THE
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES
OFFICIAL REPORT

Nineteenth day of the Second Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Monday, the 8th March, 1969.

The House met at Half-Past Eight of the Clock.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

CULTURAL MISSION TO MALAYSIA

837—

* 1020 (6533-Z) Q.—Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya (Satyana-palli): Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

Whether the Report of Sri Yerruju Madhavachari, M. A., Principal, Dharma Apparao College, Nuzvid, Krishna District who was deputed by our State Government to tour Malaysia on Andhra Cultural Mission in the year, 1967-68 was received and if so whether a copy of it will be placed on the table of the House?

The Minister for Education (Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao):—A copy of the report is placed on the table of the House.

PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

(Vide Answer to L. A. Q. No. 337 (Starred * 1020)

Copy of report dated 25-3-68 Sri Y. Madhavacharyulu, Principal, Dharma Appa Rao College, Nuzvid submitted to Govt.

Sub:—CULTURAL TOUR in Malaysia on deputation by the Govt. of Andhra Pradesh — Memorandum of the Andhra Association of Malaysia — Submission — Regarding.

I have gone to Malaysia on 1st October, 1967 on deputation by the Govt. of India and the Govt. of Andhra Pradesh and returned to our country on 1st November, 1967.

I toured the entire country for 31 days by car and addressed more than forty well attended gatherings and conferences. Hundreds and thousands of Andhras, Non-Andhra Indians, Malaysians, Chinese and others assembled in these meetings to see and hear this Indian Andhra brother.
The tour has been a successful one in every respect. The Andhras in Malaysia who are scattered throughout the peninsula had a great opportunity of coming to the places where the meetings were arranged, hearing to the message of Andhra History & Culture and feeling the oneness of Andhra fraternity, wherever they are. They were much attracted by the sweetness and softness of their mother tongue, Telugu, which they heard long ago.

The Andhra brothers in Malaysia accorded me a great and country-wide reception, arranged parties with overwhelming joy and ovation. I cannot forget the affectionate love which they showered on me during my stay in that country. The farewell given to me with mixed feelings, at the time of my departure from the Subhang Air Port of Kuala Lumpur, stands always in my memory as a distinct mark of their affection and sweet heart.

Hon'ble V. T. Sambanthan, an Indian who is now Minister for Information and Co-operation, Govt. of Malaysia and Sri Shukla, Indian High Commissioner in Malaysia gave me parties and expressed their regard, respect and love for our Mother-land Bharat and Andhras.

The Andhras in Malaysia are, no doubt, living in plenty and prosperity. But they are gradually loosing touch of Telugu language and literature, Andhra History and Culture. They are much worried about this and are trying their best to maintain closer relations with their Mother Tongue and culture. They asked me to present the following requests on their behalf to the Govt. of Andhra Pradesh so that some thing needful be done as soon as possible.

Report of the Andhra Association of Malaysia.

I. To reserve ten seats every year for Telugu students from Malaysia, in Veterinary and Medical Courses.

II. To arrange for more number of Telugu Broadcast programmes from All India Radio, Delhi, Hyderabad, Vijayawada and Madras.

III. To organise an "Andhra International".

IV. To arrange for sending Telugu books to the Library of Andhra Association of Malaysia.

V. To arrange for sending Telugu Films to Malaysia.

All these five requests of the Andhra brothers in Malaysia indicate their thirst for the development of Telugu language and culture there and our Govt. will be doing a great deal if they attend to these items and arrange for their fulfilment.

I am herewith enclosing the Memorandum of the Andhra Association of Malaysia which has been sent to me for presenting to the Govt.
Oral Answers to Questions.

8th March, 1969.

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కాబడి లేకుండా సంప్రదాయ సాంస్కృతిక అధికారాలను. టిమింగ్ లేకుండా సాంస్కృతిక సాధనాలు సాంస్కృతిక అధికారాలను. ఉత్తర లేక సాంస్కృతిక అధికారాలను. అభివృద్ధి చేసే సాంస్కృతిక లేదా సాంస్కృతిక కోర్టుల ఉపయోగాన్ని అధికారాలను. 

ఒక మంది తారుతో సాంస్కృతిక అధికారాలు. అభివృద్ధి లేదా సాంస్కృతిక అవలంబితాలను. అభివృద్ధి లేదా సాంస్కృతిక అధికారాలు. 

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P. V. Narasimha Rao: That matter has already been taken up with the Director-General of All India Radio.

That is a decision taken straight away Sir, So action has been taken as far as possible on all the points.
Oral Answers to Questions.
8th March, 1969.

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...
8th March, 1960.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(మూడవ ప్రత్యేక పూర్వగా ప్రమాణాలు లేదు. ఓటంతో ఇందులో కాపాడు వలసిన ప్రతి ప్రమాణాను మెయిన్ ప్రాతం ప్రతి వర్గా ప్రతి ప్రమాణాను తెలిసినది. 1960 సంవత్సరం వలసినది.

(20వ ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేక పూర్వగా ప్రమాణాలు లేదు. ఓటంతో ఇందులో కాపాడు వలసిన ప్రతి ప్రమాణాను మెయిన్ ప్రాతం ప్రతి వర్గా ప్రతి ప్రమాణాను తెలిసినది. 1960 సంవత్సరం వలసినది.

(2) శాసన ఆశ్రయస్థాయి ప్రత్యేకస్థాయి ప్రతి ప్రమాణాను మెయిన్ ప్రాతం ప్రతి వర్గా ప్రతి ప్రమాణాను తెలిసినది. 1960 సంవత్సరం వలసినది.
Oral Answers to Questions.  
8th March, 1969.

AGE-LIMIT FOR RETIREMENT OF VICE-CHANCELLORS

838—

* 874 (7382) Q.—Sri A. Madhavarao (Nellore) :—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the Education Commission has fixed 65 years as the age limit for retirement for the Vice-Chancellors of the Universities; and
(b) if so, the steps taken by the Government to implement the same?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :— (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The matter will be considered at the time of undertaking further legislation on Universities.

LAND UNDER TUNGABHADRA PROJECT LOW LEVEL CANAL

339—

* 334 (6674) Q.—Sri T. G. L. Thimmaiah (Put by Sri P. Subbaiah) :—Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:
(a) the extent of wet and irrigated dry land of registered ayacut under Tungabhadra Project Low Level Canal;
(b) the extent of land developed under wet ayacut and irrigated dry ayacut as at present;
(c) what is the extent of irrigated dry allowed on temporary permits for Rabi season for 1964 onwards year-wise;
(d) whether any temporary permit would be issued in future as the area is not fully developed;

(e) if not, what is the future programme under contemplation;

(f) due to seepage of water adjoining wet and irrigated dry ayacuts whether there is any proposal to add some more lands in the registered wet ayacut; and

(g) if so, the extent of the same?

The Minister for Co-operation (Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy):

(a) A statement is placed on the table of the House.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
[Vide Answer to L. A. Q. No. 339 (Starred *384)]

(a) Under Tungabhadra Project, Low Level Canal in Andhra Pradesh area, the localised Wet and Irrigable Dry ayacut is 37,168.48 acres and 1,08,174.64 acres respectively excluding 2909.67 acres of wet land under 80 tanks which are to be fed with Low Level Canal water.

(b) Extents developed under wet ayacut and Irrigable Dry ayacut up to the end of Fasli 1377 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Wet</th>
<th>Irrigated dry</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F. 1374 (1964-65)</td>
<td>35,864.39 acres</td>
<td>51,356.39 acres</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Extents outside the localised ayacut for which temporary permits were granted for irrigation in the Rabi season from Fasli 1374 (Crop year 1964-65) are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fasli year</th>
<th>Extents permitted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F. 1374 (1964-65)</td>
<td>5,648.50 acres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F. 1375 (1965-66)</td>
<td>24,568.80 acres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F. 1376 (1966-67)</td>
<td>15,832.68 acres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F. 1377 (1967-68)</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) Grant of temporary permits for the irrigation of lands outside the ayacut has been stopped from Fasli 1377 (crop year 1967-68).

(e) The stoppage of the grant of temporary permits for irrigation of the lands outside the localised ayacut has resulted in the development of an appreciable additional extent of the localised Irrigable Dry ayacut in the rabi season of Fasli 1377. In view of this, the Government have decided to follow the same policy for the coming rabi season of F. 1878 also and watch the development of the Irrigable Dry ayacut.

(f) A proposal for inclusion of non-ayacut lands which are affected by seepage, is under examination of the Board of Revenue in consultation with Collector, Tungabhadra Project, Kuruvool.

(g) In view of the answer to clause (f) it is too early to say anything unless decision is taken on the proposal.
Inclusion of Lands of Madhira Taluk under Left Canal of Nagarjunasagar Project

*502 (7H15) Q.—Sri T. Purushothama Rao (Put by Sri Ch. Rajeswar Rao):—Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of lands forming part of Annarugudem, Gopalapet (Madhira taluk) Garlavaddu, Yenkuru village in Khammam district which have been included in the ayacut of Left Canal of Nagarjunasagar Project;

(b) the number of sluice under which the lands of the said villages have been included and the year upto which water is likely to be supplied;

(c) the reasons for conducting survey and preparing estimates to Chintalacheruvu Project, Gopalapeta in the above area;

(d) the amount of estimates for this Project;

(e) whether the lands which will be converted into wet lands under Nagarjunasagar Project will not be submerged in case this project is constructed; and

(f) whether the construction of this project is necessary even for the area which will be covered by Nagarjunasagar canal?

Sri K. Vijayabhaaskaro Reddy:—(a) Acres 1668.75 under Annarugudem village and Acres 859.97 under Gopalapeta village of Madhira taluk in Khammam District have been included in the ayacut of Left Canal of Nagarjunasagar Project. Garlavaddu and Yenkuru villages are not included in the localised ayacut, since they are uncommandable.
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Oral Answers to Questions.

(b) A statement showing the sluicewise details localised under the Left Canal in Annarugudem and Gopalapeta villages of Madhira taluk, Khammam District is placed on the Table of the House. It may take more than 4 years for supplying water to this area, depending on the funds position in the IV Plan period.

(c) On a representation of the President, State Chamber of Panchayat Raj, for the construction of an anicut across Kattaleru near Annarugudem village, the survey had been carried out by the Suprintending Engineer, N. I. P. He has however recommended to the Chief Engineer, Minor Irrigation for restoration of breached Chintalacheruvu Project, instead of the above anicut and prepared an estimate of probable cost of the scheme. No proposals have, however, been received by the Government.

(d) Rs. 14.48 lakhs.

(e) All the foreshore tank bed lands now included in the Nagarjunasagar Project ayacut will be submerged if the Chintalacheruvu Project materialises.

(f) The scheme is under investigation stage only.
STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
(Vide Answer to clause (b) of the L. A. Q. No. 340 (Starred *502)
Statement showing the sluice-wise details of localised area of Annarugudem and Gopalpet village of Madhira taluk.
Ayacut localised (Acres)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Wet</th>
<th>Dry</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>6</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

SIRIPURAM MAJOR BLOCK 21/4
Name of Major or Minor

1. 1 L/4 R Gopalpet Minor I Gopalpet (v)
2. 1 L/5 R do
3. 1 L/6 R do
4. 1 L/7 R do
5. 1 L/8 R do
6. 1 L/9 TE do
7. 3 L of Siripuram Major do
8. 4 L do do
9. 5 S do do
10. 6 L/1 R Gopalpet Minor II do
11. 6 L/2 L do do
12. 6 L/3 L do do
13. 6 L/4 R do 75.22
14. 6 L/TE do 45.25
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>7 L Siripuram Major</td>
<td>Gopalpet (v)</td>
<td>63.96</td>
<td>65.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>8 L  do do</td>
<td>8.50</td>
<td>8.50</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>9 L  do do</td>
<td>4.16</td>
<td>4.16</td>
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</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Total for Gopalpet (v)</td>
<td></td>
<td>120.47</td>
<td>730.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ITEM No. [2].

<table>
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<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>9 L Siripuram Major</td>
<td>Annarugudem</td>
<td>95.64</td>
<td>95.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>10 L  do do</td>
<td>66.88</td>
<td>66.88</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>11 L  do do</td>
<td>67.02</td>
<td>67.02</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>12 L/1R  do do</td>
<td>74.17</td>
<td>74.17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>12 L/2 L  do do</td>
<td>36.65</td>
<td>36.65</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>12 L/3 R  do do</td>
<td>24.01</td>
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<td>79.26</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>12 L/5 TE  do</td>
<td>94.81</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>13 R/1 L  do do</td>
<td>39.32</td>
<td>39.32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>15 R/2 L  do do</td>
<td>34.91</td>
<td>34.91</td>
<td></td>
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Total for Annarugudem: 409.14 1159.61 1568.75
A separate question. This is about another minor irrigation project. I want notice.

**WORKS AT N. S. PROJECT UNDER FAMINE RELIEF**

341—

--- 1134 Q.—Sri R. Mahananda (Darsi):—Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) in how many places the work of excavation of Right Channel of N. S. Project in Blocks 12 to 20 is taken up under Famine Relief measure;

(b) whether water will be supplied in 1971 and 1972 to Darsi Taluk in Nellore district;

(c) if so, for how many acres and in which villages?

Sri K. Vijayabaskara Reddy: (a) Excavation of Nagarjunasagar Right Canal in Blocks 12 to 20 has been taken up for execution under the normal programme as a drought relief measure and no famine relief works have been taken up;

(b) Villages in Darsi Taluk of Nellore District come under blocks 11 to 22 of Nagarjunasagar Right Canal. Water is being supplied to Vempalara and Mylavaram villages in Darsi Taluk in Block 11 from August 1965. It is proposed to supply water to other villages in blocks 16 to 21 and part of 22 by July 1973 depending on the availability of funds during the IV Plan period;

(c) A statement showing the details is placed on the table of the House.

**STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE**

[Vide Answer to Clause (c) of the L.A.Q. No. 341 (Starred * 1134)]

List of villages with ayacut particulars in each village.

**DARSI TALUK**

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<th>Block Total</th>
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8th March, 1969.

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The ayacut under Block 11 is receiving water from 8/68 onwards during this year.

The total ayacut benefited by N. S. Project waters in Darssi Taluk of Nellore District is about 1,16,681 acres.
Oral Answers to Questions. 8th March, 1969.

1. Progress on major aqueducts and take-up:
   Engineering staff subdivisions to divert proposal referred.
   Alliance to supply 72 mph rail locomotives.
   NPL to supply 2000 accord right canal.

2. Allotment proposals:
   Suggested to defer aqueduct proposals.
   Allotment tender issued.

3. Famine relief:
   Allotment orders.

(No Reply)
Sri K. Vijaya Bhaskara Reddy: The Member asked me about Nagarjunasagar.

MISMANAGEMENT IN ANNAVARAM DEVASTHANAM

342—

1304 Q.—Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government received complaints regarding mismanagement of Annavaram Sri Veeravenkata Satyanarayanaswamy Devasthanam and if so, when were the complaints received and what action was taken;

(b) whether it is a fact that Devasthanam funds amounting nearly Rs. 14 lakhs were mismanaged and if so, what investigation was done; and

(c) whether the Minister announced in a public statement on October 31st that the Government removed the present hereditary trustee from trusteeship, if so, who is now appointed as the trustee of the Devasthanam?

The answer is in the affirmative. Complaints against the management of the Devasthanam were received in the year 1366. On the basis of the reports of the Commissioner, Endowments Department, necessary disciplinary action is being taken against the hereditary trustee for his various acts of mismanagement.

The audit reports on the accounts of the Devasthanam for Fasli 1364 to Fasli 1375 revealed irregularities of both technical and non-technical nature involving an amount of Rs. 15.5 lakhs. Charges have been framed against the hereditary trustee in respect of the irregularities and the explanation submitted by him is under the scrutiny of Government.

(c) No, Sir.
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I cannot of hard say how much is non-technical and how much is technical. But from the Endowments Department's point of view it does not involve any motive of misappropriation and things like that. The records are not complete. They are to be completed. That is called technical. Non-technical irregularity.

Mr. Speaker:—So far as this question is concerned, last time full information was placed on the Table of the House and the Government have absolutely no sympathy for those people at all. They are taking whatever action is necessary against those people. He furnished much more information. The matter is pending in the High Court and they are taking further action.

INVESTMENT BY T. T. D. IN CO-OPERATIVE BANKS

313—

*62 (6813) Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raju (Yemmiganur):—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals before the Government to authorise Tirumala Tirupathi Devasthanams to invest amounts in Co-operative Bank; and

(b) if so, whether a copy of the details would be placed on the Table of the House?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
RELAXATION OF AGE LIMIT TO WOMEN FOR ADMISSION TO EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

807 (Starred) Q.— Sri A. Madhava Rao:— Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to relax the rule relating to the restriction of age for admission into institutions of General Education and Technical Education like Teacher Training etc., in the case of women;

(b) if so, whether any decision was taken by the Government in the matter; and

(c) if so, the nature of the same?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— (a) There is no proposal to do away with the age limits prescribed for various courses under the General Education and Technical Education Departments. A statement indicating the rule position regarding the age restrictions for the various courses is placed on the table of the House.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

[ Vide Answer to Part (a) of L. A. Q. No. 344 (Starred *807 ) ]

General Education:

Secondary Grade Training: Candidates seeking admission to this course should be between 16 and 25 years of age. In deserving cases, the District Educational Officer is empowered to relax the upper age limit and Government the lower age limit. In the case of persons who are in service in recognised schools for not less than 3 years, the upper age limit is 35 years.

Integrated course of General Education and Elementary Grade Training for Adult Women:

Candidates seeking admission to this course should be between 11 and 35 years of age.

B. Ed: Candidates seeking admission to this course should be between 16 and 25 years of age. In the case of teachers who have put in a service of three years in a recognised school, the upper age limit is 35. The controlling authority, i.e., University may relax limit in very special circumstances.

Technical Education:

Engineering Colleges: The minimum age for admission to these colleges is 6 years. There is no maximum age limit for these courses.

Polytechnics: Candidates seeking admission to these institutions should be between 15 and 21 years. In the case of girls seeking admission to Girls' Polytechnics the upper age limit is 25 years. On the analogy of admissions to Engineering Colleges, the question whether the upper age limit should be removed for admissions to Polytechnics also is before the State Board of Technical Education and Training. The Board has not yet met to consider this issue. Its recommendation is awaited.
Oral Answers to Questions. 8th March, 1969.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Nurses Course does not come under the Education Department. They come under the Health Department. So far as polytechnics are concerned relaxation of age has already been given. The upper age limit has been raised from 21 in the case of males, 25 in the case of women. That is already done. In regard to these diploma courses also, the Director of Technical Education is proposing that the upper age limit should be removed altogether but that he could not do. That will be placed before the Technical Education Board. That is, action is being taken on those lines.

Sri A. Madav Rao:—General Education—

"We are getting the candidates within the prescribed age limits. So, I do not think, there is anything for any relaxation there."

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—We are going to place it before the Board at its meeting which is going to take place shortly.
345—

* 749 (6985) Q. — Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao (Vijayawada East): — Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) is it not a fact that Andhra Pradesh Seminar on the organisation and administration of Public Libraries was held in Hyderabad in April 1962;

(b) is it not a fact that the findings of the Seminar were edited by S. R. Ranganathan;

(c) if is not a fact that the said Seminar felt it desirable that each city should be under jurisdiction of a city Library Authority; and

(d) if so, what is the action taken by the Government on the said recommendation?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: — (a) The Andhra Pradesh Seminar on the organisation and administration of Public Libraries (1962) was conducted for six days from 22nd to 28th March 1962 at Hyderabad.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Yes Sir.

The Seminar made such a recommendation.

(d) there is a separate Local Library Authority constituted for the twin cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad only. Regarding the other cities it was considered desirable to retain them in the respective district institutions so as to ensure a uniform and balanced development of libraries in both the urban and rural areas of the district.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao—: We’ll consider that.
Oral Answers to Questions. 8th March, 1969.

1. That the findings of the Seminar were edited by S. R. Ranganathan, is it not a fact that the findings of the Seminar were edited by S. R. Ranganathan?

2. Will the hon. Minister Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals before the Government to introduce Mobile Libraries at Hyderabad as has been introduced in Madras;
(b) if so, when are they likely to be started?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) Yes. The Local Library Authority, Hyderabad and Secunderabad is considering the question of introducing Mobile Library service in the twin cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad. Necessary budget provision has been made by Local Library Authority, Hyderabad for this purpose in its current year’s Budget.

(b) Efforts are being made to start the service before the end of the current financial year.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—There has been a change in the nomenclature. But the amendment has just received the assent.

Central Banks in the State

347—

* 671 (6124) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda: —Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state;

(a) how many Co-operative Central Banks are there in the State now;

(b) what are the outstanding overdues of principal and interest in all these Banks till 31-3-1968; and

(c) have all these banks declared dividends till 1967-68; if so, how much each; what are the amounts invested by the Government by way of loans to each of these Banks till 31-3-1968; what special steps are taken to collect the overdues?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—(a), (b) & (c) The answer is placed on the Table of the House.
PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
[Vide Answer to L.A.Q. No. 347 (Starred * 671)]

(a) There are 25 Co-operative Central Banks in the State.

(b) The following statement shows the overdues under principal and interest as on 31-3-1968.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Co-operative Central Bank</th>
<th>Overdues as on 31-3-1968</th>
<th>Principal (Rs. in lakhs)</th>
<th>Interest (Rs. in lakhs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td></td>
<td>62.85</td>
<td>6.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Medak</td>
<td></td>
<td>40.20</td>
<td>2.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td></td>
<td>26.79</td>
<td>2.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Vijayawada</td>
<td></td>
<td>137.19</td>
<td>2.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Rajahmundry</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.93</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td></td>
<td>26.93</td>
<td>2.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Mahabubnagar</td>
<td></td>
<td>68.60</td>
<td>4.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td></td>
<td>24.07</td>
<td>1.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td></td>
<td>35.52</td>
<td>2.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Eluru</td>
<td></td>
<td>31.70</td>
<td>0.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td></td>
<td>32.82</td>
<td>1.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td></td>
<td>37.59</td>
<td>1.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td></td>
<td>21.02</td>
<td>0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td></td>
<td>52.72</td>
<td>2.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td></td>
<td>85.36</td>
<td>2.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td></td>
<td>7.65</td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Kakinada</td>
<td></td>
<td>29.98</td>
<td>0.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Ramachandrapuram</td>
<td></td>
<td>7.61</td>
<td>0.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Amalapuram</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td></td>
<td>55.07</td>
<td>3.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td></td>
<td>30.92</td>
<td>0.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td></td>
<td>80.74</td>
<td>3.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.</td>
<td>Vijayanagaram</td>
<td></td>
<td>55.20</td>
<td>0.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.</td>
<td>Bhongir</td>
<td></td>
<td>20.84</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td></td>
<td>46.09</td>
<td>Not readily available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) The following statement shows the amount invested by the Government as share capital in the Co-operative Central Banks and the amount of dividend remitted by the Co-operative Central Banks to the Government on Government shares from 1961-62 to 1966-67.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S/N</th>
<th>Name of the Co-op.</th>
<th>Govt. share</th>
<th>Central Bank.</th>
<th>Amounts of dividend remitted on Government shares for the year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>1000.00</td>
<td>12,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>8000.03</td>
<td>12,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>2000.00</td>
<td>23,333.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>16000.00</td>
<td>21,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>19171.25</td>
<td>26,145.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Konaseema</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>20000.00</td>
<td>20,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Rajahmundry</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>13384.34</td>
<td>18,334.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Vijayanagaram</td>
<td>11.00</td>
<td>45333.34</td>
<td>45,833.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Kaknada</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>20968.03</td>
<td>23,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Miru</td>
<td>19.00</td>
<td>57000.00</td>
<td>57,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>4500.00</td>
<td>5.25617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Ramachandrapuram</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>2944.45</td>
<td>35,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>11.25</td>
<td>15000.00</td>
<td>19,614.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>8.00</td>
<td>20085.18</td>
<td>28,883.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>12000.00</td>
<td>12,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>No contribution by Government</td>
<td>No contribution by Government</td>
<td>No contribution by Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Mahabobnagar</td>
<td>6.03</td>
<td>14375.34</td>
<td>14,375.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>5.50</td>
<td>9000.00</td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Machilipatnam</td>
<td>11.00</td>
<td>45500.00</td>
<td>30,751.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Tirali</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>18000.00</td>
<td>18,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>No contribution by Government</td>
<td>No contribution by Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Vizianagaram</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>20000.00</td>
<td>13,333.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>20000.00</td>
<td>2,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Bhongir.</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>18000.00</td>
<td>2,246.58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total:** 188.25 407.34 881.458.86 409.500.03 250.583.34 221.39 36
The Co-operative Central Banks, Adilabad, Warangal, Medak and Nellore have not declared dividend for some years either due to loss sustained by them or on account of meagre profits earned by them.

The rest of the Central Banks (except Cuddapah Co-operative Central Bank which has not received any amount from Government under share capital) have declared dividend on Government shares and paid the dividend amounts due to the Government except in a few years.

Long term loans were given to weak Co-operative Central Banks as indicated below. The due dates have not yet commenced for repayment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Co-op. Central Bank</th>
<th>Amount of long term loan sanctioned</th>
<th>Period of repayment</th>
<th>Due date of repayment of 1st instalment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>10 years</td>
<td>1-1-1971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>0.60</td>
<td>10 years</td>
<td>5-1-1972</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>1.20</td>
<td>10 years</td>
<td>27-11-1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Steps taken to collect the overdues in Co-operative Central Banks:

The state Co-operative Bank and the Central Banks and also the Department are seized of the problem of overdues. All possible steps to reduce overdues, particularly at Primary Co-operative Society level, are being taken. Regional Conferences were held during July and August, 1967, wherein the problem of overdues and other allied issues were discussed thoroughly and it was impressed upon the officials and office bearers of the Banks that substantial improvement should be effected in this behalf. Targets have been fixed for collection of overdues for achievement by bank staff and the Departmental staff and the progress is keenly watched. The Managing Director of the State Co-operative Bank and the Joint Registrar (Credit) made personal visits to the Central Banks and also to the defaulting societies to give fillip to the collection drive which yielded good results. The Registrar of Co-operative Societies is also undertaking joint tours with the the Managing Director and making on the spot study of the problem and advising the officials and non-officials suitably as to the line of action to be adopted by them in the matter.
3th March, 1969

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. 

2. 

3.

4.

5.

6.

7. 

8. 

9.

Sri K. Vijayabaskara Reddy:—I can give all the details Sir, if the Member gives me notice.
Oral Answers to Questions- 8th March, 1969. 203

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—I have already answered that question.

M. M. Reddy:—Then I want to ask whether the Government have decided to hold elections to 25 banks and 25 elected bodies?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—I have already answered that question.

M. M. Reddy:—I want to ask whether the Government has decided to hold elections to 25 banks and 25 elected bodies?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—I have already answered that question.

M. M. Reddy:—I want to ask whether the Government has decided to hold elections to 25 banks and 25 elected bodies?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—I have already answered that question.

M. M. Reddy:—I want to ask whether the Government has decided to hold elections to 25 banks and 25 elected bodies?
206 8th March, 1969.

Oral Answers to Questions.

... ... 

LAND MORTGAGE BANKS IN SRUKAKULAM DISTRICT

348—

* 914 (7618) Q.— Sri P. Gunnayya:— Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the No. of Land Mortgage Banks in Srikakulam district;

(b) the bank-wise amount sanctioned by the Government for the years 1967-68 and 1968-69; and

(c) the amount sanctioned towards the wells and improvement of the land respectively?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:— (a) There are 11 (Eleven) Land Mortgage Banks in Srikakulam District.

(b) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(c)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount sanctioned towards wells.</th>
<th>Amount sanctioned towards improvement of land and purchase of tractors.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1967-68</td>
<td>2,00,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1968-69</td>
<td>2,00,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

[Vide Clause (5) of the L. A. Q. No. 348 (*914)]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>62,000</td>
<td>23,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Pathapatnam</td>
<td>54,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Sompeta</td>
<td>14,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>Palakonda</td>
<td>81,000</td>
<td>88,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>Cheepurupalli</td>
<td>1,03,800</td>
<td>94,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>Bobbil</td>
<td>69,800</td>
<td>49,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>Narasannapet</td>
<td>48,155</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8)</td>
<td>Ichapuram</td>
<td>5,600</td>
<td>7,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9)</td>
<td>Tekkali</td>
<td>49,000</td>
<td>26,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>Salaru</td>
<td>29,800</td>
<td>21,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(11)</td>
<td>Parvathipuram</td>
<td>42,000</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5,24,955  8,60,600
Oal Answera te Questions. 8th March, 1959. 205

1. తెలిపేది పండుగ రోజులు జలిపోయే పండుగ రోజులను తెలిపండి. 1956-57 జలిపోయిన రోజులు 26-28 రోజులు ప్రస్తుతి కోసం 1,20,000 పండలు వచ్చాయి. 22-23 రోజులను 25 రోజులకు వచ్చాయి.

2. కొంత సంఖ్యలు జలిపోయిన పండుగ రోజులు జలిపోయిన పండుగ రోజుల సంఖ్యకు సమానం అనుమతించింది. 1957-58 జలిపోయిన రోజులు 28 రోజులు ప్రస్తుతికి వచ్చాయి. 21-22 రోజులు ప్రస్తుతి కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి. 3 రోజుల ప్రస్తుతి కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి.

3. అంతరిక్షం నుండి ప్రయాణం పెరిగింది. కొంత సంఖ్యలు ప్రయాణం కావచ్చింది. 1958-59 ప్రయాణానికి వచ్చాయి. 10 రోజుల ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి. 24 రోజులు ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి.

4. పండుగ రోజులు గ్రామానికి ప్రయాణం కావచ్చింది. 1959-60 ప్రయాణానికి వచ్చాయి. 5 రోజుల ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి. 30 రోజులు ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి.

5. మాత్రమే దుష్టి తెలిస్తుంది. మొదటి సందర్భంలో పండుగ రోజులు ప్రయాణం కావచ్చింది. 1960-61 ప్రయాణానికి వచ్చాయి. 10 రోజుల ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి. 20 రోజులు ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి.

6. ఇతర సంఖ్యలు ప్రయాణం కావచ్చింది. 1961-62 ప్రయాణానికి వచ్చాయి. 15 రోజుల ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి. 25 రోజులు ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి.

7. పండుగ రోజులు ప్రయాణం కావచ్చింది. 1962-63 ప్రయాణానికి వచ్చాయి. 5 రోజుల ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి. 20 రోజుల ప్రయాణం కోసం పండలు వచ్చాయి.

Sr. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—I shall look into the matter keeping the members’ views in mind.

COLLECTION OF LOAN INSTALMENTS BY NALGONDA CO-OPERATIVE CENTRAL BANK

349—

*1032 (6335-J) Q.—Sri P. Govardhan Reddy, (Mungode):—Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state;
Oral Answers to Questions. 8th March, 1969.

(a) whether it is a fact that Nalgonda District Co-operative Central Bank collected loan instalment forcibly from the loanees, inspite of famine conditions prevailing in the District;

(b) (i) whether it is also a fact that the Government issued a Circular to all Central Banks and the Collector of the District not to attach any property at this juncture;

(ii) whether it has been implemented;

(c) whether loans have been issued to such of those societies, who have cleared dues, in time; and

(d) is it a fact that Nalgonda Central Bank is not in a position to issue any fresh loan to the societies, even though they have cleared the overdues; and

(e) what action the Government is contemplating to give relief to the farmers for their short term needs?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—(a) As against the total demand of Rs. 86.11 lakhs relating to 1967-68, Rs. 43.79 lakhs have been collected. Out of this amount, only Rs. 3.08 lakhs were collected through coercive process i.e. by executing 344 execution petitions. It may, therefore, be seen that Rs. 40.71 lakhs were collected by persuasion. Even these execution petitions were executed against fairly big defaulters who could afford to pay but avoided repayment of their dues inspite of repeated approaches to them. Normally small defaulters paid their dues on persuasion and without recourse to coercive process.

(b) (i) No, Sir.

(ii) Does not arise.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) The Government have agreed to guarantee the repayment of a credit limit of Rs. 60 lakhs to be given by the Reserve Bank of India on behalf of the Co-operative Central Bank, Nalgonda during 1968-69. On the strength of this guarantee, the Bank has obtained a short term credit limit of Rs 40 lakhs from the Reserve Bank of India giving short term loans to the farmers.

PROPERTIES OF RAGHUNADHASWAMI TEMPLE

* 124 (7018) Q. - Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiiah:—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) the properties of Sri Raghunadhaswamy temple, Gollapalli Village, Nuzvid taluk, Krishna district;

(b) who are managing them; and

(c) the income and expenditure of the said temple during the year 1957-58 and till now in 1968?
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) The details of the properties of Sri Raghunadhaswamy temple, Gollapalli Village, Nuzvid taluk, Krishna district are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Description</th>
<th>Ac.-Cts.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vempadu Sarva Agraharam (v)</td>
<td>3,356-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Mairibanda Mukhema</td>
<td>482-09</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**INAMS AND OTHER LANDS.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Description</th>
<th>Ac.-Cts.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nancharamm Pampu</td>
<td>2 05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tadepallivari Inam</td>
<td>13-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jupallaivari Inam</td>
<td>12 62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramudi Pampu</td>
<td>2-25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jumagam Gudem Inam</td>
<td>4-52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jupallivari Heraka Inam</td>
<td>2-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rayapakoridi</td>
<td>5-52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thimmaji Gudem</td>
<td>3 99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Panchapalli Inam</td>
<td>3-09</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Totat Extent.** Ac. 50-07 Cts.

**Grant Total.** Ac. 3888-26 Cts.

(b) The properties are managed by the Executive Officer.

(c) Year. Receipts. Expenditure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Receipts.</th>
<th>Expenditure.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1967-68</td>
<td>Rs. 10,038-54</td>
<td>Rs. 9,503-79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>from 1-1-68 to 31-12-68: Rs. 9,342-32</td>
<td>Rs. 9,281-81</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—This is a long-standing case and over the matters litigation is going on.

(b) Many of the tenants have been implicated in various cases and disputes.

(c) Despite the ongoing litigation, the trust has not been able to resolve the conflicts among the tenants.
not paid anything. They have encroached on the lands and not at all paid anything, and proceedings are going on to recover possession of the lands from these people. They are exhausting all avenues open to them with the result that the proceedings have unfortunately been going on for a very long time.

Promotion of Teachers to Secondary Grade

351—

* 723 (6431) Q.—Sri T.C. Rajan:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have decided to promote the Secondary Grade qualified Teachers now appointed as Higher Grade Teachers in various Samithis:

(b) whether difference in pay still exists: and

(c) whether Government have decided to remove the difference in pay of this grade of teachers?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) Government have issued orders in G.O. Ms. No. 2912-Edn., dated 12-12-1966 to the effect that the Higher Grade posts in Elementary Schools be upgraded to Secondary Grade posts, to the extent to which the Secondary Grade teachers are working, and these orders have been implemented.

(b) The teachers are eligible for the pay scales of the posts in which they are working, according to their qualifications.

(c) No proposal to revise the higher grade scales of pay in the Elementary Schools, in various Samithis, is pending with the Government, after the implementation of the D. A. merged scales of pay of 1961.

It is not possible to have another roving enquiry in the State because the orders are very clear, and my information is they are implemented.

Sri G. Sivaiah (Puttur):—Inspite of the implementation of the G. O., all the secondary school teachers in Chittoor District in Higher Grade posts are only getting higher grade scales. Since the Minister has asked for examples, I am giving this.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I shall again look into this.
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I have not been able to follow the question. Sri V. K. Rao: Will the honourable Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether Agricultural Refinance Corporation has sanctioned Rs. 48.00 lakhs in 1968 to Sankhavaram Panchayat Samithi in East Godavari District and, if so, the purpose for which the money was spent; and

(b) whether Agricultural Refinance Corporation has sanctioned any amounts to other drought-affected areas in the district and, if so, how much and when, if not, the reasons therefor?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—(a) The Agricultural Refinance Corporation sanctioned on 6-6-1968 an area development scheme for Sankhavaram Panchayat Samithi in East Godavari District for Rs. 48.00 lakhs for issue of loans by the Andhra Pradesh Cooperative Central Land Mortgage Bank, Ltd., for sinking of dug wells, tube wells, installation of oil engines and electric motors. As on 15-11-1968 an amount of Rs. 2.44 lakhs was disbursed to the loanees under the Scheme.

(b) The Agricultural Refinance Corporation also sanctioned a Scheme on 11-11-1968 for Rs. 4.36 lakhs for Peddapuram area.
oral Answers to Questions 8th March, 1969. 211

The area development scheme in Sankhavaram Panchayat Samithi envisages 3 dug wells, 2 tube wells and 150 electric motors and 400 oil engines. The scheme is spread over 8 years. In the course of 3 years almost all these things will be done.

GUNTUR CITY CONSUMERS CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY

254—

*850 (738) Q.— Sri G. Venkatareddy:— Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Guntur City Consumers Co-operative Society was liquidated;

(b) if so, the reasons; and

(c) what are the assets and liabilities of the Society?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:— (a) No Sir. But in G.O.Ms. No. 204 Food and Agri dt. 15-10-68 the Registrar of Co-op. Societies was directed to take appropriate proceedings under section 64 of the Andhra Pradesh Coop. Societies Act, 1964 for winding up the affairs of the Guntur City Coop. Central Stores Ltd. Guntur and report the result of the proceedings taken by him in due course.

(b) The financial position of the store was far from satisfactory. The liabilities of the stores exceeded the assets.

(c) A copy of the balance sheet (audited) for the year 1966-67 indicating the assets and liabilities of the stores is placed on the Table of the House.

The latest position is that the Registrar Cooperative Societies has issued orders appointing a liquidator and we are awaiting the report of the liquidator.

(Statement)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Liabilities</th>
<th>At the end of the year</th>
<th>At the beginning of the year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Loans and Deposits:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Members Trade deposits</td>
<td>56,515.36</td>
<td>1,12,453.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Security deposits (Staff)</td>
<td>34,872.35</td>
<td>34,181.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Borrowings:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Cash Credit S. B. I. Guntur</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. &quot; &quot; G. D. C. C. B. Guntur</td>
<td>164.69</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. &quot; &quot; &quot; Guntur (Sugar)</td>
<td>1,05,466.34</td>
<td>10,210.59</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. &quot; &quot; &quot; G. D. C. C. B. Tenali</td>
<td>2,229.17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. &quot; &quot; &quot; &quot; Guntur</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Govt. Loan for truck</td>
<td>37,500.00</td>
<td>37,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Govt. Subsidy for truck</td>
<td>12,500.00</td>
<td>12,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Govt. Loan (Cash Credit)</td>
<td>2,00,000.00</td>
<td>2,00,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>10. Govt. Loan (Godown)</td>
<td>37,500.00</td>
<td>37,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Loan from I. L. T. D. Co.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,00,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Managerial subsidy from Govt. to premises</td>
<td>1,800.00</td>
<td>1,800.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>13. Subsidy for furniture ILTD.</td>
<td>16,300.00</td>
<td>16,300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Share Capital:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Govt. Share capital</td>
<td>1,00,000.00</td>
<td>1,00,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) &quot; &quot; &quot; depots</td>
<td>52,500.00</td>
<td>52,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Members share capital</td>
<td>1,24,656.00</td>
<td>1,19,708.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Interest due</td>
<td>29,295.83</td>
<td>13,925.67</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
4. Rent due
5. Establishment & Contingent due
6. Sales tax due
7. Audit fees due
8. Sundry Creditors
9. Adjusting-heads

10. Others:—
(a) Reserve for adj Heads 63-64
(b) " " 64-65
(c) " " 65-66
(d) Reserve for deficits, Main godown 66-67
(f) " depots 63-64
(h) " Main godown 64-65
(j) " depots 64-65
(i) " Depots 66-66

11. Depreciation on Lorry
12. " on furniture

13. UNDISBURSED PROFITS OF PREVIOUS YEAR:—
(a) Business reserve
(b) Undisbursed profits
(c) Education fund
(d) R. F. yet to be invested
(c) Dividend 63-64
(f) Common good fund
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<td>4,223.00</td>
<td>1,539.30</td>
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<td>8,339.97</td>
<td>8,706.83</td>
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<td>62,770.55</td>
<td>82,037.12</td>
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<td>1,548.50</td>
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<td>8.6</td>
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<td>23,866.20</td>
<td>15,718.80</td>
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<td>327.00</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total</th>
<th>11,719,501.13</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

8th March, 1869.
Assests

1. Cash on hand
2. (b) in bank
   1. Special current A/C, G. D. C. C. Bank Tenali
   2. Current A/c, S. B. I. Tenali
   3. Deposit at Call
   4. Current A/c, G. D. C. C. Bank, Tenali
   5. Current A/c, G. D. C. C. Bank, Guntur
   6. Cash Credit S. B. I. Tenali
   7. Cash Credit S. B. I. Guntur
   8. Current A/c, S. B. I. Guntur

2. Other Investments:
   1. National saving certificates
   2. Shares in G. D. C. C. Bank, Tenali
   3. " in G. D. C. M. S. Guntur
   4. " A. P. Federation of Cons. Stores, Hyderbad
   5. Fixed deposit in G. E. C. C. B. Guntur
   6. Deposit in Guntur Market Committee
   7. Interest on fixed deposit
   8. Deposit for locks
   9. Value of furniture
     Value of Library
     Value of Lorry
     Value of godown site
   10. Value of stock on hand
       Value of empties
At the end of the year. At the beginning of the year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>736.28</th>
<th>704.06</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8,101.28</td>
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<td>20,557.21</td>
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<tr>
<td>73 77</td>
<td></td>
<td>6,612.83</td>
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<tr>
<td>16,777.83</td>
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<td>16,777.85</td>
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<td>.</td>
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<td>1,585.99</td>
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<tr>
<td>118.32</td>
<td>96.35</td>
<td>97.45</td>
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<td>3.38</td>
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<td>40.99</td>
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<td>203.00</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>.</td>
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<td>.</td>
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<td>53,408.87</td>
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<td>23,618.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>2,631,124.31</td>
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<tr>
<td>4,797.00</td>
<td>5,000.00</td>
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</table>
5. **Value of Deficit Stocks**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>From</th>
<th>To</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Main godown</td>
<td>63-64</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,875.29</td>
<td>2,875.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Depots</td>
<td>63-64</td>
<td></td>
<td>6,720.83</td>
<td>6,720.83</td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) Main godown</td>
<td>64-65</td>
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<td>2,047.88</td>
<td>2,047.88</td>
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<tr>
<td>(d) depots</td>
<td>64-65</td>
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<td>59,014.49</td>
<td>59,014.49</td>
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<td>(e) depots</td>
<td>65-66</td>
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<td>99,171.34</td>
<td>99,171.34</td>
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<tr>
<td>(f) depots</td>
<td>66-67</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,29,784.53</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

6. Deposit in Nyvali Lignite Corporation  
7. Adjusting heads  
8. Sundry debtors  
9. Managerial subsidy due from ILTD.  
10. Earnest Deposit  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total</th>
<th>8,58,636.13</th>
<th>10,78,282.12</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net difference between assets and Liabilities</td>
<td>3,21,782.81</td>
<td>93,668.01</td>
</tr>
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<td>11,80,418.94</td>
<td>11,71,950.13</td>
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*Note*: Reserve for doubtful sundry debtors etc., has not been created as the stores is already working under loss.
Sri G. Venkata Reddy: When was the liquidator appointed?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskar Reddy: (a) The approval of the scheme for the setting up of the Rural Power Co-operative Project in Sircilla taluk, Karimnagar district comprising of 173 villages with the assistance of USAID is awaited. (b) The estimated cost of the Project will be Rs. 2,90,95,750. The project will serve an area of 173 villages in Sircilla taluk comprising 4,62,016 acres of land. The estimated profit of the Co-operative after the end of the 10th Year is Rs. 13,53,116.

Details are not available.
KARIMNAGAR TALUK CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING SOCIETY

Q.—Sri Ch. Rajeshwara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the office bearers of the Taluk Co-operative Marketing Society of Karimnagar Taluk have embezzled the amounts of the Society to the extent of about 4 lakhs of rupees; and

(b) if so, what are the steps taken by the Government to bring the culprits to book?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—(a) An enquiry into the affairs of the Karimnagar Co-operative Marketing Society Limited, Karimnagar has been ordered and the enquiry is in progress. The interim enquiry report revealed certain fraudulent transactions such as falsification of accounts in sale of maize, raising false debits and irregular advances without vouchers and authority etc., involving Rs. 3,42,859.

(b) Responsibility on the persons concerned has yet to be fixed as the enquiry is till in progress. Necessary action against the delinquents will be taken after the enquiry is completed. In the meanwhile the Collector (Co-operation) has superseded the Managing Committee of the Society under Section 34(1) of the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act 1961 and appointed a Special officer to look after the management of the Society.

Mr. Speaker:—Proper procedure has to be followed and they are doing it.

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—Whatever it is the hon. Member knows that we are taking action. The Collector is at it. We are not going to spare anybody. But the procedure has to be followed.
We are also anxious. But if we do not follow the procedure we will be helping the delinquent.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS
ENGLISH MEDIUM CONVENTS

352—
*1167 Q.—Sri R. Mahananda: Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is admissible under the present Educational Rules to allow private managements to run Bala Vihar English Medium convents at any place;
(b) whether there is any age restriction for the admission of boys and girls into such private convents; and
(c) if such convents are allowed to function, will not the present Elementary Schools, running under compulsory education rules, fall?

A:—
(a) Yes, Sir. According to the needs of the locality.
(b) Yes, Sir. Pupils seeking admission into class I should be 5 by the 31st of August of the year of admission. No such restriction is laid down for pupils seeking admission into pre-primary classes.
(c) No Sir.

INVESTMENT IN CONSUMER CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

355—
*700 (0285) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda: —Will the hon Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:
(a) how much advance was taken from the State contingency fund on 30-6-66 towards investment in Consumers Co-operative Societies; and
(b) how much was utilised in time and how much was allowed to be lapsed and the reasons for the same?

A:—
(a) The advance sanctioned from Contingency fund from 1-1-63 to 30-6-1966 was Rs. 22,03,500 out of which an amount of only Rs. 16,52,500 was drawn.
(b) The entire amount of Rs. 16,52,500 was utilised.

TEMPLE AT MALLAM VILLAGE

356—
*99 (6649) Q.—Sri K. Munuswamy:—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:
(a) whether the Government is aware that there is an old temple at Mallam Village, Sullurpet Taluq, Nellore District, where a stone "Radham" is now in good condition;
(b) whether the Government propose to take steps to take over the management of the temple and to repair the temple;
(c) if so, when; and
(d) the property owned by the same temple?
Written Answers to Questions. 8th March, 1969.

A:—

(a) Sri Subrahmanyaswaraswamy Temple, an ancient temple in Mallam Village, Sullurpet Taluq in Nellore District, has within its premises, a big hundred pillars Mandapam called also “Radham” which requires renovation.

(b) The Temple is already under the supervision of the endowments Department since a long time. The renovation of the Temple has been taken up recently and an amount of Rs. 27,909.77/- has been incurred on this.

(c) The repairs to the mandapam will cost about Rs. 1 lakh and the work will be taken up as soon as funds are available.

(d) The Temple owns an extent of Ac. 72.44 cents of wet land Ac. 56.32 cents in Mallam Village and Ac. 16.12 cents in Devunikkandriga Village.

HINDI TEACHERS IN UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS

337—

*1035 (6535-N) Q.—Sri D. Venkatesam.—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether provision has been made for teaching of Hindi in Upper Primary Schools as well as in the Elementary Schools since Hindi has been made compulsory from class V;

(b) is it a fact that all part-time Hindi teachers in Kuppam Panchayat Samithi were ousted from service as an economy measure; and

(c) if so, whether the Government will take steps to appoint Hindi teachers there immediately?

A:—

(a) The Upper Primary Schools which were converted from higher Elementary Schools are provided with part-time Hindi teachers. No such provision has been made for Elementary School from class V. But Hindi is being taught from class V in Elementary School where Hindi knowing Secondary Grade teachers of Higher Grade teachers are working.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

LOANS TO CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

360—

*970 (6128) Q.—Sri R. Mahananda.—Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) how many Co-operative Societies are given loans to provide storage, processing and marketing facilities to the agriculturists from 1959 to 1965; which are those societies; and

(b) how much amount was given as loan and subsidy for the construction of godowns and how much share capital contribution for the establishment of processing units?

A:—

(a) For Storage i.e., construction of godowns 765 societies.
For installation of processing units 124 societies.
For marketing - 15 societies.

List of these societies is placed on the Table of the House.

(b) Rs. 110.68 lakhs were given as loan and Rs. 28.62 lakhs were given as subsidy for construction of godowns.

Rs. 118.62 lakhs were given as share capital contribution for establishment of processing units, up to the end of 1965.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

[Vide Answer to Clause (a) of L. A. Q. No. 360 (*670)]


<table>
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<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
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<th>No. of Societies</th>
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Total: 765; 124
### Written Answers to Questions.
8th March, 1968. 221

**LIST OF CO-OP. SOCIETIES WHICH WERE SANCTIONED GODOWNS**

**UNDER PLAN SCHEME**

1. **Srikakulam District**:
   2. Cheepurupalli do
   3. Tekkali do
   4. Parvati niram do
   5. Bobbili do
   6. Palakonda do
   7. Srikurmam Large Size Coop Society.
   8. Kottakota do
   9. Budithi do
   10. Kotabmmali do
   11. Narakanuddam do
   13. Murapaka do
   15. Sasanam Co-operative Society.
   17. Bramhaturala Large Size Cooperative Society.
   20. Saravakota do
   22. Gaurugubilli Large Size Cooperative Society.
   23. Therlam do

2. **Visakhapatnam District**:
   1. Visakhapatnam District Cooperative Marketing Society.
   2. Bzimmupatnam Sriram Cooperative Marketing Society.
   3. Payakaraopet do
   4. Pendurti Large Size Cooperative Marketing Society.
   5. Kothapalem do
   6. Chintalagraharam do
   7. Madhuravada do
   8. Srunvarapukota Service Cooperative Society.
   10. Gajapathiagaram do
   11. Kotamatla Large Size Cooperative Society.
   12. Makavaripalem do
   13. Renugollu do
   14. Kothakota do
   15. Rayavaram do
   17. Veddadi do
   18. Pallepalli do

3. **East Godavari District**:
   2. Pithapuram do
   3. Kakinada do
   4. Gollaprolu do
   5. Vella do
7. Tuni
8. Gollapalem
9. Anaparthi
12. Venapalli
15. Cheliuru Rural Bank.
17. Burugupudi Multipurpose Cooperative Society.
18. Tantikonda Srim Large Size Cooperative Society.
19. Kadiam
20. Kadiapulanka
21. Kanavaram
22. Gadarada
23. Gokavaram
24. Diwancheruvu
25. Pamarru
27. Pedapadu Large Size Cooperative Society.
28. Hamswaram
31. Venkatakrishnarayapuram
32. Thondangi
33. Isukapalli
34. Gollaprolu
35. Ach mpeta
36. Bhogapuram
37. Paina Rural Bank.
38. Korukonda Cooperative Society.
39. Someswaram
40. Rolla
41. Raghudevapuram
42. Rayavaram
43. R. Yerrapalem
44. Rajolu
45. Dami Reddy Palli
46. Mallam
47. Allipudi
48. Gorsa
49. Dnarmavaram
50. B. Prathipadu
51. Kottam
K. V. Nagaram
52. Shankavaram
53. Karakuduru
54. Podagatlapalli
55. Kesinapalli i as\* Palem Multi Purpose Coop Society.
56. Yedurulanka Cooperative Society.
57. Avidi Large Size Cooperative Society.
58. I. Polavaram Cooperative Society.
59. Metakodapa Cooperative Society.
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60. Sankaraguptam Cooperative Society.
62. Tapeswaram Cooperative Marketing Society.
63. Samalkota Cooperative Marketing Society.
64. Kesanakurupalem Multi-Purpose Cooperative Society.

4. West Godavari District.
   2. Nidadavolu Coop: Marketing Society
   3. Pedapapu do
   4. Chintalapudi do
   5. Chebrolu do
   6. Lankalakoderu do
   7. Tanuku do
   8. Penugonda do
   9. Bhimavaram do
  10. Tadepalligudem do
  11. Mamavarapukota do
  12. Malkapalli Rural Bank
  13. Annadevarapeta Rural Bank
  14. Pathunuru Large sized Coop. Society
  15. Meenavilleru do
  16. Chinanindrakolamu do
  17. Nawabpalem do
  18. West Viparru do
  19. Mudunur do
  20. Adivikoianu do
  21. Yernagudem do
  22. Pasivedala Rural Bank
  23. Tadikalapudi Rural Bank
  24. Kesavaram Large sized Coop: Society
  25. Ohebrolu Rural Bank
  26. Chinayagudem Rural Bank
  27. Lakkaveram Large sized Coop: Society
  28. Gavaravaram do
  29. Raghavapuram do
  30. Pulla Rural Bank
  31. Kommugudem Large sized Coop. Society
  32. Gunnampally do
  33. Veeramakunta do
  34. Jagamadhapuram do
  35. Unagalla do
  36. Jeelakarragudem do
  37. Dharmajigudem do
  38. Tademedla Multipurpose do
  39. Lingapalem do
  40. Nallajerla Large sized do
  41. Komara do
  42. Kallacheruvu Multipurpose Coop: Society
  43. Pehrayudupalem do
  44. Gangamagudem do
  45. Polasigudem Large sized Coop: Society
  46. Peddapadu do
  47. Bandapuram Multipurpose Coop. Society
  48. Bittvavudem Large sized Coop. Society
  49. Muggulu do

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**Written Answers to Questions.**

8th March, 1969.

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<th>Type of Co-operative Society</th>
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<tr>
<td>141</td>
<td>Eluru Taluk Cooperative Marketing Society</td>
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<tr>
<td>142</td>
<td>Bheemadole Large Sized Cooperative Society</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5. Krishna District,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Town</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Krishna D. C. M. S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Tiruvuru G. M. S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Vijayawada G. M. S.</td>
</tr>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>Atku C. M. S.</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>Kaikalur&quot;</td>
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<td>6.</td>
<td>Nuzveed&quot;</td>
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<td>7.</td>
<td>Pamuru&quot;</td>
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<td>8.</td>
<td>Gudlavalleru&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Challapalli&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Krishna Coop. Loan &amp; Sale Society, Masulipatnam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Ramavarappadu L. S. C. S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Utukuru M. P. C. S.</td>
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<td>13.</td>
<td>Chendraja L. S. C. S.</td>
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<td>14.</td>
<td>Kanamakur M. P. C. S.</td>
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<td>15.</td>
<td>Srimapuram&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Papugolan&quot;</td>
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<td>17.</td>
<td>Nadigudem L. S. C. S.</td>
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<td>18.</td>
<td>Paritala M. P. C. S.</td>
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<td>19.</td>
<td>Ghavatapalli L. S. C. S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Janardhanapuram&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>Motoru&quot;</td>
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<td>22.</td>
<td>Katuru M. P. C. S.</td>
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<td>23.</td>
<td>Aziripalli L. S. C. S.</td>
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<td>Mudunur&quot;</td>
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<td>25.</td>
<td>Gudipadu&quot;</td>
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<td>26.</td>
<td>Ungatur&quot;</td>
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<td>27.</td>
<td>Pedagirala M. P. C. S.</td>
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<td>28.</td>
<td>Akunur&quot;</td>
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<td>29.</td>
<td>Korukdla L. S. C. S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>30.</td>
<td>Pattabhi Rural Bank</td>
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<td>31.</td>
<td>Kudaravalli Coop. Society</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32.</td>
<td>Kalidundi Ex-Service Men Land Colonization Society</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33.</td>
<td>Venkatapuram L. S. C. S.</td>
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<td>34.</td>
<td>Pedapalappuru&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>35.</td>
<td>Mortapudi&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>36.</td>
<td>Amadhapalli M. P. Č. L.</td>
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<td>37.</td>
<td>Chinaogirala&quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>38.</td>
<td>Vepavalli Service Coop : Society</td>
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<tr>
<td>39.</td>
<td>Tippanagunta L. S. C. S.</td>
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<td>40.</td>
<td>Polukonda M. P. C. S.</td>
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<td>41.</td>
<td>Bantumilli R. B.</td>
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<tr>
<td>42.</td>
<td>Vikothapalem L. S. C. S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>43.</td>
<td>Vadlamannadu M. P. C. S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>44.</td>
<td>Magayalanka R. B.</td>
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<tr>
<td>45.</td>
<td>Nandamuru L. S. C. S.</td>
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<tr>
<td>46.</td>
<td>Nidumolu&quot;</td>
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<td>47.</td>
<td>Kodeli&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48.</td>
<td>Kothapalli&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D. C. M. S.—District Cooperative Marketing Society
M. P. C. S.—Multipurpose Cooperative Society
L. S. C. S.—Large Sized Cooperative Society
C. M. S.—Cooperative Marketing Society
Written Answers to Questions 8th March, 1969. 227

49. Kokkiligadad M. P. C. S.
50. Ghantasala L. S. C. S.
51. Mylavaram M. P. C. S.
52. Rayanampadu ,
53. Rudravaram ,
54. Nakkazalampet ,
55. Venuduru ,
56. Sobhadrapuram Agraharam M. P. C. S.
57. Vathigudipadu ,
58. Nidamanur ,
59. Gollapudi ,
60. Tadepalli ,
61. Kameru ,
62. Gangararam ,
63. Ganikaparru ,
64. Proddatur ,
65. Yadigadapa M. P. C. S.
66. Thotamula Coop. Society
67. Canchakudura Coop. Society
68. Seetharampuram
69. Bhutlapenumarru L. S. C. S.
70. Bhadevaripalli Coop. Society
71. Kalidindi L. S. C. S.
72. Varakapatnam Coop. Society
73. Narsipatnam ,
74. Kuru Madali ,
75. Rudrerpaka ,
76. Tempalli ,
77. Atukuru ,
78. Chiguru Kola ,
79. Vuuyuru Coop. Marketing Society

6. Guntur District.

1. Guntur D. C. M. S.
2. Narsaraopet C. M. S.
3. Mangalagiri C. M. S.
4. Buddam C. M. S.
5. Jammulaipalem C. M. S.
6. Chirala C. M. S.
7. Bapatla C. M. S.
9. Muppavaram C. M. S.
10. Thubed L. S. C. S.
11. Nadendla ,
12. Solasa ,
13. Martur M. P. C. S.
14. Lingamgunta ,
15. Uppalapadu ,
16. Yellamanda ,

D. C. M. S.—District Cooperative Marketing Society
M. P. C. S.—Multipurpose Cooperative Society
L. S. C. S.—Large Sized Cooperative Society
C. M. S.—Cooperative Marketing Society
17. Satulur L. S. C. S.
18. Manava M. P. C. S.
19. Vennavaram "
20. Kamalipadu "
22. Amartalur Rural Bank
23. Peddapallem L. S. C. S.
24. Malkapuram "
25. Peddavallapuri M. P. C. S.
26. Kuchinapudi L. S. C, S.
27. Kavuru M. P. C. S.
29. Chinakakenni M. P. C. S.
30. Intur
31. Singupalem L. S. C. S.
32. A. Devaldevalevi M. P. C. S.
33. Manthenavaripalem "
34. Swarna L. S. C. S.
35. Khajipalem M. P. C. S.
36. Pedaganjain "
37. Allur
38. Pittalavaripalem M. P. C. S.
39. Ammanabruatu "
40. Jammulapalem "
41. Kothopatham "
42. Emani "
43. Yallavarru "
44. Chinnaparini "
45. Zamani
46. Addepalli M. P. C. S.
47. Kanagaia "
48. Gudavalli "
49. Nadimpalli "
50. Atmakur "
51. Gorigopudi "
52. Vaddakkalla "
53. Bodipalem "
54. Kasukurru "
55. Ramayam Palem "
56. Pothuakalva "
57. Povluru C. M. S.
58. Kodavaliyvaripalem M. P. C. S.
59.Totavaripalem "
60. Gokarajavaripalem "
61. Nallamoothuvaneripalem "
62. Mangalagiri C. M. S.
63. Nidubrolu "

D: C. M. S.—District Cooperative Marketing Society
M. P. C. S.—Multipurpose Cooperative Society
L. S. C. S.—Large Sized Cooperative Society
C. M. S. —Cooperative Marketing Society
Written Answers to Questions.

7. *Nellore District.*
1. Nellore D. C. M. S.
2. Alluru C. M. S.
3. Atmakur C. M. S.
4. Mypad Coop. Loan & Sale Society
5. Muthukur do
6. Kota do
7. Kandukur do
8. Kavali do
9. Kanigiri C. M. S.
10. Buchireddipalem Rural Bank
11. Vovveru
12. Inamadugu
13. Pedaputhidu L. S. C. S.
14. North Mopen M. P. C. S.
15. Allurpu
16. Brahamdevam L. S. C. S.
17. Kalivelapalem
18. Alliparam
19. Jangalakundrika M. P. C. S.
20. Chintachilika
21. Singapatnam North
22. Damaramedugu
23. Momidipudi
24. Basavayapalem
25. Podalkur L. S. C. S.
26. Mamidur
27. Chejerla
28. Nandiguntapalem M. P. C. S
29. Chennur
30. Napur
31. Damnellore M. P. C. S.
32. Koyvur
33. Kondanundusupalem M. P. C. S.
34. Binginipalli
35. Chagollu
36. Ucalapadu
37. Gowvavaram
38. Utukuru
39. Parlapalli
40. Padmanabhanisatram
41. Padmmareddipalem
42. Gundlammapalem
43. Rebala & Nagamambapuram M. P. C. S.
44. Labour L. S. C. S.
45. V. Kandriga
46. Mettu M. P. C. S.
47. Duggarajupatnam M. P. C. S.
48. PalicharlavarpaleM. P. C. S.
49. Pantapalem
50. Chittedu

D. C. M. S.—District Cooperative Marketing Society
M. P. C. S.—Multipurpose Cooperative Society
L. S. C. S.—Large Sized Cooperative Society
C. M. S.—Cooperative Marketing Society
8. Chittoor District.
1. Chittoor D. C. M. S.
2. Chittoor C. M. S.
3. Vayalpadu
4. Bairredippalli C. M. S.
5. Punganur Sele Society
6. Madanapalli C. M. S.
7. Palmanoor
8. Kalahasti
9. Parkal
10. Pichatooor
11. Yarravaripalem
12. Pileru L. S. C. S.
13. Chingogottigallu L. S. C. S.
14. Gajulamandyam
15. Tondawada
17. Katur
18. Vepagunfa
19. Mungilipattur
20. Durgasamudram
21. Nindra
22. Kallim
23. Vullivedu Karvetigaripalli L. S. C. S.
25. Iamballapalli
26. Yerrakotapalli Rural Bank
27. Chinganapalli Coop. Society
28. Annapalli
29. Anantapuram
30. Katakindapalli
31. Nendragunta L- S. C. S.
32. Palasamudram M. P. C. S.
33. Marripalli Coop. Society
34. Nagari Rural Bank
35. Raohapalem Coop. Society
36. Chinnarajakuppmam Coop. Society
37. Kadavellur Coop. Society
38. Kesaram
39. Papanaidupet Rural Bank
40. Thangallapalem Coop. Society
41. Pannur Coop. Society
42. Chandragiri Coop. Marketing Society

D. C. M. S.—District Cooperative Marketing Society
M. P. C. S.—Multipurpose Cooperative Society
L. S. C. S.—Large Sized Cooperative Society
C. M. S. —Cooperative Marketing Society
9. Cuddapah District

1. Cuddapah D. C. M. S.
2. Marketing Society
3. Kamalapuram
4. Simhadripuram
5. Raycohoti
6. Cuddapah
7. Rajampet Co-op. Loan & Sale Society
8. Gundlakunta L. S. C. S.
9. Kondapuram Rural Bank
10. Anantarajapuram L. S. C. S.
11. Venkamarri
12. Chiyyapadu
13. Korrapadu
14. Yamavaram M. P. C. S.
15. Upparapalli Rural Bank
16. Devnicuddapah L. S. C. S.
17. Devagudipalli
18. Channur
19. Veerabalu
20. Toli M. P. C. S.
21. Cherlopalli L. S. C. S.
22. Chitvel
23. Penugolanu M. P. C. S.
24. Manerampalli
25. Kanagudur
26. P. Tangutur
27. Ankalammagudur L. S. C. S.

10. Kurnool District.

1. Maddikara C. M. S.
2. Adoni
3. Nandyal
4. Bestavaripet
5. Koilkuntla
6. Banganpalli
7. Nandikotkur
8. Kammarachendur L. S. C.
9. Nemkal
10. Deverkonda
11. Halaharvi
12. Badimahal
13. Ingaladalhal
14. Pattikonda
15. Kundanagunti
16. Kouthalam
17. Chinathambalam
18. Bivinal
19. Asparf
20. Yellarti

DC MS: District Cooperative Marketing Society.
M P C S: Multipurpose Cooperative Society.
L S C S: Large Sized Cooperative Society.
C M S: Cooperative Marketing Society.
21. Peddathambalam
22. Chinna Hettu u
23. Kosgi
24. Madhira
25. Ramadugu Rural Bank
26. Ramapuram L. S. C. S.
27. Paramatur Rural Bank
28. Timmapuram L. S. C. S.
29. Giddalur Rural Bank
30. Sanjamala
31. Bhimavaram L. S. C. S.
32. Kamesla M. P. C. S.
33. Delaguntla L. S. C. S.
34. Alamur M. P. C. S.
35. Irvel
36. Yellavatula
37. Bilakalagudur
38. Parla Rural Bank
39. Peddaharivanam L. S. C. S.
40. H. M. ravami Coop. Society
41. Kurnool D. C. M. S.
42. Alluru M. P. C. S.
43. Kodumur Rural Bank
44. Amdaguntla L. S. C. S.
45. Kothakota M. P. C. S
46. Mandalapudu L. S. C. S
47. Regadigudur M. P. C. S
48. Veligodu
49. Gudekal
50. Govindapalli
51. Yerraguntla
52. Venikamdisina
53. Bathalur
54. Kondapuram

II. Anantapur District.
1. Guntakal C. M. S.
2. Anantapur Coop. Loan & Sale Society
3. Uravakonda
4. Kalyandurg
5. Tadipatri C. M. S.
6. Hindupur
7. Penukonda
9. Kanekal Rural Bank
10. Rakalla
11. Pedkonkutle
12. Tarimala
13. Vedapanakal L. S. C. S
14. Jambaladinne

D C M S : District Cooperative Marketing Society.
M P C S : Multipurpose Cooperative Society.
L S C S : Large Sized Cooperative Society.
C M S : Cooperative Marketing Society.
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15. nuthimadugu
16. challavanipalli l. s. c. s
17. srikantapuram
18. rolla
19. madakasira
20. talupula
21. udignbba
22. alamarla m. p. c. s
23. gotlur l. s. c. s
24. kinnakkala l. s. c. s
25. r. anantapur
26. roddam m. p. c. s
27. kuntimaddi m. p. c. s

12. karimnagar district.

1. karimnagar d. c. m. s.
2. sultanabad c. m. s.
3. huzurabad
4. kanthani
5. jagtial
6. ketpalli
7. karimnagar
8. siricilla
9. mulkanur rural bank.
10. elgid
11. venkayapalli l. s. c. s.
12. elakunturi
13. husnabad
14. ghattudhapalli
15. pthagal m. p. c. s.
16. parlapalli l. s. c. s.
17. nawabpet m. p. c. s.
18. mogulapalem m. p. c. s.
19. kannal
20. huzurabad
21. manikyapur
22. ganervaram
23. choppadandi
24. garsekurthi
25. koneda l. s. c. s.
26. vemulavada m. p. c. s.
27. gambhirapet
28. gudem
29. sarangapur

13. mahaboobnagar district.

1. mahaboobnagar d. c. m. s.
2. makthal c. m. s.
3. gadwal
4. atmakur
5. wanaparthi

DCMS: District Cooperative Marketing Society.
MPCS: Multipurpose Cooperative Society.
LSCS: Large Sized Cooperative Society.
CM: Cooperative Marketing Society.

6. Badepalli  C. M. S.
7. Mahaboobnagar  
8. Kodangal  
9. Achampet  
10. Kalwakurthy  
11. Devarakadra  
12. Narayanpet Rural Bank  
13. Amarchinta L. S. C. S.  
14. Dharmavaram  
15. Gadwal  
16. Amdabakula  
17. Undavalli Rural Bank  
18. Medjil  
19. Formakal L. S. C. S.  
20. Valur  
21. Kosgi  
22. Padkal M. P. C. S.  
23. Rodthali  
24. Ampalli  
25. Veldanda  
26. Madgul  
27. Badepalli Rural Bank  
28. Nandigam M. P. C. S.  
29. Nagarkurnool C. M. S.  
30. Buddharam M. P. C. S.  
31. Gudigampalli  

1. Bhimsa C. M. S.  
2. Asifabad  
3. Luxettipet  
4. Mudhole L. S. C. S.  
5. Bombara Rural Bank

15. Khammam District.
1. Khammam C. M. S.  
2. Madira  
3. Garla  
4. Palvancha  
5. Burgampadu L. S. C. S.  
6. Wyra  
7. Karepalli  
8. Palvancha  
9. Kudigonda  
10. Gokinepalli  

16. Medak District.
1. Siddipet C. M. S.  
2. Medak  
3. Sangereddy  
4. Zahirabad  

D C M S : District Cooperative Marketing Society.  
M P C S : Multipurpose Cooperative Society.  
L S C S : Large Sized Cooperative Society.  
C M S : Cooperative Marketing Society.
Written Answers to Questions. 8th March, 1969.

5. Narayankhed C M S
6. Tekmal
7. Jaheersangham L. S. C. S.
8. Irkod
9. Bhoompalli
10. Chifttapur
11. Sarphana A. C. S.
12. Tekaal L. S. C. S.
13. Peddapur
14. Togarapalli L. S. C. S.
15. Rudaram
16. Chintalghat Rural Bank
17. Korpalli M. P. C. S.

17. Nizamabad District:
   1. Nizamabad C. M. S.
   2. Armoor
   3. Banswada
   4. Bodhan
   5. Yellareddy
   6. Maklur L. S. C. S.
   7. Napipet
   8. Munipalli
   9. Angula
   10. Balkonda
   11. Ailapur
   12. Adloor Yellareddy L. S. C. S.
   13. Yadpally
   14. Salampahad
   15. Pedgal
   16. Bhiknoor
   17. Khanapur M. P. C. S.
   18. Bheemgal
   19. Dichpally
   20. Mukpal
   21. Kamapally Rural Bank
   22. Aloor M. P. C. S.
   23. Potungal L. S. C. S.
   24. Varni M. P. C. S.
   25. Jakola Rural Bank
   26. Desaipet M. P. C. S.
   27. Garipur L. S. C. S.
   28. Gandimasanippet L. S. C. S.
   29. Kaithwada M. P. C. S.
   30. Balakkonda L. S. C. S.

18. Warangal District:
   1. Mahaboobabad C. M. S.
   2. Warangal
   3. Pedakodyapak Rural Bank
   4. Kaichanapalli L. S. C. S.
   5. Telaagana Hybrid Co-op. Society

D C M S: District Cooperative Marketing Society
M P C S: Multipurpose Cooperative Society
L S C S: Large Sized Cooperative Society
C M S: Cooperative Marketing Society
6. Hasnaparthi M. P. C. S.
7. Vangapahad M. P. C. S.
8. Nallutla M. P. C. S.
9. Veldi M. P. C. S.
10. Waradhanapet M. P. C. S.
11. Chagai
12. Palkal
13. Nerda
14. Kasimdeypet Rural Bank
15. Gudur M. P. C. S.
16. Chennaraopet L. S. C. S.
17. Balapala
18. Abbayyapalem M. P. C. S.
19. Matipad M. P. C. S.
20. Maheswaram
21. Jangaon C. M. S.

19. Hyderabad District:
1. A. P. Co-operative Marketing Federation (Hyderabad City)
2. Vikarabad C. M. S.
3. Tandur
4. Pargi
5. Hyderabad West C. M. S.
6. Ibrahimpatnam
7. Sankarapalli
8. Malladevarapalli L. S. C. S.
9. Pargi
10. Kanekal
11. Palamakala Rural Bank
12. Kandavelli L. S. C. S.

20. Nalgonda District:
1. Bhongir C. M. S.
2. Suryapet
4. Ramannapet
5. Devarakonda C. M. S.
6. Huzurnagar
7. Miryalaguda
8. Motakudur L. S. C. S.
9. Choutuppal A. C. S.
10. Shinguda Rural Bank
11. Bollapalli L. S. C. S.
12. Zuloor
13. Valigonda A. C. S.
15. Ghousnagar M. P. C. S.
16. Chandupatla
17. Damacherla
18. Vemuapalli
19. Devarkonda L. S. C. S.
20. Marriguda M. P. C. S.

D C M S: District Cooperative Marketing Society.
M P C S: Multipurpose Cooperative Society.
L S C S: Large Sized Cooperative Society.
C M S: Cooperative Marketing Society.
### Lists of Societies Assisted During the Years 1959 to 1965 for Installation of Processing Units

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Name of the Society</th>
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<tr>
<td>1. Srikakulam</td>
<td>1. Palakonda Co-op. Marketing Society</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Tekkali</td>
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<td>3. Maliaputti</td>
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<td>4. Srikakulam Dist. Co-op. Marketing Society</td>
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<td></td>
<td>5. Cheepurapalli Co-op. Marketing Society</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Bobbili</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Srikakulam Dist. Jute Growers Co-op. Society</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>1. Bobbili Co-op. Marketing Society</td>
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LIST OF SOCIETIES WHICH WERE GIVEN FUNDS IN 1963 FOR PROCUREMENT OPERATIONS

1. West Godavari District Co-operative Marketing Federation Ltd., Eluru.
5. Warangal.
15. Badepalli.

AUCTION OF ANJANEYA TEMPLE LAND, SULLURPET

*102 (8653) Q.—Sri K. Munuswamy:—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state :
(a) whether there are any proposals with the Government to sell in auction the land belonging to 'Anjaneya Temple' at Sullurpet, Nellore district;
(b) the extent of land proposed for sale;
(c) whether the Government propose to allot the said land to poor Harijans free of cost for housing purposes;
(d) if so, when; and
(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

A:—

(a) The Executive Officer of the Temple submitted proposals to the Commissioner, Endowments Department for sale of lands belonging to Sri Anjaneya Temple at Sullurpet, Nellore district in public auction.

(b) Ac. 0-96 of dry land in S. No. 53/9.
   Ac. 2-56 of dry land in S. No. 53/11.
   Ac. 3-56 of dry land in S. No. 53/4.
   Ac. 3-52 cants.

(c) No Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) The property is a specific endowment intended for poor feeding during Brahmotsavam of the said deity and any proposal contrary to the wishes of the donor cannot be acted upon. Moreover, there is no provision in the Act to gift away the land.
CALLING ATTENTION TO A MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: Fire accident in Avulamanda Village, Darsi Taluk, Nellore District.

8th March, 1969.

Fire Service Department
district officer

Fire Station

contact

The accident occurred on the night of 28th-29th of last month, and caused a significant loss of life and property. The village is in a remote area and the resources available were limited.

The immediate action taken by the Fire Service Department included contacting nearby stations and mobilizing additional resources. However, the response time was hindered by the distance and accessibility issues.

I.G. of Fire Services

The situation is being monitored closely, and resources are being directed towards relief efforts.

Emergency contact details are available for any further assistance required.

The incident highlights the need for better infrastructure and communication systems in such remote areas.

Any further updates will be provided as and when available.
BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Subbaiah: — The Red Cross Society has a distress relief fund to the extent of Rs. 1,000, in addition to the balance of Rs. 3,000. This fund strictly means for the relief of the poor and destitute. The rate of relief to be decided by the President of the Society and the Executive Committee. The manner of relief will be decided by the President, whether the poor and destitute will receive the relief or not.

Mr. Das: — The Red Cross Society has a relief fund to the extent of Rs. 1,000, in addition to the balance of Rs. 3,000. This fund strictly means for the relief of the poor and destitute. The rate of relief to be decided by the President of the Society and the Executive Committee. The manner of relief will be decided by the President, whether the poor and destitute will receive the relief or not.

Mr. N. G. Baliga: — The Red Cross Society has a relief fund to the extent of Rs. 1,000, in addition to the balance of Rs. 3,000. This fund strictly means for the relief of the poor and destitute. The rate of relief to be decided by the President of the Society and the Executive Committee. The manner of relief will be decided by the President, whether the poor and destitute will receive the relief or not.

Mr. C. R. Misra: — The Red Cross Society has a relief fund to the extent of Rs. 1,000, in addition to the balance of Rs. 3,000. This fund strictly means for the relief of the poor and destitute. The rate of relief to be decided by the President of the Society and the Executive Committee. The manner of relief will be decided by the President, whether the poor and destitute will receive the relief or not.
Mr. Speaker:— No other Minister will take responsibility in an important matter like this. You raise the issue when the Chief Minister is in the House.

Mr Speaker:— Sri Gopalakrishnayya made some complaint.

Mr Speaker:— The Minister there also said it (in the Mysore Assembly).

Sri V. B. Raju:— There are two things: one is the constitution of Tribunals—whether two Tribunals should be constituted or only one should be constituted; whether the same personnel should preside over both or there should be different persons on the tribunals. All that is in correspondence between the State Government and the Government of India. When the matter is in correspondence, it will not be good to reveal what has been stated by this Government or what has been replied to by the Government of India. The other point raised relates to some aspersions against the Central Minister, Dr. K. L. Rao by member of the Mysore Assembly......

Sri C.V.K. Rao:— The Minister there also said it (in the Mysore Assembly).
Sri V.B. Raju:— It is a newspaper report which we have read. We have read that report. We felt very much grieved about it. No aspersions should have been made or cast against a Central Minister because he happens to belong to a particular State. Every one—every Minister would belong to one State or another; but all the Ministers at the centre function for the whole country. That is a deplorable statement. That is all what I can say. The Chief Minister is not present here. What stand the Chief Minister should take with the Government of India—we better leave it to him; and he knows how best to deal with the matter. I can assure that the members of the Government feel as much grieved as Mr. Gopalakrishnayya or any other member over the statements made.

Mr. Speaker:—Tomorrow or day after when the house meets again and the Minister is present in the House, you can raise this point. Let us see what the Chief Minister has got to say. Afterwards, if you are not satisfied with the explanation of the Chief Minister, the House will consider what further has got to be done.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Thank you, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—Hon. Member Sri Ch. Rajeshwara Rao gave a notice under Rule 95....

Mr. Speaker:—Members can refer to these things, if they want; but personally I feel it is not desirable to refer to these things unless one feels that police have acted in excess. Nothing prevents the Members from referring to all those things.

Mr. Speaker:—I only appeal one thing to the hon. Member.

It is really unfortunate. It is not proper. I will appeal to all Members. Wounds are already there. Pouring some more oil...

Now, there is a motion under Rule 63 of the rules of procedure given notice of by Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao and others. The motion says:

"This House stands adjourned to discuss the following matters of urgent public importance, namely, the firings by the Police in Sadasivpet, Gadwal and other places of the State, consequent on the recent agitation of the students and other sections of the people for the implementation of the safeguards guaranteed to the Telangana region."
246 8th March, 1963.

Point of information:

re: Naming Dr. K. L. Rao as agent of Andhra by Mysore State.

The only thing is members must finish by about 11:30 A.M. tomorrow, because I must give at least one hour time to the Chief Minister and then about half an hour or so for reply. So by 11:00 A.M. all the members must complete.

Sri G. Sivayya:—I would like to bring to your notice one thing this is an important matter. Members like me are also eager to express ourselves and make our views clear about the situation. Everyone of us should get a chance of not less than 10 minutes. Let the Assembly sit for 3 or 4 days and let every one of us get an opportunity for 10 minutes each. We also form part and parcel of the proceedings here, and we must explain to the people in our constituencies. They will scold us if we do not speak here. So please give every one of us an opportunity.

Mr. Speaker:—I would like to give one hour for each member. But the question is the time at my disposal, which is very short. I know there are members who cannot do full justice if they are given ten minutes, but what is it that I can do? I am handicapped for want of time.

Sri G. Sivayya:—We are in a disadvantageous position, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Sivayya, You are a lawyer. You know how to adjust yourself to time. Leave out all unimportant things and confine only to the most important ones.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

The Chief Minister Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Third Report of the Andhra Pradesh Vigilance Commission for the period from 1-4-1967 to 31-3-1968.

Mr. Speaker:—Paper laid on the Table.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Naming Dr. K. L. Rao as agent of Andhra by Mysore State.
Motion under Rule 95:
re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Mr. Speaker.—We now resume discussion on the Motion under Rule 95 of the Assembly Rules. Sri Maley Venkatarayana may continue his speech.
Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Mr Deputy Speaker in the Chair

24th March, 1959.

MARRTIN:

The Government has failed to achieve emotional integration of the State. It has been stated that the Government has not been able to achieve this goal. There is a lack of cooperation among the various departments of the Government.

The Government needs to take immediate action to address this issue. The people of the State deserve better.
Motion under Rule 95:

8th March, 1969.

re: Failure of the government in achieving

notional integration of the State.

"..."
250  8th March, 1969.

Motion under Rule 95:


...
Motion under Rule 05:  8th March, 1969.


re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.
8th March, 1969.

Motion under Rule 95

re: Failure of the Government in achieving the emotional integration of the State.
Motion under Rule 95: 8th March, 1961.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The Government is failing in its duty to achieve emotional integration of the State. This failure is evident in the current political climate. The government has repeatedly promised to address the emotional needs of the people, but actions have not matched these promises. The recent events in the State have only served to exacerbate the situation. The government must take immediate steps to rectify this failing.
8th March, 1:69.

Motion under Rule 95

re: Failure of the Government in achieving the emotional integration of the State.

The Honorable Member (Mr. [Name]) stated: The Government has failed in achieving the emotional integration of the State. The attempt to achieve this goal has not been successful. The Government has not been able to implement the necessary policies and programmes to achieve this integration. The result is a State that is divided and fragmented.

The Member further stated that the failure is due to the lack of political will and the inability of the Government to make tough decisions. The Government has been criticized for its inaction and indecision.

The Member concluded by calling for immediate action to address this failure and ensure the emotional integration of the State.
Motion under Rule 93:  8th March, 1970.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

... Motion 95: 8th March; ... Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.
8th March, 1969.

Motion under Rule 93:
re: Failure of the Government in achieving
emotional integration of the State.
Motion under Rule 95: 8th March, 1960,

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The Government have failed in achieving emotional integration of the State. This failure is evident in the manner in which the Government has handled the situation. There has been a lack of cooperation and coordination between the various departments of the Government. The Government has not taken adequate steps to address the issues that have arisen.

The Government has not been able to provide the necessary support and guidance to the people. The people have been left to fend for themselves. This has led to a further deterioration of the situation.

The Government has not been able to address the root causes of the problem. The Government has not taken steps to address the underlying issues that have led to the current situation.

The Government has not been able to provide the necessary infrastructure and services to the people. The people have been left to suffer.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of unemployment. The Government has not taken steps to create job opportunities for the people.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of poverty. The Government has not taken steps to reduce the poverty rate.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of corruption. The Government has not taken steps to curb corruption.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of education. The Government has not taken steps to improve the educational system.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of healthcare. The Government has not taken steps to improve the healthcare system.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of water. The Government has not taken steps to ensure the availability of clean water.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of electricity. The Government has not taken steps to ensure the availability of electricity.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of transportation. The Government has not taken steps to improve the transportation system.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of communication. The Government has not taken steps to improve the communication system.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of housing. The Government has not taken steps to improve the housing situation.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of sanitation. The Government has not taken steps to improve the sanitation situation.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of safety. The Government has not taken steps to ensure the safety of the people.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of security. The Government has not taken steps to ensure the security of the people.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of law and order. The Government has not taken steps to maintain law and order.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of justice. The Government has not taken steps to ensure justice for all.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of human rights. The Government has not taken steps to protect the human rights of all.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of freedom. The Government has not taken steps to ensure freedom for all.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of democracy. The Government has not taken steps to ensure democracy for all.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of equality. The Government has not taken steps to ensure equality for all.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of opportunity. The Government has not taken steps to ensure equal opportunity for all.

The Government has not been able to address the issue of participation. The Government has not taken steps to ensure participation of all.

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Motion under Rule 95:
re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.
Motion under Rule 95:

8th March, 1969.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotion integration of the State.
Motion under Rule 95

Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Unfortunately what we are seeing today is, it is mischievous mistreatment of the State. Bureaucracy must not be the mistress of the Government or State. It must be subordinate to the State policy. Unfortunately what we are seeing today is, it is mischievous mistreatment of the State.
Motion under Rule 95: 8th March, 1935.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The real fear of the people of the Telangana is that if they join Andhra they will be unequally placed in relation to the people of Andhra and in the partnership the major partner will derive all the advantages immediately, while Telangana itself may be converted into a colony of the enterprising coastal Andhras.
8th March, 1960.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—When you get your turn, you can have your say.

Dr. 1. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Only when the issue is alive, I must say. There is no use of clarifying afterwards. Please permit me to have my say. He is saying that some Executive Engineer is bringing contractors. He says that each Engineer from the Andhra
Motion under Rule 95:  8th March, 1969. 233

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

area is bringing contractors. May I ask in Andhra Districts how many District Collectors are from Telangana region. how many Sub-Judges are from Telangana region? Is the question to be examined from that angle? That is not the correct approach; that is my submission. Out of the 20 District Collectors, 15 Collectors are from Telangana region. Out of 15 Special Secretaries, more than half a dozen are from Telangana region. Why should he overlook that factor and focus attention on a wrong thing?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Would you like to refute each and every statement he has made?

Dr. T. V. S. C. Babu Rao:—Both sides of the medal must be presented. Presenting only one side of the medal is not a solution to the present impasse.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Dr. Rao, you should not give such an opportunity for these feelings. I would not accept that.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
Motion under Rule 95:

Failure of the Government in achieving
equal integration of the State.

Vehicle Inspector

services

information

Vehicle Services

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Vehicle Services
Motion under Rule 95:

8th March, 1963

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

...
266  8th March, 1969.

Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

In press... The Government is deeply distressed over the failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State. The recent developments in the area of education, health, and social welfare in the State have not been encouraging. The Government has taken several steps to improve the situation, but the results have been disappointing.

The recent drought has also had a significant impact on the state's economy. The Government has been providing financial aid to affected areas, but the situation remains critical.

The Government is committed to addressing these issues and working towards the emotional integration of the State. We are in the process of formulating a comprehensive plan to tackle these challenges and ensure a brighter future for all the citizens of the State.
Motion under Rule 95: 8th March, 1969. 207
re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Andhra Pradesh is one and indivisible. We will fight for your rights, and we are not worried about your safeguards. Andhra Pradesh is always Andhra Pradesh. We will prove it always.
2.3 8th March, 1969.

Motion under Rule 93:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The Ministers have diverted funds. They did it for some political advantage. If the Ministers diverted funds, it is for their political advantage. For the mistakes committed by Ministers, people had to suffer now. Do they want political advantages? They are trying to pacify people is paradoxical.

"The Ministers have diverted funds. They did it for some political advantage. If the Ministers diverted funds, it is for their political advantage. For the mistakes committed by Ministers, people had to suffer now. Do they want political advantages? They are trying to pacify people is paradoxical."

To put it in short, Congress ministers trying to pacify people is paradoxical.
Motion under Rule 15: 8th March, 1939.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Upon all these things' there is a breaking point, which is the result of members in the Congress Party committing blunders. They teach people not to get excited; but they take the opportunity to rectify the blunders in an advantageous way to themselves.

I am reading from 'Facts About Telangana' issued by the Jana Sambanda Shaka, Government of Andhra Pradesh:

"Andhra Pradesh Regional Committee consists of all the members of the Assembly representing the constituencies in the region. All the Ministers of the Telangana area are also its members. All matters relating to Public Health Sanitation, Primary, and Secondary Education, Cottage and Small Scale Industries, admissions to the Educational Institutions, sale of agricultural lands and Development and Economic planning are with in the purview of the Committee. The Governor of Andhra Pradesh has been named as the arbitrator in case of any dispute on the scope on the Committee.

It may be, it is utmost criminal neglect that resulted in this agitation for disintegration. When there is an arbitrator like Governor, when there is a Government within a Government, why and how this Government failed to function and the Government itself could not conceive all these things."
Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

270 8th March. 1963.

Which is confidential? I am asking? What is confidential? Safeguards—not for MLAS of Telangana, not for Regional Committee. The safeguards have to be provided only for the people of Telangana. As between the Advocate and his client? The Advocate and his client. The Advocate and his client? When there is distrust, naturally it is impossible to patch it up.
Motion under Rule 95: 8th March, 1925.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

My only request is, don't meddle with these things. It will lead to chaos. Hereafter, let us take note of it and see that there is a united front of all these things. I am mentioning about administration. Is it running with full vitality and vigour or is it having dead lines? Delay is the root cause of much of the mal-administration. Cut out some of the tours of the Ministers and let them dispose of papers in time, keeping in view the difficulties of the
Motion under Rule 95:

272 8th March, 1969.

Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

people, particularly difficulties of the people now-a-days. I am mentioning about the administration of the Government. Whether it is running with full Vitality and vigour or is it having dead lines? As the region is the root cause of the most of the mal-administration, Cut out some of the tours of the Ministers and let them dispose of paper in time-keeping in view the story of the people, particularly at least now-a-days. The Socialist Party delegates.
Motion under Rule 95:

8th March, 1949.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

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Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— May I submit one point? Refer to the Governor and his orders were obtained and acted upon—White Paper 1981.
Motion under Rub 95: 8th March, 1959.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State. The set up of a situation where sympathy expressed should be treated with reality. The next day after the implementation of accord is the best, in the interest of Telangana. The safeguards.
Integration of services has been a major concern. The integration of services involves the coordination of various departments to achieve emotional integration of the State.

The basic principles of integration are:

1. Advantage of services integration
2. Interpretation of various levels of services
3. Qualification of candidates
4. Untrained graduates

Sub-Registrars of the Cooperative Department have been equated with the Assistant Registrars who are gazetted officers. Various levels of services integrate various levels of candidates, temporary and permanent. Untrained graduates are appointed in the condition of qualified graduates and qualified H.S.C. Candidate.
Motion under Rule 95:
8th March, 1969. 277
re: Failure of the Government in achieving
constitutional integration of the State.

...
278 8th March, 1969.

Motion under Rule 93:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The Honble Member moved that the Government be requested under Rule 93 to submit a report on the failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The Chairperson allowed the Member to present the motion.

The Honble Member presented the motion, stating that the failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State was a cause for concern. He emphasized the need for the Government to take urgent steps to address this issue.

The Chairperson thanked the Member for presenting the motion and reminded the House of the importance of emotional integration in the functioning of the State.

The House debated the motion, with various Members expressing their views on the matter.

The Chairperson adjourned the House to discuss the motion further at a later date.
Motion under R. le 93: 8th March, 1969.

ee: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

If there are any points let her tell them. Why should she criticise the hon. Ministers and congress members?
Motion under Rule 96: re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Sri Konda Lakshman Bupuji:—The Chief Secretary is not here to defend himself. She cannot make statements about persons who are not here to defend themselves.

Smt J. Eswari Bai:—I am very sorry to say. I am simply giving the facts. I am not attacking.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is always better to avoid personal references.

Smt J. Eswari Bai:—I am very sorry to say. I am simply giving the facts. I am not attacking.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is always better to avoid personal references.

Sri K. Vija Reddy:—She had made very serious allegations. She cannot make irresponsible statements.
Motion under Rule 53:

8th March, 1969.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Champion of Andhra not of Andhra Pradesh.
Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

March 8th, 1969.

I move under Rule 95 that the Government has failed in achieving emotional integration of the State.

...
Motion under Rule 95: 8th March, 1967.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The rich have become richer; poor have become poorer.
284 8th March, 1969.

Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Mr. Sultan Salamat Ajwadi (Jainnagar) - Smt. Lata Devi Singh in her
motion said that the Government had failed to achieve emotional integration of the State. The
Government had failed to provide proper development activities. The
imbalance between rural and urban areas had been a major issue. The
Government had failed to provide soap to rural areas, which had
resulted in a lack of hygiene. The Government had failed to provide
adequate infrastructure, which had led to a lack of basic amenities.

The motion was moved by Mr. Sultan Salamat Ajwadi (Jainnagar) and seconded by Smt. Lata Devi Singh (Jainnagar).

Motion passed with a majority of 30 votes.

Smt. Lata Devi Singh - Thanks Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Sultan Salamat Ajwadi (Jainnagar) - Thank you.

Smt. Lata Devi Singh - Thank you.

Mr. Sultan Salamat Ajwadi (Jainnagar) - Thank you.
Motion under Rule 95: 28th March, 1969.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

[Text continues in Urdu, likely discussing the same topic in detail.]
Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the government in achieving emotional integration of the State

Lobbying is the most important factor in a democracy. That is one of the symptoms of a crisis of democracy in which we are existing to-day.
Motion under Rule 95:  

8th March, 1969.

Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.
8th March. '80.

Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration 17th State.

...
Motion under Rule 95:  8th March,

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

point that is now making the people think properly. They are making people think about it, might be temporarily, somebody might twist the whole movement in a wrong direction and take it in a wrong way. It won't be for long. This is the period of intensification of crisis. This is the period of intensification of crisis, and it is a period when the rule of 20 years has led the country into dependence on somebody else, and we have no independence in economic policies or in political lines. This is the crisis, the intensification.

Constructive suggestion—the only constructive suggestion overall, we have to tackle the topsy-turvy situation constructively. Constructive criticism is the only constructive suggestion over all. We have to tackle the topsy-turvy situation constructively. The real constructive suggestion is to topple it against imperialism, range it against landlordism, then alone you will have greater resources for development. Then alone will you bring the people forward to strive for their own development. Then alone the unity of the country and the unity of the State will stand. Such a situation the present crisis is leading. If it leads successfully, I will be extremely happy.
8th March, 1969.

Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving
complete integration of the State.

The member said:

The matter is of grave concern. It is a matter of great importance. The Government has failed to achieve the goal of complete integration of the State. The aim was to create a single integrated entity. The Government has failed in this endeavor. The goal was to create a strong and united nation. The Government has failed to achieve this. The situation is serious and requires immediate action. The House should discuss this matter and express its views. It is a matter of national concern and requires urgent attention.
Motion under Rule 95:

8th March, 1969.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The Government has not been able to achieve emotional integration of the State. The reasons for this failure are:

1. Lack of understanding of the cultural and social diversity of the State.
2. Insufficient efforts to promote harmony among different communities.
3. Lack of effective policies to address the needs of marginalized sections of the society.
4. Insufficient resources allocated for the purpose of integration.

Despite these challenges, the Government has taken some steps towards integration. However, more needs to be done to achieve emotional integration of the State.

The motion is moved by Member X and seconded by Member Y.
8th March, 1949.

Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.
Motion under Rule 95:

8th March, 1969.

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Re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The motion by Mr. A. N. Reddy that the Government has failed in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The Government has failed in achieving emotional integration of the State.
8th March, 1956.

Motion under Rule 15:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.
Motion under Rule 95:

Re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State is a cause of great concern. The cooperative societies, which were established to promote self-centredness and social integration, have not lived up to the expectations. The Government has not taken effective measures to ensure that the cooperative societies function efficiently and serve the needs of the people. The government has failed to ensure that the cooperative societies are run on a non-profit basis and that they are not used as instruments of political propaganda. The failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State is a matter of great concern.
296 8th March, 1949.

Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

As per the requirement, the Government has taken steps to achieve emotional integration of the State.

On the 1st of April, 12 members of the Government have been appointed to the Reserve.

The Reserve comprises of 12 members, including 6 from the Reserve.

The Reserve has a total of 4 members, with 2 members from each of the Reserve.

The Reserve has been appointed to the employment exchange, with a total of 12 members.

The Reserve has a total of 4 members, with 2 members from each of the Reserve.

The Reserve has been appointed to the employment exchange, with a total of 12 members.

The Reserve has a total of 4 members, with 2 members from each of the Reserve.
Motion under Rule 95: 8th March, 1969

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

...
Motion under Rule 95:

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.


Law and order fail under Ruic Law. Law and order fail under Ruic Law. Problems increase, problems increase; students strike, students strike. Human problem and employment problems increase. Students strike, students strike. Employment problems increase. Students strike, students strike.
Motion under Rule 95: 8th March, 1969.

re: Failure of the Government in achieving emotional integration of the State.

The House then adjourned till Half-Past Eight of the clock on Sunday, the 9th March, 1969.