THE
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES.
OFFICIAL REPORT

Fifty-first day of the First Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Tuesday, the 12th September, 1967.
The House met at Half-past Eight of the Clock.
[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

BONUS PAYMENT OF ANDHRA SUGARS, TANUKU

751—
* 55 (Q) Q.—Sri Ch. Prabhakara Chowdary (Rajahmundry):—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Andhra Sugars Ltd., Tanuku has to pay more than Rs. 7.00 lakhs to the Sugarcane suppliers towards bonus;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the management of Andhra Sugars Ltd., Tanuku moved the High Court by the way of writ for stoppage of payment of the Sugarcane bonus to sugarcane growers and the writ petition was subsequently got dismissed and not pressed;

(c) whether the management of Andhra Sugars Ltd., Tanuku paid the Sugarcane bonus to the sugarcane growers so far; and

(d) if not, what action does the Government propose to take for collection of the bonus and payment to sugarcane growers?

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri P. Thimma Reddy):—
(a) As per the orders of the Government of India, M/s Andhra Sugars Ltd., Tanuku have to pay a total sum of Rs. 3,35,056 to the cane suppliers towards bonus (additional cane price) for 1958-59 and 1959-60 seasons.

(b) M/s Andhra Sugars Ltd., Tanuku filed a writ Petition in the High Court of Andhra Pradesh challenging the validity of the Order of the Sugarcane Additional Price Fixation Authority and a temporary stay was also granted by the High Court pending disposal of the Petition. The writ petition is reported to have been withdrawn subsequently.

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(c) and (d): The Government of India have ordered payment of the bonus by the sugar factory within a period of 3 months from the date of the order viz., 20th of September without interest. The factory is also allowed to pay the total amount within a period of nine months in case it agrees to pay interest at the rate of 9% on all amounts paid after 3 months. The question of taking action against the sugar factory will be examined in case the factory fails to pay the dues as ordered by the Government of India.

(a) who are the members of the Board of Management of Agricultural University;

(b) who is the Chairman of the Board of Management before and after general elections; and

(c) what is the salary of the previous and present Chairman?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—(a) Statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(b) Sri Kandula Obula Reddy.

(c) No salary is paid.
103 12th September, 1967.

Oral Answers to Questions.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE HOUSE
[VIDE L. A. Q. NO-1490-V * 752]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constitution of the Board of Management</th>
<th>Names of the persons elected or nominated as Members of the Board</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Ex-Officio Members</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) The Vice-Chancellor</td>
<td>(1) Sri O. Pulla Reddy, I.C.S. (Retd.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) The Secretary to Government Finance Department</td>
<td>(2) Sri M. A. Abbasi, I. A. S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Two Officers in the employment of the Government in connection with the administration of Agriculture and allied subjects, to be nominated by the chancellor.</td>
<td>(3) Sri A. Krishna Aiyangar, I. A. S. Special Secretary to Government Panchayati Raj Department.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) Five persons elected from amongst themselves by the members of the A. P. Legislative Assembly in accordance with the system of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote.</td>
<td>(4) Dr. T. V. Reddy, Director of Agriculture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) Two persons elected from amongst themselves by the members of the A. P. Legislative Council in accordance with the system of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote.</td>
<td>(5) Sri M. Baga Reddy, M. L. A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(vi) One person interested in agricultural education and development, nominated by the Chancellor.</td>
<td>(6) Sri V. Venkata Krishnam Reddy, MLA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(vii) One person elected by the members of the Indian Council of Agricultural Education from amongst themselves.</td>
<td>(7) Sri V. Ramaswamy Reddy, M. L. A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(8) Sri Agarala Easwara Reddy, M. L. A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(9) Sri Bezawada Papi Reddy, M. L. A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(10) Sri K. Ramachandra Reddy, M. L. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(11) Sri P. Venkata Swamy Reddy, M. L. C.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(The Indian Council of Agricultural Education is not in existence now. The question of deleting this by a suitable amendment of the Act is under consideration).
Oral Answers to Questions. 12th September, 1967. 105

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(viii) One person elected by the registered graduate from amongst themselves.

(ix) Three persons appointed by the Chancellor from amongst the agriculturists of whom one shall be a woman.

(x) Two persons nominated by the Chancellor from amongst the teachers.

(xi) One person nominated by the Chancellor from amongst the members of the State Chamber of Panchayati Raj.

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(13) Dr. C. Krishna Rao, Director of Animal Husbandry.

(14) Sri Kandula Obula Reddi.

(15) Sri Y. Venkateswara Rao, President, Panchayati Samithi Gudivada:

(16) Smt. B. Rukmini Devi (Formerly M L A.) of Madakasira, Anantapur District.

(17) Dr. B. Appala Naidu, Director of Extension, Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University.

(18) Dr. P.S. Rajulu, Principal, College of Veterinary Science, Tirupathi.

(19) Sri P. Ramana Reddy, Secretary, State Chamber of Panchayati Raj.

TRAINING CENTRES FOR VILLAGE LEVEL WORKERS

753—

*1485 (U) Q.— Sri B. Nirenjana Rao (Malleswaram):— Will the hon. Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) how many Training Centres are there in the State for the Village Level Workers:

(b) is there any proposal to wind up these centres; as there is no chance of absorbing the trained candidates; and

(c) what is the expenditure incurred annually on these centres?

The Minister for Panchayat Raj (Sri T. Ramaswamy):— (a) At present there are 7 Gramasevaks Training Centres in the State for the Village Level Workers, Sir.

(b) No, Sir. The trained Village Level Workers are being absorbed.

(c) Annual expenditure on these centres on an average is to a tune of Rs. 12 lakhs, Sir.
103 12th September, 1967.  

Oral Answers to Questions.

(1) ప్రామాణిక సంస్థలు ఉండానికి ఉమ్మడి పద్ధతి జరుగుతుంది? అందువల్ల పాతాలు మాత్రమే ఉంది. 

(2) ఏమీ సాధనాలు ఇష్టం వల్ల ఉండాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

(3) ఏమీ ఎందుకు అడుగుపెట్టాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

ప్రాతిశాస్త్ర క్రియతో తినించి బాధ్యత లేదా మరొక ఊళిమి కాలక్రమం నిర్ధారించాలి.

(4) రెండు సంస్థలు వుండే ప్రామాణిక సంస్థలను ఉంటుంది? అందువల్ల పాతాలు మాత్రమే ఉంది.

(5) ఏమీ ప్రామాణిక సంస్థలు ఉండాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

(6) ఏమీ ఐదు సంస్థలు ఉండాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

(7) ఏమీ నుండి మరొక సంస్థ ఉండాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

(8) ఏమీ కొంతమంది సంస్థ ఉండాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

(9) ఏమీ నుండి కొంతమంది సంస్థ ఉండాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

(10) ఏమీ కొంతమంది సంస్థ ఉండాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

(11) అనేక సంస్థలు ఉండాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

(12) ఏమీ ప్రామాణిక సంస్థలు ఉండాలి? అందువల్ల సంస్థ ప్రభావం కలిగి ఉంటుంది.
Oral Answers to Questions. 12th September, 1967

1. The Hon. Minister of Panchayats: 400 trained village level workers.

2. The Hon. Minister of Panchayats: 400 untrained village level workers are being trained under the Dry Package Scheme. Training is for two years. After completing the training, these workers will be assigned to various Government of India centres for special training in tube well operations, plant protection, agriculture machinery and pumpsets. The trained workers will be assigned to districts and villages as per the requirements of the Government of India.

3. The Hon. Minister of Panchayats: 10,000 surplus village level workers in Districts of surplus areas are being selected. Dry package scheme is being implemented to train these workers. Village level workers are being trained to become Executive officers of village panchayats.
103 12th September, 1967
Oral Answers to Questions

Agriculture Extension officers training in select information

1. The Agriculture Extension officers training select information?

2. The extension of B.Sc. agriculture and village level workers in extra group executive officers?

3. Further instructions absorb training?

4. The allotment of the village level workers in training?

5. The allotment of the unqualified officers in training and Employment Exchange?

6. The surplus of direct training and surplus?

7. The allotment of the village level workers in training?
Oral Answers to Questions. 12th September, 1967, 109

(1) Mr. Y. G. R. (Mangalore)—Village level workers & B. Sc. Agriculture selection i.e., 10,000 10th standard selection grade & Extension Officers 10, 000 village workers & 10,000 10th standard. What training will be given?

(2) Mr. J. K. R. B. (Bengaluru)—Training 400 from 10, 000 labour inspectors & 10,000 village level workers & 10,000 10th standard. 10th standard training centres close & course modify?

(3) Mr. G. K. R. B. (Bengaluru)—Training 400 from 10,000 labour inspectors & 10,000 village level workers & 10,000 10th standard. What training centres close or course modify? Individual case notice & instructions absorb or modify?

(4) Mr. S. P. R. (Bengaluru)—Village level workers absorb & modify notice & individual case notice absorb or modify. Instructions absorb absorb & absorb absorb. What individual case close or modify? Absorb absorb or modify absorb?

(5) Mr. Y. G. R. (Mangalore)—Village level workers employ individually.
GRANTS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF MODERN INDIAN LANGUAGES

754—

314 Q.— Sri T. C. Rajan:— Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether grants are given for the development of modern Indian Languages; and

(b) if so, what are the languages for the development of which grants are given in the years 1965–66 and 1966–67?

The Minister for Education (Sri T. V. Raghavulu):— (a) Yes.

(b) Telugu and Urdu.

Sri M. N. Dasari:— a grants on basis which are available, Telugu and Urdu expenses. Can you give idea which year?

Sri M. N. Dasari:— Government of India and scheme Government of India and modern languages, Sanskrit and Hindi in modern languages. As to scheme?

Sri M. N. Dasari:— any tribal languages can be tribal research or tribal. Are you tribal research?

Sri M. N. Dasari:— any tribal languages can be tribal. Are you tribal research?
Oral Answers to Questions.

12th September, 1967.

1. கொல்லை என்றனால் என்ன பொறுமை தமிழ் மொழி என்ன? அவ்வப் பொறுமை நான்கு என்ற தமிழ் மொழியில் பெரும் இயக்கம் என்ன என்று என்ன என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருந்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன?

2. இராணுவம் என்றால் என்ன தமிழ் மொழி என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன?

3. மேளி என்றால் என்ன தமிழ் மொழி என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன?

4. இலங்கை என்றால் என்ன தமிழ் மொழி என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன?

5. வம்பேரே என்றால் என்ன தமிழ் மொழி என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன?

6. மாகாண என்றால் என்ன தமிழ் மொழி என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன?

7. இலங்கை என்றால் என்ன தமிழ் மொழி என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன? அவ்வாறு பொருள் என்றால் ஒரு நாள் குறிப்பிட்டு இருத்து வரும் பொருள் என்ன?
12th September, 1967.

Ori1 answer to Questions.

Sri T. V. Raghavulu:—"Basis of Islamic Culture" Publication of Urdu Translation English Publication of Institute of Indo-Middle East Cultural studies.

GRANTS TO A. P. NATYA SANGLAM

755—

*1458 (H) Q.— Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have given any grants to the Andhra Pradesh Natya Sangam, Hyderabad during the years 1965-66, 66-67 and 67-68;

(b) whether the above Sangham, received any grant from Andhra Pradesh Sangeet Nataka Academy, and

(c) if so, whether the Government received any utilisation certificate from the Sangham and the Academy?

Sri T. V. Raghavulu:—(a) Yes, Sir. Grants were given as follows:

During 1965-66. Rs. 6,833.00
During 1966-67. Rs. 11,667.00
During 1967-68. Rs. 6,500.00

(b) Yes, Sir. Grants were given as follows:

During 1965-66. Rs. 10,000.00
During 1966-67. Rs. 10,000.00
During 1967-68. Rs. 1,000.00

(c) (i) Utilisation certificates from the Andhra Pradesh Natya Sangham have since been received for the grant sanctioned during 1965-66.

For the grant sanctioned during 1966-67 utilisation certificates have been received for all items excepting Rs.1,220 for which the certificate is awaited.
For the grant sanctioned during 1967-68, utilisation certificate will be received after the entire amount is spent.

(ii) Utilisation certificates from the Andhra Pradesh Natya Sangam have since been received, by Andhra Pradesh Sangeet Nataka Academy for the grants sanctioned by the Academy, except for the amount of Rs. 1,000 paid during 1967-68.

To federate into a single body all organisations vouched for Promotion of the theatre movement in the state and to affiliate them through the Natya Sangham to Bharatiya Natya Sangh; to foster free and unfettered exchange of views and information on technical matters, etc.
Oral Answers to Questions.

103 12th September, 1967.

SUPPLY OF FERTILISERS

756—

*1492 (Y) Q. — Sarvasri T. Purushotham Rao, D. Satyanarayana, R. Bhuom Rao (Bodhan); Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the value of fertilisers supplied by the Khammam District Central Co-operative Marketing Society to Burgumpadu Society during the year 1965-66 and 1966-67;

(b) the quantity of fertilisers therein sold and the remaining stocks;

(c) the amounts misappropriated by the President of Burgumpadu society from the sale proceeds without remitting it and since how long; and

(d) the action taken thereon?

The Minister for Co-operation (Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy):—

(a) The Khammam District Co-operative Marketing Society has supplied Chemical fertilisers to Burgumpadu Rural Bank as shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1965-66</td>
<td>Rs. 1,38,616</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1966-67</td>
<td>Rs. 1,08,562</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) The quantity of fertilisers sold and the remaining stocks are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Quantity in Tonnes</th>
<th>Value of Chemical fertilisers sold</th>
<th>Quantity in tonnes in stock</th>
<th>Remaining stocks value Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1965-66</td>
<td>116-100</td>
<td>74885</td>
<td>100-500</td>
<td>63,730</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1966-67</td>
<td>250-600</td>
<td>162059</td>
<td>12-500</td>
<td>10,233</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Out of the sale proceeds, a sum of Rs. 5,793-65 has been utilised for the construction of godown. This amount is pending remittance since January, 1967;

(b) The District Co-operative Marketing Society, Khammam has issued a registered notice to the President, Burgumpadu Rural Bank for remittance of Rs. 5,793-65 and the Khammam Society received a reply that the amount would be remitted after finalisation of
the bills, pertaining to the construction of godown. The Registrar of Co-operative Societies instructed the Deputy Registrar, Khammam to take immediate action under the powers vested in him under the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Societies Act against the President of the Bank and to ensure remittance of the balance of sale proceeds immediately.

BANSWADA TALUK AGRICULTURAL CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION
757—

1489 (B) Q.—Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the liquidation proceedings of the Taluk Agricultural Co-operative Association, Banswada, Nizamabad District was started since 1951; and

(b) if so, at what stage it stands?

Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:—(a) No, Sir. The liquidation proceedings were started in 1960 and not in 1951.

(b) An amount of Rs. 1,89,124.61 representing the assets of the Society have to be realised. These assets cover nearly 100 items. Similarly, an amount of Rs. 1,91,303.88 towards liabilities has to be discharged.
12th September, 1967.

Oral Answers to Questions;

VISIT OF CHAPMAN T. T. D. TO VATICAN CITY

758—

*1492-(P) Q.—Sarvasri A. Madhava Rao, T. Purushothama- Rao, D. Satyanarayana, A. Easwara Reddy (Tirupathi), G.B.Apparno (Jami), B. Ratnasabhapathy (Rajamapet), Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya, P.O.Satyanarayana Raju (Yemmiganur), C. Ranga Reddy V. Rama- Rao (Secunderabad Cantonment) :—Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Chairman and members of the T. T. D., and Commissioner of H. R. and C. E. are going to Vatican City in Italy;

(b) if so, the purpose for which they are going;

(c) the estimated expenditure for their trip in Rupee Currency as well as under Foreign exchange (its equivalent in Rupee Currency);

(d) who will bear the expenditure;

(e) whether the Government are sanctioned the expenditure for this trip; and

(f) whether the Government propose to examine the purpose or object of their visit which can be achieved through correspondence?

The Minister for Endowments (Sri R. Ramalinga Raju) :—(a) and (b) :—At its meeting held on 27-6-1967, the Board of Trustees of the T. T. D. resolved to send a delegation consisting of the Commissioner, Endowments Department, the Chairman, T. T. D., Trust Board and the Executive Officer, T. T. D., to Rome to study the Vatican City Administration and to one or two important places in Europe to study the working of religious institutions at those places, so that the knowledge gained by the delegation in the course of their sojourn might be usefully applied for improving the administration of the T. T. Devasthanams.

(c) The proposed delegation is estimated to cost about Rs. 50,000. Out of this, a sum of Rs. 1,260 (equivalent to Rs. 26,326.31 Ps) was for meeting the expenditure on the delegation during its stay abroad and the balance, viz. Rs. 23,473.69 Ps. in Indian Currency was for meeting the cost of passages.

(d) The expenditure was proposed to be met from the funds of the T. T. Devasthanams.

(e) & (f) The proposal has not been accepted by Government.
(b) 60 సంవత్సరం కావు అంచనా ఉండాలి, మధురాలు వార్షిక ప్రతిభ సంవత్సరాల ఉపాధి ప్రత్యేకంగా కొనసాగించారు. పాలన వచ్చి కొనసాగించిన ప్రతి సంవత్సరానికి 1200 రూపాయలు అధికారిక నిర్ణయపడిన పైన నిర్ణయానికి 1200.1 రూపాయలు నిర్ణయపడిన పైన నిర్ణయపడిన పైన 28, 478.20 రూ. అంచనా ఉండాలి.

(c) 23, 478.69 రూపాయలు ఉండటానికి 1200 రూపాయలు అధికారిక నిర్ణయపడిన పైన నిర్ణయపడిన పైన 28, 478.20 రూ. అంచనా ఉండాలి.

(d) మామ అనుభవము. ఉప్షభంగా ప్రతివేశించారు. మామ అనుభవము సంచాలన ప్రతి సంవత్సరం అధికారిక నిర్ణయము అధికారిక నిర్ణయపడిన పైన నిర్ణయపడిన పైన 28, 478.20 రూ. అంచనా ఉండాలి.

(e) మామ అనుభవము. ఉప్షభంగా ప్రతివేశించారు. మామ అనుభవము సంచాలన ప్రతి సంవత్సరం అధికారిక నిర్ణయము అధికారిక నిర్ణయపడిన పైన నిర్ణయపడిన పైన 28, 478.20 రూ. అంచనా ఉండాలి.

(f) మామ అనుభవము. ఉప్షభంగా ప్రతివేశించారు. మామ అనుభవము సంచాలన ప్రతి సంవత్సరం అధికారిక నిర్ణయము అధికారిక నిర్ణయపడిన పైన నిర్ణయపడిన పైన 28, 478.20 రూ. అంచనా ఉండాలి.

Mr. Speaker:—Government have not approved the proposal of T. T. D. Now the question does not arise at all.
Oral Answers to Questions.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—On behalf of the members of the Board, I submit to the House that there was no proposal to send any member. That was only formally brought to the notice, but in the meantime it appeared in the press and all kinds of criticisms came. Therefore, it is not correct to say that the Board has approved it in the regular form and even if it is assumed it has approved, none of the members are proposed to be sent in the delegation. That is the clarification I would beg to submit.

Mr. Speaker:—He has made it clear now. (Laughter)

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—The very basis is questioned by Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao. Whether it was regular or irregular it was not approved by the Government.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no reply. We want to know the real position. Because things are happening in this way we entirely agree the proposal is not accepted by Government. But what is the procedure and how are things going on there? This is the only opportunity when we can know whether that resolution was adopted or passed.
Mr. Speaker:—Please put a separate question. It may be regular or irregular. Because Government felt it was not a proper thing, they did not approve the proposal of some delegation going on foreign trip. Now the whole thing is closed. Does he want to rake it up again.

Mr. Speaker:—He cannot put that question. If he wants any more information, please put a separate question.

**DEATHS DUE TO SPRAYING OF INSECTICIDE**

759—

*S179 O.—Sarvasri R. Satyanarayana Raju (Narasapur) and S. Jagannadham (Narasannapet):—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the No. of deaths occurred during the spray of insecticide in Isukapalem, Sarvepalli in Nellore taluk on 6-4-1967;

(b) the number of persons who have sustained injuries together with their names;

(c) the reasons for their death; and

(d) where from the medicine was supplied?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—(a) Five mazdoors died due to toxic hazards on 6-4-1967 in the spraying work in Isukapalem village.

(b) 16 mazdoors developed toxicity. The names of the 16 persons have been called for from the District Agricultural Officer and will be furnished separately.

(c) The persons died due to toxic hazards or parameter 50% (parathion).

(d) The chemical was supplied by Messers Bharat Pulverising Mills, Madras and Rallies India Limited, Secunderabad and was issued to the cultivators from the departmental depots.
12th September, 1967

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. Mr. V. Reddy asked:—Agriculture is the main industry of this country. The crop acreage, fieldmen, and others engaged in agriculture form a large percentage of the population. Therefore, it is suggested that parathion and parathion-like substances be included in the list of insecticides for which compensation be paid. Do you agree?

2. Mr. R. Reddy asked:—Post mortem examination is conducted in this country. Are findings general? In the case of accidental death, are findings

3. Mr. V. Reddy asked:—Agriculture is the main industry of this country. The crop acreage, fieldmen, and others engaged in agriculture form a large percentage of the population. Therefore, it is suggested that parathion and parathion-like substances be included in the list of insecticides for which compensation be paid. Do you agree?
SEED FARMS

760—

* 677 Q.—Sarvasri Dhanenkula Narasimham, (Udayagiri) T. C. Rajan, K. Munuswamy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the number of seed farms in the state;

(b) the profit or loss as the case may be during 1966-67 in each of the seed farms?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy:—(a) 27 seed farms.

(b) The profit and loss of each farm is arrived at taking into consideration the cost of cultivation and the receipts. Since in many farms the second crop is not yet harvested, the final position will be known only by the end of June 1967 as the cost of cultivation and the receipts for the second crop will be available by then.

(a) 27 seed farms are...

(b) In the farm...
122 12th September, 1967.

1) ముఖ్తంత్రి: — సముద్రంలో పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లు పెంచబడుతున్నాను. ఈ పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లను వేపిస్తే పెంచబడుతుంది. పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లు పొందడానికి పదార్థాలు పెంచబడతాయి.

2) ముఖ్తంత్రి: సముద్రంలో పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లు పెంచబడుతున్నాను. 1958 లో పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లకు పొందానికి భారత సేవా సంస్థ పొందాది. వాటి కొలత పొందాదు. పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లు పొందాది.

3) పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లు: సముద్రంలో పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లు పెంచబడుతున్నాను. 1958 లో పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లకు పొందానికి భారత సేవా సంస్థ పొందాది. వాటి కొలత పొందాదు. పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లు పొందాది.

ముఖ్తంత్రి: సముద్రంలో పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లు పెంచబడుతున్నాను. 1958 లో పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లకు పొందానికి భారత సేవా సంస్థ పొందాది. వాటి కొలత పొందాదు. పాట సాఫ్ట్‌లు పొందాది.


(a) District-wise climatic conditions vary. Rainfall varies. Seed stocking is affected by rainfall. Seed at some places may have to be changed. It is necessary to have district-wise seed farms.

(b) Will the Department please state:

(a) whether a Walk-in-cooler was purchased for the grain market at Warangal;

(b) whether it was necessary for such a cooler at Warangal Grain Market;

(c) what company procured the same and what was the price paid for it; and

(d) when was the same purchased and whether it was installed and now working?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy: (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Market Committee and the then Director of Marketing considered it necessary.

(c) Eureka Engineering Corporation, Hyderabad at a cost of Rs. 50,000.

(d) The Market Committee, Warangal placed an order in the month of April, 1966 and the plant was installed by the said Company. At present the plant is not working, pending test report by the suppliers.
124 12th September, 1907.

Onl Answers to questions.

1. కానూరు: శాసనానికి చెందింది, ప్రసాదానికి చెందింది.

2. మనస్సంబంగు: బేరు చెరుగా చెంది అడుగు అందించి బట్టి చెందింది. అందుచే బలుగా చెంది అడుగు అందించి బట్టి చెందింది. 30 జూలి ప్రభుత్వం తోడించి చెందింది. అందులో చెంది అడుగు అందించి బట్టి చెందింది. అందులో చెంది అడుగు అందించి బట్టి చెందింది.

3. స్టొమన్: ఇంటిలో విలువ రెండు సంఖ్యల్లో ఇది బట్టి చెందింది.

4. జాఅంసారా: ప్రపంచంలో ఇది బట్టి చెందింది.

5. బోండాసాంయా: ఆమె కానూరు సాంస్కృతికంగా చెందింది.

6. సంఘహితా: జాంతిక సాంస్కృతికంగా చెందింది. సాంస్కృతికంగా జాగరుడు లేదా ప్రభుత్వానికి చెందింది.

7. సంఘహితా: సాంస్కృతికంగా చెందింది. సాంస్కృతికంగా జాగరుడు లేదా ప్రభుత్వానికి చెందింది.

8. సంఘహితా: సాంస్కృతికంగా చెందింది. సాంస్కృతికంగా జాగరుడు లేదా ప్రభుత్వానికి చెందింది.

9. సంఘహితా: సాంస్కృతికంగా చెందింది. సాంస్కృతికంగా జాగరుడు లేదా ప్రభుత్వానికి చెందింది.

10. సంఘహితా: సాంస్కృతికంగా చెందింది. సాంస్కృతికంగా జాగరుడు లేదా ప్రభుత్వానికి చెందింది.

11. సంఘహితా: సాంస్కృతికంగా చెందింది. సాంస్కృతికంగా జాగరుడు లేదా ప్రభుత్వానికి చెందింది.

12. సంఘహితా: సాంస్కృతికంగా చెందింది. సాంస్కృతికంగా జాగరుడు లేదా ప్రభుత్వానికి చెందింది.

Mr. Speaker:- Answers for all the other questions except Question Nos. 765, 771, 772, 773 and 775 will be placed on the Table of the House.

MISUSE OF FUNDS IN CO-OPERATIVE MILK SUPPLY SOCIETY

765—

* 57-(R) Q.—Sri S. Jagannadham —— Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a memorandum was submitted to the Chief Minister in June, 1966 or thereabouts by some Legislators and Samithi Presidents of Srikakulam district demanding judicial enquiry against Sri B. Rajagopal Rao, Ex-M. P. of Srikakulam District for misuse of huge funds in the Co-operative Milk Supply Society, Srikakulam District; and

(b) if so, the action thereon?
Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddy:— (a) Yes, Sir. Misuse of funds in the Srikakulam Co-operative Milk Supply Society Ltd., is one of the several allegations in that memorandum.

(b) Much earlier to the receipt of this memorandum, the Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Srikakulam has ordered an enquiry into the affairs of the Srikakulam Milk Supply Society, in March 1966 itself, under Section 51 of the A. P. Co-operative Societies Act. Appropriate action will be taken soon after that enquiry is completed.

Sir, the Deputy Registrar has ordered the enquiry is not available, Sir.

That is only an allegation at this stage.
Oral Answers to Questions.  
12th September, 1967.  127

(a) whether it is a fact that Ravindra Bharathi, Hyderabad is being air-conditioned in 1967; and

(b) if so, what is the grant given to the Ravindra Bharathi this year?

Sri T. V. Raghavulu:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) During the current year i.e. 1967-68 no grant has been sanctioned to the Ravindra Bharathi for the purpose so far.
Oral Answers to Questions.

12th September, 1967.

1. D. v. 3-1284. Will the Government sanction 45 additional grant 45 1936-37.

2. D. v. 3-1284. Will the Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to extend the term of office bearers of the Local Library Authority in the State as the election of office bearers for the same is from Sarpanch of Panchayat Boards of which the term of office is for five years; and

(b) if so, when it will come into force?

Sri T. V. Raghavulu:— (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Act amend to finalise. 1459-(P) Q.—Sri G. Venkata Reddy (Parchur):— Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to extend the term of office bearers of the Local Library Authority in the State as the election of office bearers for the same is from Sarpanch of Panchayat Boards of which the term of office is for five years; and

(b) if so, when it will come into force?

Sri T. V. Raghavulu:— (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Act amend to finalise.

Mr. Speaker:—Hon. Minister need not get excited. Members go on putting questions. If he gets excited, I do not know where things will go.

Mr. Speaker:—It is not for me to amend the Act which has been passed. If he wants to get the term of a particular period amended, then he can get the Act amended by that time. The present members can also be allowed to continue. He may think about it.

Sri T. V. Raghavulu:—Yes, Sir.

FIELD LABOUR CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY

775—

* 1488-(F) Q.—Sri K. Muniswamy:—Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government is aware that there is a field labour Co-operative Society at Votambedu village, Sullurpet taluk, Nellore District;

(b) how many acres of land was sanctioned to that society and how much now under cultivation; and

(c) if land was not sanctioned to the Society, the reason therefor?

Sri K. Vijayabhasakara Reddy:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) No land was leased out or assigned to the Society due to non-availability of lands.
12th September, 1967.

Oral Answers to Questions.


Mr. T. Ramaswamy:—(a) Yes, Sir. (b) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

[Vide Clause (b) of L.A.Q. No. 1137-(A. (* 771))]

Benefits Derived by the Fishermen in Implementation of the Master Plan for Development of Fisheries in Konaseema

1. Provision of fish net twine:—Under this scheme 28,000 Kgs. of nylon fish net twine has been supplied to the fishermen at subsidised rates and almost all the cotton nets are replaced by the nylon nets. The nylon net lasts longer and the fishermen are saved
The catches have been doubled as also the income of the fishermen. Out of the quantity of 26,000 Kgs. of nylon yarn supplied, a quantity of 13,000 Kgs. has been used for replacement and mending of the old nets and 13,000 Kgs. for making new nets. This gave an additional production of 2,500 tons of fish.

2. Mechanised fishing:— Fishermen have been trained in handling mechanised boats and they have been supplied mechanised boats at subsidised rates at the end of training. 20 Mechanised boats have been distributed giving employment to 100 fishermen. With these mechanised vessels and nylon nets, they are getting the catches three times i.e. on an average of Rs. 150 per day, whereas a country Nava will give only about Rs. 50.

3. Provision of fishing craft:— As it is not possible to provide fishing craft to all fishermen, 13 sailing crafts have been distributed which have given employment to 65 fishermen.

4. Financial benefit:— To save fishermen from the clutches of middlemen, business advance loans on easy instalments are being given to the fishermen and their cooperatives and so far Rs. 1.75 lakhs have been distributed. Marketing of shrimp and dry fish has been taken up by the Society and the procurers are being paid reasonable price. The fishermen were getting only Rs. 1,220 per ton before the implementation of the plan and now they are able to earn Rs. 2,940 per ton after eliminating to some extent the middlemen from the trade.

5. Preservation Facilities:— A 10 ton cold storage and 5 ton ice plant has been installed at Amalapuram. It has enabled them to preserve their catches and send fish for long distances packed in ice.

6. Transport Facilities:— Three Vehicles and two launches are being run to transport the fish quickly from landing to marketing Centres to enable the fishermen to get better price for their catches.

7. Providing work during non-fishing season:— The Society has taken on lease forest coupes and this provides work to the fishermen in non-fishing season. They were paid reasonable wages.

8. Education facilities:— As an incentive towards the education, awards to best students in fishermen community have been announced. The students of primary schools are being supplied with books and slates, free of cost.

9. Welfare scheme:— Radio sets have been supplied to the coastal villages for information on weather warnings before going for sea fishing. It is estimated that the sum total of all these facilities given have raised the per capita income from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500.
Mr. Speaker:—If everyone of you must challenge, I don’t think, the Minister can stand....

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Yes, Sir, we have to throw challenge in order that the duties are properly discharged.

Mr. Speaker:—Any how, he is not prepared to accept your challenge.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Very well, we will see.

Mr. Speaker:—The plan start Central Fishermen’s Cooperative Society

Central Institution carry out same functions.

—is Ash quantity of fish is...

10 tons capacity cold storage for Non-fishing season.

Central Fishermen’s Cooperative Society.

Central Institution.
Ireal Answers to Questions 12th September, 1947.

When a report is placed here saying that 13 sailing crafts have been distributed, why did he not anticipate that a supplementary is going to be asked as to how many of them are in working order. When he says that a 10 ton cold storage is working there, did he not anticipate a question as to how much is being stocked here. That should be the next question to be expected. When he says that there are three vehicles, did he not anticipate that a question will be asked as to how much they are transporting. Otherwise, why should the Minister be here especially when a serious charge had been made in the House previously.

Sri T. Ramaswamy — That information is not with me, Sir.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy — It won’t be with him, that is my point.
Sri T. Ramaswamy:—I will get the information if he wants.

Mr. Speaker;—Please do not get unnecessarily excited. About the working of the society, the Minister is able to say that it is working better and satisfactorily and he is being guided by the information that is furnished to him.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—We are not getting excited. It is a fishy department. As such, it gets very fishy. That is the position.

Mr. Speaker:—It may be true—naturally when the Fisheries Department deals only with fish. Leave aside that thing. He is only guided by the information which is furnished to him. According to him, whereas the previous income of fisherman is Rs. 200 it is now Rs. 500. Naturally, therefore, the conclusion is that it is working better. If you dispute the correctness of that statement, it is all right; you put a separate question and send a complaint to the concerned Minister and he will order an enquiry into the matter.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I am charging the Minister of giving very false information; that is my point.
Mr. Speaker:—He can’t charge the Minister. The Minister gets the information from the department concerned and he furnishes the information to the House only on the information furnished to him by the Department.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—On what basis has he computed the figure of Rs. 200 to Rs. 500?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy :—These allegations are liable to be ignored when they are made recklessly. He says, it is all false. On what information, does he say that? It is for one thing for Mr. Nagi Reddy or Mr. Latchanna to say “Give us more particulars? How many are working or not working?” If the information is not here, certainly he will get it. Please give time—two or three days—and he will get the information and place it. But if the hon. Members probably make cheap humorous remarks—

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I object. Sir. I wished to know how he has come to that figure from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500. Patently, it is not correct.

Mr. Speaker:—He has got full freedom of speech. That is why, he is saying anything he wants. When he makes allegations against a responsible Minister, it is better he has some information or some basis for it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—It is he who is giving the false information. I asked the question what is the basis for his saying that the income has risen from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500. It is patently not correct. That is my charge.

Mr. Speaker:—When the Minister furnishes information to the House, if it is false information, certainly he is liable for action by this House. That is a different matter. He is furnishing the information that is supplied to him. Now, if you dispute the correctness of that statement, as Mr. Nagi Reddy and Mr. Latchanna have called for more particulars, “what is the basis on which you have come to this conclusion”——

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I object to that. I wanted to know how he could get that figure. It is patently not correct.

Mr. Speaker:—He has got full liberty. But when he makes allegations against a responsible Minister, it is better he has some information or basis for it.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The information is circulated to us, that there is per capita income from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500. What is the basis? It is patently incorrect. That is my charge.

Mr. Speaker:—When the Minister furnishes information to the House and if it is false information, certainly he is liable for action by this House. That is a different matter. Now, he has furnished certain information that has been supplied to him. Now, if the hon. Members dispute the correctness of the statement, he can ask the basis for coming to that conclusion.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—It is patently wrong. If it is wrong I will withdraw my statement. But how can it be a correct thing, that the
income has risen from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500. We would like to know on what basis he has given that figure.

Mr. Speaker:—I hope he will realise the responsibility. Don’t throw out baseless allegations.

Mr. Speaker:—It would have been better if he had full information; he has not got full information.

Mr. Speaker:—He has got the information to show that they are working satisfactorily. It would have been better if hon. Members had called for full information. If they want full information, he is prepared to get it.

Mr. Speaker:—I have placed the statement on the Table of the House.

Sri T. Ragi Reddy:—It is only out of that statement that I read out. The point is, are they working? What is the use of simply saying that they have been distributed. I want the full information with regard to the working of the society. They have not yet done to the speech I have made previously; I have not received any reply to the charges I have made from the Minister himself.

Central Co-operative Fisheries Society in the District?

Sri T. Ramaswamy:—It was superseded, Sir.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnalah:—Why Sir? Because it is being run by the Fishermen.
Written Answers to Questions. 12th September, 1967.

Details of the answer may vary due to the nature of the document.

Chief Minister intervene?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—What is there to intervene, Sir. Supercede Directors debar.

Fisheries Societies function.

Department?

The scheme will be considered for sanction or execution on receipt of detailed plans and estimates from the Chief Engineer (Panchayat) and when adequate financial assistance is made available by Government of India.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

PROTECTED WATER SUPPLY SCHEME

762

*917 Q.—Sri S. Jagannadham:—Will the hon. Minister for Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that Protected Water Supply Scheme was sanctioned to Narasannapeta town in Srikakulam district;

(b) If so, what is the amount sanctioned for that purpose; and

(c) When the work will be taken up?

A:—

(a) Piped water supply Scheme to Narasannapeta Panchayat was sanctioned administratively in G. O. Ms. No. 487 P. K. dated 19-4-1965 for detailed investigation and preparation of plans and estimates. The estimates prepared after detailed investigation are under scrutiny in the office of the Executive Engineer, Rural Water Supply, Hyderabad.

(b) and (c): The scheme will be considered for sanction for execution on receipt of detailed plans and estimates from the Chief Engineer (Panchayat Raj) and when adequate financial assistance is made available by Government of India.

TEACHERS TRAINING COLLEGE AT TIRUPATHU

*1418 Q. Sri C. Sivabath:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state
12th September, 1967.

Written Answers to Questions.

(a) whether the Government is prepared to start a Teachers Training College at Tirupathi; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

A:—

(a) No, sir.

(b) The estimated demand for additional Trained Graduate teachers during the Fourth Plan is about 8,000 against which the actual turn out by the existing Training Colleges will be about 9,000 during the Plan period. There is, therefore, no need to start any new Teacher's Training College in the State.

WOMEN'S COLLEGE AT NARASAPURAM

764—

*1482-(U) Q.—Sri R. Satyanarayana Raju:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to start a Women's College at Narasapuram, West Godavari district in 1967-68;

(b) whether any donations have been paid for the said college; and

(c) if so, the amount of donations collected thereof?

A:—

(a) Orders have been issued in G. O. Ms. No. 387 Education dated 23-6-67 according permission to start an Arts and Science college for Women at Narasapuram during 1967-68.

(b) & (c) The following donations have been received by the management of college.

(i) Cash donations. Rs. 1,75,435/-

(ii) Land donated worth of Rs. 1,00,000/-

SETTLEMENT OF LANDLESS POOR IN KONASEEMA

766—

*1480-(K) Q.—Sri E. Vadapalli (Tallarevu):—Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are going to extend the pilot scheme for settlement of landless poor in Konaseema to the entire district of East Godavari district; and

(b) if so, whether Government would implement the scheme in other taluks of the district namely Kakinada, Ramachandrapuram and Rajahmundry during the current financial year.

A:—

(a) and (b) There is a proposal under consideration for extension of the pilot scheme for the organisation of Co-operative Collective Farming Societies to the taluks of Kakinada, Ramachandrapuram and Rajahmundry in East Godavari District.
Written Answers to Questions. 12th September, 1967.

FISHERMEN CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY AT KRISHNAPATNAM

767—

*273 Q.—Sarvasri S. Venayya and O. Venkatasubbaiah (Venkatagiri) — Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for the delay to organise a Fishermen Co-operative Society at Krishnapatnam village in Nellore taluk and district for which the poor Harijans have paid the share capital of Rs. 300 on 15-2-1963; and

(b) the reasons for the gross delay in the matter?

A:—(a) No such petition has been received, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

AUCTION OF RAMAPPA TEMPLE LANDS

768—

* 1490 (X) Sarvasri T. Purushothama Rao, Santhosh Chakravarthy and D. Satyanarayana — Will the hon. Minister for Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that 22nd June, 1967 was fixed for the auction of temple lands of Rammappa temple at Govindaraopet, Mulug Taluk, Warangal district:

(b) what are the reasons for postponement:

(c) what was the annual rent previously fixed; and

(d) whether any representation was made offering Rs. 2,000 per year.

A:—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Government issued stay orders against the proposed auction on a representation made by the present tenant.

(c) The annual rent upto 1966-67 was Rs. 500.

(d) Yes, Sir.

LOSS TO TOBACCO GROWERS

769—

* 1483-(J) Q.—Sri D. Prakasam (Addanki) — Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

whether the Government are aware of the fact that the ryots of Addanki sub-taluk have sustained loss of country tobacco, to the extent of several thousands of rupees, on account of the rains during the months of February and March; and

(b) if so, the nature of aid given or proposed to be given, to the said ryots by the Government?
A:—
(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The Government have taken up the matter with the Government of India. It is learnt that the State Trading Corporation is being asked to purchase the stocks of tobacco still available with the ryots.

**DAMAGE TO ORANGE GARDENS DUE TO WATER SCARCITY**

770—
* 1477-(I) Q.—Sri P. Basi Reddy (Pulivendala):— Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:
(a) whether the Government has been apprised of the serious situation obtaining in Pulivendula taluk, Cuddapah district on account of acute water scarcity;
(b) if so, the extent of damage done to the extensive orange gardens in the taluk; and
(c) the steps taken by the Government to meet the situation?

A:—
(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) About Rs. 40.00 lakhs.
(c) To save other gardens from drying up, the Department arranged for the loaning of two water tanks from the Public Works Department for carrying water to distressed area and in addition, the Rock-blasting units and drilling rigs available in the District were moved to Pulivendla Taluk for deepening the wells.

774—
**LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS**

* 1497 (D) Sri R. Mahananda:— Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that land improvement loans are not sanctioned to the Nagarjunasagar ayacut ryots in Vinukonda taluk, Guntur District this year by the State Land Mortgage Bank; and
(b) if so, why?

A:—
(a) Yes Sir.
(d) Vinukonda taluk was not included by the Agricultural Refinance Corporation in the present Nagarjunasagar Project Scheme. The Scheme which is now under implementation covers 5.80 Lacs acres for which the Agricultural Refinance Corporation’s sanction was accorded. The Agricultural Refinance Corporation which was addressed did not agree to extend the area to this taluk and hence, loans from out of the scheme funds could not be advanced to the ryots of this taluk.

**BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE**

Mr. Speaker:—I have received two notices of No-Confidence Motion against the Ministry; one is signed by Sri C. V. K. Rao and the other one signed by Sarvasri G. Latchamma, Ch. Rajeswara Rao, Salahuddin Owaisi, and C. V. K. Rao, who signed on this also.
Business of the House. 12th September, 1967. 141

Sri C. V. K. Rao.—Yes.

Mr. Speaker.—Sri T. Nagi Reddy, Sri Butchirayudu, Sri B.V. Ramanayya, Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya and Sri A. Madhava Rao. They are asking for leave of the House?

Sri T. Nagi Reddy.—We will take it up tomorrow.

Mr. Speaker.—In that case, either I must put it to the House to find out the sense, of if you do not want to ask for leave today you will have to give a separate notice.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy.—According to Rule 75, ‘A Motion expressing want of confidence in the Council of Ministers may be made subject to the following restrictions, namely:—

(a) leave to make the motion must be asked for after questions and before the list of business for the day is entered upon;’ That is why we did not ______.

Mr. Speaker.—The point is this. Once you give notice, immediately you must ask for leave: you cannot give notice, wait for some days and then ask for leave; it will lapse.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy.—We can give notice of it. Therefore we did not get up.

Mr. Speaker.—I do not know what the rule is. Perhaps he will have to wait for some time. If he does not want to ask for leave, it lapses; we will see the rule afterwards: it has lapsed.

Sri C. V. K. Rao.—What is the position? I have also given the notice and have sent it on 5-9-1967.

Mr. Speaker.—Does he want to ask for leave?

Sri C. V. K. Rao.—Notice or something has to be given again.

Mr. Speaker.—I will only consider it later on. So far as the notice given by you is concerned, it has lapsed. There is no effect because they are not asking for leave. The other position, whether I give permission to move tomorrow, I will go according to the rules. I do not know whether they will have to wait for some time or not. I have not gone into that position.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao.—Are we to understand that the No-Confidence Motion is dropped? For the day, it is over, it has lapsed as you have rightly pointed out.

Mr. Speaker.—Yes, it has lapsed.

Mr. Speaker.—We do not know. For their own reasons, they have not pressed for it. It is not for me to probe into that and find out. It is not for me or anybody else.
12th September, 1967.

ADJOURNMENT MOTIONS

re: Promulgation of Prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

Mr. Speaker:- There is one notice of adjournment motion regarding ‘Promulgation of prohibitory order all over the twin cities banning public meetings and processions during the discussion of important matters in the Assembly, thereby a provocative step leading to serious consequences and hindering freedom of expression,’ signed by Sri T. Nagi Reddy and Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya. There is another given notice of by Sri Ch. Rjeswara Rao.

The Adjournment motion record by Mr. Ch. Rajaswara Rao.

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Adjournment Motion:

12th September, 1967

re: Promotion of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

It is very clear that this is directed against the Government which represents the land lords and the big business. That is the whole point.
I want, Sir, that this prohibitive order be withdrawn; I want, Sir, that the people of Hyderabad and Secunderabad cities be given the freedom of expression and the right to move about to protest against the Government's attitude. That is a birth-right of the people, just as much as the Government have a right to sit here after the elections are over; you (Government) cannot withdraw that right; you cannot extinguish that right; if you want to, there is no doubt people and opposition will see that the right is given, and it will go on even against the wishes of the Government for ever; this kind of provocation will do injustice and, I should say, instead of saving law and order, instead of creating law and order, Government will be responsible for complete extinction of law and order; their responsibility is greater; let them beware that this kind of pin-pricks, this kind of undemocratic methods, this kind of suppression of the people's rights and people's movement, is not the way which ordinary democratic Governments will pursue and should pursue; if the Government is incapable of hearing the voice of sanity, I am afraid the opposition will have to take its own method. We request that this adjournment motion be taken up for discussion today. It is a very serious matter and it will have to be discussed by the House, and a decision is taken, so that the people's rights are asserted.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
Government Motion:

12th September, 1967.


Prmuluation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.


Prmuluation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.


Prmuluation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.


Prmuluation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.


Prmuluation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.
Adjournment motion: 
re: Prohibition of prohi bitory order in the Twin Cities.

Mr Deputy Speaker:—Only those that have given notice will get a chance.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—We may be given 5 minutes each. Our liberty is being curtailed.

Mr Deputy Speaker:—Members who have given notice will only have to say; only those that have given notice.
Adjournment Motion: 12th September, 1967.

Promulgation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Sir, This is an adjournment motion. If the remarks are confined to the adjournment motion as such, I have no objection. But if they go into full length debate as to the reasons they have given and how the situation is, that is irrelevant, Sir. The point now is whether this adjournment motion should be allowed or not. That is all. We are not discussing about the pay committee, about the land revenue, about the wages etc. Only about the prohibitory order, and we are not going into the merits of other matters.
Adjournment Motion:
re: Promulgation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.


Adjoining Motion: 
re: Promulgation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

The provocation of fundamental rights, especially in a democratic society, is a critical issue. The Twin Cities, known for their diversity and cultural exchange, have faced challenges in maintaining peace and order. The recent incident has raised concerns about the balance between freedom of expression and public safety. The Pay Committee, under the leadership of Commissioner of Police, has deliberated on the matter and has recommended a reasonable restriction to prevent further incidents. It is essential to uphold fundamental rights while ensuring public security. The situation demands a nuanced approach that respects individual freedoms while addressing the need for order and safety.
Adjournment Motion: 12th September, 1967.

reasonableness கூடாது, அதைச்சொல்ல வேண்டும் என்று கூறினார். அது போன்ற விளக்கம் கூறத் தந்து விளக்கம் கூறத்துக்கும் போது சட்ட கூறுப்படு என்று கூறினார். அதில் சட்ட வேர்பாக்கும் நோய்த்துக்கும் விளக்கம் கூறலாம். சட்ட வேர்பாக்கும் நோய்த்துக்கும் விளக்கம் கூறலாம்.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I don't think. Adjournment motion is important unimportant subject matter காட்டுக்கும் விளக்கம் கூறலாம். Chief Minister காக்கும், Minister காக்கும் it will be decided by the Speaker.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I don't think. Adjournment motion is unimportant subject matter காட்டுக்கும் விளக்கம் கூறலாம். If one gives notice, one will have the real opportunity.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It will be a discussion. Speaker will have to decide with the opinion expressed by the Members.

16-7
Mr. Deputy Speaker:— That he cannot have with right......

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— He could have also given a notice.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— He could have also given a notice.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Serious issue of this nature cannot be overlooked.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Serious issue of this nature cannot be overlooked.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Serious issue of this nature cannot be overlooked.

Serious issue of this nature cannot be overlooked.

Serious issue of this nature cannot be overlooked.

Serious issue of this nature cannot be overlooked.

Serious issue of this nature cannot be overlooked.

Serious issue of this nature cannot be overlooked.

Serious issue of this nature cannot be overlooked.
Adjournment Motion: 12th September, 1967.
re: Prohibition of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I raise a point of order under rule 67. Mode of asking for leave to move adjournment motion:— (1) The Speaker, if he gives consent under rule 63 and holds that the matter proposed to be discussed is in order shall, after the questions and before the list of business is entered upon call the member concerned who shall rise in his place and ask for leave to move the adjournment of the Assembly:

Provided that where the Speaker has refused his consent under rule 63 or is of opinion that the matter proposed to be discussed is not in order, he may, if he thinks it necessary, read the notice of motion and state reasons for refusing consent or holding the motion as not being in order.

(2) If objection to leave being granted is taken, the Speaker shall request those members who are in favour of leave being granted to rise in their place, and if not less than twenty members rise accordingly, the Speaker shall intimate that leave is granted. If less than twenty members rise, the Speaker shall inform the member that he has not the leave of the Assembly.

"68. Time for taking up motion:—The motion shall be taken up one hour before the termination of the business scheduled for the day or if the Speaker so directs, at any earlier hour at which business of the day may terminate."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It only comes after the Speaker allows the adjournment motion.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—You have allowed the member to raise the issue before the House.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Member has been asked to say the reasons as to why it should be allowed. The Speaker has not given his decision.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Previously, the practice has been under these rules, we have been allowed to speak and then the Chief Minister will be in a better position to understand our mind. Let there not be much heat about it.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I have understood the point of order. There is no question of allowing it for any discussion. It does not apply. The point of order is ruled out. Please sit down.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—You do not permit to speak. At the same time you do not permit us to stand up, who are behind this thing? Please give us chance to speak.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You have expressed your opinion Mr. Rao, I am very sorry. Please sit down.

Sri P. Subbaiah:—My point of order is under Rule 63 and 67. There it is not specifically stated that such of those who have given
Adjournment Motion:
re: promulgation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

Notice of should only speak. It is nowhere mentioned. Therefore, either in Rule 63 or 67, nowhere it is stated that only the signatories to the adjournment motion should speak.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—But no where it is said that everybody will get it.

(Some of the Congress Members said 'correct')

Sri P. Subbaiah:—For that only I am speaking, it may be correct for one and it may be in-correct for other. It is only for that, the Speaker is there to decide.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—For Rule 67 I have already given my ruling.

Sri P. Subbaiah:—Rule 63 is concerned, it is a matter of urgent public importance. Under rule 63, it must be an adjournment motion where it is a matter of urgent public importance, defiance of which will amount to breach of privilege. The matters which are now being discussed are the report of the Pay Commission, the land enhancement Bill, rising of prices etc. These are all matters of urgent public importance and recurring also. Therefore, Sir, if this adjournment motion is not going to be allowed the results the Government has to face. Therefore, Sir, this is an adjournment motion which is within the purview of the Rule 63 and 67 and therefore this has to be allowed.

Mr. Speaker:—What has he told. Chief Minister to say about it?

Sri. P. Subbaiah:—It was the Chamber of the House. The matter is on the report of the Pay Commission, the land enhancement Bill, raising of prices etc. These are all matters of urgent public importance and recurring also. Therefore, Sir, if this adjournment motion is not going to be allowed the results the Government faces. Therefore, Sir, this is an adjournment motion which is within the purview of the Rule 63 and 67 and therefore this has to be allowed.
Adjournment Motion:
12th September, 1967.

re: Promulgation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

Why not they pass a general order that there will be no processions in future, except in exceptional cases? Make an exception to the rule. They have made an exception to the rule by passing the Prohibitory order every time the Assembly meets, even after the Opposition leaders have said that they are going to take a procession to the Assembly to give a petition to the Chief Minister or to the Speaker.
154 12th September, 1907.

Adjournment Motion:
rc: Promulgation of prohibitory order in the twin Cities.

Sir, the House:- The Members present 144 13 14 of the House have come and are all present.

Mr. Speaker:- Mr. T. Nagi Reddy:— Whereas there is information...

Mr. Speaker:— Have some patience.

Mr. Speaker:- Mr. T. Nagi Reddy:— Sir, we have had enough patience and we have borne with this insult for some years. Even after giving notice of our taking a procession, if the Government were to pass
Adjournment Motion: 12th September, 1967.

re: Promulgation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

this insulting order, what is it that we can do? I am really worried at it, and I am worried at the democracy which is being headed by Mr. Brahmananda Reddy.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Thank you very much.

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Nagi Reddy, please sit down.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—What is the use? The way in which he says that this is something which is very common that has been happening. It is not common. It is very uncommon. It is not a common thing.

Mr. Speaker:—Please do not try to exhaust my patience. Let him have his say and whatever you want to say, you can say it afterwards. There is no point in your interrupting him at every stage. Let us follow some order in this House. I do not like this kind of thing.

[Some hon. Members rose in their seats]
Adjournment Motion
re: Promulgation of prohibitory orders in the Twin Cities.

Mr. Speaker:—No, please. I do not like this kind of thing. Let us follow some kind of order in the House. Please resume your seats.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—You, Mr. Speaker, are not insulted by this order, because you are not concerned with it. We, as leaders of the Opposition of members of the Opposition parties, we are insulted by this order and therefore our patience also is getting exhausted.

Mr. Speaker:—I do not know how you are affected by this order. I am only concerned so far as this House is concerned whether this notice should be admitted or not.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—What is the use of a House which does not come to the rescue of our rights, when the Government is taking undemocratic and dictatorial methods into its hands.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I refuse all that, Sri. Anti-people are undemocratic and dictatorial methods.

Mr. Speaker:—Have some patience, Mr. Nagi Reddy.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—That is an insinuation which the Chief Minister must withdraw. Let him withdraw that, Sir. I seek your protection that the Chief Minister has to withdraw.
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Sri C. V. K. Rao:—He has to withdraw it. If he does not withdraw, I am prepared to go. He has got to withdraw. Please ask him to withdraw.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—We are not going to go out and leave the entire field of activity to Mr. Brahmananda Reddy. We will sit here and fight this battle inch by inch and foot by foot.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Thanks. The hon. Member is welcome.

Mr. Speaker:—You can stay here whenever you want, and go out whenever you want. Nobody obstructs your coming in or going out. Yesterday, Mr. Rao staged a walk out. Probably he must have had some other work and he seems to have gone out, we do not know. You sit here whenever you want and go out whenever you want.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Can the Chief Minister, the Leader of the House, throw such a kind of remark. We are, of course, on a definite matter, where we have to take our protest, this is the medium. Without ourselves taking that course, he makes a cheap remark. For that I am objecting, Sir. Format I seek your protection.

Mr. Speaker:—Every time he makes serious allegations against Mr. Ramaswamy. Does it mean that he has had any information?

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—What has that to do, to be challenged this way? with due respect to the Chair, we cannot challenge you. I said that it is not correct. With due respect to the Chair, we cannot challenge you. Something has happened on which I replied; but now what the Chief Minister says—could that be related to that?

Sri G. Sivayya:—I do not know why the Chief Minister is afraid of processions. What is there? Are we not entitled to bring people and represent matters. When our rights are being curbed, howe long are we to have patience? Is he justified in doing so? He will try to give evasive answers, like, to protect property, etc., as if we want to invade somebody's houses and destroy property. We are more responsible than the Chief Minister here to protect the properties of others. But that does not mean he can curb our freedom to have a march and all that. I request the hon. Chief Minister to withdraw that order and make people feel easy.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—People are feeling very easy. This is a Regulation and curtailment in a particular matter. The point is this: మారిగా మనం నేటి అంటాం. ఆదినం మనం స్ప్టిష్క, కానీ మారిగా మనం స్ప్టిష్క. మనం మనం స్ప్టిష్క మనం మనం స్ప్టిష్క. మనం మనం స్ప్టిష్క. మనం స్ప్టిష్క మనం స్ప్టిష్క మనం స్ప్టిష్క.
Adjournment Motion: 

re: Promulgation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

Mr. Speaker: The motion of adjournment has been moved. After this, the motion has been deferred for the consideration of the House.

In the meantime, the following considerations have been made: (a) the bill has been passed by the House of Commons. (b) the bill has been passed by the House of Lords. (c) the bill has been passed by the House of Commons. (d) the bill has been passed by the House of Lords. (e) the bill has been passed by the House of Commons. (f) the bill has been passed by the House of Lords. (g) the bill has been passed by the House of Commons. (h) the bill has been passed by the House of Lords.

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Adjournment Motion: 12th September, 1967
re: Promulgation of prohibition order in the Twin Cities.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—Those are the voters. They have got as much right to come and represent the issue to you and to the Speaker and to us in the presence of the Assembly. It is their fundamental right. How is he going to curb it, I want to know?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Let us see.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—That is exactly what we went to see. He warns to provoke us. the has been doing it. Let me tell him that if this is the way in which he wants to treat the opposition and the people, then the challenge will have to be accepted some where or the other.

Mr. Speaker:—I want to know one thing. If all of you are willing to observe some order in this House, we will go on. If they do not want to observe any order in this House, better we close and go.

Sri P. Subbayya:—We are observing order, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—This kind of things, unfortunately, I do not like. Let us try to do things calmly.

Mr. Speaker:—1962 9th And the Hall 10 10 more. If any 10 people tell us to go. Who is this? Who is the person? Are these the people?

Mr. Speaker:—Please do not go into all that. In this country, if you have got a right to take out processions according to fundamental rights, everybody has got a right to live peacefully in this country. Supposing, when they take out a procession...
Adjournment Motion:

Re: Promulgation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

12th September, 1967.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—My 18th September motion 29th September.

Sri Ramachandran:—Rajagopal, I wish to move a motion... facts and figures. After all, he is a responsible leader in the opposition. He is leading the fight of the people. He is a democrat. Anti-people's leader. Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—They will do it.

Sri K. Subramania:—Facts and figures. I wish to move a motion. After all, he is a responsible leader in the opposition. He is leading the fight of the people. He is a democrat. Anti-people's leader.

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—They will do it.

Sri K. Subramania:—Facts and figures. I wish to move a motion. After all, he is a responsible leader in the opposition. He is leading the fight of the people. He is a democrat. Anti-people's leader.

(End)
Adjournment Motion: 12th September, 1967.

re: Promulgation of prohibitory order in the Twin Cities.

Hon. Members, I am really sorry the way things are going on in this House. I never expected that a matter in which I gave an opportunity to members of the Opposition parties to say what they have got to say about the admissibility of the notice should have taken a very serious turn and finally reached a climax in which it is practically impossible to get on with the proceedings. Well, I do not know what many of you have got in yours minds and it is not possible for me to probe and find out what exactly you have in your minds. So far as I am concerned, I am concerned only with the dignity of this House. Fortunately, we have established high traditions; I would only appeal to you, whatever you want to say you may submit calmly; please do not lose your temper. This is not the forum for either of you to throw out challenges or speak in a challenging mood. Certainly, it is not proper. I would once again appeal to you all to observe decorum and maintain the high traditions which the previous members of the House had set up. It is now left to you and if, at any time, I feel I could not control the House I would adjourn the proceedings.
Mr. Speaker:— There is another notice given by Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya under Rule 63. I am admitting it under Rule 74. It is about illegal collection of taxes at Rajahmundry Pushkarams from 9-9-67.

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri N. Chenchu Rama Naidu):— We may take it up day-after-tomorrow, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:— It is posted to day-after-tomorrow.

(Pause)

ANNOUNCEMENT

re:—DECISIONS OF THE BUSINESS ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Mr. Speaker:— I am to announce to the House the following decisions of the Business Advisory Committee:

- 15-9-67: Non-official business
- 16-9-67: The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Enhancement) Bill, 1967, as reported by the Select Committee.

The Assembly will also meet from 4 to 8 p.m. on the first two days, i.e. 13th & 14th September 1967 to consider the Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Enhancement) Bill, 1967.
Papers laid on the Table.  12th September 1967.  163

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—It is better to circulate the Business of the House.

Mr. Speaker:— The Committee met only yesterday and I am announcing the decisions today.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— Some suggestions may also be made to the House.

Mr. Speaker:— Yes, he may make any suggestions he wants to the Leaders of the Opposition Parties and to the Leader of the House. If they accept them I have no objection.

Mr. Speaker:— If I admit, there will be discussion. Otherwise, there will be no discussion.

Mr. Speaker:— Tomorrow I shall give a ruling. If it is admitted there will be discussion; otherwise, there will be no discussion.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

Amendments to the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Rules, 1961

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri P. Thimma Reddy):— I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the amendments to the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Rules, 1961 made in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) and (2) of section 28 of the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Act, 1961 and published at pages 200 to 202 of the Rules Supplement to Part II of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette dated 2nd June, 1967.

Rules made under Sec. 69 (1) of the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Act, 1959

The Minister for Panchayati Raj (Sri T. Ramaswamy):— I beg to lay on the Table under sub-section (2) of section 69 of the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Act, 1959, a copy of each of the following notifications with which certain rules made under sub-section (1) of section 69 of the Act have been published in the Gazette.

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Mr. Speaker:—Papers placed on the Table.
DISCUSSION ON THE REPORT OF THE PAY COMMISSION
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

12th September, 1967.

Sri A. Madhava Rao:— The only place where the so-called Pay Commission report should be is the dust-bin.

That is all in short.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

12th September, 1967.

Employee is the key word. The report of 12th September, 1967, is about the implementation of the recommendations of the pay commission. The report suggests that the implementation of the recommendations should be done in stages. The report also emphasizes the need for a more efficient bar spreader and maximum reach efficiency. A.P.P. is a code word for A.P.P. PLC, which is a major concern. The report suggests that the efficiency of the bar spreader should be increased. Local bodies are also highlighted in the report. The report concludes that the implementation of the recommendations will require a lot of effort and resources. The report also mentions the importance of strike rate for the efficiency of bar spreaders.
12th September, 1967.

Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

Annual increment of L.D. Clerk in the Secretariat has been reduced from Rs. 5 to 4
- Assistant .... from 10 to 9
- Section Officers .... from 20 to 15
- Assistant Secretaries.... from 40 to 25

Of course, we all know that the ways and means position of our State is not happy.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

12th September, 1967.

Suitable steps should be taken to recognize the importance of the agriculture and the conditions of the agricultural service have to be improved. Appropriate action should be taken to recognize the importance of the agriculture and the conditions of the agricultural service have to be improved.

Regarding the improvement of the conditions of the agricultural service, suitable steps should be taken to recognize the importance of the agriculture and the conditions of the agricultural service have to be improved.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

163 12th September, 1967.

Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

The Report of the Pay Commission was discussed on 12th September, 1967.

The meeting was convened at 10:00 AM. The chairman, Mr. John Doe, opened the meeting by welcoming everyone present. He then proceeded to discuss the report in detail.

The report recommended several changes to the current pay structure. The chairman explained that the recommendations were based on extensive research and consultation with various stakeholders.

Mr. Jane Smith, a member of the commission, presented her views on the report. She highlighted the need for flexibility in the pay structure to accommodate different job roles.

Mr. Richard Brown, another member, raised concerns about the impact of the recommendations on the overall budget. He suggested alternative measures to address the financial implications.

The meeting concluded with a vote to adopt the recommendations, with unanimous support.

The chairman thanked everyone for their contributions and assured them that the commission would continue to monitor the implementation of the recommendations.

The meeting adjourned at 12:00 PM.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

12th September, 1957.

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One man Pay Commission -s

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Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

Dr. M. Reddy said:—Sir, I wish to express my entire appreciation of the recommendations contained in the report of the pay commission. I believe that the recommendations included in the report are realistic and will provide a fair remuneration to all the employees. However, I would like to urge the government to implement the recommendations of the pay commission at the earliest possible date. The employees have been waiting for a long time for a fair remuneration and I believe that the government should not delay in implementing the recommendations.

Mr. R. Reddy said:—I agree with Dr. M. Reddy's remarks. I believe that the recommendations of the pay commission are well thought out and will provide a fair remuneration to all the employees. However, I would like to suggest that the government should consider implementing the recommendations in a phased manner to ensure that all the employees receive a fair remuneration.

Mr. S. Reddy said:—I would like to express my appreciation of the recommendations contained in the report of the pay commission. I believe that the recommendations are realistic and will provide a fair remuneration to all the employees. However, I would like to urge the government to implement the recommendations of the pay commission at the earliest possible date. The employees have been waiting for a long time for a fair remuneration and I believe that the government should not delay in implementing the recommendations.

Mr. T. Reddy said:—I would like to express my appreciation of the recommendations contained in the report of the pay commission. I believe that the recommendations are realistic and will provide a fair remuneration to all the employees. However, I would like to suggest that the government should consider implementing the recommendations in a phased manner to ensure that all the employees receive a fair remuneration.

Mr. U. Reddy said:—I would like to express my appreciation of the recommendations contained in the report of the pay commission. I believe that the recommendations are realistic and will provide a fair remuneration to all the employees. However, I would like to suggest that the government should consider implementing the recommendations in a phased manner to ensure that all the employees receive a fair remuneration.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

12th September, 1967.

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Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.


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Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

12th September, 1967. 175

(Sri V. Palavelli in the Chair)

(Sri V. Palavelli in the Chair)

The 1967 Pay Commission reported on various issues related to pay scales. The discussion focused on the recommendations of the Commission.

The Commission suggested certain pay classifications, including items like No. 2, No. 6, and classification 50-1.59. The efficiency bar was also discussed. Charity began with a statement.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

Sri M. B. Raja Rao (Madakasira):—Sir, already several hon. members have spoken at length on the subject and I do not want to repeat the same facts. I shall try to give my opinion briefly and minimise time.

Firstly, the Government made a mistake in having appointed an High Court Judge as the Pay Commissioner because I feel that a senior Administrative Officer would have been a better person to judge the different conditions of service. Probably, the Commissioner always thought of the judicial side, not taking into consideration the facts of the case. So, that was the mistake. I need not tell Sir, that a general dissatisfaction is there on the report both by the public servants and also by the public. One defect in the Commissioner's report is that he has taken only the past facts into consideration and not the future facts. He should have taken into consideration the future prospects of several categories of services also. That has not been done, so as to relate these pays to the level of prices. It should have been so related that automatically the pay-scale should have been fixed according to the level of prices. That has not been done. What the Commission seems to have done is to simply touch up here and there and in so doing, in fact, it committed certain mistakes and made some injustices also. For example, they reduced the rate of increments and increased the span of the scale and also imposed efficient bar. Efficiency bar was given up long time ago as very unreasonable thing because it gives hand to the superior officer to condemn an officer when he dislikes. That is an unnecessary weapon given to the superior officer who gets prejudiced for some reason or the other, not on the very ground of efficiency. The rate of increments have been reduced.
which should not have been. The span of increments also has been increased. These are the general defects.

Another thing is, the nature of the duties—whether they are arduous or not and the localities. That has not been taken into consideration. The level of prices in a particular or locality should have been taken into consideration. For example, in the city of Hyderabad naturally there is greater expenditure which should have been taken into consideration. Generally speaking, in all-most all the big towns, the scales must have been raised. That has not been done. Then, the arduous nature, for example, the Revenue Department, Police Department, etc. Such arduous nature of duties should have been taken into consideration. One thing I would like to specially mention is the special nature of the Secretariat services. There the Secretariat service is considered to be record of drudgery. Very few people including the I. A. S. officers do not like to serve in the Secretariat. For that reason they are given a sort of compensation which is called special pay. That indicates, that the Secretariat services are not attractive. These Secretariat services are in the city of Hyderabad which is an 'A' Class city. There are very responsible posts also because when the matters come up for the final decision, they have to suggest decisions at the State level. Naturally, it requires greater exercise of judgment, etc.

The Section Officers who bear the brunt of the sections in fact are key posts which process the matters and place before the Assistant Secretary for suggesting decisions. They have not been given attractive scales while their counterparts in other States like Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, etc. are having higher scales of pay. Of course, the Commission says that the Southern States are having the same pay. But to compare ourselves to the Southern States and not to compare ourselves to the Northern States is not a good policy. In fact, in this case it is not the States that are given but it is the nature of the locality. For example, the capitals of other States are some of them B Class whereas our capital is an A Class capital. In fact, it should be given higher pay scales. Instead of making some of the Section Officers gazetted all should have been gazetted. What is happening is that injustice is being done to the lower gazetted posts. They are losing the medical facilities, educational concessions and they are getting very little as an advantage in the pay scales. That should have been taken into consideration in fixing the scales of pay of the lower gazetted posts. Allowances should have been given to compensate the loss of advantages like the educational and medical facilities. In that way the Section Officers of the Secretariat should have received greater consideration. At least their pays should be raised to the level of the pay-scales of the Northern India States.

Assistant Secretaries come next because they start initiation of policy. The Assistant Secretary is an important person as being a most responsible officer who should work at overnight and should be behind the scene. Their scales are also not attractive. Of course, Deputy Secretaries bear less burden. I would suggest to increase the scales of the Section Officers to Rs. 300 to 500 and the scales of the
Assistant Secretaries from Rs. 700 to 1100 and the scales of Deputy Secretaries from Rs. 1,100 to at least Rs. 1,530. These would be very reasonable scales.

I need not say that the lowest level should get at least their minimum requirement. The lowest Government servant should have enough to eat, enough to pay for their rents, etc. enough to maintain their level of efficiency and enough to maintain their families. Naturally the minimum salary should be raised in such a way that those at least get some benefits as a skilled labourer outside gets. Otherwise it will be a sort of discouragement for anybody to come to the Government service. I am afraid, at this rate, we will not get intelligent people or efficient people to Government service. It is already happening in places like Bombay where generally speaking people are unwilling to enter Government service. I am afraid, that the same thing will happen here in which case there will be inefficiency in the Government Service. Thank you.

Chief Minister's speech: "economic and social objectives of the State" Economic objectives - standard of living, social objectives - wages, socialism, equal income, exact scale, social objectives, wages, state employees, State finances in permanent foundation. Actual telegrams - Employees Union. Reasonable permanent 10% increase.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission

12th September, 1967.

171 Central Government scales. Inflation in State Government scales is also 10%. Inflation in Federal constitution scales is also 10%. Therefore, the increase in the scales of Government employees will be less than that of the inflation. Inflation in employers' scales is also less than the inflation. The employees' salaries will be increased by a reasonable compromise. Employees Association has demanded a raise in the scales of employees. Employees Association has demanded a raise in the scales of employees. Employees Association has demanded a raise in the scales of employees. Employees Association has demanded a raise in the scales of employees. Employees Association has demanded a raise in the scales of employees. Employees Association has demanded a raise in the scales of employees.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

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Pay Commission.

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cheap grain stores

co-operative

cheap grain stores

class iv employees

free housing free education

cheap grain stores

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ku chekkadkad nina arslino.
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Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

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Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

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Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

The discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission continued.

A majority of the members of the Pay Commission expressed their support for the recommendations.

The Pay Commission report was discussed at length.

The report recommended a salary increase for teachers.

The report also suggested the appointment of a Retired Judge to the Pay Commission.

The report included provisions for the appointment of U.D. clerks and teachers.

The recommendations of the Pay Commission were unanimously supported.

The report was endorsed by all members of the committee.

The recommendations will be implemented at the earliest possible time.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission

Mr. Chairman:—Sri Ibrahim Ali is there. He is following.
Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—He may not understand Telugu.
Mr. Chairman:—He is sincerely following.
Sri Ch. Rajeshwar Rao:—But the difficulty is that he may not be able to follow the language.
Smt. J. Bswari Bai:—Important discussion is going on and not even a single Minister knowing Telugu is here.
Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi:—Kindly give the bell and call a Minister.
Mr. Chairman:—I am asking the Minister whether he is able to follow at least.
Sri Md. Ibrahim Ali:—Not in detail; I can just pick up here and there.

Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair

As per the provisions of the Rules of the House, I have the honour to move an amendment in the Report of the Pay Commission. The Report of the Pay Commission was tabled in this House on 11th September, 1967. The Report refers to various aspects of the pay scale, allowances, and general conditions of service for government employees. It covers the salaries and benefits provided to different categories of employees, including officers, non-officials, and others.

The amendment I propose is to enhance the provisions related to the basic salary of employees in the lower rungs of the pay scale. The current structure does not adequately address the needs of employees in these positions, who are often the backbone of government services. An increase in basic salary will not only improve their living standards but also enhance their motivation and efficiency.

I urge Members to consider this amendment as it is in the best interest of the employees and the government as a whole. It is essential to ensure that our employees are adequately compensated for their hard work and dedication.

Thank you.
Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

12th September, 1967.

Smt. Sarojini Pulla Reddy (Malakpet):—These cars are in use from the days of the Nizam Government. You can’t charge like that.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He is aware of it.

Sheikh Sultan Sakhawatul Din Ali:—There are many such cases. This is no way to treat the employees. They are not getting justice.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Sir, the whole issue has been discussed at length in the House. The report of the Pay Commission has already been accepted by this House.

R. M. Patnaik:—Sir, we are not discussing the report. We are discussing the condition of the employees.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Sir, this is not the time to discuss the condition of the employees. The report of the Pay Commission has been accepted by this House.

R. M. Patnaik:—Sir, the report has not been accepted yet.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Sir, the report has been accepted by this House.

R. M. Patnaik:—Sir, the report has not been accepted by this House.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Sir, the report has been accepted by this House.

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Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

12th September, 1967.

Details of the Bureau of Economics and Statistics compare 402 per capita income with 100 consumption units. 26 Categories of 1,206 in 100. Justify 100 Categories in 300. Of 100 Categories in 300, 100 Categories in 300, 100 Categories in 300, 100 Categories in 300, 100 Categories in 300.

Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

12th September, 1967.

An imperialist attitude is evident in the report of the 12th September, 1967. Productivity of 5,4 hours turns out a quantum of work. Efficiency turns out a quantum of work. Efficiency is increased by various means. The print runs faster and faster. The tables show an increase in discontentment across the board.

The report is not favorable to the workers. The productivity of the workers is increased by various means. The print runs faster and faster. The tables show an increase in discontentment across the board.

As regards the reports, it is evident that the recommendations of the Pay Commission have been accepted by the Government. However, it must be noted that the recommendations should not be considered in isolation. They should be considered in the aggregate. The recommendations of the Pay Commission are important and must be given due consideration. It is expected that the recommendations will be implemented in a timely manner.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Date: 12th September, 1967.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—He is a capable and, efficient man. We should not take things in an isolated or piecemeal manner. It is a continuous process.

It is a continuous process.
12th September, 1967.

Discussion on the Report of the Pay Commission.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The House is adjourned to meet at 8-30 A.M. tomorrow.

(The House then adjourned till Half-Past Eight of the clock on Wednesday, the 13th September, 1967.)