Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Debates

OFFICIAL REPORT

Part I—Questions and Answers

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Oral Answers to Questions ... ... ... 121—160

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ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Thursday, the 6th August, 1959

The House met at Half past Eight of the Clock

(Mr Speaker in the Chair)

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Extension of Bus Routes.

161 —

*48 (2349) Sri G Yellamanda Reddy (Kanigiri) —Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state.

(a) whether any proposal is under consideration of the Road Transport Corporation to:

(i) extend up to Vijayapuri South the buses between Hyderabad Nagarjunasagar that stop at present at Vijayapuri North of Nagarjunasagar Dam;

(ii) extend up to Vijayapuri North the buses that come from various parts of Guntur district and stop at Vijayapuri South, and

(b) if not, the reasons therefor?

The Chief Minister (Sri N. Senjeeva Reddy):—(a) Yes.

(b) Does not arise.

New R. T. C. Buses.

162.—

*84 (2877) Srimati T. Lakshmukantihamma (Khammam-General)
Sri Basva Maniah (Andole):—Will hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:
(a) the number of new buses which the Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation propose to put on the roads in the next six months, and

(b) the number of new routes proposed to be taken in the areas at present served by nationalised transport?

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy — (a) About 160 buses

(b) Seven in Telangana region The other routes in Krishna district will be taken as and when additional buses become available in accordance with a phased programme.

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy — Other routes in Krishna District will be taken up as and when additional buses become available. Answer 60 lines.

Sir 15. Kannada — 6 year 6th — 60 lines. 61st The other agency details 60 lines.

Sir 6. Other matters (Miscellaneous) — all matters Why agency particulars not given? 

Sir 15. Kannada — RTC bus service. R. T. C. Sir agency area, etc., etc. etc., etc. etc., etc., etc., etc., etc., etc., etc., etc., etc.
Will hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state the total receipts of the R T D, both gross and net, for the years 1957-58 and 1958-59 up to date in Andhra and Telangana regions?

_Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy_ — The particulars are —

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Andhra</th>
<th>Telangana</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gross</td>
<td>Rs</td>
<td>Rs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1957-58</td>
<td>2,32,20,288</td>
<td>32,48,156</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1958-59</td>
<td>25,68,688</td>
<td>2,39,21,332</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Since the accounts for 1958-59 are provisional and only combined accounts are maintained for both the regions, separate figures of net earnings are not available. The net earnings for 1958-59 amount to Rs 47,56,000/-

Net income is the point. The gross income is Rs 47,56,000. In 1958-59 accounts were Provisional as both 47 and 56 were added. New buses were introduced. Andhra area was 80 and Telangana 47. I remember, that I answered it some time ago.

47 lakhs net income is the income. Does the Minister have capital 200?
Oral Answers to Questions [6th August 1959]

Corporation condition was poor and things 6th August 1959
progressive steps been taken?

Corporation was poor because the Corporation was
condition not 100 per cent. Corporation decided to
Corporation was poor and condition not
progressive steps been taken?

Net income by percentage is it figures I am not speaking with authority
Reserve fund for income net income.
Net income and let them pay income tax now. It was a State transport.
No income tax 50 of the income tax Reserve fund, depreciation fund. Not like that in the olden days when there was no income tax.

Bus owners are running. Passengers paid the full fare. R T D. stages are conducting the service. They have introduced the required stages and conductors.老年

Net income by capital cost is it percentage is it figures I am not speaking with authority
Reservation fund for income income tax.
Not like that in the olden days when there was no income tax.
Land Held by the Protected Tenants in Khammam District.

164.—

*99 (2987) Q—Sri R Narayana Reddy (Put by Sri K L Narasimha Rao) —Will the hon Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) the number of tenants taluk-wise, protected and otherwise in Khammam district during 1952-53, 1953-54, 1954-55 and 1955-56 and the extent of land held by the protected tenants,

(b) the number of protected tenants and the extent of land held by them, and the pattas that were given under section 38–E of the Hyderabad Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act,

(c) the number of land holders that would come under operation of 53–C of the Hyderabad Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, and the extent of land held by them at the time of land census; and

(d) the number of ejectments that took place as a result of objections filed by land–holders under section 38–E ?

The Minister for Revenue (Sri K. V. Ranga Reddy) —(a) The number of protected tenants in 1953–54 and the extent of land held by them are as follows :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Taluk</th>
<th>No. of Protected Tenants</th>
<th>Extent of Land Held</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>1653</td>
<td>23504</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madhira</td>
<td>4043</td>
<td>38434</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellandu</td>
<td>5358</td>
<td>69289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palwancha</td>
<td>1756</td>
<td>15185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burgampad</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>1455</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12935</td>
<td>147867</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The remaining information is not readily available. It has been called for from the Collector and it will be placed on the Table of the House as early as possible.

(b) Information in regard to the number of protected tenants and the lands held by them has been furnished against clause (a) above. Under Section 38-E of the Hyderabad Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1950, ownership of about 87,268 converted dry acres of land held by 11,426 protected tenants in Khammam District was transferred to them and certificates are issued to the Protected Tenants declaring them as owners.

(c) It was originally estimated that there would be 622 surplus landholders in Khammam District, for purposes of Section 53 (c) of the Act, and that about 90,000 C D A of surplus land would be available.

(d) No such ejectments have taken place.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Surplus Landholders</th>
<th>Surplus Land (C D A)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1953</td>
<td>5,858</td>
<td>68,289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1954</td>
<td>4,048</td>
<td>38,484</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1955</td>
<td>1,756</td>
<td>15,185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>1,455</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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11,428 and 37,208 acres respectively. 87,268 acres were surrendered with certificates. Statistics as at March 31, 1959:

- 622 acres were surrendered for conversion into streets.
- 10 acres were not surrendered.
- 23,504 acres were surrendered for conversion into streets.
- 58 (c) acres available as in March 1959.

(Interruptive)

The Hon. Member for Kurnool district sought full information regarding surrender of land. He asked whether the information had been furnished to the House. He asked for full information as soon as possible. "What is the position as on 31st March?" Full information should be furnished to the House as early as possible.

The Hon. Member for Kurnool district—Information has been furnished. More information will be furnished to the House. "What is the latest position?"
128

Oral Answers to Questions [6th August 1959

విందు, తాంత్రిక రూపాల కేంద్రం రాజధాని విజయవాడలో, “ధమము మొత్తం సంఖ్యను పట్టికలో వివరించడం కోసం”
తాదా రాష్ట్రానికి మాత్రమే బంధుతుల తాంత్రిక రూపాలు ఇంకా ఎక్కడ, ఇతర రాష్ట్రాల సేవకాన్ని మాట్లాడించడానికి కనిపించబడింది. మాట కొని 340 రేడియా పట్టికల అంశాలతో, ఎక్కడ మండ్లానికి 740 రేడియా పట్టికలు ఉండాలని విశీఱ్షించబడింది. తూర్పు రాష్ట్రాలపై ఒకటైనానికి మండ్ల సంఖ్య 18 గా ఉండవచ్చు ఉండాలంటే, మండ్ల సంఖ్య 810 లేదా ప్రతి రేడియా పట్టికల సంఖ్య మండి ఉండాలని మాట ఎంచుకుంది. మండ్ల సంఖ్య ఉన్న రేడియా పట్టికలు కంటే అవసరం లేదా కీలకం లేదా ఎంటి?

మాత్రమే పట్టికల ఉండేది. ఎంటి?

ప్రమాదాలు చెప్పింది. ఎంటి?

పాశ్చాత్య రాష్ట్రాలలో పట్టికల సంఖ్య ఎంటి?

పాశ్చాత్య రాష్ట్రాలలో పట్టికల సంఖ్య ఎంటి?

పాశ్చాత్య రాష్ట్రాలలో పట్టికల సంఖ్య ఎంటి?

పాశ్చాత్య రాష్ట్రాలలో పట్టికల సంఖ్య ఎంటి?

పాశ్చాత్య రాష్ట్రాలలో పట్టికల సంఖ్య ఎంటి?

పాశ్చాత్య రాష్ట్రాలలో పట్టికల సంఖ్య ఎంటి?
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policy?

Permission transfers

legalise

Permission

Permission
Oral Answers to Questions [6th August 1959]

30

Tenancy Act:

Which provision of the Tenancy Act will be suspended in the case of a tenant who has not paid the rent for six months?

Suspend:

Suspend the execution of the Tenancy Act in the case of a tenant who has not paid his rent for six months. Permission may be granted in cases of hardship.

Electricity for Industrial Purposes

165.

*76 (2798) Q.—Srimathi T. Lakshminarayamma:—Will the hon. Minister for Public Works be pleased to state:
(a) whether any representation was made to the Government for supply of electricity for industrial purposes at concessional rates, and

(b) if so, the action taken thereon and the rate at which electricity is supplied for industrial purposes and agricultural purposes 9

The Minister for Public Works (Sri J V Narasimha Rao) —
(a) The answer is in the affirmative

(b) Proposal for introducing uniform tariffs throughout the State are under consideration. As for the rates at which Electricity is supplied for industrial and agricultural purposes a statement is placed on the Table of the House

Paper placed on the Table of the House
(Vide Legislative Assembly Question No. 2798)

by

Srimati Lakshmikanthamma, M L A

The existing rates for electricity supply to Industrial (small scale) and agricultural consumers in Telangana and Andhra are given below —

1 Small Scale Industries.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No</th>
<th>Name of the Dept.</th>
<th>Horse Power</th>
<th>Existing rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>RS. A.P.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>The City Electricity Department</td>
<td>0-15</td>
<td>0 2 0 (I.G.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>District Power Scheme</td>
<td>0-5</td>
<td>0 3 0 (O S )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>5-15</td>
<td>0 2 0 (O.S )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Azamabad Thermal Power Schemes</td>
<td>0-1</td>
<td>0 3 0 (O.S )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>1-5</td>
<td>0 1 6 (O.S )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do.</td>
<td>5-15</td>
<td>0 2 0 (O S )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Private Licensees Singareni Collieries</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>0 1 3 (O S )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Sirpur Paper Mills</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>0 1 3 (I.G.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Mahbubnagar</td>
<td>..</td>
<td>0 4 0 (I.G.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(b) In Andhra area.

**Industrial**

First 1,000 units month Re 0-2-3 per unit
All in excess of 1,000 units Rs 0-2-0 per unit
Monthly minimum payment Rs 2-0-0 per H. P. connected load.

**Seasonal Loads**

For loads seasonal in character such as ginning, cotton pressing, oil mills, etc., unit charge and monthly minimum charge as above, but the monthly minimum charge will not apply during the months when the consumption is nil. In addition a fixed charge of Re 0-8-0 per H. P. of connected load per month has to be paid for all the 12 months in the year.

II Agricultural.

(a) Telangana area

First 1,000 K. W per month unit Re 0-2-0 per K. W next 2,000 units Re 0-2-0 and excess over 3,000 units Re 0-1-9 minimum Rs 36 per annum per B H. P.

A cash discount of 1⁄4 anna per K. W H. will be given, if payment is made in full within 14 days of the date of the bill, provided there are no arrears against the consumers account.

A surcharge of 20 per cent will be imposed on the rates if the supply is taken during the evening peak load hours which is normally between 6 p.m. and 9 p.m. Similarly a rebate of 20 per cent, in the rates will be given if the supply is taken only during the nights i.e., from 10 p.m. to 6 a.m.

(b) Andhra area.

**Agriculture.**—First 200 units per H. P. per year Re 0-1-6 per unit. If the consumption exceeds 200 units per H. P. per year and is less than 500 units per H P per year, all at Re. 0-1-3 per unit. If the consumption exceeds 500 units per H P per year, all at Re 0-1-0 per unit. Annual minimum guarantee Rs 20 per H. P. of connected load.

AKBAR NAWAZ JUNG,

Deputy Secretary to Government
6th August 1959

Oral Answers to Questions

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‘Annual minimum guarantee Rs 20—0—0 per H P of corrected load’ information special guarantee Horse power 50 minimum 20 special guarantee electricity 20 special guarantee annual uniform rate fix special guarantee when special guarantee uniform rate fix special guarantee?

‘April’ 5th August 1959—18—12—0 agricultural concession Government State Government agricultural concession rate 20—1—6 200 0—1—6 12—0 18—12—0 agricultural purposes one anna per unit
I'M Oral Answers to Questions [6th August 1959

மாணவர்களுடன் கூறின் தீர்வு RS 0-4-0 per unit என இருக்கும். இந்த தீர்வு முறையே ஜனவரி 1959 முதல் வரை இருக்கும். பதின் இடையில் தீர்வு எதிர்த்தல் தீர்வு?

இந்த வருடத்திற்கு தெரியும் சார்பாகத் தீர்வு எந்தும் concession rates at 60 per cent. (3^rd August) முறையே மும்மறையும் முதல் சராசரியான uniform rates introduce தினமும் விளையாட்டின்

இந்தும் இந்தும் Industrial purpose நவீந concession rates மணி வமனத்தவை, a concession rates agricultural purpose என கொண்டுள்ளேயும் தீர்வு எதிர்த்தல்?

இந்தும் இந்தும் Agricultural purpose என concession rates எறக்கும்.

இந்தும் இந்தும் Industrial purposes நவீநம் 60 per cent rates என concession வமனத்தவை, agricultural purposes என கொண்டுள்ளை?

இந்தும் இந்தும் Industries என, Agriculture என, Hospitals என, Medical Department என, உண்மையடைவால் ராண்டு கூட்டு சார்ந்த农业 என வேறு மும்மறையும் பதின் முறையும். கூட Industries கீ 60 per cent concession என மும்மறையும், சார்ந்த agriculture தொடர்ந்த மும்மறையும் கூடையும் என இரும்ப

இந்தும் இந்தும் Industries என, Agriculture என, Hospitals என. Medical Department என, அல்லது எடுத்துச் சார்ந்த agriculture மும்மறையும் முதல் பதின் முறையும். Industries 60 per cent மும்மறையும் முதல் வேறு subsidise என்பன. அல்லது இந்தும் இந்தும் சார் மும்மறையும் சார்ந்த agriculture என இரும்பாக்கியே என்பனே இரும்பாக்கி! Agriculture என concession என்பனே என இரும்பாக்கியே இரும்பாக்கி!
8th August 1959] Oral Answers to Questions

The honourable Member asked—Is it true, Industries are paying 

Rs. 250 per month to the 135 Industrialists? If so, is it true that the supply of the said papers are sold at a higher price than the printed price? 

If so, why is the said Industrialists so advantage? If so, Industries are paying Rs. 250 per month to the Industrialists in unit of 80,000 tons. Agriculturists are paying Rs. 100 per month. Why is there a difference in the price? 

If so, why is the concessions being given to the Industrialist so unit of 80,000 tons? Agriculturists are paying Rs. 100 per month. Why is there a difference in the price? General is known to have been made.

The honourable Member asked—Is it true, Industries are paying to the 135 Industrialists a special load factor for a special load factor. Agriculturists paid 100 per month. Why is there a difference in the price? 

If so, why is the concessions being given to the Industrialist so unit of 80,000 tons? Agriculturists are paying Rs. 100 per month. Why is there a difference in the price?
*27 (1707) Q.—Sri G. Yellamanda Reddy.—Will the hon. Minister for Local Administration and Labour be pleased to state,

whether the workers retrenched in Tirupati Devasthanam’s Transport Service in the year 1957-58 were taken back after the question 1211 was answered on 22nd March 1958?

The Minister for Local Administration and Labour (Sri D. Sanjeevayya).—Yes. The remaining three temporary workers were also taken back subsequently.

*69 (2670) Q.—Sri G. Yellamanda Reddy.—Will the hon. Minister for Local Administration and Labour be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Brass Wasteware Manufacturers Association, Rajahmundry, East Godavari district affected a lock out for Brass Depot and Company with effect from 27th November 1958;
(b) if so, the reasons therefor, and
(c) the number of workers unemployed thereby?

Sri D Sanjeevayya —(a) Yes, Sir

(b) Due to misguided action of the workers in spoiling goods and material,
(c) 140, Sir.

Rice from Circar Districts to Hyderabad

168.—

*8 (933) Q—Sri V Visweswara Rao —Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the merchants are getting rice from Circar districts to Hyderabad,
(b) if so, the number of tons obtained in 1956–57 and 1957–58;
and
(c) the number of tons exported outside Hyderabad?

The Minister for Agriculture (Sri P Thimma Reddy): —(a) Yes Sir

(b) 1560 tons in 1956–57 and 38,860 tons in 1957–58.
(c) 1941 tons by rail during 1957–58. Information regarding exports in 1956–57 is not available.
1. The number of tons exported to outside Hyderabad means Hyderabad and Secunderabad cities. It does not mean it is exporting outside the Zone.

2. Separate question.

3. Outside the Zone.

4. Surplus districts mean that there is a surplus in these districts.

5. Deficit means that there is a shortage in these districts.
Schemes for Grow More Food

169 —

*17 (1248) Q — Sri S Kasi Reddy (Put by Sri V Visveswara Rao) — Will the hon Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state
(a) whether it is a fact that the Government have recently sanctioned five major irrigation schemes and five other schemes for Grow More Food in the State, and
(b) if so, what the said schemes are?

Sri P Thimma Reddy — It is understood that the hon Member wanted information in respect of all minor irrigation schemes under the Grow More Food campaign for the year 58–59. The particulars required are furnished in the paper placed on the Table of the House.

Paper placed on the Table of the House.
(Vide L A Q 1248 by Sri Kasi Reddy, M L A.)

A sum of Rs 121.14 lakhs was provided for the Minor Irrigation Schemes of Public Works Department, Revenue and Agriculture Departments in the Annual Plan for 58–59. The break-up particulars for the sum of Rs 121.14 lakhs are furnished below.—

**Schemes of the Agriculture Department.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scheme</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Sinking of the filter points</td>
<td>3.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Distribution of Oil engines and Elec Motors under Hire Purchase system</td>
<td>6.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Tube Well Scheme.</td>
<td>0.05 (Token)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Artisan Wells Scheme.</td>
<td>1.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Lift Irrigation Scheme (Telangana)</td>
<td>0.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Installation Oil engines (Telangana)</td>
<td>2.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Sinking of New Wells</td>
<td>5.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Repairs to old wells</td>
<td>1.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Well boring.</td>
<td>0.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>19.89</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Schemes under the control of Board of Revenue:
Well Subsidy Scheme

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scheme</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>17.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Schemes under the control of Public Works Department

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scheme</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public Works Department Minor Irrigation Works (Andhra)</td>
<td>40.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Works Department Minor Irrigation Survey</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breached Tanks (Telangana),</td>
<td>41.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor Irrigation on Survey (Telangana)</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>84.05</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Government of India later on sanctioned an additional sum of Rs 25 lakhs for the Minor Irrigation Schemes of the State. This amount was allocated among several Departments as follows:

1. Agriculture Department Rs 5.8 lakhs.
2. Board of Revenue (Well Subsidy Scheme) Rs 1.9
3. Restoration and improvement of tanks
   (a) Andhra Board of Revenue Rs 11.5
   (b) Telangana C E (Irrigation) Rs 5.8
   Total Rs: 25.0 lakhs.

The Government of India also suggested that a further sum of Rs 10 lakhs might be spent on Minor Irrigation Schemes. But in view of the late receipt of the orders and in view of the proposal to divert Rs 27.7 lakhs from the Agriculture Scheme to Minor Irrigation Schemes, this Government decided not to avail of the offer.

The Director of Agriculture surrendered Rs 27.7 lakhs (referred to in the previous para) from the Agriculture Schemes of 1958-59 and it was ordered that this amount should be set apart for the following schemes:

1. Well Subsidy Scheme Rs. 2.56 lakhs.
2. Minor Irrigation Schemes of Public Works Department Rs. 25.14 lakhs.
6th August 1959] Oral Answers to Questions

1. The demand is much more than the supply position.

2. The demand is much more than the supply position.

3. The demand is much more than the supply position.

4. The demand is much more than the supply position.

5. The demand is much more than the supply position.
Will the hon Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state
(a) the surplus paddy available for export during 1959, and
(b) the rate at which the paddy is ordered to be procured by the Government of India?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy — (a) The total exportable surplus of paddy in terms of rice during 1958-59 is estimated at 6,09,586 tons

(b) Information is not readily available with this Government. It is, however, presumed that the Government of India are procuring paddy/rice at the controlled prices which are in force now.
Mr Speaker — We are going to the general big questions. I am not going to allow all such questions.

Procurement of Rice

171 —

*123 (3116) Q — Sri P Venkatasubbiah (Put by Sri N C Seshadri) — Will the hon Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the State Government propose to procure rice and sell the stocks on "no loss and no profit" basis.

(b) if so, who would meet the incidental and conveyance charges, and

(c) whether the Government of India would subsidise for the loss sustained, if any.

Sri M. Saraph — We are going to the general big questions. I am not going to allow all such questions.

Sri M. Saraph — Will the hon Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state...
You have no other question. Please sit down.

1. Where does the purchase—i.e. the purchase procured by the Government—go to procure the item (procure) what?

2. Where is the purchase—i.e. the purchase of the purchase—procured, is the purchase on no loss no profit basis, do the goods go to the purchase?

3. In the purchase—i.e. the purchase, the purchase distribution where is the purchase?

4. In the purchase—i.e. the purchase, the purchase, the purchase transport, how is the purchase against the purchase?
6 th August 1959

Oral Answers to Questions

14

(1) ఆంగ్లాలో కాలుగా తన విశ్రామం సంధిందు కోసం,
మీదుగా కాలుగా watch చెందానికి బడుతున్నది
నేప్పిడి, కాని, ఇక్కడ సంచాలన, మానవ నృత్తి కండం
తిరిగి రాకుండా లభించింది?

(2) లభం రాయములు (ప్రతి), —మామిడి కాలుగా 30 మంది లభం
సంధిందు ప్రత్యేకం procurement చెందానికి ప్రతిభ్యోగించాడు చేయాలని
ఎంపు. మొత్తం తిరిగి 20 మంది రాకుండా కాలుగా
వనం 21 అం. ఆంగ్లాలో కాలుగా లభం సంధిందు ప్రతిభ్యోగించాడు సంచాలన
తిరిగి సంచాలన పుస్తక జానికి లభం సంధిందు ప్రతిభ్యోగించాడు?

(3) స్థలానిక ప్రతి సాగారు పిలువడానికి

(4) లభం రాయములు —మామిడి కాలుగా 30 మంది లభం
సంధిందు ప్రతిభ్యోగించాడు చేయాలని
లభం సంధిందు ప్రతిభ్యోగించాడు చేయాలని?
నిర్ధారణ చేయాలని?

(5) మెమోరీ —నాలుగు మెమోరీ మరియు నాని
మెమోరీ కరుగుతున్న ప్రత్యేకం
నిర్ధారణ చేయాలని?
యువుల సంచాలన పుస్తక జానికి
లభం సంధిందు ప్రతిభ్యోగించాడు?

(6) లభం రాయములు —మామిడి కాలుగా ప్రతి
సంధిందు ప్రతిభ్యోగించాడు చేయాలని?
నిర్ధారణ చేయాలని?

(7) విధానాధికారి ప్రతి నిర్ధారణలు
—విధానాధికారి ప్రతి నిర్ధారణలు
ప్రతిభ్యోగించాడు చేయాలని?
నిర్ధారణ చేయాలని?

(8) పబ్లిక్ అంశాలు —పబ్లిక్స్ అంశాలు
ప్రతిభ్యోగించాడు చేయాలని?
నిర్ధారణ చేయాలని?
Stud Bulls In The Veterinary Hospital, Cuddapah

172 —

*126 (3123) Q—Sri P Venkatasubbiah (Put by Sri N C Seshadri).—Will the hon Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:

(a) the number of stud bulls maintained in the Veterinary Hospital, Cuddapah; and

(b) whether they would be auctioned after they have become useless?

Sri P. Thimma Reddy —(a) Two, Sir

(b) Yes, Sir.

Maximum Price of Rice.

173:—

*169 (3240) Q—Sri P. Rajagopal Naidu (Put by Sri B. Appa Rao).—Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state:
(a) have the Government requested the Central Government to revise the maximum price fixed per maund of rice, and

(b) if so, the result thereof?

Sri P Thimma Reddy — (a) Yes, Sir

(b) The Government of India have not complied with the request made by this Government.

Sir: Yes, Sir

The Government of India have not complied with the request made by this Government.

I. Investigation Report Table 11

II. Factors of production including balance sheet involving factors such as wear and tear management, production costs, and other related matters. The details are available in the Council Hall.

III. Cost of production includes indirect and direct costs. The details are available in the Council Hall.

IV. Are the maximum prices revised? Yes, Sir

V. Are the maximum prices revised? Yes, Sir
Oral Answers to Questions

16th August 1959

(a) Will the hon. Minister for Education be pleased to state,

(1) the present number of Harijan Hostels in the State, district-wise, together with number of students,

(2) whether any proposal is under consideration of the Government to establish any additional hostels this year, and

(3) if so, the places where the same will be established?

The Minister for Education and Social Welfare (Sri S. B. P. Pattabhi Rama Rao) —(a) A statement is placed on the Table of the House,

(b) No

(c) Does not arise.
Answer to L A. Q. No 1269 (a) placed on the Table of the House

Statement showing the Present No of Harijan Hostels in State Districtwise together with number of Students

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S No</th>
<th>Name of the District</th>
<th>No of Harijan Hostels</th>
<th>No of students in Govt Hostels</th>
<th>No of students in Subsidised Hostels</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Govt</td>
<td>Subsidised</td>
<td>Govt</td>
<td>Subsidised</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>174</td>
<td>501</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>East Godavari Dt</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>415</td>
<td>1791</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>370</td>
<td>2668</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>1749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>341</td>
<td>2431</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>2692</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>1385</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Ananthpur</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Hyderabad</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>251</td>
<td>280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>97</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Mahabubnagar</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>303</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Medak</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>248</td>
<td>631</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Warangal</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>205</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total | 65 | 449 | 3698 | 17031 |
5th August 1959] Oral Answers to Questions

Will the hon Minister for Education be pleased to state

(a) the number of Harijan Christian and Christian Hostels, respectively in Andhra Region;

(b) the number of boys and girls respectively in the said Hostels, and

(c) the amount given to the said Hostels by the Government during 1957-58?

Sri S B P Pattabhu Rama Rao —(a) There are no hostels exclusively for Harijan Christians and Christians, run or aided by Social Welfare Department,

(b) & (c) Do not arise

Harijan Christian in Christian Hostels

175 —

*54 (2476) Q —Sri P Gunnayva (Pathapatnam-Reserved) —Will the hon Minister for Education be pleased to state .

(a) the number of Harijan Christian and Christian Hostels, respectively in Andhra Region;

(b) the number of boys and girls respectively in the said Hostels, and

(c) the amount given to the said Hostels by the Government during 1957-58 ?

Sri S B P Pattabhu Rama Rao —(a) There are no hostels exclusively for Harijan Christians and Christians, run or aided by Social Welfare Department,

(b) & (c) Do not arise
**Oral Answers to Questions [6th August, 1959**

**Harijan Hostel at Kurnool**

176—

*67 (2664) Q—*Sri G Yellamanda Reddy —Will the hon Minister for Education be pleased to State:

(a) whether it is a fact that some students have been sent out this year from the Harijan Hostel at Kurnool managed by the Harijan Sangh with the aid of the Government, and

(b) if so, the number of students sent out,

(c) the reasons therefor,

(d) whether any representations have been received by the Government from the students, and

(e) if so, the action taken by the Government thereon?

*Sri S B P Pattabhi Rama Rao —(a) Yes, Sir

(b) 13 students.

(c) The Secretary of the hostel expelled the boarders on the ground that they were not quite disciplined.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) The students were subsequently readmitted into the Hostel as they tendered apology and other action has been dropped.

**Boarding Facilities in Harijan Hostels**

177.—

*108 (3042) Q—*Sri P. Mahendranath (Nagarkurnool-Reserved) — Will the hon Minister for Education be pleased to State:

(a) whether the Government directed that boarding should be provided for students only from July in the Harijan Hostels in
Telangana region although the admission into hostels take place on 15th June, the date of re-opening of the schools, and

(b) whether any proposal is under consideration not to enforce this direction at least for this year?

Sr. S B P Pattabhi Rama Rao —(a) Yes Sir, such a direction has been given by the Director of Social Welfare as per Rule No 0 in Appendix VIII of the Boarding Grant Rules and as per the procedure in vogue in the Andhra area.

(b) The proposal received from the Director of Social Welfare has been negatived by the Government.

*122 (3113) Q.—Sri P Venkatasubbiah (Put by Sri N C Seshadri) —Will the hon Minister for Co-operative and Housing be pleased to state:

(a) the method adopted for the valuation of Lands mortgaged to the Land Mortgage Banks at present in the State; and

(b) whether there is any proposal with the Government to replace this method?

The Minister for Co-operation (Sri Mehdi Nawaz Jung) —(a) A note containing the information is placed on the Table of the House.
(b) There is no proposal at present to replace the existing method of valuation in the Andhra area. As regards Telangana area, the Hyderabad Central Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank has suggested certain changes in the method of valuation by the Land Mortgage Banks and they are being considered by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

Statement placed on the Table of the House.

Method Adopted for Valuation of Lands Mortgaged to the Land Mortgage Banks at present in the State—Vide Legislative Assembly Question Starred No. 3113

Andhra Area

The method adopted for valuation of lands mortgaged to the Land Mortgage Banks in the Andhra area at present is as follows:

(1) The standard of valuation of hypotheca is 40% over prewar rates

(2) 45% in respect of black cotton soil systematically cultivated without fail.

(3) 40% in respect of other soils systematically cultivated without fail.

(4) 40% in respect of black cotton soil in Rayalaseema

(5) 35% in respect of other soils in Rayalaseema

(6) 30% in respect of produce for purpose of calculating repaying capacity

(7) 50% on the estimated value of dry lands in the Tunga Bhadra Project area in Rayalaseema in respect of black cotton and other soils in the case of applications for reclamation of dry land into wet.

Telangana Area

The method adopted for valuation of Lands Mortgaged to the Land Mortgage Banks in Telangana area at present is as follows:

The present system of land valuation is based on the land revenue assessment paid on the hypotheca. The basis of valuation at present in force and the loan eligibility is given hereunder.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nature of the lands.</th>
<th>Valuation.</th>
<th>Loan eligibility purpose</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Dry, Wet and Garden lands.</td>
<td>50 times the assessment</td>
<td>1 When the loan is entirely for productive purposes viz. sinking of a repairs to wells, construction of cattle sheds, purchase of engines and Rahats</td>
<td>60% of the value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2. When the purpose of loan is for discharge of prior debts, purchase of bulls and carts etc. and levelling and bunding of the land</td>
<td>50% of the value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3. When the loan is sought for both productive and other purposes and the amount required for production purposes is more than 50%</td>
<td>55% of the value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Dry lands carrying an assessment of Rs. 2/- or more per acre.</td>
<td>80 times the assessment</td>
<td>Whatever be the purpose</td>
<td>50% of the value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mehdi Nawaz Junj
Minister for Co-operation
Sri B. Rama Reddy (Mydukur) — The difference between the pre-war and post-war rates of lands is very great. Will the hon Minister take into consideration the difference and try to revise the valuation of lands?

Sri Mehdi Nawaz Jung — Sir, the whole method of assessing the value of the land is defective. It was based upon the market value of the land from 1936 to 1944 A.D. Then they thought of extending it from 1944 to 1946. It was felt that the needs of the ryots are not met by this assessment and the proposal is now to advance loans on the value of the produce. And also in Telangana the method of advancing is very unsatisfactory. That is also being revised.
Field Labour Co-operative Societies in the State

179 —

*144 (3152) Q—Sri B Appa Rao —Will the hon. Minister for Co-operation and Housing be pleased to state:

the district-wise number of field labour Co-operative Societies in Andhra Pradesh?

Sri Mehdî Nawaz Jung:—A statement showing the number of Field Labourers Co-operative Societies in Andhra Pradesh is placed on the Table of the House.

Paper Placed on the Table of the House.

(Vide answer to L. A starred question No. 3152 by Sri Besetti Apparao, M L A)

Statement showing the number of Field Labourers Co-operative Societies in Andhra Pradesh.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S No</th>
<th>Name of the Circle</th>
<th>No. of Field Labourers Co-operative Societies or Tenant Societies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Vijayawada East.</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Nellore (North)</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Vijayawada (West)</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Amalapuram</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Machilipatnam</td>
<td>204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Rajahmundry</td>
<td>131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Hindupur</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Bhimavaram</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Eluru</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Kakinada</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S No</td>
<td>Name of the Circle</td>
<td>No of Field Labourers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Co-operative Societies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>or Tenant Societies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Bapatla</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Nellore (S)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Narasaraopeta</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Nalgonda</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Karimnagar</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Nizamabad</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Hyderabad District</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Adilabad</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Hyderabad City circle</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Khammam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>944</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sri Mehdinawaz Jung.—If I should know the name of the particular society, I will find out. The field labour societies are formed on the availability of cultivable land and lanka land. If in Visakhapatnam such lands are not available, it will have to be considered.
Sri. Mehdi Nawaz Jung:—I could not follow, Sir.

Sri. Mehdi Nawaz Jung:—The Co-operative Department will be very helpful.

Co-operative Minister to Revenue Minister:—Co-operative Minister to Revenue Minister?
Sri Mehdì Nawaz Jung — The hon member is in a letter position to do that.

Sri & Punniah (Cheepurupalli-Reserved) — What is the minimum acreage or extent that is required for the formation of this society?

Sri Mehdì Nawaz Jung — Usually, about 100 acres

Furniture Mill-Cum Saw Mill At Hyderabad

180 —

*86 (2887) Q — Srimati T Lakshmikanthamma — Will the hon Minister for Endowments and Industries be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government sanctioned any scheme for the establishment of a furniture mill-cum-saw mill together with seasoning and mechanised wood workshop at Hyderabad; and

(b) if so, the estimated cost of the scheme and the progress made so far in the implementation of the scheme?

The Minister for Endowments and Industries (Sri A Bhagavantha Rao) — (a) & (b) The scheme has not been sanctioned yet but is under consideration of the Government.

స్థాయి కొందరు నిర్యాతిస్థానం కనుక ప్రశ్నకను చేసింది?

స్థాయి 2. సంస్థ నిర్యాతిస్థానం నిర్యాతిస్థానం technical sanction వాడకి ప్రశ్నకను చేసింది.
# Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Debates

**OFFICIAL REPORT**

**Part II—Proceedings other than Questions and Answers**

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<tr>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Half an hour discussion re: Imposition of penalties on ryots cultivating Government lands and their ejectment</td>
<td>250–257</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** "The unannounced speech does not contain the final writer."
"the tampering of records resorted to by the Chairman, Industrial Tribunal, Hyderabad, who has snatched away some public copies of the proceedings of the Tribunal in a case between the employees and the employers of certain Rice and Oil Mills at Kottavalsa from Mr. Muzumdar, representative of the workers in the said case pending before him and later corrected the original record handing over a new set of altered and corrected public copies to him (Mr. Muzumdar) later in the evening of 24th July 1959 which instance besides being a clear pointer of the bias of the Chairman of the Industrial Disputes Tribunal in favour of the management is a matter of clear tampering of records creating a situation of grave concern and urgent matter of public importance for all including the workers of the Oil Mills at Kottavalsa and similarly for other workers".

Mr. Speaker: I am disallowing this adjournment motion. According to this, one officer has committed a very grave irregularity and also a crime. Therefore, it has to be complained to the superior officer; and the Assembly cannot take note of that, nor can we discuss it.

It must be reported to the superior officers and they will take the necessary action. The hon. Member may help them in the matter. So I disallow it.

Mr. Speaker: Nothing further. It is over, and I have disallowed it. The hon. Minister for Labour will kindly take note of it, hold an enquiry and dispose of.
Should I intervene between you and the Ministers? Therefore, it is not necessary; nor is it proper.

*Sri Pillalarmarri Venkateswarlu (Nandigama)*: On a point of submission Sir.

I do not think such things should be informed to the House.

*Sri Pillalarmarri Venkateswarlu*: Why, Sir?

I am not speaking of non-officials including myself, and it is only about that.

**CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF PUBLIC IMPORTANCE re: Distribution of agricultural loans to the ryots of Guntur District.**

*Mr. Speaker*: I have received notice of a motion under Rule 74 from Sri B. V. Sivayya and Sri Kolla Ramayya. They will make a small statement, if they are ready. Otherwise, you (referring to Sri P. Thimma Reddy, Minister concerned) may make a small statement for the benefit of the House.

The quantity programmed to be distributed from April to September, 1959:

- **Ammonium Sulphate**: 18,000 tons.
- **Uria**: 7,100 tons.
Quantity indented for this period is 6,043 tons of Ammonium Sulphate, and 348 tons of Uria.

Quantity expected to have been received from 1-4-1959:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ammonium Sulphate</th>
<th>4,000 tons.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Uria</td>
<td>305 tons.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
loans permits नींद रुकाया देखाया उठाया जायात. तैयार
शास्त्रीय केलेक्टर या सुन्दर विद्यालय शिक्षक
tथा दूरस्थ जिल्ला, हालांकि. तलवा
पुरे अनुमति भले ही विशेष स्थिति ने किन्नर
tथा function निर्देश अनुशंसा होते हैं। तभी तथा अस्वेदन
लेकिन open की होती है। रोज़ना जीवन में शामिल है। अतः
लेखन को भले ही जीवन भर तथा दृष्टि दृष्टि
tथा स्वास्थ्य लाभ की जाती है।

ADJOURNMENT MOTION

re: Famine Conditions in Chittoor District

Mr. Speaker: I received an adjournment motion
given notice of by Sri P. Rajagopal Naidu, “to discuss
a matter of public importance, viz., the serious famine
conditions prevailing in Thavanapally Constituency in
Chittoor District.”

Of course, the matter is brought in the notice of
the concerned Minister.

I am disallowing the adjournment motion.

re: Labour Strike in Ferro Alloys Corporation
at Gavilghar.

Mr. Speaker: I request the Minister concerned
to reply tomorrow. I am posting this for tomorrow, as
the hon. Minister is not here.

The Minister for Labour (Sri D. Sanjivayya): I
am here, Sir.

Mr. Speaker: Then, come on with your reply.

Sri D. Sanjivayya: Tomorrow, Sir.
CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE
re: Grazing Lands in Nellore District.

Mr. Speaker: I have received-notice of a motion under Rule 74, from Sri G. Yellamanda Reddy, regarding grazing lands called 'Kanchas' in Nellore District. The hon. Revenue Minister will kindly reply.
6th August, 1959

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

మార్యాదం ప్రచురం (ప్రతి): On a point of information

సిరీస్, సమాచారం 40,000 రూపాయలు పరిమాణం విదేశి రాజ్యాల రివేంట్ రోజు నియరిడి ప్రాంతాల్లో ఏలేయారు. రాష్ట్రంపై 74 రోజు నియరిడి వేల విని Notice ప్రస్తుతం, నంబరు 5722 వేల అంచనా లేవు. నంబరు 722 వేల సంఖ్య.

మార్యాదం ప్రచురం (ప్రతి): On a point of information

సిరీస్, 40,000 రూపాయలు పరిమాణం విదేశి రాజ్యాల రివేంట్ రోజు నియరిడి ప్రాంతాల్లో ఏలేయారు. రాష్ట్రంపై 74 రోజు నియరిడి వేల విని Notice ప్రస్తుతం, నంబరు 5722 వేల అంచనా లేవు. నంబరు 722 వేల సంఖ్య.

ఎంది సంఖ్యాంకం (చిత్రం): మార్యాదం ప్రచురం (ప్రతి): On a point of information

సిరీస్, 40,000 రూపాయలు పరిమాణం విదేశి రాజ్యాల రివేంట్ రోజు నియరిడి ప్రాంతాల్లో ఏలేయారు. రాష్ట్రంపై 74 రోజు నియరిడి వేల విని Notice ప్రస్తుతం, నంబరు 5722 వేల అంచనా లేవు. నంబరు 722 వేల సంఖ్య.

ఎంది సంఖ్యాంకం (చిత్రం): On a point of information

సిరీస్, 40,000 రూపాయలు పరిమాణం విదేశి రాజ్యాల రివేంట్ రోజు నియరిడి ప్రాంతాల్లో ఏలేయారు. రాష్ట్రంపై 74 రోజు నియరిడి వేల విని Notice ప్రస్తుతం, నంబరు 5722 వేల అంచనా లేవు. నంబరు 722 వేల సంఖ్య.

ఎంది సంఖ్యాంకం (చిత్రం): On a point of information
GOVERNMENT BILL


The Minister for Finance (Sri K. Bramhananda Reddy) : Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959, as reported by the Regional Committee be read a second time.

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.
6th August, 1959  The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

leadership to develop into the 4th objectives and so on. The present objectives of providing health and educational facilities is the Constitution. The bigger area is the formation of a unit. The two-tier system is the formation of a unit as advised by the Advisory Committee. The district level is the establishment of three tier system. The village level is the establishment of three tier system.
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat 6th August, 1959
Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

functions devolve to the Integrated Panchayat Bill and minor irrigation, 
and land revenue. The 3rd local cesses and land cesses to the town 
are also transferred to the Integrated Bill. The Original Bill’s schedule castes to, schedule 
tribes and land revenue are also transferred. The Standing Committees 
also have a functional basis of the Standing Committees. Standing Committees 
include: Agriculture, Co-operation, Cottage Industries, Women Social Welfare, 
Communications, Standing Committees for the Standing Committees. The Standing Committees 
are also transferred to the Integrated Bill. The Standing Committees 
also have a functional basis of the Standing Committees. The 
Standing Committees are also transferred to the Integrated Bill. The 
Standing Committees are also transferred to the Integrated Bill.
democratic
decentralization

Standing Committees

proportionate representation by
simple transferable vote

Block

conventions
develop

co-operation

non-official

official

voting

supersede

official members

organisations

official
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat 6th August, 1959
Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

The development of Zilla Parishads and the powers and functions of the President.

Now it is a part of the main bill. Details of the administrative control over B. D. O. have been brought in. The non-official president’s administrative control over B. D. O. has been brought in. The Block Development Officers and the emergency powers have been brought in. The emergency powers of the president have been brought in. The schedule III has been brought in. The detailed section has been brought in. Now it is a part of the main bill. Details of the administrative control over B. D. O. have been brought in. The non-official president’s administrative control over B. D. O. has been brought in. The Block Development Officers and the emergency powers have been brought in. The emergency powers of the president have been brought in.
three tyred system
integration and an integration system
constituencies and an integration system
conflict
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat
Samithus and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

6th August, 1959

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The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat 6th August, 1959 208
Samithus and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

హనమార్గ మారంబి మదించాడు ఉండండాం కేదారం ఇంటిలో ఉంటే మిగతానం మనం కూడా ఉంటాము. మనం కూడా నిశ్చిత వాంచుకు ఉంటాము. కానీ తద్వారా ఇది చాలా సంచారం నుండి ఉంటడం జరిగింది. కానీ దీనిని చెప్పాలి ఇది సాంస్కృతిక సంప్రదాయం, సాధారణం వాటిలో ఇది సాధారణం అవసరం. కానీ దీనిని దీనికి దారి అవసరం వాటిల్లి చెప్పాలి. దీనితో ఉంటే దీని విశేషాలు దారి తీసి ఉంటాము. అందుకే దీనిని కూడా సంప్రదాయం చెప్పాలి. నాణేశ్వరసందర్భం ఆంతరిక దేశాల మదించాడు ఉండండాం కేదారం ఇంటిలో ఉంటే మనం కూడా ఉంటాము. మనం కూడా నిశ్చిత వాంచుకు ఉంటాము. కానీ తద్వారా ఇది చాలా సంచారం నుండి ఉంటడం జరిగింది. కానీ దీనిని చెప్పాలి ఇది సాంస్కృతిక సంప్రదాయం, సాధారణం వాటిలో ఇది సాధారణం అవసరం. కానీ దీనిని దీనికి దారి అవసరం వాటిల్లి చెప్పాలి. దీనితో ఉంటే దీని విశేషాలు దారి తీసి ఉంటాము. అందుకే దీనిని కూడా సంప్రదాయం చెప్పాలి.

[Text in Telugu script]
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat
Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959
6th August, 1959
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The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

The block area is, of course, an area where proportionate representation is understood to operate. When it came to the scheduled castes, the representation was proportionate. The schedule castes were not scheduled, as such, but included in the category of scheduled castes. The proportionate representation is for all categories, and includes those who fall under the reservation category for scheduled castes. The scheduled castes are to be represented proportionately. The proportionate representation is for all categories, and includes those who fall under the reservation category for scheduled castes. The proportionate representation is for all categories, and includes those who fall under the reservation category for scheduled castes. The proportionate representation is for all categories, and includes those who fall under the reservation category for scheduled castes. The proportionate representation is for all categories, and includes those who fall under the reservation category for scheduled castes.
ప్రపంచంలో వాయిష్టుల మీదుగా, మోడి రాయును చాల ఎంత తెగితే మాసాలు గట్టించాయి. మయిల్చితెంటే రాయ వెలుగులో తపాసి చేసి ఉండాలి. ఇందులో ప్రతి సంస్థ సాధారణ పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి. ఇతర సమస్యలు ప్రతి వ్యక్తి ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి. ఇతర పరిస్థితులు ప్రతి వ్యక్తి ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి.

వాయిష్టుల ప్రతి సంస్థ సాధారణ పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి. ఇందులో ప్రతి సంస్థ సాధారణ పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి. ఇతర సమస్యలు ప్రతి వ్యక్తి ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి. ఇతర పరిస్థితులు ప్రతి వ్యక్తి ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి.

వాయిష్టుల ప్రతి సంస్థ సాధారణ పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి. ఇందులో ప్రతి సంస్థ సాధారణ పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి. ఇతర సమస్యలు ప్రతి వ్యక్తి ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి. ఇతర పరిస్థితులు ప్రతి వ్యక్తి ప్రత్యేక పరిస్థితులు చెందాయి.

 Hosamvara Aiyar, Sri. Nominate Suryakanta K. Varma: "Nominate is a word that has both a legislative and a judicial significance. In the legislative context, nominate means to select or appoint someone for a particular position or role. In the judicial context, nominate refers to the process of designating an individual to fill a vacancy. In the context of the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1958, the term nominate is used to designate a person to fill a vacancy in a local council. The word nominate has been extensively used in this Bill to ensure that the councils are properly staffed and functioning. The term nominate is also used to designate a person to fill the position of a presiding officer in a council. The word nominate is used in various sections of this Bill to ensure that the councils are properly represented and functioning.
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat 6th August, 1959
Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

...
Standing Committees are of two kinds. Majority
proportional representation is the

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proportional representation is the

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proportional representation is the

Standing Committees are of two kinds. Majority
proportional representation is the
...proportional representation is being...
(Srimathi T. Lakshmikanthamma in the Chair)

6th August, 1959

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

(స్రీమతి త. లక్ష్మీకంతాంభమా అంతర్గత ప్రభుత్వం ఉన్నతం)

యిది సనాధికీం విధించబడింది అని నిలుస్తుంది. ఇబ్బంది సాధారణంగా పలు విధానానికి ప్రతిష్ఠితంగా ఉన్నాయి. అందుకే రాష్ట్రాంగా మనము ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తున్నాయి. ఈ ప్రకటన అంశానికి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే, చట్టప్రకారం వారి విధానాలు వారి విధానాలతో ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే, కాని ప్రతి సామాజిక ప్రత్యేకత ప్రత్యేక ధ్రువానికి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే, అనేకాంశాల యొక్క విధానాల ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే, కాని ప్రత్యేక చట్టపదార్థాల ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే, అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తామానికి సమాధానానికి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే, అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం మాత్రమే. ఇలా ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం. అంటే నాటి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం. అంటే నాటి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం. అంటే నాటి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం. అంటే నాటి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం. అంటే నాటి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం. అంటే నాటి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం. అంటే నాటి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం. అంటే నాటి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం. అంటే నాటి ప్రతిసరి చేయాలంటే అంటే నాటి ప్రతిశ్రుతి ప్రస్తుతం ప్రారంభం చేస్తాం.
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Clause 4 (II) of the said Bill supersedes the said provisions of the said Schedule by the said supersection. The said Schedule shall be deemed not to have been in force from the date of the said Bill. In accordance with the said supersection, the said Schedule shall cease to have effect in relation to the said nomination in the said panchayat or zilla parishad or the said Samithi. The said nomination shall be deemed to have been made in accordance with the provisions of the said Schedule as if the said Schedule had been in force in the said panchayat or zilla parishad or the said Samithi.
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959
6th August, 1959


directed towards ensuring the participation of local communities in the decision-making process and ensuring transparency and accountability in the functioning of local bodies. The Bill aims to create a framework for the establishment of standing committees within the Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads. These committees are intended to enhance public participation and ensure that the decisions taken are in the best interest of the community. The Standing Committees are expected to contribute to the effective functioning of the local bodies by providing a platform for discussions and deliberations on various issues. The Bill also includes provisions for the inclusion of women and vulnerable groups in the representation within these committees, thereby promoting inclusivity and equity.
Clause 36 (iv) (v) in "the member of the House of the People elected from the Constituency which forms part of the District" as 108.

Provided also that no person shall be a Chairman of more than one Zilla Parishad.
1959-ஆம் ஆண்டு வேட்டை நடத்தும் கைசருக்கு பதிவு செய்து 224 பக்கத்தில் காணப்பட்டுள்ளது.
Standing Committees are to be constituted by the Government, as a part of the Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959. The Standing Committees are to be voluntary and non-official in membership. The Standing Committees are to be constituted by the Government. The Standing Committees are to be voluntary and non-official in membership. The Standing Committees are to be voluntary and non-official in membership. Elementary Education, Minor Irrigation, and other services will be under the purview of these Committees. The Committees shall consist of direct elected members, nominated members, and representatives of the Government. The Committees shall consist of direct elected members, nominated members, and representatives of the Government. The Committees shall consist of direct elected members, nominated members, and representatives of the Government.
Sir, V. Rama Chandra Rao (Asifnagar).

Sir, the Governor's address to the joint session of the Council and the Assembly referred to the Bill as an experiment in democratic decentralisation. As I see the Bill, of course, it is really an experiment in democratic decentralisation and I welcome it in that extent. But since democracy means party system, this Bill is sure to permit protection of party system to such levels as Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads. The Government, on the one hand, will certainly endeavour its best to strengthen its stranglehold on Panchayat Samithis as also Zilla Parishads, and naturally, the other political parties that are functioning in the country will certainly endeavour to strengthen themselves in both the Panchayat Samithis and the Zilla Parishads. The countryside...
which is now immune from party strifes and party bickerings will become the cock-pit. I am afraid, of these party strifes. This apprehension is there. Of course, at this stage I can only say that the ruling party and other parties will certainly try to avoid such party strifes and party bickerings. I do not know how far it is possible because, since we are wedded to democracy, party strifes and party bickerings are a natural phenomenon. The only thing that I could at this stage suggest is that the officials who will be posted there should be trained and should be well conversant with the Bill and should be such persons who have had put in some service in the administration of the country for the benefit of the people, etc.

Regarding the election of the President to the Panchayat Samithi, I would like to point out some lacuna in it. The hon. Member Sri Yella Reddy also has pointed out that lacuna. There is a possibility of a nominated member becoming the President of a Panchayat Samithi or Zilla Parishad. This could be avoided by slightly amending certain of the Clauses of the Bill. For example, I draw your attention to Clause 7 (1) which reads as follows: “There shall be a President and a Vice-President for each Panchayat Samithi, who shall be elected by the members of the Panchayat Samithi from among themselves.” We can as well add to that that a nominated member shall not be elected as President or Vice-President of the Panchayat Samithi. If such an amendment had been incorporated, the possibility of a nominated member becoming either President or Vice-President of Panchayat Samithi would have been avoided. In the case of Zilla Parishads also, I am referring to, Clause 36 of the Bill, there is every possibility of a nominated member being elected as Chairman or Vice-Chairman. That possibility has got to be removed.

On the whole, I can only say that this is a welcome gesture on the part of the administration and I welcome the introduction of the Bill. But I object to the possibility of nominated members being elected as President or Vice-President of Panchayat Samithi or Chairman or Vice-Chairman of Zilla Parishad.
6th August, 1959

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

... delegation against devaluation and other economic measures. The motion has been moved by John Mathai Taxation Enquiry Committee which has been adopted unanimously. Taxation of certain items under Schedules may be made under constitution, whereas Local Administration is controlled by constitution. It is important that the constitution shall provide for the constitution of local bodies. The Local Boards may be controlled by the constitution. It is important that the constitution shall provide for the constitution of local boards. The Local Boards may be controlled by the constitution. It is important that the constitution shall provide for the constitution of local boards.
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat 6th August, 1959
Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

opposition party
the Collector's position
the 1935 Act
the Finance Commission
the President
Standing Committees
the rural Co-ordination
Land Reforms

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Labour Organization

Standing Committee

Acquire

Taxation

Land Revenue

Revenue

Income
motion 251, No-confidence Motion as amended.

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959
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District Councils (Amendment) Act, 1959.

The Inspector of Local Administration.

Regional Commissioners or the Inspector of Local Administration.
Commissioners & Collectors may exercise administrative sanction on the recommendation of the Standing Committees or secretaries or elected members. They are ex-officio members of the Standing Committees and shall discharge the duties of the members of the Standing Committees from among themselves appointed for the purpose.

The Standing Committees are constituted to consider and report on various matters referred to them by the Commissioners or Collectors. The Committees consist of the following members:

1. President
2. Vice-President
3. Secretary
4. Treasurer
5. Other members appointed by the Commissioners or Collectors.

The Committees hold meetings at least once in three months and their recommendations are submitted to the Commissioners or Collectors for approval.

The Committees are empowered to grant loans to any person, subject to the approval of the Commissioners or Collectors. The Committees may also withdraw or cancel any loans granted to any person if it is deemed necessary.

The Committees are also empowered to make rules for the regulation of their proceedings and the conduct of their business.

The Committees are bound to act in accordance with the rules made by them and any person aggrieved by any decision of the Committees may appeal to the Commissioners or Collectors.

The Committees are also empowered to take such steps as they consider necessary for the proper discharge of their duties.
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayati Raj Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959
6th August, 1959

...
pass నుంచి ఎంచుకునే, ఎందుకంటే సమితిపత్రిక ఇవి అయి. ఈటి
నికి, ఎందుకంటే సమితిపత్రిక ఇవి
అయి, సమితిపత్రిక ఇవి అయి.

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat
Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

యి ఎండ్ ఎండ్ సమితిపత్రిక ఇవి అయి, ఎందుకంటే సమితిపత్రిక ఇవి అయి.
ఎందుకంటే సమితిపత్రిక ఇవి అయి.

ఎందుకంటే సమితిపత్రిక ఇవి అయి.
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The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

6th August, 1959

Advisory Committees are one of the important features of the Bill. The Advisory Committees are to be appointed by the District Authority. The Advisory Committees are to consist of at least one member from each of the following categories:

1. Proceedings of the previous year, records of expenses incurred, and a report on the tour of the committee.
2. Advices received and powers exercised.
3. Meeting convened by the committee, and advices received from Advisory Committees.

Standing Committees are one of the important features of the Bill. The Standing Committees are to be appointed by the District Authority. The Standing Committees are to consist of at least one member from each of the following categories:

1. Proceedings of the previous year, records of expenses incurred, and a report on the tour of the committee.
2. Advices received and powers exercised.
3. Meeting convened by the committee, and advices received from Advisory Committees.

Vice Chairman preside over the Standing Committees. The discussions in the Standing Committees are to be held in public. The Vice Chairman is responsible for the voting and recording the proceedings of the Committee. The minutes of the proceedings are to be recorded and filed in a separate file. The minutes of the proceedings are to be signed by the Chairman and the Vice Chairman. The minutes of the proceedings are to be kept in the custody of the District Authority.
6th August, 1959
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samuthis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1958

The bill provides for indirect elections to local bodies. The bill includes provisions for indirect elections to be held as follows:

1. The M.L.C. of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly.
2. The M.L. of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council.
3. The Panchayat Samithi.
4. The Zilla Parishad.

The bill also provides for the election of the President of the Panchayat Samithi and the Zilla Parishad.

The bill is introduced to ensure effective representation of the local community in the decision-making process of the local bodies.
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959
6th August, 1959

సమీప ప్రాంతాల ప్రాంతాల తారికతలు 70, 80 ఎక్కడ (మండలాల) నుండి రెండేకరిస్తాం
దిశలో ఎక్కడపాటు మరియు ఎక్కడప్పుడు అప్పటి ప్రాంతాలు
ుంచి 100 మంది జనాభా ప్రాంతాలు ప్రతి సంవత్సరం తారికతలు నిర్ణయిస్తాం. మరియు ఉభయానికి ప్రతి
ప్రాంతాల తారికతలు అందించేందుకు ప్రాంతాల నిర్ణయించే ప్రాంతాలు. ఇవి మండలాల నిర్ణయించే ప్రాంతాలు
నిర్ణయించి, ప్రాంతాల నిర్ణయించి, మండలాల నిర్ణయించి, ప్రాంతాల నిర్ణయించి, మండలాల నిర్ణయించి. మండలాల నిర్ణయించి, ప్రాంతాల నిర్ణయించి, మండలాల నిర్ణయించి, ప్రాంతాల నిర్ణయించి.
6th August, 1959
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

అధికారిక రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం చేత, అధికారిక వాటి సంఖ్యలు
సమీకరణ లేదా విధానాలు అందించాయ. అధికారికలు రాష్ట్ర సంస్థలకు అందుకుంది రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం లేదా రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల వాటి ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ. అధికారిక ప్రతి రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యలు లేదా రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ. అధికారిక ప్రతి రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ. అధికారిక ప్రతి రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ.

ప్రత్యేకంగా రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ. సమీక్షక రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ. సమీక్షక రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ. సమీక్షక రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ. సమీక్షక రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ. సమీక్షక రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం రాష్ట్ర సంస్థల సంఘం సంఖ్యల ఉపయోగానికి అందించాయ.
అనేకాంత పంచాయత రాజు మరింత భాగ్యపూర్తి లేదా అనంతం చేసేది సమాధీ. ప్రతి పంచాయత కేంద్రం అనంతం కనబడతాయి. ప్రతి పంచాయత కేంద్రం అనంతం తిరంగకొల్పాలను ప్రధానీస్తాయి. ప్రతి పంచాయత కేంద్రం అనంతం సాధనాత్మక పంచాయత పాయల్యను అందించింది. అనేకాంత పంచాయత రాజు ప్రతి పంచాయత కేంద్రం అనంతం తిరంగకొల్పాలను ప్రధానీస్తాయి. ప్రతి పంచాయత కేంద్రం అనంతం తిరంగకొల్పాలను ప్రధానీస్తాయి. ప్రతి పంచాయత కేంద్రం అనంతం తిరంగకొల్పాలను ప్రధానీస్తాయి.
6th August, 1959
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

The Hon'ble Member: The Hon'ble Member said that she was grateful to the Hon'ble Member for raising a point about the inclusion of the nomination of the chairperson of the Town Committee in the voting procedure. She wished to bring to the notice of the House that in the nomination of the chairperson of the Town Committee for District Board, nominated body, Collector, President etc., there is no advisory body as such. In her opinion, a separate advisory body should be constituted for the nomination of the chairperson of the Town Committee.
voting at the Panchayat. Voting at the village Panchayat is
completed by the Government of the respective district.

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat
Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959
6th August, 1959
secret ballot system. The secret ballot system, as provided in the Act, aims to ensure a fair and democratic process. The introduction of the secret ballot system has been a significant step in enhancing the transparency and integrity of the election process. It has been implemented in various constituencies, and the results have been positively received. The secret ballot system has provided a platform for the voices of the people to be heard, ensuring that every vote counts.

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

6th August, 1959

[Note: The text continues with further discussion regarding the bill, its implications, and the overall impact on local governance.]
Standing Committees, Proportional representation single transferable voting 30% of seats at 30% or more
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6th August, 1959
The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

ಅನುಮೋದನೆ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕರ್ತೆಯನ್ನು Constitution ನು violate ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸುವುದಿಲ್ಲೇ ಅವನು ನಿಂದ ನಿಂತು ಸ್ಮರಿಸಿಸುವುದು. ದೇಶ ಪ್ರವಾಸಿಯರಿಗಿಂತ ಈ ವಿಧ ವೃತ್ತಿಯು ಸಹಜವಾಗಿರುವಂತೆ ನಿಂತು ಪ್ರತಿ ನಿರುಳೆಯುವುದೇ ವಿಧವೆಯು ಅದರ ಫಲವೆ. ಈದರಿಂದ ಅಂದರೆ ಅತ್ಯಂತ ದೊಡ್ಡದಿಂದ, ಅತ್ಯಂತ ತನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿ ನಿರುಳೆಯುವುದೇ ವಿಧವೆ ಇದೇ. ಮತ್ತೊಂದು ಸಂದರ್ಭ ವಸ್ತುತಿಗೆ ಎದುರೆದಾಗ ಈ ವಿಧವೆ ನಿರುಳೆಯುವುದೇ ವಿಧವೆಯಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಅದರ ಫಲವೆ ಸಂದರ್ಭಕ್ಕೆ ಎದುರೆದಾಗ ಈ ವಿಧವೆ ನಿರುಳೆಯುವುದೇ ವಿಧವೆಯಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat 6th August, 1959
Samithus and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1958

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

Sir, I take this opportunity to express my appreciation of the
land acquisition act. Land acquisition being a very important
matter, I would like to know whether the act is working satisfactorily.

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat 6th August, 1959
Samithus and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1958

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The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Bill, 1959

The introduction (తెలుగు వివరాలు):

Direct democracy is a form of indirect election where adult franchise is extended to all. It is a method where direct democracy and indirect democracy are combined. Representation is exercised through representatives elected on the principle of direct democracy. The term 'indirect democracy' is also called responsible democracy as the representatives are responsible to the people. However, the concept of direct democracy is not always easy to implement. Direct Democracy is an alternative to the traditional representative democracy, where the people themselves make decisions. In a direct democracy, all decisions are taken by the people directly, without the involvement of representatives. In an indirect democracy, decision-making is done by elected representatives, who are responsible to the people.
Standing Committees 2 non-official members in addition to the members of the Standing Committees. Standing Committees are constituted for specific purposes and to oversee the administration of the Zilla Parishad. The Executive Officer is responsible for the Executive Committee of the Standing Committees.

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Partshads Bill, 1959
Half an Hour Discussion re:

Imposition of Penalties on Ryots Cultivating Government Lands and their ejectment.

A member wishing to raise a matter shall give notice in writing to the Secretary immediately after the question hour, intimating his desire for raising discussion on the matter in question.

The Speaker shall decide whether the matter is of sufficient public importance to be put down for discussion, and may not admit a notice which may, in his opinion, seek to revise the policy of Government.

If more than two notices have been received and admitted, the Speaker shall decide which of them will be taken up for discussion.

There shall be no formal motion or voting before the Assembly. The Member who has given notice may make a short statement.

The Member, who has given notice, may make a short statement and the Minister concerned shall reply shortly. Any member may be permitted to put a question, for the purpose of further elucidating any matter of fact.
All occupiers of land at the disposal of Government shall be evicted in the following cases:

(a) if the occupier is not a landless poor person, he shall be evicted from the entire occupation; and

(b) in case an occupier is a landless poor person, he shall be evicted from such excess extent, if any.
"Pending preparation of the revised lists of lands reserved or required to be reserved for public purposes, assignments shall be confined only to lands which stand classified as 'Kharij Khata’ or ‘Gut’. In assigning these lands, the need for reserving sufficient extents for public purposes shall be borne in mind. Eviction should not be effected if the present occupants are landless poor persons still such time as the lists are finally made and the lands concerned fall under one or other of the prohibitory categories mentioned above, unless of course the lands encroached upon are already classified as such."
Prohibitory lists are further divided into 2 sections. Various proclamations under the Prohibition of Eviction Act, 1930, prohibit the eviction of tenants non-agricultural buildings in certain districts. These lists are also restricted to 10% of the total area of the district. The proclamations are made by the government after consulting with the local authorities. The proclamations are also made in consultation with the tenants and landlords associations. The proclamations are made in consultation with the tenants and landlords associations. The proclamations are also made in consultation with the tenants and landlords associations.
Half an Hour Discussion re.  
Imposition of Penalties on Ryots 
Cultivating Government Lands and 
their ejection

6th August, 1959

Eviction notices were served on the cultivators of the delta area in 1958. A grow more food campaign was launched to increase the food production. The cultivators were not given permission to continue farming. After the eviction notices, the cultivators appealed against the order. The legal permission was obtained for the evicted cultivators to continue their farming. The government has taken steps to provide applications for the cultivators to continue their farming. The cultivators have been advised to fill up the applications and to continue their farming.
6th August, 1959

Half an Hour Discussion re
Imposition of Penalties on Ryots
Cultivating Government Lands and
their ejectment

...
Half an Hour Discussion re:

Imposition of Penalties on Ryots
Cultivating Government Lands and
their ejectment

6th August, 1959

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தொலைக்கோட்டு இல்லையோ அல்லது மாற்றும் இடையே சூரியா அமரால் மரணமுடன் நூற்றாண்டு இதுவேயோ அதுவேயோ முன்னெச்சரித்து மாபம் செய்யப்பட்டதும் மேலும் செய்யப்பட்டுப் பெற்று மேலும் செய்யப்பட்டதும் மேலும் செய்யப்பட்டதும்... 

தி சோர்த்தல் - அவர் G. O. என்று பார்த்தனை?

தி 10. ஒன்றியம் கை என்று பெயர் இல்லை, இதை
(1) ஏர் சுருக்காமல் எங்களுக்கு அல்லது G. O. memorandum மா
முன்னெச்சரித்து மாபம் செய்யப்பட்டதும் மேலும் செய்யப்பட்டு
memorandum மா
முன்னெச்சரித்து எவ்விய type தவசம் மற்றும் political
sufferers இரும மற்றும் கால்வாய்வு கால்வாய்வு முற்றது. Eviction,
சோர்த்தல் என்று பெயர் இல்லை. G. O. memorandum number 926
dated 11.2.56. என்று 1406-1407 ஏ. ஏ. என்றும் என்று
முன்னெச்சரித்து political sufferers இரும மற்றும் கால்வாய்வு
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evictions అనే కారణం. అది ప్రతి permission సాధనం అయిన ప్రత్యేకంగా కోసం ఇది సిద్ధమైంది. సాధనం నాణయం కూడా అయిన
వివిధ ప్రత్యేకాలు వివిధ సంఖ్యగా లిస్టింగ్ కాబెర్
order కొనసాగిస్తామని అంటేనూ.

ప్రత్యేకంగా అక్షరాలు సాధనం ఇది మాత్రమే సాధనం
అనే మార్గం లేదు ఐదుకు ప్రత్యేకంగా వివిధ సంఖ్యగా నిషి
తో షండా పలు పద్ధతులు ఇంకా ఇది అందించారో అంటేనూ?

ప్రత్యేకంగా అక్షరాలు ఈ evictions చీతే అందిస్తుంది.
అనే కారణం చేతే ఇది సంఖ్యగా నిషాడు ఇది మాత్రమే
అది 14 ఇ. నయాంధికం
గాను అడవించినే నిషాడు నిషాడు యొక్క నకిలిన అర్థ ఆ
నిషాడు నిషాడు యొక్క నిషాడు యొక్క నిషాడు యొక్క నిషాడు యొక్క
order కొనసాగిస్తుంది evictions అవిగా అడవించిన అంటే అంతా. Tenancy-Act యొక్క rules నిషాడు నిషాడు
వివిధ పద్ధతులు ఇది అందించాలి. అందించాలి. అందించాలి.
rules వివిధ evictions అవిగా అడవించిన అడవించిన అడవించిన
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(The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of
the Clock on Friday, the 7th August, 1959.)