ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Tuesday, the 28th July, 1963

THE HOUSE MET AT HALF PAST EIGHT OF THE CLOCK.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

LAND ACQUISITION FOR ABADI PURPOSES IN NALGONDA DISTRICT.

1828—

*1881 Q.—Srî A. Ramachandra Reddy (Bhongir):—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the number of cases of land acquisition for Abadi purposes pending in the Tahsils of Nalgonda district and in the Revenue Department;

(b) since how long they were pending; and

(c) whether there is any time-limit for the disposal of such cases?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy):—(a) 4 cases.

(b) One case is pending since 1959, another since 1961 and the third and fourth are recent cases.

(c) No, Sir.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—"Abadi" is for house sites.

J. No.—2197 [67]

Oral Answers to Question

Q. 3. What is the number of house sites of the specified area?

Q. 4. What is the number of house sites having sites, of the specified area?

Q. 5. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 6. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 7. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 8. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 9. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 10. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 11. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 12. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 13. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 14. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 15. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 16. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 17. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 18. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 19. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 20. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 21. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 22. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 23. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 24. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 25. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 26. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 27. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 28. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 29. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Q. 30. What is the number of house sites as per the latest count?

Oral Question by Land Acquisition Officer on 23rd July, 1963.

In response to the question, the Revenue Department stated that they had disposed of the patta lands under G.O. No. 2363, Revenue, dated 23rd October 1956, following implementation of the issue. The disposal was to be made in accordance with the G.O. copy and the procedure of the day.

Pending cases were disposed of, and the patta lands acquired in accordance with the law, and the cumbersome procedure was being simplified. The sections 3, 4, 6, award notification, awards, and issue were being streamlined. The time taken for the disposal was being reduced, making the process more efficient.

In four cases pending, the technicalities were being cleared up.

In one case, the information was sent by the Revenue Department.

In another case, the declaration of revenue lands was being made, and the penalty was being calculated.

In the Select Committee.


Oral Answers to Questions.

Social Welfare Officer's report on petitions regarding Scheduled Castes; Scheduled Tribes; backward communities and deposit of petitions. Revenue has not made any award to the Zilla Parishad for the payment of compensation. The land has already been occupied and houses have been constructed. This is about 1959 case. But the award could not be passed by the R. D. O. Miriyalguda as the Zilla Parishad has not provided funds for the payment of compensation.

Revenue for speedy collection of revenue.
(a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to award the Village Munsifs for speedy collection of revenue made during 1961-62; and

(b) if so, when it will be done?

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—(a) and (b) Government have already issued orders to the effect that merit certificates should be given to 3 Village Munsifs in each District who stand first, second and third in the collection work.

Supply of Stationery to the Village Officers in Telangana Area.

1880—

*3585 Q.—Sri N. Yethi Raja Rao (Chennur):—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether the G.O. Ms. No. 2371, dated 14th November, 1959 regarding supply of stationery to the Village Officers in Telangana area, is being implemented;

(b) whether the stationery was supplied to the Village Officers in the year 1962-63 in Warangal district; and

(c) if not, the reasons thereof?

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Collector of Warangal has reported that the various forms of Village accounts required by the Village Officers have been supplied to them.

(c) Does not arise.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—There is slight discrepancy here. The Andhra system was extended to Telangana in 1960. But in issuing the G. O. the stationery portion was omitted by oversight or mistake. Only forms and paper were supplied to the village officers in Telangana, but stationery was not supplied to the village officers in 1962-63. Now, it has been brought to the notice of the Government and an ad hoc grant is going to be made and the Finance Department has been referred to.

Villages without Drinking Water Facilities in Anantapur District.

1881—

*2149 Q.—Sri V.K. Adinarayana Reddy (Gooty):—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:
Oral Answers to Question

(a) the number of villages and their names which have no drinking water facilities at all in the district of Anantapur;

(b) the steps taken to meet the urgency;

(c) when the work will be finished; and

(d) the amount granted for this purpose for Anantapur during 1960-61 and 1961-62?

The Minister for Planning and Panchayati Raj (Dr. M. Chenna Reddy):—(a) There are 264 villages in Anantapur district which have no drinking water facilities. A list is placed on the Table of the House.

(b) It was decided by Government that provisions under Local Development Works, Community Development (provision under Rural Health & Sanitation) Equalisation Grant and Social Welfare grant should be pooled and utilised for drinking water supply schemes only. A phased programme was formulated for providing drinking water to all villages in the State by the end of Third Plan period by utilising the funds so pooled.

(c) By the end of Third Plan period.

(d) During 1960-61, Rs. 5.6 lakhs and during 1961-62 Rs. 4.2 lakhs were allotted under the Local Development Works and Equalisation grants for drinking water supply schemes in Anantapur district. In addition to the above funds, the funds under Rural Health and Sanitation programme in the Schematic Budget of the Community Development Blocks were also available for taking up drinking water schemes.

STATEMENT LAID IN THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE.

Particulars of villages which have no drinking water facilities in Anantapur district.

Kanekal-Nor Block.

1. Veparalla.
2. Malakpuram h/o Junjirampalli.
3. Avaladatla h/o Nagireddipalli.
5. Naithampalli h/o Pulicherla.
7. Haressamudram h/o Bommanahal.
8. Peddakavakuntla.
10. "N. Balanapuram.
Oral Answers to Questions. 23rd July, 1963. 73

Pamidi Non Block.

1. Edurur h/o Miduthur.
2. Lakshanapalli.
3. Pulikinta.
4. Pogarur.

Dharmavaram Non Block.

1. Katamankunta h/o Cherlopalli.

D.D. Cheruvu Non Block.

1. Gagulapatli h/o Amadagur.
2. Gangireddipalli h/o Amadagur.
3. Diguvapalli h/o Dularuvaripalli.
4. Bathalapallil h/o Eguvapalli.
5. Nallapalli h/o Inagulur.
7. Verappagaripalli Thanda h/o Kondakanarla.
11. Panthulacheruvu.
12. Lokojipalli h/o Pulikuntlapalli.
14. Mamillakuntlapalli h/o Thippepalli.
15. Kaneheravandlapalli h/o Thummala.
16. Venkatarayanipalli h/o Thummala.
17. Rutlavandlapalli h/o Thummala.
18. Thummalakuntlapalli.
19. Gorlavandlapalli h/o Obicherla.
20. Nallajodulavandlapalli h/o Obicherla.

Singanamala Block.

1. Karnapudiki h/o Nodimidoddi.
2. Dugumarri.
3. Checkepalli.

Kodigenahalli Block.

1. Obulapuram h/o Chelasamudram.
2. Dhamapuram.
3. Thumakunta.
5. Sirekolam.
7. Naganahalli.
8. Tirumuladevarapalli.
10. Basavanahalli h/o Utukur.
11. Konapuram.

Rayadrug Panchayat Samithi.
1. Hulikal.
2. Gallaladoddi h/o Chadam.
4. Morempalli Thanda husband of Bhupasamudram.
5. Lingad.
7. Cherevudoddi h/o Gollapalli.
8. Lakshnipuram.

Kalyandrug Panchayat Samithi.
1. Duddekunta.
2. Ramasagaram.
3. Ravinepalli.
4. Belaguppa Thanda.
5. Moukthikapuram.
6. Yerragudi.
7. Ankampalli.
8. Muddinayanipalli.
10. Yelagalavanka.

Kothacheruru Panchayat Samithi.
1. Agraharam.
2. Gangireddipalli.
3. Appalavandlapalli.
5. Brahmanapalli.
8. Nalakota.
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**Publur Panchayat Samithi.**

1. Vanganur.
2. Kondapalli.
3. Sanagalagudur.
5. PeddamaHapjlili.
6. Chillavariali.

**Uravakonda Panchayat Samithi.**

1. Uravakonda.
2. Hanachanamal.
3. Kottalapalli h/o Velpumadugu.
5. Havaligi.
6. R.P. Kottala h/o Velpumadugu.

**Kambadur Panchayat Samithi.**

1. Chelimahalli h/o Vepalaparthi.
2. Guddella h/o Mulakamnr.
3. Enakal h/o Theet*skal.

**Mudigubba Panchayat Samithi.**

1. Guddampalli Thanda h/o Gunjepalli.
2. Mukthapuram Thanda h/o Mukthapuram.
3. Volimicherlopalli h/o Sankepalli.
4. Pypedu h/o Kondagattupalli.
5. Pennanakuntapalli Thanda h/o Nallamada.
7. Uppalapadu.
8. Siddannagaripalli h/o Uppalapadu.

**Chennekothapalli Panchayat Samithi.**

1. Burujaguthapalli.
2. Hariancherevu.
5. Brahmanapalli.
7. Venkatapuram.
8. Popireddipth.

2197—2
1. Balijapalli h/o Kodlu and.
2. Koithapalli T.\textsuperscript{nd} T.\textsuperscript{nd} T.\textsuperscript{nd} T.
4. Karavalaipalli T.\textsuperscript{nd} T.\textsuperscript{nd} T.\textsuperscript{nd} T.
5. Arumakulapalli h/o T.\textsuperscript{nd}.
6. Duguvaamarpalli.
7. Korevandipalli h/.
8. Pothalapalli h/o Ch.\textsuperscript{nd}.
13. Pathachamolapalli h/ Chilamuthur.

Rolla Panchayat Samithi.

1. Mekalagatta h/ Konthallu.
2. Veerapuram h/o Amarpuram.
3. Avinikunta h/o Rolla.
4. Nandarajamahalli h/o Agali.
5. Thonasanahalli h/o Inagalar.
6. Hottebetta h/o Rolla.
8. Hanumanahalli h/o Kodilhelli.
9. Devarahalli h/o Hullikota.
10. Komarehalli h/o Ravadi.
11. Gunchall h/o Hemavathi.
15. Devarahalli.
17. Pujariipalli (Harivar).
18. Gudduguriki.
19. Virupasamudram.
20. Agraaharam h/o Valasa.
22. Thumbinakunta.
23. Thanmadehalli Gollahalli.
Ora! Answer to Quest:ons, 23rd

Gooty Panchayat Samithi.

1. Chandakal Kottala.
2. Bhamivariipalli.
3. Mudipalli.
4. Amnpalli.
5. Gooty.
7. Tirupakapalli.
8. Kasempalli.
15. Kotheppalli h/o Gooty Anantapuram.
16. Virupapuram.
17. Ravaludi.
19. Thondapadu.
20. Lachampalli.

Madukasira Panchayat Samithi.

1. Chandakacherla.
2. Haresamudram.
4. Rangapuram h/o Sivaram.
5. Dasarahalli h/o Kerikera.
7. Dnnameedipalyam h/o Govindapuram.
8. Bachaliyahpalyam.
10. Gangalavayapalyam.
11. Kadapulayyapalyam h/o Dambula Bonda.
15. Amidyalagondi.
16. Aswatharayaniroppam.
17. Diguvachampalli.

Oral Answers to Questions

18. Kantupuram h/o Bullasamudram.
20. Yerrachananahalli (Harijans).
21. Rangapuram h/o Marur.
22. C. Kodigenhalli.
24. Phalaram (Harijans).
26. Madibba h/o Rollahalli.
27. Myniganipalli h/o Rallahalli.
29. Chowtipalli h/o Madakasira.
30. Guddampalli h/o Melvoy.

Penukonda Panchayat Samithi.

1. Mahadevapalli.
2. KodircpalH.
3. Motarupalli.
5. Popireddipalli.
7. Chinntataiahpalli.
8. Kolimpalli.

Tanakal Panchayat Samithi.

1. Erraballi h/o Gurrambylu.
2. Rathenaiek Thanda h/o Tavalam.
4. Chamachenubulu.
5. Tatimanigunta h/o Valichelama.
7. Madigapalli h/o Gootibyu.
8. Thurakavaripalli h/o Chinnaramannagaripalli.
11. Allugutlapalli h/o Pedaballi Kothapalli.
13. Venkapalli h/o Tanakallu.
14. Yerraguntapalli h/o Talamravandlapalli.
15. Ustilapalli h/o Tanakallu.
17. Chamma Vaddulavandlapalli h/o Bonthalapalli.
Oral Answers to Questions.

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18. P. Kodandamreddipalli h/o Malreddipalli.
20. Kotapalli h/o Malameedpalli.
21. Rakkuntlapalli h/o Ethodu.
22. Yadulavandlapalli h/o Edurudona.
23. Kavlemreddipalli h/o Somayajulapalli.
25. Sanjeevapalli h/o Talamarlavandlapalli.
26. Emarapalli h/o Tavalam.
27. Harijana Cherry h/o Vechelamula.
29. Thatagudi Thanda h/o Tavalam.
30. Moolapalli h/o Edurudona.
31. Paddakantipalli Thanad h/o Mckalacheruvu.
32. Podalavanipalli h/o Chamacheonubulu.
33. Bowne Naik Thanda, Nagensick Thanda h/o Gurrambylu.
34. Madigapalli h/o Kokanti.
35. reddivaripalli h/o Nambulapulkunta.
36. Harijana Cherri Vankapalli h/o Tanakallu.
37. Kuramvandlapalli h/o Tavalam.
38. Mudupulajecvi.
40. Nallaguttapalli h/o Tavalam.
41. Bandrevaripalli h/o Tanakal.
42. Gollavaripalli h/o Tanakal.
43. Nereduchervu h/o Marrikommadinna.
44. Chindilapalli h/o Chinnaramannagaripalli.
45. Yedlapallivandlapalli h/o Korkanti.
46. Rakkuntlapalli h/o Ethodu.
47. Chinaraapragaripalli h/o Tanakal.
48. Kanipalli h/o Talamarlavandlapalli.
49. Challapallivandlapalli h/o Nambulapulkunta.
50. Malapalli h/o Mekalacheruvu.
51. Chinnipalli h/o Kokkonti.
52. Diguvalthutlapalli h/o Tavalam.
53. Siddippagaripalli h/o Velighelamala.
54. Madigapalli h/o Chamalagodi.
Drinking Water Quality

Water supply boards and local authorities need to ensure that the drinking water meets the following standards:

1. Source: The water must be from a reliable source, such as a river, lake, or well, and not from a contaminated one.
2. Treatment: The water should be treated with disinfectants, such as chlorine, to kill harmful bacteria.
3. Testing: The water quality should be tested regularly to ensure that it meets the required standards.
4. Distribution: The water should be distributed through a network of pipes and mains to households.

Failure in any of these areas can lead to health problems, such as gastrointestinal diseases. Therefore, it is essential to have a proper system in place to ensure the quality of drinking water.
Oral Answer to Questions
23rd July, 1934

Chlorine Contin. After the previous answer, the D.H. O. is to continue the same. The Chlo ine
content is to be maintained. Allowing for the
transportation time, 24 hours from the
Chloration Plant, the water is to be supplied in
20 hours after the treatment. This is to be
maintained, as in the previous answer.

Projected Water Supplies Scheme: It is to be
made known to the people that the present
water supplies are to be increased by
10 lakhs of people. The Walchand Board is to
be formed and the scheme is to be
implemented. It is to be started as soon as
possible.

Baeward areas: The Baeward areas are to be
developed. The scheme is to be
implemented as soon as possible.

Water for irrigation and drinking
purposes: The water is to be
supplied for irrigation and drinking
purposes as soon as possible.
Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—The District Collector would be competent to relax people’s contributions below 25% of the cost of works in really hard and deserving cases.
Oral Answers to Questions. 23rd July, 1963. 83

Sir. Sir, (i.e.), the following (i.e.), regarding the...

Oral Answers to Questions

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The preliminary investigation of a comprehensive water supply scheme for Kosigi was completed by the Public Health Department. The estimated cost of this scheme is Rs. 3.47 lakhs for installation and Rs. 14,000 for annual maintenance. Since there is already a protected water supply system in operation in this Panchayat, the question of sanctioning the comprehensive Protected Water Scheme is being examined particularly with reference to the method of financing the scheme.

(c) Does not arise.

Breaches to the Anicut of Musi Canal in Nalgonda District.

1888

*103 (2777) Q. Sri K. Ramachandra Reddy (Ramanapet) :—

Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the ryots of Lakshmipuram for Ramanapet taluk, Nalgonda District submitted application to the Public Works authorities of Nalgonda requesting for the repairs in view of the fact that the anicut of Musi Canal has been dilapidated and breaches have occurred to the channel;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the ryots have deposited contribution of Rs. 1,150 for the repairs of the said channel on 21st July 1958 through Channel No. 1788/55188 in Tahsil Office of Ramanna peta, and

(c) the steps taken by the Government regarding the said channel

1. M's' for Irrigation and Power (Sri. A.C. Subba Reddy):—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) A c-estimate for Rs. 22,500 to ensure the proper working of the channel in the long run, was sanctioned in December 1962.

Construction of Krishnasagaram Tank.

1881

(904 (2398) Q. Sri K. Bhuchayya [Put by Sri Mohammed Tahased) (Bhadrachalam)]—Will the hon. Minr.'e. for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether the construction of Krishanasagaram tank in Bhuagam pad taluk, Khammam district has been completed;

(b) if so, the extent of land brought under cultivation under the tank; and

(c) if not, whether patras will be issued to the Government hands to the poor Gurjan and Pirijans rysts of that area which is not under cultivation?

Sri A. C. Subba Reddy:—

(a) Yes, Sir, except the excavation of Irrigation channel which could not be taken up due to the non-accession of the forest area.

(b) Nil.

(c) Yes Sir. The District Social Welfare Officer is taking action to irrigate an extent of A.c. 160 to the Koya ill Pirijans of the area.

Construction of Anicut of Chinarapalu River at Mamidala Village.

1885

(2621 Q. Sri N. Srinivasa Reddy (Put by Sri K. Ramachandra Reddy):—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether any proposal is under consideration of the Government for the construction of an anicut over the Chinarapalu river at Mamidala village, Nalgonda Taluk and District;

(b) if so, the stage at which the said proposal is at present.
(c) whether estimates have been prepared;
(d) if so, the estimated expenditure thereof; and
(e) when the said work will be taken up?

*Sri A. C. Subba Reddy:—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) It is still under investigation by the Superintending Engineer, M. I. P. (T.) Circle.

(c) (d) and (e) Do not arise.

CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT ON AKERU RIVER

1887—

*4022 Q. Sri G. Mallikarjuna Rao, (Chillamchrola):— Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation in a Powel be pleased to state:

(a) whether any final decision was taken to construct a medium size or minor type project on Akeru river in Warangal District; and

(b) if so, when and where?

*Sri A.C. Subba Reddy:—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

APPEAL FROM ANDHRA MUSLIM WAKF PROPERTIES PROTECTION COMMITTEE.

1887

*4028 Q. Sri D. Seetharamiah (Put by Sri V. Sri Krishna) (Mangalagiri)]:— Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government received an appeal from the President and General Secretary of the Andhra Muslim Wakfs Properties Protection committee dated 24th March 1968;

(b) if so, the action taken thereon;

(c) have the Government enquired into the working of the present Andhra Pradesh Muslim Wakf Board; and

(d) if so whether the Government propose to reconstitute it with greater inclusion representation?
The Minister for Buildings and Communications (Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan):—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Government did not consider any action necessary.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

Sri V. Srikirshna:—Will the hon. Minister be pleased to state the reasons why the Government has not taken action upon the request of the Secretary of the Wakf Board?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Please repeat the question?

Sri V. Srikirshna:—Will you please state the reasons why the Government has not taken into consideration the points raised in the Memorandum?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—The main point of the memorandum is to reconstitute the Board. The Board is appointed in 1961 for five years, and after the expiry of the term it will be reconstituted. In the mid term there is no provision for reconstitution. Of course Government can dissolve it and take the charges of the Wakf into its hands; but the conditions are not such to take that serious step.

Sri V. Srikirshna:—It was stated in the memorandum that the Wakf Board is not functioning properly and the local authorities who are managing the Wakf property they are mismanaging the whole affair. So their request is to rectify the management and rectify the mistakes in the functioning of the Board itself. Will the Government consider reconstituting it at least make it work more effectively and reconstitute that Board in such a way that representation is given to all the sects in the community and areas in the State? Will it be possible for the Government and will the Government consider the matter once again?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—The Board is functioning properly. There may be some cases of mutawallis here and there not doing well. If such individual cases are brought to the notice of the Board they will surely take steps and try to rectify them. So far as the question—I have just answered that the reconstitution is not; according to the Act—there is no section for the reconstitution of the Board. It can be dissolved and Government can take in their own hands, but Government does not deem it necessary to take that step because the Board is functioning properly.

Sri Pitchaiah:—Mr. Speaker, Sir. May I know the main points that are raised in the memorandum submitted to the Secretary?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Sir, the main point is, as I said, reconstitution of the Board. After two years it will be reconstituted because the period expires after two years. It was formed in 1961. The other point was that the representation is not good. It was constituted in 1961, according to districtwise. They have said that districtwise representation should be there. It is not in the Act.
Telangana and from Andhra—from both the regions the members are there in the Board and though every district is not represented—maximum number is 11 and if you take districtwise it will be 20—therefore such things are not possible now. In 1961 it was considered and it was formed.

Sri V. Viswanathra Rao:—The Government has taken a step to remove the Chairman already and the Chairman was removed some time back. The Chairman of the Muslim Wakf Board has been removed and another man has been reappointed. When such a decision was taken, why not the Government take a decision to reconstitute the Board in view of the fact that the Board is not properly functioning or not taking decisions?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—The Government appoints the members of the Board. The maximum number is 11. The Chairman is appointed by the members themselves and the Chairman resigned and members also accepted that and new Chairman is elected from among the 1 members. According to the Act, election of the Chairman is entirely the function of the members of the Board.

Sri P. Subbaiah:—Mr. Speaker, Sir. Very recently I had an occasion to go to the Wakf Board. There, all the officers are either retrenched people or old people who are not capable of rendering their service. Therefore, would the Government instead of making it a quasi-Governmental body, make it a Governmental body and see that the work is done properly and efficiently?

Sri Pitchayya:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, Is it not a fact that some corruption charges and mis-management of the Board has been reported to the Government?

Sri P. Subbaiah:—No, Sir. I have no information about it. No such information, Sir.

Sri V. Srikrishna:—Will the hon. Minister atleast assure us now that when they reconstitute the Board, they will take into consideration the various interests and areas in the State in giving representation?

Mr. Speaker:—It will be duly in 1966.

Sri V. Srikrishna:—Yes, in giving representation atleast will the hon. Minister give us assurance that all the interests will be taken into consideration when the Board is reconstituted?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Sir, at the time of the reconstitution, of course as far as possible representation from all—if not all the districts—equitably it will be considered.

Sri P. Subbaiah:—Mr. Speaker, Sir. Is it not a fact that some corruption charges and mis-management of the Board has been reported to the Government?

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, Is it not a fact that some corruption charges and mis-management of the Board has been reported to the Government?
Oral Answers to Questions. 2-1 July, 1963.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—As I said the Chairman is elected by the members of the Board and the Chairman resigned and members accepted it and new chairman is elected from among the members. And more than this I am not in a position to say—what was the more minor details, why not representation and all those things.

Mr. Chairman:—I think the member is not clear. I said the Chairman is elected by the members of the Board and the Chairman resigned and members accepted it and new chairman is elected from among the members, but other minor details, why not representation and all those things.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Chairman's honorarium is paid. It should be.

Mr. Speak:—Chairman?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Chairman also.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Chairman's honorarium is paid. It should be.

Oral Answers to Questions

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan :- Sir, Rayalaseema also is represented in the Board and Circar districts also are represented in the Board and the corruption charges—no specific charges are brought to the notice of the Government against the Board.

Shri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan :- As you have mentioned, the Board and Circar districts are represented in the Board and there is no specific charge of corruption against the Board.

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REMOVAL OF THE PREVIOUS CHAIRMAN OF THE MUSLIM WAKF BOARD 1838—

*4695 Q—Sri Mohammed Ismail [Put by Sri T. K. R. Sarma) Kurnool]:—Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communications be pleased to state:

(a) What are the reasons for removal of the previous chairman of the Muslim Wakf Board and who has been appointed in his place; and

(b) Whether a writ has been filed by the ex-Chairman questioning the action of the State Government and, if so, the result thereof?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—

(a) Dr. Syed Abdul Latif, previous Chairman of the Wakf Board resigned and his resignation was accepted. Sri Osman Ali Khan, M. P. was appointed as his successor.

(b) Yes, Sir. The two writ petitions were dismissed as withdrawn.

Mr. Speaker:—You said the 11 members have to elect the Chairman?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Yes, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—But now you are saying Mr. Osman Ali Khan was appointed?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Appointed by the Board, Sir.

Mr. Speaker:—Elected by the Board?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Elected.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishna:—Why he was asked to resign, Sir? Whether it is on pressure he has resigned or on willingness he has resigned?

Mr. Speaker:—Whether he resigned under undue influence or coercion or for reasons like that.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—The Ex-Chairman resigned and the Board accepted the resignation.

Mr. Speaker:—Usually people are made to resign due to health reasons! (Laughter).

Sri V. Viswanath Rao:—Here the Chairman resigned and Sri Osman Ali Khan was elected. Who went to the High Court and what is the nature of the case and why was it dismissed?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—The Chairman resigned but later on perhaps changed his mind and said that his resignation was not in proper manner and the Board should not accept the resignation. Therefore he went to the Court but later on he said that “This is my formal resignation and therefore I want to take back my writ petition”. The High Court accepted the latter statement of withdrawal and dismissed the case.
Chairman
resignation. And wrote petition thereon. The Board accepted it and it went to the High Court. The High Court dismissed the case; the matter is closed since a few months back. So far as the corruption charges are concerned, there is no specific corruption charge against the Board. If anything is brought, it will be consulted by the Law Department and according to the legal procedure it will be taken up, but nothing has been brought to the notice of the Government.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—So far as the resignation of the Chairman is concerned, the Board accepted it and it went to the High Court. The High Court dismissed the case; the matter is closed since a few months back. So far as the corruption charges are concerned, there is no specific corruption charge against the Board. If anything is brought, it will be consulted by the Law Department and according to the legal procedure it will be taken up, but nothing has been brought to the notice of the Government.

Sri T.K.R. Sarma:—What were the reasons that were shown in the letter of the resignation of the previous Chairman?

Sri G. Latchanna:—This is not health reason as assumed.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—What were the corruption charges, who enquired and how was it found that they were not substantiated?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Corruption charges were not brought to the notice of the Government. No such thing is pending with the Government.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Was there any enquiry at all?

Mr. Speaker:—The Minister says that there was no complaint.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—No, Sir; there were so many complaints; they were enquired into and finally shelved. That is what I want to know.

Mr. Speaker:—The member says that complaints have been made to the Government; in spite of the complaints having been made, the Government did not take any action, but they simply lodged them.
**Oral Answers to Questions.**


*Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan*:—If any complaint is made it will be examined and according to the Act whatever action Government can take will be taken because the Board is a statutory body and the Government has to perform certain functions. If any complaints are brought to the notice of the Government they will be examined.

*Sri Sulba Reddy*:—How did the High Court admit the writ petition if the Chairman really resigned? Will the hon. Minister please explain the circumstances?

*Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan*:—It is a matter for the High Court; but the writ petition was not decided by the High Court; later on it was withdrawn and was dismissed by the High Court.

*Sri Pillalamarri Venkata Swarulu*:—Were there any complaints sent to the Board if not to the Government?

*Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan*:—That is a separate question. I have no information as to what is going on in the Board.

*Sri Pillalamarri V. Nkatswarlu*:—I request the Hon. Minister to refer the files because when that particular question is raised we presume that the department should have sent all those things. For simple things if the department won't send such simple information I do not know what the department is sending.

**Mr. Speaker**:—Have you got any information?

*Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan*:—No, Sir; any complaints are pending in the Board—that information I have not got because it has to be called for from the Board itself. If a separate question is put I will call from the Board and place before the House.

*Sri V. Viswaswra Rao*:—The Wakf Board will take some decisions. Who will implement these decisions and how are they implemented. Is the Government aware that so many decisions have not been implemented.

*Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan*:—Whatever decisions are taken by the Wakf Board they are implemented by our Revenue Department because the procedure is there—our Revenue Department, our Police Department and other departments co-operate with the Board and whatever according to law they decide is being implemented.

*Sri V. Srikrishna*:—Will the hon. Minister at least accept that there is something conspicuous behind the whole affair after going through all the developments that took place on this issue?

**Mr. Speaker**:—The question amounts to this—whether the hon. Minister is answering with mental reservations.
Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—What are the facts before me I am telling; no mental reservation.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishna:—Sir, the Minister said in his reply that there were charges and they were not proved and so they were dropped. My point is—what were the charges, who enquired and why were they dropped?

Mr. Speaker:—Did he say there were charges?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishna:—He has himself said now; if you refer to the tape record it will be clear. He said there are charges, they are not proved and so they are dropped.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—What I said is that there is no specific representation before the Government against the Board—some corruption or anything like that—and if from the Muthavallis from the districts if there are some charges against some individuals or Muthavallis pending in the Board, if a separate question is put I will call from the Board that details and put before the House.

Sri T. K. R. Sarma:—The hon. Minister was saying that the Ex-Chairman resigned because there was no cooperation from the other members of the Board. Were there any reports by the Ex-Chairman to the Government with regard to the conduct, behaviour or other activities of the Board members?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—That matter is not before me. A separate question may be put whether the Ex-Chairman has ever complained against any member of the Board; that matter is not before me.

Sri V. Srikrisna:—I have brought to the notice of the hon. Minister some specific instances where the Board has not taken proper action to safeguard the interests of the Wakf property. There are some instances where the Board has failed. Will the hon. Minister at least assure me that hereafter proper and prompt action will be taken in these matters when the interests of the Wakf Board property are affected?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—If any specific matters are brought, it may be referred to the Board for enquiry and necessary action because the Board is a statutory body and the district matters has to be dealt with by the Board.

Advisory Board for Prisoners

1889—

*2915 Q.—Sri P. Subbaiah (Yerragondipalem):—Will the hon. Minister for Law and Information be pleased to state:

(a) how many times the Advisory Board for prisoners met for recommending the premature release of the convicts during the year 1862; and

(b) when the convicts were released after the Advisory Board's recommendations?

The Minister for Law and Information (Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao):—

(c) The Advisory Board met 12 times during the year 1962.

varied from one month to five months; but I would submit to the House, Sir, that in 1963 as a result of the instructions issued by Government, the position has considerably improved and during 1968 all the releases were effected within one month.

... varied from one month to five months; but I would submit to the House, Sir, that in 1963 as a result of the instructions issued by Government, the position has considerably improved and during 1968 all the releases were effected within one month.

Sir, the question pertains to 1962; however, I have got information about 1963 also. According to G. O. Ms. No. 80 Home dated 11-1-63, the releases were effected on 15-1-63, G. O. Ms. 81 Home dated 11-1-63—according to this out of 7 prisoners, 3 were released on 22-1-63 within 11 days; 1 prisoner was released on 8-2-63, i.e., less than one month and 3 prisoners were released exactly at the end of one month.

**Revenue from Roofing Grass**

1840—

*Q*20 (2031) Q. Sri G. V. Pithambar Rao (Lusatipet):—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to give up the small amount of revenue derived by the Government from roofing grass in the hands of the poor?
Oral Answers to Questions

(b) whether the Government will take steps to collect this revenue by any method other than the system of auctioning; and

(c) whether the Government propose to issue orders beneficial to the public taking into consideration the suggestions made in the course of a memorandum submitted by Sri G. V. Pitambar Rao, M.L.A., in 1958:

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri A. Balarami Reddi):—

(a) The answer is in the negative.

(b) In view of (a) above, this does not arise.

(c) There is no memorandum submitted by the M.L.A., in 1958. But there was a representation dated 23-7-1957 from this Member suggesting to fix a nominal rate of 25 nP. per cart load of grass. Again in his further representation dated 10-8-1961 to the Forest Advisory Committee the member proposed to fix a rate for thatching grass for each hut and to collect the same through Panchayat or through Department. As the present practice is working satisfactorily without any complaint, Government do not propose to consider the suggestion of the member.

Casuarina Plantation in Sri Harikota Island

1841—

*871 Q.—Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy (Midhur):—

Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of casuarina plantation in Sriharikota island;

(b) whether mechanisation in transport has been attempted; if so, with what results;

(c) whether there is any scheme to collect the island with the main land; and

(d) whether the population of the island consists of only tribals?

Sri A. Balarami Reddi:—

(a) 3,888 acres.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) It consists of both tribals and non-tribals.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—In the answer the Minister said 'yes.' In view of the fact that the cost of fuel is going up very rapidly will the Government think of implementing the scheme immediately so that it will be beneficial to the public as well as to the Government?

Sri A. Balarami Reddi:—The Public Works Department have already taken up the work round about March and they are proceeding with the work; I hope the work will be completed soon.

Game Sanctuaries

*900 Q.—Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the number of game sanctuaries in the State;

(a) the staff employed in each sanctuary for the protection of the game;

(b) the number of cases booked and the offenders apprehended during 1960-61 and 1961-62 till now;

(c) whether any of the offenders is a Government official; and

(c) whether the Prime Minister has written to the State Government regarding the stern steps to be taken against officials indulging in preaching?

Sri A. Babaram Reddy:—

(a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) The answer is placed on the Table of the House.

Answer

(a) Four.

(b)  
Sanctuary  
Details of staff

1. Pakhal sanctuary in Warangal district.  
   1 Deputy Range Officer and 12 Forest Guards.

2. Etanagaram sanctuary in Warangal district.  
   1 Deputy Range Officer and 12 Forest Guards.

3. Pocharam Sanctuary in Medak district.  
   2 Forest Guards.

4. Quwal sanctuary in Adilabad district.  
   1 Deputy Range Officer and 20 Forest Guards.

(c)  
Sanctuary  
Cases booked  
Offenders apprehended.

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(d) One of the alleged offenders is a Government official.

(e) No letter has been received from the Prime Minister in this regard. A letter from the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture has been, however, received on this subject.
Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—The answer shows that there is no game sanctuary anywhere in Andhra. May I know the reason why there is no game sanctuary in Andhra? The other thing is this: it is stated that one of the alleged offenders is a Government official. May I know to which department he belongs and if he belongs to the Police Department, his rank? If he is a Police Officer, has the Conservator of Forests strongly recommended for his prosecution and has the Police Department opposed his prosecution? What are the steps Government propose to take to bring him to book?

Sri A. Balaram Reddy:—He belongs to the Police Department and he is of the rank of a Deputy Superintendent of Police; the case was referred to the Inspector-General of Police for enquiry and report and his report is awaited.

Sri E. Ayyapu Reddy:—In the preservation of game sanctuaries, the Government of India has taken special care and has issued instructions as can be seen from the answer to (c). Now when one of the Police Officers indulges in reckless shooting of the game and destroying it and when the Forest Department feels that he must be prosecuted, what is the use of consulting the Inspector-General of Police because he will be interested in safeguarding his own subordinates. Will the Government take steps to see that the sanctioning of prosecution is vested with the Forest Department but not with the Police Department?

Sri A. Balaram Reddy:—According to the existing rules we have to refer the matter to the Police Department and it is being investigated. I assure the hon. Member that we will take strict action against the concerned officer.

Net area brought under Coffee Plantation in West Godavari Agency.
Delux Bus’ Service between Chirala and Hyderabad.

1845—

*3658 Q.—Sri J.L.N. Chowdary (Chirala):—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have received any memorandum from Sri J.L.N. Chowdary to open a ‘Delux Bus’ Service between Chirala and Hyderabad (via) Narsaraopet and Karampudi; and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government thereon?

The Minister for Labour and Transport (Sri B.V. Gurumurthy):—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) On a reference made in the matter by the Government, the Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation has reported that at present no extra Delux Buses are available and the proposal will be examined when additional Delux Buses become available. This information was already communicated to the hon. Member.

† Q. No. 1846 (*3661) and 1847 (*4566)

Lease of Banjar Lands to Harijans in Kalahasti Taluk.

2008—

*4156 Q.—Sri M. Pitchaiah:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Government assigned an extent of nearly 6,000 acres of Government banjar land on nominal lease to Harijans of 55 villages in Kalahasti taluk, Chittoor district during 1959; and

(b) If so, whether there is any proposal to assign pattas of these lands to the Harijans?

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—(a) No, Sir. Only an extent of 2,066.74 acres spread over in 42 villages in Kalahasti taluk was granted to 1,108 members both caste Hindus and Harijans on temporary lease by the erstwhile Managers, for periods ranging from one to four years. In most of these cases the lease period has already expired.

(b) No Sir. There is no such proposal as all the lands are reserved for demobilised soldiers.

† [Not put and not answered in the House. Hence the Question and Answer are included in the Proceedings at the end of the Question hour]
COMMUNITY HALL IN BOLLEPIJI VILLAGE.

2009—

*1184 (1760) Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) the amount sanctioned by the Bhuvaanagiri Samithi, Nalgonda district from its funds during 1958-59, for the construction of a Community Hall in Bollepalli village in the Samithi;

(b) Whether it is a fact that an amount of Rs. 24,024 has been paid to the contractor towards advance;

(c) The actual expenditure incurred for the construction of said Community hall; and

(d) Whether it is a fact that the doors, windows flooring, compound wall etc., are yet to be completed for the said Community hall?

Dr M. Chenna Reddy:—(a) No amount was sanctioned from Samithi funds as the work was taken up under Local Development Works Programme;

(b) An amount of Rs. 17,632 only was paid in shape of advance;

(c) Rs. 11,445.86 while an advance of Rs. 11,905.57 is also to be recovered from the contractor;

(d) The building is completed with doors, shutters, windows and sh:habad stones except:

(1) about 100 S. ft. flooring in the front verandah;

(2) No shutters to window frames;

(3) 12 S. ft. pitch of roof has not been covered in the left hand rear room; and

(4) Left hand side outside face of walls has not been plastered.

VIRUBUR TO CHEZARLA ROAD

2010—

*2408 Q.—Sri G.C. Kondaiah (Nellore):—Will the hon. Minister for Planning and Panchayati Raj be pleased to state:

(a) Whether road that is formed some 6 years back from Virubur to Chezarl in Nellore district is under Highways Division;

(b) is it a fact that the earthen road formed was washed out twice since it years and even then the road is not metalled; and

(c) the reasons for such abnormal delay?
Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—(a) No, Sir.

(b) There is no information regarding flood damage in the Office of Divisional Engineer (Highways), Nellore.

(c) Does not arise.

Dr. J. R. C. Ramana Reddy:—(a) No, Sir.

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(c) Does not arise.

Dr. J. R. C. Ramana Reddy:—(a) No, Sir.

(b) There is no information regarding flood damage in the Office of Divisional Engineer (Highways), Nellore.

(c) Does not arise.
(b) The remaining districts will be covered by full fledged Community Development Blocks in October, 1963.

(c) There are 33 Pre-Extension Blocks now.

REPAIRS TO GANDAMALLA TANK

2013—

*(3382—Q.—Sri A. Rama Chandra Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the repairs to Gandamalla Tank in Bhongir taluk, Nalgonda district were sanctioned in the first, second and third five year plans;

(b) the amount sanctioned for the repair of the said tank and the year in which it has been sanctioned;

(c) the reasons for not commencing the work so far;

(d) when it will be taken up?

Sri A.C. Subba Reddy:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) For Rs. 82,843 in-1955. It was again revised and sanctioned for Rs. 1,30,830 in March 1960. The work being in an interior place attempts to put it on hand, have proved unsuccessful, so far.

(c) Recently, tenders were again called for and the only tender received is under scrutiny by the Superintending Engineer, Medak.

(d) It will be taken up very shortly.

**ANICUTS ON THE RIVER MUSI**

2014—

3885—Q.—Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that 22 anicuts on the river Musi which flows through Hyderabad and Nalgonda district are in dilapidated condition;

(b) the total ayacut of land under the said anicut; and

(c) Whether, in the interests of higher food production, the Government propose to prepare any scheme for the repair of the said anicuts?

Sri A.C. Subba Reddy: (a) No, Sir. Only eleven anicuts have yet to be restored.

(b) Ac. 33,171.

(c) Out of the 11 anicuts which were not previously restored 5 anicuts have already been surveyed and estimates are under preparation. The remaining six have been included in the Survey Programme.

**SECOND CROP UNDER SANGAM CHANNEL OF PAKHAL LAKE.**

2015—

*3554 Q.—Sri A. Venkateswara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) the area fixed for second crop under Sangam Channel Pakhla Lake for the (current) year 1962-63 in Narasampet taluk, Warangal district.

(b) the date on which water was let out;

(c) Whether the exact area that should be given water has been decided upon;
(d) the area which has not received water in the last Abi Season.

Sri A.C. Subba Reddy:—(a) 1,500 acres is the area fixed for second crop for 1962-'63.

(b) In the third week of December, 1962.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) 1,200 acres. This area is included in Tabi.

(e) Yes, Sir. About 300 acres.

(f) Yes, Sir.

SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY TO THE VILLAGES IN NARASAMPETA TALUK 2016—

*8555—Q. Sri A. Venkateswara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whethe the villages of Magalampoor and Dwarakapet in Narasampet Taluk, Warangal District, have applied for the supply of electricity.

(b) Whether the estimates have been sanctioned, and

(c) Whether the supply of electricity would be made available during the Financial year of 1962-63?

Sri A.C. Subba Reddy:—(a) The matter relates to the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board. As ascertained from them, the reply is as follows:—

(a) There is no such village by name Magalampoor in Narasampet Taluk of Warangal District. A scheme for Muqdampoor and, Dwarakapet villages in Nagampet Taluk, costing Rs. 96,550/ has been formulated.

(b) Not yet.

(c) The two villages namely Muqdampoor and Dwarakapet are programmed for electrification during 1963-64.
ELECTRICITY TO THE VILLAGES OF BHONGIRI TALUK

017—

*3718-0. Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

Whether any scheme has been sanctioned by the Electricity Board for the supply of electricity to the villages viz., Matur, Tanguturu, Golankonda, Ammanabolu, Chadupalla, Yadagrigutta, Vangapalli, Pedda Kandukury Mootakodur and Yerrampalli of Bhongiri taluq, Nalgonda district for implementation, during 1968-1964?

Sri A.C. Subbu Reddy:—The matter relates to the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board. As ascertained from them the reply is as follows:

Yadagrigutta village has been already electrified. A scheme for extension of supply to Lankapally (not Vangapally as stated in the question) and 2 other villages has been sanctioned.

Schemes covering Matur, Tanguturu, Golankonda and Yerrampalli have been formulated and are under examination. No application has been received in respect of Ammanabolu and other villages (Chadupalla, Pedakandukur and Mootakonduru).

*Q. 2018 [*2857-(B)]

PULIVENDLA PANNAPALLI ROAD

019—

*3964 Q.—Sri C. Bali Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Building and Communications be pleased to state:

(a) Whether there is any proposal to take over the Pulivendla Pannapalli road in Pulivendla taluq, Cuddapah District by the Highways Department; and

(b) if so, when?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—

(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) This road will be included in the proposals for taking over about 1,000 miles of roads under the control of local boards, to the control of Government, which are under preparation in the Office of the Chief Engineer (Highways) and this will take some time.

**BONUS DUE TO THE SUGARCANE GROWERS FROM THE NIZAM SUGAR FACTORY.**

2020—

*2676 Q.—Sri M. Ramagopal Reddy : (Maidaram) :—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether the bonus due to the Sugarcane Growers from the Nizam Sugar Factory was paid up to date?

(b) the basis on which the bonus is determined; and

(c) the steps taken by the Government to implement the bonus scheme by the factory and the management for the prompt payments to the cane growers?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy :—

(a) the bonus was paid fully upto 1958-59 and partly during 1959-60 and 1960-61 seasons. The bonus for 1961-62 season will be decided as soon as the Balance Sheet as on 31-12-1962 is prepared.

(b) The basis was the price linking Formula of 1954. This formula has, however, been replaced with retrospective effect from 1958-59 season by another new formula communicated by the Government of India in November, 1962. The values of certain factors in this new formula are still awaited.

(c) The management of the Nizam Sugar Factory Limited, has been prompt in paying bonus to cane growers but it could not effect payment fully due to non-receipt of values of certain factors in the Price Linking Formula of 1954 and the new Formula of 1962 from the Government of India.

MARKET YARDS IN GUNTUR DISTRICT.

2021—.

*4894—Q.—Sri N. Venkataswamy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the number of market yards constructed in Guntur District.

(b) The number of market yards that are yet to be constructed; and

(c) When the compulsory Marketing of tobacco will be introduced?

Sri A. Balarama Reddy:

(a) Three Market yards have been constructed in Guntur by the Guntur Market Committee.

(b) Four Market yards are yet to be constructed;

(c) Compulsory marketing of tobacco will be introduced when adequate finances are available.

GROUNDNUT CROP IN COASTAL AREAS OF ANDHRA PRADESH.

022—.

Q. 4654—Q. Sri K. Rajamallu (Chinnur):—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

2197—6
Whether it is a fact that the Committee on Natural Resources of the Planning Commission recommended extension of the area under groundnut to take up the practice of double cropping particularly in coastal areas of Andhra Pradesh for pushing up production?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—Yes, Sir.

POULTRY AND SHEEP BREEDING CENTRE AT HORSELY HILL.

2028—.

*4020 Q. Sri D. Setharamaiah:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

Whether the Government propose to start a Poultry and Sheep Breeding Centre at Horsely Hill in Chittoor District?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—The answer is in the negative.

ADDITIONAL DISTRICT AGRICULTURAL OFFICERS.

2024—.

*4133 Q. Sri A.P. Vajravelu Chetti (Kuppam):—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) how many posts of additional District Agricultural Officers are vacant in the State: and

(b) when they are likely to be filled up?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:

(a) Three posts of Additional District Agricultural Officers are vacant.

(b) As these three posts are kept in abeyance as a measure of life create...
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REVERSION TO FIELDMEN IN AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

2025—

*4480—Q.—Sri A.P. Vajravelu Chetty:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether upper subordinates in Agriculture Department who were promoted from Fieldmen during 1957-58, were all reverted during 1962-63;

(b) how many of them were so reverted; and

(c) what are the reasons for such reversion?

Sri A. Balarami Reddy:—

(a) to (c) Certain fieldmen were promoted temporarily as seed farm managers for the implementation of need far and seed storage schemes started subject to the condition that they will be reverted as and when Agricultural graduates become available. Consequent to the reduction in the number of seed farms owing to the decision to establish only large-sized farms and the availability of sufficient Agricultural graduates, 96 fieldmen were reverted by the end of 1961 and 156 in July and August 1962.

Q.—No. 2027 (*3438)

IMPLEMENTATION OF ORDERS OF THE COMMISSIONER FOR WORKMEN’ COMPENSATION.

2026—

*3438—Q. Sri B. Sriramamurthy: (Put by Sri V. Srikishan):—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Commissioner for Workmen’s Compensation while dealing with petition number 15 of 1961 under section 41 (2) of the Madras Shops and Establishments Act, passed an order on 3-5-1962 with reference to the retired employee or employees and that the said order has not been implemented so far; and

(b) if so, the action taken by the Government to implement the same expeditiously?

Sri B.V. Gurumurthy:—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Since the statements of the employee and the employer are contradictory, the Regional Assistant Commissioner of Labour, Viskakapatnam has instructed the Assistant Inspector of Labour to enforce the order of reinstatement of the employee.

† Not put and not answered in the House. Hence the Question and answer are included in the Proceedings at the end of the Question Time.
REGISTERED LABOUR UNIONS

1844—

*4188 Q.—Sri P. Gunnayya:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

the number of registered Labour Unions in the State?

_Sri B. V. Gurnmurthy:_—571, Sir.

BUS SERVICE BETWEEN ONGOLE AND CHIRALA

1846—

*3661—Q. Sri J.L.N. Chowdary:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to start the bus service between Ongole and Chirala (via) Chinaganjam in Guntur district; and

(b) if so, when?

A:—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

EXPRESS BUS FROM NAGAR KURNOOL TO HYDERABAD

1847—

*4056 Q.—Sri P. Mahendranath:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Road Transport Corporation took a decision on 26th January 1963 to start an Express Bus from Nagarkurnool to Hyderabad in view of the several representations made to the Government; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons for not starting such a Bus when there is a sufficient number of direct passengers from Nagarkurnool, Kollapur and Achanttaluks of Mahaboobnagar district?

A:—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

SALUR–DANDIGAM ROAD

2018—

*2857—(B) Q.—Sri D. Suri Dora:—Will the hon. Minister for Buildings and Communications be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Salur Municipality and the Zilla Parishad, Srikakulam District requested the Government or the Highways Department to take the Salur–Dandigam road in Srikakulam District be taken...
Points of information: 23rd July, 1963

re: Retrenchment of excess staff in Post Extension Blocks.

(b) whether the Government are aware of the fact that the said road is not useful as a pathway even for ordinary pedestrians;

(c) whether the Government are in receipt of any representations that the said road is the main road to Salur Agency; and

(d) The action proposed to be taken by the Government?

A:—(a) No, Sir.
(b) & (c) The hon. Member himself has brought to the notice of Government twice about the bad condition of the road.

(d) Owing to paucity of funds, the road from Salur to Dandigam which is an O.D.R. cannot be taken o.v.r to the control of Government.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE SCHEME

4706 Q.—Sri Mohammed Ismail:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Government to start Unemployment Insurance for the benefit of certain categories of employees in the state; and

(b) If so, when it will be implemented?

A:—(a) No Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

POINIS OF INFORMATION

re: Retrenchment of Excess Staff in Post Extension Blocks.

(a) Whether Extension Blocks are pre-extension and post-extension. Many staff members are employed in the said post-extension. Pre-extension and post-extension. The said excess staff is not useful as a pathway even for ordinary pedestrians. The action proposed to be taken by the Government?

(b) & (c) The hon. Member himself has brought to the notice of Government twice about the bad condition of the road.

(d) Owing to paucity of funds, the road from Salur to Dandigam which is an O.D.R. cannot be taken o.v.r to the control of Government.

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(a) whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Government to start Unemployment Insurance for the benefit of certain categories of employees in the state; and

(b) If so, when it will be implemented?

A:—(a) No Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
re: Soaring Prices of Essential Commodities

During the recent 3½ months, important problems like the rise in prices of essential articles, scarcity of sugar and rise in bus fares have cropped up. Naturally, this session should have begun with an address by the Governor in which case there would have been discussion for 3 days. That opportunity is denied to the Members of providing them with an opportunity to express their views regarding these three important matters. I am considering about it. I think we have decided to allot one day for non-official business on the 27th in which a number of resolutions will be taken up and most of the resolutions cover only the problems which you have now raised i.e., with regard to the rise in prices of foodstuffs etc. There is one day allotted for non-official business. Members can give their views on that day.

Situation discussed: official day & non-official day

Time allotted is not enough.

Non-official day

Rule 70
BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Speaker:—There is one Motion under Rule 74 given notice of by Mr. J. Vengal Rao. The hon. Minister has said that he has not yet got the information. I will call it again on 27th or 28th July 1963.

PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE


Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—On behalf of Sri N. Sanjiva Reddy, Chief Minister, I beg to lay on the Table in compliance with Section 619-A (3) of the Companies Act, 1956, a copy of the Annual Report of the Nizam Sugar Factory Ltd., for the period ended 30-9-1962 together with a copy of the Audit Report and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General-of India.

Mr. Speaker:—Paper laid.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—The report itself is dated 24th February. It could have come at the time of Budget session. What is the purpose of laying it now after so many months. Hereafter, the Government will take care to see, that they are placed on the Table of the House as soon as they are received.

Mr. Speaker:—I have come across cases where there is two years delay and 3 years delay. This is not the first.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—It could have been placed on the Table of the House.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—It might be late by the time it was received from the press.

Mr. Speaker:—I will ask the Chief Minister to issue directions to all concerned departments to see that no such delays occur in future. Day before yesterday I wrote to the Chief Minister to see that such delays do not occur in future.

RULES AND AMENDMENTS MADE UNDER SECTION 69 (1) OF THE ANDHRA PRADESH PANCHAYAT SAMITHIS AND ZILLA PARISHADS ACT, 1959.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—I beg to lay on the Table under sub-section (2) of Section 69 of the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Act, 1959 a copy of the following Rules and Amendments made in Exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 69 of the said Act and notified in the following issues of Andhra Pradesh Gazette.

Rules Issued in. 

Published in Gazette 
Dated. 
The Andhra Pradesh Non agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1963


Dr. M. Chenna Reddy (Minister for Planning and Panchayati Raj):—I beg to lay on the Table under sub-section (2) of Section 69 of the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishad Act, 1959, a copy each of the Rules issued with G.O. Ms. No. 58 P. & L.A (Samithis III) Department dated 22nd January, 1963 and Memo No. 416/S. III/63-3, dated 28th February, 1963 and published in the Rules Supplement to Part I of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette dated 14th February, 1963 and 28th March, 1968 respectively, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of Section 69 of the said Act.


Mr. Speaker:—Papers laid.

PRESENTATION OF THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON SUBORDINATE LEGISLATION.

Sri B. Ayyapu Reddy, (Chairman, Committee on Subordinate Legislation):—

Sir, I beg to present to the House the Second Report (Third Assembly) of the Committee on Subordinate Legislation.

Mr. Speaker:—Report presented.

GOVERNMENT BILL.

The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1968 (As Reported by the Select Committee).

Mr. Speaker:—Now I request Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy, Minister for Revenue to move the Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill, 1968 (as reported by the Select Committee).
We will take up general discussion today and we will take up the amendments on the next working day.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You were already given time till 12 noon to give your amendments.

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswarlu:—As far as the Business Advisory Committee is concerned we have got the decision that the bill has to be taken up today and it is being taken up. The amendments will be taken on the next working day and they can be finished on that day. Nobody can avoid this bill however much we do not like it. We are aware of that. There should be some proper discussion and we should be given some time for giving our amendments. How is it possible now to sit here and give amendments. We are not legal experts. You may throw it out if it is not in order. All these difficulties are there. For to-day we will take up general discussion and the next day we will complete the amendments.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I do not like to alter a thing which has been decided by the Speaker. He has already given you time till 12 noon to give your amendments. We shall start discussion.

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswarlu:—That was not announced on the floor of the House. If that is the wish of the hon. Speaker we will discuss with him.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—My information is that time was given till 12 noon for giving amendments.

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswarlu:—The Speaker has not yet announced that upto 12 noon amendments will be received. If that is the wish of the Speaker we will go and discuss with him. I request you to give this opportunity to the opposition. Smt. Kamaladevi and Sri Viswanadham will go and discuss this matter with the Speaker.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—According to the rule, you have to give your amendments one day before the bill is taken up. According to the decision of the Business Advisory Committee this was already announced to you.

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswarlu:—It is a fact that we have to give our amendments one day in advance. Yesterday the report of the Select Committee was submitted. We could not take it up for discussion. Therefore, we want to be very accommodative we

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It was decided in the Business Advisory Committee that it should be completed to-day,

Sri Tennaeti Viswanadham:—The discussion should be confined to consideration of the report of the Select Committee and the matter referred in that report or any alternative suggestion consistent with the principles of the Bill.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You want to continue the general discussion? Has it been decided in the Business Advisory Committee that the general discussion should continue even though the time fixed is specific.

Sri Tennaeti Viswanatham:—It has been decided in the Business Advisory Committee that the Bill should be taken up to-day. Nothing was said about the amendments.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Let the discussion continue. Meanwhile I will consider and give my decision with regard to the amendments. As I have said let the discussion continue to-day. Whether it is to be closed or whether any extension has to be given, I will consider.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—Just now you have said that have to give our amendments by 12 noon. We are not prepared because we will be in the middle of the discussion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Let the general discussion continue. Meanwhile I shall tell you whether amendments should be given before 12 noon or given further time.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—I think you may have to give your ruling before the discussion starts.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Discussion will continue I shall give my ruling later on.
Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—It should be made clear whether they should give amendments before 12 noon or after 12 or after one hour. If it is declared now, they will have two hours to draft the amendments.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I completely agree with you. I will look into the rules and the convenience of the members and then we shall declare whether the amendments should be received till 12 or even by extending the time.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Yesterday in the Business Advisory Committee it was tentatively decided that on account of the short time available.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Members feel that they should have further time. Let us see whether it could be adjusted according to the time.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—I have no objection to take into consideration as to how many days the session will last. The Business Advisory Committee has decided that the Bill should be completed to-day.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Let discussion continue.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Sir, I want to raise a point of order: Revenue is related only to agricultural purposes.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You are raising this point of order at this stage.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Even at the third reading I can raise. I can raise the point of order at any stage.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Under what rule does the hon. Member say that the State Government has no jurisdiction?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—You show that you can tax non-agricultural land under the Constitution. I will show that you are not entitled to do it. It is not clearly said. Generally agricultural land is there. If you can tax a house, then it goes to the Central Government. We do not touch the ceilings on houses because it is a non-agriculture purpose.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Will you please quote the specific rule that you are referring to.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Please show the specific rule. Where there is no specific rule, it will be a general thing.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Land revenue including the assessment and collection of the revenue, the maintenance of land records, survey for revenue purposes and record of rights and alienation of revenues, taxes on agricultural income, duties in respect of succession to agricultural land. (Please see Items 45 to 47 of State List). Item 86 of central list says, taxes on the Capital value of the Assets, exclusive of agricultural land of individuals and companies.

I am referring to Item 45 in the State List and 86 in the Central List.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You are referring to item 45 of the State List.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Yes, item 45 of the State List and item 86 of the Central List.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Item 45 relates to land revenue, including the assessment and collection of revenue, the maintenance of land records, survey for revenue purposes and records of rights, and alienation of revenues'. Item 46 relates to 'Taxes on agricultural incomes'. And item 49 relates to 'Taxes on lands and buildings'. So, item of 'taxes on lands and buildings' is a separate item.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Either it must be land or building but not to land without a building.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It can be on the buildings also.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—According to this, the Government has authority to tax only agricultural land.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is not specific that it should be only on agricultural land.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—According to item 86 of the Central List, we cannot tax agricultural land.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—It is not double taxation, Sir. 

Tax on land, revenue 

either tax on land, and buildings 

whether tax on land and buildings.

Local Municipalities exhaust double tax 

so permit tax on land and buildings.

It is not revenue. This Bill deals with the Revenue Assessment.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Whether it is for agricultural purposes or non-agricultural purposes? If it is used for non-agricultural purposes, then only this arises. Buildings tax Municipalities will do it.
The Taxation Enquiry Commission has also said that the State Governments can levy a tax on the unearned incomes; because the values have gone up of late. Therefore, Sir, if we take all these into consideration this Bill is in order and intravires under item 45 read with item 49 of the State List.

Government Bill: 23rd July, 1963

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The merits of the Bill, as the House has already been told, embrace the definition of the non-agricultural lands, taxation and assessment of the same. A point of order, non-agriculture lands double the tax?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Non-agriculture land pays revenue tax. It is a common point.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Urban land pays property tax. It is a common point.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Non-agricultural purpose. They have lost the right in that way.

The State has the right to tax on agricultural land. According to item 86 of the Central List the Centre has power to levy ‘taxes on the capital value of the assets, exclusive of agricultural land, of individuals and companies; taxes on the capital of companies’. Agricultural purpose assigns the ‘tax on the capital accounts’ of companies. The State has only the right to tax on agricultural land. It has no right to tax on non-agricultural land. The State cannot tax agricultural land ‘exclusive of the agricultural land’. Non-agricultural land is under the State Government, and it has specifically ‘exclusive of the agricultural land’. Central subject is the list, concurrent subject is the list, and non-agricultural land does not come under. Agricultural lands are already exhausted under items 45 and 46.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Tax on land includes agricultural and non-agricultural land. It has not been specifically mentioned that it should be only on agricultural land.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—If you read the various items in the list, you would find that they have first exhausted revenue and then they came to tax on lands and buildings. Therefore, the land revenue is excluded out of it. In the present case, there is no question of revenue at all. Now, we cannot say that includes agricultural land which is already exhausted in the previous items. It is not open to say that one repeats the previous items. So, item 49 has excluded previous items, and that is what Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya has said. Item 49 cannot include also item 45. How can item 49 be exclusive of items 45 and 46? Land revenue has been dealt with in various item. One item cannot cover another item. This is a measure. These constitutional matters have been carefully taken up. So, agricultural land does not come under it. Item 49 includes items 45 and 46.
All the issues are mixed up. The land value has gone up. The Taxation Enquiry Commission has said that tax may be levied on the unearned incomes. The proposal is to tax the incremental value of the lands. Property tax, buildings, tax, incremental value, double tax.

This is not a double taxation. That is left to the local bodies to tax on the capital value or the rental value, as the case may be. This is only on the incremental value of the land.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—The fundamental issue is whether the Government have the authority to tax on non-agricultural land.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Certainly.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—The taxation on the incremental value is another issue. The main issue is whether the Government have got any authority to tax on non-agricultural land.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—Sir, I have already clarified. As per items 45 and 49 of the State List, tax can be levied, if the lands are put to non-agricultural use. At the same time, because the values have gone up the incremental value also will be taxed. So, under items 45 and 49 of the State List the Government is competent to levy this tax.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If your contention is correct, the Government would not have brought forward this legislation. Or item 49 would not have been included in the State List ‘Taxes on lands and Buildings’. It means ‘lands where Buildings are constructed’ Otherwise it would have been a tax on agricultural land. Therefore, that States are given power to impose tax on lands where buildings have been constructed.

Agricultural lands have buildings constructed. If buildings have been constructed, the State Government would have included item 49 in the State List ‘Taxes on lands and Buildings’. It means ‘lands where Buildings are constructed’ Otherwise it would have been a tax on agricultural land. Therefore, that States are given power to impose tax on lands where buildings have been constructed.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Bill relates to urban taxation. As has been said already, tax on agricultural income is a separate thing. Tax on lands and buildings is separate. When they have definitely said ‘tax on land and buildings’, why should they have included it then in the State List. The matter is, why should they have included tax on land in State subject. If it is according to Entry 86 in the Union List a tax on non-agricultural land (land exclusive of agricultural land), then they would not have included “taxes on lands and buildings” here as Entry 49 in the State List.

Viswanathap:—I am very sorry. I again repeat that item 49 has already included in items 45 and 46.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Then they would have said “taxes on buildings” only.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—They need not, because the expression used is ‘non-agricultural lands’; that is, tax for non-agricultural purposes. But this is for land revenue assessment.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Whether right to levy land revenue assessment exists or not is the question.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—It is only tax on land and not revenue. There is a lot of difference between tax and revenue.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There is no confusion in this. I still feel it is in order, because Entry 49 clearly reads “taxes on lands and buildings”, and “lands” include “non-agricultural lands” also. That, you can take it as my ruling. Any way, I have given that ruling. Now, we shall continue discussion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Why not? When it has been asked, I could give that ruling.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—You said there is confusion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There is no confusion, when Entry 49 is there. If Entry 49 were not to be there, we would then have to consider whether Entry 66 of the Union or Entry 46 of the State List applies.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—You have given a ruling. Please give your ruling specifically saying that the State Government has or has not the power to tax non-agricultural lands also.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The State Government has got the power to tax non-agricultural lands also, in as much as Entry 49 clearly states taxes on “lands . . . .”, and “lands” mean both agricultural and non-agricultural lands.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—That you cannot say. Please clarify that.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is very clear that the State Government has authority to tax non-agricultural land in view of Entry 49.
There is no land revenue assessment with regard to land under Entry 49, because land revenue assessment is under other Entries. There is no land revenue assessment; there is no land revenue here.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You mean tax and land revenue should be differentiated?

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—They are already differentiated. The Constitution has made it out.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Please read out that point from the Constitution?

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Entry 45 and Entry 46 deal with land revenue assessment.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Does it not come under ‘collection of revenue’?

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Let them come under Entry 45. But they are coming under Entry 49. If they come under Entry 45, Sr. Gopalakrishnayya’s point succeeds; if they come under Entry 49, then my point will succeed. Either way, the Bill is wrong.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—No, No.

Sri C. Bal Reddy:—Already they are taxing non-agricultural lands.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That has been discussed. Is it not?

Sri C. Bal Reddy:—That is not double tax; it is treble tax.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That will come under the merits of the case. Whether Government could tax twice or thrice: that comes under the merits of the case.

Sri C. Bal Reddy:—Whether they have got the right or not that has been questioned now.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Both taken together.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—It cannot be that way. The Constitution is very clear.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If you want to know whether it comes under Entry 45 or under Entry 46, what I feel is that under both the Entries they have got the right.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—It cannot be so. Either it must be revenue or it must be tax. It is not 'revenue'. Please clarify your ruling.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is 'collection of revenue'.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—It is not revenue. They say it is tax. Tax is different from revenue.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Land revenue includes “assessment and collection of revenue”.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—My request is for a clarification about your ruling.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You say you want to have another ruling, whether it comes under ‘tax’ or under ‘revenue’.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Yes. Whether it is a ‘tax’ or ‘revenue’ and under what Entry in what list it comes I want your ruling on those points.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—So far as your objection is concerned, I have said that it comes under Entry 40. It is clear. Now a point has been raised by Sri Tenneti Viswanatham whether the Bill comes under Entry 45 or Entry 49. He wants a clarification for that. That will be given later.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—It is rather difficult. To me it is clear that they come under Entry 45. If they come under Entry 45, they cannot tax under Entry 45.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—What I mean to say, it is very clear to you. You want a ruling on whether it comes under Entry 45 or under Entry 49.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—The point raised by me must be upheld by the Chair.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Have you made merely some observations or do you want me to give a ruling on the point you raised.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Please give a ruling.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I reserve it for some time. I will look into it whether it is a revenue or a tax; whether it comes under Entry 45 or under Entry 49 and will give my ruling later.

(Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya stood up).

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Your point I have already clarified.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: It is not very clear. You said it is revenue.
Mr. Deputy Speaker: Your first point was that Government have no right to tax non-agricultural land. For that, I said under Entry 49 they have got the right to tax non-agricultural land.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: My point is Entry 45 says "land revenue". In the Central sector, they cannot tax agricultural land. They now combine the two things. The other thing is, you gave a ruling that it is 'revenue', but here there is no revenue at all. They are now taxing and not collecting revenue.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Mr. Vavilala, your point is clear in as much as Entry 49 is there. Now, you are raising the same point which Sri Tenneti Viswanatham also raised, viz., whether it comes under Entry 45 or Entry 49.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: It is true. You have said under Entry 45 it comes under revenue. But the Bill says "Non-agricultural Lands Assessment Bill". So it cannot come under Entry 45. They are not collecting any revenue.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: I have not said anything whether it is revenue or tax. I have only said that so far as your point is concerned, Entry 49 is clear and the Government have got a right to tax. Now Sri Tenneti Viswanatham has raised a point whether it is land revenue assessment or it is tax. That is the question which he has raised. On that, I said a ruling will be given after some time.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: It cannot be like that.

Sri A. Venkateswara Rao: The earlier ruling given by the Chair is subject to the ruling now reserved. If the Chair comes to the conclusion that it comes under Entry 45, it amounts to revenue assessment. If the hon. Speaker comes to the opinion that it comes under Entry 49 then the Bill cannot be taken up because it is only with regard to assessment and not tax ....

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Suppose, it is clubbed together. Then my earlier ruling does not—

Sri G. Latchanna: May I know the opinion of the hon. Minister whether this Bill is placed before the House coming under as Land Revenue or tax.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: He has already said that it covers both.

Sri G. Latchanna: One thing cannot cover both. Either it must be brought under assessment or under tax. What is the Government intention?

Mr. Deputy Speaker: He gave his opinion. He said that both the Entries put together would govern the Bill.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: The draft bill comes mainly within the scope of the following Entries of the State List in the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution,—Entry 45 and Entry 49. Entry 45 reads "land revenue". Entry 49 says "Taxes on lands and buildings". It is therefore intravires of the State Legislature.

Sri Tenenti Viswanatham: That is your ruling?

Mr. Deputy Speaker: That is the opinion of the Law Department. I just read it out.

Sri Tenenti Viswanatham: They have said all that they can in favour of this Bill. We have gone further and said that this is wrong.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: I just now said that my ruling is reserved. Now, I call upon Sri D. Seetaramayya to open to discussion.

Sri Vavilalala Gopalakrishnayya:—I feel sorry that the Speaker should refer to the opinion of the Law Department in this House. I think it is too much.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He wanted to know the Government's opinion. The Minister sent the opinion to me, and I have read it out.

Sri Vavilalala Gopalakrishnayya:—It is not for the Speaker to read out the Government's opinion. It is for the Minister to read out, and not the Speaker.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Minister was asked to send it on to me. I have read it out. I have asked the Government for that. I have gone through it. There is nothing wrong in it.

Sri Vavilalala Gopalakrishnayya:—The Speaker is greater than the Revenue Department or the Law Department.

An hon. Member:—I raise a point of order, Sir. The discussion is whether it is tax or assessment. The hon. Minister is saying it is neither tax nor assessment; he wants to derive income on unearned property. You may call it either assessment or tax. What exactly does the Minister mean? Already in municipal areas, there is house tax; if there is vacant site, tax is there; if it is cultivable land, tax is there. From what else does the Minister want to derive income, I want to know. He has been saying that he wants to derive income from unearned incomes. What exactly is that?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Bill is clear. He has given the objectives of the Bill, why the Bill has been brought out. The point of order you raise does not arise out of the information or observations made by the Minister.
Sri G. Latchanna:—The title of the Bill is: Andhra Pradesh non-Agricultural lands Assessment Bill. This cannot be called a tax Bill.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The ruling on that point has been reserved. On the point of order now raised by my friend, I am just saying that it is his observation that he gave to the House and not about the title of the Bill and that therefore the point of order does not arise.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—That may be the intention of the hon. Minister. Intentions are different.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—He has questioned that intention.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—His intentions, we may respect even.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—When Sri Tenneti Viswanatham said that it is double tax, I said it is not double taxation. That way there are four or five taxes: in municipalities also, for services rendered there is a different tax; for library, there is another tax; there are hundred taxes in the municipalities. But that is not the case. In that way I said it is not a double taxation. I have only communicated the principles laid down by the Taxation Enquiry Commission.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—The conception of double taxation is totally different from that which the Minister has been pleased to say.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—Before the decision comes from the Chair, the discussion is unnecessary, because, if the Speaker comes ultimately to the conclusion that it is not an assessment but a tax, the discussion would be unnecessary.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—At any stage, it can be deferred.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—Only when the Chair comes to the conclusion that the Bill that is now being brought before the House is an assessment, then only discussion can commence.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Bill was duly agreed. It has gone to the Business Advisory Committee; it has come over here. Now, it is open for discussion. Discussion can be deferred at any stage. There is nothing wrong if we have discussion now and then come to a conclusion.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—With your permission, suppose the discussion is continued. Afterwards, if the hon. Speaker comes to the conclusion that it is a tax, again for the amendment of the title it must be referred back to the Select Committee.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It will go. There is nothing wrong.
Government Bill: 

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—A member who wants to discuss will discuss on the title of the Bill. Let him give his own observations: what he means by the title, what he means by Revenue; what are the effects, etc. It is not that I should define that it is tax or revenue. Therefore, his observations will be given.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—The Speaker would be in a dilemma, whether it is assessment or tax. The scope of the decision lies in the Chair.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is for the member to take to what discussion he wants. He may treat it as an assessment and discuss; he may treat it as a tax and begin in his discussion; or he may club them both. So long I have not given any ruling on the point raised by Sri Tenneti Viswanatham.

Sri A. Venkateswar Rao:—Hon. Speaker has already given a ruling that it comes under Entry 49.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—That I have said, with reference to Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya's point.

Sri A. Venkateswar Rao:—I may be permitted to submit. Hon. Speaker has already given a ruling that it comes under Entry 49. Now, again the Speaker is going to reserve his opinion on the point whether it comes under Entry 45 or Entry 49.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Or whether it comes under both, or under Entry 45. As per the title deed, the first point raised by them was that Government have no right to tax non-agricultural land. On that point, I have given my ruling and I am perfectly clear on that. Now, whether the Bill comes under tax or under land revenue is a point raised by Sri Tenneti Viswanatham. My ruling on that point is reserved. There is nothing different now from what I have said already. Now, Mr. Seetaramayya will begin.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—Suppose, the Speaker comes to the conclusion that it is not an assessment but it is a tax. Then the title has to be changed. What would be the scope of the discussion that Sri Seetaramaiah will begin now.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—What has to be done will be referred to the House.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—What will become of the discussion that will be introduced by Mr. Seetaramaiah?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I do not think there is so much change, if the title is changed from revenue to tax or from tax to revenue. I personally feel that there is no need for a drastic change.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—In what capacity (of the Bill) will Sri D. Seetaramaiah speak now? What is the status and effect of the Bill?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Sri D. Seetaramaiah's discussion will be on the title as it exists today.


Sri C. D. Naidu:—Decision has not come from the Chair. Suppose...

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—There is no question of supposing. Decision regarding the point whether it comes under assessment or under tax is reserved. Now discussion will be on the title of the Bill as it is.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—Change of the title would materially change the substance of the Act.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—I think fundamentally it will not change so much.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

Mr. Speaker:—Mr. Naidu, you are saying something. Let me hear you.

Sri C. D. Naidu:—Mr. Speaker, Sir. A very pertinent preliminary objection is taken with the bill that is being introduced in this House, whether it is assessment or a tax. Hon. Sri Tenneti Viswanadham Garu raised a point whether it comes under assessment or tax. Before deciding that issue by the hon. Speaker, if discussion is commenced and later after the discussion is over if the decision is given otherwise, the discussion would be unnecessary and the discussion would have no significance at all. I therefore said that before discussion is commenced it is very healthy that this preliminary objection or preliminary issue is decided by the Chair.

Sri A. Venkateswar Rao:—The hon. Deputy Speaker has already given a ruling on the point whether the matter comes under item 49 of the State List. Item 49 deals with the taxation on lands. The ruling given was that land includes non-agricultural lands also. Again, the hon. Deputy Speaker has reserved his ruling on the point whether it comes under assessment or whether it comes under tax. When the ruling is reserved and if the ruling which is going to be given says that it comes under item 45, the earlier ruling will be contradictory to the ruling that is going to be given. So, it is better that the point must be decided first to avoid contradictions. If it comes under item 49, then it amounts to taxation. And assessment and taxation are quite different and naturally the title of the Bill and the preamble of the Bill have to be changed. Suppose the hon. Speaker gives a ruling that it comes under item 45, then it means only agricultural lands. It is only on agricultural land that the State can impose taxation or assessment. In view of the contradictory nature, I want the opinion of the Chair.

Shri P. Subbiah:—There are several discrepancies, as to whether this is a revenue or tax. Tax is quite different from revenue. The point is whether it falls under item 49 or 45 of the State List. Item 49 specifically and exclusively deals with agricultural lands. Item 45 deals with lands and buildings. The Bill now reads as: "The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Lands Assessment Bill." It does not deal with agricultural lands as already taxed.
There is revenue on agricultural lands. This is an assessment Bill on non-agricultural lands. Therefore this specifically falls under item 49. When it falls under item 49, it must be a tax and not an assessment. Besides that there is already a tax on land i.e., on the capital value in municipal areas, tax is levied. When a house is there the capital value of the site as well as the building is taken together and tax is levied on that. By this Bill there will be taxation on non-agricultural and as well as building. Already the municipal authorities are levying a tax on them. Therefore, there is a double taxation.

Mr. Speaker.—I would like to know what the distinction is that you are making between assessment and tax.

Sri P. Subbiah.—I draw my analogy like this. Assessment includes taxation also. Before taxation it must be assessed.

Mr. Speaker.—So, there is not much distinction between the two. The word: ‘assessment’ is more comprehensive. It may include tax also.

Sri P. Subbiah.—My point is that the assessment differs from taxation. How? The distinction is very subtle. Before taxation, assessment must be there. So, whether the assessment in the Bill forms the taxation itself is the point. It is not so. The consideration for taxation differs from that of the assessment. So, this clearly falls under item 49 of the State list. When it falls under item 49.

Mr. Speaker.—I do not think that many of us here as it is are prepared for a discussion on this point. Now, would you define ‘tax’?

Sri P. Subbiah: ‘Tax’ is a levy.

Mr. Speaker: Please do not try to give some kind of definition at random. You give it in a legal language.

Sri P. Subbiah.—A tax is a levy and so assessment differs from levy. Therefore, here it falls under item 49 and becomes a tax. That is one point. There is tax exclusively on agricultural land. Then non-agricultural land is there. Non-agricultural land is different from agricultural land. There is no income derived from it as in the case of agricultural land.

Mr. Speaker.—The only difference between agricultural land and non-agricultural land is that an agricultural land is one which is cultivated, and used for purpose of production of food or other articles. Non-agricultural land means that it is not being cultivated. It is being used for building purpose or any other purpose.

Sri P. Subbiah.—Here land is already there and assessment is made on its value and then tax is levied. So assessment differs from a tax.

Another point is that land is there which is intended for cultivation. That comes under agricultural land and a levy is

Item 49: Taxes on lands and buildings.

Agricultural lands which are put to non-agricultural use. Title itself is very clear that this is an assessment on the non-agricultural lands. So, it is intra vires according to item 45 read with item 49. That is my submission.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: The point is whether it was utilised for agriculture. If it is used for agriculture, how it is subjected to levy by the Municipality. If it is not agricultural land, naturally it goes as land attached to the building.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy: The same land is being put to various uses. Municipality is taxing only on capital value or market value or other value, whereas this Bill is intended to tax on the non-agricultural lands.

MR. SPEAKER: Not only in urban or municipal areas but also in rural areas, is it?

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy: There is a gradation according to the municipalities etc.
The point is whether it was utilised for agriculture. If it is used for agriculture purpose, how is it subjected to levy by the Municipalities. If it is not agricultural land, naturally it goes as land attached to a building.

Sri N. Ramchandra Reddy:—The same land is being put to various uses. Municipality is taxing only on capital value or market value, whereas this Bill is intended to tax on the non-agricultural lands.

Mr. Speaker:—Is it only in urban or municipal areas or is it in rural areas also?

Sri N. Ramchandra Reddy:—There is a gradation according to the Municipalities etc.

Mr. Speaker:—I agree that it is an important point which needs some deep study. I will go through the relevant law on the points and then give my ruling on 27th July 1968 in the morning. In the meanwhile, we are not going to complete the discussion today nor are we going to take vote on this matter. I think we can, therefore, go ahead with discussion on the Bill.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—We can go ahead with general discussion. There is no difficulty. But any moment Government can drop the Bill if they find it ultra vires.

Mr. Speaker:—At a later stage, if they feel so they can do it. Supposing I give my ruling that it is ultra vires, then of course, Government will be forced to withdraw the Bill. There is no other alternative. We are not going to complete discussion now.
Mr. Speaker:—Yes, I will hear you again.

Mr. Speaker:—Having once given a ruling I don't think I can do it. I can as well hear you exhaustively even now before I give my ruling; but when once I give my ruling there can be no reconsideration.

Mr. Speaker:—But the Deputy Speaker has already given a ruling on that point.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no question of my going against it.

I am not questioning it. But at the same time I am appealing to you to seriously go through the matter because you have already promised us to go through the whole law; I do not say that the Deputy Speaker's ruling is not correct; whatever it may be, all the implications and complications and all sides of the question have not been gone through. That is why my request to the hon. Speaker is that he may please be kind enough to look into it and it may also be considered.

Mr. Speaker:—All right.

Mr. Speaker:—The members will give notice of the amendments before 12-30 P. M. to-day.

Mr. Speaker:—No, let it be tomorrow.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Sir, there are two types of amendments—one is relating to clause-war amendments; we are not putting such amendments. There are certain amendments for the report itself which must be taken into consideration.

Mr. Speaker:—Have you given notice?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Yes, Sir, they are here.

Mr. Speaker:—You are just drafting them?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—No, Sir, I have sent them to the office and they are already typed.

Mr. Speaker:—Then we will see to it.


Unearned incomes are unearned income. Gradation should be in the form of rental value, capital value, unearned income, etc. Rental value, capital value, unearned income.

'T Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair,'

We must take them into account. We must take these factors into account. But the Minister and the Government failed to take these factors into account.

We must take them into account. We must take these factors into account. But the Minister and the Government failed to take these factors into account. Lower income group and higher income group.

Rental value, capital value.
Government Bill:


...


Government Bill:


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The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Land Assessment Bill, 1963,

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The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Land Assessment Bill, 1963,

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Schedule Column (1) என்று நாட்டில் காப்படும் புழுப்பு. 10,000 and less என்று நாட்டில் காப்படும் புழுப்பு. Industry purpose என்று நாட்டில் காப்படும் 

Schedule Column (1) என்று நாட்டில் காப்படும் புழுப்பு. 10,000 and less என்று நாட்டில் காப்படும் புழுப்பு. Industry purpose என்று நாட்டில் காப்படும்

Government Bill:

Shri Sultanan Salamuddin Asi (Pitheersi):—Asikey Ser—Sheer Hider Ayad kie

Tulpe meeen kumogana ke sheher Hider Ayad meen kaborlyeshn he yehan zeenu zeinahna yeh
gonad galand jah hee yeh kaborlyeshn ke konwiti meen yik tetro mei madahlet ke...% Karolyeshn ke takwitu mei madahlet ke swa kaborlyeshn ke Amden meen hiem halin anadi

he jis meen kaborlyeshn ke taskhan hee—Aisi shorot meen jibhe yehan ke shehre

Mizid laksaka ke brashaon kere kee takl nibin hee kheeriz laksak swatif lamo kee eme

ke jahiie ton na mamask hee—Chuswi Aisi halat meen jibhe Sheher Hider Ayad yik

laboragon ke sheher bhik bisshe—hee shor bissh CHOWT ke akhbo mei meikamik ko meike...gajia

baash meen an meen hee jomukata ke gikhe hee an ke malkiein ko meike...gajia

ki woge kee kafe taskhan brrashat kerna preinte bi Aisi zeinahna yeh jin yeh mei

meikata wakhe teek emealdeh kee jehut kee ton yeh brrashat preiete kehikata kee yeh
es kee emealdeh yeh he kee bishiein Ghana prilogon kee fique yeh mei yeh

jaihe hee kee jahuii kee woge kee seal kee kafe maque yeh brrashat hee—Aisi

hohja kee Aisi yeh brrashat yeh brrashat的行为 kee yeh fique yeh brrashat hee—Aisi

doi niin seal kee woge kee jahuii kee brrashat hee—Aisi

Beee kewel kee jahuii kee woge kee seal kee kafe maque yeh brrashat hee—Aisi

hohja kee Aisi yeh brrashat yeh brrashat的行为 kee yeh fique yeh brrashat hee—Aisi

doi niin seal kee woge kee jahuii kee brrashat hee—Aisi

Beee kewel kee jahuii kee woge kee seal kee kafe maque yeh brrashat hee—Aisi

hohja kee Aisi yeh brrashat yeh brrashat的行为 kee yeh fique yeh brrashat hee—Aisi


...


Government Bill:

Rice Mill

A.C.C. Cement factory

Principles of taxation

repressive  
progressive

repressive  
progressive

Agricultural

industry  
Repressive

Progressive

Principles of taxation


Government Bill:

The bill provides for the assessment of non-agricultural land and imposes tax on such land. The bill also provides for exemptions from tax based on certain criteria. It covers Municipalities and development, commercial taxes, percentage, municipal taxes, select committee, commercial taxes, education and charitable institutions, trusts, and registered unions.

- Municipalities and development: Municipalities and development are exempted from tax.
- Commercial taxes: A 1% percentage of commercial taxes is imposed.
- Municipal taxes: An amount of 500 is deducted from the municipal tax.
- Select committee: A select committee is appointed to investigate.
- Educational and charitable institutions, religious institutions, Central Government lands: Exemptions are provided for these organizations.

Registered Unions and Labour unions: Exemptions are provided for these organizations.

Profitable buildings: Exemptions are provided for profitable buildings.
Government Bill:

Madam, Sir,

The Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Land Assessment Bill, 1963, has been introduced with the objective of implementing progressive taxation and to reconsider and withdraw the existing tax. The Select Committee has been constituted to examine the implications, complications, and effects of this Act.

The House has debated the Bill extensively. The Select Committee has submitted its report, highlighting the need for amendments in the existing tax system. The House has accepted the recommendations of the Committee and has passed the Bill with some modifications.

The Bill aims to improve the tax structure by incorporating the principles of progressive taxation. It seeks to ensure that property is taxed based on its value, with a view to levying higher taxes on wealthier properties and lower taxes on poorer ones. The Bill also seeks to provide for the assessment of non-agricultural properties, which was not addressed in the previous legislation.

The Bill has been passed by the House and is now awaiting the Governor's assent. Once assented, it will become law and will bring about significant changes in the tax structure of the state.


[Signatures]

[Stamp]


Government Bill:


The increment of value of land assessed.

The Municipalities Act 1922 non-agricultural lands property tax on capital value or rental value the following.

Vacant grounds use and value library cess, education cess, water cess, drainage cess, property tax.


Use and value assessment 1963.

Use and value 1955-56.

Use and value 1956-57.

S. 1. Compulsory Deposit Scheme — The Compulsory Deposit Scheme shall be known as the Andhra Pradesh Non-Agricultural Land Assessment Bill, 1963.

S. 2. Motor Spirit— The cost of motor spirit shall be calculated at a rate of 10 per cent of the actual cost.

S. 3. Electricity Charges— The cost of electricity charges shall be calculated at a rate of 25 per cent of the actual cost.
Government Bill:


50. (a) ప్రతి ప్రతి పాయి ఎడారి బడాడారి దృశ్యమయాశి.

50. (b) పాయి ఎడారి పాయి ఎడారి ప్రతి పాయి ప్రతి పాయి దృశ్యమయాశి.

50. (c) ప్రతి పాయి పాయి ప్రతి పాయి ప్రతి పాయి దృశ్యమయాశి.

50. (d) ప్రతి పాయి పాయి ప్రతి పాయి ప్రతి పాయి దృశ్యమయాశి.

50. (e) ప్రతి పాయి పాయి ప్రతి పాయి ప్రతి పాయి దృశ్యమయాశి.

50. (f) ప్రతి పాయి పాయి ప్రతి పాయి ప్రతి పాయి దృశ్యమయాశి.
BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Temporary Chairman :—I have an announcement to make. Members of the Assembly are informed that free arrangements for Transport and Boarding have been arranged for them for their journey to Srisailam today (23rd July 1963) in connection with the Prime Minister's programme. R. T. D. Buses will start from the New M. L. As. Quarters, Hill Fort via Old M.L.As. Quarters at 1.30 p. m. this afternoon. All Members are requested to contact the Government Chief Whip for obtaining necessary passes. Now, the House is adjourned until it meets again on the 27th July, 1963 at 8.30 a. m.

(The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the Clock on Saturday, the 27th July, 1963.)

12-10 p.m.