Monday, the 29th July, 1963.

The House met at Half past nine of the Clock.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

POWERS TO CLASS MAGISTRATES OF NIRMAL AND ARMOOR.

1928—

*2919 Q.—Sri P. Narasa Reddy.—(Nirmal): Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state:

Whether the Government propose to recommend to the High Court of Judicature, Andhra Pradesh, to empower the First Class Magistrates of Nirmal and Armoor, to exercise jurisdiction under Guardian and Wards Act, and matters of Marriage Divorce and such laws as was done by the ex-Hyderabad High Court?

(The Minister for Finance and Co-operation deputised the Chief Minister and answered the question)

The Minister for Finance and Co-operation (Sri K. Brahmamanda Reddy).—No., Sir.

Rules and announcements which are not repugnant to the existing Laws shall remain in force.

J. No. 2100
Oral Answers to Questions.


(a) Hyderabad Laws relating to marriage are no longer in force, Sir. Special enactments like the Hyderabad Marriage Act and Guardian & Wards Act are primarily exercisable by the District Court.

ADDITIONAL RICKSHAW LICENCES GRANTED IN GUNTUR TOWN.

1962—

8697 Q.—Sri K. Nagiah (Guntur).—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the number of additional rickshaw licences that have been granted in Guntur town this year (1962-63); and

(b) the basis on which the licences have been issued?

Sri K. Brahmamanna Reddy. —

(a) 200.

(b) Poverty was urged by the applicants generally for the grant of the licences which were issued on the equitable basis of priority of applications eliminating those who already possessed rickshaw, in their own names or had disposed of rickshaws which stood in their name:

Sri K. Brahmamanna Reddy:—The information is this. Persons to whom licences have been issued include rickshaw drivers also, and no applicant is said to have been granted license for more than one rickshaw.
Mr. Speaker:—The point is that the authorities granting licences are not following the instructions of the Government and Whether a complaint was made and what action Government has taken on the complaint. What is the result of the enquiry?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—There was no enquiry.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—He may kindly write to the Minister concerned.
Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy.—We have not laid down any principles. We have left it to the District Magistrate and The Superintendent of Police to take all relevant factors into consideration and issue licence.

Mr. Speaker.—If you have got any information that one person has been given more than one licence, then certainly you can bring it to the notice of the Government.
Mr. Speaker:—I may tell you something from my knowledge. People are very intelligent. They know how to contravene the rules. When a man wants more than one licence, he will make others to apply. They know how to contravene the rules. At times it will be difficult even for the officer whether he is really in need of it or whether he is doing it on behalf of others. People apply for bus permits. The rule is that one long route permit and 2 short permits should be given. A man who wants more permits gets hold of another nominee. That is how he tries to get over the rules and try to get more permits.

Mr. Speaker:—The question was put by Sri K. Nagayya and Sri V. S. Krishna is asking supplementary. There is nothing to show that Sri V. S. Krishna has sent complaints to the Government. A question could have been sent whether any complaint was sent, what is the result of the enquiry and whether any enquiry has been made. Now as it is, he has not got the information.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Mr. V. S. Krishna does not say that he has sent any complaint. He only says that some petitions have been filed.

Sri V. Sri Krishna: The aggrieved party has sent an application to the Government. I did not send. I want to know the result of the enquiry.

Mr. Speaker:—What is the name of the aggrieved party. When was it sent?
Mr. Speaker:—If on behalf of an association, a complaint has been sent, the Government will enquire into it.

Sri V. Srikrishna:—The Rickshaw Pullers' Association has lodged a complaint.

Mr. Speaker:—If on behalf of an association, a complaint has been sent, the Government will enquire into it.

Sri V. Srikrishna:—The Minister give an assurance. That is alright.

Mr. Speaker:—Now you are saying that on behalf of an Association a complaint has been made. If it is an Association then certainly the Government will take steps to enquire into it.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—This decision was taken on 17-7-1962 according to G. O. Ms. 1311 Home (General Administration) Department dated 17-7-1962.

Q 3. "Is the Hon. Member for W. Ham. (Mr. Asquith):—"Hon. Member for W. Ham. (Mr. Asquith):—I beg to ask the Minister of Labour in the course of this year, every year 10% reduction or total abolition in the course of years. It is the policy decision. The relaxation in the course of years may total abolition. They can take all relevant factors into consideration and issue licences where necessary.

Q 5. "Is the Hon. Member for W. Ham. (Mr. Asquith):—I beg to ask the Minister of Labour in the course of years may total abolition. Every year there is a reduction of 10 percent and in course of years there may be total abolition. They can take all relevant factors into consideration and issue licences where necessary.

Q 6. "Is the Hon. Member for W. Ham. (Mr. Asquith):—I beg to ask the Minister of Labour in the course of years may total abolition. Every year there is a reduction of 10 percent and in course of years there may be total abolition. They can take all relevant factors into consideration and issue licences where necessary.

Q 7. "Is the Hon. Member for W. Ham. (Mr. Asquith):—I beg to ask the Minister of Labour in the course of years may total abolition. Every year there is a reduction of 10 percent and in course of years there may be total abolition. They can take all relevant factors into consideration and issue licences where necessary.

Q 8. "Is the Hon. Member for W. Ham. (Mr. Asquith):—I beg to ask the Minister of Labour in the course of years may total abolition. Every year there is a reduction of 10 percent and in course of years there may be total abolition. They can take all relevant factors into consideration and issue licences where necessary.

Q 9. "Is the Hon. Member for W. Ham. (Mr. Asquith):—I beg to ask the Minister of Labour in the course of years may total abolition. Every year there is a reduction of 10 percent and in course of years there may be total abolition. They can take all relevant factors into consideration and issue licences where necessary.
The previous policy of the Government of India was that rickshaw pulling should be abolished on a phased programme orders were accordingly issued in G. O dated 30-0-1935 for 10 per cent reduction in the number of existing renewals of registration from out of the total number of rickshaws. Subsequently the Government of India reconsidered their decision and left it entirely to the discretion of the State Government to declare their policy with regard to abolition or otherwise of the cycle rickshaws in the light of the conditions obtaining in each State.

The number of inter-caste marriages registered during 1961-62?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:— Nine, Sir.

It is repugnant to the Constitution.
AUTOMATIC TRAFFIC SIGNALS IN HYDERABAD

1981—

*4608 Q.—Sri A. Surjeswara Rao:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Indian Telephones Industries of Bangalore have sent their Engineer to check up the Automatic Traffic Signals at Hyderabad and arrange for its restoration;

(b) Whether the work of widening the roads leading into the crossings at Mozam Jahi Market and Basheer Bagh cross roads to facilitate the above work was completed by the Hyderabad Corporation;

(c) whether the Electricity and Telephone Departments shifted their installation poles back to facilitate the restarting of automatic signals; and

(d) when the automatic traffic signals start working?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) Yes; Sir.

(b) Yes: Sir.

(c) The work is in progress.

(d) These signals would be put to use after conducting trials, with such modifications in their present working system as may be recommended by the Deputy Engineer, Indian Telephone Industries, Bangalore, whose final report is awaited.

Mr. Badarajan:— 10.15. Mr. Deputy Speaker.

Mr. Badarajan:— 10.15. Mr. Deputy Speaker?

Mr. Badarajan:— 10.15. Mr. Deputy Speaker. Action is quickly being taken.
Sri K. Brahmamanda Reddy:— The Deputy Engineer, Indian Telephones, Mr. Varadarajan, visited Hyderabad and had discussions on 1-5-1963. The discussions mainly centered round possible gaps to be adopted to reduce the time-scale. ... It is not as if the Government ignored it; Government have taken action after the question was put in the Assembly.

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES AT MALCHALMA VILLAGE

1982—

*8378 Q.—Sri Ramachandra Rao Desphande (Narayankhed).— Will the hon. Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) how many Co-operative societies are there at Malachalam village of Zahirabad taluk, Medak district;

(b) how many of them are functioning;

(c) what are the reasons for non-functioning other societies;

(d) whether any action is proposed to be taken to make them function properly or to liquidate them?

Sri K. Brahmamanda Reddy:—

(a) There are two Co-operative Credit Societies.

(b) One Society is functioning and the other is dormant since the last several years.

(c) The Society is not functioning as the Members are not interested in its affairs. The members did not repay their dues to the Society, and the Society in turn did not apply for fresh loan.

(d) The Registrar is taking steps to review it, and, if that is not possible, to liquidate it.

Sri Ramachandra Rao Desphande:— Want is the amount involved in the said defunct society, as just now mentioned by the hon. Minister?

Sri K. Brahmamanda Reddy:— The society owes an amount of Rs. 2,578 under principal and Rs. 2,448 under normal loans. These loans were sanctioned prior to the reorganisation of the States.

We must try to revive them; if not possible we have to
MARKETING SOCIETY AT ZAHIRABAD

1983—

*3579 Q.—Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande:—Will the hon. Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that there is misappropriation of funds in the Marketing Society at Zahirabad;

(b) whether the Government got the accounts of the Marketing Society, Zahirabad, Medak District audited; and

(c) if not, whether they propose to have the same now?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) The answer is in the negative.

(b) & (c) The accounts of the Society for the year ending 30-6-1981 were audited; and audit certificate was issued by the District Co-operative Audit Officer, Sangareddy. The audit of the accounts of the Society for the year ending 30-6-1982 has also been taken up and the audit is said to be in progress.

Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande.—Are the Government aware of the fact that there are complaints regarding misappropriation of funds in the case of sales societies, and if so, what is the action being taken?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy.—The Deputy Registrar, Sangareddy, has reported that so far no misappropriation of funds in the Zaheerabad Marketing Society has come to his notice.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNDS IN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY OF KATHAVAPADU.

1984—

*3589-Q.—Sri V. Satyanarayana:—Will the hon. Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the President, Co-operative Credit Society of Kathavapadu, Penugonda Firkka, Tanuku taluk, West Godavari district, has misappropriated this year an amount of Rs. 80,000 which was to be deposited in the Central Bank; and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government against him?
(a) As per the records of the society an amount of Rs. 28,844.46 being the cash balance which should have been deposited into Central Bank has not been remitted by the President and it is reported that he is evading to remit the amount.

(b) The Deputy Registrar, Bhimavaram, ordered an enquiry under section 88 of the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Co-operative Societies Act, 1982, into the working of the Society and the enquiry is in progress. After the enquiry is over, necessary action will be taken by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies against the delinquent.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

That person was not there.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—He is absconding. He has to be traced. All steps will be taken to trace him.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Dates are March 1963. But he has misused the funds for his personal ends in 1963. I think only one date was reported. The fact of misappropriation of funds of the society by the President was reported to the Registrar of Co-operative Societies on 25-3-1963.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy: I thank the hon. Member for the information. If that gentlemen is available, very, very active steps will be taken.
Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy (Midthur).—May we know the name of the gentleman?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—Unfortunately, I have not got the name, Sir. But he is the President of the society.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNDS IN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY OF KOMMARA VILLAGE.

1935—

*3592-Q.—Sri V. Saiynarayana:—Will the hon. Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the President of the Co-operative Credit Society of Kommara village, Tanuku taluk, West Godavari district has misappropriated an amount of one lakh rupees which was to be deposited in to the Central Bank; and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government thereon?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Immediately on receipt of information that the President absconded with the cash, an enquiry under section 38 of the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Co-operative Societies Act was ordered by the Deputy Registrar, Bhimavaram. The Superintendent of Police, Eluru was also addressed by the Deputy Registrar to apprehend the delinquent. As there was a Prima facie case against the delinquent, a criminal prosecution has been launched against him in the Munsif Magistrate's Court, Tanuku. The Registrar of Co-operative Societies is also taking steps to cancel the registration of the society and to enforce unlimited liability against the members of the society to realise the amount misappropriated.
Oral Answers to Questions

Sri G. Ramakrishna Reddy:—The information is that he has no immovable property. His movable properties are worth only Rs. 13 or 14,000. The attach.

Sri R. Venkataramaiya Reddy:—The Secretary of the Bank accounts operate in the case of Rs. 250,000?

Sri G. Bhavani Murthy:—This is the co-operative credit society of one village, Kommara village, Tanku taluk. Rs. 66,000 loans.

Sri G. Srinivasa Rao:—In these property attachments, members cannot misappropriate unlimited liability?

Sri G. Srinivasa Rao:—The co-operative credit society of one village, Kommara village, Tanku taluk. Rs. 66,000 loans.

Sri G. Srinivasa Rao:—Cars Rs. 66,000. misappropriation?

Sri G. Srinivasa Rao:—Cars Rs. 66,000. misappropriation.

Sri G. Srinivasa Rao:—West Godavari Central Bank Rs. 66,000 over dues.
Oral Answers to Questions. 29th July, 1963. 441

Mr. T. R. Venkateswarlu:—Sir, is it true that the working capital of the business is being collected over dues?

Mr. T. R. Venkateswarlu:—Sir, in the case of pre-vocational instructors, the system of loaning is 12 months only. Intensive agricultural programme is being undertaken with 2 years' medium loans and 3 years' short loans. Effective steps are being taken to collect the amount. I think it is inalienable. I do not know; the legal department will have to consider it.

PAY SCALES TO THE PRE-VOCATIONAL INSTRUCTORS

1986—

*519 (2224)Q.—Sri P. Seshavataram (Narasapur):—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the pay scales implemented with effect from 1st November 1958 have been fixed and shown separately in the case of pre-vocational Instructors and Music and Weaving Instructors working in the Higher Elementary Schools;

(b) the special reasons, if any, for designating the Weaving Instructors in Andhra and Telangana separately; and

(c) the reason why the instructors are not designated according to the nature of their work and whether any action will be taken thereto.

The Minister for Education (P. V. G. Raju):—

(a) No Sir, they have not been fixed and shown separately as Music Instructors, Weaving Instructors, etc., but they have been fixed and shown as "Pre-Vocational Instructors" only.
There are no posts of pre-Vocational Instructors in Telangana. In the Andhra Area all the posts of Instructors including Weaving Instructors are referred to by a common designation (i.e.,) Per-Vocational Instructors.

There are altogether 85 subjects recognised for pre-vocational according to the nature of work. By experience it is found that designating all the posts by a common term “Pre-Vocational Instructors” is simple and practical. There is, therefore, no proposal to modify the present practice.

Sri P. V. G. Raju:—I do not have any information about different scales of pay as mentioned by the hon. Member. The scale of pay as I carry with me, for pre-vocational Instructors is Rs. 30-1-40-2-60, if they are proficient in pre-vocational subjects and possess general educational qualification. Rs. 30 per month is the scale of pay that is being paid. That there is variation between the scales of pay between categories from one school to another, I do not have information.

Sri P. V. G. Raju:—I want notice because the question pertains to something different. I have answered the question.
Mr. Speaker:—He says he has already written to you.

Sri P. V. G. Raju:—I do not know when he wrote to me. I do not carry the information with me.

Mr. Speaker:—why was there so much delay.

Sri P. V. G. Raju: They are non-trained teachers. This is about ten years ago. Therefore, possibly they were not on the register. That is the reason why they were not paid.

Mr. Speaker:—This is an agency school. I will have to make enquiries.

MARATHI MEDIUM CLASSES IN THE PRIMARY SCHOOLS IN MEDAK DISTRICT

1988—2856 (Z) Q—Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for not making any arrangements for the education of children in the primary schools through the medium of Marathi
in schools in villages and taluk headquarters of Narayanakhd, Medak district, in spite of repeated representations, made to the Government at all levels; and

(b) when necessary orders will be issued to the authorities in this regard?

**Sri P. V. G. Raju:**

(a) No demand or representation is reported to have been made in this regard from the parents of the children having Marathi as their mother tongue to open Marathi Medium of classes in the schools in the villages which are not having such arrangements.

(b) Does not arise.

**Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande:**—No doubt, there might not have been applications or representations on behalf of individual parents or guardians. But was there not also a representation on behalf of the representative of the entire constituency that a number of villages require that particular arrangement. If so, what is the action taken, because I have personally represented the matter a number of times?

**Sri P. V. G. Raju:**

There is a minimum rule requirement that there is strength for separate section for any minority language, automatically we are providing minority language schools. No definite complaint has been made. Mr. Deshpande says that he himself has brought the thing to my notice. Wherever a demand has been there for putting up a school either Oriya, or Marathi or Tamil, we are automatically putting it. I do not know why he is making this complaint now. He may point out in which village a school is required and whether there is sufficient strength or not. I think the section must be 20 minimum. If there are 20 boys and the school is required in a village, automatically I assure him that provision for school would be made.

**Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande:**—There is not only a single village but there are more than 25 villages in the constituency which require that particular arrangement. Moreover, I may draw the attention of the House and of the hon. Minister through you that the Central Government has very clearly laid down a policy that the minority protection will be guaranteed. Not only that, the position which was in 1936 will be maintained at any cost and there is a G.O. to that effect of the Department in 1962 September, How far is it implemented?

**Sri P. V. G. Raju:**—I think, hon. member is confusing between 26 villages and the demand for the school. Obviously I do not think the hon. Member means that we should have 26 schools in all the 26 villages. In the whole of the 26 villages, are we providing for teaching the minority language: that is the question here. The information with me is that there has been no complaints from any quarter that we are not providing for any minority language. If for these 26 villages, there are any primary schools in the area which should be exclusively reserved for teaching of Marathi naturally I will do it. hon. Member may bring it to my attention. I have given him the assurance on the floor of the House,
DIET EXPENSES TO T.B. PATIENTS IN T.B. SANITORIA

1989—

2886 Q.—Sarvasri A. Ramachandra Reddy and S. Vemayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

the amount of money being sanctioned by the Government for each T.B. patient per day towards the expenditure on diet like fruits, milk, eggs, and meat in T.B. Sanatoria at Yerragadda, Hyderabad; Mangalagiri, Guntur district; Madanapalli and Anantagiri?

The Minister for Health and Medical (Sri Y. Sivarana Prasad):—An amount of Rs. 1.50 per day per patient is allowed in Government T.B. Sanatoria at Yerragadda, Mangalagiri and Anantagiri for the T.B. patients.

The T.B. Sanatorium at Madanapalli is a private institution. The Sanatorium authorities are allowing a sum of Rs. 1.15 nP. per day per patient for the purpose.

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29th July, 1963. Oral Answers to Questions

Q. 1. What specific information is required?

Q. 2. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 3. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 4. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 5. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 6. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 7. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 8. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 9. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 10. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 11. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 12. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 13. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 14. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 15. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 16. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 17. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 18. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 19. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 20. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 21. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 22. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 23. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 24. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 25. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 26. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 27. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 28. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 29. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

Q. 30. What specific contractors are involved in supplying food to hospitals? Authority or contractor?

MODEL INSTITUTE FOR DIPLOMA IN PHARMACY AT VIZAG AND CARDIAC SURGERY AT OSMANIA HOSPITAL.

1940—

*8326 Q.—Sri A. Sarveswara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether model institute for diploma in Pharmacy and Clinical Radio-Isotope laboratory at Visakhapatnam and the department of Cardiac Surgery at the Osmania General Hospital were established; and

(b) if not, the steps taken by the Government so far for establishing them?

Sri Y. Sivarama Prasad:—

(a) and (b) The department of Cardiac Surgery at the Osmania General Hospital, Hyderabad has been established in February, 1963.

The schemes for the establishment of a Model Institute for Diploma in Pharmacy and a Clinical Radio Isotope Laboratory at Visakhapatnam could not be implemented for want of adequate plan provision during 1961-64.

DELAY IN PRINTING OF 'PADI PANTALU'

1941—

*1993 (2262-Z) Q.—Sri Ch. Gangi Setti (Allavaram):—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government Printing Press is not in a position to print the 'Padi Pantalu' in time, and the January, 1962 issue of this Telugu Agricultural Magazine published by the Director of Agriculture has been printed only now, nearly after five months; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons for such delay?

[The Minister for Health and Medical deputised the Minister for Industries and answered the Questions.]

Sri Y. Sivarama Prasad:—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Shortage of paper required, General Elections work are the main reasons for the delay.

Orai Answers to Questions.

(a) The amount allotted by the Government to the Leather Board for the year 1961-62 was Rs. 6,00,000.

(b) A total amount of Rs. 7,026.04 was spent by the Ad-hoc Leather Board up to the end of 1962.

(c) The above amount was spent towards the salaries, D.A. and T.A. of the skeleton staff sanctioned by the Government to work in the Office of the Ad-hoc Leather Board and T.A. to the Members of the Board for attending meetings.

(d) The expenditure incurred towards the salaries, T.A. and D.A., of the members of the said Board during 1961-62 was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount (Rs.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Salaries</td>
<td>1,057.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. T.A. &amp; O.C.A.</td>
<td>2,701.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. D.A.</td>
<td>419.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Contingencies:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Purchase of furniture</td>
<td>2,880.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Office Miscellaneous Expenditure</td>
<td>17.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>7,026.04</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Minister for Health and Medical deputised the Minister for Industries and answered the Questions.
Sri Y. Siva Rama Prasad:—The above Committee submitted a master plan containing necessary programme and recommendation for over-all development of the leather industry of the State of Andhra Pradesh. The plan envisages the constitution of a statutory Leather Board. In view of the timelag in finalising the necessary legislation for the constitution of the statutory Leather Board, in consultation with the Government of India, the Government constituted an adhoc Leather Board. The Adhoc Leather Board had six meetings till the end of March 1962 and considered the issues pertaining to the development of the leather industry in the State on a priority basis. The Adhoc Leather Board has since been reconstituted as an Advisory Board.

COIR INDUSTRY

1943—

*4187 Q.—Sri P. Gunananda:—(Put by Sri B. Sreerama Murthy) (Vizianagaram):—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Coir Industries in Srikakulam and Visakhapatnam districts; and

(b) the Revenue derived and expenditure incurred by the Government on the said Industries during 1962-63?

Sri Y. Sivarama Prasad:—

(a) The following are the Departmental Coir Industrial Schemes functioning in Srikakulam district:

1. Government Coir Industrial Training School, Baruva, Srikakulam district.

2. Coir Production Wing attached to the Government Coir Industrial Training School, Baruva.

3. Scheme for the manufacture of Bristle and Mattress Fiber Unit, Srikakulam.

No Coir Industries Schemes have been Established in Visakhapatnam district.

(b) During 1962-63 a sum of Rs. 41,000 has been incurred on these schemes, and receipts credited to the Government amount to Rs. 4,000.
FOREST PRODUCE IN PHADRAGIRI BLOCK

*674 (2585) Q.—Sri P. Gunna yog (Put by Sri B. Sreerama Murthy) :—Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) the value of the forest produce purchased by the Tribal Corporation from the Tribal people, in Phadrugiri Block of Parvathipuram taluk, Srikakulam district during 1961-62; and

(b) the amount of profit derived thereby?

The Minister for Excise and Prohibition Sri (M. R. Appa Rao):—

(a) Rs. 3,89,143.

(b) Gross profit of approximately Rs. 3,810 is reported to have been worked but the figures mentioned above are tentative as the audit for the 1961-62 has not been completed and therefore the figures given are subject to revision after the audit is completed.

* Q. No. 1943 (*2959)

DONATION OF LAND TO MARY STELLA COLLEGE, VIJAYAWADA

1946—

*3931 Q.—Sri T. V. S. Chalapati Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the former Special Officer of Vijayawada Municipality donated a plot of ten acres of land to Mary Stella College for Girls;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the said land was acquired by a loan from the Government specifically granted for the purpose of acquiring land to grant free house sites to Harijans;

(i) if so, is the action of the Special Officer in order;

(ii) if not, what action Government propose to take against the said Special Officer; and

(c) in view of the donation, will the Government be pleased to write off the loan due from the Municipality?

The Minister for Municipal Administration (Sri A. Venkataramaiah):—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) The answer is in the affirmative.

(c) The answer is in the affirmative.

(d) Does not arise.

(c) The answer is in the negative.

* Not put and not answered in the House. Hence the question and answer are included in the proceedings at the end of the Question Hour.
Oral Answers to Questions. 27th July, 1963. 451

1) (a) Yes, Sir;
(b) It is being published in four languages namely Telugu, English, Urdu and Hindi.

2) (a) Yes, Sir.
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) Yes, Sir.
(d) Yes, Sir.
(e) Yes, Sir.

3) Will the hon. Minister for Religious and Charitable Endowments be pleased to state:
(a) whether it is a fact that the Government are publishing a news Bulletin 'Podupu';
(b) in what languages it is being published;
(c) how many copies, in all languages are printed;
(d) whether it is distributed free to all; and
(e) the amount of expenditure incurred on this till now?

[The hon. Minister for Agriculture deputised the Minister for Religious and Charitable Endowments and answered the question]

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri A. Balaram Radd) :—(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) It is being published in four languages namely Telugu, English, Urdu and Hindi.

PUBLICATION OF 'Podupu' News Bulletin

1947—

*4463 Q.—Sri A.P. Vajravelu Chetti (Kumpan) :—Will the hon. Minister for Religious and Charitable Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government are publishing a news Bulletin 'Podupu';

(b) in what languages it is being published;

(c) how many copies, in all languages are printed;

(d) whether it is distributed free to all; and

(e) the amount of expenditure incurred on this till now?
About 80,000 copies in total in the above four languages as per the need.

Yes, Sir.

Rs. 84,485.48 nP. during 1961-62 and Rs. 86,616.64 nP. during 1962-63 were spent towards the publication.

REVISED PAY SCALES TO THE STAFF IN THE CERAMIC FACTORY, GUDUR, ETC.,

*1978 (2121-R) Q.—Sri Vavula Gopalakrishnayya:— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the revised scales are applicable to the Ministerial and technical staff working in the Government Ceramic Factory, Gudur, Andhra Paper Mills, Rajahmundry and Government Block Glass Works, Gudur, and the like institutions;

(b) if so, from which date they will come into effect; and

(c) whether the Government received any clarification from the Government of India to the effect that the personnel working in Government factories will not come under the purview of the Industrial employees?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) 1-11-1958.

(c) No, Sir.

Licences to the new industries

*2385 Q.—Sri A. Sarweshwar Rao:—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the names of companies and individuals that were given licences for starting new industries in the year 1959-60, 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63;

(b) the names of Companies and individuals that have not started the respective industries within the scheduled time; and

(c) the action taken by the Government thereon?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) A statement showing the licences granted by the Government of India to entrepreneurs in the State from 1959 to end of 1962, is placed on the table of the House.

(b) None of the licences could start the industries within the scheduled time stipulated in the licence.

(c) Unless the extensions in the period of licences applied for are not justified, the Government invariably recommended for grant of necessary extension in the period of the licence.
### Statement showing the Licences granted during 1959-60.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No.</th>
<th>Name and address of the undertaking.</th>
<th>Date of Licence</th>
<th>Location.</th>
<th>Capacity and products.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Sri C. Rambhupal Reddy, Kurnool</td>
<td>21-9-1959</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>1,500 Tons per annum of laminated springs and 300 tons per annum of coil springs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>M/s. Hyderabad Laminated Products,</td>
<td>19-10-1959</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>1,600 tons per annum of Phenolic Resins, 600 tons per annum of phenolic moulding powders. 600 tons per annum of Polystir Resins.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hyderabad.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>M/s. Biological Products, Ltd.,Hyderabad.</td>
<td>4-10-1959</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>1. 19,200 Kgs. per annum of Pepsin. 2. 8,000 Kgs. per annum of peptone. 3. 36,000 Kgs. per annum of pancreatin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>M/s. Hyderabad Allwyn Metal Works,</td>
<td>2-6-1959</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>2,400 tons per annum of enamelled products and refrigerator parts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ltd., Hyderabad.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>M/s. Hyderabad Asbestos Cement Pro-</td>
<td>12-10-1959</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>80,000 tons per annum to 60,000 tons per annum of Asbestos Cement Sheet Pipes and fittings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ducts, Hyderabad.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>M/s. Aryan Industries, Ltd.</td>
<td>5-10-1959</td>
<td>Secunderabad</td>
<td>15,000 tons per annum of Oil Cake.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,800 to 2,250 tons per annum of Superphosphate.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,400 to 6,750 tons per annum of complete fertilisers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>M/s. Andhra Sugars Ltd., &quot;Mallapudi Mahal,&quot; Hyderabad</td>
<td>28-4-1959</td>
<td>Kothagudem</td>
<td>1,92,000 tons per annum of Urea.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>M/s. Chirala Co-operative Spinning Mills, Chirala, Guntur District</td>
<td>14-4-1959</td>
<td>Chirala</td>
<td>12,000 Spindles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>M/s. Andhra Sugars Ltd., Tanuku, West Godavari District</td>
<td>22-10-1959</td>
<td>Tanuku</td>
<td>1,030 tons per annum of Acetic Acid and 720 tons per annum of Acetic Anhydride.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
15. M/s. Chaday Appa Rao Engineering Works 29-12-1959 Kakinada
   Kakinada. 860 tons per annum of Structural.

16. M/s. Tandava Co-operative Agricultural 26-10-1959 Payakaraopet
    & Industrial Society, Ltd., Tuni, East
    Godavari District. 500 tons per annum of cane crushing.

    nool. 900 tons per annum of Tin containers.

18. M/s. Hyderabad Allwyn Metal Works, 8- 6-1959 Hyderabad
    Hyderabad. 300 Nos. per annum of Metal Cutting B and
    Saw Machines.

19. Do. 11- 5-1959 Do. 2,000 Nos. per annum of Washing Machines.

20 M/s. Biological Products, Ltd., Hyderabad. 21 41959 Do.
    Liver Extracts and Glycerophosphates.

**STATEMENT SHOWING THE LICENCES GRANTED DURING 1960-61.**

   3,000 Tons per annum of Steel Castings.

   Delhi. 2,000 tons per annum of steel wire and one
   million pieces per annum of B.B.S. sheet
   castings.

   2,000 tons per annum of A.C.S.R. Conductors.

   bad. 1 lac Nos. per annum of sealed units for
   refrigerators.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Company Name</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Product Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>M/s. Krishi Engines Private Ltd., Secunderabad</td>
<td>16-10-1960</td>
<td>Secunderabad</td>
<td>3,000 Nos. per annum of Kerosine Engines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>M/s. East Asiatic Co., Ltd., Bombay</td>
<td>16-6-1960</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>24,000 Nos. per annum of power tillers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>M/s. Alluminium Industries Ltd., Kundara, Kerala State</td>
<td>12-10-1960</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>5 million core yards per annum of P.V.C Cables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>M/s. Talasmia Enterprisers Ltd., Bombay</td>
<td>18-10-1960</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>21,000 tons per annum of rice Bran Oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>M/s. Hyderabad Laminated Products Ltd., Secunderabad</td>
<td>21-8-1960</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>1. 600 tons to 1,400 tons per annum Laminated Plastics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. 570 tons to 1,840 tons per annum of Phenolic Resins.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>M/s. Biological Products Ltd., Hyderabad</td>
<td>3-2-1960</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>6,000 Kgs. per annum dextran powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>18-10-1960</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>2,000 Kgs., per annum of Alkaloids.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>3-5-1960</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>1,600 mega units per annum of Heparin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>10-12-1960</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>8,000 liters per annum of dextran injections and Arsenic Acid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Company Name and Address</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>City</td>
<td>Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>M/s. Hyderabad Allwyn Metal Works, Hyderabad</td>
<td>30-7-1960</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>4,800 to 10,000 Nos. per annum of domestic refrigerators.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>2. 1,200 tons per annum of Malleable castings pipes and fittings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>M/s. Barium Chemicals, New Delhi</td>
<td>24-3-1960</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>14,650 tons per annum of Barim Salts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>4-1960</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>2,964 tons per annum of Caustic Soda and 2,120 tons per annum of Chlorine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>M/s. Jay Bharat Industrial Corporation Ltd., Calcutta</td>
<td>9-11-1960</td>
<td>Guntakal</td>
<td>2,100 tons per annum of Oil Cake.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>M/s. Tungabhadra Industries Ltd., Kurnool</td>
<td>11-7-1960</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>30,000 tons per annum of rice bran.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>M/s. Alimchand Topandas Oil Mills Ltd., Kurnool District</td>
<td>4-4-1960</td>
<td>Adoni</td>
<td>15,000 tons per annum of Oil Cake.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>M/s. Adoni Fertilisers Private Ltd., Adoni, Kurnool District</td>
<td>30-12-1960</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>22,500 tons per annum of cotton seek cake.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>M/s. Panyam Cements &amp; Mineral Industries Ltd., Bethamcherla</td>
<td>5-11-1960</td>
<td>Betchamcherla</td>
<td>66,000 tons 98,000 tons per annum of cement.</td>
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<tr>
<td>27.</td>
<td>M/s. East Coast Flour Mills, Tadepalli, Guntur District.</td>
<td>11-8-1960</td>
<td>Tadepalli.</td>
<td>36,000 tons per annum of Wheat Products.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28.</td>
<td>M/s. Andhra Sugars Ltd., Tanuku, West Godavari District.</td>
<td>3-8-1960</td>
<td>Kovvur.</td>
<td>19,900 tons per annum of caustic soda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.6,800 tons per annum of Hydrochloric Acid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.</td>
<td>M/s. Andhra Paper Mills, Rajahmundry.</td>
<td>10-10-1960</td>
<td>Rajahmundry</td>
<td>50 tons per day of Wrapping &amp; Printing Paper &amp; 50 tons per day of pulp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32.</td>
<td>M/s. Arun General Industries Ltd., Calcutta.</td>
<td>8-10-1960</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>8,600 tons per annum of Jute twine and rope.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
34. Sri S. N. Khaitan, Calcutta. 23-3-1960 Visakhapatnam. 6,000 tons per annum of Hard Board.

35. M/s. Indian Commerce & Industries Co. (P) Ltd., Madras. 30-3-1960 Rama Varappadu. 1,800 tons per annum of M. S. Pipes and 2,300 tons per annum of Agricultural Implements.


1. M/s. Jay Engineering Works Ltd., Secunderabad. 21-3-1961 Hyderabad. 11 acres Nos. per annum sewing machinery

2. M/s. Indian Detonators Ltd., Delhi. 7-1-1961 Do. 88 Million Nos. per annum detonators.

3. M/s. T. H. Gangappa & Sons, Hyderabad. 7-4-1961 Do. 1,500 T. per annum of writing and printing paper.

4. M/s. Biological Products Ltd., Hyderabad. 3-2-1960 Do. 6,000 Kgs. per annum of decrater power.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Name of the Firm / Entity</th>
<th>Date(s)</th>
<th>Place(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>29-11-1961</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>6-12-1961</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>M/s. Tungabhadra Industries Ltd., Kurnool</td>
<td>4-11-1961</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>M/s. Thirupathi Cotton Mills, Renigunta, Chittoor district.</td>
<td>28-5-1961</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>28-10-1961</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 22. | M/s. Indian Commerce and Industries Private Ltd., Madras | 22-8-1961 | }
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th>(3)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24. M/s. Andhra Sugars Ltd., Tanuku, West Godavari district.</td>
<td>7-8-1961 Tanuku</td>
<td>1,000 tons to 15,000 T. P. D. of cane crushing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25. Do.</td>
<td>9-3-1961 Do.</td>
<td>600 T. per annum of Chloro acetic Acid.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(2) 150 T. per annum of Chlordane.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(3) 50 T. per annum of Heptachlor.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. M/s. Andhra Sugars Ltd., Januku, West Godavari district.</td>
<td>21-6-1961 Tanuku</td>
<td>2,250 T. per annum of acetative flakes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29. M/s. Jeypore Sugar Co., Chagallu, West Godavari district.</td>
<td>31-7-1961 Chagallu</td>
<td>1,800 T. per annum dried food yeast.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30. M/s. Foods, Fats and Fertilizers Private Ltd., Tadepalligudem, West Godavari district.</td>
<td>6-8-1961 Tadepalligudem</td>
<td>1,600 T. per annum of mixed fertilizers.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
32. M/s. Akkamamba Textiles Ltd., Tanuku, West Godavari district. 30-11-1961 Tanuku 6,000 spindles.
34. M/s. Kirlampudi Sugar Mills Ltd., Pittapuram. 3-8-1961 Pittapuram 1,000 to 1,300 T. P. D. of cane crushing.
35. M/s. Sarvarava Textiles Ltd., Kakinada, West Godavari district. 30-11-1961 Kakinada 6,000 spindles.
36. M/s. Sri Rama Sugars and Industries Ltd., Bobbili, Srikakulam district. 16-10-1961 Bobbili 3 lakhs gallons per annum of Tinctures.
39. Do. 15-6-1961 Visakhapatnam 1,50,000 K. V. A. per annum of transformers and Rs. 66 lakhs worth per annum of switch gear.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>M/s. Shri Ram Mills Ltd., Bombay</td>
<td>15-2-1961</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>(1) 10,000 T. per annum of styrene monomer. (2) 7,500 T. per annum of polystyrene.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>M/s. East Anglia Plastics India Ltd., Calcutta</td>
<td>3-6-1961</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>24,000 T. per annum acetate flates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>M/s. Andhra Steel Corporation Private Ltd., Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>29-3-1961</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>1,800 T. per annum of steel structural.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>M/s. Mittal and Sons, Calcutta</td>
<td>10-4-1961</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>4,800 T. per annum of steel billets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>M/s. Shri Ram Mills Ltd., Bombay</td>
<td>26-10-1961</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>1.5 million gallons per annum of alcohol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>Sri S. C. Bose, Bombay</td>
<td>21-11-1961</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td>(1) 42 lakhs pairs per annum of gum boots (2) 18 lakhs Nos. per annum of leather-components.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>M/s. V. V. S. Sugars Chagallu, West Godavari Godavari district</td>
<td>31-7-1961 Chalgallu</td>
<td>1,800 T. P. A. of Food Yeast.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>M/s. Sri Sarvaraya Sugars Ltd., Chelluru, East Godavari district</td>
<td>19-6-1961 Chelluru</td>
<td>Do</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Company Name</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
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<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>M/s. Scientific Engineering House, Hyderabad.</td>
<td>1-8-1961</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>Rs. 6.15 lakhs worth per annum of surveying instruments.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**STATEMENT SHOWING THE LICENCES GRANTED FOR THE YEAR 1962—1968.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Company Name</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>M/s Biological Products Ltd., Hyderabad</td>
<td>15-2-1962</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>830 Kgs. per annum of Iso-Nicoinic Acid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>M/s Indian Drugs and Pharmaceuticals Ltd., New Delhi.</td>
<td>9-8-1962</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>510 T. per annum of sulphur drugs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>M/s Raghunath Metal Industries</td>
<td>3-8-1962</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>(1) 3,50,000 nos. per annum of screw taps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(2) 2,50,000 nos. per annum of adjustable tap wrenches.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(3) 2,50,000 nos. per annum of Dies.</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>(4) 2,50,000 nos. pr annum of die holders.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>M/s Kamani Brothers Pvt. Ltd., Bombay</td>
<td>15-2-1962</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>4,000 tons per annum of transmission towers, 4000 tons per annum of struch churals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>M/s Siri Pharma, Vijayawada</td>
<td>4-4-1962</td>
<td>Vijayawada</td>
<td>144 tons per annum of malted milk food.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>M/s Sarvaraya Sugars Ltd., Chelluru, E. G. District.</td>
<td>8-8-1962</td>
<td>Chelluru</td>
<td>4,80,000 glass. per annum of Industrial Alcohol and 600 tons per annum of acetone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>8-5-1962</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>6000 Tons per annum of Box strappings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>M/s Thirupathi Cotton Mills, Renigunta Chittoor District.</td>
<td>24-8-1962</td>
<td>Renegunta.</td>
<td>12,000 spindles to 21,000 spindles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>M/s Foods, Fats and Fertilizers Private Ltd., Tadepalligudem, W.G. District.</td>
<td>8-1-1962</td>
<td>Tadepalligudem</td>
<td>600 tons per annum of malted milk food</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Sri N. P. Chengakarga Naihu Chittoor</td>
<td>22-5-1962</td>
<td>Chittoor District.</td>
<td>12,000 spindles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Location</td>
<td>District</td>
<td>Spindles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Sri V.S. Sivalingam, Chittoor, Madras</td>
<td>Madras</td>
<td>Nellore District</td>
<td>12,000 spindles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Sri T.G. Naidu, Hyderabad</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Sri J. Kamalchurna Rao, Hyderabad</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Sri V. Krishna Prasad, Hyderabad</td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>Anantapur District.</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.</td>
<td>M/s Biological Products Ltd., Hyderabad</td>
<td>30-6-1962, Do.</td>
<td>10 tons per annum of D.D.S.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(2) Chemical plant and Machinery (Capacity not fixed)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32.</td>
<td>M/s Sri Ramadas Motor Transport Private Ltd., Kakinada</td>
<td>28-2-1962, Kakinada.</td>
<td>15 tons per month of Bus-Lorry and Station Wagon Bodies.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33.</td>
<td>M/s Tungabhadra Industries Limited, Kurnool.</td>
<td>29-8-1962, Kurnool</td>
<td>860 tons per annum of Glycerine.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34.</td>
<td>M/s Hyderabad Laminated Products Ltd., Hyderabad.</td>
<td>17-10-1962, Hyderabad.</td>
<td>1,800 tons per annum of phenolic and melamine laminates sheets; rods and tubes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35.</td>
<td>M/s Sri Satyanarayana Spinning Mills, Rajahmundry.</td>
<td>20-8-1962, Rajahmundry.</td>
<td>7000 spindles.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36.</td>
<td>M/s Singare Collieries Co., Hyderabad</td>
<td>15-2-1932, Kothagudem.</td>
<td>2.65 millon tons per annum of coal.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
87. M/s Caltex Oil Refining (India Ltd.) Bombay.

88. M/s Indian Detonators Ltd., Hyderabad

89. M/s Hyderabad Chemicals and Pharmaceuticals Works Ltd., Hyderabad.

40. M/s Andhra Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation Ltd. Hyderabad.

41. M/s N.B. Vakil and C.C. Desai, Bombay

42. M/s Kalinga Industries Ltd., Calcutta.


11-12-1962 Visakhapatnam

(1) 5400 tons per annum of petroleum Naphtha.

(2) 2400 tons per annum of liquid petroleum gas.

4-5-1962 Hyderabad.

20 Million feet per annum of detonating fuse.

24-4-1962 do

(1) 1500 Kgs. per month of Benzyl chloride.

(2) 7000 Kgs. per month of benzyl acetate.

(3) 2500 Kgs. per month of benzyl benzoate.

(4) 3500 Kgs. per month of Benzyl alcohol.

(5) 1500 Kgs. per month of phenyl Ethyl Alcohol.

26-11-1962 Do.

(1) 1920 tons per annum of H.T. Insulators.

(2) 48 tons per annum of L.T. Insulators.

2-8-1962 do

463 T. per annum of Beta picoline, Pyridine etc.

16-8-1962 Yellandu Khammam District.

1 lac. tons per annum of pig iron.

7-4-1962 Secunderabad

(1) 200 nos. per annum of Tool and cutter grinding machines.

(2) 240 nos. per annum of milling machines.
Cement Factory at Bonakallu

1850—

*4515 Q.—Sri K. Butchaiah (Burgumpad):—Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Cement Factory proposed to be established at Bonakallu, Madhira taluk, Khammam district, will be established by the Government or whether it has been given to private parties;

(b) if so, the name of the private parties; and

(c) when licence has been issued?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy: (a) & (b) The Andhra Pradesh Mining Corporation will take steps to establish the Cement Factory at Bonakallu.

(c) No, the Government of India in their letter dated 22-12-1962 agreed to issue licence to the Corporation.

Machine Tools Factory in Hyderabad

1851—

*4656 Q.—Sri K. Rajamallu (Chinnur): Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the American Experts had given their final decision on the location of the Machine Tools Factory in Hyderabad;

(b) if so, the site selected for the same?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Amendments to A.T.A. Rules

1852—

*8069 Q.—Sri P.O. Satyanarayana Raju (Kosigi): Will the hon. Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether the A.T.A. Rules have been amended so as to suit the new pay scales; and

(b) if so, will the hon. Minister place a copy of it on the Table of the House?

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) Yes.

(b) Yes.
According to Pay ranges in Annexure I to Andhra Pradesh Travelling Allowance Rules, the Government servants of this State are classified into 18 grades for purposes of Travelling Allowance. The question as to how to regulate the Travelling Allowance claims of Officers consequent on the revised pay structure with reference to orders in G.O. cited, merging a major portion of Dearness Allowance with basic pay has been engaging the attention of Government for sometime. Due to this merger some Government servants will be coming into the higher grade, thereby making them eligible for the corresponding higher rates of Travelling Allowance (i.e., Daily allowance mileage, railway fare etc.,) admissible with reference to their pay, so far fixed in the revised scales. The matter was examined by Government and it has been decided to revise the existing pay limits of the grades of Government servants with a view to maintain status-quo in the rates of daily allowance, mileage railway and steamer fares as in the annexure to this order and to reduce the number of grades of Government servants from 18 to 10.

2. In the case of Government servants who have elected to remain in the existing scales of pay or for whom no revised scales of pay have been sanctioned, the pay for determining the appropriate grade may be the total emolument (excluding special pay, personal pay and Compensatory allowances but including dearness allowance) minus deductions to be made as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total emoluments</th>
<th>Deductions to be made</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Upto Rs. 160</td>
<td>Rs. 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From Rs. 161 to Rs. 170</td>
<td>Amount sufficient to bring the total emoluments down to Rs. 150.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 171 to Rs. 300</td>
<td>Rs. 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From Rs. 301 to Rs. 320</td>
<td>Amount sufficient to bring the emoluments down to Rs. 300.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Above Rs. 320</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. These orders will come into force from the date of issue of the order. Excess payments if any, made prior to issue of these orders need not be recovered.

4. Necessary amendments to Andhra Pradesh Manual of Special Pay and Allowances will be issued in due-course.

(MIR SAJJAD ALI)

Joint Secretary to Government.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade VIII.</th>
<th>Grade VIII.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-gazetted Government servants on a pay exceeding Rs. 125 but not exceeding Rs. 200.</td>
<td>Non-gazetted Government servants on a pay exceeding Rs. 150 but not exceeding Rs. 240.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade IX.</td>
<td>Grade IX.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-gazetted Government servants on a pay exceeding Rs. 80 but not exceeding Rs. 125.</td>
<td>Non-gazetted Government servants on a pay of Rs. 70 and above but not exceeding Rs. 150.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade X.</td>
<td>Grade X.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-gazetted Government servants on a pay exceeding Rs. 44 but not exceeding Rs. 80.</td>
<td>Non-gazetted Government servants on a pay of below Rs. 44.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade XI.</td>
<td>Grade XII.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-gazetted Government servants on a pay of Rs. 30 and above but not exceeding Rs. 44.</td>
<td>Non-gazetted Government servants on a pay less than Rs. 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade XIII.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subordinate on last grade service.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

REMOVAL OF ANOMALIES IN THE REVISION OF PAY SCALES.

1858—

*8955 Q.—Sri C. Balé Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Two-man Committee appointed by the Government to go into the question of removing the anomalies in the revision of pay scales submitted its report; and

(b) if so, the recommendations thereof.

K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) Not yet sir.

(b) Does not arise in view of (a) above.

DISPARITY IN THE SCALES OF PAY OF THE ANDHRA AND TELANGANA EMPLOYEES.

1854—

*4030 Q.—Sri D. Seetharamiah:—Will the hon. Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government have any proposal before it to remove the disparity in the scales of pay of the Andhra and Telangana employees on the principle of equal pay for equal work; and

(b) if not, how the Government propose to bring parity between Andhra and Telangana employees.

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—

(a) No, please.

(b) Parity between Andhra and Telangana employees was brought already by fixing uniform pay scale under the pay revisions of 1952 and 1961.

Parity between Andhra and Telangana employees was brought already by fixing uniform pay scale under the pay revisions of 1952 and 1961.

oral answers to Questions.

There are a number of employees. Probably the hon. member may be referring to secretariat only. The other heads of departments also are there. Therefore, it is not such a minor proposition. If it is only concerning secretariat, it may look simple but when we take into account the other categories in other heads of departments also it is a bit big from the financial point of view.

The matter has to be viewed from a different angle and mainly finance is the question.
Oral Answers to Questions
29th July, 1963

1855–

1073 Q. Sri V. Visweswar Rao :- (put by Sri V. Sathyanarayana) (Pongonda):- Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to start a polytechnical college in the State for Sugar, Textiles, Leather and Food Technology;

(b) if so, when;

(c) whether the Government take steps to introduce Sugar, Textiles, Leather and Food Technology;

(d) if not, why?

Sri P. V. G. Raju:-

(a) (b) and (c) There are no proposals at present under examination to start a polytechnic for Sugar Technology. There are proposals under examination to start diploma course in textile technology, leather technology and food technology. It is not possible to say now whether the courses will be started in the existing polytechnics or separate polytechnics will be started for them. It is also not possible to say now as to when these courses will be opened.

(d) Does not arise.

GIRLS’ POLYTECHNIC AT KAKINADA.

1856–


Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any difference in the pay of the Assistant Lecturers and Lecturers at Girls Polytechnic, Kakinada and Commercial College, Hyderabad, and

(b) if so, what is the difference and the reasons thereof?

Sri P. V. G. Raju:-

(a) (i) There is no Commercial college at Hyderabad but there is a Government School of Commerce. There is difference in the scales of pay of Lecturers of Government Polytechnic, Kakinada and those in Government School of Commerce. (ii) There are no posts of Assistant Lecturers in the Government School of Commerce.

(b) The scale of pay of Lecturers in Technical subjects and non-technical subjects at the Girls Polytechnic, Kakinada is Rs. 300-350 and Rs. 180-300 respectively. The scales of pay of Lecturers in Government school of Commerce is Rs. 180-375. The institutions are quite distinct from each other and no comparison can be drawn between them.
STARTING OF ENGINEERING COLLEGE AT VODAREVU

1857—

*8658 Q.—Sri J. L. N. Chowdary (Chirala).—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that an adhoc Committee was formed in Chirala of Guntur district and offered Rs. 5 lakhs as contribution to construct one Engineering College at Vodarevu of Batatla taluk; and

(b) if so, the action taken thereon?

Sri P. V. G. Raju:—

(a) Yes Sir.

(b) The Committee was informed that there is no provision in the 3rd Five Year Plan for the establishment of a Government Engineering College at Chirala.

CONDENSING OF THE ENGINEERING DEGREE COURSE.

1858—

*8328 Q.—Sri P. O. Saiyanarayana Raju:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) is there any proposal before the Government to condense the Engineering degree courses in view of the emergency;

(b) if so, what is the duration fixed for the condensed courses; and

(c) when it will take effect?

Sri P. V. G. Raju:—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Does not arise.

PROVISION FOR SPECIALISED SUBJECTS IN THE DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS HOSPITALS.

1859—

*3321 Q.—Sri A. Sarveswara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

the names of District Headquarters Hospitals and the major non-District Headquarters Hospitals, where the expert services in the major specialised subjects like Surgery, Gynaecology, etc., and in minor specialised subjects like Eye, E. N. T., etc., were provided during 1962-63?
Statement showing the names of District and major non-District Headquarters Hospitals in the State where the expert services in the major specialised subjects like Surgery, Gynaecology, etc., and in minor specialised subjects like ENT, Eye, etc., were provided during 1962-68.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the District Headquarters Hospital</th>
<th>Expert Services in Major Specialised Subjects</th>
<th>Expert Services in Minor Specialised Subjects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Krishna, Masulipatnam</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Dental, Dist. Lab., EPC, VD, TB, Eye ENT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>West Godavari, Eluru</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>ENT, Eye, VD, Dist. Lab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TB, EPC, Dental Clinics are attached.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>FPC, Eye, Dist. Lab. VD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dental, ENT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Dental, TB, ENT, VD, FPC, Eye</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>FPC, Dental, TB, VD, Eye, Dist. Lab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>FPC, TB, Dental, VD, Eye &amp; ENT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Medak District</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>TB, FPC, Dental.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>TB, FPC, Dental, Dist. Lab. VD.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Dental, TB, VD, FPC, Eye, Dist. Lab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>District</td>
<td>TB, FPC, VD, Dental, Dist. Lab.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Nalgonda District</td>
<td>TB, Dental VD, Dist. Lab.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Khammam District</td>
<td>TB, Dental Dist. Lab., FPC, VD &amp; ENT.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Mahabubnagar District.</td>
<td>Dist. Lab. VD, Dental, TB, FPC, ENT. &amp; Eye.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Cuddapah District</td>
<td>Dental, TB, ENT. VD, FPC, Eye.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>East Godavari Rajahmundry.</td>
<td>Eye, VD, Dental, FPC, TF, &amp; ENT.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>Eye, ENT, Dental, FPC, &amp; TB.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Major Non-District Headquarters Hospitals.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>Name of the Hospital</th>
<th>Minor specialised subjects like ENT, Eye etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>Government Hospital, Siddipet.</td>
<td>TB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>Sirpur.</td>
<td>FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>Bodhan</td>
<td>FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>Jagtial.</td>
<td>TB &amp; FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>Mahbubabad</td>
<td>FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>Suryapet.</td>
<td>FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahboobnagar</td>
<td>Narayanpet.</td>
<td>FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>Hindupur.</td>
<td>FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TB &amp; FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>Madanapalli.</td>
<td>FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Kalahasti.</td>
<td>FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tirupathi.</td>
<td>FPC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number</td>
<td>District</td>
<td>Location</td>
</tr>
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<td>--------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>Government Hospital, Rajampet, FPC</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Proddatur, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Government Dispensary,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Jammalamadugu, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>Government Hospital, Amalapuram, FPC &amp; TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ramachandrapuram, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tuni, TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>Tenali, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Narasaraopet, FPC &amp; TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ongole, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nagarjunasagar Left Bank, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>Government Hospital, Vijayawada, FPC, TB &amp; VD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gudivada, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nuzvid, TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>Parvathipuram, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>Nandyal, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bangampalli, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adoni, TB Clinic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Viskahapatnam</td>
<td>Government Maharaja's Hospital, FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Vizianagaram FPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>W. F. T. B. Hospital, TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Government Hospital, Gudur, FPC</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>Golconda, TB</td>
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<td>Dental FPC</td>
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<td>Tandur, TB</td>
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In addition to the above, in the following teaching Hospitals expert services in the major specialised subjects as well as the minor specialised subjects are available.

(1) Guntur; (2) Kurnool; (3) Warangal; (4) Hyderabad; (5) Visakhapatnam; (6) Tirupathi in Chittoor District; (7) Kakinada East Godavari District.
UPGRADING OF DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS HOSPITAL AT ELURU.

1860—

*3510 Q.—Sri V. Satyanarayana :—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal or any decision taken to upgrade the District Headquarters Hospital at Eluru, West Godavari District into a General Hospital; and

(b) if so, when?

Sri Y. Sivarama Prasad :—

(a) No.

(b) Does not arise.

BUILDING FOR GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL AT SRIPAKULAM.

1861—

*416 Q.—Sri P. Gunnayya (Put by Sri B. Sreerama Murthy) :—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government acquired the land to improve and to construct the building for the District Headquarters Hospital Srikakulam; and

(b) if so, when the construction work of the hospital will be taken up?

Sri Y. Sivarama Prasad :—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) During the current year. The hon. Chief Minister has laid the foundation stone recently and the work will be carried out.

RESERVATION OF MINERALS FROM LEASE.

1862—

3925 Q.—Sri M. Ramagopala Reddy (Maidaram) :— Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the details of Geological Survey so far carried in the State by the Central Government; and

(b) the minerals reserved so far from being leased out to private agencies?
Sri Y. Sivarama Prasad :—

(a) During April, 1961, to March 1962 about 6,700 sq. kms. of Geological mapping on different scales was carried out in Anantapur Adilabad, Chittoor, Cuddapah, Guntur, Karimnagar, Khammam, Kurnool, Medak, Nellore, Srikakulam, Visakhapatnam and Warangal Districts. Detailed large-scale mapping, pitting and trenching, where ever necessary, were carried out in connection with investigation of minerals such as asbestos, barites, conner, diamond, Galena, Graphite iron ore, Mica, Molybdenite and Steatite. Drilling operations for copper ore, have commenced recently in Amignudala area in Vinukonda Taluk, Guntur District, and also in Khammam District. Drilling is also in progress in the asbestos belt Pulivendla Taluk, Cuddapah District.

(b) The State Government have so far reserved for exploitation in the public sector certain areas in Gandrav region. Jagayavapet Taluk, Krishna District; Bayyaram region in Khammam and Warangal Districts Embov Reserve Forest, North Dhone, Kurnool District, for iron ore; Kakirala Reserve Forest in Guntur District for Lead ore and Kudiri village, Sulurpet Taluk, Nellore District for Gypsum.

COPPER DEPOSITS IN GUNTUR DISTRICT.

1863—

*4083 Q.—Sri M. Pichaiah :—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware of the fact that the Geological Survey Department of India discovered copper deposits in Guntur district; and

(b) if so, the steps proposed to be taken by the Government to exploit the said deposits?

Sri Y. Sivarama Prasad :—

(a) Yes, Sir. Preliminary survey carried out by Geological Survey of India has revealed the presence of Copper and Lead in Agni-gundala, Guntur District. Drilling operations have recently commenced to assess the potentialities of the deposits.

(b) The investigation inclusive of exploratory drilling of Agni-gundala Copper deposits is expected to be completed by Geological Survey of India during the third Five Year Plan. Until the investigations are completed, no steps can be taken by the Government to exploit the deposits.

GOLD DEPOSITS IN ANDHRA PRADESH

1864—

*4163 Q.—Sri P. Gunnaviah (Put by Sri B. Sreerama Murthy) :—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Geological Survey Authorities have informed the State Government that there are gold deposits in Andhra Pradesh State; and

2200—8
(b) if so, the names of the districts in which gold deposits are available?

_Sri Y. Sivarama Prasad:_—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Chittoor and Anantapur.

**Research Officer in Prohibition Department.**

1865—

*3887 Q.—Sri P. Subbaiah (Yerragondipalem):—Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any Research Officer working on Prohibition and attached to the State Prohibition Department; and

(b) if so, whether any report has been submitted by him to the Government?

_Sri M. R. Apparao:_—

(a) The answer is in the negative.

(b) Does not arise.

**Location of Sewage Farm in Guntur.**

1866—

*3896 Q.—Sri K. Nagaiahː—Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that the lands proposed for acquisition for sewage purposes in Guntur town under the drainage scheme are very near to the residential houses in the Municipal limits;

(b) whether the Government propose to acquire lands beyond the Municipal limits in the interests of public health; and

(c) the progress made till now in the execution of the scheme?

_Sri A. Venkataramaiah:_—

(a) and (b) The lands proposed for acquisition for the location of sewage farm are situated beyond the Municipal limits;

(b) Stone-ware pipes required for the execution of the scheme have been indentated for and the supply is in progress. Tenders for Supply, laying and jointing of R. C. C. Pipes for sewers have been accepted.
Oral Answers to Questions. 29th July, 1963. 483

(a) Will the hon. Minister for Religious and Charitable Endowments be pleased to state:

(b) the name of the members of the Vemulawada Temple Committee;

(c) the quantum of gold and the amount of cash in the funds of the temple;

(d) the amount of cash and quantum of gold contributed in the shape of donation to the National Defence Fund and Bonds respectively;

(e) whether it is a fact that the Secretary to the Committee of the temple has drawn rupees one lakh from the funds of the temple for the purpose of constructing a road to the said village, prepared a plan and submitted the same for the sanction of the Government?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—

(a) 1. The Collector Karimnagar .. .. President.
4. Sri Ch. Venkateshwar Rao Sarpanch .. Secretary.
5. Sri B. Ramloo, M.L.A. .. Member.
6. Sri V. Srinivasa Rao, T.C.C. President Member.
7. Smt. Ratnamma, Member, Zilla Parishad. Member.
8. Sri Appala Sambayya, Pujari .. Member.
9. Sri S. Narsaiah, Pujari .. Member.
10. Sri D. Hanmantha Rao .. .. Member.
11. Sri Sreepath Rao .. .. Member.
12. Sri Y. Hanumanth Rao .. .. Member.
13. Sri A. V. Raja Reddy .. .. Member.
14. Sri M. Keshava Reddy .. .. Member.
15. Sri J. Chekka Rao .. .. Member.

(b) Gold 503.08 grams. Cash: Rs. 15,102.27 nP. (upto March 1968).
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN THE AGENCY AREA.

1945—

*2959 Q.—Sri Ch. Mallikharjuna :—Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) whether steps are being taken by the Government to impose a ban in the agency area on the persons who are detrimental to the economic development of the public of said area; and

(b) whether the Government are in receipt of any suggestion from Sri Suvarnakumar, Member of Tribal Committee of Visakhapatnam district in this regard?

A :—

(a) No such proposal is under consideration of Government.

(b) No, Sir.
BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE.

Mr. Speaker:—I have to announce to the House that the latest hour for the receipt of amendments to the following two Bills is 5 p.m. today.


Mr. Speaker:—Now that I have announced, I am sorry I cannot help.
Mr. Speaker:—Now that I have announced, I am sorry I cannot help. We want to finish that Bill tomorrow, if possible. Sugar position:—Sir, the sugar and food position requires discussion at some time. There is a motion for discussion to be moved. Have I the point of order?}

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Speaker:—Sugar position:—Sir, the sugar position requires discussion. Have I the point of order?}

Mr. Speaker:—Scarcity of sugar:—Mr. Speaker:—Scarcity of sugar requires discussion. Have I the point of order?
PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE


Sir, on behalf of Dr. M. Channa Reddy, Minister for Planning and Panchayati Raj, I beg to lay on the Table under sub-section (1) of section 126 of the Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Gram Panchayats Act, 1956 (Act XVII of 1956), copies of the following rules:

“The Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Gram Panchayats (Tax on transfer of immovable property) Rules 1963, made in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (xxix) of sub-section (4) of section 126 read with Sections 80 and 84 of the said Act and notified in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette, Rules supplement to part VII, dated the 4th July 1963”

Mr. Speaker:—Papers laid on the Table.

Notification issued under Section 9 (2) of the Andhra Pradesh Motor Vehicles Taxation Act, 1963.

G. O. Ms. No. 1006, Home (Transport II) Department dated 24-5-1963

Sri B. V. Gurumurthy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table under sub-section (2) of Section 9 of the Andhra Pradesh Motor Vehicles Taxation Act, 1963 (Act No. 5 of 1963) copies of the Notification issued with G. O. Ms. No. 1006, Home (Transport II) Department, dated 24-5-1963 and published in Part-I of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette dated 13-6-1963.

Mr. Speaker:—Paper laid on the Table.


Mr. Speaker:—Paper laid on the Table.


Sri B. V. Gurumurthy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table under sub-section (2) of Section 9 of the Andhra Pradesh Motor Vehicle Taxation Act, 1963 (Act No. 5 of 1963) copies of the Notification issued with G. O. Ms. No. 1232, Home (Transport-II) Department dated 17-4-1963 and published in part-I of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette dated 2-5-1963.

Mr. Speaker:—Paper laid on the Table.

Sri A. Bolaram Reddy:—Sir, I beg to present the report of the Joint Select Committee on the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University Bill, 1963 and to move under rule 128-B of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules read with sub-rule (1) of rule 164-J of the said rules that the Bill as amended by the Joint Select Committee be referred to the Regional Committee for consideration and report to the Assembly.

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That under rule 128-B of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules read with sub-rule (1) of rule 164-J of the said rules, the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural University Bill, 1963 as amended by the Joint Select Committee be referred to the Regional Committee for consideration and report to the Assembly."

The motion was adopted.

Government Bills.


Sri Koratala Satyanarayana:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill 1963 as amended by the Select Committee be circulated for public opinion."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri Pothala Subbaiah:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Bill be recommitted for the purpose of obtaining further opinion thereon."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Bill be referred to a fresh Select Committee."

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1963

In the under-developed countries, the policy of the State should be minimum taxation; the policy of minimum taxation would therefore serve the Indian economy better than the policy of piling up taxation to the ceiling...

Tax policies instead of augmenting savings have eaten into savings and decelerated capital formation and economic development. When the net income of the people are excessively eaten into taxation the national exchequer may temporarily gain, but the national potential, will suffer.

Non-agricultural land means other than the land used exclusively for the purpose of agriculture, but does not include land used exclusively for cattle-sheds, hayricks etc.

The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1963

This Assembly recommends to the Government that all the hutments and houses constructed or built along the sides within any revenue village to be included in the gramakantam be exempted from the land revenue, ground rent etc. except house-tax and further recommends that all the applications pending for house sites be granted within three months so as to enable them to construct within six months.......

This assembly recommends to the Government that all the hutments and houses constructed or built along the sides within any revenue village to be included in the gramakantam be exempted from the land revenue, ground rent etc. except house-tax and further recommends that all the applications pending for house sites be granted within three months so as to enable them to construct within six months.......

(1) अभिवादन:

वर्तमान संवर्धन प्रस्ताव—अभिप्रेरक, यथा विशेषतः अनिवार्य 
साधनाओं का अनुसरण, जैसे-जैसे विकास के क्षेत्रों में निर्माण 
राहता है, तथापि यह विशेष रूप से लाभ लाता है। विभिन्न 
योजनाओं एवं विकास के क्षेत्रों में स्थापना के क्षेत्रों में निर्माण 
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राहता है, तथापि यह विशेष रूप से लाभ लाता है।
Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural


The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural

Industrial area

Local area, with population of 10 thousand and less
Government Bill:


Government Bill:


ప్రారంభానికేయం, ఇంటి సారిగింది. సమయంగా ఇంటి సిద్ధం సాధ్యం కాదు. అనేకమైన విషయాల సంక్షిప్తమైన సాధనాలు లభించడానికి ప్రారంభం ఉండాలి. జాతీయ సమాధానం సంక్షిప్తంగా ఉండాలి. ఈ కారణం ప్రారంభం ఉండాలి. అది చాలా ప్రారంభం ఉండటాన్ను శుంకి ప్రారంభం ఉండటాన్ను.

" తానే నంది ప్రారంభం " అయితే నేను ఉండాలి. నంది ప్రారంభం ఉండాలి. అది అనుకుంటాన్ని ఉండటాన్ని. ప్రారంభం ఉండటాన్ని " తానే నంది " అయితే నేను ప్రారంభం ఉండాలి. అది అనుకుంటాన్ని ఉండటాన్ని.

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" తానే నంది ప్రారంభం " అయితే నేను ఉండాలి. నంది ప్రారంభం ఉండాలి. అది అనుకుంటాన్ని ఉండటాన్ని. ప్రారంభం ఉండటాన్ని " తానే నంది " అయితే నేను ప్రారంభం ఉండాలి. అది అనుకుంటాన్ని ఉండటాన్ని.


The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1963,

...


levy unearned incomes only in urban areas. Any title to non-agricultural lands is exempt. Urban sites, vacant lots.
Government Bill:


Assessment on non-agricultural land on unearned values of title and unearned income. Assessment on unearned incomes on unearned values of non-agricultural properties. Unearned values on non-agricultural properties. Unearned values on unearned incomes. Assessment on non-agricultural land on unearned incomes. Assessment on unearned values of non-agricultural properties.

...
Government Bill:


Rental Values bot3 ^"A^r^(3b. asyy^o Capital Values h)^3 !^^
S5oo^)^^^^ S5?i)^5)0 *^^nr>j_Sb, gjc)^b°3o ^poir^ ^od-S^cco^&ooa.

[Rest of the text is not legible due to the quality of the image.]

2200—10

Residential buildings have the object of being inhabited. Residential buildings are subject to ground rent at the rate of 50, 70 or 80 per cent. The ground rent is to be paid by assignment. The ground rent is to be paid to the Government. The rate of ground rent is to be determined by the Government. The rate of ground rent is to be determined by the Collector. The rate of ground rent is to be determined by the District Collector. The rate of ground rent is to be determined by the Sub-Divisional Officer.

Residences

Residences in the built up area of 1/3. 2/3 site is not inhabited. 2/3 site is inhabited. 1/3 built up area is inhabited. 2/3 site is inhabited. 1/3 built up area is inhabited. 2/3 site is inhabited. 1/3 built up area is inhabited. 2/3 site is inhabited. 1/3 built up area is inhabited. 2/3 site is inhabited. 1/3 built up area is inhabited. 2/3 site is inhabited. 1/3 built up area is inhabited. 2/3 site is inhabited. 1/3 built up area is inhabited.

Constitutional

Constitutional double taxation is to be prevented. Double taxation is to be prevented. Double taxation is to be prevented. Double taxation is to be prevented. Double taxation is to be prevented. Double taxation is to be prevented. Double taxation is to be prevented. Double taxation is to be prevented. Double taxation is to be prevented.

Article 4. Land to be assessed in two different authorities. Land to be assessed in two different authorities. Land to be assessed in two different authorities. Land to be assessed in two different authorities. Land to be assessed in two different authorities. Land to be assessed in two different authorities. Land to be assessed in two different authorities. Land to be assessed in two different authorities. Land to be assessed in two different authorities.
Government Bill:  

29th July, 1963.  501


...
302 29th July, 1963. Government Bill:

Oil Engines

Oil, paraffin oil, diesel oil, and commercial diesel oil engines.


Exemptions

Exemptions in respect of the following classes of properties for the assessment year 1956-57:

1. Commercial undertakings, including graded system
2. Residential taxes, including support
3. Residentail taxes
4. Exemptions in respect of the following classes of properties for the assessment year 1956-57:

Column 6 of Schedule "A" for residentail taxes.
Government Bill:  

29th July, 1963.  503


...
Government Bill:


505

చిత్రాలకు కష్టంచాలను కావడంతో లభిస్తాను. సంప్రదాయ exemptions లేకుంటుంది. 150 గ్రాంముల కచుర, ఎంపికలు అందరాకలు. ఇలాంటికి
200 గ్రాంముల కచుర, శాస్త్రానికి ప్రత్యేకించిన సంప్రదాయ అందరాకలు.
కాలనవంతున్న 150 గ్రాంములు, 200 గ్రాంములు సర్వసాధారణమైనాయి, లేకపో లభించిన అని
మాత్రికంగా సాధారణ అందరాకలు. అందరాకలు మూడు దశాబ్ధాల కంప్యూటర్ కోసం
వేగంగా వుంటాయి. 20 రూపాయలు కచుర, 20 కచురు ఇచ్చాలని వర్గం,
మరింత 10 రూపాయలు ఇచ్చాలని వర్గం. అందరాకలు మూడు దశాబ్ధాల కంప్యూటర్ కోసం
వేగంగా వుంటాయి. 

మూడు మామల విలువులు ఎక్కడ ఇచ్చాలను. 

Select Committee అనేది మిగిలిన సంవత్సరములలో, వ్యక్తి కుంటి point పరిసర నిషేధించడంలో ఆధారం కూడా. మరోముగా అనే కూడా అందరాకలు industrial concerns కంప్యూటర్ సాధారణంగా అందరాకలు
సర్వసాధారణంగా విలువులు ఇచ్చాలను. ఇది అనే సాధారణంగా
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ఖాళీగా కూడా. 

స్థానిక రాష్ట్రాల భూమిశాస్త్ర పరిసరాలు commercial purposes కంప్యూటర్ సాధారణంగా విలువులు
ఇచ్చాలను. 

స్థానిక రాష్ట్రాలలో, expenditure tax అంటే 50 percent 
అనేది అతి ప్రత్యేకించిన ప్రత్యేకించిన

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ఇచ్చాలను.
Government Bill:

Expenditure tax and property tax, wealth tax and inheritance tax, death duties and probate and succession duties, 27 crores of rupees, and 27 crores of rupees, respectively. The Select Committee of the State Government has recommended that the residential property tax be limited to 10 crores of rupees. The Select Committee has also recommended that the income tax be reduced to 15 crores of rupees. The Select Committee has also recommended that the commercial purposes of the Central Government and charitable institutions should be exempted from the assessment of properties.
Government Bill:  

దేవత ఎంపికి వా తక్షణం కై యొక్క నిర్ధారణను ఉత్పత్తి చేసుకోవాలి.  
దానికి double tax ఎంతెసా ఉండండానికి, దానికి దానికి కై యొక్క నిర్ధారణను ఉత్పత్తి చేసుకోవాలి. Agricultural land non-agricultural land అంటుందా అటుండా అనుసరించాలి.  

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దానికి దాని యొక్క double tax ఎంతెసా ఉండండానికి, దానికి దానికి కై యొక్క నిర్ధారణను ఉత్పత్తి చేసుకోవాలి. Agriculture land non-agricultural land అంటుందా అటుండా అనుసరించాలి.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There are three amendments to the motion at the second reading of the Bill.
The question is:

"That the Bill as amended by the Select Committee be circulated for public opinion".

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Bill be recommitted for the purpose of obtaining further opinion thereon".

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Bill be referred to a fresh Select Committee".

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1968, as reported by the Select Committee, be read a second time".

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—We shall now take up clause by clause reading.

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswarlu:—I raise a point of Order, Sir. If you refer to page 20 of the Select Committee Report, we find that Sri K. Seetayya Gupta moved an amendment to the effect that all local areas with a population of 15,000 and less should be exempted from the proposed levy, both in respect of 'residential' and 'commercial' purposes, and that the amendment was adopted. I request you to refer to the schedule wherein that amendment was not carried out. I would like to know whether the Government is entitled to change the decisions of the Select Committee of its own accord.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You are referring to Schedule III. Is it not?

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswarlu:—There is only one schedule.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The amendment was adopted.
Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—But is it carried out in the schedule, Sir?

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Please refer to page 22 of the Report.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I am referring to page 20.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You please refer to page 22. Therein, it is clearly said that “after reconsideration the Committee approved the following schedule under Clause 3”.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—That is vague.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—How is that vague? That means, they have reconsidered it and approved the schedule.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—The whole schedule later on might have been accepted, but that is subject to the amendment of Sri Seetayya Gupta, earlier adopted.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If that were so, they would have said there like that.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—They need not. Generally in the Select Committees, we are all aware that when it is said that the schedule is accepted it is accepted subject to the decisions taken already.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Nowhere it is stated there.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I am not a member of the Select Committee. I do not know how it had happened.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Nobody has taken objection there also at that stage. After final adoption also, nobody made a dissent.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—The report was presented to us. We are in possession of the report. At page 29 we find like that. You can say that such decisions are being negatived, overruled or changed. Nothing of that we can find in the report. Government of its own accord changed the decision taken already.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Without reconsideration or without the approval of the Select Committee, it has not been changed. But only it was brought to the notice of the select Committee and then only after reconsideration it was changed.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—But the report does not read like that.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The word “reconsideration” implies that.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—No. It does not specify. This is a specific decision on a specific point.

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Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—The schedule is very clear.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—This is more clear—page 20. The amendment was adopted. It cannot read otherwise.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Can't we discuss this at the time when we come to the schedule?

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I think it is a mere slight mistake. Even at this stage, Government can rectify. Why should the Minister stand on the point of prestige for all simple things?

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—No question of prestige.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—That is good. Then, you change it.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—If I am convinced, I will certainly change. But I am not convinced on this point.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Shall we not consider this when we come to the schedule instead of discussing it now? You have drawn that to our notice: we shall take it up when we come to the schedule.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Even to the schedule, there are amendments now. They can press that point then.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—At that time you can discuss.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—If that is the suggestion of the hon. Minister I am sorry. We cannot accept. We can press any amendment we choose. But where there is a decision of the Select Committee, we expect the Government to implement it in the report. But that did not happen. Perhaps it is a mistake.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Minister says that it was brought to the notice of the House and it can be discussed at the time of taking up the schedule because there are amendments to the schedule.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—That may be so. It is the proper occasion. When we go clause by clause, it is our proper duty to bring it to the notice of the House as well as the Speaker.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That you have drawn.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—Government can give an assurance.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—When we come to that, we can ask the Government. We can take this up later. Now let us take up clause 2,
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There is an amendment in the name of Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya. I will read it out.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—The member must move it and explain its purpose.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That has been explained by the member himself.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—At the stage of moving the amendments, the individual clauses of the Bill have to be discussed thoroughly. It is going to be a legislation. If they are convinced of the amendment, the Congress party members themselves may agree. We must have an opportunity to convince them.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The ideas are given in the amendments proposed, and if the members feel, their amendments are to be voted. The Business Advisory Committee has taken a decision.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—There is no doubt about it but let the members explain the amendments. Otherwise, how can we vote? I do not want the House to be reduced to a mere formality.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If you want that, I shall read out the amendment. The amendment reads as follows:

"In sub-clause (f) of Clause 2 delete the words "or any other area which is recognised as a village in the revenue accounts of the Government"."

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya’s next amendment is:

"Add the following as item (iii) of sub-clause (g) of Clause 2:

(ii) Residential Huts and small houses."

If you want, you may say a few words but let it not be a lengthy speech.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—I beg to move:

"In sub-clause (f) of Clause 2, delete the words "or any other area which is recognised as a village in the revenue accounts of the Government"."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Local Area means the area within the jurisdiction of the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad, a municipality or any other area which is
recognised as a village in the revenue accounts of the Government".  

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"In sub-clause (f) of Clause 2, delete the words" or any other area which is recognised as a village in the revenue accounts of the Government".

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Vavilala Gopala Krishnayya:—I beg to move:

Add the following as item (iii) of sub-clause (g) of Clause 2—

"(iii) Residential huts and small houses."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"Add the following as item (iii) of sub clause (g) of Clause 2—

"(iii) Residential huts and small houses."

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya pressed for a division.

The House divided.

Ayes 47  Noes 65.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

'That Clause 2 do stand part of the Bill'.

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2 was added to the Bill.

Clause 3.

Sri K. Satyanarayana:—I beg to move:

"For the existing Explanation in Clause 3 substitute the following:

'Explanation:—Where the land is used partly for residential and partly for commercial or industrial purpose the proposed levy under
commercial and industrial might be limited to the actual area of the building or land which is used for such commercial or industrial use.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I shall put the amendments to the vote of the House.

Sri D. Seetharamiah:—On a point of submission, Sir. All the amendments have got to be taken up separately. Here, in the amendment standing in my name, there is a correction to be made. In the second list, first page...

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—When it comes, I will take it up.

The question is:

"For the existing Explanation in clause 3, substitute the following:—

Explanation:—'Where the land is used partly for residential and partly for commercial or industrial purpose the proposed levy under commercial and industrial might be limited to the actual area of the building or land which is used for such commercial or industrial use.'"

The amendment was negatived.

Sri D. Seetharamiah:—Sir, in the amendment No. 19 standing in my name in List II, page 1, there is a type mistake. "with population exceeding fifty thousand" is a type mistake "with population exceeding fifty thousand" has got to be omitted. It should read like this:

"There shall be levied and collected by the Government for each fasli year commencing on the first day of July from the owner of Non-agricultural land an assessment made on the basis of Rental value or capital value in all local areas."

Please also add the word 'all' between the words: 'in' and 'local' and delete the words: 'with population exceeding fifty thousand', in my amendment.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You mean your original amendment consists this?

Sri D. Seetharamiah:—Yes, Sir.

Sri D. Seetharamiah:—I beg to move:

"For sub-clause (1) of clause 3 substitute the following:—

"There shall be levied and collected by the Government for each fasli year commencing on the first day of July from the owner of Non-agricultural land an assessment made on the basis of Rental value or capital value in all local areas."
Government Bill:

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Taking it for granted that it is there in the original I shall put the amendment to vote as follows. The question is:

"For sub-clause (1) of Clause 8 substitute the following:—

"There shall be levied and collected by the Government for each faali year commencing on the first day of July from the owner of non-agricultural land an assessment made on the basis of rental value or capital value in all local areas."

The amendment was negatived.

Sri D. Seetharamiah:—I demand a division, Sir.
The House divided:
Ayes: 47; Noes: 67
The amendment was negatived.

Sri K. Satyanarayana:—I beg to move:

"Insert the following as new clause 8-A after the existing clause 3:—

"From the assessment collected under this Act, 75 per cent of such collections shall be allotted to the Local Bodies from which collected."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause).

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"Insert the following as new clause 8-A after the existing clause 8:—

"From the assessment collected under this Act, 75 per cent of such collections shall be allotted to the Local Bodies from which collected."

The amendment was negatived.

Sri K. Satyanarayana:—I beg to move:

"Insert the following as new clause 8-A after the existing clause 3:—

"From the assessment collected under this Act 50 per cent of the collections shall be allotted to the Local Bodies from which collected."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

2200—12

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"Insert the following as new clause 3-A after the existing clause 3:

'From the assessment collected under this Act, 50 per cent of the collections shall be allotted to the Local Bodies from which collected.'"

The amendment was negatived.

Sri D. Seetharamiah:—I beg to move:

"Insert the following as new Clause 3-A:

'From the assessment collected under this Act a minimum of 25 per cent of such collections shall be allotted to the local Bodies, in whose jurisdiction they are so collected.'"

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"Insert the following as new Clause 3-A:

'From the assessment collected under this Act a minimum of 25 per cent of such collections shall be allotted to the local Bodies, in whose jurisdiction they are so collected.'"

The amendment was negatived.

Sri A. Sarveswar Rao:—I beg to move:

"Insert the following as New Clause 3-A:

'From the assessment collected under this Act, except the collection charges the rest of the amount collected shall be allotted to the Local Bodies.'"

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"Insert the following as New Clause 3-A:

'From the assessment collected under this Act, except the collection charges, the rest of the amount collected shall be allotted to the Local Bodies.'"

The amendment was negatived.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That clause 8 do stand part of the Bill"

The motion was adopted.
Clause 8 was added to the Bill.

Clause 4.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—I beg to move:

"In clause 4 for the words 'Revenue Inspector' substitute the word 'Tahsildar'."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“In clause 4 for the words “Revenue Inspector” substitute the words ‘Tahsildar’.”

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I demand a division, Sir.

The House divided:

Ayes’ 47.

Noes’ 68.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That clause 4 do stand part of the Bill”.

The motion was adopted.

Clause 4 was added to the Bill.
CLAUSE 5

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham :—I beg to move:

"In sub-clauses (1) and (2) of Clause 5, for the word 'Tahsildar' substitute the words 'Revenue Divisional Officer.'"

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—The question is:

"In sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 5, for the word 'Tahsildar' substitute the words 'Revenue Divisional Officer.'"

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—The question is:

"That clause 5 do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 5 was added to the Bill.

CLAUSE 6

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham :—I beg to move:

"In clause 6, for the words "Revenue Divisional Officer", substitute the words "District Collector."

Mr. Deputy Speaker :—Amendment moved.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham :—On this I want to make a final appeal. অন্ততঃ 'চলন্তি হাসিম আদিন' এ আমে 'হাসিম তথ্য দিয়ে' এ মরক্তের সমাধান সরঞ্জামগুলি। তিনি হাসিম ইতিমধ্যে নিয়ন্ত্রণ করা চাহিয়ে।

হাসিম ইতিমধ্যে নিয়ন্ত্রণ করা চাহিয়ে।

বিদ্যমানের মতে তথ্য দিয়ে।

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Question is:

"In clause 6, for the words 'Revenue Divisional Officer.' substitute the words 'District Collector.'"

The amendment was negatived.
Sri Tenneti Viswanatham :—I demand a division, Sir.

The House divided.

Ayes: 49.
Noes: 64.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— The question is :

"That Clause 6 do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted. Clause 6 was added to the Bill.

Clauses 7 and 8

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— The question is :

"That Clauses 7 and 8 do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted. Clauses 7 and 8 were added to the Bill.

Clause 9

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham :—I beg to move:

"In Clause 9, for the words, 'public revenue', substitute the words 'land revenue.'"

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— Amendment moved.

Mr. N. Ramachandra Reddy :— No.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— The question is :

"In clause 9, for the words 'public revenue', substitute the words 'land revenue'."

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— The question is :

"That clause 9 do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 9 was added to the Bill.

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CLauses 10 and 11

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That clauses 10 and 11 do stand part of the Bill,"

The motion was adopted.

Clauses 10 and 11 were added to the Bill.

Clause 12

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There are seven amendments given notice of by hon. Sri Tenneti Viswanatham, Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya, Sri V. K. Adinarayana Reddy and Sri D. Seetharamiah.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—I beg to move:

"Add the following as sub-clause (3) of clause 12:

‘(c) Land over which a house is built and land appurtenant to the house to an extent of three times the built-in area’.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"Add the following as sub-clause (8) of clause 12:

‘(e) Land over which a house is built and land appurtenant to the house to an extent of three times the built-in area’.

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—I beg to move:

"Add the following at the end of clause 4:

‘(d) Residential huts and hutments and small houses.
(e) Houses having an area of 200 sq. yds.’"

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Sir, I have an amendment to the amendment moved by hon. Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya; I beg to move:

"In item (d) of the amendment moved by hon. Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya, delete the words: ‘and small houses’.

Then the words ‘Residential huts and hutments’ will remain.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—I am agreeable to the amendment to my amendment, Sir.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment to amendment moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is..........

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:—You please find out whether Government are accepting it, Sir. I think they will.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—I have already clarified the position in my speech, Sir.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"In item (d) of the amendment moved by hon. Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya, delete the words: ‘and small houses’."

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—I demand a division, Sir.

The House divided:

Ayes: 50
Noes: 64.

The amendment to the amendment of Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I shall now put the original amendment of Sri Vavilala Gopakarishnaiah to the vote of the House:

"Add the following at the end of clause 4:

(d) Residential huts and hutments and small houses.

(e) Houses having an area of 200 sq. yards.'"

The amendment was negatived.

Sri V. K. Adinarayana Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

"Add the following as sub-clause (e) of clause 12:

‘Land owned by anybody upto extent of 250 sq. yards’"

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"Add the following as sub-clause (c) of clause 12:

'Land owned by anybody upto extent of 250 sq. yards."

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Sir, I beg to move:

"In Sub-Clause (e) of Clause 12 delete all the words after the words 'local authority.'"

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved. (Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"In sub-clause (e) of clause 12 delete all the words after the words 'local authority.'"

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Sir, I beg to move:

"In sub-clause (d) of clause 12, delete the words "so long as no profit is derived in respect thereof."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—"So long as no profit is derived"—this gives such a huge scope for favouritism and nepotism; either have an administration on impartial basis or do not have it. So long as no profit is derived the administration will not have any scope. They are not traders and industrialists. If profit is derived and utilized also for those purposes it is very unfair. So long as no profit is derived in respect thereof we will not allow.
Government Bill:

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:— It will be misused. The present provision is only to stop the misuse.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:— What is the position if the profits derived are misused?

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:— What is the profits that is derived first of all? How is it misused? Whatever interest, dividend or income is derived and whatever contribution is collected is given only to the institution.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:— All right; whether the amendment is there or not, it does not make any difference. I accept the amendment.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:— I thank the hon. Minister.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"In sub-clause (d) of Clause 12 delete the words "so long as no profit is derived in respect thereof".

The amendment was adopted.

Sri D. Seetharamiah:—Sir, I beg to move:

"Add the following as a sub-clause to Clause 12:

250 square yards and less of land used for any residential purpose be exempted from the assessment provided that the owner of such land does not possess any other land in the same Local Area."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"Add the following as a sub-clause to clause 12:

250 square yards and less of land used for any residential purpose be exempted from the assessment provided that the owner of such land does not possess any other land in the same Local Area."

The amendment was negatived.

A poll was demanded.


The amendment was negatived.

Sri D. Seetharamiah:—Sir, I beg to move:

"Add the following as a sub-clause to Clause 12:

150 square yards and less of land used for any commercial or industrial purposes in any local area."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"Add the following as a sub-clause to Clause 12:

150 square yards and less of land used for any commercial or industrial purpose in any local area."

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That Clause 12, as amended, do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 12, as amended, was added to the Bill.

CLAUSE 13

Sri Tenenti Viswanatham:—Sir, I beg to move:

"In sub-clause (1) of Clause 13 for the words "by notification" substitute the words "after previous publication."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"In sub-clause (1) of Clause 13 for the words "by notification" substitute the words "after previous publication."

The amendment was negatived.

A poll was demanded.

The House divided:

Ayes: 52; Noes: 68; Neutrals: Nil.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That Clause 13 do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 13 was added to the Bill.

Sri Pilallamari Venkateswarlu:—On a point of order, Sir.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is not a point of order. You have only drawn the attention.
Government Bill: 29th July, 1963. 527

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarulu:—It is also a point of order. “After reconsideration, the Committee approved the following schedule in Clause 3. . . .”

It is also a point of order. After reconsideration, the Committee approved the following schedule in Clause 3. . . . Reconsideration of what? to reconsider the rules of procedure: if we adopt the House rules of procedure in this Committee. If a resolution or amendment is being accepted, then the Committee must be another resolution. So in the Select Committee also if you want to rescind a resolution that is passed you have to bring another resolution. Rules of Procedure are categorical. Lay down. Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Rules of Procedure?

Rules of Procedure are clear on the subject. Rule 117 says:

(2) “In other respects, the procedure in the Select Committee shall, as far as practicable, be the same as is followed in the Assembly during the consideration stage of Bill, with such adaptations whether by way of modification, addition, or omission, as the Speaker may consider necessary or convenient.”

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Please refer to page 26. Rule Number 117.

Rules of Procedure are clear on the subject. Rule 117 says:

(2) “In other respects, the procedure in the Select Committee shall, as far as practicable, be the same as is followed in the Assembly during the consideration stage of Bill, with such adaptations whether by way of modification, addition, or omission, as the Speaker may consider necessary or convenient.”

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarulu:—It was not at all considered. Sir experience. Let him get the proceedings and find out. We know what it is.
Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:— Was it taken for re-consideration? At whose instance? Who moved the re-consideration?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is whether it was pressed.

Sri. Tenneti Viswanatham:— As Mr. Venkateswarulu has said if we look into the proceedings we will know what happened. What was reconsidered; at whose instance and who moved “that this clause should be reconsidered”? When somebody move, at whose instance? When there is reconsideration somebody move, at whose instance?

(Interruption)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Number of chances are given when anybody.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:— When was the schedule reconsidered? It was considered at a much earlier stage. Earlier stage and population. The rest of the schedule was passed. The amendment was put to vote.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:— When was the schedule reconsidered? At whose instance? After reconsideration. At whose instance? Who moved the reconsideration? And they reconsidered what, with reference to what?

(Interruption.)

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswarulu:— We have got the proceedings.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:— Minute of dissent. “Though during the discussion the Select Committee adopted the amendment that the local areas with a population of 15,000 should be exempted from the proposed levy both in respect of residential and commercial purposes.... It was not carried out....
Government Bill:

Though during the discussion the Select Committee adopted the amendment that the local areas with a population of 15,000 should be exempted from the proposed levy both in respect of residential and commercial purposes.

It was not carried out.

Minute of dissent was written on 24-5-1963. Page 5 of the minute of dissent was page.

The Select Committee adopted the Amendment that local areas with a population of 15,000 should be exempted from the proposed levy both in respect of residential and commercial purposes. Reconsideration was moved.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Though during the discussion, the Select Committee adopted the amendment that the local areas with a population of 15,000 should be exempted from the proposed levy both in respect of residential and commercial purposes...

It was sought to be revised.

Sri Tenneeti Viswanatham:—By whom?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—By the Select Committee.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—It is not the Chairman or anybody. But it is the Committee.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He must have dissented individually. The Committee means... the Committee’s decision.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Then the language would not be “The Committee adopted.” Then he who said “I disagree with the Select Committee.”
proceeding, retrospectively from the date of enactment, and accept objections thereto. Previous publication and objections to the Bill have been ordered. The Government Bill, The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1963.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—It is only a normal procedure, rules will be only in conformity with the main Act, and they will not transgress the main provisions of the Act.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—It is only a normal procedure, rules will be only in conformity with the main Act, and they will not transgress the main provisions of the Act. It is only a normal procedure, rules will be only in conformity with the main Act.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—When they are placed on the Table of the House, is there no scope for amendment?

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Of course they will be placed on the Table of House for 14 days. House amend effect defective procedure. House amend defective procedure for 14 days. House amend defective practice.


Sri Ramakrishna Reddy:—Of course, I don't think anybody will be placed on the Table of House for 14 days. There is no scope for amendment. There is no scope for amendment. There is no scope for amendment. There is no scope for amendment. There is no scope for amendment.
Practical difficulties are not possible.

It is not possible.

practical difficulty arises.

representative of the people ?

If the Government is against Seethayya Gupta's amendment, then it can bring another amendment to change it. It has got the right.

(Interruption)

After reconsideration, it was agreed.

proceedings were adopted. Move the person in proceedings to incorporate the amendment. The committee met at 3 P.M.

Clause-3, after reconsideration...Who reconsidered... It is necessary.

(Interruption)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—After reconsideration, it was agreed.

proceedings to incorporate the amendment. Move the person in proceedings to incorporate the amendment. After reconsideration it was agreed to incorporate. Sales tax bill to be incorporated?

My point is...
Government Bill:


Mr. D. & Th. — Mr. Speaker: — Mr. Deputy Speaker: — It is a body. In the proceedings we will find that whenever anybody moves an amendment or raises a point, his name will be mentioned.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: — In the proceedings it will be there.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaya: — It is a confidential document. Please excuse me. We are not concerned with the confidential document of the Select Committee. But here we are concerned with the Report of the Select Committee presented to the House which is a public document. In the proceedings whenever anybody raises a point his name will be there, details like who moved an amendment or who opposed it will be in the proceedings. That is not a verbatim report. Here when Seethayya Gupta raised a point, his name is clearly mentioned. But here it is only “after reconsideration”. Who moved it?
That is the right of the Assembly No name is mentioned. It is a clerica mistake As such I raise a point of order that it is out of order to adopt it. You have to give a ruling whether it is stands in the name of Mr. Seethaiah Gupta or is it regular or is the proceeding null and void.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—What he said was that "he has moved it" hon. Sri Sarma tells us that "he has moved it."

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—The Government insisted that it should be there.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—What he said was that "he has moved it" hon. Sri Sarma tells us that "he has moved it."

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—He did not mention the Government. The Government is a body by itself. The person is there. It is the person who has moved it.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—He did not mention the Government. It is a body by itself. The person is there. It is the person who has moved it. How can they change it.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—On the first day Sri Sithyaya Gupta moved an amendment. It was discussed and ultimately the Committee approved. The intention of the Committee was to give exemption to residential purposes below 15,000.

Sri Venneti Viswanatham:—On a point of order. While we are questioning one portion of the report the Minister is questioning another portion of the report. Even if your statement is accepted, it is a wrong report. The report is right or you are right. In this connection, I would like you to go through page 20 of the Select Committee Report. It is clearly said that.

"Sri K. Seethaiah Gupta moved an amendment that all local areas with population of 15,000 and less should be exempted from the proposed levy, both in respect of residential and commercial purposes."
Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—It was brought to the notice of the Committee from the Chair. It was discussed again.

Sri Tennyeti Viswanatham:—It was not made part of the minutes.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The proceedings have to be looked into. There is a difference of opinion.

Sri Tennyeti Viswanatham:—On the motion of the Chairman the previous resolution was taken up. As it was not correctly understood we are making a change.

It is not merely a point of order but also a point of privilege. There must be a finality of the proceedings.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The house is now adjourned till 4 p.m.

(The House then adjourned to meet again at Four of the Clock).

THE HOUSE RE-ASSEMBLED AT FOUR OF THE CLOCK

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

Mr. Speaker.—When the House adjourned at 1.50, I think Sri Viswanatham was saying something. Have you (Sri Viswanatham) completed or would you like to say anything more?

Sri Tennyeti Viswanatham.—Sir, this morning we were saying something and I cannot remember anything. I think it was about the proceedings of the Select Committee.

This morning, the trouble was that some of us did not understand clearly the report. So, we were of one opinion. But then the Hon. Revenue Minister said that the Committee actually reconsidered the decision previously taken, whatever be the report. That is the position and that is what he said. I think that was the gist of what happened in the morning. The only thing is, that unless the reports mention clearly what had happened, Members in the Assembly will get into trouble. That was all that happened and nothing more. It was no reflection upon anybody.

Mr. Speaker.—What I have understood is this, The question is whether that matter was reconsidered. On the previous day the Select Committee considered the whole thing. Due to inadvertence or due to mistake in reporting certain word ‘commercial’ seems to have crept in and it was brought to the notice of the Minister. So, next day the Select Committee met again. And when the mistake was brought to the notice of the Revenue Minister, he seems to have apprised the same thing to the Members, and he wanted the matter to be reopened to which, of course, Mr. Sarma seems to have taken objection on the ground that the matter was already decided on the previous day and that it could not be reopened again. Ultimately Members agreed and then
reconsidered the matter and then took a decision, whatever decision it might be. Now, the question is, as I understand, whether a Select Committee can reconsider a decision passed by itself once having passed a decision, whether it can reconsider its own decision—that is one thing. The second thing is, as to why it reconsidered or at whose instance it was reconsidered and whether it is material. If, without reconsideration the Select Committee report is presented which contains a number of which were not considered at all by the Select Committee, then of course it may be a serious irregularity; If they did not reconsider the matter at all and without reconsideration they have now reported in the Select Committee that after reconsideration such and such a decision was taken, then of course it may be a very serious matter and the House may certainly take it into consideration. But, at whose instance and why the matter was reconsidered, that was not disputed at all, and they did take a decision. But at whose instances it was reconsidered? Simply because the name of the Member of the Chairman is not there, is it very material? That is the point I suppose I have understood correctly. If I am have not understood correctly.

Sri Tennyetti Viswanatham:—We have not taken a technical objection that the name does not appear and therefore the report is wrong. Generally whenever a particular Member moves an amendment in the Select Committee, the Chairman says anything, it is mentioned, because otherwise one man's words will be put in another man's mouth. Therefore, generally it is reported. Therefore, we only asked, if it was reconsidered who asked for its reconsideration. Was it Sri Seethiah Gupte at whose instance the amendment was passed? It could not be he. Then who did it, when the Members have previously agreed. If they have not agreed, who reconsidered it and how did the new draft come into it? The hon. Minister rose and said, “The first day when the amendment was adopted there was some misunderstanding about it; therefore, then we took the matter for reconsideration.” That was the position. But, what Mr. Sarma has said was that the next day it was true the new schedule was presented, but there was no discussion and reconsideration and it was just passed.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—It was discussed again threadbare. Mr. Sarma also may recollect; the matter was discussed threadbare and then a decision was taken and it was approved.

Sri Tennyetti Viswanatham:—Generally, it would have been better if it was said that ‘yesterday’s decision’ was taken up again for discussion and for reconsideration. Then only it would be clear. It was not our contention that we cannot reconsider our decision. In fact, if the Committee so desires, after the final draft and even on the final day itself we can reconsider, and there is no doubt about it. It is a question of all the Members agreeing.

Sri R. Raghunath Reddy:—Reconsider రికర్స్ ఇండాల్స్ అంసర్
ఇండాల్స్. Reconsider ఇండాల్స్ అంసర్ జలను ఆసింట్ వింట్ అంయం ఆసింట్ వింట్ అంయం, అంయం ఆసింట్ వింట్ అంయం, as it stands, clear అంయం ఆసింట్ వింట్ అంయం, The manner in which it is reported అంయం.
It was categorically stated that Sri Seethaiah Gupta moved an amendment and it was accepted. What exactly is reported in the proceedings may be gone through. If they are confidential, the Speaker may go through them; and if it is written there that it was reconsidered and a decision was taken, of course by going through the proceedings you yourself can come to a decision, and if you think it was reconsidered, well and good and we have no objection. But, as the Report presented to the House stands, there is nothing for us to think that it was reconsidered. Simply because it was written 'after reconsideration', that will not satisfy us because on the previous day (page 20 of the Select Committee Report) it was categorically said and Sri Seethaiah Gupta moved an amendment and it was adopted. After so much discussion, even if a simple hint is there we would have conceded the point raised by the hon. Minister; even that hint is not there. In the previous page, it was said that such and such a thing was done and 'after reconsideration' the report began. So, if you go through the proceedings, we will be satisfied. Give your own decision, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—I think you must be knowing from your experience that no verbatim record of the Select Committee proceedings is maintained. According to the rules, what is necessary is that only a record of the decisions must be maintained. So, over and above the report that is presented, we do not have any other proceedings.

Sri Pallamari Venkateswarlu:—There are proceedings.

Mr. Speaker:—No.

Sri Pallamari Venkateswarlu.—There are proceedings. There will be a Reporter who will be taking down all the details.

Mr. Speaker.—What they do is, they only record the decisions of the Select Committee. Now, a Member of the Select Committee may speak for five minutes and that is not reported just as proceedings in the Assembly.

Sri Pallamari Venkateswarlu:—Even conceding that all the five minutes' speech may not be reported, that such and such a matter was taken up for reconsideration and such a decision was taken, and so many people have participated, should have been mentioned. At least this type of record will be there.

Mr. Speaker:—I will enquire.

Sri Pallamari Venkateswarlu.—You go through the proceedings. If you can satisfy yourself, and whichever position is correct you can give your decision likewise.
Mr. Speaker.—During the interval, I just wanted to know if any record of the proceedings was maintained.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham.—Our proceedings are a little more full than the minutes presented to us. Personally I wish there will be no two things, proceedings and minutes separately. The proceedings are generally more full,

Mr. Speaker.—All the proceedings are there. If anything more, beyond what is contained in the Select Committee Report, is found in the proceedings, it is only a copy of that.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham.—If I am not disclosing any secret, if we go through the Select Committee proceedings on the Sales Tax Bill, we will find that proceedings are fairly ample. The gist of whatever a Member spoke is there and the minutes have been presented separately and supplied to the Members.

Mr. Speaker.—I just wanted to know if the proceedings of the Select Committee contained anything more than what is contained in the Select Committee Report. That does not seem to contain anything more than that. I too was anxious to know as to what took place in the Select Committee and that is why I wanted to know from the proceedings of the Select Committee.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu.—The position is very simple. Taking it for granted that the amendment of Sri Seethaiah Gupta was accepted and incorporated in the Bill, even at this stage if the hon. Minister will come forward with an amendment of his own, there is no difficulty. If the Government insists on the same position as it is given in the report, the Government can move its own amendment to the Bill. There is no difficulty.

Mr. Speaker.—But the Select Committee itself reconsidered the matter. It is not necessary. If the Minister feels, certainly he can do it. But the Select Committee itself has reconsidered the matter.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu.—Another thing is, it is vague. In between these two, the Government can accept the position of Sri Seethaiah Gupta and bring in an amendment.
Mr. Speaker:—Proceedings are confidential; nobody can divulge them.
consideration. The question of consideration is a question of consideration itself. Discuss whether reconsideration is warranted. While proceeding the question of consideration, it was found that the re-assessment of the non-agricultural lands was necessary. We are forced to come from this point. Whether they have got the right or not to reconsider? They have an absolute right to reconsider at any stage. Whether they have got the right or not to reconsider? They have an absolute right to reconsider at any stage.
Mr. Speaker.—Have you anything more to say?

Sri. N. Ramachandra Reddy.—Nothing, Sir.

Mr. Speaker.—I am of opinion that it would have been better if the recording of proceedings of the Select Committee had been a bit more detailed and correct. They were rather incomplete. The question whether the matter was reconsidered is beyond doubt: the matter was reconsidered. Copies of the proceedings of the Select Committee were communicated to the members and if the matter had not been reconsidered as therein stated certainly the members would have brought it to the notice of the Chairman of the Select Committee. The matter had been reconsidered and a decision taken.

Now, I shall go to the amendments. There are 14 amendments to the Schedule.

THE SCHEDULE.

Sri Koratala Satyanarayana.—I beg to move

For the existing Schedule substitute the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate of assessment on capital value.</th>
<th>Rate to be levied.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Below Rs. 1,000 capital value of non-Agricultural land.</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Not exceeding Rs. 1,000 capital value but below Rs. 2,000 capital value of non-Agricultural land.</td>
<td>10 nP. per Rs. 100 capital value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Exceeding Rs. 2,000 but below Rs. 5,000 capital value of non-Agricultural land.</td>
<td>20 nP. per Rs. 100 capital value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Exceeding Rs. 5,000 but below Rs. 10,000 capital value of non-Agricultural land.</td>
<td>30 nP. per Rs. 100 capital value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Exceeding Rs. 10,000</td>
<td>40 nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For existing Schedule substitute the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>Rate of assessment per sq. yard.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Local area with a population below 20,000.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Local area with a population exceeding 20,000 and below 30,000.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Local area with a population exceeding 30,000 and below 50,000.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Local area with a population exceeding 50,000 and below 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>3 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Local area with a population exceeding 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>4 nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exemption shall be given to those who own 250 sq. yards of land used for residential purpose in 3, 4, 5 categories, OR

Exemption shall be given to the families from the assessment of non-agricultural land; who get Rs. 1,200 income per year whichever is greater.

Mr. Speaker:—Amendments moved.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaya:—I beg to move.

For the existing Schedule substitute the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>Rate of assessment per sq. yard of land used.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Local area with a population of 10,000 and less.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Local area with a population exceeding 10,000 but not exceeding 15,000.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Local area with a population exceeding 15,000 but not exceeding 50,000.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Local area with a population exceeding 50,000 but not exceeding 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>1½ nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Local area with a population exceeding 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.
Sri D. Seetharamaiah: I beg to move:

For the existing Schedule substitute the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Local area and its population.</th>
<th>Area with highest activity.</th>
<th>Small streets and business lanes.</th>
<th>Outsides.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Local area with a population of 20,000 and less.</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Local area with a population between 20,000 and 50,000.</td>
<td>$\frac{1}{6}$ nP.</td>
<td>$\frac{1}{6}$ nP.</td>
<td>$\frac{1}{6}$ nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Local area with a population between 50,000 and 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>$\frac{3}{4}$ nP.</td>
<td>$\frac{1}{6}$ nP.</td>
<td>$\frac{1}{6}$ nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Local area with a population exceeding 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
<td>$\frac{3}{4}$ nP.</td>
<td>$\frac{1}{6}$ nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Provided that all owners having a monthly rental income of Rs. 25 in category of local area, Rs. 50 in category of 4 of local area, are exempted from any assessment under this Act, if such owners have no other property.

For the existing Schedule substitute the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Whole-</th>
<th>Retailers.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>salers.</td>
<td>In centres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Local area with a population of 20,000 and less.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Local area with a population between 20,000 and 50,000.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Local area with a population between 50,000 and 2 lakhs</td>
<td>3 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Local area with a population exceeding 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>4 nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For the existing Schedule substitute the following:

Rate of assessment per square yard of land used for any industrial purpose per Fasli year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industries Using Power</th>
<th>Rate per Sq. Yard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 H.P. and below</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 H.P. &amp; 25 H.P.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 H.P. &amp; 50 H.P.</td>
<td>4 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Above 50 H.P.</td>
<td>7 nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mr. Speaker:—Amendments moved.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I beg to move:

In Item 1 of the Schedule for the figure “10,000” substitute the figure “15,000.”

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri A. Saseeswara Rao:—Sir, I move: In categories 1 and 2 in the schedule delete the figures 2 nP.

In category 3 in column 2 for the figure 2 nP. substitute the figure 1 nP.

In categories 2 and 3 delete the figures in column 3.

In categories 3 and 4 delete the figures in column 4.

In category 4 for the figures in columns 2 and 3 substitute the figure 2 nP.

In category 5 for the figures in columns 2 and 3 substitute the figure 3 nP.

Mr. Speaker:—Amendments moved.

In categories 1 and 2 in the schedule delete the figures 2 nP.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

For the existing Schedule substitute the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Capital Value</th>
<th>Rate to be levied</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Below Rs. 1,000</td>
<td>10 nP. per Rs. 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not exceeding</td>
<td>but below Rs. 2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rs. 1,000</td>
<td>capital value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>capital value</td>
<td>of non-Agricultural land.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Exceeding Rs. 2,000 but below Rs. 5,000 capital value of non-Agricultural land.
   Rate: 20 nP. per Rs. 100 capital value.

4. Exceeding Rs. 5,000 but below Rs. 10,000 capital value of non-Agricultural land.
   Rate: 30 nP. per Rs. 100 capital value.

5. Exceeding Rs. 10,000
   Rate: 40 nP.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

For existing Schedule substitute the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Local area with a population below 20,000.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Local area with a population exceeding 20,000 and below 30,000.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
<td>..</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Local area with a population exceeding 30,000 and below 50,000.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
<td>1\frac{1}{2} nP.</td>
<td>\frac{1}{2} nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Local area with a population exceeding 50,000 and below 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>3 nP.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
<td>\frac{3}{4} nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Local area with a population exceeding 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>4 nP.</td>
<td>3 nP.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exemption shall be given to those who owns 250 sq. yards of land used for residential purpose in 3, 4, 5 categories, OR

Exemption shall be given to the families from the assessment of non-agricultural lands who get Rs. 1,200 income per year which ever is greater.

The amendment was negatived.
Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

For the existing Schedule substitute following:

<p>| Rate of assessment per sq. yard of land used. |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
<th>(4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Local area with a population of 10,000 and less.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Local area with a population exceeding 10,000 but not exceeding 15,000.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
<td>½ nP.</td>
<td>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Local area with a population exceeding 15,000 but not exceeding 50,000.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
<td>½ nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Local area with a population exceeding 50,000 but not exceeding 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>1½ nP.</td>
<td>1½ nP.</td>
<td>½ nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Local area with a population exceeding 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

For the existing Schedule substitute the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Local area and its population.</th>
<th>Area with highest business activity.</th>
<th>Small streets and lanes.</th>
<th>Outskirts.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Local area with a population of 20,000 and less.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Local area with a population between 20,000 and 50,000.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1/2 nP.</td>
<td>1/2 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Local area with a population between 50,000 and 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>3/4 nP.</td>
<td>1/2 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Local area with a population exceeding 2 lakhs.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
<td>3/4 nP.</td>
<td>1/8 nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Provided that all owners having a monthly rental income of Rs. 25 in category of local area, Rs. 50 in category 4 of local area, are exempted from any assessment under this Act if such owners have no other property.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:—

For the existing Schedule substitute the following:—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Local area with a population</th>
<th>Wholesalers</th>
<th>Retailers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>of 20,000 and less</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>between 25,000 and 50,000</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
<td>1/2 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>between 50,000 and 2 lakhs</td>
<td>3 nP.</td>
<td>1 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>exceeding 2 lakhs</td>
<td>4 nP.</td>
<td>2 nP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question:

For the existing Schedule substitute the following:—

Rate of assessment per square yard of land used for any industrial purpose per Fasti year.

| Industries using power of 10 H.P. and below | .. | .. | .. |
| Industries using power between 10 H.P. and 25 H.P. | 1 nP. |   |   |
| Industries using power between 25 H.P. and 50 H.P. | 2 nP. |   |   |
| Industries using power above 50 H.P. | .. | 4 nP. |   |

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

In item 1 of the Schedule for the figure “10,000” substitute the figure “15,000.”

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

In categories 1 and 2 in the Schedule delete the figures 2 nP.

The amendment was negatived.

2200—16
Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

In category 3 in column 2 for the figure 2 nP. substitute the figure 1 nP.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

In categories 2 and 3 delete the figures in column 3.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

In categories 3 and 4 delete the figures in column 4.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

In category 4 for the figures in columns 2 and 3 substitute the figure 2 nP.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

In category 5 for the figures in columns 2 and 3 substitute the figure 3 nP.

The amendment was negatived.

Sri Tennon Viswanatham:—I beg to move:

"In the first column of the Schedule for the words ‘Local Area and its population,’ substitute the words ‘Local Area and its population as per census of 1962.’"

Mr. Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri Tennon Viswanatham:—I want to say something.

"Local Area and its population according to the last census."
Mr. Speaker:—I think there should be no objection.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Objection. All these details will come in the rules.

Mr. Speaker:—According to the latest census. The Act may be in force for another 50 years. There was census taken in 1961, again in 1971, and so on, census may be taken. The present amendment says, ‘according to the census of 1961,’ instead of that, ‘according to the latest census’ would be better. I think you have no objection.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—I have no objection. It does not make any difference.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"In the First column of the Schedule for the words ‘Local area and its population,’ substitute the words ‘local area and its population according to the latest census.’"

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That the Schedule, as amended, do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Schedule, as amended, was added to the Bill.

Clause 1 and Preamble.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That Clause 1 and Preamble do stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 1 and Preamble were added to the Bill.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1933 (as reported of the Select Committee) be read a third time."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.
The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1963 (as reported by the Select Committee) be read a third time."

The motion was adopted.

Sri K. L. Narasimha Rao:—I demand a division, Sir.

The House divided:

Ayes: 86.
Noes: 48.

The motion was adopted.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1963, be read a first time."

Mr. Speaker:—Motion moved.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1963, be read a first time.”

The motion was adopted.

Sri N. Rama Chandra Reddy:—I beg to move:

“That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1963, be read a second time.”

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1963, be read a second time."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2.

Mr. D. Reddy:— The question is:— It does not pertain to this Bill.

Sri Vavilala Gapalakrishnayya:— I do not want to move my amendment, Sir.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

"That clause 2 do stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2 was added to the Bill.

Clause 1 and Preamble.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

"That Clause 1 and Preamble do stand part of the Bill".

The motion was adopted.

Clause 1 and Preamble were added to the Bill.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1963, be read a third time".

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Motion moved.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: — The question is:

"That the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra Area) Tenants and Ryots Protection (Amendment) Bill, 1963, be read a third time".

The motion was adopted.

THE ANDHRA PRADESH GENERAL SALES TAX (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1963.

The Minister for Finance (Sri K. Brahamananda Reddy): — I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963, (as reported by the Select Committee) be read a second time".

Mr. Deputy Speaker: — Motion Moved.

Sri Tennti Viswanatham: — I suppose today we will confine ourselves to general discussion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: — Yes.

Sri Tennti Viswanatham: — Thank you, Sir.
Government Bill:


Government Bill:


The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax Act, 1957, was amended by the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Act, 1958, and further amended by the Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Act, 1961. The amendment provided for the imposition of an additional tax on certain items.

The amendments included the following provisions:

1. The rate of tax on motor spirit was increased from 50 to 60.
2. The rate of tax on tobacco was increased from 30 to 31.
3. The rate of tax on betel nuts was increased from 20 to 21.
4. The rate of tax on newspapers was increased from 10 to 11.
5. The rate of tax on ice cream was increased from 5 to 6.
6. The rate of tax on electricity was increased from 3 to 4.
7. The rate of tax on motor vehicles was increased from 2 to 3.
8. The rate of tax on tobacco products was increased from 20 to 21.

The amendments also provided for the imposition of an additional tax on certain items, including:

- Motor spirit: from 50 to 60.
- Tobacco: from 30 to 31.
- Betel nuts: from 20 to 21.
- Newspapers: from 10 to 11.
- Ice cream: from 5 to 6.
- Electricity: from 3 to 4.
- Motor vehicles: from 2 to 3.
- Tobacco products: from 20 to 21.

The amendments were intended to increase revenue and were in line with the principle of raising taxes to fund government expenditure.
The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963

The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Bill, 1963, as introduced by the Government of Bihar, was drafted on 29th July, 1963. The rate of taxes on various commodities is to be increased. The Government has included a provision for relaxation of taxation for finished goods. The Taxation Enquiry Committee has been appointed to examine the merits of the tax proposal. The Government Bill proposes to increase the rate of taxes on various commodities. The provision for relaxation of taxation for finished goods is a welcome move. The Taxation Enquiry Committee has been appointed to examine the merits of the tax proposal.
Government Bill:

29th July, 803. 5:9


Unwritten schedule of rates 

Evasion 

RATES, Unwritten schedule of rates 

Evasion 

Best of judgment 

Best of judgment 

Turn over 

"We are forced to submit to the officers" 

We are forced to submit to the officers" 

Sales tax 

Model best of judgment
Government Bill:

Departmental instructions, notifications. Best of judgment is important. Accounts must be maintained properly. Accounts of purchase, sale, and stock must be maintained properly. Accounts of purchase, sale, and stock must be maintained properly.


Government Bill:


29th July, 1963. 561


Executive Orders and justice according to the classes of goods and at a rate of 7.500/-. every 100 rupees. Purchase account standard of the register and to the extent of 75 rupees, 7.500/- or single point tax 3,33. exemption up to 20 rupees. Exemption in case of 50 rupees. Turn over ofasseses.


...
Government Bill: 29th July, 1963. 563

(Sri K. Punnayya in the chair)

Provided that where the amount collected by a dealer by way of tax or additional tax is in excess of the tax or additional tax lawfully payable by him, the deduction under this section shall be limited to the amount equal to the tax or additional tax lawfully payable by him.

Where a dealer knowingly issues or produces a false bill, voucher, declaration, certificate or other document with a view to support or make any claim that a transaction of sale or purchase effected by him or any other dealer, is not liable to be taxed or is liable to be taxed at a reduced rate, the assessing authority shall, on detecting such issue or production, direct the dealer issuing or producing such document to pay as penalty.

Provided that the tax or other amount assessed or levied on, or due from, the agent, may be recovered by the assessing authority from the principal, instead from the agent.

Total turnover for that year is Rs. 3 lakhs or more.

In any of the following events, namely, where the whole or any part of the turnover or a business of a dealer has escaped assessment to tax, or has been under assessed at a rate lower than the correct rate, or where the licence fee or registration fee has escaped levv or has been levied at a rate lower than the correct rate, the assessing authority may, after issuing a notice to the dealer and after making such enquiry as he may consider necessary, by order setting out the grounds therefor ...

In addition to the tax assessed or fee levied under this sub-section the assessing authority may also direct the dealer to pay a penalty as specified in sub-section (8).

The penalty leviable under sub-section (2), sub-section (3) or section (4) shall not exceed ...

(a) five times the tax or the fee, due in a case where the assessing authority is satisfied that the failure of the dealer to disclose the whole or part of the turnover or any other particulars correctly, or to submit the return before the prescribed date, was willful; and.

(b) one half of the tax or the fee, due in a case where such failure was not willful:

Check post advises dealers to submit in addition to the tax assessed or fee levied under this sub-section the assessing authority may also direct the dealer to pay a penalty as specified in sub-section (8).

In cases other than those coming under Section 8 and Section 9 penalty is equal to five times the exempted.

Section 8 and Section 9 notification and exemption are equal to five times the exempted.

Dealers non-resident dealers are advised to submit weigh bill produce equal to the exempted, 500 penalty.

29th July, 1963. 565


Rules and Regulations non-resident dealers to carry weigh bill and weigh bill in case of non-resident dealers at weigh post. Rule and Regulations non-resident dealers to carry weigh bill and weigh bill to be produced at weigh post. Rule and Regulations non-resident dealers to carry weigh bill and weigh bill to be produced at weigh post.

Schedule "Containers" Table: Empty gunny bags new container 3 N. P. old container exempted new container 4% new container 4% old container exempted new container 3 N. P. old container exempted gunny bags exempted above 1 lakh stack provide 15% above 1 lakh stack provide 15%.

Rules to be provided declaration forms date of commencement Act 1st August 1963.

Act amended as follows, 8, 4 points mentioned in Select Committee Act 1963.

1. non-resident dealers to carry weigh bill and weigh bill to be produced at weigh post.
2. Rule and Regulations non-resident dealers to carry weigh bill and weigh bill to be produced at weigh post.
3. Schedule "Containers" Table: Empty gunny bags new container 3 N. P. old container exempted new container 4% new container 4% old container exempted new container 3 N. P. old container exempted empty gunny bags exempted above 1 lakh stack provide 15% above 1 lakh stack provide 15%.

Rules to be provided declaration forms date of commencement Act 1st August 1963.

Act amended as follows, 8, 4 points mentioned in Select Committee Act 1963.
Government Bills:


The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax
(Amendment) Bill, 1963.

The Minister for Finance and Commerce observed that chillies single point purchase would be carried out only after consultation with traders and farmers. Farmers and merchants would be consulted. Farmers would be paid 20% more. Consumers would also benefit. Merchants would not be charged. Regulations would be framed. The Minister also mentioned that import of wheat had been increased. To making single point purchase easier, farmers would also be informed. Merchants would not be charged. Five times check posts would be increased. All trucks would be checked. Five times penalty of 1,200 rupees. For every lorry, weight bill would be charged. Penalty for harassment and corruption would be increased. Rice forms would be changed. Rules would be changed. Rules would force the Act to function properly. The Minister also explained that the rules of the Act would be framed. The Minister also mentioned that the Act would be forced.
Government Bill:


Constituency S. Co-operative Society.

86,003 from All India Khadi Board at 120.

120 from Co-operative Society.

Excise evasion.

Check posts double speed.

Excise evasion.
Government Bills:


The Andhra Pradesh General Sales Tax
(Amendment) Bill, 1963.

...
Mr. Speaker:—The House is adjourned till 8–30 a.m. on 30-7-63, 1–35 p.m.

(The House then adjourned till half past eight of the clock on Tuesday, the 30th July, 1963.)