ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Thursday, the 29th July 1965.

The House met at Half Past Eight of the Clock.

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

HOUSE SITES TO HARIJANS

*1874 (4782) Q.—Sarwati N. Yellay Ray Rao, (Channur) N Mohan Rao, (Ghanapur) Bh. Nagabushan Rao (Warangal) and Ch. Vasudeva Reddy (Hasnapthu)—Will the hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state:

at what stage the allotment of House sites to Harijans of Devarupalli village, Jangeon taluk, Warangal district is as assured by the Hon. Minister—vide item 10 of page 14 of the Second Report of the Committee on assurance?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri N Ramachandra Reddy)—The Collector has reported that allotment of house sites from Banchan has not made progress because specific proposals or applications have not been received from the District Social Welfare Officer or the Samithi or individual Harijans.

As the Government land was available the Social Welfare Department or Samithi or the individual Harijan can make a specific request and if the Social Welfare Department sends specific proposals than certainly, if that land is available, that will be allotted.
Oral Answers to Questions.

The Social Welfare
Oral Answers to Questions.


Department should send specific proposals as to how much area has to be assessed that has to be decided.

But the report says that the Harijans are not keen on taking Government land.

In the case of unobjectionable land, there is no necessity to issue further instructions. Already instructions are in force and if there is any delay in a specific case, of course, in that specific case we can give instructions and ask why this delay has occurred and proposals may be made to regularise all those things and patta may be made.

Oral Answers to Questions.

...
Oral Answers to Questions.


I will look into the matter.

Town planning — modify this as you will. Health certificate is required in this connection. Town planning permission, health certificate is required. I have proposals made by the Planning Department, which require funds to be released. R.D.O. land acquire permission, Town planning permission, health certificate. Land acquisition is required possession with compensation award pass through. Possession is required, beneficiaries are there who benefit from it. Land acquisition proceedings are going on. If it is found to be necessary, it can be looked into.

Law Department — hurdles in the way? It is legal objections. Legal objections are there. Law Department Secretary, Revenue Secretary, Social Welfare Minister — these are hurdles. Legal procedures have to be followed. Law Department Secretary, Revenue Secretary, Social Welfare Minister — these are hurdles. Legal objections are there. If there are legal objections, this can be curtailed. Specific proposals are there, which can be curtailed. If we find necessary, it can be looked into.

If Rs. 30 lakhs spend is necessary, then it is necessary. We can judge in future. If we spend Rs. 30 lakhs, certainly we can say that there is no necessity for a change. But if we are not in a position to spend these Rs. 30 lakhs, certainly there is something wrong somewhere. It can be looked into.

Oral Answers to Questions

Mr. Y. V. Rao (Chittoor) --- Harijan house sites & patta lands acquire 66% & 80% or regularize or acquire. The provision of Government lands was 80%. Government lands & Harijans & house sites 1/2. Special review to be done on Harijans’ house sites one year & 5 years, 5 years. Allotment to be done on Harijans’ house sites 5% should be done. Revenue Department to regularize the objectionable & unobjectionable. 

Mr. K. M. G. Rao (Vijayawada) --- Harijans house sites & land acquisition 66% & 80%. House sites should be regularize or acquire. Revenue Department to regularize or acquire. Railways emergency clause, Harijans house sites acquisition 66% & 80%. Kairala & Kitta, 80% should be done. Railways emergency clause, Revenue Department to regularize objectionable or unobjectionable.
Oral Answers to Questions.


N. "It is a general discussion Sir, What can I answer?"

Mr. Speaker -- Still I am expecting him to put a question.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy -- Certainly one point he has raised. If the land is adjacent to their dwellings, naturally it would be acquired.
whether it is a bagath land or whatever it is. That is not desirable. We have taken into consideration various other factors. If it is a valuable land, if some walls are there, certainly that land should be avoided as far as possible and some other land even if it is far off from those dwellings, has to be preferred. All these things will have to be taken into consideration. Not that if a land is adjacent, certainly it has to be acquired—that creates so many problems.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—That is why I did not say definitely. It has to be examined, I said.

G. O. FOR THE ISSUE OF PATTAS TO HOUSE SITES.

(a) whether there is any G O permitting the issue of pattas for house sites to landless backward class people; and

(b) if so, whether the backward class people in Velpura village in Vijayawada taluk who are in occupation of Government land for the last one decade will be issued pattas.
Oral Answers to Questions. 29th July, 1965. 143

Under the rules only the Deputy Collector can acquire. That is the present position.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—I do not remember. I will look into it.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—In fact, it is the intention of the Government. Wet lands and valuable land and lands with wells should be avoided and dry lands should be preferred.

Under the rules only the Deputy Collector can acquire. That is the present position.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—I do not remember. I will look into it.
Mr Speaker:— There is a G. O. permitting the issue of pattas etc., to backward people.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:— As far as my knowledge goes, I do not think there is a G. O. Anyhow I will verify.

M. R. Reddy:— There is a G. O. permitting the issue of pattas etc., to backward people.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:— The amount is meant for scheduled castes and scheduled tribes.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:— I will pass on the information to the concerned Minister. As far as the Revenue Department is concerned, there is no G. O.

Sri N. Ramachandra Reddy:—That is a policy matter. That has to be examined.

If the Member desires further instructions, will be issued. All these matters will be looked into and if it is not objectionable pathas will be issued.
As far as priorities are concerned, it is with regard to assignment of lands. This is with regard to house-sites. I have already stated that there is no such G.O. in the Revenue department. I have already answered that there may be one in the Municipal Administration Department.
Mr Speaker—I will ask Mr. Vengalrao to trace it out and send it on to the Revenue Minister.

RIVER BOARDS

28—

*434 (3984) Q.—Sri P. Ragopal Naadu—Will the hon Minister for Public Works be pleased to state

(a) whether the State Government has accepted for the formation of Central Irrigation River Board, and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

The Minister for Public Works (Sri A. C. Subba Reddy) —(a) No. Sir

(b) Does not arise.

Dr. T. V. S. Chalapathi Rao:—Is there no statutory obligation to have the River Boards formed? If so how can we get that passed?

Sri A. C. Subba Reddy:—There must be an Act from the Centre. Yes please. Radhakrishna Ayyar.

Oral Answers to Questions.

Estimate for Badenagedda Project

*490 (4600) Q.—Sri P. Rajagopal Naidu.—Will the hon. Minister for Public Works be pleased to state:

(a) whether an estimate for Badenagedda project in Rajampet and Siddavatam taluks in Cuddapah district was sanctioned;

(b) whether a foundation stone was laid for the above project;

(c) if so, when;

(d) when will it be executed?

Sri A.C. Subba Reddy.—(a) No, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) Does not arise.
THANDAVA PROJECT

*a*516 (4752) Q —Sri Vavlala Gopalakrishnayya —Will the hon. Minister for Public Works be pleased to state :

(a) at what stage is the execution of Thandava Project on Gun-tavari Kothagudem in Narsipatnam taluk, Vizag District for which Sri N Sanjeeva Reddy, the chief minister of Andhra Pradesh laid the foundation stone on 30th June 1959; and

(b) whether it will be constructed in the Third Five-Year Plan period?

Sri A. C. Subba Reddy —(a) The scheme was administratively sanctioned in November, 1964 and arrangements have been made to push through the work. The work on surplus channel costing Rs 46 lakhs is in progress. Preliminary works such as camp buildings, roads and water supply were however started in 1959 in anticipation of clearance from Central Water and Power Commission and completed.

(b) The work has been taken up for execution in the III Plan period. But its completion is likely to only in the early part of the IV Five Year Plan, in view of the limited time and limited resources available for irrigation schemes in the III Plan.

Sri A. C. Subba Reddy —I said it will be completed early in the Fourth Five Year Plan.
Will the hon. Minister for Public Works be pleased to state:

what are the reasons for not commencing the Nallavagu Project of Narayanikher Taluk of Medak district even till mid-February of 1965, although all the necessary sanctions and approvals, having been already given, even an amount of Rs. 80,00,000 was specifically provided in the Financial Budget of 1964-65?

Sir C. Subba Reddy:—Due to poor response of tenderers work on the project could not be taken up till the middle of February 1965. On the first two tender calls there was no response and on the third and fourth calls, a single tender with conditions and abnormally high rates was received and it was also rejected. Meanwhile, to avail the working season, the Superintending Engineer was instructed by the Chief Engineer in February 1965 to make a start on the work by employing job workers. All the preliminaries are almost completed. It is proposed to complete the work at an early date by engaging the earth moving machinery from the other projects as and when they are released.

Sri A. C. Subba Reddy:—There is no controversy as to who has to lay the foundation-stone. The Hon. Member knows that a cornerstone is also there. We can do it at any time. It is not a case of either the Chief Minister or the concerned Minister not being able to lay the foundation-stone. The work is not stopped. It is going on.

Mr. Speaker.—Foundation stone controversy whether it is over. Is there any controversy?

Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande—He said there was a poor response from the tenderers. Whether there any tenders that were called were on a large scale and if so, how many were called and how many of them were rejected?

Mr. Speaker.—The tender percentage is very high, and again we have called for the fourth time. Even then the percentage is 28% above the tender. So we wanted to do it departmentally

Singoor Project

82—

* 584 (4898) Q.—Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande.—Will the hon. Minister for Public Works be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that only one of the two projects, namely, Singoor or Deonoor in Medak will be taken up for execution, if so, which of them is going to be taken up and when; and

(b) what are the details of area to be irrigated, submersion, etc., under the same?

Sri A C Subba Reddy.—(a) Yes, Sir Investigation has been taken up for construction of a storage dam at Singoor. The scheme will be taken up for execution during IVth Plan.

(b) Since this is purely a water supply scheme, no irrigation is envisaged in this. The details of area to be submerged could be finalised after the investigation is completed.

Sri Ramachandra Rao Deshpande.—Mr. Speaker Sir, I understand that instead of Singoor the Devanoor project is going to be taken up. Is it a fact because there is no answer given about the Devanoor project?
Sri A. C. Subba Reddy. The question is Sir, whether it is Singa-
moor or Deavnoor. I said Singanoor is being taken up.

Sir, whether it is Sirguna-
noor or Deavnoor. I said SinRanoo? is being taken up.

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Oral Answers to Questions 21th July, 1965

Cement Shortage in Nagarjunasagar

(a) whether it is a fact that the Nagarjunasagar Project faced cement shortage in the month of April 1965, and

(b) if so, what steps did the State Government take to improve the situation?


(b) The matter was taken up with the Government of India, Ministry of Irrigation and Power and the Central Water and Power Commission for immediate additional allotment of cement. The following additional quantities were allotted by the State Trading Corporation to the Nagarjunasagar Project:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Destination</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10,000 tonnes</td>
<td>Dam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,500 tonnes</td>
<td>Right Canals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 tonnes</td>
<td>Left Canals</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further a quantity of 1,000 tonnes was diverted from the quota allotted to the Electricity Projects, under the control of Chief Engineer (Civil) to the Canals Organisation on loan basis to improve the situation.

Mr Speaker — At what stage is the work?

Sri A C Subba Reddy — The diversion tunnel is nearing completion, Sir and besides on both sides we have begun the construction of masonry dam.
29th Jul., 1965.

Oral Answers to Questions.

1. The Minister of Foreign Exchange had asked for more orders of foreign exchange and the necessary arrangements were made. Orders place, time, foreign exchange

2. Extra allotment to Machiraju Cement Factory, is exclusively earmarked for the supply of cement for Nagarjunasagar Project exclusively. It is entirely in the quota allotted by the Central Board. Dr. T. V. S. Chilapu Rao—Machiraju Cement Factory is exclusively earmarked for the supply of cement to the Nagarjunasagar Project. The entire allotment has been allotted to this project. Allotment has been made as per the Central Board's decision.

3. The Minister of Public Works has been asked to take notice of the black market. Public Works Minister has been asked to take notice of the black market. Public Works Minister has been asked to take notice of the black market.

4. The Government has decided to allocate 20% of the works under canals to the Nagarjunasagar, and the remaining 80% to other minor projects. Works under canals are to be completed by the end of the year.
Oral Answers to Questions.


1. Mr. D. N. Tripathi — Mr. Speaker, I want to ask a question in Government of India. 

2. Mr. T. N. Seshan — The question has been repeated, Mr. Speaker. You may have to consider it.

3. Mr. T. N. Seshan — Allotment of land in the U.P. area has been done according to the Government of India. 

4. Mr. D. N. Tripathi — Mr. Speaker, the food shortage is not throughout the country but for one project.

5. Mr. D. N. Tripathi — Ms. Seshan, will you consider the question?

6. Mr. T. N. Seshan — The question has been repeated, Mr. Speaker. You may have to consider it.

7. Mr. D. N. Tripathi — Black market in the U.P. area has been considered, Mr. Speaker.
Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that one Sri Konda Nava Mohan Raju and all the other members of his family have committed suicide in Gundugolani village near Eluru, West Godavari district during the month of September 1964; and

(b) the circumstances which led to their committing suicide?
Oral Answers to Questions. 29th July, 1935

The Minister for Home (Sir Mir Ahmed Ali Khan) — (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The late Konda Nava Mohan Raju, who was once a well-to-do person, subsequently lost his wife, as well as some valuable property and also incurred debts. He had been feeling it very difficult to eke out his livelihood, and lost all hopes of maintaining his children. Being a sensitive man, he seems to have become desperate and disgusted with life and committed suicide.

Sri A. Serveswara Rao:—Is the death due to his over-sensitivity or due to lack of other things? Will the hon. Minister please explain?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—As I said he lost his wife and property and he was indebted. Therefore, it seems, in desperateness he committed suicide.

Sri T. K. R. Sarma:—Will the hon Minister give us the details as to the way in which he committed the suicide?

Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan:—First he administered endrine for his two sons and one daughter and then by taking endrine he died.

LAND MORTGAGE BANK FOR EACH TALUK

(a) is there a Land Mortgage Bank for every taluk; and

(b) if not, the steps taken by the Government to start one in each taluk?

The Minister for Co-operation (Sri T. Ramanam) —

(a) With the exception of 20 taluks and sub-taluks, where it was considered that organisation of independent banks at the rate of one bank for each Taluk would not prove to be viable units, the other 169 taluks in the State are served by 174 Primary Land Mortgage Banks

(b) Action is being taken in consultation with the Andhra Pradesh Co-operative Central Land Mortgage Bank, to explore possibilities of organising separate banks in each of the above 20 taluks.

Oral Answers to Questions

(Mr. Deputy Speaker in the chair)

Q. 5. Mr. Deputy Speaker—Mr. Deputy Speaker, Land mortgage banks are authorised to lend towards long term loans and are given a target fixed to them. How do they proceed? Long term loans are given to farmers by the Central Land Mortgage Bank on the basis of the mortgage of their land. As the farmers are unable to get sanction of the loans, they disburse the loans which are later sanctioned. S. K. Dey.

Q. 6. Mr. Deputy Speaker—Mr. Deputy Speaker, Land mortgage banks are authorised to lend towards long term loans and are given a target fixed to them. How do they proceed? Long term loans are given to farmers by the Central Land Mortgage Bank on the basis of the mortgage of their land. As the farmers are unable to get sanction of the loans, they disburse the loans which are later sanctioned. S. K. Dey.

Q. 7. Mr. Deputy Speaker—Mr. Deputy Speaker, Land Mortgage Banks are authorised to lend towards long term loans and are given a target fixed to them. How do they proceed? Long term loans are given to farmers by the Central Land Mortgage Bank on the basis of the mortgage of their land. As the farmers are unable to get sanction of the loans, they disburse the loans which are later sanctioned. S. K. Dey.
Written Answers to Questions. 29th July, 1965.

The Minister for Co-operation stated—

There were 179 Primary Land Mortgage Banks in the State and 184 Primary Land Mortgages levied on 170 banks. The amount of loan decided to be granted through these banks throughout the State during the Third Plan period was 50% of debentures floated. The banks which have been awarded the rolling shield during the last three years are—

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Question hour is over. Answers to the other Questions are to be laid on the Table of the House.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

PRIMARY LAND MORTGAGE BANKS IN THE STATE

(a) the District-wise number of Primary Land Mortgage Banks in the State;

(b) the amount of loan decided to be granted through these banks throughout the State during the Third Plan period;

(c) the total amount of loans granted through these banks during the year 1968-64;

(d) the names of the banks which have been awarded the rolling shield during the last three years; and
(e) the number of societies given cash awards?

A:—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>No. of land Mortgage Banks</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ananthapur</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahboobnagar</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 174

(b) 1961-62 .. .. .. Rs. 625 lakhs
1962-63 .. .. .. Rs. 345 lakhs
1963-64 .. .. .. Rs. 430 lakhs
1964-65 .. .. .. Rs. 515 lakhs
1965-66 .. .. .. Rs. 600 lakhs

Rs. 2,155 lakhs

(c) Rs. 384 lakhs .. .. .. ..

(d) 1960-61 Eluru Land Mortgage Bank.

(e) 1961-62 29
1962-63 49
1963-64 39
Written Answers to Questions. 25th July, 1983.

Pilot Scheme for Prevention of Begging

38—* 55 (4970) Q—Sarvesri A Sarveswara Rao, V Satyanarayana, K. Babu Rao (Polavaram) and P Shyamsunder Rao.—Will the hon. Minister for Law and Prisons be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government of India have informed the State Government of their intention to start pilot schemes in major cities such as Ahmedabad, Kanpur, Bangalore, Calcutta and the like, to prevent begging by children by providing them part-time employment besides vocational training, and

(b) whether such a pilot scheme will be started in the Andhra Pradesh by the Centre?

A.—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) At the request of the Government of India the State Government itself started the scheme at Hyderabad on 8th October 1964, with Central assistance of 50 per cent of the expenditure involved.

All-India Agriculture Service

39—* 1000 (4741) Q—Sri A. Sarveswara Rao.—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Government asked the State Government for its views on the proposal to constitute All-India Agricultural Service; and

(b) if so, what are the views expressed by the Government on the subject?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The State Government conveyed their agreement to the proposal.

Agricultural Farms

40—

* 1001 (5045) Q—Sarvesri P.O. Satyanarayana Raju (Końgi) and A. Sarveswar Rao.—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that our Government is contemplating to have Agricultural Farms on the lines of Suratgarh in Gujarat,
(b) if so, the places where they are likely to be situated;
(c) whether any aid is forthcoming from the centre; and
(d) if so, the details of the same?

A.—

(a) No, Sir.
(b), (c) & (d) Do not arise.

JAMLURI ROOT STOCK

41—

* 1094 (5219) Q.—Sri K. Mara Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Jamluri as root stock for Sathgudi orange was found highly susceptible to Tristeza virus disease;
(b) if so, which is the suitable root stock; and
(c) was this fact informed, to all agriculturists by giving wide publicity about the fact?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) Sathgudi on Sathgudi root stock is found to be suitable and resistant to Virus disease.
(c) This was brought to the notice of agriculturists through wide publicity. The information was also published in the Department Journal "Padi Pantalu".

BEE DEMONSTRATION UNITS

42—

* 1107 (5244) Q.—Sri K. Mara Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) how many bee demonstration units are there in our State; and

(b) is there any proposal to have one unit for every district?

A.—

(a) None, Sir.
(b) No, Sir.
Written Answers to Questions. 29th July, 1965. 163

COLD STORAGE PLANTS

43—

* 1112 (5288) Q—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the hon Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to set up cold storage plants, for storing fresh fruits, vegetables and eggs now in the State;

(b) the places at which these plants will be located; and

(c) the estimated expenditure involved in the matter?

A—

(a), (b) and (c): There are no proposals with the Agriculture Department. The Central Ware-housing Corporation is contemplating establishment of cold storage plants at Vijayawada and Hyderabad. There is a cold storage plant for fish and eggs at Hyderabad.

RICE TESTING LABORATORIES

44—

* 1121 (5818) Q—Sarasri S. Vemayya and A Saraswara Rao:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to set up rice testing Laboratories in the State now;

(b) if so, the places at which these Laboratories will be located; and

(c) the estimated cost for setting up these Laboratories?

A—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c):—Do not arise.

GRAPE CULTIVATION

45—

*1109 (5248)Q.—Sarasri K. Mara Reddy and M. Ramgopal Reddy:—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total quantity of grapes produced in our State during 1964-65;

(b) which is the district where grape cultivation is intensive and giving good yield;
(c) what is the nature of assistance given by the Government to those who want to have new grape gardens; and

(d) whether there is any proposal before the Government to provide export facilities for good varieties of grapes and if so, the nature of the same?

A:

(a) About 1830 tonnes Sir.

(b) Hyderabad District. The area cultivated is about 1100 acres and average yield is 8 to 10 tonnes per acre.

(c) The details of assistance given by Government are laid on the Table of the House.

(d) The Marketing Department is trying to arrange for export of grapes.

STATEMENT PLACED ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE.

NATURE OF ASSISTANCE GIVEN BY GOVERNMENT TO THOSE WHO WANT TO HAVE NEW GRAPE GARDENS.

Grape Growers are given 50% subsidy for purchase of pesticides and equipment and the Plant Protection Staff of the Department also assist them in pest control.

Grape culture is encouraged in house compounds in and around Hyderabad where a subsidy of Rs 10/- per Vine is given for a minimum unit of 2 'Vines'. An individual is eligible for a maximum subsidy of Rs 100/-.

In order to encourage cultivation of grapes on sound lines, the Government have recently created a post of Grape Adviser and posted special staff for grape development in the State. There are also Horticultural Assistants for grape development in all the districts of Rayalaseema.

LOANS FOR VINEYARDS

(a) whether loans are being sanctioned to the ryots for raising vineyards;

(b) if so district-wise amount sanctioned so far; and

(c) the extent of land (in acres) in which vineyards have been raised in Cuddapah district by the end of March 1905.

A: No, Sir.

Does not arise.

(c) 100 acres.
**Japanese Model Farms**

*1165 (5380) Q.—Sri S Jagannadham.—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government of Andhra Pradesh had set up a Japanese Model farm in the Agricultural College, Bapatla;

(b) if so, what is the cost of the farm; and

(c) whether any Japanese Agricultural Experts came to Bapatla for demonstration?

(a) Yes, sir

(b) The total amount spent in connection with the setting up of this farm in 1964-65 is about Rs 3.22 lakh. This amount was spent on provision of irrigation facilities, construction of residential quarters for the Japanese Technicians and accommodation for offices, construction of Garages etc. for the machinery.

(c) Yes, sir. Four Japanese Technicians have arrived.

**Allocation of Taxies.**

*88 (4524) Q.—Sri G. C. Kondaiah (Nellore).—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the cars for Taxies are being allotted on 50% basis between Hyderabad and Secunderabad cities on one side and that of entire State on the other, if so, what are the reasons for this?

(b) is there any proposal to allot Fiat Cars for taxies only to two cities with a plea that the Fiat Cars are not suitable for mobussil areas?

A.—

(a) Yes, Sir. This procedure is being followed from 1-1-1964 in view of the route shortage of Taxis in the twin cities which has led to a lot of mischief by Taxi drivers by way of higher fares and refusal to ply etc.

(b) No, Sir.

**Taxies in Hyderabad City.**

*75 (4871) Q.—Sri P. O. Satyanarayana Raju.—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) the number of taxies plying in the Hyderabad City at present,
Papers laid on the Table:

(b) whether they are sufficient; and

(c) if not, will the Government try to increase the number by giving more licences in view of the growing needs of the public?

A:—

(a) 452.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) The number has already been increased from 500 to 750. All bona fide applicants are being granted permits.

DEFALCATION OF Rs. ONE LAKH IN INFORMATION AND PUBLIC RELATIONS OFFICE.

50—

*88 (8881) Q—Sarasir A. Saruswara Rao, K. Baby Rao, V. Satyanarayana and P. Rajagopal Naidu:—Will the hon. Minister for Labour and Transport be pleased to state:

(a) whether a defalcation of over Rs. 1 lakh has been detected from the accounts of the Information and Public Relations Department;

(b) whether an amount of Rs. 21,000 drawn in advance for payment to a film producer was also involved in it; and

(c) when was the defalcation detected?

A:—

(a) Yes, Sir. A defalcation of Rs. 1,08,300.59p. was detected in the accounts of the Information and Public Relations Department.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The defalcation was detected during the inspection of the accounts by the Audit Party of the Accountant-General’s Office during the period from 18-2-1964 to 19-8-1964.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

AMENDMENTS TO THE ANDHRA PRADESH SUGARCANE (REGULATION OF SUPPLY AND PURCHASE) RULES, 1961.

Sri A. Balaram Reddy:—Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the amendments to the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Rules, 1961 made in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (1') of section 28 of the Andhra Pradesh Sugarcane (Regulation of Supply and Purchase) Act, 1961 and published at pages 46 to 47 of the Rules Supplement to Part-I of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette dated 8th April, 1965.

Sri Vavilala Gopakrishnayya — Sir, I beg to move—

"That the Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964, be read a first time"

Mr. Deputy Speaker: Motion moved.
where there is a will there is a way" Rama says. And Rama says, "where there is a will there is a way".


All India Congress Working Committee decided in 1964 to introduce Telugu as the official language of Andhra Pradesh. The Non-Official Business Notes on the Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964, states that "where there is a will there is a way". Rama says, "where there is a will there is a way".
Non-Official Business

Bills

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language

Bill, 1964

(Translation:)

On July 1965

171

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language

Bill, 1964

...

Non-Official Business

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language

Hill, 1944

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1944

This bill was passed by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly on 29th July, 1944. It seeks to implement the principle that the official language of the State shall be Telugu. Details of the implement...
Non-Official Business:


Business Administration M.A. degree and M. Com degree recognised standards.

To this extent open classes are approved for students who have completed the course in language efficiency and incentives.

Recognise the standard of language efficiency and incentives.

Moreover, the following guidelines are:

- Standards should be at least 14 years of age.
- Less than 14 years of age.

Non-Official Business

Bills:

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964

Reserve the following official language declaration as a body statutory Government Notification as given below. Official Language to be in Regional Language as given in the Official Language Law of the Constitution which provision is of legal and geographical physical and psychological bodies. Geographical provision of the Law is of the Constitution which provision is of legal and psychological bodies. Physical provision of the Language Law is of the Constitution which provision is of legal and psychological bodies. Psychological provision of the Language Law is of the Constitution which provision is of legal and psychological bodies.

Non-Official Business

Bills

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964

The language of the State of Andhra Pradesh is Telugu. The Official Language Bill, 1964, provides for the use of Telugu as the official language of the State. The Bill was introduced in the Assembly on the 23rd July, 1963, and was read for the first time on the 23rd July, 1963. It was subsequently referred to a Committee and was reported back to the House on the 23rd July, 1963. The Bill was read for the second time on the 23rd July, 1963, and was passed by the House on the 23rd July, 1963. The Bill was assented to by the Governor of the State on the 23rd July, 1963, and was notified in the Official Gazette on the 23rd July, 1963.

Non Official Business:


சுருக்கக் கண்காட்டி, விளக்கம், விளக்கம் அறிக்கை

சுருக்கக் கண்காட்டியின் விளக்கம், அறிக்கையாக சுருக்கமாக வெளியிட்டுள்ள மூன்று வகையில் விளக்கம் அறிக்கையாக சுருக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது. மூன்று வகையில் விளக்கம் அறிக்கையாக சுருக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது: 1) விளக்கம், 2) சுருக்கம், மற்றும் 3) விளக்கம் அறிக்கையாக சுருக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது.

Universities அல்லது முன்னேற்றப்பட்ட நிறுவனங்கள் தான் கொண்டுசென்று கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டுசென்று தான் கொண்டு�...
Non-Official Business

29th July, 1965

Bills


The writers of the constitution are typewriters. The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964, declares that the official language shall be adopted for all or any of the official purposes, and that the purposes for which the official language is adopted shall be declared in the gazette. The official language of 1951 is declared as the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965. The gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965. The gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965. The gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965. The gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965. The gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965. The gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965. The gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965. The gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965. The gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965 for all or any of the official purposes, and the gazette shall be published in the official language of 1965.

University, High Courts.
Non-Official Business -

Bills.


The official language of the State of Andhra Pradesh shall be Telugu, the Rajasthani language, and English.

The official language of the State of Andhra Pradesh shall be Telugu, and English.

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The official language of the State of Andhra Pradesh shall be Telugu, and English.
The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964

Language issue is not important, the only important issue is food production and other things,

Now, there is a categorical statement from the Chief Minister and also myself that it will be brought in the next Session, i.e. in November or December.


Examinations: The suggestion is that the quota system be continued in the examinations. It is proposed that the 15% quota for the Andhra Pradesh Commission for Examinations be retained. The suggestion is that the 15% quota be given to the Andhra Pradesh Commission for Examinations.
Non-Official Business

Bills:

29th July, 1965. 181

మాత్రమని నియంత్రణ చేయడానికి అడవులు సమీకరణ కేంద్రం మామూల్యం ప్రతిషేధత విధానం నియంత్రితుడు సమ్ముఖంగా నియంత్రించారు. ఈ నియంత్రించడానికి మాత్రమని నియంత్రణ చేయడానికి అడవులు సమీకరణ కేంద్రం మామూల్యం ప్రతిషేధత విధానం నియంత్రించారు. ఈ నియంత్రించడానికి మాత్రమని నియంత్రణ చేయడానికి అడవులు సమీకరణ కేంద్రం మామూల్యం ప్రతిషేధత విధానం నియంత్రించారు. ఈ నియంత్రించడానికి మాత్రమని నియంత్రణ చేయడానికి అడవులు సమీకరణ కేంద్రం మామూల్యం ప్రతిషేధత విధానం నియంత్రించారు.

Non-Official Business


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Non-Official Business

Bills:
Non-Official Business
Bills

...
Non-Official Business
29th July, 1965. 185

Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Official Language
Bill, 1904.

(Mr Speaker in the Chair)

(Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1904.)

(English translation)

Mr. Speaker in the Chair,

Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1904.

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(English translation)

Mr. Speaker in the Chair,

Bills:
The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1904.

(Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1904.)

(English translation)

Mr. Speaker in the Chair,
25th July, 1965

Non-Official Business

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964

“...policy matter in the Central Government, which is a
matter of concern to the Central Government, shall be
translated into the state language. The Central
Government shall have power to say by notification for
which purposes it will be used, from what time it will be
used.”

In brief, that is going to be my reply.

Sri P. V. Nair, M.P. — In brief, that is going to be
my reply.

...policy matter in the Central Government, which is a
matter of concern to the Central Government, shall be
translated into the state language. The Central
Government shall have power to say by notification for
which purposes it will be used, from what time it will be
used.”

...policy matter in the Central Government, which is a
matter of concern to the Central Government, shall be
translated into the state language. The Central
Government shall have power to say by notification for
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used.”
Non-Official Business .

29th July, 1965

Bills

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964

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Non-Official Business

Bill.

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language
Bill, 1964

On this day of 29th July, 1965, the Hon'ble Minister has no objection for the Second Reading to be taken up later, Mr. Gopala Krishna Reddy's proposal. It is quite within our legislative procedure.

Mr. V. T. Raju — I think it is desirable that the terms "language" and "official language should be clearly defined. This is a matter of great importance. This is a matter of great importance. This is a matter of great importance.
Non Official Business


The Andhra Pradesh Language (Continuance of English) Act, (Act No 16 of 1964) is hereby repealed. The State Government by notification in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.
190 29th July, 1965.

Non-Official Business -

Bills

The Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964

Mr Speaker — Please don't go into those details. The Minister has agreed for the First Reading. The First reading will be gone through and will be accepted by the House. The next question is—what should be done and whether it should be read a second time immediately or it should be circulated for public opinion or whether it should be referred to the Select Committee. Once the First Reading is over, then the only next thing is either it should be circulated for exciting public opinion or straightaway be moved for second reading or to refer to a Select Committee. If he is not withdrawing it is a different matter.

Sri Vanavala Gopalakrishnayya — Withdraw question this time.

Mr Speaker — The Minister himself has agreed.

Sri Vanavala Gopalakrishnayya — But he has raised certain points, Sir.

Mr Speaker — The whole Bill as it is will be read a first time.

Therefore I am not prepared to allow the passage of this Bill in its present form today.
Mr Speaker — There is no provision in the Rules — to withdraw or postpone from the Second stage of consideration in the First reading. Mr Speaker — The form in which it is now placed before the House, the hon. Minister is not prepared to accept.

Shri P. V. Narasimha Rao — Yes, sir, including the Statement of Objects and Reasons I am not inclined to allow the passage of the Bill in its present form to-day. I am not inclined to allow the Bill in its present form to-day. Conciliatory measures are necessary.

Mr Speaker — He is not prepared to withdraw and there is no question of postponement from this stage.

Shri P. V. Narasimha Rao — Suppose the time of the House is over, it can be postponed with the permission of the House. This is a peculiar situation in which both of us find ourselves. It is a very embarrassing position.

Mr Speaker — Please show me some provision under which I can do it.

Shri P. V. Narasimha Rao — Then, Sir, all I can say is — either he has to withdraw it or we have to throw it out.

Shri Tenkutty Viswanatham — This House has absolute power to adjourn a subject, to postpone the discussion of a subject. Now the proposition is that after the First reading, the Bill will be taken up some time later for the Second reading. Either Dr Gopalakrishna or the Minister moves a motion saying that it be postponed to a later date. There is a general rule also that at any time of the discussion, any member can move that the matter may be postponed. At any time of the discussion a member can rise and say that it be postponed. Even when the discussion is proceeding, I can rise and say that the matter may be postponed. General rules 229 says, 'A motion that any meeting or business be adjourned or postponed or that the Assembly pass on to the next item may be moved at any time.'
without previous notice & discussion until a speech is taken up.

Mr Sp — Taking up discussion, the Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964

is taken up.

Mr Sp — No one is willing to move a speech. Either Mr Gopalakrishnayya or the
Minister will move a motion like that. That is all. That is an enabling provision.

Mr Speaker — Let somebody move a motion.

Sri P V Narasimhan — I am not prepared to allow the Bill to be passed—first reading, second reading, and third reading. If it is stopped at the first reading I have no objection—because later on there is always the chance of bringing amendments, and altering what all portions are not to our liking.

Mr Speaker — Is that even if the first reading is over then the next thir—?

Sri P V Narasimhan — I have no objection, if Mr Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya has no objection. It may be circulated for eliciting public opinion.

Mr Speaker — Then Government will come forward and in that light Mr Gopalakrishnayya can withdraw.

Sri P V Narasimhan — That is a good way out, Sir.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya — Yes, Sir.

Mr Speaker — He can move a motion for eliciting public opinion. Then the whole problem is solved there is no further discussion. Now the question is.

"That the Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964 be read a first time."

The motion was adopted.
The Disclosure of Assets of the Members of the Legislature Bill, 1964

Mr Speaker — Motion moved

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao — We would like to take into account the opinions received by the end of Nov and Dec.

Sri Tummala Venkatarama — No opinion is necessary in Nov and Dec.

Mr Speaker — Let it be 31st October or 15th Nov.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao — 15th Nov will be all right.

Sri Tummala Venkatarama — Excuse me, Sir. If it is earlier, it will enable the Government also to utilize those opinions in framing the bill.

Sri P. V. Narasimha Rao — 15th Nov will be all right and we will be able to take into account all the opinions received so far. Because the bill will be enacting some time in Dec, there will be enough time for us to take into account all those opinions.

Mr Speaker — The question is

That the Andhra Pradesh Official Language Bill, 1964 be circulated for eliciting public opinion on or before 13-11-1964.

The motion was adopted.

Mr Speaker — The hook Members are only asking for leave of the House for the introduction of the Bill. Let us see what the Government has got to say.

Mr. G. V. K. Reddy — The question on the presentation of the Bill has been explained by the Government.

Mr. G. V. K. Reddy — The hook Members have pointed out an important point.

Mr. G. V. K. Reddy — The hook Members demand leave of the House for the introduction of the Bill.
Mr. Speaker — Whenever leave is sought, if the other side has no objection for leave being granted, why should one make any speech now? I would like to know from the Minister whether the Government has any objection. If they have any objection, then he can make a speech.

Sir, the difficulty is this. This Bill comes under entry 39 of List II and that entry says only about the powers, privileges and immunities of the House and its Members. What we are seeking to do by this Bill is to legislate on the obligations and duties also of the Members, and these on the face of it are not covered by the list enumerated in the entry. So, there was a doubt and we referred the matter to the Advocate General. Now, matters have not improved after reference to the Advocate General because this is his opinion.

The Advocate General has stated that the Bill is ultra vires of the State Legislature for the following reasons:

(a) The entry 39 of List II of Schedule VII of the Constitution is restrictive in its scope and the powers and privileges are limited only to the process of legislative business,

(b) The pure legislation is not contemplated under this entry and it relates only to the other entry in List II,

(c) Whatever powers are exercisable under the entries shall be inter-linked the legislature, its members and its committees, and that it cannot be exclusive to any of them, not even to the legislature itself,

(d) If an individual's obligation to furnish a return is not a power, whether is the legislative body's so-called power to demand submission of a return of a Member power in the real sense?

Sir, this is the opinion given by our Advocate-General. He has very clearly stated that this Bill is ultra vires of the powers of the
Non-Official Business  

Bills

1. Legislation as is defined in the Constitution. That is my difficulty. That was the only doubt in the last session and that doubt has now been converted into a certainty. We have to depend on the opinion of the Advocate General. Now, Sir, we shall get it examined further, because the principle which is embodied in the bill is acceptable to the Government so far as it goes. But, how these constitutional and legal difficulties are to be got over will have to be examined further, because after the opinion of the Advocate General the matter has become still more difficult. So, we were thinking of perhaps referring the matter to the Attorney General or further examining it in all its aspects at a conference and if necessary the Government itself would think of bringing a bill on some such lines later, if it is found that it is necessary. At the moment, in the light of the opinion given by the Advocate General, it will not be proper for me to agree to leave being given.

Mr Speaker —Let us try to establish some kind of a convention. It is not as though the hon. Member has asked the House to pass the Bill immediately in the first reading, second reading and all that. It is only for leave being granted.

Sir P V Narasimha Rao —That is what I also submitted last time. If it is only for leave being granted for a normal Bill which has no difficulties whatsoever.

Mr Speaker—Supposing the Government comes forward with a Bill for the same reasons, the members on the other side can always object saying that leave should not be given on legal or some other grounds. My point is, this is purely a formal thing. So far as sanction of leave is concerned, whether it is from the Government side or from the opposition side it is a formality. But when the Member himself comes forward that the Bill should be read a first reading etc., you (Law Minister) can certainly raise that point.

Sir P V Narasimha Rao —I have no objection for a leave being granted if it is only granting of leave.

Mr Speaker—That is all.

Sir P V Narasimha Rao —But, last time I submitted that if a Bill regarding competency, of which there is a doubt, is allowed to be introduced, it will not look proper. That is all I submitted.

Mr Speaker—We are not examining any aspect.

Sir P V Narasimha Rao —If that is your view, I have no objection.

Mr Speaker—We are not going to examine legal aspects.

Sir P V Narasimha Rao —So far as the merits go, we have very little objection. The difficulty is this: that it is an authority which is available to me and the State Government. It has stated that this Bill is on the list of the C.G. of the legislature. In spite of that, if the matter can be examined further after introduction of the Bill, I have no objection. But, what all I submitted was that knowing full well that there is clear doubt regarding competency,
why should we allow to be introduced I am submitting this so that the hon Member Sri Sivakumar Rao may also know our difficulties

Mr Speaker — It seems that the Advocate General also He has advised that it is ultra vires of the legislature. If he ill wants formal leave being granted, you need not object.

Mr Speaker — That is the opinion of the Advocate General who feels that it is not a vires of the Legislature and there is no purpose served even if the House grants leave.

Mr Speaker — Leave is only for publication of the Bill

Mr Speaker — Very well, Sir

Mr Speaker — That is the opinion of the Advocate General who feels that it is not a vires of the Legislature and there is no purpose served even if the House grants leave.

Mr Speaker — Leave is only for publication of the Bill

Mr Speaker — I have only stated the position as it obtains today. I have no objection for leave being granted.

Mr Speaker — We are trying to establish a healthy convention.

Mr Speaker — If it is clearly ultra vires I would certainly agree with the Government. It is not clearly ultra vires of the Legislature. What is the scope of legislation that can be undertaken by the legislature with reference to the subjects which are mentioned either in List II or in the Concurrent List? That is the question. Therefore it is a matter of doubt. It is not so clear to me though I have heard what the Minister has said. It is because the scope of legislation extends to all that is implied. The Advocate General is of the opinion and he has given a certain interpretation which is not wide. Perhaps we can give a wider interpretation of the entries. And this is a matter which can very well be settled in a court of law. On the other hand, if it relates clearly to a subject which is in the First List and if we want to undertake legislation, certainly we cannot do it. Therefore, it is a matter of doubt. And I think it is better, as the Minister has finally said, not to oppose. So leave may be granted without discussion.
Non-Official Business:

Resolution

re: Food situation.

Mr Speaker — The question is,

"That Leave be granted to introduce the Disclosure of Assets of the Members of the Legislature Bill, 1964"

The motion was adopted

RESOLUTION

re:—Food Situation.

Sri Vanka Satyanarayana — Sir, I beg to move the following resolution.

"This House hereby resolves to recommend to the Government of Andhra Pradesh to immediately take the following measures to alleviate the widespread distress of the people caused by the grave food crisis

(i) the nationalisation of the wholesale foodgrains trade, the stoppage of all inter-State transactions in foodgrains on private account;

(ii) statutory rationing in all major towns the establishment of fair price shops at the rate of one per five hundred of the population;

(iii) all industrial, Government and Quasi-Governmental establishments must be compelled to set up fair price shops for their employees where foodgrains are supplied at subsidised rate;

(iv) in all deficit rural areas and small towns, the system of informal rationing must be forthwith introduced and an adequate number of fair price shops established;

(v) the immediate distribution of Banjar lands to the agricultural labourers and the conferring of patta where such land has been under cultivation so as to boost agriculture production."

Non Official Business -
Resolution.
re Food situation.

(Sh P. V. Sivaiah in the Chair)
Non-official Business
Resolution:
re. Food situation.


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Resolution re Food situation.


Non-official Business.

The resolution regarding the food situation is as follows:

- 80 units, 100 units, 120 units
- 100 units, 120 units
- 120 units
- 100 units, 120 units
Non-official Business

Resolution

re: Food situation.


The situation is grave. The Food situation is deteriorating. There is a danger of famine. The Government has taken steps to prevent the situation from becoming worse. The Fair price is a dangerous signal.

Non-official Business:
Resolution:
re: Food Situation.

Regular Government has, Food Government has, food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual food production at 15% of annual food production at 20% of annual.
Non-official Business:
Resolution:
re: Food situation.


Mr. Speaker in the Chair

There should be some balance. Forest, saving, grazing. There are 10% grazing land in the area. Is it your suggestion?
Non-official Business:
Resolution:
re: Food situation.

The Agricultural Consultation Committee has recommended certain suggestions for a high level discussion at the All India Policy Meeting. All India food policy and All India level food policy are controversial points. Central Food Minister and Chairman of the panel on food policy. The All India food policy should be consistent. But this is a problem more for deficit states. West Bengal and other deficit states are concerned with statutory rationing. But this is a problem more for deficit states.
Resolution:


Food situation.

A modified type of rationing has been introduced in the rice producing states. The objective is to control the availability of rice to the people. The new type of rationing is being implemented in West Bengal. Informal rationing scheme is being extended to cover 100 towns in West Bengal. The informal rationing scheme is aimed at preventing black marketing.

Fourth Five year plan has been approved by the government. The plan includes the establishment of the Agricultural Finance Corporation. The Corporation will be responsible for maximum prices, statutory prices, and ensuring the availability of rice.

The government has also introduced All India policy in cities and towns. The policy aims at controlling the availability of rice. The policy is being implemented in all the states of the country.

The government has also introduced the All India level for rice production. The policy is being implemented in all the states of the country.
Food situation.

All India 6th last year production 79.8 million tones over previous 87.9 million tones indicating a favorable crop. The wholesale price index of month June 1965 over 1964 was 39.7 indicating a lower price situation. The state and union food grains buffer stock was estimated at 79.9 million tones and wholesale prices index targets show food grains below the 3 month average of last year. Food Grains Commission has increased coarse grain production targets.

Coarse grain movement at All India level in June 1965 over June 1964 was 2.5 million tones. All India level in June 1964 was 1.8 million tones. Coarse grain movement at All India level was 3.7 million tones.

Permits for coarse grains movement from the surplus stock account are very limited. All India level in June 1965 was 0.9 million tones. India level in June 1965 was 0.3 million tones. Coarse grains movement from the surplus stock account permits for coarse grains movement in June 1965 were limited.

Coarse grains movement in June 1965 were limited. Permits for coarse grains movement in June 1965 were limited. Permits for coarse grains movement in June 1965 were limited. Permits for coarse grains movement in June 1965 were limited. Permits for coarse grains movement in June 1965 were limited. Permits for coarse grains movement in June 1965 were limited. Permits for coarse grains movement in June 1965 were limited.
Non-official Business
Resolution
re Food situation

29th July, 1965

The matter of food grains corporation in Hyderabad on 29th July 1965 meeting was that the Foodgrains Corporation was trying to procure food grains in the target areas. The target was set at 30,000 tons, and the Foodgrains Corporation was trying to procure as much as possible. The target was set at 30,000 tons, and the Foodgrains Corporation was trying to procure as much as possible. The target was set at 30,000 tons, and the Foodgrains Corporation was trying to procure as much as possible.

Non-official Business

Resolution

re: Food situation

(4) (a) [Text cut off]

(c) (1) [Text cut off]
Non-official Business
Resolution
re: Food situation.

29th July, 1965

Food Committee,

Very Sincerely,

[Signature]

Non-official Business - Resolution

Re: Food situation

After considering the situation, the resolution would be as follows:

- To create a distributive system, to establish the necessary machinery and infrastructure for efficient distribution of food items.

Respectfully,

[Signatures]

[Date]

[Location]
Non-official Business.
Resolution.
Food situation.
29th July, 1965

To control the food situation, statutory rationing has been introduced, but it has not been effective in controlling the situation. The supply and demand are not matched, and the black market continues to thrive.

The ration card system is being improved to ensure that the deficit areas receive their share. The surplus areas are also being improved to prevent any surplus stock from appearing.

Rationing is being enforced in all areas, with the black market being controlled. However, there is still a need for more effective measures to control the situation.

In conclusion, the situation remains critical, and more efforts are needed to control the supply and demand imbalance.
228 29th July, 1965

Non-official Business
Resolution
re: Food situation

...
Food Situation.


Non-official Business

Resolution re: Food Situation.

In the light of the current economic conditions and the need for food security, the Government has decided to implement a comprehensive strategy to address the food situation. This includes measures to stabilize food prices, enhance food production, and increase food imports.

The inflationary price structure has been a significant concern. The government will work closely with the private sector to ensure a steady flow of essential commodities at affordable prices. Efforts will be made to reduce the deficit in the budget and manage inflation.

The food situation is critical, and immediate action is required. The distribution of food aid to needy families will be increased.

The role of the industries in ensuring a steady supply of food items is crucial. They will be encouraged to produce and distribute food products at competitive prices.

In summary, the government will take all necessary steps to stabilize the food situation and ensure the well-being of the people.
Non-official Business:

Resolution:

Re Food Situation.

Mr. Speaker:—The discussion on this resolution will be resumed on the next non-official day. The House is adjourned till 8-30 A. M. tomorrow.

(The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the Clock on Friday, the 30th July, 1965)