ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES
OFFICIAL REPORT

Hundred and Thirteenth day of the First Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Wednesday, the 17th July, 1968.

The House met at Half-Past Eight of the Clock.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

REMOVAL OF RAILINGS FROM HUSSAINSAgar

2726—

Q.—Sri Ahmed Hussain (Sitarambagh) :—Will the hon. Minister for Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that hundreds of tonnes of railing removed from Hussainsagar tank has disappeared from Himayatsagar;

(b) the reasons for transferring of the said railing from Hussainsagar to Himayatsagar;

(c) whether the police has been informed regarding the disappearance of the railing; and

(d) whether the police have recovered that railing?

The Minister for Communications (Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao):—

(a) 23 Nos. (115 running feet) of cast iron railings weighing about 1 tonne 8 Cwt., out of 42 Nos. (240 running feet) were stolen from Himayatsagar:

(b) The cast iron railings which were removed while lowering the crest of the surplus weir of the Hussainsagar tank were shifted to Himayatsagar for fencing the security room on the tank bund for protection of the sluice valves,

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) No, Sir. But the entire cost has been recovered from the Watchman.

Police have detected the watchman's responsibility and collect the cost.
17th July, 1968.

**Oral Answers to Questions**

Sri D. Venkatesham:—What is the total loss, Sir?

Sri B. Narasimha Rao (Malleswaram):—Total loss Rs 115 not recoverable.

Sri D. Venkatesham:—Will the Minister for Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the experts committee appointed on the Development of Machilipatnam Port, submitted a report to the Government; and

(b) the steps taken by the Government to raise funds to implement the suggestions of the Committee?

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Government of India have been requested to release a sum of Rs. 125 lakhs (as additional assistance over and above the State Plan) in three equal instalments for the immediate execution of the scheme for the development of Machilipatnam Port as recommended by the Expert Committee. Their reply is awaited. Further in the Second Conference on Ports held at Mysore on 26-6-1968, need for the immediate allotment of funds was stressed.
Oral Answers to Questions. 17th July, 1968

Sri. B. Srinivasan:—The answer is as follows:

(a) Clearing agents of the Government of India have not entered into any agreement in respect of fertiliser with Russian dredger s. The dredger are being assembled at Kakinada. Further, 62 boats have been cleared by the Government of India. Government of India will take steps to ensure that the dredger s are assembled and cleared as per schedule. The Expert Committee, which has been appointed to examine the recommendations of the Kakinada development project, has already submitted its report. The Government has already taken steps to ensure that the dredger s are assembled and cleared as per schedule. The Expert Committee has also suggested that the dredger s should be assembled and cleared as per schedule. The Government has also taken steps to ensure that the dredger s are assembled and cleared as per schedule.

(b) The answer is as follows:

The Expert Committee has been appointed to examine the recommendations of the Kakinada development project. The Committee has already submitted its report. The Government has already taken steps to ensure that the dredger s are assembled and cleared as per schedule. The Expert Committee has also suggested that the dredger s should be assembled and cleared as per schedule. The Government has also taken steps to ensure that the dredger s are assembled and cleared as per schedule.
400  17th July,  1968.

Oral Answers to Questions

PURCHASE OF CONCRETE MIXERS BY C. E. (R&B)

2728—

*62870. Sarvasri R. Mahananda (Darsi) :—Will the hon. Minister for Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Chief Engineer (R & B) purchased 12 concrete mixers from a Private firm at Bombay, in January, 1968; if so, whether this firm is on rate contract with the Government; if not, why this was placed with that firm;

(b) what is the difference in the rates of the rate contract and the private firms; and

(c) who is responsible for this?

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao :—(a) Yes, Sir. 12 Concrete Mixers were purchased from M/S Millers Timber & Trading Co., Ltd., Bombay which is a rate contract firm.

(b) The difference in the rates of the rate contract rate and the Private firm is Rs. 131-80 Paise per concrete mixer which was subsequently recovered from the firm.

(c) Does not arise.

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao :—(a) period of a rate contract lapse  
Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao :—(b) Rate contract lapse why should the order be placed on that firm ?

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao :—It was a rate contract firm, but again it took some time and there was a delay. We recover the loss from them.

IMPROVEMENT OF DRY IRRIGATION

2729—

*6315 Q.—Sri P.O. Satyanarayana Raju (Yemmiganur):— Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the France Government has come with a proposal to improve the Dry Irrigation in famine affected areas in our State; and

(b) if so, whether the Details of the same will be placed on the Table of the House?

The Minister for Irrigation, (Sri S. Siddha Reddy) :—(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The details of the proposed project are awaited from the French Government.

Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raja:—When can we expect committee report, Sir?

Sri S. Sidda Reddy:—The Expert Committee has submitted its report to the French Government and as soon as it is received it will be placed on the table.

Sir: (b) The details of the proposed project are awaited from the French Government in and as soon as it is received it will be placed on the table.


Sir: (b) Nature of improvement?

Sri S. Sidda Reddy:—Dry farming in African countries? Famine affected areas? Development in African countries?

Sir: (b) Nature of improvement?

Sri S. Sidda Reddy:—Sprinkling irrigation. Farming affected areas. Experts for irrigation. Famine areas. Sprinkling irrigation. Sprinkling irrigation?

Sir: (b) Nature of improvement?

17th July, 1968

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri D. Venkatesam:—Is that the opinion of the Government you say?

(No answer)

Sri P. B. S. Venkatesam:—Expert team in 1968 found that some people are going to tour worst places. Is that the opinion of the Government?

Sri D. Venkatesam:—First week of May, 1968 to 5th June 1968 and June 1968 study were done. An expert committee was formed for advice to the Government?

Sri P. B. S. Venkatesam:—The expert committee is discussing the site seeing report. Is that the opinion of the Government?

Sri D. Venkatesam:—Famine affected area in 1968-69 report. Is that the opinion of the Government?

Sri P. B. S. Venkatesam:—Agricultural area where is the information available. The report of the members will be issued.

Sri D. Venkatesam:—The report of the expert committee is during famine affected area?

Sri P. B. S. Venkatesam:—Minor irrigation 15 of which is going to sites. Is that the opinion of the Government?

Exports from the State

2730—

*6063 Q. Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Law be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the Commodities exported from our State during 1967-68;
The Minister for Planning and Law (Sri K.V. Narayan Reddy):

(a) (b) and (c):—The particulars are furnished in the statement placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

Vide Answer to Clauses (a) (b) and (c) of L. A. Q. No. 6063.

(a) The following are the important commodities exported from the State during 1957-68:

1. Tobacco.
2. Solvent extracted cakes (Groundnut & Cotton.
3. Deoiled Rice Bran.
5. Turmeric.
6. Palm Fibre.
7. Mica.
8. Polished Granite.
9. Handloom fabrics (Cotton & Silk)
10. Leather.
11. Human Hair.

(b) & (c)


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Estimated 1966-67</th>
<th>Exports during 1967-68</th>
<th>Increase or decrease</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Tobacco</td>
<td>16.21</td>
<td>27.33</td>
<td>+11.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Solvent extracted</td>
<td>2.94</td>
<td>6.65</td>
<td>+3.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oil cakes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Deoiled Rice Bran</td>
<td>57</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Chillies</td>
<td>1.06</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>+24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Turmeric</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Palm fibre</td>
<td>8.6</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>+11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Mica</td>
<td>2.21</td>
<td>2.07</td>
<td>-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Madras Handkerchiefs</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1.36</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Polished Granite</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>+15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. Silk fabrics  &nable;  54 &nable;  98  &nable;  +44
11. Leather  &nable;  0,17 &nable;  5,45 &nable;  -72
12. Human Hair  &nable;  1,52 &nable;  1,22 &nable;  -30
13. Asbestos cement plants &nable;  Machinery & Asbestos cement products  &nable;  27 &nable;  20 &nable;  -7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Silk fabrics</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>+44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>0,17</td>
<td>5,45</td>
<td>-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Human Hair</td>
<td>1,52</td>
<td>1,22</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Asbestos cement plants &amp; Machinery &amp; Asbestos cement products</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total | 84,27 | 47,10 | -37,17 |

10. Silk fabrics &nable;  34 &nable;  98  &nable;  +64
11. Leather  &nable;  0,17 &nable;  5,45 &nable;  -72
12. Human Hair  &nable;  1,52 &nable;  1,22 &nable;  -30
13. Asbestos cement plants & Machinery & Asbestos cement products  &nable;  27 &nable;  20 &nable;  -7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Silk fabrics</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>+64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>0,17</td>
<td>5,45</td>
<td>-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Human Hair</td>
<td>1,52</td>
<td>1,22</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Asbestos cement plants &amp; Machinery &amp; Asbestos cement products</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total | 84,27 | 47,10 | -37,17 |

10. Silk fabrics &nable;  34 &nable;  98  &nable;  +64
11. Leather  &nable;  0,17 &nable;  5,45 &nable;  -72
12. Human Hair  &nable;  1,52 &nable;  1,22 &nable;  -30
13. Asbestos cement plants & Machinery & Asbestos cement products  &nable;  27 &nable;  20 &nable;  -7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Silk fabrics</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>+64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>0,17</td>
<td>5,45</td>
<td>-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Human Hair</td>
<td>1,52</td>
<td>1,22</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Asbestos cement plants &amp; Machinery &amp; Asbestos cement products</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total | 84,27 | 47,10 | -37,17 |

10. Silk fabrics &nable;  34 &nable;  98  &nable;  +64
11. Leather  &nable;  0,17 &nable;  5,45 &nable;  -72
12. Human Hair  &nable;  1,52 &nable;  1,22 &nable;  -30
13. Asbestos cement plants & Machinery & Asbestos cement products  &nable;  27 &nable;  20 &nable;  -7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Silk fabrics</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>+64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>0,17</td>
<td>5,45</td>
<td>-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Human Hair</td>
<td>1,52</td>
<td>1,22</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Asbestos cement plants &amp; Machinery &amp; Asbestos cement products</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total | 84,27 | 47,10 | -37,17 |

10. Silk fabrics &nable;  34 &nable;  98  &nable;  +64
11. Leather  &nable;  0,17 &nable;  5,45 &nable;  -72
12. Human Hair  &nable;  1,52 &nable;  1,22 &nable;  -30
13. Asbestos cement plants & Machinery & Asbestos cement products  &nable;  27 &nable;  20 &nable;  -7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Silk fabrics</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>+64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>0,17</td>
<td>5,45</td>
<td>-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Human Hair</td>
<td>1,52</td>
<td>1,22</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Asbestos cement plants &amp; Machinery &amp; Asbestos cement products</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total | 84,27 | 47,10 | -37,17 |

10. Silk fabrics &nable;  34 &nable;  98  &nable;  +64
11. Leather  &nable;  0,17 &nable;  5,45 &nable;  -72
12. Human Hair  &nable;  1,52 &nable;  1,22 &nable;  -30
13. Asbestos cement plants & Machinery & Asbestos cement products  &nable;  27 &nable;  20 &nable;  -7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Silk fabrics</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>+64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>0,17</td>
<td>5,45</td>
<td>-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Human Hair</td>
<td>1,52</td>
<td>1,22</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Asbestos cement plants &amp; Machinery &amp; Asbestos cement products</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total | 84,27 | 47,10 | -37,17 |

10. Silk fabrics &nable;  34 &nable;  98  &nable;  +64
11. Leather  &nable;  0,17 &nable;  5,45 &nable;  -72
12. Human Hair  &nable;  1,52 &nable;  1,22 &nable;  -30
13. Asbestos cement plants & Machinery & Asbestos cement products  &nable;  27 &nable;  20 &nable;  -7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Silk fabrics</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>+64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>0,17</td>
<td>5,45</td>
<td>-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Human Hair</td>
<td>1,52</td>
<td>1,22</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Asbestos cement plants &amp; Machinery &amp; Asbestos cement products</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total | 84,27 | 47,10 | -37,17 |

10. Silk fabrics &nable;  34 &nable;  98  &nable;  +64
11. Leather  &nable;  0,17 &nable;  5,45 &nable;  -72
12. Human Hair  &nable;  1,52 &nable;  1,22 &nable;  -30
13. Asbestos cement plants & Machinery & Asbestos cement products  &nable;  27 &nable;  20 &nable;  -7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Silk fabrics</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>+64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>0,17</td>
<td>5,45</td>
<td>-72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Human Hair</td>
<td>1,52</td>
<td>1,22</td>
<td>-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Asbestos cement plants &amp; Machinery &amp; Asbestos cement products</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total | 84,27 | 47,10 | -37,17 |
Oral Answers to Questions.

17th July, 1968.

1. M. Ratnam:—Statement of 13 items export 7 downward trend. Alternative markets, export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

2. M. Ratnam:—Leather exports 8 downward trend. Alternative markets, export 72 percent. Exportable commodity?

3. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

4. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

5. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

6. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

7. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

8. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

9. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

10. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

11. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

12. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

13. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

14. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

15. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

16. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

17. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

18. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

19. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

20. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

21. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

22. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

23. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

24. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

25. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

26. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

27. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

28. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

29. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

30. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

31. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

32. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

33. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

34. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

35. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

36. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

37. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

38. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

39. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

40. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

41. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

42. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

43. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

44. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

45. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

46. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

47. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

48. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

49. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

50. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

51. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

52. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

53. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

54. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

55. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

56. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

57. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

58. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

59. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?

60. M. Ratnam:—Leather finish processing 3 export unauthorised. Exportable commodity?
Government of India 17th July, 1933.

Central Assistance

State human hair

3. M. M. T. S A of Government of India

Factory consider

SM State human hair

4. M. E. M. T. S A of Government of India

Ground nut rate

3. M. E. M. T. S A of Government of India

Ground nut rate

Chilis handkerchiefs, Mica foreign exchange

3. M. E. M. T. S A of Government of India

Export Promotion Department

Communications be pleased to state:

a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to make the Chittoor – Tirupathi road an all-weather road by constructing high level causeways and bridges; and

b) the cost of the venture?

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao:—

(a) Yes; Sir.

(b) Rs. 17.50 lakhs.

CHITTOOR – TIRUPATHY ROAD

Q. Sri A. Easwara Reddy (Tirupathi):—Will the hon.

£492
Oral Answers to Questions...

17th July, 1968.

**Tenali – Nandivelugu Road**

2732—

*Q.* Sri R. Mahananda: — Will the hon. Minister for Communications be pleased to state:

(a) to whom the cement road work of Tenali-Nandivelugu road in Guntur district, was entrusted; what was the estimated cost of this work;

(b) whether there was any condition to supply cement to the contractor by the Department; what was the time limit fixed for completion of this road work; whether it was completed within the time limit.

(c) whether the contract was terminated by the Superintending Engineer in September, 1962 and whether this was done with the approval of the Chief Engineer;

(d) whether fresh tenders were called for the balance of work; and if so, whether the rates were too high than the original contract; and

(e) if so, how much extra expenditure was incurred in this work?

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao: — (a) The road work was entrusted to a contractor, Sri B. Sivarama Krishnaiah in November, 1960. The estimated cost of this work was Rs. 5.49 lakhs.

(b) There was a condition in the agreement to supply cement departmentally. One year’s time was stipulated in the agreement to complete the work but it could not be completed within that period.

(c) Yes; Sir.

(d) Yes; Sir. The rate was slightly higher than the original contract.

(e) Rs. 33,000.
408  17th July, 1968.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri G. Venkata Reddy:—What are the terms of reference given to the Advocate in this case?
Sri J. V. Narsinga Rao—You can put a separate question.

REPAIRS TO NATIONAL HIGHWAY NO 5

2733—

* 6518 Q.—Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Communications be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the National Highway No. 5 Eluru road, opposite to Timber Depots in Vijayawada town) is in a bad state; and
(b) if so, when it will be repaired?
Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao :— (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) Necessary repairs are being attended to.

Sri V. S. Chalapathi Rao:— Double line traffic is very heavy on the road, causing an urgent need for repairs. Single line traffic is also increased. It is proposed to increase the capacity to 450 double line traffic.
CONVERSION OF VIZAG AS FREE PORT

2734—

* 6316 Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raju.—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Law be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that our Government has requested the Centre to convert Visakhapatnam as a free Port; and

(b) if so, the stage at which the matter now stands?

Sri K. V. Narayana Reddy:—(a) and (b) The Government of India have been requested to consider the proposal for establishment of a free Trade Zone at Visakhapatnam. In reply, the Government of India stated that they are at present watching the progress of the Kandla Free Trade Zone and that they have therefore decided to wait for more time before considering the question of setting up another zone in the country.


What is the difference between free port and ordinary port, Sir.

Free port is a customs-free and trade-zone purpose. Free port is for the purpose of assembling, disassembling, and trade zone. Regular trade zone is for the purpose of assembling, disassembling, and export.

OVER BRIDGE NEAR TIRUPATHI

(a) whether there are any proposals to construct an over bridge near Tirupathi on the road leading to Tiruchanoor and an over bridge near Puttur Railway Station on the road leading to Tirupathi etc.

(b) if so, when;

(c) whether the investigation has been completed?

(a) There is a proposal to construct an over bridge near Tirupathi on the road leading to Tiruchanoor. But there is no proposal to construct an over bridge near Puttur Railway Station on the road leading to Tirupathi.

(b) Construction of over-bridge near Tirupathi will be taken up soon after the approval of the proposal by the Tirupathi Tirumalai Divasthanam Board and acceptance by the Railways.

(c) T. T. D. Board’s approval, Railway Board’s approval.

(d) T. T. D. Board’s approval, Railway Board’s approval.

(e) 18 and 20 alignment: T. T. Devastianam Board’s preference.

(f) 20 and 21 alignment: meet the contribution.

(g) 10 and 20 alignment: T. T. Devastianam Board’s preference.

(h) 10 and 20 alignment: T. T. Devastianam Board’s preference.
Answers to Questions


Vol. Bridge thS"^^

villages &oa ^y^eD
gate ^o^ n-^  ^^Do^D
(3) a. ^d^o^y^)  :  ^Raihvay
(2) 5. "g^o:—Under  bridges frD  over bridges r^D
(3) a. ^aox^  :

Central Government  announce  e^ieh  ^ao^e  &oa  r^o^a*  ?
^ej^o^^^  ^o-a  donations  ^ao^e  ^s  aag^as*.?
(9) a.  ^aox^  :

OVERBRIDGE NEAR MANAGALAGIRI

2736—

*6514 Q.—Sarvasri Tulabandula Nageswara Rao and B. Niran-
jana Rao :— Will the hon. Minister for Communication be pleased
to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to construct an over bridge
near Mangalagiri level crossing in Guntur district on National
Highway.

(b) whether the State Government has approached the Central
Government to meet 15% of the cost of the work; and

(c) when the work will be taken up for execution?

Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao :— (a) Yes; Sir.

(b) No; Sir. The Railways agreed to bear the cost of the
Railway Over bridge as well as the approaches.

(c) The plans and estimates are awaited from the Chief Engi-

neer, South Central Railway. After they are received, they will be
sent to the Director General, Road Development, New Delhi for
technical approval. The work will be started by the Railways after
the technical approval of the Director General, Road Development,
New Delhi is received for the approach roads.

J. V. Narasinga Rao :—On 6...9...1967 a level crossing gate
over bridge  was  installed  at  Mangalagiri  level  crossing.  The  site
may  be  examined  there.  Estimations  of  approach  towards  the
level crossing gate may  be  installed  at  Mangalagiri  level  crossing.

J. V. Narasinga Rao :—Further discussions are in progress with
the

suggestions  mentioned  above.
2737—

*6125 Q.— Sri R. Mahananda:— Will the hon. Minister for Communications be pleased to state:

(a) the districtwise allotment made during 1965-66, 1966-67 and 1967-68, for Roads, Bridges and Buildings;

(b) the number of estimates of Bridges that are sanctioned and pending execution from 1964-65; and

(c) whether any schemes have been executed which were sanctioned after 1964-65; If so, what are they?

Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao:— (a) & (b) Statements are placed on the Table of the House.

(c) Information is being collected.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name of District</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name of District</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Roads and</td>
<td>Bldgs.</td>
<td>Roads and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bridges</td>
<td></td>
<td>Bridges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>21.09</td>
<td>7.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>54.78</td>
<td>0.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>107.38</td>
<td>7.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>West Godavari District</td>
<td>66.20</td>
<td>6.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Krishna District</td>
<td>68.78</td>
<td>13.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Guntur District</td>
<td>100.78</td>
<td>4.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Nellore District</td>
<td>41.98</td>
<td>1.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Cuddapah District</td>
<td>38.78</td>
<td>5.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Kurnool District</td>
<td>41.53</td>
<td>20.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Chittoor District</td>
<td>81.46</td>
<td>21.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Anantapur District</td>
<td>37.45</td>
<td>6.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Hyderabad District</td>
<td>41.34</td>
<td>124.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Karimnagar District</td>
<td>29.05</td>
<td>6.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Matalpuru District</td>
<td>60.42</td>
<td>4.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>30.71</td>
<td>15.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>39.06</td>
<td>11.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>42.68</td>
<td>4.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>55.68</td>
<td>18.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>17.47</td>
<td>5.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>21.76</td>
<td>6.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S. No.</td>
<td>District</td>
<td>Nos</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note:* Particulars in respect of Nizamabad and Medak District have not been received.

Particularly under the mileage, various categories of roads, soil conditions and also intensity of traffic. Already they are estimated, time for proposals: 10 days for the proposal to turn down. Time to correct is 3 days. Court's buildings repair is expected in two months.
Oral Answers to Questions.  
17th July, 1863.

Court buildings & roads are allocated. Buildings & roads have been allocated in various districts. Buildings & roads are allocated based on various criteria. Roads & bridges go highest allotment, Guntur District & Hyderabad District have 68.48 & 70.50 allotment respectively.

Criteria roads & buildings are allocated based on the mileage of various categories of roads, soil conditions, intensity of traffic passing over the roads, & intensity of the rainfall, etc.

Statements of allotments are in the form of economy measure. They are allotment, but not actual expenditure.

District figures are as follows:

Hyderabad District: 70.50
Guntur District: 68.48

Mileage proportion is as follows:

Hyderabad District: 70.50
Guntur District: 68.48
17th July, 1968.

Oral Answers to Questi

1. O. R. Raghavendra:—Sir, spill over works 1947 and disparity in the priority list. The disparity is in the order of disparity 15 and 7.


Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao:—I will give the details tomorrow, Sir.

Oral Answers to Questions. 17th July, 1968. 417

2738—

Sri J. V. Narasimha Rao: —I will get the information.

Sri R. Maharranda:—The information is placed on the Table. May I know why Nellore District. Was not included?

Sri S. Srid Reddy: —No any particulars are.

M. I. PROJECTS IN ETTURNAKARAM

(a) whether it is a fact that three minor irrigation projects were surveyed in Ettukaram area in Mulugu taluk, Warangal district by which nearly 12,000 acres can be brought under cultivation;

(b) if so, the amount of estimate for each scheme;

(c) whether they were included in this year's budget; and

(d) when they will be completed?

Sri S. Sidda Reddy: —(a) Three Schemes. Two of which are minor irrigation schemes and the other a medium irrigation scheme have been surveyed. They are expected to bring under irrigation about 6800 acres.

(b) 1. Komatpalli anicut scheme. Rs. 6.31 lakhs.
   2 Timmapur Reservoir scheme (Medium) Rs. 29.40 lakhs.
   3. Kappavagu-Palavagu anicut scheme Rs. 6.0 lakhs.

(c) They were not sanctioned and hence not included in this year's budget.

(d) Does not arise.

SUB-WAY AT RAILWAY LEVEL CROSSING AT ANAKAPALLY.

6294 Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao (Anakapalli):—Will the hon. Minister for Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether any assurance has been given by the Minister during a civic reception in May for the execution of the sub-way at the Railway level crossing at Anakapalli; Visakhapatnam district; and

(b) whether estimate has been prepared for the schemes: if so, what is the total amount of estimate?
Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao:—(a) Sympathetic consideration has been assured for the proposal.

(b) The estimate and plans for the above work are under preparation. The total amount will be known when the detailed estimate is finalised.

12th R. N. Narasimha (Secretary):—The schemes include Rs. 12 lakhs. Sanction will be through investigation.

13th. 12th July:—In future reply to schemes include Rs. 12 lakhs. 50% of the cost includes an investigation.

14th. 12th July:—Scheme sanction Rs. 12 lakhs. Through investigation.

15th. 12th July:—Sanction schemes Rs. 12 lakhs. Sympathetic consideration assured.

16th. 12th July:—Rev. 3 schemes Rs. 12 lakhs. Sympathetic consideration favourable consideration of schemes.

17th. 12th July:—Sympathetic consideration is not of interest. To Rs. 12 lakhs. Sympathetic consideration sub-way approach road. 12th July, 1970.

18th. 12th July:—Sympathetic consideration is not of interest. To Rs. 12 lakhs. Sympathetic consideration sub-way approach road. 12th July, 1970.

**Land acquisition of River Regu.**

The Government of the State of Andhra Pradesh has decided to acquire land for the construction of a final approach road to the river. The land acquisition officer has been appointed. The finalisation of the approach road will be completed within 6 months.

**Existing level crossing facility and fresh amenities public.**

The existing level crossing facility has been approved by the State Government. The cost of the level crossing facility is estimated to be Rs. 25 lakhs. A fresh amenity facility is being considered. The fresh amenity facility will have a cost of Rs. 30 lakhs.

**Approach roads under bridge subways.**

The approach roads under bridge subways will be constructed on a 30% cost basis. The estimated cost is Rs. 30 lakhs. The fresh amenity facility will be constructed on a 25% cost basis. The estimated cost is Rs. 30 lakhs.

**Arrears of Water Charges**

2740—

* 6404 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact an amount of Rs. 180 lakhs has fallen into arrears since 1948 being the water charges payable to the P.W.D. in the Twin cities;

(b) whether it is also a fact that an amount of Rs. 14 lakhs has to be collected from Nizam alone towards the water charges; and

(c) if answers to clauses (a) and (b) are in affirmative, the action taken thereon?

Sri V. Narasimha R. a.:—(a) The amount that has fallen into arrears under the Hyderabad Water Works system up to 31-5-68 is Rs. 106,80,148 including the disputed amount of Rs. 62 lakhs.

(b) Yes, Sir.
The Water Works Department is making an intensive drive to collect the arrears by resorting to disconnection, wherever necessary.

(c) The Water Works Department is making an intensive drive to collect the arrears by resorting to disconnection, wherever necessary.


Oral Answers to Questions.

Table II

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Allot buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Pay water bill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Resolve dispute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Collect arrears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Appeal dispute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table III

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Details</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Collect arrears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Pay water bill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Allot buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Resolve dispute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Appeal dispute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table IV

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Pay water bill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Allot buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Resolve dispute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Collect arrears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Appeal dispute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table V

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Details</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Collect arrears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Pay water bill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Allot buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Resolve dispute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Appeal dispute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table VI

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Pay water bill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Allot buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Resolve dispute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Collect arrears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Appeal dispute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table VII

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Details</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Collect arrears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Pay water bill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Allot buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Resolve dispute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Appeal dispute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table VIII

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Pay water bill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Allot buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Resolve dispute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Collect arrears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Appeal dispute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao:—It all depends upon the facts of the case. If the facts are very complicated involving reference to several documents—even some ancient documents—it takes naturally some more time.

Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao:—Deputy Secretary, Finance; representative of the Accountant General; representative of the Sarf-e-khas representative of the concerned Government Department.
Sri G. Sivaiah:— It has just now been stated that about Rs. 13 lakhs have to be paid for water tax by the Nizam administration; that is likely to be set off. Is it in connection with the same department or different departments.

Sri J. V. Narasing Rao:—It is not the same department.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—If it is a different department we have a right to collect the amount. Let them go against the other departments that is a separate issue. Why should we hesitate to collect the amount from the Nizam?

Sri J. V. Narasing Rao:—Government have constituted a Committee as I have already stated.

Sri G. Sivaiah:— Why should we go to the extent of constituting a Committee?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. Sivaiah is right when he says that we can claim in the Nizam administration. But somehow or other a Committee has been appointed; Ruler’s rights are rights according to laws. Anyway let us ask the committee to expedite it in the next 5 or 6 months and let us know where we are.

Sri V. B. Narasimha Rao:—I hope the amount of 13 lakhs will be realised.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—If it is a different department we have a right to collect the amount. Let them go against the other departments that is a separate issue. Why should we hesitate to collect the amount from the Nizam?

Sri J. V. Narasing Rao:—Government have constituted a Committee as I have already stated.

Sri G. Sivaiah:— Why should we go to the extent of constituting a Committee?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. Sivaiah is right when he says that we can claim in the Nizam administration. But somehow or other a Committee has been appointed; Ruler’s rights are rights according to laws. Anyway let us ask the committee to expedite it in the next 5 or 6 months and let us know where we are.

Sri V. B. Narasimha Rao:—I hope the amount of 13 lakhs will be realised.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—If it is a different department we have a right to collect the amount. Let them go against the other departments that is a separate issue. Why should we hesitate to collect the amount from the Nizam?

Sri J. V. Narasing Rao:—Government have constituted a Committee as I have already stated.

Sri G. Sivaiah:— Why should we go to the extent of constituting a Committee?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. Sivaiah is right when he says that we can claim in the Nizam administration. But somehow or other a Committee has been appointed; Ruler’s rights are rights according to laws. Anyway let us ask the committee to expedite it in the next 5 or 6 months and let us know where we are.

Sri V. B. Narasimha Rao:—I hope the amount of 13 lakhs will be realised.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—If it is a different department we have a right to collect the amount. Let them go against the other departments that is a separate issue. Why should we hesitate to collect the amount from the Nizam?

Sri J. V. Narasing Rao:—Government have constituted a Committee as I have already stated.

Sri G. Sivaiah:— Why should we go to the extent of constituting a Committee?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. Sivaiah is right when he says that we can claim in the Nizam administration. But somehow or other a Committee has been appointed; Ruler’s rights are rights according to laws. Anyway let us ask the committee to expedite it in the next 5 or 6 months and let us know where we are.

Sri V. B. Narasimha Rao:—I hope the amount of 13 lakhs will be realised.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—If it is a different department we have a right to collect the amount. Let them go against the other departments that is a separate issue. Why should we hesitate to collect the amount from the Nizam?

Sri J. V. Narasing Rao:—Government have constituted a Committee as I have already stated.

Sri G. Sivaiah:— Why should we go to the extent of constituting a Committee?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. Sivaiah is right when he says that we can claim in the Nizam administration. But somehow or other a Committee has been appointed; Ruler’s rights are rights according to laws. Anyway let us ask the committee to expedite it in the next 5 or 6 months and let us know where we are.

Sri V. B. Narasimha Rao:—I hope the amount of 13 lakhs will be realised.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—If it is a different department we have a right to collect the amount. Let them go against the other departments that is a separate issue. Why should we hesitate to collect the amount from the Nizam?

Sri J. V. Narasing Rao:—Government have constituted a Committee as I have already stated.

Sri G. Sivaiah:— Why should we go to the extent of constituting a Committee?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. Sivaiah is right when he says that we can claim in the Nizam administration. But somehow or other a Committee has been appointed; Ruler’s rights are rights according to laws. Anyway let us ask the committee to expedite it in the next 5 or 6 months and let us know where we are.

Sri V. B. Narasimha Rao:—I hope the amount of 13 lakhs will be realised.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—If it is a different department we have a right to collect the amount. Let them go against the other departments that is a separate issue. Why should we hesitate to collect the amount from the Nizam?

Sri J. V. Narasing Rao:—Government have constituted a Committee as I have already stated.

Sri G. Sivaiah:— Why should we go to the extent of constituting a Committee?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. Sivaiah is right when he says that we can claim in the Nizam administration. But somehow or other a Committee has been appointed; Ruler’s rights are rights according to laws. Anyway let us ask the committee to expedite it in the next 5 or 6 months and let us know where we are.

Sri V. B. Narasimha Rao:—I hope the amount of 13 lakhs will be realised.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—If it is a different department we have a right to collect the amount. Let them go against the other departments that is a separate issue. Why should we hesitate to collect the amount from the Nizam?

Sri J. V. Narasing Rao:—Government have constituted a Committee as I have already stated.

Sri G. Sivaiah:— Why should we go to the extent of constituting a Committee?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. Sivaiah is right when he says that we can claim in the Nizam administration. But somehow or other a Committee has been appointed; Ruler’s rights are rights according to laws. Anyway let us ask the committee to expedite it in the next 5 or 6 months and let us know where we are.

Sri V. B. Narasimha Rao:—I hope the amount of 13 lakhs will be realised.

Sri G. Sivaiah:—If it is a different department we have a right to collect the amount. Let them go against the other departments that is a separate issue. Why should we hesitate to collect the amount from the Nizam?
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— My humble submission to you is so far as this matter is concerned, it is coming to-day, there is no dispute because it is settled previously.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no dispute about the consideration of the Bill. But how many days are we meeting and when should we finish consideration of this matter have to be decided. No doubt the Bill has been included in the agenda and permission has also been given for publication and all that. There is no dispute. But how and when should we finish it? For that purpose, the Business Advisory Committee is at liberty to take any decision it wants.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—The House can continue discussion.

Mr. Speaker:—When the Leader of the Opposition and all the important people want to speak and the Chief Minister is moving the Bill, it may not be proper to take up discussion.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I entirely agree. The point is—so far as this Bill is concerned there is no dispute. It was settled that it should be taken up to-day. So far as the other matters are concerned on which you have been supposed to have made some remarks, that point may be considered.
Mr. Speaker:—My purpose here is only to settle disputes between various sections of the House. Differences do crop up naturally. As far as I remember, with reference to the proceedings which had been reduced to writing it is not always that we are very correct meticulously. We should have some understanding; we have to take into consideration the concensus of opinion. It is not possible to reduce to writing every word.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—It is also possible that the concurrence of each member is a condition precedent for.

Mr. Speaker:—As far as I know, so far this House is concerned and the Business Advisory Committee is concerned, we have been coming to unanimous decision without any difference. That is one thing. The second thing is, to be on the safe side the proceedings or the Business Advisory Committee are reduced to writing, we have been taking the approval of the members consent, as far as possible, before announcement.

Mr. Speaker:—What happens is that the decisions at the Business Advisory Committee have been reduced to writing.

Mr. Speaker:—One thing I may tell for the information of the Members. If any kind of commitment, promise or assurance was given by the Presiding Officer, there is no question of consulting anybody in this House. It is the responsibility of the Speaker to see that that item is included in the agenda. If any one of the hon. Members can show from the Proceedings or reference to the tape-recorder that I have given any kind of assurance, whatever has taken place irrespective of the nature of the business, I am prepared to give him an opportunity. What I said was, if I remember correct and I stick on to that— that it cannot come in the shape of an adjournment motion. Then Sri Badri Vishal Pitti said that on the previous occasions, these things, though they were the Central Subjects, were...
considered. I said, when China committed aggression, when Pakistan committed aggression, resolutions were passed not in the shape of it. Ultimately what I advised was, in consultation of the leader of the House, the opposition party leaders should all sit together and come to some kind of understanding. That is what I said, if I remember correct. Another thing I may again tell the House, there is no difference of opinion that every one of us here is interested in the welfare of our Nation. There are things which can be discussed openly and there are things which ought not to be discussed openly. Now it is a very delicate question on delicate ground. Please do not misunderstand me. I know, all of you are interested in the welfare of this Nation. At the same time, let us not do certain things which are not in the interests of the Nation. We will be doing more disservice to the Nation than doing service to the Nation. That is exactly the reason why I asked all the leaders of the opposition parties and the leader of the House to sit together and come to some understanding. That is what I said. If still, you say, I gave an assurance or promise, I can't help.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The opinion of the House may be taken, whatever the Sub-Committee or the Committee says.

Mr. Speaker:—If it is the question of taking the House into confidence, it must be in-camera proceedings. Nobody can be permitted inside the House. I do not know, whether such contingency or such an emergency has arisen in this country.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—That in-camera business is doing much harm, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—That is why I said there is no question of taking the entire House into confidence.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I request you to clarify the position. Is the Business Advisory Committee going to meet in order to decide whether the Press Bill is to be introduced in this House or not. If that were so, I have my own opinion. It cannot be in-camera discussion, with due respect to my friends.

Mr. Speaker:—So far as the Business Advisory Committee Meetings are concerned, the Speaker who presides over the Business Advisory Committee decides as to when it should be convened. Whenever he considers it necessary, he convenes the Committee. Then The Committee meets at the instance of the Speaker; they consider items which are to be included in the agenda; they take decisions they will be communicated to the House. Just like that we have got several Committees. They take decisions and place before the House for approval. Ultimately it is only the House which is the final authority and which is supreme in all these things. If Members do not approve the Business Advisory Committee decision, the House can
Business of the House.

certainly do whatever it pleases. Similarly Estimates Committee, Public Accounts Committee, etc., etc., etc. We do have some confidence and that is why they are functioning.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The Press Bill has never figured in the Business Advisory Committee. It has come afterwards when the Chief Minister has come from Delhi. We are opposing it. It concerns the liberty or the Press Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—That is why Mr. Rao, it is not as though it has come after Sri Brahmamanda Reddy returned from Delhi. This matter was before the Committee. We considered about it. What decisions were taken and what each member has said I cannot go into that now. What each member has said is not possible for me to remember. It is not as though it has come only after he returned from Delhi. Because he is not a Member of the Business Advisory Committee, he may not be aware of all that transpired. So always leave it to the goodness of the Business Advisory Committee. Ultimately if he is not satisfied with the decision, every member has got the right to represent what he wants to in the House and take a decision.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—These matters have never figured in the Business Advisory Committee. The resolution was not drafted with the consultation of the Leaders of the Opposition Parties and the Leader of the House. Even now it is not too late. The leaders of the parties can come together and come to a decision.

Mr. Speaker:—We shall do that there in the Business Advisory Committee room. Let the Members of the Business Advisory Committee go to the Committee room. In the mean while I will dispose of other matters.
Government Bills:  


Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Yesterday it was over.

Mr. Speaker:—Please give a notice. The House now stands adjourned till 10-30 A.M.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—What is the decision of the Business Advisory Committee?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Speaker will come and give you. In the meanwhile we shall proceed with the Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill.

The Chief Minister will now move the motion for the first reading of the Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill, 1968.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—All that has been decided and the Speaker will come and announce.

GOVERNMENT BILL

THE ANDHRA PRADESH SPECIAL POWERS (PRESS) BILL, 1968.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir, I move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill, 1968, be read a first time."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.
Press freedom is an essential ingredient of democracy. It is a function of an effective and objective criticism. It is a safeguard for the press to function effectively. He function is an instrument of public order interest. Press must be effective in function and it is essentially a criticism of the public. Press is free but is governed by reasonable restrictions. Practically so far as the main provisions are concerned, the wording is practically the same. Punjab Special Powers (Press) Act, 1956 is questioned in the Supreme Court also. The Law to introduce was passed by the Government of India permission and the President's sanction. It was questioned in the Supreme Court and the Supreme Court held that it is constitutional.

Sri G. Sivayya:—The Supreme Court held it on different conditions. The Supreme Court referred to conditions existing in the...
Punjab during those days and particularly the Akali Dal consequent on its threat to bring about communal feelings. All such things were taken into account.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I hope the Minister will argue with the Supreme Court that because they allowed the Punjab Act they may as well allow our Bill also.

The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Pres.) Bill, 1938

Press is a medium of communication mostly for the Government and its policies and programmes so that they can put the congress
The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers

policies and programmes good or bad into the public. I am second to none, Sir, in saying that the freedom of the press must be assured subject only to reasonable restrictions which are in the nation's interests. I am second to none, Sir, in saying that the freedom of the press must be assured subject only to reasonable restrictions which are in the nation's interests.
Business of the House.

17th July, 1968.

Mr. Speaker:—The Government may get them translated into Telugu.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I have no objection if the hon. Members want them. That may be cyclostyled and given.

ANNOUNCEMENT

re: Decisions of the Business Advisory Committee.

Mr. Speaker:—I am to announce to the House the decisions of the Business Advisory Committee held today.

17-7-1968. 1. The Andhra Pradesh Special Power (Press) Bill, 1968 will be considered by the House upto 11.30 a.m. to day and then it will be referred to Select Committee.

2. Discussion on drought conditions will be discussed by the House from 11.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m. today.

3. Half-an-hour discussion on Banjar Lands in Renaka village will be taken up today from 1:30 p.m. to 2:00 p.m.

6-7-1968 1. Discussion on drought conditions will be continued.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE
Mr. Speaker:—Please give me notice. I will ask the Minister to make a statement tomorrow.

Mr. Speaker:—Please give me notice.

Mr. Speaker:—The statement will be made tomorrow.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—What about the White Paper.

Mr. Speaker:—It will be taken up in the next Session.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Sir, if it will be taken up in the next Session, it will become a black paper.

Mr. Speaker:—Nothing will become black

Mr. Speaker:—That will also be taken up in the next Session.
Mr. Speaker: If I remember correctly, the adjournment motion closes the House.

I disallowed it and I have sent that file to the Government to take immediate action and to see something is done on that.

Mr. Speaker: —I will ask them to take immediate action in the matter.

Mr. Speaker: —I do not think it is disallowed.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah: —It is allowed, Sir?

Mr. Speaker: —If it is admitted, it will be called tomorrow.

Any Member can bring such of these things to my notice which were admitted and not called and they will be called tomorrow.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah: —Thank you, Sir.
GOVERNMENT BILL


17th July, 1968.


The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.

Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn. The Emergency was withdrawn.
Governm nt Bill :
The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers
(Press) Bill, 19 3.

The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers
(Press) Bill, 19 3.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
Governm nt B ill : The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers
(Press) Bill, 19 3.

( Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair )
Governm nt B ill : The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers
(Press) Bill, 19 3.

There is a growing tendency in certain
sections of the Press, to give a communal colour to every incident
involving persons of different religious, racial or linguistic groups or
castes or communities and publish reports which are calculated to
excite, the passions and prejudices of one section of the people against
another. The Act aims to curb such tendencies and prevent the
publication of false and misleading reports that could inflame
communal sentiments.

The State Government or any officer or authority empowered by them in this behalf, if satisfied that it is necessary so to do, for the purpose of preventing or combating any activity — (a) prejudicial to the maintenance of communal harmony affecting or likely to affect public order; or (b) offending or likely to offend against public decency or morality; may by order in writing addressed to a printer, publisher or editor,—

(i) prohibit the printing or publication in any document...
Government Bill:

Power to prohibit entry into Andhra Pradesh of newspapers etc.,
The State Government or any officer or authority empowered by them
in this behalf, if satisfied that it is necessary so to do, for the purpose
of preventing or combating any activity.... "Penalty; Whoever contravenes, disobeys or neglects to comply with
any order made, direction given, notification issued under section 2 or
section 3, as the case may be, shall on conviction, be punishable with
imprisonment which may extend to one year or with fine which may
extend to one thousand rupees or with both." In the event of disobedience of an order
made under section 2, or of a notification issued under section 3, the State Government or
the Officer or authority, as the case may be, may without prejudice to
the other penalty to which the person guilty of disobedience is liable
under this Act, by an order notified in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette,
declare that all copies of the newspaper, periodical leaflet or other
publication concerned shall be forfeited to the State Government and
every such order shall state the ground therefor. 

27—6
The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill, 1968 is a bill that was passed by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly. The bill provides for the special powers to the first class magistrate for disposal of cases and contempt cases. The bill was enacted to ensure swift disposal of cases and to prevent contempt of court. The bill was passed on 27th July, 1968.

The provisions of this Act are in addition to the provisions of any other law for the time being in force. The provisions of this Act are in addition to the provisions of any other law for the time being in force.

The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill, 1968, requires that any matter relating to particular subject or class of subjects, shall, before publication, be submitted for scrutiny by an officer or authority appointed by the State Government in this behalf and published only in accordance with the directions by that officer or authority. Pre-censorship of subjects or classes of subjects is not mandatory. British rules for Defence of India, in the previous edition, were reprinted here.

The Select Committee report on 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 is mentioned, along with the third reading of the bill.
Government Bill:


Government Bill:


July 17th, 1968.

Panel Code ² Penal Code ² Criminal Procedure Code ²

Aims and objects ² caste ² Obscenity ² Hindu-Muslim
442 17th July, 1988


provisions against a backdrop of administration and bureaucracy. The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill, 1968, aims to check the influence of bureaucratic and feudal elements in the press. The Bill also focuses on processing and controlling specific groups. The Bill was introduced in the Assembly by the Chief Minister and the Select Committee.

Section 20. (a) Section (b)...

The Bill restricts press freedom, especially in cases involving national security and national integrity. It also mandates the appointment of a Press Commissioner to oversee the implementation of the provisions. The Bill seeks to maintain a balance between freedom of speech and the need for safety and security.
Government Bill:  

17th July, 1958.

Many hon. Members raised voice of objection.
Government Bill:


17th July, 1968.

---


2. The Bill was introduced...
Government of the Andhra Pradesh Special Powers


17th July, 1968.

445

Government Bill:

446 17th July, 1968.


...
Require that any matter, covering not more than two columns, be published in any particular issues of a newspaper...
Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—Sir, Leave was granted for the introduction of the Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill in the House yesterday, for which there was opposition. This black bill is now being rushed through today.

An hon. Member:—Can she read a speech?

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—Ladies are allowed. This black bill is being rushed through today by the ruling party with their brute majority in a hurried manner without any reference to the organization representing the Fourth estate. Posing themselves as democrats, these Congressmen intend flouting public opinion, on the one hand, and throttling the newspapers, on the other. A complete day has been allotted to see that this unwanted measure is hurried through so that the party in power can curb the press and control the publicity. One can understand as to what motivated this Government to come forward with such a bill.
Government Bill:  
The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers 

17th July, 1968.  

...of late there is a growing tendency in certain sections of a Press to give communal colour to every incident involving persons of different religious, racial or linguistic groups or caste or community and publish reports. It is a prerequisite for Press freedom to have the Press as the organ which must have freedom in democracy out of vestiges. 

...
Government Bill
The Andhra Pradesh Special Power

The State Government or any Officer or authority empowered by them in this behalf if satisfied that it is necessary so to do, for the purpose of preventing or combating any activity,

(a) prejudicial to the maintenance of communal harmony affecting or likely to affect public order; or

(b) offending or likely to offend against public decency or morality;

May, by order in writing addressed to a printer, Publisher or editor,—

(i) prohibit the printing or publication in any document or any class of documents, etc. etc. of

In this section, “document” shall include any matter written, expressed or described upon any substance by means of letters, figures, marks, signs or other visible representations or by more than one of those means which is intended to be used or which may be used for the purpose of recording that matter.”
Further, there has been a spate of journals which indulge in writings which are scurrilous or are grossly indecent or obscene".
The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers Bill, 1957

The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers Bill, 1957

(a) prejudicial to the maintenance of communal harmony affecting or likely to affect public order; or

(b) offending or likely to offend against public decency or morality. What do you mean by “prejudicial to the maintenance of communal harmony;” “What do you mean by ‘to affect public order’; what do you mean by ‘offence against public decency or morality’? Now they differ. I know what you mean by democracy and I know what you mean by freedom. And I know what I mean by freedom and democracy. We are fundamentally differing on these issues since the country has won freedom. The attitude of your has been dictatorial it is an attitude that you are born to rule this country, that you are
Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers

born to decide every value in this country. Out of that attitude
every thing has been arising. What is the hurry to come with a Bill
like this. It is called Special Powers Press Bill. If at all you are
against anti-communal preaching, I am also against it. No man
should go about killing each other for the simple reason that one
belongs to another religion. No man should preach against another for
the simple reason that he belongs to another caste. What is the Spe-
cial Powers Press Bill? You should have said “Anti-communal Bill”. You
should have said so.

Conscience is the guide to
Communal harmony is prejudicial to
fundamental rights. It is a
[trample] upon under whatever plea, under whatever name, under whatever Bill the Govern-
ment may enact. That cannot be permitted, Sir, and therefore
request them to kindly withdraw it. If it is not done innocently,
ponder over my thought. If they are not prepared to ponder over
my thought, we have got to fight against it tooth and nail. Consi-
tation right to freedom of thought, expression and belief is there.

All citizens shall have the right to freedom of speech and expression.
Reasonable restrictions of a particular right from being abused.

[17th July, 1968.]

The preamble to the constitution liberty of thought, expression and belief is there. It is a fundamental right which one cannot trample upon under whatever plea, under whatever name, under whatever Bill the Government may enact. That cannot be permitted, Sir, and therefore request them to kindly withdraw it. If it is not done innocently, ponder over my thought. If they are not prepared to ponder over my thought, we have got to fight against it tooth and nail. Constitution right to freedom of thought, expression and belief is there. All citizens shall have the right to freedom of speech and expression. Reasonable restrictions of a particular right from being abused.

It determining the reasonableness of the restriction imposed by the law, one of the tests which has been applied by our courts is whether the restriction is imposed by the authority which is empowered by the legislature subjectively or objectively.

It is not gaining a point for me.
17th July, 1968.

Gover. met Bill:

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

The Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill, 1964 was introduced in the Andhra Pradesh Assembly in 1965. The Bill was introduced in response to the need for special powers to be granted to the Government in order to deal with media issues.

The Bill provides for the appointment of a special officer to oversee the implementation of media regulations. The Bill also provides for the imposition of fines and imprisonment for violation of the regulations.

The Bill received the support of the ruling party and was passed unopposed. The Bill was sent to the President for assent and was signed into law on 17th July, 1968.
Si D. Venkatesam:—May I know the correct definition of ‘Obscene’ by this Government, Sir, because recently the Nagpur High Court has disallowed a petition... Generally, it does not apply to all these big newspapers and things like that. Generally, as far as we know it applies only to small newspapers, small periodicals or small things which come in the morning and go away in the evening.
Government Bill:

17th July, 1968.


2. The Bill seeks to empower the Government to restrict or regulate the Press in certain cases, including maintenance of law and order, prevention of conclusory statements, and protection of public interest. It also provides for the appointment of a Press Council to advise the Government on matters relating to the Press.

3. The Bill is aimed at ensuring the integrity of the Press and preventing it from being used for purposes contrary to the public interest. It is a necessary measure to maintain internal security and prevent the spread of false information.

4. The Bill has been criticized by some as an infringement of freedom of the Press. However, it is important that the government takes measures to minimize the spread of false information and prevent the Press from being used for purposes contrary to the public interest.

5. The Bill is a fundamental mistake as it restricts the freedom of the Press, which is a cornerstone of democracy. It is necessary to ensure that the Press is free to report the truth and hold the government accountable.

The Bill has been introduced with the intention of maintaining internal security and protecting the public interest. However, it is essential to strike a balance between the freedom of the Press and the need to prevent the spread of false information. The government should ensure that the Press Council is effective in advising the Government on matters relating to the Press.
Government Bills.


17th July, 1968. 459

Sri Ch. Rajeswara Rao:—May I bring to your notice that the Government have done more good to the 'Patriot' and 'Link'.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Certainly, I have done more good to them. In your view, certainly, I am not anxious to do harm to any paper unreasonably.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—We have never said that.

Sri T. Purushothama Rao:—What are the allegations against these People?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—“Preventing the paper from publishing; prejudicial to the maintenance of communal harmony affecting or likely to affect public order, or offending or likely to offend against public decency or morality.”

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—It is where they are committing a wrong. That is one view. I do not say that my assessment is the only correct assessment. I am not claiming that I may be wrong. But the assessment I made... achieve question. That is more harmful to us than about the position in the country.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill, 1958 be read a first time”.

The motion was adopted.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:
17th July, 1968.

Discussion on Drought conditions.

"That the Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill, 1968 be referred to a Joint Select Committee consisting of 20 Members—15 members from the Assembly, viz.,

Sarvasri K. Brahmananda Reddy, Konda Lakshman Bapuji, P. V. Narasimha Rao, Bh. noji Rao, Smt. Jayaprada, P. Basi Reddy, P. Rajaratnam, M. M. Hasim, Kusumswara Rao, Smt. Sarojini Pulla Reddy, G. Latchan, Ch. Rajeswara Rao, K. Ramanadham, Ch. Rajeswara Rao, R. Satyanarayana Raju, B. Papi Reddy and five members from the Legislative Council", that this Assembly recommends to the Council that the Council do join the Select Committee and communicate the names of the Members to be appointed by the Council to the Joint Select Committee.

Mr. Speaker :—Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Speaker :—The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Special Powers (Press) Bill, 1968 be referred to a Joint Select Committee consisting of 20 Members—15 members from the Assembly, viz.,

2. Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji.
5. Smt. B. Jayaprada.
7. Sri P. Rajaratnam.
8. Sr. M. M. Hasim.

and five members from the Legislative Council—that this Assembly recommends to the Council that the Council do join the Select Committee and communicate the names of the Members to be appointed by the Council to the Joint Select Committee".

The Motion was adopted.

DISCUSSION ON DROUGHT CONDITION

Mr. Speaker :—Now the House will take up discussion on drought conditions in the State.
Discussion on Drought Conditions.  17th July, 1966

it is a land of hunger as you see.
Discussion on Drought Conditions.

New deals programme and drought control. A master plan and "new deal" programme are being discussed. The drought situation is causing concern. Cattle are being sold to raise funds. Animal slaughter is being encouraged. Credit facilities are being provided. Multipurpose Cooperative Societies and Land Mortgage Banks are being set up. Reasons for this include the need for drinking water facilities. National Highway is also being considered.
Discussion on Drought Conditions.

17th July, 1968.

Drinking water facilities

Government High Power Thermal station either at Cudapah or at Nandyal to be established at Rayalaseema Development Board's development fund at 20 lakhs. The surplus at East Godavary and Godavari Development Board would be sent to East Godavary for use in developing the East Godavary region.
Discussion on Drought Conditions.


Discussion on Drought Conditions.

The drought affected area of the country has been receiving very less rainfall, which is expected to continue for the next few months. The situation is critical in the drought-affected areas, and the pace of economic activities is slow. The situation is expected to improve with the expected monsoon rainfall.

The government has taken several measures to cope with the situation. The co-operative societies have also been active in providing assistance to the affected farmers. The collectors are working hard to ensure that the rules and regulations are followed.

The situation is expected to improve with the expected monsoon rainfall. The government is closely monitoring the situation and taking necessary steps to ensure the well-being of the affected population.
Discussion on Drought Conditions.

17th July, 1968.

465

Discussion on Drought Conditions, Section 3, page 465.

... supply to the... East Godavari... boring sets to increase... reservoir... Bore... betterment... bonds... Project... area... labour... serious issue.

Discussion on Drought Conditions

Finance Secretary suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Finance Secretary suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.

Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested. Secretary of Agriculture Co-operative Society suggested irrigation wells be suggested.
Discussion on Drought Conditions.

17th July, 1968.

Regarding the recent drought conditions, it is evident that water levels have significantly dropped in major rivers and reservoirs. The situation has become critical, with many areas reporting water scarcity. The Central Water Commission has issued a statement calling for immediate measures to mitigate the crisis.

Water supply has been affected in several districts, and the government is working on contingency plans to ensure water supply to the affected areas. A subsidy has been announced to assist farmers who are facing difficulties due to the drought. The government is also exploring alternative sources of water to support the affected population.

In conclusion, the ongoing drought is a severe challenge that requires urgent action. The government, together with the help of local communities, must work hard to overcome this crisis.

Sincerely,
[Signature]

[Date]

Contractors to liberalise conditions. Contractors have been asked to liberalise conditions. The statutory powers of the Board have been exercised. The drought affects the Board's funds. A 60 per cent drought relief has been accorded to the contractors.

Contractors have been asked to liberalise conditions. The statutory powers of the Board have been exercised. The drought affects the Board's funds. A 60 per cent drought relief has been accorded to the contractors.
Discussion on Drought Conditions.  


The drought conditions have been a serious concern. The A.I.C.C. Board has been actively involved in discussing measures to address the situation. The 1st A.I.C.C. meeting has been crucial in formulating strategies. The Election Board has secured a majority for implementing drought relief measures. The Crop Insurance Scheme has been a significant step in assisting farmers. The A.I.C.C. has taken cognizance of the pressing needs, including famine relief and crop insurance. The A.I.C.C. has worked diligently on projects related to drought. The Master Plans have been a major focus, and various schemes have been proposed to mitigate the effects of drought.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

The Hon. Member (Mr. B.K. Mehta): Shri K.C. Poddar, Member of the House from Akhnoor, has decided to withdraw the Bill for the supply of 10,000 tons of wheat from the Famine Relief Fund. However, the Collector of Akhnoor has declared the amount of Rs. 5000 to be paid to the Famine Relief Fund. The Supply Committee and the House have approved the proposal.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker): The Hon. Member (Mr. B.K. Mehta) has moved an amendment to the Bill for the supply of wheat from the Famine Relief Fund. The amendment has been withdrawn by the Member. The Bill has been approved by the Supply Committee and the House. The amount of Rs. 5000 has been declared by the Collector of Akhnoor to be paid to the Famine Relief Fund. The amendment has been withdrawn by the Member. The Bill has been approved by the Supply Committee and the House. The amount of Rs. 5000 has been declared by the Collector of Akhnoor to be paid to the Famine Relief Fund.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
Half-an Hour discussion on Question No. 27.5 regarding Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Q. 1. 250 acres of Banjar lands in Rebaka village were allotted to contractors.

Revenue Minister replied:— 250 acres of Banjar lands in Rebaka village were allotted to contractors.

Revenue Board had confirmed this allotment of 250 acres to contractors.

Q. 2. (interruption) R. G. 383. Forest lands were confirmed.

Revenue Minister confirmed that 383 acres of forest lands were confirmed.
472 17th July, 1968 Half-an Hour discussion on Question No. 2715
re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Revisionary right applied. Case of Banjar lands in Rebaka village, revisionary right applied. Facts mentioned. 250 acres of Banjar lands in Rebaka village included in reserved forest and the Reserve Forest Act applied. Settlement Officer decided with regard to the Reserve Forest Act. Whole forest land liable to be decided as Reserve Forest land. Revisionary Right, Act applied. Revenue Boards must decide in regard to the Reserve Forest land. Section 7 of the Estates Abolition Act says:

"The Board of Revenue shall have power:

(a) to give effect to the provisions of this Act and in particular to superintend the taking over of estates and to make due arrangements for the interim administration thereof;

(b) to issue instructions for the guidance of the Director, District Collectors, Settlement Officers and Managers of Estates;

(c) to cancel or revise any of the orders, acts or proceedings of any Settlement Officer other than those in respect of which an appeal lies to the Tribunal or of any Manager." This is most important. Estates abolition applied in respect of 11 acres of extraneous factor. Estates abolition applied.
Half-an hour discussion on Question No. 2715 17th July, 1938, 473

re: Baniar lands in Rebaka village.

In the course of our discussion on Question No. 2715 relating to the Baniar lands in Rebaka village on 17th July, 1938, it was stated that Assistant Settlement Officer inquired into the detailed points regarding the settlement operation. The Assistant Settlement Officer conducted an enquiry and submitted a detailed report. The Special tribunal inquired into the matter and decided to lodge a petition against the Assistant Settlement Officer. Section 15 of the Forest Act provided for a special tribunal to hear such appeals. The Assistant Settlement Officer was also directed to consider the matter and file an appeal before the Special tribunal. It was decided that the Assistant Settlement Officer should be informed of the decision. Section 56 of the Act provided for a special tribunal to hear such appeals. The Assistant Settlement Officer was also directed to consider the matter and file an appeal before the Special tribunal. It was decided that the Assistant Settlement Officer should be informed of the decision.

F. M. Swami:—S. No. 2.

F. M. Swami:—250 acres of land?

F. M. Swami:—250 acres of land?

F. M. Swami:—5 acres of land. If the land is reserved, can it be assumed as unreserved?

F. M. Swami:—unreserved forest, poramboke.

F. M. Swami:—unreserved forest area. Can it be assumed as reserved forest?

F. M. Swami:—survey settlement orders are not applicable to reserved forest area. 33 acres of unreserved forest were marked. This should be recorded in the book.
Sri V. B. Raju:—I want actual information ...

I want actual information. I want actual information on the point raised by mistake in section 7 of the Land Revenue Board Act. Section 7 of the Land Revenue Board Act gives an imposition of 250 rupees as a penalty. By mistake, this section was provided as 2500 rupees as a penalty. Right now, Assistant Settlement Officer is insisting on the tribunal's decision. Assistant Settlement Officer is insisting on the tribunal's decision. A specific case is involved. How is it that he has gone beyond his limits and powers to give patta in favour of this gentleman? I am only saying one thing. Many thousands of acres have been taken away like this in one form or other. I will substantiate my case later. Specific cases are very defenceless, they cannot say anything. Show me a specific case.” Here is a specific case. How is it that he has gone beyond his limits and powers to give patta in favour of this gentleman?
Half-an Hour discussion on Question No 2715. 17th July, 1968. 4°5

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

The Chief Minister, in reply to the query, says that Banjar lands in Rebaka village were adjudicated in the Bethnal Government Sanitary Inspector on 21.5.68. The enquiry was conducted in the year 1966-67 and the Committee's report was submitted on 20.7.68. The Committee's report was not approved by the High Court. The Sanitary Inspector's report was presented to the High Court and the Sanitary Inspector also submitted a report on the matter. The Highways Department and the Railways Department have been inquired into the matter. The Sanitary Inspector is empowered to submit a report on the matter. The Railways Department has also submitted a report on the matter.
4.76 17th July, 1968  Half-Hour discussion on Question No. 2715
ie: Banjar land in Rebaka village.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.
Question 2715: Bjnjarland in Rebaka village.
Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.
power of attorney a.  is the.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.

Highways compensation to the
Free a.  Ans:  is one.
Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 1715 27th July, 1968.

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.
In 1953, the Government have notified certain lands in Rebaka village, Yelamanchili taluk, Vizagapatnam, as reserved lands under the provisions of the Forest Act, i.e., section 26 of the Madras Forest Act. The Government have notified that those lands are forest lands. Then what happened later on was that contention was contested by some people and Mr. C. K. Appala Raju contested that view.

The only thing that is open to the aggrieved party or anybody who is affected is to go before the Assistant Settlement Officer, Anakapalli. The working plan officer, Vizagapatam, filed an application under Sec. 67 of the Estates Abolition Act before the Assistant Settlement Officer also. The Assistant Settlement Officer after due enquiry into the matter decided that all the lands under dispute except a mango tope and some other scattered bits constituted the forest. The Assistant Settlement Officer gave the verdict in that manner and all these bits of land under cultivation would be excluded from the forest area.

The Settlement Officer and the Director of Settlement also would come into the picture then. After that the Revenue Board comes. He went to file the revision before the Director. The Director of Settlement confirmed the finding of the Assistant Settlement Commissioner.

Then, against the orders of the Director of Settlement, the claimant filed a revision before the Board of Revenue.

The Board of Revenue asked the Assistant Settlement Officer, Anakapalli, to inspect the fields in question and submit a detailed report on the actual extent under occupation of the revision petitioner. The Assistant Settlement Officer reported that the land in question is 250 acres in extent i.e., entirely under the possession of the claimant.
HaFan Hour discussion on Question No 2715  17th July, 1968: 479

re: Banjar lands in Rebaka village.

...mamed, that in an extent of about 50 acres there is mango garden, that the land is partly cultivated and partly waste and that even the uncultivated portion of the land is cultivable... He is the same person or a different person? 

Then the Board of Revenue basing on that, allowed the claim of the Revision petitioner. Unless I get the main file... 

There are no powers for the Government to review or revise the decision of the Board. I may just state that the only course open for the Government is to go in a writ jurisdiction to the court. That is what the administration has advised me. Let us be very clear about the law. 

So, if the Government is actually aggrieved here the Board as a judicial authority has functioned—the only course open for the Government is to go to the court of law. I am not giving an opinion...
I am not making any conclusion. I have only analysed the actual points of fact and points of law which are very relevant to this and also the powers of the Government. I have made the position clear and as I assured yesterday I am going to get this matter thoroughly enquired and I am going to do it.

If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may do anything which appears to them necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulties—

Sri V. B. Raju:—The Collector has gone now before the Director of Settlement in appeal.

Sri V. B. Raju:—As I assured, let me first get hold of all the relevant papers. Let the House give me an opportunity to examine it. (Interruption: Well you can again--) I do not know in which form I should come. The point is so simple.

An hon. Member:—When will you come?

Sri V. B. Raju:—We are going to be here for the next 4 years. In fact, as it was suggested, the Government can take action suo moto. But let me first of all get at the facts—

Sri V. B. Raju:—Again we are entering into argument.
Half an Hour discussion on Question No. 2715 17th July, 1968. 481
re : Banjara lands in Rebaka village.

Sri V. B. Raju :—It is equally the responsibility of the Government as much as the responsibility of the hon. Members to go into the matter and satisfy.

We can get rid of all these difficulties if the Government has got powers over the Board of Revenue instead of allowing the people to go to High Court.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—The House now stands adjourned till 8-30 A. M tomorrow.

The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the clock on Thursday, the 18th July, 1968.