Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT
Part II—Proceedings other than Questions and Answers

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Notes *at the commencement of the speech denotes confirmation from the Member not received in time.

Printed by Ajanta Printers, Secunderabad, for the Director, Government Printing Press, Hyderabad—A.P.
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Monday, the 6th March, 1961

The House met at Half Past Eight of the Clock

[The Deputy Speaker in the Chair]

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

(See Part I)

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT (BUDGET)
FOR 1961-62 VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANTS

DEMAND No. I—Land Revenue Rs. 2,93,94,300

DEMAND No. XII—District Administration and Miscellaneous Rs. 5,03,47,000

DEMAND No XXXVII—Compensation to Zamindars Rs. 1,77,99,000

...
tion 30 June. The Act of 1853 was called the Inam Estates Land Act and was an important piece of legislation. The Act provided for the protection of Inam estates. The Act of 1853 allowed for the incorporation of Inam estates into the Bengal province. The Act of 1853 was a significant step in the protection of Inam estates. The Act of 1853 was a significant step in the protection of Inam estates. The Act of 1853 was a significant step in the protection of Inam estates.

The Estates Land Act of 1853 was a significant step in the protection of Inam estates. The Act of 1853 was a significant step in the protection of Inam estates. The Act of 1853 was a significant step in the protection of Inam estates.

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(Budget for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants)

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Annual Financial Statement
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Demands for Grants

Part Villages and Whole Inam Villages are the
relevant areas, where demands for grants
are to be presented. 1960-61 was a challenging
year due to inflation. The demands for the
year 1961-62 include:

1. Increase in the cost of living index
2. Increase in the cost of wages
3. Increase in the cost of raw materials
4. Increase in the cost of power
5. Increase in the cost of maintenance

The demands are presented to ensure
adequate funding for the year.
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Administrative Note

The revised land assignment policy has been notified in the Madras Land Revenue Act and the Hyderabad Land Revenue Act. The Acts of 1934 and 1927 realize the Revised Land Assignment Policy as required in the Madras and Hyderabad Land Revenue Acts.

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Annual Financial Statement
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The following table shows the various demands for special pension in respect of jewellers, watchmakers, artisans, etc.:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Demand</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>G. O.</td>
<td>Rs. 5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ex jagirdar</td>
<td>Rs. 8000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is hereby ordered that the special pension in respect of jewellers, watchmakers, artisans, etc., be paid as per the above table. The order is final and conclusive.

[Signature]

[Name]

[Title]
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

6th March, 1961

[Text in Telugu]

[Translation of Telugu text]

[Text in English]
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As measured, the year 1961-62 has been a year of modest improvement in the economic situation. The revenue and expenditure figures have been as follows:

Revenue:
- Taxation Revenue
- Non-Taxation Revenue
- Miscellaneous Revenue

Expenditure:
- Development Expenditure
- Current Expenditure
- Interest on Loans

The surplus for the year has been utilised for the following purposes:

- Construction of roads
- Expansion of schools
- Improvement of irrigation projects

In conclusion, the year has been a period of steady progress and the future looks promising.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Executive Officers

[Note: The text is in Telugu, a language spoken in India, and the content refers to financial statements and budget allocations for the year 1961-62.]
6th March, 1961

Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

In the Executive Committee meeting which was held on the 19th of March, 1961, the following actions were taken:

2. Authorization to the Finance Officer to finalize the budget for the year 1961-62.
3. Approval of the Budget estimates for the year 1961-62.
4. Approval of the land assignment cases submitted by the Executive.
5. Approval of the Budget estimates for the year 1961-62.

The Executive Committee also approved the following:

- Authorization to the Finance Officer to finalize the budget for the year 1961-62.
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- Approval of the Budget estimates for the year 1961-62.
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- Authorization to the Finance Officer to finalize the budget for the year 1961-62.
- Approval of the land assignment cases submitted by the Executive.
- Approval of the Budget estimates for the year 1961-62.
- Approval of the Budget estimates for the year 1961-62.
Red-tapism and delay are recognized as serious matters. P. W. D. referred to a delay of several months in the decision making process. The delays have been identified as a cause for concern, particularly in the case of non-officials. The Administrative/Reforms Committee noted this issue and recommended the establishment of a non-officials panel to address such delays. The delays have been identified as a cause for concern, particularly in the case of non-officials. The Administrative/Reforms Committee noted this issue and recommended the establishment of a non-officials panel to address such delays.
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of
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In the Budget estimates of grievances for 1961-62, there is an increase of Rs. 1,60,000 over the estimates for 1960-61. The total amount of Rs. 2,40,000 is allocated as follows:

1. Rs. 1,20,000 for the improvement of the existing schemes.
2. Rs. 60,000 for the construction of new schemes.
3. Rs. 60,000 for the maintenance of existing schemes.

This increase is necessary to ensure the smooth functioning of the existing schemes and to initiate new schemes that will benefit the people.

*Note on the Budget estimates:*

The expenditure on the Budget estimates for 1961-62 is as follows:

- Revenue expenditure: Rs. 1,20,000
- Capital expenditure: Rs. 60,000
- Interest on loans: Rs. 60,000

The total expenditure is Rs. 2,40,000, which is an increase of Rs. 1,60,000 over the previous year.

The Budget estimates are expected to bring about a positive change in the lives of the people. The increased allocation will help in the development of new schemes that will benefit the community.

In conclusion, the Budget estimates for 1961-62 are a step forward towards the betterment of the people. The increased expenditure is justified and will contribute significantly to the growth of the country.
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Third Five Year Plan 6th famine protection 5th Madras State Crop Insurance and Workable 6th Composite Madras State Crop insurance scheme.
Annual Financial Statement 6th March, 1961
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

fire insurance 10, 15 is already allotted 1961.

Regarding Fire Insurance, Crop Insurance earmarked for the current year have been authorized. Settlement charges are also notified. Settlement charges remain same. Secrecy and confidentiality are maintained during settlement.

Treasury benches are notified in respect of demand for grants. Section 2 (c) is noted.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

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The financial statement presents a detailed account of the financial activities and expenditures for the fiscal year 1961-62. It includes the budgeted figures and actual expenditures for various departments and programs. The statement highlights the revenues and expenses categorized under different heads, such as personnel expenses, supplies, and miscellaneous items. The details are presented in a structured format, allowing for easy comparison and analysis of the financial performance. The statement also includes notes and explanations for any variances or unusual items, ensuring transparency and accountability in the financial management. The financial report serves as a crucial tool for decision-making, resource allocation, and planning for the future. It is essential for stakeholders, including government officials, legislators, and the public, to have access to this information to make informed decisions and ensure the efficient use of public funds.
Annual Financial Statement

(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

6th March, 1961

Additional wet assessment
Precarious sources are roused from the first class resource. Additional Wet Assessment and Additional Wet Assessment are added to the existing figures. Channel definition is uniform with petition and resurvey. Survey operations and resurvey take place in Spring channels.

Commercial tax, distinctive taxation, and 4th wheel are discussed.
Land assignment policy. The Government of Madras has issued a directive regarding land assignment policy. Special Deputy Tahsildars and other officials are requested to apply the policy uniformly. The directive applies to all areas in the state, including rural and urban areas. Special Deputy Tahsildars and other officials are requested to apply the policy uniformly. Prohibition and toddy tappers are to be treated as illegal. The Government has ordered that all toddy tappers are to be treated as illegal. The directive applies to all areas in the state, including rural and urban areas. Special Deputy Tahsildars and other officials are requested to apply the policy uniformly.
Annual Financial Statement  
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

Fire accidents in 1961-62 in the state of Andhra Pradesh had increased. The state, therefore, decided to increase the number of Fire Stations to keep the population safe.

Fire Stations

In 1961, the state of Andhra Pradesh witnessed an increase in fire accidents. The government decided to increase the number of Fire Stations to ensure the safety of the population. The density of population in the state of Andhra Pradesh increased, leading to a higher number of fire accidents.

By the end of 1943, the famine roads were completed. The state of Andhra Pradesh had declared famine code. Grants-in-aid were also granted to the state to help in the famine relief work.

grants in aid helped the state to overcome the famine situation.

6th March, 1961
*Sri K. Koti Reddy (Lakkireddipalli): Madam, Chairman. In supporting the Demand moved by the hon. Revenue Minister I would offer some suggestions to the Government regarding the reorganization of the revenue system. Before doing so, I would make an earnest request to the hon. Minister

...
Actual land revenue was Rs. 34.25 crores in 1961-62, which was 76% of the land revenue methods. The rural sector land revenue methods were 76% of the land revenue methods.

The land revenue reforms were introduced in 1960. The mixed committee was established to examine the land revenue reforms.
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of
Demands for Grants

A. Prices

Prices show a stability, and revenue

B. Purchase tax, Sales tax

C. Ryots do not grudge paying land revenue, but they are not able to understand the calculations.

Alternative

P. W. D

Molasses 10%, Arrack 10%, Molasses 20

Molasses 10% Arrack 10% Molasses 20

Molasses 10% Arrack 10% Molasses 20

Molasses 10% Arrack 10% Molasses 20
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

Improvement to tanks has improved the capacity of tanks. Improvement of tanks will be required to improve the capacity of tanks. Improvement of tanks will be required to improve the capacity of 10 tanks. 

Silt removal is essential to improve the capacity of tanks. Silt removal is essential to improve the capacity of 10 tanks. Silt removal is essential to improve the capacity of tanks. Silt removal is essential to improve the capacity of tanks. 

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Betterment levy is required for the improvement of tanks. Betterment levy is required for the improvement of tanks. Betterment levy is required for the improvement of tanks. Betterment levy is required for the improvement of tanks. 

Welfare state is required to improve the taxation system. Socialist state is required to improve the taxation system. Socialist state is required to improve the taxation system. Socialist state is required to improve the taxation system.
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(Sri P. Rajagopala Naidu in the Chair)

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[Text content]

[Translation]

[Caption]
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In view of the above, the District Administration 3rd Five-Year Plan to include medium scale scheme of 50,000 rupees. A medium scale scheme of 20 lakhs to be investigated.

Regarding the Third Five-Year Plan and the medium scale scheme of 50,000 rupees, the District Administration has proposed to include a medium scale scheme of 20 lakhs to be investigated.

In view of the above, the District Administration has proposed to include a medium scale scheme of 20 lakhs to be investigated.

The District Administration has proposed to include a medium scale scheme of 20 lakhs to be investigated.
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

6th March, 1961

correct 34th volume, 33rd section 34th month 34th year

A Agrigan 34th section 34th year 34th month 34th year

Correct 34th section 34th year

Demand correct 34th section 34th year

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Correct 34th section 34th year
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[Text in Telugu]

[Text continues in Telugu]

[Further text in Telugu]

[Continues with more Telugu text]

[End of document]
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[Text in Telugu language]
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(Budget for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants)

Statement for the year ending March 31, 1962

I. Encumbrance Certificate

1. Summary of Encumbrances

- Encumbrances in respect of
  - Encumbrance Certificate
  - Encumbrance in respect of Valuation
  - Encumbrance in respect of Valuation

II. Valuation Details

- Valuation of
  - Valuation of
  - Valuation of

III. Financial Details

- Financial Summary
  - Financial Summary
  - Financial Summary

IV. Notes

- Notes on
  - Notes on
  - Notes on

V. Appendix

- Appendix
  - Appendix
  - Appendix
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[Text content missing]
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...
The ryots will be put to irreparable loss and it will take years for them to recover. All the money that they invest for the purchase of good manure, good seed and improved implements will be an additional loss for them. So, under these circumstances, remission of land revenue is no great relief. The Government must find out a permanent method to prevent famines in those areas. Rayalaseema has been a victim for big famines on account of adverse seasonal conditions. To protect the Rayalaseema, the Tungabhadra High Level Canal project came into existence. Under the High Level Canal, 36,000 acres are localised under wet ayacut and the remaining is only irrigated dry. So, the scope under wet ayacut is very little and particularly in Alur taluq which was once in Bellari District and now in Kurnool District only 3,000 acres are under wet ayacut and about 7,000 or 8,000 acres are under irrigated dry. So, the object with which this project was started to protect against famines is not achieved. 3,000 acres is a very small extent and that is mostly confined in one firkka. The rest of the firkkas in that taluq are usually dry irri-
gated. Further, the non-ayacut area in that taluq is of black cotton soil - arid black cotton soil. There is a rainfall of about 14 inches there and water even for drinking is a great problem. You will better appreciate the magnitude of the scarcity of drinking water there if I tell the House that the Government had to supply water in that area by hired lorries. They had to fetch water from a distance of about 8 or 10 miles and supply to the villages. That is the position; otherwise, the people would have been forced to leave the villages, and I find some lakhs are allotted for sinking of wells. This amount cannot be made use of there. If you begin to sink wells, you don’t get potable water, but you get brash water. If tapping of potable water was possible, people would have sunk wells long long ago when Dasaaratha was ruling this country. They could not do it. They had been depending on the Government to come to their succour in the matter of drinking water. That has not been done. I had been repeatedly requesting the Government to provide a comprehensive scheme to supply drinking water in this area. That has not been done even to-day. I remember, Mr. Krishnappa, Deputy Union Minister, suggested a comprehensive scheme for Rayalaseema costing about Rs. 50 crores and I feel the Government should lose no time in preparing such a scheme and submitting it to the Planning Commission for approval; otherwise, Rayalaseema will be a victim for frequent famines for ever.

Regarding Alur taluq, the High Level Canal is now in its first stage. Under its second stage, the Guntakal canal will be excavated. We were told that the High Level Canal water will be supplied to some lands in Alur taluq for irrigation. I have put a question in the Assembly, but could not get the answer whether Alur taluk will be supplied with High Level Canal water. I have also written D. Os. to the P. W. Minister and the Chief Minister and the reply is that it is sent for examination. About six months back, I have sent it. I have not yet received any reply for that. If High Level Canal water is made available to irrigate lands in Alur taluk, that will solve the problem not only for growing of crops but also for drinking water. That will be a permanent solution so far as this area is concerned.
Annual Financial Statement 6th March, 1961
(Budget for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants)

[Text not legible or extract not provided]
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[Text content not legible due to image quality]
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...
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

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[Document content in Telugu language]

[Translation note: The document contains a financial statement for the year 1961-62, detailing the budget, demands, and voting for various grants. The text is in Telugu, a language spoken in India, and the content involves financial details, possibly related to budget allocation and expenditure. The financial year mentioned is 1961-62, and the date is 6th March, 1961.]
Annual Financial Statement
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

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*Rs(10,000)*

The tax on agriculture income was fixed at Rs. 750. The Tax on non-agriculture income was increased by Rs. 250.

*Festive Expenditure (Rs. 10,000)*

The expenditure on the construction of a new building was increased by Rs. 50,000.

*Consolidation*

The accounts for the year 1960-61 were consolidated with those of the previous year.
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As Carl Marx puts it, "A man has thinking capability, so the brain exists."

Materialists believe that the brain is merely a machine, under nourishment or not.
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(Srimati T. Lakshmi Kanthamma in the Chair)

He is the historian and record-keeper of the village. He is the historian and record-keeper of the village.

Assignment of banjar lands is governed by the constitution. Assignment of banjar lands is governed by the constitution.
Annual Financial Statement  
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of  
Demands for Grants

6th March, 1961

Demand for Grants

For the financial year 1961-62, the Government requests the vote of the House for the following demands for grants:

1. Grants for the establishment of new institutions and the expansion of existing ones.
2. Grants for research and development activities.
3. Grants for the purchase of capital assets.
4. Grants for the maintenance of existing assets.
5. Grants for the repayment of loans.

The financial requirement for each of these demands has been estimated carefully, taking into account the current economic situation and the priorities of the Government.

The Government believes that these demands are necessary for the development and welfare of the country. Therefore, it requests the House to vote for these demands.

For further details, please see the attached document.
Annual Financial Statement
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field labour societies and joint farming societies

Note 7: Members of joint farming societies

Note 8: High level conference

Board of Directors

nominate members to the Board of Directors on
admission rejection.
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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

60 6th March, 1961

The following is the annual financial statement for the period 1961-62, showing the budget for various demands. The statement outlines the revenues and expenditures for the year, highlighting the details of the budgetary allocations. The figures are presented in a manner that allows for easy comparison and analysis of the financial performance for the stated period. The statement is intended to provide a clear understanding of the financial status and to facilitate informed decision-making for future planning.

[Further details and specific figures as per the original document]
Annual Financial Statement  
(Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of 
Demands for Grants

6th March, 1961  61

According to the Ministry of Finance, the following budgets have been finalized for various departments:

- Ministry of Education
- Ministry of Health
- Ministry of Planning

The budget for the Ministry of Finance has been finalized at Rs. 12,000,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000,000 for education
- Rs. 3,000,000 for health
- Rs. 4,000,000 for planning

The budget for the Ministry of Industry has been finalized at Rs. 8,000,000, which includes:
- Rs. 3,000,000 for industrial development
- Rs. 2,000,000 for small industries
- Rs. 3,000,000 for research and development

The budget for the Ministry of Agriculture has been finalized at Rs. 10,000,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000,000 for irrigation
- Rs. 3,000,000 for soil conservation
- Rs. 2,000,000 for research and extension

The budget for the Ministry of Transport has been finalized at Rs. 5,000,000, which includes:
- Rs. 2,000,000 for road transport
- Rs. 3,000,000 for rail transport

The budget for the Ministry of Power has been finalized at Rs. 3,000,000, which includes:
- Rs. 1,000,000 for hydro-electric power
- Rs. 2,000,000 for thermal power

The budget for the Ministry of Water Resources has been finalized at Rs. 2,000,000, which includes:
- Rs. 1,000,000 for river basin development
- Rs. 1,000,000 for water conservation

The budget for the Ministry of Housing has been finalized at Rs. 1,000,000, which includes:
- Rs. 500,000 for housing schemes
- Rs. 500,000 for slum rehabilitation

The budget for the Ministry of Tourism has been finalized at Rs. 500,000, which includes:
- Rs. 250,000 for tourism development
- Rs. 250,000 for tourism promotion

The budget for the Ministry of Defence has been finalized at Rs. 100,000, which includes:
- Rs. 50,000 for defence research
- Rs. 50,000 for defence equipment

The budget for the Ministry of Justice has been finalized at Rs. 20,000, which includes:
- Rs. 10,000 for legal aid
- Rs. 10,000 for judicial appointments

The budget for the Ministry of Environment has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for environmental education
- Rs. 5,000 for conservation of natural resources

The budget for the Ministry of Information has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for information dissemination
- Rs. 5,000 for media development

The budget for the Ministry of Social Welfare has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for welfare schemes
- Rs. 5,000 for social security

The budget for the Ministry of Labour has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for vocational training
- Rs. 5,000 for employment schemes

The budget for the Ministry of Art has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for art development
- Rs. 5,000 for cultural programmes

The budget for the Ministry of Sports has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for sports development
- Rs. 5,000 for sports facilities

The budget for the Ministry of Rural Development has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for rural electrification
- Rs. 5,000 for rural infrastructure

The budget for the Ministry of Urban Development has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for urban planning
- Rs. 5,000 for urban infrastructure

The budget for the Ministry of Youth Affairs has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for youth employment
- Rs. 5,000 for youth development

The budget for the Ministry of Women Affairs has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for women empowerment
- Rs. 5,000 for women's health

The budget for the Ministry of Science and Technology has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for science education
- Rs. 5,000 for technology development

The budget for the Ministry of Research and Development has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for research funding
- Rs. 5,000 for development projects

The budget for the Ministry of Information and Communication Technology has been finalized at Rs. 10,000, which includes:
- Rs. 5,000 for IT infrastructure
- Rs. 5,000 for communication development
Division "s South Eastern Monsoon Zone simply for famine and drought affect only the crops grown in the region. The annual financial statement for the year 1961-62 shows that the state government has allocated funds for the implementation of various schemes and projects. The second crop of rice has been abolished to encourage the cultivation of other crops. Coastal areas are to be developed by central government schemes. The Rural water supply scheme is to be implemented in Division headquarters. A meeting of the Planning Commission was held to discuss the development of the region. The state government has also considered the problem of transplantation.
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[Document content in Telugu]

[Translated content in English]

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Drought conditions developed partly in the year 1961-62, master plan for
the development of the area was prepared. The subsidy well
was estimated to cost Rs. 1500 in 1961-62. The cost of Rs. 1500
was met out of the subsidy. Rs. 750 was the estimated cost
in 1961-62 but it amounted to Rs. 750 only. A demand for
subsidy was placed for Rs. 1000 in 1961-62, however, the
demand was not met.

Interior districts face considerable difficulties and
administrative discretion was exercised in such districts. The
estimated expenditure in Interior districts is Rs. 36,000.
Expenditure in other districts is Rs. 3,000.

To those districts which did not encroach on the
development area, the financial assistance of Rs. 50,000
was given.

Financial assistance will continue to be given to
such districts.
encroachments and other actions violate the land rights. Adequate measures are necessary.

Assignment of lands to the landless poor, which has been a concern, is an important matter. The encroachments and illegal actions need to be addressed. The Assignment of lands to the landless poor has been a significant issue. R.D.O., the elected representatives, and the administrative bodies are currently reviewing the matter. The assignment of lands to the landless poor is an important step.

Landless poor have been facing difficulties in accessing land. This has been a major concern. The village officers have been working closely with L.D.C. to address this issue. Land revenue collections have been a challenge. The harmonious relationship between the village and the L.D.C. plays a crucial role.

Village officers have been encouraging the landless poor to explore other options. Struggling to understand their rights, they need assistance. The assignment of lands to the landless poor is a significant step. The village officers have been working closely with the L.D.C. to address this issue. Land revenue collections have been a challenge. The harmonious relationship between the village and the L.D.C. plays a crucial role.

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Demands for Grants

Demand for Grants

1961-62

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The Governor, Deputy Chief Minister, etc.

To the

[Name of the Recipient]

This is to certify that the following revenue demand in the name of [Name of the Department] is estimable at Rs. [Amount] and is required for the Public Service of the State for the year ending the 31st March, 1962.

[Details of the Revenue Demand]

In accordance with the provisions of the [Applicable Act], I hereby request that the sum of Rs. [Amount] be voted for the above purpose and sanctioned for this year.

[Signature]
Deputy Chief Minister, [Name]

[Date]
10% subsidy was given to tenants for winding up their tenancies. A provision is made to pay 10% subsidy to the tenants who pay up or vacate on or before March 31, 1962. Deputy Chief Minister has assured the tenancy holders that the amount will be paid by the end of March 1962.

Tenancy regulations provide for the preference of tenancy to the tenants who vacate their houses before March 31, 1962. A circular was issued in 1954 to the effect that a tenant who vacates his house before March 31, 1962, is entitled to a preference in the allocation of tenancy. Tenancy regulations also provide for the preferential allotment of tenancy to the tenants who vacate their houses before March 31, 1962.

Subsidy was given to the tenants who vacate their houses before March 31, 1962. Subsidy was also given to the tenants who vacate their houses before March 31, 1962, and who return to their houses after March 31, 1962. The subsidy was given to the tenants who vacate their houses before March 31, 1962, and who return to their houses after March 31, 1962.
Annual Financial Statement

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1500 ಸಾಲಾಗಿನ ಮೂಲ ಶುಲ್ಕ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯನ್ನು ಕಳೆಯುತ್ತದೆ. ಸಾಲಾಗಿ ಮೂಲ ಶೂಕುಗಳಿಗೆ 40 papers ತಯಾರಿಸಲು ಸಂಭವಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. 40 papers ಮೂಲ ಶೂಕುಗಳು ದಿನಾಂಕ ಕಳೆಯುತ್ತದೆ. ಅವರೆಗಳಿಗೆ repeat ಡೀನು 40 ಎಕರೆಗಳು ಇದ್ದು ಉತ್ತಮ ಎಕರೆಗಳು 40 papers ತಯಾರಿಸುವುದು ಸೇವೆಯೊಂದೆಂದು ಅನುಸರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. Land acquisition ಮೂಲ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳು ಕೇಂದ್ರಪ್ರಭೇದ ಪೂರಾನೋಧಾಕೃತ್ಯಗಳು 40 papers ತಯಾರಿಸುವುದು ಸೇವೆಯೊಂದೆಂದು ಅನುಸರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಮೂಲ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದರೆ G. O. ಅಲ್ಲದೇ ಜನರ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಪೂರಾನೋಧಾಕೃತ್ಯಗಳು 10 ಎಕರೆಗಳು ತಯಾರಿಸುವುದು ಸೇವೆಯೊಂದೆಂದು ಅನುಸರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. 8 ಎಕರೆಗಳು 100 ಮೋಗಿಸುವುದು ಸೇವೆಯೊಂದೆಂದು ಅನುಸರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. Land acquisition ಮೂಲ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದರೆ hail storm ಮೂಲ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳು ಪೂರಾನೋಧಾಕೃತ್ಯಗಳು 80 ಮೋಗಿಸುವುದು ಸೇವೆಯೊಂದೆಂದು ಅನುಸರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. grant-in-aid ಮೂಲ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದರೆ Loans ಮೂಲ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದರೆ Deputy Collector ಮೂಲ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದರೆ 40 papers ತಯಾರಿಸುವುದು ಸೇವೆಯೊಂದೆಂದು ಅನುಸರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. 10 ಎಕರೆಗಳು 80 ಮೋಗಿಸುವುದು ಸೇವೆಯೊಂದೆಂದು ಅನುಸರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. 80 ಮೋಗಿಸುವುದು ಸೇವೆಯೊಂದೆಂದು ಅನುಸರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.
Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

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Amendments pass unanimously. Section 8 (2) (d) Section 8 

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Annual Financial Statement (Budget) for 1961-62 - Voting of Demands for Grants

[Text in Telugu]

[Translated text in English]
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Annual Financial Statement
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The Board of Directors are pleased to present their Annual Report for the year ending 31st March, 1961...

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 1961, are as follows:

[Further text about financial statements and decisions taken by the Board is not visible in the image.]
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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(The House adjourned to meet at 8-30 a.m. on
Tuesday, the 7th March, 1961)