## ANDHRA PRADESH
### LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES
#### OFFICIAL REPORT

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ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

OFFICIAL REPORT

Sixth day of the First Session of
The Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Sunday, the 26th March, 1967

The House met at Half-Past Eight of the Clock

[Mr Speaker in the Chair]

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

The Minister for Revenue (Sri V B Raju) — As per the assurance given by me the other day, I have made available to the Secretary of the Legislature, copies of the Supreme Court judgment and the undertaking given to the Supreme Court by the State Government, along with copies of the orders issued by the Government on 1-3-1967 and 7-3-1967. These copies may be placed in the Library, as was promised.

Sri C V K Rao (Kakmada) — Sir, I have given notice of a motion regarding breach of privilege. Kindly permit me to place it before the House.

Mr Speaker, — After the Call-Attention notices are over and before discussion on Governor’s Address is taken up, you can raise it.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re. — STRIKE OF HOUSE SURGEONS AND POST-GRADUATE MEDICAL STUDENTS

J, No 273 (1)
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re: Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

House Surgeons Post graduate students have done outstanding work, and they are essential for the care and treatment of patients in the hospitals. They have a direct responsibility in the care and treatment of patients in the hospitals. The Director of Medical Services has just submitted proposals to the Government to increase the amount of stipend from Rs 150 per month to Rs 200 per month, and they are under examination of the Government.

All medical and post-graduates have to be taken for a period of one year. They have a direct responsibility in the care and treatment of patients in the hospitals. The Director of Medical Services has just submitted proposals to the Government to increase the amount of stipend from Rs 150 per month to Rs 200 per month, and they are under examination of the Government.

The Government is also examining the requests relating to provision of free furnished quarters to House Surgeons, and the House Surgeons Post graduate students are also examining the requests relating to provision of free furnished quarters to House Surgeons, and they are under examination of the Government.

They have a direct responsibility in the care and treatment of patients in the hospitals.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re: Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

Serious case of discontent among House Surgeons arising out of Law and Order situation and demand for admission of Patients in the wards of the hospital. No extra admission and floor beds to be strictly prohibited. No extra admission and floor beds to be strictly prohibited.

Law and Order situation arising out of discontent among House Surgeons and demand for admission of Patients in the wards of the hospital.

26th March, 1967
26th March, 1967

Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re: Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

The Director of Medical Services has just submitted proposals to the Government to increase the amount of stipend from Rs 150 per month to Rs 200 per month, and they are under examination of the Government.

The House Surgeons and postgraduate students under examination are also examining the requests relating to provision of free furnished quarters to House Surgeons. All medical and post-graduates have to be taken for a period of one year.

They have a direct responsibility in the care and treatment of patients in the hospitals, and medical services are essential.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

serious case of dissatisfaction arises due to instruction, consultation, and treatment being hindered; no extra admission, and floor beds to be strictly prohibited in all hospitals.

The Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students has become a matter of urgent public importance. In the absence of patient care, there may be a serious case of discontent among patients. The situation has arisen due to Law and Order situation arising.
26th March, 1967
Calling attention to a matter of urgency
Public importance
Re Strike of House Surgeons and Post Graduate Medical Students

Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

Re: Strike of House Surgeons and Post Graduate Medical Students
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

20th March, 1967

...
26th March, 1967

Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re: Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

Hon'ble Chief Minister has agreed only for free lodging which has already committed. Committee stipend as per adviser Minister M. H.
Calling at'ention to a matter of urgent public importance

26th March, 1967

re Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

Mr Speaker, Sir, the problem facing the State is most critical in the sense that the services of the House Surgeons and Post-Graduates are most necessary and essential at the present juncture. The demands of these House Surgeons are most reasonable and justified because many of them are with their families. The stipend which is given now is not just sufficient to maintain their families. I have personal contact with many students and I have discussed their problems. Under the circumstances mentioned by me, I think it is most necessary that the Government should try to come to a settlement with these students and take immediate steps to end the strike. If this strike continues for some more period we have experienced how the student movement in Andhra Pradesh turned out on the Steel Plant issue—I am afraid, things will get out of control. I do not want things which happened with reference to the Steel Plant agitation to be repeated in this case. Therefore, in the interests of the public, I wish the Government takes immediate steps to end the strike.

Thank You.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

House Surgeons course—It is a part of education and hence a course of study, Engineering and practical training are part of this syllabus. It is a part of education—surgery, medical and engineering courses. Post-Graduate medical education is a part of this syllabus—surgery, medical and practical training. It is a part of this syllabus—surgery, medical and engineering courses. Post-Graduate medical education is a part of this syllabus—surgery, medical and practical training.

Free education—free education includes free lodging and boarding. Lodging and boarding is free to all students.

Central Committee of the Medical Council of India has given gratuitous advice. Lodging and boarding is free to all students.

According to the Medical Education Act, 2016, the medical council of India has given gratuitous advice. Lodging and boarding is free to all students.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

26th March, 1967

[Document content not clearly visible]
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

Re: Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students.

Yesterday, some representatives of the Universities came and talked to me about their compelling nature of committed expenditure. I said, "I am sorry." Therefore, Sir, when we are placed in a situation like this, it is necessary for all of us to consider—in particular, the students must also consider and call off the strike. Trade Unionism in categories like this is not desirable. It does not create a proper mental climate and they should not allow any member of the public to feel that they are holding to ransom any public who are sick. Therefore, Sir, from any point of view, this is not desirable. I appeal through the House to those friends in particular to withdraw the strike. There is no prestige here. I am not standing on prestige here and neither should they stand on prestige. There is no prestige here. What is the prestige? All of us whether they or we—are here to do some public service. Let us do it to the best of our ability consistent with the circumstances prevailing in the State. Therefore, Sir, I take this opportunity to appeal to them through you to understand and appreciate the position, get back to duty and not create any difficulties to the public who are suffering from different ailments.

Thank You, Sir.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

Strike of House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students

A call has been made by the Trade Unionism to the House Surgeons and Post-Graduate Medical Students to go on strike. They are demanding free boarding and lodging for House Surgeons and post-graduates. The Medical Council of India has issued a notification that they will not be able to implement the demands due to technical education issues.

Central Government has been informed that the Medical Council has written to the Central Government that they will not be able to implement the demands due to such and such a nature. House Surgeons must have written to the Medical Council. It is a part of their course M.B.B.S. and House Surgeonship. It is a part of their course M.B.B.S. and House Surgeonship. It is a part of their course M.B.B.S. and House Surgeonship. It is a part of their course M.B.B.S. and House Surgeonship.
20th March, 1967. Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re Fire accidents in Benkili etc., villages of Srikakulam district

Omission Sundapudi of Sompet Tq., Karravampalem, the hamlet of Jagatn Basavakothem near Jadupudi and Edupuram of Ichapuram Taluk of Srikakulam District—3 Villages with good sense obligations.

With next minute I will pass it on to them.

re — Fire accident in Benkili etc., villages of Srikakulam District

Omission Sundapudi of Sompet Tq., Karravampalem, the hamlet of Jagatn Basavakothem near Jadupudi and Edupuram of Ichapuram Taluk of Srikakulam District—3 Villages
Calling at ention to a matter of urgent public importance
re Fire accidents in Benki etc., villages of Sukakulam district

26th March, 1917

Finance Department

50 fishermen &

(Region in brackets) — 23 fishermen, 20 fishermen, 50 fishermen, 50 fishermen, 50 fishermen.
26th March, 1967

Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

Fire accidents in Benki etc., villages of Srikakulam district

...small income group societies... low income group societies... need...急需...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...等...etc.
Calling attention to matters of urgent public importance
re Fire accidents in Benki etc., villages of Srikakulam district

On 26th March, 1967, Collector informed that matters of urgent public importance regarding fire accidents in Benki etc., villages of Srikakulam district need immediate attention. The Collector stated that rules of the permanent relief scheme need to be followed. The Collector directed that immediate relief be given to those affected. The Collector also directed the provision of relief materials to the affected families. The relief materials provided include house construction materials and immediate relief for those affected by the fire accidents.
PAPER LAID ON THE TABLE

re — DISSOLUTION OF VIZAYAWADA MUNICIPALITY

G O Ms No, 964, M A dated 8-11-66

Sri T V Raghavulu (The Minister for Excise and Prohibition) — On behalf of Sri N Chenchurama Naidu, Minister for Municipal Administration, I beg to lay on the Table copies of G O Ms No 964, M A dated 8-11-1966 dissolving the Vijayawada Municipal Council under sub-section (1) of the Section 62 of the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act 1965 (Act 6 of 1965) for a period of two years with effect on and from 9-11-1966

Mr Speaker — Paper laid on the Table

re — DISSOLUTION OF MEDAK MUNICIPALITY

G O Ms No 110, M A dated 23-2-1967

Sri T V Raghavulu — Sir, on behalf of Sri N Chenchurama Naidu, Minister for Municipal Administration, I beg to lay on the Table copies of G O Ms No 110, M A dated 23-2-1967 dissolving the Medak Municipal Council under sub-section (1) of Section 62 of the Andhra Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1965 (Act 6 of 1965) for a period of two years with effect on and from 27-2-1967

Mr Speaker — Paper laid on the Table

NOTIFICATION ISSUED UNDER SECTION 2 (a) (X) OF THE ANDHRA PRADESH GIFT GOODS (PREVENTION OF UNLAWFUL POSSESSION) ACT, 1965

G O Ms No 2317, Education Department, dated 26th November, 1966

Sri V B Raju — Sir, On behalf of Sri K Brahmananda Reddy, Chief Minister, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of notification in G O Ms No 2317, Education Department dated 26th November, 1966, and published at page 2871 of Part-I of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette dated the 22nd December, 1966 issued under Section 2 (x) of Andhra Pradesh Gift Goods (Prevention of Unlawful Possession) Act, 1965 (Andhra Pradesh Act 10 of 1965) as required by Section 8 of the said Act

Mr Speaker — Paper laid on the Table

AMENDMENTS TO THE ANDHRA PRADESH MOTOR VEHICLES RULES, 1964

G O Ms No 1870, Home (Transport-I) Department, dated 29-8-1966

G O Ms 1982, Home (Transport-I) Department, dated 13-9-1966

Sri V B Raju — Sir, on behalf of Sri K Brahmananda Reddy, Chief Minister, I beg to lay on the Table copies of the following Government orders containing amendments to the Andhra Pradesh Motor Vehicles Rules 1964 as required under Sub-section (3) of Section 133 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 (Central Act 4 of 1939)

1 G O Ms No 1870, Home (Transport-I) Department dated 29-8-1966

Privilege Motion  
26th March, 1967.

re Theft in the Legislators Hostel.

Rules issued under Andhra Pradesh Public Libraries Act, 1960

G O Ms No 2307, Education, dated 26-9-1966
G, O Ms No 2609, Education, dated 31-10-1966


Mr Speaker — Paper laid on the Table of the House

Mr Speaker — Please send me a notice I will consider it

Dr T V S Chalapati Rao (Vijayawada—East) — Mr Speaker Sir, may I be permitted to bring to your notice that the order of supersession was challenged by the ex-Chairman of the Municipality in the High Court by way of a writ, and the same is still pending there

Mr Speaker — I have asked the Member to put it in writing and send it to me, I will consider it

PRIVILEGE MOTION

re Theft in the Legislators Hostel

Sri C. V. K. Rao — I have given notice of a privilege motion

Mr Speaker — I have gone through the notice He need not read it out When members raise privilege issues in the House I think it is better they seriously think and think twice before they give notice It is a serious matter

Sri C V K Rao — We have no security, Sir We should have security We, as legislators, so long as we stay here, there must be security for ourselves, and for our articles And if that is denied, where are we to go? Here is a simple question I was lodged in a room in the Legislature Hostel which is under your control I locked it, I came here, attended the House and went back there The lock was opened, the articles were thrown out and letters were opened A bag that was locked, perhaps considered to contain some valuables was taken away and the door was closed Should I every minute of my stay here be under perpetual anxiety and worry as to the discharge of my duties? Therefore, I come before you, Sir It is the duty of this House to give me necessary protection—not only to me but it has to give necessary protection to every member If I sleep over this mind— I do not mind, I can as well sleep over this matter—well, it might happen anything to any one Therefore, it is
highly essential I have not come across in all my experience in legislative work in two States, one in Madras and another in Kurnool a type of this thing I am very sorry to say that the administration is hopelessly bad and necessary protection must be given by the Chair as Head of the Assembly Therefore, I come with this privilege motion and it is very pertinent Therefore, I request you once again to take all steps possible Let it be ignored— I do not mind, let my articles be stolen— I do not mind, but let it be assured that necessary protection to all legislators in the House and outside will be given during the session at least

Mr Speaker — There is a duty cast on the Government to protect the person and property of every citizen in this country, not only the legislators but every citizen in the country There is no duty cast on me personally to protect the person and property of any member in this House I am only concerned here with the breach of any privilege—whether it amounts to a breach of privilege or not, whether there is a prima facie case for referring the matter to the Committee on Privileges, etc There is no point in complaining of everything or anything that has happened outside the legislature The question is whether it amounts to a breach of privilege Now, a theft has taken place in his room

Sri C V K Rao — It might even be some kind of spying work and I would like it to be investigated, Sir

Mr Speaker — Supposing he is going along the streets of Hyderabad and somebody attacks him Simply because he is an M L A he cannot say ‘I am a M L A I was attacked’ This would amount to a breach of privilege’ But if in the discharge of his duties or in the course of his coming here to attend the Session, somebody arrests him or obstructs him from discharging his duties as a legislator, it might amount to a breach of privilege

Sri T Nagi Reddy — May I explain to you, Sir Here, Mr C V K Rao is lodged in the Legislators’ Hostel and naturally he keeps a number of papers pertaining to the Legislature work and therefore protection to such property in the hostel is extremely important for our duties to be performed here in the best manner possible and if that protection is not provided, then certainly our duties here cannot be performed in the manner in which we want to perform

Mr Speaker — It amount to his, Mr Nagi Reddy While the Assembly is in session, unless a member has got peace of mind he won’t be able to discharge his duties properly But then peace of mind is of various kinds If something happens to upset the balance of mind or disturbing the peace of mind of the members, then he won’t be in a position to discharge his duties as a member of the Legislature At that rate I don’t know every member may come and say ‘My peace of mind is disturbed’

Sri T Nagi Reddy — There is a material basis and a psychological basis I am talking of the material basis of the discharge of our duties If it is only a psychological basis, it is a different matter, nobody can control the sanity of a person. There might be various kinds of mental troubles I am not taking that into consideration I am just taking this particular question of keeping the property of a
member safe in the lodgings which the Government and the Legislature have provided for the members in the Hostel. We are living in the hostel and we certainly come here with the full hope that our rooms are safe. If there is less personnel for us to protect our property, it is the duty of the Speaker and the Government to provide a greater number of people there to keep watch. If certain things happen, it is the duty of the Government to enquire into the matter to find out as to what and why it has happened. If that is not done in time, then naturally every member who is sitting here will have a mind on the hostel and on the important things he has left there. Naturally, he cannot function properly. If a member is living outside the hostel, it is a different question. The hostel being in the management of the legislature and the hostel's property is under the management of the Legislature and the Speaker, we want to know what arrangements have been made to keep our properties safe and papers safe. Somebody who thinks that I am going to speak on a particular matter, can very easily open the room and take away the connected file and I won't be able to do my duty. Therefore, the material aspect of the peace of mind of the legislator must be considered when he is staying in the Government or Legislators Lodgings.

Mr Speaker — The point is whether this is a matter fit for referring to the Privileges Committee.

Mr Speaker — I am not concerned with what has happened there in his room. A theft has taken place. Somebody broke the lock in his absence and carried away some papers, some articles. The first duty of the member is to make a complaint to the police and it is for the police to investigate into the matter and charge the offenders. That is one thing. Now we are concerned with the breach of privilege. Here is a case where the aggrieved person, the victim happens to be a member of the Legislature. Simply because theft has taken place in the room of a legislator—even if it be hostel in his room—it does not make a difference. Some members have got their own houses. The member resides in his house. Then what is the position?

Sri T Nagi Reddy — Hostel is the property of the Legislature, Sir.
Privilege Motion

re Theft in the Legislators Hostel


Sri P. Subbayya (Yerragondi Palem) — This is a serious matter, Sir. We are afraid of keeping the papers inside the rooms and there is no proper management there. No doubt under the rules we are not permitted to bring all this here. But we have no other way except to bring it to the Assembly.

Mr. Speaker — It is a good suggestion. I will see that a watchman or a police man is kept there to protect the property of the members. That is a good suggestion. The point now is whether it amounts to a breach of privilege of a member. This House is concerned with the privilege question. The request to make some arrangements for protection of property or person that is a separate and different matter altogether. Now, suppose there are servants working in the two canteens. If some servant behaves in an impertinent manner will it amount to breach of privilege? He goes to a canteen and the server there does not treat him properly, does it amount to breach of privilege? The question is there are cases — certain things we must ignore and by our tact or whatever it may be, we must deal with things properly. We must deal with those personnel tactfully.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy — But here can we ignore this or can we deal with the culprit tactfully? We can do neither, the culprit is not know.
Mr Speaker — In future I will see if such things are brought to my notice, if somebody behaves in a high-handed and impertinent manner, I will check such things inside the Legislature Hostel. The question however now is that it does not amount to a breach of privilege. That is my opinion. He can convince me if there is prima facie case. I am prepared to be convinced.

Sri K. Brahmanda Reddy — I have nothing to say, Sir.

Mr Speaker — Now we are hearing it for the first time. We will ask that to be enquired into.

Staff — We can be made responsible.
for the row of rooms of 4 or 5 or 6 or 7 members arrange immediately

Mr Speaker - No more discussion on this. Whatever suggestions they want to make - they can come to my room and make the suggestions

Mr Speaker - I am giving an assurance that I will take all precautions to protect the person and property of all members, particularly who are residing in the Legislators Hostel. That is the only thing I can do. So far as the Breach of Privilege is concerned, I doubt if we are seriously touching it. If they want a ruling, I give my ruling. It is disallowed.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re DISTURBANCE AT AN ELECTION MEETING IN SRIKAKULAM

Sri G Lathanna - On a points of information, Sir, if phone message is received - it has to be entered in the minutes. The members want the minutes entered immediately.

Mr Speaker - If he is interested in the matter, let him give notice under Rule 74.

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy - What has rule 74 got to do with this, Sir? My submission is this - there will be a by election. Naturally, everybody is entitled to contest whether as individuals or as members of parties.
Mr Speaker - He can give a notice and I will ask the Government to make a statement.

Sri T Nagi Reddy - I take objection to what the Chief Minister has said in this regard, for the simple reason that elections is entirely a different question than an ordinary public meeting. Even in ordinary public meetings such things should not be done. When in the midst of elections and in the beginning such a thing has taken place, if the Chief Minister gives an answer of this type, it only...

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy - They are presuming that something is done.

Sri T Nagi Reddy - It is not a presumption. It is a serious matter. A phone message is received saying that an important person of the stature of N G Ranga has received such an atmosphere there, it is not proper and good, because Prof Ranga is an important person. Professor Ranga is a national leader. Serious...
Mr Speaker – Simply because every member gets up and says that there is a point of order, it cannot become a point of order. A point of order is a point if anything is sought to be done in the
Disruption at an election meeting in Srikakulam

House, contrary to the rules or constitution. Now, Sri Latchanna of course has brought to my notice and to the notice of the Government certain incident that has happened somewhere. There is no use of members getting excited over this. Every member has got a right to draw all matters of urgent and public importance. Rules provide for remedies. They have got the right to put short notice questions, they can bring under Rule 74 and there are other ways open to them. I asked Sri Latchanna to give a notice. If he gives a notice having all the facts, then I will call upon the concerned Minister to make a statement on the floor of the House. Simply because a member gets up and says—that is a thing which ought not to be allowed.

*** Mr Nagi Reddy, I will always assurance the House

Sri T Nagi Reddy — If you permit Sir, I want two minutes to express certain things.

Mr Speaker — Please hear me. In all important matters, I shall certainly use my discretion. Suppose, something very serious has happened in which they cannot afford to wait till the next day, I will certainly call upon the concerned Minister to make a statement immediately under Rule 74, on the motion. Such cases are very rare.

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy — Sir, in your wisdom, whatever remarks you might have passed just now about *** whether true or not true, that may be expunged.

Mr Speaker — The Speaker here is just like any other member in this House and has as much right to say and has freedom as any other member in this House.

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy — I am not denying your right or privilege, Sir. But, I appeal to you, they may be mis-interpreted or may not be taken in the same spirit in which you said in the context. It can be taken as an isolated thing and therefore, I would appeal to you to consider again.

Mr Speaker, — I will consider about it. So, what I say is, Mr Latchanna all important matters of urgent public importance one can raise. It is better to bring it in some form under Rule 74 or short notice, or whatever it may be or even by an adjournment motion.

Suddenly if one gets up and says that such and such a thing has happened, the Government may not be in a position or prepared to make a full statement on the matter.

*** Expunged as ordered by the chair.

273-4
MOTION ON ADDRESS BY THE GOVERNOR

Mr Speaker — Now, we resume discussion on the Governor's Address.

Sri S Vemaiah — Sir, I beg to move —

Add the following at the end —

But to regret to express the dissatisfaction as the Governor failed to see the unemployment problem arising out of the polling of the Government to reduce the establishment in all departments in the name of the economy in the State.

Add the following at the end —

"but, regret to express the dissatisfaction for the failure of the Governor in not mentioning the problems and difficulties of the Hand-loom Weavers who are facing the unemployment, under employment, starvation, mainly due to the negligence of the Government to supply the required yarn and coloured chemicals at reasonable rate and much less the disposal of the accumulation of cloth worth about 4 crores.

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved

Sri G Sivaiah — Sir, I beg to move —

Add the following at the end —

"but regret to express the dissatisfaction for the failure of the Governor in not mentioning the extension of the electricity supply scheme for the lift irrigation in drought affected areas like Puttur Taluk in Chittoor District".

Add the following at the end —

"but regret to express the dissatisfaction for the failure of the Governor in not mentioning the problems like unemployment, minimum wages, food grains supply, house site assignments to the workers in Beedi Industry and Hand-loom industry"

Add the following at the end —

"but, regret to express the dissatisfaction for the failure of the Governor in not mentioning of the proposed irrigation schemes
like "Ammmapalli reservoir" in Puttur Taluk Chittoor District and "Sakrada Anicut" in Puttur Taluk, which are most necessary in drought affected districts to solve the deficit food problem."

Mr Speaker  Amendments moved

Sri B N Reddy
Sri N Ragava Reddy
Sri U Malsoor

Sir, we beg to move

Add the following at the end —

"but regret for the omission of reference in the speech about the acute food situation and famine conditions in Nalgonda District."

Add the following at the end —

"but regret the omission at the deterioration of law and order situation in Nalgonda District wherein the land-lords are openly resorting to large-scale violence against the people and the communist party with firearms,

Add the following at the end —

"but regret at the failure of the address to point out at the violent attacks of the landlords and followers of the ruling party on the workers of the communist party and even killing three of party workers in Nalgonda District, one in Khammam and two in Guntur District.

Add the following at the end —

"but regret the failure of the Government in preventing the lawless behaviour of the followers of the ruling party and collusion of the police with them during the course of recent general elections and resorting to all sorts of malpractices by the ruling party."

Mr Speaker  Amendments moved

Sri Poola Subbaiah — Sir, I beg to move —

Add the following at the end —

"The most disturbing feature of the economy has been the rise in prices without check. To avert this, the State Government has to take over state trading in food grains and its ancillaries. It has to introduce statutory rationing in all cities having a population of a lakh and above and an informal rationing in all other places. the State Government has to follow strict procurement in surplus districts exempting the small landholders.

Add the following at the end —

"The abolition of the Land Revenue which has been the order in most of the states with a graded Agricultural Tax.

Add the following at the end —

The installation of a steel Plant at Visakhapatnam which is the most agitated and long—cherished desire of the state.
Add the following at the end —

"The construction of Godavari Barrage at Rajahmundry is not made mention of and which is imminently urgent in the larger interests of the state in particular and the country as a whole.

Add the following at the end —

"The 10% Economy Drive of the government ensures fuller unemployment and lower the standards of the government.

Add the following at the end —

"The state is drifting to financial crisis rapidly, the manifestations of which are overdrafting on the Reserve Bank and cut in services in the name of economy drive. To surmount this difficulty, it is better to scrap the prohibition or at least follow the recommendations of Tek-Chand Committee.

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved

Sri R Satyanarayana Raju
Sri P Seshavataram
Sir, we beg to move
Add the following at the end —

"but regret the omission about Godavari Barrage which the Government promised time and again."

Add the following at the end —

"but regrets the omission about Visakhapatnam Steel Plant which the Government promised time and again."

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved

Sri S Jagannadham Sir, I beg to move
Add the following at the end —

"but regret that the Governor has not made any mention about the Vamsadhara Project of Srikakulam District.

Add the following at the end —

"but regret about the lack of efficiency and ever growing corruption and blackmarketinng in the state.

Add the following at the end —

"but regret that the Government could not take effective steps to bring down the rise in prices.

Add the following at the end —

"but regret the misuse of power and also of corrupt practices adopted in the General Elections.

Add the following at the end —

"but regret that the Government has not abolished rationing and controls in the State and also of the mode of procurement from the ryots."
Mr Speaker — Amendments moved

Sri G B Appa Rao — Sir, I beg to move

Add the following at the end —

"But regret for not mentioning about the institution of a Development Board for Rayalaseem

Add the following at the end —

"But regret for not abolishing belt area in Chittor district

Add the following at the end —

"But regret for collecting fines from shareholders of the sugar factory, Chittoor for their inability to supply sugar cane to the factory

Add the following at the end —

But regret for collecting heavy penalties from the peasants who are taking water to dry land since decades for not taking permission to use water from irrigation source from the revenue authorities

Add the following at the end —

But regret for not conducting elections to Sugar Factory Chittoor

Add that the following at the end —

"But regret for not conducting elections to the Central Cooperative Bank, Chittoor

Add the following at the end —

"But regret for not conducting election to the District Marketing Society, Chittoor

Add the following at the end —

"But regret for the misuse of power of the Government during elections

Add the following at the end —

"But regret for not bringing in Legislation, prohibiting the M L As, M L C and M Ps from.

Add the following at the end —

"But regret for not mentioning regarding the permanent steps to be taken by the Government to eradicate famine in Rayalaseem and other areas in the state
Add the following at the end —
But regret for procuring paddy from peasants against the specific assurance given by the Chief Minister on the floor of the House that procurement would be done only from the millers but not from the peasants.

Add the following at the end —
But regret for not scrapping panchayat Samithis.

Add the following at the end —
But regret for not settling river water disputes.

Add the following at the end —
But regret for not mentioning any thing about fishermen in the state.

Add the following at the end —
"But regret for not mentioning about the execution of Vamsadhara project in Srikakulam District.

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved.

Sri D Narasimham — Sir, I beg to move.

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Add the following at the end —

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved.
Sri T Nagi Reddy —Sir, I beg to move —

Add the following at the end

"But regret the failure to take note of corrupt practices and violent methods adopted by the Ruling Party in the course of elections leading to murders in Nalagonda, Guntur and other districts, failure to give any indication of policy to end or atleast curb growing corruption in administration failure to indicate any move to end growing corruption not only in Government administration but also in industrial and other private sector agencies, failure to enumerate the steps the Government is going to take in relation to famine affected areas to give them permanent relief, failure to note the growing distress in hand-loom industry leading to unemployment and beggary of the hand-loom workers and finally the failure to enumerate any steps to arrest and bring down the consistent and progressive rise in prices of food especially pulses, oils etc."

Mr Speaker —Amendment moved

Sri Veerisela Gopalakrishnayya —Sir, I beg to move

Add the following at the end

"But regret for non-mentioning about the implementation of the Andhra Pradesh Official Language Act, 1966"

Mr Speaker —Amendment moved

Sri C V K Rao —Sir, I move

Add the following at the end

"but regret to note that the Ruling Party related to corruption and found means in the elections damaging the failure of our democratic system"

Add the following at the end

"But regret to note that the Address has not mentioned the urgent need of establishment of Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam and no mention is made about the compensation to be paid to the families of innocent persons killed in unwarranted police firing in Steel Plant agitation engineered and wilfully suppressed by the Ruling Party"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not mentioned about the urgent need to have elections in municipalities and have democratically elected councils in the place of the present undemocratic special regimes"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not referred to the immediate need of giving protection for the Medical people from retrenchment and dismissals and violation of trade union right resorted to by autocratic managements"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not stated anything to eradicate unemployment and underemployment among the middle class and working people"
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Add the following at the end

That the address has not referred to any clear measures to combat rampant corruption in high places

Add the following at the end

"That the address has made no mention of the neglect of Central Government regarding the industrial development of Andhra Pradesh"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has no mention of the moratorium on the debts of the small peasants or the need of such ameliorative measures to remove indebtedness"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has no mention of urgent need of improving the living conditions of the agricultural labourers, factory workers and municipal employees"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has not mentioned anything about eliminating the slums in the towns, providing the citizens with good sanitary conditions, water supply, roads, lighting, school and dispensaries"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has not mentioned about the failure of the present policy of prohibition which has perpetuated corruption on a large scale and the need to educate and persuade addicts through proper social agencies"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has not stated the agrarian reforms in the State"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not mentioned about harassing of the poor in towns and villages"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not mentioned about the improvement of fishermen and their profession in the State"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not stated anything to improve education by better facilities to students and teachers"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not made any categorical and effective proposals to check the rise to prices and eradicate black-marketing and corruption in this State"
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Add the following at the end

'That the address has not stated steps to end racketeering in fertilizers and steps to help the middle and small ryots'

Add the following at the end

'That the address has not referred to improvement of the conditions of the poor middle class women'

Add the following at the end

'That the address has not stated anything about the need to provide mid-day meals to all school-going poor children'

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved

Sri G Latchanna — Mr Speaker, I beg to move

Add the following at the end

'But regret for the non-declaration of the refund of all the land revenue and cesses illegally collected since 1950 as per the observations and findings of the High Court of Andhra Pradesh and Supreme Court,'

Add the following at the end

'But regret for non-declaration of the abolition of land revenue'

Add the following at the end

'But regret for not scraping the Prohibition'

Add the following at the end

'But regret for not mentioning about the question of location of the 5th Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam'

Add the following at the end

'But regret for not abolishing the controls on food grains'

Add the following at the end

'But regret for the inordinate delay in distribution of waste lands to Harijans, Girijans and other landless classes'

Add the following at the end

'But regret for the failure of Government in not taking effective steps so far on the decision of the Government to go in an appeal before the Supreme Court to get the lists of 'Other Backward Classes' published so as to enforce the rights provided under the Constitution to other Backward classes'

Add the following at the end

'But regret for not mentioning any thing regarding Vamsadhar Project'

Add the following at the end

'But regret for not mentioning regarding shifting the District Police Headquarters from Vijayanagaram to Srikakulam'

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved,

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26th March, 1967

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Sri Thangal Satyanarayana — Sir, I beg to move

Add the following at the end

"Regret that His Excellency the Governor of Andhra Pradesh was not pleased to attend in person to Address the Joint sitting of the State Legislature on 20-3-1967"

Add the following at the end

"Regret to note that there is no mention of conducting Municipal Elections immediately in the State"

Add the following at the end

"Regret to note that there is no motion of "Vamsadhara Project"

Add the following at the end

"Regret to note that there is no mention of 5th Steel Plant to be established at Visakhapatnam"

Add the following at the end

"Regret to note that there is no mention of total abolition of land revenue in Andhra Pradesh"

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved

Sri K Krishnamurthy — Sir, I beg to move

Add the following at the end

"But regret to note that there is no mention regarding the execution of Vamsadhara Project"

Add the following at the end

"But regret for not scraping prohibition"

Add the following at the end

"But regret that controls on food grains are not abolished"

Add the following at the end

"But regret for not appointing additional staff in all districts for assigning Banjar lands to the landless poor"

Add the following at the end

"But regret for not mentioning about the allocation of 5th Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam"

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved

Sri P Venkatesan — Sir, I beg to move

Add the following at the end

"But regret that no mention is made regarding the steps to be taken to clear the Handloom fabrics with co-operative societies, which are to the tune of 2 crores, and thereby help poor Handloom weavers who are now thrown unemployed"
Add the following at the end

"But regret that no mention is made regarding the schemes for protected water supply in Municipalities to be taken, as the public in Municipalities are suffering a lot in absence of the protected water supply in the Municipalities".

Add the following at the end

"But regret that no mention is made regarding the schemes for giving financial and other aids to be given to the landless poor, after assignment of lands to them, as there is no specific scheme formulated till now"

Add the following at the end

"But regret that a clear mention is not made regarding the schemes to be taken up for power supply to the Rural Areas, especially in Rayalseema areas, where agriculture is mainly depending on well irrigation"

Mr Speaker — Amendments moved

Smt J Eshwari Bai — Mr Speaker Sir, I rise to express my opinion regarding the Governor's address to this august Assembly after the recent fourth General Elections in the State. The address is very cursory and without proper facts and figures relating to financial and economic affairs of the State. At the very beginning of his address, he admits the failure of his Government. The implementation of the Five Year Plans and its schemes, he also admits that their investments on various items of expenditure have been unproductive. He also admits that the annual plan and the second year of the IVth Plan has not yet been finalised and chalked out. This clearly shows how the Governmental machinery is working for the welfare of the people. As a matter of fact we have been hearing about the finalisation of the IV Plan for the past two years. The IV Plan has not seen the light of the day. Unless we get the whole Governmental machinery overhauled and properly touched up to meet the challenge of the times, the economic and social advancement of the people will be a mere slogan.

Andhra Pradesh is called a rice granary and Annapurna in India. Perhaps, the food problem in various parts of the State is as acute as the drought stricken areas of Bihar and Kerala. Rice is being sold at Rs 97 per quintal though the procurement price is hardly Rs 52. Millers have become the worst food racketeers in the State. In the name of milling rice they take stocks from the producers. Stock-piling is the worst black-marketing source. It is high time the Government procures the foodgrains directly from the producers and supplies them to the consumers through their own agents.

The Food Corporation of India is a big white elephant whose existence and overhead charges are increasing the price of foodgrains.
to an abnormal extent in the State and the country. For example, for weighing grains there are Weighing officers, Weighing Supervisors and actual weighers in various godowns. The agency of the Food Corporation should be dispensed with by the State Government and its own machinery established on a most economical basis for procurement and distribution of foodgrains. In this connection, I have to point out that lot of smuggling of foodgrains is taking place from the Osmangunj Grain market with the connivance of police, to Maharashtra and Karnataka. Overnight, dozens of lorry loads of rice is brought to the Osmangunj market and transported to Maharashtra and Karnataka by lorries. This smuggling has been taking place due to the improper supervision at the checkposts either by the Commercial tax Department Officers or by the Civil Supplies personnel, who are not at the checkposts. The mere announcement of the closing of borders of the State will not solve the food smuggling. Most effective vigilance has to be maintained by the Government.

Next to the food problem is also the price problem. It is correlated to food problem. It is undoubtedly an all India problem. But yet, the State Government can take its own steps in curbing down the prices of various essential commodities like the pulses, edible oils, meat, vegetables, milk etc. The Government can make an all-out effort to sell these commodities either through ration shops or through other establishments. A network of shops to sell these commodities are necessary. Such an establishment will have definite effect on the price index and alleviate the sufferings of the people. The establishment of a few Super bazaars is no more a remedy to the enormous sufferings of the people. Cheapness of commodities and their easy supplies to consumers is the most important step in arresting the prices.

The Government has mentioned the establishment of various Central industries in the State. The main objective of establishing an industry is not only to industrialise the State but also to give employment to the people of the region concerned and solve the economic ills. But in Andhra Pradesh, it is the reverse. We have got so much information at our hand that the Managing Directors and various General Managers in the central factories established in Hyderabad are giving employment mostly to the people coming from the region wherefrom the General Manager hails. For instance, the Managing Director of the Hindustan Machine Tools Limited, Bengalore gets all the skilled labour from Bengalore. Hence appeals to the Andhra Pradesh Government to see that most of the Heads of the Central Undertakings are taken from the region where the factories are located so that the interests of the people of the region are safeguarded.

I hope that with the induction of Dr M Chenna Reddy as the Minister for Steel and Mines at the Centre, he will strive for the location of the fifth steel plant at Vissakhapatnam within the tenure of his period as Minister for Steel and Mines. He has been an ardent advocate of locating industries in our State as State Minister for Industries. In passing I want to utter a word of warning to Dr Chenna Reddy let him not flounder on the steel plant and quit the Central Government.
The Social Welfare Department has become a by-word for various scandals. It is almost the talk of the Capital City that the so-called Managers of Hostels increase the boarders as they would like to receive grants for hostels. The hostel manager increases his pupils from 100 to 400 and from 400 to 1000. There are instances where a single hostel manager has drawn lakhs of rupees for building grants. This has to be probed into. There are managers who are running a chain of hostels, who may establish an empire of hostels and earn huge sums. They are small Maharajas in their own right.

A 3-crore budget for 10 million scheduled castes and scheduled tribes is a very paltry sum and does not touch the fringe of the problem. This scholarship payments are terribly delayed and are given at the end of the year after the poor boys expend their own amounts on education. Thus, the scholarships are not at all beneficial to the poor boys. Hence, the Government should establish such a machinery that scholarships are distributed to these students regularly at the commencement of the academic year.

The Governor mentioned that Rs 30 lakhs has been provided for house-sites for Harijans and that each family will be provided with Rs 50 for raising the superstructure on the site provided. This amount of Rs 50 is only enough to purchase a big zinc sheet and a few gunnies. This amount of Rs 50 is a measuring gauge of Government’s sympathy for the scheduled castes. If the Government wants the scheduled tribes to provide a decent habitation, they should provide a minimum sum of Rs 300.

There are many instances of wells being dug for Harijans on the files of the Government, but which in reality do not exist in the places where they are supposed to have been dug and there are some cases where some wells are repeated in the budget provision for several years. A thorough probe into the so-called wells for Harijans should be made.

The Governor has further said that Government has been assigning lands to the poor Harijans in various parts of the State. In this connection, I have to state that lands are assigned to the so-called nominees of big landlords and not to the needy and down-trodden Harijans. In an indirect way the landlords are thus able to build up a land empire in the name of Harijans. Even in the so-called land which has been distributed to Harijans, the most unfertile and stone lands had been given to the Harijans. The land given in Nalgonda District is almost uncultivable and useless. The economic condition of the Harijans is worsening day by day.

In passing I have to mention about the meagre representation in services of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes. I find that serious efforts are not being made by the Public Service Commission regarding recruitment of Harijans as per the constitutional safeguards. Many posts are thus going by default on account of improper implementation of the reservation ratio in Government services, and among the higher ranks the scheduled castes do not find even 2% representation in the gazetted services even after 20 years of independence. There is not even a single Secretary from the Scheduled Castes in the whole of the Andhra Pradesh though in view of their seniority many others from other communities are promoted to.
senior posts. Even though there are scheduled caste members who have sufficient seniority, they are denied promotion in the name of efficiency and administrative ability. I want the Government to have a thorough enquiry into the service conditions of scheduled castes and the setting up of a Commission to go into the grievances of hundreds of scheduled castes persons in various departments whose cases are going by default. I want to ask the Government whether the communal G O issued by the Sanjivayya Government is in existence or not. Some say it is scrapped and some say it is not scrapped. Many a person who had been promoted as a result of this G O have been demoted after the exit of Sri D Sanjivayya. Is there any governmental propriety or constitutional propriety in cancelling Government Orders? Whatever may be the G Os, the Government of Andhra Pradesh is not at all properly implementing the various reservations for scheduled castes in services.

I urge upon the Government to concede without further delay the just demands of the House Surgeons and post-graduate medical students. Assurances given to them on the floor of the Assembly should be respected at all costs. When their position in other States is better off, why should they be denied the same privileges by this State Government? I hope the Chief Minister and the Health Minister will explore all possibilities to meet their demands.

I also want that the Government should scrap prohibition in Andhra in order to increase the revenue of the State. While there is no prohibition in Telangana, there is prohibition in Andhra. How can there be dual policy in one and the same State? Prohibition in Andhra is a total failure since illicit liquor is being sold freely. Government should not feel shy in this regard. Even the Mysore Government are having second thoughts on prohibition. I hope the Government will take a bold stand and scrap prohibition in Andhra.

Last but not least, nepotism and corruption in Governmental administration is the biggest disease eating into the vitals of the Government. Corruption is mainly responsible for inefficiency and lack of progress. Corruption is rampant whether in the matter of construction of a dam, of a project, of a bridge, of a factory, of a hospital — may in every developmental activity in the State. This is seen from the way estimates are formulated in the beginning of a project and how they increase when the project comes up. Due to corruption most of our plan projects are inflated and are costing the exchequer more than their due share. I want the establishment of a permanent department to root out corruption from Governmental machinery. A clean and efficient administration is the need of the hour.

Mr Speaker — Nearly 40 or 50 members want to participate in the debate and it is virtually impossible for all of them to participate. Now it is 10-20 a.m. I do not know what time Mr Nagi Reddy will take. I shall allot 10 minutes or so for each member and such of those who cannot get an opportunity to speak today I shall give them an opportunity tomorrow and the day after.

(Pause)
The Chief Minister has brought to my notice that my observations during the discussion on point of order raised by Sri Latchanna may not be taken in good spirit. So, those observations will not form part of the report.
Sri T Nagi Reddy — For once I see eye to eye with a Congress Member. I request the Government to see that the enquiry is properly made as per his demand.

Sri P Govardhana Reddy — I myself am requesting for it. I request the Member not to bother about it.
Mr Speaker — Perhaps, the matter is subs judice

Sri T Nagi Reddy — I do not think so. I am not at all concerned about it being subs judice. After all he placed some facts and I have placed some more facts before the House. I request that they may be enquired into.

Mr Speaker — But I believe the matter is in the Court.

Mr Speaker — If it is in the Court, it is subs judice.
26th March, 1967  

Motion on Address by the Governor

यही दृष्टि सब ही जीतों में एक के बाद एक जीतित्तम होती है। उत्क्रांति के कारण नागाजुकिणागर इस्तेमाल के लिये 1966-67 में 79, 25 करोड रुपये का आदेश है। यह 75, 15, 15, 15, 20% की वृद्धि है। जैसा कि पहुँचा है, उन्माचार में यह बात साफ़ नहीं है।

इसी बीच यह कि लोग पर नुमाशिक ताक, इसक उपजाऊ कामों पर बताये जा रहे, उन्माचार में कहा गया है। लेकिन उन्हें रोकने नहीं यह भी सरकार की एक हृदय वृद्धि के लिये स्वागत होती है। और कोहोरी तीसरा कारण कंप्यू में नहीं दिखा गया है। अनाज की कीमतों की बढ़ती को रोकने के और पैदेश की बढ़ते हुए भी सरकार की एक हृदय वृद्धि के लिये स्वागत होती है।

हालांकि में ज्ञान रखता हूँ कि जहाँ तैराकी सरकार की बढ़ती है कि स्वास्थ्य, बच्चों, बच्चों, बच्चों, बच्चों, बच्चों, बच्चों, बच्चों, बच्चों की सरकार की बढ़ती है।

बहुतों में सुरधार और 15 में सहायता सरकार की बढ़ती है। बच्चों, बच्चों, बच्चों, बच्चों, बच्चों की सरकार की बढ़ती है।

और राजन के पास कीमतों की बढ़ती से रोकने के लिये विदेश अर्थव्यवस्था के और कोहोरी जीतों नहीं है।

तीन के बारे में तो यह बात आती है कि यह 'गांधी' काबीज़ी सरकार की बढ़ती है।

उसके पुरुष दिन पर उसका बारे में कहा गया है कि यह साल में 72, 15, 15, 15, 25 करोड रुपये की करीब होगी। यही सल्ला में तो यह बात आती है कि यह साल में 72, 15, 15, 15, 25 करोड रुपये की करीब होगी।

तीनों के समान तो यह बात आती है कि यह साल में 72, 15, 15, 15, 25 करोड रुपये की करीब होगी।

तीन के बारे में तो यह बात आती है कि यह साल में 72, 15, 15, 15, 25 करोड रुपये की करीब होगी।

तीनों के समान तो यह बात आती है कि यह साल में 72, 15, 15, 15, 25 करोड रुपये की करीब होगी।
समाज कथित आदिवासी विभागों पर १९६६-६७ में ४८० करोड़ रुपये रखने की बात कहीं गई है इसको भी वापस वापस करना होता है। अभी यह बताया गया है कि इन विभागों में काफी नागरिका होती है। हरिजनों और आदिवासियों को सूचनाएं देने के लिए उन्हें ६०-८० लाख रुपये के खर्च से वापस लौटाने को बहस में आया है परंतु अब यह गलत बताया है। यह बताया गया है कि यह गलत बताया है यह वापस फिर वापस नहीं होता है। इसमें अंत और बात है, मैं नहीं जानता कि यह गलत बताया है या यह तथ्य यह नहीं होता है। हालांकि यह बताया गया है कि सत्य है तथ्य मुक्त लागत होती है। इसमें एक और बात है, मैं नहीं जानता कि यह गलत बताया है या यह तथ्य यह नहीं होता है। इसमें एक और बात है, मैं नहीं जानता कि यह गलत बताया है या यह तथ्य यह नहीं होता है। हालांकि यह बताया गया है कि सत्य है तथ्य मुक्त लागत होती है।

हरिजनों को जमीन दिलाने के लिए ३० लाख रुपये रखने की बात भी इससे कहीं गई है। यह भी बताया गया है कि उन्हें अपनी जमीन पर छप्पर खाने के लिए फी फिक्की २५ रुपये दिये जाने चाहिए। बाद में हरिजन। ब्रह्मांड रहेंगे सरकार हरिजन विभागों में कुछ लाखों के लिए ५० लाख रुपये देने की बात भी कही गई है। अन्य विभागों के लिए ५ लाख रुपये रखे जाते हैं। हालांकि यह बताया गया है कि वहाँ वह बात कहीं ही नहीं है विभिन्न समाज/समुदाय का परिचालन है।

अंधविश्वासों के लिए ११५ लाख रुपये और उनके विधायकों के लिए २० लाख २५ पैसे रखे जाते हैं। अंधविश्वासों के लिए २० लाख रुपये और उनके विधायकों के लिए २० लाख २५ पैसे रखे जाते हैं। अंधविश्वासों के लिए २० लाख रुपये और उनके विधायकों के लिए २० लाख २५ पैसे रखे जाते हैं।
44 26th March, 1967 Motion on Address by the Governor

Smt. Rama Kumari Devi (Madugula)  Mr. Speaker, Sir

I rise to speak in support of the motion of thanks.
The people of Andhra Pradesh have shown maturity of political judgement in voting a stable Government into power. Without a stable Government, talk of progress would be vain. Further, this House has many new Members whose enthusiasm can be guided by senior Members. What is more, we have an able Chief Minister who will give due weight to our suggestions. Thus, we are entering the 4th Plan period with optimism and fond hope.

The State has remained backward. This is an objective fact which cannot be ignored by the Centre or State.

I would suggest that it would be appropriate to set up a State Development Commission which would be a semi-autonomous body of experts and laymen to look after all the aspects of the question of development of this State.

Its functions would be –

1. to advise the Government on the scheduling of an area as underdeveloped following well-defined criteria
2. to suggest the methods of promoting industrial and other development in each area
3. to suggest ways and means of finding financial resources
4. to suggest the methods of financing to institutions on questions of financial assistance
5. to survey the progress of the development efforts and outlays and report periodically whether any significant advancement has resulted
6. to examine critically the extent of disadvantage sustained by the other areas in the process of developing the underdeveloped areas.

I may here state that in England, a legislation was enacted to “schedule” areas as “Development areas” and the Board of Trade was entrusted with the responsibility of improving these areas. With its own initiative and assessment, it was responsible for the promotion of balanced economic development of the State. One method of promoting fast economic growth and development which I have seen in England as adopted by this Board of Trade is to provide tax exemptions which have the effect of stimulating industrial growth. Low density of population over wide areas, high transport costs are criteria for granting exemptions.

In 1941, it may be recalled, there was an Advisory Committee for development of Rayalaseema.

A famous economist, Dr. Nicholson said “The coast line, rivers, proximity to rich coal and iron fields, temperate moist climate and fertility of soil are still the foundations of the wealth of Nations.” Our State is rich in these factors but we are not able to pay attention to exploitation of natural resources and industrial development because our financial resources are drained by the Major irrigation projects for which adequate Central assistance is not forthcoming.
26th March, 1967

Motion on Address by the Governor

Patnam district abounds in small rivers over which dams are yet to be constructed although sanctioned many years ago. This district is now hit by drought seriously.

Our State has 600 miles of coast line and 1,344 miles of inland water ways. Yet a coordinated policy of canal and port development was not evolved. This should cheapen the interior connections of the ports. Private Capital assisted by State financial aid should help expand the role of coastal shipping. In England as I have seen inland water ways offer a cheap alternative to rail and road transport. To develop coastal shipping, minor ports, inland water ways and encourage the flow of private capital, a semi-autonomous corporation should be formed. The chances of coastal trade at Kaknade and Narsapur ports will greatly improve in future.

Coming to my District, Visakhapatnam, it is very under developed. Arundel dam, Kadakandla on Sarada river is in need of repairs since 20 years. Raivada reservoir scheme and Konam reservoir scheme though sanctioned are not taken up as the waters of these are earmarked for steel plant. Alternative facilities are not provided. Rural electrification schemes are lagging behind and lift irrigation schemes are not implemented. Roads are in bad state of repair. To set right all these matters a master-plan was drawn up but its execution was not taken up. If it is implemented some improvement in the district will materialise.

Now, I want to say one more thing. This is simply neglected and not mentioned in the Budget in the Fourth Five-Year Plan, that is, the wealth in the sea at Visakhapatnam. Monozite sand deposits of Visakhapatnam coast are not being worked although they are the richest in the world. The sands contain Thorium, Uranium, Titanium and other rare and precious elements having many applications in nuclear energy and other industries. The Kerala Government established a Plant for working the deposits on Kerala coast and in Bihar the Union Government has established a factory. We should also convert into cash these black sands.

Regarding social welfare, I would like to say there is coffee plantation from Bhadrachalam to Paderu and the proposal to establish a factory on either side has not so far materialised though we are getting very good coffee seed. If this is done it will be a great help for all the tribal people and it will be a good commercial proposition.

Another point I would like to mention is that in Srungavarapukota area there are rich deposits of graphite. At present our Government is spending lot of money for the transport of this precious ore from Orissa to Andhra. So why should we not have our own mining when we have very fine graphite?

The present land revenue assessment should be scrapped and graduated agricultural income-tax should be introduced after the financial implications are studied. This will not only remove the burden on small ryots but would modernise the agrarian fiscal policy. Along with it a crop insurance scheme must be introduced to indemnify the ryot against crop failure.
The general elections were conducted peacefully and efficiently all over the State. It is important to acknowledge the efforts of the electoral authorities and the general public. The elections were characterized by a high voter turnout, with over 80% of eligible voters casting their ballots. This is a testament to the democratic spirit of the people.

Is it not sufficient to provoke breach of peace and order? It is time to move forward and build a better tomorrow. The plans and resources must come from the bottom. Don't commit the same mistakes again.
Donot repeat the mistakes Let the Government learn from the mistakes already committed

plans for surplus State & surplus State controls

price controls

encouragement & encouragement...
Mo 10 on Address by the Governor 26th March, 1967

As taxation is the main source of revenue in a democratic country, it is essential to maintain a balanced taxation system. However, taxation alone cannot cover all expenses. It is necessary to have a dual system of revenue, one being the tax revenue and the other being the non-tax revenue. Income Tax on income above the ceiling is one way to invest in the economy. The government should ensure that the tax system is fair and equitable. Income Tax should not be an income ceiling but a way to invest in the economy. The government should be proactive in controlling the economy. Education and health should be given priority. The government should also educate the people about the benefits of the tax system.

The best government is one which covers the least number of people. Administrative reforms must be serious and accountable. Dual System for Departments should be expanded. The Dual System includes Revenue, Agriculture, PWD, and other departments.
Motion on Address by the Governor

36th March, 1967

Subjects are to be abolished. Revenue Board is to be abolished. State Government is to be independent. Economy is to be plan. Election is to be held.

Economy is to be plan. Election is to be held.
Motion on Address by the Governor 26th March, 1967

26 March, 1967

A number of amendments to the Address have been accepted by the Governor.

Administrative Reforms:

Motion on Address by the Governor

20th March, 1967

29 Kingsway, 1967

Motion on Address by the Governor

In an Address to the Governor, the Governor expressed the views of the National Development Council on the proposed out of Budget expenditure on Southern States. The Governor suggested that the Southern States should be provided with the necessary funds to implement the Master Plan. The Opposition supported the Governor's proposals and agreed to provide the necessary funds. The Central Government also provided funds to support the Master Plan. The Governor expressed the need for Special Committees to be formed for the implementation of the Master Plan. The Block Development Officers were also given the necessary funds to implement the Master Plan.
Motion on Address by the Governor

26th March, 1977

The Governor addressed the House on the following matters:

1. Food and Agriculture department

2. Irrigation
26th March, 1987  

Motion on Address by the Governor

S4 26th March, 1987  

Motion on Address by the Governor

S4 26th March, 1987  

Foreign exchange

Concrete suggestions

Remodel

Coordination
Motion on Address by the Governor 26th March, 1967.

Administrative Reforms కార్యానుసారం ప్రారంభ చిత్రాలు మహత్వపूర్ణ 
విషయాలు చేసేకాలింగా ప్రత్యేకమైన ఏ ప్రామాణిక 
రూపాలు సాధారణ విషయాలు మార్గాన్ని సంపూర్ణంగా అమలైంపు 
గా కొనసాగేకాది. ఈ ప్రామాణిక పరిష్ఠానాలకి సంబంధించిన 
ప్రామాణిక చర్యలు మార్గాన్ని సంపూర్ణంగా అమలైంపు వేయాలి. 
ప్రత్యేకమైన ఏనిముంటే మహత్వపూర్ణ విషయాలను 
సంపూర్ణంగా అమలైంపు వేయాలి.

రూపాలు సాధారణ విషయాలు మార్గాన్ని సంపూర్ణంగా 
అమలైంపు గా కొనసాగేకాది. ఈ ప్రామాణిక 
రూపాలకి సంబంధించిన ప్రత్యేక ప్రామాణిక చర్యలు 
మార్గాన్ని సంపూర్ణంగా అమలైంపు వేయాలి. 
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విషయాలను సంపూర్ణంగా 
అమలైంపు వేయాలి.

రూపాలు సాధారణ విషయాలు మార్గాన్ని సంపూర్ణంగా 
అమలైంపు వేయాలి. ఇవి ప్రత్యేకమైన 
ప్రామాణిక రూపాలకి సంబంధించిన 
ప్రత్యేక ప్రామాణిక చర్యలు 
మార్గాన్ని సంపూర్ణంగా 
అమలైంపు వేయాలి. 
ప్రత్యేకమైన 
ఏనిముంటే 
మహత్వపూర్ణ 
విషయాలను 
సంపూర్ణంగా 
అమలైంపు 
వేయాలి.
36 26th March, 1907 Motion on Address by the Governor

Sri A. VASUDEVA RAO — That word is not parliamentary

Sri KONDA LAXMAN BAPUJI — He should withdraw that word

*** With drawn by the concerned Member.
Sri P Subbaya — I will prove it, if a judicial enquiry is instituted and withdraw. It will be seen by the Government that this does not happen. Faction leaders will not be allowed to lead the Judiciary Committee or the District Committees. If it is fair elections, why? Democratic system is not fair. If it is fair, the people will not be allowed to vote. If it is fair, the Judiciary Committee will not be allowed to work. If it is fair, the M L A will not be allowed to be a member. If it is fair, the Rural areas will not be allowed to work. If it is fair, the land revenue scrap will not be allowed. If it is fair, the U P will not be allowed to work. If it is fair, the R T C will not be allowed. If it is fair, the High Court, Supreme Court Strictures pass G O & not allowed. If it is fair, the feelings will not be allowed to work. If it is fair, the R T C will not be allowed. If it is fair, the Supreme Court will not be allowed. If it is fair, the M L A will not be allowed. If it is fair, the President will not be allowed to work. If it is fair, the High Court Supreme Court will not be allowed to work.
26th March, 1967  

Motion on Address by the Governor

Economy drive raises the economic productivity. Austerity measures and economy drive reduce the rate of inflation. One hour delay costs 30 lakhs if I remember correctly. A 10 per cent cut in the standard of administration would mean a cut in the rate of inflation. Sayings of economists about the economic situation are not always correct. The Government has to be economical in its spending. Austerity measures should be taken to reduce the rate of inflation. Prohibition should be scrapped.

House Surgeons 200

Post-Graduates 260

UP House Surgeons 200

Estimates Committee, Public Accounts Committee, prohibition should be scrapped. Land revenue should be abolished. A 10 per cent cut in the standard of administration should be implemented. The sanction for the Tungabhadra low level canal should be increased from 40, 50...
Motion on Address by the Governor 26th March, 1967

Mr. Speaker,

In pursuance of the motion moved by the Governor on 26th March, 1967, the bridges over the river Cauvery, at Chamarajapet, Luniyamal, and Ramsug, and also the bridge existing at Gokhur, require a thorough investigation into the structural safety, considering the increased traffic and the possibility of accidents. Hence, it is necessary to ensure adequate security measures.

The revenue collection in the area of the new bridges is expected to increase significantly due to the enhanced transportation facilities. The land revenue collection in the existing bridges needs to be assessed.

The public enquiry conducted by the R.D.O. indicated that the existing bridges are not suitable for the increased traffic. A new public enquiry is being conducted to determine the feasibility of constructing new bridges.

The election of Assistant Engineer for the low level canal of the Emmiganur Sub-Division is necessary to expedite the construction of the new bridges.

The distribution of fertilizers and electricity is being undertaken by the Council of Ministers.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

Council of Ministers
26th March, 1967  Motion on Address by the Governor

Notion on Address by the Governor

highest executive
independent
individuals
complex institution
మార్చ 26వ డిసెంబరు, 1967 నియంత్రణ బదిలుచేస్తుంది. మార్చ 26వ డిసెంబర్ నియంత్రణ బదిలుచేస్తుంది. మార్చ 26వ డిసెంబర్ నియంత్రణ బదిలుచేస్తుంది.

ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి.

మార్చ 26వ డిసెంబర్ నియంత్రణ బదిలుచేస్తుంది. మార్చ 26వ డిసెంబర్ నియంత్రణ బదిలుచేస్తుంది. మార్చ 26వ డిసెంబర్ నియంత్రణ బదిలుచేస్తుంది.

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ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి.

మార్చ 26వ డిసెంబర్ నియంత్రణ బదిలుచేస్తుంది. మార్చ 26వ డిసెంబర్ నియంత్రణ బదిలుచేస్తుంది. మార్చ 26వ డిసెంబర్ నియంత్రణ బదిలుచేస్తుంది.

ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి — ఫిలిపిన్ రాజకీయ పరిస్థితి.
26th March, 1967

Motion on Address by the Governor

62

The Governor addressed the Assembly on the following points:

1. The economic situation of the country,
2. The development of infrastructure,
3. The education and health sectors,
4. The role of the government in promoting entrepreneurship.

The Assembly paid close attention to the Governor's speech and discussed its implications

The proceedings were adjourned for the day.

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2. The development of infrastructure,
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The Assembly paid close attention to the Governor's speech and discussed its implications

The proceedings were adjourned for the day.
MOTION ON ADDRESS BY THE GOVERNOR
26th March, 1967

Sir,

Mr. Chairman, Members of the Legislative Assembly,

I am pleased to join with you in expressing our appreciation of the report of the Committee of Inquiry into the charges brought against the Town Bank. The report is a thorough and impartial examination of the allegations made against the bank, and it has served to clear the name of the Town Bank of the false imputations that have been levelled against it.

I believe that the Town Bank has always been a reputable institution, and I am confident that it will continue to discharge its duties with integrity and fairness. I hope that the public will now understand the true nature of the charges that have been made against the bank, and that they will support its activities with confidence.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

[Address]

[Date]
26th Match, 196?. Motion on Address by the Governor

You have not mentioned the allotment for agriculture separately. Irrigation, Agriculture, 207, you have not mentioned the allotment for food problem and solve it. Food Corporation white elephant. I would like to know how the bazaars are being financed. Is it in competition with the other merchants or to supersede the bazaar itself? Is it working on no profit basis? I would like to know how the bazaars are being financed.
Motion on Address by the Governor 26th March, 1967

pensions  may  be  an  item  of  great  importance  in  the  future.  It  may  be  noted  that  the  pension  of  Rs.  500  per  month  for  the  Governor  and  the  Lt.  Governor  has  been  increased  from  Rs.  400  per  month.  Further,  in  the  case  of  the  Governor,  it  has  been  proposed  to  increase  the  pension  from  Rs.  1,200  to  Rs.  1,500  per  month.  It  is  proposed  to  increase  the  pension  of  the  Lt.  Governor  from  Rs.  1,000  to  Rs.  1,200  per  month.

The  increase  in  pensions  is  expected  to  provide  better  living  conditions  for  the  Governors  and  the  Lt.  Governors.  It  is  hoped  that  this  increase  will  go  a  long  way  in  improving  the  morale  of  the  officers  and  employees  of  the  Government.

This  increase  in  pensions  is  justified  by  the  economic  considerations.  The  cost  of  living  has  been  increasing  at  a  rapid  pace  and  it  is  necessary  to  adjust  the  pensions  accordingly.  The  increase  in  pensions  will  also  help  in  retaining  the  best  talent  in  the  service.

The  increase  in  pensions  is  expected  to  benefit  the  civil  servants  and  employees  who  have  contributed  to  the  development  of  the  State  over  the  years.  The  increase  in  pensions  is  a  step  in  the  right  direction  and  it  is  hoped  that  it  will  be  followed  by  similar  increases  in  the  future.
0.26th March, 116

Motio on Add* ess by th Gov-nor

( Mr Speaker in the Chair )
Motion o A lntces by the Governor 26th March 1967

Mr. Speaker, Mr. Deputy Speaker, Honorable Members, My dear friends,

I am pleased to present the Annual Report of the State Government for the year 1966-67. The report covers various aspects of the administration, including education, health, agriculture, and industry. The highlights of the report include:

1. Expansion of educational facilities with the opening of several new schools and colleges.
2. Improved health care services with the establishment of new hospitals and health centers.
3. Enhanced agricultural productivity through the introduction of new techniques and the distribution of seeds and fertilizers.
4. Economic development with increased industrial activity and the establishment of new industries.

The Government is committed to ensuring the well-being of all citizens and will continue to work towards the betterment of the state.
26th March, 1967. Motion on Address by the Governor

[At this stage, a Member was seen reading the newspaper]

Mr Speaker — Let not hon. Members read newspapers in the House.
Motion on Address by the Governor 26th March, 1867

69
Motion on Address by the Governor

The Governor presented the following motion to the legislature:

The Governor addressed the legislature on the need for a comprehensive review of the state's infrastructure, including transportation, education, and healthcare. The Governor highlighted the importance of investing in these sectors to improve the quality of life for all residents. The Governor also emphasized the need for strong leadership to address the challenges facing the state.

The Governor concluded by expressing confidence in the legislature's ability to work together to achieve these goals.
Motion on Address by the Governor 26th March, 1967

For once I seem to agree with your statement...
28th March, 1967  Motion on Address by the Governor

[Text content not legible due to quality of the image]
It must begin from us and it cannot begin from down below.
6th March, 1967

Motion on Address by the Governor

Andhra Handloom Co-operative employees to go on strike from 27th of this month Demand for a free copy of Deccan Chronicle by a Sub-Inspector of Police, Nizamabad was refused leading to the manhandling of the person, 

Retrenchment of 1700 employees with 20 years of service in workshops in Garladinne

We are living in a state of extreme crisis, economically and otherwise Is there a policy change in Government? Not talked of It is not a policy statement It is a blind-man's guess
26th March, 1967

Motion on Address by the Governor

It must be started from the top. It is only that Congress plans of distribution of credit which have mainly benefited the rich peasants and it promises to recognise the scheme of agricultural aid in the interests of ordinary peasants. Towards this end, the Government will make efforts to reorganise the scheme of agricultural aid by giving recognition to the organisations of peasants and agricultural workers. Fertilisers, social reforms, economic reforms, etc., Kerala Document states. The Law should provide for all types of tenants including those occupying home states to buy the land. They cultivate or occupy and possess them with full rights. The Government will prepare an amending bill to the land law to serve this purpose. Tenancy Bill passed. Tenants will have Minimum economic programmes. 40% of the rice will be sold at the price, 20% will be sold at the price, 40% will be sold at the price. Then availability food production. The government will procure rice, sugar, etc., for distribution in the state.
It is necessary to bring whole sale trade in food-grains into the State sector ensuring that small traders and Co-operative Societies are not adversely affected, guaranteeing fair prices to the cultivating peasants while at the same time organising distribution in such a way as to make food available to the consumers at low prices. I should certainly say that there is a great danger in our moving in the greater crisis.
26th Match, 1967

Motion on Address by the Governor

This is the beginning of a motion on address by the Governor.
I am not of the opinion that the administration will be efficient if the Ministry is a very small one. I am also not of the opinion that there must be a Minister for every two Members. Therefore, we will have to see how best things will be carried and by what strength of the Ministry.
26th March, 1967

Motion on Address by the Governor

... Independents are 30 vociferous voices. They can certainly exercise their judgement...
Non-Congress Governments as a proof—

Elections and Election Returning Officers

Municipal Councils

Election Commission

disenfranchise

273—14
26th March, 1967

MOTION ON ADDRESS BY THE GOVERNOR

This is one of the things that can be seen. After all elections generate heat and emotion. After all we are human beings with our emotions and feelings. Fundamental point: elections are free, efficient, and peaceful. This is a common platform for candidates to contest. The Election Commission has been established to ensure this.

The chief minister, the chief secretary, and the administration have undertaken certain measures. These measures include a common platform for candidates to contest. The Election Commission has been established to ensure this.
Sri T Nagi Reddy — Where shall we meet that is also an important factor

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy — Very good At the earliest possible moment we will certainly meet We will discuss this matter
26th March, 1967  Motion on Address by the Governor

Separate Food Zones & separate surplus Food zones are a necessity. Separate Food Zones in the State are Surplus Food zones of the State. Separate Food Zones are required because of the Food Minister's statement that surplus State Food Zones are for the benefit of the food merchants. The surplus Food zones are for the benefit of the rice eating population. Central Government estimate of 1967-68 was 1,800,000 tons of rice surplus. This is to be distributed to the rice eating population. Surplus rice is to be distributed to the rice eating population. Rice eating population is estimated to be 1,800,000 tons. Central Government estimate of 1967-68 was 1,800,000 tons of rice surplus. This is to be distributed to the rice eating population.
Middle of the road busineses are not the answer. Let us take up this subject, let us try to discuss it. We must discuss it thoroughly, let us take up this subject, let us have a discussion, let us try to some extent at least if we can succeed in this matter, of course with the assistance and co-operation of the Central Government. 

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26th March, 1967. Motion on Address by the Governor

...
Motion on Addicts by the Governor 26th March, 1967.

The Governor noticed the representation of the authority of the police regarding the use of the Madras Fund for the purchase of 15,000 of the 1000 rupee notes and decided to proceed accordingly.

He further said that the report of a committee on the sale of sales-tax receipts was being considered and in the meantime the legislature had considered the proposal to abolish the sales-tax on food distribution. The sale of 10,000 rupee notes by the government would be subject to the approval of the government.

The Governor also mentioned that the proposed committee was working out the details of the proposal to abolish the sales-tax on food distribution.
28th March, 1967

Motion on Address by the Governor

I am not entering into the merits of the judgment, I am not questioning the legality or otherwise of the judgment. I am only saying that we should not do anything which may offend the Constitution as interpreted by the courts.

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Motion on Address by the Governor  
26th March, 1967  
99

family planning, Sir, especially in the light of the current drought conditions in the country and the need to ensure a steady increase in production and output. Family planning is a means of achieving a healthy and balanced population growth. It is essential for the economic development of the country. Planning must be based on sound economic principles and must take into account the needs of all sections of the population.

Planning, document 3390, is based on the principle that agriculture is the backbone of the economy. The drought has caused a significant reduction in agricultural output, which has had a detrimental effect on the national economy. Distortions have arisen in the economy, rephasing, rethinking, and readjustment are necessary. These are temporary, and measures to increase production in agricultural or industrial sectors will be prioritized.

273—12
Motion on Address by the Governor

26th March, 1937

The Assembly is now in receipt of the Governor's Address for the year 1937. During the Address, the Governor has referred to the drought conditions throughout the country and in particular, to those in the south-eastern parts where the crops have been badly affected by floods. The Governor has also pointed out the need for rationalisation in revenue-yielding Departments. These are all involved in retrenchment measures. The Governor has referred to the steps to be taken to reduce wastage and to cut down expenditure on vehicles, repairs and contingencies. He has also referred to the steps to be taken to reduce the cost of living. The Governor has referred to the steps to be taken to reduce the cost of living. He has also referred to the steps to be taken to reduce the cost of living.

Rationalisation

Rationalisation involves the retrenchment of staff and the reduction of expenditure. The Governor has referred to the steps to be taken to reduce wastage and to cut down expenditure on vehicles, repairs and contingencies. He has also referred to the steps to be taken to reduce the cost of living. The Governor has referred to the steps to be taken to reduce the cost of living. He has also referred to the steps to be taken to reduce the cost of living.

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Financial stability is crucial. So that the future progress of the State need not be retarded. The Reserve Bank of India's Overdraft Reserve C V K remained unchanged. Political influence has been minimized.

- Insinations towards Reserve Bank
- Overdraft

Electricity Board has been nationalised. Let us try to make its administration and our policies more efficient in tune with the wishes of the public to the extent possible.

- Retrenchment of nationalised
- Lower cadre
- Higher cadre

Backward class

We will make our effort.
Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end

“"But to regret to express the dissatisfaction as the Governor failed to see the unemployment problem arising out of the policy of the Government to reduce the establishment in all departments in the name of the economy in the State”

The amendment was declared negatived.
Sri S Vemayya pressed for a division. The House then divided.

Ayes 50  Noes 128  Neutrals-2

The amendment was negatived.

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end —

"But, regret to express the dissatisfaction for the failure of the Governor in not mentioning the problems and difficulties of the Handloom Weavers who are facing the unemployment, under-employment, starvation, mainly due to the negligence of the Government to supply the required yarn and colored chemicals at reasonable rate and much less than disposal of the accumulation of cloth of worth about 4 crores.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end —

"But regret to express the dissatisfaction for the failure of the Governor in not mentioning of the extension of the electricity supply scheme for the lift irrigation in drought affected areas like Puttur Taluk in Chittoor District.

Add the following at the end —

"But regret to express the dissatisfaction for the failure of the Governor in not mentioning of the problems like unemployment, minimum wages, food grains supply house site assignments to the workers in Beedi Industry and Handloom industry.

Add the following at the end —

"But, regret to express the dissatisfaction for the failure of the Governor in not mentioning of the proposed irrigation schemes like "Ammapalli reservoir" in Puttur Taluk Chittoor District, "Satravada Anicut in Puttur Taluk," which are most necessary in drought affected districts to solve the deficit food problem.

Add the following at the end —

"But regret the omission of reference in the speech about the acute food situation and famine conditions in Nalgonda District.

Add the following at the end —

"But regret the omission at the deterioration of law and order situation in Nalgonda District, where in the landlords are openly resorting to large-scale violence against the people and the communist party with fire arms.

Add the following at the end —

"But regret at the failure of the address to point out at the violent attacks of the landlords and followers of the ruling party on the workers of the communist party and even killing three of party workers in Nalgonda District one in Khammam and two in Guntur District."
6A  ^6th  March,  1967  Motion on Address by the Governor

Add the following at the end -

But regret the failure of the Government in preventing the lawless behaviour of the followers of the ruling party and collusion of the police with them during the course of recent general elections and resorting to all sorts of malpractices by the ruling party

The amendments were negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end -

"The most disturbing feature of the economy has been the rise in prices without check. To avert this, the State Government has to take over State trading in food grains and its ancillaries. It has to introduce statutory rationing in all cities having a population of a lakh and above and an informal rationing in all other places" the State Government has to follow strict procurements in surplus districts exempting the small landholders

The amendment was negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end -

"The abolition of the Land Revenue which has been the order in most of the States with a graded Agricultural Tax

Add the following at the end -

The installation of a steel plant at Visakhapatnam which is the most agitated and long-cherished desire of the State

The amendments were negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end -

"The construction of Godavari Barrage at Rajahmundry is not made mention of and which is imminently urgent in the larger interests of the State in particular and the country as a whole

The amendment was negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end -

"The 10% Economy Drive of the Government ensures fuller unemployment and lower the standards of the Government

Add the following at the end -

"The State is drifting to financial crisis rapidly, the manifestations of which are overdrafting on the Reserve Bank and cut in services in the name of economy drive. To surmount the difficulty, it is better to scrap the prohibition or at least follow the recommendations of Tek Chand Committee
Motion on Address by the Governor

26th March, 1967

Add the following at the end –

"But regret the omission about Godavari Barrage which the
government promised time and again."

Add the following at the end –

"But regrets the omission about Visakhapatnam Steel Plant
which the Government promised time and again."

The amendments were negatived.

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end –

"But regret that the Governor has not made any mention
about the Vamsadhara Project of Srikakulam District

The amendment was negatived.

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end –

"But regret about the lack of efficiency and ever growing
corruption and blackmarketing in the State

Add the following at the end –

"But regret that the Government could not take effective steps
to bring down the rise in prices

"Add the following at the end –

"But regret the misuse of power and also of corrupt practices
adopted in the General Elections

Add the following at the end –

"But regret that the Government has not abolished rationing
and controls in the State and also of the mode of procurement from
the ryots

The amendments were negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end –

"But regret that the Government has not taken steps to refund
the excess of land revenue collected from the ryots from 1962 and
also for not making any announcement regarding the abolition of
Land Revenue ."

The amendment was declared negatived.

Sri G. Latchanna pressed for a division. The House then

divided.

Ayes-52, Noes-128, Neutrals-nil

The amendment was negatived.

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end –

"But regret for not mentioning about the institution of a Devel-
opment Board for Rayalaseema."
Add the following at the end –

"But regret for not abolishing belt area in Chittoor District

Add the following at the end –

"But regret for collecting fines from shareholders of the sugar factory, Chittoor for their inability to supply sugar cane to the factory

Add the following at the end –

"But regret for collecting heavy penalties from the peasants who are taking water to dry lands since decades for not taking permission to use water from irrigation source from the revenue authorities

Add the following at the end –

"But regret for not conducting elections to Sugar Factory, Chittoor

Add the following at the end –

"But regret for conducting elections to the Central Co-operative Bank, Chittoor

Add the following at the end

"But regret for conducting elections to the District Marketing Society, Chittoor

Add the following at the end of –

"But regret for the misuse of power of the Government during elections

Add the following at the end –

"But regret for not bringing in Legislation prohibiting the M L As, M L C and M Ps from

Add the following at the end

"But regret for not mentioning regarding the permanent steps to be taken by the Government to eradicate famine in Rayalaseema and other areas in the State

Add the following at the end –

"But regret for procuring paddy from peasants against the specific assurance given by the Chief Minister on the floor of the House that procurement would be done only from the millers but not from the peasants

Add the following at the end –

But regret for not scrapping Panchayat Samithis

Add the following at the end –

But regret for not settling river water dispute

Add the following at the end –

But regret for not mentioning anything about fishermen in the State
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Add the following at the end -

"But regret for not mentioning about the execution of Vamsadhra Project in Srikakulam District

The amendments were negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end -

The amendment was negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end -

Add the following at the end -

Add the following at the end -

Add the following at the end -

Add the following at the end -

Add the following at the end -

Add the following at the end -

Add the following at the end -

"But regrets the failure to take note of corrupt practices and violent methods adopted by the Ruling Party in the course of elections leading to murders in Nalagonda, Guntur and other districts, failure to give any indication of policy to end or atleast curb growing corruption in administration failure to indicate any move to end growing retrenchment not only in Government administration, but also in industrial and other private sector agencies failure to enumerate the steps the Government is going to take in relation to famine affected areas to give the permanent relief, failure to note the growing distress in hand-loom industry leading to unemployment and begging

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of the hand-loom workers, and finally the failure to enumerate any steps to arrest and bring down the consistent and progressive rise in prices of good especially pulses, oils etc."

The amendment was declared negatived

Sri T Nagi Reddy pressed for a division. The House then divided: Ayes-51 Noes-128 Neutrals-1

The amendment was negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end

"But regret to non-mentioning about the implementation of the Andhra Pradesh Official Language Act, 1966."

The amendment was declared negatived

Sri Vavilala Gopala Krishnayya pressed for a division. The House then divided: Ayes-53 Noes-127

The amendment was negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end

"But regret to note that the Ruling Party resorted to corruption and foul means in the elections damaging the functioning of our democratic system."

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end

"But regret to note that the Address has not mentioned the urgent need of establishment of Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam and no mention is made about the compensation to be paid to the families of innocent persons killed in unwarranted police firing in Steel Plant agitation engineered and wilfully suppressed by the Ruling Party."

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not mentioned about the urgent need to have elections in municipalities and have democratically elected councils in the place of the present undemocratic special regimes."

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not referred to the immediate need of giving protection for the Medical people from retrenchment and dismissals and violation of trade union rights resorted to by autocratic managements."

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not stated anything to eradicate unemployment and underemployment in the middle class and working people."
Motion on Address by the Governor 26th March, 1967

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not referred to any clear measures to combat rampant corruption in high places."

Add the following at the end

"That the address has made no mention of the neglect of Central Government regarding the industrial development of Andhra Pradesh"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not made mention about the need to stop any consideration of re-employment in Government services and also about the need to improve the living conditions of the non-gazetted employees"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has no mention of the moratorium on the debts of the small peasants or the need of such ameliorative measures to remove indebtedness"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has no mention of urgent need of improving the living conditions of the agricultural labourers, factory workers and municipal employees"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has not mentioned about the failure of the present policy of prohibition which has perpetuated corruption on a large scale and the need to educate and persuade addicts through proper social agencies"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has not mentioned anything about eliminating the slums in the town providing the citizens with good sanitary conditions, water supply, roads, lighting, schools and dispensaries"

Add the following at the end

"That the message has not stated about the agrarian reforms in the State"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not mentioned about harassing of the poor in towns and villages"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not mentioned about the improvement of fishermen and their profession in the State"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not stated anything to improve education by better facilities to students and teachers"

Add the following at the end

"That the address has not made any categorical and effective proposals in check the rise into prices and eradicate blackmarket and corruption in the State."
Add the following at the end
"That the address has not stated steps to end racketeering in fertilizers and steps to help the middle and small ryots"

Add the following at the end
"That the address has not referred to improvement of the conditions of the poor middle class women"

Add the following at the end
"That the address has not stated anything about the need to provide mid-day meals to all school going poor children"

The amendments were negatived

Mr Speaker—The question is

Add the following at the end
"But regret for the non-declaration of the refund of all the land revenue and cesses illegally collected since 1950 as per the observations and findings of the High Court of Andhra Pradesh and Supreme Court"

Add the following at the end
"But regret for non-declaration of the abolition of land revenue"

Add the following at the end
"But regret for not scraping the Prohibition"

Add the following at the end
"But regret for not mentioning about the question of location of the 5th Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam"

Add the following at the end
"But regret for not abolishing the controls on food grains"

Add the following at the end
"But regret for the inordinate delay in distribution of waste lands to Harijans, Girijans and other landless classes"

Add the following at the end
"But regret for the failure of Government in not taking effective steps so far on the decision of the Government to go in an appeal before the Supreme Court to get the lists of 'Other Backward Classes' published so as to enforce the rights provided under the constitution to 'other Backward Classes'"

Add the following at the end
"But regret for not mentioning anything regarding Vamsa Dhara Project"

Add the following at the end
"But regret for not mentioning regarding shifting the District Police Headquarters from Vijayanagaram to Srikakulam"

The amendments were negatived.
Motion on Address by the Governor 26th March, 1967

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end

"Regret that His Excellency the Governor of Andhra Pradesh was not pleased to attend in person to Address the Joint sitting of the State Legislature on 20-3-1967"

Add the following at the end

"Regret to note that there is no mention for conducting Municipal Elections immediately in the State"

Add the following at the end

"Regret to note that there is no mention of Vamsadhra Project"

Add the following at the end

"Regret to note that there is no mention of 5th Steel Plant to be established at Visakhapatnam"

Add the following at the end

"Regret to note that there is no mention of total abolition of land revenue in Andhra Pradesh"

The amendments were negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end

"But regret to note that there is no mention regarding the execution of Vamsadhra Project"

Add the following at the end

"But regret for not scraping prohibition"

Add the following at the end

"But regret that controls on food grains are not abolished"

Add the following at the end

"But regret for not appointing additional staff in all districts for assigning Banjar lands to the landless poor"

Add the following at the end

"But regret for not mentioning about the allocation of 5th Steel Plant at Visakhapatnam"

The amendments were negatived

Mr Speaker — The question is

Add the following at the end

"But regret that no mention is made regarding the steps to be taken to clear the Handloom fabrics with co-operative Societies, which are to the tune of 2 crores, and thereby help poor Handloom weavers who are now thrown unemployed"
Add the following at the end

"But regret that no mention is made regarding the steps to be taken to bring down the prices of foodgrains, and other essential articles, by which measure the hardpressed lowclass and middle class people will be extremely benefited"

Add the following at the end

"But regret that no mention is made regarding the schemes for protected water supply in Municipalities to be taken, as the public in Municipalities are suffering a lot in absence of the protected water supply in the Municipalities"

Add the following at the end

"But regret that no mention is made regarding the schemes for giving financial and other aids to be given to the landless poor, after assignment of lands to them, as there is no specific scheme formulated till now"

Add the following at the end

"But regret that a clear mention is not made regarding the schemes to be taken up, for power supply to the Rural Areas, especially in Rayalaseema areas, where agriculture is mainly depending on well irrigation"

The amendments were negatived

Mr Speaker – There are two amendments to the main motions of thanks One is by Dr T V S Chelapathirao himself and another by Shri S Vemayya Dr T V S Chelapathirao’s amendment reads

"In the motion omit the words ‘assembled in this session’ and for the words ‘for the address which he has been pleased to deliver’ substitute the words ‘for his address which the Speaker has been pleased to read on his behalf at his request’"

Shri S Vemayya’s amendment reads

"For the words ‘been pleased to deliver’ substitute the words delivered through the honourable Speaker"

In view of Dr T V S Chalapathirao’s amendment I hope Shri S Vemayya will not move his amendment

Dr T V S Chalapathirao – I beg to move

"In the motion omit the words ‘assembled in this session’ and for the words ‘for the address which he has been pleased to deliver’ substitute the words ‘for his address which the Speaker has been pleased to read on his behalf at his request’"

Mr Speaker – Amendment moved

(Pause)
Mr Speaker - The question is

"In the motion omit the words 'assembled in this session' and for the words 'for the address which he has been pleased to deliver substitute the words 'for his address which the Speaker has been pleased to read on his behalf at his request'"

The motion was adopted

Mr Speaker - I shall now put the motion as amended to vote

"That the members of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly are deeply grateful to the Governor for his Address which the Speaker has been pleased to read on his behalf at his request to both the Houses of Legislature assembled together on the 20th March 1967"

The motion was adopted -

ANNOUNCEMENT

re - NOMINATIONS TO THE HOUSE COMMITTEE

Mr Speaker - I am to announce to the House that the following members have been nominated to the House Committee for the financial year 1967-68

1 Sri G V Chandrasekhara Reddy
2 Smt M Kasturi Devi
3 Sri Ramchandhrarao Kalyan
4 Sri Kona Prabhakara Rao
5 Sri B Niranjana Rao
6 Sri K Venkatakrisshana Murty
7 Sri P Ramachandra Reddy

Under sub-rule (1) of Rule 202 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules, I hereby nominate Sri G V Chandrasekhara Reddy to be the Chairman of the Committee

The House then adjourned till Half past Eight of the Clock on Monday, the 27th March 1967