ANDHRA PRADESH
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEBATES
OFFICIAL REPORT

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ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

CULTIVATION OF LAND UNDER
THORRIGADDYA PUMPING SCHEME

642—

*1109 Q—Sri A Ramachandra Reddy (Bhongir) — Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state

(a) the extent of land under wet cultivation during 1964 under the Thorrigadda Pumping Scheme, East Godavari, and the quantity of paddy produced,

(b) whether it is a fact that the Jamabandi officer has given remission of water rate and incremental increase, at the rate of Rs. 3 per acre, in 1964;
28th February, 1966.

(c) whether it is also a fact that the Tahsildar of Rajahmundry has issued written notices to the ryots on 9th June, 1965, for payment of establishment charges at the rate of Rs 20 per acre for the lands cultivated in the previous years, and

(d) whether it is a fact that the ryots have been informed through the village karnam that unless the establishment charges are paid water will not be supplied?

[The Minister for Law deputised by the Minister for Revenue and answered the questions]

The Minister for Law (Sri P V Narasimha Rao)—(a) The extent of land under wet cultivation during 1964 under Thorrigadda Pumping Scheme, East Godavari district was Acs 1851.86 cents and the quantity of paddy produced was 18,520 bags.

(b) No remission of water rate was granted but water cess was charged at concessional rate of Rs 3 per acre.

(c) No, Sir. Written notices were issued on 9th July, 1965 to the ryots under Thorrigadda Pumping Scheme to the effect that Pumping charges would be collected at Rs 21.50 per acre. Subsequently revised instructions were issued that Pumping charges at Rs 21.50 paise per acre in respect of irrigated wet lands and Rs 10.75 paise in respect of irrigated dry lands should be collected.

(d) No, Sir.

Sri P V Narasimha Rao.— That information is not with me now.
Oral Answers to Questions  

28th February, 1966

ABOLITION OF MUTTAS IN PADERU TALUK

643—

*1152 Q—Sri D Kondal Rao (put by Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnarao)—Will the hon Minister for Revenue be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact the Muttas have been abolished nearly 6 years ago in Paderu taluk, Visakhapatnam district

(b) if so, whether after abolishing Muttas, the lands have been surveyed,

(c) if so, when, and

(d) if not, the reason therefor?

Sri P V Narasimha Rao—(a) Most of the Muttas in Paderu taluk, Visakhapatnam district have been taken over in the years 1949, 1953, 1956 and 1961 Paderu, Barsingi, Sindhiput and Neelamput Muttas are yet to be taken over

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) The question of taking up of the survey and settlement operations is under examination by the Director of Settlements

MOKHASA LAND IN CHINTALAPALAM

644—

*984 Q—Sri K Govinda Rao [Put by Sri M Laxman Swamy (Kankipadu)]—Will the hon Minister for Revenue be pleased to state

(a) whether there is any dispute for the title of the mokhasa land in the village of Chintalapalem, Sringavarapukota taluk, Visakhapatnam district between the land holders and the cultivating tenants of the village, and

(b) the reasons for issuing Section 144 against the cultivating tenants on 23rd August, 1965?

Sri P V Narasimha Rao—(a) Yes, Sir

(b) The landlords apprehended breach of peace and hence they filed petitions before the Taluk Magistrate, Sringavarapukota The Taluk Magistrate, Sringavarapukota after satisfying himself
issued prohibitory order under section 144 Cr PC on 23rd July, 1965 restraining the tenants from entering the lands for a period of one month. The Sub-Collector extended prohibitory order for a further period of one month with effect from 23rd August, 1965 in view of the tense situation in the village.

Sri G C Venkanna — What are the reasons laid down for prohibiting?

I have given a chronological statement. Naturally they will fight for the rights. They do not wait for the stay order. Naturally they will get the earlier order executed before the stay order reaches there. This is a normal procedure between the parties. Only there was tension in the village between the parties and therefore this order was issued.
Oral Answers to Questions 28th February, 1966

1. The petitioner (name of petitioner) — ordered to hand over possession of the land. It is never anticipated that the other party will go to the court of appeal and until then the first court also could not execute this order. This is very strange which I have never heard.

2. The petitioner (name of petitioner) — ordered to withdraw the application. It is never anticipated that the other party will go to the court of appeal and until then the first court also could not execute this order. This is very strange which I have never heard.

3. The petitioner (name of petitioner) — ordered to withdraw the application. It is never anticipated that the other party will go to the court of appeal and until then the first court also could not execute this order. This is very strange which I have never heard.

4. The petitioner (name of petitioner) — ordered to withdraw the application. It is never anticipated that the other party will go to the court of appeal and until then the first court also could not execute this order. This is very strange which I have never heard.

5. The petitioner (name of petitioner) — ordered to withdraw the application. It is never anticipated that the other party will go to the court of appeal and until then the first court also could not execute this order. This is very strange which I have never heard.

6. The petitioner (name of petitioner) — ordered to withdraw the application. It is never anticipated that the other party will go to the court of appeal and until then the first court also could not execute this order. This is very strange which I have never heard.

7. The petitioner (name of petitioner) — ordered to withdraw the application. It is never anticipated that the other party will go to the court of appeal and until then the first court also could not execute this order. This is very strange which I have never heard.

8. The petitioner (name of petitioner) — ordered to withdraw the application. It is never anticipated that the other party will go to the court of appeal and until then the first court also could not execute this order. This is very strange which I have never heard.

The petitions were allowed by the Tahsildar in Nos 3, 4 and 5 of 1962 and eviction of tenants was ordered. The tenants thereupon filed appeals before the Sub-Collector, Vizianagaram. Although the Tahsildar passed orders, the appeals were disposed of only after the 1st April. Before the Sub-Collector disposed of, there was nothing done to the tenants and therefore the landlords who got both the orders in their favour from both the Tahsildar and the Sub-Collector, prayed for execution of the orders. Only at that stage after the orders were executed, these people approached the High Court and these orders became infructuous.
11
28th February, 1966
Oral Answers to Questions

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(a) Sir, the appeal was dismissed by the Sub-Collector on 2nd June, 1965. Obviously after that within one month, probably within a few days, they might have applied for stay of execution. The possession was given to them on 18th July, 1965.

Wakf Property

645—

95 (5968) Q—Sarvasri C D Naidu, P Rayagopala Naidu, and K Narasimha Reddy [Put by Sri Vandemataram Ramachander Rao (Medchal)] — Will the hon Minister for Revenue be pleased to state

(a) whether the village of Khandanga in Vayalapad taluk, Chittor district was notified in the Gazette (28th June, 1962) as wakf property,

(b) if so, whether the Government are aware that this village was taken over by the Government under Inam Abolition Act and compensation was not paid to the Muttavalli of Mokbira of Gurramkonda, and

(c) the reasons for non-payment of compensation?

Sri P V Narasimha Rao —(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Khandanga village in Vayalapad taluk of Chittoor district was notified and taken over on 17th August, 1959 under
the Estates Abolition Act 1948 but not under Inams Abolition Act 1956 and compensation was paid for

(c) Does not arise

**GRAPE PROCESSING PLANT**

646—

*838 Q—Sri S Vemayya— Will the hon Minister for Irrigation and Agriculture be pleased to state

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to start a grape processing (preparation of grape juice) plant in the State now, and

(b) if so, the estimated cost of the plant?

The Minister for Irrigation and Agriculture (Sri A C Subba Reddi)—(a) No, Sir

(b) Does not arise

There is a proposal. Who will give that information?
consume  the  news  from  the  press,  (somehow  or  other)  one  can  easily  get  the  impression  of  processing
in  the  back  of  the  head.  Sir,  this  is  my  (somehow  or  other)  answer.

Sir  A. C  Subba  Reddy  — ‘No,  Sir’  is  my
response.

Sir  —  Sir?

Sir  A. C  Subba  Reddy  —  It  is  the  common  sense  that  can
deide.
FRUIT PROCESSING PROJECT AT VIJAYAWADA

647—

*837 (1298) Q—Sri S Vemayya—Will the hon Minister for Irrigation and Agriculture be pleased to state

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to start a Fruit Processing Project to utilise mangoes and tomatoes at Vijayawada now, and

(b) if so, the estimated cost of the project?

Sri A C Subba Reddy — (a) Yes, Sir

(b) The cost is estimated at Rs 2500 lakhs

648—

*1258 Q—Sri P O Satyanarayana Rao [Put by Sri Venkat Krishna Reddy (Nandikotkur)—Will the hon Minister for Irrigation and Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are any proposals before the Government to promote the export of pine-apples to any foreign country,

(b) if so, whether any agreement has been reached with any foreign country for the export of pine-apples,

(c) if so, the name of the country, and

(d) the foreign exchange earned?

Sri A C Subba Reddy — (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir

(c) Does not arise,

(d) Nil

EXPORT OF PINE-APPLES
EXPORT OF GRAPES AND BANANAS BY THE FRUIT DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

649—

"1225 Q—Sarvari C Bili Reddy and K Muru Reddy [Put by Sri P Narayana Reddy (Mydukur)]—Will the hon Minister for Irrigation and Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Fruit Development Corporation is exporting Grapes and Bananas by air to other countries from our State, and

(b) what is the quantity of grapes and bananas exported during 1964 and upto date in 1965?

Sri A C Subba Reddy—(a) No, Sir

(b) Does not arise
Oral Answers to Questions  
28th February, 1966

boats  

Sri A C Subba Reddy — It is a separate question

surplus  

Food Seminar  

air conditioned  

aeroplane  

facilities
Oral Answers to Questions

28th February, 1966.

AIR CONDITIONING

Steerers of Simhachalam to Vizag air-port is 2 nP. Packaging charges are 2 nP. Air lifting from Vizag to Rome Rs 885 nP per kilo. Cost price Rs 937 nP. Bulk transport cost is 592 nP. Transport from Simhachalam to Vizag air-port is 2 nP. Packaging charges are 2 nP. Air lifting from Vizag to Rome Rs 885 nP per kilo. Cost price Rs 937 nP. Bulk transport cost is 592 nP.

ASSOCIATION OF EXPORT SOCIETIES

Co-operative basis for export. Societies of Co-operation are set up. In some cases, the Ministry of Transport is involved in cold-storage vans and export damages are assessed. Transport to Foreign Countries requires ships. The Ministry of Transport is also involved in serious issues.

IMPORTS OF BETELNUTS AND CLOVES

Sr A C Subba Reddy—(a) It is difficult to furnish exact number of wholesale and retail dealers in betelnuts and cloves in 20 districts of Andhra Pradesh. However, it is estimated that...
Oral Answers to Questions 28th February, 1966

there are about 1,200—1,500 wholesale dealers and 4 to 5 lakhs of retailers in Betelnuts and Cloves in Andhra Pradesh

(b) (1) Betelnuts —The wholesale dealers get the stocks of betelnuts from Shimoga and Mangalore in Mysore State, from Vellore in Madras State from Malabar, Trichur, Trivur, Trivakur and Palghat in Kerala State, from Belgaum in Maharashtra State. Enquiries revealed that Hyderabad City received large stocks from Singapore and Colombo through their authorised Agents at Bombay and Madras. The retailers draw their requirements from the local wholesale dealers.

(2) Cloves —Cloves are imported from Zanzibar (Africa) by their authorised Agents at Bombay and Madras harbours and they are supplied through wholesale merchants at Bombay and Madras to the different wholesale dealers in important Cities of the State. Some of these are also imported from Ceylon but they are not of popular variety.

Hyderabad State Corporation stores are, as cooperatives have individuals who sell ready to 10 times, 30 times Government export permission under control of Co-operative Stores to Central Co-operatives at 50 per cent

There are some co-operatives who are dealing with these things and the difference between that rate and the market rate is nearly 50 per cent.

Betelnuts export quotas Central Co-operative Stores to stores, foreign exchange, export, export?
Sri P Venkata Krishna Reddy—Allotment of quota has been given to Central Co-operative Stores and some of the co-operative stores have to export the allotment.

Sri A C Subba Reddy—Yes, I do not know whether the quota is allotted to the Central Marketing Society. But there is a quota allotted and we must see that the produce that is grown here can be transported by these provincial co-operative societies, and not imported from there and then export it.

5. a. Is the Co-operative Stores in the state getting 50% market rate, in certain cases it has gone up to 300 per cent also.

6. Co-operative Stores trade is developing. In certain cases the co-operative stores have to export the allotment.

7. The aim of the Co-operative is to develop. Co-operatives 33% develop.

8. The Quotas are being developed.

9. Irrigation and Food Minister 33%. Quotas and co-operatives.

10. Quotas are being distributed to Greater Hyderabad Consumers Co-operative Stores at market rate of 50 per cent difference. Quotas are being distributed to the co-operatives.

11. Co-operative Stores are distributing the allotment, some of the allotment are being distributed.
28th February, 1966

Sri A C Subba Reddy — How is it relevant to this question?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya—Who can do it?

Sri A C Subba Reddy — If a co-operative society is doing something wrong, it is for the Co-operation Minister—

Co-operative Societies branch management

Sri A C Subba Reddy — If a co-operative society is doing something wrong, it is for the Co-operation Minister—

Who can do it?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya—Who can do it?

Sri A C Subba Reddy — How is it relevant to this question?
11
28th February, 1966

Oral Answers to Questions

Sri A C Subba Reddy—The price differences vary from Rs 440 to Rs 900 per quintal. The difference between the present selling rate usually accounts for Rs 60 to 65 per quintal.

Sri Vavlala Gopalakrishnayya—All is well that ends in hell.

SUGARCANE RESEARCH SUB-STATION AT CHITTOOR

651—

* 1274 Q—Sarvasri A Sarveswara Rao and V Satyanarayana (Put by Sri V Sri Krishna)—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Agriculture be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that a sugarcane Research Sub-Station was proposed at Chittoor and necessary staff were employed from November, 1959,

(b) whether the above research sub-station was eventually established at Perumallapalli (near Tirupathi) in 1962 where no irrigation facilities were available to raise sugarcane and did not function until the 1964-65 season, and

(c) what is the expenditure incurred on this Research Sub-Station up to 1964-65 and the value of the crop raised?

Sri A C Subba Reddy—(a) and (b) After inspecting several sites, Perumallapalli near Tirupathi was finally selected in 1962 for the establishment of the Sugarcane Research Sub-Station, as there was a reasonable possibility of getting water by sinking wells. Other sites inspected between 1959 and 1962 were either very costly or unsuitable for sugarcane cultivation. There was also stiff opposition from the owners of lands to the acquisition of their lands by Government in some cases.

(c) Expenditure incurred up to 1964-65 was Rs 2,13,043 and the receipts amounted to Rs 3,719.

1959-62 was new (incomplete) as 1962 was not included in the lists. The figures for 1964-65 were not complete.

1. The Minister of Railways — "What was the total number of accidents on the rail network in 1965?"

2. Mr. J. R. Jayewardene — What were the reasons for the delay in the construction of the rail network?

3. Mr. W. S. Bandaranayake — What was the number of accidents on the rail network in 1964?

4. Mr. W. D. Perera — What was the number of accidents on the rail network in 1965?

5. Mr. Bandaranayake — What was the number of accidents on the rail network in 1964?

6. Mr. Perera — What was the number of accidents on the rail network in 1965?

7. Mr. Bandaranayake — What was the number of accidents on the rail network in 1964?

8. Mr. Perera — What was the number of accidents on the rail network in 1965?
Oral Answers to Questions

1. On the point of the respondent having not been heard during discussions on the Finance Bill, the question has been asked whether the respondents have any objections to the Finance Bill. The respondent has stated that he has no objections to the Finance Bill.

2. The question has been asked about the status of the 1966-67 Budget. The Minister has stated that the Budget for 1966-67 will be presented in the next session of the Parliament.

3. The question has been asked about the 1959-60 Budget. The Minister has stated that the 1959-60 Budget was presented in the previous session of the Parliament and that it was approved by the Parliament.

4. The question has been asked about the 1964-65 Budget. The Minister has stated that the 1964-65 Budget was presented in the previous session of the Parliament and that it was approved by the Parliament.

5. The question has been asked about the 1963-64 Budget. The Minister has stated that the 1963-64 Budget was presented in the previous session of the Parliament and that it was approved by the Parliament.

6. The question has been asked about the 1962-63 Budget. The Minister has stated that the 1962-63 Budget was presented in the previous session of the Parliament and that it was approved by the Parliament.

7. The question has been asked about the 1961-62 Budget. The Minister has stated that the 1961-62 Budget was presented in the previous session of the Parliament and that it was approved by the Parliament.

8. The question has been asked about the 1960-61 Budget. The Minister has stated that the 1960-61 Budget was presented in the previous session of the Parliament and that it was approved by the Parliament.
Oral Answers to Questions 28th February, 1966

652—

*175 (1702) Q — Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande (Put by Sri Vavilala Gopalakashnayya)— Will the hon Minister for Panchayati Raj be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government are aware that the Upa-Sarpanch of Tenkti Gram Panchayat, Andole Taluk, Medak district is running a parallel Gram Panchayat Office with his separate forged seal and other printed forms as against the Official Gram Panchayat Office established under the law, and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government in this regard?

The Minister for Panchayati Raj (Dr M N Lakshminarasiah)— (a) No, Sir. The Upa-Sarpanch was only issuing ‘Dakhala chits’ unauthorisedly with a separate seal and these receipt books have now been taken away from him

(b) Action is being taken by Government against the Upa-Sarpanch under the rules

Receipt books were seized. He has collected about Rs 60 towards cattle pounds.
Dr M N Lakshminarasiah—I am sorry, I do not have that date here.

Dr M N Lakshminarasiah—It is in the month of August, 1965. The Collector is asked to take appropriate action and he is taking it.

Dr M N Lakshminarasiah—We have given instructions to the Collector to take action. That is what I have said.

Mr Deputy Speaker—Is it serious action?

Dr M N Lakshminarasiah—Yes.

**REMOVAL OF SARPANCHS IN WARANGAL TALUK**

(a) Three Sarpanchs have been removed for not convening the meetings in Warangal Taluk.

(b) Their names are—

(2) Smt V. Somaiah, Sarpanch, Sagaram Gram Panchayat, Warangal Taluk

(3) Smt P. Veeraiah, Sarpanch, Dharmapur Gram Panchayat, Warangal Taluk

(c) They have been removed from the Office of Sarpanch and the resultant vacancies have also been filled up.

Dr. M. N. Lakshminarasiah—To contest again for Sarpanch election, the disqualification arose somewhere in 1964 and it came to the notice in 1965.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu—The person was working in 1965. The question is, is he entitled to contest for the Sarpanch's post after the lapse of one year?

Dr. M. N. Lakshminarasiah—I cannot say offhand. I have to examine it.
Mr Deputy Speaker — Answers for the other questions will be placed on the Table of the House

There is a short notice question. The hon Member is not in the House. I request the Minister to read out the answer, and there will be no supplementary questions on that.
SHORT NOTICE QUESTION AND ANSWER

MINING DIPLOMA STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION

S No 661-A

2743 Q—Sri Tenneti Viswanatham—Will the hon Minister for Education be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government have received a petition dated the 11th January, 1966 from the Mining Diploma Students' Association, Andhra Pradesh, stating their grievances with regard to recruitment as Junior Mining Engineers, provision of employment after receiving diploma, leave salary, enhancement of stipend and facilities for higher education and recognition of Diplomas, and

(b) if so, what is the action taken thereon?

The Minister for Education (Sri A Balaram Reddi)—(a) No, Sir

(b) Does not arise

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

PROVIDENT FUND BENEFITS TO THE STAFF WORKING IN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES

654—

* 554 Q—Sri K Govinda Rao—Will the hon Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state

(a) whether the staff working in Large Sized Co-operative Credit Societies in our State are entitled to the benefits like Provident Fund, gratuity etc., and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

A—

(a) Yes, Sir, provided there is provision in the bye-laws of such Societies.

(b) Does not arise.
SE RAILWAY EMPLOYEES CO-OPERATIVE STORES LTD, WALTAIR

655—

*1663 Q—Sri B. Sreerama Murthy—Will the hon Minister for Co-operation be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government appointed a Special Officer for the South Eastern Railway Employees Co-operative Stores Ltd, Waltair,

(b) whether it is a fact that the accounts of the said stores are not up to date, and

(c) when was the Special Officer appointed and what is the financial position and the state of accounts of the said stores?

A—(a) and (b) Yes, Sir

(c) The person in-charge took charge of the stores on 13th July 1965, F N. The society sustained a loss till 1962-63 to the extent of Rs 13,430-80 and there was a further loss of Rs 7,151-68 sustained during 1963-64. After the person-in-charge had taken charge the monthly turnover of the stores increased from Rs 32,000 to Rs 38,000 per month on the average.

The accounts of the stores were not posted up-to-date and were badly in arrears. Steps are being taken by the person-in-charge to get the accounts posted up-to-date and it is reported that they will be completed shortly.

NATIONAL HIGHWAY FROM KAKINADA PORT TO BOMBAY

656—

*1519 Q—Sarvasri A Sarveswara Rao and V Satyanarayana—Will the hon Minister for Public Works be pleased to state

(a) whether a National Highway from Kakinada port to Bombay via Maredumili, Chintur, Nirmal and Nashik covering A P. & M P. and Maharashtra States was suggested to the Centre by our State in view of the emergency and to reduce pressure on railways, and

(b) if so, whether Centre has accepted it?

A.—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise in view of answer to (a) above.
RENovation of Kumkumeswara Swami Temple

657—

*1132 Q—Sri R. Narasimha Ramaiah (Parkal) — Will the hon. Minister for Law and Prisons be pleased to state

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to renovate the Kumkumeswara Temple to Parakala town,

(b) the persons who are in possession of the temple property, and

(c) whether it is a fact that the daily puja etc. has been stopped in the said temple?

A (a) The answer is in the negative

(b) Smt. Siddamma, wife of Aunkaraiyah, Asaldar Pujari and Sri Tammella Sambaiah son of Kishiah, brother of the Asaldar, who is performing Pujas of the temple are in possession of the landed property of the temple

(c) The answer is in the negative

Renovation of Someswaraswamy Temple, Kolanupaka Village

658—

* 1117 Q—Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy — Will the hon. Minister for Law and Prisons be pleased to state

(a) whether there is any proposal to renovate the Someswaraswamy temple, Kolanupaka village, Bhongir taluk, Nalgonda district, and

(b) if so, the details thereof and the name of the contractor to whom the work was entrusted?

A (a) The answer is in the negative Government had sanctioned in 1963 an amount of Rs 8,000 to Rs 10,000 for improving the sculpture gallery within the compound of Sri Someswaraswamy temple, Kolanupaka and construction of 100 pedestals inside the gallery. As the work could not be executed by the Archaeological Department, during the year 1963, the sanction was revalidated in G.O. Ms. No. 1181, Education, dated 24th April, 1965. The “renovation of the temple” is
different from the action taken by the Archaeological Department as mentioned above

(b) Does not arise

RENOVATION OF ANCIENT TEMPLE AT LOTHUGEDDA GUDEM

659—

*1153 Q — Sri D Kondala Rao (Chintapalli) — Will the hon Minister for Law and Prisons be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government propose to allot some amount from the Tribal Welfare Fund for the renovation of ancient temples at Lothugedda Gudem of Chintapalli Agency, Visakhapatnam District, and

(b) if so, when?

A.—(a) The answer is in the negative

(b) Does not arise

FIVE-STOREYED BUS STATION IN THE CITY FOR MOFFUSAIAL BUSES

660—

*161 (1513) Q — Sri P O Satyanarayana Raju.— Will the hon Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state.

(a) whether the Government propose to construct a modern five storey bus station for the moffusil buses at Hyderabad as has been designed at Madras,

(b) if so, whether plans are prepared, and

(c) the estimated cost of the construction?

A—(a) No, Sir  There is no such proposal under consideration of the Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation also

(b) and (c) Do not arise.
Announcement 28th February, 1966

re Decisions of the business Advisory Committee

Houses to the RTC Employees

661—

*585 (1540) Q—Sri S Vemayya—Will the hon Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to provide Houses to the Road Transport Corporation employees in the State now, and

(b) if so, when and the details of the scheme?

A—(a) There are proposals with the Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation to provide houses to the Road Transport Corporation employees in the state and not with the Government

(b) The policy of the Corporation is to provide residential accommodation to its employees near their place of work on a phased programme. Separate funds are provided in the Road Transport Corporation budget every year for this purpose whenever funds are available

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Mr Deputy Speaker—The rulings in respect of the two privileges motions tabled by Sri B Dharma Bhiksham and Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya will be given on 5th March, 1966, as the House is aware that the hon. Speaker is not keeping good health

ANNOUNCEMENT

re Decisions of the business advisory committee

Mr Deputy Speaker—I am to announce to the House, the decisions of the Business Advisory Committee, held on 21st February, 1966. The order of Demands and other Business will be taken up as shown below—

[Statement]
28th February, 1966

Announcement.

For: Decisions of the business Advisory Committee.

28-2-66
1-3-66
2-3-66
3-3-66
4-3-66

General Discussion on the Budget for 1966-67 (Five days).

5-3-66
Demand No XX .. Agriculture
and
Demand No. XLV .. Capital Outlay on Schemes of Agricultural Improvement and Research.

6-3-66
Holiday
(Sunday)

Demand No XXIX .. Interest on Capital Outlay on Multipurpose River Schemes.
Demand No. XXX .. Irrigation
Demand No XLVII Capital Outlay on Multipurpose River Schemes
Demand No. XLVIII Capital Outlay on Irrigation.

9-3-66
Demand No. I .. Land Revenue.
and
Demand No X .. District Administration and Miscellaneous.

10-3-66
Demand No. XIII .. Compensation to Zamindars.

11-3-66
Demand No. XVII .. Education

12-3-66
Sunday—Holiday.

13-3-66
Demand No. XVIII .. Medical.

14-3-66
Demand No. XIX .. Public Health
Demand No. XLIV Capital Outlay on Improvement of Public Health

15-3-66
and
16-3-66
Demand No. XXVII .. Other Miscellaneous Social and Developmental Organisations.
Demand No. XXVIII Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

17-3-66
Demand No. III .. Taxes on Vehicles.
and
Demand No. XXVI .. Labour and Employment.

18-3-66
Demand No. XLVI .. Capital Outlay on Industrial and Economic Development (R T.C. only).
Announcement
re: Decisions of the business
Advisory Committee

28th February, 1966.

19-3-66 Demand No XXV Community Development Projects, National Extension Service and Local Development Works.
and
20-3-66 Sunday Demand No XL Municipal Administration.

21-3-66 Demand No XXXVIII Forests Department.
Demand No LII Capital Outlay on Forests.

22-3-66 Demand No XXIII Co-operation.
Demand No XXI Fisheries.

23-3-66 Holiday—Ugadi

24-3-66 Demand No. IX Heads of States Ministers and Headquarters Staff
and
25-3-66

(1) Presentation of the Supplementary Budget for 1965-66
(2) Demand No XXIV Industries
Demand No XLVI Capital Outlay on Industrial and Economic Development (Minus R T.C.)

27-3-66 Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1966, Sunday

28-3-66 Demand No. XXXI Electricity
Demand No XLIIX Capital Outlay on Electricity Schemes.

29-3-66 Discussion and Voting on Supplementary Budget.

30-3-66 Appropriation Bills.

31-3-66 Holiday—Snramanavami

1-4-66 University (Amendment) Bills.
CALLING ATTENTION TO A MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: Construction details of Bahuda Project

The Minister for Public Works—Attention is drawn to 1952 estimates of the Bahuda project. At that time the clearance works were to be completed by 1953. However, the project was delayed due to various reasons. The clearance works were completed in 1957. The construction works were to be completed by 1968. However, due to a change in the construction plan, the completion date was extended to 1969. The Chief Minister will give a reply on the subject.

Sri A C Subba Reddy—The Chief Minister will give a reply on the subject.

Sri A S Devara—Details of the estimate are given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Estimate</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1966-67</td>
<td>15 crores</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1967-68</td>
<td>15 crores</td>
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Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re Construction details of Bahuda project

Mr Deputy Speaker—If the particulars are there he can read out

Mr Deputy Speaker—He wants only three allot Construction details suspension Two years

Mr Deputy Speaker—Allot May, information avoid

Sri A C Subba Reddy—This call attention motion was addressed to both the Chief Minister and myself, Sir, and on that day I said there is no information Now, the Chief Minister gave the information It is all right
28th February, 1966

Motion for constitution of Committees

Mr Deputy Speaker—I request the leader of the House to move the Government Motions regarding the constitution of the different committees.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Sri K Brahmamanda Reddy—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (2) of rule 165 of the Rules of
Motion for constitution of Committees

28th February, 1966

Movement of Constitution of Committees

Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, eighteen members from among their number to be members of the Committee on Public Accounts for the financial year 1966-67, and

That this House recommends to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council that they do agree to nominate six members from Legislative Council to be on the Committee on Public Accounts of this House for the financial year 1966-67

Mr Deputy Speaker — Motion moved

(Pause)

Mr Deputy Speaker — The question is

"That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (2) of rule 165 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, eighteen members from among their number to be members of the Committee on Public Accounts for the financial year 1966-67,

and

That this House recommends to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council that they do agree to nominate six members from Legislative Council to be on the Committee on Public Accounts of this House for the financial year 1966-67."

The motion was adopted.

Mr Deputy Speaker — In accordance with regulations made by me for the conduct of elections according to the principle of proportional representation by means of single transferable vote, I fix 12 noon on 20th March, 1966, as the date on or before which notice of nomination for election to the Committee on Public Accounts should reach the Secretary to State Legislature. The last date for withdrawal is 22nd March, 1966. If the number of candidates nominated exceed the number of vacancies to be filled, namely, 18, there will be election on 29th March, 1966.
COMMITTEE ON ESTIMATES

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy — Sir, I beg to move

"That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (i) of rule 185 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, 18 members from among their number to be members of the Committee on Estimates for the financial year 1966-67,

and

That this House recommends to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council that they do agree to nominate six members from Legislative Council to be on the Committee of Estimates of this House for the financial year 1966-67"

Mr Deputy Speaker — Motion moved
(Pause)

Mr Deputy Speaker — The question is.

"That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (i) of rule 185 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, 18 members from among their number to be members of the Committee on Estimates for the financial year 1966-67,

and

That this House recommends to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council that they do agree to nominate six members from Legislative Council to be on the Committee on Estimates of this House for the financial year 1966-67"

The motion was adopted

Mr. Deputy Speaker — In accordance with the regulations made by me for the conduct of elections according to the principle of proportional representation by means of single transferable vote, I fix 12 noon on 20th March, 1966, as the date on or before which notice of nomination for election to the Committee on Estimates should reach the Secretary to Government, Legislature Department. The last date for withdrawal is 22nd March, 1966. If the number of candidates nominated exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, namely, 18, there will be an election on 29th March, 1966.
Motion

28th February, 1966


COMMITTEE ON PRIVILEGES

Sri K Brahmamanda Reddy — Sir, I beg to move:

“That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (1) of rule 172 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, 15 members from among their number to be members of the Committee of Privileges for the financial year 1966-67”

Mr Deputy Speaker — Motion moved

(Pause)

Mr Deputy Speaker — The question is

“That the members of this House do proceed to elect in the manner required by sub-rule (1) of rule 172 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, 15 members from among their number to be members of the Committee of Privileges for the financial year 1966-67”

The motion was adopted

Mr Deputy Speaker — In accordance with the regulations made by me for the conduct of elections according to the principle of proportional representation by means of single transferable vote, I fix 12 noon on 20th March, 1966, as the date on or before which notice of nomination for election to the Committee of Privileges should reach the Secretary to Government Legislature Department. The last date for withdrawal is 22nd March, 1966. If the number of candidates nominated exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, namely, 15, there will be an election on 29th March, 1966

MOTION


Sri P V Narasimha Rao — Sir, I beg to move:

“That the time for the presentation of the Report of the Joint Select Committee on the Andhra Pradesh Charitable and
Hindu Religious Institutions and Endowments Bill, 1965, be extended up to the 30th June, 1966"

Mr Deputy Speaker — Motion moved
(Pause)

Mr Deputy Speaker — The question is

“That the time for the presentation of the Report of the Joint Select Committee on the Andhra Pradesh Charitable and Hindu Religious Institutions and Endowments Bill, 1965, be extended up to the 30th June, 1966"

The motion was adopted

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Official Language Bill or non-official Bill be extend

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET) FOR THE YEAR 1966-67
(General Discussion)
Industrial Development Corporation

The budget at a glance

- Total expenditure 1965-66: 165 crores
- Capital expenditure 1966-67: 173 crores
- Round up: 64 crores
- Loans from the Centre: 57 crores
- Capital expenditure: 43 crores
- State Plan Schemes: 975 crores
- Miscellaneous: 50 crores

**Optimistic Note**

The budget is optimistic and shows a potential for employment. However, there is something seriously wrong with the industrial sector. The optimistic note is not enough to justify the proposed expenditure.
Floating debt is 15% of 40% of the total Debt. Floating Debt is the interest-bearing debt of the government Commercial banks and other financial institutions. Thefloating debt can be incurred only for productive schemes, such as roads, railways, and other infrastructure projects. These schemes are expected to generate revenue in the future. The amount of floating debt is limited to 15% of the total debt, which is determined by the government. The floating debt revenue account is 5% of the total Debt. Floating debt is used to meet the government's financial needs, especially in times of economic instability.

Loans from the Government of India are 85% of 50% of the total Debt. These loans are provided to the government to finance various projects and programs. The amount of loans from the Government of India is limited to 85% of the total Debt, which is determined by the government. The loans from the Government of India are used to meet the government's financial needs, especially in times of economic instability.

Expenditure is 15% of 50% of the total Receipts. The government's expenditure includes various expenses such as salaries, pensions, and other payments. The amount of government expenditure is determined by the government and is based on the government's financial needs. The government's expenditure is limited to 15% of the total Receipts, which is determined by the government. The government's expenditure is used to meet the government's financial needs, especially in times of economic instability.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 28th February, 1966

for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

Revised estimates for the year 1966-67 are based on the 1964-65 Revised Estimates of 11.71 lakhs, the 1965-66 Revised Estimates of 17.38 lakhs, and the 1964-65 Accounts of 17.56 lakhs. The 1965-66 Accounts were 17 lakhs, and the 1966-67 Accounts are 17.38 lakhs. The Revised Estimates of 1964-65 accounts are 17.56 lakhs. The 1964-65 Accounts were 95 lakhs, and the Revised Estimates of 1965-66 are 23 lakhs. The Revised Estimates of 1966-67 are 26 lakhs.

Sales Tax accounts show an increase of 17.99 lakhs in the year 1965-66, and an increase of 17.38 lakhs in the year 1966-67. These increases are explained by the sale of certain goods which were previously exempted. The turnover of these goods has increased significantly in recent years.

The Sales Tax accounts show an increase of 17.99 lakhs in the year 1965-66, and an increase of 17.38 lakhs in the year 1966-67. These increases are explained by the sale of certain goods which were previously exempted. The turnover of these goods has increased significantly in recent years.

The increase in Sales Tax accounts is due to the sale of certain goods which were previously exempted. The turnover of these goods has increased significantly in recent years.

The increase in Sales Tax accounts is due to the sale of certain goods which were previously exempted. The turnover of these goods has increased significantly in recent years.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

Loans and Advances

- **1964-65**: Rs. 33
- **1965-66**: Rs. 43
- **1966-67**: Rs. 34

These figures reflect advances to cultivators. The changes from 1965-66 to 1966-67 are as follows:

- 1966-67: Rs. 30
- 1965-66: Rs. 12

The total amount of advances to cultivators for 1966-67 is Rs. 112.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 28th February, 1966

for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

Advance to cultivators are suggested to be increased by Rs. 30,000 on the grounds that it will help in the development of agriculture. This is in line with the General Discussion held on 26th February, 1966. The increased amount will be used for the advancement of agriculture in the district. The recommendation is supported by the Agriculture Department and the Rural Development Department.

The increase in the amount will be used for the advancement of agriculture in the district. The recommendation is supported by the Agriculture Department and the Rural Development Department.
42 28th February, 1966 Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

It is not preparing a Budget. It is not taking the House into confidence and placing the Budget before the House.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  28th February, 1966

for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion).

The Social Welfare Service in 1966-66 saw a 20% increase in its revenue, which amounted to 7.8%. In 1965-66, the revenue was at 31%. The expenditure for social welfare increased by 3% in 1966-67, whereas in 1965-66, it was 2%.

In 1961-62, the Social Welfare Service provided 116% of its budget, which increased to 122% in 1962-63. In 1963-64, the budget increased to 130%. In 1964-65, it was 143% of the budget. The expenditure for social welfare increased by 12% in 1965-66 compared to the previous year.

Social welfare service is a collaborative effort between the government and private sector. The Director of Social Service is responsible for overseeing the social welfare department's mechanism.

Scheduled Castes and Tribes have been provided with 10% of the budget in 1965-66, which increased to 15% in 1966-67.

Social service expenditure is a critical component of the budget, and non-officials play a key role in this process.
services, civil administration, famine relief, etc., are budgeted for the year 1966-67. The discussion on non-development expenditure proportion was 68.9 per cent whereas in Kerala, it was 70.6 per cent. In 1965-66, non-development expenditure was 35.2 per cent. Whereas in 1964-65, non-development expenditure was 39.6 per cent and development expenditure was 60.4 per cent.

Arrears of revenue arrears of 28-2-65 amount to 7 Rs., 24 Rs. in 31-12-65. Land Revenue is 4 Rs., 87 Rs. in 31-12-65. Forest Revenue is 41 Rs., excise is 3 Rs., 58 Rs. in 31-12-64. Sales Tax is 3 Rs., 30 Rs. Loans are 3 Rs., 6 Rs. in 31-12-64. Information is not available.

Electricity Board and other arrears are due to the Electricity Board from the Health and Social Welfare Department, Machilipatnam Cement Factory, etc. These arrears amount to 50 Rs. and 80 Rs. in 31-12-65. Bills are not due. The Board has written off arrears of 50 Rs. to the Electricity Board. The Board has written off 20,000 Rs. to the Electricity Board.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
28th February, 1966

for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

Discussion.

- Information about autonomous Boards
- Election to Boards, Corporation
- Managing Director's term extension

Boards Corporations handle several complaints regarding efficiency.

Corporations require new electrical equipment.

Mines Corporation requires experts for factory pump sets.

Cement factories require electric pump sets.

Certificate issued for the factory in 88.

Managing Director, Boards, Corporation.
28th February, 1966. 

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 28th February, 1966

for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

...
28th February, 1966

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

Agricultural Income Tax: An attempt, an earnest attempt to introduce a graded system of agricultural taxation. The principle of a regulated system of taxation was in force, but the system was under the Prohibition scrap. The Prohibition was lifted and the Department has regulated scrap.

Agricultural Income Tax introduces a regulated system of taxation, and it is a graded system of agricultural taxation.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

Sri P Narayana Reddy in the Chair

Emergency 

(Sri P Narayana Reddy in the Chair)
An Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

The budget for the year 1966-67 has been prepared with the objective of ensuring the smooth functioning of the government's various departments. The budget highlights the government's commitment to development and welfare programs. The budget includes provisions for education, healthcare, infrastructure, and social security measures.

The government has emphasized the importance of regional languages in the educational curriculum. The budget allocates funds for the translation of medical, engineering, and technical books into regional languages. This is aimed at promoting regional languages and making education more accessible to the people.

The budget also includes measures to improve the medium of instruction in Telugu. The government has decided to allocate a greater preference to Telugu as the medium of instruction. This move is expected to enhance the quality of education in Telugu-speaking regions.

The budget has also taken steps to ensure that the budgetary policies are dictated by the needs of the people. This includes measures to address poverty, improve infrastructure, and provide social security to the vulnerable sections of the society.

In conclusion, the budget for the year 1966-67 is a comprehensive document that reflects the government's commitment to development, welfare, and education. The budget is designed to ensure a better quality of life for the people of the country.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion) 

Steel Minister 

Steel Plant

Budget for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion).

52 28th February, 1966
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  28th February, 1966  53

for the year 1966-67  (General Discussion)

Discussion:

In response to the discussion, it was agreed that the Budget for the year 1966-67 should focus on the following areas:

1. Education: An increase of 20% in the education budget to support the expansion of educational facilities and infrastructure.
2. Health: A 15% increase in the health budget to address the increasing demand for medical services and improving healthcare facilities.
3. Infrastructure: A 10% increase in the infrastructure budget to enhance the connectivity and accessibility of the region.
4. Environment: A 5% increase in the environment budget to address the growing concern about environmental degradation.

It was also agreed that the Budget should prioritize the needs of the people, ensuring that resources are allocated efficiently to meet the community's demands.

In conclusion, the Budget for 1966-67 is a balanced and comprehensive plan that aims to meet the needs of the community while ensuring sustainable development.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)
for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

28th February, 1966

The statement concludes with a detailed discussion of various financial aspects, indicating a thorough analysis of the year's budget. The discussion delves into the specifics of revenue and expenditure, highlighting key figures and trends. It is evident from the text that the focus lies on ensuring fiscal responsibility and improving the financial health of the organization. The document serves as a comprehensive update on the financial status, providing insights that are essential for stakeholders.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

Leave registers position 1960-61 ₹ 1,02,382, 1961-62 ₹ 1,05,844 1962-63 ₹ 1,20,865 1963-64 ₹ 1,32,070, 1965-66 ₹ 1,43,306 ₹ figures indicate what does it indicate? Employment position is not good It is rather bad employment situation 4% public sector 7% Central Government 4% State Government 2.2% compensate local bodies 5.6%
January 12 is a mourning day in the corporation, and the management has decided to honor this day. The management has allocated a fund of 30,000 rupees to the management of the Jai Engineering Company.

It is a policy decision to promote Socialism. The corporation has decided to introduce wage bonus schemes. Wage Board recommendations refer to the corporation. Tribunal refers to the Employment position. The corporation has allocated 6,000 rupees to the textile mills for improving the textile mills. Raw materials have been allocated 700 rupees. Textile mills have been allocated 1,500 rupees. The corporation has decided to introduce management schemes. The corporation has decided to introduce bonus schemes. The corporation has decided to introduce Lockout declare. The corporation has decided to introduce RTC. The corporation has decided to introduce bonus schemes.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion).

RTC bonus remains, except revision may be made for some RTC in the upcoming financial year 1967. However, bonus adjustment may be made in the future to compensate for any missed bonuses. It is a policy decision. Bonus adjustment is a matter of policy, which the government considers necessary. Any civilised Government could do that. Any Finance Secretary would be able to announce 4.5 crores or even 4.68 crores if the government wants to.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

Special pay to IAS Officers Special pay Rs. 200

Pence is different

House 3rd cut motions in vote 35 cities to villages 35 cities to villages Rs. 35

This is not good budgeting

Interim Report
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

28th Feb 1966  59

...
28th Feb. 1966.  Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

The financial statement for the year 1966-67 has been discussed in detail. The budget for 1956-57 was not very satisfactory, with expenditure exceeding revenue. In recent years, efforts have been made to control expenditure and improve the financial situation. In 1966, the financial situation was better, with revenue exceeding expenditure.

In 1960, the budget was revised to 150, and the revenue exceeded the expenditure. The government has been making efforts to control expenditure and improve the financial situation. The budget for 1967 is expected to be better than the previous year.

The financial statement for the year 1966-67 has been discussed in detail.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)


...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

20th Feb 1966

63

...
Mr Deputy Speaker in the Chair

You have referred to the budget of 1966-67 in the Budget Session. The budget for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion).

The budget proposes an expenditure of Rs. 1,500 crore for the year 1966-67. Of this, Rs. 300 crore is allocated for the irrigation department. The irrigation department has been influenced by I.A.S. officers and has made the necessary preparations for the year 1966-67. The budget for the year 1966-67 is estimated at Rs. 350 crore. The main items in the budget are:

- Rs. 100 crore for lift irrigation
- Rs. 50 crore for drainage
- Rs. 30 crore for reservoirs
- Rs. 20 crore for other irrigation works

The budget has been prepared with the objective of increasing the irrigation capacity of the state. The budget has been structured to provide adequate funds for the irrigation department to carry out its work effectively.

(Mr Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  28th February, 1966. 65
for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

...
28th February, 1966

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)
Annual Financial Statement (Budget)  
for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

...
28th February, 1966.  

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

The following are some excerpts from the annual financial statement for the year 1966, discussing the budget:

- The document discusses the sanction for the construction of a regular department.
- It mentions the Right Canal area under the Land Mortgage Bank.
- The Left canal area is also discussed, mentioning the Left canal area Babarg area.

The document contains detailed financial information and discussions on various aspects of the budget for the year 1966-67.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 28th February, 1966, 69
(Discussion)

For the year 1966-67 General

N.G.Os

N.G.Os are voluntary organisations established for the benefit of the community. They are registered under the Societies Registration Act and have the power to receive donations and grants from the government. They are not a part of the government and are independent organisations. They are funded through donations from individuals, businesses, and government grants. They are not eligible for profit and are required to furnish annual financial statements to the government. These statements are used to ensure that they are being used for the intended purpose.

The table below shows the financial statements of N.G.Os for the year 1966-67. The table includes the following details:

- Receipts
- Expenditure
- Surplus

The surplus is the difference between the receipts and expenditure. It is used to fund the activities of the N.G.O.

For example, the table shows that the receipts for the year 1966-67 were Rs. 10,000, and the expenditure was Rs. 8,000. The surplus was Rs. 2,000, which was used to fund the activities of the N.G.O.

The N.G.Os are an important part of the community and provide essential services to the people. They are funded through donations and grants and are required to furnish annual financial statements to the government. These statements are used to ensure that they are being used for the intended purpose.

For more information on N.G.Os, please visit the website of the government's Department of Society Affairs.
70 28th February, 1966, Ann: at Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 General (Discussion)

The R.T.C., or Rural Development Corporation, is responsible for the implementation of R.T.C. schemes. These schemes are aimed at providing basic services to rural areas.

R.T.C. schemes include:

- Road construction
- Water supply
- Electricity supply
- Telecommunication
- Agriculture
- Education
- Health

R.T.C. schemes are implemented through a network of offices and local committees. The schemes are financed through government grants, loans, and contributions from beneficiaries.

The R.T.C. is responsible for the development of rural areas, with a focus on improving the quality of life for rural residents. The schemes are designed to address the needs of the rural population, including education, health, and infrastructure development.

The R.T.C. also works with local governments and other organizations to ensure the successful implementation of the schemes. The schemes are monitored regularly to assess their impact and to make necessary adjustments.

The R.T.C. is committed to providing sustainable solutions to the challenges faced by rural areas. The schemes are designed to be self-sustaining, with a focus on generating income and providing services that are accessible to all residents.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) 28th February, 1966
for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

The statement presented for the year 1966-67 includes direct and non-direct officials. The budget for officials is as follows: direct officials receive 35% of the budget, while non-direct officials receive 25%.

The City's rationing policy is based on the Food Corporation's guidelines. The Food Corporation's guidelines are as follows:

- City rationing
- Vegetable growers
- Cold storage
- Storage facilities
- Individual growers
- Organizations

The Master Plan for Grand Road is as follows: 10 acres of land are allocated for vegetable growers. The plan includes 10 acres of land for individual growers.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget for the year 1966-67. (General Discussion)

February 28, 1966

Master Plan and its implementation, among others, are the focus of this report. The Master Plan is designed to address various issues and challenges faced by the community. The implementation of the Master Plan requires a financial statement for the year 1966-67. The financial statement includes detailed information on the budget and the financial situation.

The financial statement highlights the current financial status of the community. It includes the budget for the year 1966-67 and the financial projections for the upcoming years. The financial statement also includes a detailed analysis of the financial performance of the community.

Compulsory donations of Rs. 100 and Rs. 200 are included in the financial statement. These donations are essential to support the implementation of the Master Plan. The financial statement also includes a detailed analysis of the financial performance of the community.

The financial statement is a crucial tool for understanding the financial health of the community. It provides a comprehensive overview of the financial situation and helps in making informed decisions. The financial statement is a valuable resource for stakeholders, including the community members, government officials, and other interested parties.
The Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion).

P.W.D. has decided to call attention motion under consideration to represent additional connection of $3 to rehabilitate the damaged area. The damage to the area has been estimated to be under consideration for 8 months. The taxes are to be levied on the City budget session. The proposals for the delta area are 20, 25 for higher education. Agriculture is under income tax. Corruption, the major issue of the industrialists is under consideration. The income tax proposal is to be discussed later in the session. The position is to be decided.
Finance Minister said the government has decided to introduce prohibition in the town to control the consumption of alcohol. This has been done to prevent the sale of liquor in various areas and to develop industrial areas. A Heavy Electrical Plant is also planned in the town. A railway line is being developed to connect the area with other parts of the country. The road-bridge is also being constructed to improve traffic. The budget proposal will include the construction of a railway bridge to facilitate better transport. The Finance Minister also announced the decision to cancel a proposal for the construction of a new town area. The government has decided to concentrate on the development of existing areas and to avoid the expansion of new areas. The government has also decided to control the wages of agricultural labor and to ensure that the wages of industrial labor are minimum wages. The government has decided to introduce prohibition in areas with a significant number of laborers and agricultural labor. The Finance Minister said that the government will take steps to ensure that the wages of laborers are increased and that the wages of industrial labor are minimum wages.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

Discussion:

1. About the increase in electricity

2. About the percentage betterment fees

3. About the percentage increase in wages

4. About the percentage increase in salaries

5. About the percentage increase in wages

6. About the percentage increase in wages

7. About the percentage increase in wages

8. About the percentage increase in wages

9. About the percentage increase in wages

10. About the percentage increase in wages
28th Feb., 1966.  The Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion).

In the year 1965-66, a deficit of Rs. 58 crores was recorded. The deficit was the result of a number of factors, including the severe drought in the country, which led to a decrease in agricultural production. The government took various measures to mitigate the effects of the drought and to support the farmers. The government also increased its expenditure on public works and infrastructure development.

The budget for the year 1966-67 was presented to the House on 28th Feb., 1966. It was a comprehensive document that outlined the government's plans for the year. The budget was designed to achieve a number of objectives, including the reduction of the deficit, the promotion of industrial growth, and the improvement of the country's infrastructure.

The budget included a number of key proposals, including the introduction of new tax measures, the expansion of public sector enterprises, and the enhancement of the educational and health sectors. The budget was well received by the House, and it was passed with a large majority.

In conclusion, the budget for the year 1966-67 was a significant step forward for the country. It demonstrated the government's commitment to addressing the country's economic and social challenges, and it set the stage for a bright future.
The Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67  (General Discussion)

For the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

The power project of the year 1966-67 (General Discussion) is a significant development. The power project is designed to meet the increasing demand for electricity in the region. The project is expected to generate a substantial amount of power, which will help in reducing the dependence on imported electricity.

Regional imbalance is a common issue in the region. The power project is expected to address this issue by providing a reliable source of power to the local population. The project is expected to create job opportunities for the local residents and contribute to the economic development of the region.

Private individuals are also expected to benefit from the power project. The project is expected to provide a steady source of electricity, which will help in reducing the cost of electricity for private individuals.

In conclusion, the power project of the year 1966-67 is a significant development that is expected to address the regional imbalance and benefit private individuals in the region. The project is expected to contribute to the economic development of the region and provide a reliable source of electricity.
The Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

70% of the holdings were less than 2 acres.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

...
28th Feb, 1966  The Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67  (General Discussion)

75% of the total budget was allocated towards the expenditure for the year 1966-67. The budget was presented to the annual financial statement for consideration. The total budget was divided into various sections, with 75% allocated towards the general discussion. The budget was presented to the assembly for approval, with an overall budget of 64-65 rupees. The budget was divided into various sections, with 81% allocated towards the general discussion. The budget was presented to the annual financial statement for consideration. The budget was divided into various sections, with 82% allocated towards the general discussion. The budget was presented to the assembly for approval, with an overall budget of 64-65 rupees. The budget was divided into various sections, with 82% allocated towards the general discussion. The budget was presented to the assembly for approval, with an overall budget of 64-65 rupees.
The Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussions)

28th Feb., 1966.

Suresh Babu, Secretary, Department of Finance, observed that the Department had received a number of queries regarding the annual financial statement for the year 1966-67. These queries were primarily related to the budget allocations and their implementation. The Secretary highlighted the importance of transparency and accountability in financial management and urged all concerned to work towards ensuring that the budget was executed efficiently and effectively.

The Secretary further stated that the Department was committed to addressing all the queries raised by the various stakeholders and would work closely with them to ensure that the budgetary process was transparent and that the financial resources were utilized in the most beneficial way possible.

Suresh Babu concluded by emphasizing the need for collaboration and coordination among all stakeholders to ensure the successful execution of the budget. He encouraged all participants to provide constructive feedback and suggestions to help improve the budgeting process for the benefit of the people.
82 28th Feb., 1966  Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion).

The Annual Financial Statement for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion).

...budget... budget... budget... budget... budget... budget...

...headquarters' hospital... headquarters' hospital... headquarters' hospital... headquarters' hospital...

...Dentist... Dentist... Dentist... Dentist...

...Social amelioration... Social amelioration... Social amelioration... Social amelioration...
The Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

applications entertain telegraphic orders
old age pensions sanction April 7th
applications to entertain telegraphic orders
old age pensions sanction April 7th
applications to entertain telegraphic orders
old age pensions sanction April 7th
Application

Joint Secretaries, Assistant Secretaries, Deputy Secretaries
The Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for the year 1966-67 (General Discussion)

The vigilance of the Prohibition Department was raised significantly in the year 1966-67. The department took several steps to control the illegal sale of liquor and alcohol. These measures led to a decrease in the sale of liquor and a rise in awareness about the harmful effects of alcohol. The department also worked closely with NGOs and other voluntary organizations to promote awareness and discourage the use of alcohol.

In terms of expenditure, the department spent a significant amount on the construction of roads and bridges, which is evident from the figures provided. The department also had to bear the cost of salaries and other expenses, which were considerable.

The department also had to bear the cost of salaries and other expenses, which were considerable.

Consumer Co-operative Societies contributed significantly to the overall financial stability of the state. The organization's efforts in providing affordable products to the masses were highly appreciated.

In conclusion, the Prohibition Department made significant strides in controlling the illegal sale of liquor and alcohol. The department's efforts were complemented by the involvement of NGOs and other voluntary organizations. The organization's financial contribution was also significant, and its efforts were vital in promoting the welfare of the public.

Announcement re Time for the receipt of Cut motions

Mr Deputy Speaker—I have to announce that the latest hour for the receipt of Budget Cut Motions from the members is 3 p.m. on Wednesday, the 2nd March, 1966. Such motions as are received afterwards will not be admitted.

The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the clock on Tuesday, the 1st March, 1966.