Mr. Speaker: Honourable Members, we are about to perform a very sacred duty of passing a Condolence Resolution on the demise of our great beloved Leader and Prime Minister, Jawaharlal Nehru. On a solemn occasion like this, I would like to be very indulgent and allow every honourable member of this House who wants to speak on this Resolution. I would only appeal to all of you to observe perfect silence when the Resolution is passed.

I now call upon hon. Sri N. Ramchandra Reddy, Minister for Revenue to move the resolution on behalf of the Leader of the House, Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy.

The Minister for Revenue (Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy):

Mr. Speaker, Sir, on behalf of hon. Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy, Leader of the House, I beg to move:
"That this House places on record its deep feelings of profound grief at the passing away of our beloved Leader Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India.

And this House expresses its firm resolve to strive for the ideals of world peace and progress and national unity, solidarity and prosperity to which he dedicated himself throughout his life”.

Mr Speaker:— Resolution moved.
Obituary—Condolence Resolution. [26th June 1964.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

The Prime Minister’s death is a serious setback for India. He was a symbol of the country’s unity in diversity. His death has left a void in the Indian political landscape.

The Non-alignment Policy was a significant aspect of his administration. It helped the country to maintain its sovereignty and independence.

In conclusion, the Prime Minister’s death is a great loss for India and the world. His legacy will continue to inspire future generations.
The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

Obituary–Condolence Resolution.

26th June, 1964]
Obituary-Condolence Resolution. [26th June, 1964.]

re. The demise of Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

...
Obituary—Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

6 26th June, 1964 ]
Obituary-Condolence Resolution. [26th June, 1964. 7

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

The nation will always remember the name of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, who passed away on 27th May, 1964. He was a great leader, a statesman, and a diplomat. His leadership, his vision, and his contribution to the nation will always be remembered.

Our condolences to the family of Pandit Nehru. May his soul rest in peace.
Obituary–Condolence Resolution.  
re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

...
Obituary—Condolence Resolution. [26th June 1964.]

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

...
Obituary–Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

Sri K. V. Narayana Reddy (Kamalapur) : Mr. Speaker, Sir, while associating myself with the sentiments expressed by my honourable colleagues at the passing away of our beloved Prime Minister, an illustrious countryman and the chief architect of India's secular democracy, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, I will add a few words to the resolution just moved by the Hon'ble Revenue Minister.

Our estimation of Panditji’s life, character and genius, our sense of bereavement to the country and the world at large would be consigned to history to cherish the memory of a great and good man. We have lost Panditji for ever. To recount the series of his services is indeed difficult. His intellectual and public display were immensely superb. He was an eminent parliamentarian and
also was the leading statesman of the world and it would not be easy to recall any parallel in the biography of the illustrious men of the world. I cannot attempt to sum up the aggregate of the services of Pandit Nehru. It is really impossible at this juncture for me to do. But it is not too much to say, Sir, that we have the privilege of associating ourselves with Nehru Era and we cannot imagine as to what extent had Nehru with his acts, words, thoughts and the events of his life associated himself for ever in the memory of all of us, with every historical effort, with every glory, with every great name and fundamental institution - which are perfectly of Nehru and India and which are secular and humanistic. I say, Sir, Nehru was a great democrat and I cannot easily forget with what affection, admiration and confidence he spoke to me in an interview, he admitted to me in 1953, at his residence. He spoke of politics; we discussed the problems of education and educators and several other topics which formed the discipline of social man. He was really a great man and I cannot forget this.

Again, Sir, I should say that the one great tendency of Panditji’s life and character was to elevate the whole tone of public mind. It was the greatest achievement of Pandit Nehru and he did it throughout his public life and we cannot forget this. And again, Sir, it is not easy to imagine how the United Nations could develop to its present stage without the positive and constructive contribution by India under the able guidance of Pandit Nehru. Nehru was the author of Panch Sheel and through it he did much to make the non-alignment of new nations recognised and respected. Panditji’s foreign policy was such that he won respect in Washington as well as in Moscow. It was a great achievement of Panditji and he was a source of inspiration to all Afro-Asian countries. Finally, Sir, the finest of tributes that poured in thousands
at the death of Nehru from various countries are the acknowledgement of Panditji’s deep attachment to liberal and humanist ideals; and in the briefest tribute that I had an opportunity to pay in this August House, I would only impress upon my hon. colleagues that we should love to follow Nehru. The United Democratic Front conveys its deep sympathies to Smt. Indira Gandhi and the members of the Nehru family.
Obituary—Condolence Resolution. [26th June 1964.]

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

To the citizens of India, 

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, passed away on 27th May 1964, at the age of 75 years. He was a true visionary and a statesman who dedicated his life to transform India into a modern nation. His leadership and guidance paved the way for India's independence and prosperity.

Nehru's contributions to India's freedom struggle, his role in the drafting of the Indian constitution, and his leadership during India's initial years as an independent nation have been monumental. His vision of a socialist, secular, and democratic India continues to inspire millions.

In honor of his memory, it is fitting to remember his legacy and the impact he had on the nation. His principles of non-alignment, nuclear disarmament, and regional peace continue to resonate in the global arena.

The nation mourns the loss of a great leader who dedicated his life to the betterment of India and the world. His memory will live on through the ideals he championed and the progress he achieved.

[Signatures]
Obituary–Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

On 26th June, 1964, the Nation mourns the loss of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India. He was a symbol of India’s independence and a leader who guided India through its early years of independence. His vision and leadership will be remembered for generations to come.

The Nation pays tribute to his leadership and his contributions to the development of India. His legacy will continue to inspire future leaders.

League of oppressed nations

League Conference

27th May 1964

The Nation remembers

The Nation

14
Obituary—Condolence Resolution.  [26th June 1964.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

...
Obituary-Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

In the morning I have behaved like a brute. I apologise to you and everyone. Kindly excuse me.
Obituary-Condolence Resolution.  
re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.  

[26th June, 1964. 17]
Obituary—Condolement Resolution.
re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

18 26th June, 1964]
Now he says that, but after I am gone he will speak my language.
Obituary–Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

20 26th June, 1964]
Obituary-Condolence Resolution. [ 26th June, 1964. ]

re: The demise of Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

The date 26th June has a historical significance. It happened on this date that Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, passed away. The impact of his demise was felt across the nation and the world. His words and actions continue to inspire us to this day. This resolution is a tribute to his memory and his contributions to the nation.

The Constituent Assembly is the supreme legislative body of India. It was tasked with framing the constitution of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru was a member of the Constituent Assembly. His contributions to the nation were immense, and his vision for the country continues to shape its future.

The Constituent Assembly was convened on 26th June 1962. It was a significant milestone in the history of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru played a key role in the establishment of the Constituent Assembly. His leadership and guidance were instrumental in the success of the assembly.

The Constituent Assembly was convened to draft the constitution of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru was a member of the assembly. His contributions to the nation were immense, and his vision for the country continues to shape its future.

The Constituent Assembly was convened on 26th June 1962. It was a significant milestone in the history of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru played a key role in the establishment of the assembly. His leadership and guidance were instrumental in the success of the assembly.

The Constituent Assembly was convened to draft the constitution of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru was a member of the assembly. His contributions to the nation were immense, and his vision for the country continues to shape its future.

The Constituent Assembly was convened on 26th June 1962. It was a significant milestone in the history of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru played a key role in the establishment of the assembly. His leadership and guidance were instrumental in the success of the assembly.

The Constituent Assembly was convened to draft the constitution of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru was a member of the assembly. His contributions to the nation were immense, and his vision for the country continues to shape its future.

The Constituent Assembly was convened on 26th June 1962. It was a significant milestone in the history of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru played a key role in the establishment of the assembly. His leadership and guidance were instrumental in the success of the assembly.

The Constituent Assembly was convened to draft the constitution of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru was a member of the assembly. His contributions to the nation were immense, and his vision for the country continues to shape its future.

The Constituent Assembly was convened on 26th June 1962. It was a significant milestone in the history of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru played a key role in the establishment of the assembly. His leadership and guidance were instrumental in the success of the assembly.

The Constituent Assembly was convened to draft the constitution of India. Pandu Jawaharlal Nehru was a member of the assembly. His contributions to the nation were immense, and his vision for the country continues to shape its future.
Obituary—Condolence Resolution.
re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

"You Andhras believe in astrology more than anything" says a friend with a laugh astrology is a very old fact that has been around for centuries. People have always been interested in astrology and its role in character build up. It is believed that astrology can predict the future and influence the course of events. It is also said that astrology can influence moral values and behavior. It is a popular belief in Andhra Pradesh that astrology is the key to understanding character and predicting future events.

The friend continues, "Astrology is a way of looking at the world from a different perspective. It is a way of understanding the universe and our place in it. It is a way of understanding ourselves and our relationships with others. It is a way of understanding the past and predicting the future. Astrology is a way of understanding the cosmic order and the relationship between the planets, the stars, and the stars.

In Andhra Pradesh, astrology is a very important part of the culture. It is a way of understanding the world and our place in it. It is a way of understanding ourselves and our relationships with others. It is a way of understanding the past and predicting the future. Astrology is a way of understanding the cosmic order and the relationship between the planets, the stars, and the stars.

The friend concludes, "Astrology is a way of looking at the world from a different perspective. It is a way of understanding the universe and our place in it. It is a way of understanding ourselves and our relationships with others. It is a way of understanding the past and predicting the future. Astrology is a way of understanding the cosmic order and the relationship between the planets, the stars, and the stars."
Obituary-Condolence Resolution.  [26th June, 1964.  23
re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.
Srimati Roda Mistry: Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir, on this solemn occasion when hon. Members have met to pass the condolence resolution, we can only express our feelings of sorrow at this irreparable loss caused by the death of our beloved Prime Minister and Leader. It is a loss that cannot be described in words even by all for million years. We the women of India can only join other mourners in prayer that "may his soul rest in eternal Peace". Thank you, Sir.
Obituary—Condolence Resolution. [26th June 1964.]

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

Mr. S. Venkataram, (Registrar):— This is to record the profound grief and sorrow that we feel at the news of the passing away of our beloved Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. He was not only the greatest leader of our country but also a symbol of peace and progress in the world. His contributions to the Indian nation and the welfare of the people are immeasurable.

The Prime Minister was born on November 14, 1889, in Allahabad. He received his early education in Allahabad and later studied at the University of Oxford in England. He returned to India in 1915 and became actively involved in the Indian National Movement. He served as the Prime Minister of India from 1947 until his death on May 27, 1964.

His leadership and vision helped India in becoming an independent and sovereign nation. He was the first Prime Minister of the newly independent India. His policies and initiatives contributed significantly to the development of India.

Mr. Venkataram: Today, we are gathered here to pay a tribute to the memory of our beloved Prime Minister. We are in the evening of our lives. Who is to carry on the responsibilities? You shall not retire. You shall not get back. The onus is on us to shoulder the responsibility and carry forward the work that has been started by you.

By the grace of God, we have been assigned the task of continuing the work initiated by you. We shall carry on the work with dedication and determination. We shall strive to achieve the goals that you envisioned for our country. We shall work tirelessly to ensure the welfare of our people and the progress of our nation.

We are dedicated to the memory of our beloved Prime Minister. He was a guiding light in our lives. We shall honor his memory by continuing the work that he started. We shall be guided by his principles and values. We shall work with passion and commitment to achieve the goals that he envisioned for our country.
Obituary–Condolence Resolution.
re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

26th June, 1964

...
Obituary—Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

[26th June 1964. 27]

(Transcribed text not available due to quality of the scanned document.)

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

...
Obituary-Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

[26th June, 1964.] 29

...
Obituary—Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

[Text continues on page]
Obituary-Condolence Resolution. [26th June, 1964. 31

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

Mr. Speaker, Sir, I wholeheartedly support the Condolence Resolution moved by the Leader of our House. A beloved leader he was and a great man he was, not only the people of our country but the people of the whole world were shocked to hear and so unhappy to know about the demise of our beloved leader Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on May 27th last. All of us bent our heads down with feelings of sorrow and feelings of frustration moved and crawled to a place of peace for prayer. On that day, every man, every woman and every child in this country shed tears in mourning for their beloved leader Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. It is most unhappy that such a beloved leader as he was is snatched away by the relentless hands of death so early as that and the country is orphaned and the whole world has become poorer by his loss. His life history has been an open book in which we find all sacrifices and service
for the country and the mankind at large. He planned for the all-round prosperity and progress of our country and he was the symbol of peace and goodwill and Panch Sheel was his greatest message to the world. During his leadership, he was India and India was Pandit Nehru. He served ceaselessly with devotion, dedication and determination for the establishment of a new India and we are now enjoying the fruits of his leadership. Not only we of the present generation, but all the generations to come would be grateful to him. His love for the country and the peoples’ love for him, each was greater than the other. During his life-time, people abundantly loved him; when he departed, people mourned for him and honoured him; and after his death, he would be remembered and followed. I consider, Sir, I am too small a person to pay a tribute to such a great man. Mahatma Gandhi wrote on the page of post-card and posted it to London on the eve of the birth-day celebrations of Jawaharlal Nehru in London, that Jawaharlal was a jewel among men. As you all know, Jawaharlal Nehru was the prince of his family, Pandit of Kashmir, prisoner of British imperialism and our beloved Prime Minister for 17 years long. His services to our country for the past half-a-century has already been written in golden letters in the history of India which would repeatedly remind the people of this country and guide them in the right path. Panditji has found an eternal place for himself in heaven and now he has no party nor politics in him. Therefore, I appeal that an All-Party-Committee may be established for erecting a striking, spectacular, very befitting memorial, not only in our capital, but in every district also.

May his soul rest in peace!
Obituary—Condolence Resolution. [26th June 1964. 33
re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, is a great loss to the country and the world. His contributions to Indian politics and the freedom struggle are well-known. He was a visionary, a leader, and a philosopher who dedicated his life to the welfare of the people of India.

The nation has lost a great leader, a statesman, and a visionary. His death is a great blow to the Indian people. His contribution to the development of India will be remembered for generations to come.

The nation is in mourning and the nation's loss is the world's loss. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was a man of vision and a man of action. He was a leader who always put the welfare of the people first.

The nation has lost a great leader, a statesman, and a visionary. His contribution to the development of India will be remembered for generations to come.

The nation is in mourning and the nation's loss is the world's loss. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was a man of vision and a man of action. He was a leader who always put the welfare of the people first.
Obituary—Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.
Obituary—Condolence Resolution. [26th June 1964.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

The resolution commences by acknowledging the significance of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's contributions to India. It mourns his passing and acknowledges his leadership in shaping India's destiny. The resolution emphasizes his commitment to unity and progress for all Indian citizens.

The resolution also expresses hope for a continuous and harmonious journey towards India's future, with a special mention of the importance of unity and cooperative action. It concludes by reaffirming the commitment to the ideals of unity, progress, and the continuous movement towards a brighter future for India.
26th June, 1964

Obituary-Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

...
Obituary-Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

The record of a life has always been the most valuable of all the documents of mankind. It is an inspiration, an inspiration to others. The record is the only true history of the world. It is a record of our progress, our progress in thought, in action, in thought and action. It is a record of our achievements, our achievements in the service of humanity. It is a record of our failures, our failures in the service of humanity. It is a record of our sorrows, our sorrows in the service of humanity. It is a record of our joys, our joys in the service of humanity. It is a record of our sorrows, our sorrows in the service of humanity.

The record of a man is a record of his life. It is a record of his thoughts, his thoughts in action, his thoughts and action. It is a record of his achievements, his achievements in the service of humanity. It is a record of his failures, his failures in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity. It is a record of his joys, his joys in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity.

The record of a man is a record of his life. It is a record of his thoughts, his thoughts in action, his thoughts and action. It is a record of his achievements, his achievements in the service of humanity. It is a record of his failures, his failures in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity. It is a record of his joys, his joys in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity.

The record of a man is a record of his life. It is a record of his thoughts, his thoughts in action, his thoughts and action. It is a record of his achievements, his achievements in the service of humanity. It is a record of his failures, his failures in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity. It is a record of his joys, his joys in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity.

The record of a man is a record of his life. It is a record of his thoughts, his thoughts in action, his thoughts and action. It is a record of his achievements, his achievements in the service of humanity. It is a record of his failures, his failures in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity. It is a record of his joys, his joys in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity.

The record of a man is a record of his life. It is a record of his thoughts, his thoughts in action, his thoughts and action. It is a record of his achievements, his achievements in the service of humanity. It is a record of his failures, his failures in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity. It is a record of his joys, his joys in the service of humanity. It is a record of his sorrows, his sorrows in the service of humanity.
Obituary—Condolence Resolution. [26th June 1964.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

...
Obituary–Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

40 26th June, 1964 ]

The late Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, former Prime Minister of India, had an indelible mark on our nation. His policies and leadership were instrumental in shaping India's identity and progress. This resolution marks the occasion of his demise on 27th May, 1964. It is a testament to his contributions and a reminder of his vision for a better India.

The late Jawaharlal Nehru's vision for India was to be a nation of peace, equality, and justice. He believed in the unity of India and its diverse cultures. His leadership was marked by integrity, honesty, and a commitment to the welfare of the people.

In this resolution, we pay tribute to his legacy and promise to continue the work of building a stronger India, guided by his principles and ideals.

Sincerely,
[Signature]
[Official Title]
[Date]
Obituary—Condolence Resolution.

[26th June 1964. 41

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

As a revolutionary, as a statesman, as a democrat, as a diplomat, as a writer all in one the world can have few parallels. As a revolutionary, as a statesman, as a democrat, as a diplomat, as a writer all in one the world can have few parallels.

democratic 23rapg<B ^6d3boo ^y^o ^o^oeDrrds Kneo^ 5ho&gg*e^ 7^8^ 5T(3o M^eog& ^^& B"&a ^ep^&^ ^^ao^^Sy^ ^^

8$ ^g^o^ &o^ ^a^ ^& ^^ ^^^§ *%3a*ba ^<^po^
Obituary–Condolence Resolution.

re: The demise of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

Freedom is the birth right of every human being.
Mr Speaker:— Hon. Members, Since our great and beloved leader and Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had passed away on the 27th May 1964, men of all ranks, high and low, people of different faiths and religions, a number of institutions all over the world, eminent statesmen, poets and philosophers, have been paying homage to this great man by paying glowing tributes and by offering prayers in places of worship and by singing hymns of praise and in appreciation of all his achievements during his life. I for my part, with my limited vocabulary, the precious treasure of India has been stolen away and may He that stole it keep it unto himself.
now propose to refer to all his many-sided activities and achievements during his life.

To say in words what Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru meant and did for the people of his country and of the world, we have to invent a new language. There is scarcely any event of importance in this country during the last three decades which cannot be traced to the lead and inspiration of this great man. There is no field in which his influence was not felt. Through the ages nature has produced a number of great saints and seers, eminent statesmen, poets and philosophers, who, each in his own way, has contributed towards the salvation of humanity but none with two great qualities of social nature about him — in support of the rights of others and in sympathy for those who are suffering. With fertility of his intellect and his rare talent for achieving something great and permanent, with his unbounded love for humanity, his manifold activities, his doubtless courage and fervent zeal for peace and prosperity, the world has not produced another greater man; and scarcely one is left with a more splendid and stainless name in this world than Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

He was a very peculiar man. He never talked of God or religion but was more Godly and religious in his actions than many people who talked insistently of God and religion and did little for the good of humanity. It looks as though he came into this world with a mission—that of not only removing the economic and political inequalities of the enslaved peoples of the world but to make them all economically prosperous—and perhaps before his mission was fulfilled God has taken him away from our midst.

Statues may be raised in places from which he addressed mammoth meetings; portraits may be hung in halls in which he has addressed large audiences and parents may give his name to the newly-born children with the fervent
hope that they may imbibe some of his noble qualities; future generations will remember with gratitude and in everlasting memory all that he did for the peace of humanity; but the only fitting memorial that we can raise for him is to take a vow to dedicate ourselves to contribute, each in his or her own way, more in actions than in words, for the fulfilment of ideals and aspirations of our great departed leader, who worked and struggled hard in all his life not only to make our country unassailably secure and economically prosperous but for promoting peace, goodwill and happiness among all the peoples of the world.

May his soul rest in Peace.

Now I would request all the hon. members to stand and observe silence for two minutes.

The question is:

“That this House places on record its deep feelings of profound grief at the passing away of our beloved Leader Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India.

And this House expresses its firm resolve to strive for the ideals of world peace and progress and national unity, solidarity and prosperity to which he dedicated himself throughout his life.”

The Resolution was passed nem con all members standing.

Mr. Speaker: The House is adjourned to 8-30 a.m. tomorrow.

(The House then adjourned till Half past Eight of the Clock on Saturday, the 27th June 1964)