ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

JAGIR VILLAGES IN TELANGANA

761—

*S719 Q.—Sri K. Ramachandra Reddy [Put by Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy (Bhongir)]—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Jagir villages in which survey and settlement has been completed in Telangana;

(b) whether the land revenue assessment which is being collected in the villages where survey and settlement is completed is equal to that in the Government (Khalsa) villages;

(c) if not, the percentage of increase; and

(d) the number of Jagir villages in which survey and settlement is yet to be completed?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy):—

(a) Survey operations in 8595 ex-Jagir villages in Telangana region have been completed. Settlement has been completed in 8500 villages.

(b) Yes.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) There are 95 villages in which the process of settlement is yet to be completed.

J No—8746 (371)
Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy.— I have no such information with me. I will take the information from the then Mumb. As per the report, the total number of villages is 395. In 3500 villages settlement survey operations have been completed, in 95 villages operations have yet to be completed. I do not know exactly the position about Medak. It is not stated in the file before me. Anyway I will take the information and see in what stage the operations are there in the Medak District.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy.— Where the land revenue assessment is being collected in villages, where survey and settlement operations have been completed it is equal to that in the Government villages.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy.— Certainly I will look into it.
Oral Answers to Questions
2nd August, 1962.

(3) Mr. V. Raghavendra Reddy — Mr. S. Gopal Reddy, the Hon'ble Minister, replied that settlement in the entire district would be completed within the current fiscal year. The settlement of the remaining villages was being accelerated. The settlement of the villages was expected to be completed within the next fiscal year.

(4) Mr. N. Ramachandra Reddy — Mr. V. Raghavendra Reddy, the Hon'ble Minister, replied that the information relating to the Telangana area and place was collected before the House.

Mr. N. Ramachandra Reddy — Mr. V. Raghavendra Reddy, the Hon'ble Minister, replied that the information relating to the Telangana area was collected before the House.

Sir N. Ramachandra Reddy — I am also not satisfied with the answer that is given. I will look into the matter and see that information is collected of all the districts. If survey and settlement operations have not been properly done, I will certainly look into the matter and rectify the defects.

The stage of Settlement operations in respect of 95 ex jagir villages is as follows.

Government have sanctioned the maximum rates to be applied to the 65 ex-samsthan villages of Kollapur Taluk, Maha boobnagar District and pre-announcement work is being done. As soon as this
376 2nd August, 1952.

O. al Answers to Questions

cases கட்டுப்பாடு முறையான பிரச்சினை எச்சல் குழு உடன் அம்மூச்சம் ஆய்வு செய்ய ஆடும் சுருக்க அடுக்கும் அழைப்பு கைதோச்சல் முறையான சுருக்கம் தெரியும் குழு, settlement officer வாக்குக்குரிய case, settlement officer வாக்கு வாடு அழைக்கும் Board வாக்கின் case எவ்வ்வகை பெரியதா? வாக்கு வாக்கின் case எவ்வ்வகை பெரியதா? குழுவடையும் செய்ய செய்ய வேண்டும் clarify என்றும் நம் கைதோச்சல் தெரியும் கைதோச்சல்?

* * *

Simple defect, என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம் மற்றும் defects என்பது மாற்றம் பயன்படுத்தும் வழக்கம். நேரத்தட்டுத்துள்ள குறுக்கும் வழக்கம் மற்றும் defects என்பது மாற்றம் பயன்படுத்தும் வழக்கம். Simple defect defects என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம். direct settlements என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம். representation என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம்?

* * *

Director of surveys and settlements என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம் என்பது?

* * *

settlement என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம் என்பது?

* * *

Time-bar என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம். notifications என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம். applications என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம். receive என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம். representations என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம். applications என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம். volume of work என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம். volume of rectification என்பது எவ்வ்வகை குறுக்கும் வழக்கம்.
Oia! Answeis to Questions 2nd August, 1962.

Asst, Settlement Officers Rs. 2,12,176 40

Revenue: Arrives in Medak District

761—

*1411 (4) Q.—Shi M. Buga Reddy—[Put by Shi A. Ramachandra Reddy] Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state

(a) the revenue (tarasvani) arrears due so far under different heads in Medak district, and

(b) the steps taken to recover the same?

Shi N. Ramachandra Reddy—

(a) Arrears of loans as on 30-4-1962 advance.

(i) town ds purchase of bullocks
Rs 2,07,182 64

(ii) towards fam'sr tax, vi
Rs 4,938 76

Total Rs 2,12,176 40

(b) A special drive was launched in Medak district from the beginning of Mar., 1962 till the end of June 1962 to collect the arrears and special staff was sanctioned for the purpose.

Shi N. Ramachandra Reddy—

I did not follow
Oral Answers to Questions

378 2nd August, 1962

Mr Speaker — I do not think he has got information for that question.

Sri N Ramachandra Reddy — I require separate notice to collect the information.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd August, 1962.

(1) 
Penalty on arrears due to instalments of due penalty.

(2) 
Revenue Tax arrears 11 $3,000, 2 $3, 7, 8 $3,000.

(3) 
Revenue Tax arrears 11 $3,000, 2 $3, 7, 8 $3,000. special drive.

(4) 
Village officers oral notice.

(5) 
Village officers oral notice.

(6) 
Agriculture department.
Sr1 T. Ballikrishnach (Sathyaheda) - Mr. Spaky, Sir, is there any proposal made by Government to write off the irrecoverable arrears of land revenue.

Mr. Spaky - There is no such proposal made by Government in the matter of irrecoverable arrears of land revenue. If there is, it may be made by Revenue Department as in the past.

380 2nd August, 1962. Oral Answers to Questions

Revenue Department - Ins. Sir, there is no proposal made by Government to write off the irrecoverable arrears of land revenue.

Sri T. Ballikrishnach (Sathyaheda) - Mr. Spaky, Sir, is there any proposal made by Government to write off the irrecoverable arrears of land revenue.

Mr. Spaky - There is no such proposal made by Government in the matter of irrecoverable arrears of land revenue. If there is, it may be made by Revenue Department as in the past.
Oral Answers to Questions

2nd August, 1962

381

PANCHAYAT OFFICE BUILDING AT LAMCHEBDU VILLAGE

73. —

270 Q. — N. I. N. Cawdary (Chirala). — Will the hon Minister for Planning be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that there is a proposal to construct the Panchayat Office building at K « m-chanda village, Bapatla taluq, Guntur district on the promenade site of that village pending alienation since five years?

(b) whether it is a fact that some portion of the same site has been granted to a political sufferer and a landlord, and

(c) whether Government propose to take early action in the case of the Panchayat Office building?

The Minister for Planning (Dr M. Chenna Reddy).

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Steps are being taken by the Tahsildar to alienate the site in favour of the Village Panchayat for the construction of the office building.

(i) Step 1

(ii) Step 2.

(iii) Based on the report of the enquiry, the Government will take action accordingly.

(iv) Hon. Shri. M. Rama Reddy — (b) It is clear that political sufferers are worth reclaiming 84 acres of arable land. The Minister for Land Reforms has clarified that the conditions are not being fulfilled, but the Government has taken steps accordingly.
382 2nd August, 1962.

Oral Answers to Questions

Quoval 31608 01607 building s, alienation proposals a starts v building 1968

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy.—(a) No, Sir, in respect of Equalization grant and Yes, Sir, in respect of Local Development grants.

(b) Does not arise in respect of Equalization grant. In respect of Local Development grants a statement is placed on the Table of the House.


AMOUNTS LAPPED IN EQUALIZATION FUNDS AND GRANTS.

766—

*Sri Vavilala Gup dakrishnaya.—Will the hon. Minter for Planning be pleased to state.

(a) whether any amounts lapsed last year (1961-62) in equalization funds and L D grants for Rural Water Supply Schemes granted by the Government of India, and

(b) if so, the district-wise amounts lapsed together with the comparative figures for the previous three years?

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy.—(a) No, Sir, in respect of Equalization grant and Yes, Sir, in respect of Local Development grants.

(b) Does not arise in respect of Equalization grant. In respect of Local Development grants a statement is placed on the Table of the House.


(STATEMENT)
2nd August, 1962.

Oral Answers to Questions,

Statement placing the details of the Central Grant Allotted, Expenditure Incurred

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the district</th>
<th>New Works</th>
<th>Spillover Works</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Allotment</td>
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Total
al Answers to Questions

2nd August, 1962.

BLE OF THE HOUSE

1. Amount Surrendered under the Local Development Works Programme

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[+] Excess amount S}
Oral Answers to Questions.

386 2nd August, 1962.

Equalisation fund lapses? 2nd August, 1962. 386 lapses? Equalisation figures are not available. 2 lapses, 67 times, 26 lapses. 8 times lapse amount of 30 per cent. 1 laps, 87 times, 124 lapses. 30 per cent lapse amount of 68 times. 21 laps, 18, 53 times lapse amount. 2 laps, 37 times, 18 laps, 52 times lapse amount. 38 laps. 124 laps, 67 times lapse amount. 21 laps, 87 times, 18 laps, 52 times lapse amount. 30 per cent laps 68 times. 2 laps, 37 times, 18 laps, 52 times lapse amount.

50 percent contribution lapses 68 times. 2 laps, 37 times, 18 laps, 52 times lapse amount.

Local Development Funds 25 per cent contribution. 25 per cent acceptable. Local Development Funds 25 per cent contribution. 25 per cent acceptable.

Extra staff relaxation campaign. 1,60,806 (y=356) 85,585 (lapse amount). 25 per cent relaxation campaign.

Local Development Funds contribution. 25 per cent acceptable. Local Development Funds contribution. 25 per cent acceptable.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd August, 1962.

1. Can you please explain the factors that contribute to the backward area problem? Factors such as public contribution and backward areas are significant in this context. Public contribution includes relaxation of rules, L D Works grants, and various local fund works.

2. Equalisation funds are also a crucial factor. Equalisation funds are allocated to backward areas to reduce the economic disparity. Backward areas are granted relaxation in terms of public contribution, LD Works grants, and various local fund works to help them.

3. Rural Water Supply is most essential. L D grants from 1959-60 to 1961-62, and 1962-63 are crucial in this context. Grants of 14 lacs, 26.09 lacs, and 12 lacs respectively are allocated for this purpose.

4. Local fund works, grants, and relaxation in various rules are important factors in addressing the backward area problem. Local fund works can also be diverted as per the rules to address this issue.
2nd August, 1962.

Oral Answers to Questions

The Minister for Planning be pleased to state:

how many panchayats have collected 100% taxes in each district in the years 1960-61 and 1961-62?

Dr M Chenna Reddy—A statement showing the particulars is placed on the Table of the House.

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<tr>
<th>S No</th>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>Notified Panchayats</th>
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188 1,177 177 2,066
Telangana Area

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<tr>
<td>Mahboobnagar</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>78</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


4. No, not more than 50%.


7. Executive officers.

8. The date of the list of notified Panchayats.
RESEARCH IN MINOR IRRIGATION

Q162. Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state—

(a) whether research in Minor Irrigation will be taken up during 1962-63;

(b) if so, the nature of research; and

(c) the details of the training scheme in minor irrigation?

The Minister for Irrigation and Power (Sri A.C. Subba Reddy):

(a) (b) & (c) A paper is laid on the Table of the House.

Minor Irrigation forms one of the most important programmes for development of Irrigation and Agricultural production in the country. So far as execution of minor irrigation works is concerned, traditional methods and age-old practices are still in vogue. There is great need for effecting improvements in the design, construction methods and operation of minor irrigation works. Adequate technical guidance to the farmers is also frequently lacking on small minor.
irrigation construction In order to derive full benefits from the minor irrigation programme, there is need to guide the cultivators in such matters as location of wells, size of wells, the water bearing strata that they should tap and the substratum at which their steering walls should be left, proper selection etc.

The object and scope of research is that a well planned and co-ordinated scheme of applied resources should be undertaken among at improving upon existing designs, practices and methods with a view to bring about economy in construction of Minor Irrigation Works and in the use of the irrigation waters in the fields. Research for the present consist of the following items:

(1) **Earth movement and compaction**—In connection with construction of tanks, embankments and preparation of fields and construction of field channels for use of irrigation water evolving suitable designs for wheel barrows, pounders, rollers, other farm equipments, like floats, scrapers, corrugators, ridgers and ditchers, mainly bullock drawn.

(2) **Wells**—Their design, construction and methods of boring and deepening for improving discharge under varying conditions of sub-soil geology and hydrology

(3) **Tanks**—Study of the behaviour and progress of silting on small tanks, with a view to effecting improvements in the design, construction, operation and manner of desilting

(4) **Water lifting appliances**—Testing of existing devices and evolving new improved designs

(5) **Water distribution and application development of** (a) cheap designs for farm structures, like field channel, crossings, falls, wooden regulating boxes, canvas dams, syphon tubes and gated pipes, etc.; (b) cheap methods for lining of field channels; (c) suitable irrigation methods for preparing fields for different crops under varying conditions of soils and climates

(6) **Water requirements of different crops under varying conditions of soils, fertilisers and climates**

The Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture have sponsored two schemes one for Research on Minor Irrigation and Water Use, and the other training on Minor Irrigation and Water Use, during the Third Five-Year Plan. The problems proposed to be tackled by the Irrigation branch are (1) earth movement and compaction (2) Tanks study and (3) Water distributions.

**ENGINEERING RESEARCH IN PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT**

769—

*684 Q.—SrI P Rajagopal Naidu [Put by SrI Ramachandra Rao Deshpande]—Will the hon Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any Engineering Research Department in Public Works Department; and
(b) if so, the work carried out so far by the said department?

Sri A C Subba Reddy:—(a) Yes, Sir

(b) Particulars are laid on the Table of the House

Paper placed on the Table of the House

Although it is not always possible to express the advantages resulting from the application of the results of research in terms of money saved, considerable economies have been affected in several projects, notable among which is the modified design developed in the laboratories for the Nagarjunasagar spillway buckets, which has resulted in a saving of over Rs 10 lakhs. Other important contributions, which have resulted in quality of material, better design of a structure or scheme or a better understanding of engineering fundamentals, are briefly mentioned below:

(i) A new type of dissipator has been designed for use below spillways, which is to a great degree independent of the tail water level for effective operation. It has been used in the Koilsagar and Bendure projects and is operating satisfactorily. A certificate of distinction in Engineering Research has been granted by the Central Board of Irrigation and Power for the work done in this connection.

(ii) A priming device in the form of a step was developed for the Saralasagar Syphon Spillway. Prototype behaviour has fully corroborated laboratory results.

(iii) Transitions with high hydraulic efficiency have been designed to the tunnels of the Nagarjunasagar Left and Right Main Canals.

(iv) Specially designed stilling basins have been developed for the three sections of the Musi Project spillways.

(v) Earthen embankments have been designed for several projects including the Upper Sileru Scheme, Poehampad Project, Nagarjunasagar Canals and several minor and medium irrigation schemes, to take maximum advantage of available soils and to suit existing foundation conditions.

(vi) Foundation studies for buildings include the Osmania Medical College, the Goshmahal Stadium and the proposed site of the Synthetic Drugs Factory at Sanathnagar, which would ensure adequate safety for heavy loaded footings on soft soil strata.

(vii) Concrete and mortar mix designs have been designed for numerous engineering projects, buildings and highway and other structures, which have resulted in considerably higher strength and durability for the same outlay of cost. Notable among such works are the Kallan Project, the Nagarjunasagar Project, the Air Force runways at Begumpet and Hakimpet, the Osmania Medical College, the Tragapur Bridge and a large number of works of lesser importance.
A new theory has been evolved for the design of reinforced concrete structure, based on the ultimate strength which gives a better understanding of the behaviour of a structure than hitherto available.

Coal ash, which is available as a waste at loco-yards and thermal power stations, has been successfully tried as a puzzolanic admixture for lime and cement and also for use in manufacture of light weight bricks.

A comprehensive method for planning of optimum crop schemes for any project was evolved in the Mathematics section. This was very much appreciated by the Central Board of Irrigation and Power and in fact a sub-committee was formed on the basis of the above work to formulate general methods for planning of crop schemes for all the areas in India.

As it is found that rivers of the Andhra Pradesh show a periodicity in their flows, a new method has been evolved which takes this periodicity into consideration, which gives a more correct figure for their yields than by the use of the usual methods which do not take this periodicity into consideration.

Apart from the above, the Laboratory is engaged upon the investigation of 4 problems assigned to this laboratory by the Government of India under the scheme of Basic and Fundamental Research. Out of these, work on two problems, (1) in the materials Laboratory and (2) in the Soil Mechanics Laboratory is under way, while preparation for taking up other two problems are being made. It may be added here that based on the work carried out on the Basic and Fundamental problems in the Soil Mechanics Laboratory an award of merit by the Central Board of Irrigation and Power has been given to one of the papers contributed by the concerned Assistant Research Officer, of the said laboratory. Further work on these problems is under way and will continue during the 3rd Five-Year Plan, as scheduled.

**Masampalli Tank in Ramannapeta Taluk.**

*728 Q.—Sri K. Ramachandra Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government have conducted survey to repair the breach that occurred to the Masampalli tank in Ramannapat taluk, Nalgonda district;

(b) if so, when the survey has been completed;

(c) whether it is a fact that, according to the estimate, the said repairs require an expenditure of Rs. 80,000; and

(d) if so, the reasons for not taking up the work so far?

Sri A. C. Subba Reddy:—

(a) Yes, Sir;

(b) 1964
Oral Answers to Questions

(c) & (d) An estimate for Rs. 99,910/- has been prepared but due to technical reasons this estimate is being revised. Work will be taken up soon after the estimate is finalised and sanctioned.

The project is proposed in the 2nd Five-Year Plan with a probable cost of Rs. 4.00 lakhs, with an ayacut of 1000 acres.

I have inspected the following sites on 26-10-1957.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd August, 1961

1 **Existing anicut site near Thatical village**

Though sheet rock is available in the gorge, the site is rejected in view of poor soils of Soudu and flat nature of country on flanks. Further the anicut is already doing 1000 acres.

2 **Site just above Nakarthal village**

The site is not feasible as the soils on the flanks are Dubba and soudu. The country especially on R.F. is flat. Moreover, the existing anicut with its channels, Ora Cheru with its ayacut of 800 acres and Thatical village will come under submergence. The compensation for the above, and for shifting the villages of Mangapally and partly Thatical village will be heavy.

3. **Site at the existing anicut near Madlapur**:

The anicut is founded on rock for its entire length of 840 ft. The site was rejected in view of flat nature of the flanks and submergence of about 800 acres of wet lands of the villages-Chandupattala, Maroor, Idlabhavigudem, and Mandlapur in addition to the first three villages likely to be submerged. As such this site also was rejected.

On detail investigation, a site near Mamdyal village was found somewhat suitable and the surveys have been conducted. The following are the details at this site:

**Site** The site is situated at about 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) mile towards the East of Mamdyal village (Latitude 17-4-23" and Longitude 79-28'15"). The country on either side is rising fairly and the soils are of Chowka and Murram. Moreover, at right flank rock is available for locating the weir.

**D.A**—The total catchment area at the proposed site is 181.20 Sq. Miles of which 86.56 Sq. miles is free and the rest intercepted. The nature of the catchment is classified as average.

**Rain-fall and Yield:**—Average dependable rain-fall for entire catchment area is 21.48 at 50% P.L. The total yield at site is found available 859 m. ft., which can irrigate about 800 acres in Abi and 125 acres in Tabi.

**Fixation of sill**—The sill of the reservoir is fixed at R.L. +479.00 which gives a dead storage of about 10 81% of the gross capacity at Prop : F.R.L. of +493.00. The life of the reservoir is found 14 years as per the circular of M.I.P.'s in Telengana.

**Standards of the Reservoir:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pro</th>
<th>Sill +479 00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F.R.L.</td>
<td>+498.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M.W.L.</td>
<td>+498.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T.R.L.</td>
<td>+499 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T.B.L.</td>
<td>+508 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Top width of bund : 10"
Maximum Flood Discharge:—Maximum flood discharge as per Dicken's with C = 1000 works out to 45,500 cusecs.

Bund:—Total length of the earthen bund is 5,885 Ft.

Irrigation:—Only one sluice on RF with S.G. arrangements is provided at Ch = 54 00 with Sill + 479 00. The irrigation proposed is only on the right flank as the left flank is all under the command of the Musi Project.

Surplus arrangements:—A.F.O.F. weir 700 ft. long and S.M. weir 480 ft long is proposed on the right flank, with a head of discharge 5 ft. As the surplus course is likely to affect Mamdyal village partially, further field information is called for.

Compensation:—There will be a submergence of 205 acres wet land and 285 acres of dry lands, in addition to the two villages of Mandlapur and Aregudem having 148 and 100 houses respectively. Total compensation as worked out by the Executive Engineer is Rs. 2,52,700/-. 

Financial forecast:—The total cost of the project works out to Rs 8 60 lakhs and net revenue expected is Rs 5,257, which gives a return of 0 61% on the above capital outlay.

Villages benefited:—Mamdyal, Godavargudem and Idlur.

In view of the poor return, the scheme is not worth while to be taken up.
Oral Answers to Questions
2nd August, 1962.

6ml Answers to Questions 397

6ml 1. whether the lankasagar project in Madhara, Kharapa, district, will be taken up during this year, and if not, the reasons thereof?

(a) whether the lankasagar project in Madhara, Kharapa, district, will be taken up during this year, and if not, the reasons thereof?

(b) if not, the reasons thereof?

Sri A.C. Subba Reddy:

(a) and (b):—The detailed project report and estimates were sent to the Central Water and Power Commission and their technical approval is awaited. As soon as it is received, the question of its execution will be taken up.

LANKSAGAR PROJECT

772—

*765 Q.—Sri J. VengalaRao (Vemavar)—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) whether the lankasagar project in Madhara, Kharapa, district, will be taken up during this year, and if not, the reasons thereof?

(b) if not, the reasons thereof?

Sri A.C. Subba Reddy:

(a) and (b):—The detailed project report and estimates were sent to the Central Water and Power Commission and their technical approval is awaited. As soon as it is received, the question of its execution will be taken up.
Thokapalli Anicut Across Theeguleru

Q847 Sri P. Subbaiah (Yeragondipalem):—Will the hon. minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:
(a) Sir, None of the Junior Engineers (Elec) who has been selected by the Public Service Commission and allotted to the Electricity Department, is awaiting regularisation of his services, except in the case of two individuals who are yet to join duty.

(b) Does not arise in view of the answer to question (a) above.

(c) No such cases are pending with the Government.

(d) Applications for outside appointment whether Central Government or otherwise will be forwarded to the addresses, by the Government in the case of regular employees and by the Chief Engineers themselves in the case of emergency employees. Applications for outside appointment from regular as well as emergency employees will be forwarded only once in a year, except when they are addressed to the Heavy Electrical Project and the Synthetic Drugs Project at Hyderabad in whose case, the applications from the said employees will be forwarded even if the employees have already applied for outside appointment once during the year.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd August, 1962.


(3) Shri. B. R. Reddy—Public Service Commission to expedite appointment in expediting. Department to select 77 candidates, to be allocated in expediting. Department to expedite consent in expediting.

2nd August, 1962.

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. (a) A separate question is to be asked. Separate question is to be asked.

(b) The Central Government has no population parity, Central Government Services are for population parity in India. Percentage of population is 55% and percentage of the percentage of applications forward is 85%.?

(c) The Central Government Services are for population basis, particular percentage Central Government Services are for population basis, percentage Central Government Services are for population basis, percentage Central Government Services are for population basis?

(d) The Central Government Services are for population basis, percentage Central Government Services are for population basis, percentage Central Government Services are for population basis, percentage Central Government Services are for population basis.

ROAD BETWEEN CHINAGANJAM AND JUKOLI

1242 Q. Sri P. Ranganayakula (Addanka) — Will the hon. Ministe for Buildings and Highways be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that the Highways Road between Chinaganjam and Jukole in Bapatla taluk, Guntur district, is badly damaged causing great inconvenience to the plying of national buses, and

(b) whether the Government propose to make necessary repair immediately?

The Minister for Buildings and Highways (Sri Mir Ahmed Al Khan) —

(a) Yes, Sir;

(b) Yes, Sir, steps are being taken to have the repair carried out to the road immediately.
Oral Answers to Questions. 2nd August, 1962.

Development of Visakhapatnam Port

1586 Q—Sri J T Feranandez (Nominated Anglo Indian)—Will the hon Minister for Buildings and Highways be pleased to state:

(a) is it a fact that Visakhapatnam has been developed into a major port during the Third Five-Year Plan, and

(b) will the Government propose to develop Krishnapatnam in Nellore district, as an intermediate port in the Third Plan in view of the fact that it is situated in a more advantageous position than Visakhapatnam?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan—

(a) Visakhapatnam is already one of the Major Ports, developed in the year 1938. This Government have no information regarding the further development of the Visakhapatnam Port during the Third Five-Year Plan, as it is directly under the control of the Government of India, Ministry of Transport and Communications.

(b) No, Sir. It is proposed to develop the Krishnapatnam Port in Nellore District as Minor Port

Sri Tenneti Viswanathem—The hon. Minister has said that he has no further information about the progress of the development of Visakhapatnam port. Is it not desirable, Sir, that we keep progress reports about the ports, although they are centrally administered?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan—We will request the Central Government to send the information about the Visakhapatnam port also so that we may be aware of it.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya—What is the difficulty about upgrading this Krishnapatnam port as an intermediate port?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—Sir, it is already an undeveloped port. It is difficult to develop it even as a minor port. There is no question of developing it as an intermediate port at this stage when it is undeveloped and the question of developing it as a minor port is before us.
Sri S Varmayya.—May I know, Sir, whether the Government will again go into the matter thoroughly regarding this Krishnapatam port? It was previously used as a minor port, will the Government request the Centre to come to our rescue to take it as a minor port?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan.—Development into a minor port is the concern of the State Government and therefore we are proposing to develop it as a minor port. There are Rs. 5 lakhs kept for Krishnapatnam.

Sri M Pushparaj—May I know the total amount allotted for the improvement of the Visakhapatnam port in the first year of the Third Plan?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan.—I have no information about Visakhapatnam. I will request the Government of India to give us information about that also.

Development of Horsley Hills

777—

331 Q.—Sri D Seetharamiah.—Will the hon. Minister for Law and Information be pleased to state:

(a) the amount already spent and the amount sanctioned under different heads to develop Horsley Hills at Madanapalli as a hill station; and

(b) whether the Government propose to develop the station still further?

The Minister for Law and Information (Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao):—

A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

(b) The answer is in the affirmative.

PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

Statement showing details of expenditure sanctioned and incurred on the development of Horsley Hills.

The following amounts were sanctioned under different heads for the development of Horsley Hills:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Under 50-Civil Works-original Works III Tourism.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Circuit House</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount Date of sanction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>17,000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Under “ 81—Capital account of Civil Works outside the Revenue Account ‘A’ original works—Buildings Civil works”.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Constructing 8 family type Low Income Group quarters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount Date of sanction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,20,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(iv) L.I.G. Hostel for 8 persons ........................................... 1,83,000 3-11-1960

(3) Under "81. Capital account of C.W. outside the Revenue account (a) original works
(i) Buildings 1-Ordinary areas (b) General Administration (Charged)".

(a) Circuit House for Governor ........................................... 5,87,702 15-9-1961
(b) NGO’s quarters-Governor’s staff 4Nos
(c) Servants quarters 12Nos
(d) Garages 2Nos.

(4) Under “81. Capital account of Civil Works outside the Revenue Account (a) original works (i) Buildings—(j) Civil Works—“Voted” to the extent of availability.”

(a) Post Office .............................................................. 1,60,198 5-9-1961
(b) Cafeteria .................................................................
(c) Formation of approach roads and lawns.

(5) Under Major Head 81/108. Capital Account of Civil Works outside the Revenue Accounts (a) Original works (1) Buildings (d) Police”.

(1) S.I.Os Quarters 1 No. Rs. 16,400
(2) H.Cs Quarters 4 Nos Rs. 10,600
(3) P Cs. Quarters 6 Nos. Rs. 56,000
(4) Water Supply and Sanitation installation Rs 6,200
(5) Electrification Rs. 6,200

(6) Under “M. H. 81/103. Capital Account of Civil Works outside the Revenue account (a) original works (i) Buildings”.

(a) Constructing N. G Os. Hostel at Harsley Hills........................................... 1,15,000 6-4-1959
(b) Constructing Chowdi at Horsley Hills.................................................. 19,900 10-8-1961
(c) Constructing Buildings for Club and stores at Horsley Hills................. 91,400 16-4-1960

7) Improvements to the roads leading to Horsley Hills.................................... 5,00,000 12-12-1958

(8) Under “70. Capital outlay for improvement of Public Health (H) R.W.S.H”

(i) For water supply stage I work .................................. 3,89,000 9-9-1958
(ii) For water supply stage II work ................................ 4,64,000 3-12-1958
(iii) For Drainage works .............................................. 1,50,000 4-9-1959

Total Rs. 28,67,700
Oral Answers to Questions

The following expenditure has been incurred so far on the development of Horsley Hills:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Year in which expenditure was incurred</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3,48,600</strong></td>
<td>1959-60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3,36,022</strong></td>
<td>1960-62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>5,49,532</strong></td>
<td>1958-62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6,45,000</strong></td>
<td>1960-62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>5,19</strong></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Grand Total. Rs. 18,74,303**

Agricultural Officers in Kuppam

*1180 Q.—Sri A P Vajravelu Chetti (Kuppam).— Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are two agricultural officers in Kuppam (Chittoor district) one under the Panchayat Samithi and the other under the Agricultural Department;

(b) whether their duties overlap each other largely; and

(c) if so, whether the Government propose to avoid the wastage of public funds?

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri A. Balarami Reddy)—

(a) Yes, Sir

(b) No. Their duties do not largely overlap each other. Instructions were issued to the District Agricultural Officers to arrange for the distribution of jurisdictions between the Agricultural Extension Officer and the Agricultural Assistant in cases like this.

(c) This does not arise as the Agricultural Assistant, Kuppam, is continued in the interests of intensive extension work in this taluk.

Nationalisation of City Bus Services

*1229 Q.—Sarasri Tenneti Viswanatham and G. Rama Rao.— Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Chief Minister during his visit to Vijayawada in the 2nd week of April made an announcement that the Government would not nationalise city bus services during the next four years;
Oral Answers to Questions 2nd August, 1962

(b) what was the occasion for making this announcement; and

(c) what is the schedule for nationalisation adopted by the Government awaiting implementation?

The Minister for Labour and Transport (Sri B. V. Gurumurthy) :-

(a) No, sir.

(b) Does not arise,

(c) This is a matter for the Road Transport Corporation, sir.

NATIONALISATION OF TRANSPORT

(a) whether the Government have arrived at a schedule for nationalisation of transport and embodied it in the form of a Government order, and

(b) whether the schedule will be placed on the Table of the House?

Sri B. V. Gurumurthy :-

(a) Sir, this is a matter for the Corporation to propose from time to time.

(b) Does not arise. It may, however, be stated that the Road Transport Corporation has decided to take up Kurnool next and later on Nellore and Cuddapah, for nationalisation.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTION AND ANSWERS.

PAYMENT OF SALARIES TO THE LAND ACQUISITION STAFF

(a) whether special staff has been appointed for the purposes of land acquisition in Visakhapatnam Revenue division of Visakhapatnam district;

(b) if so, when?
(c) whether it is also a fact that salaries are not being paid to the said staff; and

(d) if so, whether the Government issue orders for the disbursement of their salaries at an early date?

Sri N Ramachandra Reddy —

(a) to (d): — The Collector of Visakhapatnam proposed in April 1962 that special staff consisting of a Head Clerk in the cadre of a Deputy Tahsildar, two U.D Clerks, one L.D Clerk-Cum-typist, and one peon, might be sanctioned for appointment in the Collector's Office, Visakhapatnam for a period of one year for increased land acquisition work. But the Board of Revenue recommended the appointment of only two U.D Clerks. The Collector did not originally say that he was appointing the special staff in anticipation of sanction. While the proposal was under examination by the Government, the Collector reported in June 1962 that the staff was appointed in anticipation of sanction. But he did not furnish particulars of the staff actually appointed and the date on which they were appointed. The Collector has been asked to furnish these particulars, and pending receipt of his report, the Government propose to issue orders sanctioning the appointment of two U.D Clerks, for a period of six months from the date of appointment, for the present. The orders will be issued shortly. After the receipt of the further report from the Collector, revised or modified orders will be issued, if necessary.
On a point of order, Sir. It is a matter for the Road Transport Corporation. As such the R.T.C. is a separate entity from the Government. As such the R.T.C. enunciates its policy and at a secondary stage the Government comes into the picture. Finally the Government approves or modifies it. In that sense the R.T.C. has the right to do it. I did not mean anything else and so the hon. Member may view it from that angle.

Sri B. V. Gurumurthy — Sir, when I said that the Road Transport Corporation has the right to stipulate the policy I meant that the R.T.C. is a separate entity from the Government. As such the R.T.C. enunciates its policy and at a secondary stage the Government comes into the picture. Finally the Government approves or modifies it. In that sense the R.T.C. has the right to do it. I did not mean anything else and so the hon. Member may view it from that angle.

Road Transport Corporation Act. It depends upon the subjective opinion of the corporation. It is a matter for the clear tenuser Act. What is the schedule for nationalisation adopted by the Government awaiting implementation?
2nd August, 1962.

Answers to unstarred Questions

Q 410 — Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the total acreage of Government land in Mahboobnagar taluk and district which is still remaining for assignment; and

(b) when it is likely to be assigned to the landless poor?

A — (a) 18 26 acres wet, and 388 17 acres dry in Mahboobnagar taluk; 86 21 acres wet and 7642 19 acres dry in the whole Mahboobnagar district (as on 15-6-1962).

(b) The Government gave instructions to all Collectors to complete the assignment work by the end of June, 1962.

Assignment of Government Land in Mahboobnagar Taluk

762—

*1801 Q — Sri M Vema Reddy: — Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the total acreage of Government land in Mahabubnagar taluk and district which is still remaining for assignment; and

(b) when it is likely to be assigned to the landless poor?

A — (a) 18 26 acres wet, and 388 17 acres dry in Mahabubnagar taluk; 86 21 acres wet and 7642 19 acres dry in the whole Mahabubnagar district (as on 15-6-1962).

(b) The Government gave instructions to all Collectors to complete the assignment work by the end of June, 1962.

Answers to (Unstarred) Questions

Tribunal for Disciplinary Proceedings

71—

191 Q — Sri P Rajagopal Naidu: — Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the number of cases registered by the Tribunal for Disciplinary Proceedings during 1961-62.

(b) the number of cases booked against the officers amongst them; and

(c) the number of cases disposed of in the total number of cases booked during 1961-62?
A —

(a) Twenty, Sir.
(b) Two, Sir.
(c) One, Sir.

BEGGER HOMES AND LEPERS' RELIEF CENTRES

1143 Q Shr G C Kondaiah — Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state.

(a) the number of beggar homes, leper's relief centres in the State, with special reference to Nellore district,
(b) the nature and extent of relief given by these centres to the inmates, and
(c) whether the Government are giving any financial grants to these centres yearly and if so, on what basis?

A —The information is laid on the Table of the House.

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE.

(a) : At present there are four Beggar Homes under the control of the Director of Social Welfare, which are located as shown below:


There is no Beggar Home in Nellore District. The list of Leprosy Relief Centres which are in existence in this State is Appendixed.

(b) : The nature and extent of relief provided to beggars in the Beggar Homes consist of giving them food, clothing including bedding and shelter. The inmates are also provided with facilities to learn handicrafts such as cane work, spinning, gardening, Beedi making etc., according to their aptitudes. The Beggar Homes cater to the needs of all beggars irrespective of caste or creed and they are retained until they get rehabilitated in life as useful citizens. In all the Government Leprosy Subsidiary Centres, the trained non-medical Assistants are doing Leprosy Survey, Education on Leprosy and Domiciliary treatment to all the Leprosy patients. They are also conducting out patient Clinics all over the District in which the Leprosy Survey Centre is situated.

(c) : The Beggar Homes are being run by the Social Welfare Department and the entire expenditure thereon is met by Government only. This Government is sanctioning grant to the private leprosy institutions in the State to those who are applying for the same.

A text of the conditions governing the disbursement of grants to the private leprosy institutions is also Appendixed.
### APPENDIX 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No</th>
<th>Name of the Centres run by Government</th>
<th>Name of Centres run by Private Organisations</th>
<th>Name of Centres run by Missionary Bodies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Srikrishna District</td>
<td>LSC Himamudiar</td>
<td>Philadelphia Leprosy Hospital Saluru.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LSC Illeputturu</td>
<td>Leprosy Clinic, Kolat.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Gandhi Memorial Leprosy Foundation Unit, Chilakalapalli.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. British S. W. D., Children Leprosy Hospital, Pogiri.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam District</td>
<td>LSC Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>Leprosy Hospital, Vijyanagaram.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LSC Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>Leprosy Colony, Visakhapatnam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Prem S. Raj, Visakhapatnam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>East Godavari District</td>
<td>LSC R. Puram.</td>
<td>Mission Leprosy Hospital, Ruchipuram.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>East Godavari District</td>
<td>Gouthami Par. kalyana Sangham, Rajahmundry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>West Godavari District</td>
<td>LSC Tenaku.</td>
<td>Bethesda Leprosy Hospital, Narsapur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Krishna District</td>
<td>LSC Kasarapall.</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Guntur District</td>
<td>LSC Ongole</td>
<td>Sabation and Leprosy Hospital, Bapetla.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Nellore District</td>
<td>LSC Venkalagiri.</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Cuddapah District</td>
<td>LSC Kodur</td>
<td>Mission Leprosy Hospital, Kodur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td>LSC</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
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<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>LSC Hindupur</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LSC Yellareddy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>Leprosy Hospital,</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Mission General Hospital,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tirupathi</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nagardui Leprosy Out-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>patient trainings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>LSC Kurnool</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>LSC Hyderabad City</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Municipal Leprosy</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Home, Moula Ali.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leprosy Clinic,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Karwan.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leprosy Rehabilitation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Centre, Mahlah.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>LSC Siddipet.</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leprosy Investigation</td>
<td></td>
<td>Centre, Zahirabad.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>and treatment Centre,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Zahirabad.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>LSC Suryapet.</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warangal</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>LSC Yellareddy.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Victoria Leprosy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Hospital Deepalli</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahboobnagar</td>
<td>LSC Narayanapet.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>LSC Kodangal</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX II.

The following conditions have been prescribed by the Government for the payment of capitation grants to private leprosy institutions in the Andhra State.

(1) That the institution is generally maintained in a manner approved by the Government and adequate provision to their satisfaction is made for the medical treatment of the inmates, including reasonable provisions for Hospital wards, minor-surgery and the treatment of acute illnesses.

(2) That admissions are made irrespective of caste, or creed, patients who are in a position to contribute towards their maintenance being required to do so. Preference should be given to natives of the State of Andhra.

(3) That, as far as possible, infective cases shall be admitted and treated as inpatients provided that the management of a private leprosy institution shall have the discretion to retain or admit as inpatients non-infective cases also for purposes of research, or for medical or surgical treatment.

Note — (i) An infective case is one, who is positive for acid fast bacilli, when standard method of bacteriological examination is attempted

(ii) The per capita grant by Government will be restricted to infective cases and to cases where orthopaedic rehabilitation is attempted.

(iii) Application for payment of capitation grant from State Funds should contain a certificate by the Medical Officer-in Charge of the institution that non-infective cases other than the kind mentioned in Note (ii) above are not included.

(4) That qualified medical personnel trained in leprosy work are employed, the Medical Officers and Nurses should possess qualifications, which are registrable under the Madras Medical Registration Act, 1914, or the Madras Nurses and Midwives Act, 1926, as the case may be

(5) (i) That leprosy institutions having not more than 50 patients may employ a visiting or a part-time Medical Officer assisted by patients, trained as injectors or nurses provided the Medical Officer has had special training in leprosy work.

(iv) That leprosy Institutions with more than 50 patients but not exceeding 100 may employ a full-time Medical Officer or a full-time Nurse provided that where there is only a full-time Nurse there is also a visiting or a part-time Medical Officer duly trained in leprosy work and provided further that the need for the employment of a Nurse may be dispensed with, in institutions where there is a full-time Medical Officer, trained in leprosy work.

(v) That leprosy institutions with more than 100, but not more than 200 patients may employ a full-time Medical Officer duly qualified and trained in leprosy work with the assistance of the patients trained as injectors and Nurses to assist the Medical Officer.
(15) That leprosy institutions where the patients exceed 200 but not 800 should be required to employ a full time Medical Officer trained in leprosy work and a qualified Nurse on a full time basis.

(V) that leprosy institution with more than 300 patients should employ two qualified full time Medical Officers trained in leprosy work and at least one Nurse.

(6) That Medical Officers attached to any institution are employed on a full time basis except where special permission has been granted by Government for the employment of part-time personnel.

(7) That the patients and ex-patients are trained as injectors to assist the Medical Officers in their routine work.

(8) That a children’s Section of adequate strength may be maintained, if possible.

(9) That no discrimination is made between men and women in the matter of accommodation, treatment, work etc., provided this rule shall not apply in the case of institutions which have been established for the admission and treatment of women and children or both.

(10) That the institution co-operates with Government in the matter of leprosy survey in their neighbourhood, spotting of infective cases and preventive measures.

(11) That the management does not interfere with the religious observances of the inmates who will be free to practice their own religion and perform their devotions in the manner to which they have been accustomed, provided that the performance, does not involve offence to the religious feelings of other inmates and is not in any way subversive of discipline in the institution.

(12) That the inmates are not encouraged to leave the institution without sufficient cause and that the institution is not made merely a comfortable sojourning place for leprosy patients in the course of their avocations.

(13) That an Advisory Committee, consisting of the Collector of the District as President, and the District Medical Officer, the District Health Officer and the Superintendent of the Institution as Members, is constituted and functions in accordance with the instructions issued by the Government from time to time.

(14) That (in addition to the Director of Medical Services, the Honorary Secretary of the Hind Kust Nivaryn Sangh, Andhra State Branch) the District Collector, the District Medical Officer, the District Health Officer, and the Municipal Health Officer, as official visitors, have full authority to satisfy themselves that the conditions of grant are being fulfilled.

RESCUE HOMES

78—

(a) whether the Government so far constituted any Rescue Homes for purposes of detaining girls that are brought to various courts under the provision of the Prevention of Immoral Traffic Acts.
2nd August, 1962.

Answers to unstarred Questions.

(b) whether the Government take early steps to constitute Rescue Homes where there are none, for purposes of enforcing the various provisions under the ... and

(c) whether the Government be pleased to give out the number of cases on the file of the various courts in the State under the said Prevention of Immoral Traffic Act?

A —

(a) No, Sir

(b) Government will consider establishment of such homes as and when necessity arises.

(c) 128

DISSBURSEMENT OF TACCAVI LOANS

74—

283 Q—Sri S Vemayya —Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the amount allotted, spent, and unspent during the years 1960-61, and 1961-62 in the State, district-wise regarding the disbursement of taccavi loan, and

(b) the number of applications received, disposed off and now pending for taccavi loans for the above period in the State, district-wise?

A —

(a) A Statement showing the figures has been placed on the Table of the House in reply to L A Q. No. 439 (Starred) put by Sri V. Visweswara Rao.

(b) The time and trouble involved in collecting the information will not be commensurate with the results likely to be achieved and the public purpose likely to be served

SALT PRODUCTION.

75—

546 Q—Sri P V Ramana: —Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the names of persons to whom the Government lands have been given on lease for salt production in coastal area at Pudimadaka, Visakhapatnam district; and

(b) the extent of land together with survey numbers given to each; the lease amount and the period of lease, respectively?

A.—

(a) and (b). —Land measuring Ac. 102-06 comprising S. Nos. 26/ B1, 89/A1, and 89/1/A3 of Pudimadaka village.

Yelamanchil Taluk, Visakhapatnam District was originally leased out by the Estate Manager, Vizianagaram in 1951 for a period of 25 years in favour of Sri Rama Salt Works consisting
of Sri M. Ramamurthy, Sri M. Surya-narayananurthy and R. Paidaiah as partners. As the cost of the land in question was estimated at Rs 5,188 the Board of Revenue was requested to confirm the said lease. But the lease was not approved by the Board for want of rectification of certain defects. In the meanwhile it appears that some disputes arose between the partners of Sri Rama Salt Works and Sri Paidaiah. One of the partners filed a petition in February 1961, before the Collector, Visakhapatnam, enclosing a copy of the notice of dissolution of partnership issued to the other two partners of the firm, and requested the Collector to grant the lands on lease in his favour cancelling the lease granted to Sri Rama Salt Works. The Collector after due enquiry found that the firm was not working properly and therefore terminated the lease and granted the lands on lease to Sri Paidaiah for a period of one year on 12-5-1961. Against these orders of the Collector, Sri M. Suryanaranurthy filed an appeal before the Board of Revenue. After examining the matter in its B.P. Misc. 848/61, dated 13-9-1961, the Board of Revenue confirmed the Collector's orders cancelling the lease of Sri Rama Salt Works and ordered that the temporary lease granted by the Collector in favour of Sri R. Pidiah be cancelled. The Board further ordered that one of the partners of the firm be allowed to enter or occupy the lands in question pending the settlement of their disputes in a Civil Court. Against the orders of the Board of Revenue, Sri Rajanna Pidiah has filed a writ in the High Court of Andhra Pradesh and the writ is still pending in the High Court.

PATTAS TO THE RYOTS IN NALGONDA DISTRICT

76—

717 Q.—Sri K. Ramachandra Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the taluq-wise extent of Bancharai, Peramboke, Khanykatha, river-bed and tank-bed lands for which pattas have been granted to the ryots cultivating the lands in Nalgonda district. and

(b) when the other pattas will be granted to such lands?

(a) and (b): A statement is placed on the Table of the House.
## STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

### STATEMENT SHOWING THE AREA ASSIGNED TO THE RYOTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial No.</th>
<th>Name of the Taluk</th>
<th>ITEM 'A' SANCTIONED PATTAS</th>
<th>ITEM 'B' When the other pattas will be granted such lands</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Extent of lands under</td>
<td>When the other pattas will be granted such lands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Poramboke</td>
<td>Kharghata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>1,000 30</td>
<td>3,744 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Deverkonda</td>
<td>3,713 12</td>
<td>2,238 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Miryalguda</td>
<td>3,624 06</td>
<td>4,022 02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Suryapet</td>
<td>1,434 24</td>
<td>452 06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Bhongir</td>
<td>1,179 39</td>
<td>862.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Ramannapet</td>
<td>1,776 12</td>
<td>818 08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Huzurnagar</td>
<td>2,010 26</td>
<td>249.26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SALES TAX CHECK POSTS IN CHITTOR DISTRICT

1108 Q — Sri A. P. Vayaravelu Chetti — Will the hon Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Sales Tax Check Posts in Chittor district;
(b) whether they are functioning effectively; and
(c) if so, whether the Government propose to increase their number?

(a) Four (4)
(b) Yes

(c) Proposals for the opening of one more check post on Palamaneryu Gudivatham Road are under the consideration of the Board of Revenue (Commercial Taxes).

AMOUNTS COLLECTED UNDER THE "REVENUE HEAD"

1512 Q — Sri A Ramchandra Reddy — Will the hon Minister for Finance and Co-operation be pleased to state:

(a) the amount collected under the "Revenue Head" in the districts of Telangana region, during the years 1956-57, 1957-58, 1958-59, 1959-60 and 1960-61 respectively;

(b) the amount spent on Telangana districts during the said periods from the said collections;

(c) the surplus amount in the Telangana funds for the above five years after the said expenditure was incurred;

(d) the amount from the said Telangana surplus fund proposed to be spent for the development schemes in Telangana districts in the coming years, and

(e) the various schemes on which the amounts from Telangana fund have been spent together with the amount spent on each scheme?

A. — The details of the receipts, expenditure and surplus on revenue account in the Telangana region during the period 1956-57 to 1960-61 are as follows

(There are deficits on capital account not shown below).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Receipts on revenue account</th>
<th>Expenditure on revenue account</th>
<th>Surplus on revenue account</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1956-57</td>
<td>10 90</td>
<td>8 64</td>
<td>2 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1957-58</td>
<td>24 06</td>
<td>18 09</td>
<td>5 97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1958-59</td>
<td>26 39</td>
<td>18 88</td>
<td>8 01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1959-60</td>
<td>32 06</td>
<td>26 25</td>
<td>5 81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960-61</td>
<td>82 50</td>
<td>25 81</td>
<td>6 69</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
On the recommendations of the Regional Committee, an amount of Rs 3 00 crores and Rs 3 36 crores have been provided in 1961-62 and 1962-63 respectively for expenditure on additional development schemes in the Telangana region. As recommended by the Regional Committee it is proposed to spend an amount of not less than Rs. 8,00 crores every year on additional items of development in the Telangana region upto end of 1964-65.

The amounts spent on the various additional development schemes of the Telangana region in 1961-62 and provided in B.E 1962-63 are as follows.

(Rs. in lakhs.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provided</th>
<th>Spent in B.E</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1961-62</td>
<td>1962-63</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Foundation Grant to the Osmania University to be invested in the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board for Rural Electrification in Telangana  189 10  110.90
2. Rural Electrification  100 00
3. Grants-in-aid to Zilla Panchayats for Road Works  85.00  55.00
4. Industrial Estates in Telangana  85.00  80.00
5. Road Schemes relating to the Public Works Department  80.46  40.00

Total  289.56  333.90

MAJOR AND MINOR PANCHAYATS IN SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT.

79—

742 Q—Sri P. Gunnaya—Will the hon. Minister for Planning be pleased to state

(a) the number of major and minor panchayats respectively in Srikakulam district;

(b) the taluk-wise number of applications received from the public requesting the Government for the separation of Panchayats from the group panchayats (consisting of two, four or five villages) during the years 1960-61 and 1962 (upto 3-4-1962) respectively;

(c) the names of the said villages; and

(d) the action taken by the Government thereon.

A—(a) There are 15 Class I Panchayats and 1,404 Class II Panchayats in Srikakulam district.

(b) (c) (ap): A statement is appended.
Answers to unstarred Questions.

2nd August, 1962.

STATEMENT PLACED ON TABLE OF THE HOUSE

APPENDIX

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Taluk</th>
<th>Number of applications received</th>
<th>Name of villages</th>
<th>Action taken</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Srikakulam</td>
<td>6 2</td>
<td>1. Loddalapeta</td>
<td>To be separated from Belama Panchayat and constituted into a Panchayat i.e. Loddalapeta. The matter is under enquiry and further action will be taken if the proposal is found feasible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 Cheemalavalaesa</td>
<td>Spearate panchayat to Cheemalavalaesa village bifurcating it from Korlakota Cheemalavalaesa Panchyat has to be constituted. Proposals are pending with the Deputy Commissioner of Panchayat Raj, Kakamada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Kasimalasapeta</td>
<td>A hamlet of Amadalavalaesa Panchayat to be constituted as a separate panchayat. Proposals not considered feasible in view of the unsatisfactory financial position and meagre population of the village.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Donkalabadavanji</td>
<td></td>
<td>To be excluded from Ravichendri Panchayat.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Chuntalavadavanji</td>
<td></td>
<td>To be excluded from Karakalavalaesa Panchayat. Proposals are under examination.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Vanjangipeta</td>
<td></td>
<td>To be seperated from Vokalas Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Budivalasa Marripadu</td>
<td></td>
<td>To be constituted as a separate Panchayat from the existing Sallantri Panchayat. The proposal is not found feasible on financial grounds.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Ravipadu</td>
<td>Separation from Razole Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>---</td>
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<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Cheepuru-palit</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>1 Tankaladuggivalasa</td>
<td>A separate Panchayat was constituted to Tankaladuggivalasa village from the existing Santhamavata Panchayat and the same is now functioning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Rachagudem</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>To constitute a separate Panchayat from Santhamavalla existing Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Srramnagar</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>To constitute a separate panchayat from Kondapalem Panchayat. The proposals were deferred by the Regional Inspector of local Administration concerned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Mushimivalasa Sarveswaram</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Metta-valasa</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>To be constituted into a separate panchayat from Palakondyan panchayat the matter is under enquiry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Pedalingalavala</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>To be constituted into a separate panchayat from Karlam Panchayat. The Assistant Commissioner of Panchayati Raj has issued notification for the constitution of Pedalingalavala Panchayat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Palavalasa</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>To be constituted into a separate panchayat from Regati Agharam Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Gurralapalem</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>To be constituted into a separate panchayat from Adapaka Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Konda-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>To be separated from the existing sambham Chukkavalasa Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Pishnikosta</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Certain portion of Kosta Panchayat was included in Pishini Panchayat and the show cause notice under section 9 (1) was issued.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Cheepurupalli (C. ntd)</td>
<td>11. Kottapeta</td>
<td>To be constituted as a separate Panchayat from the existing Mudd Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12. Pharaspeta</td>
<td>Separation from Sherm Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Narasannapeta</td>
<td>2 1. Challavani-peta</td>
<td>The proposals for the constitution of a separate Panchayat from Galavalasa Panchayat was declared by the Assistant Commissioner of Panchayati Raj, Kakinada.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Chennapuram</td>
<td>Separate panchayat from Nadagam Panchayat. The matter is under investigation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 Pothayavalasa</td>
<td>To be constituted as a separate panchayat from the existing Devadi Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 Antipeta Yettavamvalasa</td>
<td>To be constituted as a separate panchayat from the existing Kondakothavalasa Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Bobbili</td>
<td>5 1. Dibbaguddivalasa, 2. Rachcrucivalasa</td>
<td>Proposals for the constitution of separate panchayats after exclusion from Bobbili Municipality are under consideration.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Appayya-peta</td>
<td>Separation from Galavalli Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Kottavalasa</td>
<td>Separation from Geddaluppi Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Vindya-vasi</td>
<td>Separation from Krishnapuram Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Thentuvalasa</td>
<td>Separation of Tentuvalasa village from the existing Donkinavalasa Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
<td></td>
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<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(Cont'd)</td>
<td>Ramchandra</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Parvathipuram</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Separation from Khannampeta Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Gunanaparam</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sangam-valasa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ruvikonda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Joguladum-ma</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>To be constituted as a separate panchayat separating from the existing Alamanda Panchayat Maluvada.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ma;uva-da</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Salur</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Separation from Panchali Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Guri-Naidu-penta</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Mulak-yavalasa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Palakonda</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Separation from Urikuru Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Poram</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kollivalasa</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Nayuraluvalasa</td>
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</table>

Answers to unstarred Questions.
### Answers to unstarred Questions

2nd August, 1962,

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<tr>
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<th>(4)</th>
<th>(5)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Palakonda</td>
<td>5 Yettivoodduparthe</td>
<td>Separation from Dorkalapath Panchayat</td>
<td>The matter is under enquiry</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Contd)</td>
<td>6. Billani</td>
<td>Inclusion in Pullita Panchayat, The matter is under enquiry</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Mokhasaraparajaparam</td>
<td>Separation from Ka'lu'akavty Panchayat</td>
<td>The matter is under enquiry</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Dolamadakordha</td>
<td>Separation from Avalangi, Separation from Hussenupuram</td>
<td>The villages namely Dolamada and Koncha have to be separately constituted as separate panchayats</td>
<td>The matter is under enquiry</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8. Ichapuram Nil 2 1 Salaluputtuga To be constituted as a separate panchayat from Silagam existing panchayat. The matter under enquiry

2. Doddaivalasa To be constituted as a separate panchayat from the existing Haripuram panchayat. The matter under enquiry

9 Sompeta 1 3 1 China-kojira Separate from Pedakojira Panchayat The matter is under enquiry

2. Poleru Separate panchayat from the existing Bhampuram Panchayat The matter is under enquiry

3. Gonapaputtuga To be separated from Boruvanka Panchayat and constituted into a separate panchayat The matter is under enquiry

4. Jagathi-kesupuram To be separated from the existing Po'nakonda Panchayat The matter is under enquiry

10. Tekkeli 4 1 1. Bhavanapadu Separation from Bovunanthada Panchayat The matter is under enquiry

2 Narsipuram Separation from Susanam Panchayat The matter is under consideration

3. Palasapadu Rajapadu To be separated from the existing Chinabadam Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry

4. Melai-putti To be constituted as a separate Panchayat from the existing Patatekkali Panchayat. The matter is under enquiry.
(1) Te'kkali (Contd) 5. Dodda-ramabha- 
(2) (3) (4) dranuram To be separated from the existing 
(5) Sialada Panchayat and constitu- 
(iii) (iv) (v) The matter is under enquiry 

11. Pataputnam 1 Nil 1. Malaiputti. To be constituted as four Pancha- 

| CENTRAL GRANT TO ADILABAD ZILLA PARISHAD |

992 Q.—Sri K Rajamallu—Will the hon. Minister for Planning be pleased to state:

(a) whether any amount of Central grant under the village Road Development Co-operative Scheme was made available to Adilabad Zilla Parishad during 1962-63 and 1961-62 for the completion of the remaining works; and

(b) if so, the names of those works completed during the said period in Adilabad district?

A.—(a) During 1960-61 a sum of Rs. 32,000 was allotted. For 1961-62 no allotment was made to Adilabad district.

(b) The details of works are furnished in the statement below—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the work</th>
<th>Amount of estimate</th>
<th>Central grant utilised</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Approach Road to Kangulta (V)</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,134.73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Approach road to Kallur to Kuntalal (V)</td>
<td>21,000</td>
<td>10,500</td>
<td>10,908.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Approach road to Waddiyal (V)</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>8,06.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Road from P.W.D road to Khamana village</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>Nil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Expenditure on contingencies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>239.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>76,000</td>
<td>38,000</td>
<td>29,318.38</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Answers to unstarred Questions. 2nd August, 1962.

ROAD FROM NAGARI RAILWAYS STATION

81—

1077 Q.—Sri D. Gopalraju—Will the hon. Minister for Planning be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have proposals to improve the bit of road from Nagari Railway Station up to the limit of Nagari-Produt purup road in Puttur taluk, Chittoor district; and

(b) if so, when the work will be executed?

A.—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise. It is an Ex-District Board. (Other District Road) maintained by the Zilla Parishad, Chittoor.

NON-TELU3U KNOWING OFFICIALS IN THE BLOCKS.

82—

1168 Q.—Sri K. Rajamallu—Will the hon. Minister for Planning be pleased to state:

(a) how many non-Telugu knowing Block Development Officers, Social Education Organisers, Extension Officers, Panchayat and other field staff are there in the Blocks, and

(b) whether the Government will propose to take steps for replacing them by Telugu knowing hands?

A.—(a) There are no non-Telugu knowing officials in the Blocks in Andhra area.

In the Blocks in Telangana region, however, there are 10 Blocks Development Officers; 7 Social Education Organisers, 9 Extension Officers (Panchayats), 7 Extension Officers (Agriculture), 10 Extension Officers (Animal Husbandry); 5 Extension Officers (Co-operation); 8 Extension Officers (Industries); 3 Progress Assistants and 118 other field staff who do not know Telugu.

(b) The answer is in the negative. The Government have issued orders that all non-Telugu knowing Government servants who are already in service and who are below 45 years of age, should pass a Second Class Language Test in Telugu conducted by the Andhra Pradesh Public Service Commission within three years from 15-11-1960 failing which they will not be eligible to draw the increments that would accrue to them in the normal course. Officers who have completed the age of 45 years are exempted from passing the Test.

PORAMBOKES

88—

1214 Q.—Sri P. V. Ramana:—Will the hon. Minister for Planning be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government issued a Memorandum about Porambokes in Government (Planning & Local Administration) Memorandum No. 2695/Pt III/60-1, dated 19-7-1960; and

(b) if so, copy of the same will be placed on the Table of the House?

3746—8
Answers to unstarred Questions.

A:— (a) Yes, Sir

(b) A copy of the Government Memorandum No. 2695/P & L A / Pt. III/60-1, dated 19-7-1960 is placed on the Table of the House.

PAPERS PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE.

Copy of the memo No. 2695/Pts. III/60-1, dated 19-7-1960 of the Planning and Local Administration (Panchayats III) Department, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad, addressed to the Board of Revenue, Hyderabad.


REFERENCE.—Extracts from the proceedings of the District Collectors Conference held on 7th April, 1960 in the Jubilee Hall, Public Gardens, Hyderabad.

A copy of the reference cited is communicated to the Board of Revenue and it is requested to circularise the contents therein to all the Collectors and submit a consolidated report of the action so far taken by the Collectors in the matter.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT COLLECTORS CONFERENCE HELD ON 7TH APRIL 1960 IN THE JUBILEE HALL, PUBLIC GARDENS, HYDERABAD.

Both the Minister for Planning and the Minister for Finance and Law expressed the view Panchayats have been experiencing difficulties in exercising control over tanks, porambokes, etc., in terms of the Madras Village Panchayat Act and the Hyderabad Village Panchayat Act in force and that despite numerous Conferences and decisions, the position has not improved. They said that it was time that Collectors took serious notice of the disability to which Panchayats are put and publish in the District Gazettes lists of porambokes, unassessed waste lands and tanks over which each Panchayat in the district has control, that the Panchayats, the public and the departments of Government know who exercises control and over what particular items.

FREE MEALS TO THE PRIMARY STUDENTS

1270 Q.—Sri P. V. Ramana—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether the particulars of the scheme relating to the provision of free meals to the primary students prepared by the 'CARE' Organisation will be placed on the Table of the House;

(b) the District-wise names of the Panchayat Samithus in which the said scheme is being implemented;
(c) the total number of students covered in the areas where the said scheme is being implemented,

(d) the number of students among them who have been provided with free meals; and

(e) the estimated expenditure therefor per annum?

A.—(a), (b), (c), (d) and (e).

A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE

The 'CARE' Organisation in India has kindly agreed to co-operate with the State Government, in organising a school Midday Meals programme in Primary Schools in Andhra Pradesh from the School year 1962-63. The following commodities are expected to be received from the 'Care' Organisation in India to feed two lakhs of children in 1962-63, out of a total number of 37,51,954 Primary School going Children in the whole of Telangana area and in the 6 Circar Districts of Andhra:

1. Milk Powder 25,00,000 lb.
2. Corn Meal 25,00,000 lb.
3. Vegetable Oil 12,50,000 lb.

2. The approximate cost of the above commodities, which will be received as free gift, is Rs 55,90,266. Out of the 2,00,000 of children, 1,50,000 will be from Telangana area and 50,000 children will be from 6 Circar Districts viz., Srikakulam, Visakhapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Krishna and Guntur Districts. The Scheme will cover all the districts in Telangana and in 60 selected Panchayat Samithis in 6 Circar Districts. A list of names of 60 selected Panchayat Samithis in 6 Circar Districts is enclosed. (Vide Annexure).

3. The above commodities will be supplied to 2,00,000 children in the following quantities, per child, per day for 200 days.

(a) Milk Powder (to be made into liquid Milk) . . One Oz.
(b) Corn Meal . . . . One Oz.
(c) Vegetable Oil . . . Half Oz.

4. The commodities are expected to be received during the month of June or early in the month of July.

5. The Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Compulsory Primary Education) is in-charge of the administration of the Programme in the State. Government have sanctioned a post of Special Officer in the cadre of District Educational Officer, to assist the Deputy Director of Public Instruction in the successful implementation of the scheme.

6. The estimated expenditure for the working of the scheme during the year 1962-63 is Rs. 6,16,026 (Six lakhs sixteen thousand and twenty-six).
7. The Commodities will be received at the Port of Madras, by the Regional Director (Food Southern Region,) who will be responsible for making all arrangements for their receipt, customs clearance, and transportation by rail to such destinations in Andhra Pradesh State as are agreed upon by the State Government and ‘Care’, under the procedure established under the Indo-U.S. agreement. The costs incurred by the Regional Director (Food, Southern Region) in this connection will be borne by the Government of India. Possession of the commodities will be taken by the District Educational Officers at the respective railway stations from ‘Care’ after their arrival.

8. The District Educational Officers concerned will take delivery of the commodities at the Railway Stations and transport them to Godowns in their Head Quarters and stores them safely there. From these godowns, the District Educational Officers will send supplies to the various Deputy Inspectors of Schools who will take and store them in the godowns under their control for distribution on fixed dates every month to the various Mid-day Meal Centres.

9. The commodities distributed by Deputy Inspector of Schools will be received by the Mid-day Meal Committee, of the respective schools formed for this purpose. The Head Master of the School will be the Secretary of the Mid-day Meal Committee. The Committee will make necessary arrangements for implementing the Mid-day Meals Scheme in their respective Schools with public Co-operative for contribution towards meeting incidental charges on purchase of utensils firewood etc.

10. The working of the Scheme will be inspected regularly by the Officials of the ‘CARE’ Organisation as well as by the Staff of the Education Department and other Government Departments.

ANNEXURE.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Panchayat Samithi</th>
<th>Taluk.</th>
<th>District</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gara</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saribujjili</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>Do.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Amadalavalasa</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Narasannapet</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>Narsannapet</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kotabommah</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>Do.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mandasa</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>Sompeta</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sompeta</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>Do.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Palakonda</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>Palakonda</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kotturu</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>Pathapatnam</td>
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Answers to unstarred Questions.  
2nd August, 1962.  

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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Tekkali</td>
<td>Tekkali</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Payakaraopet</td>
<td>Yellamanchilli</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Achutapuram</td>
<td>Do</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Ravikamatham</td>
<td>Chodavaram</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>Sabbavarm</td>
<td>Anakapalli</td>
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<td>15</td>
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<td>Bheemunipatnam</td>
<td>Bheemunipatnam</td>
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<td>17</td>
<td>K Kothapadu</td>
<td>Chodavaram</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>Kasimkota</td>
<td>Anakapalli</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>Gajapathinagaram</td>
<td>Vijayanagaram</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Gantyada</td>
<td>Do.</td>
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<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Kothanandur</td>
<td>Tuni</td>
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<td>22</td>
<td>Bendapudi</td>
<td>Tuni</td>
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<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Shankavaram</td>
<td>Pedlapuram</td>
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<td>24</td>
<td>Gollaprolu</td>
<td>Pithapuram</td>
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<td>25</td>
<td>Rangampet</td>
<td>Peddapuram</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Seethanagaram</td>
<td>Rajahmundry</td>
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<td>27</td>
<td>Rajanagaram</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Prathupadu</td>
<td>Peddapuram</td>
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<td>29</td>
<td>Pithapuram</td>
<td>Pithapuram</td>
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<td>Korukonda</td>
<td>Rajahmundry</td>
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<td>Tadepalli</td>
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<td>Atthili</td>
<td>Tanuku</td>
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<td>Narasapur</td>
<td>Narasapur</td>
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<td>35</td>
<td>Koyyalagudem</td>
<td>Polavaram</td>
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<td>36</td>
<td>Dendulur</td>
<td>Eluru</td>
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<td>37</td>
<td>Chintalapudi</td>
<td>Chintalapudi</td>
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<td>38</td>
<td>Kamavarpukota</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
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<th>(1)</th>
<th>(2)</th>
<th>(3)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>39 Ganapavaram</td>
<td>Thirumalligudem</td>
<td>West Godawari</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 Palakollu</td>
<td>Narasapur</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41 Musunur</td>
<td>Nuzvid</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42 Mandavalli</td>
<td>Kaikalur</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43 Bantumilli</td>
<td>Bandar</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44 Tiruvur</td>
<td>Tiruvur</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45 Vissannapet</td>
<td>Tiruvur</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46 Nandigama</td>
<td>Nandigama</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47 Gannavaram</td>
<td>Gannavaram</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48 Gollapudi</td>
<td>Vijayawada</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49 Penuganchiprolu</td>
<td>Nandigama</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 Jaggaayapet</td>
<td>Jaggaayapet</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51 Thadikonda</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52 Ipur</td>
<td>Vinukonda</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53 Tyalur</td>
<td>Sattenapalli</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54 Santhamagaluru</td>
<td>Narasanaopet</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55 Rajupalem</td>
<td>Sattenapalli</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56 Vinukonda</td>
<td>Vinukonda</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57 Sattenapalli</td>
<td>Sattenapalli</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58 Ongole</td>
<td>Ongole</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59 Macherla</td>
<td>Palnad</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 Gurazala</td>
<td>Palnad</td>
<td>Do</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY IN MAHBOOBNAGAR DISTRICT**

497 Q—Sri D Murlidhar Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) the taluq-wise number of villages to which electricity has been supplied during the period from 1957 to 62 in Mahboobnagar district;

(b) the number of villages among them in which electricity is used utilised for agricultural purposes and the number of such ryots,
(c) the taluq-wise number and names of villages to which electricity is proposed to be supplied by the Government during 1962-63 in Mahboobnagar district;

(d) the number of villages in Alampur taluq from which applications have been submitted by the public for the supply of electricity during 1957-62;

(e) the number of villages among them to which electricity has been supplied; and

(f) when does the Government propose to supply electricity to the remaining villages?

A.—The matter relates to State Electricity Board. As ascertained the answer is as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Taluk</th>
<th>No of villages electrified</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) 1</td>
<td>Mahaboobnagar</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Alampur</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Wanaparty</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Gadwal</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Nagar Kurnool</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Kalvakurthy</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Makthal</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Atchampet</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Kodangal</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Kolhapur</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Atmakur</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Shadnagar</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total .. 86

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No of Villages where Agricultural Services released</th>
<th>No of ryots Utilising Electricity for Agricultural purposes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(b)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Mahboobnagar 5</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Alampur</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Wanaparty 1</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Gadwal 1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Nagar Kurnool 16</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Kalvakurthy 2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Makthal 4</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Atchampet</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Kodangal 8</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Kolhapur 1</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Atmakur 9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Shadnagar 7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total .. 49 235
(c) The matter is under consideration.

(d) Eleven villages.

(e) Three.

(f) As and when grid lines and sub-stations develop.

MEDICAL FACILITIES FOR THE WORKERS IN NAGARJUNASAGAR PROJECT.

86—

641 Q.—Sri P. Rajagopala Naidu:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to State:

(a) the Medical facilities provided for the workers in Nagarjunasagar project;

(b) the Total number of workers working at Nagarjunasagar Project at present; and

(c) the housing facilities provided to the workers under the Project area?

A—(a) There is a hospital with 80 beds with modern equipment at the Project site in Vijayapuri South. In addition, there are two dispensaries located one each in Pylon Colony and in the Right Bank Colony. As regards the medical facilities to the workers working on the Canal Works, hospitals and dispensaries are located at Macherla, Karempudi, Voukonda, Chilakurthi, Miryalaguda, Buggavagu and Nakarikallu. Mobile Hospital Vans are stationed at Buggavagu and Jarempudi. Medical aid is given free to all departmental workers and to labour working with the contractors. First aid boxes are provided at work sites.

(b) 87,000.

(c) For Departmental workers 4,500 quarters are sanctioned of which 8,824 have been constructed and occupied and the rest are under construction at Damsite. Whenever works are concentrated along the Canals, labour Colonies have been constructed and rent-free quarters are allotted to the Departmental workers. For contractors' labour, the Contractors are to provide hutting accommodation for their workers as per conditions in the agreements.

87—

735 Q.—Sri K. Ramachandra Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) the taluq-wise number and names of villages to which the Government decided to supply electricity for the agricultural purposes in Nalgonda district during 1962; and
(b) the taluq-wise number of villages from which applications have been submitted requesting for the supply of electricity in the district?

A—The matter relates to the State Electricity Board. As ascertained from them the answer is as follows. If the additional funds from Telangana surpluses and utilised the number of villages proposed to be electrified is 81. They are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of taluk</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Names of villages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bhongir taluk</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1. Rangapur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Brahananapally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. Rudhravally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4. Renikunta.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5. Narsapur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6. Ikkurti.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Koratkal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4. Anesettidupalapalli.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5. Jangareddigudem.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6. Tipparti.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ramannapet</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>1. Ellanki.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Sankampalli.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. Pantangi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4. Lingottam.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5. Choutuppal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8. Volgonda.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10. Velvarti.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>11. Aroor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Suryapet</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1. Belvemla.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Nimmikal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. Pathasuryapet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4. Atmakur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Huzurnagar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1. Dondapadu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. Gondnial.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. Ananthaguri.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4. Arahamaram.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 81
 Answers to unstarred Questions

(b)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taluk</th>
<th>No. of applications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suryapet</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bhongir</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rammannapet</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Huzurnagar</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Devarkonda</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miryalguda</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>162</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SUBSIDISED RURAL DISPENSARIES IN ADILABAD DISTRICT.

994 Q.—Sri K. Rajamallu:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Subsidised Rural Dispensaries established in Adilabad district during the 2nd Plan period and by the end of 1962; and

(b) if so, the names of the places where they have been established?

A.—(a) and (b) The information is being collected, and will be placed on the Table of the House as soon as possible.

STATE HANDICRAFTS ADVISORY BOARD.

89—

688 Q.—Sri P. Rajagopal Naidu: Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state:

(a) the names of members in the State Handicrafts Advisory Board;

(b) whether the Board constituted any Sub-Committee; and

(c) if so, whether reports of the work done by the sub-committee will be placed on the Table of the House?

A.—(a) Statement is placed on the Table of the House.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Yes, Sir.
Answers to unstarred Questions. 2nd August, 1962

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NAMES OF THE MEMBERS IN THE STATE HANDICRAFTS ADVISORY BOARD.

Non-Officials.
1. Sri V. R. Chitra, Visakhapatnam . Vice-Chairman
2. Smt. Seetha Yudhvir, Hyderabad
5. Sri Rajaveeraiah, Eluru.
7. Sri Tasaduq Hussain, Hyderabad.
8. Sri Kurupati Pentaiah, Nalgonda.
9. Sri V. Reddiiah, Chirala
10. Sri P. Rajan, Hyderabad.
12. Sri S. Chandraiah, Mahboobnagar
17. Sri N V. Krishnaswamy, Tiruchannur.

Official Members.
1. Director, Industries and Commerce, Hyderabad.
2. Principal, Government College of Fine Arts, Hyderabad.
3. Joint Director, (Cottage Industries and Industrial Co-operatives), Member-Secretary.

APPLICATIONS FROM ADILABAD DISTRICT FOR GRANT-IN-AID.

1172 Q.—Sri K. Ramamallu:—Will the hon. Minister for Industries be pleased to state the number of applications received during 1960-61 and 1961-62 for grant-in-aid from Adilabad district for Industries like tailoring, tanning and leather, black smithy and carpentry and the amount disbursed?
A.—The total applications received during the year 1960-61 and 1961-62 and the amount disbursed is as follows.—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1960-61</th>
<th>Amount disbursed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applications received for Tanning Industry</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Rs. 100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bamboo Industry</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rs. 18.100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carpentry</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Rs. 7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blacksmithy</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Rs. 1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tailoring Industry (Repairs)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Rs. 1.500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carving on Black-stone</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rs. 500.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Number of applications 48 600.00

The number of applications received during the year in the Director of Industries and Commerce' Office are—7.

Applications received for Photo Frame, Petromax lights and Machine Repairs

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Watch repairs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industrial Co-operative Societies for Carpentry and Blacksmithy</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Rs. 1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Embroidery</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Welding and Moulding for Motors</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Rs. 200.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Number of applications 61,420.00

The total amount disbursed in the year 1961-62 is Rs. 1,420.00.

An amount off Rs 220 could not be disbursed to a tailor as he was admitted in the Hospital due to unsoundness of mind.

TODDY TAPPERS' CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY WARANGAL

1857 Q.—Sri A. Venkateswar Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) what is the share capital of the Toddy Tappers' Co-operative Society, Warangal;

(b) whether the said society is functioning;

(c) whether the said society has to pay to Government any due towards rentals and tree tax; if so, the total amount;

(d) whether the said amount was recovered from the Society;
Answers to unstarred Questions 2nd August, 1962.

(e) if not, the reasons thereof?

A-(a) The paid-up, share capital of the Tappers' Co-operative Society Warangal stood at Rs 40,131-25 as on 30-6-1960.

(b) The Society is not functioning since 1960-61.

(c) The Society has to pay a total amount of Rs. 3,15,941-68 nP. towards rentals, Tree Tax, Haq-e-Malukan and penalties.

(d) and (e) The amount has not been recovered so far. The recovery is pending from December 1951. The accountant has failed to produce the account books before the enquiring officer as summoned. Action is being taken to recover the amounts.

SLUM AREAS OF VILAYAWADA

92—

1048 Q —-Sri T. Potha Ragu —-Will the hon. Minister for Municipal Administration and Housing be pleased to state:

(a) the number of families residing in all the slum areas of Vijayawada Town;

(b) the steps so far taken by the Municipality to improve the slums;

(c) the amount spent so far to acquire the site in Mutyalampadu Labour Colony and to provide minimum amenities in the said Colony;

(d) the amount of subsidy or contribution given by the Central and State Governments respectively so far to the Municipality in meeting the huge expenditure;

(e) whether the attention of the Government has been drawn by the residents of Mutyalampadu colony about the absence of civic amenities and finally about the subsidy of Rs. 150 to each family along with construction of basement etc., provided under the Central Slum Improvement Scheme, and

(f) the steps that the Government proposed to take to meet the reasonable requirements of the residents of the above colony?

A—(a) 5,765

(b) The Municipality has taken up projects under Slum Clearance Scheme to rehabilitate the slum dwellers.

(c) Amount so far spent to acquire the land at Mutyalampadu is Rs. 96,250. Amount spent for providing minimum amenities is Rs. 78,665.

(d) An amount of Rs. 1.875 lakhs was sanctioned to the Municipality by the Government, as loan.

(e) The answer is in the negative.

(f) Does not arise in view of (e)
2nd August, 1962

Answers to unstarred Questions.

Thefts in Temples

545 Q.—Smt. P. V. Ramana:—Will the hon. Minister for Religious and Charitable Endowments be pleased to state:

(a) the number of thefts in temples that occurred during 1959-60 and 1961-62 respectively;

(b) the number of cases in which prosecutions were launched, and

(c) the number of persons convicted?

A: (a), (b) and (c): The information is given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>1959-60</th>
<th>1960-61</th>
<th>1961-62</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Number of thefts occurred</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Number of cases in which prosecutions were launched</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Number of persons convicted</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chemical Manures

779 Q.—Sri N. Venkatswamy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the quota of Ammonia and other chemical manures allotted for our State and for each district in the State for the year 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63;

(b) the quantities imported into our State each year since 1961-62;

(c) the quantities supplied to each district, since 1960-61; and

(d) the quantities available for distribution in 1962-63 in each district, immediately after the closing of the year 1961-62?

A: (a) to (d)

A Statement is placed on the Table of the House.

Statement Placed on the Table of the House.

Quota of Ammonium and other Chemical Manures allotted for the State and for each district in the State for the year 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63 are shown below:

(Figures in tonnes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ammonium Sulphate</td>
<td>82,500</td>
<td>81,000*</td>
<td>62,800**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urea</td>
<td>4,800</td>
<td>36,550</td>
<td>39,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonium Sulphate Nitrate</td>
<td>11,018</td>
<td>14,000</td>
<td>7,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Ammonium Nitrate</td>
<td>15,280</td>
<td>46,770***</td>
<td>62,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total in terms of Ammonium Sulphate</td>
<td>1,21,507</td>
<td>2,26,880</td>
<td>2,20,200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Answers to unstarred Questions. 2nd August, 1962.

* Besides this a quantity of 4,750 tonnes of Ammonium Sulphate was allotted exclusively for Package Programme in West Godavari District.

** Besides this a quantity of 2,500 tonnes of Ammonium Sulphate has been allotted exclusively for Package Programme in West Godavari District.

*** Besides this 8,250 of Calcium Ammonium Nitrate was allotted exclusively for package programme in West Godavari District.

The Districtwise allotments of the above fertilisers for 1960-61, 1961-62 and 1962-63 are appended (Annexure I, II and III respectively).

Quantities imported into our State each year since 1960-61 are as follows:

(Figures in tonnes).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fertilizer</th>
<th>1960-61 (Upto)</th>
<th>1961-62 (Upto)</th>
<th>1962-63 (Upto)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ammonium Sulphate</td>
<td>64,684</td>
<td>75,888</td>
<td>965</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urea</td>
<td>4,800</td>
<td>84,592</td>
<td>5,808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonium Sulphate Nitrate</td>
<td>10,757</td>
<td>18,948</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Ammonium Nitrate</td>
<td>12,470</td>
<td>45,942</td>
<td>24,656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total in terms of Ammonium Sulphate</strong></td>
<td>1,00,548</td>
<td>2,15,490</td>
<td>38,898**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clause (c):

Quantities supplied to each District since 1960-61:

The statements showing the quantities supplied to each district since 1960-61 are appended (Annexure IV, V and VI).

Clause (d):

The quantities available for distribution in 1962-63 in each district immediately after the closing of the year 1961-62:

The statement showing the quantities available for distribution in each district on 1-4-1962 is appended below (Annexure VII).
ANNEXURE I

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITIES OF AMMONIUM SULPHATE AND OTHER NITROGENOUS FERTILIZERS ALLOTTED FOR EACH DISTRICT IN 1960-61

(Figures in Tonnes).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Ammonium Sulphate</th>
<th>Urea</th>
<th>Ammonium Calcium Sulphate</th>
<th>Ammonium Nitrate</th>
<th>Total in terms of Ammonium Sulphate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>3,066</td>
<td>188</td>
<td>483</td>
<td>441</td>
<td>4,549</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>3,940</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>483</td>
<td>441</td>
<td>5,425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>5,899</td>
<td>532</td>
<td>882</td>
<td>1,187</td>
<td>9,404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>4,837</td>
<td>390</td>
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Total 82,500 4,300 11,108 15,280 21,507
ANNEXURE II

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITIES OF AMMONIUM SULPHATE AND OTHER NITROGENOUS FERTILIZERS ALLOTTED FOR EACH DISTRICT FOR 1962–63

(Figures in Metric Tonnes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Ammonium Sulphate</th>
<th>Urea</th>
<th>Ammonium Sulphate Nitrate</th>
<th>Calcium Ammonium Nitrate</th>
<th>Total in Ammonium Sulphate terms</th>
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Total: 72,660 33,770 11,750 27,050 1,89,125

M M. Firms: 8,340 2,780 2,250 19,720 37,255

Grand Total: 81,000 36,550 14,000 46,770 2,26,850
**ANNEXURE III.**

**STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITIES OF AMMONIUM SULPHATE AND OTHER NITROGENOUS FERTILIZERS ALLOTTED FOR EACH DISTRICT FOR 1962-63.**

*(Figures in Metric Tonnes).*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Ammonium Sulphate</th>
<th>Urea</th>
<th>Ammonium Sulphate</th>
<th>Calcium Ammonium Nitrate</th>
<th>Total in terms of Ammonium Sulphate</th>
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<td>644</td>
<td>3,893</td>
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</table>

**Quantities for which despatch instructions are to be issued**

| Quantities | 4,000 | 11,570 | 82,500 | 62,350 |

**Total**

| Amount | 62,800 | 30,000 | 7,000  | 62,500 | 2,20,200 |

*Besides this another 2,500 tonnes of Ammonium Sulphate have been allotted exclusively for distribution in package programme in West Godavari District.*
ANNEXURE IV.

QUANTITIES SUPPLIED TO EACH DISTRICT IN 1960-61

(Figures in Tonnes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No</th>
<th>District</th>
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<th>Ammonium Sulphate Nitrate</th>
<th>Calcium Ammonium Nitrate</th>
<th>Total quantities in terms of Amm. Sulphate</th>
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Manure Mixing Firms | 17,012 | 651 | 2,529 | 2,509 | 24,241

Total: | 64,684 | 4,300 | 10,757 | 12,470 | 1,00,548
ANNEXURE V.

QUANTITIES SUPPLIED TO EACH DISTRICT IN 1961-62 (UPTO 31-5-1962).

*(Figures in Metric Tonnes)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Ammonium Sulphate</th>
<th>Urea Ammonium Sulphate</th>
<th>Calcium Ammonium Nitrate</th>
<th>Total in terms of Ammonium Sulphate</th>
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<td>474</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
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<td>Anantapur</td>
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<td>Hyderabad</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Mahboobnagar</td>
<td>1,074</td>
<td>576</td>
<td>488</td>
<td>810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>1,078</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>288</td>
<td>854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>1,019</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>288</td>
<td>249</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>1,206</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>288</td>
<td>420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>2,007</td>
<td>528</td>
<td>420</td>
<td>620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>7,588</td>
<td>5,100</td>
<td>1,715</td>
<td>4,685</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>883</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manure Mixing Firms</td>
<td>8,840</td>
<td>2,850</td>
<td>2,250</td>
<td>19,720</td>
<td>88,155</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total                             75,368             | 34,592             | 18,948                   | 45,942                     | 2,15,490                           |
Quantities of Fertilisers supplied to each District in 1962–63.

(Figures in Tons)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Ammonium Sulphate</th>
<th>Urea</th>
<th>Ammonium Sulphate Nitrate</th>
<th>Calcium Ammonium Nitrate</th>
<th>Total quantities in terms of Ammonium Sulphate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>384</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1,576</td>
<td>2,421</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>816</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>2,096</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>1,924</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>3,065</td>
<td>7,298</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>374</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1,858</td>
<td>2,777</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>206</td>
<td>1,518</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>2,738</td>
<td>6,281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>3,366</td>
<td>3,366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1,120</td>
<td>1,210</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1,246</td>
<td>1,246</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1,080</td>
<td>1,080</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>990</td>
<td>990</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>720</td>
<td>720</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>264</td>
<td>285</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>352</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>862</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>440</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>470</td>
<td>1,481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Mahaboobnggar</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>756</td>
<td>756</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>182</td>
<td>182</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>680</td>
<td>680</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1,144</td>
<td>1,144</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>459</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>2,992</td>
<td>3,451</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>262</td>
<td>262</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 965 5,808 . 24,658 38,389

Note:—Despatches have commenced and are in progress. It is expected that the stocks would be received by about the third week of June, 1962.
2nd August, 1962.

ANNEXURE VII.


(Figures in Metric Tonnes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>Present stock position in terms of Ammonium Sulphate.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In Departmental depots.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>1,904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>2,777</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>1,231</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>1,801</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>512</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>2,180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>1,780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahbubnagar</td>
<td>289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>1,188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>1,426</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>1,706</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>18,687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>688</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

81,551 27,315 58,866

Besides the above 88,898 tonnes of fertilizers expressed in terms of Ammonium Sulphate are reported to have been despatched bringing the total quantity to 97,265 in terms of Ammonium Sulphate available for distribution.
Answers to unstarred Questions. 2nd August, 1962.

PACKAGE PLAN

1271 Q—Sri P. V. Ramana:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the areas in which the Package plan is being implemented in Andhra Pradesh together with the dates from which it is implemented;

(b) the yield of the various crops during the different years; and

(c) the additional percentage of yield of crops in the said areas when compared with that in the areas in which the scheme is not being implemented?

A: The answer is placed on the Table of the House

PAPER PLACED ON THE TABLE OF HOUSE

The Intensive Agricultural District Programme (Package Programme) has been in operation from 1-10-60 in the following 20 blocks of West Godavari District

1. Kovur.
2. Gopalapuram.
4. Tadepalligudem.
5. Pentapadu
7. Deodur.
8. Pedapadu.
10. Chintlapapudi.
12. Polavaram.
15. Attih.
17. Narasapur.
18. Magaltur.
20. Akiveedu.

The following are the yields obtained together with the percentage of increase over non-Intensive Agricultural District Programme areas.

**RABI SEASON—1960-61.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area covered under the crop in acres</th>
<th>Average yield of the crop per acre</th>
<th>Additional production per acre</th>
<th>Total Additional production</th>
<th>Percentage of increase over Non-IADP area</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IADP area</td>
<td>Non-IADP area</td>
<td>IADP area</td>
<td>Non-IADP area</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paddy</td>
<td>58,431</td>
<td>1884 lb 1866 lb</td>
<td>518 lb</td>
<td>18,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chillies</td>
<td>2,784</td>
<td>892 lb 734 lb</td>
<td>153 lb 2089 lb</td>
<td>18,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>153 lb 2089 lb 153 lb 2089 lb</td>
<td>289 lakhs lb 28.9 percent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paddy</td>
<td>2,08,906</td>
<td>2743 lb 2011 lb</td>
<td>732 lb</td>
<td>69,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2743 lb 2011 lb</td>
<td>732 lb</td>
<td>69,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>69,500</td>
<td>69,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>28,47</td>
<td>10.67</td>
<td>4,5280</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Regarding the yields of crops of Rabi 1961-62, the results are not yet available.
2nd August, 1962.

**BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE**

Mr. Speaker:—I will see that hereafter no such thing will happen. I am sorry arrangements were made in that manner. The names of M. L. A's should have been put on the seats, but unfortunately that did not happen. I will see that such things will not happen hereafter.

Mr. Speaker:—I will take the responsibility of doing it.

Mr. Speaker:—I will see that such things do not happen hereafter. I am really sorry for what has happened.

Sri P. Sundarayya:—We only want to draw the attention of the Government to the fact that the way in which the officers have behaved is unpardonable and Government should investigate into it. None of the Ministers is aware of it.
The Minister for Finance and Co-operation (Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy):—I am sorry, Sir this seems to have created some unnecessary misunderstanding. In fact no seats were reserved for anybody, except for a few guests who had been invited—viz., the Governor, the Maharajah of Patiala and our revered Rajen Babu and guests like them. People were allowed as they came in. As a matter of fact you know, Sir, our hon. Minister for Irrigation and Power with all the power behind him had to go to the last row. When I was told about the situation by somebody, I asked the officers to instruct whoever was there at the gates, not to disallow anybody and that whoever came might be allowed. Some people came by the side entrances and took their seats. It was not done with any intention or anything like that. I do not know who sat in which seat and which man took a person out. That information also we will know if Sri K. L. Narasimha Rao can tell us and certainly we will look into the matter. But I can say that seats were not reserved for anybody.

Mr Speaker.—We will enquire into that and see that such things do not happen hereafter.
452 2nd August, 1962.

Mr. Speaker:—I may tell you one thing. You will be sending questions to the Secretary. There is no point in asking me for the delay in office. Of course when the papers come to me, immediately I pass orders. If there is delay somewhere, I am not responsible. I am not here to answer for the delay on the administrative side. I have absolutely no control. Please do not ask for reasons for the delay in all these matters.

Mr. Speaker:—Whom should I ask?

Sri T. Nagi Reddy (Puttur):—Therefore there should be a kind of arrangement where we should be able to understand where we stand.

Mr. Speaker:—I would consult the Chief Minister and come to some understanding. We will see if the existing rules have to be amended.

Mr. Speaker:—I am really thankful to the hon. Members of the House for the support and co-operation they are prepared to give me. All the same I told the House that I would consult the Government first whether I could do anything. Otherwise I will certainly put the matter before the House and seek the co-operation of Members.
MESSAGES FROM THE COUNCIL.

Mr. Speaker.—I have received the following messages from the hon. Chairman, Legislative Council.

(i) re.—The Telangana Gram Panchayats (Amendment) Bill, 1962.

"In accordance with rule 174 of the Legislative Council Rules, I transmit a copy of the Telangana Gram Panchayats (Amendment) Bill, 1962 as passed and agreed to by the Legislative Council at its meeting held on 81st July 1962 without any amendment and signed by me".

(ii) re.—Setting up a Joint Select Committee to consider the Andhra Pradesh Village Panchayats Bill, 1962

"I transmit a copy of the following motion passed by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council on 81st July 1962 concurring with the Assembly in setting up a Joint Select Committee to consider the Andhra Pradesh Village Panchayats Bill, 1962.

MOTION

"That this House concurs with the Assembly in setting up a Joint Select Committee of the two Houses consisting of 32 members (24 members from the Assembly and 8 members from the Council) to consider the Andhra Pradesh Village Panchayats Bill, 1962 (L A. Bill No 16 of 1962) and that the following members of this House be nominated to the said Joint Select Committee.

1. Srimati V. Kamalakumari.
2. Sri M. Bhoj Reddy.
5. Sri G. Brahamayya.
6. Srimati M. Suryavathi
8. Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu".

(iii) re.—Setting up a Joint Select Committee to consider the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads (Amendment) Bill, 1962.

"I transmit a copy of the following motion passed by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council on 81st July 1962 concurring with the Assembly in setting up a Joint Select Committee to consider the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads (Amendment) Bill, 1962."
2nd August, 1962.  

Messages from the Council:

Motion

"That this House concurs with the Assembly in setting up a Joint Select Committee of the two Houses consisting of 82 members (24 members from the Assembly and 8 members from the Council) to consider the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads (Amendment) Bill, 1962 (L.A. Bill No. 17 of 1962) and that the following members of this House be nominated to the said Joint Select Committee.

1. Sri N V Gangaraju
2. Sri Ch. Sankara Rao.
3. Sri K. Subrahmanyam
4. Srimati Faizunnisa.
5. Sri N. Venkatasubbayya.
6. Sri V. P. Raghavachari
7. Sri Ch. Subbarao Chowdari.
8. Sri Ch. Parusuram Naidu".

(re) Setting up a Joint Select Committee to consider the Andhra Pradesh Tenancy Bill, 1962.

"I transmit a copy of the following motion passed by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council on 1st August 1962 concurring with the Assembly in setting up a Joint Select Committee to consider the Andhra Pradesh Tenancy Bill, 1962.

Motion

"That this House concurs with the Assembly in setting up a Joint Select Committee of the two Houses consisting of 82 members (24 members from the Assembly and 8 members from the Council) to consider the Andhra Pradesh Tenancy Bill, 1962 (L.A. Bill No. 14 of 1962) and that the following members of this House be nominated to the said Joint Select Committee.

3. Sri A. Appanna Dora.
5. Sri D. V. Subba Sastri.

7. Sri A. Lakshminarasimha Reddi.
8. Sri Ch. Parasuram Naidu.

(v) re — Election of six members from the Legislative Council to serve on the Public Accounts Committee.

I am to inform the Legislative Assembly that the following motion has been adopted by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council at its sitting held on Thursday, the 5th July 1962 concurring in the recommendation of the Assembly that the Legislative Council do agree to nominate six members from the Council to the Public Accounts Committee of the Assembly for the financial year 1962-63.

MOTION

"That this House concurs in the recommendation of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly that the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council do agree to nominate six members from the Council to serve on the Public Accounts Committee of the Assembly for the financial year 1962-63 and do proceed to elect in such manner as the Chairman may direct, six members from among the members of the Council to serve on the said Committee."

I am further to inform the Legislative Assembly that at the sitting of the Legislative Council held on Tuesday, the 8th July 1962 I declared the following members to be duly elected to the Public Accounts Committee of the Assembly.

4. Sri D. Ramakantarao.
5. Sri Makdoom Mohiuddin.

(vi) re — Election of six members from the Legislative Council to serve on the Estimates Committee.

"I am to inform the Legislative Assembly that the following motion has been adopted by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council at its sitting held on Thursday, the 5th July 1962 concurring in the recommendation of the Assembly that the Legislative Council do agree to nominate six members from the Council to the Estimates Committee of the Assembly for the financial year 1962-63.

MOTION

"That this House concurs in the recommendation of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly that the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council do agree to nominate six members from the Council to serve on the Estimates Committee of the Assembly for the financial year 1962-63 and do proceed to elect, in such manner as the Chairman may direct, six members from among the members of the Council to serve on the said Committee".
I am further to inform the Legislative Assembly that at the sitting of the Legislative Council held on Tuesday, the 81st July 1962, I declared the following members to be duly elected to the Estimates Committee of the Assembly:

2. Sri E. Satyanarayana.
4. Smt Faizunnisa.
5. Sri I Sadasivan.

(vi) re — Election of four members from the Legislative Council to serve on the Subordinate Legislation Committee

I am to inform the Legislative Assembly that the following motion has been adopted by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council at its sitting held on Thursday, the 5th July 1962, concurring in the recommendation of the Assembly that the Legislative Council do agree to nominate four members from the Council to the Subordinate Legislation Committee of the Assembly for a period of one year.

**MOTION**

"That this House concurs in the recommendation of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly that the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council do agree to nominate four members from the Council to serve on the Subordinate Legislation Committee of the Assembly for a period of one year and do proceed to elect in such manner as the Chairman may direct, four members from among the members of the Council to serve on the said Committee".

I am further to inform the Legislative Assembly that at the sitting of the Legislative Council held on Tuesday, the 81st July 1962, I declared the following members to be duly elected to the Subordinate Legislation Committee of the Assembly:


**PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE.**

*Amendments to the Madras Public Service Commission Regulations, 1950 as adapted in Andhra Pradesh.*

*The Chief Minister (Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy):—* Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Notification issued with G.O. Ms. No. 84, General Administration (Services-A), dated 30th May 1962 making amendments to the Madras Public Service Commission Regulations, 1950 as adapted in Andhra Pradesh in accordance with Clause (5) of Article 820 of the Constitution.

*Mr. Speaker.* — Paper laid on the Table.
GOVERNMENT BILL

THE ANDHRA PRADESH LAND REVENUE ADDITIONAL ASSESSMENT BILL, 1962 (AS REPORTED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE)

If it is received I will certainly place it before the House.

GOVERNMENT BILL

Government Bill

2nd August, 1962

Dry land areas 2% 20 acres or more

Millet

Millet 6% 50% 1953-54
pulses 6% 1960
Cotton 6% 3% 1953-54

1953-54
1954-55

2nd August, 1962.

459

Government Bill.


459


459


459


459


459


459


459


459


459


459


459

Average within its own limitations, as well as limitations set by the land itself, cannot be generalized. Wet cultivation within its own limitations sets the stage for profitable agriculture. The irrigated area per acre is limited to 818 lbs in 1958-59, 745 lbs in 1959-60, and 817 lbs in 1960-61.

Surcharge Bill: Passed on August 28th, 1962, this bill aims to help patta holders paying Rs. 30 and below at an annual rate of 75%.

In the 1961-62 assessment year, the total area of cultivated land was estimated at 10% increase over the previous year. The study showed that the area under cultivation had increased by 10% in the irrigated areas. The optimum area for cultivation in the irrigated areas of Tanjore is 5 acres, while in the Rayalaseema and Circars uplands, it may easily be 30 acres. A rigid definition of a productive holding is extremely difficult and may even be misleading. A suggestion has been made to prohibit the subdivision of holdings and to strictly prohibit the fragmentation of land by that family. Attempts at evasion of assessment by subdivision of holding should be prevented by strictly prohibiting fragmentation of land by that family.

In the irrigated area of Tanjore, the optimum may be 5 acres while in the Rayalaseema and Circars uplands, it may easily be 30 acres. A rigid definition of an economic holding is extremely difficult and may even be misleading. A suggestion has been made to prohibit the subdivision of holdings and to strictly prohibit the fragmentation of land by that family. Attempts at evasion of assessment by subdivision of holding should be prevented by strictly prohibiting fragmentation of land by that family.

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The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Additional Assessment) Bill, 1962

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-2.99 acres</td>
<td>1-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.00-5.99 acres</td>
<td>1.25-2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.00-10.99 acres</td>
<td>1-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.00-15.99 acres</td>
<td>1.25-2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.00-20.99 acres</td>
<td>1-5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Small holdings 50 acres and under are entitled to a 25% exemption from agricultural income tax. Small holdings are defined as less than 50 acres of land.

Nowhere it is more true that agriculture is a gamble in the monsoon. Wherever lowest per capita income is, and more heavily indebted peasantry abound, 80 per cent of the farmers have to borrow. Wherever lowest per capita income is, and heavily indebted peasantry abound, the farmers have to borrow.

2nd August, 1962.


...
The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Additional Assessment) Bill, 1962

Government Bill

2nd August, 1962.

The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Additional Assessment) Bill, 1962

When compared to wet lands, of course their position is very bad; that we must admit.
2nd August, 1962.


Government Bill


466


The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Additional Assessment) Bill, 1962

Government Bill:

The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Additional Assessment) Bill, 1962

2nd August, 1962

Demand for 25% and 75% relief in the assessment of 1960-61 is unreasonable. Hence, a regressive method of relief is proposed. The proposed method of relief is '5% & 25%', which is called the "regressive method." The relief is based on the demand-supply ratio. Demand and supply in the groundnut sector are affected by various factors. Slumps in the market affect the supply and demand ratio. Rotation of crops is necessary to maintain a balance between demand and supply. Seasonal conditions in the groundnut sector are crucial. Experience in the field shows that rotation of crops is necessary to maintain a balance between demand and supply. practical experience is required. The proposed method of relief is "5% & 25%" which is called the "regressive method." The relief is based on the demand-supply ratio. Demand and supply in the groundnut sector are affected by various factors. Slumps in the market affect the supply and demand ratio. Rotation of crops is necessary to maintain a balance between demand and supply. Seasonal conditions in the groundnut sector are crucial. Experience in the field shows that rotation of crops is necessary to maintain a balance between demand and supply. practical experience is required.

468 2nd August, 1962.

Government Bill:


The Joint Director of Agriculture reports:

The average food crops production in the years 1950-51 and 1960-61 was 75% of the average production of the years 1955-56 and 1965-66. The total production of millets has not increased.

Rotation of crops: In the years 1950-51 and 1960-61, the production of food crops was 75% of the average production of the years 1955-56 and 1965-66. The total production of millets has not increased.

The Joint Director of Agriculture reports:

The average production of millets in 1960-61 was 75% of the production in the years 1955-56 and 1965-66. Goundnut production has not increased in 1960-61. The total production of millets has not increased.

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...
Government Bill:

2nd August, 1962.


...

Government &itl- ^ad August, 1962. 471

Agricultural income tax is based on the income of the current year. The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Additional Assessment) Bill, 1962, proposes to assess the income of the current year. What is the audit difference?

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commercial crops tax special assessment 90 as the same, 160 as the same, 250 as the same, 300 as the same, generalise entire land from the previous assessment on the same principle or it may be incorrect as the rate is not uniform?

Mr Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

"Delete Clause 8"

The amendment was negatived.

Mr Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

"For clause 8, substitute the following:"

The land revenue will be revised and the land revenue shall be assessed, levied and collected in the State from any Registered land holder in relation to the amount payable for each Fasli year as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount for the Fasli year</th>
<th>Amount to be levied</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Upto Rs 10</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upto Rs. 100</td>
<td>As the same</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upto Rs. 250</td>
<td>50 per cent increase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upto Rs. 500</td>
<td>100 per cent increase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and above</td>
<td>800 per cent increase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Provided that the land revenue payable for any year by a land holder be varied or modified by reason of increase of holding and its assessment

The amendment was declared to have been negatived

*Sri P Sundarayya* — I demand a division, Sir

The Houses divided—Ayes 78, Noes 139.

The amendment was negatived

*Mr Deputy Speaker* — The question is:

"in clause 3 after the word 'State' insert the words 'and wet land' served by any river channel, spring channel, Parre Kalva or Crossbundung"

The amendment was negatived

*Mr. Deputy Speaker* — The question is

In clause 8, delete all the words after the words 'additional assessments' and substitute the following

"Not exceeding the following rates namely:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size of holding</th>
<th>Additional assessment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For holdings below 5 acres</td>
<td>Nil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For holdings below 1 and 10 acres.</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For holdings between 11 and 20 acres.</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 21 acres.</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The amendment was declared to have been negatived.

Shri Tenneti Viswanatham pressed for a division.

The House divided thus —

**N O E S :**

Hon. Sri N. Sanjiva Reddy.

Sri T. Anjaiah.

Sri P. Anthony Reddy.

Sri K. Appadu Rao.

Sri M. Baga Reddy.

Sri Bhavanna Rao.
2nd August, 1962.

Government Bill:

Sri T V S. Chalapathi Rao.
Sri Chandra Chudamani Deo.
Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu.
Sri Chinna Krishna Reddy.
Sri G. Dharma Naidu.
Sri N. Ganeswara Rao.
Sri Gopidi Ganga Reddy.
Sri Ch. Ganji Shetty.
Sri Gopalu Naik
Sri P. Gunnavyay.
Sri Ch. Hanumah.
Sri B. Hanumantha Rao.
Sri M. M. Hashim.
Sri T. Hygriva Chari.
Sri B. Janakiram.
Sri S. Jayaraju.
Sri G. Kamayya.
Sri Kesavanayakulu.
Sri G. Kondiah.
Sri D. Kondal Rao.
Sri M. Krishmah.
Sri V. V. Krishnam Raju Bahadur.
Sri Allam Krishnayya.
Sri V. Krishnamurthy Naidu.
Sri L. Lakshmana Das.
Sri L. Laxma Reddy.
Sri B. Lakshmikanta Rao.
Sri Lakshmikantha Reddy.
Government Bill:

2nd August, 1962.

Sri A. Lakshmi Naidu.
Sri T. Lakshmi Naidu.
Sri Madhava Reddy.
Sri G. Mahalakshmi.
Sri T. Mahendranath.
Sri G. Mallikarjuna Rao.
Sri Ch. Mallikarjuna.
Sri Md. Kamaluddin Ahmed.
Sri D. Muralidhar Reddy.
Sri V. Mutyala Rao.
Hon. Sri N Ramachandra Reddy.
Hon. Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy.
Hon. Sri P. V. G. Raju.
Hon Sri A. Venkataramiah
Hon. Smt. T. N. Sadalakshmi.
Hon. Sri A Balarami Reddy.
Hon. Sri B. V. Gurumurthy.
Sri M. V. S. Subba Raju.
Sri K. Punnayya.
Sri K. Naganna.
Sri Naganatha Rao.
Sri K. Nanjappa.
Sri H. Narasappa.
Sri K B Narasappa.
Sri P. Narasa Reddy.
Sri T. Narasimha Reddy.
Government Bill:

Sri K. S. Narayana.
Sri P. Narayana Reddy.
Sri K. Narayana Swamy.
Sri R. Narasimha Ramiah.
Sri T. Papa Rao.
Sri K. Rajamallu
Sri C. Rajanarasiima.
Sri B. Rajaram.
Sri P. Ramachandra Reddy.
Sri K. Ramachandra Rao.
Sri M. Ramdev Reddy.
Sri Ch. Ramiah Chowdary.
Sri K. Ramiah Chowdary.
Sri Ch. Ramakotiah.
Sri G. Ramalingam.
Sri V. Rama Rao.
Sri A. Ramaswamy.
Sri G. Ramaswamy Reddy.
Sri V. Ramaswami Reddy.
Sri B. Ramdev.
Sri B. Ramulu.
Sri G. Ramulu
Sri K. Rangadas.
Sri A. Ranga Reddy.
Sri G. Ranga Raju.
Sri T. Ranga Reddy.
Government Bill:

Sri Sangam Naidu.
Sri A Sanjeeva Reddy.
Sri G Sanjeeva Reddy.
Sri K. Santhayya.
Sri T Sanyasi Naidu.
Sri V Sanyasi Naidu.
Sri I. Satyanarayana.
Sri A. Satyanarayana Murthy.
Sri K. Seethiah Gupta.
Sri P. Seshavatharam.
Sri P. Siddiah Naidu.
Sri P. Singarla.
Sri K. Sreerama Murthy.
Sri Bhattam Sreerama Murthy.
Sri B. Subba Rao.
Sri Suri Dora.
Sri Thavatiah.
Hon. Sri A. C Subba Reddy.
Hon. Sri Y. Sivarama Prasad.
Hon. Sri M. N. Lakshminarasay; a.
Smt. Kumudini Devi.
Smt. S. L. Devi.
Smt. B. Lakshminarayananamma.
Smt. Reddi Ratnamma.
Smt. D. Rukmini Devi.
Smt. Sumitra Devi.
Smt. Roda H. P. Mistry.
Sri A. Vasudeva Rao.
Sri P. Veerabhadra Rao.
Sri K. Veeranna.
Sri T. Veeraraghavulu.
Sri J. Vengal Rao.
Sri N. Venkata Ramiah.
Dr. K. Y. Reddy.
Sri D. Venkataramana Reddy.
Sri N. Venkata Rao.
Sri K. Venkataratnam.
Sri Venkateswara Chowdary.
Sri K. Venkateswarlu
Sri N. Venkateswarlu.
Sri G. Venkateswarlu.
Sri D Venkiah.
Sri Yesu Padam.
Sri T. J. Fernandez.

AYES.
Sri T. Viswanadham.
Sri K. V. Narayana Reddy.
Sri C. Kulashekar Reddy.
Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu.
Sri T. K. R. Sarma.
Sri P. V. Krishna Reddy.
Government Bill:

Sri G. Bali Reddy.
Sri B. Nagabhushan Rao.
Sri S. Vemayya.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya.
Sri M. Veeraraghava Rao.
Sri E. Balarama Reddy.
Sri Giri Prasada Rao.
Sri Mallu Subba Reddy.
Sri L. Sanyasi Raju.
Sri J. Malla Reddy.
Sri A. Narayana Reddy.
Sri N. Amaranatha Reddy.
Sri P. Seshayya.
Sri P. Satyanarayana.
Sri K. Suryanarayana.
Sri N. Ramgopal Reddy.
Sri M. Rama Mohan Rao.
Sri Md. Tahsil.
Sri Saidiah.
Sri Someswara Rao.
Sri Harrappa Reddy.
Sri K. Butchayya
Sri Sultan Salahuddin Ovaisi.
Sri Narasi Reddy.
Sri Vittal Rao.
Sri M. Dharma Rao.
Sri Ethiraja Rao
2nd August, 1962.

Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue

Sri T. Nagi Reddy.
Sri P. Sundarayya.
Smt. A. Kamala Devi.
Smt. K. Ananda Devi.
Sri G. Bapanayya.
Sri B. Dharma Bhuksham.
Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy.
Sri Srinivas Reddy.
Sri Uppal Malsoor.
Sri K. Ramachandra Reddy.
Sri Srikrishna.
Sri Vanka Satyanarayana.
Sri Parvatha Reddy.
Sri Y. Peddayya.
Sri Gurunatha Reddy.
Sri Vittal Reddy.
Sri Ganji Rama Rao.
Sri Koratala Satyanarayana.
Sri P. V. Sivayya.
Sri Singayya.
Sri P. Ranganayakulu.
Sri P. Koteswar Rao.
Sri K. Nagayya.
Sri Vurep Mohan Rao.
Sri A. Venkateswara Rao.
Sri Pula Subbaya.

2nd August, 1962.

Sri E. V. Subba Rao.
Sri N. Venkataswamy.
Sri Lakshminarayana Chowdary.
Sri Chenchiah.
Sri Manda Pitchiah.
Sri B. Syamsundara Rao.
Sri P. V. Ramana.
Sri Govinda Rao.
Sri Vajravelu Chetty.
Sri C. K. Narayana Reddy.
Sri D. Seetharamayya.
Sri V. K. Adinarayana Reddy.
Sri Papi Reddy.
Sri K. Babu Rao.
Sri Swarveswara Rao.
Sri Datta Suryanarayana Raju.
Sri P. K. Guruswamy Reddy.
Sri Panasa Ramayya.

Ayes: 80 Noes.

141 Neutrals: Nil.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

“For the words seventy five per cent, substitute the figures and words “1% on patta holder paying Rs 50 and below”.

The amendment was declared to have been negatived.

Sri P. Sundarayya pressed for a division
The House divided thus:

Ayes: 78. Noes: 142

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: It is his choice. He is a full member. He can vote for or against.

The question is:

For the words “Seventy-five per cent” substitute the figures and words “one per cent on patta holder paying Rs. 25 and below”.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: The question is:

For the words “seventy-five per cent” substitute the figures and words “one per cent on patta holder paying Rs. 50 and below”.

The amendment was declared to have been negatived.

Sri P. Sundarayya pressed for a division and wanted that the names also be recorded.

Ayes.

1. Sri T. Viswanadham
2. K. V. Narayana Reddy.
4. Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu.
5. T. K. R. Sarma.
7. C. Bal Reddy.
9. S. Vemayya.
10. Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya.
15. L. Sanyasi Raju.
Government Bill:

16 Sri J. Malla Reddy.
17. „ A. Narayana Reddy.
18. „ N. Amarnatha Reddy.
19. „ P. Seshayya.
20. „ P. Satyanarayana.
21. „ K Suryanarayana.
22. „ M. Ramgopal Reddy.
25 „ Mohammad Tahsil.
26. „ Saidiah.
27 „ Someswara Rao
28 „ Harrappa Reddy.
29 „ K Butchayya.
30 „ Sultan Salahuddin Ovais.
31. „ Narasi Reddy.
32. „ Vittal Rao.
33. „ M. Dharma Rao.
34. „ Ethiraja Rao.
35. „ Harnarayana.
36. „ T. Nagi Reddy.
37. „ P Sundarayya.
38. Smt A. Kamala Devi.
39. „ K Ananda Devi.
40. Sri K. L. Narasimha Rao
41. „ G. Bapanayya.
42 „ B. Dharma Bhiksham.
43 „ A Ramachandra Reddy
44. „ Srinivasa Reddy
45. „ Uppal Malsoor.
46. „ K. Ramachandra Reddy
47. „ P. K Guruswamy Reddy
48. „ V. Sri Krishna.
2nd August, 1962.


49 Sri Vanka Satyanarayana.
50. ,, Parvatha Reddy.
51. ,, Y Peddayya.
52. ,, Gurunatha Reddy.
53. ,, Vittal Reddy.
54. ,, Ganji Ramarao.
55. ,, Koratla Satyanarayana.
56. ,, P.V Sivayya.
57. ,, Singayya.
58. ,, P Ranganayakulu
60. ,, K Nagayya.
61. ,, Vurep Mohan Rao.
63. ,, Pula Subbaya.
64. ,, E V. Subba Rao.
65. ,, K Venkateswara Rao.
66. ,, N Venkataswami.
67. ,, Lakshminarayana Chowdary.
68. ,, Manda Pitchayya.
69. ,, B. Syamasundara Rao.
70. ,, P V Ramana.
71. ,, Govinda Rao.
72. ,, Vajravelu Chetty.
73. ,, C. K. Narayana Reddy.
74. ,, D Seetharamayya.
75. ,, V. K. Adinarayana Reddy.
76. ,, K Babu Rao.
77. ,, Sarveswara Rao.
78. ,, Datta Suryanarayana Raju.

Noes.

1. Sri N. Sanjiva Reddy.
2. ,, T. Anjaiah.
Government Bill:

2nd August, 1962.

3 Sri P. Anthony Reddy.
4 , K Appadu Dora.
5 , K Appa Rao
6 , M Baga Reddy
7 , T. Balakrishnaiah
8 , Peta Bapayya
9 , Alluri Bapineedu.
10 , E Basappa
11 , B. V. Bayyapa Reddy
12 , A. V. Bhanoji Rao.
13 , D. Bhaskara Rao.
14 , Bhavanna Rao.
15 , Bhim Rao.
17 , Chandra Chudamani Devi.
18 , N. Chenchurama Naidu.
19 , K. Chander Rao.
20 , Chunna Krishna Reddy.
21 , L Chinnappa Reddy.
22 , Damodhar Reddy
23 , R. Dasarataram Reddy.
24 , A. Dasavatharam.
25 , G. Dharma Naidu.
26 , N. Ganeswara Rao.
27 , Gopidi Ganga Reddy.
28 , Ch. Ganji Shetty.
29 , Gopalu Naik.
30 , P. Gunnayya.
31 , Ch. Hanumayya.
32 , M. M. Hashim.
33 , T. Hayagreeravachari.
34 , B. Janakiram.
35 , S. Jayaraju.
36 , G. Kamayya.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Sri Kesavanayakulu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>&quot; Kwaja Momuddin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>&quot; G Kondaiah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>&quot; D. Kondal Rao</td>
</tr>
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<td>41</td>
<td>&quot; M Krishnaiah</td>
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<td>42</td>
<td>&quot; V. V Krishnam Raja Bahadur</td>
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<td>&quot; V Krishnamurthy Naidu</td>
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<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>&quot; L. Lakshmanadas</td>
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<td>&quot; L Laxma Reddy</td>
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<td>&quot; Lakshmikantha Reddy</td>
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<td>49</td>
<td>&quot; A. Lakshmi Naidu</td>
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<td>50</td>
<td>&quot; T. Lakshmi Naidu</td>
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<td>51</td>
<td>&quot; Madhava Reddy</td>
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<td>&quot; G. Mahalakshmi</td>
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<td>&quot; T. Mahendranath</td>
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<td>&quot; G. Mallikharjuna Rao</td>
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<td>&quot; Ch. Mallikharjuna</td>
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<td>56</td>
<td>&quot; Mohammad Ismail</td>
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<td>&quot; Mohammad Kamaluddin Ahmed</td>
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<td>58</td>
<td>&quot; D. Muralidhar Reddy</td>
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<td>&quot; V. Mutyala Rao</td>
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<td>&quot; N. Ramachandra Reddy</td>
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<td>&quot; A. Venkatramayya</td>
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<td>64</td>
<td>Smt. T. N Sadalakshmi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>Sri A. Balarami Reddy</td>
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<td>66</td>
<td>&quot; B. V. Gurumurty</td>
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<td>67</td>
<td>&quot; M. V. S. Subbaraju</td>
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<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>&quot; K. Punnayya</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>&quot; K. Naganna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>&quot; Naganatha Rao</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2nd August, 1962

71. Sri K. Nanjappa.
72. " H Narasappa.
73. " K B Narasappa.
74. " P. Narasa Reddy.
75. " T. Narasimha Reddy.
76 " K S. Narayana.
78. " K. Narayanaswami.
79. " R Narasimha Ramayya.
82. " K. Rajamallu.
83. " C. Rajanarasimha.
84. " B. Rajaram.
88. " Ch. Ramaiah Chowdary.
89. " K. Ramaiah Chowdary.
90. " Ch. Ramakotaiah.
91. " G. Ramalingam.
93. " A. Ramaswami.
95. " B. Ramdev.
96. " B. Ramulu.
100. " T. Ranga Reddy.
2nd August, 1962.


108. Sri K. Santhayya.
105. " V. Sanyasi Naidu.
106. " I. Satyanarayana.
107. " A. Satyanarayanamurti.
110. " P. Seshavatharam.
111. " P Siddaiah Naidu.
112. " P. Singaraiah.
113. " K Sreeramamurti.
114. " Bhattam Sreeramamurti.
115. " B. Subbarao.
117. " Thavatiah.
118. " A. C. Subbareddy.
120. " Y. Sivarama Prasad.
121. " M. N. Lakshminarasayya.
123. " S. L. Devi.
124. " B. Lakshminarayanamma.
125. " Reddi Ratnamma.
126. " B. Rukmini Devi.
129. Sri R Tirupatirao.
133. " T. Veeraraghavulu.
135. " N. Venkataramayya.
187. Sri D Venkataramanareddy.
188. ,, N. Venkataraao.
139. ,, K. Venkataratnam.
140. ,, Yesupadam.
141. ,, J. T. Fernandez.

Ayes: 75; Noes: 141.

The amendment was negatived.

_Mr. Deputy Speaker:_—The question is:—

For the words “Seventy five per cent” substitute the figures and words “10% on patta holder paying Rs 50 and below”

The amendment was negatived.

_Mr. Deputy Speaker:_—The question is:—

For the words “Seventy-five per cent” substitute the figures and words “10% on patta holder paying Rs. 25 and below.”

The amendment was negatived.

_Mr. Deputy Speaker:_—The question is:—

For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the figures and words “10% on patta holder paying Rs. 10 and below”

The amendment was negatived.

_Mr. Deputy Speaker:_—The question is:—

For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the figures and words “20% on patta holder paying Rs. 50 and below.”

The amendment was negatived.

_Mr. Deputy Speaker:_—The question is:—

For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the figures and words “20% on patta holder paying Rs. 25 and below.”

The amendment was negatived.

_Mr. Deputy Speaker:_—The question is:—

For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the figures and words “20% on patta holder paying Rs. 10 and below.”

The amendment was negatived.
2nd August, 1962.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words "seventy-five per cent" substitute the figures and words "80% on patta-holder paying Rs. 50 and below.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "80% on patta-holder paying Rs. 25 and below.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "40% on patta-holder paying Rs. 50 and below.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "50% on patta-holder paying Rs. 25 and below.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "10% on patta-holder paying Rs. 10 and below.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "50% on patta-holder paying Rs. 50 and below.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "1% on 50 acres."

The amendment was negatived.

For the words "seventy-five percent", substitute the figures and words "1% on patta holder paying Rs. 10 and below.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words "Seventy five percent substitute the figures and words 1% on 50 acres"

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words "seventy five per cent", substitute the figures and words "1% on 25 acres.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words "seventy five per cent", substitute the figures and words "1% on 10 acres.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words "seventy five per cent", substitute the figures and words "10% on 50 acres.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words "seventy five per cent", substitute the figures and words "10% on 25 acres.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words "seventy five per cent", substitute the figures and words "10% on 10 acres.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words "seventy five per cent", substitute the figures and words "20% on 50 acres.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words "seventy five per cent", substitute the figures and words "20% on 25 acres.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
Government Bill:  

2nd August, 1962.

For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "10% on 0 acres.
The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words "Seventy-five per cent" substitute the figures and words "30% on patta holder holding 50 acres.
The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "30% on patta holder holding 25 acres.
The amendment was negatived.

Mr Deputy Speaker:—The question is

For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "30% on patta holder holding 10 acres.
The amendment was negatived.

Mr Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

For the words "seventy five per cent" substitute the figures and words "40% on pattaholder holding 50 acres."
The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— The question is:

For the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the figures and words "40% on pattaholder holding 25 acres."
The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

For the words " seventy five per cent " substitute the figures and words " 50% on patta holder holding 50 acres."
The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—The question is:

For the words " seventy five per cent " substitute the figures and words " 50% on patta holder holding 25 acres."
The amendment was negatived.
Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words “seventy-five per cent” substitute the figures and words “10%”
The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the figures and words “20 per cent”.
The motion was declared to have been negatived. Sri P. Sundarayya pressed for a division. The House divided thus; Ayes 78. Noes 142. The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the figures and words “30 per cent”.
The amendment was declared to have been negatived. Sri P. Sundarayya pressed for a division. The House divided thus; Ayes 78. Noes 142. The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the figures and words “40 per cent”.
The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the figures and words “50 per cent”.
The amendment was declared to have been negatived. Sri P. Sundarayya pressed for a division. The House divided thus; Ayes 78. Noes 143. The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the proviso, substitute the following:—
“Provided that where in any taluk the annual average rainfall over the preceding thirty (30) years is less than (30") thirty inches the said rate of additional assessments shall be 20 per cent”.
The amendment was declared to have been negatived. Sri K. V. Narayan Reddy pressed for a division. The House divided thus; Ayes 78. Noes 148. The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:
For the word “seventy five per cent” substitute the words “10 per cent”
For the word “seventy five per cent” substitute the words “20 per cent”
For the word “seventy five per cent” substitute the words “25 per cent”
For the word “seventy five per cent” substitute the words “50 per cent”.

For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the words “30 per cent”.

For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the words “40 per cent”.

For the words “seventy-five per cent”, substitute the words “37 and half per cent”.

The amendments were negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

In the proviso to clause 3 for the words “in no case be less than fifty naye paise” substitute the words “in no case the existing rates as shown in column 1 shall exceed the rates shown in column 2 in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Existing rates 4 annas and less.</td>
<td>Maximum rate not to exceed 4 annas or 25 nP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Above 4 annas but upto 8 annas</td>
<td>8 annas or 50 nP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Above 8 annas but below 1 Re.</td>
<td>1 Rupee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Rupees and above but below 2 Rs</td>
<td>2 Rupees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Rupees and above but below 3 Rs</td>
<td>3 Rupees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Rupees and above but below 4 Rs</td>
<td>4 Rupees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Rupees and above but below 5 Rs</td>
<td>5 Rupees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Rupees and above but below 7 50</td>
<td>7 50 Rupees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 50 Rupees and above but below</td>
<td>10 Rupees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Rs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Rupees and above but below 12 50 Rs.</td>
<td>12.50 Rupees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 50 Rs. and above but below 15 Rs.</td>
<td>15 Rupees.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The amendment was declared to have been negatived. Sri P. Sundarayya pressed for a division. The House divided. thus Ayes-78; Noes-144.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

“In clause 8 after the words “liable to pay the assessment for each fiscal year in respect of that land” add the words except in those taluks where the average rain-fall is less than 80”.

The amendment was declared to have been negatived. Sri P. Sundarayya pressed for a division. The House divided. Ayes—78. Noes—144.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is: “delete the proviso clause
The amendment was declared to have been negatived.

The amendment was negatived.

Mr Deputy Speaker —The questions is:

In the proviso for the words "less than fifty naye paise" substitute the words "more than one rupee".

In clause 3 for the words "seventy-five per cent" substitute the words "persons holding less than fifty acres of dry land shall be exempted from the additional assessment".

In clause 3 for the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the words "persons holding twenty-five acres of dry land shall be exempted from the additional assessment".

In clause 3 for the words "seventy-five per cent", substitute the words "persons holding twelve acres of dry land shall be exempted from the additional assessment".

In clause 3 after the words "seventy-five per cent", insert the words "but persons paying an assessment of less than rupees fifty shall be exempted".

In clause 3 after the words "seventy-five per cent", insert the words "persons paying an assessment of less than rupees twenty-five shall be exempted".

In clause 3 after the words "seventy-five per cent", insert the words "persons paying an assessment of less than rupees ten shall be exempted".

In the proviso of clause 3 for the words "fifty naya paise", substitute the words "twenty naya paise".

In the proviso of clause 3 for the words "fifty naya paise", substitute the words "twenty-five naya paise".

In the proviso of clause 3 after the words "fifty naya paise", inserted the words "and more than two rupees".

In the proviso of clause 3 after the words "fifty naya paise", inserted the words "and more than three rupees".

In the proviso of clause 3 after the words "fifty naya paise", inserted the words "and more than five rupees".

Add the following as second proviso to clause 3 "provided further that the additional assessment together with the standard assessment or the Land Revenue Assessment as the case may be, payable in respect of any such land shall in no case be more than rupees two and fifty naya paise for per acre, per fiscal year in all chronically famine affected taluks."

Add the following as second proviso to clause 8 "provided further that the person liable to pay the standard assessment or the Land Revenue Assessment as the case may be to the extent of rupees fifty
The amendments were negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—The question is: Add the following as third para to clause 3.

"for the purposes of additional assessment land holders owning 10 as or less of dry should be exempted."
Add the following as third para to clause 3—

“for the purpose of additional assessment land holders paying revenue of 10 Rupees”

Add the following as third para to clause 3—

“Padugai and Lanka Lands shall be exempted from the effect of additional assessment.”

Add the following as third para to clause 3—

“submerged Lanka lands shall be exempted from the effect of additional assessment.”

In clause 3 for the words “seventy five percent”, substitute the words “twelve and half percent”

In clause 3 for the words “seventy five percent”, substitute the words “twenty five percent”

In clause 3 for the words “seventy five percent”, substitute the words “thirty three and one third percent.”

The amendments were negatived.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — The question is:

“That Clause 3 do stand part of the Bill”.

The motion was adopted

Sri P Sundarayya— I press for a division, Sir.

The House divided.

Ayes 148 Noes 78.

The motion was adopted,

Clause 3 was added to the Bill”

Clause 4.

Sri Tenenti Viswanatham— I would suggest one thing. Clause 4 deals with three different types of land, wet lands receiving water supply from sources mentioned in the schedule, wet lands other than those covered by sub-clause (a), and wet lands served by rain fed tanks etc. Each is a separate category. So, we shall go sub-clause by sub-clause and move separately the amendments for each sub-clause.

Mr. Deputy Speaker—Smt Arutla Kamala Devi represented to me that Amendment No. 125 relates to clause 4 of the Bill. She may now move her amendment

A. Kamala Devi — Sir, I beg to move:

“Add the following explanation to proviso to clause 3:

“An additional assessment only at the rate of ten percent shall be levied in the case of wet lands under irrigation receiving supply of water only for 8 months in Telangana region and in the case of wet lands under the projects constructed in 1947 and the wet lands in the case of which enhancement of assessment have been made during that period in the Andhra region”.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.
Sri N Pravada Rao. —Sir, I beg to move.

"Delete sub-clause (i) and proviso in clause 4."

Mr Deputy Speaker: —Amendment moved.

Sri K V Narayana Reddy: — Sir, I beg to move.

for sub-clause (i), substitute the following:

"In the case of Wet land which receives supply of water from any Government source of irrigation specified in the Schedule, in lieu of the standard land revenue assessment as the case may be, the dry rate of assessment of similar classification in the local area shall be calculated and the provisions of section 8 shall be applied thereto. Provided that where such land is a single crop wet land an additional water rate of Rs 15 per acre and in the case of a double crop wet land and additional water rate of Rs 22.50 per acre shall be levied and collected from the person liable to pay the assessment so, however, that in the case of single crop wet land the additional assessment together with the assessment calculated as per the main clause shall not exceed Rs 23 per acre and in the case of double crop wet land shall not exceed Rs 34 50 nP. per acre."

Mr. Deputy Speaker: — Amendment moved.


In sub-clause of (i) of clause 4 after, words 'from any Government source of irrigation' insert the words 'except in cases where dry-cum-wet cultivations undertaken'.

Mr. Deputy Spreaker: — Amendment moved.

Sri P. Sundarayya —Sir, I beg to move.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'one hundred per cent' substitute the figures and words "1% on 10 acres."

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'one hundred per cent' substitute the figures and words "1% on 5 acres."

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'one hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words "1% on 2 acres."

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'one hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words "10% on 1 acre."

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'one hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words "10% on 100 acres."

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'one hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words "10% on 5 acres."

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'one hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words "10% on 2 acres."

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'one hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words "10% on 11 acres."
In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '20% on 5 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '20% on 2 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '20% on 1 acre'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '25% on 10 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '25% on 5 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '25% on 2 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '25% on 1 acre'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '83 1/8% on 10 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '83 1/8% on 5 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '83 1/8% on 2 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '83 1/8% on 1 acre'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '50% on 10 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '50% on 5 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '50% on 2 acres'.

In sub-clause (i) for the words 'One hundred per cent', substitute the figures and words '50% on 1 acre'.

Mr Deputy Speaker.—Amendments moved.

Sri Tennety Viswanatham.—Sir, I beg to move;
In sub-clause (i) clause 4 delete the words after the word 'schedule' and substitute the following 'at rates not exceeding the following':

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size of holding</th>
<th>Additional enhancement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>for holdings between 1 and 6 acres</td>
<td>Nil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for holdings between 7 and 12 acres</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for holdings between 13 and 18</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for holding over 19 and above</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendments moved.

Sri Vanka Satyanarayana:—Sir, I beg to move.

For the words 'One hundred percent' substitute the words 'twenty five percent'.

For the words 'One hundred percent' substitute the words 'fifty percent'.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendments moved.

Sri K. L Narasimha Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

For the words 'One hundred per cent' substitute the words 'twenty percent'.

For the words 'One hundred percent, substitute the words 'thirty three and one third percent'.

For the words 'One hundred percent' substitute the words 'forty percent'.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendments moved.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Sir, I beg to move:

For the words 'One hundred percent' substitute the words 'ten percent'.

For the words 'One hundred percent' substitute the words 'twenty percent'.

For the words 'One hundred percent' substitute the words 'twelve and one fourth percent'.

For the words 'One hundred per cent' substitute the words 'thirty five per cent'.

For the words 'One hundred per cent' substitute the words 'forty per cent'.

For the words 'One hundred per cent' substitute the words 'forty five per cent'.

For the words 'One hundred per cent' substitute the words 'thirty per cent'.

For the words 'One hundred per cent' substitute the words 'forty per cent'.
For the words ‘One hundred per cent’ substitute the words ‘Fifty per cent’.

For the words ‘One hundred per cent’ substitute the words ‘Sixty per cent’.

For the words ‘One hundred percent’ substitute the words ‘Seventy per cent’.

For the words ‘One hundred per cent’, substitute the words ‘Seventy five per cent’.

For the words ‘One hundred per cent’ substitute the words ‘Eighty per cent’.

For the words ‘One hundred per cent’ substitute the words ‘Ninty per cent’.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — Amendments moved.

Sri N. Prasada Rao — I beg to move:

In clause 4 delete sub-clause (i) and the proviso.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — Amendment moved.

Sri T.K.R. Sarma — Sir, I beg to move:

In sub-clause (i) of Clause 4 for the words “One hundred per cent” substitute the words “Thirty-three and one-third”.

Mr. Deputy Speaker — Amendment moved.

Sri P Sundarayya — Sir, I beg to move:

In the proviso to Sub-clause (i) of Clause 4 for the words “rupees twenty” substitute the words “Rupees Ten”.

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of Clause 4 for the words “rupees twenty”, substitute the words “twelve”.

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of Clause 4 for the words “rupees twenty”, substitute the words “rupees fifteen”.

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of Clause 4 for the words “rupees twenty-six”, substitute the words “rupees eighteen”.

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of Clause 4 for the words “rupees twenty-six”, substitute the words “rupees twenty”.

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of Clause 4 for the words “rupees twenty-six”, substitute the words “rupees twenty-two”. 
In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of Clause 4 for the words “rupees twenty-six” substitute the words “twenty-four”.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.— Amendments moved.

Sri T. Viswanaham — Sir, I beg to move
Delete the proviso in sub-clause (i) of Clause 4.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.— Amendment moved.

Sri P. Subbaiah — Sir, I beg to move.

For sub-clause (i) of Clause 4, substitute the following:—

The maximum additional assessment should be fifty in a case of single crop wet land and rupees twenty-five in the case of double crop wet land”.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.— Amendment moved.

Sri A. Venkateswara Rao:—Sir, I beg to move:

To the proviso sub-clause (i) of Clause 4, substitute the following:—

In the case of wet land which receives supply of waters from any Government source of Irrigation specified in the Schedule at the rate of fifty per cent of the standard assessment or the Land Revenue Assessment as the case may be payable for the past year for that land”.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.— Amendment moved

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy.—I beg to move.

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause 4 for the words “less than Rs. 20/- or exceed Rs. 26/-” substitute the words “less than Rs. 15/- or exceed Rs. 20/-”

Mr. Deputy Speaker.— Amendment moved.

K. L. Narasimha Rao.—I beg to move:

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause 4 for the words Rs. 20/- or exceed Rs 26/-” substitute the words “Rs. 14/- or exceeding Rs. 18/-”

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause 4 delete the words “be less than Rs. 20/- or”

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Amendment moved.

Sri K. Govinda Rao:—I beg to move.

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause 4 for the words “be less than Rs 30/- or exceed Rs. 39/-” substitute the words “be less than Rs 20/- or exceed Rs. 25/-”

Mr. Deputy Speaker:— Amendment moved.

Sri N. Prasada Rao:—I beg to move:
Government Bill:
The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause 4 for the words “be less than Rs. 30/- or exceed Rs. 39/-” substitute the words “be less than Rs. 21/- or exceed Rs. 27/-”

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Amendment moved.

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswarulu.—I beg to move:

Add the following at the end of the proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause 4 inclusive of the cess like land cess and Educational cess etc.,

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Amendment moved.

A. Venkateswara Rao.—Sir, beg to move.

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause 4 for the word “be less than Rs. 30/- or exceed Rs 39/-” substitute the words “be less than Rs. 25/- or exceed Rs. 30/-”

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Amendment moved.

Sri P. Sundarayya.—Sir, I beg to move:

In the proviso to sub-clause (i) of clause 4 for the words “in the case of double crop wet land” substitute the words “of a second wet crop is raised”.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Amendment moved.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham.—The lands covered by clause 4 are of three different categories. Three different principles are involved and the arguments to be advanced in respect of them are also different, So, let us stop with amendment No. 204. After discussion of sub-clause (i) of Clause 4 is over as also the Minister’s reply thereto, we can move amendments relating to sub-clause (ii) of Clause 4, starting with amendment No 205

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Let us have all the amendments to clause moved first, and then members can speak and the Minister will reply.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham.—I am afraid, we cannot have a general discussion. Unless they are taken sub-clause by sub-clause separately, we cannot have a concentrated discussion. We do not want to have a general roving type of discussion now.

Mr. Deputy Speaker I think we can have all the amendments relating to clause 4 moved.

Sri P Sundarayya.—We want to discuss separately in relation to category 1 lands (covered by sub-clause 1), category 2 lands (covered by sub-clause 2) and category 3 lands (covered by sub-clause 3). This would be possible if we first move amendments relating to sub-clause (i), then have a discussion on them with the Minister’s reply thereto and then take up the amendments relating to sub-clause (ii) and then have the amendments relating to sub-clause (iii) moved and discussed separately.

Mr. Deputy Speaker.—What does the Minister say to this?
Sri Ramachandra Reddy:—It is within your discretion, Sir, I would suggest that the whole clause may be taken up. That is my view.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—May I submit for the consideration of the Chair as well as the Minister that these three sub-clauses have different lands covered by them. Sub-clause (i) as I have earlier said covers lands receiving water supply from sources mentioned in the schedule the second sub-clause deals with another category of lands (wet) which receive water-supply from sources other than those mentioned in the schedule and in sub-clause (iii), while the third category relates to lands receiving water supply from tanks having an ayacut of 20-acres and less. They are all different. The principles that are applicable to one are not applicable to another. What I would suggest is that as much as they embody different principles for our consideration, the discussion must proceed separately upon each sub-clause. If the Government wants to convert them into different sections, let them so make, because they are altogether based on different principles.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—But you can discuss all those principles.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—How can we club them all together and have a concentrated discussion. We will be lost in a maze, and we shall have another general discussion. While dealing with these sub-clauses, we do not want to have a general discussion. We want a concentrated discussion on each sub-clause.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Then the question of time factor is there, and we have decided to sit till 3rd and finish this Bill.

Sri P. Sundarayya:—So far as the time factor is concerned, we can sit on 4th morning also, if need be. The opposition parties want that each sub-clause should be taken up for consideration, because that is convenient for discussion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Let us then have it that way only.

In the case of wet and which is served by a Government source of irrigation, an additional assessment shall be levied and collected by the Government from the person liable to pay the assessment for each fasli year.
Government Bill:

2nd August, 1962.

The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue

backward area. tank-fed projects area.

catchment area backward area.

low level channel tank-fed projects.

tail-end lands Political sufferers.
Provided that the additional assessment together with the standard assessment or the land revenue assessment, as the case may be, payable in respect of such land shall in no case, be less than rupees twenty .......

Minimum at the minimum percentage of the standard assessment or land revenue assessment, as the case may be, payable in respect of such land shall in no case, be less than rupees thirty, or exceed rupees thirty nine, per acre per fiscal year in the case of double crop wet land.
The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue

2nd August, 1962.

507

The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue

Government Bill:

water drop & rain-fed assessment

rain-fed assessment

betterment tax
Government Bill:

Capita! and Revenue accounts must be prepared for the assessment year. The Bill provides that the assessment year shall
begin on the 1st of August. The Bill also provides for the assessment of wet lands. The minimum amount of assessment for
wet lands is specified in the Bill.

* * *

2nd August, 1962.

2nd August, 1962

509

Capital and Revenue accounts must maintain. Land Revenue structure to rationalise. Capital and Revenue accounts 6.

Land Revenue structure to maintain. Land Revenue structure to rationalise. Capital and Revenue accounts 6.

Land Revenue structure to maintain. Land Revenue structure to rationalise. Capital and Revenue accounts 6.

Land Revenue structure to maintain. Land Revenue structure to rationalise. Capital and Revenue accounts 6.

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in Telangana are somewhat higher even though the yields are lower. Yet, the schedule of the Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Additional Assessment) Bill, 1962, shows that the yields are lower in Telangana, even though the schedule is somewhat higher. Arbitrary and irrational rates are set, making the capital and revenue account unbalanced. The section on support clauses is of little use.

2nd August, 1962.
2nd August, 1962.


...
Government Bill.

2nd August, 1962.

Government Bill...


(1) Gross income 880 crores of rupees, of which 3 crores of

(2) Water tax of 64 crores of rupees.

(3) Rent of 220 crores of rupees.

(4) 26 crores of rupees for irrigation works.

Gross income 880 crores of rupees, of which 3 crores of

188 crores of rupees, of which 3 crores of

220 crores of rupees.

120 crores of rupees.

26 crores of rupees for irrigation works.

The drainage system has been

efficiently maintained.

The drainage section has

been efficiently maintained.

The drainage system has

been efficiently maintained.

The drainage section has

been efficiently maintained.

The drainage system has

been efficiently maintained.
2nd August, 1962.

Government Bill:

514

When Rome is on fire Nero is fiddling,
and when you are in death,
the time to look after others
is when you're looking after yourself.

Guaranteed water source can be
perennial water sources
classification and
unscientific, irrational
behavior.

The date is now
and the time to
look after others
is when you're looking after yourself.

Guaranteed water source and
perennial water sources
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unscientific, irrational
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Mr. Deputy Speaker:—You are now moving amendment No. 4.

Sri N. Ramchandra Reddy:—Yes Sir, I am moving amendment No. 4.

Sir, I beg to move:—"In item (i) after the words "Government source of irrigation specified in the schedule," insert the words, 'or from any tank fed by such source.'"

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Amendment moved.

Sri P Sundarayya:—This is an amendment to sub-clause (1) of Clause 4.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Item No. 3 will be moved separately.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Well, there is time. There are a number of names here both this side and on that side. So, I will have to restrict it. I have allowed it in the beginning.
2nd August, 1962.


Sri P. Sundarayya :— But our understanding is that Congress Members are not going to speak.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— Their names are here.

Sri P. Sundarayya :— I do not object. Our understanding is that since they are out to support all these things, it is the opposition that has to speak and offer their suggestions and other things.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— Anyway they have given their names. Let them speak.

Sri P. Sundarayya :— But then time has to be extended. It cannot be finished before 4th afternoon if the Congress Members also start participating. They cannot sit on our time. Then 4th evening also we have to sit.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— Well, let us see. Yes, Mr. Bali Reddy, Garu . . .

Sri P. Sundarayya :— I am not restricting the Congress Members. Our understanding is that when we are taking clause by clause discussion.

Mr. Deputy Speaker :— They are taking only one or two minutes.

Sri P. Sundarayya :— Let them take one minute or two minutes. It may be ten minutes. I do not restrict them. Let them speak for one hour. But if they start restricting our time, then we will have to continue on the 4th afternoon also.
Government Bill:  
The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Additional Assessment) Bill, 1962  
2nd August, 1962.

The Hon'ble Government of Andhra Pradesh

No. 518

2nd August, 1962.


Parliament House, Hyderabad,

2nd August, 1962.

The Hon'ble Governor of Andhra Pradesh,

Sir,

We, the Members of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly, being of the opinion that it is expedient in the public interest to introduce the following Bill:

"The Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Additional Assessment) Bill, 1962".

This Bill seeks to amend the Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue Act, 1962, by providing for additional assessment of land revenue and other assessable items.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

[Name]

Opposition Floor Leader

[Name]

channels


2nd August, 1962.

519

channels


2nd August, 1962.

519

channels


2nd August, 1962.

519
Government Bill:

3rd August, 1962.


[Extracted text not visible]

Mr. Deputy Speaker—We shall now adjourn and meet tomorrow at 3.00 p.m.

The House then adjourned till Three of the clock on Friday, the 3rd August, 1962.