Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Debates

OFFICIAL REPORT

Part II—Proceedings other than Questions and Answers

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Note: * at the commencement of the speech denotes confirmation not received in time from the Member.
Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to move that under Rule 265 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules, leave of absence be granted by this House to Sri Manda Sailoo, M.L.A., as he is ill and undergoing medical treatment.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

(Pause)

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

"That under Rule 265 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules, leave of absence be granted by this House to Sri Manda Sailoo, M.L.A., as he is ill and undergoing medical treatment."

The motion was adopted.
Raju have written that they are joining the Congress Legislature Party. Has the Leader of the House accepted to receive them into his Party?

_The Chief Minister (Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy)_:
Yes Sir.

_Mr. Speaker_: So, they have all become members of the Congress Legislature Party. So, the Nationalist Party is dissolved.

_Sri C. V. Suryanarayana Raju (Yellamanchili)_:
The Nationalist Party is not dissolved. There are some more members in that party.

_Mr. Speaker_: When your leader himself has gone away, I take it, it is dissolved. You form a party of your own and then I shall see how many remain and whether I should accept it as a group.

_Sri M. V. Narasimhaiah (Kodandam):_ How many members are remaining? You form a party of your own and then shall see how many remain and whether I should accept it as a group.

_Sri V. Kodanda Rama Reddy (Sarvepalli)_:
So, Nationalist Party is dissolved.
BUDGET FOR 1959-60.

VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANTS

DEMAND No. X—Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters Staff.

[Text not legible due to quality of the image]
Were not the terms of reference published, was not their leader aware of them, was not their party aware of them?

The terms of reference were published. But was the leader aware of them? Was the party aware of them? Was the opposition aware of them?
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பொறித்துவிடப் பின் நான் உரைக்கிறேன். அவ்வொழியையுடைய நீதி என்பது, மேலும் மூன்று ஆண்டுகளுக்கு முன்பு ஒரு பாதுகாலம் பயன்படுத்த தொடர்பில்துக்கு இன்று அமெரிக்கா மற்றும் இந்தியாவின் தலைச்சித்தல் தளபதி மாநிலங்கள் கூடுதலாகும். மேலும் மோசு என்பது தொடர்பைத்துக்கு முன்பு வருவது என்பது. இவ்விதமான விளக்கம் போன்றவை என்கிறது. ஒவ்வொன்றும் தமிழ்நாட்டின் துறைந்த தொடர்பு வருகையைக் காட்டுகிறது. அவ்வித் துறைந்த தொடர்பு வருகையை நடத்துகிறது.

The need for increased publicity to improve the social status of backward classes is evident. The updated lists apply the principle of 'not suitable' for reserved seats, temporary appointments. A suitable candidate should be appointed in the reserved seat. The representative must ensure that the right candidate is appointed. The selection of candidates is to be based on merit. The temporary appointments must be for a period of one year. It is impossible.
(Sri G. Latchanna rose to speak again and again)

Mr. Speaker: No. Without my permission you have got up. I have asked you to sit down. So, please sit down. You must learn that first.

Each case depends upon its own merits. So I am not allowing interruption.

A change in technical institutions and representation is essential. Deputy Ministers and Deputy Ministers' Secretaries are to be called for. Despite the fact that the change is urgently required, no appointment has been made. A surprise visit to the project area is to be made. So, let us explain briefly.
officials. I am a technical man, and it is my project to have surprise visits. As a technical man, I am interested in surprise visits.

It is a small instance. It is a small instance.

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Chairman: Shri S. V. R., officials selected a 
number of questions set: 30.

in which they are given the same answer by

work to interfere seriously in the work of the

noteworthy cases, 1, 2, 3, and some irrefutable
cases, both in the也不要 refraining.

information definite to information from the files

I am going to take one by one. R. T. O.

office would have to reveal the inculpation,

R. T. O. in the 30 cases, though untold, really

such material? Of course, in the cases of

should be clearly taken on the basis of,

I am going to take one by one. R. T. O.

Dy. S. P. and D. S. P. at the

may have at least 10 cases of

they were arrested, and

destitution. The owner

permits 69, as the

Bank 80 or Bank forgery

arrest the Bank

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arrest the arrest

R. T. O. to

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(2)
Mr. Speaker: No. Will you please sit down? I am not going to allow. The Chief Minister must go on uninterrupted.

Mr. Speaker: On a point of order, Sir, the move to allow uninterrupted for the Chief Minister is not justified. A point of order is meant to be ready for consideration. The Chief Minister must go on uninterrupted. I shall protect the rights of all members of all the parties.

Mr. Speaker: Each case will be considered on its own merits.
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...prove is a charge. Electricity is not a charge, it is nothing. Electricity is 0. 'Electricity' is not a charge.
Planning Minister சான் திருச்சில்லை மாநில முன்னெச்சூல்

முதலில் சத்யமாக இது தங்களின் மனுக்கு என்று என்னும்? அது
எள்ளா? எல்லாச் சூழ்யாக குற்றமை என்று. கீழ்வரும் காலத்தில்
முன்னெச்சூல், 1948-49 முதல் பிள்ளை சூழ்யாக இருந்தது. மேலும் மூன்று குற்று.
ஏனைய தொடர்பு தக்கத்தின் கீழ் 
10 முதல் நீண்டு குற்றமை என்று ஆசத்து. சரணர். இந்தியாவிலும்.
வெள்ளாக இயொட்டது M.L.A. என்றும், communists என்று hob nob இருந்தது.
சுருக்கமாக ஆத்திய முதலில் என்று விளக்கமாகவே இருந்தது
1948-49 முதல் குற்றமை. ஒவ்வொரு முன்னெச்சூல் மற்றும் சுருக்கமாக
1948-49 தலைமுறை என்றும்.

மனுக்கு சொன்னு: அவர் தொன்று மாநில முன்னெச்சூல்

சுருக்கமாக: இது தொன்று என்று என்று என்று அவர்கள் என்று.
(லறை). 10 முதல் நீண்டு குற்றமை என்று என்று என்று. ஏனைய குற்றமை
சாய்வரும் முன்னெச்சூல் என்று. Local Officers என்றும், என்று.
Municipality மற்றும் பாரஸ்டிசன் விளக்கத்தில் இருந்து. இவர்கள்
வாழ்வுடன் பாஸ் விளக்கம் விளக்கம்—பல்காம் முன்னெச்சூல். I
am'not standing by this,மீண்டும் verify விளக்கத்தில் என் என் தங்க சிறந்த
முறையானது என்றும். என்ற என்ற என்ற என்ற
பெருமளவு பாஸ் விளக்கம் விளக்கம். Verify நிறுவக்
சுருக்கமாக: முன்னெச்சூல் என்று. இவை விளக்கமாக முன்னெச்சூல் என்ற
சுருக்கமாக என்று. என்ற என்ற என்ற என்ற
வாழ்வுடன் பாஸ் விளக்கம் விளக்கம். I think we will have to protest including the
Speaker. என்ற என்ற என்ற என்ற என்ற என்ற என்ற
சுருக்கமாக என்று. என்ற என்ற என்ற என்ற
முன்னெச்சூல் என்று.
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details regarding the budget for 1951-52 in the previous financial year. In 1951-52, there was a political sufferer, and the budget for the current year is presented accordingly. The budget for 1951-52 is as follows:

- dry land, wet land, and dry land areas. The budget for 1951-52 is as follows:

- (please note the year 1952) in the year 1952, the budget for 1952 is as follows:
Committee to nominate candidates for nominations, etc. But don’t take this as a commitment. Officials are nominating candidate nominations themselves. Don’t take this as a commitment.

Sri Anthony Reddy said that the proposals of the Director of Medical Services are being examined at the lower level of Lower Division Clerks in the Secretariat. It can be sanctioned outright.
4th March, 1959

...How is it physically possible? Therefore examination of the subject is absolutely necessary. He also said that the Planning statistics are 80 per cent bogus figures. I will tell Mr. Anthony Reddy; let him sit with the Collector immediately after the budget session. 

...His constituency has a block. 

...
We shall send it to a judge.

About officers I am prepared to act myself and I am not going to surrender them to the opposition parties. It is my primary duty and I must be allowed to enquire.

"We shall send it to a judge."
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Sri Gopal Reddy said that ministers' assurances are
not being implemented. They should be taken
seriously. In the past,..
Budget for 1959-60: Voting of Demands for Grants

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[Document content not clearly transcribed]
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I would like to examine the system. All India system has been adopted in Madras as well as other places. We are following a radical revolutionary reform. I agree that we are following only the British method - the Tottenham system. Delay to be avoided. I think that school should be conducted in a proper order. Also, the application should not be later than the current. Applications should not be delayed. Red tapism to be cut down, delay to be avoided. I would like to examine the whole school system. I have absolutely no objection to ask the senior administrative officers and perhaps some of the Ministers also to consider the system.

"Minister's speeches," I often think, "are like the stones that rattle in a jar." They roll around without a goal. We are doing nothing. And the result is not worse. Some elections have been conducted without any official. Some elections have been conducted without any objection. I think it must be taken up on all India level. I have absolutely no objection to ask the senior administrative officers and perhaps some of the Ministers also to consider the system.
N. G. Os. are a part of the Government. They are Subordinate Officers of the Government. I happen to be the Head of the Government and other Ministers are partners in this Government. It may be Sanjiva Reddy or it may be X or Y, but the N. G. O. is a subordinate part of the Government and he cannot act as a separate party contesting with you or arguing with you. It is a very dangerous principle which I am not going to accept at any stage under any circumstances.

'Second five year plan 6th: assurance of irrigation and power projects.' The assurance of irrigation and power projects is given. The specific and definite assurance of irrigation and power projects is given. Department is supposed to give information about development of the Second Plan 6th. Department is supposed to give information about development of the Second Plan 6th. At the time of formation of the Second Plan 6th, October 2, 1956, October 2, 1956, 1956, 2 years back, 1956, 2 years back, foundation of the Planning Commission was laid. In charge of irrigation and power projects, Planning Commission has been able to start it because it has got the final approval of the Planning Commission and the agreement of the Orissa Government. There is no file for the files of Central Water, Power Commission, Plan approved by the Head of the Government, border.
Delay in the project is due to the Central Water and Power Commission for technical sanction. It is just in the same position as the other Projects. The Planning Commission has also requested State Government decision. Responsibility for this delay is with the Central Water and Power Commission for technical of the scheme.

After all they are political parties. N.G.O. is one such N.G.O. is one such. Inflammmable element.
Anomalies in the estimates. Expenditure increased very much. I have no idea where the additional expenditure was provided. The following projects, fertilizers, etc., have been cut. Cut motions withdraw and natural leader withdraw and the leader withdraw conference. Natural conference withdraw. Mr. Speaker, you are not satisfied with the statement. All right. Please sit down please.

(Sri K. Venkataratnam) rose—

Mr. Speaker: Order. Order. I am not going to allow you. Will you please sit down?

(Sri K. Venkataratnam) again rose—

Mr. Speaker: I will take action if you do not obey the Chair.
I thank all the leaders of the parties and groups and other members for having carried on the discussions on a high level.

*Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnam* : On a point of information, Sir.

*Mr. Speaker* : No information. I am on my legs. If you like, you may withdraw the amendment; otherwise, you may sit down. Now, I shall put the cut motions to vote.

**DEMAND No. X - Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters Staff. Rs. 1,37,38,900**

*Mr. Speaker* : The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To criticise the Government for their adament refusal to concede the just demands of the N.G.Os. and other low paid Government employees.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To criticise the Government for their inability to root out corruption, red-tapism favouritism and nepotism.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To criticise the Government for practising gross discrimination against the opposition parties.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To criticise the Government for refusing to concede the just demands of the non-retired officers and other low-paid Government employees.)
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100.

(To criticise the Government for maintaining a top heavy expenditure in the Administration.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100.

(To criticise the Ministers for refusing to reduce their salaries as an example for the other high paid officials to follow.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100.

(To criticise the Government for putting heavy burdens of taxation on the poor, and their refusal to tax the well-to-do sections of the Society.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100.

(To criticise the Government for their inability to root out corruption, nepotism, favouritism & red-tapism in the Administration.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100.

(To criticise the Government for allowing the members of the ruling party to put undue and undemocratic pressure on the officials for their selfish, political and personal ends.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100.

(To criticise the Government for following a naked policy of discrimination against the opposition parties in general and Communist party in particular.)

The motions were negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To discuss about the undue interference of the Ministers in the day to day administration for the group and political purposes.)

The motion was negatived.

Dr. M. Chenna Reddy demanded a poll and the House divided.

Ayes 55: Noes 143

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

1. (Andhra, Mr. T. A. A. Reddy) noted that the Heads of State and Ministers were facing difficulties in the execution of projects.

2. (Andhra, Mr. T. A. A. Reddy) requested the House to consider the reduction in the allotment for the Heads of State and Ministers.

3. (Andhra, Mr. T. A. A. Reddy) emphasized the need for efficient administration and less interference from Ministers.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

The motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(Taking congress workers in cars of Ministers on Government tours.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(Non-cleaning of bugs in M.L.As. Quarters.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Re. 1
The motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker : The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

1. To discuss about the indiscriminate tours undertaken by the Ministers for purposes not connected with the affairs of the State;

2. To impress upon the Government about the necessity to abolish the Board of Revenue and to appoint Regional Commissioners with all the powers of the Board with a view to have a strict control over ensure efficiency in district Administration;

3. To impress upon the Government about the urgent necessity to prescribe certain standards for viva voice examinations to be conducted by the Public Service Commission;

4. To impress upon the Government the urgent necessity to appoint a second pay Committee with a judge of the High Court as its Chairman and giving due representation to the N.G.G.Os. Association on the Committee;

5. To impress upon the Government about the necessity to recognise the Secretariat administrative machinery by including the personnel working in all departments in a common pool and fixing seniority from the said common pool for the purposes of promotions arising in any Department.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker : The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for
Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by
Rs. 100

(To discuss the failure of the Government to take
steps to meet the demands of the N.G.Os. and appoint
a Pay Commission to go into their demands.)

The motion was negatived.

Sri P. Venkateswarlu demanded a poll and the
House divided.

Ayes. 56 : Noes 143
The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for
Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by
Rs. 100

(To discuss the failure of the Government to take
steps to introduce Telugu as Official language.)

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for
Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by
Rs. 100

The motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for
Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by
Rs. 100
(To discuss the authoritative autocratic and arbitrary attitude of the Government in dealing with the issue of the raise in scales of pay of N.G.Os in the State to correlate them with the abnormal increase of cost of living.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To discuss and criticise the recent decision of Government to withdraw recognition to the Association of the non-gazetted officers of resolving to indulge with constitutional activity of agitation for their grievances and further for sending advance circulars to various authorities in the State to threaten them with break of service and other serious action contrary to the accepted principle of the Government behaving as an appellate authority instead of being a complaint and a prosecutor.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To discuss the failure of the Government to take suitable and prompt action or even to send up replies to the Legislators on matters brought to their notice of either the officials or the Ministers.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To discuss the failure of the Government to fix up the maximum and minimum range of scales of pay of the Government employees with a view to bridge them to a ratio of 10:1 respectively as per the often repeated Socialist Slogan of the Government.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To discuss the failure of the Government to appoint an administrative enquiry committee with judicial persons to go into the question of the Government influencing the administration for their partisan, party
purposes as has been amply made out in several reference by the Hon. Members in the House.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To discuss and criticise the deliberate and planned policy of the Government which leaves no spring of democratic life in Andhra Pradesh either Administrative machinery, Judiciary or University without being polluted and corrupt by the vindictive, partisan, anti-democratic and cast-ridden attitudes and policies of the ruling clique.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To discuss the often repeated public declaration by the Government specially during by-elections in the State, that the Government will not attend to development activities in the areas which returned opposition party candidates which cut at the roots of democratic functions of a Government which usher in an era of Geographical disintegration, total eclipse of the opposition and a constant state of passive civil war in Andhra Pradesh.)

The motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To abolish Revenue Board and to advise the Ministers to reduce their unnecessary tours.)

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To abolish Revenue Board and to advise the Ministers to reduce their unnecessary tours.)
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

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The motions were negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(The Government failed to satisfy the demand of the N.G.Os., in the revision of the pay scales.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(That Pay Committee appointed by the Government failed to satisfy the demand of the N.G.Os., in the revision of the pay scales.)

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Re. 1

(The Government failed to satisfy the demand of the N.G.Os., in the revision of the pay scales.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(To discuss the failure of Government to secure economy and efficiency in administration and to introduce administrative reforms.)

The motion was negatived.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,37,38,900 for Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff by Rs. 100

(That Government failed to take steps on construction of houses for the staff in the Headquarters.)

The motions were negatived.

Mr. Speaker: Now, the question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,37,38,900 under Demand No. X — Heads of State, Ministers and Headquarters staff."

The motion was adopted.

The Demand was granted.

DEMAND No. XVIII — Medical 3,8065,600
DEMAND No. XIX — Public Health 2,51,58,900
DEMAND No. XL — Capital Outlay on Improvement of Public Health 94,09,200

Mr. Speaker: Let us now take up the next items.

Demand No. XVIII — Medical - Rs. 3,80,65,600
Demand No. XIX — Public Health - Rs. 2,51,58,900
Demand No. XL — Capital Outlay on Improvement of Public Health - Rs. 94,09,200.

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy: Sir, on the recommendation of the Governor, I beg to move:

"that the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,80,65,600 under Demand No. XVIII — Medical."

"that the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 2,51,58,900 under Demand No. XIX — Public Health."

"that the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 94,09,200 under Demand No. XL — Capital outlay on improvement of Public Health."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
4th March, 1959

Budget for 1959-60: Voting of Demands for Grants

Health Department

Medical Department

grants

bed strength

pass

provision

budget

Non-Official Committee
Budget for 1959-60: Voting of Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

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Beds strength to increase in hospitals. Beds strength to increase in hospitals. Equipment to be acquired. We will go ahead now.

Equipment to be acquired. We will go ahead now. E. & O. E. to be developed. Equipment to be acquired. We will go ahead now.

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212 4fAAa?M&, 1939

supply Rural water supply Preventive side Rural

Smallpox, beds increase details beds strength increase

District Headquarters Hospital increase statistics

Sri P. Nursing Rao: Sir, I beg to move.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,650 for Medical by Rs. 1

To criticise the Government as it failed to provide sufficient provision for the improvement of Medi-
cal facilities in the rural area of Telengana and to pro-
vide fund for upgrading the Gandhi Hospital, Warangal
and to start Medical College during this financial year.

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya :
Sri D. K. Satya Reddy : I beg to move :

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for
Medical by Rs. 100

(స్మరితంగా ఆసక్తి సంభవించాయి, అందులో మద్యామాలు ప్రమాదం అయ్యాయి.)

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Sri G. Suryanarayana (Gajapatinagaram - Reserv-
ed) : I beg to move :

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for
Medical by Rs. 100

(సమితిపై కాల సమాప్తి ప్రమాదం [దీనికి చెత్తింది నిరోధం అయ్యాయి.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for
Medical by Rs. 100

(తనవాతా సమాన సమాప్తి ప్రమాదం [దీనికి సమాప్తి అయ్యాయి నిరోధం అయ్యాయి.)

Mr. Speaker : Motions moved.

Sri A. Yerukunaidu (Salur - General) : I beg to
move :

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for
Medical by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government for not providing
adequate medical facilities in rural areas, especially
backward areas like Salur Taluk in Srikakulam District.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for
Medical by Rs. 100

Failure of the Government to provide Leprosy
Surgical unit even in big Hospitals at Hyderabad and
Visakhapatnam.

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.
Sri G. Suryanarayana: I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri Mohammed Tahaseel (Bhadrachalam-General):
I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri K. Venkat Reddy (Kandipat): I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100
Mr. Speaker : Motions moved.

Sri Basava Maniah (Andole) : I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

Non-opening of a Hospital at Alladurg, Taluk Andole

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

Non-opening of a Primary Health Centre at Mudimanik village, Taluk Andole.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

Non-stopping of private practice by Government Doctors.

Mr. Speaker : Motions moved.

Sri M. Rajeswara Rao (Divi-Reserved) : I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

(1) To discuss about the general policy of the Government in regard to the administration of the Medical Department;

(2) to discuss about the inadequate medical aid given to rural Dispensaries;

(3) to discuss about the inadequate medical staff provided for the Head-quarters Hospital, Eluru;

(4) to discuss about the serious repercussions arising out of the recommendations of the Pay Committee allowing Assistant Surgeons to take to private practice.

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Sri Ranganath Rao Ballamaddi : I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100
To impress upon the Government to take keen interest in starting colleges for Indian System of Medicines - Ayurvedic and Unani.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

Failure of the Government to provide more rural dispensaries in backward areas like Hutnur and Asiphabad taluks in Adilabad District.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to increase the allotment made for the purchase of the medicines in various hospitals.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

Necessity of opening X-Ray plant in every District Head-quarters Hospital.

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri S. Kasi Reddy (Podili)
Sri V. Visweswara Rao (Mylavaram)
Sri M. Nagi Reddy (Macherlú)
Sri G. Yellamanda Reddy: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

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To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100
Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri J. Anand Rao (Mepalli) : I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri D. Hanumanth Rao (Jagtiyal): I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of Government to improve the condition of District and Taluka Dispensaries and increase the allotment of Medicines, instruments, equipment and diet in the Hospitals of Telangana.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
Sri N. Peddanna (Khammam - Reserved) : I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker : Motions moved.

Sri S. K. V. Krishnavataram (Tadepalligudem-General) : I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100

For not providing suitable buildings for the Taluk Head-quarters Hospital at Tadepalligudem.

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Sri M. Nagireddy
Sri S. Vemayya (Buchireddipalem-Reserved): I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,80,65,600 for Medical by Rs. 100
Sri G. Suryanarayana: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,51,58,900 for Public Health by Rs. 100

(For non-supplying of medicines timely for villages for cholera and other diseases.)

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri B. Sankariah (Buchireddipalem-General): I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,51,58,900 for Public Health by Rs. 100

(Non-supplying of medicines timely for villages for cholera and other diseases.)

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri Baswa Maniah: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,51,58,900 for Public Health by Re. 1

(Non-supplying of small-pox medicinals for villages timely.)
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To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,51,58,900 for Public Health by Re. 1
(Non-opening of a Lepercy Hospital at every Taluk Headquarters.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,51,58,900 for Public Health by Re. 1
(Non-opening of a Hospital at every R. I. Circle at every taluq.)

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri M. Rajeswara Rao: I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,51,58,900 for Public Health by Rs. 100
(To discuss about the general policy of the Government in regard to the administration of the Department of Public Health.)

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri G. Ramulu (Huzurabad-Reserved): I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,51,58,900 for Public Health by Rs. 100
(To discuss about the general policy of the Government in regard to the administration of the Department of Public Health.)

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,51,58,900 for Public Health by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri Ranganath Rao Bolanwar: I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,51,58,900 for Public Health by Rs. 100

Not taking of "protected water supply scheme of Nirmal Municipality" so far.
DEMAND No. XL - CAPTIAL OUTLAY ON IMPROVEMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH-Rs. 94,09,200

Sri P. N. Appa Rao (Palakonda) : I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,09,200 for Capital Outlay on Improvement of Public Health by Rs. 100

Criticising the Government for not providing for water-supply works for Palakonda Taluk, Srikakulam District.

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Sri M. Nagi Reddy,

Sri S. Venayya : I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,09,200 for Capital Outlay on Improvement of Public Health by Rs. 100

(Motion moved.)

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Sri J. T. Fernandez (Nominated) : On a point of information, Sir. I notice from this List III that the purpose of the cutmotions is not given in English. So it is not intelligible to me. May I request that hereafter the English version be also given.

Mr. Speaker : We shall see.

Now I call upon Dr. B. V. L. Narayana, on behalf of the opposition, to open the debate. I shall give you 20 minutes.

*Sri B. V. L. Narayana (Ongole—General) : Mr. Speaker, Sir.

Today I am standing before you as an opposition member not merely to criticise the budget and the
administration on the medical side and health side. I am not trying to criticise merely for the sake of criticism or for the sake of opposition. We know it is a bare fact that every one of us are trying in our own way to implement the socialistic pattern of life and improve the standard of living of the poor. But health and standard of living are interlaced. Life is more precious than standard of living.

Considering all these points, if we look at the budget, we are sure that the figures are being increased from 2 crores and odd to 3 crores and odd; but if we go into the details of the budget, we will notice that the amount spent for the rural hospitals and dispensaries is cut short to a great extent.

This fact has been brought to the notice of the members of the House by the Estimates Committee in its report for the year 1957. But I would like to say here that the total amount that is spent on medicines, lenin etc., in the whole State is something like 62 lakhs, and the amount spent in rural hospitals is only 16 lakhs. In spite of the repeated warnings or repeated appeals by the members of the House and also by the Estimates Committee, this has been neglected and this colossal negligence, I hope, the House will consider and try to set the matter right. The amount allotted in 1957 was 31 lakhs, but this year it has been brought to 16 lakhs; and this shows the attention that the Government is paying to the advice of the members.

Then looking at the summary of the T. B. Hospitals, Domiciliary T. B. Campaign, once again, the amount has been brought down from 2 lakhs to 1.5 lakhs. I must say that Domiciliary T. B. Campaign is one of the most essential things in a poor country like ours. We are unable to provide beds for the T. B. Patients in hospitals. In such an event, we have to keep these patients in their houses, and under the campaign, the Doctors go to the houses of the patients and attend on them. This is the only way in which we can control the T. B. or can give treatment to the patients. But unfortunately this Domiciliary T. B. Campaign is regularly neglected, and this amount is once again brought down from 2 lakhs to 1.5 lakhs. I hope this point also will be considered.
Then coming to the isolation of T.B. beds, usually what happens is, the poorer sections of the people come to the doctor or to the sanitorium in an advanced stage of the disease. Why? Because of the poverty and ignorance of the disease. When once they come to the hospitals, these people are not being admitted, there being no use of their admitting them and keeping them in the hospital at such an advanced stage of the disease. It is a waste to admit them in the hospitals, and we are not going to do anything for them. In these circumstances, we are asking them to go back home and send us more cases. How? They go home, eat and sleep with in the same hut with the other members of their families; they go on coughing; and all this results in spreading the disease locally and to their respective families. Later, we find the whole family coming to the doctor once again. This is how these families are getting ruined. Considering this point, the Central Government has put in a plan to provide isolation beds for these advanced cases. The idea is to isolate these cases and keep them away from infecting other cases. In this scheme, we have taken Rs. 4 lakhs and with this 4 lakhs of rupees we can provide about 2000 beds. But what about their feeding? Their feeding etc. expenses have to be borne by the State. Once again, if you take into consideration the death rate of Andhra Pradesh, it will be more than 70,000 per year. Getting a death rate of 70,000 per year in Andhra Pradesh, there must be 2 or 3 lakhs of chronic patients in the Andhra Pradesh; and if you want to supply all these people with beds, I think it is impossible in our present state of finances. So, I think about the starting of isolation beds, we must think twice before we start them. Instead, I would like to suggest that instead of having beds like this, we can approach the local Panchayats or local Boards and ask them to start some temporary sheds and isolate these patients by keeping them there, and ask the doctors of the Block Development who are regularly touring those areas, to look after them and give them a sort of comfort. This way we can do much for these patients and these patients need not leave their places, which, they should otherwise do, if they are admitted in hospitals far away from their villages. I hope this will be considered.
Coming next to primary health centres, these primary health centres are primarily intended to serve the needs of isolated or deserted poverty-stricken places far away from the central hospitals. We have to follow some rules in starting these primary centres. One is, asking the centres to be started in places where there are approach roads on all sides. We are asking the villagers to give us Rs. 10,000 and about 2 or 3 acres of land. If it is a poverty-stricken place and if there are no roads, then there is no use of asking for funds in a place like that. Another thing is, when we look at these primary health centres, it is seen that they are started just to satisfy the whims and fancies of local politicians. Many of these hospitals are started by the side of main roads and here, once again, we are destroying the purpose with which they are started. Let us go into the question as to how many doctors are working in these centres and how many of the centres are lying vacant for want of doctors. At present, everybody knows that these are lying vacant. Why is it that the doctors are leaving the services? Nobody is bothered to know these things. I hope the House will consider and appoint some Committee to enquire into the causes why the doctors are leaving services and going out for private practice. There is no use saying that they are going away merely to earn more money.

Next, I take up the question of admission into hospitals. Complaints were there with regard to admissions into T.B. hospitals, general hospitals, etc. What are the reasons for it? The reasons are the rush, shortage of beds and individual favouritism. Rich people are getting into the general wards to save their money, thus depriving poorer classes of their privileges. It is here that the hospital committees have to go into the matter, and it is here that the hospital committees have to serve. Once again, I may tell you, Sir, that these hospital committees have become another political blocks. How, I say it is due to this? Today, take for instance there is a rule that every local M.L.A. must be included as a member of the hospital committee. I am not there even today. I am not bothered about being a member of that committee. But I want to bring it to the notice of the House and also that political leaders are playing key role. If they had it would like to be in the connection to there as to the or, appoi-
ting politicians as members of such committees. Philonthropic people, with philonthropic views and missionary zeal must be appointed. It is the purpose of these people to look after the welfare of the hospital and collect funds for upbringmg those hospitals. But when you look into the administration report, you do not find anywhere any of these committees collecting any funds, except a few hospitals here and there. I hope the House will consider this point also. Again, these members won't meet at all even once a year; and if at all a meeting is called for, there will be no quorum. If you go to private medical consultation, there is another uproar about it. The Estimates Committee in 1957 has suggested that the fees of these specialists must be increased and private consultation must be abandoned. To tell the House in fact, we do not know where the mistake lies. It is medical ethics: when a patient goes to a doctor, he cannot refuse him; he may ask money; and if the patient is not paying, he will ask him to come to hospita/.

But it does not mean that he should turn these people away from getting the consultation of specialist. Another thing is, human psychology is there always. Unless we pay something to the doctor, we think that he will not look after us well. In these circumstances, we cannot blame either. Instead of having this kind of system, I make myself bold to suggest one thing: instead of preventing the specialist from having private practice, I would like a separate arrangement made in the hospital itself and ask these private consultants to go there and consult doctors and if in case they are deserving admissions, you can admit them according to their status either into the special wards or semigeneral wards or general wards, if poorer still.

But there is no use of depriving them of medical aid. This way we can improve the funds of the hospitals and at the same time we would be satisfying the poor people. I hope the House will consider this point also.

Then there is the question of wastage of medical funds. I would like to know how much money has been spent for functions like inauguration, laying foundation stones, opening of new buildings, etc., and how much money had been spent for travelling purposes in this connection. Then, there are the frequent meetings
of the different committees which are set up to suggest ways and means of improving medical standards and there are the medical conferences etc. I would like to know how many times are such meetings held and how much money has been spent on such meetings.

There is no use of boasting ourselves that we have started colleges here and there, which is done only to satisfy the different groups and show off to the people. In this connection, I would like to ask the Members to look into the resolution passed recently by the Andhra Pradesh Branch of the Indian Medical Association through which they have requested the Government to enquire into the causes which led to a large number of failures in the post-graduate courses in the State. How can this be explained? Is it because so many colleges are being started? I hope Government will give due consideration to this and appoint a committee to go into the matter.

I understand there were some representations from medical students who joined the colleges in 1954 regarding some regulations which had been stipulated recently. When they joined the college there were no such regulations I now understand that while the students are expected to work in the Hospitals during the interneship period for one year they are required to pay Rs. 240. It is just like asking a bus passenger after payment of the scheduled fare and after his travelling for some distance to pay As. 4 more or to get down the bus, if he is not able to pay it. Once they complete their course, we are asking them to put in one year's interneship training in a hospital as a training ground and also with a view to get some service from them; and when we are getting some service from them we are not justified in asking them to pay Rs. 240 more. I hope Government will consider this sympathetically.

Then, there is health. The Estimates Committee had suggested the amalgamation of the Department of Medical and Health. The Telangana region, we know, was having an amalgamated system and we also know the standards of health under this system in our State. I know fully well that we can save some money if both the Departments are merged, but there is no use in doing to merge them. If we take the example of Telangana and ask for statistics how many people...
are suffering from T.B. and other diseases, nobody would be able to tell us; and unless we have these statistics we cannot implement the different medical or health schemes. I, therefore, feel that this proposal should not be given any serious consideration. The medical services, the health services, the local board services and the private practitioners, all of them should join together and work unitedly to improve conditions in the State. I can give the House one example of the proof of falling medical standards. We have seen that some of the hon. members of this House, sometimes some Ministers as well as leaders of some of the parties—for instance, the Leader of the Opposition—go outside our State seeking medical treatment. That itself shows how much faith we have in the medical standards of our own State. I want to say that medical standards in our State are going down because we are not taking proper care in starting the colleges and we are not taking proper care in finding suitable teaching staff. We are promoting all the junior and inexperienced teaching staff in the medical institutions. What I would like to suggest is that if we are not having sufficiently experienced staff, we should obtain the services of retired people and people from outside the State on a contract basis for three or four years until we get our people trained properly.

Then there is the question of the school health services, i.e. medical examination of children in schools. On this item we are spending nearly Rs. 6 lakhs. I would like to suggest one method of saving this amount. We are not utilising the honorary services of doctors for this purpose and in some places we are rejecting such services from those Doctors who are prepared to come forward to render honorary services on the plea that they are Communists or Socialists and that they are not favourably disposed towards the Congress Party. Here at least there should be no question of party loyalties. What all the Doctor is required to do is to go to the concerned school once a year and examine the students and if any medical advice is required to offer such advice. If only we can approach the private practitioners in the matter of the Andhra Pradesh Branch of the Indian Medical Association with a request to appoint honorary doctors for different schools to conduct the medical examination of the students, I
I am sure they will do it and we can thus save money to some extent.

I would now turn to the subject of protected water supply and the partiality shown by Government in the provision of this water supply. Take the example of Ongole, for instance. Ongole is one of the oldest municipalities in the State, older than Bezwada or Guntur. This town has been trying to get water supply for the last so many years. The Government asked the Chairman of the Municipality to collect water tax etc. from the local population for the provision of protected water supply. But as unfortunately bye-election ensued in the constituency, people belonging to the ruling party who had promised provision of protected water supply previously said that they would not do anything if the Congress was defeated in the bye-election. People belonging to the ruling party themselves are thus obstructing the progress of the State. And the Municipalities which had been constituted most recently were given preference in the matter of provision of protected water supply. So, my hon. friends......

Mr. Speaker : The hon. member should not address the Members as friends and he should only address the Speaker and not the members.

Sri B. E. Narayana : I am sorry, Sir.

Then, Sir, I would like to tell the House that the group politics and other things are playing a great havoc in the progress of the State. There is no use of our being jubilant at some people changing seats from this side to that side and vice versa. People are waiting to show us our place in 1962 and we must be aware of it. There is no use of our getting into group politics or party politics as long as we are within the four walls of this House. We have to take to service with a missionary zeal and we should all be united and work for the progress of the State. If we want to secure more votes from the poorer classes, we need not give them food and clothing only, give them health - life is more precious for them than the standard of living.

Thank you.
Budget for 1959-60 - Voting of Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959


K. E. M. teaching institute.

K. E. M. teaching institute.
teaching institute 1959-60. K. E. M. class I officers 233.

Class I officers Class I officers 1959-60. K. E. M. class I officers 233.

K. E. M. class I officers 233.

K. E. M. teaching institute 233.

K. E. M. teaching institute 233.

A Boys Scout Headquarters Office

A defence department 233.

A Medical College 233.
234 4th March, 1959  

Budget for 1959-60—Voting of Demands for Grants

...
Budget for 1959-60 - Voting of
Demands for Grants

మాముడు. యొక్క కోసం మేం గోడ కూలించాం. మరింత medical sources కూడా ఉంచదని చెప్పారు. అతనితో ఉండాలంటే, కంపెక్కడ ఉండండి లేదా 1939 సంఖ్య వివరాలు ఇవేంతి 1959 సంఖ్య ప్రత్యేకంగా సంఖ్య 233. 

మేడియఅ స్ప్షెడిట్ డీయాండ్ కంపెంట్ బార్డ్ మెమెర్ అంది బిలింగ్ బిలింగ్ ప్రాముఖ్యత ఉండుపు. 

P.W.D. కంపెంట్ బిలింగ్ ప్రాముఖ్యత ఉండుపు. 

అయితే అంతే జాబితాలు, 15 కోసం 1500 రూపాయలు తయారు చేసారు. అందువల్ల ఇది అందరు. 

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T. B. admission 1939-1959

Budget for 1959-60 - Voting of Demands for Grants

A lady doctor has been appointed in Amravati, Dharwad, and Madgaon. The family planning division has been increased from 160 to 1,500.

- Increase in demand for family planning.
- Increase in demand for lady doctors.
- Increase in demand for admission facilities.

In summary, the budget seeks to enhance the health facilities in various parts of the state.
Budget for 1959-60—Voting of Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

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The Hon’ble Governor, through the Hon’ble Speaker, submitted the Budget for the financial year 1959-60.

The Hon’ble Speaker informed the members that the Session would be adjourned till the 6th March, 1959 for the purpose of discussing the Budget for 1959-60.

Mr. Speaker, in moving the Budget for 1959-60, I have, in the first place, to record my thanks to the Chief Secretary, the Controller of Budget, the Economic Adviser and other officials for their persistent and untiring efforts in preparing the Budget for 1959-60.

The Budget for 1959-60 is, in my opinion, a budget of hope and confidence. It is a budget of constructive plans and programmes aimed at the betterment of living standards of the people of the State. The budget is a budget of balanced economy, a budget of full employment, a budget of full production, a budget of social justice, a budget of national integration.

The budget is based on the following principles:

1. The principle of balanced economy, which means that the Government will not spend more than it earns.
2. The principle of full employment, which means that every able-bodied person will have an opportunity to earn a living.
3. The principle of full production, which means that every resource will be used to the full.
4. The principle of social justice, which means that every person will be treated equally.
5. The principle of national integration, which means that the State will be integrated with the country.

The budget is designed to achieve these principles in the following ways:

1. By increasing the production of crops, which will help to increase the income of the farmers.
2. By increasing the production of industrial goods, which will help to increase the income of the workers.
3. By increasing the production of services, which will help to increase the income of the service providers.
4. By increasing the production of knowledge, which will help to increase the income of the educators.
5. By increasing the production of values, which will help to increase the income of the values providers.

The budget is a budget of hope and confidence. It is a budget of constructive plans and programmes aimed at the betterment of living standards of the people of the State. The budget is a budget of balanced economy, a budget of full employment, a budget of full production, a budget of social justice, a budget of national integration.
Mr. Speaker: I think Mr. Narasinga Rao will do better by coming to the front and taking some notes. Otherwise, it will be insulting the members.

Mr. Narasinga Rao, please do it by taking notes.

I think Mr. Narasinga Rao will do better by coming to the front and taking some notes. Otherwise, it will be insulting the members.

Mr. Narasinga Rao, please do it by taking notes.
Budget for 1959-60: Voting of
Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

The Hon'ble Governor having laid on the Table of this House the financial
Budget for the year 1959-60, I rise to move that the house do hereby agree
in the said Budget as shown in the Resolution preceding
this motion.

Mr. President, I would like to make some observations on the

demands for grants.

The Hon'ble Government, in the first place, has taken cognizance of
the fact that there is a need to improve the conditions of service
of doctors, who are working in private practice.

The Hon'ble Government has decided to introduce a new pay
schedule for doctors working in private practice, which will
be more remunerative than the existing one.

The Hon'ble Government has also decided to extend the benefits of
the scheme to doctors working in hospitals.

The Hon'ble Government has also decided to give priority to the
development of water supply and sanitation schemes.

The Hon'ble Government has decided to extend the scheme of water
supply to the East Godavari District of the Composite Madras State.

Mr. President, I would like to suggest that the house do hereby
agree in the demands for grants as shown in the resolution
preceding this motion.
Budget for 1959-60—Voting of Demands for Grants

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Chairman: The Chairman, in the Chair, moved the adoption of the Minutes of the last meeting. The Assistant Engineer, Mr. A. M. A. Ramana, was introduced by the Chief Engineer. The Assistant Engineer, Mr. K. S. Murthy, was introduced by the Chief Engineer. The Chairman, in the Chair, proposed the resolution for the adoption of the Minutes of the last meeting.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

Dr. A. M. A. Ramana, Assistant Engineer, then moved the resolution for the adoption of the Annual Report of the Rural Water Supply Scheme.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

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The resolution was carried unanimously.
Budget for 1959-60 - Voting of Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

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Regarding the demands for grants, the planning for the year 1959-60 has been focused on various sectors. Theoiy and practice in agriculture have been emphasized, with the implementation of new techniques and methods. The importance of aerated waters and crushes, syrups has been highlighted, along with the need for proper propaganda to encourage their usage.

The demand for propaganda regarding the use of aerated waters and crushes has been justified. The need for increased production and consumption of these products has been emphasized. The demands for grants have been directed towards promoting these practices and ensuring their availability to the people. The importance of research in this field has been underscored, with the need for continued efforts in this direction.

The demands for grants have been made in consideration of the current socio-economic conditions and the need for development. The emphasis on research and propaganda has been made to ensure the effective utilization of resources and the improvement of the living standards of the people. The demands for grants have been made in a way that they will have a significant impact on the overall development of the country.
balanced diet is essential. But what is a balanced diet? And in what proportion should the various nutrients be balanced in a diet? Scientists have been working on this for years. A balanced diet should contain all the necessary nutrients in the right proportions. A balanced diet should be consumed daily to maintain good health. Millet is a problem solver and it is easy to grow. It is a research material for scientists. Millet is a good source of nutrition. It is a good source of protein, vitamins, and minerals. Oranges are a good source of vitamin C. They are good for the immune system. They are also good for the heart.
Budget for 1959-60: Voting of Demands for Grants

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...
We have got an energetic and active D. M. S. and have specialised medical graduates who are trained to specialise in various fields. The medical education is costly, and the domiciliary system of tuberculosis treatment is also costly. Milk adulteration, ghee adulteration, flour adulteration.
As soon as they graduate from the college, they cannot be expected to go to the rural parts and set up practice there.
In my humble opinion, the honour of the medical profession stands and dis-honoured on account of the village vaidyas system.
or Unani systems have become static; there is no improvement; they are not based on the modern scientific research.

In the modern medical act, the basic minimum registerable qualification in modern medicine has been set. Therefore, the demand is for a hospital to be set up in the area.

(Srimathi T. Lakshminikanthamma in the Chair)

Hospital 50 bed capacity is required. The demand is to set up a Headquarters Hospital in the area.
Government Hospital 60, Private Doctors 30, treatment 75. Private Doctors 30 on treatment 1.50.

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Government Hospital 60, Mobile Hospital 30, Medical Minister 60, treatment 75. Private Doctors 30, treatment 1.50.
seats vacant are allotted. Class patient and in this school by various ways.

A Health Minister honours admission of various patients in various categories. Additional calls of Health Minister are entertained.

The Health Minister is responsible for health stages of smallpox in roadside villages and interior villages in districts.

Roads in District Headquarters are broad.

Medical authorities are contacted.

The college has been in operation for some time.

The roads are broad.

District Headquarters are broad.
4th March, 1959

Budget for 1959-60-Voting of
Demands for Grants

arguments and SD As & OSs of hospitals assurance

Sec. 15. Hospital: Medical Director has already assurred

Sec. 16. Hospitals: Hospitals have again been assured

Budget for 1959-60 has already been voted. Hospitals

Improvements made in hospitals. 10 islet hospitals have been

supply of equipments in hospitals was increased. K. E. M.

hospital was opened.
Budget for 1959-60 - Voting of Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

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hospital and medicine supply

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4th March, 1959

Budget for 1959-60-Voting of Demands for Grants

శాసనం అవసరం పరిశీలించినవి వాటా వరకు ఉండాలి. దీని ప్రాచేతిక మండలం కేంద్రం ఉంది. సంచారము శాసనానికి అందుబాటులో వస్తుంది. సంచారము శాసనానికి ప్రత్యేకంగా పరిశీలించినవి వాటా వరకు ఉండాలి. సంచారము శాసనానికి ప్రత్యేకంగా పరిశీలించినవి వాటా వరకు ఉండాలి.

సంచారము శాసనం సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి. ఇది ఎంపికల సమాధానం అంటే ఎంపికలు లభించాలి.

*లింగానికం చేస్తుంది: అంగులు, మాంసాభాగాల పై రెండు విషయాలు ఉండాలి.
Budget for 1959-60—Voting of
Demands for Grants

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... ... (interruption) 'And now, Sir, I have
Medical colleges and...

(Replies till 12.30 p.m.) Deputy Chief Minister said:

Medical colleges and...

The Deputy Chief Minister said:

Medical colleges and...

The Deputy Chief Minister said:

Medical colleges and...

The Deputy Chief Minister said:

Medical colleges and...
Health Department: Health Department in Medical colleges.

Health Headquarters Hospitals in medical colleges.

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Health Headquarters Hospitals in medical colleges.
Budget for 1959-60: Voting of

- Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

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Health point of view

(Preventive measures)

(Insure)

(Domestication of animals)

(Radical change)
Budget for 1959-60: Voting of Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

...
Budget for 1959-60 - Voting of
Demands for Grants

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Budget for 1959-60 - Voting of Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

...
Budget for 1959-60: Voting of Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

Sri J. T. Fernandez: Mr. Speaker, Sir, Though I am intervening in this debate only to plead for some concession for Anglo-Indian women in the nursing services, I cannot refrain from complimenting, at the outset, the Minister of the Department for his progressive Budget which he has presented. An increase of 4 crores over the past two years is proof indeed that the Government mean well by the people and are taking every step within their means to improve public health and to increase medical relief.

But to come to my own point, Sir, Anglo-Indian women have been the pioneers in the humanitarian profession of nursing for almost 100 years and have contributed much to the welfare of the people of this State in the past years. Even about two decades ago, our hospitals were very largely manned by Anglo-Indian women. Today, things have changed and rightly so, and many women of other communities are joining this noble profession and proving a success. But unfortunately, this is to the detriment slightly of the Anglo-Indian girls whose notable position in the training in time and therefore, in the profession, cannot be permitted to slip in the wake of the quaran.
standing in the way of many useful candidates. Anglo-
Indian girls can read and write and speak English very
well and are able to pass their examinations easily
later.

I would, at the outset, request the Government
to consider the possibility of waiving the rule a bit and
allowing candidates who have appeared for the H.S.C.,
Senior Cambridge or other equivalent examination to
apply for the nursing Entrance examination. This
handicap of Telugu and Hindi makes them fail, and if
such concession is made, I am sure, it will be much
appreciated; and I, on my part, will suggest to the
Association in Andhra Pradesh to get many women to
volunteer for such work.

Thank you, Sir.

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& staff nurse 600-+. Ward boys 600-+. Staff 600-+. Nurses 600-+. 
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Head Quarters Hospitals &treatment 600-+ & staff nurse.
Budget for 1959-60: Voting of
Demands for Grants

4th March, 1959

In this year special officers were appointed in the Health Department. The 1959-60 health budget was liberal and the total expenditure was Rs. 70 crores. The budget was prepared on the basis of the budgetary expenditure of 1958-59. The following were the principal items of expenditure:

- Salary of doctors, midwives, and nursing staff.
- Construction of health centers.
- Dispensary and hospital buildings.
- Medical and nursing supplies.
- Medical dispensary.

Medical demand for the years 1957-58, 1958-59, 1959-60 were Rs. 78, Rs. 72, and Rs. 70 crores respectively. Medical dispensaries were established in 1957-58, 1958-59, and 1959-60.
pass a Medical Demand 5 which Medical Colleges are unable to meet. In the Estimates Committee Report, it is stated that the supply of medical stores is costly and it is recommended that the supply should be increased. The Medical Stores Department is recommended by the Estimates Committee to increase the supply of medical stores. The demand for medical stores depot is increased at the request of the Medical Practitioners' Registration Bill.
Medical Practitioners Registration Bill was introduced,
whereas the Leprosy surgical unit was closed. The surgical treatment was
provided by the Leprosy surgical unit. Surgical operations were
attached to hospitals. Capital outlay on Public health Schemes was
allocated. The Budget for 1959-60 was approved.

Budget for 1959-60: Voting of
Demands for Grants
4th March, 1959
Budget for 1959-60—Voting of Demands for Grants

Inspector of Schools Office has a building with an iconic front. The Inspector of Schools Office is in charge of the education system of the district. The building is well-equipped with all the necessary facilities. The Inspector of Schools Office is responsible for the smooth functioning of the education system. The building is well-maintained and provides a conducive environment for learning.

The building has a beautiful front with a large clock and a statue of a famous personality. The building is also equipped with a library, a computer lab, and a playground.

The Inspector of Schools Office is responsible for the implementation of the educational policies of the government. The building has a large hall where the annual meetings of the school board are held. The building is also used for various educational programs and workshops.

The Inspector of Schools Office is responsible for the teacher recruitment and training. The building has a large room where the training programs are conducted. The building is also equipped with a library and a computer lab.

The Inspector of Schools Office is responsible for the maintenance of the school premises. The building is well-maintained and provides a safe and secure environment for the students.

The Inspector of Schools Office is responsible for the implementation of the educational policies of the government. The building is well-equipped with all the necessary facilities.

Male Nurses

The building has a beautiful front with a large clock and a statue of a famous personality. The building is also equipped with a library, a computer lab, and a playground.

The building has a large hall where the annual meetings of the school board are held. The building is also used for various educational programs and workshops.

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* Note: The demand for Medical and Health Demand has increased as the population has increased. The demand for Medical and Health Demand has increased as the population has increased.

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Budget for 1959-60 - Voting of Demands for Grants

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K E M. Academy, Belgaum. The University of Belgaum is expecting a grant of Rs. 1/- for the teaching institution. Therefore, it is necessary to emphasize the importance of this grant. At present, the University has a teaching institution which is being managed by a small group of teachers. The subject of this teaching institution is teaching the students in the subjects of mathematics and science. In order to improve the teaching quality, the students require the services of a teaching institution. Therefore, the grant is requested for the teaching institution. The grant will be used for the purchase of furniture and equipment. In conclusion, it is hoped that the grant will be provided. Thank you.
4th March, 1959  

Budget for 1959-60: Voting of Demands for Grants

ప్రపంచాన్ని అనేక ప్రాంతాలు ప్రత్యేక లక్షణాలు పూర్తి చేసి సేవల ప్రాముఖ్యత పై సాధారణంగా విరాగించబడుతుంది. 

స్థలానిక పరివారానికి వాటి నమోదు ముఖ్యంగా అడిగిన నిర్ణయాలు సాధ్యంగా చెప్పవచ్చని కారణంపై ప్రత్యేకత పొంది ఉంటుంది. ఆధిక్యాలు సాధారణంగా సాధారణతో చేయవచ్చని చిహ్నాలు నుండి వినియోగించాలని ఉంటుంది. సాధారణతో వేతనాల పై తన సిద్ధాంతాలు వివిధ అవసరాల సాధనాలు నుండి ప్రత్యేక సహాయాన్ని సర్వసమానమైన ఉంటుంది.

మాకు మాత్రమే ఈ పరిస్థితి ఉంది. ఇప్పుడు ప్రత్యేక సహాయం ఉండటానికి నిర్ణయం నిర్మించిన పరిపాలన సమాధాన జరుగుతుంది. ఇది సాధారణంగా సాధారణతో చేయవచ్చని చిహ్నాలు నుండి వినియోగించాలని ఉంటుంది. సాధారణతో వేతనాల పై తన సిద్ధాంతాలు వివిధ అవసరాల సాధనాలు నుండి ప్రత్యేక సహాయాన్ని సర్వసమానమైన ఉంటుంది.

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*ఇప్పుడు ప్రత్యేక సహాయం ఉండటానికి నిర్ణయం నిర్మించిన పరిపాలన సమాధాన జరుగుతుంది. ఇది సాధారణంగా సాధారణతో చేయవచ్చని చిహ్నాలు నుండి వినియోగించాలని ఉంటుంది. సాధారణతో వేతనాల పై తన సిద్ధాంతాలు వివిధ అవసరాల సాధనాలు నుండి ప్రత్యేక సహాయాన్ని సర్వసమానమైన ఉంటుంది.

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The Commission recommended that a diet should be maintained which would be suitable for the patients' health. It was suggested to maintain case sheets with all the relevant details. Injections and other medications should be properly recorded in case sheets. The hospital should admit patients in a careful manner. Care should be taken to maintain case sheets and organize them properly. Tablets should be administered as per the prescription. The Sub-Inspector was responsible for the ward's inspection and ensuring that health certificates were issued. The Municipal Health Officer was responsible for the ward's inspection. The Municipal Health Officer was responsible for the ward's inspection.

Food adulteration was a serious problem. The rules and regulations needed to be amended. The health staff should be trained to deal with food adulteration. Health checks should be conducted regularly to ensure the quality of food. The Commission recommended that ice fruit should be introduced.
Director of Medical Services asked to cover medical concessions with school bills. D. M. S. of the N.G.O. has been asked to cover medical concessions to N.G.O. schools. The Director of Medical Services has suggested that medical concessions be included in school bills. D. M. S. will be requested to include medical concessions in school bills. D. M. S. has been asked to issue a letter to the Director of Medical Services recommending medical concessions to N.G.O. schools.

* Sri. M. Y. Y. A. S. P. (Translator):

A good translation is necessary for better comprehension, especially in this case, where the language is Telugu. The recommendation should be carefully reviewed and revised as necessary.
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Budget for 1959-60—Voting of
Demands for Grants

[Text in Kannada]
Budget for 1959-60—Voting of
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Budget for 1959-60-Voting of Demands for Grants

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Refresher courses, short term courses, District Medical Officers, Director

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precautions should be taken, so that the health and safety of the
population is maintained.

Furthermore, it is essential to take adequate precautions to prevent
misuse of the funds. It is imperative that stringent measures be
implemented to ensure proper utilization of funds. The District
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Budget for 1959-60: Voting of Demands for Grants

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The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the clock on Thursday, the 5th March, 1959.