargo handling capacity can be increased. Kakinada port has a bright future. Development of this port would not only increase foreign trade of this country but would also result in opening up extensive areas in the backward agency regions of Andhra Pradesh for economic development.

Machilipatnam Port:

In 1960–61 this port had a trade of 2.71 lakhs tonnes which came down to 0.12 lakhs in 1965–66. It is hardly handling any cargo now. No trade is expected to pass through the port unless the
barest minimum schemes for which an outlay of Rs. 70.73 lakhs is proposed are executed. The Central Water and Power Research Station, Poona is conducting a model experiment to develop this port. The anticipated cargo to be handled at this port is about 7 lakhs tonnes annually.

Minor Ports:

Baruva and Kalingapatnam (Srikakulam District) Bhimmuni Patnam (Visakhapatnam District) Narsapur (West Godvari Dist.) Vadarevu (Guntur District) and Kishnapatnam (Nellore District) are the six minor ports in the State. There is at present no traffic at these ports.

The port of Vadarevu needs investigation and preliminary survey as more than a lakh tonne of tobacco can be directly shipped through this port. Iron ore reserves estimated at about 300 million tonnes comes under the hinterland of this port.

Acquisition of a medium sized sea going self-propelled dredger with hopper arrangements is an essential item, to ensure proper maintenance and development of intermediate and minor ports.
Oral Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1969.

Q. 1. (a) the special programmes contemplated by the State Government in connection with the Gandhiji Centenary Celebrations; and

(b) the programmes that are proposed to be conducted for Harijan Welfare in that connection by the State Government?

The Minister for Information and Public Relations (Sri A. Vasudeva Rao) — (a) and (b) Answer is placed on the Table of the House.
BRIEF NOTE ON THE PROGRAMMES CARRIED OUT IN ANDHRA PRADESH IN CONNECTION WITH THE GANDHI CENTENARY CELEBRATIONS:

Introduction:—A State Executive Committee for Gandhi Centenary Celebrations was constituted in Andhra Pradesh in the year 1966 with the Governor as President and the Chief Minister as Chairman. Some important Social workers were taken as members of the committee to carry out the centenary programmes in the State.

2. The State Executive Committee has met eight times. The State Executive Committee has constituted five Sub-Committees for National Integration, for Basic Amenities, for Economic Programmes, for social programmes and for Welfare of Women and Children. A financial grant of Rs. 10,000.00 was granted to the five Sub-Committees to enable them to do the Centenary work.

3. The activities of the various sub-committees are reported as under:

(a) National Integration and Mass contact: Under the Chairmanship of Sri Prabhakarji, President, Andhra Pradesh Sarvodaya Mandal, the Committee has deputed famous songsters like Sri Vasantha Rao Tuljapurkar, to participate in the Mass Songsters Camp held in the Ashram of Sant Sukudoji Maharaj. The Committee has taken up the distribution of 'Gandhi Badges' through the Gram Sevaks and Tatwa Pracharak in Andhra Pradesh. The exhibition 'Gandhi in Andhra Pradesh' was also conducted. A pictorial volume of Gandhiji for Children is under print. Efforts are made to create strong basis for National Integration in the city through peace marches. Regular contact with leaders like Sri K. M. Munshi and Sri Gajendraghadkar are being maintained. A camp was organised at Sivampally.

(b) Basic Amenities:—Under the Chairmanship of Sri P. Thimma Reddy, Minister for Agriculture, the committee has undertaken the work pertaining to the provision of drinking water in rural areas. The Zilla Parishads and the Chief Engineer, Panchayati Raj have been requested to speed up the schemes for provision of drinking water facilities in villages. Under the guidance of Sri V. V. Giri and Dr. K. L. Rao, prominent social workers in Krishna District have taken up the programmes of digging of wells. Six wells were already dug in villages where there is scarcity of water.

(c) Economic Programmes:—Under the Chairmanship of Dr. G. S. Melkote, M. P., the Committee has planned to implement the triple programme to boost up: 1. Gram Dan, 2. Village oriented Khadi, and 3. Santi Sena. A book entitled 'Freedom for Masses' was got printed. The Committee is considering to hold a State Level Conference for Khadi workers. Constructive workers conference was held in Mahboobnagar District and a decision was taken to implement all constructive programmes at least in one village in one District and make it a model to Gram Swaraj concept. A Santi Sena Camp was organised at Tirupati under the guidance of Sri M. Anantasayanam Iyyenger, M-Speaker of Lok Sabha. The Committee is considering the proposal to hold a State Level Camp for Santi Sena.
(d) Social Programmes: Under the Chairmanship of Sri Sadhu Subramanyam, Sarvodaya Leader, the committee has undertaken Bhangi Mukti Camp at Visakhapatnam under the guidance of Sri T. Prakasam. The camp was organised for three days. The camp was followed up by an untouchability eradication programme under the guidance of Sri Gopinath Brahmaiah, the then Chairman, Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council, Sri V. B. Raju, Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies. The Vice-Chancellor of Andhra University, and the Chair of Visakhapatnam attended the conference. The conference was followed by 'Community Dinner'. A Safai Vidyalaya to train up workers in rural sanitation and hygiene was also conducted in Medak District. Scavenger-free type of latrines were constructed in Siddipet and surrounding villages.

(e) Welfare of women and children: Under the Chairmanship of Dr. Smt. Durgabai Deshmukh, Founder President, Andhra Mahila Sabha, this committee has organised State Level Orientation Camp for District Organisers (Women) at Andhra Mahila Sabha Buildings. Prominent social workers briefed the campers about the work and philosophy of Gandhi and Gandhi's concept of New Society and its relevance for the present times. The campers were given training in the field work by door-to-door campaign in some colonies. Distribution of Gandhi's literature and badges and photographs also done. Similar camp was organised at Ghatkesar Village (fifteen miles from Hyderabad city). This first orientation camp was held at Tirupati under the guidance of Dr. C. D. Deshmukh, President, India International Centre and Sri M. Arantzasayanam Iyyengar Ex-Speaker of Lok Sabha. A small exhibit was also organised.

(3) Besides the above activities of the various Sub-committees the Andhra Pradesh Gandhi Smarak Nidhi, Hyderabad has organised exhibitions, printing of literature explaining the advantages of constructing scavenger-free type of latrines for avoiding the carrying of night-soil. A pilot project of 'Bhangi Mukti' was organised at Visakhapatnam under the guidance of Dr. M. V. Krishna Rao, former Minister of Education, Madras State. Delegates from Andhra Pradesh have participated in the All India Prohibition Camp held at Madras. Active steps have been taken up by the All India Prohibition Council to create a strong public opinion in favour of prohibition.

(4) The Andhra Pradesh Sarvodaya Mandali has taken up the programme of Communal Harmony among different sections of the public in twin Cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad. Peace marches have been conducted in the Streets.

(5) General: Delegates from Andhra Pradesh have participated in the conference held at Sevagram, Wardha. The Executive Committee is considering the implementation of the programme suggested at the Conference.

(6) Consequent on a decision of the State Executive Committee a State Level Seminar was held at Hyderabad from 22-10-63 to 23-10-68. After the inaugural session, the Seminar divided itself into four groups for considering: 1. Non-Violence, 2. Harijan Integration, 3. Communal Harmony, and 4. National Identity. A basic
document has since been published containing detailed suggestions for a programme of action on Harijan Integration and uplift. The working groups held discussions on related matters. The recommendation made by the working groups outlining the programme of action to be taken to achieve the desired objectives, were placed before the State Executive Committee. The State Executive Committee for Gandhi Centenary Celebrations which met on 2-11-68 considered the recommendations of the Seminar. The proceedings of the meeting are awaited.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

IN CONNECTION WITH CLAUSE (B) OF THE ANSWER TO THE L.A.Q. NO. 7394 (STARRED)

1. Since 2nd October, 1968, it is to be conceived that there is no Harijanwada in Village and to realise that conception into reality within this year, it is proposed to implement the following programme:

2. Mahatma Gandhi during his lifetime continually stressed the need for service to Daridra Narayana. In the present context of the nation's development this means a distinctive betterment of the weaker sections of the nation (Unto this last).

It is therefore proposed that the Centenary Year shall be wholly dedicated to an effective and energetic implementation of this idea.

3. To achieve this aim a concerted effort must be made conjointly by popular as well as Governmental action.

4. 30th of every month should be observed at the Block and Village level and the occasion be utilised to impress on the community the need and desirability of integrating Harijans in every way with the rest of the community.

Commencing from the Centenary year, Schools and Colleges may be advised to devote about 10 minutes of the Assembly time every time to a contemplation of some concept related to Gandhian thought and that Fridays shall exclusively be devoted to the contemplation of a Gandhian precept.

5. During the Centenary Year efforts shall be made to initiate a social revolution particularly in the rural areas by means of which members of the so-called savarna castes voluntarily agree to share their private wells, places of worship and even social life with the Harijan community, extending in course of time to even such desirable changes as inter-marriage and adoption of children etc.

6. A programme of immediate and long range action may be initiated with a view to bringing about Bhangi-Mukthi and ideal Gandhiji attached such great importance. For this, it is necessary first of all to impress local bodies down to the Panchayat level that in future permission to construct new houses shall not normally be given without a binding provision to construct improved type of
with regard to houses which are not without this facility, local bodies shall think of ways and means of persuading as well as helping house-owner to convert the present open latrines into improved ones.

7. As the universal spread of education is the most important tool in the emancipation and development of backward groups; it is felt that the Government should take the responsibility of establishing at each block level a residential secondary School which shall be opened to merited and poor students. The committee further emphasises that 53-1/3rd percent of the seats shall be reserved for children belonging to the weaker section of the community. While interpreting the term 'weaker section', particular attention shall be paid to the admission of the traditionally backward communities like Harijans and Girjans.

8. In view of the fact that there are still considerable areas in the State where because of historical reasons backwardness of a highly pronounced type is still existing, it is felt that such areas particularly Telangana region should be provided with a cadre of well-trained workers. For this purpose, the Committee is of the view that voluntary organisations like Harijan Sevak Sangh should be strengthened and given the opportunity to take a big lead in the matter.

9. The provisions of the Compulsory Primary Education Act may be strictly applied to the children of the Harijans so that all Harijan Children of the School-going age may have their primary education ; within a period of ten years.

10. Facilities should be provided by the Technical and vocational Education Department, to the Harijans to have vocational education.

11. Those Harijan children going in for higher education should be provided with necessary stipend or scholarships.

12. Harijans should be taught improved methods of removing hides of dead animals and they should also be provided with necessary tanning facilities at some convenient place a little removed from their habitations.

13. Prohibition is a must in the interests of the poorer sections of the community. The majority of the Harijans form the lowest strata of society. Hence they are the hardest hit. Prohibition is bound to improve their economic conditions, their health; therefore, their productive capacity and their social status. As such, public opinion should be mobilised, local organisations should be created to watch the implementation of prohibition in the dry areas.

14. The Hindu Religious Endowment Board shall set apart a substantially large sum not less than 5% of the aggregate revenue of the temples and Board for educating the Harijans on the tenets of Hindu Dharma.

15. When Gandhiji started the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh, he wanted the caste Hindus to take up the work as a penance for their sins of omission and commission against a section of their brethren. Somehow this aspect of Harijan Sevak work has been lost sight of after Independence. Even now it is absolutely necessary that the caste Hindus should play their roles in the amelioration of the Harijans to their full stature till they get fully integrated into the society.
16th August, 1969.

Oral Answers to Questions.

16. The Harijans form economically the most backward section of the population. If their conditions have to be bettered, it is necessary that they should get full opportunities for employment. Village industries and small scale industries which can produce consumer goods should be introduced among them. For this purpose the Government, the statutory organisations and other social bodies shall help them. This will be incomplete if the spirit of Swadeshism does not prevail in the area. So intensive propaganda amongst the whole community for the inculcation of Swadeshism is also necessary.

17. In assigning peramboko and other Government waste lands, preference should be given to the Harijans.

The above decisions have been communicated to all concerned Heads of Departments to take necessary action for implementing the same.

Mr. Speaker:— The hon. Minister was not present when the question No. 20 was called. He owes an apology to the House.

Mr. Speaker:— I hope it will not be like this in future.

Mr. Speaker:— What ever it may be.

Sri K. Brahmanada Reddy:— If you want us to be here till the question hour is over it is all right. After main questions are over you said that you will take up particular questions.

Mr. Speaker:— So far as the hon. Ministers are concerned they are expected to be present in the House always. Any time any question may be raised in the House.

Sri K. Brahmanada Reddy:— That is difficult, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:— I do not agree.
Oral Answers to Questions.  16th August, 1909.  43

1.  உலகத்தின் குன்றில் கூறல் வாசத்தில் ஏன் பெரும் பாலம் மார்க்கமாகவே இது மட்டுமே நோயோரைக்கு செல்லும் நிலையால்;

2.  இலங்கைவழியில் செல்வதற்கு ஏன் தொல்லியல் விளையாட்டுக்கு எங்குக்கு வைக்க வேண்டும் மறைக்கப்பட்டு விளையாட்டு ஆக்குவது;

3.  இலங்கைவழியில் மாணவர்கள் கூறல் வாசத்தில் ஏன் பெரும் பாலம் மார்க்கமாகவே இது மட்டுமே நோயோரைக்கு செல்லும் நிலையால்;

4.  இலங்கைவழியில் மாணவர்கள் கூறல் வாசத்தில் ஏன் பெரும் பாலம் மார்க்கமாகவே இது மட்டுமே நோயோரைக்கு செல்லும் நிலையால்;
16th August, 1969.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

PROPERTY TAX ON NIZAM’S PROPERTY

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy: We will get it done during the course of the next few days.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

PROPERTY TAX ON NIZAM’S PROPERTY

(a) The properties of the Nizam were assessed to property tax for the first time from 1-4-1968.

(b) The Nizam has been paying an amount of Rs. 40,000 per annum as grant-in-aid to the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad in lieu of the taxes. The Commissioner, Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad has assessed the properties of the Nizam to property tax of Rs. 2,08,307-34 per half year from 1 4-1968.

(c) King Kothi palace has been assessed to property tax of an amount of Rs. 49,336-60 per annum and Barkat Villa has since been sold away by the Nizam and property tax has been assessed on it.

JOINT SECRETARY, BOARD OF REVENUE (C. T.)

(a) the amount of property tax assessed on the Nizam’s properties for 1967-1968 and 1968-69;

(b) what is the amount the Nizam is paying now and what are claims of the Municipal Corporation; and

(c) whether it is a fact that the King Kothi Palace or Barkat Villa or both are exempted from payment of property tax?

A:—

(a) The properties of the Nizam were assessed to property tax for the first time from 1-4-1968.

(b) The Nizam has been paying an amount of Rs. 40,000 per annum as grant-in-aid to the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad in lieu of the taxes. The Commissioner, Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad has assessed the properties of the Nizam to property tax of Rs. 2,08,307-34 per half year from 1-4-1968.

(c) King Kothi palace has been assessed to property tax of an amount of Rs. 49,336-60 per annum and Barkat Villa has since been sold away by the Nizam and property tax has been assessed on it.

10—


(a) what action has been taken against the Joint Secretary, Board of Revenue (Commercial Taxes Department) who is in one and the same seat for the last 12 years, in view of the strictures passed by the High Court in W. P. No. 2935 of 1968 dated 5-9-1968; and
(b) how the cost of Rs. 250 awarded against the Secretary is going to be recovered when the Government orders are flouted by the said officer and when the Government is not at all responsible?

A:—

(a) The judgment of the High Court referred to by the Honourable Members does not contain strictures against any particular officers of the Board of Revenue (Commercial Taxes).

(b) The question of recovery of costs from any of the officers does not arise. The costs allowed by the High Court were ordered to be paid out of the Government funds.

FIRE STATION AT CHILAKALURPET

14—

* 172 (23 '1) Q.—Sri K. Butchaiah:—Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to establish a "Fire Station" at Chilkalurpet, Guntur district; and

(b) if so, when?

A:—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

LOAN TO A COTTAGE INDUSTRY AT VIJAYANAGARAM

15—

* 314 (7558) Q.—Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju:—Will the hon. Minister for Handloom Co-operative Factories be pleased to state:

(a) the amount sanctioned by the Government to Vijaya Venkateswara Yarn Dyeing Kalamkari Cottage Industry at Vijayanagaram during 1966-67 and 1967-68;

(b) whether it is a fact that the President of the said industry has misappropriated those amounts; and

(c) if so, the action taken against him?

A:—

(a) 1966-67 = Rs. 8,200
    1967-68 = Nil

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

APPRENTICE IN ANDHRA PRADESH ELECTRICAL CORPORATION.
    VISAKHAPATNAM

17—

* 756 (1795) Q.—Sri P. Sanyasi Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state:
16th August, 1969

Written Answers to Questions.

(a) the number of persons working as apprentices in the Andhra Pradesh Electrical Corporation (A.P.E.H.C.) in the Industrial Estate at Visakhapatnam;

(b) the time from which they have been working and the stipend paid to them;

(c) the number of persons working in the Corporation excluding the apprentices;

(d) whether the Management have implemented the Central Apprentices Act, if not, the action taken by the State Government in this regard; and

(e) whether the State Government will take steps to enforce the Apprentices Act atleast now?

A:—

(a) Two.

(b) They are working since 7-11-1968 and they are to be paid a stipend of Rs. 70/- per month.

(c) 255.

(d) The Management is implementing the Central Apprentices Act partially.

(e) The management is being persuaded to engage the full quota of four apprentices as per allotment (2 Fitters and 2 Turners) in the month of February, 1969 Session including the two apprentices already under training.

LEASE OF A FUEL COUPE

19 —

*573 (61-8) Q:— Sri R. Mahananda:— Will the hon. Minister for Forests be pleased to state:

(a) whether a fuel coupe of 100 acres in Kakinada Division was leased out on auction on 30-4-1963 to one contractor on a low rate of Rs. 306 per acre;

(b) what is the fair price fixed per acre for this coupe; when was the sale confirmed;

(c) whether the contractor applied for extension of time and the same was complied with; and

(d) if not, what is the action taken, whether any loss was occurred to the Government if so, who is responsible?

A:—

(a) The fuel coupe consisting of 100 acres was sold in public auction on 30-4-1963 to the highest bidder at Rs 306 - per acre.

(b) The fair price fixed by the Department was Rs. 420 per acre and the sale was confirmed on 21-11-1963.
Written Answers to Questions. 16th August, 1969.

(c) The contractor applied for extension of time but it was not complied with by the Department.

(d) The contractor was asked by the Department to pay the first instalment and Security Deposit and execute the agreement in the First instance according to the rules. The contractor refused to do so and the couple was resold which resulted in a loss of Rs. 10,000. Since there were no definite instructions at that time in regard to fixation of lease periods and kist dates, responsibility could not be fixed on any particular officer.

ISSUE OF PERMITS BY D. S. O. KRISHNA

21—

*748 (1688) Q:—Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) how many permits were issued during the current year by the District Supply Officers, Krishna to the rice millers in Vijayawada, Krishna district to send rice to the border places of the State like Chittoor, Kuppam, Punganur etc.,

(b) what is the quantity of rice exported in pursuance of these permits;

(c) will the hon. Minister be pleased to place a statement on the table of the House giving:

(i) the number of permits;

(ii) quantity relating to each permit;

(iii) the districts to which these permits were granted; and

(iv) the surcharge paid by the millers at the rate of Rs. 2.50 per quintal of rice & Rs. 0.75 p. per quintal on broken rice?

A:—

(a) 51.

(b) 9094.50 quintals.

(c) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

[Vide Answer to Clause (c) of the L.A.Q. No. 1688 (starred) [* 21]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Raw rice</th>
<th>Broken rice</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

(i) No. of permits 545 524

(ii) Quantity relating to each permit. 330 permits at 220 quintals each, 220 quintals for each,
50 permits at 100 220 Quintals for each.
52 permits at 90  do
10 permits at 80  do
120 Permits at 70  do
2 permits at 14  do
1 permit for 40 quintals.

(iii) the district to which the permits were granted:
1. Chittoor
2. Kurnool
3. Cuddapah
4. Visakhapatnam
5. Srikakulam
6. Hyderabad
7. Warangal
8. Karimnagar

(iv) the surcharge paid Rs. 2,24,170 at Rs. 2.50 at per quintal
by the millers at Rs. 2.50 per quintal of rice and surcharge of 0.75 np per quintal on broken rice.

DISTRIBUTION OF TRACTORS’ BY AGRO INDUSTRIES CORPORATION

22...

(a) The Agro-Industries Corporation has made arrangement for import of 5,000 Tractors. The Government of India have allotted so far only 1,570 Tractors for distribution in our State. The Tractors are sold on hire purchase or outright purchase to the loan of L.M.B. or any other scheduled Banks.

(b) The cost of the Tractors are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Tractor</th>
<th>Cost (Rs.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U. 500 Rumanian Tractor of 50 H.P</td>
<td>20,811.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DT. 14 Russian Tractor of 14 H.P</td>
<td>9,990.30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Zetor Czechoslovakian Tractor of 20 H. P.  
Rs. 14,568.22
(1/4th cost of the Tractor plus taxes as initial payment and the balance in 5 years spread over by 10 equal instalments.

(d) An advertisement was issued by the Corporation calling for applications for registration of allotment of Tractors. The applications are registered and a priority list is maintained district-wise. As and when Tractors are received distribution made equally to all the Districts and in case there are less number of registrants than the No. of tractors allotted for the District, the excess number will be redistributed to the other deserving districts.

AVAUTC ROADS UNDER MUSI PROJECT

26—

*458 (2078) Q :— Sri R. Mahananda :— Will the hon. Minister for Small Scale Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any centrally sponsored Industrial unit for manufacturing leather shoes and leather goods at Vijayawada; and

(b) what is the grant and loan given by the Central Government to this unit in 1966-67 and 1967-68 and what is the recurring expenditure of this unit;

(c) whether there are profits for the above period; and

(d) how many are working in this unit?

203—7
A:
(a) No Sir.
(b) (c) & (d) Do not arise.

RAJUHERIAN in PENDURTHI SAMITH

27—

* 423 (1796) Q:— Sri P. Sanyasi Rao: Will the hon. Minister for Minor Irrigation be pleased to state:
(a) whether there is any rivulet to feed Rajuherianne (Tank) at Vadlapudi village in Pendarthi Samithi, Vishakhapatnam Dt.
(b) the time from which the public have been requesting the diversions of the surplus water of Golelagada:
(c) whether estimates have been prepared for the same; and
(d) if so, the reasons for not taking up the work so far?

A:
(a) There is no rivulet to feed the Rajuherianne. But there is a small stream by name Golelagada flowing at about a distance of 6 furlongs north of the tank.
(b) In July 1967 the Member had suggested in a representation to the Collector that a diversion weir might be constructed across the stream to supply water to the Raju tank through a supply channel.
(c) Preliminary investigation showed that the rough cost of the scheme would be Rs. 30,000. As the scheme was found unremunerative detailed estimate for the scheme was not prepared.
(d) Does not arise.

FACILITIES TO UPPUGUDA CLASS IV EMPLOYEES COLONY.

28—

*947 (1491-F) Q:— Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: Will the hon. Minister for Housing and Accommodation be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that no sanitary, water and lighting arrangements were made to the P. W. D quarters given to Class IV employees in Uppuguda colony in Hyderabad though they were allotted one year back; and
(b) if so, when they will be provided?

A:
(a) & (b) There were 100 Barrack type quarters at Uppuguda constructed for Ex-Servicemen and they were taken over and allotted to the Class IV employees of the State Government. There are 40 common bath rooms and 40 dry type latrines, and 9 common water taps. There is no house service connections. Due to acute shortage of accommodation, they were taken over in that condition and allotted. Now 14 street light points are provided. The usual
Condolence Motion

re: Demise of Dr. Zakir Hussain, President of India.

scavenging arrangements for dry latrines are made since the taking over. The water supply in the colony has improved after the 3" main line was laid and the colony is now getting water supply to the entire satisfaction of the residents.

MOLYBOCNITE MINERAL IN KARIMNAGAR DISTRICT

29—

-367 (1336) Q.— Sri B. Niranjana Rao:— Will the hon Minister for Commerce be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a rare and costly mineral by name "Molybocnite" was found in Medak and Karimnagar districts,

(b) if so, the total quantity of the mineral that will be available, and

(c) the steps taken by Government to exploit the same?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The total quantities available in the different localities have not been estimated yet.

(c) Molybocnite occurs as disseminations or stringers in the pigmatites and porphyritic granites. As the rock is very hard, blasting has to be resorted to for excavating the mineral. Some material has been excavated and is being examined by Defence Metallurgical Laboratories and the Trombay Unit of the Atomic Energy Department. The results of investigations are awaited.

ANNOUNCEMENT

re:— GOVERNOR'S ADDRESSES

Mr. Speaker:—I have one announcement to make to this House. That is on the 14th August 1969 the Governor was pleased to address the Members of this House, a copy of which is already placed on the Table of the House. The amendments to the Motion of Thanks to the Governor's Address will be received by the Secretary upto 2 p.m. on the 18th August 1969.

CONDOLENCE MOTION

re:— DEMISE OF DR. ZAKIR HUSSAIN, PRESIDENT OF INDIA

Mr. Speaker:—I very much regret to inform this House the demise of Dr. Zakir Hussain, the President of India. I request the Leader of the House to move the Condolence Motion.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir I beg to move the following Motion:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Dr. Zakir Hussain, President of India and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the Members of the bereaved family"
Mr Speaker - Motion moved.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy

Dr Zakir Hussain, Late President of the Republic of India, died in New Delhi on May 3, 1969. The end came suddenly at 11.00 A.M. as a result of a severe heart attack. The Scholar Statesman rose from obscurity to become the first citizen of his country. He was in office for twelve years, and so has ended his life of dedication and service to his country and to his people. Dr. Zakir Hussain was an educationist with eminence to whom there can be no more telling monument than Jamia Millia Islamia in the outskirts of Delhi. Zakir Hussain was associated with this unique Institution founded in 1920 by Maulana Mohd. Ali, at the height of the non-cooperation movement. Dr. Zakir Hussain who has just taken his Master's degree in law from a college in Aligarh responded to the call from by Gandhi, and Maulana Azad and gave up the office of Deputy Collector to join the National Movement. Thus was an epoch making decision in Hussain's life and the country. It marked a beginning of his evolution as an Educationist and his unique association with Jamia Millia which lasted for nearly three decades. Under Zakir Hussain, the Jamia Millia became not only the Educational Institution but a vital part of the National Movement. In the words of Gandhi: "whenever I come to Jamia Millia I feel I am in my home." It is in the fitness of things that the mortal remains of Dr. Zakir Hussain will be buried in the grounds of Jamia Millia which he loved. He has spent his best part of his life serving the cause which is held dearest to us. As President of the Hindu Mahasabha at Seagram Dr. Zakir Hussain gave concrete shape to the Gandhian's concept of basic education. Dr. Zakir Hussain was a great lover of books and a voracious reader. As a student of Aligarh he enjoyed the reputation of being a walking encyclopaedia. He sensitised the great cultural ideals of India and presented its composite character as few men have shown. He was an embodiment of true culture which was synthesised in his character and personality. Education, in which he distinguished himself remarkably in his latter years was not only a theoretical set of ideals to him but was a way of life. Dr. Zakir Hussain who always shunned publicity was virtually forced into public life in 1954 when he was nominated as a Member of the Rajya Sabha. In recognition of the distinguished service in the fields of Science, Art and social service, he was given a fresh nomination to the House in 1957. Only he was Vice-Chancellor of Aligarh University also for a number of years. On July 6th in the following years he was appointed Governor of Bihar and held his office until 1963, when he was elected Vice-President. For five years he functioned also as Chairman of the Rajya Sabha with great distinction and with independence and impartiality. On May 9th 1967 Dr. Zakir Hussain was elected President by a large majority in the most seriously contested election so far to the high office. Characteristically enough Dr. Zakir Hussain saw in his election what he called an unequivocal recognition by the people and the fact that the education is inescapably involved in the quality of the Nation's life; that it is indeed the prime instrument of the National purpose Dr. Zakir Hussains retained throughout his highest office with sense of humility and quiet dignity which were
Condolence Motion:

16th, August, 1969

Dr. Zakir Husain, President of India, was most outstanding qualities. He loved nature and was a passionate lover of flowers. Whenever he left one house to live in another, he always left a garden behind. Nature he loved and next to nature art.

Dr. Zakir Husain was born in Hyderabad, Sir, on February 3rd, 1897. I just wanted to read one or two things with your permission. His memorable speech Sir, which always we should remember is: "The whole of Bharat is my family. It shall be my earnest endeavour to seek to make this home beautiful, a worthy home of great people engaged in the fascinating task of building up a just and prosperous and useful life. I pledge my loyalty to the country irrespective of religion or language. I pledge myself to work for its strength and progress, and for the welfare of its people, without distinction of caste, colour or creed". Sir, I am just reading from "TIMES OF INDIA". 'Many do not know, few people know that Dr. Zakir Husain was almost killed. During the 1947 riots when traveling through the Punjab he was saved by a Sikh mob. This incident was referred to by Mahatma Gandhi in one of the prayer meetings which he used to address daily before his assassination. The report of his speech is recorded in D.G. so and so, the extract from it shows that in what great esteem Gandhi held his friend It-sam. It-sam has gone to ambedkar in whose he had played a vital part. Dr. Zakir Husain was his dear friend. He was describing his experiences in sorrow but with bitterness. A short time ago he had to come to Zullundur. He would have been done to death by the angry sikhs for the timely aid of the Sikh captain and a Hindu railway employee. He gratefully related this experience.

As you all know after Zakir Husain's death not only leaders in India paid glowing tributes but all the world over. He rightly observed and you also know Sir, that one of his passions was the collection of stones. Everywhere he went he collected hundreds and thousands of stones. To us Sir here in this State it was a personal loss. Throughout his 3 years of office, he had been quite kind to us and whenever an invitation went from this State he gladly accepted it, fulfilled his obligations here and a man who gave us some inspiration from whom we drew some strength is to be suddenly snatched away. The Nation has mourned his loss in a fitting manner. We also on our part, Sir, this Assembly, not only show its great respect and esteem to our departed leader but only wish that India should produce such leaders.

Thank you.
16th August, 1959.

Condolence Motion:

In memory of Dr. Zakir Hussain,
President of India

...
Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Dr Zakir Hussain, President of India.

6th August, 1969

Unassuming. He has got human values of life. Pious and at the same time he held the office with dignity and decorum. Unassuming. He has got human values of life. Pious and at the same time he held the office with dignity and decorum.
16th August, 1969.

Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Dr. Zaki Husain,
President of India.

(ப இருத்து கொண்டான் பிறந்த முக்கிய வாய்ப்புகள் உள்ளது. மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பகுதியில் கூறப்பட்டுள்ள மேற்பாறை}}
Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Dr. Zakir Husain,
President of India

16th August, 1969. 57

Dennse of Dr. Zakir Hussain,
President of India.
The question is:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Dr. Zakir Hussain, President of India and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

The motion was adopted nem com all members standing observing silence for two minutes.
Mr Speaker—We shall have the other six condolence motions also passed and then adjourn for the whole day as a mark of respect to late Dr. Zakir Hussain.

POINT OF INFORMATION

Mr Speaker—Smt. Sumitra Devi, M.L.A., has died of shock due to the blindfolded beating by the police. She was set upon by a large number of police who were beating her. She tried to run away, but the police chased her. She was beaten on her head, legs, and neck. She was taken to a hospital in a critical condition.

Mr Speaker stated that the police had beaten Smt. Sumitra Devi, M.L.A., and that she was in a critical condition. He asked the government to take action against the police.

Mr Speaker—We shall have the other six condolence motions also passed and then adjourn for the whole day as a mark of respect to late Dr. Zakir Hussain.

POINT OF INFORMATION
Some hon. Members:— Shame, Shame.

[Further proceedings of the meeting.]

re: Beaming of Smt. Rama tradevi, M.L.A.

by the police.

ஆமரா சுட்டை சுகாதாரம் மாற்றம் மற்றும் காலம் குறைப்பு செய்யவுள்ளது. அவலா பரவலாக கூறியது. வாய்ப்பு தவறு கூறுவது விளையாடுவது என்று கூறியது. மாசட்டை முன்னையில் பொது கூறினார். என்று பார்க்கும் படி செய்து வைக்கப்பட்டது. எனவே எப்படி நீங்கள் செய்யும் விளக்கம்?

வாய்ப்பு சுட்டை: மாசட்டையில் சுகாதாரம் மாற்றம் செய்யவுள்ளது. எனவே முன்னையில் பொது கூறுவது என்று செய்யலாம்.

பி: சொங்கு: மாசட்டையில் சுகாதாரம் மாற்றம் செய்யவுள்ளது.

மாசட்டையில் சுட்டை: மாசட்டையில் சுகாதாரம் மாற்றம் செய்யவுள்ளது. எனவே முன்னையில் பொது கூறுவது என்று செய்யலாம்.

பி: சொங்கு: மாசட்டையில் சுகாதாரம் மாற்றம் செய்யவுள்ளது.

மாசட்டையில் சுட்டை: மாசட்டையில் சுகாதாரம் மாற்றம் செய்யவுள்ளது.

Point of Information:
re: Beating of Cyn. Shanti Devi, M.L.A.
by the police

sir, it is heard that (from the source) that the Home Minister or the Chief Minister should direct the Home Minister or the Chief Minister to conduct an inquiry into this matter.

Mr. Swayy.

I want the persons who are responsible for this atrocity should be punished.

Mr. S. R. J.:—Sir, it is heard that the Home Minister or the Chief Minister should conduct an inquiry into this matter. Number of firings have taken place. Persons were man-handled. Let the Minister make a statement on 18th, especially on what Smt. Vimaladevi asked.
Point of Information: 16th August, 1969.

Mr. Speaker:—We have got Rules. Suppose, I ask the concerned Home Minister or somebody to make a statement. He may ask me “What is the provision under which you are asking me to make a statement?”. Then, straight away, I have to quote the rule. There are rules under which I can act and I can call upon any Minister to make a statement. He cannot refuse and if he refuses, he knows the consequences. So, please give the rule under which I can call upon the Minister to make a statement on 18th itself. Let us not be at the mercy of anybody.

Mr. Speaker:—There are many rules under which I can call and ask the Minister to make a statement and conduct an enquiry.
64  16th August, 1969.  

Condolence Motion:  

re: Demise of Smt. M. Kasturi Devi, M.L.A.

Mr. Speaker:—I am to announce that I nominate the following to be Members of the Panel of Chairman for the Third Session:

1. Sri G. Venkata Reddy;  
2. Smt. Ramakumari Devi;  
3. Sri K. Ramanadham; and  
4. Dr. T. S. Murthy.

CONDOLENCE MOTIONS  

re: DEMISE OF SMT. M. KASTURI DEVI, M.L.A.

Mr. Speaker:—I beg to move:

“This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Smt. M. Kasturi Devi, Member Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.”
Condolence Motion: 16th August, 1969.

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family.
16th August, 1969.

Condolence Motion:

Demise of Smt. M. Kasturi Devi, M.L.A.,

"She left us in her sleep, leaving behind a legacy of love and dedication. Although her life was brief, she lived it to the fullest, leaving a lasting impact on the hearts of those who knew her. Her contributions to the field of education will be remembered for generations to come. She was a true inspiration, and her memory will always remain in our hearts."

(Later text not visible due to image resolution.)
Condolence Motion:  16th August, 1969.

Demise of Smt. M. Kasturi Devi, M.L.A.

...
16th August, 1969.

Condolence Motion:
re: Demise of Smt. M. Kasturi Devi, A.L.A.,

సంహరితం కాలంలో అత్యడింపబడింది అధ్యాపితమైన సమ్మేధి. కార్మికత సంస్థలలో ప్రాంతార్థంతో ప్రత్యేకంగా అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. సాంస్థిక పాడ ప్రాంతాంతర భాషాలలో ప్రముఖ పత్రికలలో సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. కూడా, ప్రత్యేకంగా సంస్థలలో ప్రత్యేకంగా అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు.

ప.స.ఎం. దానిని — అత్యడింపంగా ప్రత్యేకంగా సంస్థలలో ప్రత్యేకంగా అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. సమ్యాశంతంగా ప్రత్యేకంగా అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. కూడా, ప్రత్యేకంగా అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు.

ప్రయత్నాలు (ఫాసి): — అధ్యాపితమైన సమ్మేధి కార్మికత సంస్థలలో ప్రత్యేకంగా అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు. అంతర్జాతీయ సంబంధాలను సంచారించడానికి పరిశ్రమలు చేసాడు.
Condolence Motion:  
16th August, 1960.

Mrs. M. Godfrey (Nominated Anglo-Indian):—Mr. Speaker,
Sir, it is with sorrowful heart today we have to speak of beloved friend and sister, Shrimathi Kasturi Devi. She was so close to us that we feel her loss so great and it is difficult to say about it. I uniy myself with the speakers and add to it that in amidst us, she was a source of consolation and comfort with her cheerful smile and pleasing calm manners. My community and I, would like to record and send to the bereaved family our heart felt condolences and we will always pray that she will enjoy eternal bliss in her.

Thanking you.
Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Smt. M. Kasturi Devi, M.L.A.,

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I associate myself with the feelings expressed by the Members of the House on demise of Srimati Kasturi Devi. We have nothing but to express our deep concern over her sad and sudden demise.

The question is:

“That this House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Smt. M. Kasturi Devi, Member, Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the Members of the bereaved family.”

The motion was adopted NBM, all members standing in silence for two minutes.
16th August, 1999.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: - Sir, I beg to move:

“That this House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri Namburi Srinivasa Rao, former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family.”

Mr. Deputy Speaker: — Motion moved.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: —— Organising Secretary.
74 16th August, 1969.

Condoance Motion:
re: Demise of Sri Namburi Sicevittusu Rao, former M.I.A.,

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Condolence Motion:

16th August, 1969.

re: Demise of Sri Namburi Sreenivasa Rao,
former M.L.A.,

...
16th August, 1969.

Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Sri Nimmuru Sreemivasu Rao, former M.L.A.

Dear Sir,

On this sorrowful occasion, it is my duty to tender our heartfelt condolences to you and your family on the untimely demise of Sri Nunnu Sreemivar Rao, former M.L.A. He passed away on 12th August, 1969, leaving behind an indelible mark on our state politics.

Sri Rao was a dedicated public servant who contributed significantly to the welfare of his constituents. His contributions in various fields, including education, health, and infrastructure development, are commendable.

In memory of his services, we request you to consider this motion to honor his memory. His demise is a great loss to our state, and we are grief-stricken at his passing.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]
Condolence Motion:

18th August, 1967.

re: Demise of Sri Namburi Sreeni asa Rao, former M.L.A.

విని లింగాయతం కు నామాంచలు. ప్రపంచంలో ఈ ఆధారంలో ముందేరు దివసానికి నామాంచలు. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం.

నంబ్రి స్మృతిలో భయసక్తమైన సమయంలో. ప్రపంచంలో ఈ ఆధారంలో ముందేరు దివసానికి నామాంచలు. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం. అమలు కోసం కార్యాలు, స్థానాల లో కొనుగొని ప్రతి వ్యక్తి సేవలు కామాలానికి ఉపయోగం.
78 16th August, 1969.

Condonence Motion:

n: Demi o Sri Namhuri Sreenivasa Rao,
former M.L.A.,

చండె మీరు మనవ విశ్వాసం కోసం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం మనం
Condolence Motion :

16th August, 1969.

re : Demise of Sri Namburi Sreenivasa Rao,
former M.L.A.,

...
16th August, 1960.

Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Sri P.N. Appa Rao, former M.L.A.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I fully associate myself with the sentiments behind the Motion and also the observations of the members.

The question is:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri C.V. Suryanarayana Raju, former member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

The motion was adopted Nem Con, all members standing in silence for two minutes.

re: Demise of Sri P.N. Appa Rao former M.L.A.

Sri P.V. Narasimha Rao: Sir, I beg to move:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri P.N. Appa Rao, former member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

Mr Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.
Condolence Motion: 16th August, 1969.

re: Demise of Sri G. Joseph, former M.L.A.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair.)

Mr. Speaker The question is:

This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri G. Joseph, former member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family.

The motion was adopted Nem Con, all the members standing in silence for two minutes.

re: Demise of Sri G. Joseph, Former M.L.A.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I beg to move:

This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri G. Joseph, former member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family.

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.
84 16th August, 1989

Condolence Motion:

"In memory of Sri G. Joseph, former M.L.A.,

(1) గిరీతికి అద్దించవచ్చు. గౌరవమే ఉపయోగించడానికి, ప్రతి సారి సంఘం ఉత్తమ అభిమానులు నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం. ఫిలిప్పిన్ పాలకత్వం ఇంకానే నేడు ఉదయం చెందిన కాలంలో ఆయన పాలకత్వం కొరకు నుండి సాధనం ప్రత్యేకమైన ప్రాతిసాధనం నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం.

(2) ఇతను, మరమ్మతం నామానుల ఖాతలో ప్రతి సారి సంఘం ఉత్తమ అభిమానులు నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం. మిదారపు సంఘం ఉత్తమ అభిమానులు నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం. అంతికర్ణ విస్తరణలు తుంగిని ఉత్తమ అభిమానులు నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం. మిదారపు సంఘం ఉత్తమ అభిమానులు నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం. మిదారపు సంఘం ఉత్తమ అభిమానులు నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం.

(3) అందులో కోంతం ప్రత్యేకంగా అద్దించవచ్చు. గౌరవమే ఉపయోగించడానికి, ప్రతి సారి సంఘం ఉత్తమ అభిమానులు నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం. ఫిలిప్పిన్ పాలకత్వం ఇంకానే నేడు ఉదయం చెందిన కాలంలో ఆయన పాలకత్వం కొరకు నుండి సాధనం ప్రతిసాధనం నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం. ఫిలిప్పిన్ పాలకత్వం ఇంకానే నేడు ఉదయం చెందిన కాలంలో ఆయన పాలకత్వం కొరకు నుండి సాధనం ప్రతిసాధనం నిర్మించిన శతాబ్ది ప్రతిష్ఠ సాధనం.
Condolence Motion: 16th August, 1939.

Mr. Speaker: — The question is:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri G. Joseph, former member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

The motion was adopted Nem Con, all the members standing in silence for two minutes.

Mr. Speaker: — Motion moved.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — Sir, I beg to move:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri M. Bapineedu, former member of the Madras Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

Mr. Speaker: — Motion moved.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — Sir, I beg to move:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri M. Bapineedu, former member of the Madras Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

Mr. Speaker: — Motion moved.
88th August, 1969.

Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Sri M. Itapinedu, former member of the Madras Legislative Assembly.

(1) 10. Shyamsundar:— The distinguished politician, Sir M. Itapinedu, passed away on 30th July, 1969. He was a member of the Madras Legislative Assembly for several terms. He was a strong supporter of the Congress Party and played a significant role in the political affairs of the state. His contributions to the development of the region will be remembered.

1. Shyamsundar:— He was a dedicated member of the party and always worked for the betterment of the people. He was a true leader and will be missed by all.

2. Shyamsundar:— His sudden passing is a great loss to the party and the state. His memory will live on through his contributions.

3. Shyamsundar:— He leaves behind a legacy of service and dedication.

4. Shyamsundar:— His passing is a great loss to the politician and the state. His memory will live on through his contributions.

5. Shyamsundar:— His passing is a great loss to the politician and the state. His memory will live on through his contributions.

6. Shyamsundar:— His passing is a great loss to the politician and the state. His memory will live on through his contributions.

7. Shyamsundar:— His passing is a great loss to the politician and the state. His memory will live on through his contributions.

8. Shyamsundar:— His passing is a great loss to the politician and the state. His memory will live on through his contributions.

9. Shyamsundar:— His passing is a great loss to the politician and the state. His memory will live on through his contributions.

10. Shyamsundar:— His passing is a great loss to the politician and the state. His memory will live on through his contributions.

(End)
Condolence Motion: 16th August, 1969.

re: Demise of Sri M. Bapineedu, former member of the Madras Legislative Assembly.

Sri M. Bapineedu, the Member of the Madras Legislative Assembly, passed away on 16th August, 1969. He was a member of the Madras Legislative Assembly for many years. He was a prominent member of the Indian National Congress and played a significant role in the political life of the State.

Sri M. Bapineedu was born on 16th August, 1880. He was a lawyer by profession and served as a member of the Madras Legislative Assembly for several terms. He was known for his dedication to the cause of the poor and the downtrodden.

Sri M. Bapineedu was a man of few words, but his actions spoke louder than words. He was a true patriot and a great statesman. He will be remembered for his contributions to the betterment of the people of the State.

We, the members of the Madras Legislative Assembly, offer our deepest condolences to the bereaved family. We pray that the soul of Sri M. Bapineedu may rest in peace.

203—12
90 16th August, 1969. Condolence Motion:

re: Demise of Sri M. Bapineedu, former member of the Madras Legislative Assembly.

Sir,

In this connection, on behalf of the Legislative Assembly, I submit the following resolution for your consideration:

WHEREAS the late Sri M. Bapineedu was a member of the Madras Legislative Assembly for many terms and was well known for his contribution to the welfare of the people;

AND WHEREAS the Assembly is deeply grieved at the loss of a distinguished member;

NOW THEREFORE, this Assembly expresses its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri M. Bapineedu and passes the following resolution:

That the Assembly conveys its deepest sympathy to the bereaved family and to the people of the Madras Legislative Assembly for the loss of a distinguished member and requests the government to extend all possible assistance to the family.

(Signed) [Signature]

Secretary

Legislative Assembly

[Stamp]
Condolence Motion: 16th August, 1969.

re: Victims of agitation in the State.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"This House places on record its deep sense of sorrow at the demise of Sri M. Bapineedu, former member of the Madras Legislative Assembly and conveys its deep sense of sympathy to the members of the bereaved family."

The motion was adopted Nem con, all the members standing.

re: Victims of agitation in the State.

Sri J. V. Narsinga Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

"This House expresses its sorrow and sympathy for all those who lost their lives and properties during the agitation in the State during the last seven months."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved I think it will be passed unanimously.

(pause)

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"This House expresses its sorrow and sympathy for all those who lost their lives and properties during the agitation in the State during the last seven months."

The motion was adopted Nem con, all members standing in silence for two minutes.

Mr. Speaker:—The House is adjourned till 8-30 a.m. on Monday the 18th August 1969, as a mark of respect to the leaders and other persons in respect of whom condolence motions have been passed.

The House adjourned till Half-past Eight of the Clock on Monday, the 18th August, 1969.