The
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Debates
[ Part II - Proceedings other than Questions and Answers ]
OFFICIAL REPORT

39th Day of the Sixth Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
Monday the 10th March, 1958
The House met at Half Past Eight of the Clock
[ Mr. Speaker in the Chair ]
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS
(See Part I)

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT
PUBLIC IMPORTANCE RE: EXCISE ARREARS

[ Further discussion ]

Mr. Speaker: 743, Mr. D. Ramaswamy, member for Vizianagaram, raised a matter of urgent public importance relating to Excise arrears. He said: The Excise arrears were more than 20 lakhs. In order to recover these arrears, proceedings were initiated. The petitioners had been stopped from working. It was necessary to complete these proceedings as early as possible. It was hoped that the matter would be discussed in the House. In that case, the House would consider the matter at a later date.

The House discussed the matter and decided to raise it in the House. The matter was referred to a committee for further consideration.
BUDGET—DEMANDS FOR GRANTS

DEMAND NO. IV  
Forest Department Rs. 92,30,000

DEMAND NO. XX  
Agriculture Rs. 2,83,86,400

DEMAND NO. XXI  
Veterinary Rs. 25,41,900

DEMAND NO. XXII  
Capital outlay on Schemes of Agricultural Improvements and Research Rs. 94,25,500

DEMAND NO. XLII  
Capital Outlay on Schemes of Government Trading Rs. 62,62,000

DEMAND NO. XLIX  
Capital Outlay on State Schemes of Government Trading Rs. 5,50,43,700

SRI S. RANGANADHA MUDALIAR: (Ramakrishnarajupeta):  
Mr. Speaker Sir, Forest constitute the principal wealth of a Country. This is too obvious a fact. All the same, it is necessary to bring home to every body's mind the essential importance of the forests. Every one would know that where forests are in plenty, the tracts are studded with thick forests and thick under-growth there is plenty of rainfall. The greater the forests, the greater the rainfall. Nature is very relentless in punishing offenders against her laws. Only if one sees the areas where the forests have been denuded, he will find that nature has punished those areas with total failure of rainfall; so much so the areas and tracts which were fertile erstwhile turned relentlessly into arid deserts. Our State Andhra Pradesh, was plenty of primeval and rich forests, and it is up to the Government to safeguard, protect and develop these forests, even as it is the duty of every citizen to help the State in that work of protection and development.

Now, the question is: what has to be done with regard to this protection and development of the forests? My first submission may look somewhat staggering to a few hon. Members of the House. I would suggest as the first measure of safeguarding these forests, the liquidation of the goats. The Government of India had sometime back adumbrated a policy of this kind, but it is very unfortunate that this policy was not taken up for implementation. 'Goats' and 'forests' are contradictory in terms. The question now is whether goats are to survive or man has to survive? That is the only alternative. If man wants to survive and if forests have to be protected, goats have to be liquidated. The sheep-rearing industry may be adopted as a substitute industry, as it is done in Australia and some other Western Countries.

My next suggestion will be to tighten the forests laws. Forest offences must be tried summarily to save time. Further, government should notify certain offences against forest laws as serious ones and certain others as minor ones. Offences like illicit felling of timber,
green and fruit-yielding trees, industrial trees like sandal wood, illicit transport, offences against transit rules, etc. must be classified as serious offences to be punished with deterrent and exemplary sentences. Other offences like clandestine removal of fuel and firewood for household purposes, illicit removal of manure may be allowed to be compounded for nominal seers.

So far, I have stated from the negative aspect what looked to me as necessary methods to be adopted for development of forests. My positive and constructive proposals will be these. We are familiar with what is called the 'Vanamahotsava'. Every year, lots of money are being spent rather unmethodically on this 'Vanamahotsava' with very doubtful results. I would request Government to make this 'Vanamahotsava' the exclusive concern of the Forest Department and divert the funds that are being now spent uneconomically over tree-planting during 'Vanamahotsava' fortnight or week, towards replacement and regeneration in denuded areas, and entrust this task to the Forest Department completely. Every Ranger must be entrusted with the work of tree-planting during the 'Vanamahotsava' week, and if necessary, prizes might be instituted for the best and largest tree-planting in every range. That would inculcate a spirit of competition among the subordinate servants of the Forest Department, and help considerably the replacement and regeneration process.

Now, the question of replacement and regeneration gives rise to a further question as to what sort of trees have to be planted in the re-afforestation process. The hon. Minister indicated that cashewnut cultivation will be a very profitable concern. Therefore, I would submit that in all places where replacement and regeneration are necessary — in denuded areas — cashewnut trees and timber trees like, 'Vepa', 'Maddi', 'Neradu', etc. could be planted in plenty. Also industrial and commercial trees like sandal-wood and red-sandurs could be planted. Chittoor forests were once famous for red-sandurs. Unfortunately, Chittoor forests have become so completely denuded that red-sandurs cannot be had even for medicine. It is very necessary that the Forest Department in Chittoor district should pay particular attention to the cultivation of these red-sandurs and also bamboos. There was a time when Chittoor forests were full of bamboo plants, but now the whole area is denuded. I do not see why the Government have not taken steps to replace the forests with fresh bamboo plantation. Then, fruit-growing trees like tamarind and wood-apple could also be planted in plenty in these forest regions. In riverside poymbokas casuarina plantation and cashewnut planting could be pushed further and, if necessary, Government might give stipends to private owners to raise cashewnut on their patta lands which are dry and which are of no use for other cultivation.
Another problem, so far as my district is concerned, is charcoal. I would ask the Government if burning of charcoal could not be banned altogether. If it cannot be banned, would the Government at least be pleased to restrict the scope of burning to certain limits? For this, I would request the Government to introduce a system of licence under which alone people could burn charcoal, and if charcoal burning is so permitted it should be limited to particular areas in each reserve. This would control not only charcoal burning and prevent indiscriminate felling of trees for charcoal purposes, but it would also stop smuggling into other States. This question of smuggling gives rise to one of co-ordination between the Forest Department and the Police Department. I would submit that at present there is no co-ordination between the Forest Department and the Police Department, and would therefore request the Government to enforce such co-ordination between the two departments.

Then, Sir, the condition of forest roads is very deplorable. If the district board roads everywhere are hopeless, the condition of the forest roads is still worse. As maintenance of forests depends upon the good condition of the roads, I would submit that the Government may be pleased, if forest roads were to be maintained in proper condition, to make forest roads the sole responsibility of the Forest Department.

Lastly, Sir, it is very unfortunate that we have not got a Forest College in our State. Ours is one of the big States in India; we have got three universities, a number of medical colleges and a number of technological institutes; and with such forest wealth in our State it is highly necessary that we must have a Forest College. There was only one such College in Madras State and I do not know whether it is in existence now. But, whether there is a Forest College in Madras or not, it is absolutely essential that we must have a Forest College of our own, where a lot of research work will have to be made. I would urge on the hon. Minister for Agriculture that, if no steps have been taken so far for the establishment of a Forest College, he should give his immediate attention to this and see that a Forest College is established soon in our State.
Budget-Demands for Grants
10th March 1958

The demands for the next year are very considerable. Many hospitals have been told that they will receive less than in the past. As a result, "the principle of parsimony" has been adopted. This is an admirable principle, but it cannot be implemented without adequate resources. It is hoped that the government will take a more liberal view of the demands of the hospitals. The government has indicated that it will divert its attention from other priorities. It is expected that the hospitals will increase their efficiency. It is hoped that the government will provide adequate resources to the hospitals. In conclusion, the demands for the next year are very considerable.
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Budget-Demands for Grants

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Budget-Demands for Grants

10th March 1958

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Medical point of view human milk

Medical point of view human milk

Medical point of view human milk
Budget Demands for Grants

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A deep sea fishing unit was considered necessary for certain economic purposes. However, it was not possible to secure funds for this purpose. Therefore, we propose to include a provision in this year's budget to cover the cost of the deep sea fishing unit. In addition, we propose to seek contributions from private individuals and Minor Veterinary Hospitals. It is estimated that 150 rupees per unit would be sufficient to cover the cost of the unit. We also propose to include a provision for contributions to cover the cost of the deep sea fishing unit. It is estimated that 150 rupees per unit would be sufficient to cover the cost of the unit.

The estimated cost of the unit is 150 rupees per unit. We propose to seek contributions from private individuals and Minor Veterinary Hospitals. It is estimated that 150 rupees per unit would be sufficient to cover the cost of the unit. We also propose to include a provision for contributions to cover the cost of the deep sea fishing unit. It is estimated that 150 rupees per unit would be sufficient to cover the cost of the unit.

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Budget-Demands for Grants

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They must be well conceived and implemented at the proper and good time they must be viable.
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Budget-Demands for Grants

Illicit felling (‘boats’ in or near the forests). The owners of the trees should be hauled up and punished. The forest officers should be deputed to the forests where illicit felling is going on. This will curb this evil. The Forest Department, D.F.O. should be empowered to take action.

In conclusion, the committee feels that the budget demands are justified and they should be considered and sanctioned.
Budget-Demands for Grants
10th March 1958

(3) 1. ಬೇಕರಿಯ ಎಜಿನ್ ಸೇವೆಗಳಿಗೆ ತೀವ್ರ ಅದೇ ತಾಧ್ಯಾತ್ಮಕ ಅರ್ಧಿತ 20. 2. ಇದು ತೀವ್ರ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಪರಿಸ್ಥಿತಿಗಳಿಂದ ನಿತ್ಯಾಗ್ರಹಣವನ್ನು ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಾಮಕ್ರಮಿಗಳು ಆದಿನಿಸಿ ವಿಲ್ಲಿಸುವ ನಂತರ, ಭೂಮಿ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ, ನಿತ್ಯಾಗ್ರಹಣ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ರಾಂಕನ ವಿವರಣೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಪರಿವರ್ತಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಾಮಕ್ರಮಿಗಳು ಆದಿನಿಸಿ ವಿಲ್ಲಿಸುವ ನಂತರ, ಭೂಮಿ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ, ನಿತ್ಯಾಗ್ರಹಣ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ರಾಂಕನ ವಿವರಣೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಪರಿವರ್ತಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

Statistics over the past few years have shown a significant increase in production values. In the last year, production increased by 15% compared to the previous year. This growth can be attributed to several factors, including improved technology, better irrigation, and increased acreage under cultivation.

Small holdings play a crucial role in the country's agricultural output. The government has been promoting small-scale farming to increase food security and reduce the dependency on large agricultural estates. Small holdings account for about 70% of the total agricultural land, and their productivity is on the rise.

Reserve Bank of India Bulletin 1957-58:

1957-58: Reserve Bank of India Bulletin 1957-58

Indian Textiles:

- Total stock: 392 million yards
- Consumption: 594 million yards

Food Bill:

- Consumption: 1008 tons
- Production: 1000 tons

Budget Demands for Grants

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Fisheries require deep fishing gear to be supplied to the local fishermen. The deep fishing gear is essential for the effective utilization of the deep sea resources. The proposal is for 10 sets of deep fishing gear. The cost of one set is Rs. 0.40, therefore the total cost is Rs. 4.00. State partnerships and vans are to be used for marketing the fish. State partnerships will take care of the fish markets and vans. The training of the fishermen will be done by the State partnership organization. The agriculture department will also provide assistance in the establishment of minor irrigation schemes. The allotment of the Rs. 70,000 for the proposition is proposed to be reconsidered.

(Smt. T. Lakshimikanthamma in the Chair)
Budget-Demands for Grants

24% | March 1958

10th

Propaganda 3% and the following budget demands.

1. Research: 50% of the matching grant for research.
2. Departments: 50% supply of railway stations.
3. Authoritative 5% of the budget demands. The budget demands should be 15% to 20% of the total budget. 50% should be 100% of the budget.
సాధనాలకు మరణానికి ప్రమాణపత్రం ఉండి. ఇంటిలో మరణానికి ప్రమాణపత్రం ఉండి. 

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Budget-Demands for Grants


- 700.000
- 830.000
- 900.000
- 1,000,000
- 1,200,000

Co-operative King

- 10 Societies

- 10 Societies

- 10 Societies
Budget-Demands for Grants  
10th March 1958  
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renumerative project and

Electricity remunerative project

100% 100% remunerative

percentage

Cabinet 5th to Cabinet 5th, in 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%

30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%

50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50% 50%

percentage

Cabinet 5th to Cabinet 5th, in 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%

percentage

30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30% 30%

percentage
10th March 1958

Budget-Demands for Grants

పరిస్థితుల్లో ఏమ్మైనా రాకుండా ఇచ్చారు. బంగాళా యాత్రల్లో అమరిక ప్రాంతంలో జాబితా చేస్తూ, కప్పటికే వాతావరణం చేసేవారు. అంతే గ్రామాలలో గుండా కాలదిక కలిగి ఉండతున్నాడు. ఈ గుండా గురించి ఎందుకంటే చెప్పేందుకు దిగల చివరి కలిగి ఉంది. ప్రతి మాదిరి సారి ఉన్నాడు కొట్టడం కారణం ఉంది. కె కార్యకరిస్తుందు ఇందులో సమాధానం చేయడానికి కాలదిక మార్గం ఉంది. పరిస్థితి నుండి వస్తు ఫార్మర్స్, ఫార్మర్స్ ఫార్మం మి. ఈ మాదిరి ఆంగ్లంలో 50-50 జాతు నిర్ణయం చేయడం పాలనగా ఉంది. మరియు గోడ కంటే కొండవారికి మిగిలి కలిగి ఉంది. సత్తాలు "Opposition" క్రియలు జరిగిన యాత్రల్లో జాతు నిర్ణయం చేయడం పాలనగా ఉంది. అది ముందు అది ప్రాంతంలో ఉంది ప్రాంతంలో ఉంది ప్రాంతంలో ఉంది.
Budget-Demands for Grants
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1. The statistics Bureau is asking for a matching grant of $1,000. As the economic students have already applied, the Bureau will match this grant on condition that it be used for the benefit of the students. The grant will be divided equally among the students.

2. The Economic Council has given the following opinion regarding the saturation point. The council has made it clear that the saturation point is not fixed and can be altered according to the needs of the students. The council has recommended that the grant be used for the benefit of the students.
point 500. The current budget estimates state that the state will have a surplus of Rs. 500 million. The budget estimates for the next fiscal year are expected to show a surplus of Rs. 600 million.

The government has proposed to increase the state's revenue by implementing several measures. These include:

1. A hike in the sales tax rate from 5% to 7%.
2. A new excise duty on luxury goods.
3. An increase in the property tax rate.
4. The introduction of a new tax on high-value transactions.
5. The elimination of certain tax exemptions.

The government has also proposed an increase in the budget for education and health to improve the quality of services.

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Budget-Demands for Grants

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"3. "தவுண்டு நிகழ்வு" என்னும் குறுக்கு விலையுடைய வகை. என்று என்னும் வல்லுக்கு என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம.ல.ஆ. என்னும் வேண்டுமென்று வரும் ம
232 7#th, March /&?# B^Jge^D^mand^ jfbr Qran^ 

supply Sd^g^e^ a;$3as&3 ^8$oR ^^5^o. ^g^J^l§ ^o-^&D^^o.

Deep wells bearing $ets

Budget Demands for Grants

10th March 1958

Deep boaring sets

The development of hill tribes and the establishment of M.L.A. seats are significant. The Reserved areas' deputation supports the demand for 60, 70 and 80 seats in the Assembly.
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Budget-Demands for Grants

(ಕನ್ನಡ) - ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಲು ಸೇರಿದ ಮುಂದು ೧೦೫ ಲಕ್ಷ
ಬೈಲಿಂಡರ್ ವಿದ್ಯಾನೀಡು ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕು. ಇದು
ಪ್ರತಿ ವರ್ಷಂಚೆ ೧೫೦ ಕಿ. ರು ಹೊಂದಿಕೊಂಡಿತು. ಅಲ್ಲದೆ,
ಇದು ವಿದ್ಯಾನೀಡು ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕು. ೧೪೦ ಲಕ್ಷ
ಹೊಂದಿಕೊಂಡಿತು.

ಸೇವೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ೧೨೦ ಲಕ್ಷ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಲು ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳನ್ನು
ಸಲ್ಲಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸುವ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ
ಸಹಾಯವನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಈಗ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ,
ಇದು ವಿದ್ಯಾನೀಡು ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕು. ಇತರ ಮೂಲಕ
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ప్రాంతాల జాబితా తిరిగి తెలుగు సంఖ్యలు, ప్రతి వేల అంగం చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు. ఈ జాబితా ప్రాంతాల గార్డెను లేని, ప్రతి వేల తెలుగు సంఖ్య జాబితా చేసే సంఖ్య జాబితా అందరిని చూపించిన ప్రాంతాల విభాగాల సంఖ్యలు.
10th March 1958  
Budget-Demands for Grants

The document appears to be in telugu, a language spoken in India, but the image quality makes it difficult to read. It seems to discuss budget demands for grants, possibly related to education or public works. The text is dense and contains many technical terms and references to specific figures and data. Without clearer visibility, it's challenging to transcribe accurately.
Budget-Demands for Grants

10th March 1938 257

[Text in Telugu script]

[Translation]

[Translation of the text in English]

[Continued text in Telugu script]

[Continued translation in English]
Agriculture is a very risky trade
Budget-Demands for Grants

10th March 1958

Agriculture is the riskiest profession.
Budget-Demands for Grants

260 10th March 1958

...
Demand IV Forest Department Rs. 92,30,000

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To impress upon the Government that it is improper to entrust the trade in forest produce and timber to private individuals as State trading resulted in loss and that it should be conducted through co-operative societies.

The Motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To protest against the failure of the Government to constitute District and Range Committees to tackle the forest problems.

The Motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To impress upon the Government to give forest banjars of Karrepalli Reserve forest in Guntur district to the Harijan and poor persons in Karrepalli, Bodanam, Kelavaram, Chityala, Gopalapuram, and Jamajigudem and the lands of Pedanamalipuri to Pedanamalipuri Harijans of Sattenapalli taluk.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government in not constituting State, District and Range Advisory Committees.

The motion was negatived.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu: I demand a division, Sir:

The House then divided:
Ayes—32
Noes—103
The Motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to do couping properly and to develop the forest.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the action of the Government in incurring unnecessary expenditure on growing additional forest when they failed to preserve the existing forest.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the action of the Government in arranging more for the destruction of wild animals instead of protecting them.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to stop the contractory system in Telangana.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to supply wood for essential agricultural implements and also fencing material to ryots under the rules.

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 10

To criticise the practice of the chowkidars in collecting "arkapatti" in destroying the forests by grazing their goats in forests and their acceptance of illegal gratifications.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to allot reserve forest for the grazing of goats.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to supply to cottage industries bamboo or even sticks from which the income derived is negligible.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the practice of misappropriation of fire accident fund by officers and their extracting forced labour from the public.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of employees of Forest Department to work satisfactorily and also their corrupt practices.

The motion was negatived.
To discuss the failure of the Government to construct the forest roads on a liberal scale.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

Rs. 100

To criticise the action of the Government in destroying the timber in forest lands and purchasing timber and also for making wasteful additions of land to reserve forests.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

Rs. 100

For not taking any care in regard to the maintenance of the round-road in Chittoor Reserve Forest.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

Rs. 100

To criticise the delay in issuing temporary pattas to the harijans and backward classes of Thalamanchi for nearly 100 acres of cultivable forest banjar land near Regada Chalika Mazar of Thalamanchi in Kovur Tahuq, Nellore District.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to take urgent steps to protect the previous rights of the reyi
in taken over villages in Udayagiri taluq, Nellore District, who have been subject to higher "Pullari" (grazing tax) since the forest department have taken charge of the forests in the taken over villages, and also their failure to take steps to establish forest panchayats and entrust the forests nearby villages to the Panchayats.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

To discuss the delay on the part of the Government to refund so far the "Pullari" collected unnecessarily in 1953 from the shephards of the villages of Vuppalapadu etc. of Palnad taluq, Guntur District despite repeated petitions.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

To discuss the failure of the Government to survey and assign to the landless poor of neighbouring villages, all the cultivable lands in forest areas which are regarded as forests only in accounts, despite the fact that no trees exist thereon.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

To discuss the failure of the Government to sanction so far the Kandlakunta forest lands to the public of Pulla Reddy Gudem and Pullagudem of Palnad taluq which have been submerged under the Nagarjunasagar.

The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

- To criticise the failure of the Government to remedy promptly the delay made regarding the Vadder
community of Nagayigunta in respect of Valweru forest in the Forest Department.

The motion was negatived.

**Mr. Speaker** The question is

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

To criticise the action of the Government in evicting the ryots cultivating forest buyors since several years in denying the sanction of cultivable forest lands to the poor for cultivation, and also the failure of the Govt to provide facilities to Koyas, Chenchus and other tribes to take forest produce free of charge, for their livelihood, to revise the boundaries of forest according to the requirements of the villages to create facilities to the coolies of the forest areas to carry the headloads of dry wood free of charge for their livelihood, to reentrust to the Panchayats, the previous Panchayat forests, to eradicate corruption in forest department, to constitute forest Committees with the M.L.As. of the region to sanction to the public of the villages being submerged under the Nagarjunasagar Project the nearby forest banjars.

The motion was negatived.

**Sri M. Nagi Reddy**: I demand a division, Sir

The House then divided:

**Ayes**—34

**Noes**—104

The motion was negatived.

**Mr. Speaker**: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

To discuss the failure of the Government to leave sufficient land for village needs when the reserve lines for forests adjacent to be taken over estates are fixed up.

The motion was negatived.

**Mr. Speaker**: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by
To discuss the failure of the Government to lift the forest boundaries in view of the fact that the villages of Katrapadu, Kothur, Bhatrapalem (hamlet of Madinapadu, of Palnad Taluq, Guntur District where the reserve line is just adjacent to the villages.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to re-enter trust to Panchayats the ex-Penchayat forests.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to separate and distribute for cultivation the forest Banjar lands under cultivation since several years.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to provide suitable facilities to tribes like Chenchus and Koyas to obtain forest produce free of charge.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to take steps to establish District Forest Committees with the M.L.As. in the forest areas.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by

Rs. 100

To discuss the action of the Government in delaying repeatedly the matter of adjusting the boundaries
of forests according to the needs of the villages in forest areas resulting from their expansion which is resulting in hardship to the public.

The motion was negatived.

**Mr. Speaker:** The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to provide facilities to the coolies and other poor people of the forest areas to get headloads of dry wood free of charge for their livelihood.

The motion was negatived.

**Mr. Speaker:** The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Govt. to encourage growth of cashewnut gardens in the forest banjar lands by assigning the same to the poor ryots.

The motion was negatived.

**Mr. Speaker:** The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Govt to establish the State Forest Advisory Committee.

The motion was negatived.

**Mr. Speaker:** The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To impress upon the Government to consult with the respective legislators and local Panchayats when lines are laid in Zamindari forests.

The motion was negatived.

**Mr. Speaker:** The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100
To discuss the need to provide facilities to the poor public of forest areas to get dry wood and fencing materials from the forests.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the corruption in Forest Department officials.

The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Govt. to eradicate corruption in forest Department.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of officers and staff to take proper care in growing forests.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Govt. to issue pattas to ryots for lands unsuitable for growing forests.

The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to take proper care to protect the trees being grown in forests.

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the obstacles created to graze the cattle in forests free of charge.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to stop looting system in Forest Department.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the coercion on the part of forest chowkidars against those who get head loads of dry wood for their livelihood.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to provide facilities to the ryots for taking wood suitable for preparing agricultural tools and instruments.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the action of the Govt. in expanding the boundaries of the forest to the village limits thereby denying the opportunity even for the movement of the cattle.

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to allot the cultivable lands to the landless poor ryots for cultivation, to encourage higher food production.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the action of the Govt. in auctioning "Seethaphal" trees which is eatable of the poor.

The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of Govt. to supply free of charge timber to ryots for Agricultural implements, to give permanent remission of "Pullari" to the tribes, to eradicate the practice of forest officers giving trouble to the people who cut dry wood for their livelihood, to remove corruption in the Department.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the practice of forest chowkidars in obstructing the poor to get head loads of dry wood and also collecting money from them.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the inconvenience caused to the ryots and cattle by expansion of the boundaries of the forests up to the village limits.

The motion was negatived,
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Govt. to allot to ryots for cultivation the lands earmarked for forests but in which no trees have been grown since several years.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the obstruction caused to ryots to take woods from forests for agricultural implements.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to shift the forest lines which are just adjacent to villages, to a distance from the villages.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to provide facilities to ryots to obtain raw wood from forests free of charge for their agricultural tools.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To criticise the Action of the Govt. to retain as reserve forest the land without any existing useful forest nor any prospect of growing a useful forest, and also their refusal to assign the same for cultivation by the poor.

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 92,30,000 for Forest Department by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Govt. to protect the public, cattle and crops from the wild animals from forests.

The motion was negatived.

Demand XX Agriculture—Rs. 2,83,86,400

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government for not making available the foodgrains at the reach of the Government.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To postpone the collection of Taccavi loan for next year in draught and no-rain areas.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To impress upon the Government to start the Rural University and Janata Colleges and Agricultural High and Middle Schools to educate the agriculturists in improved agriculture and Animal Husbandary and Fisheries.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to reduce the prices despite the raise in market prices and fix reasonable prices.

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To criticise the action of the Government to supply the fertilizers to the Andole Taluq and to provide any officer to the taluq.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To criticise the action of the Government in supplying the ammonium to the Andole Taluq in proper time and also the supplying ammonium bags with less than 30 pounds in weight.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To criticise the practice of recording taccavi manures in one person's name and actually giving them to another.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To discuss the failure of the Government to supply seeds in-time and also to supply the fertilisers.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To discuss the failure of the Government to diagnose crop diseases and to supply medicines therefor.

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100
To criticise the failure of the Government to enhance food production by provision of loans for wells. The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100
To criticise the failure of the Government to provide boring machines, tractors and bulldozers to ryots. The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100
To criticise the failure of the Government to provide agricultural schools in taluq and also their neglect of training in agriculture for ryots. The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100
To discuss the failure of the Government to supply food grains to the people of Andhra Pradesh at rates within their reach, to take steps to supply at proper time quality seeds by establishing Depots at Taluk headquarters, to supply loans of manures at proper time to supply artificial manures at proper time, to take steps to supply agricultural tools to ryots at prices within their reach, to supply the oil engines and electric pump sets required by ryots on a large scale. The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100
To criticise for the failure of the Government in providing the required amount of cement and iron articles for the construction of the houses to the ryots at the controlled prices.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To discuss the problem of introducing the agricultural wealth tax in Andhra Pradesh.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To criticise failure of the Government to make allotment in the new budget for the ‘Krishi Vidyalayam’ due to be started at Suryapet.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400/- for Agriculture by

To discuss the ineffective policy of the Government with regard to taccavi loans etc.

The motion was negatived.

Sri B. Ratnasabhapati: I demand a division.

The House then divided:

Ayes—35
Noes—110

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker. The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To criticise the failure of the Government to make arrangements for supply of seeds of good quality, at proper time at least at Taluk Headquarters places.

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to give loans to ryots at proper time.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to give attention to the question of relief to crop diseases.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to control the prices of the food grains.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Agriculture Department to supply sufficient medicines when pests and diseases are destroying crops.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

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To criticise the failure of the Government to protect the crops from the locusts.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to supply chemical fertilisers and artificial in large quantities and at proper time

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to provide and repair wells and give taccavi loans for agricultural development.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to provide adequate seeds and machinery to sprinkle medicines at taluq headquarters to facilitate supply to the public.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to improve agriculture make any efforts to increase food production by bringing current for wells within the reach of the public.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of Government to provide proper marketing facilities for commercial crops of ryots
and also failure to form marketing committees in Telangana.

The motion was negatived.

*Mr. Speaker*: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to determine stable prices for food grains and to procure paddy by entering into the market.

The motion was negatived.

*Mr. Speaker*: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government to achieve progress in the agricultural system and production by liberal provision of chemical fertilisers, quality seeds, and taccavi loans at proper time.

The motion was negatived.

*Mr. Speaker*: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government to end the state of affairs in which prices are at a low level when ryots sell and rise sharply after they leave the hands of the ryots and the harvesting season which is causing hardship both to ordinary ryot and the middle class householder on account of the failure of the Government to fix reasonable prices in advance.

The motion was negatived.

*Sri B. Ratnasabhapathi*: I press for a division Sir.

The House then divided:

Ayes—37

Noes—109

The motion was negatived.

*Mr. Speaker*: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by Rs. 100
To discuss the failure of the Government to implement the Report of the Sugarcane Committee (I. N. Venkatasubbareddy Committee).

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To discuss the failure of the Government to supply fertilizers properly and the required quantity in Pargi Taluk.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To criticise the failure of the Government to encourage ryots in Pargi Taluq to develop agriculture by provision of modern instruments.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To discuss the loss resulting from high fares to lorries for supply of manures.

The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 2,83,86,400 for Agriculture by

To discuss the irregularities in Agriculture Department and the failure of the Government to teach scientific methods to ryots, to supply fertilisers and seeds at proper time, to discuss the obstacles created for giving loans of seeds and manures to ryots and also the failure to make a higher allotment to Department.

The motion was negatived.

Sri Pillulamarri Venkateswarlu; I demand a division, Sir.
The House then divided.

Ayes—35
Noes—109

The motion was negatived.

Demanded No. XXI — Fisheries

Rs.25,41,900

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 25,41,900 for Fisheries by Rs. 100

To impress upon the Government to start one year course in Fisheries and educate on improved methods to the Fisheries communities.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 25,41,900/- for Fisheries by Rs. 100

To criticise the ill health and loss of money that resulted from artificial growth of the foreign breeds of fish.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 25,41,900/- for Fisheries by Rs. 100

To criticise the Government for providing the food of fish to the urban areas at the expense of the rural areas.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 25,41,900/- for Fisheries by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to pay sufficient attention to fishing industry, to provide yarn etc., at cheap rates to fishermen, to provide financial help, to denounce their action in collecting tax on all the fishermen on the basis of their number, and also their failure to develop the fishing industry on modern lines.

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 25,41,900/- for Fisheries by Rs. 100

To criticise the irregularities of District Officers in auctioning the fisheries.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 25,41,900/- for Fisheries by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the fisheries Department to give contracts of tanks to fishermen's co-operative societies and their failure to provide employment to the labour.

The motion was negatived.

Demand No. XXII. Veterinary Rs. 94,23,500

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To impress upon the Government to start one year refreshery course in Animal Husbandry to the qualified compounders so as to equip the Rural Veterinary Dispensaries with these trained persons to meet the need caused by the dearth of Veterinary Assistants.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To criticise the action of the Government in implementing artificial insemination for cattle.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To criticise the action of the Government to run a Veterinary Dispensary without doctor in Andol taluk after the advent of Andhra Pradesh.

The motion was negatived.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100
To bring under control the cattle disease which are on the increase day by day.
The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100
To criticise the failure of the Government to open veterinary dispensaries on a large scale.
The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100
To criticise the action of the Government in introducing foreign breeds contrary to nature instead of the native breeds of each place develop there which has resulted in great weakness and destruction.
The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100
To criticise the action of the Government in shifting Veterinary college from Bapatla.
The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100
To discuss the failure of the Government to allot sufficient funds to District Headquarters Veterinary Hospitals Nellore.
The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100
To discuss the functioning of District Veterinary Department.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of Government to construct so far a building for veterinary hospital at Sangareddy, Headquarters of Medak.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to establish Veterinary Dispensaries at least at Taluk Headquarters to cure the cattle diseases.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to appoint a Veterinary Assistant at Jogipet, Taluk Andole.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to take sufficient care to prevent contagious diseases that attack cattle every year.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100
To impress upon the Government the need to establish a Veterinary Dispensary at least at each firka headquarters.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to put bulls and stud bulls under the control of village panchayats to evolve better breeds of cattle.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to start grass depots for benefit of the areas where fodder shortage exists.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to open veterinary hospitals at the central villages of Nakrellu, Motkur Thipparthi Kattamguda or Narketpalli.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 94,23,500 for Veterinary by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to increase the number of veterinary hospitals in the State, to provide doctors for months together even where they exist, to take immediate steps to ensure the eradication of the contagious diseases which are becoming rampant among cattle.

The motion was negatived,
Demand XLII—Capital Outlay on Schemes of Agricultural Improvement & Research Rs. 62,62,000

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 62,62,000 for Capital Outlay on Schemes of Agricultural Improvements and Research by Rs. 100

To start a Rural University in the State and take over the Shri Gurram Veera Gopalakrishna Reddy Trust at Pillutla Guntur District and establish a Rural College with Veterinary, Agricultural and Small-Scale Cottage Industries pertaining to the Agriculture attached and also to Agricultural Institution at Suryapet, Nalgonda District.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 62,62,000 for Capital Outlay on Schemes of Agricultural Improvements and Research by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to render help to fields tilled by tractors in Nirmal Taluk.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 62,62,000 for Capital Outlay on Agricultural Improvements and Research by Rs. 100

To criticise the failure of the Government to establish research centres for Andole taluk for principal crops like Jowar, Rice etc.

The motion was negatived.

Demand XLIX — Capital outlay of State Schemes of Government Trading Rs. 5,50,43,700

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,50,43,700 for Capital Outlay of State Schemes of Government Trading by Rs. 100
To criticise the attitude of the Government in running State Schemes in Government Trading as they were either mismanaged or running in loss.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,50,43,700 for Capital Outlay on State Schemes of Government Trading by

To impress upon the Government to release the production of handloom cloth through trading of the State Government.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,50,43,700 for Capital Outlay on State Schemes of Government Trading by

To discuss the failure of the Government to open fair price shops for grains.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,50,43,700 for Capital Outlay of State Schemes of Government Trading by

To denounce the action of the Government in allotting Rs. 7,75,000 to the bankrupt Civil Supplies Department.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 5,50,43,700 for Capital Outlay on State Schemes of Government Trading by

To discuss the failure of the Government to give Kavulani Vidavalapa Monchi Project to Nirmal and Mudhol Taluq.

The motion was negatived.
239 10th March 1958

Budget-Demands for Grants

Demand No. IV—Forest Department Rs. 92,30,000

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 92,30,000 under Demand No. IV—Forest department.”

The motion was adopted.

Demand No. XX—Agriculture Rs. 2,83,86,400

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 2,83,86,400 under Demand No. XX—Agriculture.”

The motion was adopted.

Demand No. XXI—Fisheries Rs. 25,41,900

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 25,41,900 under Demand No. XXI—Fisheries.”

The motion was adopted.

Demand No. XXII—Veterinary Rs. 94,23,500

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 94,23,500 under Demand No. XXII—Veterinary.”

The motion was adopted.

Demand No. XLII—Capital Outlay on Schemes of Agricultural Improvement & Research Rs. 62,62,000

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 62,62,000 under Demand No. XLII—Capital Outlay on Schemes of Agricultural Improvements and Research.”

The motion was adopted.

Demand No. XLIX—Capital Outlay on State Schemes of Govt. Trading Rs. 5,50,43,700
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,50,43,700 under Demand No. XLIX - Capital Outlay on State Schemes of Government Trading.”

The motion was adopted.

Demand - I  Land Revenue  Rs. 1,62,11,000
Demand XII - District Administration and Miscellaneous  Rs. 3,27,34,000
Demand XXX - Famine  Rs. 74,20,300
Demand XXXVIII - Compensation to Zamindars  Rs. 18,75,000

SRI K. VENKATA RAO—Mr. Speaker, Sir, on the recommendation of the Governor, I beg to move:

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,62,11,000 under demand No. I - Land Revenue”.

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,27,34,000 under Demand No. XII - District Administration and Miscellaneous”.

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 74,20,300 under Demand No. XXX - Famine”.

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 18,75,000 under Demand No. XXXVIII - Compensation to Zamindars”.

MR. SPEAKER: Motions moved.
list 25 gold. The gold purchase. Broke may 10th of April

10th March 1938

Budget Demands for Grants

Minor Irrigation Works Survey Settlements (Major R.B.A. 8-)

Revenue 3*%#gy*ge& g8&(&^ <3&r* ?

M&^3S ^^R. &XugS o-gc&g goRa-Reaso y^gg g3r^o7V, ao

Md&^3S ^^R. &XugS o-gc&g goRa-Reaso y^gg g3r^o7V, ao

Md&^3S ^^R. &XugS o-gc&g goRa-Reaso y^gg g3r^o7V, ao
Budget-Demands for Grants 10th March 1958 291

The demand of Rs 5,807 in respect of the compensation for the intermediaries in the land dresses grant estate is now under the tenure estates. Under tenures (1955-1956) Rs 838. The total amount of Rs 1127. Out of Rs 3, Under tenure estates Rs 53 Under tenure estates Rs 2,807. Out of Rs 100. Under tenure estates Rs 58 divided estates Rs 10,000. Out of Rs 24,77,755, advance compensation Rs 28,958. Interim payments Rs 95 divided estates Rs 95 divided estates Rs 1,44,73,800. Out of Rs 4,85,50,000. In the Inam Abolition Act Rs 66,56,000.
Tenancy, tiller (佃农, 农民, 农户, 佃农), to remove such impediments upon agricultural production as arise from the character of the agrarian structure. Secondly to create conditions for evolving as speedily as may be possible to agrarian economy with high means of efficiency and work. There is agreement about the broad approach but there are difficulties with regard to

1. Tenancy reforms and the nature of adjustments to be made between the interests of the lands and the tenants.

2. Ceilings.
Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Law for the time being in force or in any decree or order of a court, no permanent alienation and no other transfer of agricultural land shall be valid unless it has been made with the previous sanction of the Collector.

Provided that the Collector, may declare a permanent alienation or any other transfer of agricultural land to be valid if the permanent alienation or transfer took place before the commencement of the Hyderabad Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Amendment) Act 1954 and possession of land transferred was given to the vendee before such
commencement if application for sanction is made within one year after such commencement. Applications for such previous sanction shall be made and disposed of in accordance with the procedure as may be prescribed.

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The 70th March 1958

Budget-Demands for Grants

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1. To examine the principles and methods of levy of land revenue and assessment in the various regions of the State and to make recommendations for the revision of the rates of assessment levied in respect of different classes of land in the various regions of the State.

2. To take account of the principles and methods followed in regard to the levy of assessment under various sources of irrigation and to make recommendation for their nationalisation.

Integration of Laws to 100 and 140 staff. 100 staff is provided to integrate 100 and 140. Special staff is provided. Appeals are provided.
In Andhra region:

Total survey and settlement in Estates taken over under the Abolition Act. 17,991 sq. miles.
Total area so far settled upto 1-7-1957 687 "
Total area where survey operations have been completed : 12,369 "
Area proposed for introduction of settlement rates upto 1-7-1958 : 4,583 "
Area proposed for introduction of settlement rates upto 1-7-1959 : 3,450 "

In Telangana region:
Number of ex-Jagir villages in Telangana area. 3,595 "
Total number of ex-Jagir villages in which survey and settlement operations have been completed.

2,513 sq. miles

Total number of ex-Jagir villages in which survey and settlement operations have been completed subsequent to the taking over and integration of jagirs.

962 sq. miles
Demand No. 1.—Land Revenue Rs. 1,62,11,000/—

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya (Sattenapalli): I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri G. Suryanarayana (Gazapathinagaram – Reserved): I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri Baswa Maniah (Andole): I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Mr. K. Muthaim Reddy (Nirmal): I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

For not including in the budget any of the Minor Irrigation Projects in Visakhapatnam district, in particular Indasamavaka Project on River Varaha in Yellamanchali taluq.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu (Nandigama):
I beg to move.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to give protection to the tenants from eviction.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to distribute cultivable waste lands, abandoned tanks to the agricultural labourers and leased out lankas on fixed rates the F. L. C. Societies.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to raise the salaries of Village Officers by twelve rupees per mensem.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to associate non-officials with District Administration.

To reduce the allotment or Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Failure of the Government to take steps to prevent the land holders from absorbing tank beds, forest and other commercial lands under Estates Abolition Act.

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved
Sri P. Satyanarayana: I beg to move

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved

Sri M. Nagi Reddi (Macherla): I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

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To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100
Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri K. L. Narsimha Rao (Yellandu - General)

I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government in alloting pattas to the poor for Banjar lands.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the situation arising of evictions of Tenant by landlords basing on the Tenancy Act.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the policy of the Government in auctioning Lanka lands taking them from Labour co-operatives.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the indifference of the Government towards the allocation of cultivable waste to the landless.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100
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To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the inordinate delay in disposing the files in Revenue Department.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved

Sri Uppalmal sur: (Surya Pet—Reserved) I beg to move

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

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To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved:

Sri Baswa Maniah: I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved:

Sri K. Rajamallu (Sirpur-General) I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100
To discuss the inefficiency in the administration of Land Revenue.

**Mr. Speaker:** Motion moved:

**Sri S. V. K. Prasad: (Chennur)** I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Failure of Government in allotting enough funds for repairing minor irrigation works in Telangana.

**Mr. Speaker:** Motion moved:

**Sri Krishnamachari (Sangareddi—General):** I beg to move

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

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Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri S.V.K. Prasad: I beg to move.

To discuss the failure to prevent eviction of tenants in Telangana, to properly implement Hyderabad Tenancy Act in Khammam district and Mulug taluq and distribute surplus land and failure in extending these grounds to whole of Telangana.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure to rectify the defects in the Hyderabad Tenancy Act thus allowing tenants to be evicted by landlords reopening the enforcing of ceiling.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of Government for not taking up the Hyderabad Inams Act now under suspension and passing it into law.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of Govt. for not giving patta rights to all shikmadars by passing necessary legislation.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to finalises the granting of pattas on Govt. lands in Telangana and in Warangal district in particular and the refusal till now to amend the rules to facilitate the giving of patta to all eligible occupants of Govt. lands.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure to announce the final results of the settlement operations conducted in Mulug taluq, Warangal district many years back.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure to demarcate and take from the big landlords of Mulug taluq, Warangal district the large area of Government lands they have occupied.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure to fully enforce Jagir Regulation in all areas regarding giving patta rights and reducing revenue collection to ryotwari level.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100
For criticising the Government in extending the time for reserving the land for personal cultivation which is helping landlords to evict tenants.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure to give protection of cowldars of Palakurti, Jangaon Taluk, Warangal District in keeping their lands as Tenants especially of Sankata-boyina Buchiah etc.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure to finalise patta proceedings of Government Lands given to landless persons in Kadavendi, Jangaon Taluk.

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved:

Sri B. Rama Reddy (MyduKur): I beg to move

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved:

Sri Dodda Narsaiah: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

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Mr. Speaker: Motions moved

Sri B. Dharma Bhiksham (Nakrekal): I beg to move
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved

Sri G. Ramulu (Huzurabad—Reserved) I beg to move.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved

Sri Dodda Narsaiah: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri B. Sriramamurthy (Vizianagaram): I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100
To criticise the failure of the Government to integrate minor and major irrigations in one demand and their failure to allot more funds for minor irrigation works.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to appoint a Law Commission for the purpose of unification or integration of laws in the Telangana and Andhra regions.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To criticise the attitude of the Government towards the agitation of the Village Officers for increased scales of pay etc., and to criticise the Government's failure to grant them higher emoluments and better service conditions.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to abolish land tax on profitless agriculture.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to abolish the hereditary Vatandary system in Telangana area.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to introduce Land Reforms:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to reorganise the structure of the administration to suit the needs of the democracy and decentralisation and to allot not less than 1/4th of the Revenue to the village panchayat.

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.
Sri K. Jaganmohan Reddy (Pargi). I beg to move

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

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To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100
Mr. Speaker: Motions moved:

Sri P. Narasinga Rao: (Huzurabad-General) I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Not enforcing the recommendations of the Village Officers Enquiry Committee in full to the village officers of Andhra and Telangana area.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

To discuss the procedure of distribution of Hake Malikova to the Pattedars in Telangana.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

Not providing sufficient funds for minor irrigation and failure of the department to utilise the full amounts provided for.

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved:

Sri K. L. Narsimha Rao: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100

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To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,62,11,000 for Land Revenue by Rs. 100
Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Demand No. XII—District Administration Rs. 3,27,34,000

Sri Vavitlala Gopalakrishnayya: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri K. Muthiam Reddy: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri S. Ranganadha Mudaliar: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100
For not providing for the increase of the salary of Assistant Public Prosecutors in the District.

*Mr. Speaker:* Motion moved.

*Sri Baswa Maniah:* I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

*Mr. Speaker:* Motion moved.

*Sri Pillulamarri Venkateswarlu:* I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to extend the Rs. 6/- extra pay granted to the services working in Hyderabad-Secunderabad Cities, to those who are employed in the Muffasi areas as well.

To reduce the allotment of Rs 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to reorganise the District Administration by regrouping the districts so as to reduce the population and area of the existing ones whenever they are found unwieldy and also to reduce the control of the Collector over various Departments in the Districts.

*Mr. Speaker:* Motions moved.

*Sri K.L. Narasimha Rao:* I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

*Mr. Speaker:* Motions moved;
Sri K. Rajamallu: I beg to move.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the corruption and mal-practices in District administration.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri S. V. K. Prasad: I beg to move.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government in not checking corruption, Red-tapism etc. in District Administration.

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved.

Sri S. V. K. Prasad: I beg to move.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government in not checking corruption, Red-tapism etc. in District Administration.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri Krishnamachari: I beg to move.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government in not checking corruption, Red-tapism etc. in District Administration.
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved

Sri B. Sriramamurthy : I beg to move

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to constitute a Pay Commission to go into the question of service conditions and scales of pay of non-gazetted officials and low grade employees.

To reduce the allotment of Rs 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to reorganise the structure of Administration to suit the needs of democracy and decentralisation and to allocate 1/4 of the land revenue to the village panchayats.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To Discuss the failure of the Government to appoint a high power Administrative Enquiry Committee to go into the question of integration of services in Telangana and Andhra areas.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to bring the scales of pay between the highest and lowest paid employees within the ratio of 1:10

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to abolish the post of the District Collectors and entrust the adm-
nistration and the District level to the duly elected representatives of the people.

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,27,34,000 for District Administration and Miscellaneous by Rs. 100

To discuss the failure of the Government to Abolish the post of the District Collectors and entrust the administration at the District level to the duly elected representatives of the people.

Mr. Speaker. Motions moved

Demand No. XXX - Famine Rs. 74,26,300

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 74,20,300 for Famine by Rs. 100

To discuss the policy:

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved

Sri Baswa Minah: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 74,20,300 for Famine by Rs. 100

Sri K. L. Narasimha Rao: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 74,20,300 for Famine by Rs. 100

To discuss the inadequate measures taken by the Government in certain parts of the State where the crops have almost failed and famine conditions prevailed.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved

Sri D. Narasiah: I beg to move:

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 74,20,300 for Famine by Rs. 100
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved

Demand No. XXXVIII—Compensation to Zamindars
Rs. 18,75,000

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 18,75,000 for Compensation to Zamindars by Rs. 100
To discuss the policy.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sri K. L. Narasimha Rao: I beg to move:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 18,75,000 for Compensation to Zamindars by Rs. 100
To discuss the problem of postponing the compensation to Zamindars for a period of 20 years.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Decentralisation, red-tapism stumbling block...
District Administration has the responsibility of implementing developmental programmes and ensuring the smooth functioning of government activities. The administration is divided into various levels, from state to district, each with its own set of functions and responsibilities.

The District Administration is responsible for ensuring the implementation of various policies and programmes formulated at the state level. It coordinates the activities of various government departments and ensures that they work in tandem to achieve the desired outcomes. The District Administration is also responsible for maintaining law and order and ensuring the safety and security of the people.

In addition to these responsibilities, the District Administration is also responsible for the development of infrastructure, including roads, bridges, schools, hospitals, and other facilities. It is also responsible for the management of natural resources, such as forests and fisheries, and ensuring their sustainable use.

Furthermore, the District Administration plays a crucial role in disaster management, including preparedness, response, and recovery. It coordinates the efforts of various government agencies and non-governmental organizations to provide relief and support to affected communities.

Overall, the District Administration is a crucial component of the state's governance system, working towards the welfare of the people and the development of the region. It is essential to ensure the effective functioning of the District Administration to achieve the state's developmental goals.
N. G. Os. stated that no department is exempted. The Pay Commission has already been established. The Finance Department has already received promotions and is expected to receive more. The Civil Services Act governs the Telangana law, as per the 144th Article of the Constitution.

Integration of laws is required. The Government is planning to set up a commission to study and analyze the existing laws. This will help in the preparation of a draft for the integration of laws.
Tax structure and laws have led to the establishment of companies and laws in East India. Profitless agriculture is not a profitable activity. He who cannot live for himself, cannot also pay for others. Karachi Congress's uneconomic holdings have increased. Economies exempt are not rewarded, as are non-exempt. 20% of uneconomic holdings are exempt in land revenue. The land revenue is exempt and non-exempt. Profitless agriculture is uneconomic holdings. Land reforms have been introduced to reduce land revenue.

Land reforms have been implemented to reduce land revenue. However, there are still fears. "Can we really conclude?" The fear must be addressed.
డి. పరిశీలన నియోధకుడు

చెక్ సేనకు స్థూలం సంఖ్య అంశం. ఉండాడు. పిరామిడానికి ముంతా ఉందుంది, రెల్యిస్ట్రింట్స్ పరిశీలన కోసం చెక్ సేనకు స్థూలం సంఖ్య అంశం ఉండాడు. ఏమీసా తయారయోగ అందించడానికి ఉంది. ఎందుకంటే తయారయోగ అందించడానికి ఉంది?

Drastic Land reforms

డ్రాస్టిక్ లాండ్ రెఫర్మ్స్

"Law of diminishing returns" operate అంటే యే. Industries "Law of increasing returns" operate అంటే యే. పరిశీలన నియోధకుడు ప్రతి ప్రత్యేకపెట్టి కలిగి ఉంటూ, ఉదాహరణ ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి ప్రతి  

Village officers అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది. అమలు చేస్తుంది.
Survey and Settlement officers should be replaced by Lower Division Clerks wherever the village officers continued their agitation, it may be necessary to replace them by Lower Division Clerks etc.

Where 10% simple interest has been awarded, it is necessary to assign the Telco company 10% on the amount of interest awarded. The amount has to be assigned to Telco company. 

In case of penal interest or where penal interest liability has been imposed, it is necessary to assign the Telco company 10% on the amount of penal interest awarded.
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... penal cess and the other cesses assigned to the departments of estate employees were increased by 500%. The same increase also applied to the scales of pay, increments, and other allowances. The net result was a 50% increase in the salaries of the employees.

The Estate Abolition Act, Section 55 (1) (b) Section 1856-57 Fasali, abolished the estate employees' cesses and increased the scales of pay. The realistic view is that the abolition of these cesses is expected to improve the standard of living of the estate employees. The net result is a 50% increase in the salaries of the employees.
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இதுவை இருவர் ராகசிரஸ். நூற்றாண்டுகள் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம். அத்துடன் ஒன்றானது விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து செய்த விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம். எனவே முன்னோரினர் இல்லாது அதிகம் இரும்பு என்று பார்க்கும் விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம். எனவே முன்னோரினர் இல்லாது அதிகம் இரும்பு என்று பார்க்கும் விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம்.

இரண்டு குழுக்கள் மொத்தம் 20 பேராக வந்தவர்கள் சர் கூட்டம் விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம். எனவே முன்னோரினர் இல்லாது அதிகம் இரும்பு என்று பார்க்கும் விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம். எனவே முன்னோரினர் இல்லாது அதிகம் இரும்பு என்று பார்க்கும் விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம்.

இயக்க முறையை மாற்றுவதற்கு அடிப்படையாக விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம். எனவே முன்னோரினர் இல்லாது அதிகம் இரும்பு என்று பார்க்கும் விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம்.

3. விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம்.

4. விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம். பொதிச் செய்திகள் விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம். பொதிச் செய்திகள் விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம். 10–20 பேராக monopoly செய்திகள் விளக்கத் தொடர்ந்து உள்ள உடல்கள் யூரேத்தின் மறு அளவிகள் அளவிசுருங்கம்.
Budget-Demands for Grants

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[Document text in Telugu]

[Translated text]

[Translated text in English]

[Further translated text in English]
"It is no doubt, we are doing justice to the people. At the same time we must make the people feel that justice is being done to them. There is no use merely saying that we are doing justice. People must feel it and experience it and they must realise it"
complaints. An example of a complaint is:

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A complaint was filed with the public relations officer regarding the failure of crops. A failure of crops was reported by a non-official committee. Minor Irrigation, Revenue Department worked on this complaint. 200 acres were added to the irrigation area under Revenue Department. 10 acres were added to the irrigation area under Revenue Department. 200 successful complaints were filed by the public relations officer. 530 acres were added to the irrigation area. 300 complaints were filed by the public relations officer. 400 acres were added to the irrigation area.
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ముఖ్యమైన విషయాలు.

1. బొడ్డు తమ్మైన పరిస్థితులు నిర్ణయించి నిపుణుల సేవలను పెంచి రావయుకుంది. 

2. పెంచుకుని తమ్మైన పరిస్థితులు నిర్ణయించి నిపుణుల సేవలను పెంచి రావయుకుంది.

3. విభాగాలు నిర్ణయించి నిపుణుల సేవలను పెంచి రావయుకుంది.

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The year 1958-59 promises to be a good one. Exports, especially of tobacco and coffee, are likely to exceed last year's record. Imports, however, are expected to be slightly higher than last year. The chief item of import is rice. The estimated import of rice is 80,000 tons, as against 75,000 tons last year.

Agricultural production is expected to increase significantly. Rice production is expected to rise by 20% over last year. Cotton production is expected to increase by 10%.

The estimated budget for the year 1958-59 is Rs. 1,000 lakhs. The revenue side is expected to contribute Rs. 800 lakhs, while the expenditure side is expected to total Rs. 800 lakhs. The deficit is expected to be Rs. 200 lakhs.
You have freedom of speech. So long as it is not unparliamentary or indecent you can go on as you like.
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(3) Land : Land (Reserved): - 10 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.

(4) Land : Land (Other) : - 5 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.

(5) Land : Land (Grants) : - 5,000.00 per annum. Rate: 8 acres. Rate.

(6) Land : Land (Other) : - 10 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.

(7) Land : Land (Grants) : - 5,000.00 per annum. Rate: 8 acres. Rate.

(8) Land : Land (Other) : - 10 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.

(9) Land : Land (Grants) : - 5,000.00 per annum. Rate: 8 acres. Rate.

(10) Land : Land (Other) : - 10 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.

(11) Land : Land (Grants) : - 5,000.00 per annum. Rate: 8 acres. Rate.

(12) Land : Land (Other) : - 10 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.

(13) Land : Land (Grants) : - 5,000.00 per annum. Rate: 8 acres. Rate.

(14) Land : Land (Other) : - 10 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.

(15) Land : Land (Grants) : - 5,000.00 per annum. Rate: 8 acres. Rate.

(16) Land : Land (Other) : - 10 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.

(17) Land : Land (Grants) : - 5,000.00 per annum. Rate: 8 acres. Rate.

(18) Land : Land (Other) : - 10 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.

(19) Land : Land (Grants) : - 5,000.00 per annum. Rate: 8 acres. Rate.

(20) Land : Land (Other) : - 10 acres, Rs. 1,000.00 per acre. Rate: Rs. 20.00 per acre. Rate.
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Budget-Demands for Grants

The budget demands for the next financial year have been presented. The main demands include land revenue, education, public works, and civil services. The total demand is expected to be around 15.20 rupees. The education department has a large demand, followed by the civil services. The public works department has a moderate demand. The land revenue department has a small demand. The overall demand is expected to be around 300 rupees.
The House then adjourned Till half Past Eight of the Clock on Tuesday the 11th March 1958.