Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Debates
OFFICIAL REPORT
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Note: *at the commencement of the speech denotes confirmation no received in time from the Member.

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ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Wednesday, the 16th March, 1960

The House met at Half Past Eight of the Clock

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

(See Part I)

ANNOUNCEMENT

Re-constitution of the House Committee

The House Committee is now re-constituted as

Mr. Karuppaiah, Mr. Ramakrishna Reddy, and Mr. Venkateswarlu.

Mr. Nambiar, Mr. N. Rama Rao, and Mr. N. Rama Rao.

Mr. Y. Narasimha Reddy, Mr. N. Gopal Reddy, and Mr. N. Gopal Reddy.

This announcement has been made by the House Committee.
16th March, 1960

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

DEMAND No. II - Excise Department—Rs. 68,80,000

DEMAND No. XXIV - Industries—Rs. 1,98,15,900

DEMAND No. XLII - Capital Outlay on Industrial Development Rs. 3,39,63,400

*Subject of 3. Excise (Under): Socio-economic Co-operation, Excise, Co-operative Societies & group system. Discussion presented by Mr. R. Arient. Excise, Co-operative Societies & group system are to be discussed in this session. Excise, Co-operative Societies & group system are to be discussed in this session. Excise, Co-operative Societies & group system are to be discussed in this session.

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1960-61 VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANTS

DEMAND No. II - Excise Department—Rs. 68,80,000

DEMAND No. XXIV - Industries—Rs. 1,98,15,900

DEMAND No. XLII - Capital Outlay on Industrial Development Rs. 3,39,63,400

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Budget for the Year 1960-61  

16th March, 1960  

Voting of Demands for Grants

The Sum of Rupees One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fifty lakhs was voted for Local Loans for the year 1960-61. The Co-operative Rules, 1960-61, were approved. The Tappers were authorised to negotiate and conclude agreements for group system. The group system was introduced in 1957-58. Groups were formed in 1957-58. Tappers were appointed to carry out the rules. The group system was introduced in 1957-58. The accounts were approved. The accounts were approved. The accounts were approved. The accounts were approved.
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Voting of Demands for Grants

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Budget for the Year 1960-61
Voting of Demands for Grants

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Allot రెగ్రేమెంట్ 32 గుండా మొత్తం tappers సేది చేసేది మరింత సంఖ్యలు ఉంటే లక్షణాలు.

అందులో నాటుడు tappers సేది అంటే గుండా గుండా సమాధానం లేదా ప్రత్యేక ప్రస్తావనలు ఉంటే లక్షణాలు.

మొత్తం ప్రతి రోజుల్లో మరింత పడచేతులు ఉంటే ఇది ఉంటే లక్షణాలు.

ఆధునికమైన tappers యొక్క మరియు ప్రతి పరిస్థితి మీద ఇది ఉంటే లక్షణాలు.

హైదరాబాదు సెంట్రల్ కాంప్యూటర్ సేవలు ఉన్న ప్రత్యేక ప్రాంధం కార్యాల ఉంటే లక్షణాలు.

చెందాడు దినాల మరియు ప్రతి పరిస్థితి మీద ఇది ఉంటే లక్షణాలు.

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Budget for the Year 1960-61
Voting of Demands for Grants

16th March, 1960

[Text content not legible]
Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

16th March, 1960

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Rapid industrialization with particular emphasis on the development of basic and heavy industries to meet the rising demand for industrial products. Special emphasis has been given to the development of basic and heavy industries. Spill over schemes have been introduced to ensure the continuity of industries. The Fifth Five Year Plan outlines measures to improve industrial conditions. States have been allocated an outlay of 7.3% of the total outlay. The Third Five Year Plan emphasizes the Industrial Improvement provision.
Committee report except in the case of a few industries, all the rest are on the point of liquidation" as it appears. In some cases, the market price is high. In others, 1960-61 plantation reports indicate that most of the sugar factories are on the point of liquidation. In the case of a few industries, all the rest are on the point of liquidation. Industrial Financial Corporation, Nizam Sugar Factory capacity 40,000 tons. Bombay sugar factory capacity 1,000 tons. Charges
Yield per acre was 211.16. For 1960-61, the yield per acre was 211.16. The managing agency system is recognized as a statutory corporation. The managing agency system faces new situations that commercial enterprise does not. A principle of workers participation in management was recommended by a seminar in 1968. Hindustan Machine Tools, Bangalore and D.D.T. Projects of Hindustan Insecticide in Alwaye and Delhi were recommendations of Joint Workers and Management Councils in 1958.
and participation in the management of the 1960-61 fiscal year. The
administration and management of the demands for grants are
undertaken to a large extent by the Special Officer appointed
by the Government.

* * *

Special Officer (H. A. S. R.) : The Special Officer, who handles
the demands for grants, is the one who has to ensure that the
demands are prepared properly and submitted in time. The
Special Officer is responsible for the technical assistance to
the departments, and the Technical Department is responsible
for the technical assistance to the Special Officer. The Special
 Officer is also responsible for the preparation of the demands
for grants. The Technical Department is responsible for the
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Excise Department

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The Minister of Excise Policy:

As you are aware, the Excise Department, including the Excise Policy Bureau, has been in operation for several years. The department has a significant role in the collection of revenue and in the enforcement of excise laws. The Excise Department has been responsible for the implementation of various excise policies, including the excise policy for the year 1960-61.

The department has been working towards improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the collection of excise duties. The department has also been involved in the enforcement of excise laws, including the prevention of excise evasion and the prosecution of offenders.

The Excise Department has been working closely with other government departments to ensure the effective implementation of excise policies. The department has also been working with other countries to promote international cooperation in the area of excise taxation.

The Excise Department has been proactive in responding to changes in the excise landscape. The department has been working to address the challenges posed by the rise of e-commerce and the increasing use of technology in the excise industry.

Overall, the Excise Department has been making significant progress in its efforts to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the collection of excise duties. The department has been working closely with other government departments and countries to ensure the effective implementation of excise policies.
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..
I am only proposing and you must agree.

Prohibition has continued to remain a burning issue. I am proposing to ban the sale of prohibition liquor. The word "Prohibition" has been frequently used in our discussions. I am not proposing anything new. I am only saying that you must agree to the proposal.
16th March, 1960

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Voting of Demands for Grants

மலந்து புதுக்கு: ‘செம்’ புது.

9 ஆண்டுகள்: மூன்று பாதைகள் பிள்ளை கொண்ட மனிதருக்கு அனைத்து இருக்கும் பாதைகளைக் கூட்ட வேண்டமான அளகத்துக்கு வேண்டமான விளைவு அதுவே!

மலந்து புதுக்கு: மேற்புற மிளக்கு.

9 ஆண்டுகள்: அவர் வருகையாளராக மாணவர். இது என் நான் நூற்றாண்டு பதிப்புகளை எடுத்துக் கொள்ள வேண்டும், என்று மாநில வீதத்தை எடுத்து கொள்ள வேண்டும். என்று ஆங்கில மாநிலங்களை எடுத்து கொள்ள வேண்டும். என்று ஆங்கில மாநிலங்களை எடுத்து கொள்ள வேண்டும். என்று ஆங்கில மாநிலங்களை எடுத்து கொள்ள வேண்டும். என்று ஆங்கில மாநிலங்களை எடுத்து கொள்ள வேண்டும்.
Budget for the Year 1960-61
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The President of the State Council said:

To what extent the demands for grants in the Bill were supported in the House.

The Speaker remarked:

Referred to the Finance Committee for further consideration.

The following demands for grants were subsequently supported:

[Further details and discussion on the budget items are not provided in the image.]
Statistics: A specific process of tanning

High Power Committee: an international authority on a specific process of tanning.
Terms of reference

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Budget for the Year 1960-61

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...
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Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

ఉసారా, చిత్ర వినియోగం విస్తృతం లభ్యం, అధికంగా నిర్మాణ ద్రవ్యాలు, అధికారిత శాసన పరిస్థితి లేదా తమ్ముడి లేదా నిర్మాణ పనిలో ఉదాహరణ కోసం ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.

మార్చిలో ఉండే శాసనాధిక్యాలు. ఉసారా విస్తృతం లభ్యం కారణం, బిధిముఖం లభ్యం, చలకం చలకం, జీనాడ, బిధిముఖం మాత్రమే లభ్యం. ఉదాహరణ కోసం ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.

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ఉదాహరణ కోసం ఉపయోగపడుతుంది. ఉదాహరణ కోసం ఉపయోగపడుతుంది. ఉదాహరణ కోసం ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.

ఉదాహరణ కోసం ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.

ఉదాహరణ కోసం ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.

ఉదాహరణ కోసం ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.

ఉదాహరణ కోసం ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.

ఆదాయం మాత్రమే ఉపయోగపడుతుంది. ఆదాయం మాత్రమే ఉపయోగపడుతుంది. ఆదాయం మాత్రమే ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.
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Village Industries Board

Co-operative Field

Industrial Co-operatives

Leather

Co-operative Law

District Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce

C. S. R.
“Co-operative Law” is one of the important laws that are used in the management of co-operative societies. The law provides a framework for the functioning of co-operative societies and ensures their sustainability. This law is applicable to all co-operative societies, whether they are small or large.

However, the implementation of this law has been challenging due to various reasons. One of the main challenges is the lack of awareness among the members of the co-operative society about their rights and responsibilities under the law. Another challenge is the lack of adequate resources to implement the law effectively.

Despite these challenges, the co-operative movement continues to grow and expand. The co-operative societies are playing a crucial role in the economic development of the country by providing financial services to the members and assisting them in their various endeavours.

In conclusion, the co-operative law is a vital law that provides a legal framework for the functioning of co-operative societies. However, the implementation of this law requires a joint effort from all stakeholders, including the government, co-operative societies, and their members, to ensure its effective implementation.
व्यापार से सबक सीखें। बड़ी माँ इसी तरह का एक इंडस्ट्रियल वेल्यूमेंट कार्यालय बना है। इसने इसका सबसे हार्दिक इस्तेमाल इन्वेस्टमेंट (investment) कार्यालय का है। इसी सहायता के लिए और इसी निम्नलिखित इसके बावजूद कुछ दिन यह इंडस्ट्रियल वेल्यूमेंट के प्रकाश उनमें पाता आता है। इस कारण से भी हमारी मिशन वाहीना सबक सीखें यहाँ बनाने के लिए अत्यंत होता है। सिर्फ इंडस्ट्रियल वेल्यूमेंट कार्यालय बनाकर उसके ज़रिए पैसा देने मात्र के लोगों में यह साझेदारियाँ (physocis) पैदा नहीं होती कि हम इंडस्ट्रियल वेल्यूमेंट करें।

अार हमारे वास के बिना बिना वाही (shy) है। लोग इंडस्ट्रियल वेल्यूमेंट की स्थापना के लिए यहाँ नहीं बनते। तब जहाँ तक हो सके किसी न किसी तरह से पैसा उपार्जन रखा जाता है। इस के कई कारण है। इसे इस लापरवाही में जाकर वापस समय ब्याप्त रखने नहीं बनाने सिखी हमारी कहानी चाहिए है कि यह अप्रेंटिस इंडस्ट्रियल वेल्यूमेंट कार्यालय बनाने के बारे में चाहिए है यह जीत है। इस में पैसा इन्वेस्ट कीजिये। फाइनली नाम होना चाहिए। 

फाइनल्स से ही इंडस्ट्रियल पटतियाँ हैं। जब तक फाइनल्स नहीं मिलता इंडस्ट्रियल पटतीय नहीं पतीय। फाइनल्स धारा बनार दौड़ते हुए। इन्वेस्टमेंट इंटूट को इंकेर जी दौड़ते। लेकिन साथ ही साथ प्राइवेट इंटरप्रेतर्स (Private entrepreneurs) को प्राइवेट इन्वेस्टमेंट (Private individuals) को और जो साझा कर लें के लोगों के लोगों में सहकारी करने के लिए एक कोशिश दौड़ते हैं। जब तक सहकार के हर प्रयास में लोगों का सहकार नहीं मिलता, जब तक केवल इंडस्ट्रियल पटतीय नहीं समाप्त करने वाला समाज भी उसके अन्दर पार्टिसिपेट (Participate) नहीं करते देख के कौन से तरह उसका नहीं करता। इसलिए में हमारे इंडस्ट्रियल के विभिन्न साझाबने से बाहर यह स्कैल इंडस्ट्रियल के ही या तरह स्कैल इंडस्ट्रियल के दोहों से प्रभावित है कि जहाँ आप इंडस्ट्रियल वेल्यूमेंट कार्यालय बनाकर है बड़ी इंडस्ट्रियल वेल्यूमेंट इनके कोशिश कीजिये। जब तक यह चीज़ नहीं होगी तब तक लोग पार्टिसिपेट नहीं करेंगे और जब तक लोग पार्टिसिपेट नहीं करेंगे हमारे पोस्ट कोई उपक्रम बनाया नहीं रहेगा।

176, म. रामनाथवाला (मार्च - अप्रैल); बुधवार, नं. 1724
(भागलपुर शहर 30 मी. पूर्वी) 30 मी. पूर्वी ओब्रोन वाली बुधवार, नं. 1724
(भागलपुर शहर 30 मी. पूर्वी) 30 मी. पूर्वी ओब्रोन वाली बुधवार, नं. 1724
(भागलपुर शहर 30 मी. पूर्वी) 30 मी. पूर्वी ओब्रोन वाली बुधवार, नं. 1724
16th March, 1960
Budget for the Year 1960-61
Voting of Demands for Grants

...
lands to cultivate rice. More than 200, 300 acres are to be
situated, and the rest 40 acres, 30 acres. As a result, the
farmers of the village have shown interest. The village
leaders demand the allocation of
some 200, 500, 300 acres. To
some extent, all the farmers are satisfied.

(Srimati T. Lakshmikanthamma in the Chair)

16th March, 1960

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

...
Budget for the Year 1960-61
16th March, 1960
Voting of Demands for Grants

Synthetic Drug Plant, News Print Factory, Low Temperature Carbonization Plant—As stated by the State, they are not included in the demands. Since the Synthetic Drug Plant and News Print Factory are being constructed, it is difficult to say whether they will be included in the next year's budget. The investigation is still going on. Carbonization Plant—It is stated that industries may not be in the next year's budget. This is because the period of the current year is not yet over. In the previous year, the period was the same, but the demand was included. This year, the demand is not included, but it may be included in the next year. Medical Equipment—As stated by the Soviet, they may not be included in the next year's budget.

Technical objections may arise if it is included. If the demand is included in the next year's budget, it may lead to an increase in the cost of papers. Therefore, the demand may not be included.
correspondence and its advantages. A case study of the Iron and Steel Plant in the region demonstrates the benefits of backward schemes. With the aim to combat regional backwardness, various schemes have been proposed. However, objections have been raised by some stakeholders. The issue of backward areas is a complex one, requiring careful consideration of all factors.
areas 1960-61. 

... Industrial Trust Fund...
first charge to be raised in 1960-61. State Government will bear 60% and Industrial Corporation 40% of the charges. Management Control of management will be to be fixed. State Government 60% and Industrial Corporation 40% of the charges will be borne by the State Government. Management Control will be for the year 1960-61. State Government will bear 60% and Industrial Corporation 40% of the charges. Management Control will be for the year 1960-61. State Government will bear 60% and Industrial Corporation 40% of the charges.
Concern Vote 901. 50% [insert details here] subsequent [insert details here] in
Sri Vasudev Krishnaji Nayak: May I know whether any permission of the High Court was obtained and if so, when the share value was reduced?
Budget for the Year 1960-61
Voting of Demands for Grants

16th March, 1960

According to the demands for grants submitted by the Government, the following proposals have been accepted:

1. **Fertilizer Factory**
   - Demand: Rs. 25 crores
   - Purpose: Expansion of production facilities
   - Status: Approved

2. **Iron and Steel Plant**
   - Demand: Rs. 28 crores
   - Purpose: Construction of new facilities
   - Status: Approved

3. **Low Temperature Carbonate Plant**
   - Demand: Rs. 3 crores
   - Purpose: Expansion of production capacity
   - Status: Approved

4. **Heavy Electrical Equipment Plant**
   - Demand: Rs. 20 crores
   - Purpose: Construction of new facilities
   - Status: Approved

5. **Diesel Engine Factory**
   - Demand: Rs. 15 crores
   - Purpose: Expansion of production facilities
   - Status: Approved

The above proposals are subject to certain conditions and arrangements as per the agreement with the respective organizations.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Tribunal
"The Government of India wanted to close the correspondence on the subject."

They wanted to investigate schemes, committees, and correspondence on the subject. The Centre did not agree as the Centre wants to develop an urgent Steel Plant. The Third Five Year Plan proposed plans for major and medium industries. The Regional consideration of the Third Five Year Plan is for regional industry.
Budget for the Year 1960-61
Voting of Demands for Grants

Andhra Paper Mills 1967

Andhra Paper Mills 1967

Third Five Year Plan

industries

percent

percent

percent

percent
Private sectors

House

Second Five Year Plan

Third Five Year Plan

Sugar Factories

licences

foreign exchange

Cabinet level

take up

Sugar Factories

Board of Directors

main offices

cost of production

paper production
I6;A MircA, 1960 FM^f ybr ?A% y^rl960^61

239

16th March, 1960

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

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Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

16th March, 1960

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check foreign exchange small scale industries
16th March, 1960

Voting of Demands for Grants

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Industrial Finance Corporation

The Industrial Finance Corporation was established in 1948 to provide financial assistance to small and medium-sized companies in the public sector for developing and expanding their operations. The corporation operates under the Ministry of Finance and was established to address the need for more financial support for the industrial sector. It provides various types of loans, including term loans, working capital facilities, and medium-term facilities, to help companies meet their financial needs.
Budget for the Year 1960-61
16th March, 1960
Voting of Demands for Grants

*1. Tappers Co-operative Societies*

House having heard the statement made by the contractor on a House statement by Mr. Contractor, the contract was rejected. The contractor has been directed to make a new statement.

Commission has been directed to submit a report on the matter.

1. Consumers 2. Contractors

Contractors have been directed to make a new statement.

Tree tax has been directed to tap.

Co-operative societies have been directed to free tax.
16th March, 1960

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

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Voting of Demands for Grants

16th March, 1960


The Tappers' Federation during 1960-61.

The Tappers' Federation during 1960-61.

The Tappers' Federation during 1960-61.

The Tappers' Federation during 1960-61.

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The Tappers' Federation during 1960-61.

The Tappers' Federation during 1960-61.
Budgzt for the Year 1960-61  
16th March, 1960  
Voting of Demands for Grants

The Minister for Finance moved an amendment to the budget estimates for the year 1960-61, relating to exemptions, representing a sum of Rs. 1960-61.

Exemptions were raised for exceptional cases, representing a sum of Rs. 1960-61. The amendment was moved on behalf of the Tappers Societies.

Re-assessment was allowed in general cases. It was proposed to increase the re-assessment limit to Rs. 1960-61. The amendment was moved on behalf of the Tappers Societies.

Tappers were allowed to improve their cases, representing a sum of Rs. 1960-61. The amendment was moved on behalf of the Tappers Societies.
Illegal tapping, distillation and surprising visits

Freeholders, Tappers’ Co-operative Societies

Budget for the Year 1960-61
Voting of Demands for Grants
Budget for the Year 1960-61

16th March, 1960

Voting of Demands for Grants

...
16th March, 1960
Voting of Demands for Grants

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Situation, background

Deputy Chief Minister

Excise arrears

1. Excise arrears: At the time of the presentation, the arrears were

2. Deputy Chief Minister

3. Excise arrears

4. Deputy Chief Minister

5. Excise arrears

6. Deputy Chief Minister

7. Excise arrears

8. Deputy Chief Minister

9. Excise arrears

10. Deputy Chief Minister

11. Excise arrears
Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

16th March, 1960

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...
Collector, discuss, misunderstand.

Individuals prepare individual bills. Prepare amounts.

Director of Treasuries, issue. Discuss amounts.
Mistake would rectify 232

16th March, 1960
Voting of Demands for Grants

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253 16th March, 1960  

Budget for the Year 1960-61  

Voting of Demands for Grants

Well-to-do members of the community are fully aware of the importance of maintaining a healthy stock of natural resources. The Government has therefore decided to raise the excise duty on gold and silver. The increased duty will be used for the development of the rural areas. Owing to the current economic situation, the Government has decided to postpone the implementation of the new tax. This will enable the Government to focus on other priorities. 

The decision has been widely criticized by the opposition party, who believes that it will lead to increased inflation. However, the Government maintains that the new tax will help in the long run by ensuring a steady flow of revenue. 

The budget has also allocated funds for the development of infrastructure in various parts of the country. The funds will be used to build roads, bridges, and other essential facilities. The Government has also announced plans to increase the budget for education and healthcare. 

The Government has also announced a number of social welfare schemes to help the less fortunate sections of the society. These schemes include increased subsidization of essential commodities, provision of free medical treatment, and assistance to the elderly and disabled. 

Overall, the budget aims to balance the needs of the present with the requirements of the future, ensuring sustainable growth and development for all. 

The Government is committed to achieving this goal through a series of comprehensive and well-planned initiatives. The budget is a step in the right direction, and we look forward to the positive outcomes of these measures.
Voting of Demands for Grants

16th March, 1960

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Sugar manufacture

Vacuum Pan, Open Pan

employment

tappers
16th March, 1960
Budget for the Year 1960-61
Voting of Demands for Grants

organization of the

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tax, license tax $150,000

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Budget for the Year 1960-61  
16th March, 1960  
Voting of Demands for Grants

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Budget for the Year 1960-61
Voting of Demands for Grants

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Voting of Demands for Grants
As a matter of policy

Khadi and Village Industries

Block and Non-block areas

preferential list
artisans and other tools and machinery

Estabishment...
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Voting of Demands for Grants
Budget for the Year 1960-61
Voting of Demands for Grants

16th March, 1960

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(1) சமூகத் துறவுகளாக: தேர்வின் மாணவைகள் தேர்வின் தொகையை வெளியிட்டுள்ளன. என் படிப்புகளை எந்த இளைய சூடுகளுக்கும் விளக்கம் செய்கிறேன். வெளியிட்டுள்ள படிப்புகள் பல்வேறு வகைகளில் மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்டுள்ளன. என்பவற்றின் மூலம் வேன்சால்கள் செயல்படும் வகையில் மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்டுள்ளன. என்பவற்றின் மூலம் நேர்விலங்குகள் வேண்டும் அடையலாம். உலகின் பெரும்பான்மையில் பல்வேறு வகையில் வேன்சால்கள் செயல்படும் வகையில் மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்டுள்ளன. என்பவற்றின் படிப்புகளின் மூலம் தேர்வின் தொகையை வெளியிட்டுள்ளன. என்பவற்றின் படிப்புகளின் மூலம் தேர்வின் தொகையை வெளியிட்டுள்ளன. என்பவற்றின் படிப்புகளின் மூலம் தேர்வின் தொகையை வெளியிட்டுள்ளன.
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Public sector 18.

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

lop 16th March, 1960

Public sector 18.

Voting of Demands for Grants


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Voting of Demands for Grants

...
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Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

...
South Zone & South, North, East, West, & Zones of Industries are areas for development. Industries need to be established in these zones. Electricity and Electric Projects are important for the development of industries. The State Sector should support the development of industries.

South Zone: The Plan for the development of South Zone is important. The State Sector should support the establishment of industries in this zone. Electricity and Electric Projects are crucial for the development of industries.

Liaison Officer: The Liaison Officer is responsible for establishing industries in the South Zone. The State Sector should support the establishment of industries in this zone. Electricity and Electric Projects are crucial for the development of industries.
Technical Objections raise the same kind of question. The same thing applies to the State. The water, the water temperature, the water quality and other conditions are very much the same. The same is the case with the Synthetic Drug factory. It is unfortunate that the synthetic drug factories are in the same situation. It is unfortunate that the Liosan officer is not able to live in such a situation. The officer is not able to live in such a situation. But the central government has passed certain resolutions recently.
Budget for the Year 1960-61

16th March, 1960

Voting of Demands for Grants

Mr. Speaker in the Chair

Mr. Leader of the opposition stated that the industries develop pressure on our land when industries develop industries develop

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

Mr. Leader of the opposition stated that the industries develop pressure on our land when industries develop industries develop

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)
16th March, 1960

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

Mr. Speaker: Let there be no disturbance. It is a

[Continuation of the speech with details not transcribed.]
Budget for the Year 1960-61

16th March, 1960

Voting of Demands for Grants

1. The necessity of Private individuals obtaining a Central Government licence to set up industries in their own areas.

2. The industry in the licence obtained.

3. The need for industries to develop.

4. Sugar Factory.

5. The break down of the Government plan.


7. The break down of the enquiry.

8. Sugar Factory.

9. Sugar cane crushing.

10. The efficiency of private factories.


12. Private factory.


16th March, 1960

Budget for the Year 1960-61

Voting of Demands for Grants

rial 273, 100% 80% 50% 10 10 10 30
finance corporation 100% 25% 25% 50% 50% 25% 25% Rule
Co-operative factories 4% 4% 4% 4% 4%

10. Speaker: Speaker 4% 4%

11. Speaker: Speaker 4% 4%

12. Speaker: Speaker 4% 4%
Budget for the Year 1960-61  
Voting of Demands for Grants  
16th March, 1960  
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Cooperative Societies. Subsidies are extended to cooperative societies to encourage cooperative movement. These funds are given by the state government to the extent of Rs. 50 lakhs by way of grants. The government has also approved the establishment of a cooperative insurance corporation. The government has already sanctioned Rs. 10 lakhs for the construction of the premises of the corporation. Cooperative Societies are encouraged to undertake the business of insurance on a large scale. The government has taken steps to facilitate the establishment of cooperative societies in various parts of the state. The government has also established a cooperative bank in order to provide financial assistance to the cooperative societies.

I.A.S. Administrative Services. The government has taken steps to improve the administrative services of the state. The government has appointed a committee of experts to study the administrative services of the state. The committee has submitted its report to the government. The government has accepted the recommendations of the committee and has taken steps to implement them.

In conclusion, it can be said that the government has taken steps to improve the economic and administrative services of the state. The government has appointed a committee of experts to study the economic and administrative services of the state. The committee has submitted its report to the government. The government has accepted the recommendations of the committee and has taken steps to implement them.
Industrial Development Corporation

develop concrete suggestions

develop suggestions made

industries need

develop suggestions made

industrialists view

view proportion 60%
Newsprint: A small paper company is facing financial difficulties. As a solution, they are considering a merger with a larger company. The financial reports suggest that a merger would be beneficial. The company is also looking into ways to increase its production efficiency. Third, the company is considering the purchase of a new piece of machinery. Caustic soda plant: The company is planning to expand its production capacity. Extension of Andhra Paper Mills: The company is considering a combined subject with the Central Government for communication purposes. Small plant: The company is looking into cheaper chemical options. "Attached plant for the use of the paper mill" is estimated to be combined with the existing plant. Central Government advice: The company is considering advice from the Central Government to allow private sector players to invest in the company. Private individual encouragement: The company is encouraging private individuals to invest in the company. Licence renewal: The company is considering renewing its licence for a longer period. Additional comments: The company is considering additional comments and suggestions from stakeholders.
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Private factories, Caustic soda factory, integrate and maintain the state Government sector. The advice is that private factories should continue to be maintained integrated and maintained. The reasons given are not correct.

Irrigation plans and public sector (interruption) will be affected. Irregular amounts may be industrial. IRRIGATION 5° & STATE SECTOR 5°. 

5° Corporation."
Plan amount of some Russian Companies—American Companies constructing one...

State Sector 4.4: Plan amount 4.4, State sector 4.4
State Sector 4.4 succeed improve success
next time 4.4 percent.

Central Sector 4.4 develop industries.
Central Industries 4.4 develop withdraw.

Northern India 4.4
Hyderabad 4.4 percent.
Central State Sector 4.4 tools plant.

Third Five Year Plan 4.4 cent percent.

Discussions 4.4 point
price preference. Small Industries 4.4 small sector,
industries co-operative and other sector 5% preference price. Account Committee. Estimates Committee objection raise. Small Scale Industries development and Cottage Industries development and co-operative sector price difference. The Ministry policy to strengthen industries.

Mr. N. R.: Cut motions or replies members. That is a very good thing. That procedure may be adopted. It will be very useful. That is better.

Mr. B. R.: Small industries

Mr. N. R.: That is good things may be adopted, if it is better.

Questions answers information press. I am thankful to the ministers. answers press. Every minister has information. I answers press to各位同事们. I draw your attention to this. Press should inform. I think that can be done.

Mr. B. R.: Press Correspondents?

Mr. N. R.: Press Correspondents.

Mr. B. R.: Where is the register?

Mr. N. R.: There is no register. I am copy in the. always time is very scarce...

Mr. B. R. (Mr. B. R. V. Reddy): ‘The answer questions’ sign sign. Distribution of work should be time to time. Distribution of work to each member. (March 1960)
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Voting of Demands for Grants

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DEMAND No. II—Excise Department Rs. 68,80,000

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise by Re. 1

(Non-removing of Tadi shop from inside the Jogi-pet village, Andole taluq, which is newly established.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Re. 1

(For non-implementing of prohibition in Telangana region.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

(For not reducing the Tadi shops in Telangana area.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Re. 1

(Non-allotting the contracts to tapper associations.)

The motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

(To criticise the Government for not having started a public scheme to manufacture sugar from
neera in Kasiralla in Chittoor taluk to provide employment to the unemployed ex-tappers.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100
(To criticise the Department in having stock witness to give false witness in prohibition cases.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100
(For discussing the failure of the Government in implementing prohibition in the State.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100
(To criticise the Government regarding its failure to eradicate corruption in the Excise Department.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100
(To criticise the Government for harassing the poor people and filing false cases upon them.)

The motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100
(To criticise the Government for collecting tree tax at the rate of Rs. 3 per tree from the tappers.)

The motion was declared to have been negatived.

Sri P. Rajagopala Naidu pressed for a division.

The House divided.

Ayes: 17    Noes: 65

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100
(To criticise the Government for harassment and filing false cases against the tappers.)
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for
Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motions were negativated.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

(The motion was negatived.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

(proposed by Mr. S. Ramasarma) was negatived, as it had completely failed in its aims and purposes.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

(The motion was negatived.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

(For not scrapping prohibition altogether since it had completely failed in its aims and purposes.)

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

(To impress upon the Government to expedite the collection of the arrears of excise in Telangana and
caution the Government in not drastically taking steps to eliminate corruption in the Excise Department in the whole of the State.)

The motion was negatived.

*Mr. Speaker:* The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.

*Mr. Speaker:* The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.

*Mr. Speaker:* The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.

*Mr. Speaker:* The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

(For the failure of the Government in enforcing the Prohibition Act in the State effectively.)

The motions were negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motion was declared to have been negatived.

Sri Dharmabhiksham pressed for a division.

The House divided.

Ayes: 17; Noes: 68;

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motions were negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 68,80,000 for Excise Department by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 68,80,000 under Demand No. II Excise Department."

The motion was adopted and grant made.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

That leave be granted to withdraw all the cut-motions under Demand No. XXIV, Industries.

The motion was adopted and the leave granted.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,98,15,900 under Demand No. XXIV-Industries."

The motion was adopted and the grant made.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,39,63,400 under Demand No. XLII, Capital Outlay on Industrial Development.

The motion was adopted and the grant made.
16th March, 1960

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Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri A. Satyanarayana Raju: Sir, on the recommendation of the Governor, I beg to move:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 2,45,36,600 under Demand No. XXVIII—Electricity."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri A. Satyanarayana Raju: Sir, On the recommendation of the Governor, I beg to move:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,64,13,800 under Demand No. XLV—Capital Outlay on Electricity Schemes."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the clock on Thursday, the 17th March, 1960.