Tenth day of the Fifth Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADeSH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Friday, the 6th August 1965.

The House met at Half-past-Eight of the Clock.

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

HIGH POWER COMMISSION TO EXAMINE THE PAY SCALES

221.—

* 46 (4141) Q.—Sri P. Shyamsundar Rao (Achanta): —Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are in receipt of any representation from the Non-Gazetted Officers that a High Power Commission should be appointed to examine their scales of pay;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the action taken thereon?

[The Minister for Law and Prisons depuised the Chief Minister and answered the questions Nos. 221 to 225]

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The representation is to the effect that a Pay Commission with a Judge of the High Court as Chairman may be appointed.

(c) The Government have issued orders in G.O. Ms. No. 97 Fin. (P.C.) dated 8-4-1965, setting up a One Man Pay Commission and appointing Shri Justice N.D. Krishna Rao, Judge of the High Court of Andhra Pradesh, as the One Man Pay Commission. The Commission has also started functioning.
Sri Pillalamarri Venkatapartlu (Nandigama):—The question is about the those of the representation. He has not answered that.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—There is a lengthy memorandum, which is here with me which contains several details. In effect, an enquiry commission should be appointed.

Whether any representation was asked for, essential points are:

1. Bringing down the prices.
2. Linking up the dearness allowance with the prices level.
3. Interim relief of Rs. 10.
4. Appointment of a Pay Commission with a Judge of the High Court as Chairman.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—To sum up in the following are the minimum demands.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Sir, I have just submitted the minimum demands and that are in the concluding paras which sum up the whole thing. May be the demand referred to by the hon. Member is contained somewhere in the body of the memorandum, but this is just what we find in the summing up.

Mr. Speaker:—The N. G. Os. seem to have gone and represented to the one man tribunal. He seems to have given some kind of assurance. Later on the Government passed orders far below what they expected. That is what I read in the papers. So the question is

Oral Answers to Questions

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Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- There is a lengthy memorandum, which is here with me which contains several details. In effect, an enquiry commission should be appointed.

Whether any representation was asked for, are essential points. Whether any representation was asked for, are essential points.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- To sum up in the following are the minimum demands.

1. Bringing down the prices.
2. Linking up the dearness allowance with the prices level.
3. Interim relief of Rs. 10.
4. Appointment of a Pay Commission with a Judge of the High Court as Chairman.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- Sir, I have just submitted the minimum demands and that are in the concluding paras which sum up the whole thing. May be the demand referred to by the hon. Member is contained somewhere in the body of the memorandum, but this is just what we find in the summing up.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :- Sir, the Interim Report of the Commission was considered. That does not mean that whatever the commission has recommended has been accepted in toto. At the moment the report is a confidential thing. It is not a final report. The report may consider whether or not it is accepted. Whatever base rate it may sanction should be accepted. The hon. Member seems to have just read 100% identity as if that is the case.

Mr. Speaker :- The N. G. Os seem to have gone and represented to the one man tribunal. He seems to have given some kind of assurance. Later on the Government passed orders far below what they expected. That is what I read in the papers. So the question is
whether the Government has accepted the recommendations of the one Man Tribunal with regard to the interim relief or whether they have not accepted.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao—We have accepted. That does not mean that we have accepted hundred per cent. There may be some variations.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao—It is not correct so far as I know. Because any decision to sanction dearness allowance in our State on par with the dearness allowance prevailing in any other State presupposes that conditions are identical here and there. So far as I know the material evidence adduced before the Commission was not sent to come to a conclusive inference that this is so. Therefore in the interim report, the commission has given certain recommendations. Whether it should be on par with the other States, there was not enough material before the Commission to come to a conclusion. That is the actual position.

Centre orders to implement 50% rate of D.A. dispute traced. Implement 3% rate of D.A. pend. date. retrospective effect pay difference point made. Journal ‘White Collar Voice’ gave. Employees leaders’ recommendation. 50% implement 3%? Repeal?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao—Agreed solution is correct even correct 3% implement 50%.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao—Commission is final. Pay Commission final report dated 6th Aug. Interim recommendations orders Commission is final. Employees leaders’ representatives dated. Implementation interim relief orders recommendations must be 50% implement 3% recommendations must be 30% implement 50%.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao—In course of time they can be placed on the Table of the House. Now it is only an interim recommendation. By and large I am submitting that the interim recommendations have been accepted.
Oral Answers to Questions.


**Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:**—Sir, I have already stated my position and made it very clear that by and large they have accepted the recommendations. If there are minor variations, I cannot go into the details because it amounts to divulging the recommendations. I have said they have accepted the recommendations.

**Divulge Cabinet meeting secret document?**

**Sir:**—pointed out.

It is a recommendation made by a tribunal. I request that a copy of it may be placed on the Table of the House. I want to know whether the recommendations regarding dearness allowance have been accepted by the Government. Have the recommendations been accepted or not that is what I want to know. By and large, I want him to say yes or no.

**Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:**—I have nothing to add. A decision has not been taken at present.

**Mr. Speaker:**—What they want is whether a final decision has been taken or not?

**Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:**—I have already said that a final decision has not been taken.


Interim report Table 1081. That is not the concern of the House. Speaker traced Table 1081. So, the Finance Secretary or somebody sat there and whether they came to an agreed conclusion?

Sri Tenneti Vishwanath:—The question is whether the Finance Secretary or somebody sat there and whether they came to an agreed conclusion?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—If they have...

The Minister for Finance (Dr. M. Chenna Reddy):—The Finance Secretary was present. But to say that some agreement was reached is not proper. The Commission's position is, that they have heard both sides and given an interim report. If the House wants it we are prepared to place the report on the Table of the House.
answers to Questions.

Mr. Speaker: Did the Finance Secretary give an assurance?

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—He was only there to represent the Government. He can only express his opinion on the matter. We got it in the form of an interim report. That was considered by the cabinet and a report was given.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—The Finance Secretary was there on behalf of the Government. He expressed the views of the Government what ever it may be. Was the Finance Secretary authorised to negotiate on be half of the Government and then commit himself. Otherwise if he had gone there to express his opinion, he could not have come to an agreement.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—It is a statement of evidence before the Commission. It is not a question of arbitration where two parties sitting together come to an agreement. Whatever proceedings are with the Commission. I do not think they have come to the Government officially. He only expressed certain things and presumably representatives also expressed their opinions; and ultimately the Commission came to a decision. It was not meant for negotiations or anything of that kind, because the Commission is a competent body, and we have adopted its report.

The Finance Secretary has made a certain statement before the Commission. The Finance Secretary represents the Government there. Afterwards, why did the Government go back on that? Interim relief was granted. Minutes were taken, and any relevant information (like the Finance Secretary's reasons for the change) was considered by the central D. A. pay board. However, the decision was taken after discussion and considering all these things. For instance, what some Ministers have said in the Cabinet is not relevant. Therefore, what exactly happened is not a matter for the Government; after all, certain matters were raised and discussed, and at the moment I am not aware and the Government is not in a position to say what the Finance Secretary said. I am not also sure whether we have got the proceedings of the Commission because, I presume, that proceedings are not really a matter to be sent to the Government.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—The point is, whether the Government should consider the views of the Finance Secretary or the Report of the Commission. It is obvious that it can be only the Report of the Commission. I am personally not aware and I am not in a position to say what exactly the Finance Secretary stated before the Commission. After all, the decision is taken after discussion and considering all these things. For instance, Sir, what some Ministers have said in the Cabinet is not relevant. Therefore, what exactly happened is not a matter for the Government; after all, certain matters were raised and discussed, and at the moment I am not aware and the Government is not in a position to say what the Finance Secretary said. I am not also sure whether we have got the proceedings of the Commission because, I presume, that proceedings are not really a matter to be sent to the Government.

Finance Secretary in his Statement explained. Commission report was published. Commission report received at 11 a.m. Question hour was then the statement given. At 11 p.m. the President adjourned the House.ありました bang two questions. Finance Secretary made a statement and 100% accepted by and large. We have accepted the recommendation and the recommendation amounts to making us place the thing before the House and on the Table of the House. We have placed the Finance Minister on the table of the House. Table made in total. The recommendation in total is accepted. It does not mean that it is 100% accepted by and large. By and large we have accepted the recommendation and the recommendation amounts to making us place the thing before the House and on the Table of the House.

Mr. Speaker: The question is confidential. 100% accept the report in toto.

Dr. M. — At present, the commitment is about Rs. 6.50 crores. If their demand is conceded in toto, it will be about another Rs. 6.50 crores.

Mr. Speaker: — It comes to about Rs. 13.5 crores total.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy: — Yes.

Mr. Speaker: — Where is the question of the Speaker here? If they are willing to place the report on the Table of the House, I do not.
stand in the way. But unless I go through the report, I would not be in a position to say whether it should be placed on the Table of the House or not.

Now, we have taken half-an-hour for this and if I allow some more supplementaries, we will be completing one hour for this question itself.

Mr. Speaker : The Government is not in a position to say what the Finance Secretary has said there.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy : I have understood his point. It is true that a statement made by any officer before the Commission is not like making a public speech or anything of that kind. But, in the present context, what exactly the statement he has made, I am not in a position to commit. Then, Sir, even supposing that I as Finance Minister agree to give Rs. 20 crores and then the Commission with all its wisdom makes its own recommendation or advice, the whole Cabinet will look into the matter. If the Secretary has made a statement, it is his own responsibility; and even presuming that he has made a statement, the Commission has given a report and we have to take a decision.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy : It is neither a confession or statement nor an assurance; nothing of that kind. It is a matter of proceedings of the Commission. I do not think that we would be right in demanding a copy of the proceedings of the Commission, and then place it for discussion here; Sir, this may look very simple, but the Commission has a longer journey ahead and has to consider many things. If that kind of confession is accepted, it will be very dangerous.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy :— I propose to submit an interim report.
Mr. Speaker:—They said they would send it to me and I will decide whether it should be placed on the Table or not.

Mr. Rama Rao.—They said they would send it to me and I will decide whether it should be placed on the Table or not.

Mr. Speaker.—Danger, danger, dangerous proceedings copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, Dangerous, dangerous, dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, dangerous copies dangerous, 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that it should be immediately placed on the Table of the House....

PUNITIVE POLICE

222—

* 103 (4885) Q.—Sri S. Venayya (Buchireddypalem) :—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

the number of places at which Punitve Police forces are maintained in the State from 1-10-1964 until now during the year 1965 with reasons for the retention of the forces in each place?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao :—From 1-10-1964 up-to-date Punitve Police forces have been maintained at eleven places in the State. Invariably, the reason for continuance of the Punitve Police forces is continued factions and disturbed state of affairs in the places concerned, threatening the law and order position therein.

1. M. C. D. (Chittoor): — Is the 4th punitive police station placed in East Godavari district?

2. B. G. S. — Is the 4th punitive police station placed in East Godavari district?

3. M. M. (Nellore): — Are the 3rd and 4th punitive police stations in the same police station?

4. M. M. — The 4th punitive police station is responsible to the same police station.

5. B. G. S. — Is the 4th punitive police station in the 11th police station?

6. M. M. — The 4th punitive police station is placed in the 11th police station.
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Oral Answers to Questions

141. Mr. Saha asked the Chief Minister:

(a) Whether it is a fact that the police interfered in an industrial dispute between the workers of the National Tobacco Company and the management, and made lathi charge on the workers at Lemaile, Guntur taluk in the first week of April 1965; and

(b) if so, whether it is a fact that one woman worker and one male worker were severely injured resulting in fractures on their legs during the lathi charge.
Oral Answers to Questions.


Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Sir, the question is very intelligently worded “whether it is a fact that the police interfered in an industrial dispute between the workers of the National Tobacco Company and the management...” The police never interfered in any industrial dispute. But arising out of industrial disputes if there had taken place certain incidents regarding law and order, the police had to interfere and do what is needed.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Law and order situation arise 

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—There was an industrial dispute on 25th June, 1965, involving strikers and non-strikers. Labour Department interfered law and order situation arising out of strike. Interference by police was necessary.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—It need not go-behind the question as to who was responsible for the possible breach of peace.

Oral Answers to Questions.

(a) whether adequate police bandobust was arranged at Bhadrachalam during the Sreerama Navami celebration this year; and

(b) whether any lathi charge was made by the police against the pilgrims during the Sreeramanavami festival at Bhadrachalam in April, 1965, if so, the reasons therefor?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—The strength of bandobust was 3 Circle Inspectors, 2 Sub Inspectors, 49 Head Constables, 283 Police Constables, in addition to 2 reserve S. Is., 5 Head Constables, 3 Lance Naiks, 50 police and armed reserve. This was found to be adequate and there was no need to resort to either cane charge or lathi charge.
Mr. Speaker:—I was present there myself. There was an unprecedented crowd of 1 lakh people. The police tried their best to push back the people. Otherwise, some people would have died in this stampede. To my knowledge, it is not as though they made any lathi charge. But the police were trying to prevent people from coming nearer.

Mr. Speaker:—He wants some answer.

Mr. Speaker:—Lathi charge, cane charge 100 people 100 people. Short of beating them they must have pushed them. Unless they were pushed, they won't go back. Unless they go, they push them 100 times. Unless they push them, people will come. 100 times 100 times they won't go back. 100 times they won't go back. 100 times 100 times.

Oral Answers to Questions.

POLITICAL SCHOOLS.

225—

* 207 (5789) Q. —Sri V. Vineswara Rao:—Will hon. the Chief
Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government Officials and Executive Officers are
allowed to attend the political schools in the State; and

(b) if so, how many were allowed to attend?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) No application from any Govern-
ment servant for permission to attend "Political School" has so far
been received. Therefore, the question has not been considered.

(b) Does not arise.

P. F. —No application from any Govern-
ment servant for permission to attend "Political School" has so far
been received. Therefore, the question has not been considered.

Sri V. Vineswara Rao:—Does not arise.

P. V. Narasimha Rao:—(a) No application from any Govern-
ment servant for permission to attend "Political School" has so far
been received. Therefore, the question has not been considered.

(b) Does not arise.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—No, Sir. We have not allowed them
and the question did not arise.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Sri, it depends on the answer to the
question whether the Chairman of the Electricity Board and the Chair-
man of the R.T.C. could come under the definition of Government
Officials." Obviously they do not come and therefore the question
does not apply to them.

Sri V. Vineswara Rao:—They have executive powers and they are
Chairmen.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I am sorry, the Government do not
agree with the interpretation given by the hon. Member.

Sri Tenenti Vineswatham:—These officers hold officers which is
within the gift of the Government; they are appointed by the Govern-
ment and they can be discharged by them.
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_Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:_—The Members of the Legislature and the Speaker also are said to hold office for a period of 5 years; that does not _ipso facto_ make them Government servants and make them amenable to Government Servants’ Conduct Rules.

_Sri Tenpreli Venkatachalam:_—I am very sorry, the Law Minister has obviously misunderstood my question. The Constitution gave us the right to stay for some period; but those officers hold office within the gift of the Government, and that is the objection.

_Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:_—No, Sir. The Government appoints several people in several posts; but that does not mean that all of them are amenable to service rules as are applicable to Government servants. There is a difference between the appointment of Government servants and appointment of others, which has to be governed by its own rules.

_Sri P. Rajagopal Naidu:_—From that, can we take it that those officers can attend political meetings and give lectures?

_Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:_—Yes, since there is no bar and since they are not governed by Government Servants’ Conduct Rules they can certainly do so.

_Sri T.K.R. Sarma (Kurnool):_—Will the hon. Minister for Law be pleased to place before the House the actual conditions of service of these people who have been appointed as Chairmen of these bodies, i.e., the Electricity Board and the Road Transport Corporation, Khadi Board, etc.?

_Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:_—So long as they are doing their duties satisfactorily, their leisure is theirs; they are masters of what they have to do at other times.

_Mr. Speaker:_—And politics is their hobby. (Laughter)

_Sri Vandelakiram Ramachandra Rao (Medchal):_—Does not holding this office of Head of a Corporation disqualify them for election purposes?

_Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:_—If it is an office of profit, it certainly disqualifies them.
Sri Vaddanamra Ramachandra Rao:—Does this not constitute an office of profit?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—It is an office of profit. Therefore, as the matter stands, persons holding these posts cannot stand for election.

Sri B. K. Bhuyan:—Is this not an office of profit?

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I think, they do.

Sri K. A. S. Reddy:—Different categories have to be governed by different set of rules.

Sri B. K. Bhuyan:—Are they full-time officers of Government or not?

Sri B. K. Bhuyan:—Are they full-time officers?

Sri B. K. Bhuyan:—24 days to 30 days.

Sri B. K. Bhuyan:—Are they full-time officers of Government or not?
Oral Answers to Questions.


That is precisely what I said. It is not true. There are hundreds of people who are taking money from Government treasury. But they cannot be treated alike.

I do not agree that it is political rehabilitation. Political rehabilitation is in a political body and not in the R.T.C. Mr. A man who is unfit to be an M.L.A. is unfit for anything else. That is what he means.
Mr. Speaker.—There are the people who contested and were defeated; ultimately the Government, because they belong to that party, are trying to give them some position or other; implication is that; what other implication is there?

Mr. Speaker.—We know people who were defeated in Parliament elections were appointed as Governors.

It merely gives us an opportunity to make use of him in a different field.
Mr. Speaker:—There are a number of people. Why bring in the name of Sri Tenneti Viswanatham?

Mr. Speaker:—That is exactly what I said. Personally, I do not like it.

Sri Tenneti Viswanatham:—Thank you, Sir.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

TRAP BY ANTI-CORRUPTION D.S.P., WARANGAL.

* 226

120 (4979) Q.—Sri M. Ramgopal Reddy:—Will H.E. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:
(a) whether the Anti-Corruption D.S.P., Warangal trapped any body of Tahsil Office, Jagtial of Karimnagar District on 12-1-1965 for corruption;
(b) whether any body was arrested in that connection; and
(c) whether the arrested person was placed under suspension if so, on what date?

A.:—
(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) Yes, Sir, on 16-8-1965.
500 6th August, 1965. Written Answers to Questions

CHANGE OF WORKING HOURS TO GOVERNMENT OFFICES.

227—

* 119 (4967) Q.—Sri P. V. Ramana (Korukutlu) :— Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

whether there is any proposal to declare another Saturday in the month as public holiday in addition to the 2nd Saturday, or is there any proposal to change the present working hours of the offices from 10-30 a.m. to 5-00 p.m. to 11-00 a.m. to 3-00 p.m.

A. :—No, Sir.

HOUSE SITE LOANS TO GOVERNMENT SERVANTS.

228—

* 1887 (4783-R) Q.—Sri B. Dharmabhiksham (Valgonda) :—Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that as per the existing rules in force such of the employees who take loan for the purchase of house sites from the Government have to produce the sale deed within two months;

(b) if so, whether the Government consider to relax this rule in case of those employees who take loan and purchase site from a Housing Co-operative Society, since the time allowed is not sufficient to produce the required sale deed as the Co-operative Society has to observe so many formalities, (such as sending plans to the Town Planner and Municipality), before allotting the land to its members; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

A. :—

(a) Yes.

(b) Extension of time is being granted in deserving cases for a reasonable period.

(c) Does not arise.

UNHEALTHY LOCALITIES ALLOWANCE.

229—

* 1144 (5478) Q.—Sri Ch. Mallikharjuna (Yellavaram) :—Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) the number of unhealthy locality Villages in Rampachodavaram and Yellavaram taluks in East Godavari District; and

(b) the names of the villages in which the unhealthy locality allowance is not paid to various categories of Government employees
A:—

(a) The entire agency villages of Rampachodavaram and Yellavaram Taluks of East Godavari District were in unhealthy localities till 31-7-1968.

(b) Government have issued orders in G.O. Ms. No. 468/Fin. dated 1-8-1968 deleting 56 places in the Agency of Andhra Pradesh mentioned in the Annexure to the above G.O. from the unhealthy localities. The villages Rampachodavaram, Koyalgedem and Yuellavaram in East Godavari District are in Rampachodavaram and Yellavaram Taluks. The remaining villages of the above taluks are still unhealthy localities where unhealthy localities allowance will be admissible to the employees serving in those localities.

T.A. Rules

280—

* 1055 (5020) Q.—Sri T. Balakrishnayya (Sataveda) :—Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

whether the Government consider the advantages to liberalise the Andhra Pradesh Travelling Allowance Rules in such a way as to facilitate the Government Officers to maintain their own conveyance.

A:—

(a) No, Sir

Payment of Pension.

281—

* 1126 (5631) Q.—Sri S. Venayya :—Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to issue pension cards to all pensioners in the State at least within a period of three months after their retirement from the services; and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

A:—

(a) The Member is evidently referring to the issue of pension payment orders to the retired Government servants. The existing rules provide for the issue of pension payment order not later than the date on which the officer is due to retire.

(b) Does not arise.

Production Schemes by Khadi Board

282—

* 940 (2927) Q.—Sri K. Rajamallu (Chinnur) :—Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state;
(a) what are the productive programmes sponsored by the Andhra Pradesh Khadi & Village Industries Board during 1963-64 and 1964-65; and

(b) what are the special grants given by the State Government to the Board for the purpose?

A:—

(a) A note is laid on the Table of the House.

(b) The State Government sanctioned Rs. 3,00 lakhs in respect of the two Neera Sugar Plants at Nuzvid and Repalle.

Statement laid on the table of the House in respect of L. A. Q. No. 232 [*940(2927)]

The Andhra Pradesh Khadi and Village Industries Board is running the following units departmentally under productive programmes.

(i) The Board took over during 1963-64 the Village Industries units which were being run by the Sarvodaya Ashram, at Sarvapal in Nalgonda District with a view to set up a model estate.

(ii) The State Khadi Board has also undertaken the following other productive programmes during the period under reference.

Under Village Leather Industry, the State Khadi Board has taken up for direct implementation of Intensive Flaying Centre, Tannery etc., at Uppal, during the year 1964-65. An amount of Rs. 72,500 as Loan and Rs. 43,500 as grant has been allotted for the purpose. The work of the Intensive Flaying Centre at Uppal was started from 1st April 1964 and it is progressing satisfactorily. It is financed from the funds of the Khadi Commission. Production in the first six months periods is valued at Rs. 13,696-68 p.

(iii) Under Cottage Match Industry, the Board sanctioned during 1963-64 two Splints-making units, one at Gyarampalli in Chittoor District and the other at Biruluti in Kurnool District and the units are being run departmentally. The Assistant Regional Officer, Andhra Pradesh Khadi and Village Industries Board, Madanapalli, Chittoor District and the Regional Officer, Cuddapah are incharge of the above units respectively.

The Pattern of financial assistance to Splints-making unit consists of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Loan.</th>
<th>Grant.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Capital expenditure.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Working Capital</td>
<td></td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Recently the Board has released the following funds to the Regional Officers concerned to meet the preliminary expenditure for the starting of the units:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loan.</th>
<th>Grant.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rs.</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. to the Assistant Regional Officer Madanapalli towards Gyarampalli</td>
<td>900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. to the Regional Officer, Cuddapah as advance towards unit</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Necessary action is being taken by the concerned Regional Officers for the setting up of the units for starting production.

(ii) Under Hand Pounding of Paddy Industry, the Board has been running two marketing depots departmentally, one Big Marketing Depot at Guntur and the other Small Marketing Depot at Secunderabad Central Jail. The financial assistance for the scheme is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount Sanctioned.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Serial No. and Name of the Depot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Big Marketing Depot, Guntur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Small Marketing Depot, District Central Jail, Secunderabad</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(v) Under Ambar and Khadi Industry, the following is the productive programme sponsored by the Khadi Board during the year 1968-69 and 1964-65.

1968-69.

(1) Introduction of 1500 renovated Ambar Charkha sets by the certified Khadi Institutions financed by the Khadi Board.

(2) To rehabilitate 500 Khadi weavers by the Khadi Institutions to undertake Khadi Production activities by these weavers.

(3) To provide the working capital loan of Rs. 2,00,000 to the Khadi Institutions to develop the present productive capacity of these Institutions.

(4) To provide an amount of Rs. 20,000 as share capital loan to the Khadi Institutions to raise their borrowing Limits.

(5) Construction of 15 Small Godowns by the Institutions for their own use.

(6) To provide improved weaving implements to the 50 Khadi weavers working under the Khadi Institutions.
To provide the grant of Rs. 28,400 to the Khadi Institutions to meet their manager's salary expenditure.

To provide the grant of Rs. 12,000 to the Khadi Institutions to meet their manager's salary expenditure.

To provide an amount of Rs. 10,000 as share capital loan to the Khadi Institutions to raise their borrowing limits.

Under Palm Gur Industry, there are no productive Programmes sponsored by the Khadi Board during 1963-64 and 1964-65.

During the year 1961-62, the State Khadi Board had undertaken the productive programme of installation of two one ton sugar plants, one at Nuzvid, Krishna District and the other at Repalle, Guntur District and it is being continued during 1964-65. The programme was originally sponsored by the State Government, in the year 1959 with a view to install the two plants as Palm Sugar Pilot Plants in the G. O. Ms. No. 627, Industries, dated 5th May 1959 and M. S. 1120, Industries, dated 21st August 1959, but later on entrusted to the Khadi Board for implementation. A sum of Rs. 3,00,000 as grant for both the plants (1.5 lakhs for each plant) was sanctioned by the State Government. The break-up of this amount is Rs. 2.5 lakhs under non-recurring expenditure and 0.50 lakhs as recurring expenditure, as directed in the said G. O. The installation of the plants was entrusted by the Khadi Board to the "Bhartiya Tad Gud Shilpa Bhavan, Khadi Commission, Dehanu" and the two plants are yet to be handed over to the Board duly completed.

FACTORY BUILDINGS AT SANATHNAGAR

**233—**

*292 (2117) Q.—Sri A. P. Vajravelu Chetty (Kuppam)—Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state—

(a) how many factory buildings were completed at Sanathnagar Industrial Estates;

(b) how many of them have been occupied; and

(c) whether there is any proposal to expand the Estate?

**A.—**

(a) 91,

(b) 89,

(c) Yes Sir.
Written Answers to Questions. 6th August, 1965.

INDUSTRIAL ESTATE IN CO-OPERATIVE SECTOR

234—

* 1036 (4929) Q.—Sri P. V. Ramana:—Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) is there any proposal to establish an Industrial Estate in Co-operative Sector; and

(b) if so, where?

A:—

(a) Yes, Sir;
(b) At Sanathanagar, Hyderabad.

BUILDING FOR GOVERNMENT PRINTING PRESS.

235—

* 1212 (5961) Q.—Sri S. Vemaya:—Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(a) the time by which the construction of Government Printing Press building at Chenchalguda has to be completed;

(b) the estimated cost of the scheme; and

(c) whether there are proposals with the Government to construct residential quarters also to the staff along with the Press buildings?

A:—

(a) By the end of the financial year 1969-70.
(b) Rs. 108 lakhs.
(c) No, Sir.

HINDI LANGUAGE IN 5TH 6TH CLASS.

236—

* 417 (3743) Q.—Sarasri S. Vemaiah and Sri K. Satyanarayana:—Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

what are the circumstances under which the Hindi language is being enforced from 5th Class in Telangana area and 6th class in the Andhra area in the State now?

A:—

Orders have since been issued in G. O. Ms. No. 1859 Education dated 1st July 1965 approving the introduction of Hindi as a second Language from Class V uniformly both in the Andhra and Telangana areas with effect from the school year 1965-66.
287—

* 458 (4026) Q.—Sarvasri B. Srirama Murthy (Vizianagaram P. Raja Gopal Naidu and Ramachandra Rao Deshpande :— Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government are proposing to sanction at least one Grade I Hindi Pandit in the High and Higher Secondary Schools irrespective of the number of working hours for such pandits in the Higher forms;

(b) if so, at what stage the matter stands; and

(c) whether the Government of India approached or have offered to meet the additional financial commitments due to this measure?

A :—

(a) Yes, Sir. It is proposed to sanction at least one post of Hindi Pandit Grade I in all full blown Higher Secondary and Multi-purpose Schools irrespective of the work load.

(b) and (c) As 100% assistance is given by Government of India, they have been addressed in the matter and their reply is awaited.

B. A. DEGREE TO LANGUAGE PANDITS

288—

* 487 (4594) Q.—Sri P. Rajagopal Naidu :— Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Universities in the State to issue B. A. Degree to language Pandits if they pass English subjects in B. A. Examination; and

(b) if so, when it will be implemented?

A :—

(a) This is already in existence in Andhra University. There is however no such proposal with the other two Universities in the State.

(b) Does not arise.

TELE-COMMUNICATION AND MARINE ENGINEERING COLLEGES IN THE STATE

289—

* 758 (5777) Q.—Sri V. Visveswara Rao :— Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government proposes to start Tele-Communication and Marine Engineering Colleges;
Written Answers to Questions.  6th August, 1965.

(b) if so, when and where ; and
(c) what will be the strength of these Colleges ?
A :—
(a) No Sir.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) Does not arise.

MASTER PLAN FOR POLYTECHNICS

240—

* 681 (5273) Q.—** Sri S. Venayya :— Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state :
(a) whether there is a Master Plan for the development of Polytechnics in the State now ;
(b) if so, the details of this Plan ; and
(c) the estimated cost of the Plan ?
A :—
(a) Sir, there is no Master Plan for the development of the polytechnics in the State.
(b) Does not arise.
(c) Does not arise.

CONDITIONS LAID DOWN FOR ADMITTING PATIENTS IN T.B. HOSPITAL

241

*649 (5467) Q.—** Sri T. K. R. Sarma :— Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state :
(a) what are the conditions prescribed to admit the patients in the T. B. Hospital at Irumnuma, Hyderabad ;
(b) whether there is any Committee to consider the admissions ; and
(c) the kind of patients of who are admitted in the emergency ward ?
A :—
(a) The conditions for admitting the patients are governed by the Rules issued by Government in G. O. Ms. No. 2082-Health, dated 19th October 1967. (A copy of the G. O. is placed on The table of the House.)
(b) Yes, Sir.
(c) The patients suffering from Haymoptysis and those having spontaneous pneumothorax are being admitted in the emergency wards.
STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE
with reference to Clause (a) of L. A. Q. No. 241 [* 691 (5467)]

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

TUBERCULOSIS—TUBERCULOSIS—INSTITUTIONS—ADMISSIONS
OF PATIENTS—RULES PRESCRIBED

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

[G. O. Ms. No. 2082—Health, dated the 10th October, 1957.

Read the following:


2. From the Director of Medical Services letter No. 51195/

ORDER:

There are now the following Tuberculosis institutions in this state:

1. The Government Welfare Fund Tuberculosis Hospital,
   Nellore.

2. Hospital for the diseases of Chest and Tuberculosis
   Hyderabad.

3. Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Vicarabad.

4. Government General Hospital, Kurnool.

5. Tuberculosis and Infectious Diseases Hospital, Seethammara,
   Visakhapatnam.

6. Private Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Visrantipuram, Rajahmundry.

7. Union Mission Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Madanapalle, Chittoor
   District.

8. T. B. Hospital, Mangalagiri, Guntur District.

As the public are not generally aware of the procedure to obtain
admission to beds available in the Tuberculosis institutions
and in order to regulate the admission of Andhra Pradesh patients in
the Tuberculosis Institutions in this State, the Government prescribe
the following rules:

---
A. GENERAL.

(1) No Andhra Pradesh patient should come for admission to any Sanatorium Hospital or wing unless intimation regarding the availability of bed is received by him or by her from the following respective Liaison Officers:

- Superintendent, Government General Hospital, Kurnool.
- Superintendent, Tuberculosis Hospital, Nellore.
- District Medical Officer, East Godavari.
- District Medical Officer, Chittoor.
- Superintendent, Hospital for Diseases of Chest and Tuberculosis, Hyderabad.
- Superintendent Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Vizagapatnam.
- Superintendent, T.B. and I.D. Hospital, Seethammadhara, Visakhapatnam.
- Superintendent, T.B. Hospital, Mangalagiri, Guntur District.

2. Those who go without notice direct are liable to be refused admission.

3. The District Medical Officers or others should send application with X-Ray etc., of the patients for admission to Sanatorium, Hospital or Wing to the Liaison Officers. The opinion of the Liaison Officers in consultation with Superintendent whenever possible shall be final with regard to the suitability of a case for admission.

B. RULES FOR ADMISSION.

1. Rules for admission to General Wards. A separate waiting list of all suitable cases should be maintained by each Liaison Officer.

2. The waiting list should be divided into the following categories:

   (a) Government servants (State) and their families.
   (b) Police personnel.
   (c) Women and Children, separate.
   (d) General public.
3. Under each category referred to in item 2 above, the list should
be prepared as follows:

(i) Serial Number.
(ii) Date on which the patient is put on waiting list.
(iii) Name and Address.
(iv) Referred by District Medical Officer or Clinic or private practitioner.
(v) Age of the patient.
(vi) Disease.
(vii) State of the disease and treatment given.
(viii) Indication for surgery or not.
(ix) Date on which called and date of reporting to the Sanatorium or Hospital or wing as ascertained from the Sanatorium, Hospital or wing of Hospital authorities or
(x) Date of discharge from the Sanatorium, Hospital or wing.
(xi) Remarks.

4. The Liaison Officer should correspond with the concerned Sanatorium, Hospital or wing of Hospital authorities direct and maintain a waiting list so that they can give information at least once a month to the other District Medical Officers and Superintendents of the Hospitals as to the availability of beds in the concerned Sanatorium.

5. The Sanatorium authorities should admit "State" patients as directed by the Liaison Officers only and not by others.

6. The Liaison Officers should submit monthly reports to the Director of Medical Services in the form given below:

Statement showing the number of patients admitted and discharged during the month ending.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No. of patients in the waiting list at the month ending.</th>
<th>No. of patients admitted during the month.</th>
<th>Number discharged During the Month</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Cured. Deaths.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. The Superintendent, Government General Hospital, Kurnool, (Liaison Officer) should also intimate the availability of beds for prisoner patients in the Government General Hospital, Kurnool to the Inspector General of Prisons.
8. Each patient should be given a time limit of one week for joining. If no reply is received within five days requesting for extension of the time limit for joining, the name of the patient will be struck off the waiting list. On such applications of the patients the time limit, may be extended to a maximum of three weeks for admission.

9. Cases seen at the out-patient departments and T. B. clinics attached to the Government Medical Institutions, which are found suitable for admission should be put up on the waiting list as per the patients desire for particular Sanatorium and the same communicated in the proforma to the respective Liaison Officer.

10. Admission should be made strictly in order of the priority of entry in the waiting list unless some emergency has occurred which required immediate attention.

11. Advance cases which have no chance of recovery should not be put up on the waiting list.

12. Letters of representations received regarding to admissions of patients direct to the Sanatorium shall not be taken into consideration, but on examination if the cases are found to be suitable, they should make their turn along with other cases.

13. All Government Servants (State) not their families, if found suitable for admission, will be admitted immediately. Police personnel should be given special priority over other Government servants. The order of priority should be as follows:—

1. Police personnel. 2. Government servants (State), 3. Pregnant women and children, 4. Cases that are curable, 5. Cases of Surgery, 6. Emergencies which require immediate attention such as Hamotysis, Spontaneous, Pnumathoraciao. Whether they are on the waiting list or not, and whether they are early or advanced cases should be admitted immediately and kept in the District Hospital and other Government Institutions till the emergency disappears. After that, if they are found suitable for treatment, their names will be included in the waiting list of discharge from the Hospital Sanatorium, or wing of Hospital and readmitted from their turn comes.

14. Advanced cases among Government servants should not be admitted unless it be for purpose of issue of Medical Certificates., invaliding certificats etc.

15. Patients send by the T. B. clinic (attached to Government Medical Institutions and T. B. Hospital, Nellore for operative procedure such as Thoracoscropy, Thorcoplasty etc., should be directed immediately to the concerned Sanatorium for operation and should be sent back to the respective places after operations.

16. Only oral cases of T. B. amongst convicts should be admitted in Government General Hospital, Kurnool. First priority should be given for the admission of Convict T. B. patients for admission into the Government General Hospital Kurnool on certificate issued by the Jail Medical Officers.
17. These rules are subject to alteration by Government in the list of experience from the time to time.

Note—The rules apply to Government Welfare Fund T. B. Sanatorium, Nellore also.

**RULES FOR ADMISSION TO SPECIAL WARDS**

1. A separate waiting list should be kept for special wards in Government T. B. Institutions.

2. A registration fee of Rs. 25 should be charged for including a name in the waiting list for special wards and this amount should be remitted along with the application for admission. This amount will be adjusted towards hospital stoppages payable by the patient when admitted. If the patient does not turn up within seven days from the receipt of intimation of the vacancy of a bed and if no extension of time is obtained from the Superintendent of the Hospital or wing, or Sanatorium the registration fee collected will be forfeited to Government and the bed will be given to the patient next in the waiting list.

3. Patients from other States will be admitted only in the Special Warads.

4. When Special Warads are not available, a Cottage can be built by the Sanatorium authorities or Hospital or Wing provided the patient is prepared to pay the cost of construction of the Cottage.

**TARGET FOR VASECTOMY OPERATIONS**

A:—

(a) No Sir.

(b) (c) and (d):—Do not arise.
LOCAL FUND DISPENSARY IN VARA RAMACHANDRAPURAM SAMITHI.

243—
* 394 (3292) Q. —Sri S. Jagannadham (Narasapurpet) :- Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Local Fund Dispensary in Vara Ramachandrapuram Samithi in Chittor District has neither a doctor nor medicines for the last three years;

(b) whether the members of the staff have not been paid their salaries for the last six months i.e., from April, 1964; and

(c) if so the reasons therefor?

A:—

(a) The member is presumably referring to the Local Fund Dispensary at Chintur in Vara Ramachandrapuram Samithi. If so, regarding (a) there was no doctor for the dispensary and the Medical Officer, Kunavararam was in additional charge. But there is adequate stock of medicines.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Due to the abolition of the Agency District Board on 1st April 1964 and for want of sanction of grant-in-aid the Samithi did not pay the salaries. A Doctor has since been posted and salaries have since been paid by the Panchayat Samithi pending sanction of the grant by the Director of Public Health.

X-RAY PLANT IN GANDHI MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, WARANGAL.

244—
* 727 (5243) Q.—Sri Bh. Naganahana Rao (Warangal) :- Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) when the X-Ray plant in the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Hospital, Warangal has gone out of order:

(b) when it will be repaired; and

(c) whether the X-Ray plant given to this hospital is new or old?

A:—

(a) on 15th May 1965.

(b) Repaired on 11th June 1965.

(c) A New one Sir.

REVERTED DOCTORS AS ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

245—
* 855 (6243) Q. —Sarvase Ch. D. Naidu, P. Rajagopal Naidu and K. Narasimha Reddy.—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:
5th August, 1963

Written Answers to Questions.

(a) whether it is a fact that two Doctors who have been reverted under G. O. 227, dated 31st January 1963 are still continuing as Assistant Directors of Public Health in spite of the reversion, orders;

(b) whether they are drawing the salaries as Assistant Directors of Public Health with increments;

(c) whether the Accountant-General has raised an objection for paying their salaries and increments;

(d) whether the Government received appeals from the eligible persons to promote them in the posts of the officers reverted; and

(e) if so, the action taken by the Government.

A:—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) The answer is in the affirmative.

(c) The Accountant-General has sought for clarification in regard to the authorisation of pay and allowances of the two officers and necessary clarification was given to him.

(d) The answer is in the affirmative.

(e) The matter is under consideration of the Government.

**PROVINCIALISATION OF LOCAL FUND DISPENSARIES IN THE NELLORE DISTRICT.**

246—

* 794 (6066) Q.—Sri S. Venagay. Wtht the hon Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) names of local fund dispensaries in Nellore District now; and

(b) the names of the dispensaries out of clause (a) which are proposed to be provincialised during 1965-66?

A:—

(a) The names of the local Fund Dispensaries in Nellore District are furnished below—

1. Local Fund Dispensary, Vinjamur.
2. Local Fund Dispensary, Kaluvoy.
3. Local Fund Dispensary, Naidupet.
4. Local Fund Dispensary, Indukurpet.
5. Local Fund Dispensary, Kota.
6. Local Fund Dispensary, Buchireddipalem.
7. Local Fund Dispensary, Duggarajapatnam.

(b) There are no proposals to provincialise any of the above dispensaries during 1965-66.
MALARY ERADICATION UNITS.

247—

*852 (6416) Q.—Sarvani C. D. Naidu, P. Rajagopal Naidu and K. Narasimha Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Malaria Eradication Units working in the State present;

(b) the number of units which entered:

(1) Maintenance State;

(2) Consolidation State;

(c) the time limit imposed for the Eradication of Malaria in the State;

(d) whether it is a fact that some officials now working under Malaria Eradication Programmes are going to be utilised for Family Planning; and

(e) if so, the reasons therefor?

A.—

(a) 33.5 National Malaria Eradication Programme Units.

(b) (1) 6.79 National Malaria Eradication Programme Units

(2) 17.70 National Malaria Eradication Programme Units.

(c) There is no time limit.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) The Special Committee constituted for entry into Maintenance phase have recommended that the experience gained by the Junior Malaria Inspectors and Surveillance Inspectors in Malaria should not go waste and their services should be utilised as Family Planning Health Assistants after giving necessary training in Family Planning. As such it is proposed to absorb the Junior Malaria Inspectors and Surveillance Inspectors as Family Planning Health Assistants.

OPENING OF ONE MUSEUM AT EVERY DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS.

248—

*364 (2186) Q.—Sri N. Venkat Swamy (Peruchur):—Will the hon. Minister for Excise and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal with the Government to open one Museum for every district headquarters; and

(b) if so, when it is likely to be given effect to?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The proposal is under consideration. No definite provision has been made.

Point of Information:

re: Raising State Loans on Commission Basis

FEE CONCESSIONS TO THE STUDENTS OF VADDI COMMUNITY.

249—

*889 (6994) Q.—Sri S. Vinayak: Will the Hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the full fee concessions to the students belonging to the Vaddi community has been stopped during the current year; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

A.—

(a) No instructions have been issued by Government to the Head of the Educational Institutions for discontinuing the full fee concessions that were being granted to the pupils belonging to "Vaddi" caste.

(b) Does not arise.

COFFEE PLANTATIONS IN AGENCY AREAS.

250—

*892 (465) Q.—Sarasvati P. Rajagopal Naidu and C. D. Naidu:—

Will the Hon. Minister for Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) the money allotted for Coffee Plantations in the agency areas this year; and

(b) whether the lands at Sangareddy, Medak district been tested for Coffee plantations?

A.—

(a) An amount of Rs. 4.50 lakhs under the Social Welfare sector and Rs. 8.26 lakhs under Soil Conservation Sector of Forest Department, totalling to Rs. 7.76 lakhs for 1964-65 and an amount of Rs. 4.42 lakhs under Soil Conservation Sector and Rs. 8.02 lakhs under Social Welfare Sector totalling Rs. 7.44 lakhs for 1965-66 have been earmarked for raising coffee plantations through the Forest Department.

(b) No, Sir.

POINT OF INFORMATION

re: Raising State Loans on Commission Basis
re: Raising State Loans on Commission Basis.

Mr. Speaker:—He says that on commission basis the Government should not raise loans. Is the Government giving any commission or discount for subscribing to these loans?

Dr. A. C. A.:—We have nothing particular to add. In cases of public loans, the position is, whenever certain people come and deposit some amounts they are entitled after a month or two to come back and pay the rest of the amount and to that extent banks accommodate them. Actually, what the hon. Members are trying to point out as Commission or use of force is a relative thing, depending on how it happens in different villages. Some time is given for the people who initially deposit some amounts and if those people do not come back and pay the rest of the amount that lapses, and somebody else—some donors etc.—buy them. Some people invest initially but may not ultimately purchase the bonds. We persuade some people to pay the amounts; some of them pay some amount.

Point of Information:
re: Raising State Loans on Commission Basis.

pud the rest they are not able to pay. We try to encourage people to
say the full amount, but some times they are not able to pay the full
amount. It is a matter of interpretation.

Mr. Speaker:—He is not prepared, rather he is not in a mood
to admit the current evil practices which are going on in the villages.
It is a matter of common knowledge, but I do not think Government
can avert it. In every district the Collector or the Revenue officials
are asked to collect about a crore of rupees—the target is fixed for
every district. These officers, of course, go to the villages. A few
rich people are prepared to advance money. They collect some
amounts, small amounts of Rs. 10, Rs. 15 or Rs. 20 from the poor
ryots in the village. It goes towards interest, the banker pays
Rs. 90/- and purchases the bond worth Rs. 100 and the very next
year he can cash it and he gets an interest of about 12%. Such
things go on. I do not think any Government can do anything as
long as they fix targets for every district.

Mr. M. Chenna Reddy:—I am not rising off-hand or saying 'no'.
Sir, I think what you said about 'mood' is the 'climate'. Just at the
moment when we are launching the collection, I wanted to say that
any more discussion on this would not be useful. But I can assure
the House and you, Sir, that certain bad practices that are creeping
in, we are trying to minimise by trying to persuade the industry,
Messages from the Council:


houses and banking concerns to subscribe. I can further assure you that gradually we want to eliminate the evil of this kind.

Mr. Speaker:—There is no question of compulsion. Where is the question of compulsion?

Mr. Speaker:—There is no compulsion.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy:—It is true some quota has been allotted. We cannot go on collecting Rs. 9 crores without certain quotas, and the local officials, non-officials and leaders try their best to see that this quota is achieved.

Mr. Speaker:—We shall come to it.

Mr. Speaker:—Privilege motion.

Mr. Speaker:—Yes.

MESSAGES FROM THE COUNCIL.

Mr. Speaker:—I have to announce to the House that I have received three messages from the hon. Chairman of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council:

re:—ANDHRA UNIVERSITY (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1965.

"In accordance with rule 182 (2) of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council Rules, I transmit a copy of the Motion passed on the 6th August 1965 by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council desiring to obtain the concurrence of the Legislative Assembly in setting up a Joint Select Committee of the two Houses to consider the Andhra University (Amendment) Bill, 1965."
520  6th August, 1965.  Messages from the Council:

Motion.

That the Andhra University (Amendment) Bill, 1965 be referred to a Joint Select Committee consisting of 24 members; 6 from this Council, namely:

1. Sri M. Anandam.
5. Sri P. Sriramamurthy.

and 18 members from the Legislative Assembly; that this Council recommends to the Assembly that Assembly do join the said Joint Select Committee and communicate to the Council the names of members to be appointed by the Assembly to the said Joint Select Committee.

re:—The Sri Venkateswara University (Amendment) Bill, 1965.

In accordance with rule 182 (2) of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council Rules, I transmit a copy of the Motion passed on the 5th August 1965 by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council desiring to obtain the concurrence of the Legislative Assembly in setting up a Joint Select Committee of the two Houses to consider the Sri Venkateswara University (Amendment) Bill, 1965.

Motion.

That the Sri Venkateswara University (Amendment) Bill, 1965 be referred to a Joint Select Committee consisting of 24 members; 6 from this Council, namely:

1. Sri M. Anandam.
5. Sri P. Sriramamurthy.

and 18 members from the Legislative Assembly; that this Council recommends to the Assembly that Assembly do join the said Joint Select Committee and communicate to the Council the names of members to be appointed by the Assembly to the said Joint Select Committee.

re:—The Osmania University (Amendment) Bill, 1965.

In accordance with rule 182 (2) of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council Rules, I transmit a copy of the Motion passed on the 5th August 1965 by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council desiring to obtain the concurrence of the Legislative Assembly in setting up a Joint Select Committee of the two Houses to consider the Osmania University (Amendment) Bill, 1965.
MOTION.

That the Osmania University (Amendment) Bill, 1965 be referred to a Joint Select Committee consisting of 24 members; 6 from this Council, namely:

1. Sri M. Anandan.
5. Sri P. Sriramamurthy.

and 18 members from the Legislative Assembly; that this Council recommends to the Assembly that Assembly do join the said Joint Select Committee and communicate to the Council the names of members to be appointed by the Assembly to the said Joint Select Committee.

PRIVILEGE MOTION.

Mr. Speaker:—Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu, Sri Tenneti Viswanatham and others have given notice of a privilege motion against General Cariappa. The notice reads as follows:

"We, the following members of the House, raise a question involving a breach of privilege of the Assembly. General K. M. Cariappa is a retired Commander-in-Chief of our country. He has written an article which is published in Indian Express on Monday, July 19, 1965, under the caption 'The international situation today' where it is stated that 'a great deal of time seems to be taken up in our parliaments, at the centre and at the state levels, by politicians in mudslinging at each other in many cases 'dog eating dog'. These words constitute clearly a breach of privilege and contempt committed against the members of the House. These words also constitute a contempt of the hon. Speaker of the Legislative Assembly as the Speaker is also a member of the House; secondly these words interfere with the conduct of the business of the House. In essence these words reflect on the proceedings of the House and consequently diminish the dignity and decorum of the House.

General Cariappa deliberately used these words intending to defame the business of the House. We should not allow this attitude to go unchallenged. We request you to admit this motion and refer it to the Committee of Privileges of the House under rule 181 of the Assembly Rules.

Two other members Sri A. Ramachandra Reddy and Sri K. Govinda Rao have also given notice of another motion. I shall read it out:

"Under rule 173 of the rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business, I wish to raise the following question involving a breach of privilege of our Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and the members there of:

Calling attention to a matter of urgent Public Importance
re: Atrocities of Police in Bandankal, Sircilla Taluk.

In re: Article of General K. M. Cariappa (Retd.) published in Indian Express, dated 19th July 1965 (Vijayawada Edition), under the caption 'The Internal Situation Today'..

The above article contains the following remarks of General Cariappa:

'A great deal of time seems to be taken up in our parliaments at the Centre and at State levels, by politicians in mudslinging at each other and in many cases 'dog eating dog'.

The above sentence read in context with other observations of the author suggesting President's rule, constitute gross contempt of this House and the members thereof, as it gives a cheap picture of the legislators and their work in the House. These remarks also suggest that the legislative bodies both at the centre and at the State levels are useless bodies, thus undermining the dignity and prestige of this House as well. The comparison of parliamentarians to those of dogs is a matter of serious concern.

General Cariappa by writing the above article and also the Editor-in-Chief who allowed the above remarks to be published and the publisher of the article are all individually responsible for this contempt.'

Mr. Speaker:—The hon. Member wants me to read out all names? They are: Sarvasri Vanka Satyanarayana, Tenneti Viswanatham, N. Prasadarao, J. L. N. Choudary, Pooja Subbaiah, P. V. Ramana, A. Sarveswararao, V. Srikrishna, V. Visweswararao, Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu and Sri Vavilala Gopakrishnayya.

Mr. Speaker:—We shall take it up tomorrow.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

re: Atrocities of Police in Bandankal, Sircilla Taluk.

Mr. Speaker:—There is a motion under Rule 74 of which Sri M. Ramgopal Reddy has given notice.

65. Mr. Speaker:—I move that this House takes notice of the following matter of urgent importance:—...
Calling attention to a Matter of urgent Public Importance:
re: Atrocities of Police in Bandankal, Sircilla Taluk.


Calling attention to a Matter of urgent Public Importance:
re: Atrocities of Police in Bandankal, Sircilla Taluk.

7-6Atrocities of Police in Bandankal, Sircilla Taluk.

Atrocities of Police in Bandankal, Sircilla Taluk.

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair)

Asa Mulaqat Hinda ka Wahan la Aabaro Aqii Chhera - Wahan Rozana jo

Mulaqat Dhalin Jo Chhera - Wo Aaye Chhera Chhe Khao Gaoron jo

Kun Jo - Aaye Chhera chhe Gaaron jo - Wahan Rozana jo

Mulaqat Dhalin Jo Chhera - Wo Aaye Chhera Chhe Khao Gaoron jo

Kun Jo - Aaye Chhera chhe Gaaron jo - Wahan Rozana jo

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Mulaqat Dhalin Jo Chhera - Wo Aaye Chhera Chhe Khao Gaoron jo

Kun Jo - Aaye Chhera chhe Gaaron jo - Wahan Rozana jo

Mulaqat Dhalin Jo Chhera - Wo Aaye Chhera Chhe Khao Gaoron jo

Kun Jo - Aaye Chhera chhe Gaaron jo - Wahan Rozana jo

Mulaqat Dhalin Jo Chhera - Wo Aaye Chhera Chhe Khao Gaoron jo

Kun Jo - Aaye Chhera chhe Gaaron jo - Wahan Rozana jo

Mulaqat Dhalin Jo Chhera - Wo Aaye Chhera Chhe Khao Gaoron jo

Kun Jo - Aaye Chhera chhe Gaaron jo - Wahan Rozana jo

Mr. Speaker, Sir, Cuddapah district is an endemic area for cholera and has been declared as one of the main endemic districts in the State. Till 28th February 1945 there were 76 attacks and 27 deaths in
Government Bill:  

Jammalamadugu taluk, Narasapur Block. In Cuddapah Block and Municipality Cuddapah there were no attacks till the end of March 1965. Sporadic cases occurred in Cuddapah Block and Cuddapah Municipality during April, May and June 1965 wherein there were 118 attacks and 8 deaths. They were diagnosed as Gastro Enteritis. Very recently 58 attacks and 5 deaths were reported in Cuddapah Block and Municipality. It has to be noticed that most of the cases are being reported from District Headquarters Hospital, Cuddapah and a majority of the cases were brought from the villages. Till now only two cultures were positive with vibrio cholera and all the rest were reported to be negative. Only one or two cases were found in each village and during the whole period there was never a severe outbreak. This infection looks more like non-specific infection other than vibrio cholera as the severity of the disease and the mortality rate were low, but for the purpose of prevention and control of Gastro Enteritis cases have been considered as cholera and all preventive measures are being adopted in all cases. The District Health Officer and the Health staff have been carrying out these measures very regularly as if the cases were cholera. The present situation is under control and all measures are being taken. The infection is milder. The Assistant Epidemiologists is being deputed immediately to give the necessary advice to the District Medical Officer and the District Health Officer, Cuddapah.

The population of the Cuddapah Block is about 90,000 and more than 50 per cent of the population have been inoculated. Similarly, more than 50 per cent of the population in Cuddapah Municipality have also been inoculated. The Director, institute of Preventive Medicine is being requested to rush additional supplies of vaccine.

GOVERNMENT BILLS.


Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The Chief Minister will now move for leave to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Charitable and Hindu Religious Institutions and Endowments Bill, 1965.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—Sir, on behalf of the Chief Minister I beg to move:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Charitable and Hindu Religious Institutions and Endowments Bill, 1965."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

Non-official Business:

Bills:


Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is only leave for introducing.

The motion was adopted.

Afr. Dr. — Motion moved.

(Pause)

The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Charitable and Hindu Religious Institutions and Endowments Bill, 1965."

The motion was adopted.

The Andhra Pradesh Sugar Cane Crop Land Revenue Assessment Bill, 1965.

The Minister for Revenue (Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy):—Sir, I beg to move:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane Crop Land Revenue Assessment Bill, 1965."

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is.

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane Crop Land Revenue Assessment Bill, 1965."

The motion was adopted.

NON-OFFICIAL BUSINESS,

BILLS:


Let the Home Minister inform as to what happened about his promise that Government were going to bring a Bill in this House.
Mr. Deputy Speaker.—Last time the hon. Minister said that it would be introduced in this session.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—We shall try to bring it as soon as possible.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—If the Government is going to introduce it in this session, I shall not press my Bill.

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—I do not think it is possible.

That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Money Schemes Gambling Prohibition Bill, 1965.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is.

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Money Schemes Gambling Prohibition Bill, 1965."

(Shouts of 'No, No' from Treasury Benches).

Sri P. Rajagopala Naidu:—We are very sorry that the convention is lost.

The Question:—The question is.

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Money Schemes Gambling Prohibition Bill, 1965."

(Shouts of 'No, No' from Treasury Benches).

Sri P. Rajagopala Naidu:—We are very sorry that the convention is lost.
Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—We are not opposing.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Money Schemes Gambling Prohibition Bill, 1965."

The motion was adopted.


Sri A. Sarveswara Rao:—I beg to move:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Students and Unemployed (Removal of Disabilities) Bill, 1965.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Motion moved.

Mr. V. Satyanarayana:—Mr. Speaker, the question is whether it is necessary to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Students and Unemployed (Removal of Disabilities) Bill, 1965. Are the attestation, authentications and copies insist valid?

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Students and Unemployed (Removal of Disabilities) Bill, 1965."

The motion was adopted.

RESOLUTION

re: Food Situation in the State

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—We will now continue the discussion on the non-official resolution moved by Sri V. Satyanarayana on 29th July 1965.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—On a point of order Sir, are we discussing the serious discussion? He is speaking.

We will continue the discussion in the House. Thank you. Thank you very much.
Resolution: 6th August 1965. 529

re: Food Situation in the State.

House 5th Aug. Mr. Speaker. The hon'ble Minister for
Agriculture gave us an assurance that the food
situation is normal. He also stated that there are no
serious allegations. However, the hon'ble Minister
stated that there are serious issues and allegations.

Mr. Speaker, it is very serious. There are serious
issues, allegations, counter allegations, etc.

What is the definite action that we can take? Can we
censure this particular Minister for his absence and for
running away from the House.

Sri N. Ramchandra Reddy—I take strong objection to
the words used ‘running away’ and all that. It is not
deduction of duty or any thing. Some telegrams have
been received that this food situation is not up to the
mark and famine conditions are existing. So, on
the basis of those telegrams, the Minister for
Agriculture has gone there.

Sri N. Ramchandra Reddy—I am here to deputise for
him and answer all the points that have been raised by
the hon'ble Members.

Sri N. Ramchandra Reddy—Chair decision 100 House
session 5th Aug. Hon'ble Minister, you have said that
famine conditions are existing. But, Food Minister
stated that they are not existing.
Resolution:

Re: Food Situation in the State.


Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:— Yesterday, Sir, the Minister for Agriculture met the Hon. Speaker and took his permission and then he has gone.

He said, "Sir, a meeting was held yesterday with important officials of the Food Corporation of India, and I have decided to continue statutory rationing in the twin cities because of the prevailing food shortage."

The Hon. Speaker asked him to make available the food stocks to the people. The Minister promised to do so. The Hon. Speaker said that the public is not satisfied with the current food situation and asked the Minister to take immediate steps to improve it. The Minister assured him of his best efforts to address the situation.

Food Corporation of India has been procuring buffer stocks to meet the demands of the people. The Hon. Speaker expressed his satisfaction with the steps being taken by the Government to stabilize the food situation.
Resolution:

Food Situation in the State.

Re: Food Situation in the State.


Alternative arrangements have been made to meet the food requirements of the State. The arrangements have been made in consultation with the local dealers and wholesalers. The prices of food commodities have been fixed at the following rates:

- Rice: Rs. 5.00 per quintal
- Wheat: Rs. 6.00 per quintal
- Maize: Rs. 7.00 per quintal
- Pulses:
  - Red Gram: Rs. 10.00 per quintal
  - Black Gram: Rs. 12.00 per quintal
- Edible Oil: Rs. 20.00 per quintal
- Salt: Rs. 5.00 per quintal

The latest position of the food market is as follows:

- Rice: Rs. 6.00 per quintal
- Wheat: Rs. 7.00 per quintal
- Maize: Rs. 8.00 per quintal
- Pulses:
  - Red Gram: Rs. 12.00 per quintal
  - Black Gram: Rs. 14.00 per quintal
- Edible Oil: Rs. 22.00 per quintal
- Salt: Rs. 7.00 per quintal

The prices have been fixed to ensure a fair and reasonable profit to the dealers. The government has taken all necessary steps to ensure a steady supply of food commodities to the State.
Resolution:

Food Situation in the State.


In order to maintain a healthy food situation in the State, the following steps have been taken:

1. A zonal system has been introduced, with special arrangements for various districts.
2. Districts have been divided into two zones, with a move towards a more efficient system.
3. Special efforts have been made in zones 10 and 20, with a focus on improving the food situation.
4. The State has received a surplus from the Central Government, which has been distributed to appropriate districts.
5. An estimation of the food resources available in various districts has been made, with a focus on ensuring a steady supply.
6. Special emphasis has been placed on areas where food scarcity is inevitable, with measures to ensure a stable food situation.

These steps have been taken to ensure a healthy food situation in the State, with a focus on maintaining a steady supply of food resources.
Resolution:

Food Situation in the State.


Resolution:


1. Squade 125 rupees transport charges.

2. 25% additional stocks.


4. Supply "B" grade buffer stocks.

5. Prohibit informal rationing.


7. Food policy.

8. Production.
Resolution:

Food Situation in the State.

Food production has shown a decline and the hunger strikes have affected food production. The Secretary, Mr. V. K. R. Reddy, has addressed the situation. A resolution of 20 crores for food production has been passed. Food production in 1961-62 was 1,112.17 thousand crores, and in 1962-63, it was 67.5 thousand crores. The deficit was 58 crores.

The food situation is very critical. In 1961, the food production was 14,630 thousand crores as against a surplus of 14,590 thousand crores, a deficit of 40 thousand crores.

1. The work of the food corporation has been very effective. The food surplus has been utilized effectively.

2. The food production in the state has been very critical. The food production in 1961 was 1,112.17 thousand crores, and in 1962, it was 67.5 thousand crores. The deficit was 58 crores.

3. The work of the food corporation has been very effective. The food surplus has been utilized effectively.

4. Food production in the state has been very critical. The food production in 1961 was 1,112.17 thousand crores, and in 1962, it was 67.5 thousand crores. The deficit was 58 crores.
Resolution:


Re: Food Situation in the State.

14 C. 95% of the cultivated area is irrigated, being 19.07% in 1950-51, 3 C. 9% 312.5 in 1951-52 rising to 71.34% in 1952-53, making the area in irrigation 25.05% in 1950-51. In 1951-52, the irrigated area was 12.07%, rising to 19.07% in 1952-53, and the irrigated area was 25.05% in 1950-51.

The Food Situation in the State.

3 C. 1962 saw a decrease in production, with lower yields in different crops. In West Godavari District, the production of rice was 16.4% lower in 1962 compared to 1961. The production of dry areas was 21.6% lower in 1962. The production of dry areas was 15.4% lower in 20% in 28% of the area.

The production of food crops in 10 districts was affected by drought conditions. The per acre yield of rice was affected by drought conditions. The per acre yield of rice was 1050-51 1.9 acre, 181.47 acre in 1961-62, 241.3 acre in 1960-61, 82.8% in 1950-51, 89.66 acre in 1950-51, 19.66 acre in 1961-62, 198.5 acre in 1960-61, 118.5 acre in 1960.

The production of dry areas was 29% in 1961-62, 22.87 acre in 1960-61, 61-62 44.44 acre in 1960-61. The production of dry areas was 98% in 1960-61. The production of dry areas was 53.33 acre in 1960-61, 62-63 69.19 acre in 1960-61. The production of dry areas was 85% in 1960-61. The production of dry areas was 58% in 1960-61, 62-63 75 acre in 1960-61.
Resolution:

re: Food Situation in the State:

6th August, 19...

In view of the food problem in the city, Reserve Bank has sanctioned Rs. 1,500 crores crop loan to the State crop loan system. Credit recovery is a serious problem. Reserve Bank has taken steps for the credit facilities. Credit recovery is an important aspect of the crop loan system. Credit recovery under the 1982 loan will be recovered. Reserve Bank has taken steps for the credit facilities. Credit recovery is an important aspect of the crop loan system.

Reserve Bank has taken steps for credit facilities. Credit recovery is an important aspect of the crop loan system. Reserve Bank has taken steps for credit facilities. Credit recovery is an important aspect of the crop loan system.

Reserve Bank has taken steps for credit facilities. Credit recovery is an important aspect of the crop loan system. Reserve Bank has taken steps for credit facilities. Credit recovery is an important aspect of the crop loan system.
Resolution:

re: Food Situation in the State.

The food situation in the State is critical. The problem of food shortage in the State is acute. The Assembly has decided to take immediate steps to solve this problem. The State Government has allocated funds to purchase food grains from the open market. The State Government has also decided to set up a Food Corporation to handle the distribution of food grains. The Food Corporation will be responsible for procuring and distributing food grains to the needy. The State Government has also decided to set up a Food Bank to store excess food grains. The Food Bank will be responsible for distributing food grains to the needy. The State Government has also decided to set up a Food Emergency Fund to provide financial assistance to the needy during times of food crisis.
Resolution.

Food Situation in the State:

638 August, 1965.

Planning Commission has been appointed to study the food situation in the State and to make recommendations. The Commission consists of experts in the field of agriculture, economics, and social sciences. The Chairman of the Commission is to coordinate the work of the Committee and to report to the Government.

The Commission is expected to submit its report within six months from the date of its appointment. The report will be presented to the Government for consideration and action.

The Government will take appropriate steps to implement the recommendations of the Commission to ensure food security for the people of the State.
Resolution:

Food Situation in the State.


100 5. 5 livestock in the district have been severely affected by drought and famine. 5. 5% of the livestock have died. All efforts have been made to save the livestock. However, the situation is critical. The food situation in the State is also critical.

According to the recent reports, the food situation in the State is critical. The government has issued an emergency food proclamation. The government has also applied for international aid. The government has requested the international community for assistance.

The government has appealed to the people to contribute to the food relief fund. The government has also requested the international community for assistance.

The government has appealed to the people to contribute to the food relief fund. The government has also requested the international community for assistance.

The government has appealed to the people to contribute to the food relief fund. The government has also requested the international community for assistance.
Resolution:

re: Food Situation in the State.

5th August, 1965.

The...

Food Situation in the State.

The situation regarding food supplies in the state is as follows. The state is facing a shortage of food due to several reasons. The prices of food commodities have increased significantly. The state government has taken necessary steps to control the situation.

Central control over the state's food supplies has been imposed. The state has been divided into 100, 200 and 300 areas, each under the control of a permit holder. The prices of food commodities have been regulated to ensure fair distribution. The state government has taken necessary steps to control the situation.

prices
state
trade
Resolution

re: Food Situation in the State:


Food Corporation...
Resolution:


re: Food Situation in the State.

...
Food Situation in the State.

In the recent past, the food situation in the state has been deteriorating. The production of food crops has been affected due to adverse weather conditions. The crop failure has led to a decrease in the availability of food grains in the market.

The government has taken several measures to control the situation. They have increased the import of food grains and are providing subsidies to farmers to encourage them to increase production. However, the situation remains critical, and the government is working on long-term solutions to ensure food security.

Resolution:

The resolution aims to address the food situation in the state. It emphasizes the need for immediate action to mitigate the situation and long-term strategies to ensure food security. The resolution calls for increased investment in agriculture, efficient distribution of food grains, and support for vulnerable communities.

The resolution also highlights the importance of public awareness and education about the importance of food security. It calls for collaboration between the government, farmers, and other stakeholders to achieve the goal of food security.

Food Situation in the State.

Mr. Speaker, Sir:

This motion which we are discussing has become more or less a dilatory one, because we are discussing it again and again. In view of the fact that yesterday also we discussed rationing and previously in the debate on the Governor's Address also we discussed it and disposed of certain cut motions, I do not think any useful purpose will be served if we continue the discussion on this resolution. So, if you permit me...

Resolution:  
re: Food Situation in the State

I would move the closure motion or I would request you to close the debate. The Chief Ministers' Conference is taking place today and tomorrow at Delhi and they are going to take policy decisions on the national food policy. So, to discuss that policy now today, I think will not serve any purpose.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—It is for the House to decide. I do not have any objection. But the withdrawal of the resolution has to come from one who has moved it. Closure could be there or any other thing could be there. But as per rules, withdrawal should come from the mover of the resolution. I think it would not be consistent for us at this stage to say whether it is dilatory or not. I suppose continuity is there. They have got more additions to make, some other suggestions to give. It is a continuity of the same speech. Well Mr. Baga Reddy gave more information about land reforms and other things.

Sri C. Madhava Reddy:—After the decision of the conference is known, we can discuss the same issue.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Another resolution may come up.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao:—I do not think we should decide about its dilatoriness. Of course, it is open to the House to take any decision, as it likes. Particularly in a matter like food, there can be any amount of discussion at any time. There is always something more to be said. So, we need not move a closure. We shall leave it to the House.

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—If any one moves, then it goes to the House.

Sri C. Madhava Reddy:—I only made a submission with your permission.
Resolution:

re: Flood Situation in the State.


Check floodwaters in the state. Over 50 hectares of lands have been damaged. A request has been made to settle flood damages. Over 10 hectares of brokers have been affected. Over 40 hectares of lands have been flooded. Flood waters have reached chronic levels. The situation is serious.

Congress political project was closed. The flood situation was critical. Over 7 hectares of lands were affected. The Congress projected the situation. Over 10 hectares of lands were affected. The Congress projected the situation. Over 10 hectares of lands were affected. The Congress projected the situation. Over 10 hectares of lands were affected. The Congress projected the situation.

Congress has projected the situation. Over 10 hectares of lands were affected. The Congress projected the situation. Over 10 hectares of lands were affected. The Congress projected the situation. Over 10 hectares of lands were affected. The Congress projected the situation.

harness for minor irrigation, medium irrigation projects have been petitioned. Over 2 hectares, 2 hectares, 4 hectares, 5 hectares, 6 hectares, 7 hectares have been petitioned. Over 2 hectares, 2 hectares, 4 hectares, 5 hectares, 6 hectares, 7 hectares have been petitioned.

petition for consideration. Over 2 hectares estimates have been petitioned, over 6 hectares estimates have been petitioned, over 7 hectares estimates have been petitioned.

Resolution:

re: Food Situation in the State.

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Resolution:

re: Food Situation in the State.


The situation of food in the State is as follows:

1. The current grain production in the State is estimated to be 50,000 metric tons.
2. The State has imported 3,000 metric tons of rice and 2,000 metric tons of wheat.
3. The grain stock in the State is sufficient for 3 months.
4. The State government has allocated 10,000 metric tons of grains for distribution among the needy.
5. The grain prices in the State are controlled and are within the range of Rs. 10 per kg.

The government is continuously monitoring the situation and will take necessary actions if required.

Signed,

[Signature]

[Name]

[Position]

Resolution:

Re: Food Situation in the State.

The situation in the State is critical. The food supply is inadequate and storage facilities are inadequate. The situation is further compounded by the lack of adequate storage facilities. The government has taken various measures to improve the situation. These include the allocation of 10,000 tons of foodgrains, 20,000 tons of foodgrains, and 50,000 tons of foodgrains. In addition, the government has taken steps to increase agricultural production.
Resolution:


Food Situation in the State.

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Defend (the typical reaction)
Resolution:
re: Food Situation in the State.


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Resolution:

re: Food Situation in the State.


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Prices control by Food Department, hoarders & black marketeers to be detained.

Action by political parties not to disaffection create political consciousness to support vested interests.

Congress as political party to organise political party in the State.
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Resolution:

re: Food Situation in the State.


(The Bell was rung)

(The Bell was rung)
Resolution:


Food Situation in the State.

In the present circumstances, the food situation in the State is critical. The government has taken immediate steps to control the situation. The following measures have been implemented:

- Nationalisation of food grains
- Stoppage of inter-state transactions in private sector
- Statutory rationing in major towns
- Informal rationing in villages
- Total procurement

These measures are aimed at ensuring food security for the population. The opposition has expressed concern about the government's policies and has demanded more effective measures to address the situation.
Resolution:


Resolution:

re: Food Situation in the State.

The Secretary propounded a Resolution regarding the Food Situation in the State. The Members expressed their satisfaction and the Resolution was adopted without any opposition.

The Resolution states that the Food Situation in the State has improved significantly. The Members appreciated the efforts of the Administration in ensuring adequate food supplies to the people. It was also noted that the implementation of certain schemes has contributed to the improved situation.

It was decided that the Administration should continue its efforts to ensure a steady supply of food to the people. The Members also suggested that steps should be taken to improve the storage facilities to prevent post-harvest losses.

The Secretary commended the Administration for its efforts and assured the Members that the Government would continue to work towards ensuring a better Food Situation in the State.

The Resolution was adopted unanimously.

End of the Resolution.
Resolution:

Food Situation in the State:


The situation in the State as of 6th August, 1965, shows a food deficit of 40-60 thousand tons. The following crops are in short supply:

- Rice: 30,000 tons
- Wheat: 50,000 tons
- Pulses: 25,000 tons
- Oilseeds: 10,000 tons

The Government has taken steps to import 60,000 tons of rice, 50,000 tons of wheat, and 10,000 tons of pulses. The situation is expected to improve in the coming months with the harvest season.

The Cabinet has approved the following measures to address the food shortage:

1. Import of 60,000 tons of rice
2. Import of 50,000 tons of wheat
3. Import of 10,000 tons of pulses
4. Allocation of 10,000 tons of oilseeds for processing

The State Government has also taken steps to increase local production and improve storage facilities.
500 రూ. రెండు శతాబ్దాలు రెండు ప్రపంచ యుద్ధాలు వరకు విధానాలు నిపుణులు నీరు కేసరి దాని ద్వారా ప్రసిద్ధి ప్రమాణం చెందాయి. 1962 లో ప్రపంచ యుద్ధం సంచలన పద్ధతి కావడంతో ప్రపంచ సంఘాతికా కొనసాగించడంతో విధానాలు ఆధ్యాత్మిక పద్ధతి విధ్యాదన చీత్యాదనత్వం జరిగింది. 1963 లో ప్రపంచ యుద్ధం సంచలన కోషిస్తే విధానాలు ఆధ్యాత్మిక పద్ధతి విధ్యాదన చీత్యాదనత్వం జరిగింది.

Resolution:

re : Food Situation in the State.
Resolution:


re: Food Situation in the State:

(Sri B. V. Siviah in the Chair)

The food situation here is currently critical. The consumers are facing serious problems.

1. The lengthening of queues is a major issue.
2. The distribution of food is being adversely affected.
3. The political gambling dens are being used to manipulate the situation.
4. The entire atmosphere is being corrupted.
5. The transport is also affected.

Millet distribution is being hampered. The situation is dire.

Resoluti 31:

re: Food Situation in the State.

delay on transport. Food stock is exhausted. National ration suffers scarcity. Statutory rationing is in operation. Administration & political reaction are required. That is where the cat is out of the bag. That is called the system.
Resolution.

re: Food Situation in the State.


Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair

The total food deficit state was...

Resolution:
re: Food Situation in the State.

- Food Committee to ensure public enforcement of Food monopoly in this also seems to be a monopoly.
- Distribution of food to public and enforcement of statutory food procurements in the event of shortage.
- Border check posts and procurement of food in the event of scarcity.
- Main aim is main limit to the limit.
- Food Minister said, "Food Committee to ensure public enforcement of Food monopoly in this also seems to be a monopoly."
Resolution.

Food Situation in the State.

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Food Situation in the State.
Resolution.

re: Food Situation in the State.


Food Situation in the State.

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Resolution:
re: Food Situation in the State.

6th August, 1985,

Food Corporation

Controlled articles: By order of the Government, all articles which are considered essential are being rationed. Statutory rationing is as follows: Food Corporation has been directed to distribute the following commodities:

- 1500 distributed already
- 8500 are in process
- 1500 are to be distributed

Processed articles: Processed articles are being distributed under the Food Corporation. As per the regulations, officials and non-officials are to report the reports to the officer in charge of the area.

165—12
Resolution:

re: Food Situation in the State.


Respectfully,

MR. AND MRS. COFFEE BOARD,

Sir,

We, the members of the Coffee Board, hereby submit the following report:

The coffee situation in the State is as follows:

1. The quality of the coffee has been satisfactory.
2. The quantity of the coffee has been adequate.
3. The price of the coffee has been reasonable.

We, therefore, recommend:

1. That the quality of the coffee be maintained.
2. That the quantity of the coffee be increased.
3. That the price of the coffee be adjusted.

We, the members of the Coffee Board, hereby undertake to ensure that the coffee situation in the State remains stable.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

[Name]

Chairman, Coffee Board.
Resolution.

6th August, 1965. 567

re: Food Situation in the State.

Coffee growers. Coffee growers of the state have raised the issue of coffee situation. The Coffee Board has agreed to allow coffee growers to distribute coffee internally. The Board has also allowed internal sales only through producer cooperatives. The growers have complained about the low price of coffee. The Coffee Board has decided to fix the price at 7.00 per quintal for internal sales and 4.00, 5.00 per quintal for external sales. The growers have also complained about the distribution system. The Board has decided to fix the price at 17.00 per quintal for standard quality coffee. The growers have also complained about the quality of coffee. The Board has decided to fix the price at 1,000 per quintal for standard quality coffee. The growers have also complained about the quality of coffee. The Board has decided to fix the price at 1,000 per quintal for standard quality coffee. The growers have also complained about the quality of coffee. The Board has decided to fix the price at 1,000 per quintal for standard quality coffee. The growers have also complained about the quality of coffee. The Board has decided to fix the price at 1,000 per quintal for standard quality coffee. The growers have also complained about the quality of coffee. The Board has decided to fix the price at 1,000 per quintal for standard quality coffee. The growers have also complained about the quality of coffee. The Board has decided to fix the price at 1,000 per quintal for standard quality coffee.

Resolution.

re: Food Situation in the State.

Resolved that this House:

1. acknowledges the critical food situation in the State,
2. expresses concern over the black-market activities,
3. calls for a crackdown on hoarding and black-market operations,
4. requests immediate action to stabilize food prices,
5. mandates the formation of a committee to oversee food supplies,
6. urges all citizens to contribute to the food drive.

Signed:

[Signature]
[Name]

[Date]
Resolution.


Food Situation in the State.

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Resolution.

re: Food Situation in the State.

The resolution states that due to the prevalent rice shortage, the District Marketing Society has allotted rice to the Collector and the District Collector Society. The Collector allotted 100, 200, and 300 stocks of rice to the society, and the District Collector allotted 100, 200, and 300 stocks of rice to the society. The Collector and the District Collector Society have been directed to ensure that the rice is distributed at the standard price.
Resolution.  6th August, 1965.  571

re : Food Situation in the State.

There is no point of order.

The House is adjourned to meet tomorrow at 8-30 a.m.

The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the Clock on Saturday, the 7th August 1965.