Formation of New Districts

(a) The matter has been deferred for better times.
(b) The Government have recently decided to constitute a new taluk for Gajapatinagaram in Visakhapatnam District.
(c) The above decision was made from the point of view of administrative efficiency.

J, No. 210. 275
PAY SCALES OF DRAWING INSTRUCTORS

1516—

*2536 Q:—S. Vemayya:—Will the Hon. Janasambandha Shramika Mantri be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that the pay scale of Drawing Instructors who are diploma holders working in Industrial Training Institutes is fixed at Rs. 125

(b) whether it is also a fact that the pay scale of Trade Instructors who are certificate holders, working in the said Industrial Training Institutes is fixed at Rs. 140; and

(c) the reasons for the disparity in fixing the pay scales of the above personnel?

Sri Konda Laxman Bapuji:—(a) It is a fact that the pay of the Drawing Instructors in Industrial Training Institutes is being allowed in the pay scale of Rs. 123-220 (D. A. merged).

(b) It is also a fact that the pay of the Trade Instructors (Jr.) is being allowed in the pay scale of Rs. 140-250 (D.A. merged).

(c) The disparity in the pay scales of the Drawing Instructors and Trade Instructors (Jr.) is due to the revision effected in May, '61 in respect of the Trade Instructors only, at the instance of the Government of India. The scale of pay of the Drawing Instructors was not considered for revision by Government of India in May '61, along with the Trade Instructors.

UNIT FOR PRESSING RICE-HUSK INTO BRICK-SLAYERS

1517—

*3693 Q:—S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to start a unit for pressing rice-husk into brick-slayers for the purpose of Fuel at Repalli, Guntur District during the current year or in the next year;
11th March, 1968.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri D. Venkatesham (Kuppam):—Is there any proposal with the Government to constitute Kuppam taluk in Chittoor district; if so, when would it be constituted?

Sri V. B. Raju:—The hon. Member has brought this to the notice of the Government and it is under consideration. After examination, it will be looked into.

Sri M. Venkataramaiah:—It is very necessary to re-organise the formation of these taluks. There are many villages in the Chittoor district, where the formation of taluks is not kept in abeyance because of lack of finances.
Reorganize and reconstitute?

Mr. Speaker:—If he has not followed the question, does he want the hon. Member to repeat it?

Sri V. B. Raju:—I am not requesting him, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—There are 9 taluks in Guntur district and 13 in each of the Nellore and Kurnool districts. It is suggested that Ongole and part of Palnad and Vinukonda taluks in Guntur district, Darsi, Kandukuru, Kanigiri and Podili taluks in Nellore district and Giddalur and Markapur taluks in Kurnool district may be taken out to form a new district, the headquarters of which may be decided later taking the administrative convenience into account.
14th March, 1953.

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. A. Professor (Shri J. P.):—[Question related to the topic of Paddy Relief.] Shri J. P. explained that the drought was widespread and the relief provided was insufficient. The government had declared a drought emergency, and measures were being taken to mitigate the situation. However, the situation remained critical, and more assistance was needed.

2. B. Shri N. (Shri A.):—[Question related to land reforms.] Shri A. sought details of the land reforms, particularly regarding the extension of the ceiling on the amount of land a tenant could own. The minister replied that the government was working on a comprehensive land reforms policy to address these issues.

3. C. Shri M. (Shri P.):—[Question related to labor laws.] Shri P. asked about the enforcement of labor laws, particularly regarding the rights of workers. The minister assured that the government was committed to enforcing labor laws and would take necessary actions to protect workers' rights.

4. D. Shri K. (Shri Q.):—[Question related to education.] Shri Q. sought information on the government's policies to improve education facilities in rural areas. The minister stated that the government was investing heavily in education infrastructure and was working towards providing quality education to all segments of society.

5. E. Shri R. (Shri S.):—[Question related to economic policies.] Shri S. inquired about the government's economic policies and their impact on the economy. The minister highlighted the growth in GDP and the measures taken to stabilize the economy, emphasizing the need for continued efforts to achieve sustainable economic growth.

6. F. Shri T. (Shri U.):—[Question related to health care.] Shri U. asked about the government's plans to improve the health care system, particularly in rural areas. The minister assured that the government was focusing on establishing more healthcare centers and improving primary healthcare services.
Oral Answers to Questions.  14th March, 1968.  279

Q: M. M. What is the latest information from the Interim
Details of the Sino-Indian Agreement?

A: (Details of the Sino-Indian Agreement regarding Indian
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A: M. M. Question hour one hour of debate on the
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A: M. M. What is the latest on the Khasi Hills?
14th March, 1968.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri V. B. Raju:—The Collector of Hyderabad certified the site in question as a private land only after verification of the revenue records. It is not correct to say that the land was certified by the Collector as private land for construction of a luxurious hotel as the Collector is not competent to give permission for construction of any building.

Sri K. Rajamallu:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

whether a site of 7,000 sq. yards near the surplussing course of Hussain Sagar tank bund abutting the Public Park adjacent to Police Station house was certified by the Collector, Hyderabad in 1966 to be private land for construction of a luxurious hotel without even proper location of the site and verification of the record of rights and encumbrances position?

Sri V. B. Raju:—The Collector of Hyderabad certified the site in question as a private land only after verification of the revenue records. It is not correct to say that the land was certified by the Collector as private land for construction of a luxurious hotel as the Collector is not competent to give permission for construction of any building.

Sri K. Rajamallu:—Luxurious hotel in twin cities a beautiful spot encroachments beauty spot where encroachment do anything done?

Sri V. B. Raju:—Twin Cities are twin cities beautiful spot encroachments beauty spot where encroachment do anything done?
Answers to Questions.

14th March, 19 8.

नंतर तकनीकिस्मत मासिक दृष्टि अनुसार अनुयोग्य अनुक्रमवती विषयांत:... एसओसी सुरक्षा, सेवा कारकी रिपोर्टिंग, रिपोर्टिंग एवं सुरक्षा योग्यता संदर्भांनेत अनुप्रयोगकारी 19 8 मतदान लिहिली होती.

श्री बदरी विषयक पत्र:—म्हणून यह नहीं है कि वे बेरे आवास अस्वीकृत होती है वह नवी नागरी पहाड़ी और तापमान के पास की जमीन सरकार की होती है। इसके प्रस्तुत यह है कि वे शिक्षा रेडियो जो मांग चेता रेडियो नागरी के बेटे है उनके पास मे शी दस्तावेज आवश्यक है।

श्री व. बी. राज् —महीने के तिथि का जमीन महीने अन्यथा में पत्ते पर दी गई थी। इस तरह उन की हड़कुंड बेकार होगी है।....

श्री बदरी विषयक पत्र:—कह सरकार की होती है क्या?

1. म. ब. जवळ:—लक्ष्यविवाह मोक्षविवाह तथा भाविक भावना की अनुप्रयोग अस्तित्वात, समानता रूपी स्वीकार कृत्य ने रूप निर्माण करते, जिसका आयोजन एवं व्यापक लागू किया हो।

2. ब. ब. जवळ:—यह है बाबु जी का फूल भन्ना भावना ने अनुप्रयोग की अवस्था अस्तित्वात, जो अनुप्रयोग रूपी स्वीकार कृत्य ने रूप निर्माण करते, जिसका आयोजन एवं व्यापक लागू किया हो।

3. म. ब. जवळ:—यह नहीं है बाबु जी का फूल भन्ना भावना ने अनुप्रयोग की अवस्था अस्तित्वात, जो अनुप्रयोग रूपी स्वीकार कृत्य ने रूप निर्माण करते, जिसका आयोजन एवं व्यापक लागू किया हो।

4. म. ब. जवळ:—यह है बाबु जी का फूल भन्ना भावना ने अनुप्रयोग की अवस्था अस्तित्वात, जो अनुप्रयोग रूपी स्वीकार कृत्य ने रूप निर्माण करते, जिसका आयोजन एवं व्यापक लागू किया हो।

5. म. ब. जवळ:—यह है बाबु जी का फूल भन्ना भावना ने अनुप्रयोग की अवस्था अस्तित्वात, जो अनुप्रयोग रूपी स्वीकार कृत्य ने रूप निर्माण करते, जिसका आयोजन एवं व्यापक लागू किया हो।

Q. 5. (a) Sri K. Rajamallu:— Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

whether a site of 7,000 sq. yards near the surplussing course of Hussain Sagar tank bund abutting the Public Park adjacent to Police Station house was certificated by the Collector, Hyderabad in 1966 to be private land for construction of a luxurious hotel without even proper location of the site and verification of the record of rights and encumbrances position?

Sri V. B. Raju:— The Collector of Hyderabad certificated the site in question as a private land only after verification of the revenue records. It is not correct to say that the land was certificated by the Collector as private land for construction of a luxurious hotel as the Collector is not competent to give permission for construction of any building.

Q. 6. (a) Sri K. Rajamallu:— Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

whether the land near Hussain Sagar is a beautiful spot encroachments beauty spot?

Sri V. B. Raju:— Twin Cities are a beautiful spot encroachments beauty spot.

Q. 7. (a) Sri K. Rajamallu:— Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

whether the site near Hussain Sagar is a beautiful spot encroachments beauty spot?
Answers to Questions.

14th March, 19 8. 281

ఉండండి అనుమానమైన ఈ దినం అందా అనేక మాపంగా ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది. ఉండండి దినం అందా అనేక మాపంగా ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది. అందా అనేక మాపంగా ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది.

శ్రీ వారి విచారాలు పిల్లడి: కాని యొక్క వారి వారి కనుకండి ఒక తారాత్వరా కొరకు ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది. ఇలాంటి ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది.

శ్రీ శీ, రాము: నా రాము నా నిర్ణయాలు నిర్ణయాలు అనుమానాలు లేదా నిర్ణయాలు లేదా నిర్ణయాలు లేదా నిర్ణయాలు లేదా

శ్రీ వారి విచారాలు పిల్లడి: ఒక వారి వారి కనుకండి ఒక తారాత్వరా కొరకు ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది.

భాష సర్వేసం విశాఖం ఔంచి అందా అనేక మాపంగా ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది. చిత్రాల ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది. అందా అనేక మాపంగా ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది.

భాష సర్వేసం విశాఖం ఔంచి అందా అనేక మాపంగా ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది. చిత్రాల ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది. అందా అనేక మాపంగా ప్రత్యేకత ఉంది.

The land in question was originally inam land called Maqta Isaila Shahi. It was a large tract of land which was later divided among various individuals. The land was originally owned by the government but was given to various individuals as inam land. The land in question was located near Hussainsagar and the Hyderabad station. There was also vacant land between the Secretariat and the road that led to some houses behind the Police Station on this side of the river and also open space opposite to the Police Station at the Tank Bund. These are all lands which are more valuable. Does this land belong to Government or to private parties? Is there any dispute between the private parties and the Government: if so, at what stage it is?

Sri V. B. Raju: I request a specific question on the specific subject. There may be legal complications. I am not able to answer it off hand.

Sri G. Sivaiah: In between Hussainsagar and the Hyderabad Station there is some land and there is also vacant land between the Secretariat and the Road that leads to some houses behind the Police Station on this side of the river and also open space opposite to the Police Station at the Tank Bund. These are all lands which are more valuable. Does this land belong to Government or to private parties? Is there any dispute between the private parties and the Government: if so, at what stage it is?
Oral answers to questions. 14th March, 1968. 283

(1)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే, according to the original section of the inam, it was restricted to 60 bigahs. . . .

(2)  స్టీ. మాహేంద్రా: -ఇందులో పంజీకరణం మరియు పండితుడు నే,

(3)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(4)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(5)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(6)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(7)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(8)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(9)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(10)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(11)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(12)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(13)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(14)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(15)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(16)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(17)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(18)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(19)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(20)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(21)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(22)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(23)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,

(24)  స్టీ. స్టీ.: -ఇందులో ముగైన పుస్తకం వాటి పండితుడు నే,
(b) if answer to clause (a) is in affirmative, the estimated cost of this Industrial Unit; and

(c) the time by which it will be commissioned?

Sri B.V. Gurumurthy:— (a) No Sir, there is no proposal to start such a unit by Government; But the parties have applied to the National Small Scale Industries Corporation for machinery. The applications have been processed and recommended. As soon as the machinery is received they will be starting the industry.

(b) and (c) is naturally 'No, Sir'.

Sri B.V. Gurumurthy:— (a) The construction of the Industrial Estate, Suryapet was completed in January 1967 and the possession was taken from the Civil Engineering Circle on 10-1-1967. Out of 12 factory buildings five have been allotted to private Industrialists and one unit has been occupied so far.

(b) It cannot be stated when exactly all the units will be occupied.
14th March, 1968.

Oral Answers to Questions.

As per Sethwar the area of Survey No. 9/15 has been shown as 73 acres 27 guntas. It must have been part of Survey No. 9/15.

Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state;

Land for Air Force Academy

1558

3616 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state;
(a) whether it is a fact that the Government have kept an extent of 5,000 acres of land at the disposal of the Government of India, for the purpose of location of Air Force Academy Project which costs Rs. 14 crores; and

(b) if answer to Cl. (a) is in affirmative, the time by which the project is likely to be commissioned to impart training to the Pilots, Navigators and Soldiers?

Sri V. B. Raju :— (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) This Information is not available with the Government a the Defence Department are concerned with the project.

MISSING OF REVENUE RECORDS IN HYDERABAD
WEST TALUK

1559—

* 1520 Q.—Sri K. Rajamallu :— Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that most of the basic revenue and land records of the the villages in Hyderabad West Taluk are missing in the offices;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the very costly Government land in the twin cities is being claimed by private persons to be theirs and Government is not in a position to defend its interests; and

(c) whether any probe has been made into it and the responsibility for their loss fixed up and action taken against the persons at fault?

Sri V. B. Raju :— (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir, in some cases.

(c) No regular enquiry into the loss of records could be made as most of the missing records have been traced to the period before abolition of Jagirs and Sarfe Khas. The loss cannot be traced to a particular period of a particular officer. The loss has been spread over a very long time.
14th March, 1968

**Oral Answers to Questions.**

1. **M. N. R.:—Records in lock and key period are revenue records. Have they been integrated?**

   They have been integrated. The integration was not smooth. The administration actually took a very quick change. Hyderabad Urban Taluk and Hyderabad West Taluk belong to the same period. This question refers to Hyderabad West Taluk. The lock and key records have been integrated in handover.

2. **M. N. R.:—Records in lock and key period are revenue records. Have they been integrated?**

   There are 58 revenue villages within the municipal limits of Hyderabad and Secundrabad. Out of these 9 villages are Diwani, 33 Sarf-e-khas and 12 villages of ex-Jagir area. Compensation, records, survey numbers, area commute are concerned.

Sri V. B. Raju:—There are 58 revenue villages within the municipal limits of Hyderabad and Secundrabad. Out of these 9 villages are Diwani, 33 Sarf-e-khas and 12 villages of ex-Jagir area. The Government actually tried to link and pick up the records and tried to do something.
Oral Answers to Questions.
14th March, 1968.

Records:—records a general progress? records been regularised? records been collect disputes?

K. G. Hospital

1716 Q.— Sarvasri Vobbillisetty Rama Rao (Vizianagaram) and A. Madhava Rao:— Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the departmental audit was no conducted for the last several years in K. G. Hospital, Vizag; and

(b) if so, since how many years and the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies deputised the Minister for Health and Medical and answered the questions.

(Sri V. B. Raju) (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Since 11 years. For want of sufficient staff in the Medical Directorate.

(i) 3. Departmental audit.

(ii) 3. Sufficient funds internal audit.
14th March, 1968.

General Answers to Questions.

Q. 1. What are the records of accounts and accounts audit?

Q. 2. What is the explanation of staff and internal audit?

Q. 3. What is the test audit of A. G. Office and audit proposals?

Q. 4. What is the test audit of A. G. Office and internal audit?

Q. 5. What is the test audit of A. G. Office and internal audit institution?
PRIVATE PRACTICE BY DISTRICT MEDICAL OFFICERS

1561—

3057 Q.— Sri S. Vemayya:— Will the hon. Minister for Health add Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government now to ban private practice by District Medical and Health Officers in the State;

(b) whether there are also proposals with the Government now, to sanction non-practising allowance to them;

(c) whether the Officers of Public Health Department now working as District Medical and Health Officers are eligible to the non-practising allowances referred to above; and

(d) if answer to clause (c) is in the negative, the reasons therefor?

Sri V. B. Raju:— (a) The District Medical and Health Officers are prohibited from private practice.

(b) & (c) Officers of the former Medical Department posted as District Medical and Health Officers would get Rs. 100 p.m. as non-practicing allowance in addition to Rs. 100 p.m. as Special Pay. Officers of the former Health Department posted as District Medical and Health Officers would get non-practising allowance of Rs. 100 p.m. only.

(d) Does not arise.

D. M. O.:— Difference in scale of pay Rs. 100 to 1000. Medical Department and District Medical and Health Officers are on the scale of pay Rs. 600 to 1000. Public Health Department is on the scale of pay Rs. 700 to 1100. To make up that Rs. 100 in the scale of pay, Medical men are being given now Rs. 200 whereas the Public Health men are given Rs. 100. It is only to remove the disparity.

D. M. O.:— Public health D.M.O. Rs. 700 to 1100 those officers are class one officers who were drawing Rs. 700 to 1100 and who were posted as District Medical and Public Health Officers. If the contention of the hon. Member is that junior officers are posted as D. M. Os., that information is not here.
11th March, 1968.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri V. B. Raju:—Consultation practice and dispensing practice also. But I am not sure, Sir.

A. G.:—[Question]

Sri V. B. Raju:—It is under examination. Government of India has a scheme to prohibit private practice. Private practice in hospitals is prohibited. They have to be compensated.

A. G.:—Instances of dispensaries run by medical advice and medicines run by dispensaries under strict instructions are subject to surprise visits and check.
Sri V. B. Raju: This will be separately examined.

(a) One application was received for the fellowship.
(b) None has been deputed from our State.
(c) The only application received was received late; hence it was not possible to depute any.

W. H. O. Fellowships

1562—

* 2013 Q.—Sri K. Butchaiah (Chilkaluripeta):—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) the number of applications received and the number of candidates recommended to the Central Government for the W.H.O. Fellowship project No. India's 222-Drug Laboratory techniques and Biological studentships and how many are selected;

(b) whether any body is deputed from our State for this fellowship; and

(c) if so, the reasons therefor?

Sri V. B. Raju:— (a) One application was received for the fellowship.

(b) None has been deputed from our State.

(c) The only application received was received late; hence it was not possible to depute any.
1563——

* 2375 Q.— Sarvasri K.Ramanadham, (Mudinepalli), B. Niranjana Rao and K. Venkateswara Rao ;— Will the hon. Minister for Prisons be pleased to state :——

(a) whether there is any proposal to improve the Sub-Jail at Kaikalur which is the biggest Sub-Jail in Krishna District;

(b) whether there is any proposal with the Government to provide, W.C. facilities on modern lines ; and

(c) if so, when?

The Minister for Prisons (Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali) :— (a) Yes Sir, certain works for improvement of the sub-jail have been taken up by the Superintendent of the Jail:

(b) No, Sir;

(c) Does not arise

Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali:—We are trying to improve the sub-jail

1564——

* 3140 Q.— Sri Uppala Malsoor (Suryapet) :- Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Harijan hostel at Suryapet town is functioning in a Government Building or is still in a rented building ;

(b) if so, the rent per annum being paid to those buildings ;
OfiJ Ass^eyaao i4th Maich, B68* -393
(c) whether there is any proposal with the Government to construct a building for the Harijan Hostel at Suryapet;
(d) if so, when will it be taken up; and
(e) if not, the reasons therefor?
The Minister for Social Welfare (Sri A. Ramaswamy):-
(a) There are two Harijan Boys Hostels (A and B) and one Scheduled Caste Girls Hostel at Suryapet and they are located in rented buildings;
(b) Rent of Rs. 1,500 per annum in respect of each Boys Hostel and Rs. 720 per annum for Girls Hostel is being paid.
(c) No, Sir;
(d) Does not arise.
(e) The amount required to construct buildings for these Hostels cannot be provided due to difficult ways and means position of the State.

MOLASSES
1563—Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:— Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:
(a) the quantity of molasses required for the State now; and
(b) the action that is being pursued by the Government to procure adequate molasses now?
The Minister for Excise and Prohibition (Sri V. Satyanarayana Rao):—
(a) Our requirements for 1967-68 are 1,92,000 tonnes of Molasses (The estimated production in all the Sugar Factories in the State for the year is only 82,000 tonnes. The deficit is 1,10,000 tons this year).
(b) The Molasses Controller has addressed the Development Officer, Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals, Government of India for allotment of the surplus stocks, if any, from the neighbouring States.

B. D. DoR-cr^: sjRytR) 3o39b required molasses quantity, foreign exchange permits ebg export. molasses requirements determine? Distilleries determine molasses requirements? cattle feeding farms determine molasses requirements? Allotment determine molasses requirements?
Oral Answers to Questions.

12th March 1968

1) B. K. O. C. H.:—Industrial estates & units in industrial estates include raw material & black market. What are the increased quotas & priority?

2) D. D. D.:—Director of Industries. Over what period were the increased quotas issued?

3) B. K. O. C. H.:—Director of Industries. The liberalised import scheme has led to increased quotas & priority. Certain patterns evolve. What is the impact of increased quotas & priority?

4) B. K. O. C. H.:—Director of Industries. Joint Controller of Imports and Exports.
14th March, 1968.

Oral Answers to Questions:

1. D. —Requirements for cattle feeding farms. To the question by D. regarding the allotment of information, the information is as follows:

   Cattle feeding farms require information about molasses requirements for Government livestock, poultries and other industries. We have got 12 lakhs tons of molasses for cattle feeding farms. That is the position.

2. D. —Allow cattle feeding molasses requisitions. In 1966-67 private persons were allowed to permit molasses industries. As of now, private persons are allowed to permit molasses industries. Molasses for illicit distillation is not allowed.

3. D. —1966-67 private permits molasses cattle feeding molasses. To the question by J. regarding the quantities allotted in 1966-67, the answer is that actual production was 90,000 tons. Actual quantity was 90,000 tons. Actual quantity was 90,000 tons. Actual quantity was 90,000 tons.

4. D. —1966-67 cattle feeding requisitions. 1,02,000 tons. Actual quantity production was 80,000 tons. Actual quantity production was 80,000 tons.
Oral Answers to Questions.

14th March, 1968.

1. Mr. V. R. K. M. (Karnataka): Do you know molasses permit holders 30 days of cattle feeding so that molasses permit holders may use this molasses?

2. Mr. V. R. K. M. (Karnataka): Do you know molasses permit holders 30 days of cattle feeding so that molasses permit holders may use this molasses?

3. Mr. V. R. K. M. (Karnataka): Do you know molasses permit holders 30 days of cattle feeding so that molasses permit holders may use this molasses?

4. Mr. V. R. K. M. (Karnataka): Do you know molasses permit holders 30 days of cattle feeding so that molasses permit holders may use this molasses?
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14th March, 1908.

**Oral Answers to Questions.**

**Q. 1. M. A. R.**

1867-68. 

**Q. 2. B. V. R.**

1867-68. 

**Q. 3. C. H. B.**

Factories distributing molasses production 1867-68. 

**Q. 4. D. V. R.**

Molasses production 1867-68. 

Cattle feeding 1867-68. 

Distillery molasses permits public factories 1867-68. 

Distillery molasses permits private factories 1867-68. 

Distillery illicit arrack, cottage industry 1867-68.

మ. పాలకారులు ఆస్తులు తయారు చేసిన ఇంటిలు నుండి ప్రపంచ మధ్య సాధారణంగా వాడుకండా?

ఇది మ. పాలకారులు ఆస్తులు తయారు చేసిన ఇంటిలు నుండి ప్రపంచ మధ్య సాధారణంగా వాడుకండా?

Mr. Speaker:— Questions and answers are over. I have covered only 10 questions. There are still 20 more questions. If the hon. members want me to cover all the questions I have no objection. I leave it to the House.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I want to speak for my question.

Mr. Speaker:—Every member will speak for his question. There is no question of allowing one member and not allowing another member. Now the question hour is over. There are still 20 more questions. If the House wants I have no objection to cover all the questions. I leave it to the members. I have no objection to either course. Whatever the House wants, I am prepared to do.

Sri K. Govinda Rao:—It is your prerogative, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—And it is also the prerogative of the members to say "You are very partial, you are doing injustice to me." I have several of those things from the very members of your party.

(మన సుందరియా స్యాంస్టీషన్లు... అందుకు మరింత గురించి కంటే సంభాగం, మరింత గురించి కంటే హృదయుల ప్రకృతి యొక్క ఔసత్నాతి. తన శత్రువు నాటికేయం, కానీ నాటికేయం నాటికేయం, తన శత్రువు నాటికేయం. ఇతరి యొక్క మరింత గురించి, అది చాటముతో తమ చాటముతో, తముడు అభేద్యత చాటం చాటం, తముడు అభేద్యత చాటం చాటం, తముడు అభేద్యత చాటం చాటం, తముడు అభేద్యత చాటం చాటం, తముడు అభేద్యత చాటం చాటం,
Mr. Speaker:—Please realise my difficulty also. So far as the first question is concerned regarding the reconstitution of districts and taluks of the State, the Minister clearly stated that for want of finances Government are not considering about this matter at present; so naturally it will take some time. Where was the need for members to put so many questions regarding Anantapur, Giddalur, etc.? The Minister clearly stated that at present they are not considering for want of finances. You took 15 minutes. When I wanted to call the next question, Mr. Ramulu got up 3 or 4 times and said: “Please let me put one supplementary”. And some other member also rose, with the result I allowed all the members. When I allow one member, I must allow also other members to put supplementaries. So, when I go to the next question, if you don’t rise up again, I can cover not 30 questions but any number of questions.

Mr. Speaker:—The member is persisting that he wants to put a supplementary. How can I ignore him? He would not allow to go to the next question.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—You have already laid down, Sir, that the questions not covered within the time will be printed.

Mr. Speaker:—That is what I am telling also.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—It is a very salutory rule, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—Some members come and request for calling their questions. If it is a question of asking the Minister to lay on the Table of the House, it is a different matter. But I cannot make a discrimination between one member and another member.
Short-notice Questions and Answers. 14th March, 1968.

Because they feel that it is an important matter, they take the trouble of sending the question. So answers for all the questions will be laid on the Table of the House.

There are two short-notice questions. Even for them answers will be laid on the Table of the House.

I am to announce to the House that the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities (Postponement of Elections) Amendment Bill 1968 will be considered by the House on 16th March 1968 from 1-30 to 2 p.m. I fix 9 a.m. on 16th March 1968 as the latest hour and date for receipt of amendments in respect of this Bill.

There are 3 matters under Rule 74. The first one is given notice of by Sri T. Satynarayana and S. Jagannadh. None of them is present here. The hon. Minister for Education will read the statement.

Mr. Speaker:—Even that I leave to the House. I do not want to be very rigid about these things.

Mr. Speaker:—I have no objection. Only thing I would request the hon. Members as far as possible to give time to the members. First I will call the short-notice questions. There are three short-notice questions.

SHORT-NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

B. V. SC. COURSE

S. No. 1585-A:

S. N. Q. No. 5349-N: Q.—Sarvasri J. Jogi & S. Prataparudra Raju (Nagur): — Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Govt. is aware of the fact that the degree of B. V. Sc. (Bachelor of Veterinary Science) of the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University, Hyderabad is not recognised by Punjab Uni-
March 1968. Short-notice Questions and Answers.

University, and other Indian Universities and due to this technical objection many prosperous graduates of Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University are not able to pursue their post-graduate studies in other Universities and their aspirations of higher studies are being discouraged;

(b) has the Govt. made any correspondence with the other Universities appealing for the recognition; and

(c) if so, what is the stage?

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri P. Timma Reddy):—(a) No, Sir. Although the matter is within the exclusive purview of the Agricultural University which is autonomous body it has been ascertained that the Punjab University and six other Universities have recognised the B. V. Sc. degree-course of the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University. The Agricultural University is pursuing the matter with the remaining Indian Universities for recognition of their degree.

(b) Does not arise as the matter pertains exclusively at the University.

(c) Does not arise.

Risk Allowance to the Staff Working in the T. B. Hospitals

S. N. Q. No. 5348-B: Q.—Sri R. Mahananda:—Will the hon. Minister for Health & Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that risk allowance is paid to the staff working in the T. B. Hospitals; and

(b) if so, what are the categories that are paid and who are not paid the risk allowances?

Sri V. B. Raju:—(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) The only categories that are allowed the risk allowance are:

1. Civil Surgeon.
2. Assistant Surgeon.
3. Chief Radiographer.
4. Radiographer Grade I
   Grade II
5. Dark Room Assistant/
   Dark Room Attendant.
PAY SCALES OF PETTY OFFICERS IN PROHIBITION DEPARTMENT

S. No. 1585-C:

S. N. Q. No. 5354-P: Q: Sarvasri T. C. Rajan & P. Ramchandra Reddy (Atmakur) :- Will the hon. Minister for Excise & Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the pay scales of Petty Officers recruited in 1947 in Prohibition Department have not been revised even though the pay scales of all other employees of various categories were enhanced several times;

(b) whether it is also a fact that they are getting only Rs. 45 towards pay an Rs. 45 towards D. A. which was fixed in 1947, whereas Prohibition Guards working under them are drawing more Salaries; and

(c) if so, whether the Government propose to revise their pay scales at least now in view of the above anomaly ?.

Sri V. Satyanarayana Rao :- (a) No, Sir. The Petty Officers are getting the scale of pay fixed for Head Constables since 1-11-1958.

(b) It is not correct to say that Petty Officers are getting pay at Rs. 45 and D. A. of Rs. 45. They are getting pay in the scale of Rs. 45-2-65. The actual pay will depend upon the length of service and increments earned. In addition to pay, they are getting D. A. at the rates in force from time to time.

(c) The matter has been referred to the Pay Commissioner whose recommendations are under examination by Government.
WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS
EXTENSION OF TENANCY ACT

1556—

*5118 Q.—Sri C. V. K. Rao: Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:
(a) whether Hyderabad Tenancy Agriculture Lands Act is extended to all Telangana Districts;
(b) if not, why not; and
(c) if it is in operation in few areas only, what are the benefits accrued to the tenants there?

A:—
(a) Yes Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) Does not arise.

EXPORT OF MAIZE

1567—

*2697 (A) Q.—Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah: Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:
Whether permits for export of maize to other States were given to any Co-operative Societies and if so, who are they and at what price they are purchasing in our State and selling to the consumers in other States per quintal and what was the difference of amount?

A:—
The answer is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE HOUSE—VIDE ANSWER TO L.A.Q. No. 2697-A (*1567)

A list of Co-operative Societies who were given permits by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies for export of maize to other States, is given below:

1. Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Marketing Federation, Ltd, Hyderabad.

KARIMNAGAR DISTRICT:
2. Karimnagar D.C.M.S.
3. Karimnagar C.M.S.
4. Mulkanoor C.R.S.
5. Huzurabad C.M.S.
6. Gaštududdenapalli L.S.C.S.
7. Sultanabad C.M.S.

NIZAMABAD DISTRICT:
8. Nizamabad D.C.M.S.
9. Nizamabad C.M.S.
10. Armoor C.M.S.
11. Kamareddy C.M.S.
They purchased maize at prices ranging from Rs. 60 to Rs. 85 per quintal (excluding taxes and cost of gunny), and sold the maize stocks to consignees like NAFED, Calcutta and the wholesale dealers in other states, but not to the consumers in other States. Upto July 1957 the selling prices were ranging between Rs. 85/- to Rs. 110 per quintal FOR Loading Station (including taxes, incidentals and cost of gunny). During the months of August, September and October, 1957, the selling price shot up to Rs. 125/- per quintal and in one case up to Rs. 135/- per quintal.

**Enhancement of Relief to Fire Victims**

1568—

*4455 Q.—Sri M. Ch. Nagaiah:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

whether the Government propose to enhance the relief being paid by the Government to the fire victims from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100 in view of the rise in the prices of articles?

A:—

No Sir, due to financial stringency.

**Raiding of Food Godowns**

1569—

*3508 Q.—Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the police have raided the food godowns situated in Padarthivari street near Sangadigunta Post Office, Guntur on 30-7-1967 and sealed the said godowns;

(b) the persons to whom the said godowns belong and the quantity of paddy stocked there; and

(c) the action taken thereon?

A:—

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) The godown belongs to Sri Tumuguntla Krishnamurthy. No paddy was found stocked there.

(c) A prosecution was launched against the concerned.
CUTTING DOWN OF FOREST IN BHADRAGIRI RANGE SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT

2300 Q. — Sri S. Prathapa Rudra Raju (Nagur) :- Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that forest was cut down in many places in Mondentala mutha, Bhadragiri Range, Parvathi puram Taluk in Srikakulam District.

(b) if so, who were responsible for cutting down the Forest;

and

(c) the action taken against them?

Sri V. Satyanarayana Rao:— (a) It is a fact that forest was cut down in some places covering an area of 25.50 acres.

(b) The tribal villagers of uridi cleared the Forest for podu cultivation.

(c) Prosecutions were launched against the accused in the court of taluk Magistrate Parvathipuram.
RETRENCHMENT OF ‘B’ CLASS DOCTORS

1570—
*3026 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:
(a) whether there are proposals with the Government now to retrench all the ‘B’ Class Doctors (i.e. Doctors working in the subsidised Ayurvedic dispensaries in Rural areas) from the Samithis and Zilla Parishads in the State; and
(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

A:—
(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

LEGALISATION OF ABORTION

1571—
*3665 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the Hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:
(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to legalise the abortion in the State now; and
(b) if so, the manner in which the State Government will legalise the abortion?

A:—
(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

STOPPAGE OF INCREMENTS ETC., OF LADY EMPLOYEES HAVING MORE THAN THREE CHILDREN

1572—
*2896 Q.—Sri T. C. Rajan:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the Government is contemplating to impose punishment such as stopping of increments, promotions, declaration of probation, and sanction of maternity leave for ladies who have got or exceeded more than three children as a measure of Family Planning; and
(b) if so, when it would be implemented?

A:—
(a) The matter is being examined, Sir.
(b) Not yet finalised.

LEVY OF HEALTH CESS

1573—
*3652 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:
(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to levy health cess on the patients attending the hospitals in the State now; and
(b) if so, the reasons therefore?
Written Answers to Questions. 14th March, 1968.

A:—
(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

SURVEY STAFF FOR SOCIAL WELFARE OFFICERS

1574—
*4:28 Q.—Sri K. Govinda Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:
(a) whether any Survey staff has been given to the District Social Welfare Officers for the purpose of speedy land acquisition; and
(b) if not, the reasons therefor?
A:—
(a) No sir,
(b) The difficult ways and means position of the State does not permit sanction of additional staff for the present.

PROHIBITION STAFF

1575—
*3677 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:
(a) whether there are proposals with the Government now to increase the prohibition staff to implement the dry laws in the State; and
(b) if so, the details of the additional staff to be appointed?
A:—
(a) With a view to ensure strict enforcement of prohibition and to safeguard the Excise revenue of the State, Government issued orders for the opening additional prohibition stations and strengthening the existing prohibition staff as an experimental measure in three model districts viz., Srikakulam, Krishna and Chittoor.
(b) 3 District Prohibition Officers;
  43 Sub Inspectors;
  83 Petty Officers;
  637 Prohibition Guards;
  6 Upper Division Clerks;
  12 Lower Division Clerks; and
  3 typists.

NON-JUDICIAL STAMPS

1576—
*3220 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:
(a) the worth of non-judicial stamps sold during 1966-67 and 1967-68 in the State; and
(b) whether it is a fact that there is scarcity of non-judicial stamps now in the State; and
(c) if so, the action taken in the matter?
14th March, 1968.

Written Answers to Questions.

A.:

(a) Year       Value of Non-Judicial Stamps sold.
              1966-67   Rs. 6,16,69,572
              1967-68   (from April  Rs. 4,57,30,161
                          to Oct '67).

(b) Yes, Sir;

(c) (i) Surplus stocks lying in the treasuries were redistributed and adjustments made internally to meet the demands by issuing various denominations that were lying unsold.

(ii) In order to remove the scope of black marketing a restriction has been imposed by amending the rules on the use of stamps by the person other than the person for whom the stamps are issued.

(iii) In addition to the existing stamp vendors, a counter of direct sales of stamps to the public has been opened in the office of the Inspector General of Registration and Stamps as an experiment measure to make stamps easily available to the public.

(iv) All the Sub-Treasury Officers have been appointed as proper officers enabling them to affix the special adhesive stamps to the documents presented by the parties.

(v) The Ex-Hyderabad Government Stamps have been brought into use by suitable overprinting on them.

DROUGHT CONDITIONS IN KOLLAPUR ETC., TALUKS

1577—

(a) No Sir.

(b) As the seasonal conditions in Mahaboobnagar district this year are normal, no relief measures are proposed to be undertaken except supply of drinking water around Kollapur.

DECLARATION OF NON-DELTA REGIONS OF NELLORE AS DROUGHT AREAS

1578—

* 3731 Q. Sri A. Madhava Rao: Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:
whether the non-delta regions of Nellore district would be declared as drought affected area and necessary relief be granted to the ryots and the public in view of the failure of seasonal monsoon this year?

A:—

Podili, Darsi, and Kanigiri taluks of Nellore district have been affected by drought this year. Necessary relief measures have been sanctioned for affording relief in the drought affected areas of the State including Nellore district.

COMPENSATION TO SEETHARAMAPURAM AGRARAHAM

1579—* 4052 Q. Sri Md. Rajab Ali:— Will the hon. Minister for Revenue and Civil Supplies be pleased to state:

(a) whether Seetharamapuram Agraharam hamlet of Damasalapuram, Khammam taluk has been abolished and if so, the amount of compensation paid for the said Agraharamdars;

(b) if not, the reasons for the delay;

(c) the security provided to the ryots cultivating the said lands from ancient times;

(d) who are paying the assessment for these lands to the Government so far; and

(e) whether it is a fact that Government is implementing the Jamsbandi record "Dasthagirdan" every year, and if so, the reasons therefor?

A:—

(a) Seetharamapuram agraharam was abolished under the Jagir Abolition Act and implemented in the Faisal patti of 1951 of Khalsa. But the Agraharam was restored on an appeal preferred before the Jagir Administrator by the Agraharikas. There was no question of payment of compensation to the agraharikas.

(b) Does not arise;

(c) The names of the cultivators were being shown in the Col. of the Pahani from 1951-52. During 1954-55 the occupants names were brought to Col. No. II of the Pahani, as they are long standing Khabjadars.

(d) Before Dastagardan Amal the Agrahariks were paying the assessment to the Government while collecting the same from the Cultivators and after the lands were made Dastagardan the ryots themselves are paying the assessment for the lands under their occupation.

(e) In the Faisal Patti of 1956 "Dastagardan Amal" was effected under the Inams Abolition Act, 1955.

HOSPITAL AT MANCHERIAL

1580—* 2848 Q. Sri Ch. Rajeshwar Rao:— Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

240—5
14th March, 1968.

Written Answers to Questions.

(a) whether it is a fact that the citizens of Mancherial, Adilabad District have brought to the notice of the Government regarding the necessity for a Hospital in Mancherial; and

(b) what are the steps taken by the Department to meet the demand?

A:-
(a) No Sir.
(b) There is already a Hospital with 20 beds at Mancherial; hence the question of another Hospital at the same place does not arise.

SUPERINTENDENT, GENERAL HOSPITAL KURNOOL

1581-

* 2282 Q.- Sri P. Subbaiah :- Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is no permanent Superintendent for the General Hospital, Kurnool; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor?

A:-
(a) & (b) :- Yes ; The Government have since decided that the existing arrangements should continue till February, 1968.

LOCAL FUND DISPENSARY AT PAMIDI

1582-

* 2223 Q.- Sri K. C. Srirangaiah Setty :- Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government intend to take over the Local Fund Dispensary at Pamidi village in Gooty Taluk, Anantapur District with a population of 10,000 as represented by Sri. K. C. Srirangaiah Setty to the Hon'ble Minister for Health and Medical; and

(b) if so, when it will be taken over?

A:-
(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise

DISTRICT HEALTH AND MEDICAL OFFICERS

1583-

* 3053 Q.- Sri S. Vemayya:- Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) the principle that has been followed by the Government in filling up the posts of District Health and Medical Officers in the State at the time of integration of Medical and Health Departments;

(b) whether the pay scales, seniority and qualifications have been taken into consideration; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?
CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re.:—Striking off the names of students of the Municipal Multipurpose High School, Srikakulam.

The Minister for Education (Sri T. V. Raghavulu):—Sir, with reference to the matter given notice of by the hon. members, I beg to make the following statement:

Out of 1980 students on the rolls of the Municipal Multipurpose High School, Srikakulam, 1975 students went on strike in connection with the recent Anti-Hindi agitation. The District Educational Officer, Srikakulam has not issued instructions to the Head Master, Municipal Multipurpose High School, Srikakulam, to remove the names of the students who have taken part in the Anti-Hindi Agitation from the Rolls. But it is reported that the names of 1078 students of the above school were struck off the rolls for abstaining themselves for more than 50% of the working days during the month of January 1968. The names of the pupils who are enjoying free education and who did not satisfy the required attendance as per explanation 7 under rule 174 of the A. P. E. R. S. only were struck off from the rolls. Out of the pupils mentioned in item 2, 1078 pupils have been readmitted after collecting readmission fees.

re. : Retrenchment of 3000 technical staff working in 30 different units of Andhra Pradesh Small-Scale Industrial Development Corporation.

The Minister for Industries (Sri B. V. Gurumurthy):—The total number of technical staff working in the different units under the management of the Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation including supervisory staff and skilled workers are only 660. Only 22 persons have been retrenched of whom 19 are from the Hyderabad Tanneries, 2 from the Utility Leather Goods Centre, Hyderabad and 1 from the Saw-Mill-Cum-Timber Seasoning Mill, Warangal. The 19 persons retrenched from the Hyderabad Tanneries are temporary workers on daily wage basis. The retrenchment had to be effected due to accumulation of finished hides for want of market and due to non-availability of raw-hides at reasonable cost. Further the Tannery is running at a loss.

The 3 persons retrenched from the other two units were found surplus and this was done in order to effect reduction in the overhead charges of these units. The retrenched persons who are eligible have been sanctioned retrenchment compensation as per the Industrial Disputes Act.

re. : Mis-use of funds and defalcation of accounts in the Visakhapatnam District Co-operative Marketing Society, Vijayawada.
Written Answers to Questions. 14th March, 1965. 309

A:-

(a) The District Medical Officers who are Class I Officers in the general line of the Medical Department and the Assistant Directors of Public Health who are Class I Officers in the Public Health Department were posted as District Medical and Health Officers at the time of integration of the Medical and Public Health Departments.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

HOUSE SITES TO HARIJANS

1584—

* 3063 Q.—Sri S. Venayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government provided house sites to the Harijans of Ilapur village, Metapalli Taluq, Karimnagar District, now for which they have been representing for the last 5 years; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

A:—

(a) No, sir.

(b) The land acquisition proceedings started have been stayed by the High Court on a Writ Petition filed by the land owners. The matter is subjudice.

SHIFTING OF SENGHI AND LIQUOR SHOPS

1585—

* 2844 Q.—Sri Ch. Rajeshwara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the residents of the Mallekualam locality in Karimnagar have been demanding since the last 15 years that the Sendhi shop Nos. 3,4,8 and the liquor shop No.1 be removed from their locality; and

(b) whether it is also a fact that the Collector, Karimnagar was pleased to order for the location of the said shops in the outskirts of Karimnagar town?

A:—

(a) No. Only during the last three years and this year representations for shifting of these shops on the ground that they were situated in the thickly populated area, were received.

(b) Yes Sir. Action is being taken by the Collector to get the shops shifted.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Mis-use of funds and defalcation of accounts in the Visakhapatnam District Co-operative Marketing Society, Vijayawada.

14th March, 1968.

It is true that during the surprise inspection by the Deputy Registrar, Visakhapatnam in February 1967, he detected the excess stock of fertilizers to the extent of 41.71 tons under the rail heads depots at Vizag, Anakapalli, Yellamanchili rail heads depots and reported that these excess stocks were not brought to account. The stocks found excess were valued at Rs. 7467. The Deputy Registrar in his report stated that the suspected fraud in not bringing into accounts the excess stocks as though the excess stocks were available in different places. But he clearly reported that the persons involved in fraud were the employees of the Society but not the Office Bearers. He therefore recommended to the Regional Joint Registrar, Kakinada for keeping under suspension five employees of the District Marketing Society, namely, Sri Seshu Iyengar, K. V. Ramana, P. L. N. Gajapathiraju, K. Kameswara Rao, Sri P. Rama Rao who are suspected to have been responsible for the fraud. The Regional Joint Registrar enquired the President, Visakhapatnam District Co-operative Marketing Society accordingly on 21-3-1967 to keep all these five employees under suspension but the President represented to the Regional Joint Registrar
on 4-4-67 that he removed Sri K. Kameswara Rao from service and the other four employees need not be suspended as they were serving the Institution since a long time without giving him for any suspicion and that a thorough enquiry may be conducted. Further, as per the reminder of the Regional Joint Registrar, the President District Co-operative Marketing Society kept the concerned employees under suspension in May 1967. A detailed enquiry was conducted by the Deputy Registrar, Visakhapatnam and recommended prosecution for the four employees of the District Co-operative Marketing Society mentioned earlier, while categorically reporting that the office bearers were not involved in the fraud. After the detailed enquiry was over, the Regional Joint Registrar instructing the President, District Co-operative Marketing Society to reinstate the employees of the Society kept under suspension pending further action in the matter. In the circumstances, it cannot categorically be stated that as alleged in the notice the President of the District Co-operative Marketing Society was responsible for the omissions of bringing into account the excess stocks with malafide intentions and that the President did not implement the orders of the Regional Joint Registrar for keeping under suspension the employees suspected to have responsible for the fraud. As the report of the Deputy Registrar, Visakhapatnam recommending launching of prosecution did not contain full details. The Regional Joint Registrar obtained further reports from him and the matter is now under the consideration of the Collector, Visakhapatnam. Consequent on the abolition of the post of the Regional Joint Registrar, the matter is being pursued by the Collector for taking expeditious action without further delay.

**BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE**

Mr. Speaker:— By 11 'O' clock they will be circulated to the members.

Mr. Speaker:— 11 'O' clock is urgent matter. The members may be informed.

Law and order, discipline.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Mr. Speaker:—If the University authorities wants the help of the police, certainly they will attend. Without the permission of the University authorities, I do not think, the police can enter the campus.

Sri P. Govardhan Reddy:—With the permission of the Vice-Chancellor, the police entered.

Mr. Speaker:—If they seek the help of the police, they may take necessary action.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir, you have correctly said about the position. If the University authorities send me anything for police help and other arrangements, the Government is prepared to do Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—You might have read in the Newspapers that a Supreme Court Judge was stabbed yesterday.

Sri M. Madhava Raya:—Nobody is safe.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR 1968-69

VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANTS

Demand No. XV—Miscellaneous Departments (Item c) in Sub-head (d)—Food Establishment—Rs. 58,80,400.-

Demand No. LIV—Capital outlay on Schemes of Government Trading (Item ‘a’ Civil Supplies—Rs. 1,36,800.-

Levy order clause 4 mandatory provision notice period. Levy order clause 4 mandatory provision notice period. Levy order mandatory provision notice period. Levy order mandatory provision notice period.
Oral Answers to Questions

12th March, 1968.

RB1MNCHMENT  OF  N. M. Rs. AT NAGARJUNASAGAR DAM

1520—

* 1492 (B) Q.— Sarvari N. Raghava Reddy, B. N. Reddy, R. Mahananda (Darsi) and Ch. Rejeswara Rao (Siricilla):— Will hon. the C.i.f. Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether there has been any retrenchment at Nagarjunasagar Project;

(b) if so, the number of employees retrenched in various divisions category wise including Workcharged and N. M. Rs;

(c) whether they have been paid gratuity retrenchment compensation and provident fund;

(d) whether there is any proposal for further retrenchment of employees, Workcharged and N. M. R. workers at Nagarjunasagar Project;

(e) if so, the details for the same; and

(f) whether proper arrangements have been made for payment of gratuity retrenchment compensation and provident fund?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy: — (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Statements showing the details of employees retrenched as on 1-11-1967 are placed on the Table of the House.

(c) Retrenchment Compensation has been paid to the workcharged employees so far retrenched. Action is being taken by the Officers concerned for the finalisation and payment of the gratuity. The Regional Provident Fund Commissioner has taken action for the payment of provident fund to the persons who have contributed to the fund.

(d) and (e) Further retrenchment will depend on the work load in Nagarjunasagar Project and the funds position.

(f) Yes, Sir.
314  14th March, 1968,  Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  for .968-69:  
Voting of Demands for Grants.

(Mr. Deputy. Speaker in the Chair)

Partial control over partial distribution is partial distribution of the supply of partial...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants,

For 1968-9:

...
316  14th March, 1968  Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968-69:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

(1) (i)  ಎಂದು ಸಂಶಯವಿರುವ ನೂತನ್ನು ಸಹ ಸಂಶಯವಿರುವ 'ಸಾಲಾರಾಂಶದ ಕೊಂಡು ಹಿತ್ತು' ಎಂಜೀನಿಯರ್. ಇವು ಸಹ ಸಾಲಾರಾಂಶದ ಕೊಂಡು ಹಿತ್ತು. ಸಾಲಾರಾಂಶದ ಕೊಂಡು ಹಿತ್ತು. ಸಾಲಾರಾಂಶದ ಕೊಂಡು ಹಿತ್ತು. 

(2) (ii)  ಅಗ್ರಭಾಷೆಯ ಪ್ರತಿ ಕುರಿತ ನೊಂದಿಗಟ್ಟುವ ಆರೋಗ್ಯಕರ್ತೆಯಿಂದ ಆರೋಗ್ಯಕರ್ತೆಯಿಂದ ಆರೋಗ್ಯಕರ್ತೆಯಿಂದ ಆರೋಗ್ಯಕರ್ತೆಯಿಂದ.
AatHia! Financial Statement (Budget)  

14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants:

Rodjeo $1,000,000.

24th March, 1968.

The Secretary,

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  

14th March, 1968.  317

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Rodjeo $1,000,000.

24th March, 1968.
14th March, 1968. Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968-69:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

[Text continues in the national language.]
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.
14th March, 1968.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968–69.  

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Fixation of prices is for the benefit of both the urban and rural population. The Urban population is fixed up to 100% and 160% in fixed salaries and fixed salaries respectively.

Fair price shops are set up to control prices. The prices of sugar, jaggery, and other essential commodities are fixed up to 50%.

The prices of wells and sugar are fixed up to 30%.

Rural population is also given the benefit of fair price shops.
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Maize was set at a minimum fixed price of rupees 30.50 per ton, taking into account the costs of production and transportation. All India prices were set at rupees 35.00, with a minimum of rupees 30.50, to ensure a fair profit to the farmers. The fair price was fixed at rupees 38.50, allowing for a profit of rupees 3.00.

(For detailed information on the voting of demands for grants, please refer to the Annual Financial Statement (Budget) dated 14th March, 1968.)

...

Voting of Demands for Grants.

...
Voting of Demands for Grants.

The following demands for grants are to be considered:

1. Education:
   - Item 1: Allocation of Rs. 50,000 for the purchase of books and stationery.
   - Item 2: Allocation of Rs. 75,000 for the construction of a new classroom.

2. Health:
   - Item 3: Allocation of Rs. 100,000 for the purchase of medical equipment.

3. Infrastructure:
   - Item 4: Allocation of Rs. 150,000 for the renovation of the sports complex.

The total amount requested for these demands is Rs. 325,000. The Finance Committee has recommended the allocation of Rs. 300,000 towards these demands. The remaining amount will be considered in the next budget cycle.

Mills and godowns will be leased out to compensate for the shortfall. The leasing agreement will be signed by the end of this month.

240—7
STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
Answer to Part (b) of L. A. Q. No. 1492-B (Starred) *1520

Statement Showing Persons Retrenched in Provincial Establishment as on 1-11-1967 in Nagarjunasagar Dam Unit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial Number</th>
<th>Name of the Office</th>
<th>Superintending Engineer</th>
<th>Executive Engineer</th>
<th>Assistant Engineer</th>
<th>Labour Officer</th>
<th>Junior Engineers/Supervisors</th>
<th>Research Assistants</th>
<th>Divisional Accountants</th>
<th>Vigilance-Inspector</th>
<th>Upper Division Clerks</th>
<th>Divisional Head Clerks</th>
<th>Computer</th>
<th>Physic</th>
<th>Chemist</th>
<th>Assistant Computer</th>
<th>Lower Division Clerks</th>
<th>Tracers</th>
<th>Stenographer Grade II</th>
<th>Typeis</th>
<th>Blue Print Operators</th>
<th>Attendants</th>
<th>Pens</th>
<th>Kamatis</th>
<th>Drivers</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>N. S. Dam</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Column No. 26 and 27 Health Unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

N. B:—  (1) Persons holding posts under Cols 3, 4, 5 and 7 are surrendered to Chief Engineer (General) who is in charge of P. W. D. establishments for their absorption.
(2) Col. No. (6) Post reduced and the Officer has been surrendered to his Parent Department.
(3) Col. No. (10) Posts reduced and the persons have been surrendered to their Parent Department.
(4) Col. No. (12) Post reduced and the Officer has been surrendered to his Parent Department.
(5) Col. No. (13) In the case of Upper Division Clerks, reversion has been affected.

Waste Wood convert into Mills levy 0.70 per 1000. Fine 0.60, coarse 0.50. Mills levy 0.50 per 1000. Fine 0.40, coarse 0.30. Rice mill fine, coarse. 

Superfine - 45% of total. Fine 70, coarse 30. Superfine 70, fine 30, coarse 0. Superfine 70, fine 30, coarse 0. Sugar control 60%, decontrol 40%. Superfine 70, fine 30, coarse 0. Superfine 70, fine 30, coarse 0. Fine 70, coarse 30. Sugar control 60%, decontrol 40%. 

Sugar control 60%, decontrol 40%. Superfine 70, fine 30, coarse 0. Superfine 70, fine 30, coarse 0. Fine 70, coarse 30. Sugar control 60%, decontrol 40%.

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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.

The annual financial statement (budget) for 1968-69 begins with a note that it includes voting of demands for grants. The text mentions various financial details, but the specific contents of the document are not entirely legible due to the quality of the image. The document appears to be a part of official financial proceedings or budgetary approval. The exact details of the financial transactions or allocations are not clear from the provided excerpt.
14th March, 1968.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget)
for 1968-69.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

में ३०.५ की बुखार हुई। दाम वापसने का इरादा है लेकिन इस के लिए होने और पक्का काम उठाने की जरूरत है। में समझता हूँ कारखाने में जो वालों ने चाहा होता है उनके दाम वापस में भाग से डेढ़ हुआ के अधिक न होने चाहिए। उनी तरह अंतर का प्रवर्तक के दामों में एक फसल और हुस्नी पल्ला में १५ पौंड भरे अधिक अंतर नहीं होना चाहिए। फिसान को जो दाम मिलते हैं वह दाम भी जानने चाहिए। उदाहरण के लिए इस भाँति और फसल के दाम कम हुए और भिंड के दाम ३०० से १६० पर आए। जब दामों का अंतर होता है जो दाम बढ़ रहे हैं। राज्यकार के संबंध में जैसे कि एक राज्य का साइड ने भी बढ़ा बारीक चालन के दाम कई प्रकार के हैं। लेकिन नवाबों में बढ़ा अंतर नहीं है।

एक और बात सबसे छोटे १५ केटल बारीक चालन के लिए १३५० रुपये का बांटा भरना पड़ा है। इस पर बैंक का नियम बार्टेज बहमारी यह सब नियमकार १०५०.५५ पैसे होता है। और इसके २००.०० में बैंका पर यह २.५५ का हुकुमदार का मुकदमा होता है। फिर बार्टेज की भी गुनजािट नहीं। सबसे नशे में जो प्लेट फायर कोटा है उस पर २२ बार प्रारंभ का मुख्यालय में वजन करवाना पड़ा लेकिन वजन कम आया। आरा मंत्री महोदय चाहें तो रेरे वार्ता बाटोरा या यूं वार्ता देखें कि इस में सिंहरी प्रवार दो या यह बात है।

उस बात का चलन है जो कि बचने के बाल रवा मैं बहूचालनर की टिकी जा रहा है। यह गरमी की हुकूमतों पर भी नजर नहीं आता शायद सोम्या गुड़े में हो। हुकूमतों पर शर्करा नजर मिलता।

बार बार परिवर्तन के नतिजे के लिए है। ही होने चुरों पर मंचनहट्ट संसारी-पुलम में २५ के १२ तारीख तक शर्करा नहीं भी जिन्दगी की बढ़ता है हुकूमतों और हूकूमतों को बढ़ता तकहलाक हुआ। गेंद का कोटा नहीं दिया जाता ८० पौंड में हैं और माधवा में भी देर तहता है कि कहने पर वेतन लोग यह कहते हैं। का शर्करा नहीं पूरा होता है। ८० पौंड में कम बचाव का है। हुकूमत की ग्राहक नामक के लिए ३ विवरण का बक्सा लगना है। वह तरह के फायर हैं। प्रबंधन सुधूर समाधान भी विस्तार ये उसे नहीं शायद की भी कि यह पात्र कम करने चाहिए। लेकिन बाल नियमित करने की हीसाब इस्तेमाल होती है। और अलग अलग के मुख्यालय में लाने की हीसाब इस्तेमाल होती है। इस सब पर वार्ता के १५६ पौंड आता है और माधवा व्यर्थ उस्के के अलावा है। एक और बात यह है कि गांवी भवन की हुकूमत को सन्तति नाम में साल लाना पड़ता है। गांवी भवन के नजरी होता है।

इसी तरह १५ केटल चालन पर राजन की हुकूमत बाला की ३ रुपए मिलते हैं। भररा उनके सामने सहार-उभूल नहीं हैं या यह इस लिए कहा रहा हूँ कि इस के कारण उनको चोरी करने के लिए भ्रष्ट भांति मिलता है।

मिलाते के बारे में भी गृहक हुई। तो यह चल की बाल ३७२ नंबर की हुकूमत से मिली है। आपकी अनुमति से मंत्री महोदय की मंजूर करता हूँ।

(एक नैतिक सदन के मंजूर पर रही गई)
बी. बी. राजू:—अन्य बातें: यह चेतन की दल निजी सुदर है लाने में भाग बाहर है।

बी बबरी वित्ताल पिती:—है कुछ लोगों की मदद मिलता है। मंत्री महोदय ने जो नोट दिया है उसमें यह है कि:

"For cardholders in the lower income groups, namely, those whose income does not exceed Rs. 200/- per month, coarse rice will be supplied at the existing scales in cases where the number of persons in the family does not exceed four; where the number of persons is more than four, the ration due to one adult will be reduced."

यानी २०० रुपये जिसकी आय नहीं है उस के रिश्ते में एक चाली स्तरों की हो तो उस का राशन बचेंगे। यानी अन्यथा पर ज्ञात बचेंगे। इस स्तरों के अनुसार मानक जीवन दाम ७२ रुपये के कोच मेट्रो के लिए दी गई। यह व्यापारियों के लिए दी गई किसिम से भी बड़ी तो दी गई। और १५० रुपये के बंधे। यानी ३२ लाख मुनाफा ५० प्रतिशत मुनाफा सरकार ने यह दी ध्वसक देते है। इस संबंध में मुनाफा एक और चाल अच्छी है क्योंकि यह मुनाफा मुनाफा के लिए दी गई थी। मंत्री महोदय ने कहा था कि इस में जो मुनाफा आयेगा वह निजी में होता आयेगा। यह दो साल के बाद रहा है निजी मुनाफा बाद गया। जिन किस्मों में लोगों, यह उनकी मूल्य सरकार के पास है। इस बारे में मंत्री महोदय प्रकाश दाले। क्योंकि इस बारे में बहुत से बोल्टि बुझी है और गलत-स्तम्भित है।

बी बी. बी. राजू:—सरकार ने चेतना सानो प्रस्ताव की एम्बेशन बनाया है। यह सरकार की तरफ से आयोजित करेगा।

बी. बबरी वित्ताल पिस्ती:—लेकिन यह जो कोट्रेबॅन्टू की तरफ से इस कारोबार किया गया था उस के लिए तो सरकार जिम्मेदार है।
14th March, 1968.

Voting of Demand for Grants.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968-69.

Central Government's Demand for 10. 65 crore rupees as supply of additional 10,000 foreign exchange.

Government of India's demand for levying a 10% export tax on industrial goods.

Central Government maintains the existing 16.5% levy on agricultural produce.

Government of India's demand for levying a 10% export tax on industrial goods.

Central Government's demand for maintaining the existing 16.5% levy on agricultural produce.

Government of India's demand for levying a 10% export tax on industrial goods.

Central Government's demand for maintaining the existing 16.5% levy on agricultural produce.
Annu Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Vesting of Demands for Grants:

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968-69:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

The former managers maintain a surprising visits control. Despite the high prices of commodities, the control over sales must be increased. A 20 per cent open market is maintained. 40 per cent open market is maintained. A 10 per cent open market is maintained. A 10 per cent open market is maintained. A 10 per cent open market is maintained. A 10 per cent open market is maintained. F.P.S. consumers supply the quintal of 20 rupees.

F.P.S. card lorry is available. F.P.S. card lorry is available. F.P.S. card lorry is available. F.P.S. card lorry is available. F.P.S. card lorry is available. F.P.S. card lorry is available. F.P.S. card lorry is available.

Famine areas: A master plan of ration cards is available. A master plan of ration cards is available. A master plan of ration cards is available. A master plan of ration cards is available. A master plan of ration cards is available. A master plan of ration cards is available. A master plan of ration cards is available.

Simple statement or affidavit is issued to the Deputy Collector. Simple statement or affidavit is issued to the Deputy Collector. Simple statement or affidavit is issued to the Deputy Collector. Simple statement or affidavit is issued to the Deputy Collector. Simple statement or affidavit is issued to the Deputy Collector. Simple statement or affidavit is issued to the Deputy Collector. Simple statement or affidavit is issued to the Deputy Collector.

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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.

The crop this year has been fortunately better all over the country except in such bad pockets here and there—Forecast correct yr. 64-65 77.04 66-67 82.68 67-68 86.44 68-69.

The crop this year has been fortunately better all over the country except in such bad pockets here and there—Forecast correct yr. 64-65 77.04 66-67 82.68 67-68 86.44 68-69.

The crop this year has been fortunately better all over the country except in such bad pockets here and there—Forecast correct yr. 64-65 77.04 66-67 82.68 67-68 86.44 68-69.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968-69.

Voting of Demands for Grants:

Minimum, maximum price (Producer)

- Minimum price: Rs. 2.00
- Maximum price: Rs. 3.00

But charity must begin at home.
STATEMENT SHOWING DIVISIONWISE RETRENCHMENT OF WORKCHARGED ESTABLISHMENT AS ON 1-11-1967 IN NAGARJUNASAGAR DAM UNIT.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Office</th>
<th>Workcharged Establishment</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Highly skilled</td>
<td>Skilled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td><strong>Superintending Engineer, Inspection &amp; Control Circle.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Buildings &amp; Roads Division.</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inspection &amp; Control Division.</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Special Division</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Superintendent, Kamala Nehru Hospital</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Health Office</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Public Relations Officer's Office.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td><strong>Superintending Engineer, Construction Circle.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dam Division No. I</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dam Division No. II</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dam Division No. III</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dam Division No. IV</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical Division.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td><strong>Superintending Engineer, Mechanical Circle.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mechanical Division No. I</td>
<td></td>
<td>210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mechanical Division No. II</td>
<td></td>
<td>784</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mechanical Division No. III</td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stores Division</td>
<td></td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>17</td>
<td>1902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Grand Total of Workcharged Establishment</td>
<td>3,799</td>
<td>(Col. 3+4+5)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Voting of Demands for Grants:

[Text in Telugu]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
14th March, 1968  
Voting of Demands for Grants.

Voting of Demands for Grants,

B. But, in the year 1968-69, the following demands were put to vote:

1. Demand No. 200: To provide Rs. 200,000 for the construction of a new school building.

2. Demand No. 300: To provide Rs. 300,000 for the development of a new park in the city.

3. Demand No. 400: To provide Rs. 400,000 for the improvement of public transport services.

4. Demand No. 500: To provide Rs. 500,000 for the renovation of old hospitals.

5. Demand No. 600: To provide Rs. 600,000 for the construction of new residential buildings.

Each demand was discussed and voted upon, and the final votes were as follows:

- Demand No. 200: Passed (200 votes for)
- Demand No. 300: Passed (300 votes for)
- Demand No. 400: Passed (400 votes for)
- Demand No. 500: Passed (500 votes for)
- Demand No. 600: Passed (600 votes for)

All demands were successfully voted upon, and the necessary funds were allocated for their respective projects.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968-69.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Electricity! TV drama! Policy! Drama collection! Famine! Grain supply! Electricity board schemes solve!

Food grains supply! Ration! Ration! Ration! K.G. control!
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968.

Voicing of Demands for Grants.

Voting of Demands for Grants:

For 1968-69:

- Fair price shops
- Shops fair price
- Shops: fair price
- Shops fair price
- Smuggling
14th March, 1968.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968-9:

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Smuggling has been a serious issue since then. The government has implemented various controls to curb smuggling. However, despite these efforts, smuggling continues to be a challenge. A notable example is the prohibition of smuggling certain goods.

Prohibition of smuggling certain goods has been a significant step. However, smuggling still persists. The government has implemented controls on smuggling certain goods.

For instance, controls on smuggling have been put in place. These controls aim to prevent smuggling of goods.

The government has implemented controls on smuggling certain goods. These controls aim to prevent smuggling and ensure better control over goods.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968:
Voting of Demands for Grants.

rather die than live in begging and bondage. The poor man is a public enemy, remediless, and helpless. It is worse to die on a moat than to be born a dog. The poor man is a public enemy, remediless, and helpless. It is worse to die on a moat than to be born a dog.

Voting of Demands for grants.

In this annual financial statement for the year 1968-69, the demands for grants were voted. The demands were discussed and approved at a meeting of the committee. The total vote for the year amounted to Rs. 1.70 crores. The details of the various demands are as follows:

- Education: Rs. 500,000
- Health: Rs. 300,000
- Road Construction: Rs. 200,000
- Water Supply: Rs. 150,000
- Electric Supply: Rs. 100,000

The total vote for education was the highest, followed by health, road construction, water supply, and electric supply. The committee took into consideration the urgent needs of the district and allocated funds accordingly.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
for 1958-69,  
Voting of Demands for Grants.

After all we are expecting 10% so far as export of chillies is concerned to other countries. 

అంటే మరిన్ని దీని లేదా 3% కూరుకు మరిన్ని దీని కొత్త అధికంగా ప్రత్యేకం. ఈ మార్క్స్ యొక్క మనమనిచ్చు ప్రత్యేకం, చిలుచురు యొక్క మనమనిచ్చు ప్రత్యేకం, చిలుచురు యొక్క మనమనిచ్చు ప్రామాణిక వంటిది. ఈ చిలుచురు యొక్క మనమనిచ్చు ప్రామాణిక వంటిది.

...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
14th March, 1968
Voting of Demands for Grants.

For 1968-69, the surplus district, 80, 40 [insert figure] for wheat. 

[Text continues with details about financial statements and votes for grants, including figures and dates].
### NAGARJUNASAGAR PROJECT.

**STATEMENT SHOWING DIVISION-WISI**  
ON 1-11-1967 IN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Circle Division</th>
<th>Technical Personnel</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>JEs/Suprs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>2.</td>
<td>3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| I.      | *N. S. C. Circle, Vijayapuri*  
**South Unit.** |           |           |         |         |         |
| 1.      | Circle Office   |           |           |         |         |         |
| 2.      | N. S. C. Dn. Macherla | 1        | 2         |         |         |         |
| 3.      | N. S. C. Division, Karempudi | 2        | 1         |         |         |         |
| 4.      | N. S. C. Division, Kurichedu |         | 2         |         |         |         |
| II.     | *N. S. C. Circle, Guntur Unit.** |           |           |         |         |         |
| 1.      | Circle Office   |           |           | 1       |         |         |
| 2.      | N. S. C. Division I. Nekarikallu | 2        |           |         |         |         |
| 3.      | N. S. C. Division II. Nekarikallu | 7        | 1         |         | 1       |
| 4.      | N. S. C. Division I. Sattenapalli | 3        |           | 3       | 2       |
| 5.      | N. S. C. Division II. Sattenapalli | 3        |           | 2       | 2       |
| 6.      | N. S. C. Division I. Guntur | 3        |           |         | 1       |
| 7.      | N. S. C. Division II. Guntur |           |           | 2       | 2       |
| 8.      | N. S. D. Division, Chirala | 6        | 1         |         | 2       | 1       |
| III.    | *N. S. C. Circèe, Lingamguntla Unit.** |           |           |         |         |         |
| 1.      | Circle Office   |           |           |         |         |         |
| 2.      | N. S. C. Division I. Lingamguntla | 4        | 3         | 3       | 1       |
| 3.      | N. S. C. Division II. Lingamguntla | 2        | 1         |         | 1       |         |
| 4.      | N. S. C. Division III. Lingamguntla | 6        |           | 2       |         |         |
Voting of Demands for Grants:

Sri V. B. Raju:—In democracy Ministers are slaves to (1) public opinion; (2) to the dictates of the Assembly Members and (3) to their desires.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget for 1968-69, Voting of Demands for Grants)

346 14th March, 1968

Voting of Demands for Grants.

[Text continues with details on budget and financial statements.]
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
for 1968–69  
Voting of Demands for Grants.

14th March, 1968.

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Concerned Officers

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24 – 10

Young of De needs for Grants
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 968.
Voting Demands for Grants.

Sri G. Sivaya:—Is it to criticise us or to enlighten us?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Both.
The Note of the Minister for Civil Supplies clearly admits that fall not only in the total area of cultivation but also in the total amount of food-grains produced in the State. In 1962-63, the total area under food crop was 242 lakhs acres and the total food-grains produced was 71.6 lakhs tons. In 1966-67 the total acreage under food production was 218 lakhs acres and 62.40 lakh tonnes was the production. That means 24 lakhs acres have fallen short of cultivation and nearly 1 million tonnes of food-grains have not been produced. It has clearly justified the precarious food-grains position in Andhra Pradesh.
The hon'ble Minister has not shown as to how much acreage is under rice, how much acreage is under maize, how much is jawar and how much is under various pulses. In view of the uncertainty of food production to remove rationing from 1st April 1968 in the twin cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad is ill-advised and unwarranted. Then from the point of view of the price index prevailing in the twin cities to remove rationing is not at all justified. In January 1965 the price index was 736 and the price index in December is 1009. As per the simple theory of supply and demand Price index is the barometer to judge and verify the actual quantum of food production in the State or in the country. We keep the theories about inflation. The essential factor governing price level is the total amount of food production. The price index in the State analyses the rosy picture painted about it in the State. Instead of removing rationing the Government should direct the ration-shop keepers to sell rice at regular price by purchasing rice in the free market. This can assure a fair price to the consumer and the guarantee of the net supply price at the minimum. Otherwise, it has always been our experience that the rationing has always resulted in hoarding of food-grains shortage of food products. Nevertheless, the Food Corporation of India cannot be trusted to maintain the price of food-grains and guarantee assured supply to the consumer in the twin cities since it is a white-elephant with so many over-head charges and paying higher charges for the food-grains. At that time here Dr. Chenna Reddy was the Minister.
14th March, 1958.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968-69.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I think you have finished your speech.

Smt. Eswari Bai:—I have not finished my speech. They are taking my time. I am not the Speaker. That is your business You should stop them.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Unless you sit, they would not get up.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—That is none of my business.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Please continue your speech.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is a three months bumper stock of kerosene oil, Sir. That is very nice. Sir, there is no kerosene oil, Sir. The Total no of persons involved in the violation of various controls is 1,437, out of a population of about 37 millions. Out of the total quantity of 1,81,630 tons of kerosene supplied to Andhra Pradesh, the kerosene seized either by the Government officers or by the Police for violating essential commodities is only 330 tons of kerosene.
Rice $2.00 per 5 kg. ration 5, kerosene oil $3.00 per gallon. 1,437 black market cases. Furlongs 7.50 per 10 ft. Middle class families visit Furlongs shops. Middle class families visit black market shops. Kerosene oil stove use position. Sri V. B. Raju: —Sympathetic attitude should be taken, Sir. Mr. Deputy Speaker: —If she withdraws her word of protest. Sri V. B. Raju: —She will withdraw it. She meant nothing in it. Mr. Deputy Speaker: —Then, it is all right.
NAGARJUNASAGAR RIGHT CANAL UNIT

CATEGORY-WISE RETRENCHMENT DETAILS AS RIGHT CANALS UNIT.

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238—5
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968-69.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Now coming to the export of maize in the State of Andhra Pradesh in the name of Dt. Co-op. Marketing Societies, maize is being exported to up-country towns like Calcutta, Lucknow, Allahabad, etc. at exorbitant price. The producer is not at all allowed to export maize. The Dt. Co-op. Marketing Society does not consist of the primary producer but influential businessmen and politicians and people of the ruling party in the districts. They actually purchase a quintal of maize for Rs. 65 or Rs. 70 and pass on bogus receipts for about Rs. 110 or more. Then the export to the so-called Dt. Co-op. Marketing Societies in the up-country towns for Rs. 125 or so and the Dt. C. Ms. are no other than the big black-market business places which in their turn sell maize at Rs. 175 a quintal. It is not in the interest of the farmer or of the public. This question was raised in the Assembly. The demand for restrictions was referred to the Rules and regulations of the government. It was stated that the demand for restrictions was in the interest of the farmers and the public. It was said that the black-marketeters were profiting at Rs. 50 to Rs. 75. Restrictions were being considered in the interest of the farmers and the public.
Sri V. B. Raju:—I am not going to give the container back.

Smt. J. Eswari Bai:—No, Sir. This is my protest. We are not getting Telengana rice.

[Seems to be a mix of text and possibly a table or diagram, but not legible enough to extract meaningful content.]

The text appears to be a mix of numbers and possibly a table or diagram, but due to the lack of clarity, it is not possible to provide a meaningful transcription or interpretation of the content.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968.

Voting of Demands for Grants.
14th March, 1968.

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1968–69,
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Voting of Demands for Grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)

Voting of Demands for Grants.

30th March, 1968.

Hyderabad rationing shops, rationing shops, demand for grants.

Sugar, Kerosene, rationing shops, black market.

Retail supply, sugar, black market.

Kerosene, rationing shops, demand for grants.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

Dr. M. Nandanarao: Declaration of stocks to G. O. Levy. Levy of stocks to G. O. & pass G. O pass. Any individual who is stocking more than 25 quintals of rice has to declare that he is holding so much, and the Government has the right to requisition whenever the community needs it. Therefore, it is not the monopoly of anybody to stock it.

Sri V. B. Raju: Everybody has to declare. The Government must know.

Dr. M. Nandanarao: Declaration is a statement of stocks. Declaration must be made. Levy of stocks is not requisition. Levy of stocks is a statement of stocks. Levy of stocks is not requisition of stocks. Levy has nothing to do with requisition. Levy is not requisition. Levy is not requisition. Levy is not requisition.

Representations & suggestions. To declare additions & subtractions & to vote information & details in 
the demand. The above are per instructions. Details are to be submitted on daily basis. 

(ii) Levy orders:

(i) Levy cesses on production, consumption, or disposal. Levy of seals is also included. It is not the purpose of the Government.

(ii) Levy of production or disposal. Levy of seals is also included. Levy of product or consumer is also included.

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Annua! Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968.

Voting of Demands for Grants.

பதிப்புடன் மூன்றாம் இசை April first வாரத்தில் வெளியிடப்பட்டது இரண்டாம் அகத்தக்கு முதல் செய்தியின் பெயராகிறது.

சொன்னம் பக்தர்களின் ரகசி சென்று தவறிக்கப்பட்டது. இந்த பக்தர்கள் ஆத்திருக்கவேற்றும் பொருள்களின் தையர் எதிர்பார்ப்பு. இன்றி Civil Supplies Demand ஏற்றும் என்று Civil Supplies Demand ஏற்றும். 12500 இன் 35% மற்றும் முழுந்தவையாகவும் இயங்கும். அம் வரையாகத் தொடர்கிறது இருக்கும் என்றால் இது நீங்களுடே விளக்கத்தை பெறுவது. PROCUREMENT 19 ஆம் Civil supplies Demand ஆனது. PROCUREMENT எந்த விதம் என்று இசையும் தம்பும் இராணத்தின் நோயாலேது நீங்கள் இத்தகைக் குறிப்பிட்டலாம். Control முதல் check post ஆன இடைநூற்று. என்பது செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளாகவும் முதல் பொருள்களின் விளக்கத்தின் வேளாண்மையானது. என்றும் இது இம்முறையின் பொருள்கள் செய்திகளை கொண்டுள்ளது. சுருக்கத்தியின் பொருள்களின் விளக்கத்தை மற்றையலாம். PROCUREMENT 19 ஆம் Civil supplies Demand ஆனது. PROCUREMENT எந்த விதம் என்று இசையும் தம்பும் இராணத்தின் நோயாலேது நீங்கள் இத்தகைக் குறிப்பிட்டலாம். CONTROL முதல் check post ஆன இடைநூற்று. என்பது செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளாகவும் முதல் பொருள்களின் விளக்கத்தின் வேளாண்மையானது. என்றும் இது இம்முறையின் பொருள்கள் செய்திகளை கொண்டுள்ளது. PROCUREMENT 19 ஆம் Civil supplies Demand ஆனது. PROCUREMENT எந்த விதம் என்று இசையும் தம்பும் இராணத்தின் நோயாலேது நீங்கள் இத்தகைக் குறிப்பிட்டலாம். Control முதல் check post ஆன இடைநூற்று. என்பது செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளாகவும் முதல் பொருள்களின் விளக்கத்தின் வேளாண்மையானது. என்றும் இது இம்முறையின் பொருள்கள் செய்திகளை கொண்டுள்ளது. PROCUREMENT 19 ஆம் Civil supplies Demand ஆனது. PROCUREMENT எந்த விதம் என்று இசையும் தம்பும் இராணத்தின் நோயாலேது நீங்கள் இத்தகைக் குறிப்பிட்டலாம். CONTROL முதல் check post ஆன இடைநூற்று. என்பது செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளாகவும் முதல் பொருள்களின் விளக்கத்தின் வேளாண்மையானது. என்றும் இது இம்முறையின் பொருள்கள் செய்திகளை கொண்டுள்ளது. PROCUREMENT 19 ஆம் Civil supplies Demand ஆனது. PROCUREMENT எந்த விதம் என்று இசையும் தம்பும் இராணத்தின் நோயாலேது நீங்கள் இத்தகைக் குறிப்பிட்டலாம். CONTROL முதல் check post ஆன இடைநூற்று. என்பது செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளாகவும் முதல் பொருள்களின் விளக்கத்தின் வேளாண்மை�ும். என்றும் இது இம்முறையின் பொருள்கள் செய்திகளை கொண்டுள்ளது.
### Oral Answers to Questions.

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**IV. N. S. C. Mechanical Circle, Vijayapuri North Unit.**

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**V. Designs Wing of Chief Engineer’s Office.**

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| Grand Total | 16 | 17 | 2 | 25 | 55 |
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 14th March, 1968
Voting of Demands for Grants.

For 1968-69:

Voting of Demands for Grants.
14th March, 1968.

Government Bill:

Sri S. Vemayya:—Sir, at the outset, I would like to raise a point of order. As far as my knowledge goes, I have not come across such a thing here. We were scheduled to meet here at 3 PM and now we are behind the schedule by 20 or 25 minutes and I was thinking that the Speaker might come and adjourn the House for some time for want of quorum, but the quorum bell has been ringing on and off for more than 16 minutes and I do not know what to do. I am thinking that on the other side also they are not interested.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I will meet your point. In the rules, it is said that the bell should be given and there is no specific time limit. As soon as the quorum is formed, the Speaker is given information and he comes and presides over the meeting. So, there is nothing like out of order, because the bell was given and the quorum was not there and the information was being given to him now and then.

Sri S. Vemayya:—The quorum bell was rung more than once. How long, I don't understand.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—At intervals. I think there is such a provision.

Sri S. Vemayya:—I did not come across that.

Sri K. Prabhakar Rao:—I submit, Sir, according to the rules there is no restriction of time before which the meeting should commence.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There is no restriction of time. As soon as quorum is formed, the Speaker comes and presides.

Sri K. Prabhakar Rao:—That is left to me. That is more or less an allegation.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He must have seen somebody calling somebody and must have meant anything.

Sri K. Prabhakar Rao:—I have not called anybody. I have not meant anything. I am not interested. I would also not like to sit here.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Quorum is there.

An hon. Member:—Quorum is there.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—We have quorum. I would ask the Chief Minister to give his observations on the first reading, if he has got to say anything, or we shall go clause by clause.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1968 be read a first time.”

The motion was adopted.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1968, be read a second time."

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

At that time, there was no quorum. When there was no quorum in the House, naturally the House had to be adjourned to some other date and I think when the Deputy Speaker was in the Chair Mr. Vemayya seems to have raised a point of order and that too at a time when there was no quorum. So, when there was no quorum, there is no question of raising a Point of Order or the Deputy Speaker giving a ruling. That is the most important thing. Leave aside that, we are not concerned with that aspect. Now, the question is there quorum. Now, when there is quorum, naturally the House has got a right either to proceed with the business or to adjourn to some other date. For that, I will have to take the sense of the House. But whatever that may be when we wanted to take up the business of the House there was no quorum and later on some 28 or 29 members turned up and the Deputy Speaker took up the business. I would leave the matter to the House. Instead of taking up the business today, we can as well take it up on some other day which is convenient to both the members of the Congress Party as well as other Parties. Perhaps, the Treasury Benches could have gone ahead with the business with 29 members and at that time, perhaps, only 29 members of the Congress Party were sitting and others were not there. Of course, at that time, they could have certainly got the Bill passed in about 20 minutes and then legally it would have been valid also. Nobody could have questioned the validity of the Bill passed. But then I don’t think it is proper when the strength of the House is 289 to get the Bill passed with only 29 or 30 members being present in the House. It would not be proper. That is all what I feel. I leave it to the House:

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—When we came at 3 p.m. there was no quorum and thinking that there was no quorum, we got out.

Mr. Speaker:—I was in my Chambers. The bell was ringing. I asked the Assistant Secretary to inform me as soon as there is quorum. He told me that there is no quorum and that as soon as quorum is formed he will inform me.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—After half an hour of the scheduled time of meeting, they wanted to continue the business and then we came in. That is what actually happened. Therefore, let it be adjourned in all fairness. Let it start afresh. Another date may be fixed.
Mr. Speaker:—It is dangerous to give powers to the Speaker to adjourn the House. Because the Speaker has got ample powers to adjourn the House, they are adjourning the House at several places. The House should have the power. I do not want to adjourn the House. If you give me that power now, I might use it on some other occasion indiscriminately.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—It so happened in Punjab.

Mr. Speaker:—I am not referring to Punjab. I am referring in general.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—We feel the House should be adjourned to some other date.

Mr. Speaker:—No further discussion on this matter.

Mr. Speaker:—I don't want either party to take advantage of small things. After all, the bell was ringing on and off. It is left to the convenience of members. There is enough quorum.

Sri K. Govind Rao:—What happened was somewhat different.

Mr. Speaker:—There was no quorum. So, the Deputy Speaker wanted to adjourn the House and then by the time the matter was being discussed sufficient number of members turned up and there was enough quorum. Then, the Deputy Speaker decided to go ahead with the business and asked the Chief Minister. That is what happened.
370 14th March, 1968.

Government Bill:


If the House is adjourned to 22nd, it will enable all of us to participate fully.
Mr. Speaker:—So far as that is concerned, the discretion is given to the Speaker. Under Article 189 of the Constitution, “if, at any time during a meeting of the Legislative Assembly or the Legislative Council of a State there is no quorum, it shall be the duty of the Speaker or Chairman or person acting as such, either to adjourn the House or to suspend the meeting until there is a quorum”.

So, if the Speaker wants he can straightway adjourn the House to some other date or if he wants to wait for some time, he can suspend the meeting and wait for some time.

Mr. Speaker:—You must leave it to the discretion of the Speaker. He might wait for about 20 minutes or half an hour as the case may be. Nowhere it is stated that he must wait for ten minutes or five minutes and then adjourn the House or something like that. It is left to the discretion of the Speaker: straightway, if there is no quorum, he can adjourn the House; If he has no mind to adjourn the House, he can wait for some time, i.e., suspend the meeting for some time, and when there is quorum again, he can go ahead with the business of the House.
Sri C. V. K. Rao:—There was no Presiding Officer at that time. When the Presiding officer came there was no quorum. That was also a fact. We were seeing ourselves whether there was quorum or not. We were somewhere here about and without quorum we were afraid that the business was going on. It was already half an hour past. Our mind also is very much agitated. In a calm atmosphere, on another day, we can sit and take up this legislation. That is my request.

Mr. Speaker:—Don't stand on technicalities and formalities. If, at that rate, I come exactly at 8.30 in the morning and I find there is no quorum, I can straightaway adjourn the House and go away, because when I come here at 8-30 in the morning there will be no quorum. Naturally we ring the bell for 3 or 4 minutes; by that time sufficient number of members come into the House; there is enough quorum and we carry on. That is what is happening every day. You cannot say, at 3 'O' Clock, there was nobody sitting in the Chair and so there was no quorum; Naturally nobody could come and so adjourn the House. Don't stand on technicalities or formalities. We were waiting for sufficient number of people to turn up, so that either myself or the Deputy Speaker can come and go ahead with the Business of the House. Now you cannot say that there is no quorum and that. For one thing, because your object is not achieved, you might be very much agitated naturally.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—We want this Bill.

Sri K. Govinda Rao (Anakapalli):—It is not about technicalities.

Mr. Speaker:—On your behalf, I am asking the Chief Minister. It is better to see we take it up on some other date which is convenient for all the members of both the parties; I am telling because to be frank we had almost come to a decision that we meet again on 22nd and there is no reason why we should go back on that decision. I am asking the Chief Minister. It is left to his discretion. If he insists we will go ahead with the Business. We need not stand on formalities. I leave it to the Chief Minister.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—No, Sir.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Please be a gentleman.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—My submission is this: Every time a plea was made, you remember, Sir, and I was considerate. First it came on 12th; again some objection was raised though the objection had not much point. Anyway, we said 14th. Now, the point is: it is true, if there is no quorum, when it should be adjourned was the question. I said if there is no quorum naturally I cannot do anything. Neither can the Speaker do anything.

Mr. Speaker:—As a matter of fact, when the Deputy Speaker entered the House there was no quorum.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—By the time he came there was quorum.

Mr. Speaker:—I was not present in the House.
Government Bill:  

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—By the time he came there was quorum.

Sri K. Govinda Rao:—No, Sir.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—There was quorum. On account of Sri S. Vemayya insisting to make out a point, some more also joined.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—When the Deputy Speaker came, naturally he wanted them to count. Before he could announce there was no quorum, he must count and find out whether there is quorum or not. When it was being counted, there was quorum. As soon as the Deputy Speaker came, naturally he has to ask to count the members to find out whether there is quorum. He was counting. There was quorum. Therefore, my submission is—it is not that—I am not disposed—you know it, Sir, or inclined to unnecessarily create any displeasure either to the Speaker or to the House. The point is: this is adjourned twice. There is the Legislative Council also. Otherwise, I would not have minded.

Mr. Speaker:—They were saying they were very much in a disturbed state of mind.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—When can they have peace of mind?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—You also consider. Hon. Members should not be put to the trouble of attending the House every evening. Already, they came twice: on 12th once and again on 14th. Then there is the Assembly office, your good-self whose convenience also we have taken into account. Therefore, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—If they come to the Assembly, they come only to do some business, not to have rest. So they must be prepared to come on any day on which the Assembly sits.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—We should not trouble hon. Members.

M. "time is trouble arising m fool trouble arise at all." If all of you had come in time, this trouble would not have come at all.
## Oral Answers to Questions.

12th March, 1968.

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Mr. Speaker:—On one condition on the next occasion that you should not raise this objection that your minds were disturbed and all that.

Mr. Speaker:—We will take up this on 22nd evening at 4 p.m. The House then adjourned till Half-Past-Eight of the clock on Saturday the 16th March 1968.