THE
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES.
OFFICIAL REPORT

Fiftieth day of the Second Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Tuesday, the 50th July, 1968
THE HOUSE MET AT HALF PAST EIGHT OF THE CLOCK.
(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

INAM ESTATES TO BE TAKEN OVER.

1948—
*1817 Q.—Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy [Put by Sri T.K.R. Sarma (Kurnool)]:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the number of inam estates yet to be taken over after the amendment of section 3 (2) (d) to the Estates Land Act; and

(b) the number of inam estates taken over so far after the said amendment?

[The Minister for Law and Information deputed the Minister for Revenue and answered the questions]

The Minister for Law and Information (Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao):—

(a) 72.
(b) 118.

(5) మామల్లో ప్రత్యేకంగా చెప్పండి (ప్రత్యేకం):—ఇక్కడి షచి, అలాగా ఇది ముందు రెండు వర్గాలు ఉండాలను?

(6) మ. భ. మాసాంపు:— ఇక్కడి సహాయం అవుతుంది. మనం పడచారికి తాఫ్ఫాలు నిర్ణయిస్తుంది.

(7) మామల్లో ప్రత్యేకంగా చెప్పండి:—కోసారు, ఇక్కడి, అలాగా ఇది ముందు రెండు వర్గాలు ఉండాలను?

[571]

2201—1

Mr. Speaker, Sir, with regard to the first question, the answer will be placed on the table of the House tomorrow.

Mr. Speaker.—Very good.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy (Midihur):—Mr. Speaker, Sir, with regard to the first question, the answer will be placed on the table of the House tomorrow.

Mr. Speaker.—Yes, the Members want particulars of the villages where inams have been taken over.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—Then, I request you to have the question also postponed to tomorrow.

Mr. Speaker.—Very good.

Collection of special levy in Andole taluk.

1949—

*3588 Q.—Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande (Narayankhed):—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that a levy of 0.13 nP. and 0.25 nP. per rupee on dry and wet lands respectively on the land revenue assessment is being collected in addition to the additional land revenue assessment from the land-holders under the name of special levy in the Andole taluk, Medak district and is said to have been imposed to meet the expenses of revision settlement;

(b) if so, under what authority it is being collected; and

(c) whether the revision settlement has since been made?

Sri P.V. Narasimharao:—(a) The answer is in the negative.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) The answer is in the negative.
Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande:—Specific instances have come to my notice through the cultivators and the concerned people in the taluk saying that they are being collected even after the additional assessment was repealed last year. If so, what is the amount of total collections?

Sri P.V. Narasimha Rao:—The Collector has specifically reported that there are no such cases in the area referred to. But if any such cases have come to the notice of the hon. Member, he may kindly pass them on to the Revenue Minister and they will be looked into.

Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande:—Will the hon. Minister be pleased to take the information and do the needful to see that it is refunded?

Mr. Speaker:—Not necessary. First thing is, I would request you to make an enquiry yourself and if you are satisfied that such a thing has taken place, you please send a report to the Government so that they might take action. Simply because someone comes and informs you (Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande), you don't act on that.

Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande:—I have satisfied myself and have come to the conclusion that it has been collected.

Mr. Speaker:—Very good, you please send a written report to the Government.

Sri P.V. Narasimha Rao:—If there were any wrong collections, certainly they will be refunded or adjusted.

SALINITY IN BLACK COTTON SOIL IN KURNOOL DISTRICT.

1950—

*3585 Q.—Sri T.K.R. Sarma:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether black cotton soil localised as irrigated-dry under the Tungabhadra Project in Kurnool district has been found to contain high percentage of salinity by the agricultural experts;

(b) have the Government received representations from the ryots under Tungabhadra Project for exclusion of such lands from the ayacut?

(c) if so, what action has been taken by the Government; and

(d) if not, why not?

Sri P.V. Narasimharao:—(a) The soils localised under irrigated dry were not found to contain high percentage of salinity (However demonstration is being done in selected plots in the block by the Agriculture Department).

(b) Yes Sir.
(c) Till the results of the experiment are seen the requests of the petitioners to eliminate their lands from I.D. ayacut is deferred.

(d) Does not arise.

(c) Till the results of the expedient are seen the requests of the petitioners to eliminate their lands from I.D. ayacut is deferred.

(d) Does not arise.

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(d) Does not arise.
Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:— All these things were looked into in the initial stages of localisation scheme. Soils proposed for localisation were analysed and their suitability for growing various irrigated crops was studied at the agricultural Research Station Siriguppa. So, it is not that we are undertaking experiments now for the first time. Then it was found that they were found eminently suitable. But, because certain difficulties have arisen, they are being looked into.

LAND REVENUE AND LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS OUTSTANDING.

1951—

*447 Q.—Sri Y.C. Veerabhadra Gowd (Yemmiganur):—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount of arrears of land revenue and land improvement loans outstanding as on 1st April 1963 in the State with special reference to Kurnool district; and

(b) the steps taken for recovery of the same?

Sri P.V. Narasimharao:—(a) Land Revenue outstanding as on 1-4-1963.

In the State—Rs. 9,88,20,962.

In Kurnool district—Rs. 83,02,740.

Land Improvement Loan outstanding as on 1-4-1963.

In the State—Rs. 4,88,64,710.

In Kurnool district—Rs. 44,49,397.

(b) The Collectors are being instructed by the Board of Revenue while reviewing the fortnightly and monthly Demand, Collection and Balance Statements, to take all possible steps for speedy collection and to reduce the balances to the minimum extent possible.

Sri Y.C. Veerabhadra Gowd:—Is it a fact that more than one loan has been sanctioned for one survey number?

Sri P.V. Narasimha Rao:—That I cannot say. There are lakhs of survey numbers. It has nothing to do with this question.

Q.1 Answers to Questions.

1. M. R. S. Sareef:— Myself K. S. Sareef. The land revenue
revenue in 1962-63 was Rs. 28,00,000. The arrears were Rs.
50,00,000. The additional assessment act of 1963
accumulated arrears.

2. M. R. S. Sareef:— A specific question. A separate question may be put.

3. M. R. S. Sareef:— The sanction for stay orders is cabinet.

4. M. R. S. Sareef:— It is a specific question. A separate question may be put.

5. M. R. S. Sareef:— The arrears have been legally clarified.

6. M. R. S. Sareef:— The decisions of the Law Minister are final.

7. M. R. S. Sareef:— The revenue of 1962-63 was Rs. 28,00,000.

8. M. R. S. Sareef:— The additional assessment act of 1963
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21. M. R. S. Sareef:— The additional assessment act of 1963
accumulated arrears.

22. M. R. S. Sareef:— The decisions of the Law Minister are final.
Sri P. V. Narsimha Rao—It is against law, it will be certainly illegal. But I do not know at the moment; and I cannot say whether such an order has been issued. We shall certainly look into it.

Sri P. Rajagopala Naidu—Sir, I know perfectly well that it has been collected.

*S. P. B. B. A. W. D.:—Sir, I know perfectly well that it has been collected.

*S. D. R.:—There will be lakhs of people.

*S. D. R.:—Drive revenue calculations drive immediately end permanent. There is a revenue conference immediately end permanent.

*S. D. R.:—Drive 15-5-68 & 16-6-68 sug. Drive 15-5-68 & 16-6-68 sug.

*S. D. R.:—As a campaign end permanent. I do not think anything is being done in that spirit of a campaign after that date, because they have several things to do.

ILAPA KURRU SIDDHANTUM ROAD.

*1193 (1817-B) Q.—Sri P. Seshavataram (Varsapur):—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government received any representations submitted to the then Minister for Public Works last year by all the Presidents of Panchayat Boards concerned, requesting that the Ilapakurru-Siddhantum road in West Godavari district should be taken up by the High Ways department;
Oral Answers to Questions.

(b) if so, the action taken thereon;

(c) whether the Government received any representation by the President of Vaddiparru, Narasapur taluk (Sri Sammuel) last year regarding the bridge on Nakkla drain connecting Gummuluru and Vaddiparru in Narasapur taluk, West Godavari district;

(d) if so, whether any estimate was prepared for it; and

(e) whether the construction of bridge will be taken up in the Third Five-Year Plan?

The Minister for Planning and Panchayat Raj (Dr. M. Chenna Reddy):—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) Does not arise.

Road to Kuchipudi to Kanigiri.

1953—

*2266 Q.—Sri K. Guruswamy Reddy (Kanigiri):—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether the construction of the road from Kuchipudi, Podili taluk to Kanigiri via Garlapeta in Nellore district has been completed; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

†Question No. 1954 (*3618)

Levelling the lands under Kadam Project.

1955—

*2858 Q.—Sri G.V. Pithambara Rao (Put by Sri V. Visvesvararao):—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to provide a bulldozers unit for levelling the lands under Kadam Project this year (1962-63)

(b) if so, when;

†Not put and not answered in the House. Hence the question and answer are included in the Proceedings at the end of the Question Hour.
(c) whether any proposals have been received by the Government from the Collector, Adilabad;

(d) the rate being fixed per acre for bunding and levelling the land respectively; and

(e) whether any concession will be given in view of the fact that Adilabad is a backward district?

*The Minister for Irrigation and Power (Sri A.C. Subba Reddy):—

(a), (b) and (c) Three bulldozer units are already working for levelling the lands under Kaddam project.

(d) Rs. 40 to Rs. 82.50 per acre for bunding work depending on the location and type of soil of the area, and Rs. 18 to Rs. 24 per hour for levelling the lands depending upon horse power of bull dozer.

(e) At present there is no such proposal but due consideration will be given if a request is made.

(j) 3. *Agricultural measures:*—1st of October is the beginning of the cropping season. The rate being fixed per hectare for bunding and levelling the area is Rs. 40 to Rs. 82.50 per acre depending on the location and type of soil of the area; and Rs. 18 to Rs. 24 per hour for levelling the lands depending upon horse power of bull dozer.

(k) 1. *Agro-forestry:*—At present there is no such proposal but due consideration will be given if a request is made.

(l) 3. *General question:*—Concessions may vary depending on the location of the area.

(m) 3. *Clearing:*—Clearing information.

(n) 3. *New development:*—Clearing information.

(o) 3. *New development:*—Clearing information.

(p) 3. *New development:*—Clearing information.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are in receipt of the representation dated 14th April 1962 from Sri S. Vemayya, M.L.A. regarding lift irrigation facilities to assigned lands to Nagayagutta Co-operative Society, Kovur Taluk, Nellore District (vide Government letter No. 2176/H/62-1 dated 3rd May 1962 P.W.D.); and

(b) if so, the action taken thereon?

Sri A. C. Subba Reddy:

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) The petition has been forwarded to the Chief Engineer, Minor Irrigation for necessary action.

1957—

*2490 Q.—Sri Hari Narayana (Put by Ramachandra Rao Deshpande)—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that large areas of land are regularly being developed unauthorisedly under Nizam Sagar Project causing great hardship and inconvenience to ryots owning settled ayacut;

(b) what measures the Government propose to take to ensure the water supply to the settled ayacut; and

(c) what steps the Government propose to take against the unauthorised development of new lands under Nizamsagar project under the rules?

Sri A. C. Subba Reddy:

(a) Yes, Sir, But there are no reports regarding hardship and inconvenience to ryots owning settled ayacut.

(b) and (c). The ayacut under the Nizamsagar has not yet been localised and unauthorised cultivation is going on. To solve the difficulty, localisation work has been taken up. After localisation is completed and the ayacut under the Project is fixed, it will be possible to deal with the unauthorised cultivation and ensure water supply to settled ayacut.
Oral Answers to Questions.

1. The Minister for Agriculture: — Are all settled areas free from unauthorised cultivation?

2. The Minister: — Are all settled areas free from unauthorised cultivation? Estimated figures are as follows:

- Unauthorised cultivation by water rate: 1000 acres
- Unauthorised cultivation by penalty: 1500 acres

3. The Minister: — What is the extent of unauthorised cultivation, Sir?

Sri Ramachundirao Deshpand: — What is the extent of unauthorised cultivation, Sir?

4. The Minister: — Are there any rules relax for unauthorised cultivation?

Localisation is under way.

5. The Minister: — Localisation is in progress. What is the extent of unauthorised cultivation?

Sri Ramachundirao Deshpand: — What is the extent of unauthorised cultivation, Sir?

6. The Minister: — Are there any sub-channels?

1000 acres are under sub-channels. 1500 acres are penalised.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Q. 3848 Sri K. Guruswamy Reddy.—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether estimates for the Dondleru scheme, near Ramapuram, Poddili Taluk, Nellore district have been prepared; and

(b) whether the said scheme has been sanctioned?

\(\text{(Sri A. C. Subba Reddy):}\)

(a) The estimate is under preparation.

(b) No, Sir.

Estimation is for Rs. 3,89,729. The ayacut is 475 acres.
CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGES ON KAIKALUR ELURU ROAD.

1959—

*500 (2192) Q. Sarvasri K. Appa Rao (Kaikalur): and A. Sarveswara Rao.—Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communications be pleased state:

(a) why the two bridges on Chinavedlagadi and Peda Yedlagadi in Kaikalur-Eluru road across Kolleru lake have not been constructed so far though the road was metalled long ago;

(b) whether the necessary estimates in respect of these two bridges were prepared and sanctioned; and

(c) when the construction of these bridges will commence?

The Minister for Buildings and Communications (Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan):

(a) Due to paucity of funds.

(b) Estimates were prepared but not sanctioned.

(c) when funds are available.

Sri A. Sarveswara Rao.—The estimates were prepared not now, but some 10 years back, and had the work been taken up, it would have by now been completed. It is a matter relating to communications. Inter-district communication has to be linked up and it is necessary in view of the emergency of the times also. In view of the emergency, the work may be taken up. Will the hon. Minister be pleased to state how long it will take for the work to be taken up?

Sri Mir Ahmad Ali Khan:—These bridges are a huge affair. The Chinavedlagadi requires Rs. 8 lakhs and the Peda Yedlagadi bridge Rs. 20 lakhs; they are not included in the III Five-Year Plan. Anyhow, if the position improves, they may be considered. There is no doubt they are important. But they are big works.

Mr. V. R. Godavaram (Nizamabad):—Are funds to improve comm. Important to improve comm. in time. Inter-comm. is important. Will the hon. Minister improve the manjira project?

(No answer)

SUPPLY OF WATER TO HYDERABAD THROUGH THE MANJIRA PROJECT.

1960—

*3069 Q.—Sri P. Narayana Reddy (Vadamaspet):—Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communication be pleased to state:

(a) the volume of additional water proposed to be supplied to Hyderabad through the Manjira Project;
(b) the approximate water capacity of the dam; and

(c) whether the water in excess of the supply during the whole year, will be utilised to enable the ryots for stepping up the food production in view of the present emergency?

_Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:_—(a) 20 Million Gallons per day.

(b) 1,000 Millions cubic feet.

(c) this project is envisaged only to meet the demands of water supply and irrigators needs cannot be catered to.

_Sri P. Narayana Reddy:_—Is there any proposal to supply drinking water to Sangareddi because this is coming, via Sangareddi.

_Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:_—Half a million gallons per day is earmarked for Sangareddi.

**APPOINTMENT OF LABOUR OFFICER IN THE HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENTS.**

_1961—_

*8482 Q._—_Sri V. Visveswara Rao:_—Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to appoint one Labour Officer to be attached to the Highways Department in view of the large number of labour therein; and

(b) if so, when?

_Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:_—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

_Sri V. Visveswara Rao:_—In every Department, there is one Labour Officer to look after the labour problems. In the Highways Department there are 10,000 to 15,000 labourers. Will the Government consider even now to appoint one Labour Officer to enquire into the labour problems there?

_Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:_—According to the Factories Act, in a factory where there are 500 workers, one Labour Officer is necessary. But in no factory of the Highways, the number of workers is 500. Therefore, it is not necessary to appoint an Officer.

_Sri V. Visveswara Rao:_—In the Government concern itself there are nearly 15,000 workers. Will the Government consider to appoint one labour officer in the Highways Department, with 15,000 workers, because there is already one Labour Officer in the P.W.D. and in Nagarjunasagar works. On the same analogy, will the Government consider the matter?
Oral Answers to Questions. 30th July, 1963. 585

Sri Mir Ahmad Ali Khan:—They are spread out in different parts. It does not come under the Factories Act. We have got three workshops where the number is very small, not even 200 workers. They are less than 200 in all the three factories. Therefore, it is unnecessary for the Government to appoint an Officer.

Sri V. Srikrishna (Mangalagiri):—There are about 15,000 employees under the single management, which is the Government itself. Will the Government at least consider this question now. If the hon. Minister is not fully aware of the facts, will he please refer the matter to the Labour Commissioner and take his advice in the matter?

Sri Mir Ahmad Ali Khan:—I have already replied that there is no need and Government does not think there is any need to appoint an Officer. It does not come under the Factories Act.

Sri V. Visveswara Rao:—In P.W.D. Department itself, Government have already appointed an officer to look after the staff problems in P.W.D. workshops. On the same analogy, why not the Highways Department also appoint one officer, because Government is one employee though the workers are spread out in various places; and a Labour Officer can look after the affairs of the labourers.

Sri Mir Ahmad Ali Khan:—I have no information about the practice in P.W.D. workshops.

DEVELOPMENT OF GOLKONDA FORT IN HYDERABAD CITY.

1962—

*4545 Q.—Sri G. Suryanarayana (Runathirtham):—Will the hon. Minister for Law and Information be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have got any scheme for the development of Golkonda Fort in Hyderabad City; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

Sri P.V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) There is no proposal with the State Government to develop the Golkonda Fort. However, the Government of India in the Department of Tourism have plans to construct a canteen at Golkonda Fort for the use of Tourists at an estimated cost of Rs. 1.5 lakhs.

(b) Under the Third Five Year Plan schemes, under Tourism, the Government of India proposed to construct a canteen at Golkonda Fort for the use of the Tourists. A team of Central Government Officers of Central Public Works Department, Archaeological Survey and Tourist Department have visited the place and selected a site. The plans and estimates etc, are under preparation by the Government of India. Before proceeding further, they have requested to let them know whether the State Government would consider taking over this scheme and construct a canteen with a 50% subsidy from the Centre and be responsible for its future running and maintenance. The matter is under consideration.

Sri C. D. Naidu (Chittoor) — Who constructed the Golconda Fort and what is its historical background, please?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I am afraid, the question will have to be referred either to the History Department of the Osmania University or to the Archaeology Department there.

Sir E. Ayyapu Reddy:—May I know whether there are trained guides at the Fort to guide and instruct the tourists? If there are no trained and well instructed guides, will Government think of appointing one or two there?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I believe there are trained guides there.

There is a Central Department.
Oral Answers to Questions.


Mr. A. Venkatramaiah—Are you satisfied with the reply?

Mr. M. Narasimha Rao—Yes.

Mr. G. V. Ranganath—Are you satisfied with the answer?

Mr. G. V. Ranganath—What I said was that there is no proposal with this State Government to develop the Golconda Fort. I never said anything about the Central Government because I do not know whether they have any proposals with them or not.

Mr. S. P. V. Narasimha Rao—I am not concerned with the subject matter of this question.

Mr. P. V. Narasimha Rao—No Sir, he is concerned with it.

Mr. P. V. Narasimha Rao—No Sir.

Mr. S. P. V. Narasimha Rao—A point of order can be raised only when one is going against the rules. Simply because a member says, 'point of order', there cannot be any point of order.

Mr. S. P. V. Narasimha Rao—The statement of the hon. Minister is against the rules for the following reason, Sir...

Mr. Speakre—There is no point of order, Please sit, Mr. Venkataramaiah.

Improvements to the Cattle-cum-Dairy Farms at Kakinada, Pedavegi and Siddirampuram.

1963—

*2470 Q.—Sri A. Sarveswara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be please to state:

the improvements made to the cattle-cum-dairy farms established at Kakinada (East Godavari district), Pedavegi (West Godavari district), and Siddirampuram (Anantapur district) in 1961-62 and the expenditure incurred thereon for each Farm, together with the improvements proposed to be made for the above farms during 1962-63?

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri A. Balarama Reddy):—The answer is placed on the table of the House.

Paper placed on the Table.

Please see answer to L.A.Q. No. 2470 put by Shri A. Sarveswara Rao., M.L.A.)

Details of improvements effected and expenditure incurred thereon during 1961-62.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Particulars of improvements</th>
<th>Expenditure incurred</th>
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<td>Rs. Np.</td>
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I. Cattle-cum-Dairy Farm, Kakinada

I. **Livestock**:

- Purchase of 48 Murrah She-buffaloes . . 49,473.08

II. **Land & Buildings**:

(i) Land Acquisition . . . . . . 28,014.48

(ii) Construction of Temporary shed for the cattle. 5,407.81

(iii) Drinking water facilities . . . 21,980.88

III. **Improvements effected from the Non-Plan Provision**:

(i) Construction of a water system . . 1,106.33

(ii) Body Building to the Scooter . . 1,500.00

(iii) Purchase of Chaff Cutter . . . . 1,989.00

(iv) Floor Mill . . . . . . . . 499.80

(v) Purchase of Office Furniture . . 592.50

(vi) Books and Periodicals . . . . 409.79

(vii) Dairy equipment . . . . . . . 870.40

Total . . . . . . . . 1,11,754.09

II. CATTLE-cum-DAIRY FARM, PEDAVEGI.

I. Livestock:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars of improvements</th>
<th>Expenditure incurred</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purchase of 39 Murrah She-Buffaloes</td>
<td>44,984.04</td>
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II. Buildings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Sinking of a well</td>
<td>3,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Cattle Shed</td>
<td>5,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Cart Weight Bridge</td>
<td>5,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>37,984.04</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

III. CATTLE-cum-DAIRY FARM, SIDDIRAMPURAM.

I. Livestock:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars of improvements</th>
<th>Amounts sanctioned for the purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purchase of 48 Murrah She-Buffaloes</td>
<td>Rs. 48,108.95</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. Buildings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Construction of Buildings on delapidated foundations</td>
<td>10,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Construction of Cattle Sheds</td>
<td>4,998.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Deepening of Wells</td>
<td>6,003.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) Electrification</td>
<td>3,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>72,111.88</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DETAILS OF FURTHER IMPROVEMENTS PROPOSED TO BE MADE DURING 1962-63.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Particulars of improvements</th>
<th>Amounts sanctioned for the purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

I. CATTLE-cum-DAIRY FARM, KAKINADA.

Non-recurring:—Works under ‘108 Capital’ to be executed by Public Works Department.

1. Quarters for Superintendent. | 15,000.00 |
2. Quarters for Dairy Assistant. | 10,996.00 |
<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Provision of rain water drainage shutters.</td>
<td></td>
<td>15,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>One Milk recording room.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Construction of overhead tank for water supply.</td>
<td></td>
<td>18,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Works under "38. Animal Husbandry" to be executed by Department.**

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Provision of rain water drainage shutters.</td>
<td></td>
<td>15,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>One Milk recording room.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Construction of overhead tank for water supply.</td>
<td></td>
<td>18,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**II. Cattle-cum-Dairy Farm, Pedavegi.**

Government have deferred further improvements to this Farm during 1962-63.

**III. Cattle-cum-Dairy Farm, Siddirampuram.**

**Works under '103 Capital' to be executed by Public Works Department.**

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Twin quarters for Dairy Assistant and Veterinary Assistant Surgeon.</td>
<td></td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>One Cattle-shed with electrification.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Works under "38. Animal Husbandry" to be executed by Department.**

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Deepening of well.</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Electric pumpsets (2)</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other Items.**

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Purchase of 40 Murrah She-buffaloes.</td>
<td></td>
<td>40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Purchase of 200 Bellary or Bikaneer sheeps.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** 1,66,000
Recruitment of District Veterinary Officers.

1964—

*3586 (G) Q.—Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have asked the Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission to advertise for applications to fill three posts of District Veterinary Officers by direct recruitment;

(b) whether the present rules provide for direct recruitment and

(c) if not, when the Government changed the rules of recruitment and qualifications for the post?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) The answer is in the affirmative.

(c) Does not arise.

Cultivation of Virginia Tobacco.

1965—

*3762 Q.—Sri T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Will the Hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:
Oral Answers to Questions

(a) how many acres of land in the entire State is cultivated with Virginia tobacco, district-war;

(b) what was the crop that was cultivated or grown on the land before cultivating Virginia tobacco;

(c) what is the amount of foreign exchange that is earned by the Virginia tobacco grown in Andhra Pradesh:

(i) of this how much is hard currency; and

(ii) how much is soft currency?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:

(a) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(b) Cotton was the main crop grown on the land before Virginia tobacco cultivation was started in 1920's. Other crops like millets and pulses were also grown.

(c) An amount of Rs. 12,34,68,028 has been earned during 1961-62 as foreign exchange by the export of Virginia tobacco grown in Andhra Pradesh. All the exports are only to the soft currency areas.

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE (VIDE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY QUESTION NO. 8702 (STARRED) BY SRI T.V.S. CHALAPATHI RAO, M.L.A.

Statement showing acreage under Virginia Tobacco in Andhra Pradesh during 1961-62 (Figures for 1962-63 are not yet available).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>area in acres</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Andhra.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. East Godavari</td>
<td>15,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. West Godavari</td>
<td>18,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Krishna</td>
<td>20,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Guntur</td>
<td>1,52,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Nellore</td>
<td>7,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Kurnool</td>
<td>6,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Anantapur</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>2,14,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td>Area in add</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Hyderabad</td>
<td>1,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Medak</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Meheboobnagar</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Warangal</td>
<td>1,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Khammam</td>
<td>12,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Karimnagar</td>
<td>1,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total in Telangana</strong></td>
<td><strong>17,100</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total acreage in Andhra Pradesh</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,31,400</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Oral Answers to Questions.

593


Telangana.

Q. 3. Whether the District Health Office at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 4. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 5. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 6. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 7. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 8. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 9. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 10. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 11. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 12. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 13. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 14. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 15. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 16. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 17. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 18. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 19. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 20. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 21. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 22. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 23. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 24. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 25. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 26. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 27. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 28. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 29. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 30. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 31. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 32. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 33. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 34. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 35. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 36. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 37. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 38. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 39. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.

Q. 40. Whether the District Health Officer at Medak is desirous of setting up a regional cancer hospital? Answer: Yes.
Oral Answers to Questions.

1. The Minister of State:—Tobacco种植面积增加，售价亦上涨。但是，印度在国际市场上购买黑烟时，外币的需求增加，这可能影响到我们的经济。

2. The Minister of State:—Millets种植面积增加，价格上涨。

3. The Minister of State:—Millets价格上升，种植面积增加。

4. The Minister of State:—hard currency areas 和 soft currency areas中，软币区域的经济部门更活跃。

5. The Minister of State:—Economics Department is 请解释。

6. The Minister of State:—information 请解释。在private firm 中，我们是否需要intimation 请解释。在hard currency areas 和 soft currency areas 中，软币区域的经济部门更活跃。

7. The Minister of State:—information 请解释。在private firm 中，我们是否需要intimation 请解释。在hard currency areas 和 soft currency areas 中，软币区域的经济部门更活跃。

8. The Minister of State:—information 请解释。在private firm 中，我们是否需要intimation 请解释。在hard currency areas 和 soft currency areas 中，软币区域的经济部门更活跃。

9. The Minister of State:—information 请解释。在private firm 中，我们是否需要intimation 请解释。在hard currency areas 和 soft currency areas 中，软币区域的经济部门更活跃。
Oral Answers to Questions.


Sri E. Ayyappu Reddy:—Sir, the answer for the first part says that the year 1961-62, only 6,700 acres came under Virginia Tobacco in Kurnool district. For the year 1962-63 the figures are not available. But for 1962-63, I understand that the figure has gone up more than 10,000 or 12,000 acres. As a matter of fact, this year, there has been a rush to the I.I.T.D. agent for getting permits and even big ryots have been waiting for his pleasure to get permits. Now in Kurnool district the area is growing very rapidly. But unfortunately there are no barns and no ware-houses. Ryots are suffering on account of that.

Mr. Speaker:—Please put the question proper.

Sri Ayyappu Reddy:—I am asking, Sir, whether the Government is giving any help to ryots for forming co-operatives or for having proper barns and ware-houses?

Sri A. Balarama Reddy:—No such request has come from the agriculturists of that area. If any such request comes for construction of barns and opening of co-operative societies, Government will consider it.

Mr. Speaker:—The hon'ble Minister is an expert in Sugar, but not in tobacco.

COTTON YIELD

1936—

*4742 Q.—Sri E. Ayyappu Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the per acre yield of cotton in the State and how much it is less than all-India average; and
(b) whether any steps were taken to popularise the production of long staple varieties of cotton like ‘Laxmi’ under irrigated conditions in the Tungabhadra Project and Kurnool-Cuddapah Canal Ayacut areas?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—

(a) The average per acre yield of cotton in the State is 56 lb and it is 20 lb less than the All India Average.

(b) Yes Sir, As Lakshmi Cotton is subject to certain pests, the area is not developing up to expectations at present, other varieties like F. 216 F, 17000.2 and extra long staple variety like Sea Island cotton are being tried in that area and at the same time pure breed of Laskmi also is being supplied to growers. Number of trials and demonstration plots are also being arranged.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—Mr. Speaker, Sir. May I know the reasons why the per acre yield in Andhra is so much less? As a matter of fact the per acre yield in India is the least and Andhra is at the bottom of the least. May we know why we must be so much less in per acre production when compared to other States like Bombay, West Bengal or Madhya Pradesh.

The other thing is, Sir, with regard to growing of ‘Laxmi’ and other staple cotton under the black cotton soils which are now irrigated. There has been a thorough failure so far as development of cotton is concerned and all the ryots are taking to tobacco cultivation, giving up water facilities. Will the Government think of setting up some research station in Kurnool district for the purpose of finding out the reasons why cotton growing has become a failure in the irrigated areas?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—Sir regarding the first part of the Question 98 per cent of the cotton grown in Andhra Pradesh is in dry land and they are subject to all sorts of vagaries of monsoon. So, ryots are not able to cultivate it intensively by giving manures and all those things. That is why our cotton production is very low. Government have realised this and we have now taken to introduce cotton in rice fallows in Guntur and Krishna districts. We have done that and it is very encouraging. Last year seven to eight thousand acres of 3216 F: cotton was grown and ryots are coming forward to grow it in increased areas next year onwards. Regarding...

Mr. Speaker:—Next question.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—For the second part...

Mr. Speaker:—He has completed the answer.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—For the second part of my question answer has not been given, Sir. The desirability of locating some research station for this purpose—that portion has not yet been answered.

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—Regarding the second part, we have already got a research station in Kurnool district. They are doing it.
Oral Answers to Questions.

Regarding 'Laxmi' cotton, it is susceptible to some disease and it is not very encouraging. So alternative varieties C 216 F and CLN. cotton, we are trying to grow there.

**Workmen Compensation.**

1967—

*4812 Q.—Sri E. Ayyappu Reddy:— Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) the number of workmen who claimed compensation under the Workmen Compensation in the year 1962; and

(b) the total amount paid in that year as compensation to workmen?

The Minister for Labour and Transport (Sri B.V. Gurumurthy):—

(a) 417.

(b) Rs. 4,58,806.81 nP.

Sri C. D. Naidu: Mr. Speaker, Sir Is there any question of limitation in claiming this compensation please and are there specific forms supplied by Government for the purpose of claiming this compensation?

Sri B. V. Gurumurthy:—Sir, under the Workmen’s Compensation Act, there are certain provisions under which the employer has to deposit the amount with the Commissioner for Compensation and he will disburse the amount as per the claims received by him. There are certain proformas also incorporated in the Act and a persual of the Act will reveal all the provisions as well as the proforma, Sir.

Sri B. V. Gurumurthy:—At the beginning of the year 1962, there were 71 fatal and 86 non-fatal cases pending with the Commissioner for Workmen’s Compensation. And during the year 1962, 202 fatal and 215 non-fatal cases were filed bringing the total to 574. Out of these 574, Sir, as many as 457 cases have been disposed of at the end of the year 1962 and the balance left pending with the Commissioner was 117.

**Training to Village Officers.**

2088—

*3936 Q.—Sri Vithal Rao (Adilabad): Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to revive training to the Village Officers and to conduct examinations; and

(b) if so, when?

Oral Answers to Questions.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Sri. P. Narasimha Rao (Vemul):—Now that the Patwaris are to handle Khasra Pahani in the entire State, Khasra Pahani being an important document, if well trained Patwaris are not employed, I am afraid there would be much tampering. Would the Government think of appointing trained Patwaris?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao: Sir this training has not given us satisfactory results, as will be shown by the figures I am going to quote: In 1955-56, 1956-57, and 1957-58 when we held training classes only 175, 180 and 152 candidates came and underwent training which shows that it is a very poor state of affairs. And then, the other reason why we have discontinued this method, Sir, is that the system of village administration both in Telangana and Andhra areas is sought to be made uniform. In the light of that decision we have discontinued this system. After the uniform watandari system is brought into existence we will think of giving training to these people.

Dearness Allowance Grants to Panchayats.

2089.—

*2120 Q.—Sri N. Venkataswamy (Paruchur):—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether a circular was issued by the Inspector-General of Local Administration inviting applications for Dearness Allowance Grants from Panchayats under No. 17774/61-A4, dated 31st October, 1961;

(b) the number of applications received; and

(c) the action taken thereon?

Dr. M. Chinna Reddy:—

(a) No Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Does not arise.
Misappropriation of Funds by the Sarpanch of Thippanapalli

2000—

2731 Q.—Sri P. Satyanarayana (Palvancha):—Will the hon. Minister for Planning be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Sarpanch of Thippanapalli Gram Panchayat, Kothugudem taluk Khammam District has misappropriated a sum of Rs. 25,000 meant for construction of houses for Harijans;

(b) whether any enquiry has been held; and

(c) if so, what are the findings of the enquiry and what action has been taken against the Sarpanch?

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—

(a) Thippanapalli is one of the villages grouped in Tungaram Panchayat and no such complaint was received either by the Collector or by the Government against the Sarpanch.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.
Mr. Speaker:—I do not think there is any provision for that.

Mr. Speaker:—I do not think there is any provision for that.

Reduction in the Number of Panchayat Samithis

2091—

*8893 Q.—Sri B. Sreeramamurthy (Vizianagaram):—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to reduce the number of Panchayat Samithis by increasing their size and area; and

(b) if so, what are the proposals?

Dr. M. Chevva Reddy:—

(a) & (b) The matter is under the consideration of Government and it has not taken a definite shape.

Dr. Af. C. R.—Blocks delimitation

Sri. N. Sanjeeva Reddy:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, let me say that he is mis-quoting me. I do not know where I have said it.

(1) ಮೊದಲು ಕಂಪೆಲ್ಲೂಗಿಸುತ್ತಿ ಈ ನಿಜವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಿಗಿ ಕೈಯೂಟಿಗೆ ಸುಲಭವಾಗಿದೆ. ಅನುಮಾನವಾಗಿ,

(2) ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಾಗಿದೆ ಆದ್ದೇ ಇಂಥ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಿಗಿ ಸುಲಭವಾಗಿದೆ. ಮೊದಲು ಕಂಪೆಲ್ಲೂಗಿಸುತ್ತಿ ಈ ನಿಜವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಅನುಮಾನವಾಗಿ,

(3) ತೆರಪೆ. ಇದೆ ವಿಶೇಷವಾಗಿ ಕಮ್ಯೂನಿಸ್ಟ್ ರಾಜವಂಶದ. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಿಗಿ ಕೈಯೂಟಿಗೆ ಸುಲಭವಾಗಿದೆ. ಅನುಮಾನವಾಗಿ,

(4) ತೆರಪೆ. ಇದೆ ವಿಶೇಷವಾಗಿ ಕಮ್ಯೂನಿಸ್ಟ್ ರಾಜವಂಶದ. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಿಗಿ ಕೈಯೂಟಿಗೆ ಸುಲಭವಾಗಿದೆ. ಅನುಮಾನವಾಗಿ,

(5) ತೆರಪೆ. ಇದೆ ವಿಶೇಷವಾಗಿ ಕಮ್ಯೂನಿಸ್ಟ್ ರಾಜವಂಶದ. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಿಗಿ ಕೈಯೂಟಿಗೆ ಸುಲಭವಾಗಿದೆ. ಅನುಮಾನವಾಗಿ,
Oral Answers to Questions.


The Telugu text is not legible and cannot be transcribed into a readable format.

Sri K. Ramachandra Reddy :—What are the considerations which weighed with the Government to delimit the blocks?

Is it because the State Government has received some directives from the Central Government to save in the period of emergency?

Dr. M' Chenna Reddy :—This has nothing to do with the emergency and the Central Government has never come into the picture in giving any directives in this context. It is only our consideration and the view expressed by hon. Members several times here and also outside that there is more staff and that there are too many blocks. The Government is also feeling that perhaps in some areas there are too many blocks which may be rather unnecessary and which may perhaps be curtailed and in this context National Emergency is not before the Government; the Government is not giving consideration to the aspect of delimitation on that account.

REALIGNEMENT OF BLOCKS

2092—

*4418 Q.  Sri Y. C. Veerabhadra Gowd :—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) is it a fact that 159 Panchayat Samithis are to be merged in the adjoining blocks;

(b) if so, when;

(c) are there any proposals merging Yemmiganur, Nandaram and Chinna Thumbalum Firkas into one Samithi and the remaining firkas i.e., Kosigi, Kowthalam and Adoni of Adoni Taluk into one Samithi, in Kurnool district; and

(d) if so, whether contiguity will be taken into consideration in doing so?

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy :—

(a) and (b) Proposals for realignment of blocks are under consi
deration.

(c) No.

(d) Does not arise.
Oral Answers to Questions. 30th July, 1963. 605

IMPROVEMENT OF IRRIGATION SOURCES IN CHODAVARAM AND YELLARAM TALUKS.

2093—

*522 (2230) Q. Sri Ch. Mallikarjuna (Yellavaram):—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether any comprehensive survey has been conducted by the Government through the Special Investigation branch of the P.W.D. to find out the places where construction of big tanks, canals, anicuts and reservoirs is necessary for the improvement of irrigation sources in Chodavaram and Yellavaram taluks of East Godavari District;

(b) if so, the names of the irrigation sources in Yellavaram and Chodavaram taluks that will be completed during the Third Five Year Plan period;

(c) whether an investigation for the following works in Yellavaram taluk has been completed;

(i) Kondapalli vagu canal
(ii) Vattigedda canal at Laddadanapalli,
(iii) Mader canal at Middangi; and

(d) if so, which of the said canals will be taken up first?

Sri A. C. Subba Reddy:—(a) Yes Sir.

(b) 1. Yellavaram Taluk 1. Construction of an anicut across Maderu river near Singampalli village

(2) Construction of an anicut across Kondapalli Vagu near Donkarayi village.

(2) Chodavaram taluk: 3. Construction of an anicut across Bedderu river near old Indigo Factory.

(c) The investigation of the Kondapalli Vagu canal and Maderu Canal at Middangi has been completed. There is no scheme such as 'Vottigedda canal - at Buddanapalli referred to. Vottigedda Reservoir Scheme near Rajavomangi Vagu Lower down Baradanampalli village, is in progress.

(d) It is not possible at this stage to say which scheme will be taken up first.

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY IN RANSTALAM BLOCK

2094—

*622 (2418) Q. Sri B. Hariappadu Reddy (Shir Muhammadpuram):—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that rural electricity supply for the purpose of agriculture has not been extended to any village in Ranstalam Block, Cheepurupalli taluk, Srikakulam district;
(b) if so the reasons therefor; and

(c) when the Government propose to supply electricity there?

_Sri A.C. Subbareddy:_—(a) No Sir. It has been reported by the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board that the villages Murapaka and Bejjipuram villages have been electrified on 81-8-1961 and that there are 2 Nos., agricultural loads in village.

(b) & (c) Does not arise.

**Dengaon Project**

2095—

*1075 Q. Sri P. Narasa Reddy._ Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Dengoan Project (Vaikuntapur) in Nirmal taluk, Adilabad District was investigated by the erstwhile Hyderabad Government;

(b) if so, the reasons for dropping it;

(c) whether the Government propose to take up this Scheme under III Five Year Plan; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

_Sri A.C. Subbareddy:_— (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The case was dropped in view of the policy of the then Government to take up repairs to tanks already in service and use in preference to fresh projects.

(c) Yes, after the necessary investigation.

(d) Does not arise.

_Sri P. Narasa Reddy:_—Under the ayacut of this scheme, the area that can be irrigated would be 856 acres for a small expenditure of Rs. 88,000. Will the Government therefore take it up in the Third Plan or Fourth Plan?

_Sri A.C. Subba Reddy_—Investigation will be completed in 1962-'64, but I cannot say whether we can take it up in the Third or Fourth Plan.

**Irrigation by the Godavari North Canal Project.**

2096—

*1082 Q. Sri K. Rajamallu (Chinnur)._—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) the number of villages which will be irrigated by the Godavari North Canal Project to Kadam Project;
(b) if so, by what time the water is expected to be supplied to these villages;

(c) whether the original plan of supplying water to 112 villages was revised, wherein these 112 villages were exempted from supply of water; and

(d) if so, whether the Government propose to remove the restrictions laid down by the Revenue Department, that of not assigning Government lands in these so called Project affected villages?

_Sri A.C. Subba Reddy._ (a) 78 villages under the existing 48 miles Irrigation North Canal and 39 villages under the Godavari North Power Canal.

(b) Irrigation is going on from 1955 under the existing 48 mile Irrigation North Canal and during 1962 abi water was made available for about 12,000 acres under the Canal and 2,000 acres under tanks benefiting 48 villages.

(c) It is stopped at the 48th Mile as extension beyond that commands only forest land which has to be deforested to bring the land under cultivation. The erstwhile Government of Hyderabad thought it was not worthwhile and restricted the length of the Canal.

(d) The commanded area is reserved for rehabilitation purposes and the assignment of lands to individuals does not arise.

_Sri J. P. Narasimha_— Canal 112 villages assign restrictions water supply villages lands assign rehabilitation Policy.

_Sri J. R. Narayana_— 112 forest areas assign land rehabilitation reserve Policy.

PRIVATE ANICUTS ON THE RIVERS

2097—

*393* Q. _Sri G. Mallikarjuna Rao (Chillamcherla)._—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to take over the private anicuts on the rivers in the State and the Channels thereunder; and

(b) if so, when?

_Sri A.C. SubbaReddy_—(a) & (b) Most of the private irrigation sources including anicuts have come under the control of the Government with the taking over of estates from Zamindars in Andhra region and Jagirdars in Telengana region.
There are however some private sources which are recognised as private irrigation sources for the patta lands and which are under the management of private individuals and could not be taken over by Government under the provisions of Inam Abolition Act as they are included in the original Inam Grant and confirmed by the Government.

†Question No. 2098 (*8049(A))

Vijayawada Sholapur National Highways Road.

2099—

*8488 (A) Q. Sri V. Visveswara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government sanctioned the alignment of Vijayawada Sholapur National Highways Road from the 52 mile to 58 mile; and

(b) if so, when?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—(a) and (b): The realignment of Vijayawada Sholapur National Highways from M 51/3 to M 56/1 was sanctioned by Government of India in November, 1962 and the work is to be executed shortly.

Sri V. Visveswar Rao:—What is the estimated amount and were tenders called for?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—The estimated amount for this realignment and raising of the portions which are submerged by the Krishna river is about Rs. 7 lakhs.

Construction of a bridge over the Yenumula rivulet near Mundalapada.

2100—

*4141 Q. Sri E. Balaramireddy (Giddalur).—Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have prepared any scheme to construct a bridge over the Yenumula rivulet near Mundlapada, Giddalur taluk, Kurnool District; and

(b) if so, when the said bridge will be constructed.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan.—(a) (b) The construction of the bridge in question has been sanctioned in 1961. But due to paucity of funds under the Plan it could not be taken up till now. The work will be taken up when the position of funds under the plan improves.

*Question No 2098 (*8049(A). Not put and not answered in the House. Hence the question and answer are included in the Proceedings at the end of the Question Hour.
Oral Answers to Questions. 30th July, 1963

Shri C. V. Narasimha Reddy:—The Government has no scheme under consideration for constructing a bridge across the Sagileru river at Giddaluru Kumool District.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Tenders might have been called for, for some other reason. I have no information about it.

Bridge across the Sagileru River

2101—

*4142 Q. Sri E. Balarami Reddy.—Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether any scheme is under consideration of the Government to construct bridge across the Sagileru river at Giddaluru Kurnool District; and.

(b) if so, when it will be taken up?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—(a) & (b) The construction of the bridge in question has been sanctioned in 1961. But due to paucity of funds under the Plan it could not be taken up till now. The work will be taken up when the position of funds under the Plan improves.

Press Accreditation Committees.

2102—

*4605 Q.—Sri A. Sarveswara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Law and Information be pleased to state:

(a) what are the objectives of the Press Accreditation Committees formed in the district headquarters;

(b) what are the facilities given to the correspondents through these Committees; and

(c) is there any proposal with the Government to implement rate concession for Bus Travel by the Correspondents working at the District headquarters as was done in the case of twin cities?
(a) The objective of the Press Accreditation Committees constituted in the District headquarters is to advise the State Government on the accreditation and or disaccreditation of correspondents of newspapers and news agencies residing only in the district headquarters.

(b) After accreditation of a correspondent on the advice of the District Press Accreditation Committee, a Press card is issued to him. The possession of this Press card facilities his access to the source of information at Government level. Accredited correspondents are also invited to Press conferences and to other Government functions of public interest.

(c) At present accredited correspondents residing in the State headquarters in the twin cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad are given concessional bus passes. The question of giving this concession to accredited correspondents in mofussil routes was taken up with the Corporation who have replied that the matter is under consideration.

LOCATION OF THE FISHERIES CORPORATION.

2103—

*4284—Q. Sri A. Sarveswara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Government Agent at Delhi contacted the American team of experts from the VAN CAMP SEA FOOD CORPORATION touring the country for suitable site for locating the Fishing Corporation in the months of February and March, 1968; and

(b) will the Government propose to establish it at Visakhapatnam?

(Sri A. Balarami Reddy):—

(a) Yes.

(b) Since it is for Government of India to take decision the question of this Government proposing to establish the Fisheries Corporation at Visakhapatnam does not arise.

Sri P. V. Narasimharao:—

Supply Rice to Fair Price Shops.

2104—

*4646—Q. Sri K. Rajamallu.—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Civil Supplies Department restricted the supply of rice to Fair Price Shops; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons for such restrictions?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) The very purpose of opening fair price shops in needy areas is to supply coarse rice to the poorer sections of the society at subsidised rates, as a measure of price stabilisation. Besides, the Government of India have been supplying rice to the State Government for feeding fair price shops only to a limited extent. Hence, the supply of rice is generally restricted to Fair Price Shops.

Fixation of Prices for Paddy and Rice.

2105—

*4701—Q. Sri Mohammed Ismail (Put by Sri Vavilala Gopala Krishnayya.)—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state whether the Union Ministry for Food and Agriculture have consulted the State Government in fixing the prices of paddy and rice?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—

The answer is in the affirmative.

Consolidated Legislation for Shops and Establishments.

2106—

*3338 Q.—Sri A. Sarveswara Rao.—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to refer to question No. 791 answered on 28th June, 1962 and state:

when the Government propose to bring out a consolidated legislation applicable to all shops and establishments in the whole State?

Sri B. V. Gurumurty:—

The matter is under consideration of Government and it will be introduced in the House as soon as possible.

2201—6

Oral Answers to Questions.

(i) 6. Sri Venkateswara Reddy:— "Sri Adinarayana Reddy (Gooty).—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) is it a fact that workers in A.C.S. Mill (Guntakal) are not paid over-time wages as per the Factories Act since 1958; and

(b) what steps had the Government taken to implement it with retrospective effect?

Sri B. V. Gurumurthy:—

(a) Yes Sir,

(b) Legal proceedings were instituted against the General Manager and he was convicted under the Factories Act, 1948. Necessary particulars are being collected with a view to take action under the Payment of wages Act for the payment of difference in actual wages paid and the overtime wages to which the workers are entitled.

(ii) 6. Sri Venkateswara Reddy:— "Sri Adinarayana Reddy (Gooty).—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) the fact that workers in A.C.S. Mill (Guntakal) are not paid over-time wages as per the Factories Act since 1958; and

(b) steps taken to implement it with retrospective effect?

Sri B. V. Gurumurthy:—

(a) Yes Sir.

HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING AT PATHIKONDA.

1954—

*3618. Q.—Sri K. B. Narasappa (Not put).—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayat Raj be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the construction of the High School (Zilla Parishad High School) building at Pathikonda, Kurnool district has been stopped at the foundation level;

(b) if so, when; and the reasons therefor;

(c) is it a fact that the school is being run in sheds to the utter inconvenience of the students and the staff; and

(d) the action taken by Government for the completion of the building without delay?

A.—(a) The work is not stopped at basement level. Masonry in super-structure on the rear block is in progress and the work has come upto top of door level;

(b) Does not arise.

(c) The school is being run in sheds and will be shifted to the building soon after it is completed;

(d) the work is in progress.

PLANTATION OF TREES ON RIVER BUNDS.

2098—

*8049 (A) Q.—Sri P. Syamasundara Rao.—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether any order was issued that the river bunds (on both sides) of the Godavari and Krishna and other rivers in the concerned regions should be handed over to the panchayats for the purpose of planting cocoanut trees; and

(b) if so, whether a copy of the same will be placed on the Table of the House?

2098 A.—

(a) Instructions were issued that in future the lease for plantation of trees on the Canal Bunds should be given to the neighbouring Patta holders only and not to Panchayats or other individuals who do not posses lands adjacent to the Canals.

(b) Does not arise.
ANSWERS TO UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

DISTRICT-WISE NUMBER OF PERSONS ATTAINED THE AGE OF MORE THAN 100 YEARS.

245—

2757 Q.—Sri G. Suryanarayana :—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

The Taluk-wise number of persons who have attained the age of more than 100 years in the State of Andhra Pradesh together with their names and the villages to which they belong?

245—

2757 A.—

*A statement showing the number of persons aged 100 years and more enumerated in the 20 districts of this State is furnished herewith. Particulars regarding their names, villages and taluks to which they belong have not been noted or maintained at the Census taken in 1961.

PAPER PRODUCED BY RAJAHMUNDRY PAPER MILLS.

246—

2464 Q.—Sri M. Ram Gopala Reddy:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

The number of tons of the paper produced in the Rajahmundry Paper Mills for the years 1958-59, 1959-60 and 1960-61?

246—

2464 A.—

The production of paper in tons and the profit for the years 1958-59 to 1960-61 are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Production in tons</th>
<th>Profits Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1958-59</td>
<td></td>
<td>2812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1959-60</td>
<td></td>
<td>2588</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960-61</td>
<td></td>
<td>2827</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Printed Appendix at page 120.
Answers to unstarred Questions. 30th July, 1963.

STATE GUEST HOUSES.

247—

3198 Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raju:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the places where State Guest Houses are located;
(b) the Department incharge of the houses;
(c) the cadre of persons who are entitled to use the guest houses;
(d) the rent fixed?

247—

3198 A.—

(a) 1. Hyderabad. 4. Visakhapatnam.
    2. Vijayawada. 5. New Delhi.

(b) The guest houses at Hyderabad and New Delhi are under the control of the General Administration Department while the guest houses at Vijayawada, Kurnool and Visakhapatnam are under the control of Revenue Department.

(c) (1) All V.I.Ps. including the Union Ministers, the State Government Ministers and Minister of other States,
    (2) All Government officers visiting on government work the places where the State Guest Houses are situated,
    (3) M. Ps., M.L.As. and other important non-officials with prior approval of Chief Secretary,
    (d) The charges for lodging and boarding per head per day in the various guest houses of the State are as under:

(1) Hyderabad:

   (i) Lake View ... ... ... 15.00
   (ii) Dilkusha ... ... ... 12.00

(2) Vijayawada (Boarding Indian Style) ... 10.75
(3) Kurnool (Boarding Indian Style) ... 10.75
(4) Visakhapatnam (Boarding Indian Style) ... 10.75
(5) New Delhi:

(i) This Government Officers—

(a) Single room .. .. .. 12.00
(b) Double room .. .. .. 13.00

(ii) Other Government Officers:

(a) Single room .. .. .. 13.00
(b) Double room .. .. .. 14.00

(iii) Private parties including M.L. As., etc.:

(a) Single room .. .. .. 18.50
(b) Double room .. .. .. 20.00

Houses collapsed due to heavy rains in 1962-63.

1838 Q.—Sri P. V. Ramana:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the number of houses collapsed due to heavy rains in the State in the years 1961-62 and 1962-63;

(b) the estimated loss; and

(c) the number of persons died?

248—

1838 A.—

Clauses (a), (b) and (c).—A Statement showing the particulars is placed on the Table of the House.

Relief measures in various Districts affected by floods and drought.

249—

2243 Q.—Saroasri K. V. Narayana Reddy, S. Venayya, M. Ramgopal Reddy and G. C. Kondiah:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the relief measures taken by the Government in different villages of the various district, of the State which are the worst affected areas either through floods or drought conditions during the current fiscal.
Answers to unstarred Questions. 30th July, 1963.

(b) how many places have been hit by the floods this year and what is the loss to the agriculture on account of the floods; and

(c) what sort of flood relief is given to the affected people?

249—

2248 A.—

Clauses (a), (b) and (c)—A statement showing the particulars is placed on Table of the House.

RENT REDUCTION AMOUNT TO SUBHADRAPURAM AGRAHARAM, SRIKAKULAM TALUK.

250—

2821 Q.—Sri T. Papa Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the number of years for which rent reduction amount pertaining to Subhadrapuram Agraharam, Srikakulam taluk and district, was collected from the year 1960 to 1961;

(c) the year-wise total amount collected;

(e) whether it is a fact that the balance after a reduction of 10 per cent from the amount collected has been paid to the Inamdars;

(d) if not, the reasons therefor, and the way in which the said amount has been utilised; and

(e) the action taken by the Government thereon?

250—'

2821 A.—

Clauses (a) and (b):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fasli 1860</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>753.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fasli 1861</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>1,720.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fasli 1862</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>1,720.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>4,194.22</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above amount was collected in the village from 25-10-1950 to 26-2-1953.

Clause (e) Payment has not been made to the landholders. Action is being taken by the Revenue Divisional Officer, Srikakulam, for payment of the same.
Clause (d).—In view of the Civil litigations pending in the Sub-Court and the High Court, from 1953 to 1959, the payments for rents collected could not be sanctioned to the landholder. The other arrear rents due from tenant could not also be realised in time, due to the same reason.

Clause (e).—Payment orders for the amount collected will be issued shortly. The Revenue Divisional Officer, Srikakulam has been directed by the Collector, Srikakulam, to collect the rest of the arrear rents outstanding in the village expeditiously.

SUPERSEDED AND LIQUIDATED CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES.

251—

2557 Q.—Sri P. Rajagopala Naidu:—Will the hon. Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Co-operative Societies superseded and liquidated during 1961-62;

(b) the assets pending realisation in all the Societies under liquidation since 1953 year-wise; and

(c) whether all the amounts have been realised by the end of 1961-62?

251—

2557

(a) number superseded 5, number liquidated 71.

(b) The assets pending realisation in all the Societies under liquidation since 1953 are furnished below:

(Amounts shown are for the Co-operative year).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1952-53</td>
<td>9,86,681.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1953-54</td>
<td>17,80,969.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1954-55</td>
<td>22,80,813.73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1955-56</td>
<td>23,73,104.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1956-57</td>
<td>23,97,186.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1957-58</td>
<td>48,02,633.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1958-59</td>
<td>47,21,728.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1959-60</td>
<td>54,67,437.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960-61</td>
<td>60,48,630.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1961-62</td>
<td>60,58,261.56</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No Action is being taken by the liquidators of the Societies to realise the amounts early.
CONSUMER CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES.

252—

3556 Q.—Sri A. Venkateshwar Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Consumer Co-operative Societies registered so far;

(b) the cities where the societies have been organised;

(c) the total membership and the share capital;

(d) the Government assistance given so far?

252—

3556 A.—

Presumably the information required by the hon. Member is in respect of the Centrally sponsored scheme of Consumers Co-operatives for the general public.

(a) Only one society has been registered in Hyderabad City so far under the Centrally sponsored scheme.

(b) Consumers Central Wholesale Co-operative Stores are being organised at Vijayawada, Kurnool, Visakhapatnam and Warangal besides the one at Hyderabad. Necessary steps are being taken to start them as early as possible.

(c) The membership and share capital of the Co-operative Central Stores at Hyderabad is as follows:

- Membership Rs. 4,000.
- Share Capital Rs. 40,000.

(d) Nil.

During the current year 1962-63, it is proposed to start 5 Central Stores one each at at Hyderabad, Vijayawada, Warangal, Visakhapatnam, and Kurnool with 50 branches at the rate of 10 branches for each centre. The financial assistance to these societies will be as follows and the entire funds will be met by Government of India.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Co-operative Wholesale Central Stores.</th>
<th>(for each)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Share Capital contribution on a matching basis reference to subscribed capital</td>
<td>. . 1,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Cash Credit accommodation</td>
<td>. . 2,00,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Loan and Subsidy for purchase of trucks equipment, godown.

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>75% as loan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25% as subsidy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,00,00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Managerial subsidy spread over 3 to 5 years

10,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary (branch) Units</th>
<th>(for each) Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Share capital constribution on matching basis</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Managerial subsidy spread over a period 3 to 5 years</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to the above assistance, the State Government have agreed to give guarantee in favour of each of the Wholesale Central Stores at the rate of Rs. 10 lakhs to enable them to borrow from the State Bank of India to make bulk purchases at the production centres in favourable seasons.

**PROTECTED WATER SUPPLY TO THE VILLAGES IN KURNOOL DISTRICT.**

253—

997 Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Reddy :—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayat Raj be pleased to state :

(a) the number of villages in Kurnool District provided with protected water supply;

(b) the number of villages yet to be provided with protected water supply schemes; and

(c) the amount allotted to Kurnool District for the year 1962-63 ?

253—

997 A.—

(a) 79.

(b) 49.

(c) In the National Plans, the programme of providing Safe Drinking Water Supply Schemes in villages is implemented under Local Development Works Programme, Community Development programme, Equalisation Grant. During the current year a tota
amount of Rs. 7.94 lakhs was allotted to Kurnool District for this purpose. These funds are being utilised to sanction protected water supply schemes also in the area, where the normal drinking water schemes are not possible. In addition in 1962-63 Rs. 1.82 lakhs have been provided under National Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Programme for completion of works in progress sanctioned in the previous years.

Hariljan Wadas without Drinking Water wells in Chitvel Samithi.

254—

1860 (2858) Q.—Sri K. Mara Reddy :—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayat Raj be pleased to state :

(a) how many villages including Hariljan Wadas are there in Chitvel Samithi, Rajampet Taluk, Cuddapah District without drinking water wells ;

(b) the steps taken by the Government to provide drinking water wells immediately in those villages.

254—

1860 (2858) A.—

Clauses (a) and (b): 

The Government decided to provide every village with a drinking water well before the end of the III plan.

This has been communicated to all the Zilla Parishads and Panchayat Samithis and they have been directed to work out the details and their requirements to be taken up year-wise within the Plan period.

This Panchayat Samithi has taken up the following programme.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>No. of drinking water wells proposed to be sanctioned</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1962-63</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1963-64</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1964-65</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1965-66</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(b) the number of Girijn and Harijan students respectively among them?

256—
2985 A.—

(a) Government Basic Training School, Parvatipuram 50

Government Training School, Srikakulam 50

(b) Government Basic Training School, Parvatipuram 50
Government Training School, Srikakulam 50

Girijans .. Nil

Harijans .. 3

ENGLISH MEDIUM SCHOOLS OPENED IN TH YEAR 1962.

257—
3671 Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raju :—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) the number of English medium schools opened during the year 1962;

(b) the places where they are opened;

(c) whether necessary staff has been provided to all these schools; and

(d) whether they are functioning satisfactorily?

257—
3671 A.—

(a) Nil.

(b), (c) and (d) —Do not arise.

TRANSFORMERS BURNT IN ANANTAPUR SUB-DIVISION

258—
8837Q.—Sri V. K. Adinarayana Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) the number of transformers burnt from January 1962 till to-day in Anantapur sub-division;

(b) the total loss incurred;

(c) who are responsible for the Maintenance; and

(d) the action taken to avert future losses?
885 A.—

(a), (b), (c) and (d). The answer to the question is placed on the Table of the House.

IRRIGATION FACILITIES TO THE NAGAYAGUNTA TENANTS CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY.

259—

109 (1164) Q.—Sri S. Venayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to give irrigation facilities to the lands assigned to the Nagayagunta Tenants Co-operative Society, Kovur Taluk, Nellore District; and

(b) if so, the time by which the scheme will come into force?

259—

109 (1164) A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) as it is still under consideration of the local officers it is not possible at this stage to say when the scheme will come into force.

REORGANISATION OF THE STATE ELECTRICITY BOARD

260—

2235 Q.—Sri K. V. Narayana Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

The status, functions and the utility of the contemplated reorganisation of the State Electricity Board?

260—

2235—A.

The Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board as constituted at present, consists of 5 persons who are all officials. The Secretary to Government, Public Works Department is the ex-officio Chairman of the Board. As he is a part-time Chairman, and the Board comprises only official members the reorganisation of Board from 1-4-1963; though not yet decided, contemplates the appointment of:

(1) A whole time Chairman to the State Electricity Board; and

(2) Two non-official members.

While the status and functions of Board will continue to be the same as before, the re-organisation of the Board as contemplated will
strengthen the Board by making available to the Board the services of a full time Chairman and the points of view of two non-official members.

**MINOR IRRIGATION SOURCES INVESTIGATED IN SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT.**

261—

2980 Q.—Sri P. Gunnavyya:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Minor Irrigation sources investigated in Srikakulam District during 1932-33; and

(b) the talu' u-wise number of works to be taken up by the Government together with the amount of expenditure?

261—

2980—A.

(a) 116.

(b)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Taluk</th>
<th>No. of works</th>
<th>Expenditure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tekkali Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pathapattam Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sompeta Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ichapuram Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hiramandalam Sub-Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheepurupalli Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Srikakulam Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parvathipatram Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bobbili Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palakonda Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salur Taluk</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**REPAIRS TO THE ROADS IN SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT**

262—

2979 Q.—Sri P. Gunnavyya.—Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communications be pleased to state:

(c) the total amount allotted to the Highways Department upto the end of 1962-1963 March for the purpose of repairing the roads in Srikakulam District;
Answers to unstarred Questions:

(b) the taluq-wise amount spent for the said purpose;

(c) the amount spent for repairing the (i) Palakonda-Seethammepet road; (ii) Parvathipuram-Koraputti road respectively; and

(d) whether the Government propose to take steps to construct bridges across the brooks on the Seethammepet road?

2979 A.—

(a) and (b)* A statement showing the amount allotted to Srikakulam District for 1962-1963 under various heads of account and expenditure incurred to end of January 1963 Sub-Division-wise is enclosed.

(c) An amount of Rs. 2,308 has been spent to end of January 1963 on maintaining Palakonda-Seezhammapet road M. 3/0 to 9/0 for 1962-1963 to end of January 1963 and an amount of Rs. 5,275 has been spent on maintaining Parvathipuram-Koraputti road M. 0/0 to 7/8 to end of January 1963.

(d) Yes Sir; a bridge in M 3/3 of Palakonda-Seezhammapet road is under construction at present and construction of 3 more bridges in M. 5/4, 6/5, 6/6 sanction under Part H schemes were proposed during 1960-1961. But these works are not taken up due to lack of funds under Plan. They will be taken up when the funds position improves, say, in 1964-1965.

PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES IN NANDYAL TALUK

265—

840 Q.—Sri E. Appappa Reddy.—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) when the Primary Health Centres at Gazulapalle and Thimmapuram of Nandyal taluk, Kurnool District were sanctioned and when they were opened;

(b) the periods for which regular Medical Officers worked at above centres; and

(c) whether there are Medical Officers in charge of those centres now and if so from what date?

267—

840 A.—

(a) the Primary Health Centres at Gazulapalle and Thimmapuram (Nandyal taluk) were sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 2390 P. H. dated 12-7-1948. They were opened on 18-2-1958 and in March, 1949 respectively.
Answers to unstarred Questions. 30th July, 1963. 627

(b) Primary Health Centre, Thimmapuram.

(i) Dr. K. Sanyasi Rao, DM. & S. from 27-1-1955 to 27-8-1957 (F.N.)


(iii) Dr. V. Lakshman Rao, from 5-3-1958 to 1-6-1958.

(iv) Dr. K. Ramachandrudu, M.B.B.S., from 29-9-1962 to date.

II. Primary Health Centre, Gazulapalli.


(ii) Dr. Anjanayya, M.B.B.S., from 5-6-1958 to 11-4-1960.

(iii) Dr. M. Varendra Gupta, M.B.B.S., from 12-4-1960 to 9-6-1960.


(c) The Medical Officer, Primary Health Centre, Thimmapuram is in charge of the Centre from 29-9-1962 and is holding additional charge of Primary Health Centre, Gazulapalle.

Government Hospital, Asifabad

2856—

2856 (J) Q.—Sri Bhim Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to extend the Government Hospital, Asifabad, Adilabad district;

(b) if so, when;

(c) if not, why;

(d) the number of the staff at present in the Government Hospital, Asifabad;

(e) the number of beds provided at present in the hospital;

(f) the annual amount of expenditure being incurred on the Hospital, together with particulars of the amount being spent towards the salaries of the staff, medicines and instruments; and

(g) what is the average number of out-patients and inpatients daily?

2856 (J) A.

(a) the answer is in the negative.
(b) Does not arise.

(c) the existing building is spacious and more than sufficient for the present requirements of the Hospital. No extension to the existing building is therefore required.

(d) Ten.

(e) Ten beds.

(f) On Staff Rs. 12,486.
   Medicines and instruments Rs. 4,000.

(g) Out patients 95; In-patients 7 to 9.

**PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES AND MATERNITY CENTRES IN ASIFABAD TALUK.**

265—

**2856-JJ. Q.—** Sri Bhim Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) how many Primary Health Centres and Maternity Centres are there in Asifabad taluk, Adilabad district; and

(b) the number of staff and the amount of expenditure thereof?

265—

2856 (JJ) A.

(a) there are no Primary Health Centres in Asifabad taluk in Adilabad district. There are two Maternity Centres in Asifabad taluk one at Rechni (Rural Backward Centre) and the other at Ginnedhari (Tribal Welfare Centre).

(b) the following staff is working in each of the Maternity Centres:

1. Health Visitor … … … One.
2. Midwives … … … Four.
3. Ayahs … … … Four.
4. Peon … … … One.

In addition to the above staff at each Maternity Centre, one Dhobi is working at Maternity Centre, Ginnedhari.
The amount of expenditure incurred during the current year upto December, 1962:

(1) Ginnedhari .. Rs. 8,427.11 nP.
(2) Rechni .. Rs. 4,859.76 nP.

PERMANENT HOSPITAL BUILDING AT UTNOOR.

266—

2353 (K) Q.—Sri Bhim Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government has any proposal to construct permanent Hospital building at Utnoor, Adilabad district;

(b) if so, when;

(c) the number of the staff in the Government Hospital at Utnoor:

(d) the number of beds provided at present in the hospital;

(e) the annual amount of expenditure being incurred on the hospital together with particulars of the amount being spent towards the salaries of the staff, medicines and instruments; and

(f) what is the average number of out-patients daily and in-patients monthly?

266—

2856 (K) A.—

(a) A permanent building for the Government Hospital, Utnoor, has already been constructed under the Multi-Purpose Project. The Hospital is functioning.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) Ten.

(d) Ten beds.

(e) On staff—Rs. 12,648; On medicines and instruments—Rs. 8,000.

(f) Out-patients—New .. 25-30
Old .. 30.

In-patients .. 4-6
PERMANENT BUILDING FOR THE DISPENSARY AT KOYYER VILLAGE

267—

2894 Q.—Sri D. Kondala Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to State:

whether any proposal is under consideration of the Government to construct a permanent building for the dispensary at Koyyer village, Chintapalli taluk, Visakhapatnam district (started nearly six years ago) in view of the fact that even the temporary building constructed one year ago had been destroyed by fire?

267—

2894 A.—

The answer is in the negative.

X-RAY PLANT IN THE GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL, RAMACHANDRAPURAM

268—

2923 Q.—Dr. Nandivada Satyanarayana Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to install an 'X-Ray Plant' in the Government Hospital, Ramachandrapuram, East Godavari district;

(b) if so, when; and

(c) if not, why?

268—

2923 A.—

(a) The answer is in the negative.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) There is no T.B. Clinic in the Hospital and the need for the installation of an X-Ray Plant in the Hospital has not been felt.

GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS IN EAST GODAVARI DISTRICT

269—

2924 Q.—Dr. Nandivada Satyanarayana Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Government Hospitals and the location in the East Godavari district;

(b) the bed-strength of each of the Hospital;
(c) the average daily attendance in out-patient department in the year 1961-62 in each of the Hospitals; and

(d) the number of emergency cases recorded from 7-00 p.m. to 5-00 a.m. the next day in the Ramachandrapuram Hospital, East Godavari district?

269—

2924 A.—

(a), (b) and (c) Information is furnished in the proforma below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Govt. Hospital</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Bed Strength</th>
<th>Daily average patients during 1961-62</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Govt. General Hospital</td>
<td>Kakinada</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>1,541</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Govt. Headquarters Hospital</td>
<td>Rajahmundry</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>661</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Government Hospital</td>
<td>Amalapuram</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Government Hospital</td>
<td>Ramachandrapuram</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>643</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Government Hospital</td>
<td>Peddapuram</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Government Hospital</td>
<td>Razole</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Government Hospital</td>
<td>Tuni</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>251</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Govt. Hospital for Women and Children</td>
<td>Tuni</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Government Hospital</td>
<td>Pithapuram</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Government Hospital (Agency)</td>
<td>Rampachodavaram</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Government Hospital</td>
<td>Kapileswarapuram</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Government Hospital (Agency)</td>
<td>Addateegala</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) 228 during 1962-63 (upto 6-2-1963).
IMPROVEMENT TO THE GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS IN SRIKAKULAM, DISTRICT.

270—

2984 Q.—Sri P. Gunnayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether any proposal is under consideration of the Government to improve the Government Hospitals in Srikakulam district during 1962-63; and

(b) If so, the taluq-wise particulars of the improvements proposed to be made and the estimated expenditure therefor?

270—

2984 A.—

(a) The answer is in the negative.

(b) Does not arise.

Darsi Government Hospital.

271—

3149 Q.—Sri K. Guruswami Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether any scheme for the development of Government Hospital at Darsi, Darsi taluk, Nellore district is under consideration of the Government;

(b) if so, the particulars of the scheme;

(c) if so, when it will be taken up; and

(d) the estimated amount for the scheme?

271—

3149 A.—

(a) the answer is in the negative.

(b) (c) and (d) Does not arise.

Polished Granite-Stones.

272—

4094 Q.—Sri P. Shymsunder Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the district-wise names of the places where polished granite-stones are available in the State;
(b) the names of the places where factories have been located for polishing the said stones;

(c) whether the said granite slates (Rati-palakalu) are being exported to other countries; and

(d) if so, the value of the exports?

272—

4094 A.—

(a) Hyderabad; Warangal; Khammam; Nalgonda; Mahboobnagar; Nizamabad; Adilabad; Guntur; Krishna; and Chittoor districts. Granite occurs in other districts also in small quantities. It does not, however, occur in nature, in polished form.

(b) Kuppm and Chittoor districts.

(c) Granite which is exported from Kuppm to U.K. is only in block Granite or monumental granite. It is not exported to any other country. The word 'Rati-Palakalu' does not relate to Granite slabs in any form.

(d) the value of granite exports from Kuppm to U.K. is said to be about Rs. 19 lakhs.

HOUSE-SITES TO HARIJANS IN ADONI TALUK.

273—

993 Q.—Sri P.O. Satyanarayana Raju:—Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) the number of house-sites assigned to harijans in Adoni taluk, Kurnool district during 1961-62; and

(b) the number of applications from Adoni taluk still pending and the stage at which they stand?

273—

998 A.—

(a) Nil.

(b) (1) No. of applications from Magathi village pending with the Tahsildar, Adoni for issue of pattas—50.

(2) No. of applications from Madira village pending at the award stage—64.

(3) No. of applications pending with the District Social Welfare Officer, Kurnool in respect of Divandinne, Kapti and Basapuram villages for want of funds—124.
30th July, 1963. Answers to unstarred Questions

HARIJAN VILLAGES IN PAKALA FIRKA.

274—

2597 Q.—Sri C.K. Narayana Reddy:— Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) the names and number of Harijan villages in Pakala Firka in Chendragiri taluk; and in Yerravaripalyam taluk in Chittoor district without drinking water wells; and

(b) the time to be taken to sink the drinking water wells in the said villages?

274—

2597 A.—

(a) I. Pakala Firka: (Chendragiri taluk)

Names of the Villages:

1. Nadimpalle, hamlet of Pudipatlabayalu.
2. Perumallapalle, hamlet of Pudipatlabayalu.
4. Gandlagutta.
5. Koddepalle, Madigapalle.
8. Damaleheruvu Madigawada.
10. Thotathimmiahgaripalle.
11. Konapalle, hamlet of Ganugapenta.

II. Yerravaripalem Firka (Voyalpad taluk.)

1. Yerravaripalem.
2. Pachamvandlapalle, hamlet of Kamalla.
3. Madigapalle, hamlet of Nerabylu.
5. Udayamanikyam, Madigawada.
6. V.R. Agraharam, Malapalle.

(b) there are several Harijan wadas in the district, which are yet to be provided with drinking water wells. The works are being taken up according to priority. It may take some time to provide them all,
Amount Sanctioned to the Harijans in West Godavari District.

275—

3842 Q.— Sri A. Sarveswar Rao:— Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) the taluk-wise amount sanctioned by the Social Welfare Department to the Harijans for the construction of houses or house sites in the West Godavari district for the years 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63; and

(b) the number of Harijan colonies constructed in the West Godavari district taluk-wise and village-wise in the years 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63?

A.—

(a) and (b) A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

Statement placed on the Table of the House

By A. Sri Sarveswara Rao, M. L. A.

(a) The taluk-wise amount sanctioned by the Social Welfare Department to the Harijans for the construction of houses or house sites in the West Godavari District for the years 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the taluk</th>
<th>1960-61 Rs.</th>
<th>1961-62 Rs.</th>
<th>1962-63 Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kovvur</td>
<td>19,000.00</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Narasapur</td>
<td>12,000.00</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tadepalligudem</td>
<td>23,000.00</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chintalapudi</td>
<td>19,000.00</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eluru</td>
<td>12,316.50</td>
<td>10,613.37</td>
<td>350.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tadepalligudem</td>
<td>11,390.75</td>
<td>58,917.76</td>
<td>10,169.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kovvur</td>
<td>27,680.21</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>9,957.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polavaram</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chintalapudi</td>
<td>7,452.00</td>
<td>894.88</td>
<td>11,040.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tanuku</td>
<td>22,039.16</td>
<td>35,968.44</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bhimavaram</td>
<td>22,537.70</td>
<td>21,805.04</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Narasapur</td>
<td>22,770.00</td>
<td>2,579.45</td>
<td>33,084.35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2201—9
(b) The number of Harijan colonies constructed in the West Godavari District taluk-wise and village-wise in the years 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Kovur Taluk</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Markondapadu village</td>
<td>one colony of 19 houses</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Narasapur Taluk</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madapadu village</td>
<td>one colony of 12 houses</td>
<td>&quot;&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Tadepalligudem Taluk</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chodavaram</td>
<td>one colony of 23 houses</td>
<td>&quot;&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Chintalapudi Taluk</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T. Narasapur</td>
<td>one colony of 19 houses</td>
<td>&quot;&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BONUS TO THE SUGARCANE SUPPLIERS.**

276—

1902 Q.—Sir P. V. Ramana:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether the management of sugar factories in the State declared bonus to sugarcane suppliers in the years 1958-59 to 1961-62; and

(b) if so, the amount of bonus declared by each factory in each year?

A.—

(a) The managements of only a few Sugar factories have declared bonus to sugarcane suppliers during the year 1958-59 to 1961-62 pending receipt of values of certain factories in the Price Linking Formula.

(b) *A statement showing rates of bonus per ton declared by those sugar factories and the amount paid during 1958-59, 1959-60 and 1960-61 is enclosed:

**ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION CENTRES.**

277—

2641 Q.—Sri N. Srinivasareddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the number of artificial insemination centres in the State;

* Printed as Appendix III at page 642.
Answers to unstarred Questions. 30th July, 1963. 637

(b) the amount of recurring and non-recurring expenditure respectively being incurred by the Government on the said centres per annum;

(c) the number of cattle to which semen was given through the centres during 1960-61 and 1961-62 respectively;

(d) the amount of expenditure incurred per head by the Government for injecting semen to the cattle?

A.—

(a) 297.

(b) 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Non-Recurring</th>
<th>Recurring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rs. n.P.</td>
<td>Rs. n.P.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960-61</td>
<td>60,671.82</td>
<td>9,29,258.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1961-62</td>
<td>72,689.98</td>
<td>9,88,905.85</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) 1960-61—43316; 1961-62—59,920.

(d) Rs. 0.21 nP.

Acreage under Sugarcane.

3129 Q.—Sri T.V.S. Chalapathi Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to State:

(a) the district-wise extent of land in which sugar cane suitable for the production of sugar is being grown in the state;

(b) the district-wise number of sugar factories in the State;

(c) whether the entire sugar cane required for the said factories is being produced in the state;

(d) if not, the steps taken or proposed to be taken by the Government for the sufficient supply of the same in the state;

(e) the net income to the sugarcane cultivator per acre (After the deduction of the expenditure) according to the present prices;

(f) the percentage of tax-free dividend being paid to the holders of sugar factories;

(g) the quantity of sugar required for the population of the state;

(h) the quantity of sugar being produced respectively; and

(i) the fall in the production of food grains as a result of the cultivation of sugarcane in the State?

A.—

(a) *the District-wise particulars are given in Annexure I below.

(b) *the particulars are given in Annexure II below.
(c) the answer is in the affirmative.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) the net income ranges from Rs. 200 per acre in Srikakulam district Rs. 600 per acre in Nizamabad in respect of owner cultivators.

(f) *the particulars are given in Annexure III below.

(g) Approximately one lakhs tons.

(h) during 1961-62 season, a quantity of 1,87,631 tons of sugar was produced.

(i) there has not been such substantial increase in the cane acreage to warrant a fall in the production of food grains.

R.T.C. BUSES ON NARSAPURAM-KODERU ROAD.

279—

2995 Q.—Sri P. Syamasundar Rao :—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether it has been decided to run Road Transport Corporation buses on Narssapuram-Koderu road (the road via Gummalur, Vemavaram and Achanta, in West Godavari District ;

(b) Whether the same has been notified in the Gazette;

(c) If so, when; and

(d) the reasons for delay in its implementation ?

A.—

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) and (c): Yes Sir. The scheme was notified in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette Extraordinary, dated 12-1-1962 at pages 1 to 4, Item 59.

(d) the services have been introduced from 6-2-1963. The delay was due to the bad condition of the road making it impossible to run services. After the road was attended to, a temporary permit was obtained by the Road Transport Corporation from 1-4-1962 but the services could not be started due to the construction of pials obstructing the passage in the Penumadum village through which the buses pass and that with the help of village Panchayats and other leaders, the obstruction could only be removed on 15-1-1963. After this a trial was taken and service was introduced from 6-2-1963.
APPENDIX I.

Vide Answer to Unstarred Question No. 2737 (Serial No. 245)

Number of persons aged 100 years and above, sex-wise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State/District</th>
<th>No. of persons</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Males</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STATE.</td>
<td>909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Sriakulam</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. East Godavari</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. West Godavari</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Krishna</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Guntur</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Nellore</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Chittoor</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Cuddapah</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Anantapur</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Kurnool</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Mahbubnagar</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Hyderabad</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Medak</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Nizamabad</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Adilabad</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Karimnagar</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Warangal</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Khammam</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Nlagonda</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Vide page 614


Answers to unstarred Questions.

† APPENDIX II.

Vide Answer to Unstarred Question No. 2079 (Serial No.262)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE ALLOTMENT AND EXPENDITURE UNDER ALL CATEGORIES IN SRIAKKULAM (HIGHWAYS) DIVISION TO END OF JANUARY, 1963.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Sub-Division</th>
<th>Amount of Expenditure to end of 1/63</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Head of Account Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I.</td>
<td>108 CAPITAL ACCOUNT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Sriakualm Sub-Division</td>
<td>1,02,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Parvathi Puram Sub-Division</td>
<td>2,44,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Tekkali Sub-Division</td>
<td>1,67,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,15,200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>II.</th>
<th>50 Public Works—N.H.O.T.L.</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
<th>nP.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Sriakualm Sub-Division</td>
<td>1,63,000</td>
<td>2,00,989.83</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Parvathipuram Sub-Division</td>
<td>57,000</td>
<td>27,228.08</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Tekkali Sub-Division</td>
<td>1,65,000</td>
<td>1,77,179.65</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,85,000</td>
<td>4,05,347.06</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>III.</th>
<th>National Highways—W.T.L.</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
<th>nP.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Sriakualm Sub-Division</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>835.95</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Parvathpiuram Sub-Division</td>
<td>7,800</td>
<td>10,785.38</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>9,600</td>
<td>11,621.33</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IV.</th>
<th>M.D.R.—Ordinary areas—Repairs</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
<th>nP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Sriakualm Sub-Division</td>
<td>3,40,000</td>
<td>2,49,262.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Paravathpiuram Sub-Division</td>
<td>2,30,000</td>
<td>1,86,650.17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Tekkali Sub-Division</td>
<td>8,30,000</td>
<td>2,64,904.83</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>9,00,000</td>
<td>7,00,817.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† Vide page 326
### Answers to unstarred Questions


**V.M.D.R.—Ordinary areas—L.S. Maintenance.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Division</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>L.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>80,000</td>
<td>1,09,707.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parvathipuram</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>10,201.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tekkali</td>
<td>1,05,000</td>
<td>83,055.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** .. 2,00,000 2,02,963.04

**VI. M.D.R.—S.A.—Repairs.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Division</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>L.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parvathipuram</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>32,986.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tekkali</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** .. 50,000 32,986.87

**VII. O.D.R. Repairs.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Division</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>L.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Parvathipuram</td>
<td>7,200</td>
<td>5,607.11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** .. 7,200 5,607.11

**VII. State Highways.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Division</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>L.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Parvathipuram</td>
<td>1,80,000</td>
<td>1,12,269.91</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** .. 1,80,000 1,12,269.91

**IX. Agency Road Works**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Division</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>L.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Parvathipuram</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>1,466.19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** .. 3,000 1,466.19
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Factory</th>
<th>Rate of bonus declared by the factory per ton.</th>
<th>Amount of bonus paid.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Bobbili</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Seethanagaram</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Anakapalle</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Etikoppaka</td>
<td>5.15</td>
<td>4.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Samalkot</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Pithapuram</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Chellur</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Tanuku</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Chagallu</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Vuyyuru</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Challapalle</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Shakkarnagar</td>
<td>5.189</td>
<td>4.55</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Applied for exemption to Government of India.
## APPENDIX IV.

Vide Answer to Unstarred Question No. 2129 (Serial No. 278)

### ANNEXURE I.

**Acreage under sugarcane.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>Area in acres</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Srikakulam</td>
<td>21,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>31,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. East Godavari</td>
<td>1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. West Godavari</td>
<td>11,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Krishna</td>
<td>7,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Guntur</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Nellore</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Kurnool</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Anantapur</td>
<td>5,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Cuddapah</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Chittoor</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Andhra Region**  
1,18,700

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Area in acres</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12. Hyderabad</td>
<td>2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Nizamabad</td>
<td>37,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Medak</td>
<td>6,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Mahabubnagar</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Nalgonda</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Warangal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Khammam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Karimnagar</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Adilabad</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Telangana Region**  
45,800

**Total (Andhra Pradesh)**  
1,59,500

### ANNEXURE II.

**District-wise Sugar Factories.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>No. of Sugar Factories</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Srikakakulam</td>
<td>3 (Bobbili, Sithanagaram, Amadavalasa),</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>4 (Anakapalli, Chodavaram, Etikoppaka and Panyakaram),</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. East Godavari</td>
<td>3 (Samalkota, Pithapuram, Chellar),</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. West Godavari</td>
<td>3 (Chagallu, Tamuka and Palacole),</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Krishna</td>
<td>2 (Vuyyuru and Chellapalli),</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Chittoor</td>
<td>1 (Chittoor),</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Nizamabad</td>
<td>2 (Shakkarnagar and Nizamabad),</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2201—10
20th July, 1962,

Calling attention to matter of urgent public importance
re: Enhancemnt of bus fares.

ANNEXURE III.

Dividends are paid by the following sugar factories.

1. Nizam Sugar Factory 22% tax-free dividend was paid in the previous years.

2. Etikappka Sugar Factory. 61% dividend on share capital during all the seasons till 1957-58 was paid. No dividend has been paid after 1957-58 season.

3. K. C. P. Ltd., Yuyyur. Subject to tax, 15% was paid for 1961-62 dividend.

4. Tanuku Sugar Factory. 16% was paid as dividend.

5. Bobbili Sugar Factory. Cumulative preference shares dividend of 8.57% was paid.

6. Seethanagaram Sugar Factory. Ordinary shares dividend of 15% for the ending 31-10-1931 was paid.

Information in respect of Samalkota and Pithapuram is not readily available.

No dividends appear to have been declared as yet by the other sugar factories as they are newly started.

CALLING ATTENTION TO A MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE
re: ENHANCEMENT OF BUS FARES

Mr. Speaker:—There is one Motion under Rule 74 given notice of by Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya regarding enhancement of bus fare.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance: 30th July, 1953.

re: Enhancement of Bus fares.

The hon. Member has sought to draw the attention of Government to the proposal for enhancement of bus fares from 5 nP. to 6 nP. per mile.

According to section 43 (1) (i) of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939, a State Government, having regard to—

(a) the advantages offered to the public, trade and industry by the development of motor transport, and

(b) the desirability of co-ordinating road and rail transport, and

*The Minister for Labour and Transport (Sri B. V. Gurumurthy).—* The hon. Member has sought to draw the attention of Government to the proposal for enhancement of bus fares from 5 nP. to 6 nP. per mile.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:

**Enhancement of Bus fares.**

(c) the desirability of preventing the deterioration of the road system, and

(d) the desirability of preventing un-economic competition among motor vehicles,

may from time to time, by notification in the Official gazette, issue directions to the State Transport Authority regarding the fixing of fares and freights for stage carriages contract carriages and public carriers; provided that no such notification shall be issued unless a draft of the proposed directions is published in the Official Gazette, specifying therein a date being not less than one month after such publication, on or after which the draft will be taken into consideration and any objection or suggestions which may be received will be considered in consultation with the State Transport Authority, after giving the representatives of the interests affected an opportunity of being heard.

The maximum rates of fares for stage carriages plying in the Andhra Area of the State, fixed in G. O. Ms. No. 1077, Home (Transport-1) dated the 7th May, 1959, are—

(A) Ordinary Stage Carriages:

(i) 5 Np. per mile on roads in plains in the mufassal except in urban areas where there are town services; for distances of less than 8 miles, a fare not exceeding 37 Np. may be charged.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Fare per Mile</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ippur to Vararamachandrapuram</td>
<td>6 Np.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kunavaram to Bhadrachalam</td>
<td>6 Np.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kunavaram to Dummagudem</td>
<td>6 Np.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bhadrachalam to Venkatapuram</td>
<td>6 Np.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For distances of less than 6 miles, a fare not exceeding 37 Np. may be charged.

(ii) 7 Np. per mile on ghat roads except the Tirumalai-Tirupathi Ghat Road; for distances of less than 4 miles, a fare not exceeding 30 Np. may be charged.

(iii) 9 Np. per mile on the Tirumalai-Tirupathi Ghat Road.

(iv) 7 Np. for the first stage and 5 Np. for every subsequent stage (a stage approximating as far as practicable to mile) for stage carriages plying on city services.

(B) Express Stage Carriages:

(v) 50 per cent above the rates for ordinary stage carriages; if superior class of accommodation is provided for all passengers, Regional Transport Authority may fix fares not exceeding 100 per cent above the rates for ordinary stage carriages.

(C) Stage Carriages run on special occasions such as fairs and Festivals:

(vi) 50 per cent above the rates for ordinary stage carriages.
Calling attention to a matter of urgent public importance:  

Enhancement of Bus fares.

The rates of fares—fixed by the Government of the erstwhile Hyderabad State in notification No. TR/STA/GEN/265/R-36 dated 31st October, 1936, in force in the Telangana Region of the State, are—

8 pies (4 nP.) per mile . . . Minimum.
16 pies (8 nP.) per mile . . . Maximum.

It may be noted that while the rates of fares in force in the Andhra Area were inclusive of the tax leviable under the Motor Vehicles (Taxation of Passengers and Goods) Act, those in the Telangana Region were not.

Having regard to the following factors, Government considered it necessary to revise and fix the rates of fares for stage carriages plying in the State, by effecting an increase of 1 Np. per mile, generally in the maximum rates of fares chargeable:

(a) the enactment of the Andhra Pradesh Motor Vehicles Taxation Act, 1943 (Act No. V of 1963)—consolidating the various taxes, both direct and indirect, including the tax on passengers and goods, levied on motor vehicles;

(b) the need for having uniformity in the rates of fares throughout the State and for prescribing the same in terms of kilometers; and

(c) the increase in the operational costs consequent upon the enhancement in the rates Central and State taxes on fuel, spares and other accessories.

As required under the proviso to Section 43 (1) of the Motor Vehicles Act, a draft direction proposing the following rates of fares, was published in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette, dated 2nd May, 1968, inviting objections or suggestions to be submitted to Government before the 5th June, 1968.

(A) Ordinary Stage Carriages:

(i) 3.75 Np. per kilometer on roads in the plains in the mufussal except in urban areas where there are town services; provided that for distances of less than 6 kilometers, a fare not exceeding 25 Np. may be charged.

4.40 nP. per kilometer on the following four agency routes:

1. Ippur to Vararamchandrapuram.
2. Kunavaram to Bhadrachalam.
3. Kunavaram to Dummagudem.
4. Bhadrachalam to Venkatapuram.

Provided that for distances of less than 10 kilometers on these routes a fare not exceeding 40 Np. may be charged.

Presentation of Petitions.

Re: Enhancement of Sales Tax and Bus fares.

(ii) 5 Np. per kilometer on ghat roads except the Tirumalai Tirupathi Ghat Road: provided that for distances of less than 6 kilometers, a fare not exceeding 40 Np. may be charged.

(iii) 6.25 Np. per kilometer on the Tirumalai-Tirupathi Ghat Road.

(iv) 5 Np. for the first stage and 3 Np. for every subsequent stage (a stage approximating as far as practicable to a kilometer) for stage carriages plying on city services:

Provided that on the city services of Hyderabad and Secunderabad, fare at the following rates may be charged:

(a) 10 Np. for the first stage of 3 kilometers approximately.

(b) 5 Np. for the second stage of 1 kilometer approximately.

(c) 5 Np. for the third and every subsequent stage of 2 kilometers approximately.

(B) Express Stage Carriages:

50 per cent above the rates for ordinary stage carriages: if superior class of accommodation is provided for all passengers, Regional Transport Authorities may fix fares not exceeding 100 per cent above the rates for ordinary stage carriages.

(C) Stage Carriages run on Special occasions such as fairs and Festivals:

50 per cent above the rates for ordinary stage carriages.

Provision has also been made in the draft direction to the effect that in computing the fares, where the fare calculated is not an exact multiple of 5 Np, the same may be rounded off to the nearest multiple of 5 Np. any amount of 2.5 Np. or more being counted as 5 Np. and any amount less than 2.5 Np. being disregarded.

Certain objections and suggestions with respect to the proposed fares were filed before Government. Government heard the representatives of the interests affected, among whom were the Hon'ble Members of this House also, on the 22nd June, 1963, as required under the Statute. Since presently the matter is under consideration of Government and the State Transport Authority has to be consulted on the objections and suggestions with respect to the proposal as required under the Statute, it will be not be appropriate to dilate on the question.

I assure the House that due consideration would be given to all the objections and suggestions with respect to the proposal before Government take a final decision in the matter.

Presentation of Petitions.

Re:——Enhancement of Sales Tax and Bus Fares.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham.—Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir, I beg to present petitions from the residents of villages in Visakhapatnam District relating to enhanced Sales Tax and Bus fares.
Papers laid on the Table: 30th July, 1963.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Petitions presented.

(The petitions were handed over by Sri Tenneti Viswanatham to the Deputy Speaker).

**BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE.**

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Petitions presented.

(Therepetitions were handed over by Sri Tenneti Viswanatham to the Deputy Speaker).

Business of the House.


(The petitions were handed over by Sri Tenneti Viswanatham to the Deputy Speaker).

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Petitions presented.

I am told it is disallowed....

Sri V. Viswanathra Rao.—I am not intimated till now.....

But my request is this.....

**PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE.**

Annual Report of the Andhra Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation Ltd. Hyderabad, for the year ended 31st March 1962 the Audit Report together with the comments thereon of the Comptroller and the Auditor-General of India.

Sri N. Sanjiva Reddy.—Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir, I beg to lay on the table in compliance with Section 619 (4) of the Companies Act, 1950 as amended in 1961, a copy of the Annual Report on the working and affairs of the Andhra Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation Ltd., Hyderabad for the year ended 31st March 1962, the Audit Report together with the comments thereon of the Comptroller and the Auditor-General of India.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Paper laid.


Sri N. Sanjiva Reddy.—Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir, I beg to lay on the table under sub-section 83(c) of the State Financial Corporation Act, 1951, a copy of the Annual Report and Accounts of the Andhra Pradesh State Financial Corporation for the year ended 31st March, 1962 along with the Audit Report of the Accountant-General, Andhra Pradesh on the working of the Corporation for the year 1961-62.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Paper laid.
Government Bills.

The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1968
(as reported by the Select Committee.)

630


The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1968
(as reported by the Select Committee.)

The Select Committee would also like to make the following observations on the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1968.

The Select Committee has examined the Bill and has found it to be satisfactory. The Committee has also found that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

The Select Committee has, therefore, recommended that the Bill be passed into law.

The Select Committee has also recommended that the Bill be passed into law without any amendment.

The Select Committee has also recommended that the Bill be passed into law without any amendment, subject to the following observations:

1. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

2. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

3. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

4. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

5. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

The Select Committee has also recommended that the Bill be passed into law, subject to the following observations:

1. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

2. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

3. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

4. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

5. The Select Committee has observed that the Bill is necessary for the proper administration of the General Sales Tax in the State of Andhra Pradesh.
Government Bill:


651

Industrial co-operatives are an important sector in the economy, providing employment and income to a large number of people. The amendment bill seeks to provide tax exemption to industrial co-operatives on certain conditions. The bill also extends exemption to cottage industries and handloom industries. Single point tax on cooperative industrial societies products is also in line with the existing laws and regulations.

The bill aims to encourage industrial growth and provide relief to the industry sector. It is a step towards liberalization and modernization of the economy. Business people are welcome to adopt new trends in their operations. Excise duties on sugar cane, textiles, tobacco, etc., are to be reviewed and new policies are to be formulated in this regard.

2201—11

The main interest consumer. I cannot exempt it at all.

Exemption orders were issued. The interest of the consumer should not be assessed.

I am the Advisory Committee to the consumer. As an active and interested party, I find it difficult to assess the consumer. The consumer has a personal letter from the Chamber of Commerce regarding the personal assessment order.
Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax
(Amendment) Bill 1963.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I will find it out.


The lower levels are the breeding centres of corruption. Evasion is the main cause of the problem. Petty dealers are the main cause of harassment. The lower levels are the breeding centres of corruption. Evasion is the main cause of the problem. Petty dealers are the main cause of harassment.

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Government Bill:


The defendants accept the 90% of the dealers as exempt from tax evasion and harassment. A perfect system, a happy one, is proposed to be amended. A perfect system would involve the harassment of 61% of the dealers. Slab system (slab) would involve the harassment of 61% of the dealers. The principle of introducing slab system, compounding the rate at every slab is a correct one. Evasion of taxation (evade) and harassment (harass) are the advantages. Experiments (experiment) show that the turnover of dealers accounts (check) at 200 and 500 and the harassment of local district areas. Slab system (slab) would involve the harassment of dealers accounts (check). Evasion of Taxation (evade) in border districts (border) would be acceptable. But the principle of introducing slab system, compounding the rate at every slab is a correct one. Evasion of taxation (evade) and harassment (harass) are the advantages. Experiments (experiment) show that the turnover of dealers accounts (check) at 200 and 500 and the harassment of local district areas. Slab system (slab) would involve the harassment of dealers accounts (check). Evasion of Taxation (evade) in border districts (border) would be acceptable.

Corruption is a serious problem in Border Districts, where evasion occurs. Direct recruitment to check corruption is necessary. Direct recruitment to check corruption results in an increase in sales. Border Districts have a high rate of evasion. Corruption in Border Districts leads to a reduction in sales.

Checking posts in agri-cultural produce markets reduce evasion. Checking posts in wholesale markets also check corruption. Checking posts and flying squads are direct recruitment measures to check corruption.

Revisions to the Sales Tax Department are to be made. Sales Tax Committee report recommends a 10% turn over of the market. Whole sale sales tax is 4% and 15% for higher levels.

Evasion occurs in wholesale and retail markets. The Sales tax is 25,000 turn over for a 12-month experiment. The Sales tax rate is 25% in 12 months. The Sales tax rate is 25% in 12 months.

The Sales tax rate is 25% in 12 months. The Sales tax rate is 25% in 12 months.
Government Bill;

30th July, 1963. 657

పి. నిమిదుడు కారణం:—సిద్ధం లేకు నిపుణులు.

పి. బాడులు వ్యాపారం:—Act యొక్క చిన్న చేసి, అంతరిక్షం తారకులు నిర్మాణం. ఆంధ్రా ప్రదేశ్ సేల్స్ టైక్ ఆమెంమెంట్ బిల్, 1963.

వి. తార్కికం కారణం:—Act యొక్క చిన్న చేసి, అంతరిక్షం తారకులు నిర్మాణం. ఆంధ్రా ప్రదేశ్ సేల్స్ టైక్ ఆమెంమెంట్ బిల్, 1963.
Government Bill:
Sri C. D. Naidu (Chittoor)—Mr. Speaker, Sir, I apologize for not being present in the House when my name was called. Sir, I thank the Chairman of the Select Committee for being very accommodating and reasonable throughout the Select Committee meetings. I consider that this piece of legislation is a very important legislation because it affects all the people in Andhra Pradesh, who are already over burdened with heavy taxation. In opposing this Bill, I am in a dilemma whether to blame the people who have elected the party in power or the Government itself. But I would consider it best to blame the Government because the people have elected them in the hope that they would do some good to the people and that they would not betray the confidence reposed in them. I think that the introduction of this legislation, proposing increased taxes, is against public opinion. The Government's idea is only taxation, increased taxation, heavy taxation, crushing taxation and taxation alone. Members of this House are very well aware how the people are reacting to this unbearable taxation policy. If only the members of the ruling party could really know the hardships of the common man, I am sure they would really oppose this Bill. When the sales tax was originally introduced, exactly in the year when Hitler invaded Poland in the year 1939, it was intended as a sort of compensation for the loss of revenue on account of prohibition. People then tolerated the tax because prohibition was considered a very good policy and that it would benefit the common man. But it has come to stay; not only that, it is increasing by leaps and bounds. My feeling is, and it was my argument even at the Select Committee stage, that because we are getting a revenue of Rs. 5 or 6 crores out of auction of sweet toffee shops, at least to that extent relief should be given, because the intention at the time of introduction of sales tax was only to offset the loss of revenue. From the statement of the hon. Finance Minister, it is seen that the increase in revenue by this bill would be about Rs. 2.0 crores. But, my feeling is that it would be at least Rs. 5 or 6 crores.

Further, a special feature of this Bill is the introduction of a new Section 5-A in the Act. At the very outset, I say that the introduction of this new Section is inconsistent with the very preamble of the Bill, because the scope of the Bill is very limited. The Preamble reads only that it is either a sales tax or a purchase tax. But the tax that is contemplated under new Section 5-A is turnover tax or a tax on the income of the dealer or the trader. In this way, I believe that this new section 5 A is inconsistent with the very preamble of the Bill, because the tax mentioned in the Preamble has no reference to the tax mentioned in the new Section.

Further, Section 5-A is not very specific. Any legislation which is introduced in the Assembly should be specific and should be as clear as possible. According to Section 5-A, it is very doubtful whether a dealer who is having a turnover of more than Rs. 3 lakhs should collect 1/4 Np. in the rupee from the customer or whether he should himself bear it. This doubtful factor should be determined and cleared by the hon. Minister for Finance.

2201—12
Another feature of the Bill is, and it is also doubtful, the intention of the Finance Minister seems to bring this Act into force from 1st April. Any money bill, I am afraid, of the nature of a General Sales Tax Act cannot have retrospective effect. As presented now before the House, it is left to the discretion of the Government when to bring the Act into Force by means of a notification made in the Gazette. My submission is that a Bill, especially a general sales tax Bill can come into force only from the date of its passing in the House, because if were to come into force with retrospective effect I think it defeats the purpose of the Bill, as the dealer who is asked to pay is only a collection agent in the Act and he cannot pay it from an anterior date not having himself collected it.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. Speaker, Sir: we have given an amendment saying that the Act comes into force from 1st August.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—That is alright then. Another important thing about the Bill is we have heard representatives of all traders. But this legislation really hits the consumer, and no representative of the consumers has been heard. For that the hon. Minister for Finance said that he represented the consumer. I also consider myself that I represent the consumer. But could the Finance Minister with his status, with his power and with his ambition to get as much money as possible for the exchequer, he really in a position to consider the real difficulties of the common man. That is why I said, the point of view of the consumer is not really taken into consideration, because the uniform taxation contemplated under the present amending Bill effects the common man in Andhra Pradesh. That is why I say it is opposed to public opinion.

It has been the view of all traders as also the view of the representatives on the Select Committee that the appellate authority should be in judicial hands. But here we find provision has been made for appeals to an officer in the same department. This, I think, is a lacuna and it has to be rectified, because it is very natural that if the same departmental officer should hear appeals against orders passed by officers of the same department, the officer hearing the appeals, I am afraid, cannot have the same mental make-up as a Judicial Officer would have, in deciding the matter judicially, reasonably, independently and dispassionately. In that way, it is very essential, in the interests of justice and in the interests of the traders as well, that the appellate authority should be in the hands of a judicial officer.

I might also suggest that the appeals can be filed in Sub-Courts of every District, so that they may be approachable easily by the traders and the officers would have a judicial outlook with regard to appeal matters.

In principle, I state that any taxation measure should exempt certain articles which have already met with excise duty. But here we find a number of articles which have met with excise duty being again taxed under the Sales Tax Act also.
The existing minimum is Rs. 10,000. At that rate, every trader who deals every day to the extent of even Rs. 30 would come under this category. So I would suggest that this limit of Rs. 10,000 should be raised to Rs. 50,000 so that relief could be given to very petty shopkeepers.

There has been discussion about the abolition of check-posts and the argument on behalf of the Congress Party was it would check or plug evasion. But I find harassment at the check-post is very great. To the extent that we may plug, the harassment caused to traders is very much and is not commensurate with the difficulties that are being faced by the traders at the check-posts. A revolutionary change at the level of check-posts should be made so that the people or the traders or the small traders would be able to avoid the difficulties that are being experienced by them at these check-posts.

Further, with reference to small manufacturers in the State, for example, manufacturers of radios in our State. If they purchase raw-materials in our State, there is 10% purchase tax. Again when they sell, there is a 10% tax, with the result that the prices of radios manufactured in Andhra Pradesh are higher than the prices of those manufactured either in Bombay or Madras. Such difficulties exist with regard to inter-State trade also. For instance, tyres and tubes. Even though the tax is reduced to 8% from 10%, it is only by presuming that the Madras State or the Mysore State also would increase it by 10%. But there is no certainty about it, and if we raise the tax, I believe that to the extent of such time that there is a rise in other States also, trade in this State would be affected, with the result that not only the Government loses the tax but also the trade will be heavily affected, because customers or consumers would purchase from the other States only, thereby affecting the trade of the State.

There is one more important thing. Every dealer whose turnover is more than Rs. 1 lakh has been asked to maintain stockwar registers. If a small shopkeeper whose turnover is more than Rs. 1 lakh is asked to maintain stockwar registers of the various articles that he deals in, it is not only cumbersome and inconvenient, but at the same time the procedure would give room or scope for harassment because it is practically impossible to maintain such stockwar registers of a more handkerchief up to the highest quality of transistor radios that he may be dealing in. How to maintain so many stockwar registers every day in every month? This certainly causes great hardship and inconvenience to the dealers. This aspect of the matter should be considered with some sympathy.

In conclusion, with your permission, I appeal not only to the Finance Minister but all members of the Congress Party also to consider the viewpoint of the really affected people, i.e., people here. If it is possible, I request that this Bill may be postponed till such date that all the Finance Ministers of the Southern Zone meet in a conference and arrive at a uniform taxation policy applicable to all the States of Madras, Andhra Pradesh, Mysore, and Kerala, so far as general sales tax is concerned.

Thank you, Sir.
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 193.


Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 193.

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The Central Provinces government decided to implement prohibition in 1921 to reduce alcohol consumption and develop the economy. However, prohibition failed to achieve its intended goals. Expert opinion suggests replacing prohibition with a tax on alcohol similar to the expanded currency system, which would encourage legal production and distribution.

Prohibition, as it is currently enforced, is not an effective measure to address alcohol consumption. Instead, the government should consider implementing a tax similar to the expanded currency system to control alcohol production and distribution. This approach would incentivize legal alcohol production, leading to a reduction in illegal activity and increased government revenue.
"But, in trying to devise adequate measures for administering the tax, one can be heartened by the words of Dr. Adams at the proceedings of the N. T. A:—

**Taxes are as complex as life. The moralist calls for just taxes; but taxes cannot be just. The administrator asks for simple taxes; but experience shows that they cannot simply be simple. Some politicians would mould taxes wholly in accordance with political expediency; but statement realise that this in the long run would be impracticable. Tax business demands practical taxes; but financial history proves that it is impracticable to make them merely practical. The legalist wants taxes administered strictly according to law; but the records of the income tax and the property tax makes it clear that such taxes cannot be successfully administered by methods meticulously legal."
Government Bill:


The bill was introduced on 30th July, 1963, to amend the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax Act, 1957.

The bill is intended to provide for certain amendments to the act, including changes to the rates of tax and the methods of assessment.

The amendments are designed to address issues that have arisen since the act was originally enacted, and to ensure that it remains effective and up-to-date.

The bill was referred to the Finance Committee for consideration and report.

The bill was passed without amendment by the House.

The bill was presented to the President for assent.

The President assented to the bill on 30th July, 1963, and it became law.
The remedy may prove worse than the disease.


667

2.01—13
668 29th July, 1962. 


Taxation on turnover 1 times, 2 times 7% taxation. 1/4% turnover 7% tax. 5% turnover 11% turnover 50% turnover.

First schedule 1 to 14 items 7% 7%. 14 Schedule Items 40, 42, 45, 46, 51, marble articles, playing cards 5% turnover 7 turnover.

Schedule 4 items 5 items. 8 nearly 15 items 45% turnover tax. 1/4% turnover.

Precious stones 10% turnover tax. 10% turnover.

Concession 10% turnover tax. 10% turnover.


Government Bill:


671

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Government Bill:


672
Government Bill:

30th July, 1960. 673

పోల్చి, అప్సుమా నిత్యం ఉంటాన్ని ప్రఖ్యాతి చేస్తున్నది. ఇందులో మనం ఉపయోగిస్తున్న సంస్థ నిర్ణయానికి ఉపయోగించిన ఫిలిం సెట్ లోని ఫిలిం సెట్ లో ఉంటుంది.

ఇందులో మనం ఉపయోగిస్తున్న సంస్థ నిర్ణయానికి ఉపయోగించిన ఫిలిం సెట్ లో ఉంటుంది.

ఇందులో మనం ఉపయోగిస్తున్న సంస్థ నిర్ణయానికి ఉపయోగించిన ఫిలిం సెట్ లో ఉంటుంది.

ఇందులో మనం ఉపయోగిస్తున్న సంస్థ నిర్ణయానికి ఉపయోగించిన ఫిలిం సెట్ లో ఉంటుంది.


Government Bill:

674
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 19 3.

Persuasion is the best method. Force is the second best. If the House is divided on a matter, then the minority should consider a score and Ten (100) and accommodation is the best way. Responsible opposition is necessary to keep the Government on its toes.

2201—14
“However, despite all these points of disagreement we have no hesitation to agree that in the course of discussion the majority of the members and particularly the Chairman were accommodative and conceded certain important issues in accordance with the desire of the trade.”

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You mean some traders.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Some traders—not all.

50% accounts have to maintain evasion. Harassment 50% accounts to maintain evasion. The evasion has to maintain evasion. 50% 60% accounts also maintain evasion. Staff accounts have to maintain evasion. Harassment accounts have to maintain evasion. Evasion accounts have to maintain evasion.
Government Bill:

accounts maintain 50% harassment
Checkpost & introduce
re-introduce 

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You should have said it in your speech.
Government Bill: 


(2) S. 1. Status of dealers:—The Bill provides:

(2) A. 11. Status of dealers:—分类和分类的


(2) S. 1. Status of dealers:—The Bill provides:

(2) A. 11. Status of dealers:—分类和分类的

Government Bill:  
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1953.

30th July, 1963. 679

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Government Bill:

600 30th July, 1963.


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600 30th July, 1963.

Government Bill:  


The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax
(Amendment) Bill, 1963.

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வారిముల తాడాలు అమలు చేసిని. మనం
మినమినమి మనం అనేమనం [పరిభాషా]తో కూడా ప్రహరిస్తుంది. 
ఉదాహరణతో స్థానం చేస్తుంది. 
యుగోస్లావియా 
వారిములు యుగోస్లావియా యుగోస్లావియా యుగోస్లావియా యుగోస్లావియా 
1985 నాటికి వారిముల మృత్తం
పారిభాషాతో అధికారం చేస్తుంది. అధికారం పాటిక ద్వారం వలన
భారతీయ పారిభాష ఉపయోగించి బాధా 
ప్రహరిస్తుంది. కొన్ని సమయాలలో సంపాదన | 
నిపుణులు వారిముల నిపుణులు కొన్ని సమయాలలో సంపాదన 
నిపుణులు వారిముల నిపుణులు కొన్ని సమయాలలో సంపాదన 
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నిపుణులు వారిముల నిపుణులు కొన్ని సమయాలలో సంపాదన 

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భారతీయ పారిభాష ఉపయోగించి బాధా 
ప్రహరిస్తుంది. కొన్ని సమయాలలో సంపాదన |
Government Bill:

30th July, 1963. 683

16 Janya sahare shabya. Aham shashtyam bhavami. Saha ruchya
varta amrutam sante parshu bhavami. Shatyai vartam sarvam
bhavati. Apamam varta sarvatva praya.

Final clear jathva. Tax paya evade hanga.

2201-15
government EN:


levy point $\text{working }^{\text{a}}$ definition $\text{double point}$ system $\text{paddy tax}$ decision $\text{evade }^{\text{a}}$ single point $\text{double point}$ $\text{paddy tax}$ definition $\text{single point}$ system $\text{wholesalers}$ $\text{estimate }^{\text{a}}$ $\text{wholesaler}$ $\text{double point}$ $\text{wholesaler}$ $\text{double point}$ definitions $\text{turn over }^{\text{a}}$ $\text{wholesaler}$ $\text{retailer}^{\text{a}}$ $\text{wholesaler}$ $\text{paddy tax}$ $\text{tax }^{\text{a}}$ distribution $\text{wholesaler}$ $\text{concept }^{\text{a}}$ $\text{difference }^{\text{a}}$ $\text{paddy tax}$ $\text{distribution}$ $\text{wholesaler}$ $\text{distribution}$ $\text{wholesaler}$ $\text{distribution}$ $\text{contact}$ $\text{foreign exchange}$ $\text{exempt}$ $\text{tyres}$ $\text{tyres}$ $\text{10 percent}$ $\text{10 percent}$ $\text{proposed}$ $\text{foreign exchange}$ $\text{exempt}$ $\text{tyres}$ $\text{tyres}$ $\text{foreign exchange}$ $\text{exempt}$ $\text{10 percent}$ $\text{10 percent}$ $\text{proposed}$ $\text{10 percent}$ $\text{10 percent}$ $\text{dealers}$ $\text{10 percent}$ $\text{10 percent}$
Government Bill: 30th July, 1953. 685

8 percent to 15 percent. 7% is 8 percent @ 15% is wrong calculation.


The facts have been amended by the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963. The facts have been amended by the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963.

Tyres bought at Rs. 200, half the purchase price of Rs. 500. The dealers trade for 10% of the purchase price of Rs. 500. The dealers' deal is questioned. The dealers, in their trading practices, divert foreign exchange funds, trading principles, and importers. Select Committee investigated. The dealers have investigated the facts. The dealers have been investigated by the Select Committee.

Assessment carried out by the Select Committee. The Select Committee has carried out the assessment. The Select Committee has carried out the assessment.

This is a complaint filed by the Assistant Commercial Tax Officer, Gudividada, against the accused said to be a partner of Messrs Jayapakshmi Rice Oil Mills, Contractors, Angalur.

The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963, contains a contention that the adjustment of amount lying in deposit to the credit of the accused towards the sales tax due for the period October 1958 to March 1959 is both illegal and mischievous. The demand for the period from October 1958 to March 1959 is Rs. 1,150.00, of which a stay order in respect of Rs. 3,000.00 was granted. The balance due and collectable for the period from October is therefore only Rs. 1,150.00.

The demand for the period from October 1958 to March 1959 is Rs. 1,150.00, of which a stay order in respect of Rs. 3,000.00 was granted. The balance due and collectable for the period from October 1958 to March 1959 is Rs. 1,150.00.

The Sales Tax authorities have not only failed to adjust the amount already in deposit but also have persecuted the accused by wrongly charging him with non-payment of the tax, which he had long ago already paid. Such mistakes by the department, i.e., to regularly deal with thousands and lakhs of rupees paid by the Members of the public is by itself unpardonable and when it results in the very parties responsible for the mistake further prosecuting the innocent accused, it becomes all the more reprehensible.
Government Bill:


Government Bill:


Government Bill:

688

Government Bill:


The contents of the bill are as follows:

1. The first schedule includes first purchase of millets.
2. The second schedule includes first sale of millets.
3. The third schedule includes first purchase of millets.
4. The fourth schedule includes first sale of millets.
30th July 1963.

Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment Bill), 1963.
Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1953.


The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1953,


The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1953,


Government Bills:


1 p.m. (The House then adjourned to meet again at 3-30 p.m.)

(The House re-assembled after Luncheon at Half Past Three of the Clock.)

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

(692) 30th July, 1963. Government Bills:


1 p.m. (The House then adjourned to meet again at 3-30 p.m.)

(The House re-assembled after Luncheon at Half Past Three of the Clock.)

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
Government Bill:


693

The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax

It is subject to correction, Sir. It is subject to correction, Sir. It is subject to correction, Sir.

The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax

It is subject to correction, Sir. It is subject to correction, Sir. It is subject to correction, Sir.

The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax

It is subject to correction, Sir. It is subject to correction, Sir. It is subject to correction, Sir.

The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax

It is subject to correction, Sir. It is subject to correction, Sir. It is subject to correction, Sir.
Government Bill:

Consumer price index for low paid employees, 1957 to 1961:
- 1957: 471
- 1958: 471
- 1959: 471
- 1960: 471
- 1961: 471

The index for 1957 was 471, the same as in 1961. The index for 1960 was the same as in 1958 and 1959.
Government Bill:

30th July, 1963

696

...
Government Bill:


Government Bill:


The upward revision of the tax structure and rationalization of the tax structure of luxury goods is recommended. The list of luxury goods includes 28 items and single point levy. Multi-point tax is applicable. Multi-point 2% and single point 1%.

Consumer goods include 23 items and single point levy. Multi-point 2% and single point 1%.

Legal avoidance plug, rice & sugar.

Upward revision of luxury goods 1% additional tax. Consumer goods 2% additional tax. A considerable 6% reduction in the ultimate consumer. 23 items are recommended. 28 items in single point levy. Multi-point 2% and single point 1%.

single point tax burdens on items relief

(i)single point burden tax single point
relief point burden

(ii) One is the consequence of the other. % multi-point
2% single point 21% single point 6% single point
tax relief average 21% burden. Some
articles change hands four times, four times.
Firewood timber double point simple point.
Charcoal, single point single point single point

some details explained. An increase upward to 10% increase simple point.
Review increase in various objects to 5% increase single point.

Averaged sugar cane double point. Charcoal single point.
removal of goods different systems, declared goods, single point, multi
point tax on sugarcane removal. First and second goods or materials
saw. Sandalwood are exempt, sweet toddy, processed saw.

So I do not want to cover the same ground. So I do not want to
harassment or deal item's reply. So I do not want to

2201—17
so-called harassment of the type mentioned earlier, i.e., harassment as defined in Section 2, has been made
subject to the provision that if purchase account turnover is less than 50, then harassment is presumed.

Assessment Department officers are authorized to reduce the turnover figure by 40% if purchase account turnover is less than 50.

Preliminary Amendments:

Amended legislation is assumed to have considerable relief on 52% of assessment department officers. Considering that purchase accounts of the type mentioned earlier, i.e., harassment as defined in Section 2, have been made subject to the provision that if purchase account turnover is less than 50, then harassment is presumed. The same applies to trade unions including the Federations and Chambers of Commerce.

Item by item consideration and item by item view point. Item by item consideration and item by item view point. Item by item consideration and item by item view point. Item by item consideration and item by item view point. Item by item consideration and item by item view point. Item by item consideration and item by item view point. Item by item consideration and item by item view point. Item by item consideration and item by item view point. Item by item consideration and item by item view point.


Sales tax has become almost a technical subject. It is not so easy, Sir, to understand several of the rules and to get into complete touch with the system. It is not a technical subject. It is not so easy, Sir, to understand several of the rules and to get into complete touch with the system.

Deputy Commissioner cadre from the general public, requisite qualifications & degrees appropriate. It is not a technical subject. It is not so easy, Sir, to understand several of the rules and to get into complete touch with the system.

Assistant Commissioner cadre 4th rank 6th Deputy Commissioner cadre, subordinates 6th to 1st rank, Deputy Commissioners to Deputy Commissioners to Day to day administration 6th Deputy Commissioner cadre, subordinates 6th to 1st rank, Deputy Commissioners to Deputy Commissioners to Day to day administration. Assistant Commissioners, Deputy commissioners to revisional jurisdiction Board of Revenue, 6th Deputy Commissioners to jurisdiction High Court 6th to 1st. Assistant Commissioners propose 6th to High Court 6th to 1st. Assistant Commissioners propose 6th to High Court 6th to 1st.

Bonafide
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax
(Amendment) Bill, 1963.

Wilful mistake decide

Wilful mistake decide

Wilful mistake decide

Intrinsic evidence

Wilful mistake decide

Wilful mistake decide

3 categories

Bona fide mistake

Wilful mistake

Only half time.

Habitual offenders

3 times

Indin penal code 2 years, not exceeding 1 year

rate specify

discretion
Government Bill:

30th July, 1963. 703

Mr. Speaker:— I am afraid you are giving greater discretion, Even in cases of willful mistake, he say may it is a bonafide mistake, taking something from the party.

Apart:— I am afraid you are giving greater discretion,

Even in cases of wilful mistake, he say may it is a bonafide mistake, taking something from the party.

Afr. Mr. Speaker:— I am afraid you are giving greater discretion, Even in cases of wilful mistake, he say may it is a bonafide mistake, taking something from the party.

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Afr. Mr. Speaker:— I am afraid you are giving greater discretion, Even in cases of wilful mistake, he say may it is a bonafide mistake, taking something from the party.
“The officer has to make an assessment to the best of the judgment against a person in default; he must not act dishonestly or vindictively or capriciously because he must exercise judgment in the matter; he must make what he honestly believes to be a fair estimate of the proper figure of assessment. For this purpose, he must be able to take into consideration local knowledge and repute in regard to the assessee's circumstances and his own knowledge of the previous returns and assessment of the assessee and all other matters which he thinks will assist him in assessing a fair and proper estimate” it says. I cannot agree with it. It should not be guess work as I have already written. It is of utmost importance that the assessing officer should adhere to the principles referred to above in making best judgment assessment and ensure that their estimates of surplus turnover are fair and reasonable so that the assessees may not be subjected to vexation and put to unnecessary litigation”. But I cannot replace his judgment by my judgment or by another man's judgment. It will be wrong and illegal also.

Mr. Speaker:—By way of penalty. It is appealable.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy: Yes, Sir, penalty is appealable.


Government Bill:

1. Additional tax on liquor.

The limit "sweet toddy" was Rs. 3000 per annum. The limit was increased to Rs. 4000 per annum. Additional tax one-fourth of the turnover was imposed. Turnover of paddy or rice was calculated at market rate. Turnover of liquor, sale or purchase, produced or purchased, evaded or evaded. 4 or 5% errors were not allowed, guess work was not allowed. Paddy or rice turnover was calculated as market rate. Sale or purchase of liquor was also included.

On the other hand, some articles are to be deducted and some are to be added. On the basis of the guess, the additional revenue is estimated to be Rs. 50,000,000. On the other hand, some articles are to be deducted and some are to be added. On the basis of the guess, the additional revenue is estimated to be Rs. 50,000,000. I will be very thankful.

1) Main items: Main items are those items that foresee the main basis.

2) Border districts, lorries evasion: It can be read as a part of my speech. It is a very beautiful speech. It can be read as a part of my speech.

3) Check posts: It is a very beautiful speech. It can be read as a part of my speech.


8 percent, 7 percent

Fibre, rubber, and foreign exchange cover

Foreign exchange cover

Select Committee

Revenue

estimated turn over

Estimated turn over

it is an estimate of the turn over. Officer submits an estimate turn over

Market turn over

sales tax

sales tax

sales tax

sales tax

Correct $20 turn over evade value to assess

considerations. That forms only one item. This consideration production 100 shows business turnover 200 is 100 base conclusion.

I presume that Mr. Lokanatham must have taken the higher cost as 64 or so.

All right conceding it is 30 per cent evasion, 2½ crores is not a small thing. 2½ crores is estimated budget 45 per cent of the Department, 20 60 estimated budget 40 per cent. All right conceding it is 30 per cent evasion.

If an officer acts mala fide, with the Government’s permission, criminal prosecution can always be launched. But we must always protect officers who do things in good faith; otherwise, administration either of sales tax or any other thing, cannot run.
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax
(Amendment) Bill, 1963.

...books are sales tax free. The following books are sales tax free:

Text Books

Religious scriptures

Publications

Exemptions

Tax

10, 20, 30, 50, 100

Relief

Officers

A. C. T. O.

He was suspended.

Disciplinary action

check posts

Government

Committee

bases

...
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Sir, I beg to move.

"That the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963 (as reported by the Select Committee) be circulated for eliciting public opinion”.

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved. (Pause).

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963 (as reported by the Select Committee) be circulated for eliciting public opinion”.

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963 (as reported by the Select Committee) be recommitted to a fresh Select Committee”.

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved. (Pause).

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963 (as reported by the Select Committee) be recommitted to a fresh Select Committee”.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963 (as reported by the Select Committee) be read a second time.”

The motion was adopted.

The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the Clock on Wednesday, the 81st July, 1963.

5.00 P.M.