Seventeenth Day of the Sixth Session of the
Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Friday, the 15th November, 1957

The House met at Half Past Eight of the Clock

[Mr Speaker in the Chair]

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

LOSS CAUSED BY FLOODS IN SULURPET

The loss caused by floods in Sulurpet has been
recently reported. The report indicates that the
loss was caused by heavy rains and flooding.

The Government has announced compensation
for the affected people. However, further
measures will be taken to mitigate the
consequences of the flood.
Under Rule 74, I wish to call the attention of the Minister concerned to a matter of urgent public importance viz, the enormous loss of life and property by the recent floods at Sulurpet.
Loss Caused by Floods in Sulurpet 15th November, 1957

The Government have been in close contact with the situation created in some of the taluks of Nellore and Chittoor Districts by the recent floods and the progress of relief operations. The Collectors of these two Districts have kept the Government informed of the details of destruction wrought by the floods and the relief measures they have already initiated. Due to heavy rains during the first week of this fortnight the Swarnamukhi and Kalangi overran their banks and following breaches in many irrigation sources many a large area was flooded around Gudur and Sulurpet. I would like to add here that heavy rain in the Chittoor District contributed to the heavy floods in Sulurpet and Gudur areas. Due to severe erosion of the railway track between Dwarawarichatram and Sulurpet, railway communications were disrupted and the Grand Trunk road was breached and went out of use.

* The Chief Minister (Sri N Sanjiva Reddi) *
Thousands of travellers between Madras and Nellore were also stranded

So far as information is available the following are the details of damage caused by the floods -

Over 100 villages in Gudur and Sulurpet Taluks in Nellore District were affected 63 persons are reported to have been washed away, but only 9 bodies have so far been recovered 1908 cattle and 2,000 sheep are reported to have been lost, 75 major irrigation sources, 201 minor irrigation sources, 7 tanks and 3 kalvas were breached, 8122 houses were damaged and 400 bags of rice and other grains worth Rs 1,25,000 lost 105 villages are reported to have been affected by deposit of sand Many families have lost their principal earning members Some have lost all their belongings In the Chittoor District, 3 persons are feared to have been lost and two bodies have been recovered 96 tanks have breached and 95 houses are reported to have collapsed or been damaged, grain worth Rs 5,400 was lost The total damage suffered by the State is about Rs 40 lakhs and by the people about an equal amount

As soon as the gravity of the damage was known, the Government sanctioned Rs. 2 lakhs to the Collector, Nellore, for going ahead with relief operations. Also both the Collectors of Chittoor and Nellore were authorised to incur all expenditure which could not wait in anticipation of sanction The amount of Rs 2 lakhs was only a token amount, but a much bigger amount has been spent by Government Both the Collectors have started repairs to the breached sources and more than half the breached tanks have already been ring-bunded Relief camps have been opened in Sulurpet and Kota-polur and are sheltering about 6,000 refugees Cost of feeding arrangements exceeded Rs. 12,000 so far About 5,000 people are being looked after with Government assistance and local philanthropic support in Gudur Taluk Rice worth Rs 5,000 was distributed among the other needy villagers in Nellore District The Nellore Collector has sanctioned to the needy, material for construction or repairing of houses and disbursements of cash grants have also been made to a tune of Rs 25,000 so far in Nellore District. Cholera inoculations on a large scale have been undertaken Wells have been chlorinated and bodies of dead animals collected and buried. Cooperative societies have imported rice into the area to check any advantage being taken of scarcity conditions by anti-social elements

On receipt of the news of this disaster, the Ministers for Agriculture and Finance visited the area personally to assess the damage
Loss Caused by Floods in Sulurpet

and extent of relief operations necessary The Government have had
an account of the measures taken already and yet to be taken from
these two Ministers Yesterday the Cabinet considered these measures
and orders have already been issued last night I myself am go­ing
to Nellore tomorrow to satisfy myself that relief operations are
adequate

The Governor has sent a sum of Rs 5,000 from the Godavarti
Flood Relief Fund to the Nellore Collector for affording relief to the
flood victims Appeals were issued by the Nellore Collector to orga­
nisations like the Ramakrishna Mission, the Red Cross Society, etc
to provide succour to the flood victims A request has also been
made by the State Government for relief from the Prime Minister’s
funds I might at this juncture say that all our local Officers rose to
the occasion and have behaved as public servants should behave at
such a moment of trial I shall not mention names since they have
only done their duty But we shall be failing in our duty if we do
not recognise the promptness with which they acted Many of the
senior Officers waded through floods, went by cycle and walked long
distances to render relief to the victims of the calamity We should
be really proud of having such Officers working in the area

The Government have taken or will immediately take the
following measures to ameliorate distress —

1 Relief in the shape of food, cloth and shelter will be given
to the destitute till conditions return to normal Special staff of a
Tahsildar and four Revenue Inspectors has been sanctioned for the
purpose We have appointed this Special Staff so that relief may reach
the victims immediately

2 The Public Health Department will continue the measures
to protect public health I propose taking Senior Officers also with
me tomorrow and orders have already been issued to divert additional
staff for this purpose also

3 Repairs to roads and minor irrigation tanks will be speedily
undertaken Two Asst Engineers and the necessary overseers are
being deputed for the purpose This was another point which we
considered yesterday and it was decided that additional staff was
necessary Therefore, not only are we extending the life of the divi­
sion there, but we are posting extra staff also.

4 Seed will be given free to poor cultivators needing it.

5. Taccavi loans will be granted to all in need of money to
buy bulls or to reclaim land. The possibility of making bulldozers
available at concessional rates to clear deposits of sand is being considered

6. Collection of land revenue will be suspended in the affected areas and remitted in suitable cases.

7. A monetary grant of Rs 100 will be made to destitute families which have lost their bread-winners.

8. Free gifts of clothes have been requested from the Mill Owners’ Associations and one such gift from the Azamjahi Mills will be delivered to me today and I shall take it with me.

9. Efforts are being made to secure housing materials from adjoining forest areas by lorries.

All of us in this State have very great sympathy for the bereaved and the distressed. I would assure them simply but sincerely that the Government will afford as much relief as possible to mitigate their plight and to enable them to rehabilitate themselves. Sir, the Government will leave no stone unturned and every one of us is taking personal interest and suggestions from any quarters in the matter will be accepted. No amount of expenditure will come in the way.
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In the month of October, 1957, in the State of Andhra Pradesh, the floods caused significant damage in various districts. The total loss due to floods, as reported, is estimated to be 100 lakhs. The losses are primarily due to the failure of the dams and canals, which resulted in the flooding of the fields. The maximum loss is reported to be 8 lakhs in one of the districts. The government has provided relief assistance to the affected people. The total area affected by the floods is estimated to be 400 hectares. The situation is critical, and the government is taking necessary steps to restore normalcy.

D S P, Dy S P

Relief

The relief assistance provided to the affected people is ensured. The government is making all efforts to mitigate the losses caused by the floods.
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I. (I. S. Воронцов) 3. А. А. Аверченко, С. В. В. Воронцов.
I do not want to allow any discussion under Rule 70 of the Assembly Rules.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE ANDHRA PRADESH LAND REVENUE (SURCHARGE) BILL, 1957

Sri K Venkata Rao  I beg to present the Report of the Select Committee on the Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue (Surcharge) Bill 1957.

Mr. Speaker  The Report is presented to the House.
THE ANDHRA LAND REVENUE (ADDITIONAL WET ASSESSMENT) (ANDHRA PRADHESH AMENDMENT) BILL, 1957

*Sri K Venkata Rao Sir, I beg to move that the Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957 as reported by the Select Committee be taken into consideration at once

...8 (2) ... additional assessment shall be levied for that year"

The expression "Government source of irrigation" does not include (i) a well, (ii) a spring channel, or (iii) a rain-fed tank which ordinarily receives supply of water for a period of less than eight months in a year.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957

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Mr. Speaker (omitting the usual formula),

Sir, I beg to move that the following amendments be made in the Bill:

1. Leave to introduce the amendment to the following effect:

The amendments shall be published in the Andhra Pradesh Official Gazette.

2. The amendments shall be published in the Official Gazette.

The amendments are good as introduced and published in the Official Gazette.

Mr. Speaker, I beg to move that the amendments be considered by the House.

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Mr. Chairman—The schemes of irrigation outside the districts of the Delta Group have been formed in the areas of the Rayalaseema which had been under the control of the irrigation districts of the delta areas. The Rayalaseema region extends over the areas of Nizamabad and other erstwhile districts of the Deccan. The creation of schemes of irrigation in the Rayalaseema areas is not a new proposition. In the past also, such schemes of irrigation have been formed in the Rayalaseema areas. The Rayalaseema region is also divided into groups of irrigation districts. The irrigation schemes outside the districts of the Delta Group are of the minor type. The creation of schemes of irrigation in the Rayalaseema areas, therefore, is not a new proposition.
The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957

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The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957

The Hon'ble Speaker, The Assembly of the State of Andhra, [Address]

Mr. Speaker, I beg to move the following Resolution: [Proposed Resolution]

The Resolution, being a Bill, was referred to the Committee on Finance for consideration and report.

[Discussion]

The Hon'ble Speaker, The Assembly of the State of Andhra, [Address]
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minimum rates and discrimination scheme,
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Agricultural Income Tax should be, in my opinion, an additional source of revenue in the dry areas. I have the honor to add that the Select Committee after considering the 1st class, 2nd class irrigation sources on the 2nd class sources, and the 2nd class irrigation sources, has recommended the additional wet assessment as a source of revenue in the dry areas.
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Ram-fed tanks

Ram-fed tanks

Ram-fed tanks

Ram-fed tanks

1st class irrigation source

2nd class irrigation source

W. P. D. -

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[Sri K Vijaya Bhaskara Reddi in the Chair]

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Major Tanks P W D तंत्र अधिक में से आकर्षित हैं। इस कारण Major Tanks P W D पृष्ठ 15 से अधिक हैं। इन तंत्र हेतु कई शास्त्रीय अध्ययन पूर्व 20% अथवा 30% प्रकाश प्राप्त होता है। इसलिए Major Tanks P W D पृष्ठ 15 से अधिक हैं। इन तंत्र हेतु कई शास्त्रीय अध्ययन पूर्व 20% अथवा 30% प्रकाश प्राप्त होता है। इसलिए Major Tanks P W D पृष्ठ 15 से अधिक हैं। इन तंत्र हेतु कई शास्त्रीय अध्ययन पूर्व 20% अथवा 30% प्रकाश प्राप्त होता है। इसलिए Major Tanks P W D पृष्ठ 15 से अधिक हैं। इन तंत्र हेतु कई शास्त्रीय अध्ययन पूर्व 20% अथवा 30% प्रकाश प्राप्त होता है। इसलिए Major Tanks P W D पृष्ठ 15 से अधिक हैं। इन तंत्र हेतु कई शास्त्रीय अध्ययन पूर्व 20% अथवा 30% प्रकाश प्राप्त होता है। इसलिए Major Tanks P W D पृष्ठ 15 से अधिक हैं। इन तंत्र हेतु कई शास्त्रीय अध्ययन पूर्व 20% अथवा 30% प्रकाश प्राप्त होता है। इसलिए Major Tanks P W D पृष्ठ 15 से अधिक हैं।

Major Projects, canal re-modelling.

15% MyveTH&er, 1957 2%

15% MyveTH&er, 1957 2%
The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957

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In recent years owing to the rise in prices, Government have been incurring expenditure on the repairs and maintenance of irrigation and other ancillary works on a substantially increased scales. The Government therefore consider that there is justification for a corresponding increase under the water rate in the case of land irrigated from sources maintained by Government.

In order to reduce this deficit in State revenues from irrigation works, the Government consider it imperative that the existing water rates in the case of dry lands...
and water rate portion of assessment in the case of wet land served by Government sources of irrigation should be enhanced”

"With a view to secure an addition to the State’s revenues the Government have decided to enhance the water rate and wet assessment"
Ram-fed tanks

"Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), in the case of a ram-fed tank which ordinarily receives supply of water for a period of not less than eight months in a year, if the supply of water in any particular year is not sufficient to sustain a paddy crop on the lands included in the ayacut of that tank, no additional assessment shall be levied for that year."

"Explanation - In this section—

(a) the expression 'Government source of Irrigation' does not include (i) a well, (ii) a spring channel, or (iii) a ram-fed tank which ordinarily receives supply of water for a period of less than eight months in a year.

(b) the expression 'ram-fed tank' means a tank which derives supply of water from a source other than a river."

Spring channel definition clarify: "ram-fed tank is a tank which derives supply of water from a source other than a river, such as a river or a well or a spring channel."

(1) The term "Ayacut" means the area of land under paddy crop in a particular year.

(2) The term "Paddy Crop" means rice, millet, or any other crop grown on paddy fields.

(3) The term "Assessment" means the amount of tax levied on the property of the taxpayer."
The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957

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The Hon'ble Member (Sardar), in his introductory remarks on "rivers" and "river channel", has said the following:

"... and rivers, river channel..."

In the context of enhancing the area cultivated by farmers, the Hon'ble Member has said:

"... in an effort to maintain the maintenance..."

Manual labour at the rate of 5000 rupees per month per laborer..."
The expression rain-fed tank means a tank which derives water from a source other than a river. The definition of a rain-fed river in revenue accounts is that the tank derives supply of water from a source other than a river. Revenue Accounts define 'river' as a source of water other than a river. The Surcharge Bill makes certain commercial crops exempt by imposing an additional tax.
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*The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957*

As consolidated from the Select Committee report, the procedure is to simplify the current consolidated form of land revenue assessment. The procedure is proposed to be simplified in the consolidated form of land revenue assessment. The procedure is to be simplified to reduce the burden on farmers.

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As the House has already been informed, the Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957, has been introduced in the Lok Sabha. The Bill, which is an attempt to provide additional assessment on wet land, is expected to be enacted into law and will be tabled in the Andhra Pradesh Assembly for consideration.

The Bill seeks to augment the current assessment of wet land by imposing an additional assessment. This is in line with the state government's efforts to generate additional revenue from the wet land resources. The additional assessment will be calculated based on the current market value of the wet land.

The Bill also includes provisions to ensure that the additional assessment is fair and reasonable. It mandates that the assessment should be based on the current market value of the wet land, and that the assessment should be reviewed periodically to ensure that it remains in line with market trends.

The Bill has received a positive response from the farmers and landowners, who believe that it will help in better utilization of the wet land resources. The Bill is expected to be passed in the Lok Sabha and the Andhra Pradesh Assembly, and will be implemented in due course.

In conclusion, the Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957, is a welcome step towards the rationalization of land assessment and the better utilization of wet land resources. It is expected to bring about significant changes in the way land is assessed and taxed, and will undoubtedly benefit the farmers and landowners across the state.
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"మీరు విదేశాదిన అట్టే చేసి చేసింది" అనేటయ్యా దండం
విధానంలో విదేశాదిన అట్టే చేసి చేసింది అనే పద్ధతి
కొట్టి, ఇది స్త్రీలు సమాధానం కాని రాష్ట్రానికి జీవితాన్ని సహాయం
చేయడానికి ప్రత్యేకంగా స్త్రీలు సమాధానం స్త్రీల జీవితాన్ని
సహాయం చేసి ఉన్నాం.
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The Anantha Lana Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957


The-issue was raised by... Opposition...
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Sahinul Haq, Moinuddin

In the House of the Legislature of the State of Andhra, on the 15th day of November, 1957, the following resolution was moved by Sahinul Haq, Moinuddin, Member of the House, and adopted by the House:

The guarantee of 14.6% of the annual wet assessment by the Government of India is hereby continued. 

This resolution was moved by Sahinul Haq, Moinuddin, Member of the House, and adopted by the House.
చెప్పాలను కటివా, ఇతర సంస్థల శాసనసంస్థ భాగాను కటించాలని అంటే ప్రత్యేకితం అనుసంధానం చేయలేదు. “యు. గారి పట్టికలోద్ది” అనే పద్ధతిలో తమ సాధారణ సంస్థల శాసనసంస్థ ప్రత్యేకితం కూడా చేసాలని అంటే ప్రత్యేకితం అనుసంధానం చేయలేదు. ఈ ప్రత్యేకితం అనుసంధానం చేసిన ప్రత్యేకితం ముందు నిర్ధారించలేదు. “యు. గారి పట్టికాన్ని ప్రత్యేకితం చేసండే” అనే పద్ధతిలో తమ సాధారణ సంస్థల శాసనసంస్థ ప్రత్యేకితం కూడా చేసాలని అంటే ప్రత్యేకితం అనుసంధానం చేయలేదు.

ఇతర సంస్థల శాసనసంస్థ ప్రత్యేకితం కూడా చేసాలని అంటే ప్రత్యేకితం అనుసంధానం చేయలేదు. ఈ ప్రత్యేకితం అనుసంధానం చేసిన ప్రత్యేకితం ముందు నిర్ధారించలేదు. “యు. గారి పట్టికాన్ని ప్రత్యేకితం చేసండే” అనే పద్ధతిలో తమ సాధారణ సంస్థల శాసనసంస్థ ప్రత్యేకితం కూడా చేసాలని అంటే ప్రత్యేకితం అనుసంధానం చేయలేదు.
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Non-perennial rivers, rain-fed tanks

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“மாநாட்டின் செயற்கை அனுமதிக்கப்பட்ட மாநாட்டுக்கு அப்பொழுதில் நடைபெற்ற பொருள்பாடுகளுடன் மேல்முறை மற்றும் குறுக்குண்டு தொடர்புடைய ஓவியங்கள் முதல் குறைவு எடுக்கிறது” என்று பாடுவது அதி வேண்டாதே.

நான் காண்பியிட்டேன் ஒரு குறிப்பிட்டுதல், முதலில் மாநாடு, முதல் மாநாடு விளக்கம் என்று பதிவு செய்யும் பல்வேறு விளக்கங்களை எழுதியுள்ளேன். Wet assessment செய்தியை, கட்டுரையை எழுதியுள்ளேன், standardization of assessment செய்தியை, பொருள்பாடுகளை எழுதியுள்ளேன். எனவே விளக்கம் மாநாட்டுக்கு அப்பொழுதில் விளக்கங்களை எழுதியுள்ளேன். மாநாடு விளக்கம் என்று எழுதியுள்ளேன், standardization செய்தியை, wet assessment செய்தியை எழுதியுள்ளேன்.

நான் காண்பியிட்டேன் ஒரு குறிப்பிட்டுதல், முதலில் மாநாடு, முதல் மாநாடு விளக்கம் என்று பதிவு செய்யும் பல்வேறு விளக்கங்களை எழுதியுள்ளேன். Wet assessment செய்தியை, கட்டுரையை எழுதியுள்ளேன், standardization of assessment செய்தியை, பொருள்பாடுகளை எழுதியுள்ளேன். எனவே விளக்கம் மாநாட்டுக்கு அப்பொழுதில் விளக்கங்களை எழுதியுள்ளேன். மாநாடு விளக்கம் என்று எழுதியுள்ளேன், standardization செய்தியை, wet assessment செய்தியை எழுதியுள்ளேன்.
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లేదు లాండ్ రెవెన్యూ ఇంచినది, తరువాత తండ్రితంటెల అనుపాతికంగా మారుతున్న అవసరానికి లేదు ఎంచుకోనే అవసరం అమరించాలనుకుని మరి కాడు గానీ విశ్వాసం అంకితం చేయాలనుకుని హుందిల సైనిక సంస్థ యొక్క సహాయం సాధించాలనుకుని మరి కాడు అర్థం అంకితం చేయాలనుకుని మారిను ఉంది.

అతనిని లేదు మారిని వాడుక లేదు మారిలేని తండ్రితంటెల అనుపాతికంగా మారుతున్న అవసరానికి లేదు ఎంచుకోనే అవసరం అమరించాలనుకుని మరి కాడు గానీ విశ్వాసం అంకితం చేయాలనుకుని హుందిల సైనిక సంస్థ యొక్క సహాయం సాధించాలనుకుని మరి కాడు అర్థం అంకితం చేయాలనుకుని మారిను ఉంది. అతనిని లేదు మారిని వాడుక లేదు మారిలేని తండ్రితంటెల అనుపాతికంగా మారుతున్న అవసరానికి లేదు ఎంచుకోనే అవసరం అమరించాలనుకుని మరి కాడు గానీ విశ్వాసం అంకితం చేయాలనుకుని హుందిల సైనిక సంస్థ యొక్క సహాయం సాధించాలనుకుని మరి కాడు అర్థం అంకితం చేయాలనుకుని మారిను ఉంది. అతనిని లేదు మారిని వాడుక లేదు మారిలేని తండ్రితంటెల అనుపాతికంగా మారుతున్న అవసరానికి లేదు ఎంచుకోనే అవసరం అమరించాలనుకుని మరి కాడు గానీ విశ్వాసం అంకితం చేయాలనుకుని హుందిల సైనిక సంస్థ యొక్క సహాయం సాధించాలనుకుని మరి కాడు అర్థం అంకితం చేయాలనుకుని మారిను ఉంది.
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Gradation system. The Select Committee felt that the regressive character of the existing gradation system rendered it unsuitable for the assessment of land revenue. It recommended the introduction of a new system involving a lower percentage for the assessment of land revenue.

It is recommended that the Land Revenue Commission be given power to fix rates, and that the reasons for fixing such rates be stated in the register of the agricultural land.
mixed lands. The assessment is made on the basis of average rates. The average rate is 12 bighas, and the assessment is based on 12 bighas as a unit. The average rate is calculated as a ratio of the gross income of the land to the land area. The gross income is determined by the market value of the land.

The average rates are calculated as follows:

- For lands above 12 bighas, the assessment is based on 12 bighas at a rate of 2 bighas.
- For lands below 12 bighas, the assessment is based on the actual land area at the same rate of 2 bighas per bigha.

The gross income of the land is calculated as the product of the land area and the rate of assessment.

The Local Fund Cess is calculated as a percentage of the gross income. The cess rate is 1% for lands above 12 bighas and 1.5% for lands below 12 bighas.

The cess is calculated as follows:

- For lands above 12 bighas: Cess = 1% of Gross Income
- For lands below 12 bighas: Cess = 1.5% of Gross Income

The cess is payable annually and is collected by the local authorities.

The cess is used for the development of the local area and the improvement of public utilities.
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Basic rates are uniform. The procedure varies. The surcharge is uniform. The surcharge is 10% for 5 acres of land. The surcharge is graded.
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The regression of the regression of relief on the reduction of the assessment is a
matter which has been the subject of much discussion. It has been argued that
the reduction in assessment should only take place when the revenue is
sufficiently high. However, it has been suggested that the assessment
should be reduced even when the revenue is low, provided that it is
sufficiently high to cover the cost of the extension.

The Select Committee Report states that the minute of dissent
argues that the assessment should be reduced only when the revenue
is sufficiently high to cover the cost of the extension. The Committee
also states that the assessment should be reduced even when the revenue
is low, provided that it is sufficient to cover the cost of the extension.

The Committee notes that the assessment should be reduced even
when the revenue is low, provided that it is sufficient to cover the cost of
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Local Board Cess is again levied during the first year at the rate of Rs. 15 per acre. The Land cess is levied at the rate of Rs. 2 per acre for the first year and then increased to Rs. 3 per acre for the second year.

It is observed that the cess is not sufficient to meet the expenses and the Local Board is required to levy additional cess at the rate of Rs. 5 per acre for the third year.

Betterment Levies are also levied at the rate of Rs. 10, 15 per acre.
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అలంకరణ తొందరు 10 రూపాణి సమానం, 20 రూపాణి పెరిగించే, 20 రూపాణి సంతానం మాత్రమే దట్టాలు దట్టాల వంటి సమాధానం అందించండి. ఉన్నత తొందరు 50 రూపాణి సంతానం సమితితో సంచాలించండి. 75 రూపాణి తొందరు ఉన్నత తొందరు సంచాలించండి.
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The Minister for Land Revenue, Agriculture and Irrigation, by virtue of powers conferred on him by Sections 4 and 5 of the Andhra Pradesh Land Revenue Act, 1947 (Act No. 1 of 1947), hereby orders that the following provisions shall be incorporated in the said Act:

1. Section 5 of the Act No. 1 of 1947, as amended by Acts No. 2 of 1954 and 2 of 1955, shall be inserted with the following amendments:
   (a) The words "small holdings" shall be inserted before the word "area" wherever it occurs.
   (b) The words "and shall consist of" shall be inserted before the word "the total area" wherever it occurs.

2. The words "as the case may be" shall be added after the word "area" wherever it occurs.

3. The words "and shall consist of" shall be added after the word "the total area" wherever it occurs.

4. The words "as the case may be" shall be added after the word "area" wherever it occurs.

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60. The words "as the case may be" shall be added after the word "area" wherever it occurs.
The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957

Section 31 of the Andhra Pradesh Agricultural Holdings Act, 1957, provides for the following exemptions:

1. Exemption from the additional tax for a period of five years.
2. Exemption from the additional tax for a period of three years in the case of the additional tax levied on the lands held by a person who has been rehabilitated under the provisions of the Rehabilitation of the Landless Act, 1957.

The act also provides for the withdrawal of the additional tax if the additional tax is not paid within the prescribed time.

The surplus water guaranteed under the Water Supply Act, 1957, is also covered under the section.

The guaranteed second crop mentioned in the section refers to the additional crop that can be grown in the event of a failure of the main crop due to insufficient water supply.

The act also provides for the comparison of the additional tax with other assessments to ensure that the additional tax is not excessive.
The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957

The question is

"That the Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957, as reported by the Select Committee be taken into consideration at once"

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2

Mr. Speaker There are no amendments to Clause 2. The question is.

"That Clause 2 stand part of the Bill"

The motion was adopted

Clause 2 was added to the Bill
Clause 3

Sri K Venkata Rao I beg to move

"That in clause 3 for the expression 'In Section 3 of the principal Act', substitute the expression 'Section 3 of the principal Act shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) of that Section and in the sub-section as so re-numbered'"

Mr Speaker Amendment moved

Sri K Venkata Rao It is a technical thing

Mr Speaker The question is

"That in clause 3 for the expression 'In Section 3 of the principal Act', substitute the expression 'Section 3 of the principal Act shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) of that Section and in the sub-section as so renumbered'"

The motion was adopted

Sri P Sundarayya I beg to move

"In sub-clause (1) (a) of Clause 3 for the words 'thirty-seven and half per cent', substitute the words 'twenty per cent'"

Mr Speaker Amendment moved
The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957

15th November, 1957

[Text in Telugu]
The Andhra Land Revenue (Additional Wet Assessment) (Andhra Pradesh Amendment) Bill, 1957

Mr Speaker The question is

"In sub-clause (1) (a) of Clause 3 for the words 'thirty seven and half per cent', substitute the words 'twenty per cent'

The motion was negatived.

Sri P Sundarayya —I demand a division, Sir

The House then divided

Ayes 32

1. Sri P Sundarayya
2. Sri P Venkateswarlu
3. Sri Ch Rajeswara Rao
4. Sri K. L Narasimha Rao
5. Sri G. Yellamanda Reddy
6. Sri B. Sankariah
7. Sri M Nagi Reddy
8. Smt A. Kamala Devi
12. Sri L Venkata Reddy
13. Sri N. Peddanna
14. Sri G Gopala Reddy
15. Sri Anantha Reddy
16. Sri B Narasimha Reddy
17. Sri Amritial Shukla.
The Andhra Land Revenue
(Additional Wet Assessment)
(Andhra Pradesh Amendment)
Bill, 1957

21 Sri P Satyanarayana
22 Sri Mohan Reddy
23 Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya
24 Sri Muthiam Reddy
25 Sri D Sreerama Murthy
26 Sri Bannappa
27 Sri Madhava Rao
28 Sri P Narsinga Rao
29 Sri G Ganga Reddy
30 Sri M Satyanarayana Raju
31 Sri B Sreerama Murthy
32 Sri K Rajamallu

Noes 60
1 Sri N Sanjeeva Reddy
2. Sri A C Subba Reddy
3 Sri Kalluru Subba Rao
4 Sri J Chandramouli
6 Sri M. Pallam Raju
7 Sri P Anthony Reddy
8. Sri A Bapineedu.
9. Sri A. Bhagavantha Rao
10 Sri A V. Bhanoji Rao.
11 Sri Yadam Chennayya.
15. Sri V. Gopala Krishna
19 Sri P. Gannayya.
22 Sri Kala Venkata Rao.
23 Sri D Sanjivayya.
24. Sri V. Basava Rao
27. Sri S. Narayanappa.
29. Sri P. Parthasarathi.
30 Sri G V Pithambara Rao
31 Sri M Potha Raju
32 Sri M Raja Ram
33 Sri V Rama Rao
34 Sri G Ramaswamy Reddy
35 Sri P Ramaswamy Naidu
36 Sri P Thimma Reddy
37 Sri S B P Pattabhi Rama Rao
38 Sri Mehdî Nawaz Jung
39 Sri K Brahmananda Reddy
40 Sri M Narasing Rao
41 Smt Masuma Begum
42 Smt. C Ammanna Raja
43 Smt Jayalakshmi Devamma
44. Smt. K Kanaka Ratnamma.
45. Smt Sumitra Devi
46 Smt B Rukmini Devi
47 Smt. Shantha Bai
48. Smt. T Lakshmikanthamma
49. Smt Y Sita Kumari.
50 Sri K Santhappa.
51 Sri Ch Satyanarayana
52. Sri B Satyanarayana Rao
53 Sri N G Seshadri
54. Sri R Lakshmi Narasimham Dora.
55 Sri T. Veeraraghavulu
56 Sri N. Venkiah
57. Sri M. Venkata Raju.
58 Sri T. N. Venkata Subba Reddy
59 Sra Pala Venkata Subbayya.
60. Sri G. Narasimha Murthy.

The motion was negatived.

The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the Clock on
Saturday, the 16th November, 1957