Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Debates

OFFICIAL REPORT

Part II—Proceedings other than Questions and Answers

CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business of the House</td>
<td>375-381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discussion Re</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land Assignment Rules</td>
<td>382-423</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: * at the commencement of the speech denotes confirmation from the Member not received in time.

Printed by Ajanta Printers, Secunderabad, for the Director, Government Printing Press, Hyderabad-A. P
Mr. Speaker Mr Sudarsanarao makes a complaint upon the press that his name was published as a communist member. I draw the attention of the Andhra Janata about this complaint. He is not a communist He is a congressman.

On a point of order Sir my question 504 Central Government subjects admit 505 although speaker 506 Central Government subjects 507
The Minister for Communications, Sri M. Narasimha Rao, had informed this Government that the administrative control over the major ports vested in the Central Government. They had also informed that the major ports fall in the Union List and they presumed that the Speaker of the State Legislature would have been moved regarding the admissibility of the above question in the Assembly.
It is guarded language Mr Speaker, Sir.

It should have been presumed. It has not been suggested to the Government that you should approach the Speaker and not allow those things.

The Government of India should be presumed to inform the Speaker of Parliament that these things fall under the Constitution in the State List.
Mr Speaker We must protect our dignity. There is no question about it.

Mr Speaker The Hon. Minister knows it, the Chief Minister knows it, and he will protect our rights.

Sri N Sanjeeva Reddy They presumed that the Speaker of the State Legislature would have been moved regarding the admissibility of the above question in the Assembly.

Based on the above information, so and so...
Business of the House
13th December, mb1958
379

Can they question about this dry dock in Bengal Assembly or Punjab Assembly?

They have certain right of putting question about their subjects there.

I do not want to go into the constitutional question. It needs thorough study. I am not prepared to answer right now.
It is a deep question. It applies to every State. You will have to give a lead to other States also. Madras may take up, Bengal may take up and other States may also take up.

Mr. Speaker Thank you very much. I'm happy to see the efforts that have been made. Under Rule 74, Sri Vemayya has given notice of an adjournment motion. It refers to the harassment of Harijans of Meerpet, East Taluq, Hyderabad District, by the cast Hindus to such an extent that the Harijans abandoned their houses and were rendered homeless.
The Hon Minister for Social Welfare should have replied, he should have been in the seat to do that, but he has not done so.

Mr. Speaker We shall have it on the 15th It seems to be an urgent matter

Mr Speaker I shall consider it
DISCUSSION RE LAND ASSIGNMENT RULES

13th December, 1958

Detailed discussion on the Land Assignment Rules (LAR) is ongoing. The current draft, submitted by the Land Department, is being reviewed. The draft includes amendments to the existing rules, which have been proposed to address various issues. The meeting is discussing the necessity for police action in enforcing the rules, as well as the need for comprehensive enforcement mechanisms. Discussions are also focusing on the implementation of the rules and the roles of various stakeholders in ensuring compliance. The meeting is expected to finalize the draft rules for further approval.
Discussion Re

Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958  383

The issue of land ownership and assignment was discussed on December 13, 1958. The Land Assignment Rules were highlighted. The discussion centered around the assignment of land to individuals and the regulations governing such assignments. The rules outlined the procedures for assigning land, highlighting the importance of adhering to these regulations to ensure fair distribution and usage of the land. The discussion emphasized the need for transparency and accountability in the assignment process. The specific regulations and their implications were elaborated upon, ensuring that all stakeholders understand their rights and obligations under the land assignment rules.
384 13th December, 1958

Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

The meeting on 13th December, 1958 discussed the following:

- **Co-operative cultivation** based on the co-operative basis.
  - The meeting decided that a co-operative society should be formed for this purpose.
  - The co-operative society will be responsible for the cultivation of the land.
  - The members of the co-operative society will contribute equal shares in the cultivation.
  - The profit from the cultivation will be distributed among the members proportionally.
  - The co-operative society will be responsible for all expenses related to the cultivation.

The meeting concluded that the co-operative cultivation will improve the efficiency of land use and benefit the farmers.
Smt T. Lakshmikanthamma (Khammam General)

Mr Speaker Sir, as there is only 5 or 6 minutes’ time, I will just read out a few points.

It is good that the Revenue Minister has announced the Government’s intention to complete the entire process of assignment of lands to landless poor by the end of 1959. If he does this, he will deserve his well-earned retirement in 1960.

Mr. Speaker Why do you ask him to retire We shall not allow that. (Laughter)
Smt. T Lakshimikanthamma  The pace of progress in Andhra area, where the policy of free assignment of state-owned lands to landless poor was first formulated by the Prakasam Ministry in 1954 has not been quite as rapid as one would have expected. In these four years only two lakhs acres against an estimated 12 lakhs acres at the disposal of the Government were distributed. There are still 12 lakhs acres to be distributed in a year’s time as announced by the Minister. It is no doubt true that certain complications arose in the meantime like determination of categories of land not available for assignment such as lands required for communal purposes and project affected lands etc. Even so, the machinery entrusted with the responsibility for land assignment appears to be inadequate to deal with the task of such great magnitude. At any rate, it will not be in a position to cope with the work within a year which is the time fixed by the Revenue Minister. More effective and efficient measures have therefore to be seriously considered.

Eligible persons desirous of securing the assignment of lands are required to apply to the Tahsildar in writing and the Village Patwari is required to furnish him information regarding the available lands. Our ryots being illiterate and ignorant may not be in a position to take full advantage of the scheme. They have also to satisfy the assigning authorities that they are poor. They may not be able to avail of the power of appeal against the decisions of the assigning authorities.

The maximum extent of land assignable to a single individual is limited to one acre wet or five acres dry. With limited extent of land available for distribution and the number of land hungry peasants being considerable, it may not be possible to increase this limit. This maximum will however be an economic unit. It will therefore be necessary to help the peasant by creating opportunities for gainful subsidiary occupations.

The land available for assignment will be of various types and it would require investment by the assignee to bring them under cultivation. The more influential among the ryots will secure the better type of lands while the really poor among them will get the more
Discussion Re 13th December, 1958
Land Assignment Rules

barren lands. Thus, side by side with the assignment of lands, steps to help the peasants to bring the land under cultivation have also to be seriously devised. One of the conditions for assignment is that the land assigned shall be brought under cultivation within three years. If irrigation and credit facilities are not provided and other requirements of ryots are not made available, it will be difficult for the ryots to bring the land under cultivation.

If the ryot is not given necessary assistance, it will result in his handing over the lands to the richer peasants contending himself with eking out his livelihood working as a farm labourer on someone else's land.

It is not known how far the measure to prevent fragmentation of lands and to bring about consolidation of holdings will affect the lands assigned under the scheme. While on the one hand the Government is anxious to eliminate fragmentation, they are creating lakhs of petty holdings.

On a point of information Sir.

It would be better if this opportunity is taken to give preference to joint farming societies in the matter of assignment to individuals. This will be in consonance with the objective of a Co-operative Commonwealth and also with the measures proposed for the consolidation of holdings and preventing fragmentation.
The assignment of lakhs of acres in Andhra and Telangana could be more quickly completed if the work is entrusted to a responsible body of people. Now that the Panchayat Samithis are to be constituted all over the State, this would be ideal body to take up that responsibility. If necessary every Panchayat Samithi would have a separate standing committee for this purpose with power to co-opt members. An appeal against the decision would be provided to the Zilla Parishats or the Collector.

The advantage in entrusting the responsibility to the Panchayat Samithi will be that it will be in a better position to do justice to the really deserving peasants. It could also take interest in providing them Co-operative credit facilities and organise subsidiary industries.

It is necessary that lands required for village sites are clearly demarcated and notified as the expending village need more living space.
Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

389

Land Assignment Rules

The discussion on the Land Assignment Rules on 13th December, 1958, revolved around the provisions of the rules. The rules prescribe certain conditions for the assignment of land by the owners. The conditions include the owner assigning a certain percentage of the land to the tenant. The land assigned must be cultivated by the tenant.

The rules also specify that the owner must assign a minimum of 10% of the land to the tenant. The tenant is required to cultivate the assigned land. The owner must keep a record of the land assigned and the tenant's cultivation.

The discussion also touched upon the issue of the owner defaulting in the assignment. In such cases, the tenant has the right to receive the assigned land back.

The rules also provide for the transfer of land from one owner to another. The new owner must assign the same percentage of the land to the tenant as the previous owner.

The rules are designed to ensure fair and equitable treatment of tenants and landowners. The discussion highlighted the need for strict compliance with the rules to maintain the integrity of the system.
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

390  13th December, 1958

We refer a section of the Regulation that has a 10% reservation to the State. This is a fair and just balance.

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The Reserve is an important aspect of the Land Assignment Rules. Under the rules, a 10% reservation has been made for the state. This ensures that the state has a fair share of the land. Underhand dealings under the rules have been evicted. The preference of evicting underhand dealings has been noted.

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The discussion centers around the 10% reservation rule for the state. The rules have been noted to ensure fairness in the land assignment. Underhand dealings under the rules have been evicted.
Discussion Re 13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

391

சுருக்கம் மீட்டுகள் செய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது அல்லது சில இடங்களில் சம்பளம் என்று, ஒன்று இன்று மட்டையை 1983 இல் வளர்ச்சியாகவே கொண்டுள்ளது. மேற்குச் சுருக்கம் இல்லையென கூறுவது என்றால், அத்துடன் என்றால் கூறுவது என்று. உண்மையானது மட்டையை, மூன்று வருடங்கள் வரையில் எடுத்துசெல்லும் கூறுகள் என்றால் கூறுவது என்று. அவ்வாறு சுருக்கம் இல்லையென கூறுவது என்றால், அத்துடன் என்றால் கூறுவது என்று.

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Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

Date: 13th December, 1958

Deputy Collector, and Thasildar have stated that the 1958 rules should not be ambiguous. Any ambiguity in the rules should be avoided. The forest department has prepared rules in 1949 to differentiate between legal and illegal rules. For the year 1959, the Deputy Collector and Thasildar have issued rules for wetlands.

Forest rules of 1949 differentiate between legal and illegal rules. The rules have been issued to differentiate between legal and illegal rules. The rules state that any ambiguous rules should be avoided. The rules should be clear and unambiguous.
Discussion Re

Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Clause (1) and (2) "An extent equal to at least 10 per cent of the total cultivable area in a village shall be set apart as grazing lands for cattle."
13th December, 1958

Discussion Re

Land Assignment Rules

Lands so included in the prohibitory order books shall not be assignable except under the orders of the District Collector. Eviction should not be effected if the present occupants are landless poor persons till such time as the lists are finally made on the land concerned fall under (1) or other prohibitory categories mentioned above.

A minimum of 10 percent of the cultivable area in the village should be reserved as Gyrone.
Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Mr Speaker: In those areas, where there is prohibition they become ex-tappers

“The maximum extent of land which may be assigned to a single individual shall be limited to one acre wet or five acres dry”

Distribution to Backward Classes will be carried out by administrative authorities as legislature members, as members of the Congress organization, as ministers according to the rules of the organization. The rules vesting authority to the ministers may not alter the Act or any other law.
Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

interests on the basis of the prevailing conditions and the nature of the land. The assignment rules should be revised and updated to reflect the current conditions and the nature of the land.

In individual cases, the assignment rules should be amended to reflect the specific conditions and the nature of the land. The assignment rules should be revised and updated to reflect the current conditions and the nature of the land.
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

1. The need for regulating the assignment of land in the state has been recognized, and the need for the establishment of Land Assignment Rules has been felt. The rules are designed to ensure that the assignment of land is carried out in a fair and transparent manner.

2. The rules shall apply to all land assignments made in the state. The rules shall be enforced by the State Government.

3. The assignment of land shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the rules. The assignment shall be made on a fair and equitable basis.

4. The rules shall provide for the registration of land assignments. The registration shall be done in the prescribed manner.

5. The rules shall provide for the payment of compensation to the landowners. The compensation shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of the rules.

6. The rules shall provide for the protection of the rights of the landowners. The rights of the landowners shall be protected in accordance with the provisions of the rules.
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

Uth December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

The revised Land Assignment Rules of 1958-59 scrapped the 15% provision for improvements under the 1946-47 rules. The new rules set a maximum of 10% for improvements. The 10% provision was limited to 10 operations. The revised rules also removed the provision for cancellation of the lease on failure to improve the land. The new rules provided for improvements under the 1958-59 rules.
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

The committee, after careful consideration, has decided to recommend the following changes:

1. Reduce the number of committee members from 160 to 60.
2. Revise the rules to include a level of assignment based on the size of land.
3. Consider abolishing the current rules.
4. Establish a new committee to review and recommend further changes.

The new rules will be effective from January 1, 1959.
Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

December, 1958

Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules
Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

10% \textit{discriminate} 

assignment of land to any\textit{considerations} 

10% assignment 

does not necessarily 

to discriminate 

considerations. 

assignment of land 

considerations.
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Backwards class -spflo&r^ *r»SbocoelOZP"3 -5-a«§5 -=r>e§s>tf

Counsel of despair -spflo$r^ *r»SbocoelOZP"3 -5-a«§5 -=r>e§s>tf

land assignment rules
Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

"..."
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

10% of the area under 10 acres and 5% of the area above 10 acres, circulars forwarded to

(Sri P. V Narasimha Rao in the Chair)

Britishers stayed in the 4.50 camps at the Grow More Food Garden. A 40.50 acres land is

sent by the chair, after the meeting. The undermentioned are the Grow More Food Garden

Nomees have been selected from the required area and adapted to

C: 0110200
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules
13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

Sir,

Discussion Re 13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

Sir,

Discussion Re 13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

So far as the Land Assignment Rules are concerned, it has been decided to allow the assignment of 700 acres of land. This decision has been taken in consultation with the relevant authorities and it is expected that the assignment of land will be carried out in a fair and transparent manner.

The decision has been made after careful consideration of the needs of the beneficiaries. The land that has been assigned will be used for agricultural purposes. The beneficiaries will be required to maintain proper records of the land and ensure that it is used for the intended purpose.

The decision has been welcomed by the beneficiaries as it will provide them with the necessary land to carry out their agricultural activities. The government has also ensured that the assignment of land will not affect the rights of the original owners of the land.

In conclusion, the decision to assign 700 acres of land is expected to have a positive impact on the beneficiaries. The government will continue to monitor the situation and take necessary steps to ensure that the assignment of land is carried out smoothly.
భాషా ప్రాధాన్యత సంపాదన ప్రదానం

పరిశోధనను ప్రబలంగా అంచనా పత్రికల విశ్లేషణ విధానాలను మరియు ప్రత్యేకమైన ఇంటే రాష్ట్రాలు ఆఫ్రికన్ మార్గాలు ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం.

ఈ ప్రత్యేకప్యాచరణలు (సంస్థ అనేకత పత్రికలు) సంపాదకుడి, పరిశోధనలు నిరాపదంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం. వాళ్ళకు "పరిశోధన ప్రదానం" అను విషయంని ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం వంటి విశ్లేషణ ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదానం చేస్తుంటాం

13th December, 1958
13th December, 1958

Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

Land assignment is an important issue in this context. The 10% of the area of the land assigned is considered to be the minimum extent. The percentage of the area to be assigned is decided by the Governor based on the need and the nature of the land. The assignment of land is made in the best interest of the state. The land assignment rules aim to ensure fair and equitable distribution of land to the beneficiaries. The rules also ensure that the land is used for the intended purposes. The assignment of land is done in consultation with the relevant authorities.
Discussion Re

Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

Land Assignment Rules

Land Assignment Rules

Land Assignment Rules

Land Assignment Rules

Land Assignment Rules

Land Assignment Rules

Land Assignment Rules

Land Assignment Rules
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

Assignment prohibited list

Assignment is the process of transferring the right to use land from one person to another. This process is regulated by the Land Assignment Rules. The rules specify that assignments of land are prohibited in certain circumstances.

The prohibited list includes assignments that are not permissible under the rules. The list is determined by the government and may change from time to time.

In summary, the Land Assignment Rules are designed to protect the rights of landowners and to ensure that assignments of land are carried out in accordance with the law.

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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
Discussion Re 13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

412  13th December, 1958

Discussion Re

Land Assignment Rules

land assignment rules raised the issue of whether the current rules were adequate. The discussion centered around project areas and the need for a comprehensive list of project areas. It was agreed that the list should include 12 project areas, each with 30 land assignment rules. 

The discussion then turned to the supply of water from irrigation sources. It was noted that 6-8 land assignment rules were necessary for the supply of water. The formula was discussed, and it was agreed that the formula should be adjusted to account for 2nd or 3rd class irrigation sources. It was suggested that the formula be adjusted to reflect the current supply conditions and the needs of the project areas.

The discussion concluded with a review of the current supply conditions and the need for a comprehensive list of project areas.
Discussion Re 13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

413
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Field tennancy associations are very useful. They enable farmers to share the benefits of joint farming. In the past, farmers have been reluctant to adopt joint farming, fearing that they would lose their individual plots. However, with the help of field tennancy associations, farmers can now share the benefits of joint farming without losing their individual plots. Field tennancy associations also help to improve the productivity of land by encouraging farmers to use better farming techniques. Overall, field tennancy associations are an important tool for promoting joint farming and improving agricultural productivity.
Land Assignment Rules

Discussion Re Uih December, 1958

13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules
13th December, 1958
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

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Discussion Re

Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

- Land assignments rules
- Land assignment rules
- Land Revenue Act
- Independent circular
- For example
- For example
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

418  13th December, 1958

nth December,
1958

Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

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clarification in the 1956 provision has been made.
Discussion Re 13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

Quantum of land to be assigned

Family holding 419

Basic holding

Reserve  

Long occupation

Joint Co-operative Farming

environments
Discussion Re
Land Assignment Rules

I3tk December, 1958

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rules

10%
Discussion Re 13th December, 1958
Land Assignment Rules

Evictions

Misinterpretation & scope

G O 3 4 5 6 7 8

Defying of authority
Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

13th December, 1958

In re Occupation of final decision

In the final decision on the occupation of lists by various authorities, it was decided that the occupation of these lists should be based on the position held as on the date of the position on the list. To prevent any disturbance of positions, it was decided that no authority should occupy a position on the list without the occupant of that position clarifying the instructions or the situation.

It was decided that distribution agency or arrange a flexible and a family holding, flexible for 50% of the fixed quantum of flexibility.

The decision was taken to make the fixed quantum of flexibility, 50% of the fixed quantum of flexibility.

The decision was taken to make the fixed quantum of flexibility, 50% of the fixed quantum of flexibility.
Discussion Re 13th December, 1958 423

Land Assignment Rules

On the 13th December, 1958, a discussion was held on the Land Assignment Rules.

It was agreed that the rules should be amended to provide for the assignment of land to tenants after a period of 20 years.

The general feature of the rules was that the tenant should be given the option to assign the land to another tenant.

It was also agreed that the rules should be amended to provide for the transfer of land to the Government after a period of 20 years.

The rules were then adopted by the committee.

The amendment was then submitted to the Government for approval.

The amendment was approved by the Government on the 15th December, 1958.

The rules were then published in the Official Gazette on the 20th December, 1958.

The rules were then implemented by the Government.
Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

December, 1958

Discussion Re Land Assignment Rules

This is a discussion about land assignment rules. It appears to be a formal document discussing the assignment of land. The text is in Telugu, which is a language spoken in India. The document seems to be related to administrative or legal matters, possibly about land management or regulations.

The content of the document discusses various aspects of land assignment, likely including rules and regulations. It mentions dates and years, which could be relevant to the context of the discussion. The specific details and implications of the discussion are not clear from the image alone.

The document is formatted in a way that is typical for official or legal correspondence, with clear sections and paragraphs. The language used is formal, indicating its use in a formal or official context.

Overall, the document appears to be a formal discussion on land assignment rules, though the exact details and implications would require a detailed translation and analysis.
Discussion Re 13th December, 1958

Land Assignment Rules

425

The House then adjourned till 9 a.m. on Monday, the 15th December, 1958.