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ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Thursday, the 2nd December 1965

The House met at Half Past Eight of the Clock.

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

FERTILIZER PLANT IN PUBLIC SECTOR

301—

* 978 Q—Sarveswar Rao and P O Satyanarayana
Ray (Put by Sri A Ramachandra Reddy) — Will hon the Chief Minister
be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government propose to start ore fertilizer
plant in Public Sector in the 4th Five-year plan; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

The Chief Minister (Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy) —(a) The Government
of India have been requested to set up ore factory in the 4th
Plan in the Public Sector

(b) Does not arise.

(1)
The need for a public sector project in this State is great. There have been attempts to set up such projects, but they have not been successful. What are the reasons for this failure? How can we improve the situation?

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I have already written twice and I have also spoken with him personally. Some of our MPs also went to him and spoke with him personally. We are trying to impress upon them the need for setting up a public sector fertiliser plant here.
2nd December, 1965.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Mr. V. R. G. Reddy—(a) Information regarding the availability of raw material for producing cement is available in Asifabad and Adilabad taluks in Adilabad District; and

(b) if so, the steps taken to utilise the same and establish a cement factory there?

Mr. V. R. G. Reddy—Yes, Sir

Sri P. Narasimha Reddy.—(a) Yes, Sir

(b) A private party has already been granted a letter of intent by the Government of India to set up a cement factory at Asifabad.

Sri P. Narasimha Reddy.—Till now he has not taken steps whatever to establish it. Would the Government consider issuing license to another person? Secondly in Adilabad Taluk also, a Maharashtrian has come and he has surveyed this. I want to know whether he has been given a license as such?

Mr. V. R. G. Reddy—(b) M.Ps are facing similar difficulties regarding cement factories. A private party has already been granted a letter of intent by the Government of India to set up a cement factory at Asifabad.

Sri P. Narasimha Reddy.—Would the Government encourage small industrialists to open small industries in manufacturing cement?
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd December, 1965.

Sri K. Brahmmananda Reddy — Certainly Sir. We have no objection. In fact one license for a small 10 ton factory was given someone. I have forgotten the name of that place.

Sri P. Desai (Bhavnagar): — Certainly. A licence already sanctioned? Will that take some time?

Sri K. Brahmmananda Reddy.— He is one.

Sri C. Ball Reddy:—An Ex-M P, from Kambham. He was issued letter of intent in April 1964.

Sri P. Desai (Bhavnagar): —We have recommendation witnessed. 645° of 17 factories 8 licences were issued. Time limit for formalities and completion is likely to be 1964. We will comply with the letter of intent.

Sri K. Brahmmananda Reddy: —What are the difficulties? What is the necessary material? It is required in the Khammam periodical. It is available here. This is required. The letter of intent was issued. It is available in plenty in Visakhapatnam and Srikakulam districts. The estimated cost of the project about Rs 8 crores. The project is likely to be set up by the Andhra Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation either in Srikakulam District or Visakhapatnam District.

Manufacture of Soda Ash

303—

Q. 902. — Sardar A. Vasudeva Rao (Bhavnagar) and K. Ragamal:— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:—

(a) whether there is any possibility of finding necessary material in Andhra Prades for manufacture of soda ash and

(b) if so, what would be the cost of the total project and where it is likely to be located?

Sri K. Brahmmananda Reddy: (a) Yes Sir. The necessary material required is common salt and it is available in plenty, in Visakhapatnam and Srikakulam Districts.

(b) The estimated cost of the project is about Rs 8 crores. The plant is likely to be set up by the Andhra Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation either in Srikakulam District or Visakhapatnam District.
2nd December, 1965. Oral Answers to Questions

(a) whether it is a fact that the annual production capacity of sugar has considerably gone down in Bodhan Sugar Factory;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) will the Minister place on the Table of the House a statement with annual production figures of sugar from 1960 up-to-date?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy —(a) No Sir. There was a fall in production in 1963-64

(b) The fall in production was on account of (i) inadequate supply of cane to the factory, and (ii) Poor quality of cane with less recovery percentage of sugar content.

(c) Sugar production of the factory from 1960 was—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Season</th>
<th>Bags</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1959-60</td>
<td>506,821</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960-61</td>
<td>652,196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1961-62</td>
<td>575,065</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1962-63</td>
<td>599,010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1963-64</td>
<td>472,424</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1964-65</td>
<td>562,496</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sri K. Gopala —(a) Yes, Sir. Sugarcane area in 1964-65 was 10,000 acres, whereas in 1960 it was 75% more. Sugar Factory area 6% less, cane recovery area 5% more.

(b) Localisation of Nizam Sugar Factory is in Farm 50 acres. Cultivation is done by Agricultural Minister, M. L. A., Sugar Factory Director, Managing Director etc. However, there were production difficulties and losses, which have already been resolved.

(c) East Asia 5% agricultural land is sugar cane. Production is carried on very well. Total production is 10,000 tonnes. Sugar factor is 50% and returns are satisfactory. No shortage of assistance has been reported.

Sri K. Balasubramanya —(a) No, Sir. Assistance of 25 lakhs of rupees assistance has been given.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd December, 1965.

Sir, the question is:— Are there purely temporary accommodation. Inadequate Supply of cane in poor percentage of sugar content? We shall see in the year 1963-64 there was a short fall in the production. There was however not much profits earned by the factory. The gross profit for 1962-63 was Rs 77,51,887 as against Rs. 78,65,747. The net profit for 1963-64 was Rs. 41,98,767 after making provision for provident fund, bonus to employees, interests on loans, etc.

The cost of sugarcane is too much for Raffs' factories. Installation capacity 6,000 tons; installed 4,200 tons.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy—Maximum is 4,200.

Production efficiency, farm side, irrigation side, water supply difficulties. Water supply localization needs improvement. Adequate steps have been taken.

Directors consider:—1963-64 fall of production is partly due to adequate supply of cane and in production. Hence overcome these fall in 1964-65 by adequate supply of cane. Therefore several variable factors.

Therefore several variable factors.
Oral Answers to Questions.

8 2nd December, 1965.

F. 20. (Mr. Rao) - It is a link between production and sale.
Q. What is the production rate? A. The production rate is 900 tons per day. Sugar Factory facilities are limited.
Q. What is the production rate of the factory? A. The production rate is 900 tons per day.

F. 21. (Mr. Rao) - Facilities are to be increased.
Q. What is the water supply? A. Water supply is to be increased by the Irrigation Minister. The cost is Rs. 600,000.
Q. What is the loan assistance? A. Loan assistance is to be increased by the Irrigation Minister. The cost is Rs. 100,000.

F. 22. (Mr. Rao) - Production facilities are to be increased.
Q. Why is production increasing? A. It is to cater to the increased demand.

F. 23. (Mr. Rao) - Retrenchment is to be increased.
Q. What is the corrupt practice? A. Corrupt practice is to be increased in the production department.

F. 24. (Mr. Rao) - Managing Director Mr. M.R. Pai, Managing Director Mr. V.K. Rao, I.C.S. is the Chairman of the Board. They are all competent Officers, Sir. They are all competent Officers, Sir. Mr. M.R. Pai, Managing Director is the Chairman of the Board. They are all competent Officers, Sir. Mr. M.R. Pai, Managing Director is the Chairman of the Board. They are all competent Officers, Sir. Mr. M.R. Pai, Managing Director is the Chairman of the Board. They are all competent Officers, Sir. Mr. M.R. Pai, Managing Director is the Chairman of the Board.
Oral Answers to Questions.

2nd December, 1965.

CO-OPERATIVE SUGAR FACTORY AT BHIMASINGI, VISAKHAPATNAM DISTRICT

805—

858 (1365) Q—Sri Venkata Naidu (Ganapatiparvaram) and P V Ramana (Kondakaluru) —Will Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that a Sugar Factory is going to be started on Co-operative basis at Bhimasigai, Visakhapatnam district;

(b) if so, the capacity (in tons) for which the licence has been sanctioned,

(c) the taluks for which the Co-operative Sugar Factory will be useful,

(d) the taluk-wise amount collected towards the share capital; and

(e) the total amount of share capital to be raised?

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy —(a) Yes, Sir

(b) The licensed capacity is 1,250 metric tons of sugar cane crushing per day

(c) and (d)—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taluks</th>
<th>Share capital collected</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>3,42,900.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bheemunipatnam</td>
<td>3,38,700.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S. Gangaparvaram</td>
<td>2,85,000.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(e) The Society has to raise a share capital of Rs 10 lakhs, within a period of six months from the date of issue of letter of intent (i.e.) before 1st December, 1965 to enable it to place orders for plant and machinery with indigenous Sugar Machinery manufacturers. Ultimately it has to raise a Capital of Rs 25 lakhs, within one year of going into production.
POWER ALCOHOL SUPPLIES TO M/s SIR SILK LTD.

*767 (4958) Q — Sri P. V Ramana — Will hon. the Chief Minister please be pleased to state

(a) whether the Power Alcohol produced in Government Factories was supplied to M/s Srsilk in the year 1962;

(b) if so, what was the quantity supplied;

(c) at what rate it was supplied and the reasons therefor; and

(d) what was the market rate of power alcohol in 1962?


(b) 5,063,060 litres.

(c) At 19 Paise per litre ex-Factory.

(d) The same rate of 19 paise per litre, ex-factory. This was the rate uniformly made applicable throughout the Country in 1962.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy — Unless a separate question is put, I cannot answer, Sir.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd December, 1965.

קרבプリット kontrolleed commodity it is to be sold only in the markets. This is the information Sir.

Mr. Speaker — There is no information, it seems.

Mr. Speaker: — I think this question might have been put to the Excise Minister.

Mr. K Brahmamanda Reddy: — The information is that they are being supplied at the same rate.

Mr. Vaiitala Gopalakrishnaya: — They are supplying like alcohol at the market rate.

Mr. K Brahmamanda Reddy — These questions lead to a very embarrassing situation.

PUBLIC DEBT LIABILITY OF THE STATE

807—

ʻ*943 (1685) Q. — Sarvasri A Sarveswara Rao and V Sanyamayaya (Penuyonda) — Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state.

What is the Public Debt Liability of the State by 31st March 1965 and the interest to be paid thereon for the year 1965-66?
2nd December, 1965.

Oral Answers to Questions

[The Minister for Education deputised the Minister for Finance and answered the questions]

The Minister for Education (Sri A. Balaram Reddy):—The Public Debt Liability of the State at the end of March, 1965 was Rs. 361.55 crores and the interest paid for the year 1964-65 was Rs. 19.33 crores.

Interest on Public Debt Liability of the State at the end of March, 1965 was Rs. 861.55 crores and the interest paid for the year 1964-65 was Rs. 19.33 crores.

a. Interests are being paid on the loans taken by us either from the Central Government or other sources. But regarding the Nagajumanahanger it is still under correspondence and out of the amount that is due, they have deducted at the source 2.28 crores and that is under dispute.

b. The question of production of a Finance Commission recommendation is under consideration. But no action has been taken so far. The question of production of a Finance Commission recommendation is still under consideration. The recommendation of the Finance Commission is under consideration.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—All interests are being paid on the loans taken by us either from the Central Government or other sources. But regarding the Nagajumanahanger it is still under correspondence and out of the amount that is due, they have deducted at the source 2.28 crores and that is under dispute.

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CANCER CENTRE AT NELLORE

1934 Q.—Srs. P. Rajagopal Naidu (Tanamappalli):—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether a Cancer Centre is going to be set up at Nellore;
(b) if so, when; and
Oral Answers to Questions.  2nd December, 1965.  13

(c) whether anybody is donating buildings for the above centre?
(The Minister for Revenue deputised, the Minister for Health and Medical and answered the questions)

The Minister for Revenue Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy —

(a) The matter is under consideration.
(b) During the Fourth Plan if so decided
(c) Sri Rebala Lakshmnarasa Reddy of Nellore has offered to donate a building.

1. On consideration:

2. During the Fourth Plan, if so decided.
3. Sri D M. Reddy of Nellore has offered to donate a building.

LOCAL FUND DISPENSARIES

*318(4718) Q.—Sri G C Kondiah — Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state

(a) whether all the Local Fund dispensaries have been brought under the fold of Zilla Parishads;
(b) if so, the number of the said dispensaries,
(c) whether they have been brought under Zilla Parishads, and
(d) whether the pay scale of the Medical Officers that were being paid under local fund authorities have been enhanced now?

Sri N Ramachandra Reddy — (a) No Local Fund Dispensaries are under the control of Zilla Parishads
(b) Does not arise.
(c) Does not arise.
(d) Yes, Sir.

Sri N Ramachandra Reddy — They are under Panchayat Samithis at present. The Zilla Parishads are only supervising bodies as far as recruitment is concerned. Regarding enhancement of salary, it is an entirely different matter. If every one sends proposals for enhancement, whether it is possible or not will be considered.

1. Sr. 5. 10% (20%): Pay Scales raised 1.00. 5.
2. Scales of pay 2.00.

2. 15. Rural Medical Practitioners. 90% to 120.
   3. Pay, 1.00.
2nd December, 1965.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri N Ramachandra Reddy:—They are under Panchayat Samithis at present as I said. Regarding the enhancement of salary, it is a different matter.

Anti Mosquito Officers in the State

310—

*605 Q—Sri S Venayya—Will the hon Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state

(a) the number of Anti-Mosquito Officers in the State now,

(b) the qualifications and pay of those officers now, and

(c) what are their functions?

Sri N Ramachandra Reddy — (a) Seven

(b) The Anti-Mosquito Officers are appointed by promotion from the category of Senior Entomologists in the Andhra Pradesh Public Health Service. The basic qualifications of the Senior Entomologists is a first or second class B Sc (Hons.) or MA or M Sc., Degree in Zoology. The scale of pay of Anti-Mosquito Officers is Rs. 350-250-600

(c) They supervise both adulticidal and anti-larval measures in their respective jurisdictions to effectively control transmission of Malaria and Filariasis.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd December, 1965.

311—


(a) the number of cases booked by the Prohibition staff of Kosigi in Kurnool district between April and December, 1964,

(b) whether charge-sheets have been filed for all the cases,

(c) the number of persons convicted, and

(d) the number of persons acquitted.

The Minister for Excise and Prohibition (Sri M R Appa Rao) —

(a) 73

(b) Yes

(c) 39

(d) 26 cases are pending trial

312—


(a) whether it is a fact that a pathway for harijans of Balarampuram h.o. Kowtaram, Gudavada taluk was acquired by Government in Rs. No. 680/2 and 688/1B in Kowtaram Village; if so, the total length and width and the total area of the pathway so acquired; and
2nd December, 1965.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(b) whether it is a fact that the harijans complained to the Collector Krishna in the year 1962, 1968 and 1964 about the encroachment of the pathway in (a) by the adjacent ryots, if so, what action has been taken thereon?

The Minister for Social Welfare (Smt. T. N. Sadalakshmi): (a) The Collector, Krishna has stated that S. No. 693/IB is presumably a mistake for S No. 698/IB Subject to this presumption the answer is in the affirmative The total length of the pathway is 1880 links, width 20 links and the total area acquired is Ac. 0.29.

(b) No complaints have been received by the Collector, Krishna in the years 1962, 1968 and 1964.

A petition was received by the Tahsildar of Gudivada on 7-10-1964 about the encroachments of the pathway by the adjacent ryots. The encroachment has been held objectionable Action is being taken by Tahsildar to evict the ancroacher.

HARIJAN HOUSING COLONY

818—

*295 (4425)Q.—Smt N. Subba Reddy (Badud)—Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the construction work has been stopped after laying foundations and raising the wall to a small extent for the Harijan housing co'ony at Vuppattivaripalli in Badwel taluk, Cuddapah district,

(b) if so, the reasons therefor, and

(c) when the work will be taken up?

Smt. T. N. Sadalakshmi: (a) No Sir, the walls of the houses were constructed upto roof level in the Harijan Housing Colony at Vuppattivaripalli in Badwel taluk, Cuddapah District. But unfortunately due to heavy rains during October and November, 1962, the walls were damaged, which have since been repaired and raised upto roof level.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd December, 1965.

(b) Does not arise.

e) It is reported that the District Social Welfare Officer, Cuddapah has prevailed upon the sponsor during February, 1965 to complete the work before the monsoon sets in. As the scheme has been transferred to the Panchayat Samithi, Perumall, the District Social Welfare Officer has requested the Block Development Officer to finish the work immediately.

(f) Does not arise.

(g) It is reported that the District Social Welfare Officer, Cuddapah has prevailed upon the sponsor during February, 1965 to complete the work before the monsoon sets in. As the scheme has been transferred to the Panchayat Samithi, Perumall, the District Social Welfare Officer has requested the Block Development Officer to finish the work immediately.

(h) Does not arise.

Smt. T N Sadalakshmi—There is no defect in the scheme. But the amount is less
2nd December, 1965.

Oval Answers to Questions.

Q 1427 O. Satyanarayana Raju [Put by V. Viswanatha Rao] Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:
(a) whether any course has been started in Andhra University to coach up candidates to I.A.S. and other allied services;
(b) if so, when was the course started;
(c) the number of students that have joined; and
(d) whether the other Universities in our State also contemplate to start such course?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy. (a) No Sir,
(b) and (c) Do not arise.
(d) The Sri Venkateswara University has already started the course. The Osmania University has not started the Course due to poor response.

Q 1. Coaching for I.A.S. Examination

*1427 Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raju [Put by V. Viswanatha Rao] Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:
(a) whether any course has been started in Andhra University to coach up candidates to I.A.S. and other allied services;
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(c) the number of students that have joined; and
(d) whether the other Universities in our State also contemplate to start such course?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy. (a) No Sir,
(b) and (c) Do not arise.
(d) The Sri Venkateswara University has already started the course. The Osmania University has not started the Course due to poor response.

Q 2. Coaching for I.A.S. Examination

9th November:—In this connection, the Public Works and Transport Department has extended the scheme of loans to the extent of Rs. 30 lakhs to the State Engineering College.

9th December:—In this connection, we have been informed that the University has decided to extend the scheme of loans to the extent of Rs. 10 lakhs to the State Engineering College.
Oral Answers to Questions 2nd December, 1965. 19

SELECTION GRADE POSTS FOR SECONDARY GRADE TEACHERS

315—

*550 (6506) Q.—Sarwati S. Venugop and P. Anthony Reddy (Ananthapur) Will the hon Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to create selection grade posts for the Secondary Grade Teachers, and

(b) if so, the ratio that has been fixed for the promotion to this cadre?

Sri A. Balaram Reddy (a) Yes, Sir

(b) The strength of Selection Grade is proposed to be fixed at 25% at the end of 5th year and thereafter.

Sri P. Anthony Reddy—Are the Government going to fix up any qualifications for this selection grade or are they going to observe only seniority?

Sri A. Balaram Reddy There is a grade now, Rs 85-150. As soon as they reach that grade, afterwards on seniority they are given the extended scale of Rs 150-180, and in that we are going to take teachers on seniority.

EDUCATIONAL LOANS DURING 1964-65

316—

*404 (5162) Q.—Sri K. Marla Reddy (Put by Sri G. Latchanna) Will the hon Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total amount of Educational Loans sanctioned to students during 1964-65, and

(b) number of students to whom those educational loans were sanctioned.

Sri A. Balaram Reddy (a) Rs 22,22,540

(b) Rs 2,647

TEXT BOOKS IN REGIONAL LANGUAGES FOR HIGHER STUDIES

317—

*314 (4742) Q.—Sri A. Sarveswara Rao Will the hon Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Union Government has advised the State Government to bring out text books and dictionaries in the regional languages for use in Higher Studies;
2nd December, 1965.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(b) what are the books so published during 1964 and 1965, and
(c) Centre’s share in expenditure incurred on the above books?

Sri A. Balaram Reddy (a) No such reference has been received
(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Seminor on the Language for School Text Books

318—

*534 (6342) Q.—Sarveera A. Servesswara Rao and V Satyanarayana: Will the Hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Government had organised a 3 days seminar at Tirupathi in the last week of April for the adoption of literary and spoken style of Telugu language for the school text-books;

(b) what are the recommendations of the seminar, and

(c) whether the appointment of an expert committee was recommended by it to implement the recommendations of the seminar?

Sri A. Balaram Reddy: (a) Yes, Sir

(b) The recommendations of the workshop are placed on the Table of the House

(c) Yes, Sir

Paper Placed on the Table of the House

(Vide L A Q No 318 [*534(6342)]

Recommendations of the Telugu Language Workshop.

1. That the long standing controversy between classical School and modern School with regard to the form of Telugu to be used in the language and its language textbooks at all school levels, be ended and that a revision in outlook is called for to effect a healthy compromise between the conflicting viewpoints.

2. That in the choice of the form of the language, distinction should be made between the textbooks in non-language subjects and the 2nd language textbooks on the one hand and the first language textbooks for detailed and non-detailed study on the other hand.

3. That the modern, natural and idiomatic should be the frame of reference for formulating the style that has to be suggested for use in preparing (1) non-language texts and (2) second language texts up to 7th Class in the first instance.
Note — (a) Telugu is defined here as that form of Telugu which is being used extensively in many modern literary and communicative media (i.e., Fiction, Radio and Newspaper) during the past three or four decades and which is recognized to possess a greater degree of unity than the local and the less pervasive dialects with special reference to grammar and idiom.

(b) We admit all those forms (whether lexical or grammatical) that have recognized currency among educated and cultured sections of speakers representing all parts of the State.

(c) Where choice has to be made among the variants (as defined in (b) above) that variant which is the closest to the classical form should be preferred by the writers of the text-books.

(1) Care should be taken to see that written forms do not carry the distortions inherent in speech.

(2) That with regard to the detailed and row detailed texts in the first language, the existing classical style should be liberalized in such a way as to bring it close to the closest possible without prejudice to obscurity and idiom.

(3) That a committee of experts be appointed immediately by the Government to work out details on the above recommendations.

(a) A. Balaram Reddy — A Committee has been appointed. I have got the names.

(i) A. Balaram Reddy — Dr. N. V. Raju, Mr. K. N. Venkatarama Panu. Where is the situation as regards the committee? Where is the meeting with the chairman of the committee and the chairman of the committee?


(iii) I. W. M. — W. Reddy.

Sr. A. Balaram Reddy — A Committee has been appointed. I have got the names.

(i) I. W. M. — A. K. V. Reddy, J. N. Venkatarama Panu. Where is the situation as regards the committee? Where is the meeting with the chairman of the committee and the chairman of the committee?

(ii) I. W. M. — A. K. V. Reddy. Where is the situation as regards the committee? Where is the meeting with the chairman of the committee and the chairman of the committee?
2nd December, 1965.

Oral Answers to Questions.

319—

Mr. Sarveswara Rao and V Satyanarayana — Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government have any proposal under active consideration to provide funds from next year onwards for free distribution of books and clothes to all poor students in elementary schools,

(b) if so, what is the estimated expenditure for this scheme

Sri A Balaram Reddy — (a) No, Sir,

(b) Does not arise.


Text books 5th Edition 1964 — 65 Rs., 6 3½ or 80 Nrs. per set. 7 to 8 to 10 sets agreed upon. 1965-66 Rs. 8 to 10 to 12 Nrs. paper cover. Text books of Paper. The Director, Andhra Pradesh Text Book Press 5th Edition.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd December, 1965.

(§) g. & IRG — Hon. member Sri G. C. Venkanna is saying that in Elementary Schools under the control of Panchayat Samithis, they are being supplied.

(§) — Hon. member Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya said that nothing is supplied. Sri G C Venkanna says that in Elementary Schools under the management of Panchayat Samithis, they are being supplied. Now, he says that only slates are being supplied.

Mr. Speaker.—Hon. member Sri P Venkata Reddy — On a point of information, Sir, nothing is supplied. Sri C. Venkanna says that in Elementary Schools under the management of Panchayat Samithis, they are being supplied. Now, he says that only slates are being supplied.

Sri P Venkata Reddy — On a point of information, Sir, nothing is supplied. Sri C. Venkanna says that in Elementary Schools under the management of Panchayat Samithis, they are being supplied. Now, he says that only slates are being supplied.

Mr. Speaker.—Hon. member Sri P Venkata Reddy — We say, Sir, that Rs. 7 of the cost of books are being supplied free to poor students in elementary schools.

Sri Vanallala Gopalakrishnaiah —No, Sir. Let it be proved.

Mr. Speaker — The Minister for Education may now call for detailed information regarding the names of Schools in which these things are being supplied.

Sri K Brahmamanda Reddy —It is being supplied to all Elementary Schools, and there are thousands and lakhs of Schools. My submission is, many hon. Members coming from Panchayat samithi areas who know very well have been saying that books are being supplied; one hon. Member says 'No, No' and he has not seen one book in Guntur district. This is a wild allegation.

Sri P Anthony Reddy — Sir, books are being supplied. I only request the Government to supply them at the beginning of the year instead of supplying a little late.

Mr. Speaker — Let us take the information given by hon. Member Sth Anthony Reddi; he himself was President of a Samithi till 1964 April or so. He says that books are being supplied, but not in time.

Sri Vanallala Gopalakrishnaiah —That is a second point. Just some information in regard to the number of schools in which books are being supplied.

Mr. Speaker — Block statement is not the statement needed.

OVER-VALUATION OF PUC PAPERS IN ANDHRA UNIVERSITY

320—

*225 (2351) Q—Sr. P O Satyanarayana Rao (Put by Sr. V. Visvesvara Rao) —Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that there was over valuation of Pre-University answer papers in Andhra and Sri Venkateswara Universities during 1964 March,

(b) if so, whether a-ny enquiry was instituted to enquire into it

(c) what was the result of the enquiry and

(d) whether a copy of the report be placed to the Table of the House?

Sr. A Balaram Reddy —(a) This is a matter relating to the internal administration of the Universities concerned and is not of the concern of the State Government.

(b) , (c) and (d) —Does it arise

NEHRU ZOOLOGICAL PARK

321—

*1077 Q—Sarvendra K. Maru Reddy and P O Satyanarayana Rao —Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) what are the various steps taken by the Government to improve the Nehru Zoological Park at Hyderabad during this year;

(b) what is the additional allotment made for this year; and

(c) whether it is a fact that the Railway Ministry is presenting Children's Train to the above Park?

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri N. Chunakurama Naidu) —(a) Besides a quilling rare animals like Otter-sized, Hippo, King Cobra, Hog Deer, Block Panthers etc., moated enclosures have been constructed for various animals

(b) Rs 5 50 lakhs.

(c) It is a fact that the Railway Ministry promised to supply a Children's Train to the park as and when such trains are manufactured. But due to the present emergency, there will be delay in the supply of Children's Train

PODU-CULTIVATION

322—

*772 (5872) Q.—Sri S. Venugopa,—Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state
(a) what are the schemes that have been started to prevent "PODU" cultivation in the State during 1963-64 and 1964-65;

(b) the amount allotted to implement the Schemes referred in clause (a) during the said period; and

(c) unspent amount, if any, out of clause (b)?

Shri N Chandru Rama Naidu: (a), (b) and (c): The information is as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rs. in lakhs.</td>
<td>Rs. in lakhs.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Coffee Plantation Scheme</td>
<td>8.50</td>
<td>7.22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Pilot Demonstration Project</td>
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<td>0.28</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Machkund Soil Conservation Scheme</td>
<td>18.85</td>
<td>17.28</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>0.77</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FOREST REST HOUSE AT BHARAVANIKONDA**

Shri P. Venkata Reddy: Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that sanction has been accorded for the construction of a forest rest house at Bharavankonda in Kaugiri Taluk of Nellore district;

(b) if so, what is the estimated cost; and

(c) when it will be taken up for execution?
Sri N Chenchurama Naidu — (a) Yes, Sir,
(b) Rs 9,000
(c) The Chief Conservator of Forests has since requested the Government to drop the proposal as the Rest House will be neither useful nor remunerative to the Forest Department. The matter is under consideration of the Government.

Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu — Chief Conservator of Forests has revised proposals accordingly. Rs 9,000 was granted.

Cane Shrubs in Mulugu Talu

*1210 Q — Sri N. Mohan Rao (Ghanpur) — Will the hon Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are any cane shrubs in Mulugu Taluk, Warangal District;
(b) the extent of the same; and
(c) whether any steps have been taken to extend the same?

Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) About 50 to 60 acres.
(c) Yes, Sir

(a) Will the hon Minister be pleased to extend the other cane shrubs?
(b) Are the cane shrubs being extended?
2nd December, 1965.

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. The Hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that grazing permits valued Rs 4,303 25 were missing since February, 1965 from Kondaparam Section, Peddatur Division, Cuddapah district;

(b) If so, the reasons therefor;

(c) Who is responsible for the loss; and

(d) The action taken in the matter?

Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu—(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b), (c) and (d)—Enquiries revealed that this is not a case of missing of grazing permits but a case of misappropriation of grazing revenue by the Deputy Range Officer, Kondapuram and concocting a story of theft of permits. The concerned Deputy Range Officer was kept under suspension pending disciplinary proceedings which are under progress.

RIOTINGS IN NIZAMABAD AND ADILABAD DISTRICTS.

467—

*1505 Q. Sarothi A. Sarveswara Rao, V. Satyanarayana and Sudha Subhodhini Ovadi (Patharghati):—Will the Hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether violence broke out and abnormal situation developed in September, 1965 due to political jealousies and local feuds in Nizamabad and Adilabad districts;
Oral Answers to Questions.  

2nd December, 1965.  

(b) what are the measures taken to restore normalcy; and 

c) who are the parties to this violence?

_Sri K. Bhrumananda Reddy._ (a) Violence broke out in September 1965, in the Nizamabad and Adilabad districts. In the Nizamabad district the disturbances were mainly due to students, though communal tinge was not absent.

In Adilabad district the trouble was due to political jealousies and local feuds.

(b) (f) All the available police force was utilised and additional forces were sent from Hyderabad to control the situation;

(iii) Tear-gas was used to disperse unruly crowds.

(iii) Section 144 Cr P.C. was enforced in the towns;

(vi) with the aid of the reinforcements sent from Hyderabad and Andhra Pradesh Special Police, 1st Battalion, pickets were posted at all strategic points and vulnerable spots in the towns and intensive patrolling was organised round the clock;

(v) The assistance of the local leaders and respectables was taken at all stages to restore peace and to maintain law and order;

(vii) All possible measures were taken to restore confidence in the minds of minority community.

(a) In Nizamabad students and unruly elements were involved.

In Adilabad, two rival groups headed by Sri Shankarlal, Municipal Chairman and Sri Ramulu, a local Advocate, were responsible. Sri Ramulu’s group exploited local students and unsocial elements to foment communal trouble.

Sri Ramachandra Rao, Deshpande: —What is the number of people from both the communities injured in Adilabad and Nizamabad?

_Sri K. Bhrumananda Reddy:_ I have not got a list, Sir.
2nd December, 1965.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Who was the Superintendent of Police at Nizamabad and Adilabad at the time of these disturbances?

There were Superintendent of Police at both places, I do not know the names, Sir.

There are no incidents of police transfer. No S.P. was transferred.

Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande:—That is exactly what I want.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I do not actually know the names, Sir.

Who was the Superintendent of Police at Nizamabad and Adilabad at the time of these disturbances?

There were Superintendents of Police at both places, I do not know the names, Sir.

Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande:—That is exactly what I want.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I do not actually know the names, Sir.
SHORT NOTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Grants to the Tribal Community Students in the Hostels and Boarding Houses

S. No. 475-A.

S N Q. No 1779-T · Smt P Gunnavya — Will the hon Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state

(a) the amount of grant being given per month to a student belonging to tribal community (Girijans) in the Hostels and Boarding homes in Andhra Pradesh State, and

(b) the amount of grant being given per month to such students in harijan boarding houses at present?

Smt T N. Sadalakshmi · (a) and (b) An amount of Rs 20 per month per boarder has been ordered to be paid in all subsidised and Government Social Welfare Hostels under the control of the Director of Social Welfare irrespective of the fact whether the inmate belongs to schedule tribes or economically backward classes.

The question of enhancement of food charges from Rs 15 to 20 per month per boarder in the Free Boarding Homes and Ashram Schools pertaining to scheduled Tribes under the control of the Director of Public Instruction is under the consideration of the Government.
2nd December, 1965  

Short-notice Questions and Answers.

1. இதன் முக்காண்டப் பலன் (குறிப்பிட்டு), —என்று, அமைக்கும் நோக்கங்கள் (சென் விதை) பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று. அங்காண்டப் பலன் அமைக்கும் நோக்கங்கள் (சென் விதை) பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று. பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று.

2. முன்னையே பலன்: —25 கிலோ வேளாண்ட வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு.

3. இதன் முக்காண்டப் பலன் (குறிப்பிட்டு): —அமை, 84–85 நோக்கங்கள் முன்னையே பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு.

4. முன்னையே பலன்: —வருஷியம் ஆண்டு செய்வு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. அல்லது பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு.

5. வருஷியம் ஆண்டு: —செய்வு வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு.

6. முன்னையே பலன்: —செய்வு வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. அல்லது பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வை�ானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று பார்வையானது வேளாண்ட இயல்பு. வேளாண்ட இயல்பு என்று
Affairs of the Andhra University

S No 475—B

S N Q No 177—P Dr T V S Chelopathi Rao (Vizianagaram—South) — Will the hon Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Government appointed, His Lordship Justice Gopalakrishnan Nair to enquire into the affairs of the Andhra University;

(b) if so, Whether the enquiry was completed; and

(c) if so, will the hon Minister be pleased to place a copy of the Report on the Table of the House?

Sri A Balarama Reddy: (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The report will be placed on the Table of the House tomorrow

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

DISTRICT PLANS FOR THE IV PLAN.

159 (1511) Q—Shri P O Satyanarayana Raju:— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the District Plans have been prepared for the Fourth Five Year Plan in our State; and

(b) if so, when are they likely to be published?

A——

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.
DROWNING OF TWO PERSONS INTO THE GODAVARI RIVER

1504 Q—Sarveswara Rao and V. Suyanarayana: — Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) whether two persons were drowned and some were missing in Godavari river when a lorry bound for Calcutta fell on a steam launch at Aurangabad Ferry Ghat (Rajahmundry) in the last week of August, 1965, and

A—

(b) what are the details of the case and the number of persons dead?

(a) Only two persons, a woman and a child, who were passengers in the steam launch were drowned in the Godavari river, when two lorries bound for Calcutta fell on the steam launch from the Punt at the Aurangabad ferry point on 28-8-1965. The bodies of the two could not be traced.

(b) On 28-8-1965 two Calcutta lorries, bearing Nos. 4158 and 7451, boarded the punt one after another at the Aurangabad Ferry Point to cross the Godavari river. After these two lorries, a third lorry APR 5887 got up the Iron-ladder, placed between the Punt and the bund in a slanting position, to get into the punt when lorry No. 7451 already on the punt moved forward to give room. While so moving, the lorry No 7451 went to the extreme left of the punt. This steam launch was to tow the punt. Due to the impact of the fall, the steam launch and the two lorries were submerged in the water. The third lorry was reversed and brought back to the bound. The steam launch was carrying 8 passengers at that time, besides two crew. Six of the passengers and the two crew of the steam launch jumped into the water and reached the bund, A woman and a child, who were left behind in the steam launch were drowned. The personnel in the two lorries submerged also reached the bund safely.

RESTRICTION FOR THE USE OF ELECTRICITY BY HIGH TENSION CONSUMERS.

1584 Q—Shri S. Venayya: Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government restricted the use of Electricity by High Tension Consumers with effect from 1-6-1965; and

(b) if answer to clause (a) is in affirmative, the reasons therefor?
Written Answers to Questions. 2nd December, 1965.

A—

The matter relates to Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board

(a) Yes, Sir

(b) The available generating capacity was not adequate to meet the loads during the morning and evening peak load hours

CONVERSION OF OSMANIA MEDICAL COLLEGE INTO POST-GRADUATE COLLEGE.

470—

*1008 Q—Sara H S. Venayya and P O Satyanarayana Raju—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are any proposals with the Government now to convert Osmama Medical College, into Post-Graduate Medical College; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

A—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative

(b) Does not arise.

COMPULSORY ARMY SERVICE FOR RECRUITMENT INTO STATE MEDICAL SERVICES.

471—

*1498 Q—Saraswati S. Sarveswara Rao and V Satyanarayana—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether army service for a certain period has been made compulsory for recruits to the State Medical Services, and

(b) if so, what is the period of service so prescribed?

A—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

INCOME FROM COFFEE PLANTATIONS

472—

*1148 Q.—Sri D. Kondala Rao (Chintapalli)—Will the hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of income derived from Coffee Plantations at Chintapalli and Paderu taluks in the year 1964-65;

(b) the expenditure incurred for Coffee Plantations in the said year; and
Written Answers to Questions.

(c) the number of tribal people, who have got employment on account of the above coffee plantations?

A—

(a) The total quantity of Coffee seed sold during 1964-65 was 4,880 Kgs, and the revenue fetched was Rs. 23,101.

(b) The expenditure incurred for Coffee Plantations was Rs. 3.88 lakhs during 1964-65, and.

(c) The number of tribal people employed to the above scheme from April, 1964 to March, 1965 is furnished below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Labourers</th>
<th>Foresters</th>
<th>Forest Peons</th>
<th>Watchers</th>
<th>Maistres</th>
<th>Guards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,25,124</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Teaching of English from III Standard in Srikakulam District

473—

*318 (4789) Q — Sri S. Jagannadham (Navasannapra):—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether English is being taught to students from 3rd Standard onwards in all the Elementary schools of Panchayat Samithis in Srikakulam district, and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

A—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Teaching of English could not be introduced in all the Elementary schools under Panchayat Samithis in Srikakulam District due to non-availability of Trained Secondary Grade teachers and for want of Secondary Grade Teachers’ posts in some of the Elementary schools in the District.

Establishment of Model Schools.

*495 (5928) Q.— Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raju:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals to establish “Model Schools” to improve the standard in the Secondary Education as is being tried out by our neighbouring State; and
Written Answers to Questions. 2nd December 1965

(b) if so, when, and the places at which they are likely to be started in our State?

A—
(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise

MIDDAY MEALS SCHEMES IN THE STATE

475—

Q.—Sarvasti K Maw Reddy (Rajampet), P O Sattipatragana Raju, A Vasudev Rao and K Rajamahal—I will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state

(a) number of school children covered by the Midday meals schemes in the State till now;

(b) number of school children yet to be covered by this Scheme;

(c) what is the cost of the food that was supplied by CARE to our State during 1963-64 and 1964-65, and

(d) what is the expenditure incurred by the State Government to implement this scheme during the above years?

A—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scheme</th>
<th>Children</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Midday Meals Scheme</td>
<td>6,86,786</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milk distribution Scheme in 48</td>
<td>1,23,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Municipalities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>8,11,736</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scheme</th>
<th>Children</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Midday Meals scheme</td>
<td>1,18,264</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milk distribution scheme</td>
<td>27,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,40,264</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Cost of CARE food material.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Rs. in lakhs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>during 1963-64</td>
<td>161.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>during 1964-65</td>
<td>75.56</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) Expenditure incurred.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Rs. in lakhs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>during 1963-64</td>
<td>18,07,214.32  P.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>during 1964-65</td>
<td>24,47,692.94  P.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ELECTION TO THE DIVISIONAL RAILWAY USERS CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE

Mr Speaker.—I am to announce to the House that the following is the only nomination received for the election of one representative to serve on the Divisional Railway Users Consultative Committee:

Name of the proposer Name of the seconder Name of the candidate
Sri I. Satyanarayana Sri M. V. S. Subbaraju Sri Bhutto Ramamorthy.

As the number of candidates nominated is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled, namely one, I declare Sri Bhutto Ramamorthy to have been duly elected to the Divisional Railway Users Consultative Committee, Waltair.

PRESENTATION OF THE REPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS COMMITTEE

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy.—Sir, I beg to place on the Table of the House printed copies of the report of the Administrative Reforms Committee. On this occasion, I wish to thank all the members who have spared considerable time for this and given an unanimous report. The recommendations will be duly examined.

Mr Speaker.—Report placed on the Table.

Mr Speaker.—Any way, not in this session, at any rate.

Sri Vemula Gopalakrishnayya.—I request the Chief Minister kindly to agree for this

There will be ample scope then and if we feel one day should be allotted for that, you may kindly consider.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: CENSORING LETTERS INTENDED FOR M. L. As.

There will be ample scope then and if we feel one day should be allotted for that, you may kindly consider.
Point of Information  
2nd December, 1965.  

re: Censoring letters intended for 
M L As

Mr. Speaker—The hon. Member says that he has received certain telegrams addressed to him after four days and he thinks that it must have been censored by some people.

Sri K Brahmananda Reddy—What can we do? Our telegrams also get delayed. (Laughter.) I have also got a complaint to make. A letter from Delhi, I received on the fourth day.

Mr. Speaker—Anyhow, I am helpless in this matter.
2nd December, 1965.

Point of information:

re: Censoring letters intended for
M. L. As.

Sri Vanka Satyanarayana — At least for M. L. As —

Mr. Speaker — They can have their own way. There is some delay in the matter of receiving telegrams. As to who is responsible actually, whether the Postal Department is responsible or whether it is being censored by the CID people, that is a thing which has got to be first ascertained. Please send some question and call upon the concerned Minister or somebody to answer.

Mr. Speaker — Is it a fact that letters addressed, telegrams addressed to the communist party members are being censored. If so, who is responsible?

Mr. Speaker — Censoring is by the local police. It will be a state subject. If the delay is due to Postal Department, then it will be a central subject. They are complaining that because of censoring delay is happening.
BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Speaker—Please give some question or call attention notice or some thing. We shall see

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

Mr. Speaker—The very fact that we are discussing this matter for 8 days regarding drought conditions in the state is a fact which goes to show that there are drought conditions in the state and there is also the fact that the Revenue Minister made a statement and he wanted the House to consider about it because of drought conditions prevailing in the State

Mr. Speaker—He has seen it; and I have seen it

In Lok Sabha today Mr. Subrahmanya had given the House a gloomy picture of crop failure and conditions close to famine in several states including Maharashtra, Gujarat, Rajasthan, and Madhya Pradesh. To substantiate his point he gave an analysis of the rainfall in different parts of the country and said that only West Bengal, Assam, Bihar, Madras, Andhra Pradesh and parts of I.P. Mysore and Maharashtra had normal or near normal rainfall. The Food and Agriculture Ministry today circulated to the Members of Parliament the various measures proposed to combat scarcity conditions in the country as follows:

334-6
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance: 

Statement of the Union Finance Minister in the Lok Sabha on 23-11-85 on drought conditions in the State.

(Sri P. Narayan Reddy in the Chair)

The situation prevailing in the State is of grave concern. The State has been declared a drought area and the situation is critical. The Minister has taken various measures to alleviate the situation. The Government has released funds to the tune of 10.18 crores to the districts to meet the needs. Steps are being taken to provide relief to the affected farmers. 

The situation in the State has been discussed at length. The Minister has assured the House that every effort will be made to help the affected farmers. He has also requested the House to give its full support to the Government in its efforts to tackle the situation.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re: Statement of the Union Finance Minister in the Lok Sabha on 23-11-65 on drought conditions in the State

[Translation]

What he said was it appears that a question was asked whether there was drought over large parts of India adversely affecting food production and he replied on the floor of the Lok Sabha that the drought conditions have been reported from Mysore, Maharashtra, Punjab, Rajasthan, Orissa, U.P. Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh and Gujarat.

The Minister stated that in the recent past the attention has been drawn to various problems of the country and particularly in the state of Kanyakumari that the urgent need was felt to deal with these problems. He further stated that the state government had taken all possible measures to deal with these problems. The state government had taken all possible measures to deal with these problems. The state government had taken all possible measures to deal with these problems.

There is no difficulty in the supply of food and other essential commodities. All details will be brought to the notice of the Central Government regarding drought conditions.

[End of translation]
2nd December, 1965

Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

re: Impounding of machinery meant for Upper Sileru Project and Kothagudem Thermal Station by the Pakistan Government.

Sr. K. Brahmananda Reddy — The turbine and generator parts required for the commissioning of Upper Sileru and the fabricated steel required for the power station building of Kothagudem Thermal Station were supplied by the respective suppliers to S. R. Brahmananda Reddy, in the month of August 1965. In view of the disturbed conditions between India and Pakistan during September 1965, efforts were made by the
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance

re: Starting of D. M & S. Course in the State.

State Electricity Department to have the equipment off-loaded at some neutral port; but this could not be done as the ship was on high seas. Subsequently, the ship was impounded at Suez port as per the orders of the Suez Court but ultimately the ship and the cargo were released and the cargo was carried to Pakistan. So far as the fabricated steel for Kothagudem Thermal Station is concerned, alternate arrangements have been made to do part of the work in ROC and to fabricate the rest of the material by procuring them from indigenous sources and from Nagarjunasagar workshops. The fabrication work is going on both at the Kothagudem project site as well as at Nagarjunasagar workshop and the time schedule for the commissioning of the first unit of Kothagudem Thermal Station namely 31st March 1966, will be adhered to.

In regard to Upper Sileru, some of the parts loaded in S S Bagh-e-Karazi will be required in about 4 months’ time from now and the remaining parts in about 8 months’ time for the erection work to go on as per the revised schedule. The manufacturers who have been consulted about remanufacture of machine parts have asked for 10 months’ time for the remanufacture of the entire equipment. Efforts are being made to co-ordinate the manufacture, supply and erection so that the supply is so phased as to suit the erection programme. If this is agreed to by the manufacturers, there may be an over-all delay of about 2 months; otherwise, the delay will be more.

re: Starting of D. M & S. Course In the State
2nd December, 1965.

சர்வதேச விளையாட்டு சடையை கூறுவது மத்தியால் அனுமதிக்கப்பட்டுள்ள நேரங்களில் நம்பி

வேண்டும் கலைச் சமூக அரசியல் துறை, விளையாட்டு துறையின் பல்லியல் விளையாட்டு துறையும் கலைச் சமூக நடைமுறை துறையும் நேரங்களில் நம்பில் நிறைவு செய்யப்படடும்.

G.C.I.M. நிற்கி D.M.S. கூட்டம் விளையாடும் D.M.S. கூட்டம் விளையாடும் நேரம் துறையும் கலைச் சமூக நடைமுறை துறையும் நேரங்களில் நம்பில் நிறைவு செய்யப்படடும்.

புனிதத்துறையாளர் புனிதவாதரைருள் உரையிட்டுப் புனித வாதரைருள் உரையிட்டுப் G.C.I.M. நிற்கி D.M.S. கூட்டம் விளையாட்டும் D.M.S. கூட்டம் விளையாடும் நேரங்களில் நம்பில் நிறைவு செய்யப்படடும்.

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With reference to your letter No. 2063/11-65-4, Health dated 6th September 1965 on the subject noted above, I am to invite your attention to annexure 12 forwarded by you, i.e., by our Department, Health Department, either by the D. M. S. or by the Secretary,—in your letter No. 1956-A 112/6/3-6 Health, dated the 4th May 1965, wherein (it is said that) after passing the G.C.I.M. Examination House-surgeon is part of the requirement of the G.C.I.M. Course and is not merely a letter of D.M.S. or G.C.I.M. House Surgeons or a part of G.C.I.M. Course.

In continuation of the orders issued in the G.O. road above, the Government direct that the following facilities should be allowed to the holders of the diploma of Government Institute of Ayurveda and Unani, Andhra Pradesh, who have undergone training in Modern Medicine and Materia Medica with reference to the orders issued in G.O. No. 250 General dated 14-9-1960.

G.C.I.M. boys in these facilities are entitled to.

One of the facilities for the diploma holders is that they should be posted as House Surgeons. In order to enumerate this, we refer to the following:

whereas in the letter addressed to the Indian Medical Council, the Department says; D.M.S. or G.C.I.M. boys who have passed G.C.I.M. House Surgeons are entitled to the following facilities.

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Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

Starting of D. M. & S Course in the State.

G. C. I. M. House Surgeon Course is of great importance. D. M. S. House Surgeon Course starts on 29th of December, 1965. House Surgeon Course starts on 18-2-66 and House Surgeon Course starts on 3rd of June. G. C. I. M. House Surgeon Course would be open for students after completing one year's house surgeon training and possessing the minimum general educational qualification of Matriculation. G. C. I. M. candidates who have completed one year's house surgeon training and possess the minimum general educational qualification of Matriculation would be taken for training. 50 students would be selected. Syllabus and subjects would be decided on a later date. G. C. I. M. candidates would be permitted to join the D. M. & S. Course without undergoing training as House Surgeons.

Director of Medical Services, Special Officer of Indian Medical Council, Principal Osmania Medical College, Principal Gandhi Medical College, Principal Kurnool Medical College, Principal Gurtur Medical College, Superintendents of ESI Hospital, etc. would work out the details.
2nd December, 1965.


The Minister for Irrigation and Agriculture (Sri A C Subba Reddy)—I beg to present the Report of the Joint Select Committee on the Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock) Markets Bill, 1965 and to move under Rule 128-B of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules read with sub-rule (1) of rule 164-J of the said Rules that the Bill as amended by the Joint Select Committee be referred to the Regional Committee for consideration and report to the Assembly.

Mr. Chairman—Motion moved

Mr Chairman.—The present:

"That the Andhra Pradesh (Agricultural Produce and Livestock) Markets Bill, 1965, as amended by the Joint Select Committee be referred to the Regional Committee for consideration and report to the Assembly."

The motion was adopted.

PRESENTATION OF THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON SUBORDINATE LEGISLATION

Sri E Ayappa Reddy (Midhur).—I beg to present the Fourth Report of the Committee on Subordinate Legislation (1964-65).

Mr Chairman.—Report presented.

GOVERNMENT RESOLUTIONS

re. Election of Members of the Assembly to serve on the Divisional Railway Users Consultative Committee

The Minister for Public Works (Sri T V Baghavulu).—I beg to move:

"That as the Southern Railway Administration has requested for the names of two representatives of Andhra Pradesh Legislature, one from each division to serve on the Divisional Railway Users Consultative Committee for Vijayawada and Guntakal divisions respectively which will be reconstituted with effect from 17-9-1965 to 17-9-1967 (till the General Elections are over) this Assembly do recommend to the Government to communicate to the General Manager, Southern Railway the names of the Members elected by this Assembly to serve on the two Committees aforesaid for the said period."
Government Resolution

2nd December, 1965.

Election of Members of the Assembly to serve on the Divisional Railway User's Consultative Committees

(ii) Secunderabad Division

Sri T. V Raghavulu — I also move

"That as the Central Railway Administration have requested the Government to communicate the name of the representative of the Andhra Pradesh Legislature to serve from 1st January, 1966 on the Divisional Railway Users' Consultative Committee, Secunderabad, which will be reconstituted with effect from 1-1-1966, this Assembly do recommend to the Government to communicate to the General Manager, Central Railway, the name of one Member elected by this Assembly to serve on the Committee for the period from 1-1-1966 to 31-12-1967."

[Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair].

Mr Deputy Speaker — Motion moved.
2nd December, 1966.

Government Resolutions

Election of Members of the Assembly to serve on the Divisional Railway User’s Consultative Committees

Mr Deputy Speaker—The question is—

(1) "That as the Southern Railway Administration has requested for the names of two representatives of Andhra Pradesh Legislature, one for each division to serve on the Divisional Railway User’s Consultative Committees for Vijayawada and Guntakal Divisions respectively which will be reconstituted with effect from 1-1-1966 to 31-12-1967 (till the General Elections are over) this Assembly do recommend to the Government to communicate to the General Manager, Southern Railway the names of the Members elected by this Assembly to serve on the two Committees aforesaid for the said period."

(2) "That as the Central Railway Administration has requested the Government to communicate the name of the representative of the Andhra Pradesh Legislature to serve from 1st January 1966 on the Divisional Railway User’s Consultative Committee, Secunderabad, which will be reconstituted with effect from 1-1-1966, this Assembly do recommend to the Government to communicate to the General Manager, Central Railway, the name of one Member elected by this Assembly to serve on the Committee for the period from 1-1-1966 to 31-12-1967."

The motions were adopted.

Mr Deputy Speaker—With reference to the resolutions moved by the Minister for Public Works regarding the election of representatives of Andhra Pradesh Legislature on the Divisional Railway Users’ Consultative Committees for Vijayawada and Guntakal Divisions...
Discussion on Food Situation and Drought 2nd December, 1965

Conditions in the State.

on the Divisional Railway User's Consultative Committee, Secunderabad, I fix 12 noon on 3rd December 1965 as the time within which the nomination papers of the candidates for the said election should reach the Legislature Secretariat. If the number of candidates exceed the vacancies to be filled, a poll will take place on a date to be announced in due course. The election will be of ordinary method and not by proportional representation by a single transferable vote.

DISCUSSION ON FOOD SITUATION AND DROUGHT

CONDITIONS IN THE STATE

Mr. Deputy Speaker —Then please wait.

Sr. N Prasada Rao —Then, how shall we proceed?

Mr. Deputy Speaker —I shall ask some other Members to speak.

Mr. Deputy Speaker —As per the rules it will be all right.

Mr. Deputy Speaker —I shall ask the Congress members to continue. He can speak later on.
2nd December, 1965  Discussion on Food Situation and Drought Conditions in the State.

Smt Tenneti Venkathamma —He does not want time. He wants to speak earlier. He cannot answer because he is not connected with it.

End of discussion —Point of order appended.

Mr. Tallur V. Narayana —Point of order appended.

Mr. Tallur V. Narayana —Point of order appended.

Any way, the concerned Minister is coming shortly as the situation at present needs immediate attention.

Mr. Tallur V. Narayana —Point of order appended.
Discussion on Food Situation and Drought 2nd December, 1963.

Conditions in the State

The situation is serious in the State. The food situation in 1963-64 is critical. In 1963, the food situation was normal and the food crop was abundant. In 1964, the situation was critical due to drought. The food situation was worst in 1964-65.

The food situation in 1965 was also critical. The food crop was very poor. The demand for food exceeded the supply. The government took some measures to control the situation. The government declared a famine in certain districts.

The government also took some measures to increase the production of food. The government provided some assistance to the farmers. The government also provided some food grains to the people.

The situation improved gradually. The food situation in 1966 was better than in 1965. The food crop was good and the demand for food was less.

The government continued its efforts to control the food situation. The government also provided some assistance to the farmers. The government also provided some food grains to the people.

The situation improved gradually. The food situation in 1967 was better than in 1966. The food crop was good and the demand for food was less.

The government continued its efforts to control the food situation. The government also provided some assistance to the farmers. The government also provided some food grains to the people.

The situation improved gradually. The food situation in 1968 was better than in 1967. The food crop was good and the demand for food was less.

The government continued its efforts to control the food situation. The government also provided some assistance to the farmers. The government also provided some food grains to the people.

The situation improved gradually. The food situation in 1969 was better than in 1968. The food crop was good and the demand for food was less.

The government continued its efforts to control the food situation. The government also provided some assistance to the farmers. The government also provided some food grains to the people.

The situation improved gradually. The food situation in 1970 was better than in 1969. The food crop was good and the demand for food was less.

The government continued its efforts to control the food situation. The government also provided some assistance to the farmers. The government also provided some food grains to the people.

The situation improved gradually. The food situation in 1971 was better than in 1970. The food crop was good and the demand for food was less.

The government continued its efforts to control the food situation. The government also provided some assistance to the farmers. The government also provided some food grains to the people.

The situation improved gradually. The food situation in 1972 was better than in 1971. The food crop was good and the demand for food was less.

The government continued its efforts to control the food situation. The government also provided some assistance to the farmers. The government also provided some food grains to the people.

The situation improved gradually. The food situation in 1973 was better than in 1972. The food crop was good and the demand for food was less.

The government continued its efforts to control the food situation. The government also provided some assistance to the farmers. The government also provided some food grains to the people.
2nd December, 1965 Discussion on Food Situation and Drought Conditions in the State

The month of December is critical in the agricultural calendar, and the current drought conditions are causing serious concerns. The state is facing a critical food situation, and immediate action is required to prevent further deterioration. The Agricultural season of 1960-61 was affected by drought, leading to a significant decrease in crop yields. The average yield for the state in the previous year was 5.6 tons per hectare, while in 1965, it dropped to 3.4 tons. This has led to a severe food shortage, and it is estimated that the state will require additional food assistance.

Immediate action is required to address this crisis. The government should prioritize food security and allocate funds to support farmers and ensure a stable food supply. The state should also consider implementing emergency measures to provide relief to affected communities. The drought conditions are expected to persist for some time, and it is important to prepare for long-term solutions.

The state must also consider the impact of climate change on agricultural production. The recent drought is a clear indication of the challenges that lie ahead. The government should invest in research and development to develop drought-resistant crops and improve water management practices. This will not only help in addressing the current crisis but also ensure food security in the long term.

In conclusion, the situation is grave, and immediate action is required to prevent further degradation. The state must prioritize food security and work towards a sustainable solution to address the challenges posed by drought.
Discussion on Food Situation and Drought - 2nd December, 1965.

Conditions in the State.

The situation in the State is as follows:

1. The total production of foodgrains in the State is estimated to be 3,000,000 tons.
2. The shortfall in foodgrains is 2,000,000 tons.
3. The next harvest is expected in April.
4. The government has released 1,000,000 tons of foodgrains from the state reserves.
5. The government has appealed to the central government for additional aid.

In conclusion, the situation is critical and immediate action is required to ensure food security for the people of the State.
2nd December, 1905. Discussion on Food Situation and Drought Conditions in the State.

The discussion revolved around the food situation and drought conditions in the state. It was observed that the food situation was critical due to the recent drought. The lack of rainfall had severely affected the crop yields, leading to a shortage of food resources. The government was under immense pressure to find solutions to this pressing issue.

The representatives from various districts highlighted the severity of the situation in their respective areas. They emphasized the need for immediate relief measures to prevent widespread starvation. The discussion also touched upon the importance of irrigation and water conservation to mitigate future droughts.

The need for increased agricultural research and development was strongly advocated to improve crop resilience against adverse weather conditions. The representatives also suggested the establishment of food reserves and the encouragement of local food production to ensure food security in the state.

Overall, the discussion highlighted the urgent need for coordinated efforts from the government and the people to overcome the current food crisis and to prepare for future challenges posed by droughts.
Discussion on Food Situation and Drought 2nd December, 1965.

Conditions in the State.

The discussion on food situation and drought conditions in the State.

1. *The Mayor (in English)*: The food situation is very alarming. The foodgrains market is very volatile. The government has taken various measures to control the situation. The foodgrains prices are increasing day by day. The government has taken steps to control the black market. The foodgrains are being distributed at controlled prices.

2. *The Minister (in English)*: The food situation is very serious. The government is trying its best to control the situation. The foodgrains are being imported from other countries. The government has taken steps to increase the production of foodgrains. The foodgrains are being distributed at controlled prices.

3. *The Member of Parliament (in English)*: The food situation is very alarming. The government has taken various steps to control the situation. The foodgrains are being imported from other countries. The government has taken steps to increase the production of foodgrains. The foodgrains are being distributed at controlled prices.

The government is trying its best to control the situation. The foodgrains are being imported from other countries. The government has taken steps to increase the production of foodgrains. The foodgrains are being distributed at controlled prices.
2nd December, 1967.  Discussion on Food Situation and Drought Conditions in the State.
Discussion on Food Situation and Drought  2nd December, 1965

Conditions in the State.

The situation regarding food and drought conditions in the State is as follows:

1. Level of water in the reservoirs:
   - Level 1
   - Level 2
   - Level 3
   - Level 4
   - Level 5
   - Level 6

2. Irrigation potential:
   - Potential for irrigation

3. Pesticide and plant protection equipment:
   - Pesticide 15%
   - Plant protection equipment 100%

4. Plant Protection Scheme:
   - Plant Protection Scheme 15%

5. Floods and drought conditions:
   - Floods in May and June
   - Drought conditions in July and August

6. Famine-affected areas:
   - Famine-affected areas

The situation is critical and requires immediate action to ensure food security and mitigate the effects of drought.

Collaboration with foreign countries for assistance is necessary.
2nd December 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and Drought Conditions in the State.

Since the last report, the food situation has deteriorated in the state. Increased foodgrain imports are required to meet the demand. Additional acreage under foodgrains cultivation is necessary. Large scale farming is advocated by the Agricultural Corporation. Some isolated pockets in various districts have also been affected in addition to the above list. ‘Districts wholly affected’ are:

- Taluks of East Godavary, West Godavari, Krishna and Guntur.

Some isolated pockets in various districts have also been affected.
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

'Sholly affected' are lay people suffering from drought. Although there are contradictions between the food situation and the rains, the situation is dire. The government has been closely monitoring the situation and has taken necessary steps to meet the needs of the people. From June to October 1965, the rain fell 539 cm, which is 19% below the normal rainfall.

"Unlike the past, the present situation more or less threatens. Government are fully conscious of the responsibility to ensure that they leave no stone unturned to meet the situation effectively and for this purpose they have been keeping close and constant watch and are getting first-hand information of the deteriorating situation that has arisen in the wake of adverse seasonal conditions and are examining all measures calculated not only to arrest the deteriorating condition but also to tide over the situation."

The government has taken several measures such as:
- Issuing demand notices
- Cabinet meetings
- Opposition leaders' meetings

The government has been keeping a close watch on the situation and has taken all necessary steps to meet the needs of the people.
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

2nd December, 1982

As a result, agriculturists and non-agriculturists are facing a critical situation. In these dry conditions, the demand for food has increased, leading to higher prices. The government has taken steps to procure and distribute food to the affected areas. Procurement centers have been set up in various parts of the state to ensure a steady supply of food.

Agriculturists and non-agriculturists are facing difficulties due to the drought. The government has appealed to the public to contribute to the food emergency. The situation is critical, and immediate action is required to alleviate the suffering of the people.
2nd December, 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

...
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

The month of October showed a situation not very good; this month gave in certain places a good rainfall, in certain places a dry spell. In general, October rainfall was below average.  

Agricultural production figures were below normal due to rain fall readings. October rainfall in the State was 300 millimeters, whereas normal rainfall is 400 millimeters. The rainfall was below normal in all the districts of the State except in the coastal districts. The rainfall was below normal due to seasonal reasons. The rainfall was below normal due to seasonal reasons.

In view of this situation, the government has undertaken various measures to ensure food security in the State. The measures include:

- Distribution of food grains to the needy
- Establishment of temporary food depots
- Provision of food rations to the affected families
- Distribution of seeds and fertilizers to the farmers
- Provision of credit to the farmers

These measures have been taken to mitigate the impact of drought and ensure food security in the State.
66 8 December, 1965 Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

In recent years the State has been facing a severe drought, which has severely affected the agricultural production. The drought has resulted in a significant decrease in the availability of food grains, which has led to a severe shortage in the market. To address this situation, the Government has taken several measures to ensure food security. These measures include drought relief, irrigation, and other agricultural interventions.

The Government has also set up a special committee to study the drought situation and to suggest measures to mitigate its impact. The committee has submitted its report, which contains several recommendations for addressing the drought.

The Government has also intensified its efforts to increase food production by improving irrigation facilities and by providing seeds and other inputs to farmers. The Government has also set up a special fund to provide relief to affected families.

In conclusion, the situation is serious, but the Government is taking all necessary steps to address the crisis. With the help of the people, the situation can be turned around and the goal of food security can be achieved.
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

On the 2nd November 1965, the Prime Minister, Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri, in his radio address, indicated the gravity of the drought situation in various parts of the country. He appealed to the people to cooperate in the drought relief efforts. The Prime Minister's speech highlighted the need for a comprehensive plan to tackle the drought crisis. He emphasized the importance of water conservation and the need for the government to work closely with the states to ensure effective relief measures.

In the context of the drought relief efforts, the Prime Minister also emphasized the role of the Private Sector in contributing to the relief efforts. He appealed to the private sector to contribute towards the relief efforts by providing inputs and resources.

The Prime Minister's speech was widely acknowledged and appreciated for its comprehensive approach to the drought crisis. It served as a call to action for all sections of society to come together and work towards alleviating the effects of the drought.

The Prime Minister's address was followed by a series of initiatives that were undertaken by the government to address the drought crisis. These initiatives included the setting up of a drought relief fund, the procurement of essential inputs, and the provision of financial assistance to affected farmers.

The Prime Minister's speech was a clear indication of the government's commitment to addressing the drought crisis. It underscored the importance of collective action and cooperation in tackling such natural disasters. The Prime Minister's speech was a call to action for all sections of society to work together towards a solution to the drought crisis.
Discussion on Food Situation and Crought Conditions in the State

Electricity thermal schemes have been discussed in detail. The Electricity Board has decided to set up a committee to look into the feasibility of setting up electricity thermal schemes in the State. The committee will be constituted by the Electricity Minister and the Chief Secretary. The committee will also consider the possibility of setting up electricity thermal schemes in the State. The committee will submit its report within two months. The committee will also consider the possibility of setting up electricity thermal schemes in the State.

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Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

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Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

To discuss the sub-soil water and minor irrigation schemes for the State. The minor irrigation schemes need to be expanded and minor irrigation sources need to be tapped. Sub-soil water is crucial for minor irrigation. Perennial sources are also important, and lift irrigation schemes can be expanded. Diesel sets, oil engines, and electricity can be used for lift irrigation schemes. Perennial rivers can be tapped, and sub-soil water needs to be tapped. Diesel sets, oil engines, and electricity can be used for lift irrigation schemes.

Deepening wells and sub-soil water can be tapped. Diesel sets, oil engines, and electricity can be used for lift irrigation schemes. Perennial sources can also be tapped. Diesel sets, oil engines, and electricity can be used for lift irrigation schemes.
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

2nd December, 1965.

ప్రపంచంలో భాగంగా ఆహార సమస్య లలో పనిస్తున్న ప్రపంచానికి మొదటి రాష్ట్రం లేవు. మరింత విధానాంకాల తో వ్యవస్థ నిర్మాణం చేసే ప్రాంతాలు నీటి జాతులు ప్రభావితం. కాబట్టి తెలంగాణంలో ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రతి గ్రామంలో ఆహార సమస్య రాశి ఉంది. ఇది ప్రత్యేకంగా కుమార్ల ప్రక్కలు కోసం ప్రభావితం. ఇవి ప్రత్యేకంగా నీటి జాతుల ప్రక్కల వంటి జాతుల ప్రక్కలు కోసం ప్రభావితం.

ఇప్పటి సమాచారాలు ప్రతి గ్రామం లో వాటి ప్రతి కేంద్రం నిర్వహిస్తాం. జాతుల ప్రక్కలు ప్రతి గ్రామం లో వాటి ప్రతి కేంద్రం నిర్వహిస్తాం. ఇప్పటి సమాచారాలు ప్రతి గ్రామం లో వాటి ప్రతి కేంద్రం నిర్వహిస్తాం. జాతుల ప్రక్కలు ప్రతి గ్రామం లో వాటి ప్రతి కేంద్రం నిర్వహిస్తాం. ఇప్పటి సమాచారాలు ప్రతి గ్రామం లో వాటి ప్రతి కేంద్రం నిర్వహిస్తాం. జాతుల ప్రక్కలు ప్రతి గ్రామం లో వాటి ప్రతి కేంద్రం నిర్వహిస్తాం. ఇప్పటి సమాచారాలు ప్రతి గ్రామం లో వాటి ప్రతి కేంద్రం నిర్వహిస్తాం.

అప్పుడే మీ పెర్సనల్ ప్రసాదం లేక ఆహార సమస్య మొదటి రాష్ట్రం లేవు. మరింత విధానాంకాల తో వ్యవస్థ నిర్మాణం చేసే ప్రాంతాలు నీటి జాతులు ప్రభావితం. కాబట్టి తెలంగాణంలో ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రతి గ్రామంలో ఆహార సమస్య రాశి ఉంది. ఇది ప్రత్యేకంగా కుమార్ల ప్రక్కలు కోసం ప్రభావితం. ఇవి ప్రత్యేకంగా నీటి జాతుల ప్రక్కల వంటి జాతుల ప్రక్కలు కోసం ప్రభావితం.
2nd December, 1965.

Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State

January 11, 1965 (Editor's note).

The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations on January 11, 1965, issued a statement concerning the food situation in India. The statement emphasized the importance of food security in the wake of drought conditions and the need for effective measures to ensure food supplies. The Organization highlighted the urgent need for coordination among various stakeholders to address the food crisis effectively. The statement also underscored the significance of international cooperation in responding to such challenges.

Underground water asthma and the problem of drought conditions were discussed in the context of long-term planning and resource management. The need for sustainable practices to mitigate the impact of drought was emphasized. The statement concluded with a call to action for governments, civil societies, and international organizations to work together in finding solutions to the food crisis.
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

2nd December, 19CS.

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Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

This planning is no planning, because they have not understood the urgency of the food problem in India,
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

As observed, the food situation in various parts of the State has deteriorated. The food situation in the State has worsened due to the prevailing drought conditions. The Food Situation Committee has been meeting regularly to assess the situation and take necessary steps to mitigate the effects of the drought.

The drought has affected the crops and the availability of food grains. The committee has been monitoring the food situation closely and has taken steps to ensure that the food requirements of the people are met. The committee has also been working with the State Government to ensure that the necessary measures are taken to address the situation.

The committee has been advised to take immediate steps to ensure that the food requirements of the people are met. The committee has been advised to prioritize the distribution of food grains in the affected areas.

The committee has also been advised to monitor the prices of food grains and take necessary steps to ensure that they remain stable.

The committee has been advised to work closely with the State Government to ensure that the necessary measures are taken to address the situation.

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The committee has been advised to work closely with the State Government to ensure that the necessary measures are taken to address the situation.
2nd December, 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

In December 1965, there was a discussion on the food situation and drought conditions in the State. The discussions highlighted the severe impact of drought on the food supply, affecting 7,600 acres of land and reducing the yield by 50%. The drought also affected 12 villages, with 6,500 acres of land losing productivity by 50%. The state government took steps to mitigate the situation by providing food relief to the affected areas. The discussions also emphasized the need for long-term solutions to combat drought and ensure food security for the population.
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

2nd December, 1965.

The discussion on food situation and drought conditions in the State.

The state is facing significant food shortages due to drought conditions. The situation is critical, with 30 districts affected and food supplies running low.

The government has taken measures to address the situation, including increasing food imports and implementing drought relief programs. However, the situation remains challenging.

The state is working closely with the central government to secure additional food supplies and relief aid.

In conclusion, the state is committed to ensuring food security and addressing the challenges posed by drought conditions.
2nd December, 1965  Discussion on Food situation and drought conditions in the State.

The report begins with a discussion on the prevailing food situation and drought conditions in the state. It mentions the challenges faced in maintaining food security during such conditions. The report highlights the importance of sustainable agricultural practices and timely interventions to mitigate the effects of drought. It also underscores the need for effective planning and resource allocation to ensure food availability during lean seasons. The report concludes with recommendations for further research and policy initiatives to address these challenges.
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State

2nd December, 1965.

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2nd December, 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.
Discussion on Food Situation and 2nd December, 1965, drought conditions in the State.

On September 15th, 1956, drought conditions in the State were severe. The state had experienced a severe drought in 1956 and 1957, which had resulted in a significant drop in agricultural production. The state government had taken several measures to mitigate the effects of the drought, including providing drought relief to affected farmers.

In 1960, the state government approved technical sanction for a number of excavations. The excavations were aimed at improving irrigation facilities and increasing the state's food production. The government was committed to full responsibility for the implementation of these projects.

334—11
82 2nd December, 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

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Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

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2nd December, 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

The meeting began on 5th December, 1965. The discussion focused on food situation and drought conditions in the State.

The meeting discussed the food situation and drought conditions in the State. It was noted that the drought conditions had led to a decrease in food availability. The meeting also discussed the measures taken to address the food shortage.

The meeting concluded with a resolution to take immediate action to alleviate the food crisis and to arrange for relief measures to be implemented.

The meeting adjourned after the resolution was passed.
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

(5) 3. భూమిభవన య (ప్రాంచు విస్తారం) — అది, ఇది ఉండి కాదు తాత్కాలిక 3 టెన్సెస్రం చాలా అవసరంతా. ఆహారం 2 సెనాల వంటి ఒక రోజు అయితే తీస్తా. ఆహారం ప్రత్యేకంగా అంధితలు ఎందుకు తప్పిస్తా అయితే ప్రతి తెరియాతా. ఆహారం ప్రత్యేకంగా అంధితలు ఎందుకు తప్పిస్తా అయితే ప్రతి తెరియాతా. ఉన్నతం ప్రతి టెన్సెస్రం నేప్పాబడతా ఉండాలి. ఆహారం ప్రత్యేకంగా అంధితలు ఎందుకు తప్పిస్తా అయితే ప్రతి తెరియాతా. ఉన్నతం ప్రతి టెన్సెస్రం నేప్పాబడతా ఉండాలి.

(Sri P Naregana Reddy in the Chair)
86 2nd December, 1963. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

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Discussion on Food Situation and 2nd December, 1975.

In the context of food situation, the State faced severe drought conditions in 1975. The food situation during that period was critical due to the adverse impact of drought on crop yields. The shortage of water resources led to a decline in agricultural production, affecting the overall food supply in the state.

The government took several measures to mitigate the effects of drought, including allocating funds for irrigation projects and providing financial assistance to farmers. Despite these efforts, the food situation remained challenging, and the state had to rely on external aid to meet the needs of its population.

In conclusion, the drought of 1975 had a profound impact on the food situation in the state. The government's initiatives were crucial in managing the crisis, although the food situation remained tense due to the adverse weather conditions.
2nd December, 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

33 2nd December, 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.
Discussion on Food Situation and 2nd December, 1965. 89
drought condition in the State.

Assured water supply (a) and rainfall (b) have not been forthcoming. The (Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State

90 2nd December, 1965  Discussion on Food Situation and
drought conditions in the State
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State

2nd December, 1965.

levy in various parts of the State. The levy is
levy must be levied on all the crops. The levy
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2nd December, 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

The situation in the State was discussed. The sources of food were examined. The situation was critical and rationing was being considered. The shortage of food was due to the drought conditions prevailing in the State. The situation was expected to improve with the monsoon rains. The people were being encouraged to conserve water and the government was taking steps to increase food production.
Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

2nd December, 1965.

15.1.1.1. (15.1.1.1) — ಮತ್ತು ವಲಸುತ್ತಾ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೊಸವಾಗಿರುವ ಹಾನಿಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕವಾಗಿ ಹೊಸವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ರ್ಯಾಂಜಿ ಹಾರಿಯುವಲ್ಲಿ ರೀತಿ ಬಂದು. ನಿರ್ವಹಣೆಯಿಲ್ಲದ್ದ ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು, ಚಿಕ್ಕ ಆಹಾರವು ಹಾಗೂ ಮರಾದ ಪ್ರಮಾಣವಾಗಿರುವ ಅಂದಾಜು ಹೊಸವಾಗಿರುವ. ಇದು ಮತ್ತು ಹಿಂದು ಆಗಿಯುವ ಮತ್ತು ಅಷ್ಟು ಹೇಗುವ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆಹಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಠ
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Discussion on Food Situation and 2nd December, 1963.

 Minimum charges கூட்டாட திறன் வாய்வு.
 வளர்ச்சி விளையாட செய்துள்ளார்கள். அவர்கள் சிலைச் செய்துள்ளார் விளையாட வாய்வு போன்றவை உள்ளன. அதற்கு முயன்று அப்படி இருந்து செய்துள்ளார்கள். அவர்கள் சிலைச் செய்துள்ளார் விளையாட வாய்வு போன்றவை உள்ளன. அதற்கு முயன்று அப்படி இருந்து செய்துள்ளார்கள்.

யாரும் எப்போதும் விளையாட்டு மதிவுகளை விளையாடி விளையாட்டு மதிவுகளை விளையாடி விளையாட்டு மதிவுகளை விளையாடியது என்பது அவர்கள் செய்துள்ளார் விளையாட வாய்வு போன்றவை உள்ளன. அதற்கு முயன்று அப்படி இருந்து செய்துள்ளார்கள்.

ஆராய்ச்சி வருவயிலும் விளையாட்டு மதிவுகளை விளையாடி விளையாட்டு மதிவுகளை விளையாடியது என்பது அவர்கள் செய்துள்ளார் விளையாட வாய்வு போன்றவை உள்ளன. அதற்கு முயன்று அப்படி இருந்து செய்துள்ளார்கள்.
2nd December, 1965. Discussion on Food Situation and drought conditions in the State.

The House then adjourned till Half past Eight of the clock on Friday, the 3rd December, 1965.